



MEASUREMENT REPORT

FCC PART 15.247 WLAN 802.11b/g/n

FCC ID: SFK-WF122

APPLICANT: CIG Shanghai Co., Ltd.

Application Type: Certification

Product: High performance dual band 2x2 802.11n indoor AP

Model No.: WF-122

FCC Classification: Digital Transmission System (DTS)

FCC Rule Part(s): Part 15.247

Test Procedure(s): KDB 558074 D01v03r02, KDB 662911 D01v02r01

Test Date: Nov. 28 ~ Dec. 03, 2014

Reviewed By : Robin Wu
(Robin Wu)

Approved By : Marlin Chen
(Marlin Chen)



The test results relate only to the samples tested.

This equipment has been shown to be capable of compliance with the applicable technical standards as indicated in the measurement report and was tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in KDB 558074 D01v03r02. Test results reported herein relate only to the item(s) tested.

The test report shall not be reproduced except in full without the written approval of MRT Technology (Suzhou) Co., Ltd.

Revision History

Report No.	Version	Description	Issue Date
1410RSU03101	Rev. 01	Initial report	12-06-2014

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§2.1033 General Information

Applicant:	CIG Shanghai Co., Ltd.
Applicant Address:	F/23, No.889 yishan Road, Xuhui District, Shanghai
Manufacturer:	The First Branch of CIG Shanghai Co. Ltd.
Manufacturer Address:	2-3/FL, Building D, 2059 Duhui Road, Minhang District, Shanghai
Test Site:	MRT Technology (Suzhou) Co., Ltd
Test Site Address:	D8 Building, Youxin Industrial Park, No.2 Tian'edang Rd., Wuzhong Economic Development Zone, Suzhou, China
MRT Registration No.:	809388
FCC Rule Part(s):	Part 15.247
Model No.:	WF-122
FCC ID:	SFK-WF122
Test Device Serial No.:	N/A <input type="checkbox"/> Production <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Pre-Production <input type="checkbox"/> Engineering
FCC Classification:	Digital Transmission System (DTS)

Test Facility / Accreditations

Measurements were performed at MRT Laboratory located in Tian'edang Rd., Suzhou, China.

- MRT facility is a FCC registered (MRT Reg. No. 809388) test facility with the site description report on file and has met all the requirements specified in Section 2.948 of the FCC Rules.
- MRT facility is an IC registered (MRT Reg. No. 11384A-1) test laboratory with the site description on file at Industry Canada.
- MRT facility is a VCCI registered (R-4179, G-814, C-4664, T-2206) test laboratory with the site description on file at VCCI Council.
- MRT Lab is accredited to ISO 17025 by the American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (A2LA) under the American Association for Laboratory Accreditation Program (A2LA Cert. No. 3628.01) in EMC, Telecommunications and Radio testing for FCC, Industry Canada, EU and TELEC Rules.



1. INTRODUCTION

1.1. Scope

Measurement and determination of electromagnetic emissions (EMC) of radio frequency devices including intentional and/or unintentional radiators for compliance with the technical rules and regulations of the Federal Communications Commission and the Industry Canada Certification and Engineering Bureau.

1.2. MRT Test Location

The map below shows the location of the MRT LABORATORY, its proximity to the Taihu Lake. These measurement tests were conducted at the MRT Technology (Suzhou) Co., Ltd. Facility located at D8 Building, Youxin Industrial Park, No.2 Tian'edang Rd., Wuzhong Economic Development Zone, Suzhou, China. The detailed description of the measurement facility was found to be in compliance with the requirements of § 2.948 according to ANSI C63.4-2009 on September 30, 2013.



2. PRODUCT INFORMATION

2.1. Equipment Description

Product Name	High performance dual band 2x2 802.11n indoor AP
Model No.	WF-122
Frequency Range	802.11b/g/n-HT20: 2412 ~ 2462 MHz 802.11n-HT40: 2422 ~ 2452 MHz
Maximum Output Power	802.11b: 27.59dBm 802.11g: 27.40dBm 802.11n-HT20: 27.97dBm 802.11n-HT40: 27.65dBm
Type of Modulation	802.11b: DSSS 802.11g/n: OFDM
Adapter	M/N: RD1201000-C5-HOG P/N: JQ-HOG2-1210-21R5 Input: 100-240V ~ 50/60Hz 0.6A MAX OUTPUT: 12Vdc, 1A

2.2. Frequency / Channel Operation

Channel List for 802.11b/g/n-HT20

Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
01	2412 MHz	02	2417 MHz	03	2422 MHz
04	2427 MHz	05	2432 MHz	06	2437 MHz
07	2442 MHz	08	2447 MHz	09	2452 MHz
10	2457 MHz	11	2462 MHz	N/A	N/A

Channel List for 802.11n-HT40

Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
03	2422 MHz	04	2427 MHz	05	2432 MHz
06	2437 MHz	07	2442 MHz	08	2447 MHz
09	2452 MHz	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

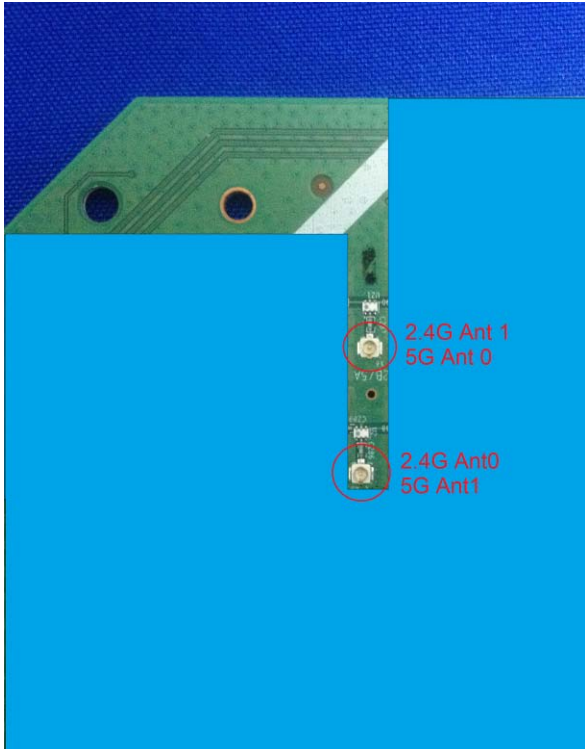
2.3. Description of Available Antennas

Antenna Type	Frequency Band (GHz)	T _x Paths	Directional Gain (dBi)	
			Non Beam Forming	Beam Forming
PCB Antenna	2.4	2	1.95	--
	5.2	2	1.67	4.67
	5.8	2	1.87	4.87

Note:

1. Transmit at 2.4GHz & 5GHz support two antennas.
2. The EUT supports Beam Forming mode, and the Beam Forming support 802.11a/n.
3. Correlated signals include, but are not limited to, signals transmitted in any of the following modes:
 - Any transmit Beam Forming mode, whether fixed or adaptive (e.g., phased array modes, closed loop MIMO modes, Transmitter Adaptive Antenna modes, Maximum Ratio Transmission (MRT) modes, and Statistical Eigen Beam Forming (EBF) modes).
4. Unequal antenna gains, with equal transmit powers. For antenna gains given by G_1, G_2, \dots, G_N dBi
 - transmit signals are correlated
 - Directional gain = $10 \log[(10^{G_1/20} + 10^{G_2/20} + \dots + 10^{G_N/20})^2 / N_{ANT}]$ dBi [Note the "20"s in the denominator of each exponent and the square of the sum of terms; the object is to combine the signal levels coherently.]

2.4. Description of Antenna RF Port

Antenna RF Port				
--	2.4GHz RF Port		5GHz RF Port	
Software Control Port	Ant 0	Ant 1	Ant 0	Ant 1
Antenna RF Port Plot 				

2.5. Test Mode

Test Mode	Mode 1: Transmit by 802.11b
	Mode 2: Transmit by 802.11g
	Mode 3: Transmit by 802.11n-HT20
	Mode 4: Transmit by 802.11n-HT40

2.6. Test Software

The test utility software used during testing was “ART2-GUI Version: 2.3”.

Final Power Parameter Value of the test software.

Test Mode	Test Frequency (MHz)	Power Parameter Value Ant 0 + 1
802.11b	2412	15.00
	2437	15.00
	2462	15.00
802.11g	2412	15.00
	2437	15.00
	2462	14.50
802.11n-HT20	2412	15.00
	2437	15.00
	2462	15.00
802.11n-HT40	2422	13.00
	2437	15.00
	2452	15.00

2.7. Device Capabilities

This device contains the following capabilities:

2.4GHz WLAN (DTS) and 5GHz WLAN (UNII)

Note: 2.4GHz WLAN (DTS) operation is possible in 20MHz, and 40MHz channel bandwidths. The maximum achievable duty cycles for all modes were determined based on measurements performed on a spectrum analyzer in zero-span mode with RBW = 8MHz, VBW = 50MHz, and detector = peak per the guidance of Section 6.0 b) of KDB 558074 D01v03r02. The RBW and VBW were both greater than $50/T$, where T is the minimum transmission duration, and the number of sweep points across T was greater than 100. The duty cycles are as follows:

- 802.11b - 99.7%
- 802.11g/n-HT20 - 99.1%
- 802.11n-HT40 - 98.9%
-

2.8. Test Configuration

The **High performance dual band 2x2 802.11n indoor AP FCC ID: SFK-WF122** was tested per the guidance of KDB 558074 D01v03r02. ANSI C63.4-2009 was used to reference the appropriate EUT setup for radiated spurious emissions testing and AC line conducted testing.

2.9. EMI Suppression Device(s)/Modifications

No EMI suppression device(s) were added and/or no modifications were made during testing.

2.10. Labeling Requirements

Per 2.1074 & 15.19; Docket 95-19

The label shall be permanently affixed at a conspicuous location on the device; instruction manual or pamphlet supplied to the user and be readily visible to the purchaser at the time of purchase.

However, when the device is so small wherein placement of the label with specified statement is not practical, only the trade name and FCC ID must be displayed on the device per Section 15.19(a)(5). Please see attachment for FCC ID label and label location.

3. DESCRIPTION of TEST

3.1. Evaluation Procedure

The measurement procedures described in the American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices (ANSI C63.10-2009), and the guidance provided in KDB 558074 D01v03r02 were used in the measurement of the **High performance dual band 2x2 802.11n indoor AP FCC ID: SFK-WF122.**

Deviation from measurement procedure.....None

3.2. AC Line Conducted Emissions

The line-conducted facility is located inside an 8'x4'x4' shielded enclosure. A 1m x 2m wooden table 80cm high is placed 40cm away from the vertical wall and 80cm away from the sidewall of the shielded room. Two 10kHz-30MHz, 50Ω/50uH Line-Impedance Stabilization Networks (LISNs) are bonded to the shielded room floor. Power to the LISNs is filtered by external high-current high-insertion loss power line filters. These filters attenuate ambient signal noise from entering the measurement lines. These filters are also bonded to the shielded enclosure.

The EUT is powered from one LISN and the support equipment is powered from the second LISN. All interconnecting cables more than 1 meter were shortened to a 1 meter length by non-inductive bundling (serpentine fashion) and draped over the back edge of the test table. All cables were at least 40cm above the horizontal reference ground-plane. Power cables for support equipment were routed down to the second LISN while ensuring that that cables were not draped over the second LISN.

Sufficient time for the EUT, support equipment, and test equipment was allowed in order for them to warm up to their normal operating condition. The RF output of the LISN was connected to the receiver and exploratory measurements were made to determine the frequencies producing the maximum emission from the EUT. The receiver was scanned from 150kHz to 30MHz. The detector function was set to peak mode for exploratory measurements while the bandwidth of the analyzer was set to 9kHz. The EUT, support equipment, and interconnecting cables were arranged and manipulated to maximize each emission. Each emission was also maximized by varying: power lines, the mode of operation or data exchange speed, or support equipment whichever determined the worst-case emission. Once the worst case emissions have been identified, the one EUT cable configuration/arrangement and mode of operation that produced these emissions are used for final measurements on the same test site. The analyzer is set to CISPR quasi-peak and average detectors with a 9kHz resolution bandwidth for final measurements.

An extension cord was used to connect to a single LISN which powered by EUT. The extension cord was calibrated with LISN, the impedance and insertion loss are compliance with the requirements as stated in ANSI C63.10-2009 at Clause 4.3.

Line conducted emissions test results are shown in Section 7.8.

3.3. Radiated Emissions

The radiated test facilities consisted of an indoor 3 meter semi-anechoic chamber used for final measurements and exploratory measurements, when necessary. The measurement area is contained within the semi-anechoic chamber which is shielded from any ambient interference. For measurements above 1GHz absorbers are arranged on the floor between the turn table and the antenna mast in such a way so as to maximize the reduction of reflections. For measurements below 1GHz, the absorbers are removed. A MF Model 210SS turntable is used for radiated measurement. It is a continuously rotatable, remote controlled, metallic turntable and 2 meters (6.56 ft.) in diameter. The turn table is flush with the raised floor of the chamber in order to maintain its function as a ground plane. An 80cm high PVC support structure is placed on top of the turntable.

For all measurements, the spectrum was scanned through all EUT azimuths and from 1 to 4 meter receive antenna height using a broadband antenna from 30MHz up to the upper frequency shown in 15.33(b)(1) depending on the highest frequency generated or used in the device or on which the device operates or tunes. For frequencies above 1GHz, linearly polarized double ridge horn antennas were used. For frequencies below 30MHz, a calibrated loop antenna was used. When exploratory measurements were necessary, they were performed at 1 meter test distance inside the semi-anechoic chamber using broadband antennas, broadband amplifiers, and spectrum analyzers to determine the frequencies and modes producing the maximum emissions. Sufficient time for the EUT, support equipment, and test equipment was allowed in order for them to warm up to their normal operating condition. The test set-up was placed on top of the 0.8 meter high, 1 x 1.5 meter table. The EUT, support equipment, and interconnecting cables were arranged and manipulated to maximize each emission. Appropriate precaution was taken to ensure that all emissions from the EUT were maximized and investigated. The system configuration, clock speed, mode of operation or video resolution, if applicable, turntable azimuth, and receive antenna height was noted for each frequency found.

Final measurements were made in the semi-anechoic chamber using calibrated, linearly polarized broadband and horn antennas. The test setup was configured to the setup that produced the worst case emissions. The spectrum analyzer was set to investigate all frequencies required for testing to compare the highest radiated disturbances with respect to the specified limits. The turntable containing the EUT was rotated through 360 degrees and the height of the receive antenna was varied 1 to 4 meters and stopped at the azimuth and height producing the maximum emission. Each emission was maximized by changing the orientation of the EUT through three orthogonal planes and changing the polarity of the receive antenna, whichever produced the worst-case emissions. According to 3dB Beam-Width of horn antenna, the horn antenna should be always directed to the EUT when rising height.

4. ANTENNA REQUIREMENTS

Excerpt from §15.203 of the FCC Rules/Regulations:

“An intentional radiator antenna shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party can be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section.”

- The antenna of the **High performance dual band 2x2 802.11n indoor AP** is permanently attached.
- There are no provisions for connection to an external antenna.

Conclusion:

The **High performance dual band 2x2 802.11n indoor AP FCC ID: SFK-WF122** unit complies with the requirement of §15.203.

5. TEST EQUIPMENT CALIBRATION DATE

Conducted Emissions

Instrument	Manufacturer	Type No.	Serial No.	Cali. Interval	Cali. Due Date
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESR7	101209	1 year	2015/11/08
Two-Line V-Network	R&S	ENV216	101683	1 year	2015/11/08
Two-Line V-Network	R&S	ENV216	101684	1 year	2015/11/08
Temperature/ Meter Humidity	Anymetre	TH101B	SR2-01	1 year	2015/11/15

Radiated Emission

Instrument	Manufacturer	Type No.	Serial No.	Cali. Interval	Cali. Due Date
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4447A	MY45300136	1 year	2015/11/18
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESR7	101209	1 year	2015/11/08
Preamplifier	MRT	AP18G40	1310001	1 year	2015/10/06
Preamplifier	MRT	AP01G18	1310002	1 year	2014/12/13
Loop Antenna	Schwarzbeck	FMZB1519	1519-041	1 year	2015/11/08
TRILOG Antenna	Schwarzbeck	VULB9162	9162-047	1 year	2015/11/08
Broad-Band Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBHA9120D	9120D-1167	1 year	2015/11/08
Broadband Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBHA9170	9170-549	1 year	2014/12/11
Temperature/Humidity Meter	Anymetre	TH101B	AC1-01	1 year	2015/11/15

Conducted Test Equipment

Instrument	Manufacturer	Type No.	Serial No.	Cali. Interval	Cali. Due Date
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9010A	MY5144016A	1 year	2015/01/04
USB Wideband Power Sensor	Boonton	5506	8911	1 year	2015/10/15
Temperature/Humidity Meter	Anymetre	TH101B	TR3-01	1 year	2015/11/15

6. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Where relevant, the following test uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the EUT as specified in CISPR 16-4-2. This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of $k = 2$.

AC Conducted Emission Measurement
Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% ($U=2Uc(y)$): 150kHz~30MHz: $\pm 3.46\text{dB}$
Radiated Emission Measurement
Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% ($U=2Uc(y)$): 9kHz ~ 1GHz: $\pm 4.18\text{dB}$ 1GHz ~ 25GHz: $\pm 4.76\text{dB}$

7. TEST RESULT

7.1. Summary

Product Name: High performance dual band 2x2 802.11n indoor AP

FCC ID: SFK-WF122

FCC Classification: Digital Transmission System (DTS)

Data Rate(s) Tested: 1Mbps ~ 11Mbps (b); 6Mbps ~ 54Mbps (g);

13/14.4Mbps ~ 130/144.4Mbps (n-HT20);

27/30Mbps ~ 270/300Mbps (n-HT40)

FCC Part Section(s)	Test Description	Test Limit	Test Condition	Test Result	Reference
15.247(a)(2)	6dB Bandwidth	$\geq 500\text{kHz}$	Conducted	Pass	Section 7.2
15.247(b)(3)	Output Power	$\leq 30\text{dBm}$		Pass	Section 7.3
15.247(e)	Power Spectral Density	$\leq 8\text{dBm}/3\text{kHz}$		Pass	Section 7.4
15.247(d)	Band Edge / Out-of-Band Emissions	$\geq 20\text{dBc(Peak)}$		Pass	Section 7.5
15.205 15.209	General Field Strength Limits (Restricted Bands and Radiated Emission Limits)	Emissions in restricted bands must meet the radiated limits detailed in 15.209	Radiated	Pass	Section 7.6 & 7.7
15.207	AC Conducted Emissions 150kHz - 30MHz	< FCC 15.207 limits	Line Conducted	Pass	Section 7.8

Notes:

- 1) All modes of operation and data rates were investigated. For radiated emission test, every axis (X, Y, Z) was also verified. The test results shown in the following sections represent the worst case emissions.
- 2) The analyzer plots shown in this section were all taken with a correction table loaded into the analyzer. The correction table was used to account for the losses of the cables and attenuators used as part of the system to connect the EUT to the analyzer at all frequencies of interest.
- 3) All antenna port conducted emissions testing was performed on a test bench with the antenna port of the EUT connected to the spectrum analyzer through calibrated cables and attenuators.

7.2. 6dB Bandwidth Measurement

7.2.1. Test Limit

The minimum 6dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

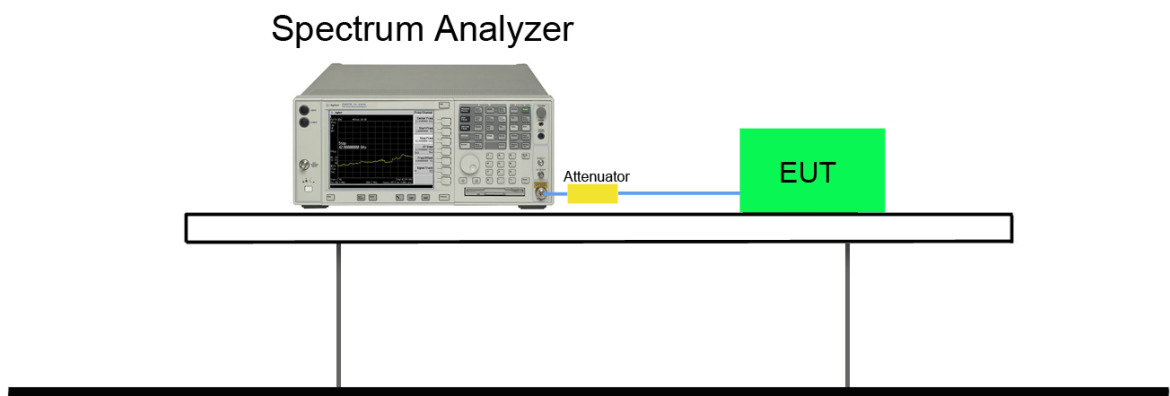
7.2.2. Test Procedure used

KDB 558074 D01v03r02 - Section 8.2 Option 2

7.2.3. Test Setting

1. The Spectrum's automatic bandwidth measurement capability was used to perform the 6dB bandwidth measurement. The "X" dB bandwidth parameter was set to $X = 6$. The bandwidth measurement was not influenced by any intermediate power nulls in the fundamental emission.
2. Set RBW = 100 kHz
3. VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW
4. Detector = Peak
5. Trace mode = max hold
6. Sweep = auto couple
7. Allow the trace was allowed to stabilize

7.2.4. Test Setup



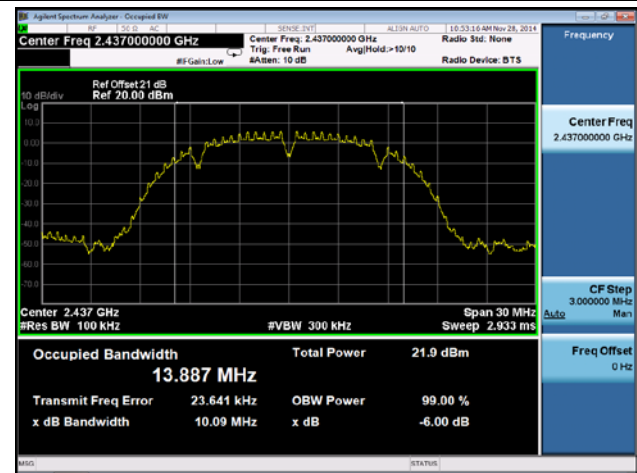
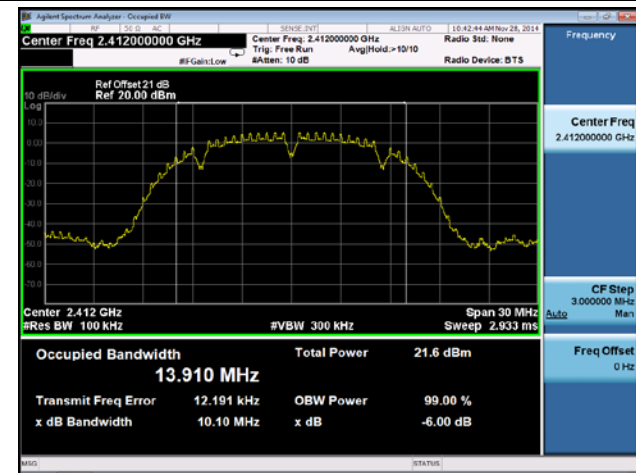
7.2.5. Test Result

Test Mode	Data Rate (Mbps)	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Limit (MHz)	Result
Ant 0 / Ant 0 + 1						
802.11b	1	01	2412	10.10	≥0.5	Pass
802.11b	1	06	2437	10.09	≥0.5	Pass
802.11b	1	11	2462	10.09	≥0.5	Pass
802.11g	6	01	2412	16.37	≥0.5	Pass
802.11g	6	06	2437	16.37	≥0.5	Pass
802.11g	6	11	2462	16.36	≥0.5	Pass
802.11n-HT20	13	01	2412	17.73	≥0.5	Pass
802.11n-HT20	13	06	2437	17.71	≥0.5	Pass
802.11n-HT20	13	11	2462	17.65	≥0.5	Pass
802.11n-HT40	27	03	2422	36.42	≥0.5	Pass
802.11n-HT40	27	06	2437	36.40	≥0.5	Pass
802.11n-HT40	27	09	2452	36.43	≥0.5	Pass
Ant 1 / Ant 0 + 1						
802.11b	1	01	2412	10.10	≥0.5	Pass
802.11b	1	06	2437	10.10	≥0.5	Pass
802.11b	1	11	2462	10.10	≥0.5	Pass
802.11g	6	01	2412	16.37	≥0.5	Pass
802.11g	6	06	2437	16.36	≥0.5	Pass
802.11g	6	11	2462	16.37	≥0.5	Pass
802.11n-HT20	13	01	2412	17.63	≥0.5	Pass
802.11n-HT20	13	06	2437	17.60	≥0.5	Pass
802.11n-HT20	13	11	2462	17.61	≥0.5	Pass
802.11n-HT40	27	03	2422	36.39	≥0.5	Pass
802.11n-HT40	27	06	2437	36.43	≥0.5	Pass
802.11n-HT40	27	09	2452	36.45	≥0.5	Pass

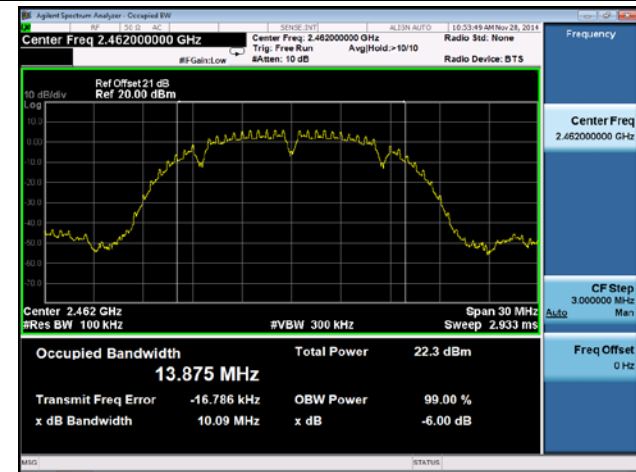
802.11b 6dB Bandwidth - Ant 0 / Ant 0 + 1

Channel 01 (2412MHz)

Channel 06 (2437MHz)



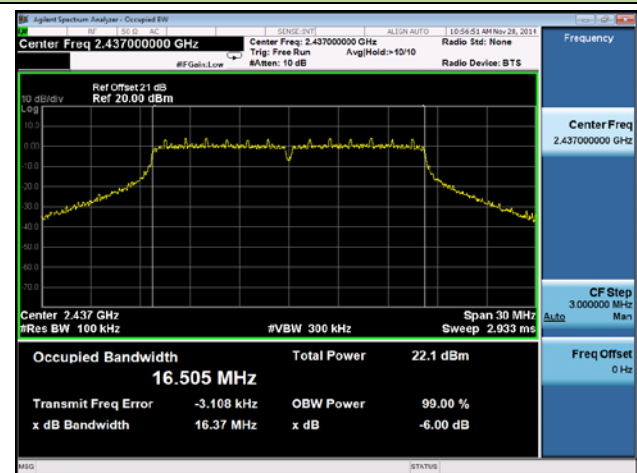
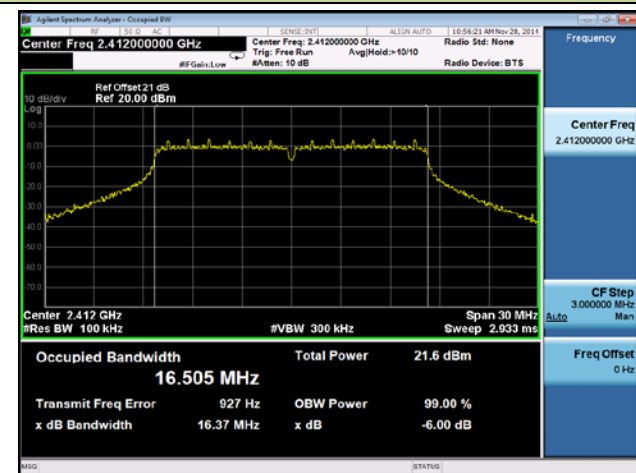
Channel 11 (2462MHz)



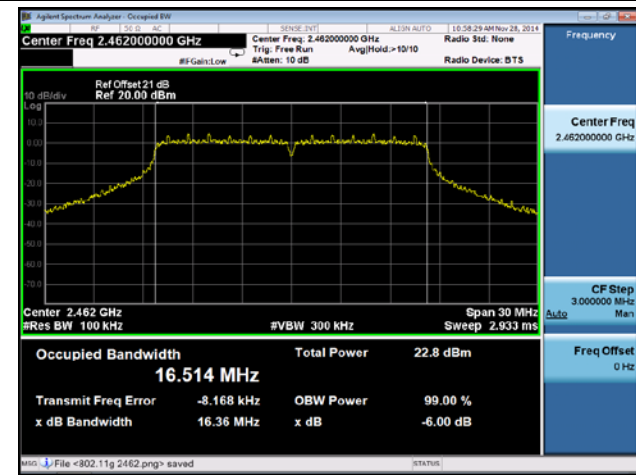
802.11g 6dB Bandwidth - Ant 0 / Ant 0 + 1

Channel 01 (2412MHz)

Channel 06 (2437MHz)

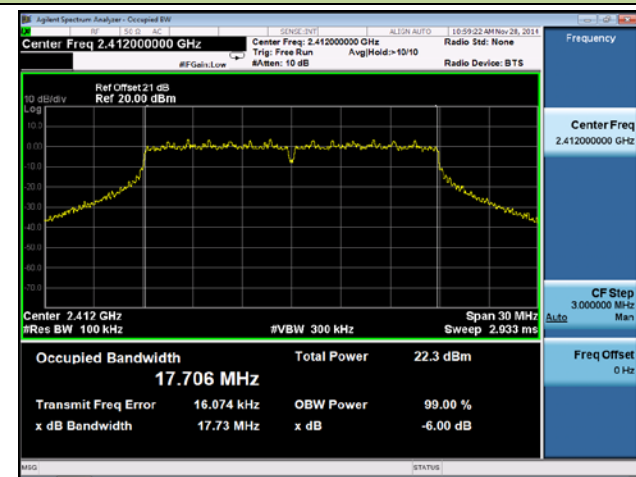


Channel 11 (2462MHz)

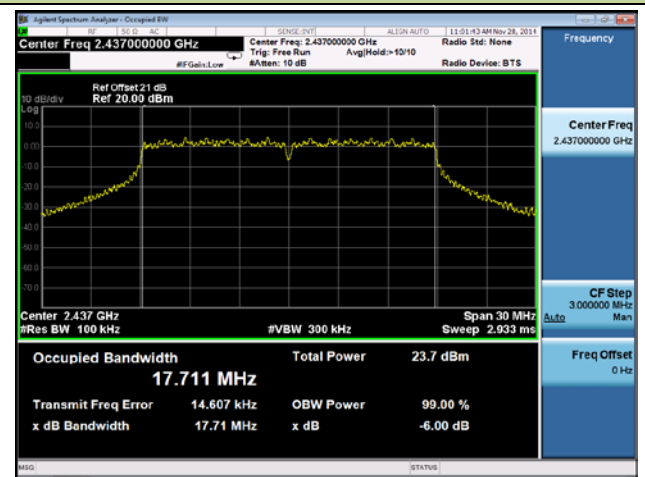


802.11n-HT20 6dB Bandwidth - Ant 0 / Ant 0 + 1

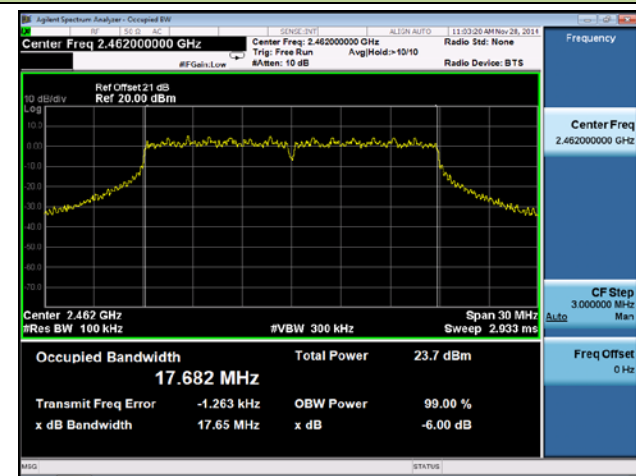
Channel 01 (2412MHz)



Channel 06 (2437MHz)

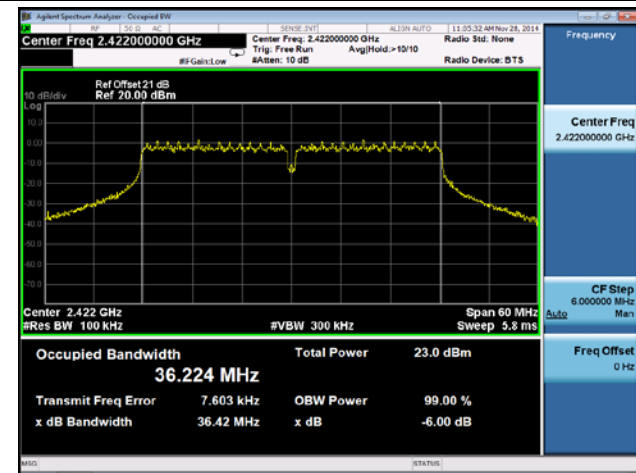


Channel 11 (2462MHz)

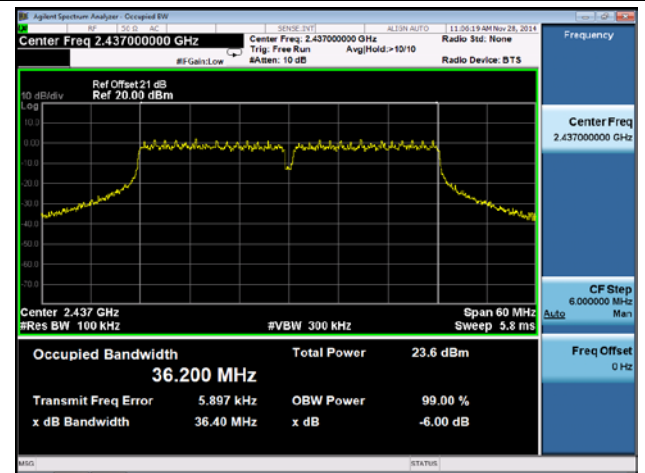


802.11n-HT40 6dB Bandwidth - Ant 0 / Ant 0 + 1

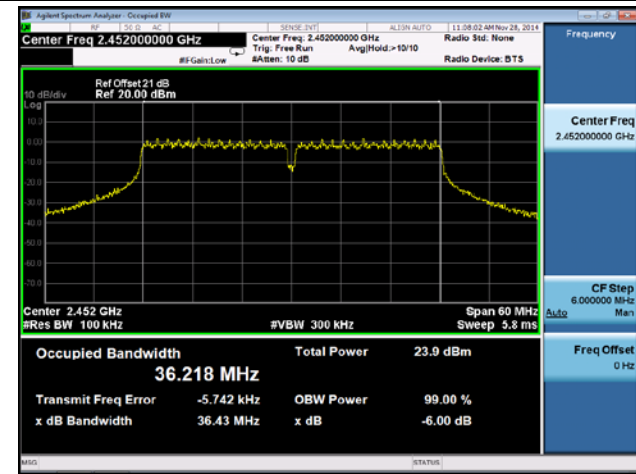
Channel 03 (2422MHz)

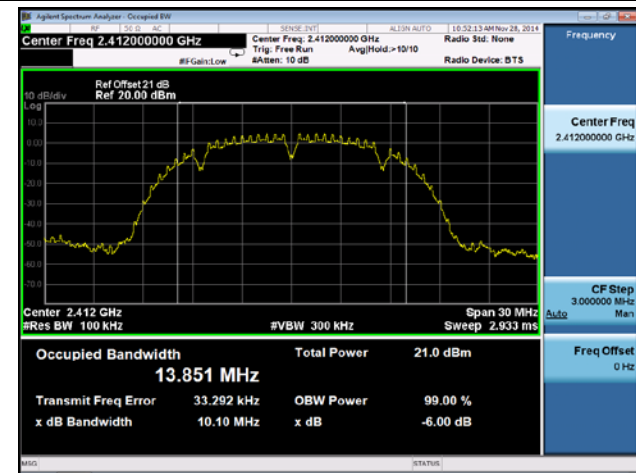
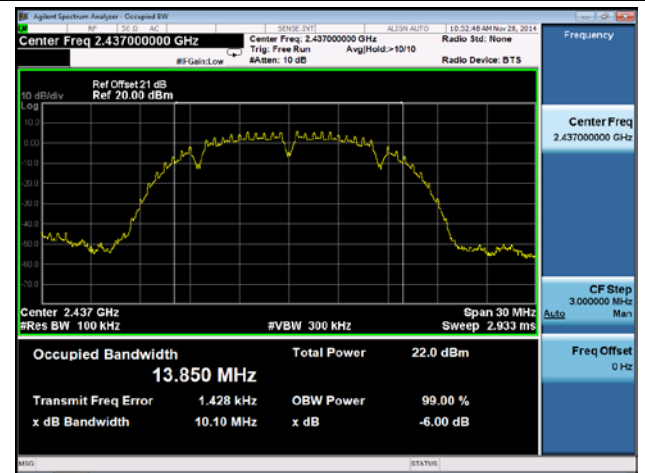
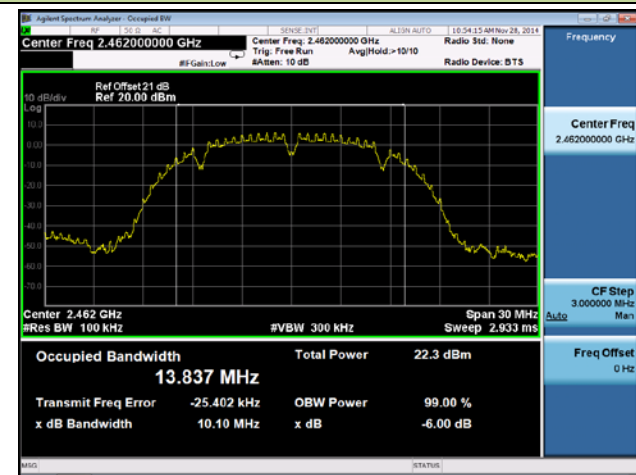
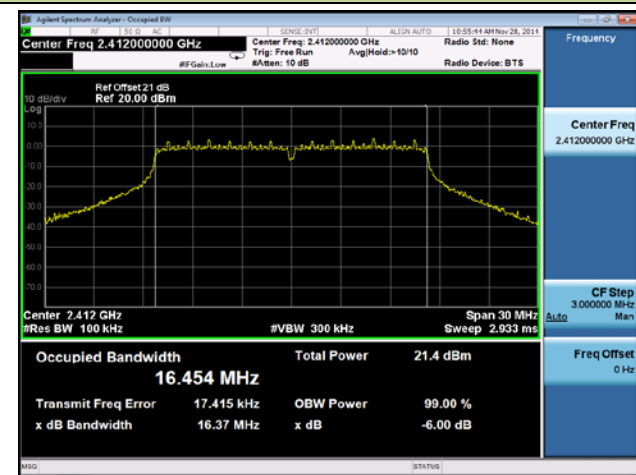
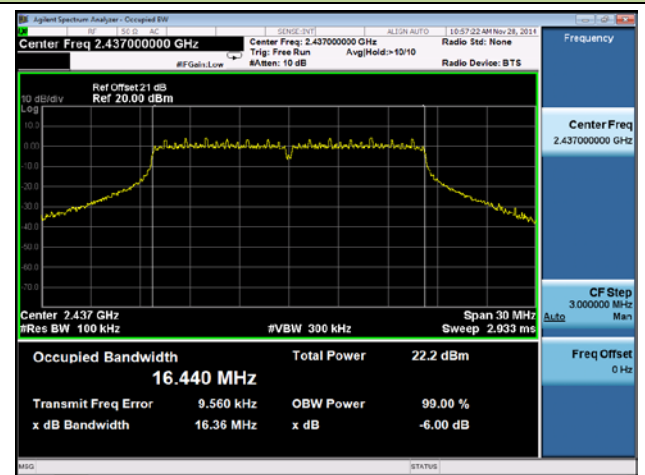


Channel 06 (2437MHz)

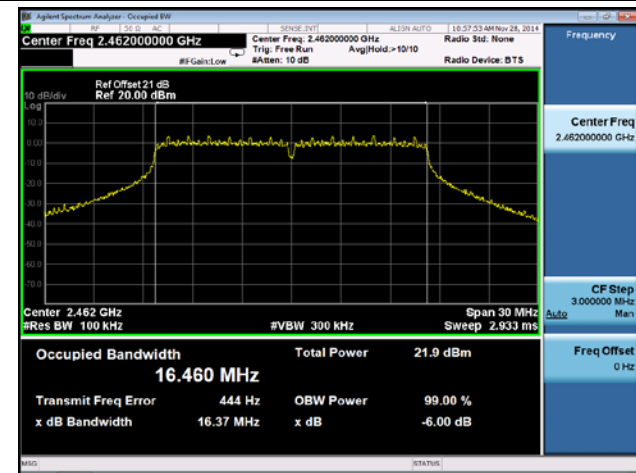


Channel 09 (2452MHz)



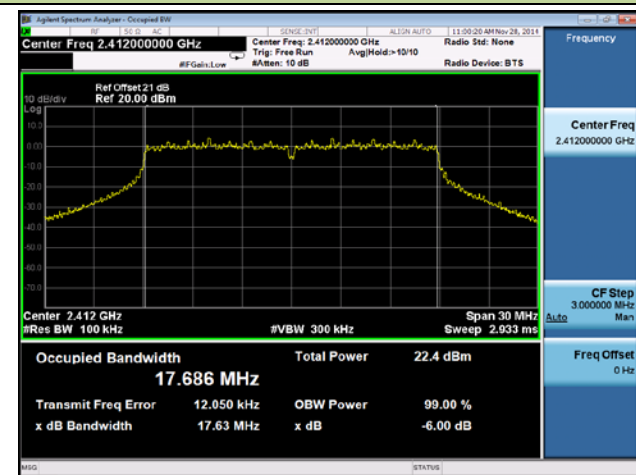
802.11b 6dB Bandwidth - Ant 1 / Ant 0 + 1
Channel 01 (2412MHz)

Channel 06 (2437MHz)

Channel 11 (2462MHz)

802.11g 6dB Bandwidth - Ant 1 / Ant 0 + 1
Channel 01 (2412MHz)

Channel 06 (2437MHz)


Channel 11 (2462MHz)

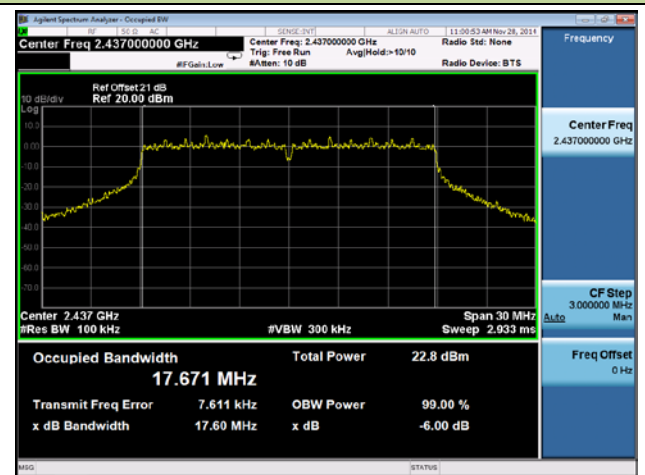


802.11n-HT20 6dB Bandwidth - Ant 1 / Ant 0 + 1

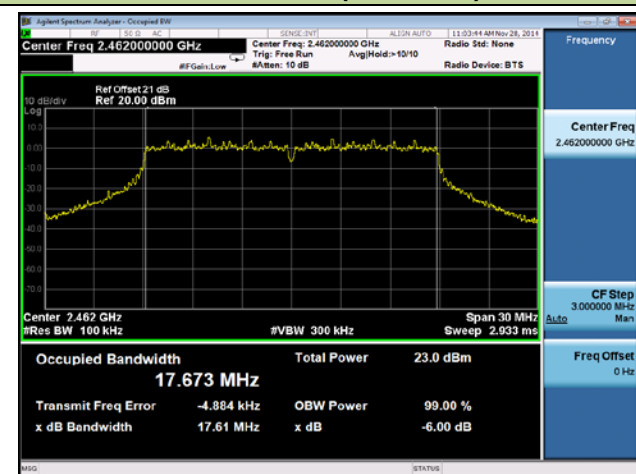
Channel 01 (2412MHz)



Channel 06 (2437MHz)

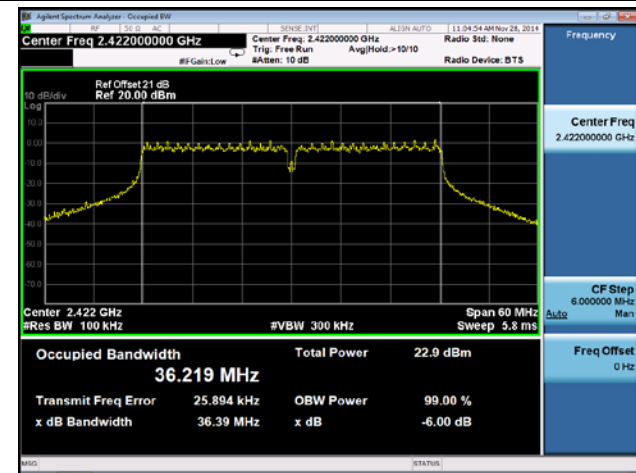


Channel 11 (2462MHz)

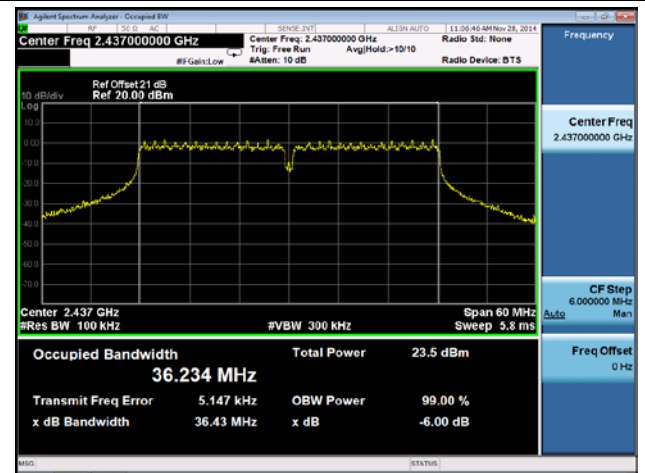


802.11n-HT40 6dB Bandwidth - Ant 1 / Ant 0 + 1

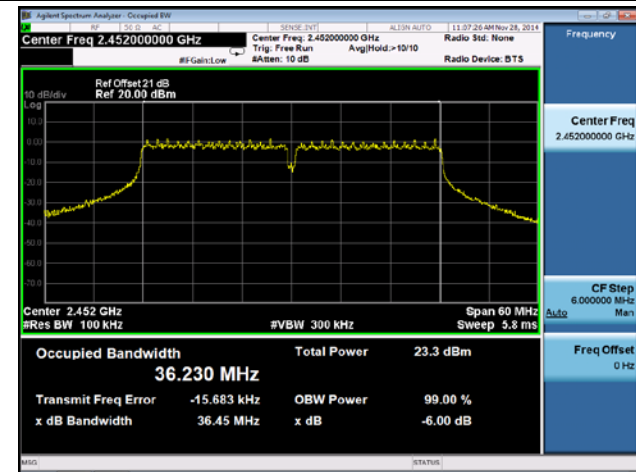
Channel 03 (2422MHz)



Channel 06 (2437MHz)



Channel 09 (2452MHz)



7.3. Output Power Measurement

7.3.1. Test Limit

The maximum out power shall be less 1 Watt (30dBm).

7.3.2. Test Procedure Used

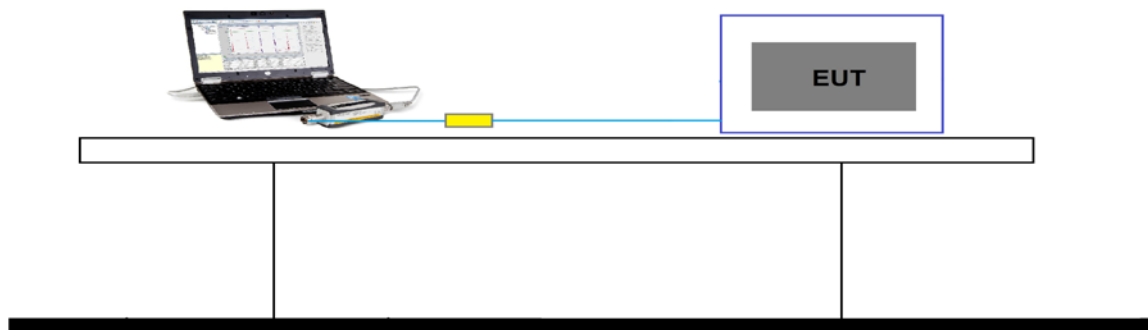
KDB 558074 D01v03r02 - Section 9.1.2 PKPM1 Peak Power Method (for signals with BW \leq 50MHz)

7.3.3. Test Setting

Method PKPM1 (Peak Power Measurement of Signals with DTS BW \leq 50MHz)

Peak power measurements were performed only when the EUT was transmitting at its maximum power control level using a broadband power meter with a pulse sensor. The pulse sensor employs a VBW = 50MHz so this method was only used for signals whose DTS bandwidth was less than or equal to 50MHz.

7.3.4. Test Setup



7.3.5. Test Result of Output Power

Output power at various data rates for Ant 0:

Test Mode	Bandwidth (MHz)	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate (Mbps)	Peak Power (dBm)
802.11b	20	6	2437	1	24.51
				5.5	24.26
				11	23.73
802.11g	20	6	2437	6	24.25
				24	23.94
				54	23.58
802.11n	20	6	2437	13	24.82
				52	24.26
				130	23.88
802.11n	40	6	2437	27	24.68
				108	24.30
				270	23.89

Test Result of Peak Output Power

Test Mode	N _{Tx}	Data Rate (Mbps)	Channel No.	Freq. (MHz)	Ant 0 Peak Power (dBm)	Ant 1 Peak Power (dBm)	Total Peak Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
11b	2	1	1	2412	24.10	24.05	27.09	≤30	Pass
11b	2	1	6	2437	24.51	24.65	27.59	≤30	Pass
11b	2	1	11	2462	24.37	24.63	27.51	≤30	Pass
11g	2	6	1	2412	23.93	24.24	27.10	≤30	Pass
11g	2	6	6	2437	24.25	24.52	27.40	≤30	Pass
11g	2	6	11	2462	24.37	24.15	27.27	≤30	Pass
11n-HT20	2	13	1	2412	24.32	24.56	27.45	≤30	Pass
11n-HT20	2	13	6	2437	24.82	24.97	27.91	≤30	Pass
11n-HT20	2	13	11	2462	24.93	24.98	27.97	≤30	Pass
11n-HT40	2	27	3	2422	23.07	23.27	26.18	≤30	Pass
11n-HT40	2	27	6	2437	24.68	24.59	27.65	≤30	Pass
11n-HT40	2	27	9	2452	24.58	24.53	27.57	≤30	Pass

Note: Total Peak Power (dBm) = $10 \cdot \log\{10^{(\text{Ant 0 Peak Power}/10)} + 10^{(\text{Ant 1 Peak Power}/10)}\}$ (dBm).

7.3.6. Test Result of Average Output Power (Reporting Only)

Test Mode	N _{Tx}	Data Rate (Mbps)	Channel No.	Freq. (MHz)	Ant 0 Average Power (dBm)	Ant 1 Average Power (dBm)	Total Average Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
11b	2	1	1	2412	14.28	14.17	17.24	≤30	Pass
11b	2	1	6	2437	15.09	15.18	18.15	≤30	Pass
11b	2	1	11	2462	14.66	15.22	17.96	≤30	Pass
11g	2	6	1	2412	14.44	14.53	17.50	≤30	Pass
11g	2	6	6	2437	15.29	15.09	18.20	≤30	Pass
11g	2	6	11	2462	14.92	14.33	17.65	≤30	Pass
11n-HT20	2	13	1	2412	14.16	14.20	17.19	≤30	Pass
11n-HT20	2	13	6	2437	15.07	14.92	18.01	≤30	Pass
11n-HT20	2	13	11	2462	15.32	14.75	18.05	≤30	Pass
11n-HT40	2	27	3	2422	12.57	12.64	15.62	≤30	Pass
11n-HT40	2	27	6	2437	15.04	14.81	17.94	≤30	Pass
11n-HT40	2	27	9	2452	14.83	14.51	17.68	≤30	Pass

Note: Total Average Power (dBm) = $10 \cdot \log\{10^{(\text{Ant 0 Average Power} / 10)} + 10^{(\text{Ant 1 Average Power} / 10)}\}$ (dBm).

7.4. Power Spectral Density Measurement

7.4.1. Test Limit

The maximum permissible power spectral density is 8dBm in any 3 kHz band.

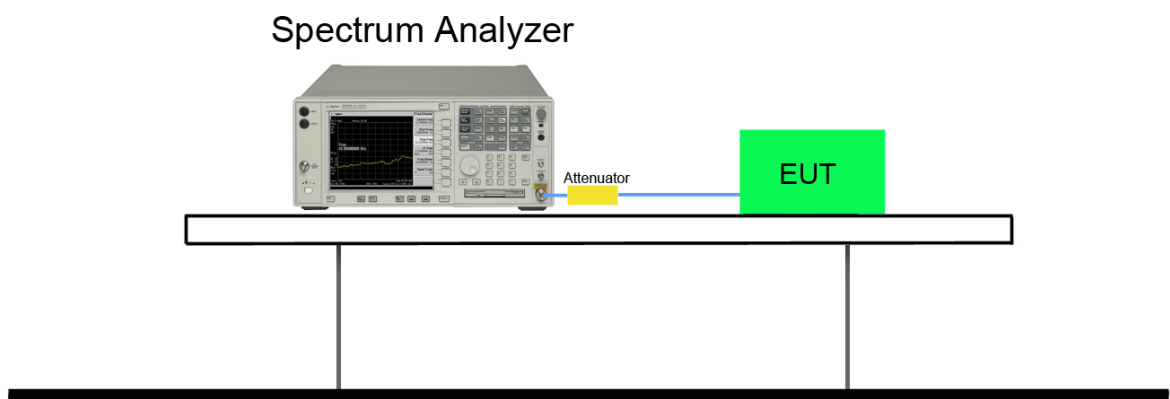
7.4.2. Test Procedure Used

KDB 558074 D01v03r02 - Section 10.2 Method PKPSD

7.4.3. Test Setting

1. Analyzer was set to the center frequency of the DTS channel under investigation
2. Span = 1.5 times the DTS channel bandwidth
3. RBW = 3kHz
4. VBW = 10kHz
5. Detector = peak
6. Sweep time = auto couple
7. Trace mode = max hold
8. Trace was allowed to stabilize

7.4.4. Test Setup



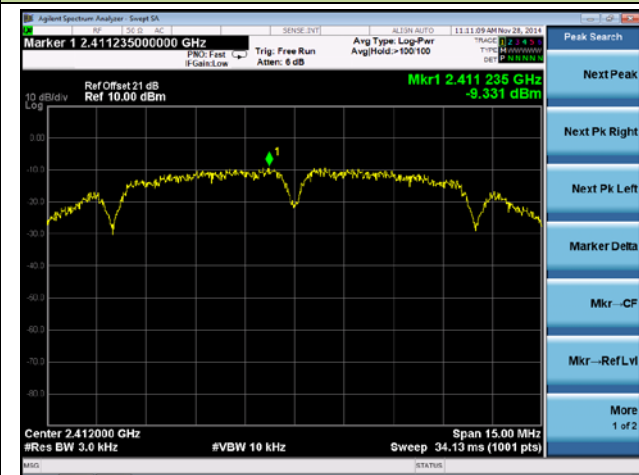
7.4.5. Test Result

Test Mode	N _{Tx}	Data Rate (Mbps)	Channel No.	Freq. (MHz)	Ant 0 PSD (dBm / 3kHz)	Ant 1 PSD (dBm / 3kHz)	Total PSD (dBm / 3kHz)	Limit (dBm / 3kHz)	Result
11b	2	1	1	2412	-9.331	-9.655	-6.480	≤8.0	Pass
11b	2	1	6	2437	-8.648	-8.612	-5.620	≤8.0	Pass
11b	2	1	11	2462	-8.358	-8.201	-5.268	≤8.0	Pass
11g	2	6	1	2412	-8.962	-10.468	-6.640	≤8.0	Pass
11g	2	6	6	2437	-8.855	-9.354	-6.087	≤8.0	Pass
11g	2	6	11	2462	-8.800	-9.249	-6.008	≤8.0	Pass
11n-HT20	2	13	1	2412	-8.278	-9.639	-5.895	≤8.0	Pass
11n-HT20	2	13	6	2437	-8.977	-9.091	-6.023	≤8.0	Pass
11n-HT20	2	13	11	2462	-7.428	-8.992	-5.130	≤8.0	Pass
11n-HT40	2	27	3	2422	-12.501	-12.584	-9.532	≤8.0	Pass
11n-HT40	2	27	6	2437	-11.902	-12.528	-9.193	≤8.0	Pass
11n-HT40	2	27	9	2452	-12.219	-12.495	-9.345	≤8.0	Pass

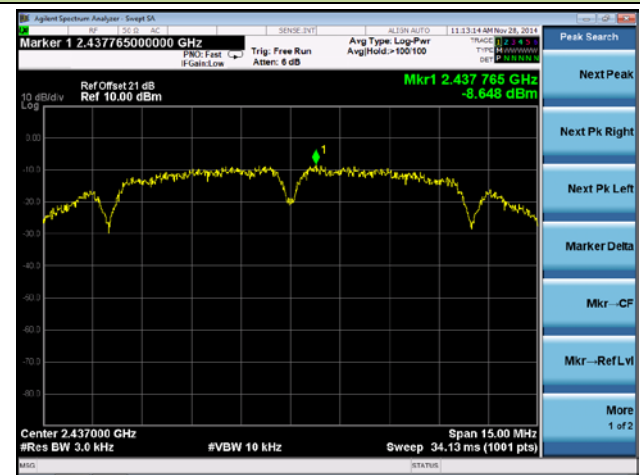
Note: Total PSD (dBm/3kHz) = $10 \cdot \log\{10^{(\text{Ant 0 PSD}/10)} + 10^{(\text{Ant 1 PSD}/10)}\}$ (dBm/3kHz).

802.11b PSD - Ant 0 / Ant 0 + 1

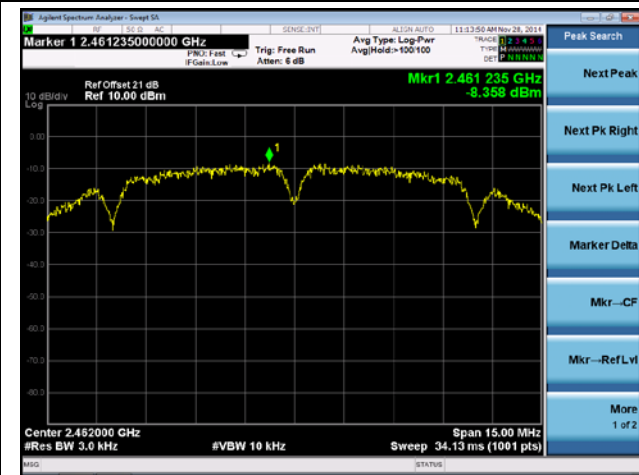
Channel 01 (2412MHz)



Channel 06 (2437MHz)

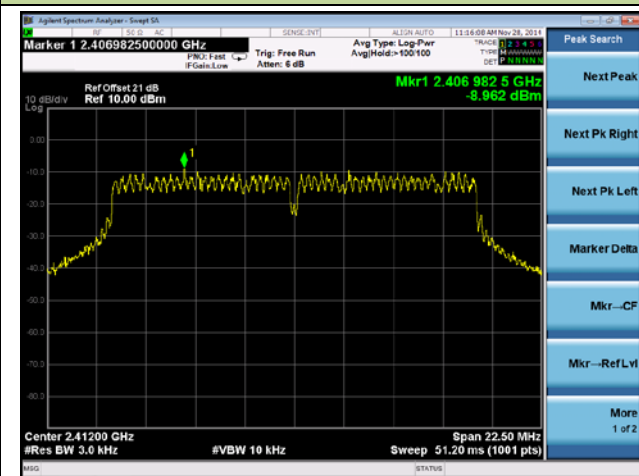


Channel 11 (2462MHz)

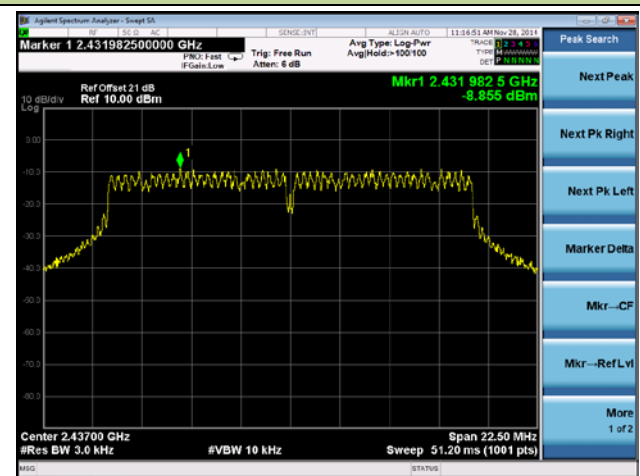


802.11g PSD - Ant 0 / Ant 0 + 1

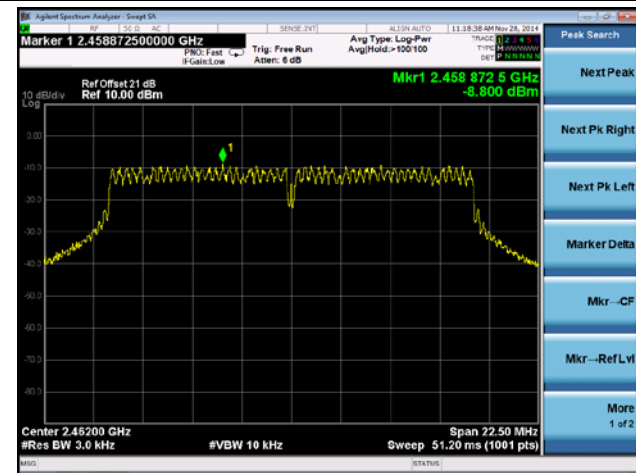
Channel 01 (2412MHz)



Channel 06 (2437MHz)

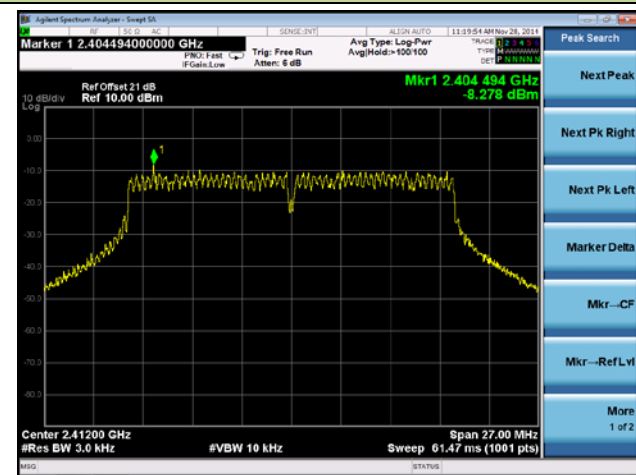


Channel 11 (2462MHz)

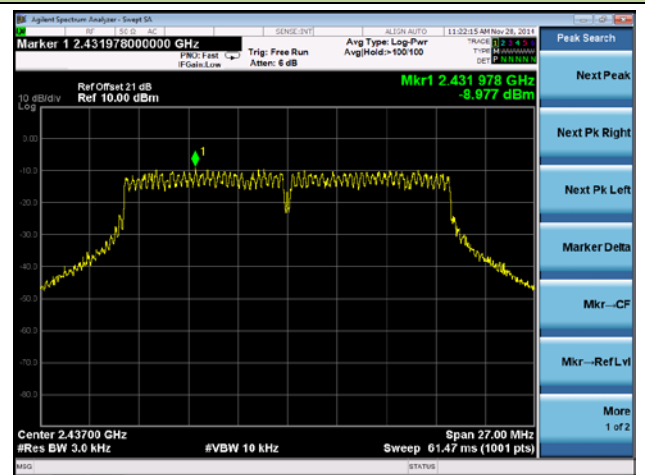


802.11n-HT20 PSD - Ant 0 / Ant 0 + 1

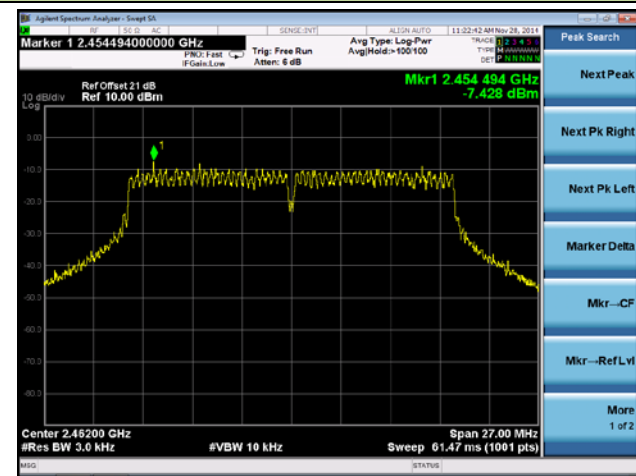
Channel 01 (2412MHz)



Channel 06 (2437MHz)

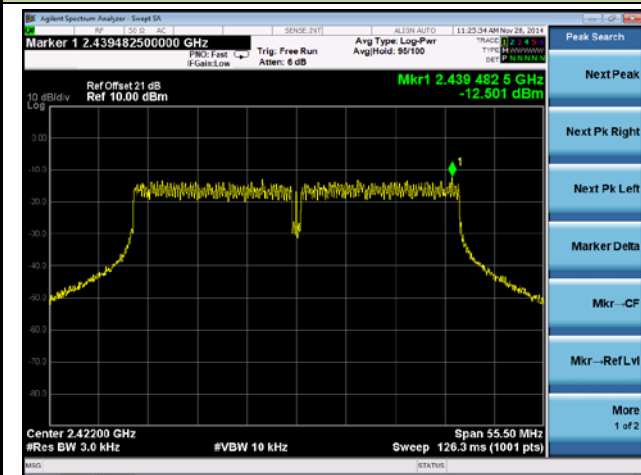


Channel 11 (2462MHz)

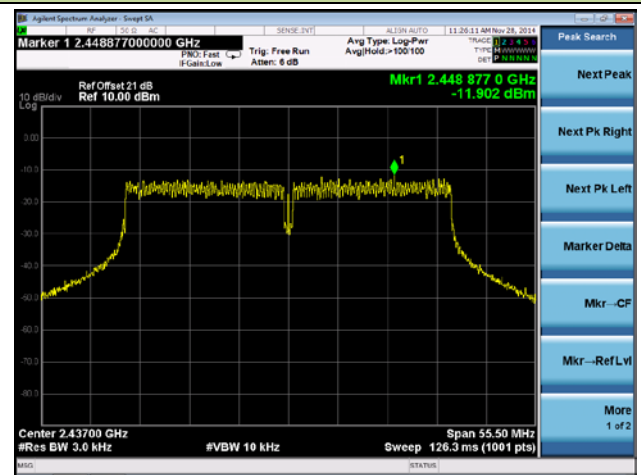


802.11n-HT40 PSD - Ant 0 / Ant 0 + 1

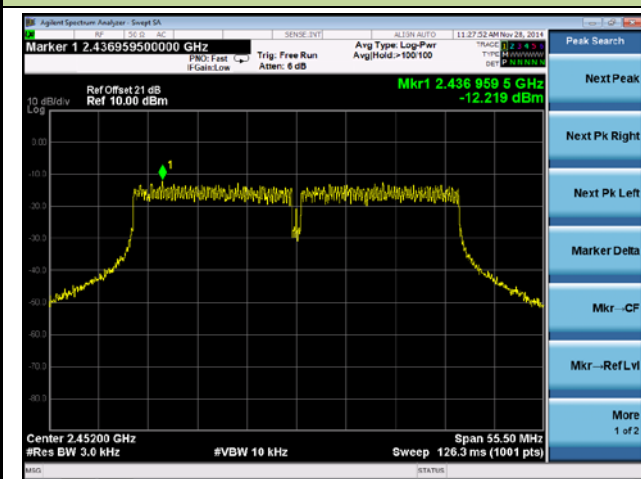
Channel 03 (2422MHz)



Channel 06 (2437MHz)

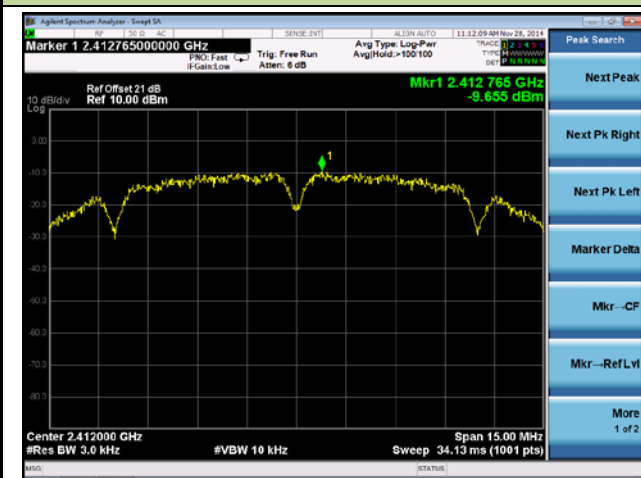


Channel 09 (2452MHz)

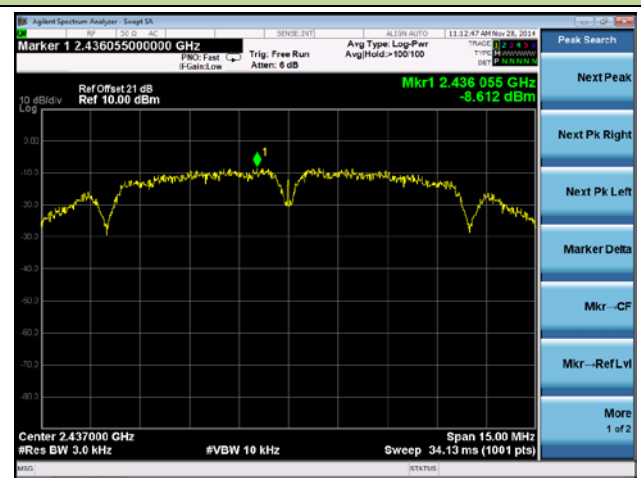


802.11b PSD - Ant 1 / Ant 0 + 1

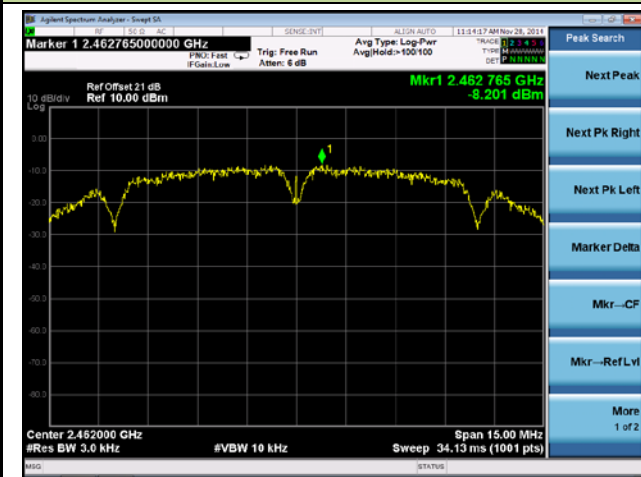
Channel 01 (2412MHz)



Channel 06 (2437MHz)

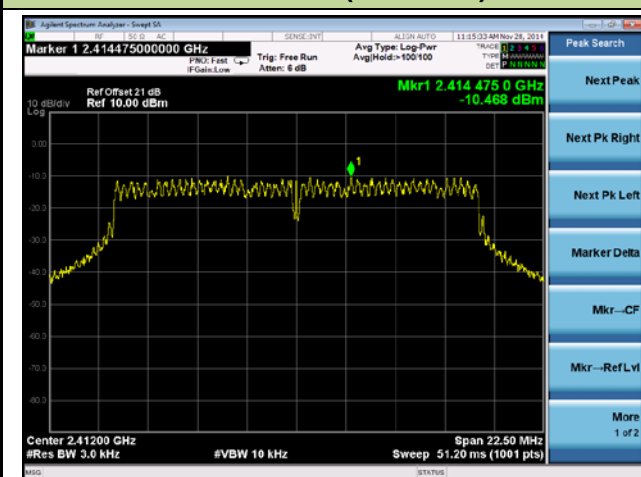


Channel 11 (2462MHz)

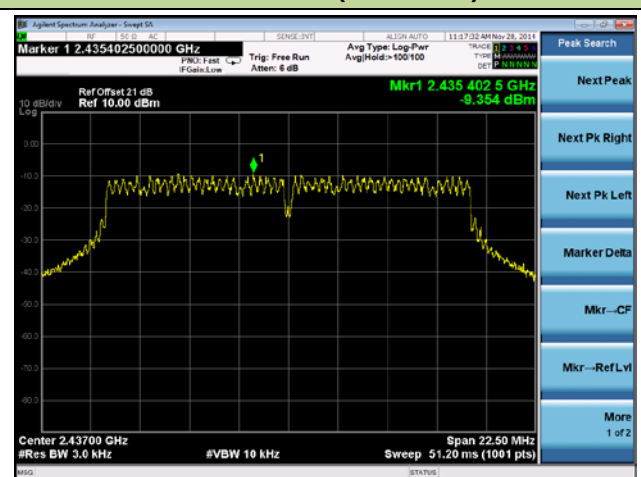


802.11g PSD - Ant 1 / Ant 0 + 1

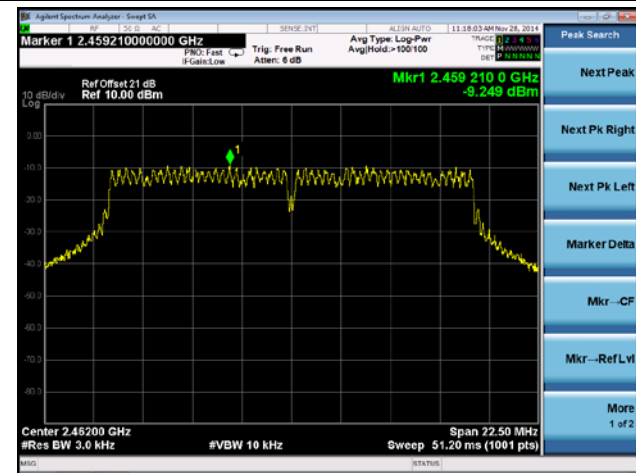
Channel 01 (2412MHz)



Channel 06 (2437MHz)

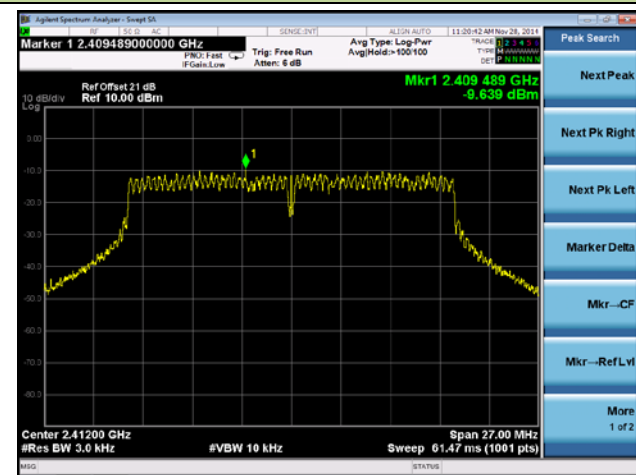


Channel 11 (2462MHz)

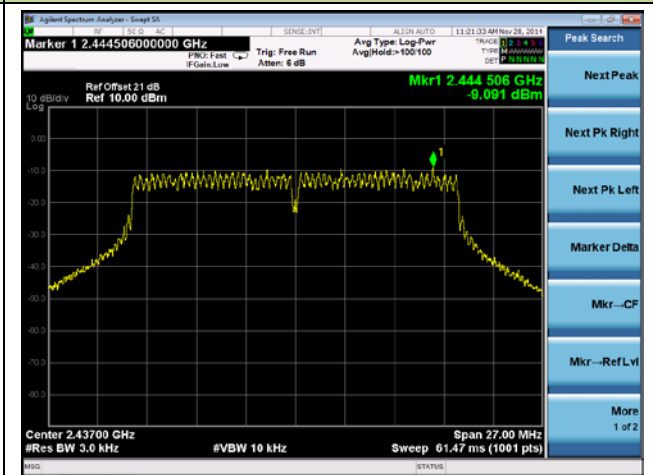


802.11n-HT20 PSD - Ant 1 / Ant 0 + 1

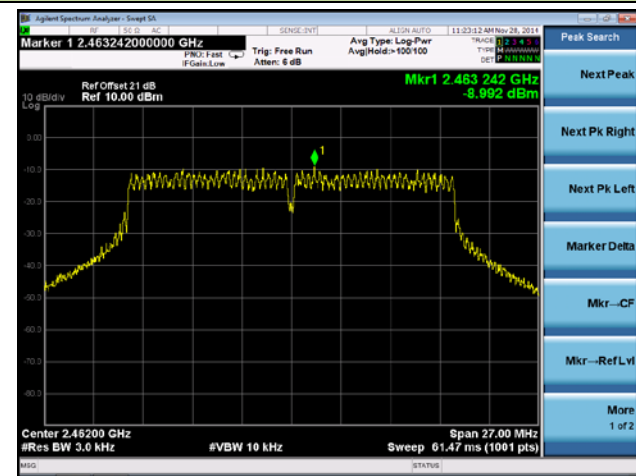
Channel 01 (2412MHz)



Channel 06 (2437MHz)

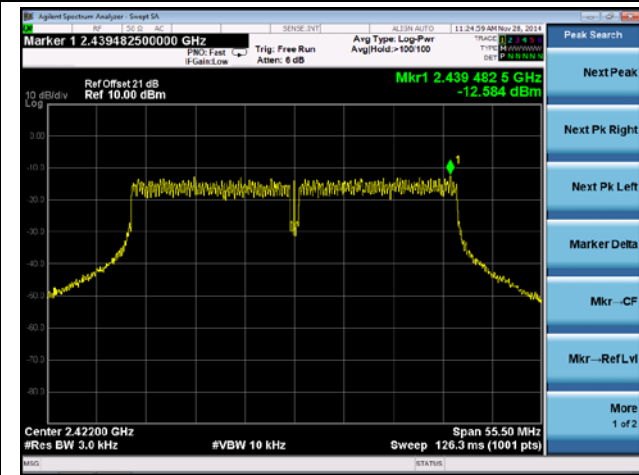


Channel 11 (2462MHz)

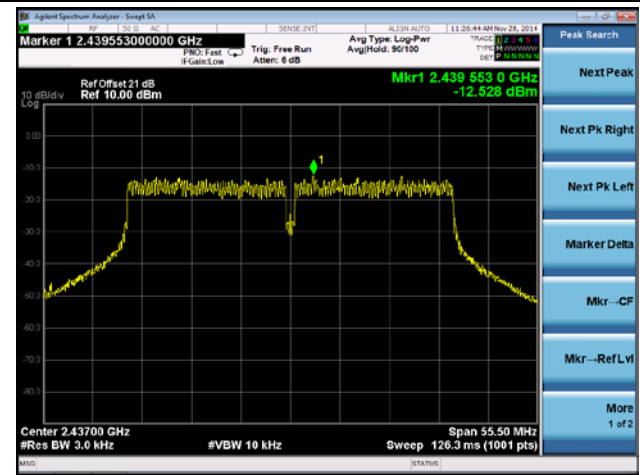


802.11n-HT40 PSD - Ant 1 / Ant 0 + 1

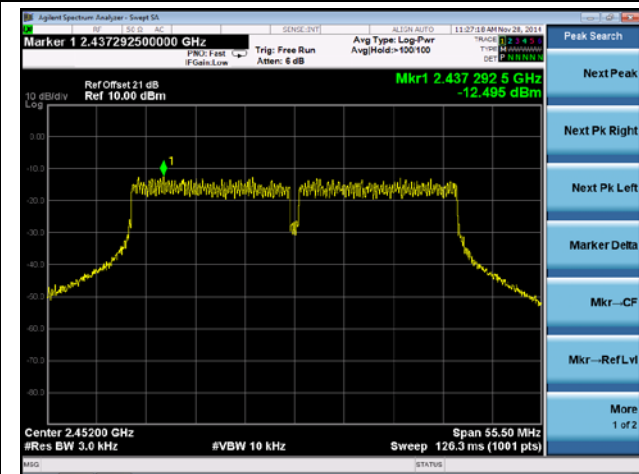
Channel 03 (2422MHz)



Channel 06 (2437MHz)



Channel 09 (2452MHz)



7.5. Conducted Band Edge and Out-of-Band Emissions

7.5.1. Test Limit

The limit for out-of-band spurious emissions at the band edge is 20dB below the fundamental emission level, as determined from the in-band power measurement of the DTS channel performed in a 100kHz bandwidth per the PSD procedure.

7.5.2. Test Procedure Used

KDB 558074 D01v03r02 - Section 11.2 & Section 11.3

7.5.3. Test Setting

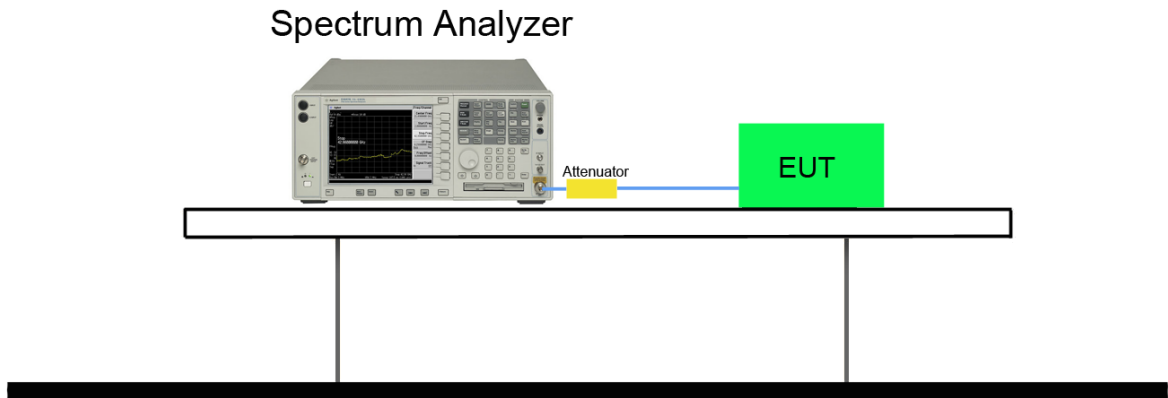
1. Reference level measurement

- (a) Set instrument center frequency to DTS channel center frequency
- (b) Set the span to ≥ 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth
- (c) Set the RBW = 100 kHz
- (d) Set the VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW
- (e) Detector = peak
- (f) Sweep time = auto couple
- (g) Trace mode = max hold
- (h) Allow trace to fully stabilize

2. Emission level measurement

- (a) Set the center frequency and span to encompass frequency range to be measured
- (b) RBW = 100kHz
- (c) VBW = 300kHz
- (d) Detector = Peak
- (e) Trace mode = max hold
- (f) Sweep time = auto couple
- (g) The trace was allowed to stabilize

7.5.4. Test Setup



7.5.5. Test Result

Test Mode	Data Rate (Mbps)	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Limit	Result
Ant 0 / Ant 0 + 1					
802.11b	1	01	2412	20dBc	Pass
802.11b	1	06	2437	20dBc	Pass
802.11b	1	11	2462	20dBc	Pass
802.11g	6	01	2412	20dBc	Pass
802.11g	6	06	2437	20dBc	Pass
802.11g	6	11	2462	20dBc	Pass
802.11n-HT20	13	01	2412	20dBc	Pass
802.11n-HT20	13	06	2437	20dBc	Pass
802.11n-HT20	13	11	2462	20dBc	Pass
802.11n-HT40	27	03	2422	20dBc	Pass
802.11n-HT40	27	06	2437	20dBc	Pass
802.11n-HT40	27	09	2452	20dBc	Pass
Ant 1 / Ant 0 + 1					
802.11b	1	01	2412	20dBc	Pass
802.11b	1	06	2437	20dBc	Pass
802.11b	1	11	2462	20dBc	Pass
802.11g	6	01	2412	20dBc	Pass
802.11g	6	06	2437	20dBc	Pass
802.11g	6	11	2462	20dBc	Pass
802.11n-HT20	13	01	2412	20dBc	Pass
802.11n-HT20	13	06	2437	20dBc	Pass
802.11n-HT20	13	11	2462	20dBc	Pass
802.11n-HT40	27	03	2422	20dBc	Pass
802.11n-HT40	27	06	2437	20dBc	Pass
802.11n-HT40	27	09	2452	20dBc	Pass

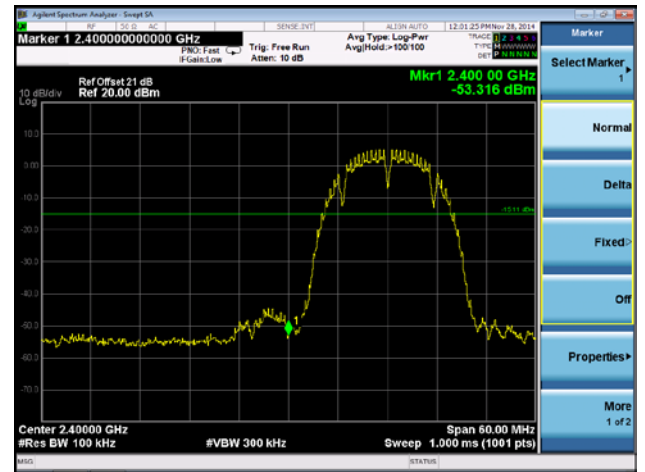
802.11b Out-of-Band Emissions - Ant 0 / Ant 0 + 1

Channel 01 (2412MHz)

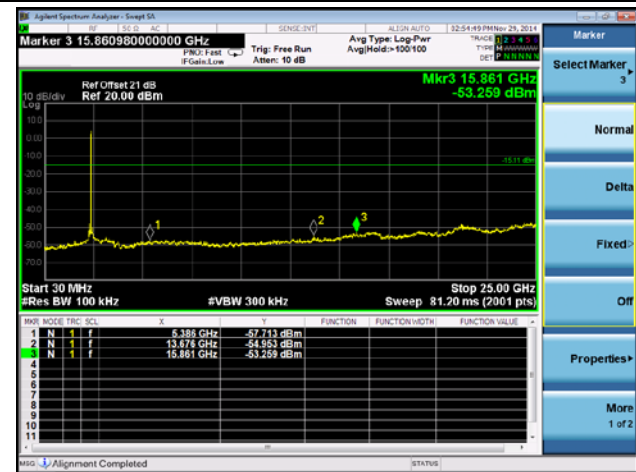
100kHz PSD Reference Level



Low Band Edge

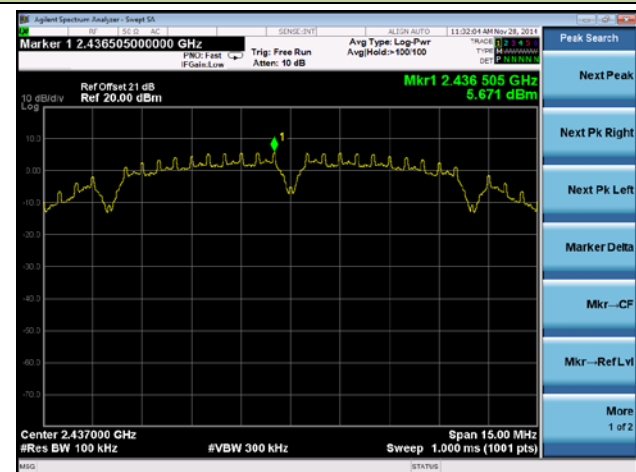


Spurious Emission

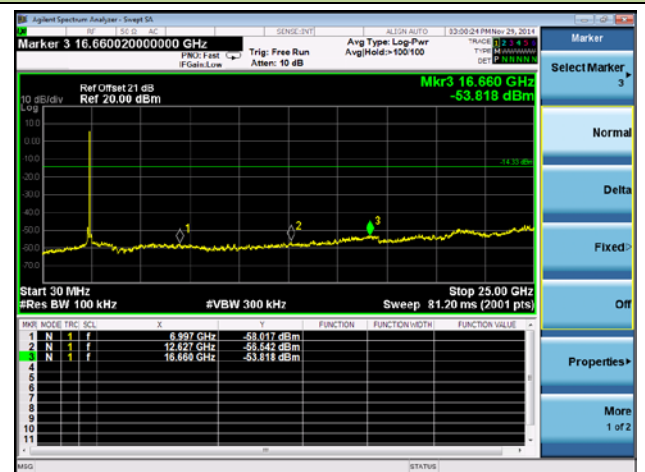


Channel 06 (2437MHz)

100kHz PSD Reference Level



Spurious Emission

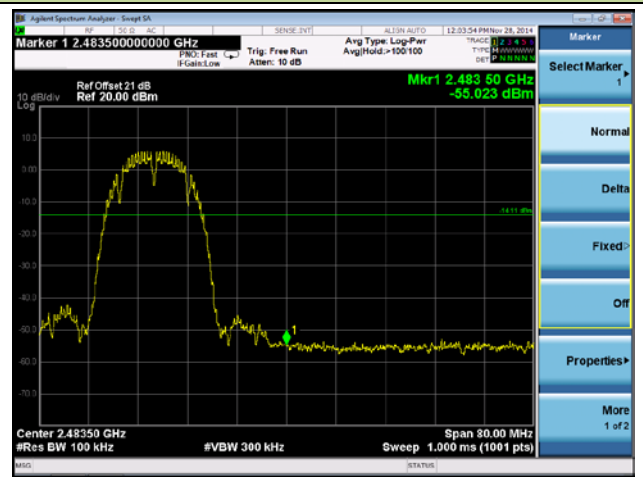


Channel 11 (2462MHz)

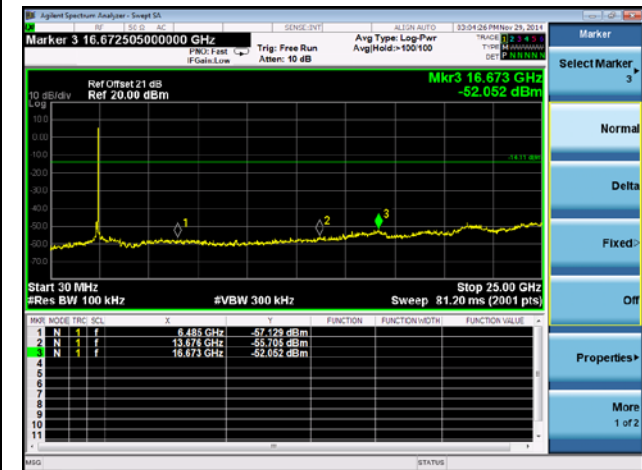
100kHz PSD Reference Level



High Band Edge



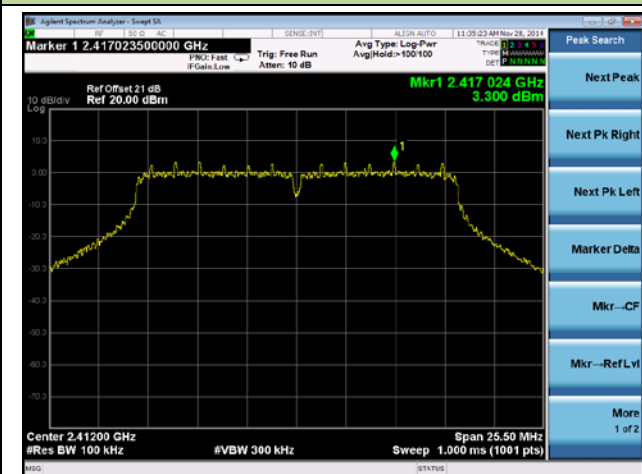
Spurious Emission



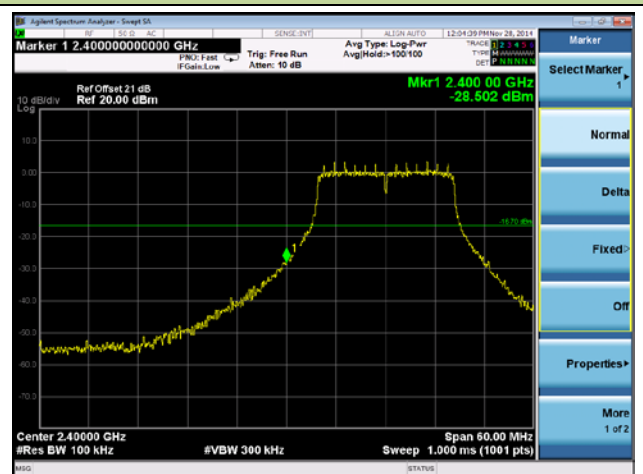
802.11g Out-of-Band Emissions - Ant 0 / Ant 0 + 1

Channel 01 (2412MHz)

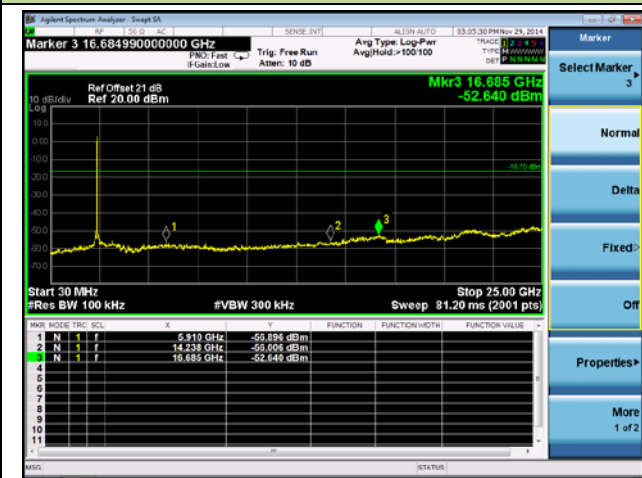
100kHz PSD Reference Level



Low Band Edge

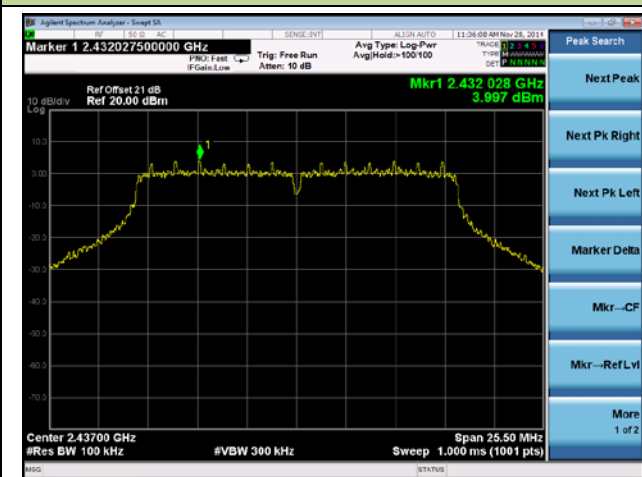


Spurious Emission

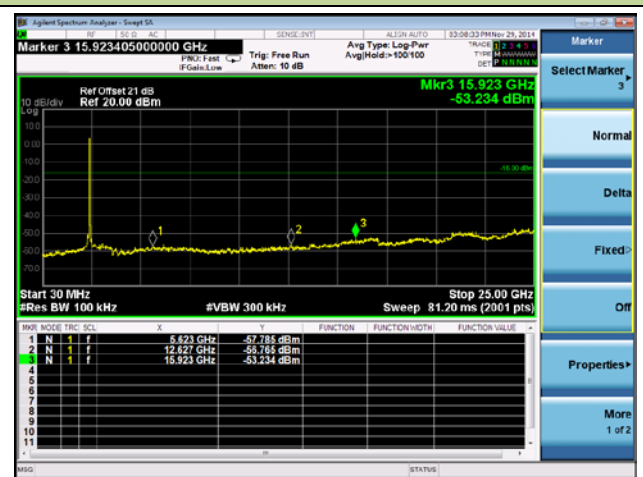


Channel 06 (2437MHz)

100kHz PSD Reference Level

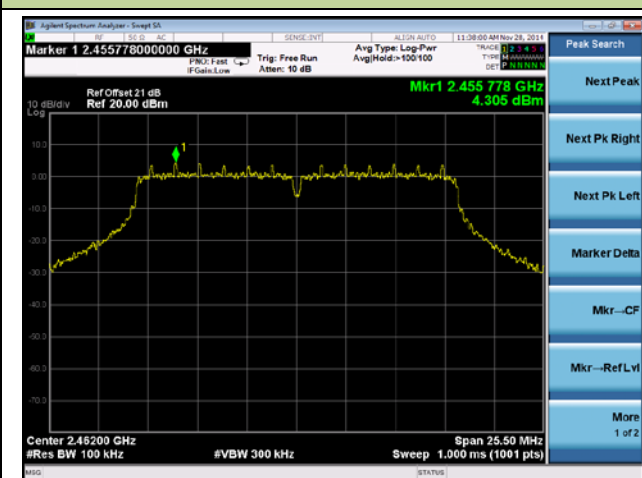


Spurious Emission

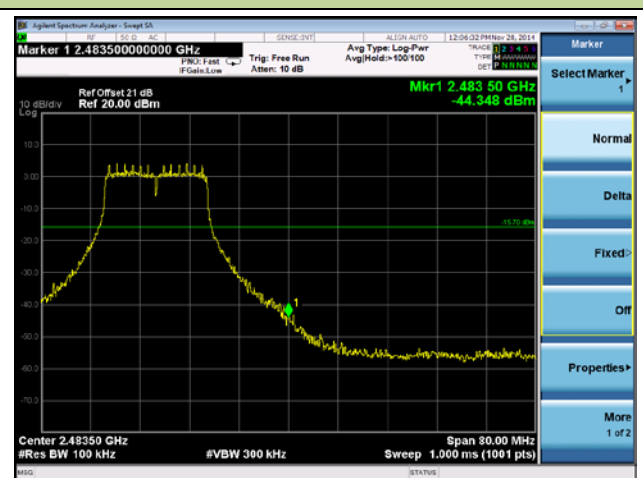


Channel 11 (2462MHz)

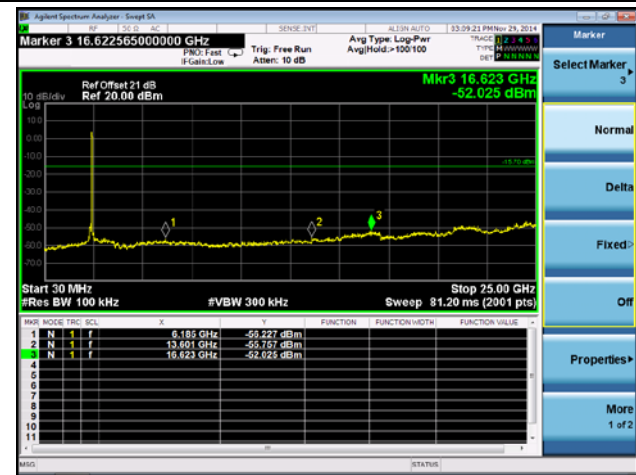
100kHz PSD Reference Level



High Band Edge



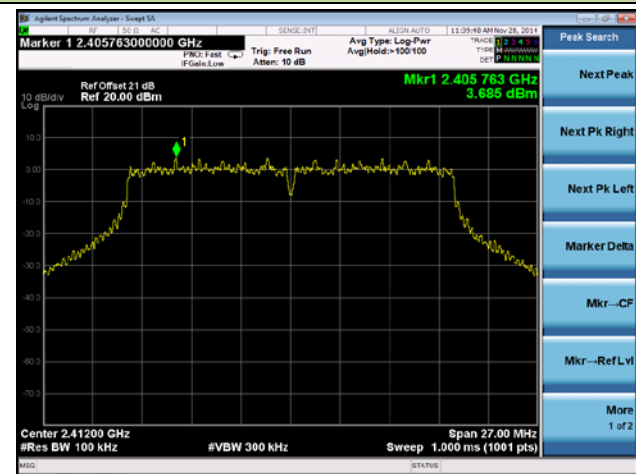
Spurious Emission



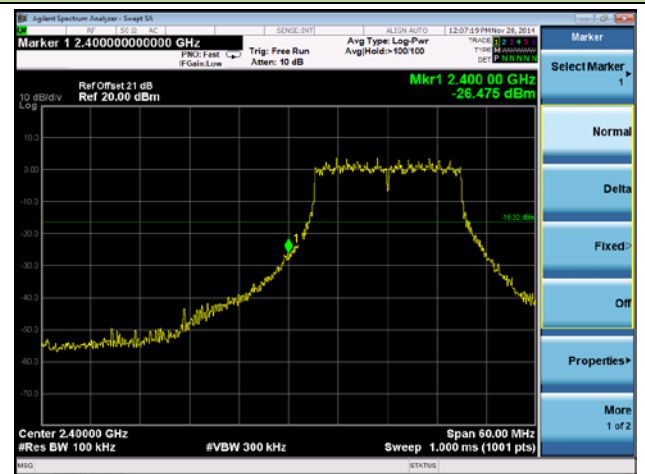
802.11n-HT20 Out-of-Band Emissions - Ant 0 / Ant 0 + 1

Channel 01 (2412MHz)

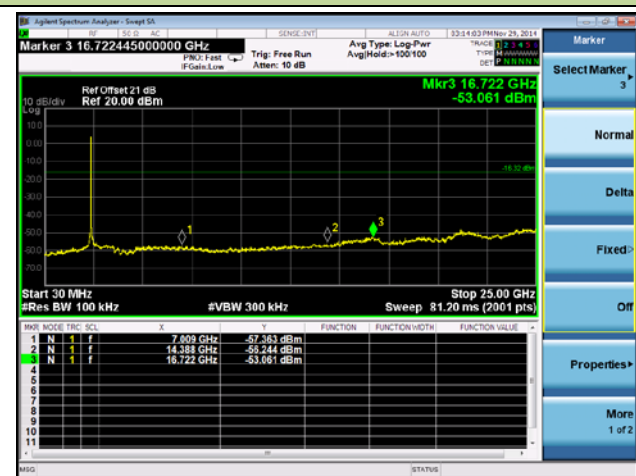
100kHz PSD Reference Level



Low Band Edge

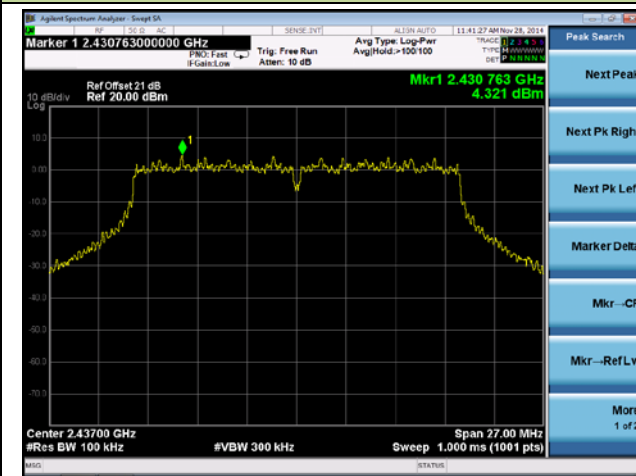


Spurious Emission

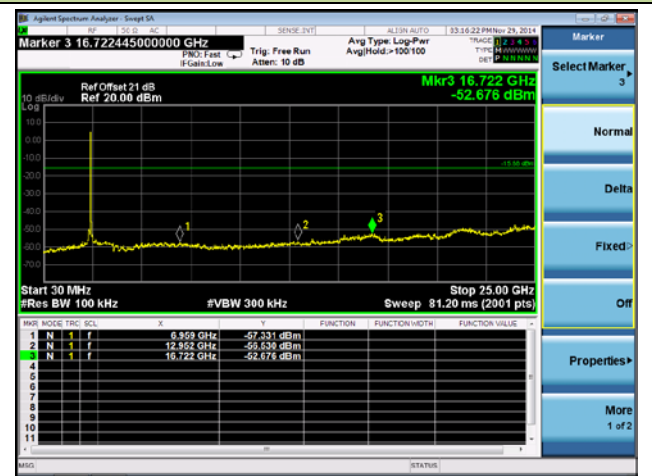


Channel 06 (2437MHz)

100kHz PSD Reference Level

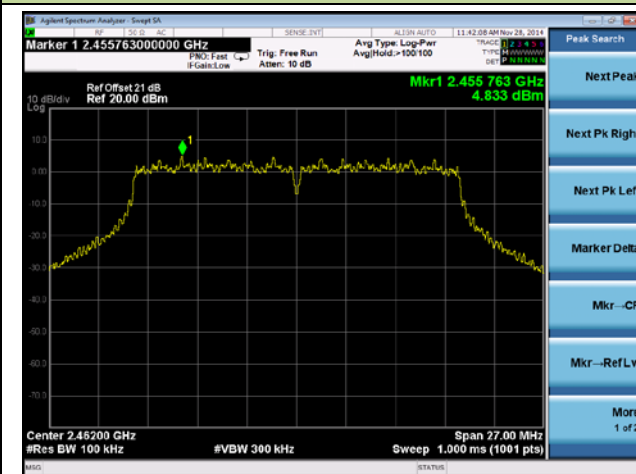


Spurious Emission

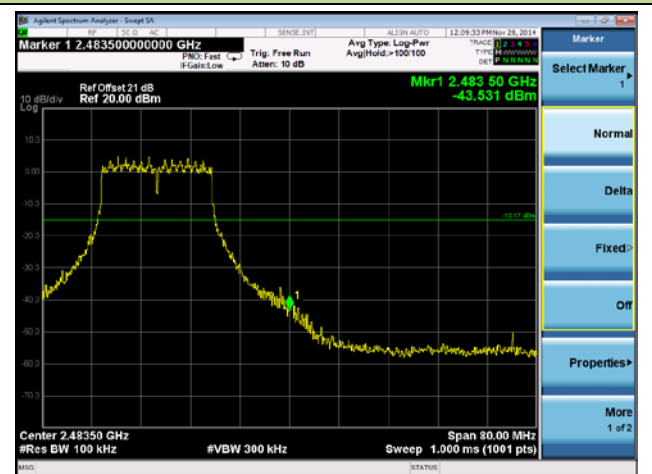


Channel 11 (2462MHz)

100kHz PSD Reference Level



High Band Edge



Spurious Emission

