FCC Part 15C

Measurement and Test Report

For

ATI Electronics (SHENZHEN) Co., LTD

2/F, A Tower, Tangyanshan Industrial Park Tangkeng Village, Shiyan Town

Shenzhen, China

FCC ID: SF4-ATIBT1000

Report Concerns:	Equipment Type:		
Original Report	Bluetooth Headset		
Model:	<u>BT1000</u>		
Report No.:	<u>STR12028076I</u>		
Test Date:	2012-02-16 to 2012-02-28		
Issue Date:	<u>2012-03-01</u>		
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Note: This test report is limited to the above client company and the product model only. It may not be duplicated without prior permitted by SEM.Test Compliance Service Co., Ltd.

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1. GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 Product Description for Equipment Under Test (EUT)

Client Information	
Applicant:	ATI Electronics (ShenZhen) Co., LTD
Address of applicant:	2/F, A Tower, Tangyanshan Industrial Park, Tangkeng Village, Shiyan Town Shenzhen, China
Manufacturer:	ATI Electronics (ShenZhen) Co., LTD
Address of manufacturer:	2/F, A Tower, Tangyanshan Industrial Park, Tangkeng
	Village, Shiyan Town Shenzhen, China

Items	Description
Product Name:	Bluetooth Headset
Trade Name:	/
Model No.:	BT1000
Rated Voltage:	DC 3.7V
Max. Output Power	3.179 dBm (Conducted)
Frequency range:	2402-2480MHz
Number of channels:	79
Channel Separation:	1MHz
Type of Antenna:	Integral Antenna (Gain: 0 dBi)
Bluetooth Version:	V2.1 + EDR
Data Rate:	1Mbps(GFSK), 2Mbps(Pi/4 QDPSK), 3Mbps(8DPSK)

General Description of E.U.T

Note: The test data is gathered from a production sample, provided by the manufacture.

1.2 Test Standards

The following report is prepared on behalf of the ATI Electronics (ShenZhen) Co., LTD in accordance with FCC Part 15, Subpart C, and section 15.203, 15.205, 15.207, 15.209 and 15.247 of the Federal Communication Commissions rules.

The objective is to determine compliance with FCC Part 15, Subpart C, and section 15.203, 15.205, 15.207, 15.209 and 15.247 of the Federal Communication Commissions rules.

Maintenance of compliance is the responsibility of the manufacturer. Any modification of the product, which result in lowering the emission, should be checked to ensure compliance has been maintained.

1.3 Test Methodology

All measurements contained in this report were conducted with ANSI C63.4-2003, American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz.

The equipment under test (EUT) was configured to measure its highest possible emission level. The test modes were adapted with Low Channel, Middle Channel and High Channel, accordingly in reference to the Operating Instructions.

1.4 Test Facility

• FCC – Registration No.: 994117

SEM.Test Compliance Services Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory has been registered and fully described in a report filed with the (FCC) Federal Communications Commission. The acceptance letter from the FCC is maintained in our files and the Registration is 994117.

• Industry Canada (IC) Registration No.: 7673A

The 3m Semi-anechoic chamber of SEM.Test Compliance Services Co., Ltd. has been registered by Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for radio equipment testing with Registration No.: 7673A.

• CNAS Registration No.: L4062

Shenzhen SEM.Test Electronics Service Co., Ltd. is a testing organization accredited by China National Accreditation Service for Conformity Assessment (CNAS) according to ISO/IEC 17025. The accreditation certificate number is L4062. All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are located at 3/F, Jinbao Commerce Building, Xin'an Fanshen Road, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, P.R.C (518101)

1.5 EUT Test Mode

The EUT was operated in the engineering mode to fix the Tx frequency that was for the purpose of the measurements, all testing shall be perform at the low, middle, high channel.

Modulation Configure				
Modulation	Packet	Packet Type	Packet Size	
	DH1	4	24	
GFSK	DH3	11	183	
	DH5	15	339	
Pi/4 QDPSK	2DH1	20	54	
	2DH3	26	367	
	2DH5	30	379	
	3DH1	24	83	
8DPSK	3DH3	27	552	
	3DH5	31	1021	

Normal mode: the Bluetooth has been tested on the modulation of GFSK.

EDR mode: the Bluetooth has been tested on the modulation of (Pi/4)QDPSK and 8DPSK, compliance test and record the worst case on 8DPSK.

1.6 Accessories Equipment List and Details

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	
Notebook	Sansung	NP-R20	124V93FP30082V	

1.7 EUT Cable List and Details

Cable Description	Length (M)	Shielded/Unshielded	With Core/Without Core
USB Cable	1.0	Unshielded	Without Core

2. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

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FCC RULES	DESCRIPTION OF TEST	RESULT
§ 15.203; § 15.247(b)(4)(i)	Antenna Requirement	Compliant
§ 15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Quantity of Hopping Channel	Compliant
§ 15.247(a)(1)	Channel Separation	Compliant
§ 15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Time of Occupancy (Dwell time)	Compliant
§ 15.247(a)	20dB Bandwidth	Compliant
§ 15.247(b)(1)	Power Output	Compliant
§ 15.209(a)(f)	Radiated Emission	Compliant
§ 15.247(d)	Band Edge	Compliant
§ 15.207(a)	Conducted Emission	Compliant
§ 15.247(a)(1)	Frequency Hopping Sequence	Compliant
§ 15.247(g), (h)	Frequency Hopping System	Compliant

3. §15.203 - ANTENNA REQUIREMENT

3.1 Standard Applicable

According to FCC 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section.

3.2 Evaluation Information

This product has a permanent antenna, fulfill the requirement of this section.

4. Frequency Hopping System Requirements

4.1 Standard Applicable

According to FCC Part 15.247(a)(1), The system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a pseudo randomly ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

(g) Frequency hopping spread spectrum systems are not required to employ all available hopping channels during each transmission. However, the system, consisting of both the transmitter and the receiver, must be designed to comply with all of the regulations in this section should the transmitter be presented with a continuous data (or information) stream. In addition, a system employing short transmission bursts must comply with the definition of a frequency hopping system and must distribute its transmissions over the minimum number of hopping channels specified in this section.

(h) The incorporation of intelligence within a frequency hopping spread spectrum system that permits the system to recognize other users within the spectrum band so that it individually and independently chooses and adapts its hopsets to avoid hopping on occupied channels is permitted. The coordination of frequency hopping systems in any other manner for the express purpose of avoiding the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitters is not permitted.

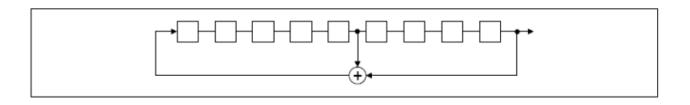
4.2 EUT Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence

The pseudorandom sequence may be generated in a nine-stage shift register whose 5^{th} and 9^{th} stage outputs are added in a modulo-two addition stage, and the result is fed back to the input of the first stage. The sequence begins with the first ONE of 9 consecutive ONEs; i.e. the shift register is initialized with nine ones.

Number of shift register stages: 9

Length of pseudo-random sequence: 29-1 = 511 bits

Longest sequence of zeros: 8 (non-inverted signal)



Linear Feedback Shift Register for Generation of the PRBS sequence

0246	62 64	78 1	73 75 77
		<u> i I I I </u>	i

Each frequency used equally on the average by each transmitter.

The system receiver have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

4.3 Frequency Hopping System

This transmitter device BT1000 is frequency hopping device, and complies with FCC part 15.247 rule.

This device uses Bluetooth radio which operates in 2400-2483.5 MHz band. Bluetooth uses a radio technology called frequency-hopping spread spectrum, which chops up the data being sent and transmits chunks of it on up to 79 bands (1 MHz each; centred from 2402 to 2480 MHz) in the range 2,400-2,483.5 MHz. The transmitter switches hop frequencies 1,600 times per second to assure a high degree of data security. All Bluetooth devices participating in a given piconet are synchronized to the frequency-hopping channel for the piconet. The frequency hopping sequence is determined by the master's device address and the phase of the hopping sequence (the frequency to hop at a specific time) is determined by the master's internal clock. Therefore, all slaves in a piconet must know the master's device address and must synchronize their clocks with the master's clock.

Adaptive Frequency Hopping (AFH) was introduced in the Bluetooth specification to provide an effective way for a Bluetooth radio to counteract normal interference. AFH identifies "bad" channels, where either other wireless devices are interfering with the Bluetooth signal or the Bluetooth signal is interfering with another device. The AFH-enabled Bluetooth device will then communicate with other devices within its piconet to share details of any identified bad channels. The devices will then switch to alternative available "good" channels, away from the areas of interference, thus having no impact on the bandwidth used.

5. NUMBER OF HOPPING CHANNELS AND CHANNEL SPACING

5.1 Standard Applicable

According to FCC 15.247(a)(1), frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, and frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels.

5.2 Test Equipment List and Details

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Cal. Date	Due. Date
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4402B	US41192821	2011-12-20	2012-12-19
Attenuator	ATTEN	ATS100-4-20	/	2011-12-20	2012-12-19

Statement of Traceability: All calibrations have been performed per the NVLAP requirements traceable to the NIST.

5.3 Test Procedure

According to the DA 00-705, the number of hopping frequencies test method as follows.

Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum analyzer.

Set span = the frequency band of operation (2400MHz to 2483.5MHz) RBW = 100kHz, VBW = 100kHz Sweep = auto Detector function = peak Trace = max hold Allow the trace to stabilize, observed the band of 2400MHz to 2483.5MHz, than count it out the number of channels for comparing with the FCC rules.

The channel spacing test method as follows:

Set span = wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels

Other setting as above

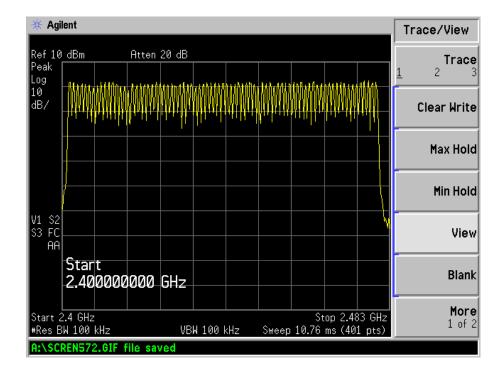
Allow the trace to stabilize, Use the marker-delta function to determine the separation between the peaks of the adjacent channels.

5.4 Environmental Conditions

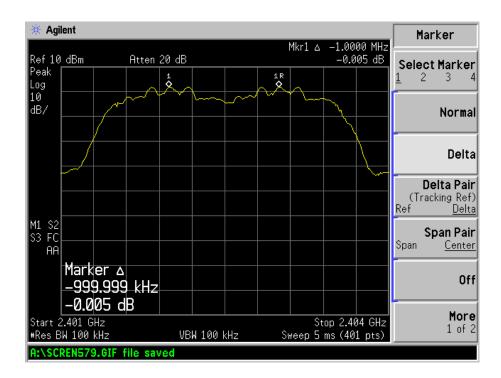
Temperature:	24 °C
Relative Humidity:	54%
ATM Pressure:	1011 mbar

5.5 Summary of Test Results/Plots

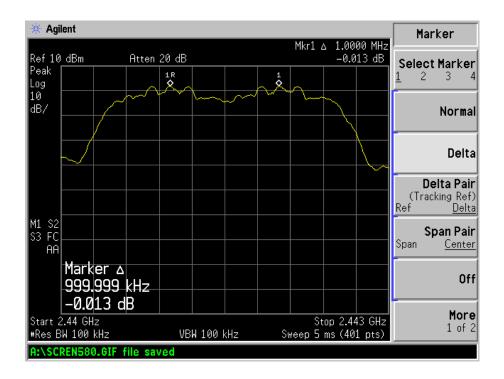
No. of Channel=79



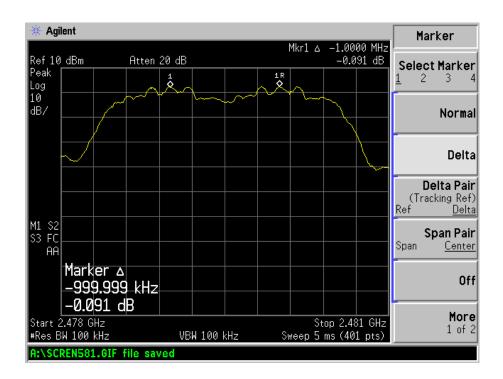
Channel Spacing (Low CH=1MHz)



Channel Spacing (Middle CH=1MHz)



Channel Spacing (High CH=1MHz)



6. DWELL TIME OF A HOPPING CHANNEL

6.1 Standard Applicable

According to 15.247(a)(1)(iii), Frequency hopping systems in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

6.2 Test Equipment List and Details

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Cal. Date	Due. Date
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4402B	US41192821	2011-12-20	2012-12-19
Attenuator	ATTEN	ATS100-4-20	/	2011-12-20	2012-12-19

Statement of Traceability: All calibrations have been performed per the NVLAP requirements traceable to the NIST.

6.3 Test Procedure

According to the DA 00-705, the dwell time of a hopping channel test method as follows.

Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum analyzer.

Set span = zero span, centered on a hopping channel RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 1MHz Sweep = auto Detector function = peak Trace = max hold Use the marker-delta function to determine the dwell time

6.4 Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	24 °C
Relative Humidity:	54%
ATM Pressure:	1011 mbar

6.5 Summary of Test Results/Plots

The dwell time within a period in data mode is independent from the packet type (packet length). Test data is corrected with the worse case, which the packet length is DH1, DH3, DH5.

The test period: T = 0.4 Second/Channel X 79 Channel = 31.6 s Dwell time = time slot length X (Hopping rate / Number of hopping channels) X Period

Low Channel-2402MHz:

DH1 dwell time = 0.38 (ms) * (1600/(2*79)) * 31.6 = 121.6 msDH3 dwell time = 1.65 (ms) * (1600/(4*79)) * 31.6 = 264.0 msDH5 dwell time = 2.90 (ms) * (1600/(6*79)) * 31.6 = 314.7 ms3DH1 dwell time = 0.39 (ms) * (1600/(2*79)) * 31.6 = 124.8 ms3DH3 dwell time = 1.65 (ms) * (1600/(4*79)) * 31.6 = 264.0 ms3DH5 dwell time = 2.90 (ms) * (1600/(6*79)) * 31.6 = 314.7 ms

Middle Channel-2441MHz:

DH1 dwell time = 0.39 (ms) * (1600/(2*79)) * 31.6 = 121.8 msDH3 dwell time = 1.625 (ms) * (1600/(4*79)) * 31.6 = 260.0 msDH5 dwell time = 2.875 (ms) * (1600/(6*79)) * 31.6 = 307.6 ms3DH1 dwell time = 0.410 (ms) * (1600/(2*79)) * 31.6 = 131.2 ms3DH3 dwell time = 1.6375 (ms) * (1600/(4*79)) * 31.6 = 262.0 ms3DH5 dwell time = 2.90 (ms) * (1600/(6*79)) * 31.6 = 310.2 ms

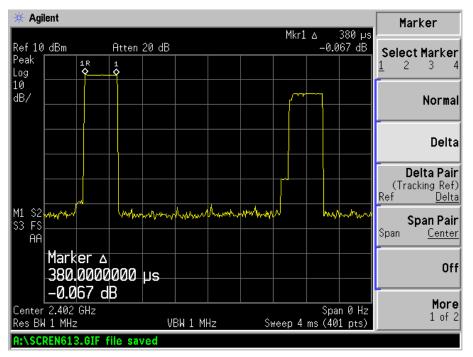
High Channel-2480MHz:

DH1 dwell time = 0.39 (ms) * (1600/(2*79)) * 31.6 = 121.8 msDH3 dwell time = 1.6375 (ms) * (1600/(4*79)) * 31.6 = 262.0 msDH5 dwell time = 2.875 (ms) * (1600/(6*79)) * 31.6 = 307.6 ms3DH1 dwell time = 0.40 (ms) * (1600/(2*79)) * 31.6 = 128.0 ms3DH3 dwell time = 1.65 (ms) * (1600/(4*79)) * 31.6 = 264.0 ms3DH5 dwell time = 2.90 (ms) * (1600/(6*79)) * 31.6 = 314.7 ms

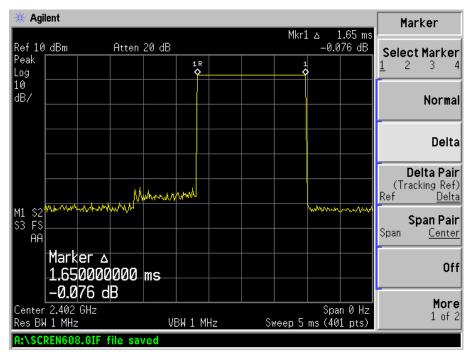
The test results are not greater that 0.4 seconds.

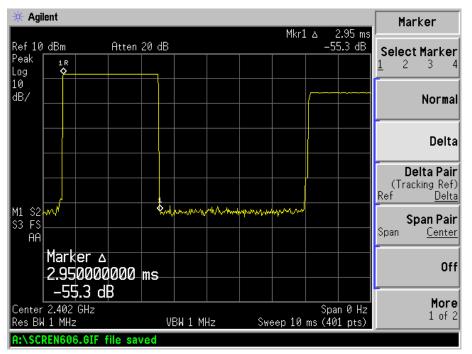
Please see the test plots as below:

Low Channel-2402MHz:



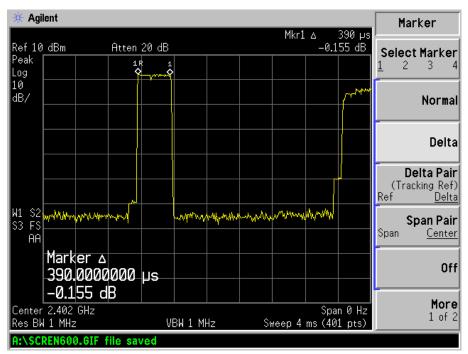
DH1 time slot

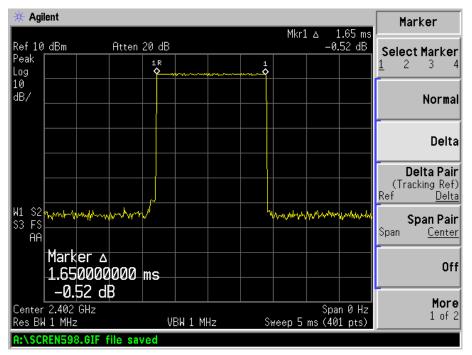




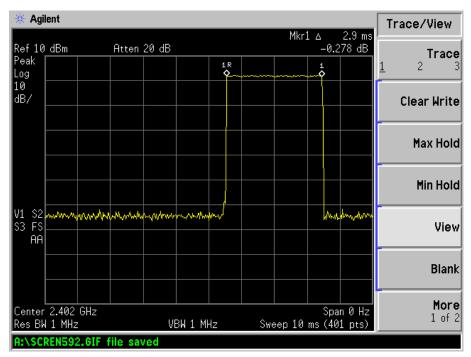
DH5 time slot

3DH1 time slot

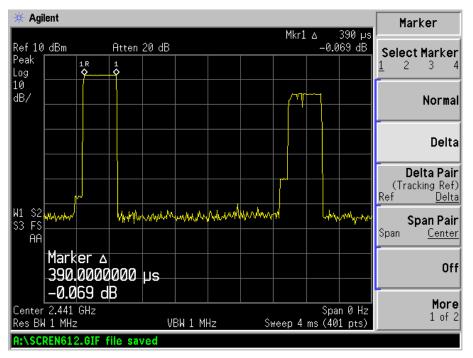




3DH5 time slot

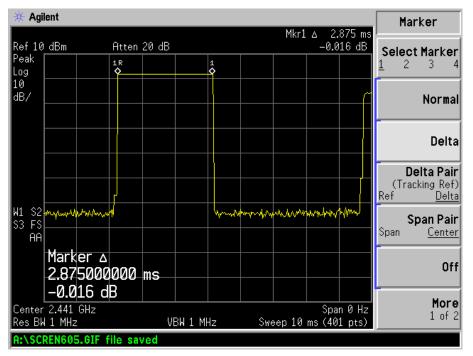


Middle Channel-2441MHz

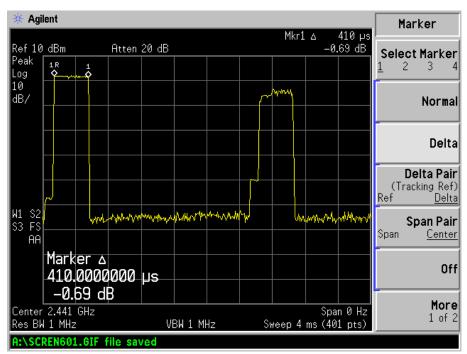


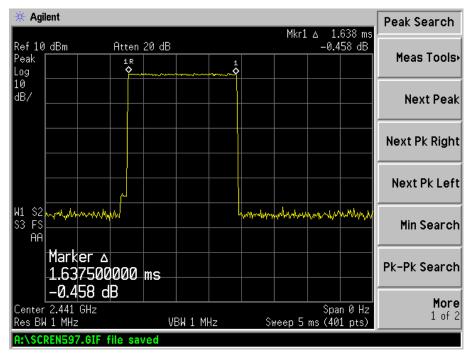
DH1 time slot

🔆 Agil	lent								1.4.	4	005	Marker
Ref 10 Peak Log	dBm		Atten	20 dB				M 	lkr1 2		.625 ms 046 dB	Select Marker <u>1</u> 2 3 4
10 dB/												Normal
												Delta
			M									Delta Pair (Tracking Ref) Ref <u>Delta</u>
M1 S2 S3 FS AA	nhunnin	Andrew]				Warne	erner opher	rishn	w.www	w.M.M.	Span Pair Span <u>Center</u>
	Marke 1.625 -0.04	5000		ms								Off
	2.441 0 1 MHz				I IBW 1 M	Hz		Sweep) 5 m:		an 0 Hz 01 pts)	More 1 of 2
A:\SCI	REN609.	GIF f	ile sa	ved								

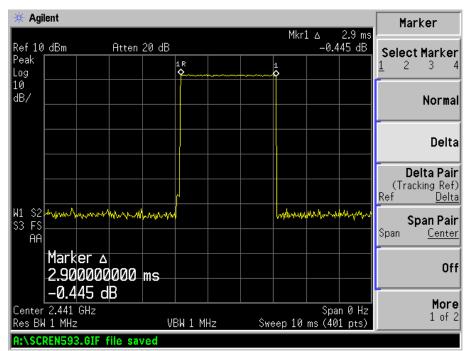


3DH1 time slot

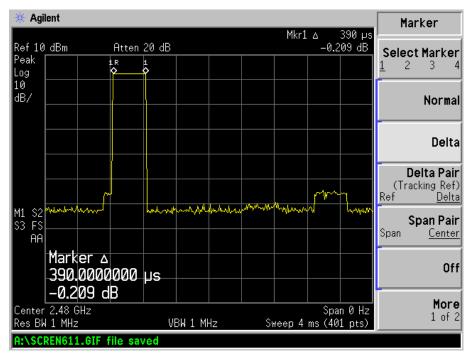




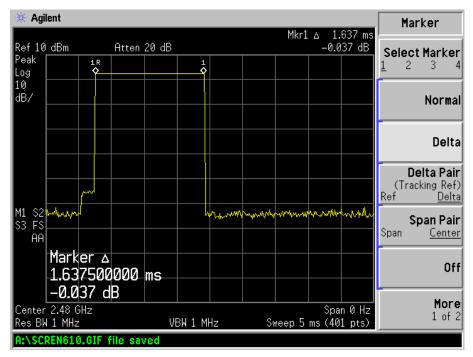
3DH5 time slot

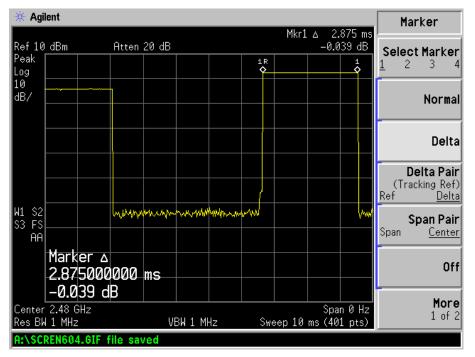


High Channel-2480MHz

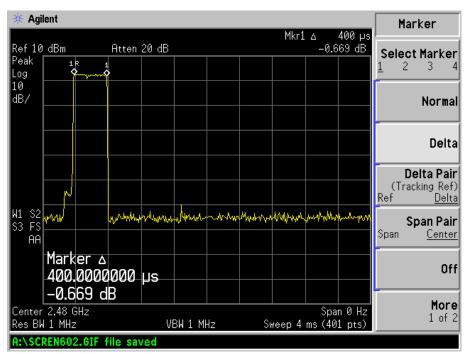


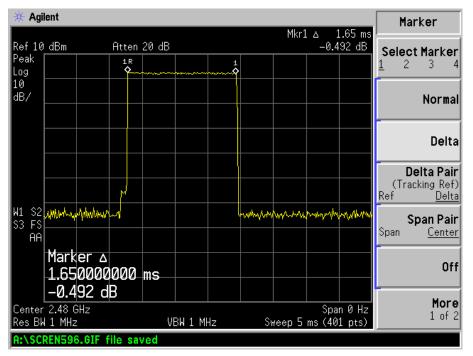
DH1 time slot





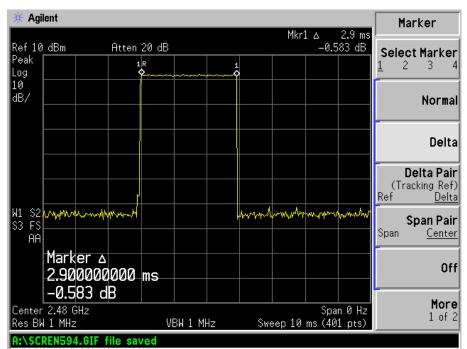
3DH1 time slot





3DH3 time slot

3DH5 time slot



7. 20-dB BANDWIDTH

7.1 Standard Applicable

According to 15.247(a)(1)(iii). For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400MHz-2483.5 MHz no limit for 20dB bandwidth.

7.2 Test Equipment List and Details

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Cal. Date	Due. Date
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4402B	US41192821	2011-12-20	2012-12-19
Attenuator	ATTEN	ATS100-4-20	/	2011-12-20	2012-12-19

Statement of Traceability: All calibrations have been performed per the NVLAP requirements traceable to the NIST.

7.3 Test Procedure

According to the DA 00-705, the 20dB bandwidth test method as follows.

Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum analyzer.

Set span = 2MHz, centered on a hopping channel RBW = 100kHz, VBW = 100kHz Sweep = auto Detector function = peak Trace = max hold All the trace to stabilize, use the marker-to-peak fu

All the trace to stabilize, use the marker-to-peak function to set the marker to the peak of the emission, use the marker-delta function to measure and record the 20dB down bandwidth of the emission.

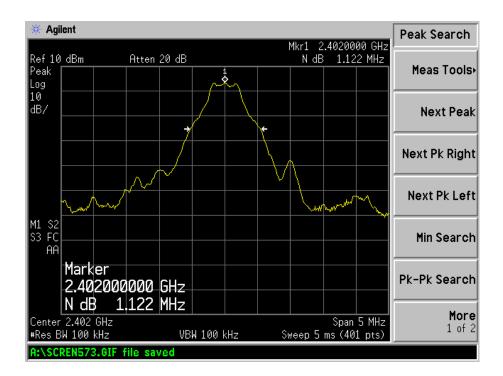
7.4 Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	25 °C
Relative Humidity:	53%
ATM Pressure:	1018 mbar

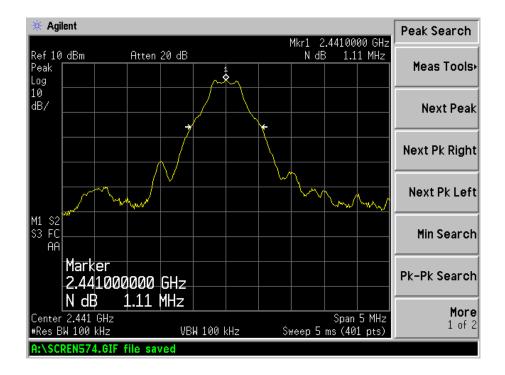
7.5 Summary of Test Results/Plots

Modulation	Packet	Frequency MHz	20 dB Bandwidth kHz	Limit dB
		2402	1.122	/
GFSK	DH5	2441	1.122	/
OIDK	DIIS			/
		2480	1.110	/
		2402	1.421	/
8DPSK	3DH5	2441	1.434	/
		2480	1.446	/

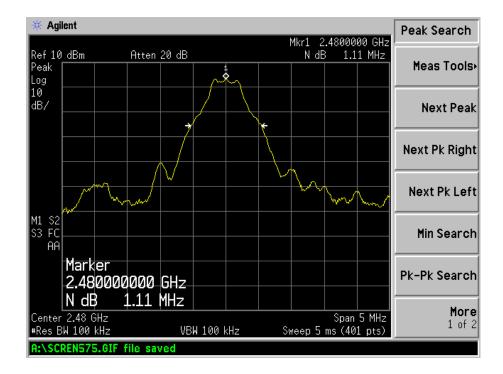
DH5 CH Low:



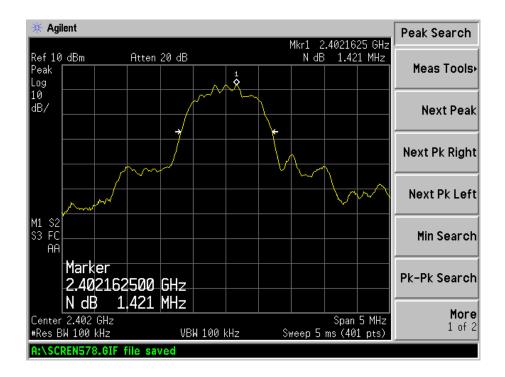
DH5 CH Mid:



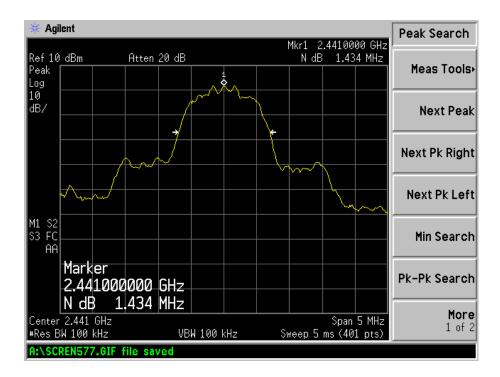
DH5 CH High:



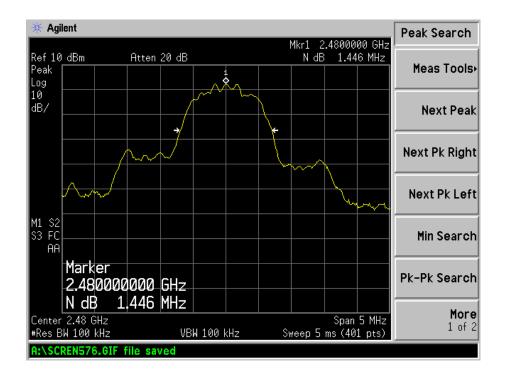
3DH5 CH Low:



3DH5 CH Mid:



3DH5 CH High:



8. POWER OUTPUT

8.1 Standard Applicable

According to 15.247(b)(1). For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725–5850 MHz band: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 watts.

8.2 Test Equipment List and Details

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Cal. Date	Due. Date
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4402B	US41192821	2011-12-20	2012-12-19
Attenuator	ATTEN	ATS100-4-20	/	2011-12-20	2012-12-19

Statement of Traceability: All calibrations have been performed per the NVLAP requirements traceable to the NIST.

8.3 Test Procedure

According to the DA 00-705, the peak output power test method as follows.

Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum analyzer.

Set span = 5MHz, centered on a hopping channel RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 1MHz Sweep = auto Detector function = peak Trace = max hold

All the trace to stabilize, use the marker-to-peak function to set the marker to the peak of the emission, the indicated level is the peak output power (the external attenuation and cable loss shall be considered).

8.4 Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	24 °C
Relative Humidity:	55%
ATM Pressure:	1011 mbar

8.5 Summary of Test Results/Plots

Conducted Power:

Modulation	Packet	Channel	Frequency	Measured Value	Output Power	Limit		
Wiodulation	Packet	Chaimer	MHz	dBm	mW	mW		
		Low Channel	2402	1.803	1.5146	1000		
GFSK	DH5	Middle Channel	2441	2.992	1.9915	1000		
				High Channel	2480	3.179	2.0792	1000
		Low Channel	2402	2.004	1.5863	1000		
8DPSK	3DH5	Middle Channel	2441	1.859	1.5342	1000		
		High Channel	2480	2.322	1.7068	1000		

Note: the antenna gain of 0dBi less than 6dBi maximum permission antenna gain value based on 1 watt peak output power limit.

9. FIELD STRENGTH OF SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

9.1 Measurement Uncertainty

Based on NIS 81, The Treatment of Uncertainty in EMC Measurements, the best estimate of the uncertainty of a radiation emissions measurement is ± 5.10 dB.

9.2 Standard Applicable

According to §15.247(d), in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.209(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a).

The emission limit in this paragraph is based on measurement instrumentation employing an average detector. The provisions in §15.35 for limiting peak emissions apply. Spurious Radiated Emissions measurements starting below or at the lowest crystal frequency.

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Cal. Date	Due. Date
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSP	836079/035	2011-12-20	2012-12-19
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESVB	825471/005	2011-12-20	2012-12-19
Positioning Controller	C&C	CC-C-1F	N/A	2011-12-20	2012-12-19
RF Switch	EM	EMSW18	SW060023	2011-12-20	2012-12-19
Pre-amplifier	Agilent	8447F	3113A06717	2011-12-20	2012-12-19
Pre-amplifier	Compliance Direction	PAP-0118	24002	2011-12-20	2012-12-19
Trilog Broadband Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	VULB9163	9163-333	2012-01-09	2013-01-08
Horn Antenna	ETS	3117	00086197	2012-01-09	2013-01-08
Horn Antenna	ETS	3116B	00088203	2012-01-09	2013-01-08
Loop Antenna	SCHWARZECK	HFRA 5165	9365	2012-01-09	2013-01-08

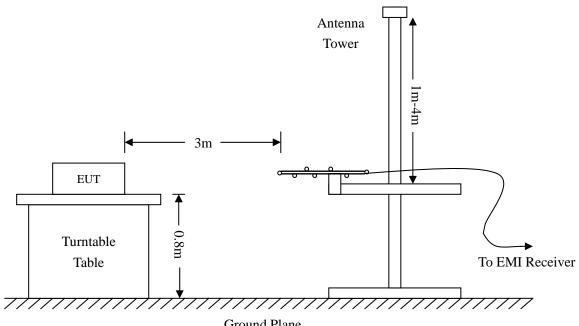
9.3 Test Equipment List and Details

Statement of Traceability: All calibrations have been performed per the NVLAP requirements traceable to the NIST.

9.4 Test Procedure

The setup of EUT is according with per ANSI C63.4-2003 measurement procedure. The specification used was with the FCC Part 15.205 15.247(a) and FCC Part 15.209 Limit.

The external I/O cables were draped along the test table and formed a bundle 30 to 40 cm long in the middle. The spacing between the peripherals was 10 cm.



Ground Plane

9.5 Corrected Amplitude & Margin Calculation

The Corrected Amplitude is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor and the Cable Factor, and subtracting the Amplifier Gain from the Amplitude reading. The basic equation is as follows:

Corr. Ampl. = Indicated Reading + Ant. Factor + Cable Loss – Ampl. Gain

The "**Margin**" column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance with the applicable limit. For example, a margin of $-6dB\mu V$ means the emission is $6dB\mu V$ below the maximum limit for Class B. The equation for margin calculation is as follows:

Margin = Corr. Ampl. – FCC Part 15 Limit

9.6 Environmental Conditions

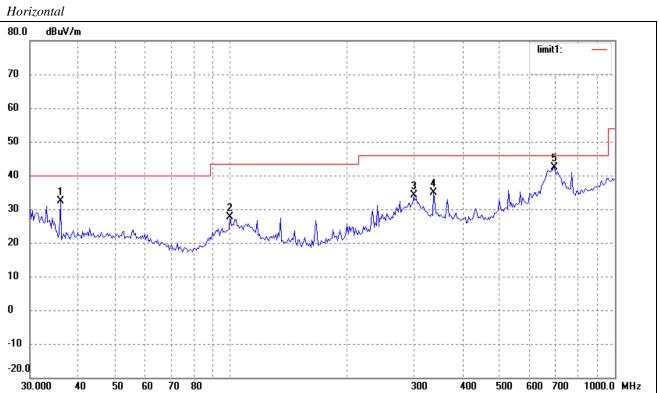
Temperature:	25 °C
Relative Humidity:	52%
ATM Pressure:	1012 mbar

9.7 Summary of Test Results/Plots

According to the data below, the FCC Part 15.205, 15.209 and 15.247 standards, and had the worst margin of:

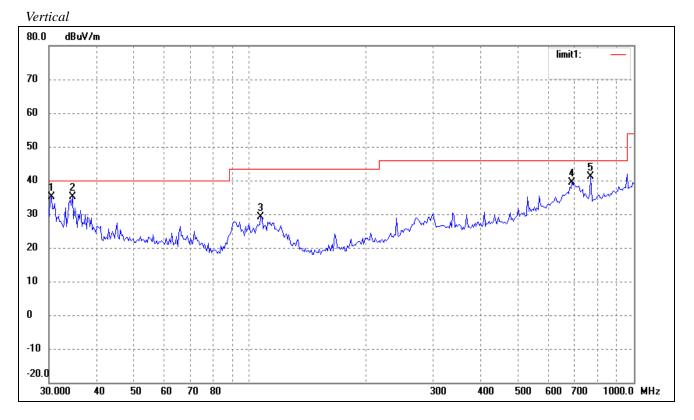
-2.12 dBµV at 30.4238 MHz in the Vertical polarization for Middle Channel, 9 kHz to 25 GHz, 3 Meters

Note: this EUT was tested in 3 orthogonal positions and the worst case position data was reported.



From 30 MHz to 1 GHz Test Mode: Transmitting-Low channel (2402MHz) Horizontal

No.	Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Degree	Height	Remark
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	dB/m	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(°)	(cm)	
1	36.0007	25.36	7.05	32.41	40.00	-7.59	360	100	peak
2	99.5281	19.11	8.40	27.51	43.50	-15.99	0	100	peak
3	299.3158	24.38	9.77	34.15	46.00	-11.85	0	200	peak
4	337.2155	24.52	10.37	34.89	46.00	-11.11	360	200	peak
5	694.4174	24.94	17.45	42.39	46.00	-3.61	360	200	peak

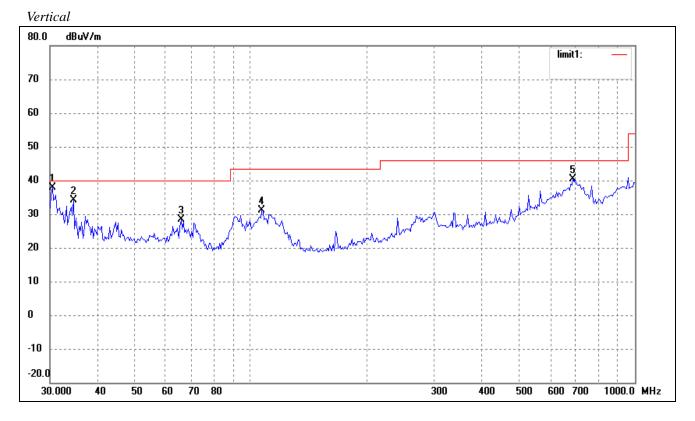


No.	Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Degree	Height	Remark
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	dB/m	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(°)	(cm)	
1	30.4238	28.41	6.77	35.18	40.00	-4.82	215	200	QP
2	34.5173	28.28	6.77	35.05	40.00	-4.95	126	150	QP
3	106.7587	21.36	7.86	29.22	43.50	-14.28	360	100	peak
4	689.5644	21.99	17.41	39.40	46.00	-6.60	0	150	peak
5	771.4486	22.66	18.57	41.23	46.00	-4.77	112	100	QP

80.0 dBuV/m limit1: 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 0 -10 -20.0 70 80 300 1000.0 MHz 30.000 60 400 500 600 700 40 50

From 30 MHz to 1 GHz
Test Mode: Transmitting-Middle channel (2441MHz)
Horizontal

No.	Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Degree	Height	Remark
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	dB/m	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(°)	(cm)	
1	33.0950	27.07	6.77	33.84	40.00	-6.16	360	100	peak
2	99.5281	20.63	8.40	29.03	43.50	-14.47	360	200	peak
3	299.3158	25.38	9.77	35.15	46.00	-10.85	0	100	peak
4	337.2155	25.52	10.37	35.89	46.00	-10.11	0	200	peak
5	694.4174	22.44	17.45	39.89	46.00	-6.11	0	200	peak

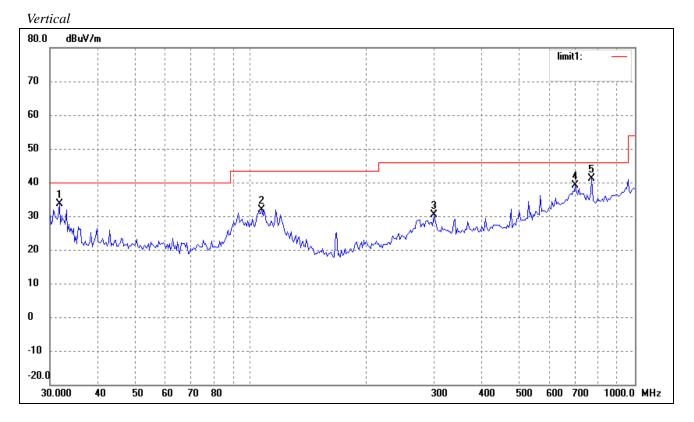


No.	Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Degree	Height	Remark
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	dB/m	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(°)	(cm)	
1	30.4238	31.11	6.77	37.88	40.00	-2.12	231	143	QP
2	34.5173	27.28	6.77	34.05	40.00	-5.95	360	100	peak
3	65.8031	23.04	5.26	28.30	40.00	-11.70	0	200	peak
4	106.7587	23.36	7.86	31.22	43.50	-12.28	0	200	peak
5	689.5644	22.99	17.41	40.40	46.00	-5.60	0	200	peak

80.0 dBuV/m limit1: 70 60 50 40 Ĵ 30 20 10 0 -10 -20.0 70 80 300 1000.0 MHz 30.000 60 400 500 600 700 40 50

From 30 MHz to 1 GHz
Test Mode: Transmitting-High channel (2480MHz)
Horizontal

No.	Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Degree	Height	Remark
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	dB/m	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(°)	(cm)	
1	36.0007	27.36	7.05	34.41	40.00	-5.59	360	100	peak
2	134.5592	26.71	4.29	31.00	43.50	-12.50	0	100	peak
3	232.5318	27.59	8.01	35.60	46.00	-10.40	360	200	peak
4	299.3158	25.88	9.77	35.65	46.00	-10.35	0	200	peak
5	694.4174	23.44	17.45	40.89	46.00	-5.11	0	100	peak



No.	Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Degree	Height	Remark
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	dB/m	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(°)	(cm)	
1	31.7313	26.96	6.77	33.73	40.00	-6.27	360	100	peak
2	106.7587	24.03	7.86	31.89	43.50	-11.61	360	100	peak
3	299.3158	20.53	9.77	30.30	46.00	-15.70	0	200	peak
4	699.3046	21.70	17.49	39.19	46.00	-6.81	0	200	peak
5	771.4486	22.58	18.57	41.15	46.00	-4.85	125	116	peak

Spurious Emission Above 1GHz

Frequency MHz	Detector	Meter Reading dBuV	Direction Degree	Polar H / V Low C	Antenna Loss dB hannel	Cable loss dB	Amplifier dB	Correction Amplitude dBuV/m	Limit dBuV/m	Margin dB
4804	AV	36.38	57	Н	34.1	5.2	33	42.68	54	-11.32
4804	AV	35.36	35	V	34.1	5.2	33	41.66	54	-12.34
7206	AV	26.76	60	Н	37.4	6.1	33.5	36.76	54	-17.24
7206	AV	26.14	79	V	37.4	6.1	33.5	36.14	54	-17.86
2402	AV	76.73	45	Н	29.1	3.7	34	75.53		(Fund.)
2402	AV	83.61	359	V	29.1	3.7	34	82.41		(Fund.)
4804	PK	55.43	65	Н	34.1	5.2	33	61.73	74	-12.27
4804	PK	53.61	98	V	34.1	5.2	33	59.91	74	-14.09
7206	РК	36.69	256	Н	37.4	6.1	33.5	46.69	74	-27.31
7206	РК	39.28	185	V	37.4	6.1	33.5	49.28	74	-24.72
2402	РК	93.67	78	Н	29.1	3.7	34	92.47		(Fund.)
2402	РК	100.46	44	V	29.1	3.7	34	99.26		(Fund.)
			1	Aiddle	Channel	(2441MH	Iz)			
4882	AV	34.51	21	Н	34.1	5.2	33	40.81	54	-13.19
4882	AV	36.26	34	V	34.1	5.2	33	42.56	54	-11.44
7323	AV	26.82	342	Н	37.4	6.1	33.5	36.82	54	-17.18
7323	AV	26.92	30	V	37.4	6.1	33.5	36.92	54	-17.08
2441	AV	69.96	98	Н	29.1	3.7	34	68.76		(Fund.)
2441	AV	74.6	72	V	29.1	3.7	34	73.4		(Fund.)
4882	РК	51.99	237	Н	34.1	5.2	33	58.29	74	-15.71
4882	РК	54.68	354	V	34.1	5.2	33	60.98	74	-13.02
7323	РК	39.1	264	Н	37.4	6.1	33.5	49.1	74	-24.9
7323	РК	38.81	187	V	37.4	6.1	33.5	48.81	74	-25.19
2441	РК	90.29	55	Н	29.1	3.7	34	89.09		(Fund.)
2441	РК	96.03	49	V	29.1	3.7	34	94.83		(Fund.)

				High (Channel	(2480MHz	z)			
4960.0	AV	34.37	21	Н	34.1	5.2	33	40.67	54	-13.33
4960.0	AV	34.8	34	V	34.1	5.2	33	41.1	54	-12.9
7440.0	AV	26.85	342	Н	37.4	6.1	33.5	36.85	54	-17.15
7440.0	AV	26.86	30	V	37.4	6.1	33.5	36.86	54	-17.14
2480.0	AV	74.47	98	Н	29.1	3.7	34	73.27		(Fund.)
2480.0	AV	81.07	72	V	29.1	3.7	34	79.87		(Fund.)
4960.0	PK	50.96	237	Н	34.1	5.2	33	57.26	74	-16.74
4960.0	РК	51.59	354	V	34.1	5.2	33	57.89	74	-16.11
7440.0	РК	39.36	264	Н	37.4	6.1	33.5	49.36	74	-24.64
7440.0	РК	38.79	187	V	37.4	6.1	33.5	48.79	74	-25.21
2480.0	РК	92.53	55	Н	29.1	3.7	34	91.33		(Fund.)
2480.0	PK	99.38	49	V	29.1	3.7	34	98.18		(Fund.)

Note: Testing is carried out with frequency rang 9kHz to the tenth harmonics, which above 5th Harmonics are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured. The measurements greater than 20dB below the limit from 9kHz to 30MHz.

10. OUT OF BAND EMISSIONS

10.1 Standard Applicable

According to \$15.247 (d) In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in \$15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in \$15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in \$15.209(a).

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Cal. Date	Due. Date
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSP	836079/035	2011-12-20	2012-12-19
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESVB	825471/005	2011-12-20	2012-12-19
Positioning Controller	C&C	CC-C-1F	N/A	2011-12-20	2012-12-19
RF Switch	EM	EMSW18	SW060023	2011-12-20	2012-12-19
Pre-amplifier	Agilent	8447F	3113A06717	2011-12-20	2012-12-19
Pre-amplifier	Compliance Direction	PAP-0118	24002	2011-12-20	2012-12-19
Trilog Broadband Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	VULB9163	9163-333	2012-01-09	2013-01-08
Horn Antenna	ETS	3117	00086197	2012-01-09	2013-01-08
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4402B	US41192821	2011-12-20	2012-12-19
Attenuator	ATTEN	ATS100-4-20	/	2011-12-20	2012-12-19

10.2 Test Equipment List and Details

Statement of Traceability: All calibrations have been performed per the NVLAP requirements traceable to the NIST.

10.3 Test Procedure

According to the DA 00-705, the band-edge radiated test method as follows.

Set span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the emission operating on the channel closest to the bandedge, as well as any modulation products which fall outside of the authorized band of operation (2310MHz to 2410MHz for low bandedge, 2470MHz to 2500MHz for the high bandedge)

RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 1MHz for peak value measured

RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 10Hz for average value measured

Sweep = auto; Detector function = peak; Trace = max hold

All the trace to stabilize, set the marker on the emission at the bandedge, or on the highest modulation porduct

outside of the band, if this level is greater than that at the bandedge. Enable the marker-delta function, then use the marker-to-peak function to move the marker to the peak of the in-band emission. Those emission must comply with the 15.209 limit for fall in the restricted bands listed in section 15.205.

According to the DA 00-705, the band-edge conducted test method as follows:

Set span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the emission operating on the channel closest to the bandedge, as well as any modulation products which fall outside of the authorized band of operation (2380MHz to 2410MHz for low bandedge, 2470MHz to 2500MHz for the high bandedge) RBW = 100kHz, VBW = 300kHz Sweep = auto; Detector function = peak; Trace = max hold

All the trace to stabilize, set the marker on the emission at the bandedge, or on the highest modulation porduct outside of the band, if this level is greater than that at the bandedge. Enable the marker-delta function, then use the marker-to-peak function to move the marker to the peak of the in-band emission. Those emission must comply with the limit specified in this section (at least 20dB attenuation).

10.4 Environmental Conditions

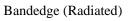
Temperature:	23°C
Relative Humidity:	54%
ATM Pressure:	1011 mbar

10.5 Summary of Test Results/Plots

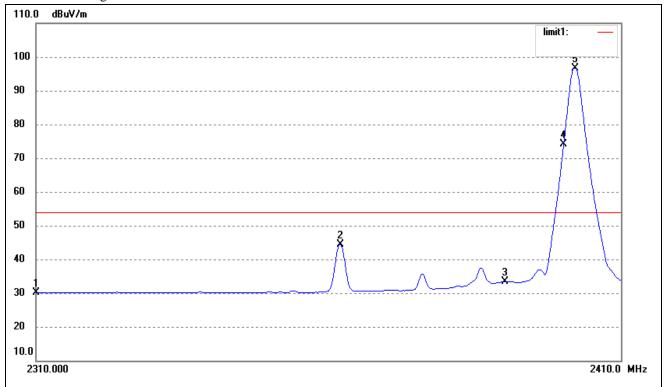
Test mode	Frequency MHz	Limit dBuV /dB	Result
	2310.00	<54dBuv	Pass
Lowest	2390.00	<54dBuv	Pass
	2400.00	>20dB ATT	Pass
Highest	2483.50	<54dBuv	Pass
ingliest	2500.00	<54dBuv	Pass

The edge emissions are below the FCC 15.209 Limits or complies with the 15.247(d) requirements.

Please refer to the test plots as below.

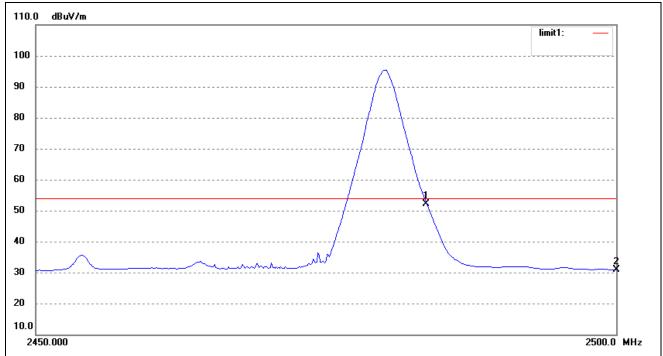


Lowest Bandedge



No.	Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Remark
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	dB/m	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	
1	2310.000	37.58	-7.51	30.07	54.00	-23.93	Average Detector
	2310.000	50.74	-7.51	43.23	74.00	-30.77	Peak Detector
2	2361.471	51.70	-7.39	44.31	54.00	-9.69	Average Detector
	2361.071	57.09	-7.39	49.70	74.00	-24.30	Peak Detector
3	2390.000	40.70	-7.34	33.36	54.00	-20.64	Average Detector
	2390.000	53.05	-7.34	45.71	74.00	-28.29	Peak Detector
4	2400.000	81.47	-7.31	74.16	/	/	Average Detector
5	2402.047	103.90	-7.31	96.59	/	/	Average Detector

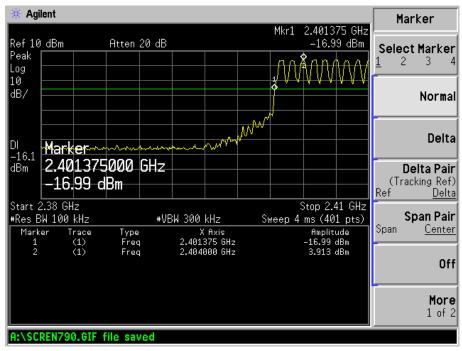
Highest Bandedge



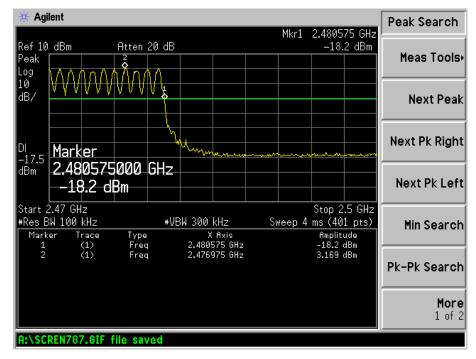
No.	Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Remark
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	dB/m	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	
1	2483.500	59.24	-7.13	52.11	54.00	-1.89	Average Detector
	2483.500	61.48	-7.13	54.35	74.00	-19.65	Peak Detector
2	2500.000	38.01	-7.08	30.93	54.00	-23.07	Average Detector
	2500.000	48.60	-7.08	41.52	74.00	-32.48	Peak Detector

Bandedge (Conducted)

Lowest Bandedge



Highest Bandedge



11. §15.207 (a)- CONDUCTED EMISSION

11.1 Measurement Uncertainty

Base on NIS 81, The Treatment of Uncertainty in EMC Measurements, the best estimate of the uncertainty of any conducted emissions measurement is ± 2.88 dB.

11.2 Test Equipment List and Details

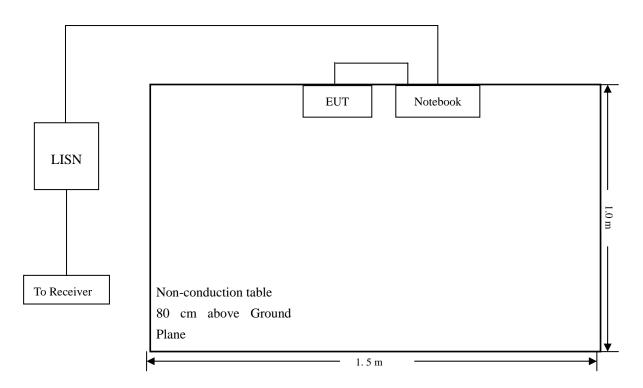
Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Cal. Date	Due. Date
EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESPI	101611	2011-12-20	2012-12-19
L.I.S.N	Schwarz beck	NSLK8126	8126-224	2011-12-20	2012-12-19
Pulse Limiter	Rohde & Schwarz	ESH3-Z2	100911	2011-12-20	2012-12-19

11.3 Test Procedure

The setup of EUT is according with per ANSI C63.4-2003 measurement procedure. The specification used was with the FCC Part 15.207 Limit.

The external I/O cables were draped along the test table and formed a bundle 30 to 40 cm long in the middle. The spacing between the peripherals was 10 cm.

11.4 Basic Test Setup Block Diagram



11.5 Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	25 °C
Relative Humidity:	52%
ATM Pressure:	1012 mbar

11.6 Test Receiver Setup

During the conducted emission test, the test receiver was set with the following configurations:

Start Frequency	. 150 kHz
Stop Frequency	. 30 MHz
Sweep Speed	. Auto
IF Bandwidth	. 10 kHz
Quasi-Peak Adapter Bandwidth	.9 kHz
Quasi-Peak Adapter Mode	. Normal

11.7 Summary of Test Results/Plots

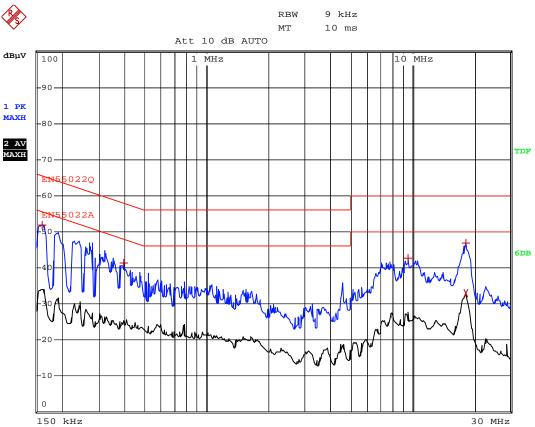
According to the data in section 3.8, the EUT <u>complied with the FCC Part 15.207</u> Conducted margin for a Class B device, with the *worst* margin reading of:

-9.34 dBµV at 18.23 MHz in the Line, Peak detector, 0.15-30MHz

11.8 Conducted Emissions Test Data

Plot of Conducted Emissions Test Data

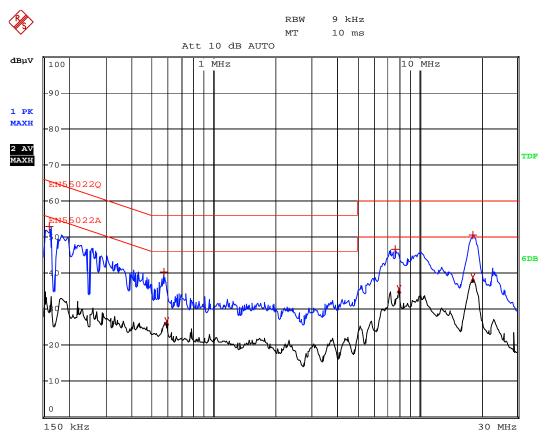
Conducted Disturbance EUT: Bluetooth Headset M/N: BT1000 Operating Condition: Charging Test Specification: N Comment: AC 120V/60Hz USB 5V



	EDIT PEAK LIST (Prescan Results)	
Tracel:	EN55022Q		
Trace2:	EN55022A		
Trace3:			
TRACE	FREQUENCY	LEVEL dBµV	DELTA LIMIT dB
1 Max Peak	162 kHz	51.71	-13.64
1 Max Peak	394 kHz	41.37	-16.60
1 Max Peak	9.498 MHz	42.60	-17.39
1 Max Peak	18.254 MHz	46.93	-13.06
2 Average	18.254 MHz	32.88	-17.11

Plot of Conducted Emissions Test Data

Conducted Disturbance EUT: Bluetooth Headset M/N: BT1000 Operating Condition: Charging Test Specification: L Comment: AC 120V/60Hz USB 5V



EDIT PEAK LIST (Prescan Results)				
Trace1:	EN55022Q			
Trace2:	EN55022A			
Trace3:				
TRACE	FREQUENCY	LEVEL dBµV	DELTA LIMIT dB	
1 Max Peak	162 kHz	52.99	-12.36	
1 Max Peak	570 kHz	40.16	-15.83	
2 Average	590 kHz	26.56	-19.43	
1 Max Peak	7.67 MHz	46.56	-13.43	
2 Average	8.006 MHz	35.63	-14.36	
1 Max Peak	18.23 MHz	50.65	-9.34	
2 Average	18.302 MHz	38.74	-11.25	

***** END OF REPORT *****