

TSM501/ VTL501 Service Manual

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1. Introduction

This manual provides the technical information to support the service activities of TSM501 / VTL501 model, which operates on Single mode Digital CDMA Telephone.

This manual is supplied in the electronic format for easy distribution and reference.

Also refer to the following documents:

- -. Service Drawings of TSM501 / VTL501 model phone (Schematic diagrams and Parts layout)
- -. Service Part List of TSM501 / VTL501 model phone
- -. Owner's Operating Manuals of TSM501 / VTL501 model phone

2. Specification

This chapter provides the product configuration and product specifications of TSM501 / VTL501 model, which operates on Single mode Digital CDMA Telephone and accessories

2.1 Product Structure

[Table 2.1] Standard Package

	ITEM	TYPES
1	Handheld Portable Telephone	TSM501 / VTL501
2	Lithium Ion Battery(850mAh)	TSM501 / VTL501
3	AC Charger	TSM501 / VTL501 T.C
4	Earphone-Mic	Earphone-Mic is offered by VITELCOM
5	Handstrap	Handstrap is offered by VITELCOM
6	Owner's Operating Manual	TSM501 / VTL501 Manuals

2.2 TSM501 / VTL501 Specifications

	ITEM	800MHz Band
1	Radio Frequency	TX: 824 to 849MHz
		RX:869 to 894MHz
2	Number of Channels	832
3	Duplex Spacing	45MHz
4	Digital Mode	
4.1	Channel Spacing	1.23MHz
4.2	Frequency Stability	+/-300Hz
4.3	RF Output Power	24dBm

4.4	Receiver Sensitivity	-104dBm
4.5	Modulation/Demodulation	OQPSK/QPSK
5	Operating Temperature	-20 to +60 degrees
6	Power Source	Lithium Ion Battery 3.7V, 850mAh
7	Dimensions	50 x 91 x 22.1 mm
		(with Standard battery)
8	Weight	89 g (with Standard battery)
9	Power management	
	Talk Time(Up to)	147 ~ 156 min(standard battery)
	Standby(Up to)	120h (standard battery)
10	Features	Two-way Short Message Service(SMS)
		Bell/ Vibration/ LED Alert
		Multilingual
		(Portuguese/English/Spanish)
11	Protocol	CDMA 1X

2.3 Battery Specifications

	ITEM	TYPES
1	Battery Type	Lithium Ion Battery
2	Battery Voltage	3.7V
3	Battery Capacity	850mAh
4	Recharging Time With Charger	160 min MAX. at 850mAh Li-ion Battery

2.4 AC Charger Specifications

	ITEM	TYPES
1	Input Voltage	AC 100 ~ 240V (50 / 60Hz)
2	Output Voltage	DC 4.2V
3	Output Current	650 mA

3. Menu Tree

1.Downloads				
2.WAP				
3.Foto Torpedo	1. Compose			
	2. Notifications			
	3. Inbox			
	4. Outbox			
	5. Draft			
	6. Template			
4.Voice Mail				
5.Voice Portal				
6.Tones & Images	1.Tones			
	2.Images	1.Wallpaper	1.Standby	1.Default
				2.Photo Album
				3.Download
			2.Power On	1.Default
				2.Photo Album
				3.Download
			3.Power Off	1.Default
				2.Photo Album
				3.Download
			4.Incoming Call	1.Default
				2.Photo Album
				3.Download
			5.Outgoing Call	1.Default

				2.Photo Album
				3.Download
			6.Sending SMS	1.Default
				2.Photo Album
				3.Download
			7.Connect Internet	1.Default
				2.Photo Album
				3.Download
7.Messaging	1.Messenger			
	2.Chat			
	3.Torpedo SMS			
	4.Foto Torpedo			
	5.E-Mail			
8.Meu Vivo	1.Reorder menu			
	2.Initialize menu			
9. Torpedo SMS	1.Send Message	1.New Message		
		2.Saved Messages		
	2 Inhox			
	3 Voice Inbox			
	4 Outbox			
	5 Drafts			
	6 Delete			
	7 Sottings	1 Alort Type		
	7.Settings	2 Alort Topo		
		2.Alert Tone		
		4.Delivery ACK		
		5.Canned MSG		
	8.WAP Alert			
40.0	9.MMS			
10.Camera	1. Take Picture			
	2.Photo Album			
	3.Set Config.	1.Save Option		
		2.Flash Option		
11.Calls	1.Missed Calls			
	2.Answered Calls			
	3.Dialed Calls			
	4.Call Timers			
12.Contacts	1.Search Number	1.All		
		2.By Name		
		3.By Number		
		4.By Group		
		5.By Speedy Dial		
	2.Add Number			
	3.Check Capacity			
	4.Delete All			
	5.Group Edit			



	6.My Phone No.			
13.Other Functions	1. Sound	1.Alert Mode		
		2.Ring/Melody	1.Ring/Melody	
			2.Ring/Volce	
			3.Download Sound	
		3.Ringer volume	1.Ring Volume	
			2 Hooring Volume	
			S.Hearing volume	
		4.Key Tone		
		5.Call Alert	1.Min. Reminder	
			2.Connect Alert	
			3.Discon. Alert	
			4.SVC Area Alert	
			5.Power On/Off	
			6.Lowbatt. Alert	
		7.Folder Alert		
		8.DTMF Tone		
	2.Screen/Lighting	1.Wallpaper	1.Standby	1.Default
				2.Photo Album
				3.Download
			2.Power On	1.Default
				2.Photo Album
				3.Download
			3.Power Off	1.Default
				2.Photo Album
				3.Download
			4.Incoming Call	1.Default
			3 3 4	2.Photo Album
				3.Download
			5.Outgoing Call	1.Default
				2.Photo Album
				3.Download
			6.Sending SMS	1.Default
				2.Photo Album
				3.Download
			7.Connect Internet	1.Default
				2.Photo Album
				3.Download



		2.Banner		
		3. Backlit Ctrl		
	3.Secretary	1.Moring Call		
		2.Alarm		
		3.Schedule	1.Add Schedule	
			2.View Schedule	
		4.D-Day		
		5.Calculator		
		6.World Time		
	4.Settings	1.System Menu	1.Select NAM	
			2.Auto NAM	
		2.Call Settings	1.Call Waiting	
			2.CFU	
			3.CFNA	
			4.CFB	
			5.VMNA	
			6.VMB	
			7.Auto CSP	
		3.Answer Mode		
		4.Language		
		5.S/W Version		
		6.Data Service	1.Modem Set-Up	
			2.Data Speed	
	5.Security	1.Phone Lock		
		2.Change Passwd		
		3.Call Barring	1.Lock Incoming	
			2.Lock Outgoing	
			3.Lock Int'l	
			4.Lock Data SVC	
		4.Initialize		

4. Technical Description

4.1 Overview

This product consists with 3 parts, which are RF, logic, and UI interface. The block diagram is shown in Figure 4.1. This product employs the Super-Heterodyne method for wireless communication and the Tx and Rx frequencies are 824.04~848.97MHz and 869.04~893.9MHz respectively. RF signals received through the antenna are fed into the low noise amplifier (Receiver MMIC/LNA, U106) through the duplexer (F100). Then, they are combined with the signals of local oscillator (VCO, U102) at the down conversion mixer (Receiver MMIC, U106) in order to create the intermediate frequency (IF). The IF signal is fed into RX_BBA(U109) through band-pass filter (BPF, U108),. In RX_BBA(U109), the IF signal is changed into base-band signal. Then, this signal is changed into the digital signal by the analog to digital converter (ADC, A/D Converter), and the digital circuit part of the MSM(U125) processes the data from ADC. In the case of transmission, The TX BBA(U112) receives digital signal from the MSM(U125). In MSM(U125), the digital signal is changed into analog signal by the digital to analog converter (DAC, D/A Converter), and then the quadrature signals of base-band are up-converted to the IF frequency bands in TX_BBA(U112). The Tx AGC in TX BBA(U112) is designed to be gain-controlled from 85dB dynamic range. In TX BBA(U112), the Tx IF frequency mixed with RF local frequency is created Tx RF frequency. After that, the Power amplifier module(U110) amplifies the RF signal in order to have enough power for radiation. Finally, the RF signal is sent out to the cell site via the antenna after going through the duplexer (F110).



Figure 4.1 Typical Subscriber Unit Block Diagram

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- (a)Top view
- (b) Bottom View



Figure 4.5 TSM501 / VTL501 External View

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4.2 RF part Description

The RF part consists of power part, synthesizing part, transmission and reception part.

4.2.1 Description of Frequency Synthesizer Circuit

The UHF band frequency synthesizer is composed of an indirect frequency synthesizer, Phase Locked Loop (PLL IC, U2), VCO(U102) with the center frequency of 966.88MHz for CDMA mode and Loop Filter. PLL IC(U2)'s phase detector compares the reference clock frequency (19.68MHz, TCXO(U104) clock) divided down to 30kHz by the reference divider with a signal divided by the PLL IC(U2) main divider from the VCO(U102), and generates a local oscillation signals with zero phase difference. These local oscillation signals are used for Tx and Rx. The other PLL synthesizer controls Tx IF frequency and is implemented on the TX_BBA(U112). The Tx phase detector receives Tx IF local oscillation signal(260.76MHz) within the TX_BBA(U112). In Rx IF synthesizer, UHF PLL synthesizer support dual frequencies. Thus RX_BBA(U109) use UHF PLL to generate the Rx IF frequency(170.76MHz).

■ Voltage Control Temperature Compensation Crystal Oscillator (VCTCXO, U104)

The temperature variation of reference frequency in a mobile phone can be compensated by VCTCXO(U104). The reference frequency of a mobile phone is operated stably from -30 to +60 °C. The VCTCXO(U104) receives frequency tuning signals called TRK_LO_ADJ from MSM(U125) through low-pass filter in order to generate the reference frequency of 19.68MHz and is used for system main clock. Frequency stability depending on temperature is within ± 1.5 ppm.

RF Frequency Synthesizer

The RF PLL is consisted of the dual mode PLL IC(U2), loop filter, VCO(U102) and VCTCXO(U104). It generates the RF local frequency of 954.38 ~ 979.38 MHz.

RX IF Frequency Synthesizer

The Rx IF PLL is consisted of the dual mode PLL IC(U2), Rx IF VCO included in the RX_BBA(U109), loop filter and VCTCXO(U104). The Rx IF VCO included in the RX_BBA(U109) oscillates twice Rx IF frequency as 170.76MHz and then generates the RX IF frequency of 85.38MHz by dividing the Rx IF VCO output frequency by two.

■ TX IF Frequency Synthesizer

The Tx IF PLL Loop is consisted of the Tx IF PLL synthesizer, VCO(U108) that are internally installed in the TX_BBA(U112), loop filter and VCTCXO(U104). The Tx IF VCO included the TX_BBA(U112) generates Tx IF local frequency of 260.76MHz and then generates the Tx IF frequency of 130.38MH by *Vitelcom Mobile Technology, S.A. Proprietary and Confidential* - 12 -

dividing the Tx IF VCO output frequency by two. 4.2.2 Description of Rx Part Circuit

Cellular Receiver covers the RF frequency band of 869 ~ 894 MHz and the IF frequency of 85.38MHz. The RF signal received is sent out to the Receiver MMIC/ LNA(U106) via a duplexer(F100) for amplification and then, is sent out to the Receiver MMIC/ Down mixer(U106) through Rx RF SAW filter(U107). Here, the RF signal is mixed with the VCO(U102) signal of 954.38 MHz ~979.38 MHz. IF signal converted by the Receiver MMIC/ Down mixer(U106) are sent out to IF SAW Filter(U108), which have a role to filter a wanted frequency. The signal that has passed the IF SAW filter(U108) is fed into AGC AMP that is controlled by the power density modulation (PDM) signal of the MSM(U125) based on the strength of received signal. This AGC AMP is tuned into the level corresponding to the input window of the base band analog processor (RX_BBA, U109). The AGC AMP controls Rx power level within 85dB dynamic range. The signal entered to RX_BBA(U109) is converted again to 1.2288 MHz base band signal. To do second frequency conversion, the frequency synthesizer in RX_BBA (U109) generates frequency of 170.76MHz and these signals are divided by two in order to use the Rx IF LO signal. These signals are used to convert RX IF signals to I/Q base band signal. I and Q base-band signals are respectively sent out to the analog digital converter via a low pass filter.

Duplexer (F100)

The duplexer(F100) consists of the Rx bandpass filter (BPF) and the Tx BPF which have the function of separating Tx and Rx signals in the full duplex system for using the common antenna. The Tx BPF is used to suppress noises and spurious out of the Tx frequency band. The Rx BPF is used to receive only Rx signal coming from the antenna, which is usually called preselector. Its main function limits the bandwidth of spectrum reaching the Receiver MMIC/ LNA(U106) and attenuates receiver spurious response. As a result, the frequency sensitivity and selectivity of mobile phone increase.

- Receiver MMIC/ LNA (U106)/ Down Mixer (U106)
- LNA : The characteristics of Low Noise Amplifier (LNA, U106) are low noise figure, high gain, high intercept point and high reverse isolation. The frequency selectivity characteristic of mobile phone is mostly determined by LNA(U106).
- The Down Mixer(U106) performs frequency translation by multiplying two signals. The downconversion mixer employed in the Rx path has two distinctly different inputs, which are RF and Local Oscillator (LO) signal. The RF signal is downconverted to IF signal by the local oscillator.

■ Rx RF SAW Filter (U107)

The main function of Rx RF SAW filter(U107) is to attenuate mobile phone spurious frequency, attenuate direct IF frequency pick up, attenuate noise at the image frequency originating in or amplified by the LNA(U106) and suppress second harmonic originated in the LNA(U106). The Rx RF SAW filter(U107) is usually called image filter.

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Rx IF SAWFilter (U108)

The Rx IF SAW filter(U108) protects its following stages from close-in Inter Modulation (IM) signals, provides adjacent channel selectivity, and attenuates the second image.

RX_BBA (U109)

Rx_BBA is divided three main parts, IF frequency processing, base-band processing, and digital interface. It is a receiver IC, installed with a Rx AGC, base-band converter, base-band analog filter, and A-D converter. It can send a digital base-band signal to digital base-band IC.

The circuit functions of the RX_BBA(U109) include Rx Automatic Gain Controller (AGC) with 90dB dynamic range input, quadrature IF mixers and Analog to Digital Converters (ADC) for converting to digital base-band. The RX_BBA(U109) includes clock generators that drive the digital processor and the VCO(U109) which generates the IF LO frequency for base-band down-conversion. The Rx AGC either amplifies or attenuates the received CDMA IF signal to provide a constant-amplitude signal to the I/Q down converter. The IF output of the Rx AGC amplifier separates into I-channel and Q-channel base-band components and down- converted by mixer with quadrature LO. Rx IF LO signals are generated by the Voltage Controlled Oscillator of Rx IF. Frequency is stabilized by external varactor-tuned resonant tank circuit. The I/Q down converter outputs the CDMA signals at base-band frequency. Low-pass filtering enables the receiver to select the desired base-band signals from the effects of unwanted noise or adjacent-channel interference. I/Q base band components are converted to digital signals by two identical 4-bit ADCs. The Block Diagram of the RX_BBA(U109) is shown in Figure 4.6.



Figure 4.6 RX_BBA Functional Block Diagram

4.2.3 Description of Tx Part Circuit

The 8 bit digital signal fed into TX_BBA(U112) passes through DAC using TXCLK and TXCLK/ as triggers to produce base band I/Q signal. Inside the MSM(U125), each signal is sent out to the up mixer via a digital low pass filter. At the mixer, 130.38 MHz I/Q signal obtained by dividing the 260.76MHz VCO signal by half is used as carrier for the up-conversion of base band signal to Tx IF signal. This signal is again up-converted into Tx RF frequency signal. The signal converted into Tx RF frequency is amplified at the drive amplifier. At the Tx AGC AMP, this Tx IF signal level is varied according to the several parameters defined in mobile station and base station. The proper gain control signal comes out from the MSM(U125) in the waveform of PDM and rectified to constant DC voltage level by RC low pass filter. The gain variable range of Tx AGC AMP is 90 dB. The signal is amplified at the power amplifier. Finally, it is transmitted out to antenna via a duplexer(F100).

TX_BBA (U112)

The TX_BBA(U112) Base-band-to-RF Transmit Processor including Tx AGC Amplifier, quadrature mixers, IF synthesized PLL, RF single sideband up converter, RF driver and Tx IF VCO. It converts a base-band analog signal coming from a digital base-band processor (Modem chip) to an analog RF signal to be able to Tx PAM.

The TX_BBA(U112) offers the most advanced and integrated CDMA Tx solution along with minimized power consumption for extended talk-time performance.

The TX_BBA(U112) connects directly with QUALCOMM's by the MSM(U125) utilizing an analog baseband interface. The base-band quadrature signals are up-converted to the cellular band and amplified to provide signal drive capability to the PAM(U110). The TX_BBA(U112) includes an IF frequency, single sideband up-conversion from IF to RF, two cellular driver amplifiers, and Tx power control through an 85dB VGA. TX_BBA(U112) functionality is specifically controlled from the MSM(U125) via the three-line serial bus interface(SBI).

The Block Diagram of the TX_BBA(U112) is shown in Figure 4.7.

Power Amplifier Module (U110)

The power amplifier Module(PAM,U110) that can be used in the CDMA has linear amplification capability, whereas in the FM mode, it has a high efficiency. For higher efficiency, it is made up of one MMIC (Monolithic Microwave Integrated Circuit) for which RF input terminal and internal interface circuit are integrated onto one IC after going through the GaAs HBT (heterojunction bipolar transistor) process. The PAM(U110) is made up of an output end interface circuit including this MMIC. The RF transmit signals that have been amplified through the PAM(U110) are sent to the duplexer(F100).



Figure 4.7 TX_BBA Functional Block Diagram

4.3 Logic Part Description

The logic part processes the user's commands and processes all the digital in order to operate in the phone. The logic part is made up of a keypad/ LCD, receptacle part, voice processing part, mobile station modem(MSM, U125) part, memory part(U113), and power supply part.

4.3.1 Keypad/ LCD

This is used to transmit keypad signals to MSM(U125).

It is made up of a keypad backlight part that illuminates the keypad, LCD part that displays the operation status onto the screen, and a receptacle that receives and sends out voice and data with external sources.

4.3.2 Voice Processing Part

The voice processing part is made up of an audio codec and an amplifier used to convert MIC(CON102) signals into digital voice signals and digital voice signals into analog voice signals.

4.3.3 Mobile Station Modem(MSM, U125)

The MSM(U125) integrates functions that support a CDMA subscriber unit. Subsystems within the MSM(U125) include a CDMA processor, a QUALCOMM Code Excited Linear Predication (QCELP) Vocoder, an Enhanced Variable Rate CODEC (EVRC) Vocoder, an ARM7TDMI microprocessor, and assorted peripheral interfaces that are used to support other functions.

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■ MSM(U125) Internal Block

1) ARM Microprocessor Subsystem

The MSM(U125) uses an embedded ARM7TDMI microprocessor. The ARM7TDMI microprocessor, through the system software, controls most of the functionality for the Mobile Station, including control of the external peripherals such as the keypad, LCD display, RAM and ROM/FLASH(U113) devices.

2) RF Interface

This block communicates with the MSM(U125) RF, IF and Analog Base-band circuitry.

3) CDMA Subsystem: Digital IS-2000 Signal Processing.

Searcher engine Demodulating fingers Combining block Frame de-interleaver Viterbi decoder Reverse link subsystem

4) UART (Universal Asynchronous Receiver Transmitter)

Two identical UARTs, UART1 has dedicated pins while UART2 share multiplexed pins with the Auxiliary PCM CODEC interface.

5) Vocoder Subsystem

The MSM(U125)'s QDSP2000 supports EVRC and QCELP13K vocoders. In addition, the QDSP2000 has modules to support the following audio functions; DTMF tone generation, DTMF tone detection, Tx/Rx volume controls, Tx/Rx automatic gain control(AGC), Rx Automatic Volume Control(AVC), Ear Seal Echo Canceller(ESEC), Acoustic Echo Canceller(AEC), Noise Suppression(NS), and programmable, 13-tap, Type-I, FIR, Tx/Rx compensation filters. The MSM(U125)'s integrated ARM7TDMI processor downloads the firmware into the QDSP2000 and configures QDSP2000 to support the desired functionality.

6) General Purpose Interface Bus

The MSM(U125) has 48 general-purpose bi-directional input/output pins (GPIO_INT[47:0]) that double as general-purpose interrupt inputs. Some of the GPIO_INT pins have alternate functions supported on them. The alternate functions include, USB interface, additional RAM, ROM/Flash(U113), general-purpose chip selects, parallel LCD interface, and a UART interface. The function of these pins is documented in the various software releases.

7) Serial Bus Interface

This interface is specifically designed to be a quick, low pin count control protocol for Qualcomm's TX_BBA(U112) can be configured for different operating modes and configured for minimum power consumption, extending battery life in standby mode.

8) User Interface

MSM(U125) user interface comprises digital connections to the subscriber unit ringer transducer, keypad and LCD display.

9) Mode Select and JTAG Interfaces

The Mode select inputs to the MSM(U125) determine overall mode of the ASIC. The options under the control of the Mode select inputs are Native Mode which is the normal subscriber unit operation and ICE Mode in which the on-chip ARM microprocessor is disabled, allowing off-chip emulation by the ICE unit.

4.3.4 Memory Part (U113)

Components: Combination Memory [Flash Memory (128Mbit) + SRAM (32Mbit)]

1) Flash Memory (128Mbit)

Stores telephone's main and sub programs.

Memory for source code : 12Mbyte .

Memory for NV parameter value , SMS, Phone Book, Download data, PIMS data, camera data.. etc : 4Mbyte.

- Code Flash memory: 8MB (4Mbit x 16), Random Access Time is 70ns

- Data Flash memory: 8MB (4Mbit x 16), Random Access Time is 70ns

2) SRAM (32Mbit)

Stores changes in other person's system parameter and Data Task data Buffer and stack of each task. - SRAM: 4MB (2Mbit x 16), Max. Access Time is 70ns

4.3.5 Power Supply Part

Power is supplied by battery or external source of which range is 3.2~4.2V voltage. It is sent to LDO (Low dropout regulator), which supply 2.8V for Logic power.



Figure 4.8 VTL501 Logic Part Block Diagram

4.4 Power Up Sequence

This section describes the steps how the TSM501 / VTL501 phone wakes up.

Place a Battery Pack

The battery pack, which the protection circuit is implemented, is placed into the phone.

Press and Hold [END] Key

The Power on circuit (SW124) generates the control voltage to be used for U6.

Regulators Activated
 U6 feeds 2.8V to MSM (U125), LCD
 U6 feeds 2.8V to Flash ROM / SRAM (U113) and others.
 U6 feeds 2.8V to VCTCXO(U104) and others.

VCTCXO Activated

When the power is fed to the VCTCXO(U104), it generates 19.68MHz to be used for the MPU clock.

Reset Pulses Generated

a) The reset pulse is generated with U6 when it is feed with the power.

b) The reset pulse (RESOUT/) for the MCP is generated with MSM(U125) right after the item a).

c) The reset pulse (RESOUT/) for the LCD is generated with MSM(U125)

MSM(U125) Starts

Based on the reset pulse a), the MSM(U125) starts to operate including accesses to the Flash ROM and SRAM (U113). The watchdog timer operates repeatedly.

Phone Wakes Up

Under control of the MSM(U125), the phone displays a wake-up animation, turn the backlight on and sounds a melody.

5. Servicing Tools

5.1 SERVICING TOOLS

This chapter provides information for the servicing tools of TSM501 / VTL501 Single mode digital CDMA Telephone.

No	Item	Description
4	Lovel Translator	Provides the interface between the PC RS-232C data and Phone
I	Level mansialor	Provides the interface between the PC JTAG data and Phone
2	RS-232C Cable	Connects the L/T and the PC for RS-232C data Communication
3	Parallel Cable	Connects the L/T and the PC for JTAG data Communication
4	JTAG Cable	Connects the L/T and Phone
5	DC Adaptor	Connects the L/T and the Power supply
6	Loutor Book	Provides the interface between the PC JTAG data and phone,
0	Lauler-Dach	It's used only when the phone's totally dead, crash, etc.

■ TSM501 / VTL501 Service tools

■ Series of necessary software

Install below-written programs somewhere in host PC disk

(Caution: make sure to remember the path)

No	Item
1	Bin file (Includes most of target programs to operate phone)
0	Script file
2	(Includes information in connecting phone with base station of Service Provider)
3	Trace 32 (the program used for Lauterbach)
4	Downloader (it is needed in downloading target programs into phone)
5	UI tester (the program used for testing User Interface part)
6	CAL Data Writing



Figure 5.1 L T (Level Translator)



Figure 5.2 Connects the Equipments for Bin & Script Downloading



Figure 5.3 Connects the Equipments for using Lauterbach

5.2 Downloader

- 5.2.1 How to download binary file.
- 1) Run "Downloader_VTL501.exe".
- 2) Check "Normal Download(Full)" radio button in "Download Type".
- 3) Check "Do Erase(cal backup)" radio button in "Data Erase".

V Downloader For VTL500 Ver 1,0				_ 🗆 ×
The Terb				
BIN Not selected	Br			
PBI File Not selected	Br			
ESN		/wse		
- Download Type	Data Erase			
 Normal download (Full) 	O Do erase (no cal b	ackup)		
C partition download (4M)	O erase (cal back	(up)		
Port 1 Download,	PRL		ESN	
Port 2 : Not Supported				
Port 3 Download	PRL		ESN	
Port 4 : Not Supported				
Port 5 : Not Supported				
Port 6 : Not Supported				
Port 7: Not Supported				
Port 8 : Not Supported				
Port 9: Not Supported				
Port 10 : Not Supported				
Port 11 : Not Supported				
Port 12 : Not Supported				
Port 13 : Not Supported				

4) Press "Browse" Button to choose binary file.

네트월크 환경	♥ Downloader For VTL510 Ver 1.0 Elie _ Help	
武 帝 刘 慶	BIN CWH700,BIN Browse PLL File Not selected Browse ESN Convinced Typ Proceedings (2) 조 C Normal do 왕은 위치(1): @ CWH700_BIN 로 6 12 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	
	Image: With 2000 Bit M Port 1 ■ CWH 700. CODE. BIN ■ CWH 700. DATA. BIN Port 2 : Not Supp Port 3 Port 4 : Not Supp Port 5 : Not Supp Port 5 : Not Supp Port 6 : Not Supp Port 7 : Not Supp Port 7 : Not Supp	
	Port 3: Not Supported Port 9: Not Supported Port 10: Not Supported Port 11: Not Supported Port 12: Not Supported Port 13: Not Supported	-

5) Press "Download..." Button to start downloading binary file.

Downloader erases flash at first.

Downloader For VTL500 Ver 1,0	
BIN CWH700, BIN Browse PRL File Not selected Browse ESN	
Control of the c	
Port 1 : Flash Erasing	40% Download
Port 2 : Not Supported	
Port 3 Download PRL E	ESN
Port 4 : Not Supported	
Port 5 : Not Supported	
Port 6 : Not Supported	
Port 7: Not Supported	
Port 8 : Not Supported	
Port 9 : Not Supported	
Port 10 : Not Supported	
Port 11 : Not Supported	
Port 12 : Not Supported	

6) Downloader is burning flash with binary file.

Downloader For VTL500 Ver 1 File Help	1.0			
The TTerb				
BIN CWH700, BIN	E	irowse		
PRL File Not selected	E	irowse		
ESN				
Download Type	Data Erase			
Normal download (Full) O partition download (M)	C Do erase (no cal			
Port 1 : Flash Burning			2% Download	
Port 2 : Not Supported	•		Di Dominica di Il	
Port 3 Download	d PRL	ESN		
Port 4 : Not Supported				
Port 5 : Not Supported				
Port 6 : Not Supported				
Port 7: Not Supported				
Port 8 : Not Supported				
Port 9: Not Supported				
Port 10 : Not Supported				
Port 11 : Not Supported				
Port 12 : Not Supported				
Port 13 · Not Supported				

7) Wait until phone boots two times.

V Downloader I File Hole	For VTL500 Ver 1,0					_ 🗆 🗡
<u>Clie U</u> elh						
BIN CW	H700 BIN		Browne	1		
PBL File Not	celected		Browco	1		
ESN	36160160		LIU WOC			
-Download T	VDe	Data Erase				
💿 Normal d	lownload (Full)	C Do erase (i	no cal backup)			
C partition		🕜 Do erase ()	cal backup)			
Port 1 : Waiting	g for				53% Download	
Port 2 : Not S	upported					
Port 3	Download	PRL,		ESN		
Port 4 : Not S	upported					
Port 5 : Not S	upported					
Port 6 : Not S	upported					
Port 7: Not S	upported					
Port 8 : Not S	upported					
Port 9: Not S	upported					
Port 10 : Not S	upported					
Port 11 : Not S	upported					
Port 12 : Not S	upported					
Port 13 · Not S	unnorted					<u> </u>

8) Downloading binary file is well done if downloader displays "Success".

V Downloader For VTL500 Ver 1.0 File Help				- 🗆 🗙
BIN CWH700, BIN PRL File Not selected ESN Download Type C Normal download (Full)	Data Erase C Do erase (no cal bac	se		•
Port 1Download (w/)	PRL,	ESN	Success	
Port 2 : Not Supported Port 3 Download	PRL	ESN	1	
Port 4: Not Supported Port 5: Not Supported Port 6: Not Supported Dott 3: Not Supported				
Port 7 : Not Supported Port 8 : Not Supported Port 9 : Not Supported				
Port 10 : Not Supported Port 11 : Not Supported Port 12 : Not Supported				Ŧ



- 5.2.2 How to change roaming list.
- 1) Run "Downloader_VTL501.exe".

V Downloader For VTL500 Ver 1,0 File Help					
BIN Not selected	Brow	rse			
PRL File Not selected	Brow	/se			
ESN					
Download Type	Data Erase				
Normal download (Full) C nartition download (4M)	C Do erase (no cal bac C Do erase (cal backur	kup)			
Port 1 Download,	PRL	ESN	1		
Port 2 : Not Supported			_		
Port 3 Download	PBL	ESN	1		
Port 4 : Not Supported			-		
Port 5: Not Supported					
Port 6 : Not Supported					
Port 7: Not Supported					
Port 8 : Not Supported					
Port 9 : Not Supported					
Port 10 : Not Supported					
Port 11 : Not Supported					
Port 12 : Not Supported					
Port 13 · Not Supported					

2) Press "Browse" Button to choose roaming list file.

네틒웕크 환경	V Downloader For VTL500 Ver 1.0	
2 휴지통	BIN Not selected Browse PRL File (151003 PRL20035.prl Provide)	_
	ESN	
	Download Type Date Erece	
	C partition dov 찾는 위치(l): 🔄 prl 🔹 👉 🛅 -	
	🔊 151003 PRL20035.prl	
	Port 1	
	Port 2 : Not Supp	
	Port 3	
	Port 4 : Not Supj	
	Port 5 : Not Supi 파일 이름(N): 151003 PRL20035.prl 열기(Q)	
	Port 6 : Not Supi 파일 형식(I): PRL Files (*, prl) 🔽 취소	
	Port 7 : Not Supported	
	Port 8 : Not Supported	
	Port 9: Not Supported	
	Port 10 : Not Supported	
	Port 11 : Not Supported	
	Port 12 : Not Supported	-
	Dort 13 ' Not Sunnorted	

3) Press "PRL..." Button to start downloading roaming list file.

Downloader For VTL500 Ver 1.0				
<u>File H</u> elp				
BIN Not selected		Browse	1	
PRL File 151003 PRL20035, prl		Browse	i	
ESN				
Download Type	Data Erase			
Normal download (Full) Dertition download (4M)	C Do erase (r	no cal backup) cal backup)		
Port 1 : PRL Write to NAM0				57% PRL Download
Port 2 : Not Supported				
Port 3 Download	PRL.		ESN	1
Port 4 : Not Supported				
Port 5: Not Supported				
Port 6: Not Supported				
Port 7: Not Supported				
Port 8 : Not Supported				
Port 9: Not Supported				
Port 10 : Not Supported				
Port 11 : Not Supported				
Port 12 : Not Supported				

4) Downloading roaming list file is well done if downloader displays "Success".

내 컴퓨터			
비트워크 V 환경	Downloader For VTL500 Ver 1,0 le <u>H</u> elp		X
1 茶八巻	BIN Not selected PRL File [151003 PRL20035, prl	Browse Browse	×
	Download Type Ownload Type Normal download (Full) O partition download (4M) O parase (ca	cal backup) I backup)	
F	Port 1 Download PRL Port 2 : Not Supported	ESN	Success
F	Introduction PRL, Port 4 : Not Supported Port 5 : Not Supported	ESN	
F	fort 6 : Not Supported Fort 7 : Not Supported Port 8 : Not Supported		
F	Port 9 : Not Supported Port 9 : Not Supported Port 10 : Not Supported		
F	fort 11 : Not Supported Fort 12 : Not Supported Port 13 : Not Supported		1



5.2.3 How to write ESN

1) Run "Downloader_VTL501.exe".

Eile Help			
BIN Not selected	Browse	1	Ē
PRL File Not selected	Browse		
ESN			
Oownload Type C Image: Comparison of the second seco	lata Erase " Do erase (no cal backup) " Do erase (cal backup)		
Port 1 Download,	PRL	ESN	
Port 2 : Not Supported			
Port 3 Download	PBL	ESN	
Port 4 : Not Supported			
Port 5 : Not Supported			
Port 6 : Not Supported			
Port 7:Not Supported			
Port 8 : Not Supported			
Port 9:Not Supported			
Port 10 : Not Supported			
Port 11 : Not Supported			
Port 12 : Not Supported			_

2) Write ESN in Edit Box in hexadecimal.

BIN Not selected Browse PRL File Not selected Browse ESN ABCDEF12	-
BIN Not selected Browse PRL File Not selected Browse ESN ABCDEF12	Ê
BIN Not selected Browse PRL File Not selected Browse ESN ABCDEF12	
PRL File Not selected Browse ESN ABCDEF12	
ESN ABCDEF12	
Download Type Data Erase	
(vormal download (Full) (vo erase (no cal backup) C partition download (4M) O be erase (cal backup)	
Port 1 Download PBL ESN	
Port 2 : Not Supported	
Port 3 Download PBI ESN	
Port 4 : Not Supported	
Port 5 : Not Supported	
Port 6 : Not Supported	
Port 7 : Not Supported	
Port 8 : Not Supported	
Port 9 : Not Supported	
Port 10 : Not Supported	
Port 11 : Not Supported	
Davit 12 : Not Supported	
FULTA (NUL OUDURED	

3) Press "ESN..." Button to write ESN to phone.

<u>File H</u> elp		_			
				-	<u> </u>
BIN Not selected		Browse,	1		
PRL File Not selected		Browse	7		
ESN	ABCDEF12				
Download Type	Data Erase —				
C Normal download (Full)	C Do erase (r	io cal backup)			
C partition download (4M)	🕐 Do erase (o				
Port 1 : Phone Check				0% ESN Download	
Port 2 : Not Supported	(
Port 3 Download	PRL,	····	ESN		
Port 4 : Not Supported					
Port 5: Not Supported					
Port 6: Not Supported					
Port 7: Not Supported				_	
Port 8: Not Supported					
Port 9: Not Supported					
Port 10 : Not Supported					
Port 11 : Not Supported					
Port 12 : Not Supported					
Port 13 : Not Supported				1	-

4) Writing ESN is well done if downloader displays "Success".

File Help				
				-
BIN Not selected	Browse			
PRL File Not selected	Browse			
ESN A	BCDEF12			
Download Type Data	Erase n erase (no cal backun '			
C partition download (4M) © D	o erase (cal backup)			
Port 1 Download	PRL	ESN	Success	
Port 2 : Not Supported				
Port 3 Download	PRL	ESN		
Port 4: Not Supported				
Port 5: Not Supported				
Port 6: Not Supported				
Port 7 : Not Supported				_
Port 8 : Not Supported				
Port 9 : Not Supported				
Port 10 : Not Supported				
Port 11 : Not Supported				
Port 12 : Not Supported				T

5.3 HOW TO USE LAUTERBACH

Lauterbach is only used when the phone is completely dead and needs recovering, In advance, connect all equipments following the picture "FIG 5.3". First And then follow the next steps.

1st PROCESS : TRACE32

1. Execute the "Trace 32" software in order to operate Lauterbach

INITIAL DISPLAY.



FIG 5.4 INITIAL DISPLAY of TRACE 32

1. CLICK "FILE->OPEN BATCHFILE. (Figure 5.5)" on the tool bar



2. Click the demanded file on window.

-Find and click the proper file (*.cmm) shown on the window of Fig 5.6.



Figure 5.6

- 3. Set 'BIN FILE' Route for downloading (Figure 4.7)
 - -. Replace the path of Diagram 1 with that of where BIN file is located on PC now.
 - -. Click "Save+Do"(Diagram 2) & pwr key on handset" at the same time for about 5 sec until "Erasing Flash(0x0--0xBFFFF).bank (Diagram 3)" shows up.

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Figure 5.8

When "Programming Flash..OK..." show, the whole downloading procedure is completed. (Figure 5.8)

4. Power off/on Level Translator

2nd PROCESS : CAL Data Writing

- SEE " 5.5 CAL. DATA WRITING"

3rd PROCESS : NEW_DOWNLOADER.EXE (Downloading script file) - SEE " 5.2 NEW DOWNLOADER"

5.4 CAL.exe (writing CAL Data)

1) Connect all equipments following FIG 5.3 and then execute "UnifiedDM" software. Press

INITIAL DISPLAY

InitiedDM Process 설	정 도움말								
CAL/TEST	CAL	Def	A.T		ESN	Conf	Spec	?	
5HI									NUM

2) Select "Def", and slect "Initialize" menu

- Readed Cal data will be loaded

nifiedDM - [Default Calibration1] cess 설정 도움말		_
/TEST CAL Def	LT UI mA ESN Conf Spec ?	
Read Default READ WF	ITE Reset Initialize	
alibration Data		
MA_RX_LIN_OFF_0		
DMA_RX_LIN_SLP	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	
DMA_TX_LIN_MASTER_SLP	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	
	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	
DMA_TX_LIN_MASTER_OFF_0	00 02	
DMA_TX_COMP_VS_FREQ	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	
DMA_TX_LIM_VS_FREQ	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	
DMA_TX_LIM_VS_TEMP	D1 BB AA 9F 96 91 82 7B	
IERM	2D D7	

- 3) Click the "Write" button
 - When "Success" display, the procedure of writing Cal _Data is all completed.
- 4) Reboot phone (Power Off/On).
- When "Success" display, the procedure of writing Cal _Data is all completed.
- 4) Reboot phone (Power Off/On).

6. MEASUREMENT

6.1 Measurement Configuration

Measurement tool

TSM510 / VTL501 Service tools + RF Switch Cable

■ Insertion Loss of RF Switch Cable

No	Item	Typical Loss
1	RF Switch Cable insertion loss at 800MHz band	1.0 dB
2	RF Switch Cable insertion loss at 1900MHz band	1.0 dB



Figure 6.1 Configuration for Adjustment and Test of Cellular Phone

