Excellence in Compliance Testing

Certification Test Report

FCC ID: SDBVGB
IC: 2220A-VGBMAS, 2220A-VGBPCS

FCC Rule Part: CFR 47 Part 24 Subpart D, Part 101 Subpart C
IC Radio Standards Specification: RSS 119, RSS 134

ACS Report Number: 09-0350.W06.11.A

Applicant: Sensus Metering Systems
Model: 4500-MAS, 4500-PCS

Test Begin Date: October 29, 2009
Test End Date: November 5, 2009

Report Issue Date: February 18, 2011

FOR THE SCOPE OF ACCREDITATION UNDER LAB Code 200612-0

This report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, or any agency of the Federal Government.

Reviewed by: _____
Kirby Munroe
Director, Wireless Certifications
ACS, Inc.

This report contains 22 pages

Table of Content

1.0 GENERAL

1.1 Purpose

The purpose of this report is to demonstrate compliance with Part 2 Subpart J, Part 24 Subpart D, and Part 101 Subpart C of the FCC's Code of Federal Regulations; and RSS 119 and 134 of Industry Canada's Radio Standard Specifications.

1.2 Product Description

The Vehicle Gateway Base Station (VGB) transceiver is a vehicle mounted device used by the utility industry to provide drive by meter reading capabilities. The device is capable of sending standard data packets or an interrogation tone capable of interrogating utility endpoints operating in drive by mode. The VGB is intended to be used with a PC application since the device alone has no intelligent application processor.

The VGB Models 4500-MAS and 4500-PCS are electrically identical in all aspects with the exception of a diplexer used in the receiver operation. The diplexer allows the 4500-MAS unit to receive in the range 932 - 932.5 MHz and the 4500-PCS to receive in the range 901 – 902 MHz.

Manufacturer Information:
Sensus Metering Systems, Inc.
400 Perimeter Park Drive, Suite K
Morrisville, NC 27560

Test Sample Serial Numbers: SN: 0942FT0005 (RF conducted), SN: 0942FT00005 and SN: 0942FT00006 (radiated)

Test Sample Condition: The test samples were provided in good working order with no visible defects.

Detailed photographs of the EUT are filed separately with this filing.

1.3 Test Methodology

1.3.1 Test Configurations and Justification

While both 4500-MAS and 4500-PCS models are electrically identical from an RF perspective, differences in the diplexer for receive operation required receiver / unintentional radiated emissions testing on both variants. Where applicable, the additional testing was performed on both models and the worst case presented in this report.

Per TIA 603-C, the RF output port was loaded with a 50 Ohm non-radiating load for radiated emissions from the transmitter.

1.3.2 In-Band Testing Methodology

For testing in accordance with 47 CFR 2.1046-2.1057, OET/Lab recommends that the following be used to select test frequencies for licensed devices:

Frequency range over which device operates	Number of frequencies	Location in the range of operation
1 MHz or less	1	Middle
1 to 10 MHz	2	1 near top and 1 near bottom
10 to 100 MHz	3	1 near top, 1 near middle and 1 near bottom

The following is a list of the frequency bands of operation sorted based on the FCC rule parts in which the band is associated.

CFR Title 47 Rule Part	Frequency Band of Operation (MHz)
24D	940.0 - 941.0
101	941.0 - 941.5

Based on the requirements set forth in accordance 47 CFR 2.1046-2.1057 as stated above, the methodology in selecting the places to test in the available bands of operation is outlined in the following table.

CFR Title 47 Rule Part	Frequency Band of Operation (MHz)	Location in the Range of Operation
24D	940.0 - 941.0	Middle
101	941.0 - 941.5	Middle

The data provided in this report is sorted based on the rule part.

1.4 Emission Designators

The transmitter produces three distinct modulation formats. The emissions designators for the modulation formats used by the transmitter are as follows:

EMISSIONS DESIGNATORS:

MPass Mode (5K): 5K90F1D (2-GFSK)
MPass Mode (10K): 11K8F1D (2-GFSK)
MPass Mode (12.5K): 14K8F1D (2-GFSK)

2.0 TEST FACILITIES

2.1 Location

The radiated and conducted emissions test sites are located at the following address:

Advanced Compliance Solutions
5015 B.U. Bowman Drive
Buford, GA 30518
Phone: (770) 831-8048
Fax: (770) 831-8598

2.2 Laboratory Accreditations/Recognitions/Certifications

ACS is accredited to ISO/IEC 17025 by the National Institute of Standards and Technology under their National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program (NVLAP), Lab Code 200612-0. Unless otherwise specified, all tests methods described within this report are covered under the ISO/IEC 17025 scope of accreditation.

The Semi-Anechoic Chamber Test Site, Open Area Test Site (OATS) and Conducted Emissions Site have been fully described, submitted to, and accepted by the FCC, Industry Canada and the Japanese Voluntary Control Council for Interference by information technology equipment.

FCC Registration Number: 894540
Industry Canada Lab Code: IC 4175A-1
VCCI Member Number: 1831

- VCCI OATS Registration Number R-1526
- VCCI Conducted Emissions Site Registration Number: C-1608

2.3 Radiated Emissions Test Site Description

2.3.1 Semi-Anechoic Chamber Test Site

The Semi-Anechoic Chamber Test Site consists of a 20' x 30' x 18' shielded enclosure. The chamber is lined with Toyo Ferrite Grid Absorber, model number FFG-1000. The ferrite tile grid is 101 x 101 x 19mm thick and weighs approximately 550 grams. These tiles are mounted on steel panels and installed directly on the inner walls of the chamber.

The turntable is 150cm in diameter and is located 160cm from the back wall of the chamber. The chamber is grounded via 1 - 8' copper ground rod, installed at the center of the back wall, it is bound to the ground plane using 3/4" stainless steel braided cable.

The turntable is all steel, flush mounted table installed in an all steel frame. The table is remotely operated from inside the control room located 25' from the range. The turntable is electrically bonded to the surrounding ground plane via steel fingers installed on the edge of the turn table. The steel fingers make constant contact with the ground plane during operation.

Behind the turntable is a 3' x 6' x 4' deep shielded pit used for support equipment if necessary. The pit is equipped with 1 - 4" PVC chases from the turntable to the pit that allow for cabling to the EUT if necessary. The underside of the turntable can be accessed from the pit so cables can be supplied to the EUT from the pit.

A diagram of the Semi-Anechoic Chamber Test Site is shown in Figure 2.3-1 below:

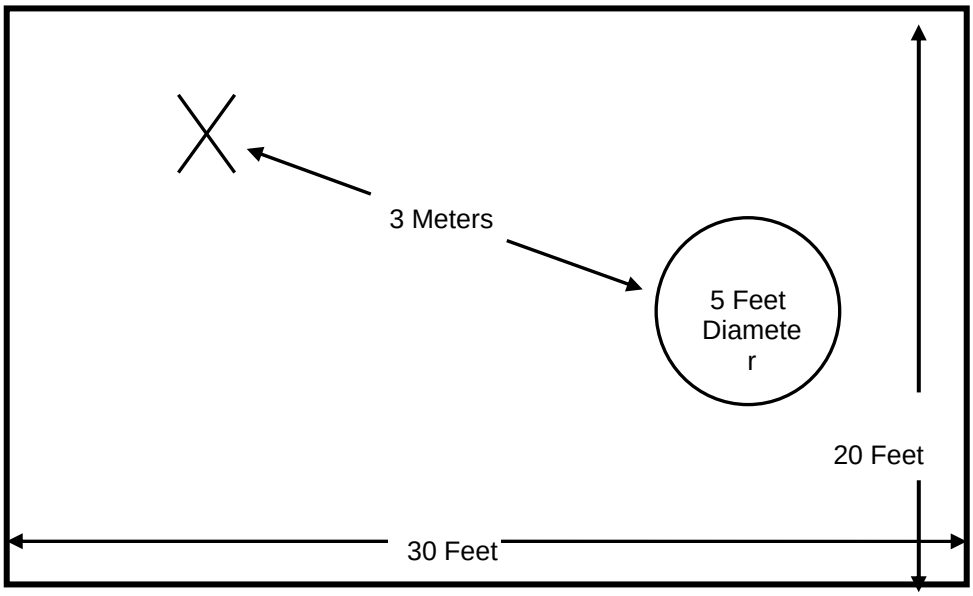

Figure 2.3-1: Semi-Anechoic Chamber Test Site

2.3.2 Open Area Tests Site (OATS)

The open area test site consists of a 40' x 66' concrete pad covered with a perforated electro-plated galvanized sheet metal. The perforations in the sheet metal are 1/8" holes that are staggered every 3/16". The individual sheets are placed to overlap each other by 1/4" and are riveted together to provide a continuous seam. Rivets are spaced every 3" in a 3 x 20 meter perimeter around the antenna mast and EUT area. Rivets in the remaining area are spaced as necessary to properly secure the ground plane and maintain the electrical continuity.

The entire ground plane extends 12' beyond the turntable edge and 16' beyond the antenna mast when set to a 10 meter measurement distance. The ground plane is grounded via 4 - 8' copper ground rods, each installed at a corner of the ground plane and bound to the ground plane using 3/4" stainless steel braided cable.

The turntable is an all aluminum 10' flush mounted table installed in an all aluminum frame. The table is remotely operated from inside the control room located 40' from the range. The turntable is electrically bonded to the surrounding ground plane via steel fingers installed on the edge of the turn table. The steel fingers make constant contact with the ground plane during operation.

Adjacent to the turntable is a 7' x 7' square and 4' deep concrete pit used for support equipment if necessary. The pit is equipped with 5 - 4" PVC chases from the pit to the control room that allow for cabling to the EUT if necessary. The underside of the turntable can be accessed from the pit so cables can be supplied to the EUT from the pit. The pit is covered with 2 sheets of 1/4" diamond style re-enforced steel sheets. The sheets are painted to match the perforated steel ground plane; however the underside edges have been masked off to maintain the electrical continuity of the ground plane. All reflecting objects are located outside of the ellipse defined in ANSI C63.4.

A diagram of the Open Area Test Site is shown in Figure 2.3-2 below:

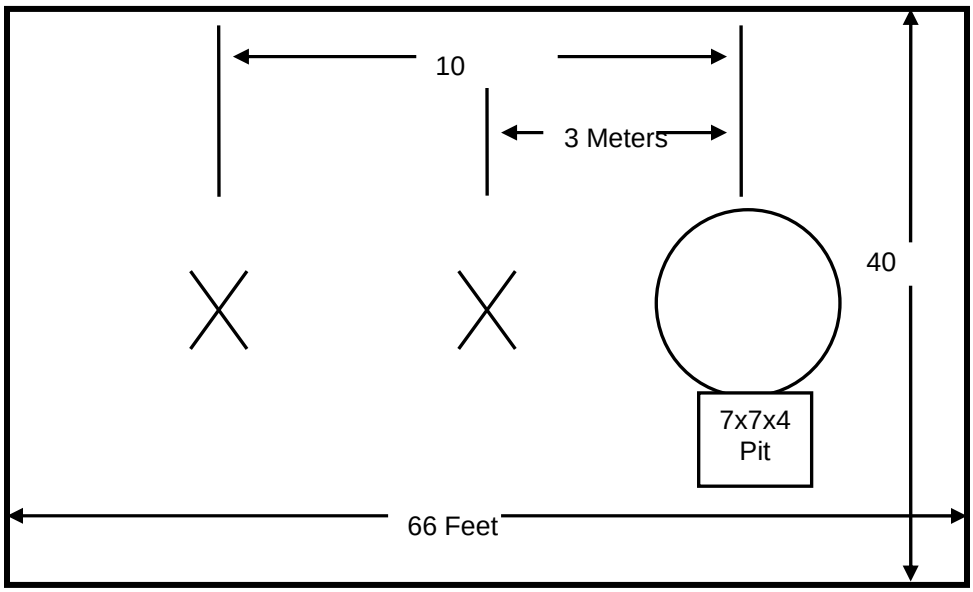

Figure 2.3-2: Open Area Test Site

2.4 Conducted Emissions Test Site Description

The AC mains conducted EMI site is located in the main EMC lab. It consists of an 8' x 8' solid aluminum horizontal group reference plane (GRP) bonded every 3" to an 8' X 8' vertical ground plane.

The site is of sufficient size to test table top and floor standing equipment in accordance with section 6.1.4 of ANSI C63.4.

A diagram of the conducted emissions test site is shown below in figure 2.4-1:

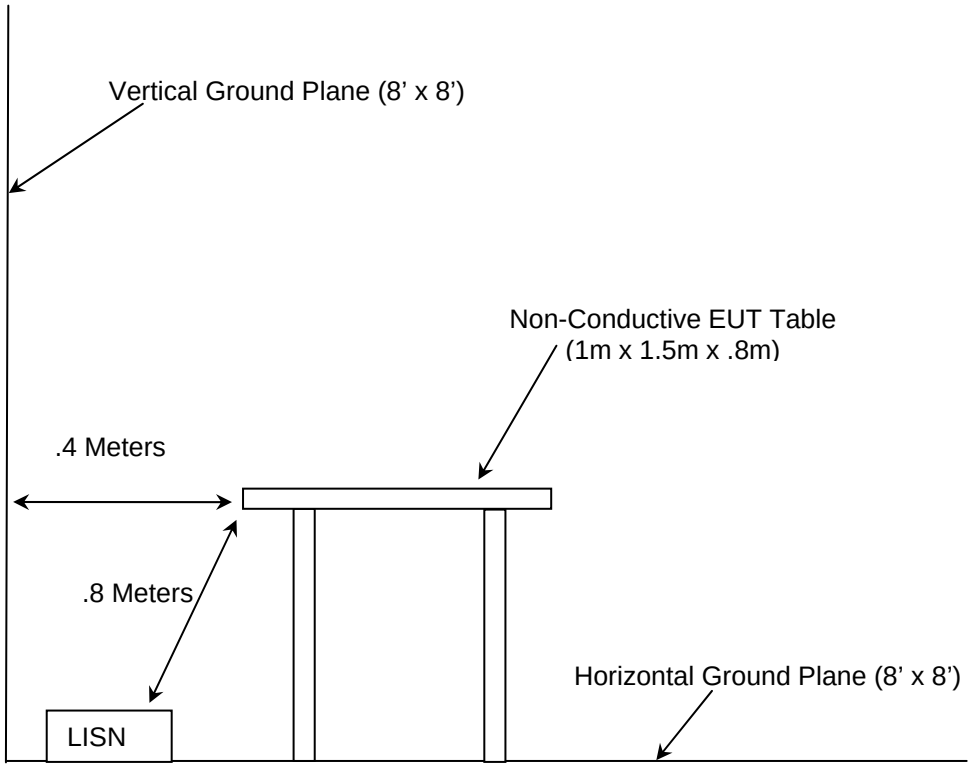

Figure 2.4-1: AC Mains Conducted EMI Site

3.0 APPLICABLE STANDARD REFERENCES

The following standards were used:

- ANSI C63.4-2003: Method of Measurements of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the 9KHz to 40GHz - 2003
- US Code of Federal Regulations (CFR): Title 47, Part 2, Subpart J: Equipment Authorization Procedures - 2010
- US Code of Federal Regulations (CFR): Title 47, Part 24, Subpart D: Personal Communication Service - 2010
- US Code of Federal Regulations (CFR): Title 47, Part 90, Subpart I: Private Land Mobile Radio Services - 2010
- US Code of Federal Regulations (CFR): Title 47, Part 101, Subpart C: Fixed Microwave Services – 2010
- TIA-603-C: Land Mobile FM or PM - Communications Equipment - Measurement and Performance Standards – 2004
- Industry Canada Radio Standards Specification: RSS-119 - Land Mobile and Fixed Radio Transmitters and Receivers Operating in the Frequency Range 27.41-960 MHz - Issue 10, April 2010
- Industry Canada Radio Standards Specification: RSS-134 - 900 MHz Narrowband Personal Communications Services - Issue 1, Revision 1, March 25, 2000

4.0 LIST OF TEST EQUIPMENT

The calibration interval of test equipment is annually or the manufacturer's recommendations. Where the calibration interval deviates from the annual cycle based on the instrument manufacturer's recommendations, it shall be stated below.

Table 4-1: Test Equipment

Equipment Calibration Information					
ACS#	**Mfg.**	**Eq. type**	**Model**	**S/N**	**Cal. Due**
1	Rohde & Schwarz	Spectrum Analyzers	ESMI - Display	833771/007	09-21-2010
2	Rohde & Schwarz	Spectrum Analyzers	ESMI-Receiver	839587/003	09-21-2010
22	Agilent	Amplifiers	8449B	3008A00526	09-21-2010
25	Chase	Antennas	CBL6111	1043	09-02-2010
30	Spectrum Technologies	Antennas	DRH-0118	970102	05-08-2010
167	ACS	Cable Set	Chamber EMI Cable Set	167	02-06-2010 (See Note1)
222	Andrew	Cables	F1-SMSM	473703-A0138A	08-14-2010 (See Note1)
267	Agilent	Power Meter	N1911A	MY45100129	11/6/2009
268	Agilent	Power Sensor	N1921A	MY45240184	11/6/2009
283	Rohde & Schwarz	Spectrum Analyzers	FSP40	1000033	09-21-2010
291	Florida RF Cables	Cables	SMRE-200W-12.0-SMRE	None	11-24-2009 (See Note1)
292	Florida RF Cables	Cables	SMR-290AW-480.0-SMR	None	11-24-2009 (See Note1)
321	Hewlett Packard	Amplifiers	HPC 8447D	1937A02809	10-06-2010
329	A.H.Systems	Antennas	SAS-571	721	08-04-2010
337	Microwave Circuits	Filters	H1G513G1	282706	07-17-2010 (See Note1)
338	Hewlett Packard	Amplifiers	8449B	3008A01111	10-16-2010
339	Aeroflex/Weinschel	Attenuators	AS-18	7142	07-02-2010 (See Note2)
349	Aeroflex/Weinschel	Attenuators	47-30-43	BU7390	12/11/2009 (See Note2)
422	Florida RF	Cables	SMS-200AW-72.0-SMR	805	02-05-2010 (See Note1)

Note1: Items characterized on an annual cycle. The date shown indicates the next characterization due date.
Note2: Items verified on an annual cycle. The date shown indicates the next verification due date.

5.0 SUPPORT EQUIPMENT

Table 5-1: Support Equipment

Diagram #	Manufacturer	Equipment Type	Model Number	Serial Number	FCC ID
1	OK Industries	DC Power Supply	PS73C	36095	NA

6.0 EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST SETUP AND BLOCK DIAGRAM

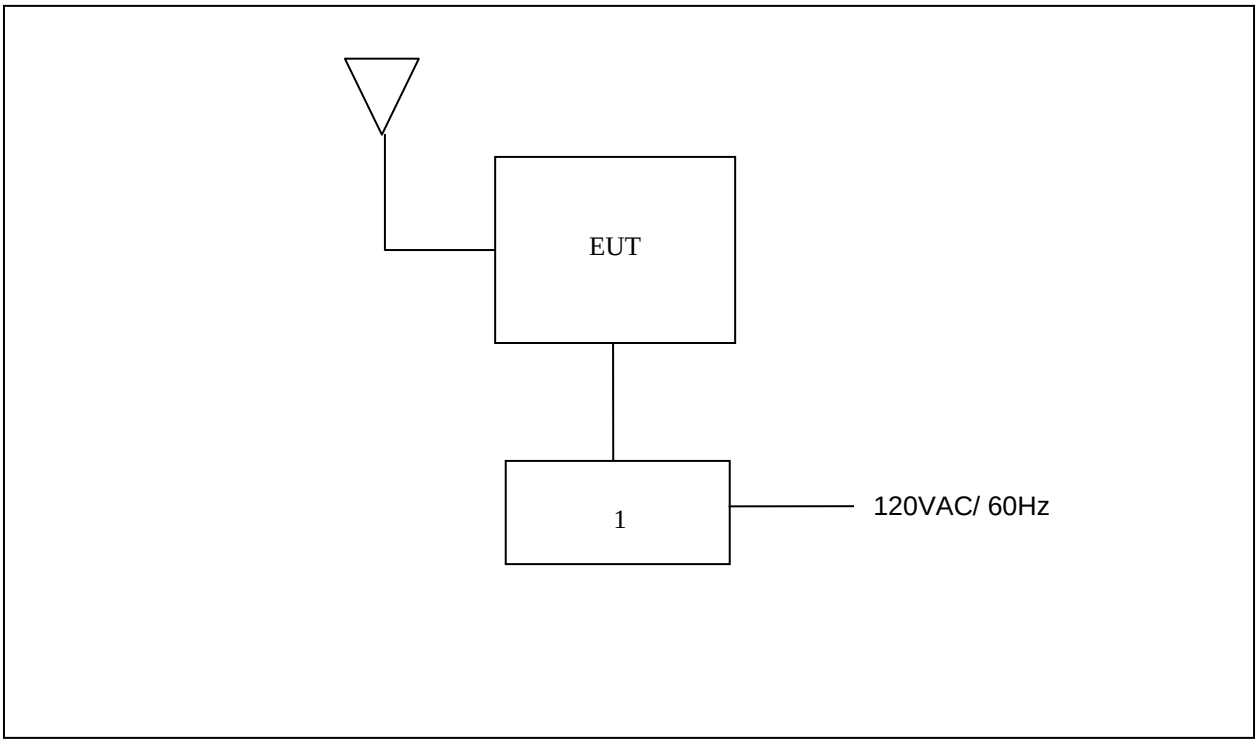

Figure 6-1: EUT Test Setup

7.0 SUMMARY OF TESTS

Along with the tabular data shown below, plots were taken of all signals deemed important enough to document.

7.1 RF Power Output

7.1.1 Measurement Procedure

The RF output of the equipment under test was directly connected to the input of the power meter through a 20 dB passive attenuator. The internal correction factors of the power meter were employed to correct for any cable or attenuator losses. Results are shown below in Table 7.1.2-1.

7.1.2 Measurement Results

Table 7.1.2-1: Peak Output Power

Frequency (MHz)	FCC Rule Part	Output Power (dBm)
940.5	Part 24	35.03
941.25	Part 101	38.50

7.2 Occupied Bandwidth (Emission Limits)

7.2.1 Measurement Procedure

The RF output of the equipment under test was directly connected to the input of the Spectrum Analyzer through a 30 dB passive attenuator. The spectrum analyzer resolution and video bandwidths were set to 300 Hz and 3 kHz respectively. The internal correction factors of the spectrum analyzer were employed to correct for any cable or attenuator losses. Results of the test are shown below for all modes of operation.

7.2.2 Measurement Results

Part 24.133 a(1), a(2), IC RSS-134 6.3(i), (ii)

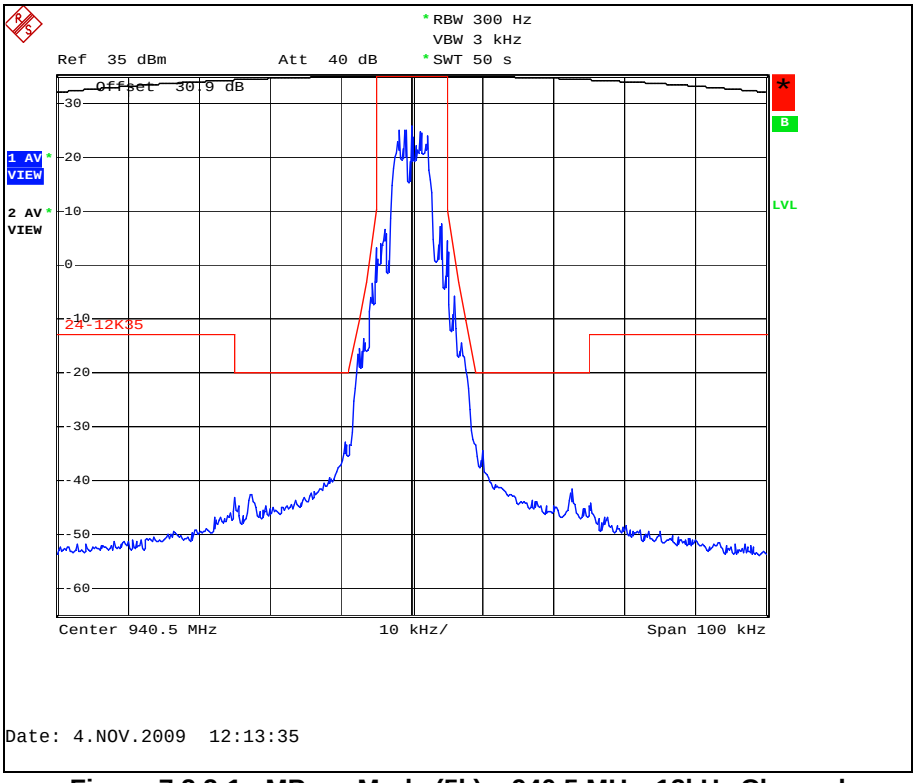

Figure 7.2.2-1: MPass Mode (5k) – 940.5 MHz, 12kHz Channel

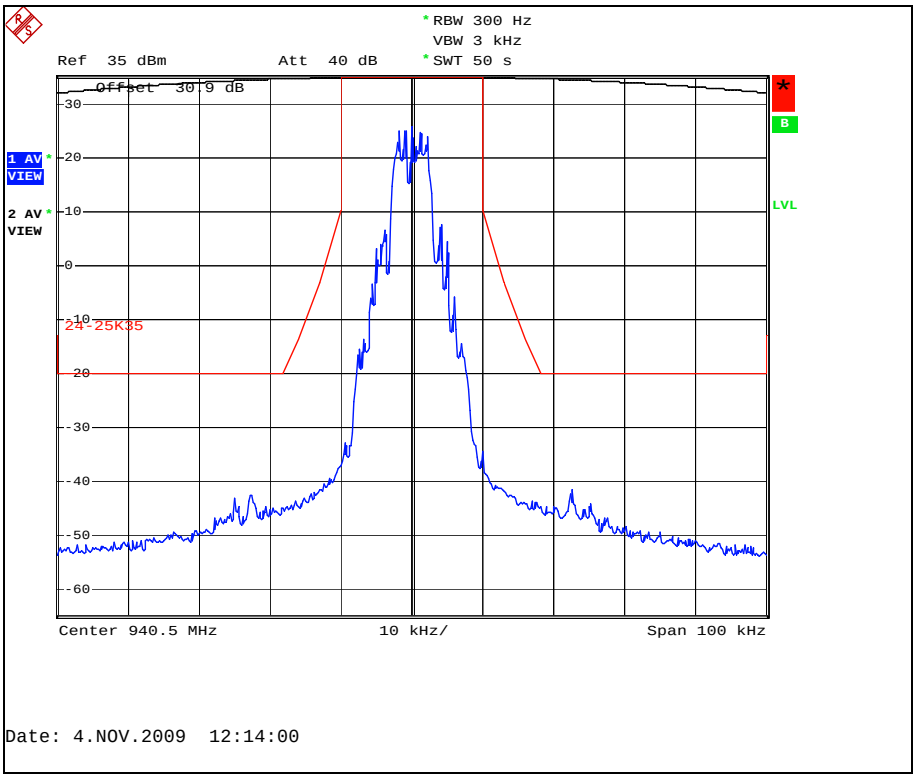

Figure 7.2.2-2: MPass Mode (5k) – 940.5 MHz, 25kHz Channel

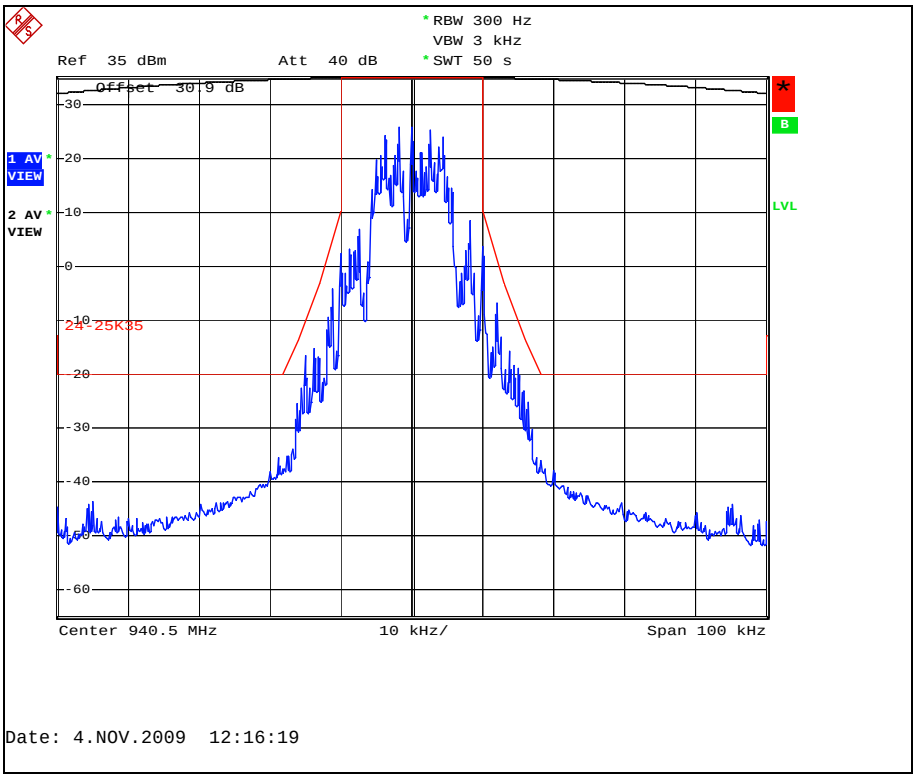

Figure 7.2.2-3: MPass Mode (10k) – 940.5 MHz, 25kHz Channel

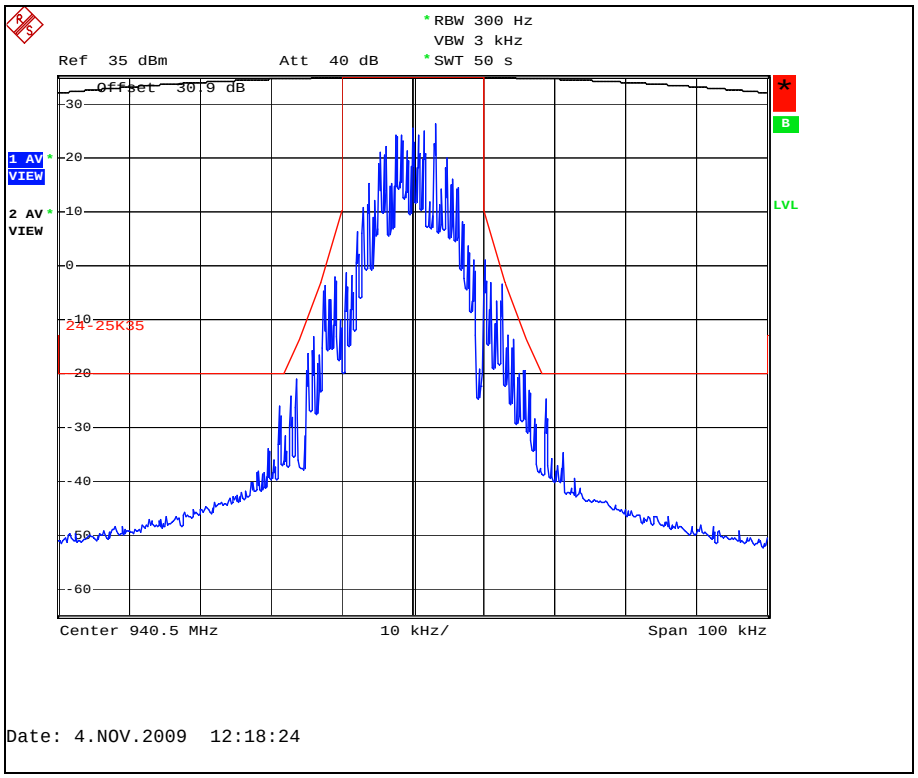

Figure 7.2.2-4: MPass Mode (12k) – 940.5 MHz, 25kHz Channel

Part 101.111 a(6), RSS-119 5.8.6*

*** FCC Part 101.111a(6) provides worst case**

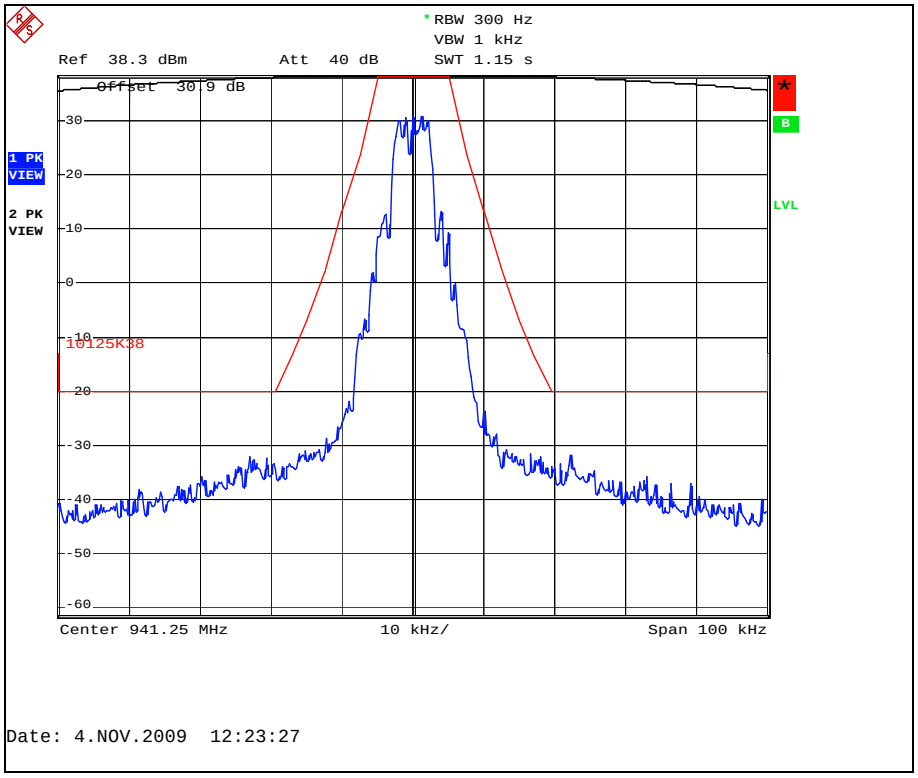

Figure 7.2.2-5: MPass Mode (5k) – 941.25 MHz

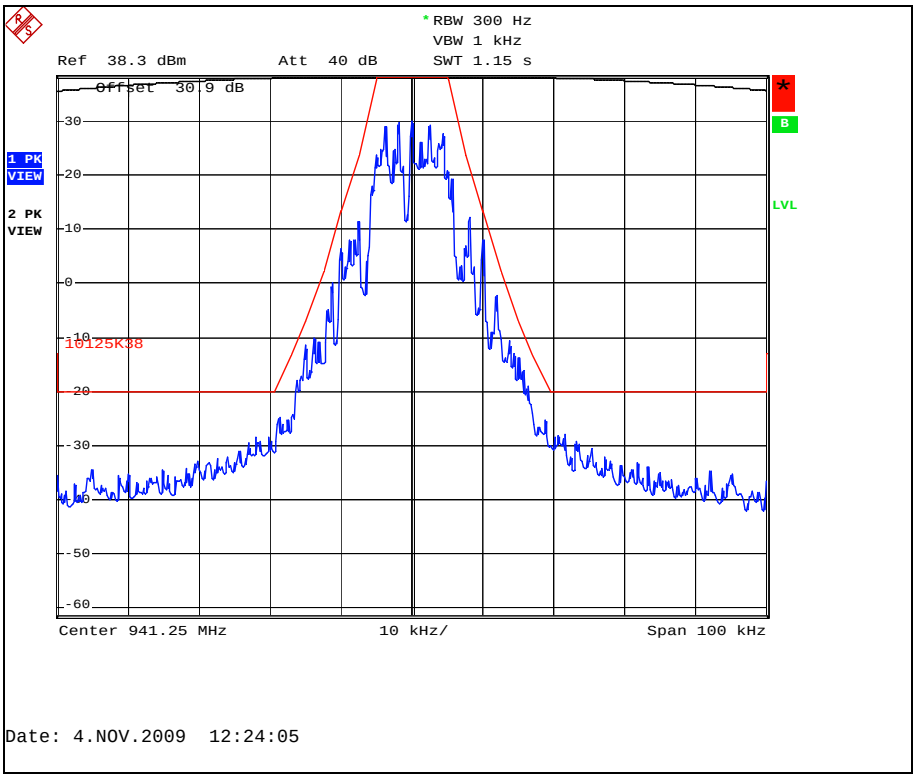

Figure 7.2.2-6: MPass Mode (10k) – 941.25 MHz

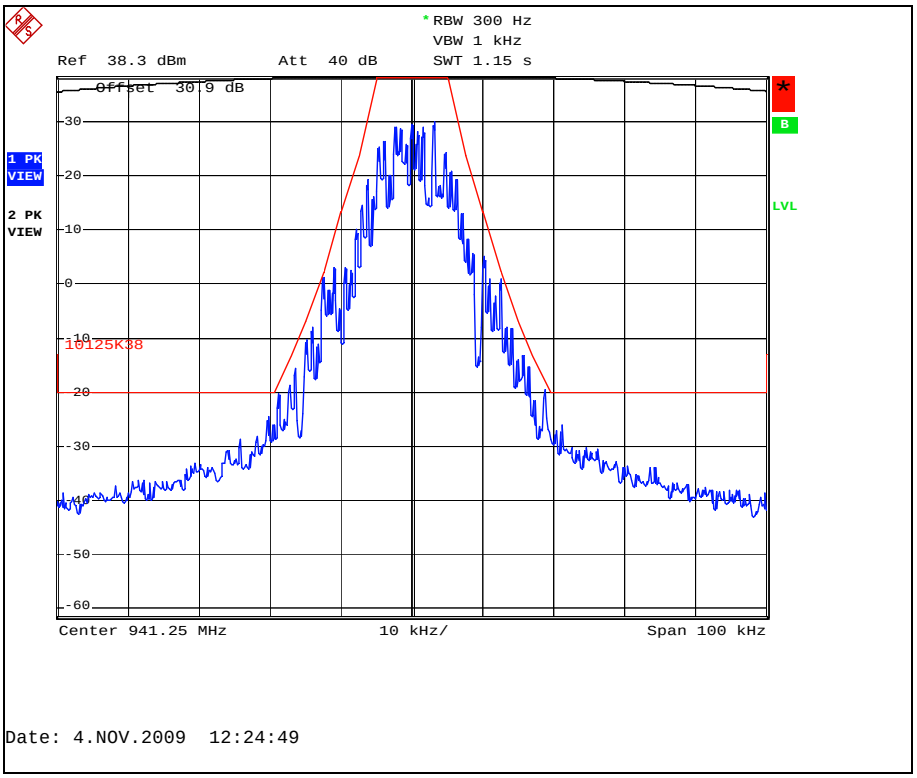

Figure 7.2.2-7: MPass Mode (12k) – 941.25 MHz

7.3 Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals

7.3.1 Measurement Procedure

The RF output of the equipment under test was directly connected to the input of the Spectrum Analyzer through a 30 dB passive attenuator for measurements below 1000 MHz. A high pass filter was used for measurements above 1000 MHz. The spectrum analyzer resolution bandwidth was set to 100 kHz below 1000 MHz and 1 MHz above 1000 MHz. The internal correction factors of the spectrum analyzer were employed to correct for any cable or attenuator losses. The spectrum was investigated in accordance to CFR 47 Part 2.1057.

The EUT was evaluated for all modulation modes with the worst case presented in section 7.3.2 below.

7.3.2 Measurement Results

Part 24.133 a(1), a(2), IC RSS-134 6.3(i), (ii)

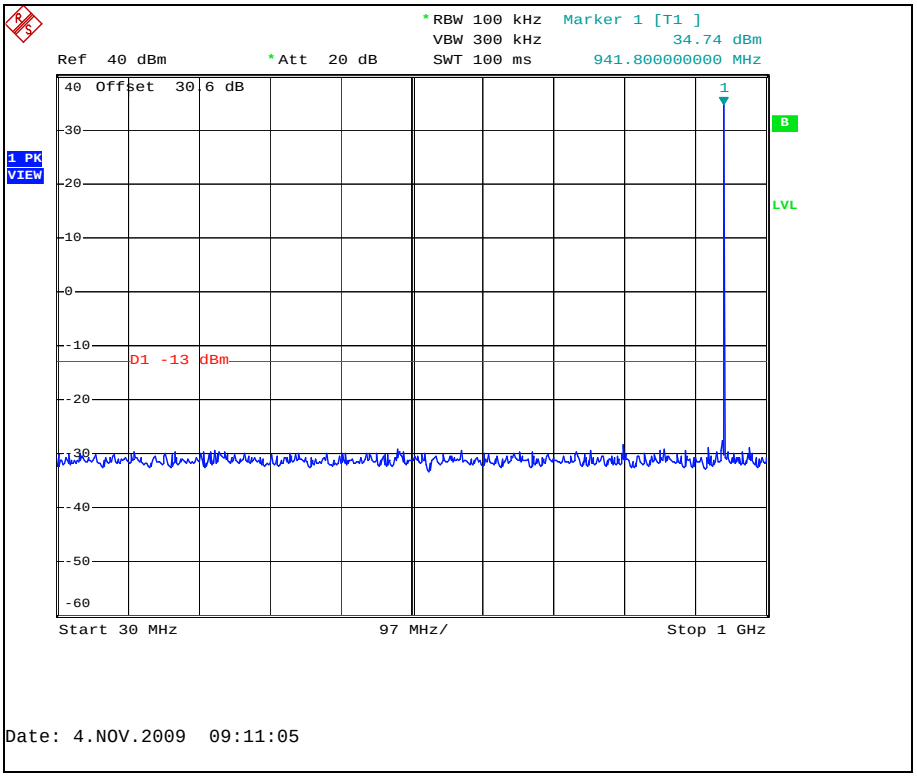

Figure 7.3.2-1: 940.5 MHz – 30MHz to 1GHz

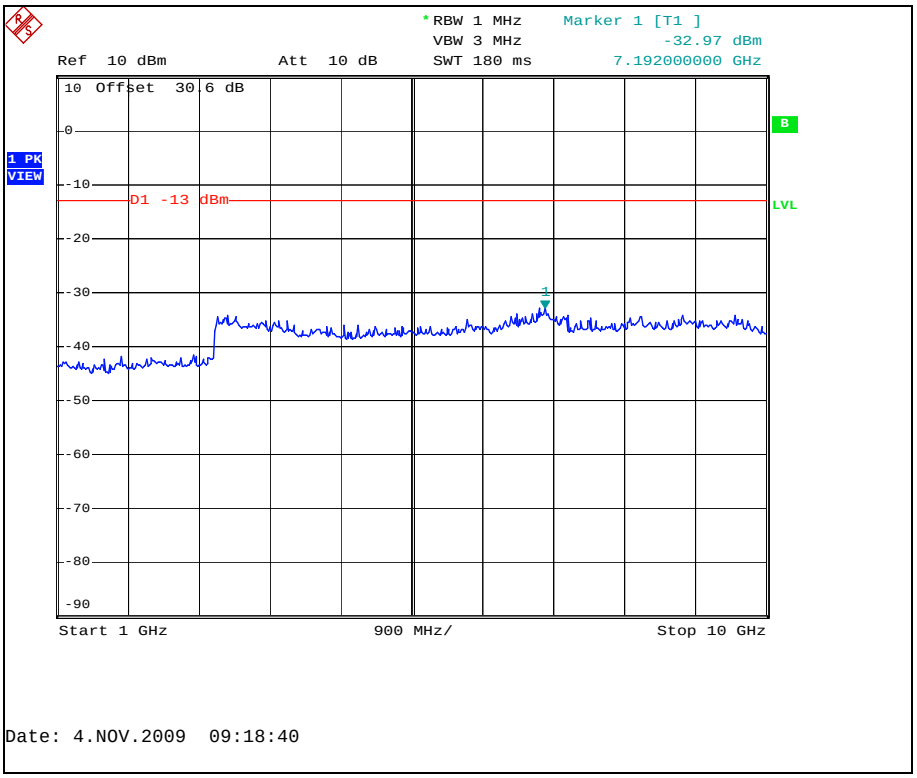

Figure 7.3.2-2: 940.5 MHz – 1GHz to 10GHz

Part 101.111 a(6), RSS-119 5.8.6

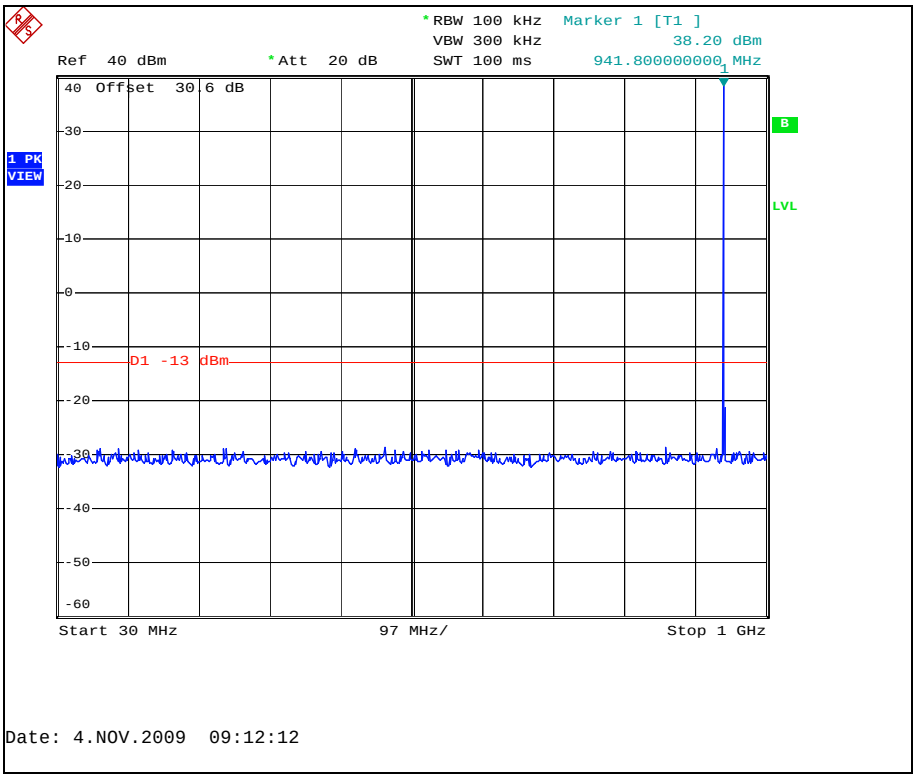

Figure 7.3.2-3: 941.25 MHz – 30MHz to 1GHz

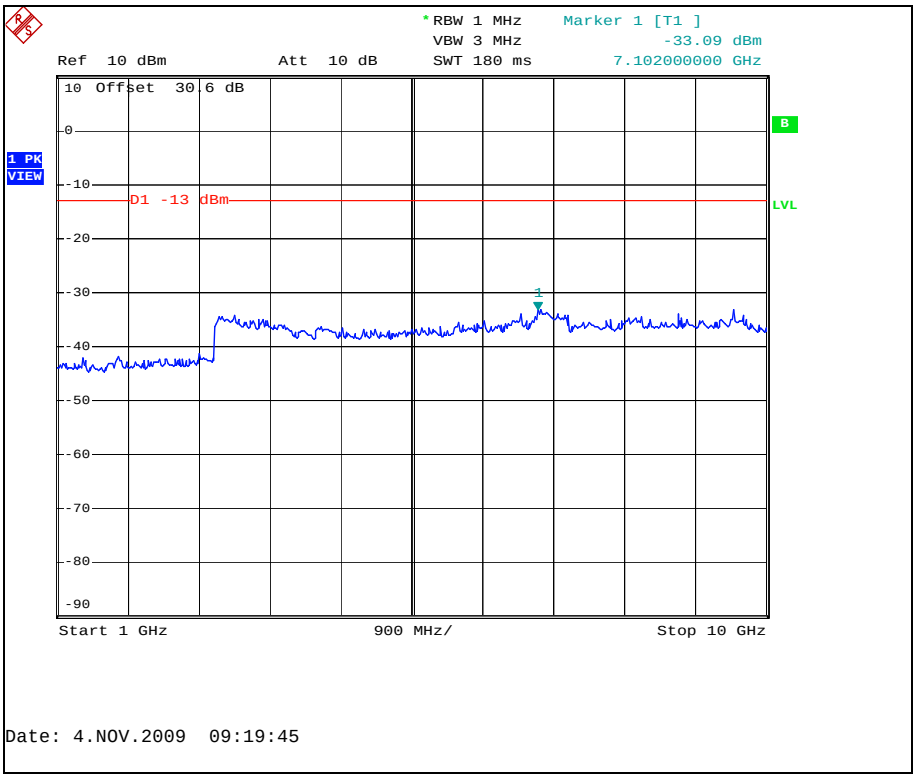

Figure 7.3.2-4: 941.25 MHz – 1GHz to 10GHz

7.4 Field Strength of Spurious Emissions

7.4.1 Measurement Procedure

The equipment under test is placed in the Semi-Anechoic Chamber (described in section 2.3.1) on a wooden table at the turntable center. For each spurious emission, the antenna mast is raised and lowered from one (1) to four (4) meters and the turntable is rotated 360º and the maximum reading on the spectrum analyzer is recorded. This was repeated for both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the receive antenna.

The equipment under test is then replaced with a substitution antenna fed by a signal generator. The signal generator's frequency is set to that of the spurious emission recorded from the equipment under test. The antenna mast is raised and lowered from one (1) to four (4) meters to obtain a maximum reading on the spectrum analyzer. The output of the signal generator is then adjusted until the reading on the spectrum analyzer matches that obtained from the equipment under test. The signal generator level is recorded. The power in dBm of each spurious emission is calculated by correcting the signal generator level for the cable loss and gain of the substitution antenna referenced to a dipole. The spectrum was investigated in accordance to CFR 47 Part 2.1057.

Data was collected at frequencies according to Section 1.3.2. Results of the test are shown below. The magnitude of all spurious emissions not reported were attenuated below the noise floor of the measurement system and therefore not specified in this report.

The EUT was evaluated for all modulation modes with the worst case presented in section 7.4.2 below.

7.4.2 Measurement Results

Part 24.133 a(1), a(2), IC RSS-134 6.3(i), (ii)

Table 7.4.2-1: Field Strength of Spurious Emissions – 940.5 MHz

Frequency (MHz)	Spectrum Analyzer Level (dBm)	Generator Level (dBm)	Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Correction Factors (dB)	Corrected Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
1881	-56.33	-57.20	H	4.64	-52.56	-13.00	39.56
1881	-54.69	-58.9	V	4.64	-54.26	-13.00	41.26
2821.5	-31.31	-26.9	H	5.48	-21.42	-13.00	8.42
2821.5	-31.13	-26.8	V	5.48	-21.32	-13.00	8.32
3762	-34.26	-27	H	6.24	-20.76	-13.00	7.76
3762	-40.02	-32.1	V	6.24	-25.86	-13.00	12.86
4702.5	-49.84	-41.6	H	6.55	-35.05	-13.00	22.05
4702.5	-57.23	-51.1	V	6.55	-44.55	-13.00	31.55
5643	-44.26	-32.6	H	6.59	-26.01	-13.00	13.01
5643	-50.94	-40.6	V	6.59	-34.01	-13.00	21.01
6583.5	-56.42	-43.5	H	6.15	-37.35	-13.00	24.35
7524	-55.25	-41.4	H	6.19	-35.21	-13.00	22.21
7524	-57.67	-43.6	V	6.19	-37.41	-13.00	24.41
8464.5	-58.63	-46.9	H	6.52	-40.38	-13.00	27.38

***** *The magnitude of all emissions not reported was below the noise floor of the measurement system.*

.

Part 101.111 a(6), RSS-119 5.8.6

Table 7.4.2-2: Field Strength of Spurious Emissions – 941.25MHz

Frequency (MHz)	Spectrum Analyzer Level (dBm)	Generator Level (dBm)	Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Correction Factors (dB)	Corrected Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
1882.5	-54.09	-54.90	H	4.64	-50.26	-13.00	37.26
1882.5	-53.71	-53.6	V	4.64	-48.96	-13.00	35.96
2823.75	-27.92	-23.34	H	5.48	-17.86	-13.00	4.86
2823.75	-30.08	-24.3	V	5.48	-18.82	-13.00	5.82
3765	-32.26	-24.9	H	6.24	-18.66	-13.00	5.66
3765	-39.98	-32.3	V	6.24	-26.06	-13.00	13.06
4706.25	-53.94	-45.8	H	6.54	-39.26	-13.00	26.26
4706.25	-58.63	-53.3	V	6.54	-46.76	-13.00	33.76
5647.5	-42.54	-30.6	H	6.59	-24.01	-13.00	11.01
5647.5	-53.2	-42.3	V	6.59	-35.71	-13.00	22.71
6588.75	-55.26	-41.4	H	6.15	-35.25	-13.00	22.25
6588.75	-59.71	-45.9	V	6.15	-39.75	-13.00	26.75
7530	-53.89	-38.8	H	6.19	-32.61	-13.00	19.61
7530	-56.38	-42.9	V	6.19	-36.71	-13.00	23.71

***** *The magnitude of all emissions not reported was below the noise floor of the measurement system.*

7.5 Frequency Stability

7.5.1 Measurement Procedure

The equipment under test is placed inside an environmental chamber. The RF output is directly coupled to the input of the measurement equipment via a 30 dB attenuator and a power supply is attached to the primary supply voltage.

Frequency measurements were made at the extremes of the of temperature range -30º C to +50º C and at intervals of 10º C at normal supply voltage. A period of time sufficient to stabilize all components of the equipment was allowed at each frequency measurement. At a temperature 20º C the supply voltage was varied to 85% and 115% of the nominal supply voltage. The maximum variation of frequency was recorded.

Data was collected at a single frequency within the frequency band of operation (940 – 941.5 MHz) with the most stringent limit (1ppm) from both rule parts applied.

7.5.2 Measurement Results

PART 24.135, IC RSS-134 (7) & PART 101.107, RSS-119 5.3

Frequency Stability

Frequency (MHz): 940.9875
Deviation Limit (PPM): 1ppm

Temperature	Frequency	Frequency Error	Voltage	Voltage
C	MHz	(PPM)	(%)	(VDC)
-30 C	**940.986800**	**-0.744**	100%	13.20
-20 C	**940.986940**	**-0.595**	100%	13.20
-10 C	**940.987200**	**-0.319**	100%	13.20
0 C	**940.987080**	**-0.446**	100%	13.20
10 C	**940.987300**	**-0.213**	100%	13.20
20 C	**940.987516**	**0.017**	100%	13.20
30 C	**940.987584**	**0.089**	100%	13.20
40 C	**940.987540**	**0.043**	100%	13.20
50 C	**940.987524**	**0.026**	100%	13.20
20 C	**940.987536**	**0.038**	85%	11.220
20 C	**940.987540**	**0.043**	115%	15.180

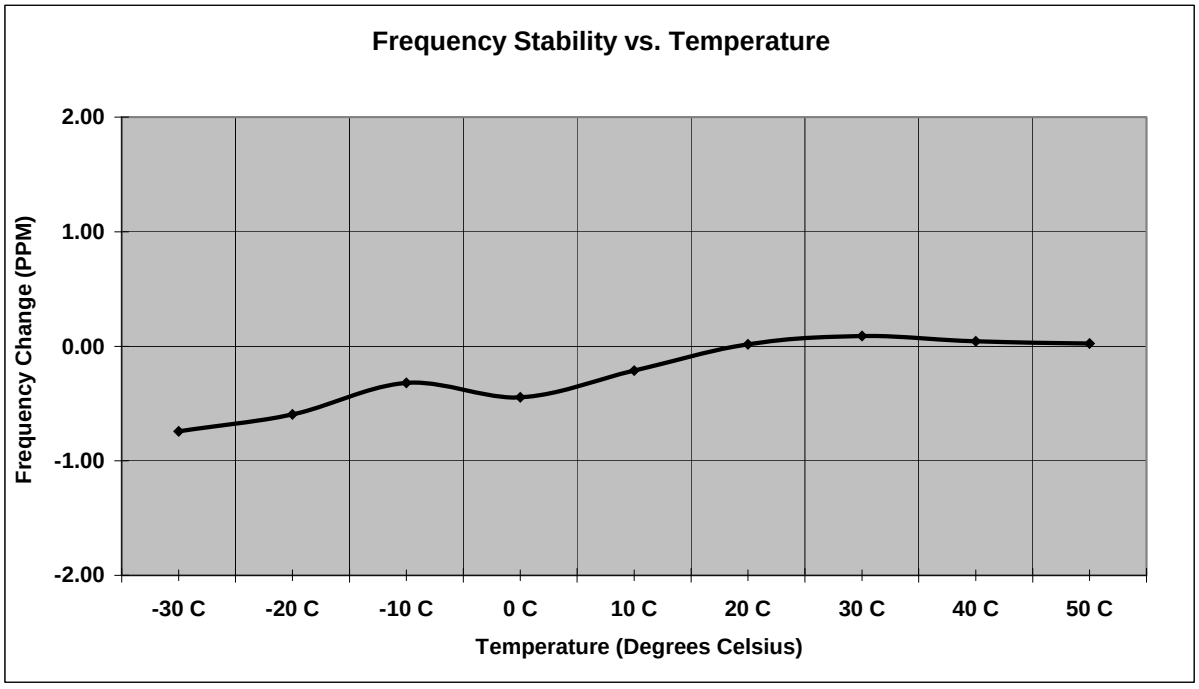

Figure 7.5.2-1: Frequency Stability – 940.9875MHz

7.6 Radiated Emissions (Unintentional Radiators/Receiver)

7.6.1 Measurement Procedure

Radiated emissions tests were performed over the frequency range of 30MHz to 5GHz. Measurements of the radiated field strength were made at a distance of 3m from the boundary of the equipment under test (EUT) and the receiving antenna. The antenna height was varied from 1m to 4m so that the maximum radiated emissions level would be detected. Radiated measurements above 30MHz and below 1GHz were made with the Spectrum Analyzer's resolution bandwidth set to 120 KHz using a Quasi-peak detector. Above 1GHz, peak and average measurements are taken with the RBW and VBW were set to 1MHz and 3MHz respectively. This was repeated for both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the receive antenna.

The field strength of each radiated emission is calculated by correcting the EMI receiver level for cable loss, amplifier gain, and antenna correction factors.

Field Strength (dBuV/m) = EMI Receiver Level (dBuV) + Cable Loss (dB) – Amplifier Gain (dB) + Antenna Correction Factor (1/m)

Results of the test are shown below in Table 7.6.2-1 and Table 7.6.2-1.

7.6.2 Measurement Results

Part 15.109, IC RSS-Gen (6)

Table 7.6.2-1: Radiated Emissions Tabulated Data – Model 4500-MAS

Frequency (MHz)	Level (dBuV)		Antenna Polarity	Correction Factors	Corrected Level (dBuV/m)		Limit (dBuV/m)		Margin (dB)	
	pk	Qpk/Avg	(H/V)	(dB)	pk	Qpk/Avg	pk	Qpk/Avg	pk	Qpk/Avg
38.6	---------	51.11	V	-12.53	---------	38.58	--------	40.0	---------	1.42
136.466	---------	46.67	V	-12.56	---------	34.11	--------	43.5	---------	9.39
239.976	---------	50.40	V	-12.50	---------	37.90	--------	46.0	---------	8.10
243.933	---------	44.43	V	-12.26	---------	32.17	--------	46.0	---------	13.83
264.099	---------	50.35	V	-11.50	---------	38.85	--------	46.0	---------	7.15
479.306	---------	44.74	H	-5.61	---------	39.13	--------	46.0	---------	6.87

Note: Measurements taken above 479.3 MHz were below the noise floor of the measurement equipment.

Table 7.6.2-2: Radiated Emissions Tabulated Data – Model 4500-PCS

Frequency (MHz)	Level (dBuV)		Antenna Polarity	Correction Factors	Corrected Level (dBuV/m)		Limit (dBuV/m)		Margin (dB)	
	pk	Qpk/Avg	(H/V)	(dB)	pk	Qpk/Avg	pk	Qpk/Avg	pk	Qpk/Avg
34.122	---------	45.20	V	-10.31	---------	34.89	--------	40.0	---------	5.11
83.133	---------	53.98	V	-17.65	---------	36.33	--------	40.0	---------	3.67
90	---------	52.81	V	-15.50	---------	37.31	--------	43.5	---------	6.19
240	---------	57.33	V	-12.50	---------	44.83	--------	46.0	---------	1.17
245	---------	51.59	V	-12.20	---------	39.39	--------	46.0	---------	6.61
254.322	---------	53.45	V	-11.73	---------	41.72	--------	46.0	---------	4.28
1070	49.61	34.40	H	-10.27	39.34	24.13	74.0	54.0	34.66	29.87

Note: Measurements taken above 1070 MHz were below the noise floor of the measurement equipment.

8.0 CONCLUSION

In the opinion of ACS, Inc. the models 4500- MAS and 4500- PCS, manufactured by Sensus Metering Systems, meet all the requirements of FCC Part 24, and 101 as well as IC RSS-119 and RSS-134 as applicable.

End Report