APPENDIX I RADIO FREQUENCY EXPOSURE

LIMIT

According to §15.247(i), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess of the Commission's guidelines. See § 1.1307(b)(1) of this chapter.

Date of Issue: November 26, 2009

EUT Specification

EUT	802.11b/g /n USB Adapter	
Frequency band (Operating)	 ✓ WLAN: 2.412GHz ~ 2.462GHz ✓ WLAN: 5.18GHz ~ 5.32GHz / 5.50GHz ~ 5.70GHz ✓ WLAN: 5.745GHz ~ 5.825GHz ✓ Others 	
Device category	Portable (<20cm separation) Mobile (>20cm separation) Others	
Exposure classification	☐ Occupational/Controlled exposure (S = 5mW/cm²) ☐ General Population/Uncontrolled exposure (S=1mW/cm²)	
Antenna diversity	Single antenna Multiple antennas Tx diversity Rx diversity Tx/Rx diversity	
Max. output power	For Omni Antenna IEEE 802.11b mode: 13.57 dBm (22.75mW) IEEE 802.11g mode: 18.36 dBm (68.55mW) draft 802.11n Standard-20 MHz Channel mode: 17.55 dBm (56.89mW) draft 802.11n Wide-40 MHz Channel mode: 16.41 dBm (43.75mW)	
Antenna gain (Max)	Omni Antenna / Gain: 10dBi (Numeric gain: 10)	
Evaluation applied		
Remark:		
1. The maximum output pov	ver is <u>18.36dBm (68.55mW) at 2412MHz (with 10 numeric antenna gain.</u>)	
2. DTS device is not subject to routine RF evaluation; MPE estimate is used to justify the compliance.		

3. For mobile or fixed location transmitters, no SAR consideration applied. The maximum power density is 1.0

mW/cm2 even if the calculation indicates that the power density would be larger.

TEST RESULTS

No non-compliance noted.

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Calculation

$$E = \frac{\sqrt{30 \times P \times G}}{d} \& S = \frac{E^2}{3770}$$

Where E = Field strength in Volts / meter

P = Power in Watts

G = Numeric antenna gain

d = Distance in meters

S = Power density in milliwatts / square centimeter

Combining equations and re-arranging the terms to express the distance as a function of the remaining variables yields:

$$S = \frac{30 \times P \times G}{3770d^2}$$

Changing to units of mW and cm, using:

$$P(mW) = P(W) / 1000 \text{ and}$$

$$d(cm) = d(m) / 100$$

Yields

$$S = \frac{30 \times (P/1000) \times G}{3770 \times (d/100)^2} = 0.0796 \times \frac{P \times G}{d^2}$$
 Equation 1

Where

d = Distance in cm

P = Power in mW

G = Numeric antenna gain

 $S = Power\ density\ in\ mW/cm^2$

Maximum Permissible Exposure

EUT output power = 68.55mW

Numeric Antenna gain = 10

Substituting the MPE safe distance using d = 20 cm into Equation 1:

Yields

$$S = 0.000199 \times P \times G$$

Where P = Power in mW

G = Numeric antenna gain

 $S = Power\ density\ in\ mW/cm^2$

$$\rightarrow$$
 Power density = 0.1364 mW/cm²

(For mobile or fixed location transmitters, the maximum power density is 1.0 mW/cm² even if the calculation indicates that the power density would be larger.)

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EUT Specification

EUT	802.11b/g /n USB Adapter
Frequency band (Operating)	 \Box WLAN: 2.412GHz ~ 2.462GHz \Box WLAN: 5.18GHz ~ 5.32GHz / 5.50GHz ~ 5.70GHz \Box WLAN: 5.745GHz ~ 5.825GHz \Box Others
Device category	☐ Portable (<20cm separation) ☐ Mobile (>20cm separation) ☐ Others
Exposure classification	☐ Occupational/Controlled exposure (S = 5mW/cm²) ☐ General Population/Uncontrolled exposure (S=1mW/cm²)
Antenna diversity	 Single antenna Multiple antennas ☐ Tx diversity ☐ Rx diversity ☐ Tx/Rx diversity
Max. output power	For Patch Antenna IEEE 802.11b mode: 14.26 dBm (26.67mW) IEEE 802.11g mode: 19.39 dBm (86.90mW) draft 802.11n Standard-20 MHz Channel mode: 18.81 dBm (76.03mW) draft 802.11n Wide-40 MHz Channel mode: 17.76 dBm (59.70mW)
Antenna gain (Max)	Patch Antenna / Gain: 10dBi (Numeric gain: 10)
Evaluation applied	
 DTS device is not subject For mobile or fixed locat 	wer is <u>19.39dBm (86.90mW) at 2437MHz (with 10 numeric antenna gain.)</u> to routine RF evaluation; MPE estimate is used to justify the compliance. tion transmitters, no SAR consideration applied. The maximum power density is 1.0
mW/cm2 even if the calcu	ulation indicates that the power density would be larger

TEST RESULTS

No non-compliance noted.

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Calculation

$$E = \frac{\sqrt{30 \times P \times G}}{d} \& S = \frac{E^2}{3770}$$

Where E = Field strength in Volts / meter

P = Power in Watts

G = Numeric antenna gain

d = Distance in meters

S = Power density in milliwatts / square centimeter

Combining equations and re-arranging the terms to express the distance as a function of the remaining variables yields:

$$S = \frac{30 \times P \times G}{3770d^2}$$

Changing to units of mW and cm, using:

$$P(mW) = P(W) / 1000 \text{ and}$$

$$d(cm) = d(m) / 100$$

Yields

$$S = \frac{30 \times (P/1000) \times G}{3770 \times (d/100)^2} = 0.0796 \times \frac{P \times G}{d^2}$$
 Equation 1

Where

d = Distance in cm

P = Power in mW

G = Numeric antenna gain

 $S = Power\ density\ in\ mW/cm^2$

Maximum Permissible Exposure

EUT output power = 86.90mW

Numeric Antenna gain = 10

Substituting the MPE safe distance using d = 20 cm into Equation 1:

Yields

$$S = 0.000199 \times P \times G$$

Where P = Power in mW

G = Numeric antenna gain

 $S = Power\ density\ in\ mW/cm^2$

$$\rightarrow$$
 Power density = 0.1729 mW/cm²

(For mobile or fixed location transmitters, the maximum power density is 1.0 mW/cm² even if the calculation indicates that the power density would be larger.)

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EUT Specification

EUT	802.11b/g /n USB Adapter
Frequency band (Operating)	 \MULAN: 2.412GHz ~ 2.462GHz \mu WLAN: 5.18GHz ~ 5.32GHz / 5.50GHz ~ 5.70GHz \mu WLAN: 5.745GHz ~ 5.825GHz \mu Others
Device category	✓ Portable (<20cm separation)✓ Mobile (>20cm separation)✓ Others
Exposure classification	☐ Occupational/Controlled exposure (S = 5mW/cm²) ☐ General Population/Uncontrolled exposure (S=1mW/cm²)
Antenna diversity	
Max. output power	For Chip Antenna IEEE 802.11b mode: 14.75 dBm (29.85mW) IEEE 802.11g mode: 18.36 dBm (68.55mW) draft 802.11n Standard-20 MHz Channel mode: 17.39 dBm (54.83mW) draft 802.11n Wide-40 MHz Channel mode: 16.70 dBm (46.77mW)
Antenna gain (Max)	Chip Antenna / Gain: 0.5 dBi (Numeric gain: 1.12)
Evaluation applied	
2. DTS device is not subject	ver is 18.36dBm (68.55mW) at 2412MHz (with 1.12numeric antenna gain.) to routine RF evaluation; MPE estimate is used to justify the compliance.

3. For mobile or fixed location transmitters, no SAR consideration applied. The maximum power density is 1.0 mW/cm2 even if the calculation indicates that the power density would be larger.

TEST RESULTS

No non-compliance noted.

Remark: Please refer to the separated SAR report.

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