



SAR EVALUATION REPORT

FCC 47 CFR § 2.1093 IEEE Std. 1528-2013

For **Headphone**

FCC ID: SBVRM049

MODEL NUMBER: S49

Report Number: 4791057978-SAR-1

Issue Date: Jan. 6, 2024

Prepared for Sonos, Inc.
301 COROMAR DR. GOLETA, California 93117 United States

Prepared by

UL Verification Services (Guangzhou) Co., Ltd, Song Shan Lake Branch Building 10, Innovation Technology Park, No. 1, Li Bin Road, Song Shan Lake Hi-Tech Development Zone Dongguan, People's Republic of China

> Tel: +86 769 22038881 Fax: +86 769 33244054 Website: www.ul.com



Page 2 of 34

Revision History

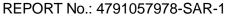
Rev.	Date	Revisions	Revised By
V1.0	Jan. 6, 2024	Initial Issue	\

- 1. The Measurement result for the sample received is<Pass> according to < < IEEE Std. 1528> when <Accuracy Method> decision rule is applied.
- 2. This report is only published to and used by the applicant, and it is not for evidence purpose in China.



Table of Contents

1.	Attestation of Test Results	5
2.	Test Specification, Methods and Procedures	6
3.	Facilities and Accreditation	7
4.	SAR Measurement System & Test Equipment	8
4.1	SAR Measurement System	8
4.2		
4.3		
5.	Measurement Uncertainty	12
6.	Device Under Test (DUT) Information	13
6.1	DUT Description	13
6.2	,	
7.	Conducted Output Power Measurement and tune-up tolerance	14
7.1	Power measurement result of 2.4G Wi-Fi	14
7.2		
7.3	R. Power measurement result of Bluetooth	18
7.4	l. Duty Cycle	19
8.	Test Configuration	21
8.1	- 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	
8.2		
_	3.2.1. Initial Test Position Procedure	
	3.2.2. Initial Test Configuration Procedure	
	3.2.3. Sub Test Configuration Procedure	
8	3.2.4. 2.4GHz Wi-Fi SAR Test Procedures	22
9.	RF Exposure Conditions	23
9.1	. Antenna location map	23
10.	SAR Test Configuration	24
11.	Dielectric Property Measurements & System Check	25
11.	·	
11.		
12.	Measured and Reported (Scaled) SAR Results	28
13.	Measured SAR Results	29
13.		
13.		
13.		
	D 0 10-	





Page 4 of 34

14. Si	imultaneous Transmission SAR Analysis	34
14.1.	Simultaneous Transmission calculation	34
Appendi	lixes	35
	057978-SAR-1_App A Photo	
	057978-SAR-1_App B System Check Plots	
	057978-SAR-1_App C Highest Test Plots	
	057978-SAR-1 App D Cal. Certificates	



Page 5 of 34

1. Attestation of Test Results

Applicant Name	SONOS, INC.						
Address	301 COROMAR DR. GOLETA, California 93117 United States						
Manufacturer	SONOS, INC.						
Address	301 COROMAR DR. GO	LETA, Califo	ornia 93117 Un	ited States			
EUT Name	Headphone						
Model	S49						
Sample Status	Normal						
Sample Received Date	Dec. 4, 2023						
Date of Tested	Dec. 29, 2023						
Applicable Standards FCC 47 CFR § 2.1093 IEEE Std. 1528-2013 KDB publication							
	SAR Limits (W	/Kg)					
Exposure Category	Peak spatial-average (1g of tissue)		Extremities (hands, wrists, ankles, etc.) (10g of tissue)				
General population / Uncontrolled exposure	1.6		4				
	The Highest Reported	SAR (W/kg)					
DE Experime Conditions		Equipm	ent Class				
RF Exposure Conditions	DTS		NII	DSS			
Head 1-g (0mm)	0.794	1.	146	0.076			
Simultaneous Transmission (1-g)		1.	222				
Test Results		F	ass				
Prepared By:	Reviewed By: Approved By:						
Burt Hu	Donny Grany Lephenbus						
Burt Hu Laboratory Engineer	Denny Huang Senior Project Engineer						



Page 6 of 34

2. Test Specification, Methods and Procedures

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with IEEE Std.1528-2013, the following FCC Published RF exposure KDB procedures:

- o 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance
- o 690783 D01 SAR Listings on Grants
- 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz
- o 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting



Page 7 of 34

3. Facilities and Accreditation

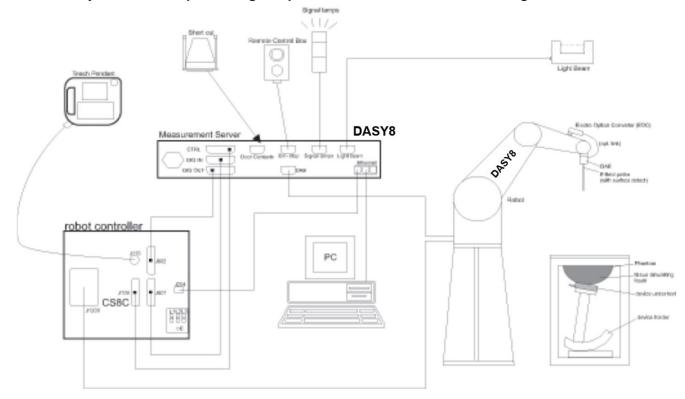
Test Location	UL Verification Services (Guangzhou) Co., Ltd. Song Shan Lake Branch.
Address	Building 10, Innovation Technology Park, Song Shan Lake Hi-tech Development Zone, Dongguan, 523808, China
Accreditation Certificate	A2LA (Certificate No.: 4102.01) UL Verification Services (Guangzhou) Co., Ltd. Song Shan Lake Branch has been assessed and proved to be in compliance with A2LA. FCC (FCC Recognized No.: CN1187) UL Verification Services (Guangzhou) Co., Ltd. Song Shan Lake Branch has been recognized to perform compliance testing on equipment subject to the Commission's Declaration of Conformity (DoC) and Certification rules. ISED (Company No.: 21320) UL Verification Services (Guangzhou) Co., Ltd. Song Shan Lake Branch. has been registered and fully described in a report filed with ISED. The Company Number is 21320 and the test lab Conformity Assessment Body Identifier (CABID) is CN0046. VCCI (Registration No.: G-20192, C-20153, T-20155 and R-20202) UL Verification Services (Guangzhou) Co., Ltd. Song Shan Lake Branch. has been assessed and proved to be in compliance with VCCI, the Membership No. is 3793. Facility Name: Chamber D, the VCCI registration No. is G-20192 and R-20202 Shielding Room B, the VCCI registration No. is C-20153 and T-20155
Description	All measurement facilities use to collect the measurement data are located at Building 10, Innovation Technology Park, Song Shan Lake Hi tech Development Zone, Dongguan, 523808, China



4. SAR Measurement System & Test Equipment

4.1. SAR Measurement System

The DASY8 system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, ADconversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running Win10 and the DASY8 software.
- · Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.



Page 9 of 34

4.2. SAR Scan Procedures

Step 1: Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface is 2.1 mm. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

Step 2: Area Scan

The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum locations even in relatively coarse grids. When an Area Scan has measured all reachable points, it computes the field maximal found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE Standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan). If only one Zoom Scan follows the Area Scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of Zoom Scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area Scan Parameters extracted from KDB 865664 D01 v01r04 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Area Scarr Farameters extracted from NDB 003004 DOT VOTTO4 SAIN Measurement 100 Miliz to 0 Griz						
	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz				
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 mm ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \text{ mm} \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$				
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°				
	\leq 2 GHz: \leq 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: \leq 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm				
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be \leq the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.					



Page 10 of 34

Step 3: Zoom Scan

Zoom Scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The Zoom Scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube whose base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the Zoom Scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 g and 10 g and displays these values next to the job's label.

Zoom Scan Parameters extracted from KDB 865664 D01 v01r04 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Maximum zoom scan	spatial reso	olution: Δx _{Zoom} , Δy _{Zoom}	\leq 2 GHz: \leq 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: \leq 5 mm*	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform	grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$	≤ 5 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz: } \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 2 \text{ mm}$
	graded grid	Δz _{Zoom} (1): between 1st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz: } \le 2.5 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 2 \text{ mm}$
		Δz _{Zoom} (n>1): between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoc}$	_m (n-1) mm
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \ge 28 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz:} \ge 25 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \ge 22 \text{ mm}$

Step 4: Power drift measurement

The Power Drift Measurement measures the field at the same location as the most recent power reference measurement within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The Power Drift Measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last Power Reference Measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. The measurement procedure is the same as Step 1.

Step 5: Z-Scan (FCC only)

The Z Scan measures points along a vertical straight line. The line runs along the Z-axis of a one-dimensional grid. In order to get a reasonable extrapolation the extrapolated distance should not be greater than the step size in Z-direction.



Page 11 of 34

4.3. Test Equipment

The measuring equipment used to perform the tests documented in this report has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturers' recommendations, and is traceable to recognized national standards.

Name of equipment	Manufacturer	Type/Model	Serial No.	Cal. Due Date
ENA Network Analyzer	Keysight	E5080A	MY55100583	2024.10.11
Dielectric Probe kit	SPEAG	SM DAK 040 SA	1155	2025.02.27
DC power supply	Keysight	E36103A	MY55350020	2024.10.11
Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz	SME06	837633\001	2024.08.06
BI-Directional Coupler	KRYTAR	1850	54733	2024.10.11
Peak and Average Power Sensor	Keysight	E9325A	MY62220002	2024.10.11
Peak and Average Power Sensor	Keysight	E9325A	MY62220003	2024.10.11
Dual Channel PK Power Meter	Keysight	N1912A	MY55416024	2024.10.11
Amplifier	CORAD TECHNOLOGY LTD	AMF-4D-00400600-50- 30P	1983561	NCR
Dosimetric E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	7383	2024.06.04
Data Acquisition Electronic	SPEAG	DAE3	427	2024.05.16
Dipole Kit 2450 MHz	SPEAG	D2450V2	977	2024.12.16
Dipole Kit 5 GHz	SPEAG	D5GHzV2	1231	2024.12.15
Software	SPEAG	DASY8	N/A	NCR
Twin Phantom	SPEAG	SAM V8.0	2100	NCR
Thermometer	/	GX-138	150709653	2024.10.18
Thermometer	VICTOR	ITHX-SD-5	18470005	2024.10.18

- As per KDB865664D01 requirements for dipole calibration, the test laboratory has adopted three-year extended calibration interval. Each measured dipole is expected to evaluate with the following criteria at least on annual interval in Appendix C.
 - a) There is no physical damage on the dipole;
 - b) System check with specific dipole is within 10% of calibrated value;
 - c) The most recent return-loss result, measured at least annually, deviates by no more than 20% from the previous measurement.
 - d) The most recent measurement of the real or imaginary parts of the impedance, measured at least annually is within 5Ω from the previous measurement.
- 2) Dielectric assessment kit is calibrated against air, distilled water and a shorting block performed before measuring liquid parameters.
- 3) NCR is short for "No Calibration Requirement".



Page 12 of 34

5. Measurement Uncertainty

Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg and the measured 10-g SAR within a frequency band is < 3.75 W/kg. The expanded SAR measurement uncertainty must be \leq 30%, for a confidence interval of k =2. If these conditions are met, extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std. 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval.

Therefore, the measurement uncertainty is not required.



Page 13 of 34

6. Device Under Test (DUT) Information

6.1. DUT Description

The DUT is a Headphone with 2.4/5GHz Wi-Fi and Bluetooth.

DUT Dimension Overall (Length x Width x Height): 160.5 mm x 90mm x 190.9mm

6.2. Wireless Technology

Wireless technology	Frequency band
Bluetooth	2.4 GHz
Wi-Fi	2.4 GHz
Wi-Fi	5 GHz



Page 14 of 34

7. Conducted Output Power Measurement and tune-up tolerance

7.1. Power measurement result of 2.4G Wi-Fi

	Doto		Frog	Ant	Ant 1		Ant 2	
Mode	Date Rate	Ch.#	Freq. (MHz)	Avg. Pwr. (dBm)	Tune-up (dBm)	Avg. Pwr. (dBm)	Tune-up (dBm)	Duty Cycle (%)
		1	2412	17.96		17.26		
802.11b	1Mbps	6	2437	17.44	18.0	16.85	18.0	99.59
		11	2462	17.80		17.09		
	6Mbps	1	2412	Not	16.0	Not	16.0	
802.11g		6	2437					/
		11	2462					
802.11n (20M)		1	2412	Required		Required	16.0	
	HT0	6	2437		16.0			/
		11	2462					

¹⁾ As per KDB 447498 D01 sec.4.1.d at the maximum rated output power and within the tune-up tolerance range specified for the product, but not more than 2 dB lower than the maximum tune-up tolerance limit.



Page 15 of 34

7.2. Power measurement result of 5G Wi-Fi

	Mada				An	Ant 1		Ant 2	
Band	Mode Data Rate	BW[MHz]	Channel	Freq[MHz]	Avg Pwr(dBm)	Tune-up (dBm)	Avg Pwr(dBm)	Tune- up (dBm)	Duty Cycle (%)
			36	5180					
			40	5200	Not	13.0	Not	13.0	,
			44	5220	Required	13.0	Required	13.0	,
	802.11a	20M	48	5240					
	6Mbps	20101	52	5260	13.06		12.30		98.04
			56	5280	13.38	14.0	12.80	13.5	
			60	5300	13.01		12.65		
			64	5320	13.20		13.20		
		20M	36	5180					
5.3GHz			40	5200					
			44	5220					
			48	5240					
	000.44		52	5260	Not		NI. (
	802.11n HT0		56	5280	Required	10.5	Not Required	10.5	/
	1110		60	5300			Required		
			64	5320					
			46	5230					
			54	5270					
			62	5310					

¹⁾ As per KDB 447498 D01 sec.4.1.d at the maximum rated output power and within the tune-up tolerance range specified for the product, but not more than 2 dB lower than the maximum tune-up tolerance limit.



Page 16 of 34

					Ant	:1	An	2	D (
Band	Mode Data Rate	BW[MHz]	Channel	Freq[MHz]	Avg Pwr(dBm)	Tune-up (dBm)	Avg Pwr(dBm)	Tune-up (dBm)	Duty Cycle (%)
			100	5500	12.65		14.35		
			104	5520	12.24		14.01		
			108	5540	12.36		14.03		
			112	5560	12.52		14.22		
			116	5580	12.75		14.76		98.04
	802.11a	20M	120	5600	12.44	13.5	13.98	15.0	
	6Mbps	20101	124	5620	12.18	13.5	13.85	15.0	
			128	5640	12.37		14.05		
			132	5660	12.47		13.74		
			136	5680	12.05		13.14		
			140	5700	13.38		13.64		
5.6GHz			144	5720	11.98		13.03		
3.00112			100	5500					
			104	5520					
			108	5540					
			112	5560					
			116	5580					
	802.11n	20M	120	5600	Not	9.5	Not	11.5	/
	HT0	20101	124	5620	Required	9.5	Required	11.5	,
			128	5640					
			132	5660					
			136	5680					
			140	5700					
			144	5720					

¹⁾ As per KDB 447498 D01 sec.4.1.d at the maximum rated output power and within the tune-up tolerance range specified for the product, but not more than 2 dB lower than the maximum tune-up tolerance limit.



Page 17 of 34

					Ant	1	An	t 2	
Band	Mode Data Rate	BW[MHz]	СН	Freq[MHz]	Avg Pwr(dBm)	Tune- up (dBm)	Avg Pwr(dBm)	Tune-up (dBm)	Duty Cycle (%)
			149	5745	13.05		13.58		98.04
	802.11a 6Mbps	20M	153	5765	12.87	13.5	13.05	14.0	
			157	5785	12.92		13.69		
	ONIDPS		161	5805	12.86		13.06		
			165	5825	12.55		12.93		
5.8G			149	5745					
			153	5765					
	802.11n20	20M	157	5785	Not	11.0	Not	12.5	,
	HT0	ZUIVI	161	5805	Required	11.0	Required	12.3	,
			165	5825]				
			159	5795					

¹⁾ As per KDB 447498 D01 sec.4.1.d at the maximum rated output power and within the tune-up tolerance range specified for the product, but not more than 2 dB lower than the maximum tune-up tolerance limit.



Page 18 of 34

7.3. Power measurement result of Bluetooth

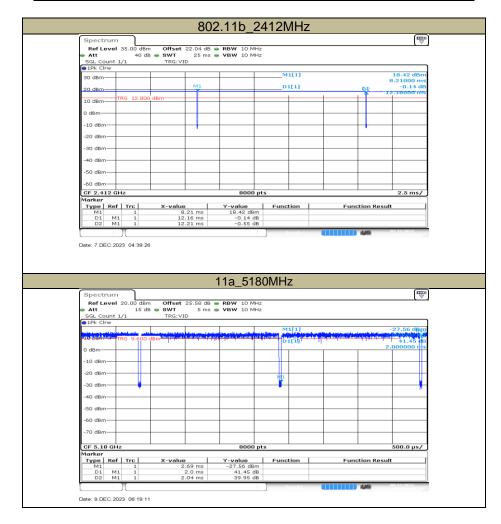
				Ant	1	Duty Cycle
Mode	Test Mode	Ch.#	Freq. (MHz)	Avg. Pwr. (dBm)	Tune-up (dBm)	(%)
		0	2402	11.78		
	DH5	39	2441	12.34	13.0	77.01
BT		78	2480	11.89		
ы		0	2402			
	3DH5	39	2441	Not	11.5	/
		78	2480			
		0	2402			
	1M	19	2440		5.0	/
BLE		39	2480			
BLE	2M	1	2404			
		19	2440		5.0	/
		38	2478	Required		
		1	2404			
	P2	19	2440		11.5	/
QHS		38	2478			
	P6	1	2404			
		19	2440		11.5	/
		38	2478			

- 1) As per KDB 447498 D01 sec.4.1.d at the maximum rated output power and within the tune-up tolerance range specified for the product, but not more than 2 dB lower than the maximum tune-up tolerance limit.
- 2) The maximum output power mode BT DH5 was selected as the primary mode to test SAR for Bluetooth mode. SAR measurement is not required for the other modes, when the secondary mode is ≤0.25 dB higher than the primary mode.

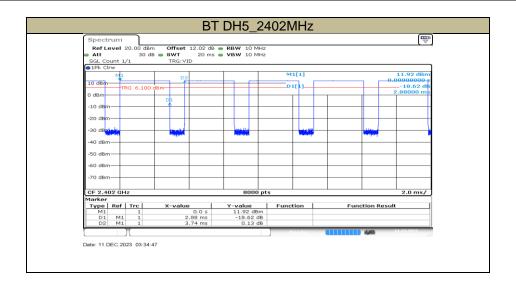


7.4. Duty Cycle

Test Mode	On Time (msec)	Period (msec)	Duty Cycle x (Linear)	Duty Cycle (%)
11B	12.16	12.21	0.9959	99.59
11A	2	2.04	0.9804	98.04
BT DH5	2.89	3.75	0.7707	77.07









Page 21 of 34

8. Test Configuration

8.1. 2.4GHz BT/BLE SAR Test Requirements

2.4GHz BT operating modes are tested independently according to the service requirements in each frequency band for each antenna. DH5 / 3DH5 / 1M/2M SISO modes are tested on the maximum average output power mode.

8.2. Wi-Fi Test Configuration

For Wi-Fi SAR testing, a communication link is set up with the testing software for Wi-Fi mode test. During the test, at the each test frequency channel, the EUT is operated at the RF continuous emission mode. The test procedures in KDB 248227D01 are applied.

8.2.1. Initial Test Position Procedure

For exposure condition with multiple test position, such as handsets operating next to the ear, devices with hotspot mode or UMPC mini-tablet, procedures for <u>initial test position</u> can be applied. Using the transmission mode determined by the DSSS procedure or <u>initial test configuration</u>, area scans are measured for all position in an exposure condition. The test position with the highest extrapolated (peak) SAR is used as the <u>initial test position</u>. When reported SAR for the <u>initial test position</u> is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, no additional testing for the remaining test position is required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the subsequent highest peak SAR position until the reported SAR result is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all test position are measured. For all positions/configurations tested using the <u>initial test position</u> and subsequent test positions, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.

8.2.2. Initial Test Configuration Procedure

An <u>initial test configuration</u> is determined for OFDM transmission modes according to the channel bandwidth, modulation and data rate combination(s) with the highest maximum output power specified for production units in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR is measured using the highest measured maximum output power channel. For configurations with the same specified or measured maximum output power, additional transmission mode and test channel selection procedures are required (see section 5.3.2 of KDB 248227D01). SAR test reduction of subsequent highest output test channels is based on the reported SAR of the <u>initial test</u> configuration.

For next to the ear, hotspot mode and UMC mini-tablet exposure configurations where multiple test positions are required, the <u>initial test position</u> procedure is applied to minimize the number of test positions required for SAR measurement using the <u>initial test configuration</u> transmission mode. For fixed exposure conditions that do not have multiple SAR test positions, SAR is measured in the transmission mode determined by the <u>initial test configuration</u>. When the reported SAR of the <u>initial test configuration</u> is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR measurement is required for the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the <u>initial test configuration</u> until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.

8.2.3. Sub Test Configuration Procedure

SAR measurement requirements for the remaining 802.11 transmission mode configurations that have not been tested in the <u>initial test configuration</u> are determined separately for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, in each exposure condition, according to the maximum output power specified for production units. When the highest reported SAR for the <u>initial test configuration</u>, according to the <u>initial test position</u> or fixed exposure position requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> to <u>initial test configuration</u> specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for that subsequent test configuration.



Page 22 of 34

8.2.4. 2.4GHz Wi-Fi SAR Test Procedures

Separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations in the 2.4 GHz band to simplify DSSS test requirements. For 802.11b DSSS SAR measurements, DSSS SAR procedure applies to fixed exposure test position and <u>initial test position</u> procedure applies to multiple exposure test positions.

A) 802.11b DSSS SAR Test Requirements

SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS using either a fixed test position or, when applicable, the <u>initial test</u> position procedure. SAR test reduction is determined according to the following:

- When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel (section 3.1 of KDB 248227D01) for the exposure configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration.
- 2) When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for that exposure configuration using the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel; i.e., all channels require testing.

B) 2.4GHz 802.11g/n OFDM SAR Test Exclusion Requirements

When SAR measurement is required for 2.4 GHz 802.11g/n OFDM configurations, the measurement and test reduction procedures for OFDM are applied (section 5.3 of KDB 248227D01). SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions.

- 1) When KDB Publication 447498 SAR test exclusion applies to the OFDM configuration.
- 2) When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.

C) SAR Test Requirements for OFDM configurations

When SAR measurement is required for 802.11 g/n OFDM configurations, each standalone and frequency aggregated band is considered separately for SAR test reduction. In applying the <u>initial test configuration</u> and <u>subsequent test configuration</u> procedures, the 802.11 transmission configuration with the highest specified maximum output power and the channel within a test configuration with the highest measured maximum output power should be clearly distinguished to apply the procedures.



Page 23 of 34

9. RF Exposure Conditions

9.1. Antenna location map

Pls refer to the internal photo.

- 1) The EUT is a headphone, so only the side that close to the ear is taken into consideration for SAR evaluation.
- 2) Wi-Fi ANT1/2 is transmitted in SISO mode, the two antennas can't transmit simultaneously.



Page 24 of 34

10. SAR Test Configuration
The EUT is a Headphone that will be used very close to the human's head, so Head SAR (0mm) is considered.



Page 25 of 34

11. Dielectric Property Measurements & System Check

11.1. Dielectric Property Measurements

The temperature of the tissue-equivalent medium used during measurement must also be within 18° C to 25° C and within $\pm 2^{\circ}$ C of the temperature when the tissue parameters are characterized.

The dielectric parameters must be measured before the tissue-equivalent medium is used in a series of SAR measurements. The parameters should be re-measured after each 3-4 days of use; or earlier if the dielectric parameters can become out of tolerance; for example, when the parameters are marginal at the beginning of the measurement series.

Tissue dielectric parameters were measured at the low, middle and high frequency of each operating frequency range of the test device.

Tissue Dielectric Parameters

FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Target Frequency (MHz)	ŀ	lead	Bo	ody
rarget Frequency (MIDZ)	ε _r	σ (S/m)	ε _r	σ (S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800 – 2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5000	36.2	4.45	49.3	5.07
5100	36.1	4.55	49.1	5.18
5200	36.0	4.66	49.0	5.30
5300	35.9	4.76	48.9	5.42
5400	35.8	4.86	48.7	5.53
5500	35.6	4.96	48.6	5.65
5600	35.5	5.07	48.5	5.77
5700	35.4	5.17	48.3	5.88
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

IEEE Std 1528-2013

Refer to Table 3 within the IEEE Std 1528-2013



Page 26 of 34

Dielectric Property Measurements Results:

Diologii io i				rameters		D	Davieties (0/)		_	
Liquid	Freq.	Measured		Target		Deviation(%)		Limit	Temp.	Test Date
		€r	σ	€r	σ	€r	σ	(%)	(℃)	
	2360	39.40	1.72	39.36	1.72	0.10	0.00			
Head 2450	2450	39.20	1.84	39.20	1.80	0.00	2.22	±5	21.4	2023.12.29
	2540	39.10	1.97	39.09	1.90	0.03	3.68			
	5160	35.80	4.44	36.03	4.61	-0.64	-3.69		21.4	2023.12.29
Head 5250	5250	35.70	4.54	35.93	4.71	-0.64	-3.61	±5		
	5340	35.60	4.64	35.83	4.80	-0.64	-3.33			
	5500	35.10	4.78	35.64	4.96	-1.52	-3.63			2023.12.29
Head 5600	5600	34.90	4.91	35.53	5.07	-1.77	-3.16	±5	21.4	
	5700	34.80	5.01	35.41	5.17	-1.72	-3.09			
	5660	34.80	4.95	35.46	5.13	-1.86	-3.51		21.4	2023.12.29
Head 5750	5750	34.70	5.08	35.36	5.22	-1.87	-2.68	±5		
	5840	34.40	5.20	35.27	5.30	-2.47	-1.89			



Page 27 of 34

11.2. System Check

SAR system verification is required to confirm measurement accuracy, according to the tissue dielectric media, probe calibration points and other system operating parameters required for measuring the SAR of a test device. The system verification must be performed for each frequency band and within the valid range of each probe calibration point required for testing the device. The same SAR probe(s) and tissue-equivalent media combinations used with each specific SAR system for system verification must be used for device testing. When multiple probe calibration points are required to cover substantially large transmission bands, independent system verifications are required for each probe calibration point. A system verification must be performed before each series of SAR measurements using the same probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium. Additional system verification should be considered according to the conditions of the tissue-equivalent medium and measured tissue dielectric parameters, typically every three to four days when the liquid parameters are re-measured or sooner when marginal liquid parameters are used at the beginning of a series of measurements.

System Performance Check Measurement Conditions:

- The measurements were performed in the flat section of the TWIN SAM or ELI phantom, shell thickness: 2.0 ±0.2 mm (bottom plate) filled with Body or Head simulating liquid of the following parameters.
- The depth of tissue-equivalent liquid in a phantom must be ≥ 15.0 cm for SAR measurements ≤ 3 GHz and ≥ 10.0 cm for measurements > 3 GHz.
- The DASY system with an E-Field Probe was used for the measurements.
- The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feed point was positioned below the center
 marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the
 phantom). The standard measuring distance was 10mm (above 1GHZ) and 15mm (below 1GHz) from dipole
 center to the simulating liquid surface.
- For area scan, standard grid spacing for head measurements is 15 mm in x- and y- dimension(≤2GHz), 12 mm in x- and y-dimension (2-4 GHz) and 10mm in x- and y- dimension(4-6GHz).
- For zoom scan, Δ x_{zoom}, Δ y_{zoom} \leq 2GHz \leq 8mm, 2-4GHz \leq 5 mm and 4-6 GHz- \leq 4 mm; Δ z_{zoom} \leq 3GHz \leq 5 mm, 3-4 GHz- \leq 4 mm and 4-6 GHz- \leq 2 mm.
- Distance between probe sensors and phantom surface was set to 3 mm except for 5 GHz band. For 5GHz band, Distance between probe sensors and phantom surface was set to 2.5 mm
- The dipole input power (forward power) was set to 100 mW or 250 mW depend on the certificate of the dipoles.
- The results are normalized to 1 W input power.

System Check Results

The 1-g and 10-g SAR measured with a reference dipole, using the required tissue-equivalent medium at the test frequency, must be within 10% of the manufacturer calibrated dipole SAR target.

T.S. Liquid		Messured Results		Target		J			
		Zoom Scan (W/Kg)	Normalize to 1W (W/Kg)	(Ref. value)	Delta (%)	Limit (%)	Temp. (℃)	Test Date	
Head 2450	1-g	13.100	52.40	53.20	-1.50	±10	21.4	2023.12.29	
Head 2450	10-g	6.160	24.64	24.20	1.82	±ΙΟ	21.4	2023.12.29	
Head 5250	1-g	7.520	75.20	77.90	-3.47	±10	21.4	2023.12.29	
Head 5250	10-g	2.160	21.60	22.60	-4.42	±10			
Hood FC00	1-g	8.050	80.50	80.90	-0.49	.10	21.4	2022 42 20	
Head 5600	10-g	2.210	22.10	23.30	-5.15	±10	∠1. 4	2023.12.29	
Head 5750	1-g	7.810	78.10	78.30	-0.26	±10	21.4	2023.12.29	
Head 5750	10-g	2.340	23.40	22.40	4.46	±10	Z1. 4	2023.12.29	



Page 28 of 34

12. Measured and Reported (Scaled) SAR Results

As per KDB 447498 D01 v06 sec.4.1.e), When SAR or MPE is measured at or scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit, the results are referred to as reported.

Scaled SAR calculation formula:

Scaled SAR = Tune-up in mW / Conducted power in mW * Duty cycle (if available) * SAR value

SAR Test Reduction criteria are as follows:

KDB 447498 D01 v06 General RF Exposure Guidance:

- A) Per KDB447498 D01 v06, all SAR measurement results are scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit to demonstrate SAR compliance.
- B) Testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
 - ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz.
 - ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz.
 - ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz.

Per KDB865664 D01 v01r04:

For each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/Kg; if the deviation among the repeated measurement is ≤ 20%, and the measured SAR <1.45W/Kg, only one repeated measurement is required.

When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration, according to the initial test position or fixed exposure position requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for that subsequent test configuration.

Wi-Fi Notes:

As per KDB248227 D01:

- 1) When reported SAR for the <u>initial test position</u> is ≤ 0.4W/kg, no additional testing for the remaining test position is required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the subsequent highest peak SAR position until the reported SAR result is ≤ 0.8W/kg or all test position are measured. For all positions/configurations tested using the <u>initial test position</u> and subsequent test positions, when the *reported* SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the *reported* SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.
- 2) The highest SAR measured for the <u>initial test position</u> or initial test configuration should be used to determine SAR test exclusion according to the sum of 1-g SAR and SAR peak to location ratio provisions in KDB 447498. In addition, a test lab may also choose to perform standalone SAR measurements for test positions and 802.11 configurations that are not required by the <u>initial test position</u> or initial test configuration procedures and apply the results to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion, according to sum of 1-g and SAR peak to location ratio requirements to reduce the number of simultaneous transmission SAR measurements.
- 3) When the specified maximum output power is the same for both UNII 1 and UNII 2A, begin SAR measurements in UNII 2A with the channel with the highest measured output power. If the reported SAR for UNII 2A is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for UNII 1; otherwise treat the remaining bands separately and test them independently for SAR.

Page 29 of 34

13. Measured SAR Results

13.1. SAR Test Results of 2.4GHz Wi-Fi

Toot Docition	Tool	Channell	Power (dBm)	SAR Value	Dawar	Duty	Scaled		
Test Position (Head 0mm)	Test Mode	Channel/ Frequency	Tune-up Meas.		1-g (W/Kg)	Power Drift	Factor (%)	(W/Kg)		
ANT 1										
Back Side	11b	1/2412	18.0	17.96	0.587	0.00	99.59	0.595		
Back Side	11b	6/2437	18.0	17.44	0.367	-0.12	99.59	0.419		
Back Side	11b	11/2462	18.0	17.80	0.437	-0.18	99.59	0.459		
			ANT 2							
Back Side	11b	1/2412	18.0	17.26	0.388	-0.01	99.59	0.462		
Back Side	11b	6/2437	18.0	16.89	0.612	0.01	99.59	0.794		
Back Side	11b	11/2462	18.0	17.09	0.461	-0.02	99.59	0.571		

Note:

The SAR testing was set to transmit at maximum power for all tests.

OFDM mode SAR evaluation exclusion analysis ANT 1

Mode	Tune-up (dBm)	Tune-up (mW)	Highest Reported SAR (W/Kg)	Adjusted SAR (W/Kg)	SAR Test
802.11b	18	63.10	0.595	\	\
802.11g	16	39.81	\	0.375	Excluded
802.11n (20M)	16	39.81	\	0.375	Excluded

Note:

1) The highest reported SAR for OFDM adjusted by the ratio of OFDM 802.11n to OFDM specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, so SAR evaluation for 802.11n is not required.

OFDM mode SAR evaluation exclusion analysis ANT 2

Mode	Tune-up (dBm)	Tune-up (mW)	Highest Reported SAR (W/Kg)	Adjusted SAR (W/Kg)	SAR Test
802.11b	18	63.10	0.794	\	\
802.11g	16	39.81	\	0.501	Excluded
802.11n (20M)	16	39.81	\	0.501	Excluded

Note:

1) The highest reported SAR for OFDM adjusted by the ratio of OFDM 802.11n to OFDM specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, so SAR evaluation for 802.11n is not required.



Page 30 of 34

13.2. SAR Test Results of 5GHz Wi-Fi

Test Position (Head 0mm)	Test Mode	Channel/ Frequency	Pow (dBr		Measured SAR Value	Power Drift	Duty Factor	Scaled (W/Kg)			
,			Tune-up	Meas.	1-g (W/Kg)		(%)				
ANT 1											
5.3G											
Back Side	11a	56/5280	14.0	13.38	0.709	-0.01	98.04	0.834			
Back Side	11a	52/5260	14.0	13.38	0.715	0.00	98.04	0.841			
Back Side	11a	64/5320	14.0	13.38	0.974	-0.09	98.04	1.146			
			mode retes								
Back Side	11a	64/5320	14.0	13.38	0.944	-0.05	98.04	1.111			
			5.6G								
Back Side	11a	100/5500	13.5	12.65	0.676	-0.02	98.04	0.839			
Back Side	11a	116/5580	13.5	12.75	0.825	0.08	98.04	1.000			
Back Side	11a	144/5720	13.5	11.98	0.546	-0.02	98.04	0.790			
	Worst mode retest										
Back Side	11a	116/5580	13.5	12.75	0.813	0.02	98.04	0.986			
			5.8G								
Back Side	11a	149/5745	13.5	13.05	0.594	-0.12	98.04	0.672			
Back Side	11a	157/5785	13.5	12.92	0.695	0.10	98.04	0.810			
Back Side	11a	165/5825	13.5	12.55	0.594	-0.07	98.04	0.754			
			ANT 2								
			5.3G								
Back Side	11a	56/5280	13.5	12.80	0.430	-0.05	98.04	0.515			
Back Side	11a	52/5260	13.5	12.30	0.436	0.00	98.04	0.586			
Back Side	11a	64/5320	13.5	13.20	0.656	0.00	98.04	0.717			
			5.6G	•		•	•				
Back Side	11a	100/5500	15.0	14.35	0.513	0.04	98.04	0.608			
Back Side	11a	116/5580	15.0	14.76	0.335	-0.05	98.04	0.361			
Back Side	11a	144/5720	15.0	13.03	0.188	-0.05	98.04	0.302			
	l		5.8G			ı	ı	1			
Back Side	11a	149/5745	14.0	13.58	0.191	-0.05	98.04	0.215			
Back Side	11a	157/5785	14.0	13.69	0.334	-0.02	98.04	0.366			
Back Side	11a	165/5825	14.0	12.93	0.197	0.03	98.04	0.257			

- 1) When the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is >0.8W/kg, SAR measurement is required for subsequent nest highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until reported SAR is ≤1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.
- 2) The SAR testing was set to transmit at maximum power for all tests.



Page 31 of 34

Subsequent test configuration SAR evaluation exclusion analysis for U-NII-2A band ANT 1

Mode	Tune-up (dBm)	Tune-up (mW)	Highest Reported SAR (W/Kg)	Adjusted SAR (W/Kg)	SAR Test
802.11a	14	25.12	1.146	\	\
802.11n 20M	9.5	8.91	\	0.407	Excluded

Note:

1) The 802.11a mode is selected as Initial Test Configuration for SAR test according to the specified maximum output power. As the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR test for the other 802.11 modes is not required.

Subsequent test configuration SAR evaluation exclusion analysis for U-NII-2A band ANT 2

Mode	Tune-up (dBm)	Tune-up (mW)	Highest Reported SAR (W/Kg)	Adjusted SAR (W/Kg)	SAR Test
802.11a	13.5	22.39	0.171	\	\
802.11n 20M	10.5	11.22	\	0.086	Excluded

Note:

1) The 802.11a mode is selected as Initial Test Configuration for SAR test according to the specified maximum output power. As the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR test for the other 802.11 modes is not required.

Subsequent test configuration SAR evaluation exclusion analysis for U-NII-2C band ANT 1

Mode	Tune-up (dBm)	Tune-up (mW)	Highest Reported SAR (W/Kg)	Adjusted SAR (W/Kg)	SAR Test
802.11a	13.5	22.39	1.000	\	\
802.11n 20M	9.5	8.91	\	0.398	Excluded

Note:

1) The 802.11a mode is selected as Initial Test Configuration for SAR test according to the specified maximum output power. As the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR test for the other 802.11 modes is not required.



Page 32 of 34

Subsequent test configuration SAR evaluation exclusion analysis for U-NII-2C band ANT 2

Mode	Tune-up (dBm)	Tune-up (mW)	Highest Reported SAR (W/Kg)	Adjusted SAR (W/Kg)	SAR Test
802.11a	15	31.62	0.608	\	\
802.11n 20M	11.5	14.13	\	0.272	Excluded

Note:

1) The 802.11a mode is selected as Initial Test Configuration for SAR test according to the specified maximum output power. As the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR test for the other 802.11 modes is not required.

Subsequent test configuration SAR evaluation exclusion analysis for U-NII-3 band ANT 1

Mode	Tune-up (dBm)	Tune-up (mW)	Highest Reported SAR (W/Kg)	Adjusted SAR (W/Kg)	SAR Test
802.11a	13.5	22.39	0.810	\	\
802.11n 20M	11	12.59	\	0.455	Excluded

Note:

1) The 802.11a mode is selected as Initial Test Configuration for SAR test according to the specified maximum output power. As the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR test for the other 802.11 modes is not required.

Subsequent test configuration SAR evaluation exclusion analysis for U-NII-3 band ANT 2

Mode	Tune-up (dBm)	Tune-up (mW)	Highest Reported SAR (W/Kg)	Adjusted SAR (W/Kg)	SAR Test
802.11a	14	25.12	0.366	\	\
802.11n 20M	12.5	17.78	\	0.259	Excluded

Note:

1) The 802.11a mode is selected as Initial Test Configuration for SAR test according to the specified maximum output power. As the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR test for the other 802.11 modes is not required.



Page 33 of 34

13.3. SAR Test Results of Bluetooth

Tool Docition		Oh ann all	Power (dBm)	SAR Value	D	Duty	Coolod	
Test Position (Head 0mm))	Test Mode	Frequency	Channel/ Frequency Tune-up Meas		1-g (W/Kg)	Power Drift	Factor (%)	Scaled (W/Kg)	
Back Side	BT DH5	39/2441	13.0	12.34	0.050	-0.09	77.01	0.076	
Back Side	BT DH5	0/2402	13.0	11.78	0.041	0.00	77.01	0.071	
Back Side	BT DH5	78/2480	13.0	11.89	0.037	-0.01	77.01	0.062	

Note:

1) The SAR testing was set to transmit at maximum power for all tests.



Page 34 of 34

14. Simultaneous Transmission SAR Analysis

According to FCC OET KDB447498 D01, when the sum of 1g SAR for all simultaneously transmitting antennas in an operating mode and exposure condition combination is within the SAR limit, SAR test exclusion applies to that simultaneous transmission configuration.

14.1. Simultaneous Transmission calculation

NO.	Combination	Scenario Head
1	2.4GHz Wi-Fi ANT1+BT	V
2	5GHz Wi-Fi ANT1+BT	$\sqrt{}$
3	2.4GHz Wi-Fi ANT2+BT	V
4	5GHz Wi-Fi ANT2+BT	

Note:

1) " $\sqrt{}$ " indicates exist, "x" indicates inexistence.

Docition	Simultaneous T	x Antenna Combination	TCAD 1a (\\\/\\a)	Limit (W/kg)
Position	BT _{MAX}	2.4G Wi-Fi ANT1 _{MAX}	∑SAR 1g (W/kg)	
Back Side	0.076	0.595	0.671	1.6

Position	Simultaneous To	x Antenna Combination	ZCAD 1a (\\\/\\a)	Limit (\A//km)	
Position	BT _{MAX}	5G Wi-Fi ANT1 _{MAX}	∑SAR 1g (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)	
Back Side	0.076	1.146	1.222	1.6	

Docition	Simultaneous T	x Antenna Combination	TCAD 1 a (\\\/\\a)	::t (\\// cm\
Position	BT _{MAX}	2.4G Wi-Fi ANT2 _{MAX}	∑SAR 1g (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)
Back Side	0.076	0.794	0.870	1.6

Docition	Simultaneous T	x Antenna Combination	ΣCAD 1α (\\\/\\α\)	Limit (\M/lca)	
	Position	BT _{MAX}	5G Wi-Fi ANT2 _{MAX}	∑SAR 1g (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)
	Back Side	0.076	0.717	0.793	1.6



Page 35 of 34

Appendixes

Refer to separated files for the following appendixes.

4791057978-SAR-1_App A Photo

4791057978-SAR-1_App B System Check Plots

4791057978-SAR-1_App C Highest Test Plots

4791057978-SAR-1_App D Cal. Certificates

-----End of Report-----