



Report No.: SZ12040136S01



SAR TEST REPORT

Issued to

Hisense International Co., Ltd

For

CDMA EV-DO Smartphone

Model Name : E860
 Trade Name : Hisense
 Brand Name : Hisense
 FCC ID : SARHISENSEEE860
 Standard : FCC Oet65 Supplement C Jun.2001
 47CFR 2.1093
 ANSI C95.1-1999
 IEEE 1528-2003
 MAX SAR : Head: 0.428W/kg
 Body: 0.530W/kg
 Test date : 2012.5.9
 Issue date :



Shenzhen MORLAB Communication Technology Co., Ltd.

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Date 2012.5.21

Date 2012.5.21

Date 2012.5.21



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Change History		
Issue	Date	Reason for change
1.0	May 21, 2012	First edition

Testing Laboratory

1.1. Identification of the Responsible Testing Laboratory

Company Name: Shenzhen Morlab Communications Technology Co., Ltd.
 Department: Morlab Laboratory
 Address: 3/F, Electronic Testing Building, Shahe Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, 518055 P. R. China
 Responsible Test Lab Manager: Mr. Shu Luan
 Telephone: +86 755 86130268
 Facsimile: +86 755 86130218

1.2. Identification of the Responsible Testing Location

Name: Shenzhen Morlab Communications Technology Co., Ltd.
 Morlab Laboratory
 Address: 3/F, Electronic Testing Building, Shahe Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, 518055 P. R. China

1.3. Accreditation Certificate

Accredited Testing Laboratory: No. CNAS L3572

1.4. List of Test Equipments

No.	Instrument	Type	Cal. Date	Cal. Due
1	PC	Dell (Pentium IV 2.4GHz, SN:X10-23533)	(n.a)	(n.a)
2	Network Emulator	Rohde&Schwarz (CMU200, SN:105894)	2011-9-26	1year
3	Voltmeter	Keithley (2000, SN:1000572)	2011-9-24	1year
4	Synthetizer	Rohde&Schwarz (SML_03, SN:101868)	2011-9-24	1year
5	Amplifier	Nucl udes (ALB216, SN:10800)	2011-9-24	1year
6	Power Meter	Rohde&Schwarz (NRVD, SN:101066)	2011-9-24	1year
7	Probe	Satimo (SN:SN_3708_EP80)	2011-9-24	1year
8	Phantom	Satimo (SN:SN_36_08_SAM62)	2011-9-24	1year
9	Liquid	Satimo (Last Calibration: 2012-5-14)	N/A	N.A
10	Dipole 835MHz	Satimo (SN 36/08 DIPC 99)	2011-9-24	1year
11	Dipole 1900MHz	Satimo (SN 36/08 DIPF 102)	2011-9-24	1year
12	Dipole 2450MHz	Satimo (SN 36/08 DIPJ 103)	2011-9-24	1year

2. Technical Information

Note: the following data is based on the information by the applicant.

2.1. Identification of Applicant

Company Name: Hisense International Co., Ltd
Address: F22, Hisense Tower, 17, Donghaixi Road, Qingdao, China

2.2. Identification of Manufacturer

Company Name: Hisense Communications Co., Ltd
Address: No.218, Qianwangang Road, Economic & Technological
Development Zone, Qingdao, China

2.3. Equipment Under Test (EUT)

Model Name: E860
Trade Name: Hisense
Brand Name: Hisense
Hardware Version: V2.00
Software Version: E527.6.02.01.00
Frequency Bands: CDMA800
WIFI802.11 B/G/N; Bluetooth
Modulation Mode: CDMA: CDMA;
WIFI802.11B: DSSS; WIFI802.11G: OFDM; WIFI 802.11N: OFDM
Antenna type: Fixed Internal Antenna
Development Stage: Identical prototype
Battery Model: LI37120
Battery specification: 1200mAh3.7V

2.3.1. Photographs of the EUT

Please see for photographs of the EUT.

2.3.2. Identification of all used EUT

The EUT identity consists of numerical and letter characters, the letter character indicates the test sample, and the following two numerical characters indicate the software version of the test sample.

EUT Identity	Hardware Version	Software Version
1#	V2.00	E527.6.02.01.00

2.4. Applied Reference Documents

Leading reference documents for testing:

No.	Identity	Document Title
1	47 CFR§2.1093	Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation: Portable Devices
2	FCC OET Bulletin 65 (Edition 97-01), Supplement C (Edition 01-01)	Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields
3	ANSI C95.1-1999	IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3kHz to 300 GHz
4	IEEE 1528-2003	Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate(SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques.
5	KDB 648474 D1	SAR Evaluation Considerations for Handsets with Multiple Transmitters and Antennas
6	KDB941225D1 v02	SAR Measurement Procedures for 3G Devices
7	KDB 941225 D6	SAR Evaluation Procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless Router Capabilities
8	KDB 2484227	SAR Measurement Procedures for 802.11 a/b/g Transmitters

2.5. Device Category and SAR Limits

This device belongs to portable device category because its radiating structure is allowed to be used within 20 centimeters of the body of the user. Limit for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure should be applied for this device, it is 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue.

2.6. Test Environment/Conditions

Normal Temperature (NT):	20 ... 25 °C
Relative Humidity:	30 ... 75 %
Air Pressure:	980 ... 1020 hPa
Test frequency:	CDMA800 WIFI 802.11B
Operation mode:	Call established
Power Level:	CDMA 800 Maximum output power WIFI Maximum output power

During SAR test, EUT is in Traffic Mode (Channel Allocated) at Normal Voltage Condition. A communication link is set up with a System Simulator (SS) by air link, and a call is established.

The Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number (ARFCN) is allocated to 1013, 384 and 777 respectively in the case of CDMA 800 MHz. The EUT is commanded to operate at maximum transmitting power.

During WIFI SAR test, the EUT was located at channel 1, 6, 11. And EUT was commanded to operate at maximum transmitting power.

The EUT shall use its internal transmitter. The antenna(s), battery and accessories shall be those specified by the manufacturer. The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain uniform power output. If a wireless link is used, the antenna connected to the output of the base station simulator shall be placed at least 50 cm away from the handset.

The signal transmitted by the simulator to the antenna feeding point shall be lower than the output power level of the handset by at least 35 dB.

3. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

3.1. Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

3.2. SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$\text{SAR} = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be either related to the temperature elevation in tissue by

$$\text{SAR} = C \frac{\delta T}{\delta t}$$

, where C is the specific heat capacity, δT is the temperature rise and δt the exposure duration, or related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$\text{SAR} = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

, where σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the rms electrical field strength.

However for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement is typically applied.

4. SAR Measurement Setup

4.1. The Measurement System

Comosar is a system that is able to determine the SAR distribution inside a phantom of human being according to different standards. The Comosar system consists of the following items:

- Main computer to control all the system
- 6 axis robot
- Data acquisition system
- Miniature E-field probe
- Phone holder
- Head simulating tissue

The following figure shows the system.



The EUT under test operating at the maximum power level is placed in the phone holder, under the phantom, which is filled with head simulating liquid. The E-Field probe measures the electric field inside the phantom. The OpenSAR software computes the results to give a SAR value in a 1g or 10g mass.

4.2. Probe

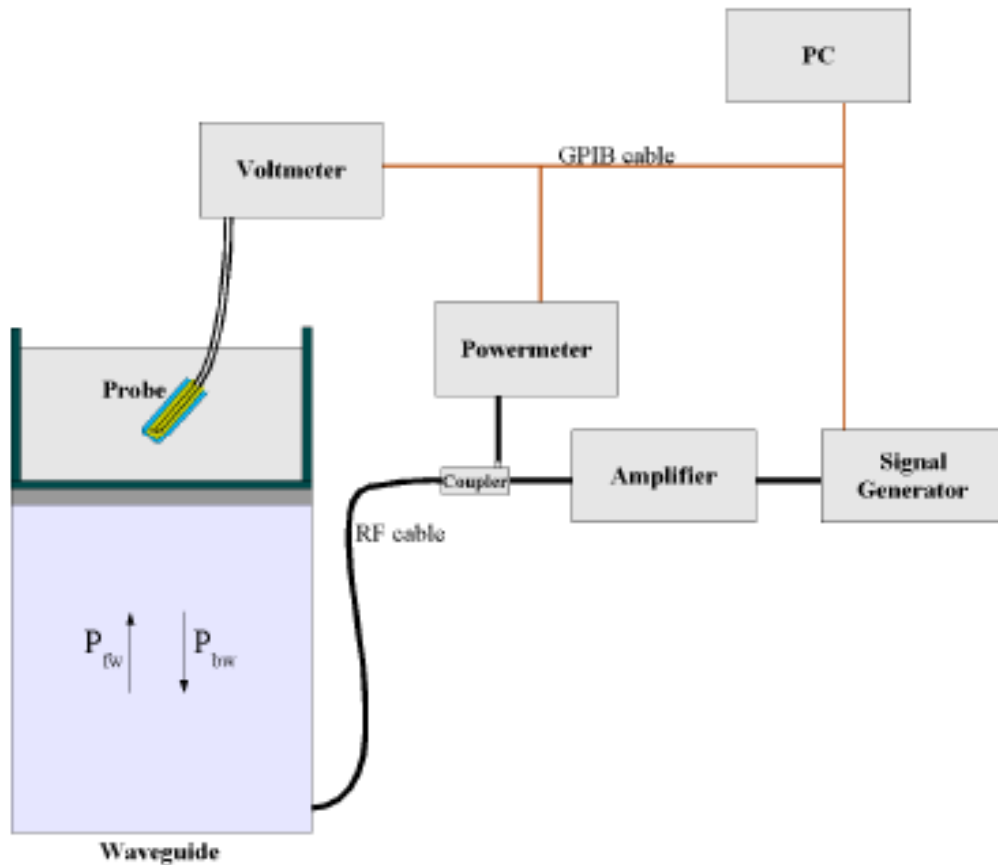
For the measurements the Specific Dosimetric E-Field Probe SN 37/08 EP80 with following specifications is used

- Dynamic range: 0.01-100 W/kg
- Tip Diameter : 6.5 mm
- Distance between probe tip and sensor center: 2.5mm
- Distance between sensor center and the inner phantom surface: 4 mm
(repeatability better than +/- 1mm)

- Probe linearity: <0.25 dB
- Axial Isotropy: <0.25 dB
- Spherical Isotropy: <0.25 dB
- Calibration range: 835to 2500MHz for head & body simulating liquid.

Angle between probe axis (evaluation axis) and surface normal line: less than 30°

Probe calibration is realized, in compliance with CENELEC EN 62209 and IEEE 1528 std, with CALISAR, Antenna proprietary calibration system. The calibration is performed with the EN 622091 annexe technique using reference guide at the five frequencies.



$$SAR = \frac{4(P_{fw} - P_{bw})}{ab\delta} \cos^2\left(\pi \frac{y}{a}\right) e^{-2z/\delta}$$

Where :

P_{fw} = Forward Power

P_{bw} = Backward Power

a and b = Waveguide dimensions

δ = Skin depth

Keithley configuration:

Rate = Medium; Filter =ON; RDGS=10; FILTER TYPE =MOVING AVERAGE; RANGE AUTO

After each calibration, a SAR measurement is performed on a validation dipole and compared with a NPL calibrated probe, to verify it.

The calibration factors, CF(N), for the 3 sensors corresponding to dipole 1, dipole 2 and dipole 3 are:

$$CF(N) = SAR(N) / V_{lin}(N) \quad (N=1,2,3)$$

The linearised output voltage $V_{lin}(N)$ is obtained from the displayed output voltage $V(N)$ using

$$V_{lin}(N) = V(N) * (1 + V(N) / DCP(N)) \quad (N=1,2,3)$$

where DCP is the diode compression point in mV.

4.3. Probe Calibration Process

4.3.1 Dosimetric Assessment Procedure

Each E-Probe/Probe Amplifier combination has unique calibration parameters. SATIMO Probe calibration procedure is conducted to determine the proper amplifier settings to enter in the probe parameters. The amplifier settings are determined for a given frequency by subjecting the probe to a known E-field density (1 mW/cm²) using an with CALISAR, Antenna proprietary calibration system.

4.3.2 Free Space Assessment Procedure

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This calibration can be performed in a TEM cell if the frequency is below 1 GHz and in a waveguide or other methodologies above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is rotated 360 degrees until the three channels show the maximum reading. The power density readings equates to 1 mW/cm².

4.3.2 Temperature Assessment Procedure

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated head tissue. The E-field in the medium correlates with the temperature rise in the dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

Where:

$$SAR = C \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

Δt = exposure time (30 seconds),

C = heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),

ΔT = temperature increase due to RF exposure.

SAR is proportional to $\Delta T / \Delta t$, the initial rate of tissue heating, before thermal diffusion takes place. The electric field in the simulated tissue can be used to estimate SAR by equating the thermally derived SAR to that with the E- field component.

$$SAR = \frac{|E|^2 \cdot \sigma}{\rho}$$

Where:

σ = simulated tissue conductivity,

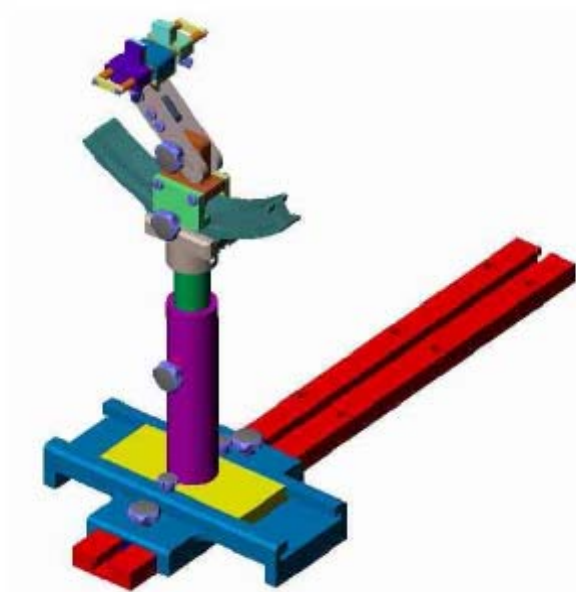
ρ = Tissue density (1.25 g/cm³ for brain tissue)

4.4. Phantom

For the measurements the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) defined by the IEEE SCC-34/SC2 group is used. The phantom is a polyurethane shell integrated in a wooden table. The thickness of the phantom amounts to 2mm +/- 0.2mm. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right phone usage and includes an additional flat phantom part for the simplified performance check. The phantom set-up includes a cover, which prevents the evaporation of the liquid.

4.5. Device Holder

The positioning system allows obtaining cheek and tilting position with a very good accuracy. In compliance with CENELEC, the tilt angle uncertainty is lower than 1°.



Device holder

System Material	Permittivity	Loss Tangent
Delrin	3.7	0.005

5. Tissue Simulating Liquids

Simulant liquids that are used for testing at frequencies of 850, 1900MHz and 2450MHz. which are made mainly of sugar, salt and water solutions may be left in the phantoms. Approximately 20litres are needed for an upright head compared to about 25 litres for a horizontal bath phantom. The liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is (head SAR) or from the flat phantom to the liquid top surface (body SAR) is 15cm.

Following are the recipes for one liter of head and body tissue simulating liquid for frequency band 835 MHz, 1900 MHz and 2450 MHz.

Ingredients (% by weight)	Frequency Band 835MHz		Frequency Band 2450MHz	
	Head	Body	Head	Body
Tissue Type				
Water	41.45	52.4	62.7	73.2
Salt(NaCl)	1.45	1.4	0.5	0.04
Sugar	56.0	45.0	0.0	0.0
HEC	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0
Bactericide	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0
Triton	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
DGBE	0.0	0.0	36.8	0.0
Acticide SPX	0.0	0.0	0.0	26.7
Dielectric Constant	42.45	56.1	39.8	52.5
Conductivity (S/m)	0.91	0.95	1.88	1.78

Recipes for Tissue Simulating Liquid

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using an Agilent 85033E Dielectric Probe Kit and an Agilent Network Analyzer.

Table 1: Dielectric Performance of Head Tissue Simulating Liquid

Temperature: 23.0~23.8°C, humidity: 54~60%.			
/	Frequency	Permittivity ϵ	Conductivity σ (S/m)
Target value	835 MHZ	41.5	0.90
Validation value (May 14)	835 MHZ	41.675999	0.894409
Target value	2450 MHz	39.7	1.93
Validation value (May 14)	2450 MHz	39.622857	1.964313

For body-worn measurements, the device was tested against flat phantom representing the user body. Under measurement phone was put on in the phone holder.

Table 2: Dielectric Performance of Body Tissue Simulating Liquid

Temperature: 23.0~23.8°C, humidity: 54~60%.			
/	Frequency	Permittivity ϵ	Conductivity σ (S/m)
Target value	835 MHz	55.2	0.97
Validation value (May 14)	835 MHz	55.709999	0.9809033
Target value	2450 MHz	52.7	1.95
Validation value (May 14)	2450 MHz	52.548876	1.974257

6. Uncertainty Assessment

The following table includes the uncertainty table of the IEEE 1528. The values are determined by Antennessa.

6.1. UNCERTAINTY EVALUATION FOR HANDSET SAR TEST

a	b	c	d	e= f(d,k)	f	g	h= c*f/e	i= c*g/e	k
Uncertainty Component	Sec.	Tol (+-%)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	lg Ui (+-%)	10g Ui (+-%)	Vi
Measurement System									
Probe calibration	E.2.1	4.76	N	1	1	1	4.76	4.76	∞
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	2.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.01	1.01	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	E.2.2	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.62	1.62	∞
Boundary effect	E.2.3	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Linearity	E.2.4	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.89	2.89	∞
System detection limits	E.2.5	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	0.02	N	1	1	1	0.02	0.02	∞
Reponse Time	E.2.7	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
Integration Time	E.2.8	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.15	1.15	∞
RF ambient Conditions	E.6.1	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
Probe positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E.6.2	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.15	1.15	∞
Probe positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	E.6.3	0.05	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.03	0.03	∞
Extrapolation, interpolation and integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	E.5.2	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.89	2.89	∞
Test sample Related									
Test sample positioning	E.4.2.1	0.03	N	1	1	1	0.03	0.03	N-1
Device Holder Uncertainty	E.4.1.1	5.00	N	1	1	1	5.00	5.00	N-1
Output power Power drift - SAR drift measurement	6.6.2	4.04	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.33	2.33	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parameters									
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape and thickness tolerances)	E.3.1	0.05	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.03	0.03	∞

Liquid conductivity - deviation from target value	E.3.2	4.57	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.69	1.13	∞
Liquid conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	5.00	N	1	0.64	0.43	3.20	2.15	M
Liquid permittivity - deviation from target value	E.3.2	3.69	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	1.28	1.04	∞
Liquid permittivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	10.00	N	1	0.6	0.49	6.00	4.90	M
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS				11.55	10.67	
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence interval)			K=2				23.11	21.33	

6.2. UNCERTAINTY FOR SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK

a	b	c	d	e= f(d,k)	f	g	h= c*f/e	i= c*g/e	k
Uncertainty Component	Sec.	Tol (+-%)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	1g Ui (+-%)	10g Ui (+-%)	Vi
Measurement System									
Probe calibration	E.2.1	4.76	N	1	1	1	4.76	4.76	∞
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	2.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.01	1.01	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	E.2.2	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.62	1.62	∞
Boundary effect	E.2.3	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Linearity	E.2.4	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.89	2.89	∞
System detection limits	E.2.5	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	0.02	N	1	1	1	0.02	0.02	∞
Reponse Time	E.2.7	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
Integration Time	E.2.8	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.15	1.15	∞
RF ambient Conditions	E.6.1	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
Probe positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E.6.2	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.15	1.15	∞
Probe positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	E.6.3	0.05	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.03	0.03	∞
Extrapolation, interpolation and integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	E.5.2	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.89	2.89	∞
Dipole									
Dipole axis to liquid Distance	8,E.4.2	1.00	N	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞

Input power and SAR drift measurement	8,6.6.2	4.04	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.33	2.33	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parameters									
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape and thickness tolerances)	E.3.1	0.05	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.03	0.03	∞
Liquid conductivity - deviation from target value	E.3.2	4.57	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.69	1.13	∞
Liquid conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	5.00	N	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.85	1.24	M
Liquid permittivity - deviation from target value	E.3.2	3.69	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	1.28	1.04	∞
Liquid permittivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	10.00	N	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	3.46	2.83	M
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS				8.83	8.37	
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence interval)			K=2				17.66	16.73	

7. SAR Measurement Evaluation

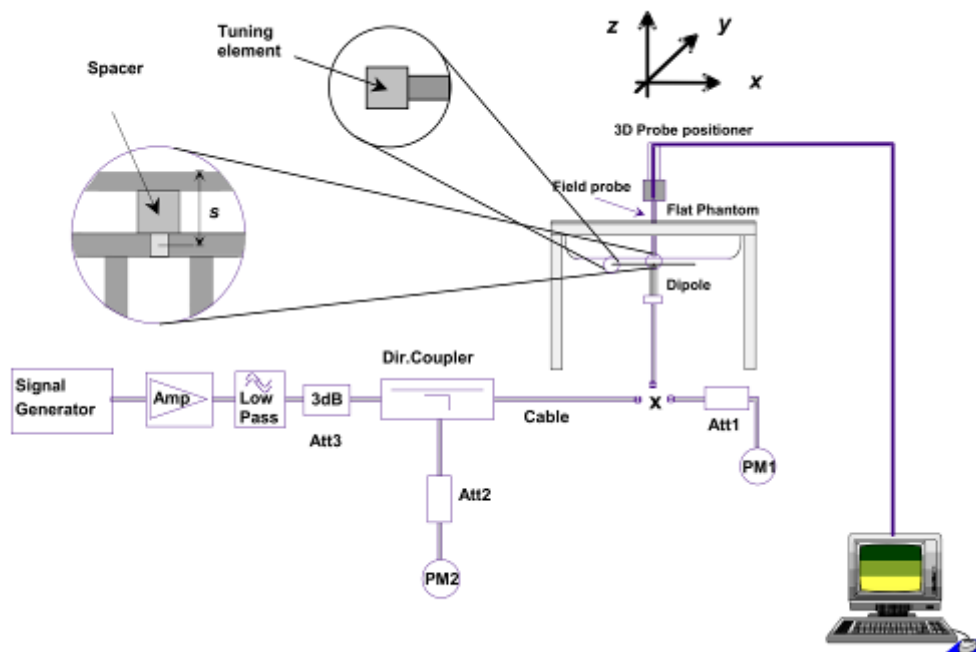
7.1. System Setup

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the DUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave which comes from a signal generator at frequency 835 MHz, 1900 MHz and 2450MHz. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom.

Equipments:

name	Type and specification
Signal generator	E4433B
Directional coupler	450MHz-3GHz
Amplifier	3W 502(10-2500MHz)
Reference dipole	835MHz:SN 36/08 DIPC 99 2450MHz:SN 36/08 DIPJ 103

System Verification Setup Block Diagram



7.2. Validation Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SATIMO, the validation data should be within its specification of 10 %.

Cal. On Mar.17, 2012

Frequency	835MHz(Head)	835MHz(Body)	2450MHz(Head)	2450MHz(Body)
Target value (1g)	9.714 W/Kg	9.714 W/Kg	52.4 W/Kg	52.4 W/Kg
250 mW input power	2.478 W/Kg	2.386 W/Kg	12.443 W/Kg	12.789 W/Kg
Test value (1g)	9.912 W/Kg	9.544W/Kg	49.772W/Kg	51.156 W/Kg

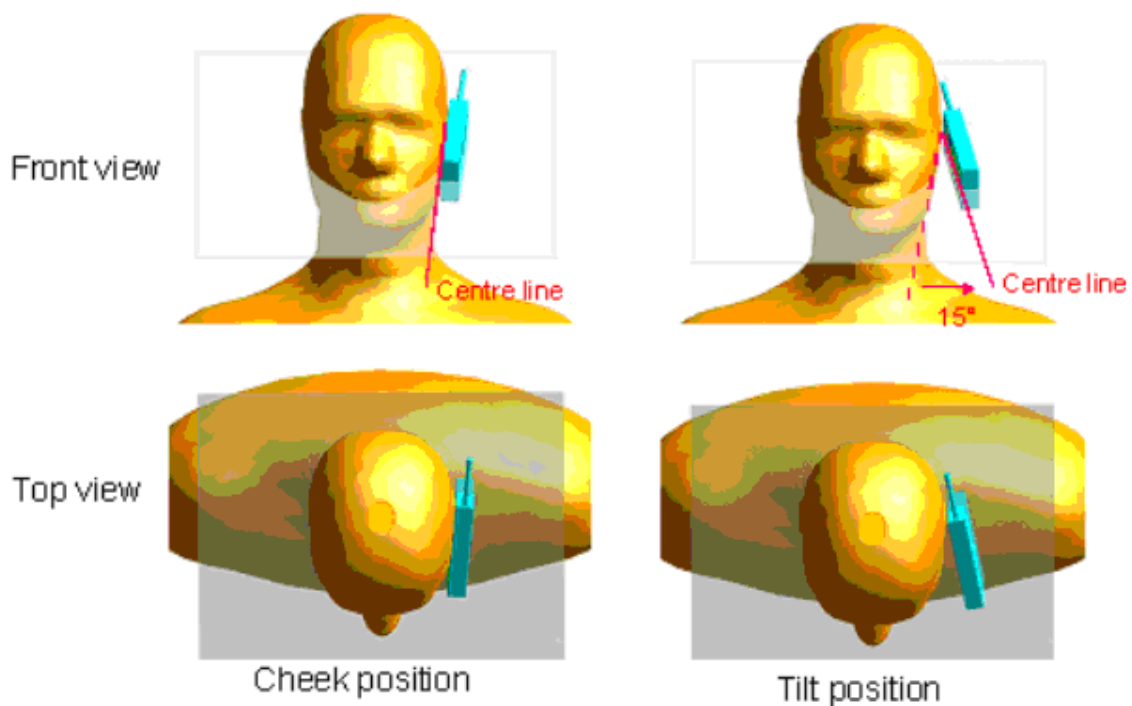
Note: System checks the specific test data please see page 68~75

8. Operational Conditions During Test

8.1. Informations on the testing

The mobile phone antenna and battery are those specified by the manufacturer. The battery is fully charged before each measurement. The output power and frequency are controlled using a base station simulator. The mobile phone is set to transmit at its highest output peak power level.

The mobile phone is test in the “cheek” and “tilted” positions on the left and right sides of the phantom. The mobile phone is placed with the vertical centre line of the body of the mobile phone and the horizontal line crossing the centre of the earpiece in a plane parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.



Description of the “cheek” position:

The mobile phone is well placed in the reference plane and the earpiece is in contact with the ear. Then the mobile phone is moved until any point on the front side get in contact with the cheek of the phantom or until contact with the ear is lost.

Description of the “tilted” position:

The mobile phone is well placed in the “cheek” position as described above. Then the mobile phone is moved outward away from the month by an angle of 15 degrees or until contact with the ear lost.

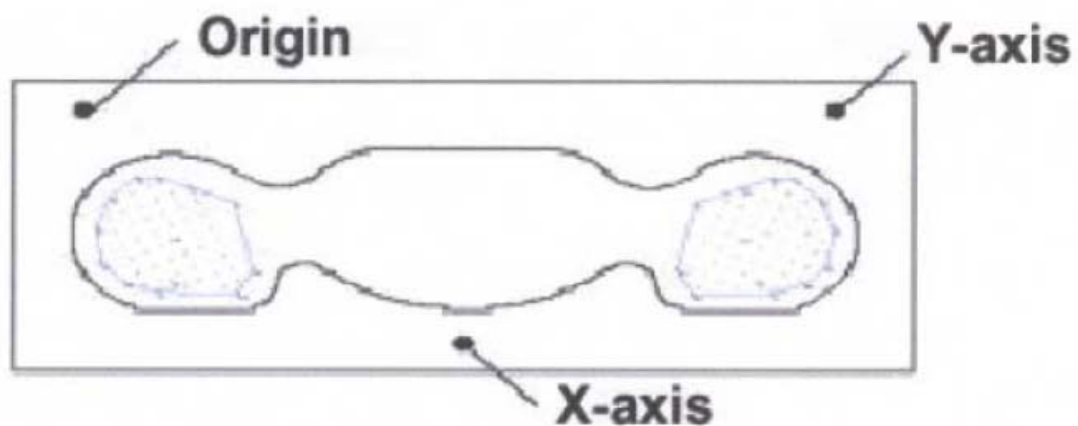
Remark: Please refer to Appendix B for the test setup photos.

8.2. Body-worn Configurations

The body-worn configurations shall be tested with the supplied accessories (belt-clips, holsters, etc.) attached to the device in normal use configuration.

The depth of the body tissue was 15.1cm. The distance between the back of the device and the bottom of the flat phantom is 1.5cm(taking into account of the IEEE 1528 and the place of the antenna)

For body-worn and other configurations a flat phantom shall be used which is comprised of material with electrical properties similar to the corresponding tissues.



SAR Measurement Points in Area Scan

8.3. Measurement procedure

The following steps are used for each test position

- Establish a call with the maximum output power with a base station simulator. The connection between the mobile and the base station simulator is established via air interface
- Measurement of the local E-field value at a fixed location. This value serves as a reference value for calculating a possible power drift.
- Measurement of the SAR distribution with a grid of 8 to 16mm * 8 to 16 mm and a constant distance to the inner surface of the phantom. Since the sensors can not directly measure at the inner phantom surface, the values between the sensors and the inner phantom surface are extrapolated. With these values the area of the maximum SAR is calculated by an interpolation scheme.
- Around this point, a cube of 30 * 30 * 30 mm or 32 * 32 * 32 mm is assessed by measuring 5 or 8 * 5 or 8*4 or 5 mm. With these data, the peak spatial-average SAR value can be calculated.

8.4. Description of interpolation/extrapolation scheme

The local SAR inside the phantom is measured using small dipole sensing elements inside a probe body. The probe tip must not be in contact with the phantom surface in order to minimize measurements errors, but the highest local SAR will occur at the surface of the phantom.

An extrapolation is using to determinate this highest local SAR values. The extrapolation is based on a fourth-order least-square polynomial fit of measured data. The local SAR value is then extrapolated from the liquid surface with a 1mm step.

The measurements have to be performed over a limited time (due to the duration of the battery) so the step of measurement is high. It could vary between 5 and 8 mm. To obtain an accurate assessment of the maximum SAR averaged over 10 grams and 1 gram requires a very fine resolution in the three dimensional scanned data array.

9. MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES

9.1. Procedures Used To Establish Test Signal

The handset was placed into a simulated call using a base station simulator in a shielded chamber. Such test signals offer a consistent means for testing SAR and are recommended for evaluating SAR. SAR measurements were taken with a fully charged battery. In order to verify that the device was tested and maintained at full power, this was configured with the base station simulator. The SAR measurement software calculates a reference point at the start and end of the test to check for power drifts. If conducted power deviations of more than 5% occurred, the tests were repeated.

9.2. SAR Measurement Conditions for CDMA

These procedures were followed according to FCC "SAR Measurement Procedures for 3G Devices", October 2007 (Revised).

9.3. Output Power Verification

See 3GPP2 C.S0011/TIA-98-E as recommended by "SAR Measurement Procedures for 3G Devices", October 2007 (Revised).

Maximum output power is verified on the High, Middle and Low channels according to procedures in section 3.1.2.3.4 of 3GPP2 C.S0033-0/TIA-866 for Rev. 0 and section 4.3.4 of 3GPP2 C.S0033-A for Rev. A. For Rev. A, maximum output power for both Subtype 0/1 and Subtype 2 Physical Layer configurations should be measured. The device operating configurations under TAP/ETAP should be documented in the test report; including power control, code channel and RF channel output power levels. The measurement results should be tabulated in the SAR report with any measurement difficulties and equipment limitations clearly identified.

9.4. SAR Measurement

SAR is measured using FTAP/RTAP and FETAP/RETAP respectively for Rev. 0 and Rev. A devices. The AT is tested with a Reverse Data Channel rate of 153.6 kbps in Subtype 0/1 Physical Layer configurations; and a Reverse Data Channel payload size of 4096 bits and Termination Target of 16 slots in Subtype 2 Physical Layer configurations. Both FTAP and FETAP are configured with a Forward Traffic Channel data rate corresponding to the 2-slot version of 307.2 kbps with the ACK Channel transmitting in all slots. AT power control should be in "All Bits Up" conditions for TAP/ETAP.

Body SAR is measured using Subtype 0/1 Physical Layer configurations for Rev. 0. SAR for Subtype 2 Physical layer configurations is not required for Rev. A when the maximum average output of each RF channels is less than that measured in Subtype 0/1 Physical layer configurations. Otherwise, SAR is measured on the maximum output channel for Rev. A using the exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR for that RF channels in Rev. 0.17 Head SAR is required for Ev-Do devices that support operations next to the ear; for example, with VOIP, using Subtype 2 Physical Layer configurations according to the required handset configurations.

4.4.2.3 1x RTT Support

For Ev-Do devices that also support 1x RTT voice and/or data operations, SAR is not required for 1x RTT when the maximum average output of each channel is less than ¼ dB higher than that measured in Subtype 0/1 Physical Layer configurations for Rev. 0. Otherwise, the ‘Body SAR Measurements’ procedures in the ‘CDMA 2000 1x Handsets’ section should be applied.

4.4.2.4 Output Power Verification 1x RTT

Maximum output power is verified on the High, Middle, and Low channels according to procedures in Section 4.4.5.2 of 3 GPP2 C.S0011/TIA-98-E. Results for at least steps 3,4 and 10 of the power measurement procedures should be tabulated in the SAR report. Steps 3 and 4 should be measured using SO55 with power control bits in “All Up” condition. TDSO/SO32 may be used instead of SO55 for step 4. Step 10 should be measured using TDSO/SO32 with power control bits in the “Bits Hold”

1xRTT Power Measurements

Band	Channel	Radio Configuration and conducted Power (dBm)			
		RC1	RC1	RC3	RC3
CDMA 800	1013	28.02	27.94	28.01	28.03
	384	28.71	28.74	28.72	28.81
	777	28.10	28.19	28.21	28.28
	SO	SO2	SO55	SO2	SO55

EvDo Rev A Power Measurements

1x EvDo Rev.A Type 0 [dBm] – FTAP rate = 2 Slot Version 307.2kbps						
	RTAP Rate	9.6kbps	19.2 kbps	38.2 kbps	76.8 kbps	153.6 kbps
Band	Channel					
CDMA 800	1013	26.25	25.92	26.12	26.18	26.25
	384	26.56	26.52	26.32	26.48	26.52
	777	26.88	26.73	26.41	26.30	25.91

Note: 1. Because CDMA voice mode peak output power is large than EVDO, we select CDMA voice mode for SAR testing.

2. SAR test Power Control was set in ‘All Bits Up’ for all measurements.

9.5. WIFI & BT measurement power

1. Wifi peak output power

Band	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power(dBm)		
			802.11B (DSSS)	802.11G (OFDM)	802.11N20 (OFDM)
WiFi	1	2412	15.26	13.52	13.48
	6	2437	13.54	11.62	11.57
	11	2462	12.67	10.94	10.95

2. Bluetooth peak output power

Band	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power(dBm)		
			GFSK	$\Pi/4$ -DQPSK	8-DPSK
BT	0	2402	1.638	1.658	1.783
	38	2441	0.092	0.147	0.457
	79	2480	-0.111	-0.110	0.339

10. Wireless Hot Spot SAR Evaluation Procedures

This Portable Devices with Wireless Router function. And the SAR evaluation procedures accord with KDB 941225 D06 Hot Spot SAR v01.

1. SAR must be tested for all surfaces and edges (side) with a transmitting antenna with in 2.5 cm from that surface or edge, at a test separation distance of 10 mm, in the wireless modes that support wireless routing.
2. Edge configurations:



3. CDMA antenna is located at edge A, the distance between CDMA antenna and edge C is 9.2cm larger than 2.5cm. according to KDB941225 D06, the SAR measurement of edge C of CDMA and is not required.
4. Wifi antenna is located at edge A, the distance between wifi antenna and edge B&C&D is larger than 2.5cm. according with KDB941225 D06, the SAR measurement of edge B&C&D, is not required.

11. Test Results List

Summary of Measurement Results (CDMA 800MHz Band)

Temperature: 21.0~23.8°C, humidity: 54~60%.					
Phantom Configurations	Device Test Positions	Device Test channel	SAR(W/Kg), 1g Peak	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR
Right Side Of Head	Cheek/Touch	384	0.370	1.045	0.387
	Ear/Tilt		0.059		0.062
Left Side Of Head	Cheek/Touch		0.428		0.447
	Ear/Tilt		0.339		0.354
Body (10mm Separation)	Back upward		0.241		0.252
	Face Upward		0.138		0.144
	Edge A		0.216		0.226
	Edge B		0.530		0.554
	Edge D	0.494	0.516		

Summary of Measurement Results (WLAN 802.11B Band)

Temperature: 21.0~23.8°C, humidity: 54~60%.					
Phantom Configurations	Device Test Positions	Antenna Positions	SAR(W/Kg), 1g Peak		
			Device Test channel		
			Channel 1	Channel 6	Channel 11
Right Side Of Head	Cheek/Touch	Internal	0.185	/	/
	Ear/Tilt	Internal	0.127	/	/
Left Side Of Head	Cheek/Touch	Internal	0.149	/	/
	Ear/Tilt	Internal	0.085	/	/
Body (10mm Separation)	Back upward	Internal	0.136	/	/
	Face Upward	Internal	0.098	/	/
	Edge A	Internal	0.107	/	/

- The SAR test shall be performed at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode, when the SAR of highest power channel of each configurations is less than 0.8 W/kg, refer to KDB 648474, testing for the other channels is not required.
- Based on the Measurement Of Conducted Peak Output Power, the max power of 801.11b is 33.6mW > 25mW (13.8dBm), the SAR test for 802.11b is required; 802.11g/HT20 is not required, for the maximum average output power of 802.11B/HT20 is not 1/4 dB higher than measured on the corresponding 802.11b channels;

2. Scaling factor SAR calculation

Band	Tune-up power tolerance (dBm)	SAR test channel Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor
CDMA 850	Max output power =28 (+1/-1)	28.81	1.045

9. Multiple Transmitters Evaluation

The are three transmitters build in EUT, As following :



Stand-alone SAR

The output power of Wifi transmitter is 33.6mW(15.26dBm) > 25mW ,stand-alone SAR evaluation is required for 802.11

The BT Max. Peak output power is 1.51mW (1.783dBm) \leq Pref {Pref= $\frac{1}{2} * 60 / f(\text{GHz})$ }, and the distance between BT antenna and main antenna is 2.7 cm > 2.5 cm, standalone SAR evaluation is not required for Bluetooth antenna .

Simultaneous SAR

The GSM and WCDMA can't simultaneous transmitting.

The BT and Wifi can't simultaneous transmitting.

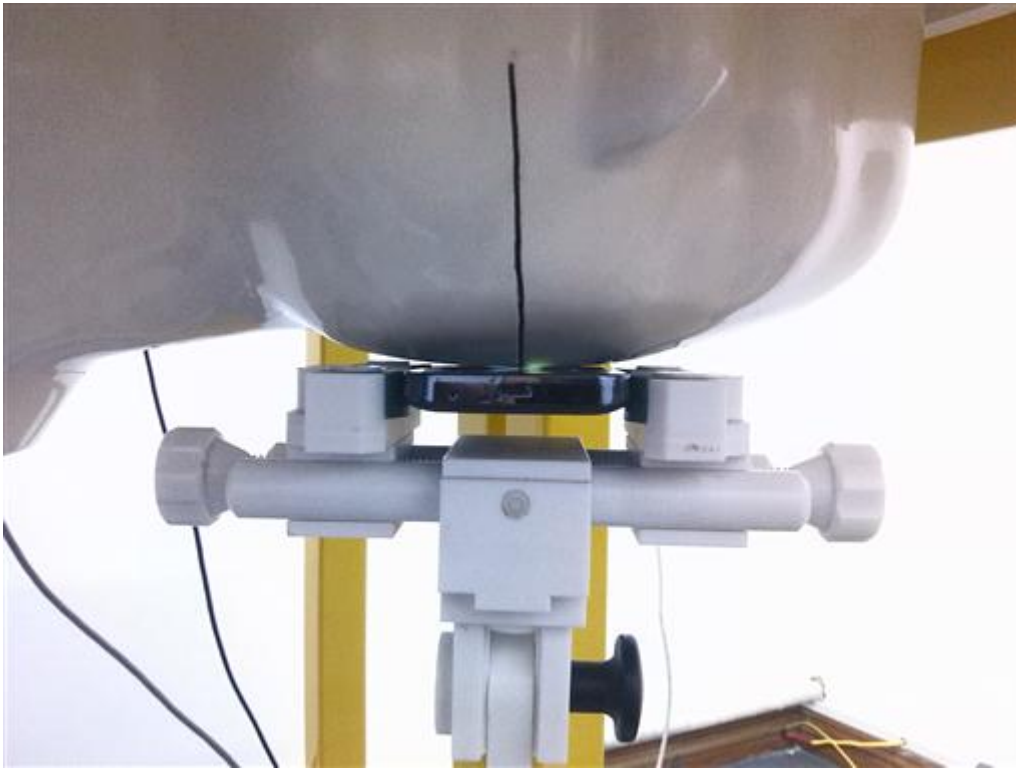
Test Position	CDMA SAR _{Max} (W/Kg)	Bluetooth SAR(W/Kg)	WiFi SAR(W/Kg)	Σ 1-g SAR _{Max} (W/Kg)	
				BT&Main Ant	WiFi&Main Ant
Head SAR	0.428	0	0.185	0.428	0.613
Body SAR	0.530	0	0.136	0.530	0.666

Simultaneous Transmission SAR evaluation is not required for BT and CDMA, because the sum of 1g SAR_{Max} is 0.530W/Kg < 1.6W/Kg for BT and CDMA.

Simultaneous Transmission SAR evaluation is not required for WiFi and CDMA, because the sum of 1g SAR_{Max} is 0.666W/Kg < 1.6W/Kg for Wifi and CDMA.

Annex A EUT Setup Photos

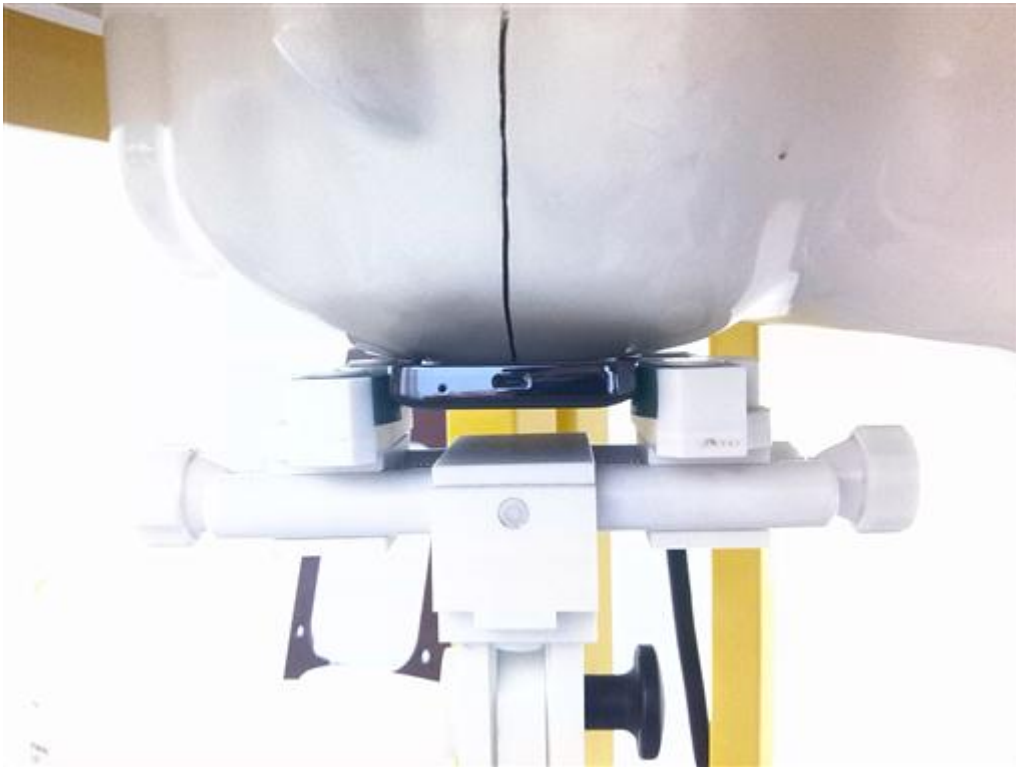
1 EUT Left Head Touch Cheek Position



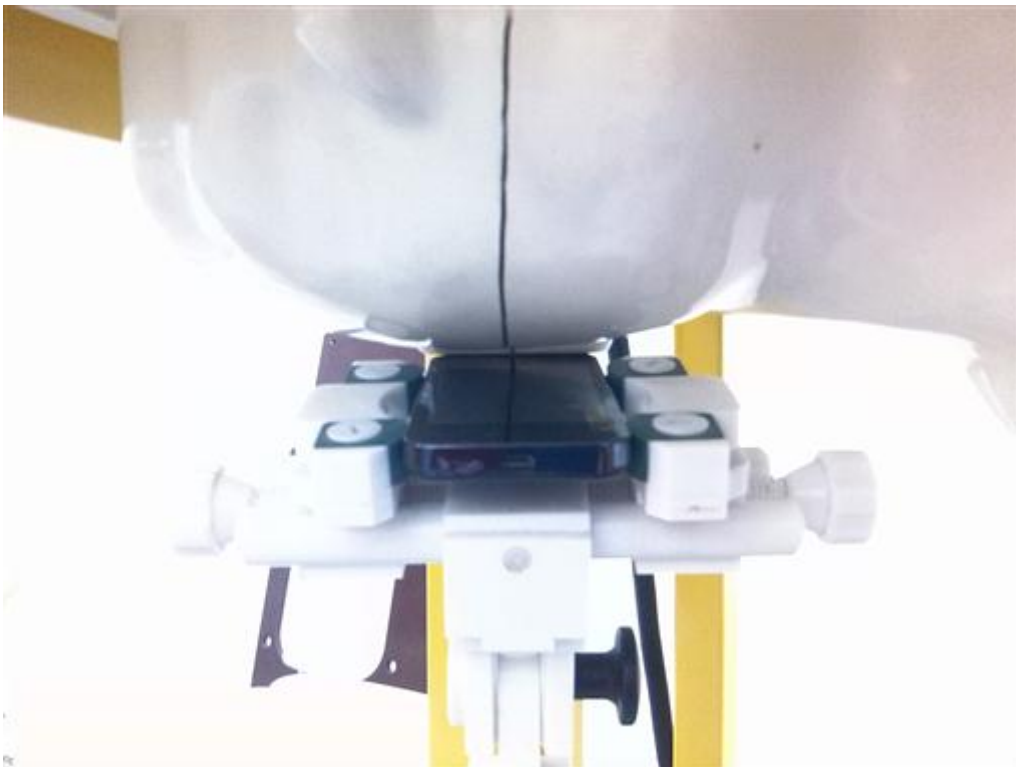
2 EUT Left Head Tilt15 Position



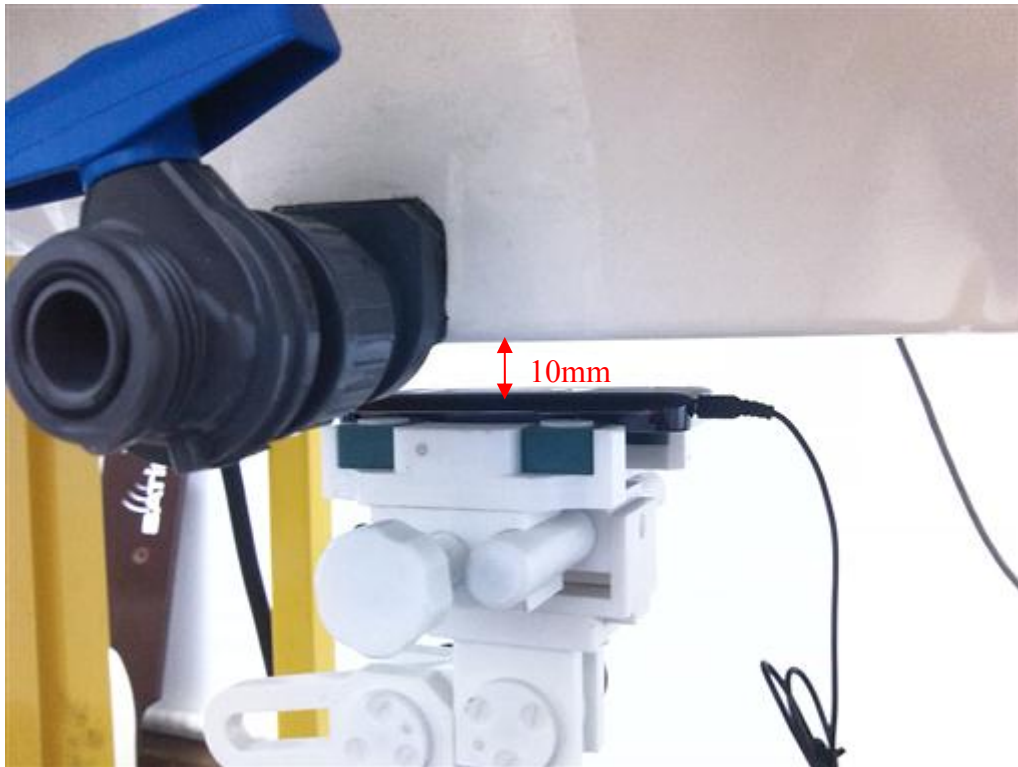
3 EUT Right Head Touch Cheek Position



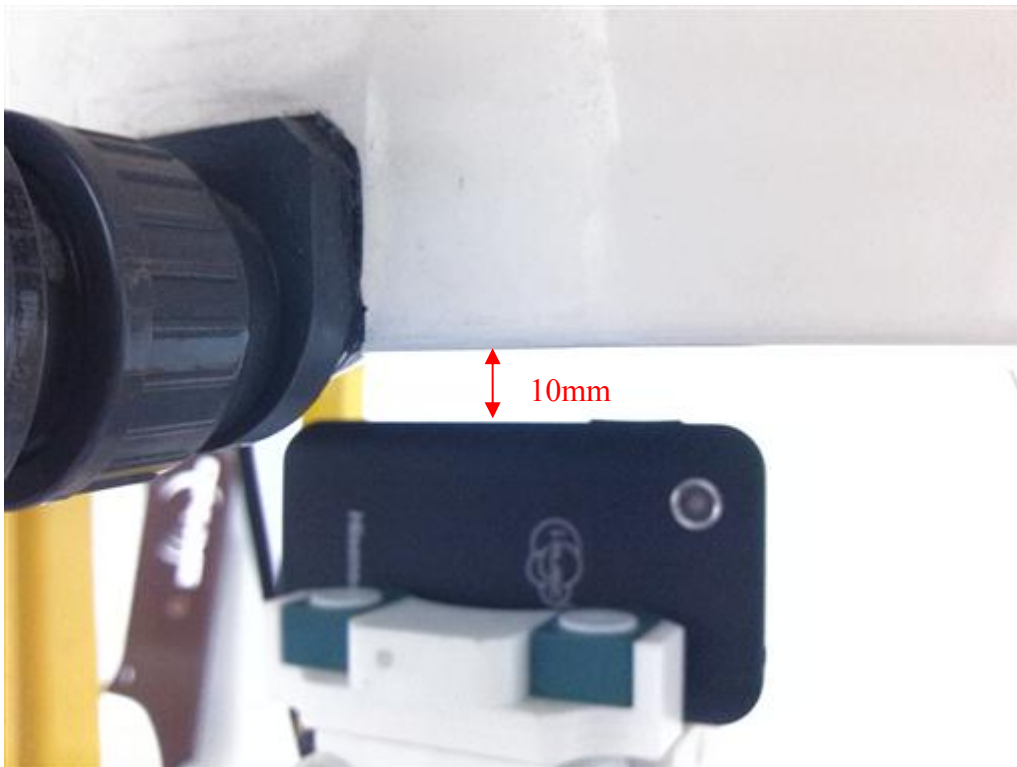
4 EUT Right Head Tilt15 Position



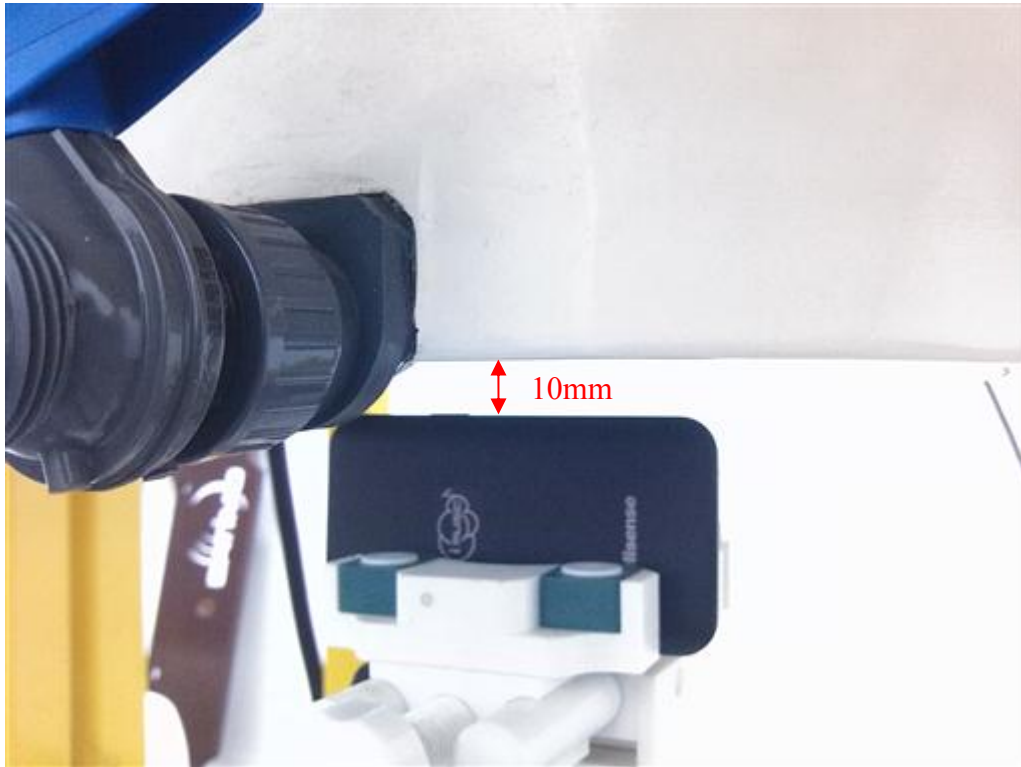
5 Side Position



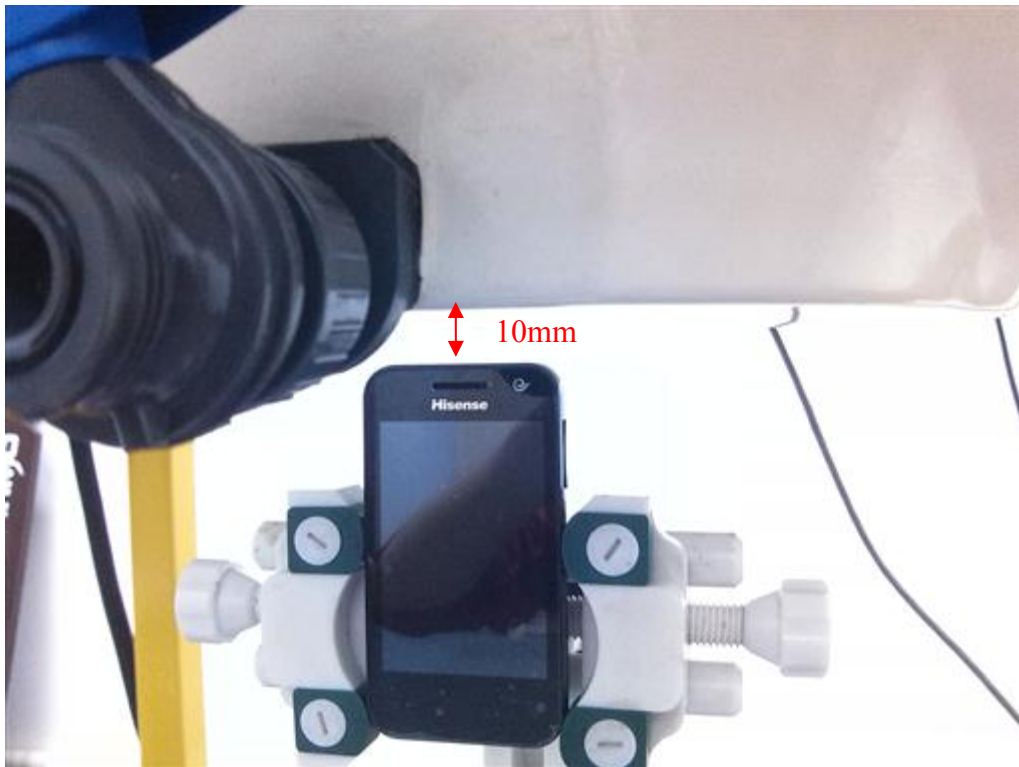
6 Edge A



7 Edge B



8 Edge C



9 Edge D



Liquid Level Photo



Annex B Graph Test Results

BAND	<u>PARAMETERS</u>
<p style="text-align: center;"><u>CDMA</u> <u>850</u></p>	<p><u>Measurement 1:</u> Right Head with Cheek device position on Middle Channel in CDMA mode</p> <p><u>Measurement 2:</u> Right Head with Tilt device position on Middle Channel in CDMA mode</p> <p><u>Measurement 3:</u> Left Head with Cheek device position on Middle Channel in CDMA mode</p> <p><u>Measurement 4:</u> Left Head with Tilt device position on Middle Channel in CDMA mode</p> <p><u>Measurement 5:</u> Validation Plane with Body device position on Middle Channel in CDMA mode</p> <p><u>Measurement 6:</u> Validation Plane with Body device position on Middle Channel in CDMA mode</p> <p><u>Measurement 7:</u> Validation Plane with Body device position on Middle Channel in CDMA mode</p> <p><u>Measurement 8:</u> Validation Plane with Body device position on Middle Channel in CDMA mode</p> <p><u>Measurement 9:</u> Validation Plane with Body device position on Middle Channel in CDMA mode</p>
<p style="text-align: center;"><u>WIFI</u> <u>802.11B</u></p>	<p><u>Measurement 10:</u> Right Head with Cheek device position on Middle Channel in DSSS mode</p> <p><u>Measurement 11:</u> Right Head with Tilt device position on Middle Channel in DSSS mode</p> <p><u>Measurement 12:</u> Left Head with Cheek device position on Middle Channel in DSSS mode</p> <p><u>Measurement 13:</u> Left Head with Tilt device position on Middle Channel in DSSS mode</p> <p><u>Measurement 14:</u> Validation Plane with Body device position on Middle Channel in DSSS mode</p> <p><u>Measurement 15:</u> Validation Plane with Body device position on Middle Channel in DSSS mode</p> <p><u>Measurement 16:</u> Validation Plane with Body device position on Middle Channel in DSSS mode</p>

MEASUREMENT 1

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 9/5/2012

Measurement duration: 7 minutes 32 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

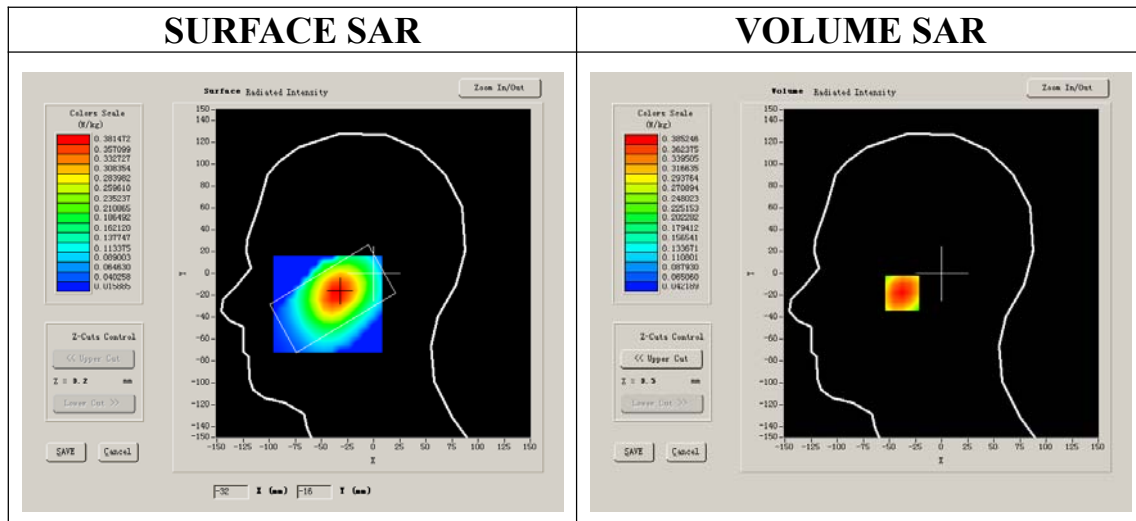
Phantom File	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	CDMA850
Channels	Middle
Signal	CDMA

B. SAR Measurement Results

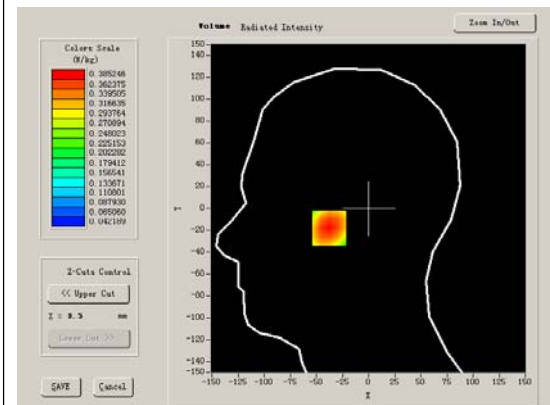
Middle Band SAR (Channel 384):

Frequency (MHz)	836.520020
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.790001
Relative permittivity	18.926250
Conductivity (S/m)	0.879566
Power drift (%)	-3.480000
Ambient Temperature:	22.9°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.7°C
ConvF:	28.479,25.214,27.196
Crest factor:	1:1

SURFACE SAR



VOLUME SAR



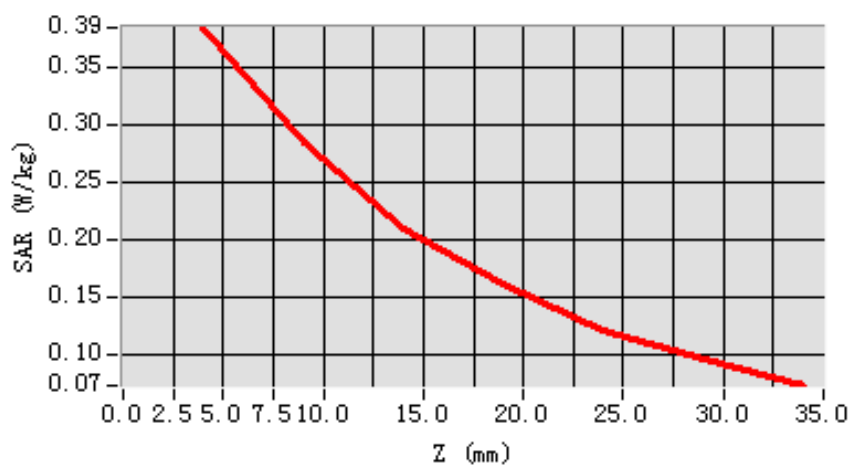
Maximum location: X=-35.00, Y=-18.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.260904
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.370332

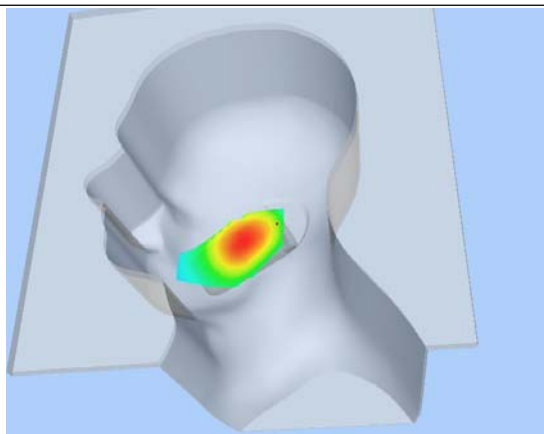
Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.3852	0.2847	0.2106	0.1626	0.1206	0.0967

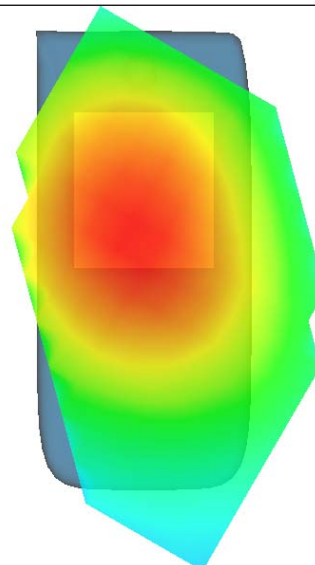
SAR, Z Axis Scan (X = -35, Y = -18)



3D scen shot



Hot spot position



MEASUREMENT 2

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 9/5/2012

Measurement duration: 7 minutes 32 seconds

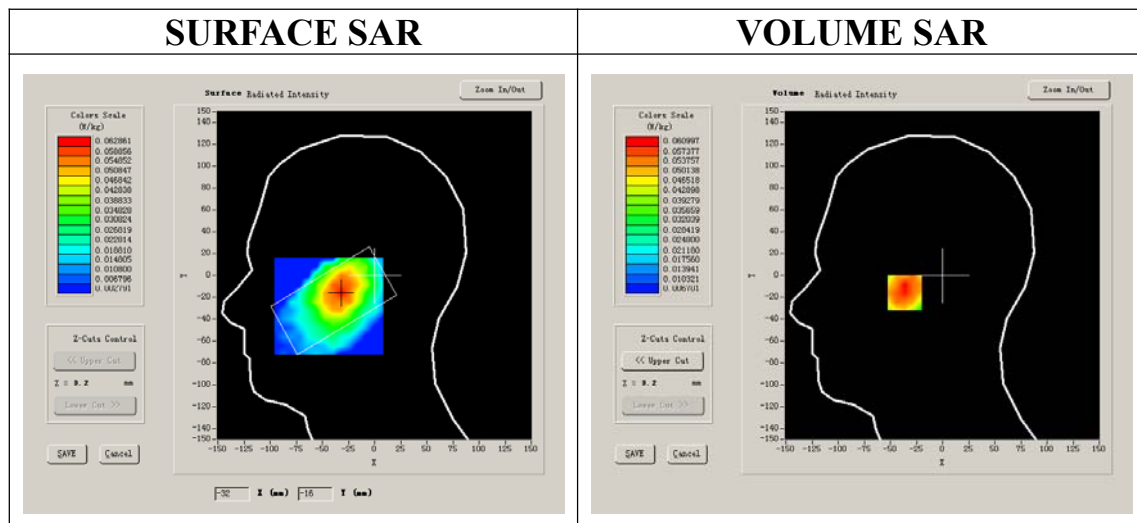
A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Tilt
Band	CDMA850
Channels	Middle
Signal	CDMA

B. SAR Measurement Results

Middle Band SAR (Channel 384):

Frequency (MHz)	836.520020
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.790001
Relative permittivity	18.926250
Conductivity (S/m)	0.879566
Power drift (%)	-3.480000
Ambient Temperature:	22.9°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.7°C
ConvF:	28.479,25.214,27.196
Crest factor:	1:1

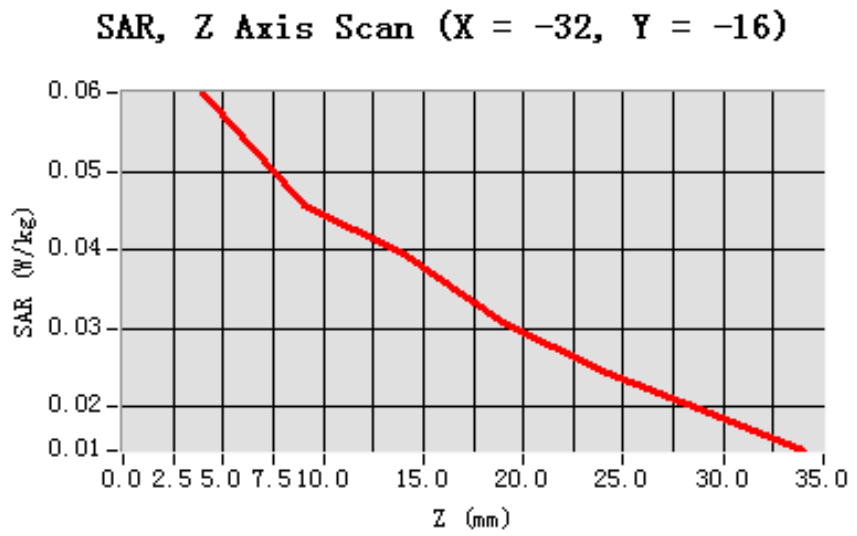


Maximum location: X=-32.00, Y=-16.00

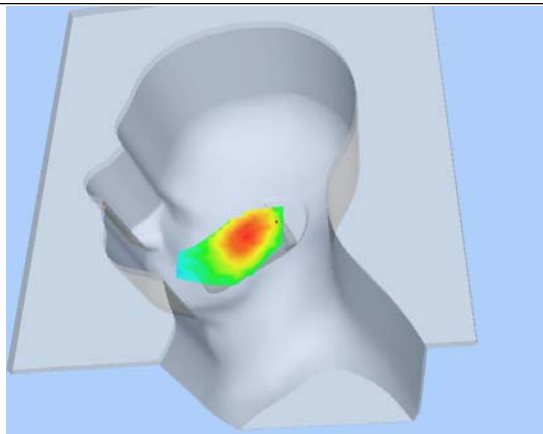
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.042877
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.058647

Z Axis Scan

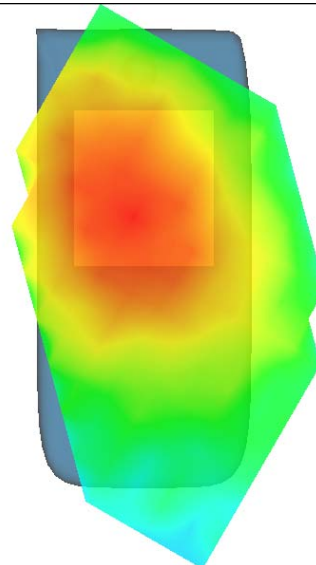
Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.0601	0.0457	0.0395	0.0309	0.0247	0.0196



3D scene shot



Hot spot position



MEASUREMENT 3

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 9/5/2012

Measurement duration: 7 minutes 33 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

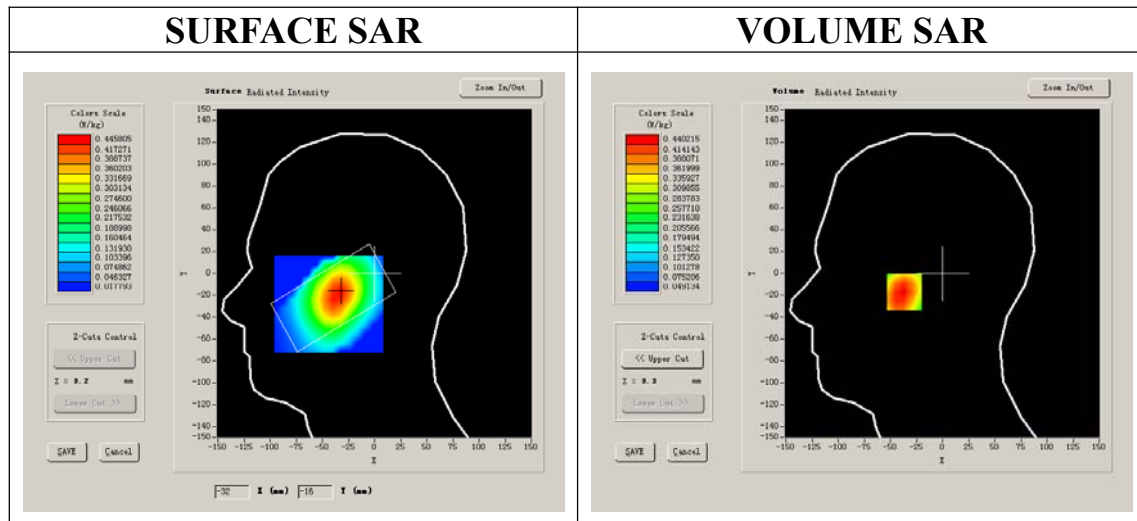
Phantom File	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	CDMA850
Channels	Middle
Signal	CDMA

B. SAR Measurement Results

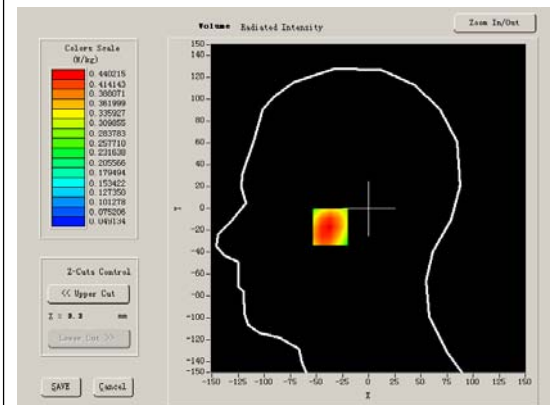
Middle Band SAR (Channel 384):

Frequency (MHz)	836.520020
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.790001
Relative permittivity	18.926250
Conductivity (S/m)	0.879566
Power drift (%)	-1.770000
Ambient Temperature:	22.9°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.7°C
ConvF:	28.479,25.214,27.196
Crest factor:	1:1

SURFACE SAR



VOLUME SAR



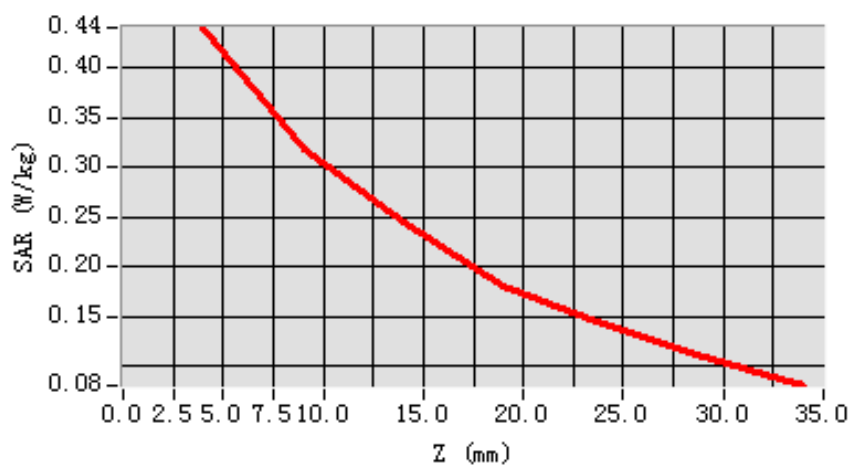
Maximum location: X=-33.00, Y=-17.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.301213
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.427623

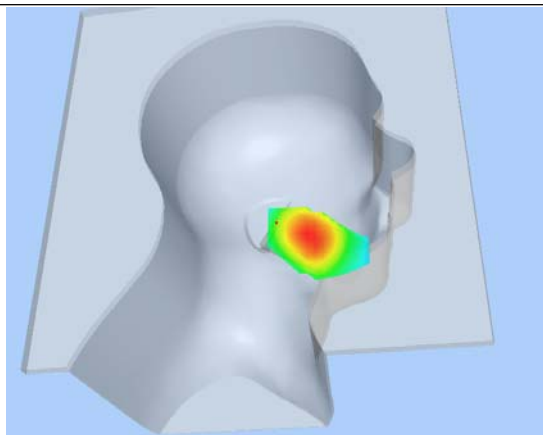
Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.4402	0.3176	0.2456	0.1818	0.1438	0.1093

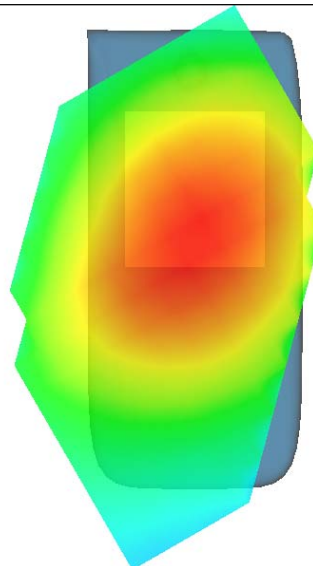
SAR, Z Axis Scan (X = -33, Y = -17)



3D scene shot



Hot spot position



MEASUREMENT 4

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 9/5/2012

Measurement duration: 7 minutes 50 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

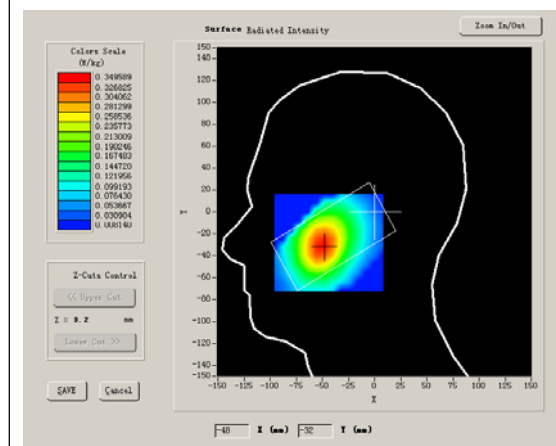
Phantom File	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Tilt
Band	CDMA850
Channels	Middle
Signal	CDMA

B. SAR Measurement Results

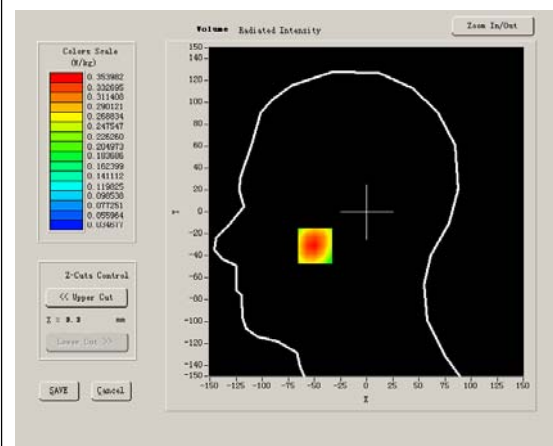
Middle Band SAR (Channel 384):

Frequency (MHz)	836.520020
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.790001
Relative permittivity	18.926250
Conductivity (S/m)	0.879566
Power drift (%)	0.450000
Ambient Temperature:	22.9°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.7°C
ConvF:	28.479,25.214,27.196
Crest factor:	1:1

SURFACE SAR



VOLUME SAR



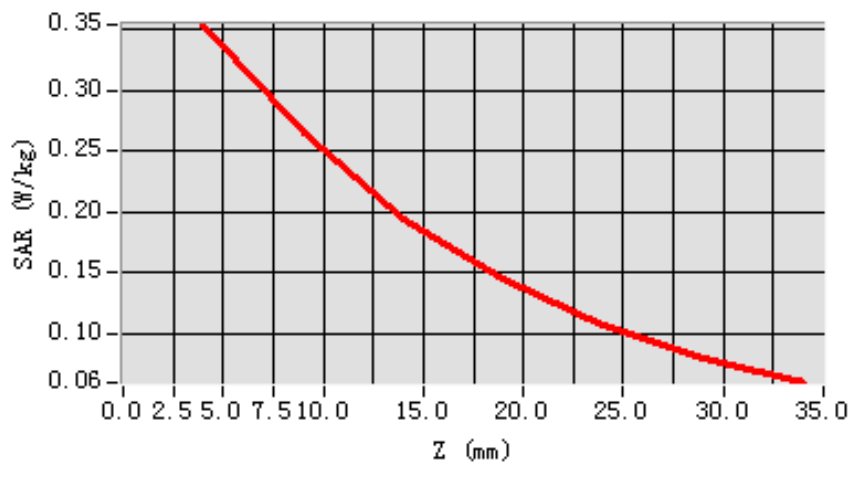
Maximum location: X=-49.00, Y=-31.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.237412
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.339229

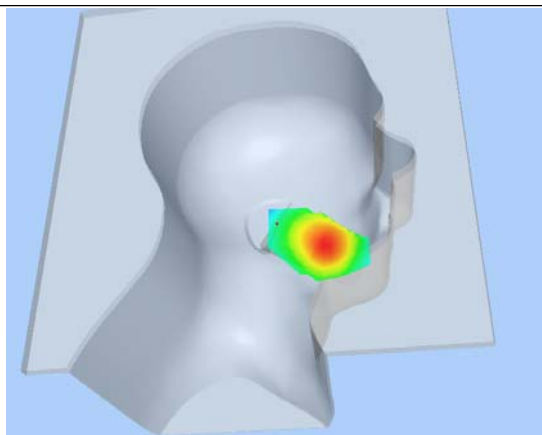
Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.3540	0.2653	0.1934	0.1455	0.1068	0.0786

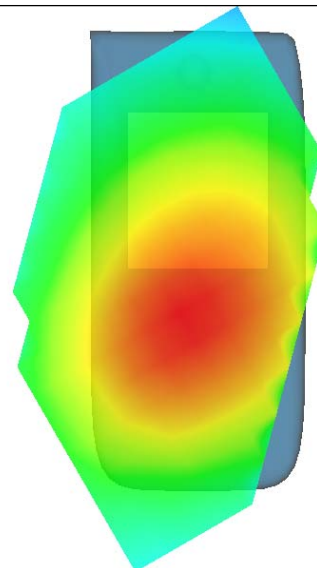
SAR, Z Axis Scan (X = -49, Y = -31)



3D seen shot



Hot spot position



MEASUREMENT 5

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 9/5/2012

Measurement duration: 9 minutes 9 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

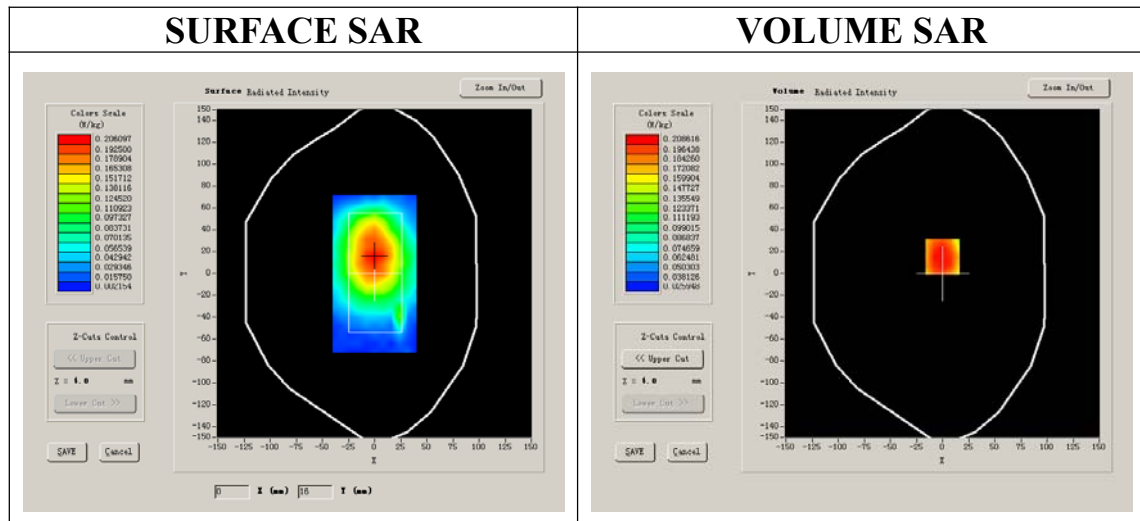
Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	CDMA850
Channels	Middle
Signal	CDMA

B. SAR Measurement Results

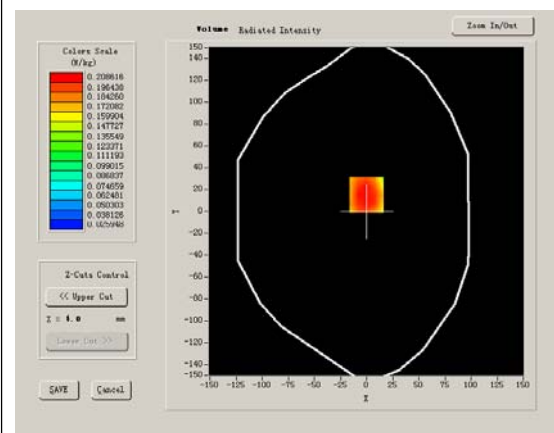
Middle Band SAR (Channel 384):

Frequency (MHz)	836.520020
Relative permittivity (real part)	54.116001
Relative permittivity	21.284550
Conductivity (S/m)	0.989164
Power drift (%)	50.139999
Ambient Temperature:	22.9°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.7°C
ConvF:	28.559,25.681,27.588
Crest factor:	1:1

SURFACE SAR



VOLUME SAR



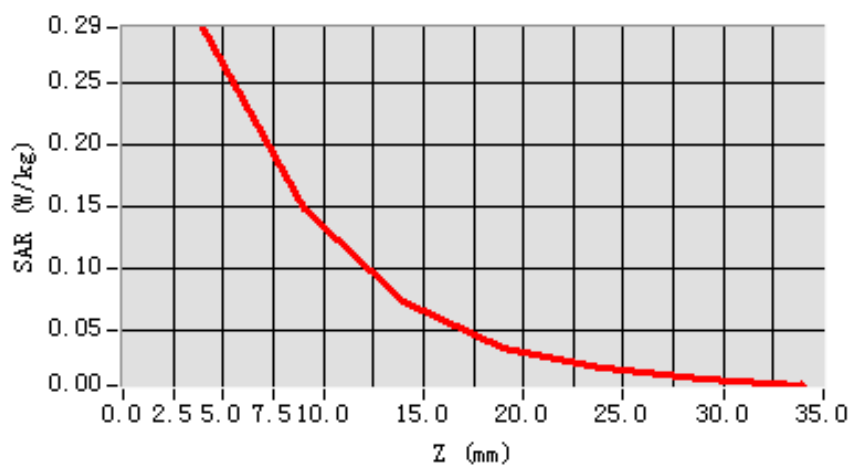
Maximum location: X=-15.00, Y=-39.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.166550
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.240532

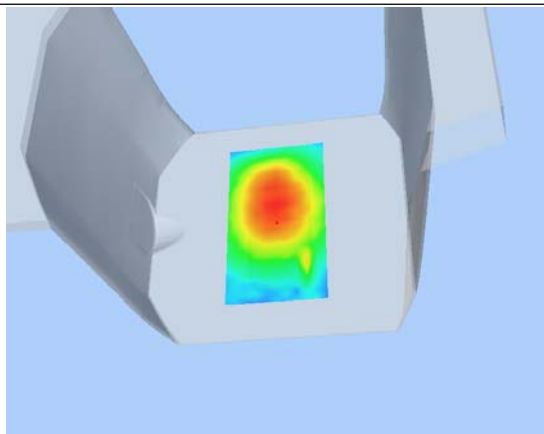
Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.2311	0.1739	0.1346	0.0967	0.0656	0.0470

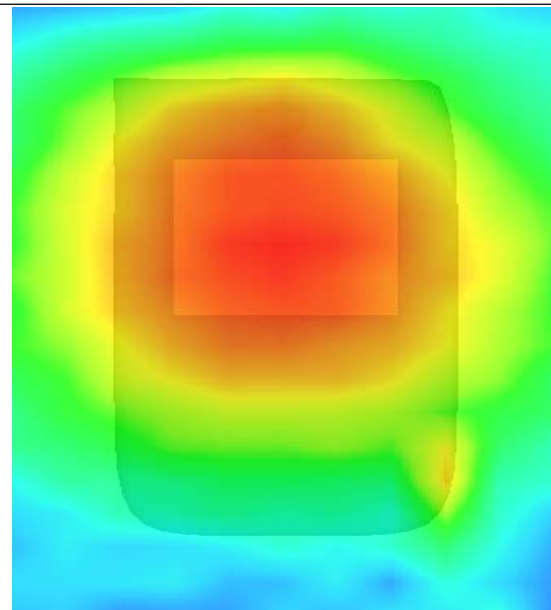
SAR, Z Axis Scan (X = -15, Y = -39)



3D scen shot



Hot spot position



MEASUREMENT 6

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 9/5/2012

Measurement duration: 9 minutes 8 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

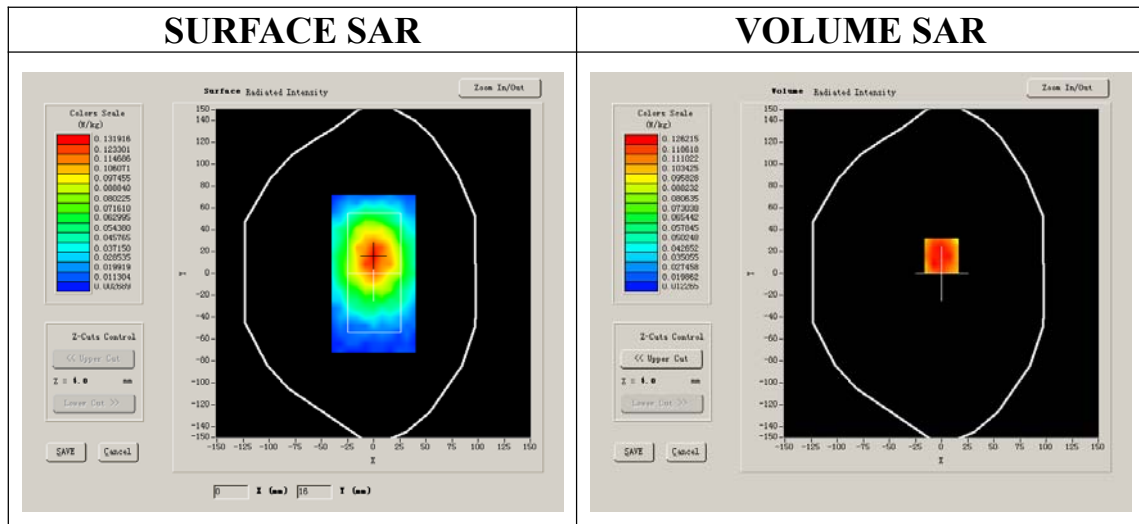
Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	CDMA850
Channels	Middle
Signal	CDMA

B. SAR Measurement Results

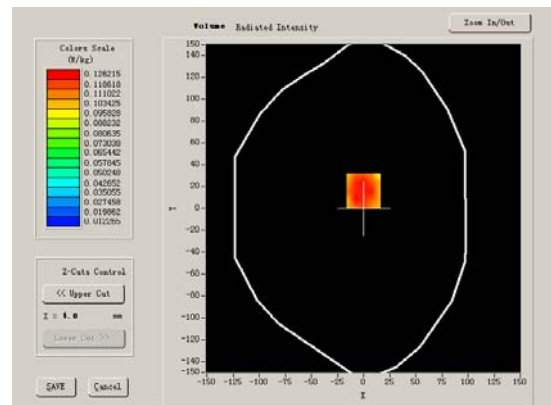
Middle Band SAR (Channel 384):

Frequency (MHz)	836.520020
Relative permittivity (real part)	54.116001
Relative permittivity	21.284550
Conductivity (S/m)	0.989164
Power drift (%)	0.710000
Ambient Temperature:	22.9°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.7°C
ConvF:	28.559,25.681,27.588
Crest factor:	1:1

SURFACE SAR



VOLUME SAR

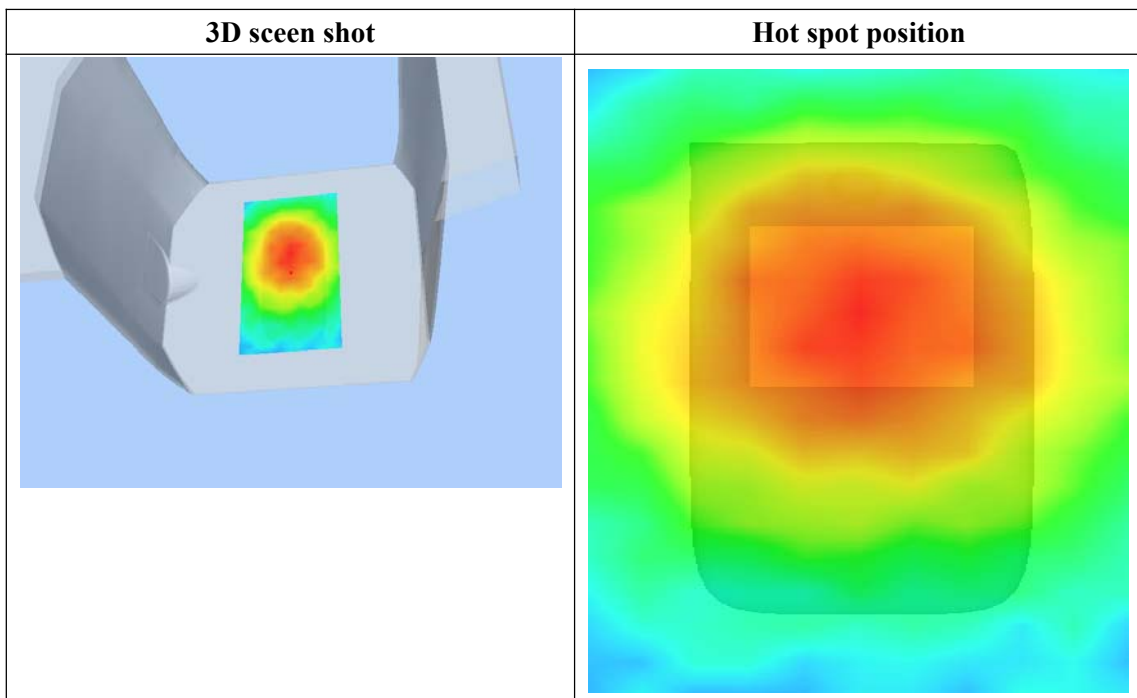
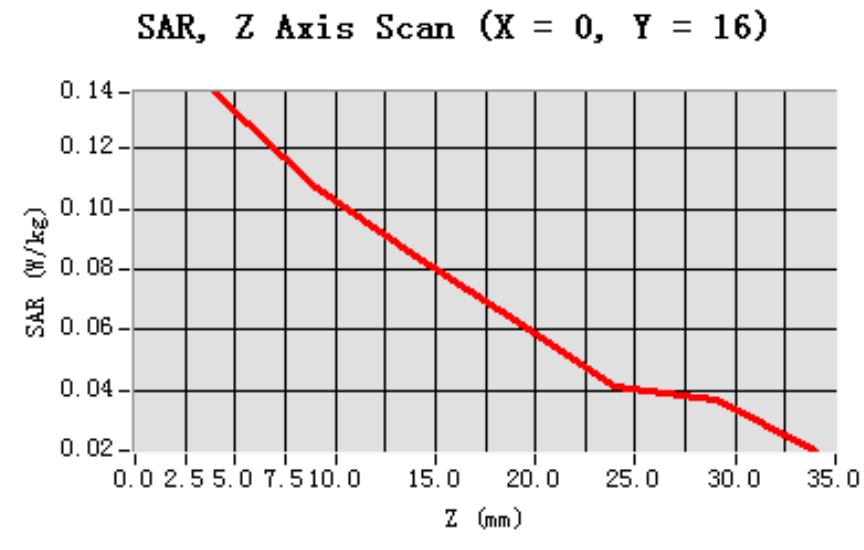


Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=16.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.098716
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.137992

Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.1385	0.1074	0.0845	0.0630	0.0412	0.0371



MEASUREMENT 7

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 9/5/2012

Measurement duration: 9 minutes 8 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

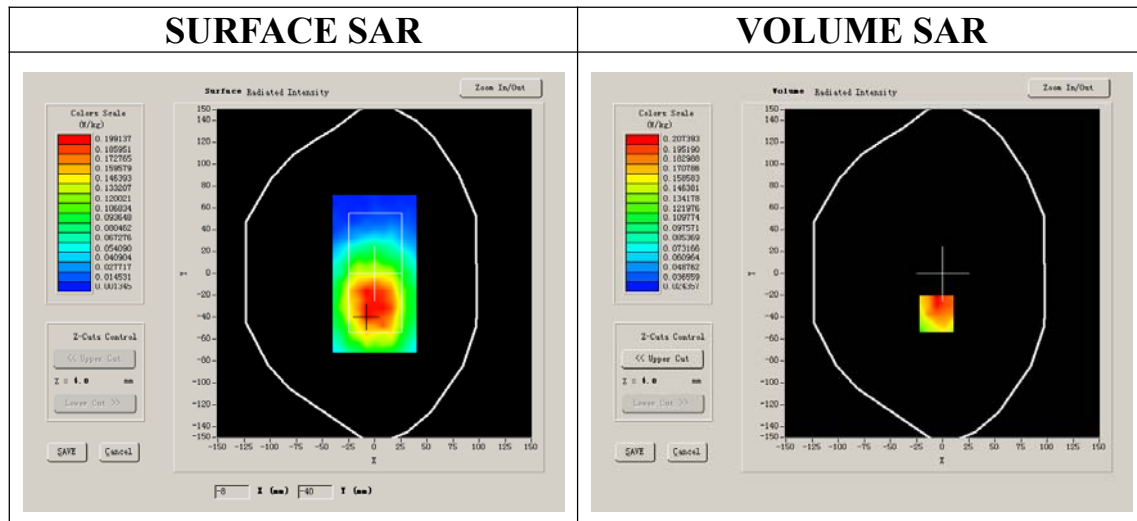
Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	CDMA850
Channels	Middle
Signal	CDMA

B. SAR Measurement Results

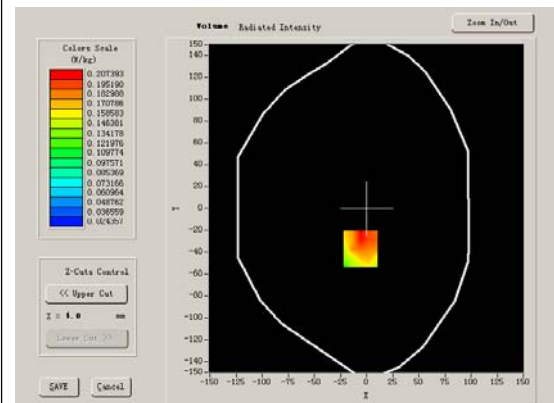
Middle Band SAR (Channel 384):

Frequency (MHz)	836.520020
Relative permittivity (real part)	54.116001
Relative permittivity	21.284550
Conductivity (S/m)	0.989164
Power drift (%)	1.480000
Ambient Temperature:	22.9°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.7°C
ConvF:	28.559,25.681,27.588
Crest factor:	1:1

SURFACE SAR



VOLUME SAR



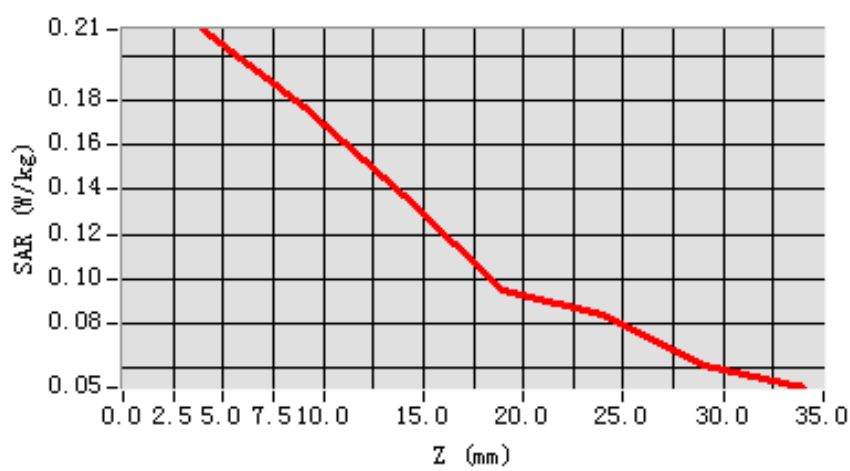
Maximum location: X=-6.00, Y=-37.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.160811
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.216682

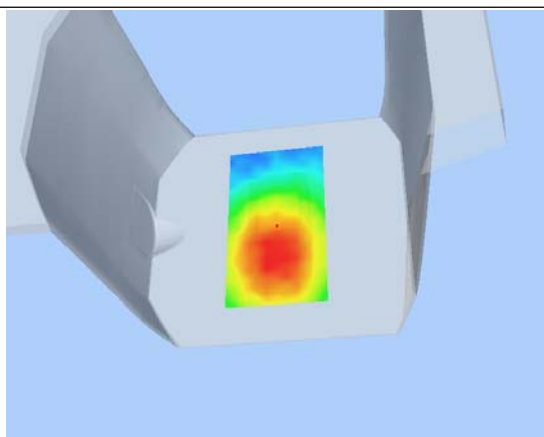
Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.2118	0.1769	0.1372	0.0952	0.0843	0.0609

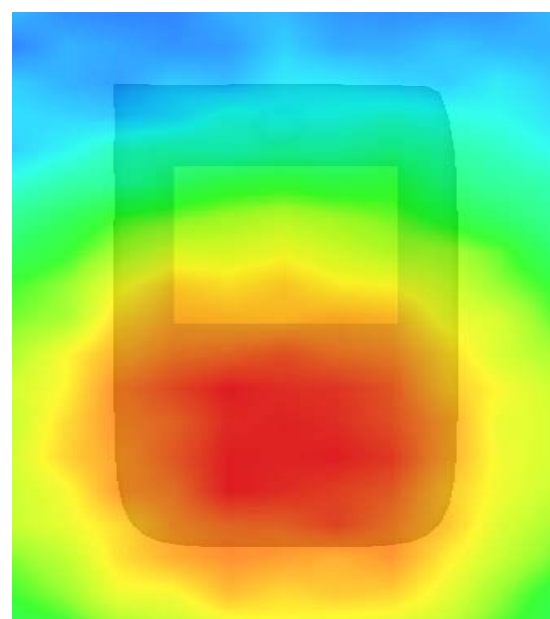
SAR, Z Axis Scan (X = -6, Y = -37)



3D scen shot



Hot spot position



MEASUREMENT 8

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 9/5/2012

Measurement duration: 9 minutes 8 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

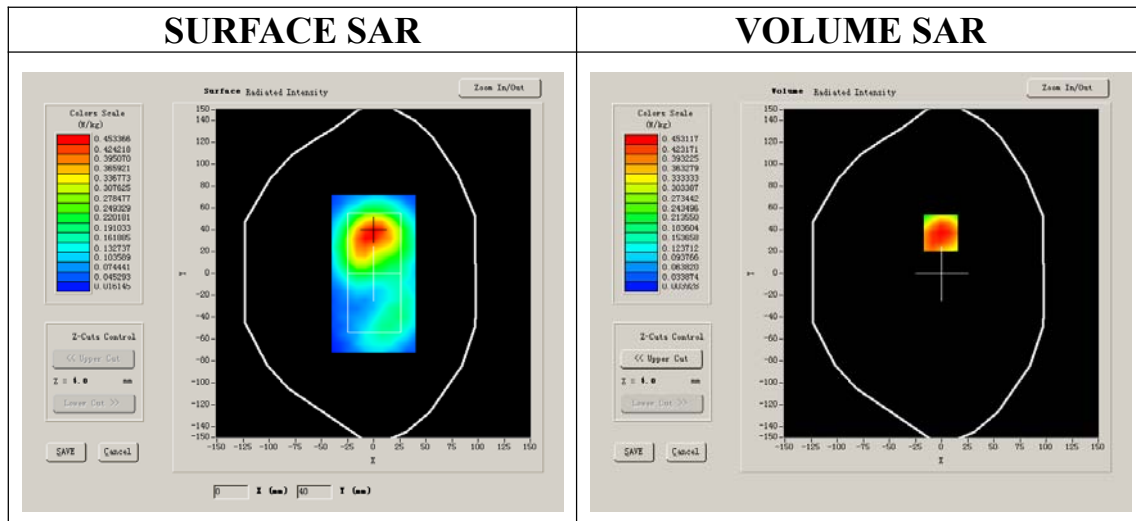
Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	CDMA850
Channels	Middle
Signal	CDMA

B. SAR Measurement Results

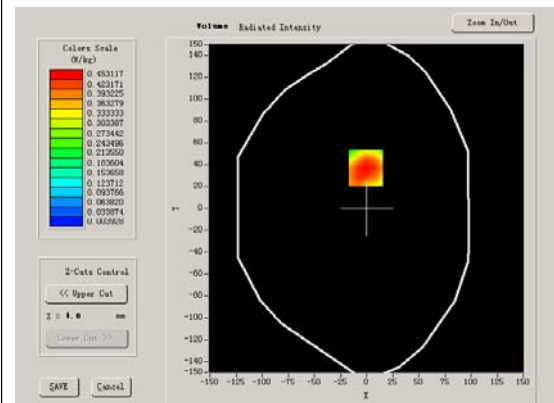
Middle Band SAR (Channel 384):

Frequency (MHz)	836.520020
Relative permittivity (real part)	54.116001
Relative permittivity	21.284550
Conductivity (S/m)	0.989164
Power drift (%)	1.390000
Ambient Temperature:	22.9°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.7°C
ConvF:	28.559,25.681,27.588
Crest factor:	1:1

SURFACE SAR



VOLUME SAR



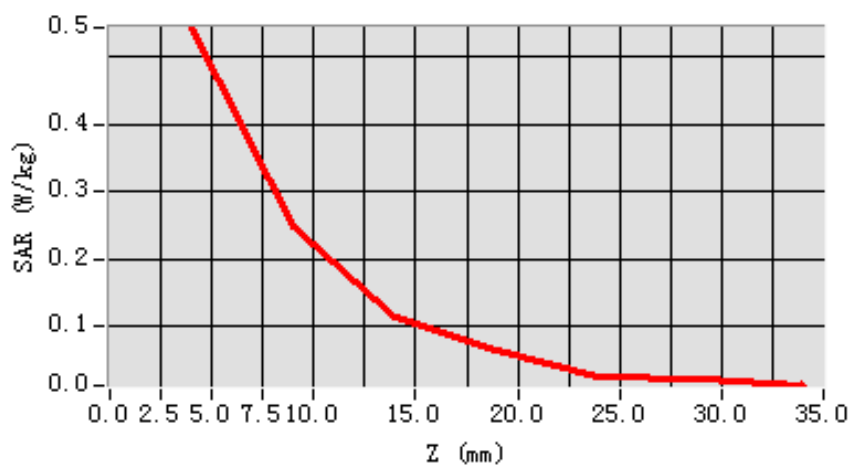
Maximum location: X=-1.00, Y=37.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.280693
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.529940

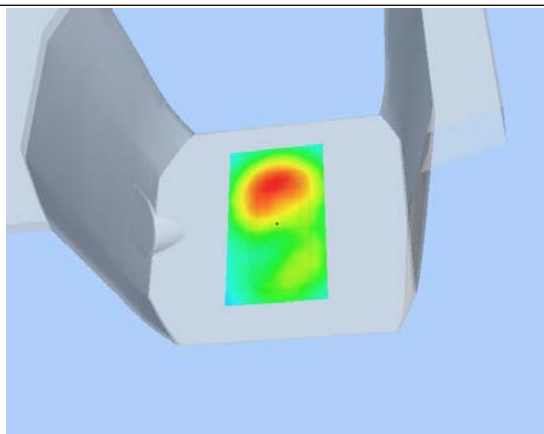
Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.5438	0.2502	0.1153	0.0662	0.0275	0.0236

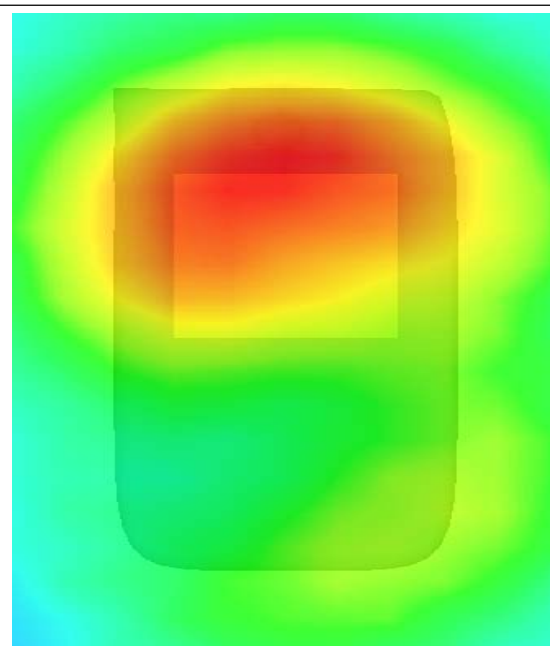
SAR, Z Axis Scan (X = -1, Y = 37)



3D scen shot



Hot spot position



MEASUREMENT 9

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 9/5/2012

Measurement duration: 9 minutes 8 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

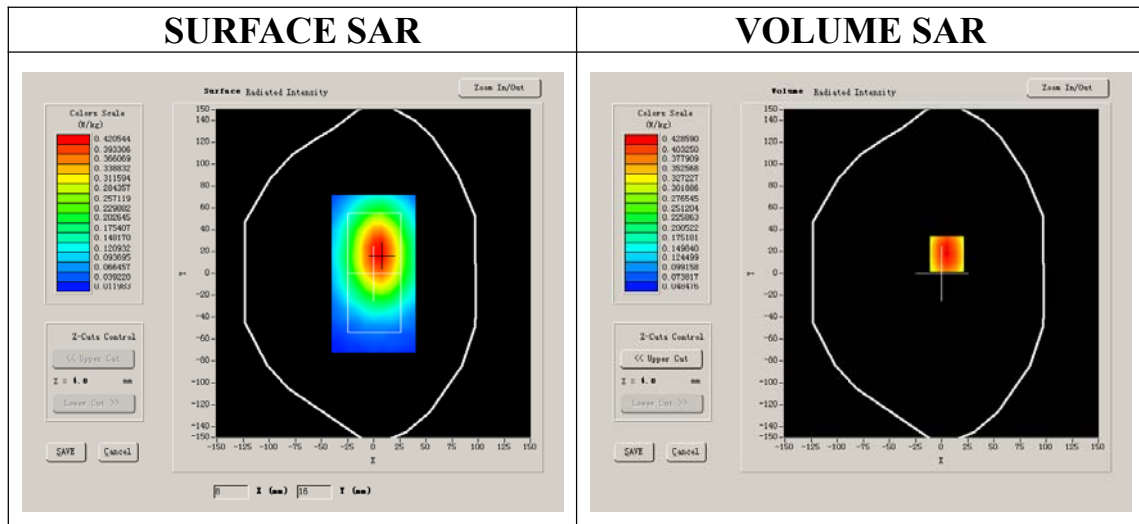
Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	CDMA850
Channels	Middle
Signal	CDMA

B. SAR Measurement Results

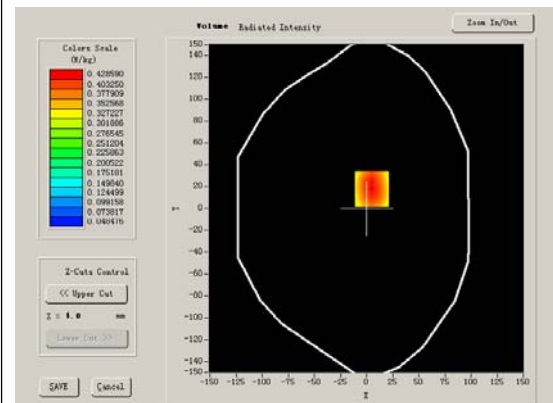
Middle Band SAR (Channel 384):

Frequency (MHz)	836.520020
Relative permittivity (real part)	54.116001
Relative permittivity	21.284550
Conductivity (S/m)	0.989164
Power drift (%)	0.740000
Ambient Temperature:	22.9°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.7°C
ConvF:	28.559,25.681,27.588
Crest factor:	1:1

SURFACE SAR



VOLUME SAR



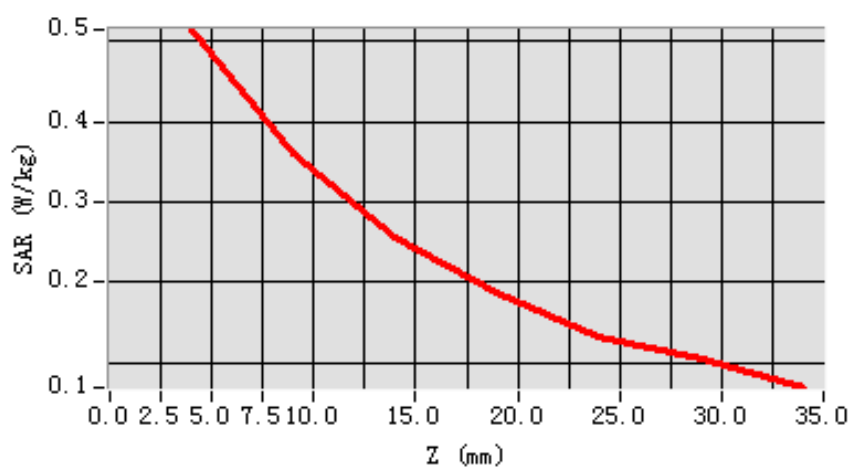
Maximum location: X=5.00, Y=18.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.337181
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.493518

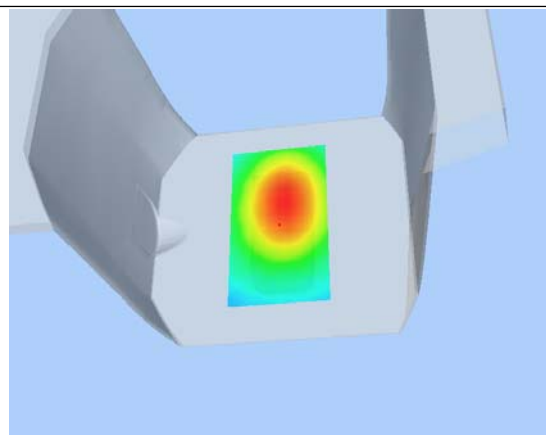
Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.5143	0.3596	0.2563	0.1865	0.1311	0.1044

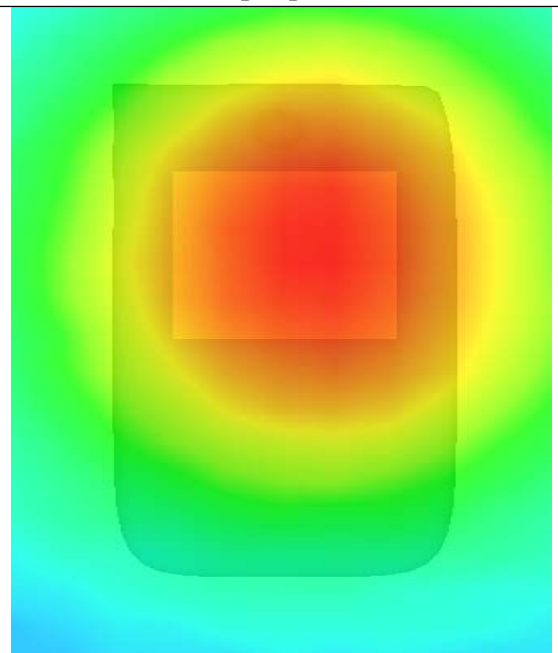
SAR, Z Axis Scan (X = 5, Y = 18)



3D scene shot



Hot spot position



MEASUREMENT 10

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 9/5/2012

Measurement duration: 8 minutes 17 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

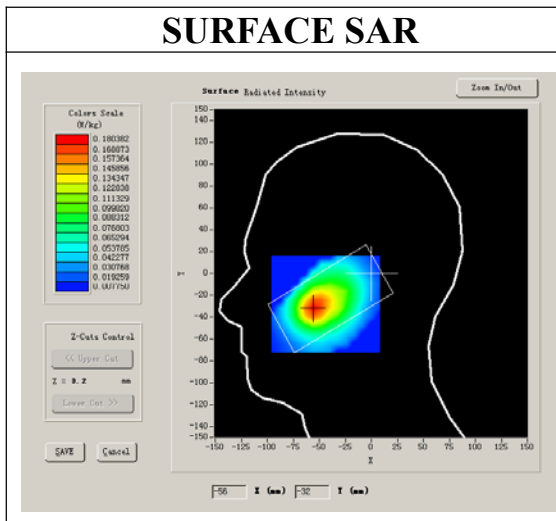
Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	802.11B
Channels	Low
Signal	DSSS

B. SAR Measurement Results

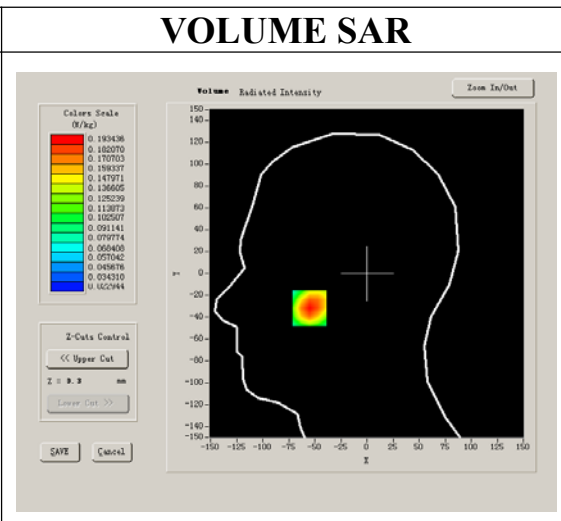
Lower Band SAR (Channel 1)

Frequency (MHz)	2412.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.622857
Relative permittivity	15.490000
Conductivity (S/m)	1.964313
Power drift (%)	-0.430000
Ambient Temperature:	22.3°C
Liquid Temperature:	21.5°C
ConvF:	39.563,33.614,37.677
Crest factor:	1:1

SURFACE SAR



VOLUME SAR



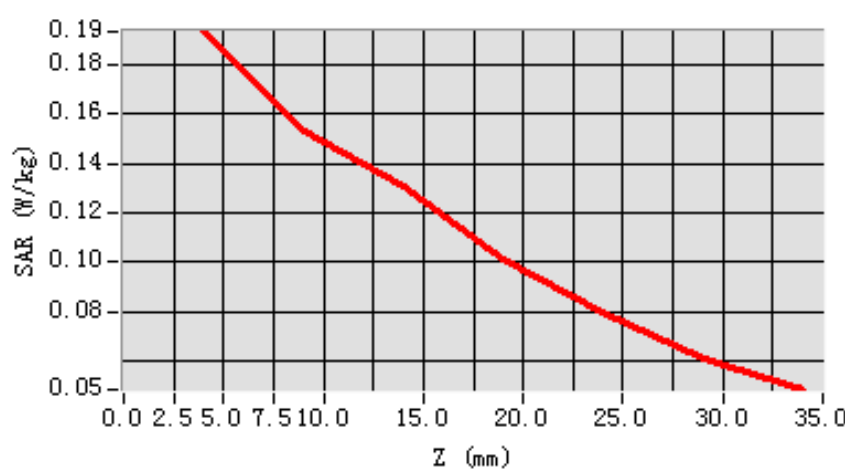
Maximum location: X=-55.00, Y=-32.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.137837
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.185303

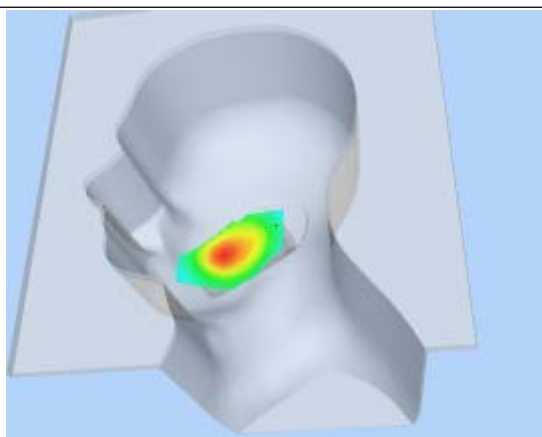
Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.1934	0.1534	0.1305	0.1010	0.0793	0.0611

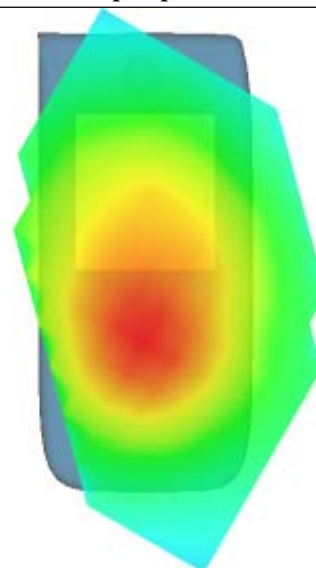
SAR, Z Axis Scan (X = -55, Y = -32)



3D scen shot



Hot spot position



MEASUREMENT 11

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 9/5/2012

Measurement duration: 8 minutes 15 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

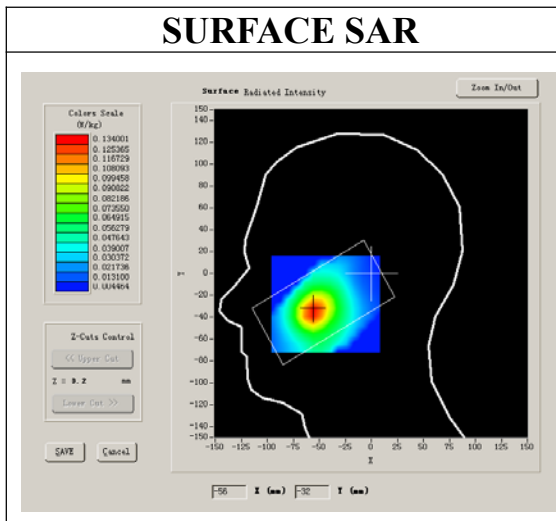
Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Tilt
Band	802.11B
Channels	Low
Signal	DSSS

B. SAR Measurement Results

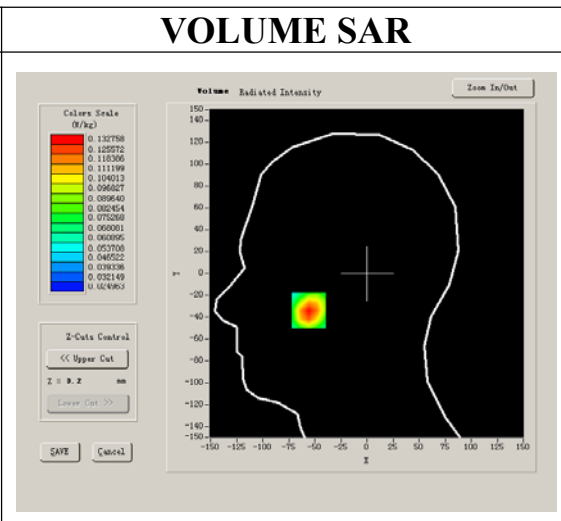
Lower Band SAR (Channel 1)

Frequency (MHz)	2412.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.622857
Relative permittivity	15.490000
Conductivity (S/m)	1.964313
Power drift (%)	-0.630000
Ambient Temperature:	22.3°C
Liquid Temperature:	21.5°C
ConvF:	39.563,33.614,37.677
Crest factor:	1:1

SURFACE SAR



VOLUME SAR



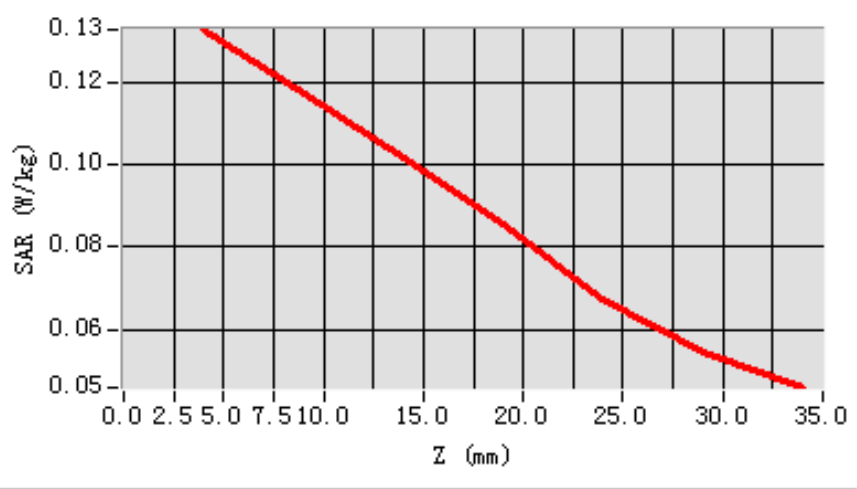
Maximum location: X=-56.00, Y=-34.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.098993
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.126820

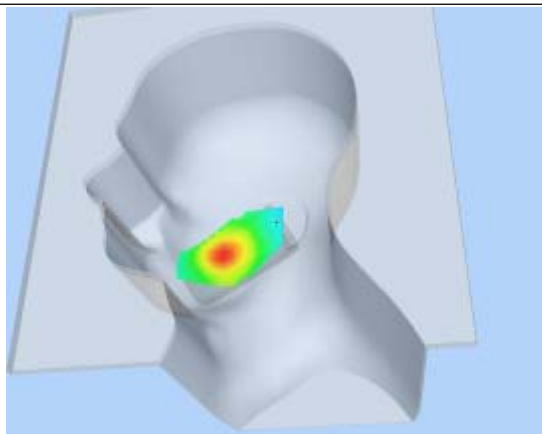
Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.1328	0.1171	0.1015	0.0853	0.0675	0.0547

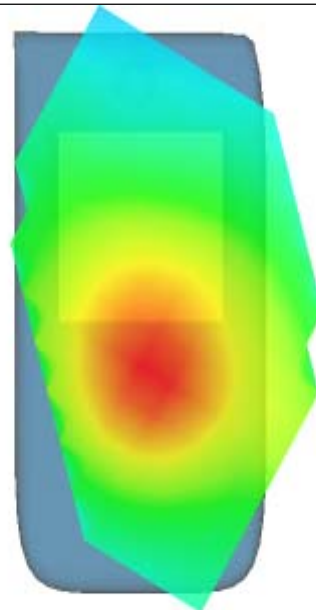
SAR, Z Axis Scan (X = -56, Y = -34)



3D scen shot



Hot spot position



MEASUREMENT 12

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 9/5/2012

Measurement duration: 8 minutes 17 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

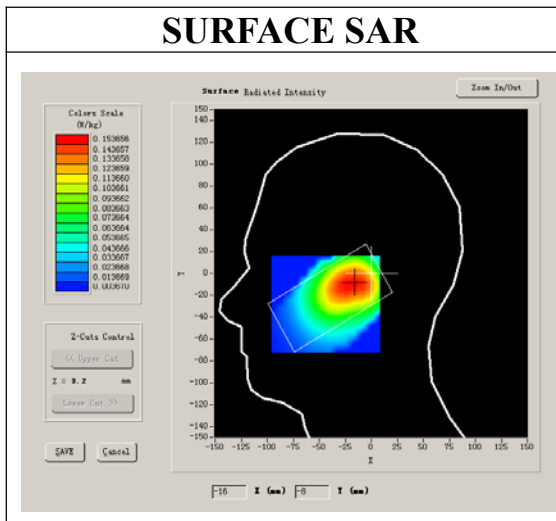
Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	802.11B
Channels	Low
Signal	DSSS

B. SAR Measurement Results

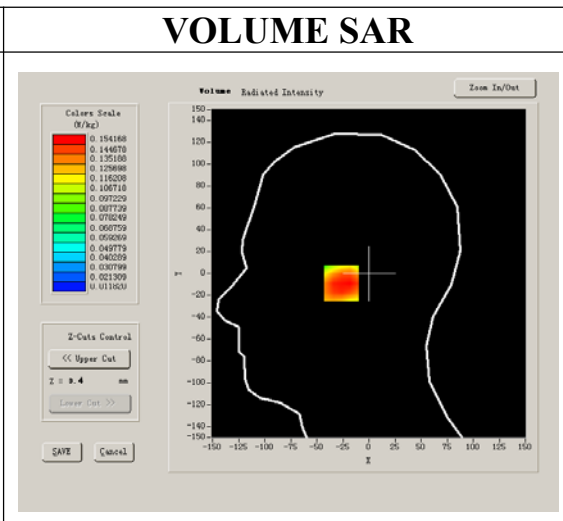
Lower Band SAR (Channel 1)

Frequency (MHz)	2412.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.622857
Relative permittivity	15.490000
Conductivity (S/m)	1.964313
Power drift (%)	0.510000
Ambient Temperature:	22.3°C
Liquid Temperature:	21.5°C
ConvF:	39.563,33.614,37.677
Crest factor:	1:1

SURFACE SAR



VOLUME SAR



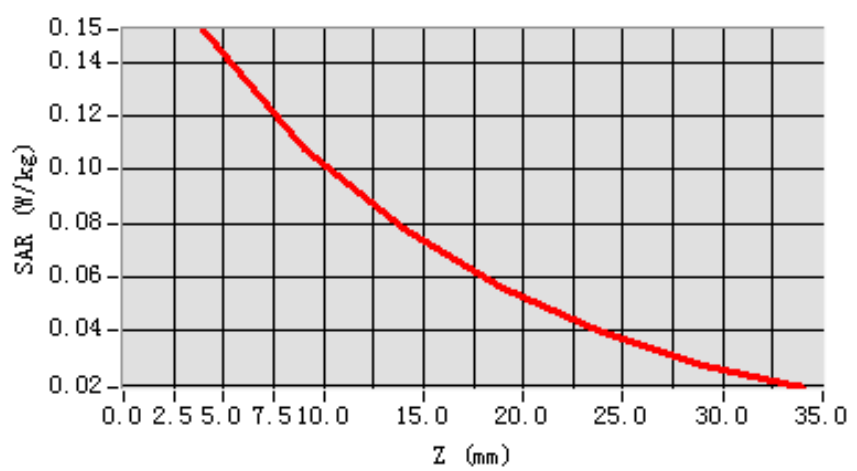
Maximum location: X=-21.00, Y=-9.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.101844
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.149169

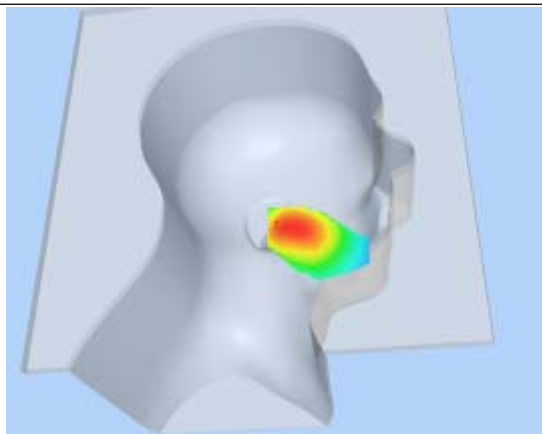
Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.1520	0.1074	0.0781	0.0560	0.0393	0.0270

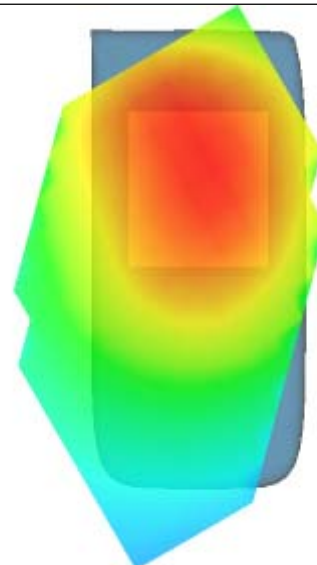
SAR, Z Axis Scan (X = -21, Y = -9)



3D scen shot



Hot spot position



MEASUREMENT 13

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 9/5/2012

Measurement duration: 8 minutes 17 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

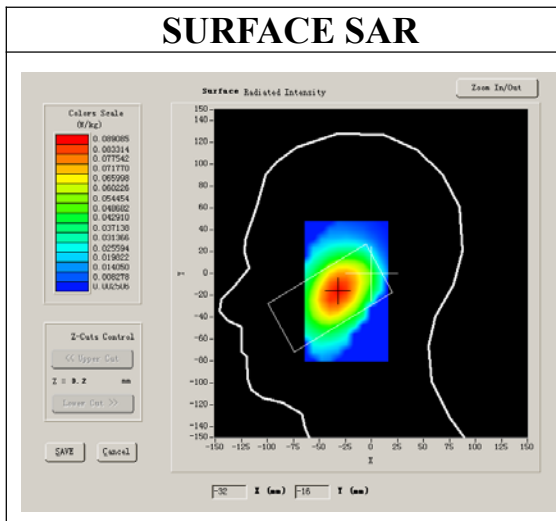
Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Tilt
Band	802.11B
Channels	Low
Signal	DSSS

B. SAR Measurement Results

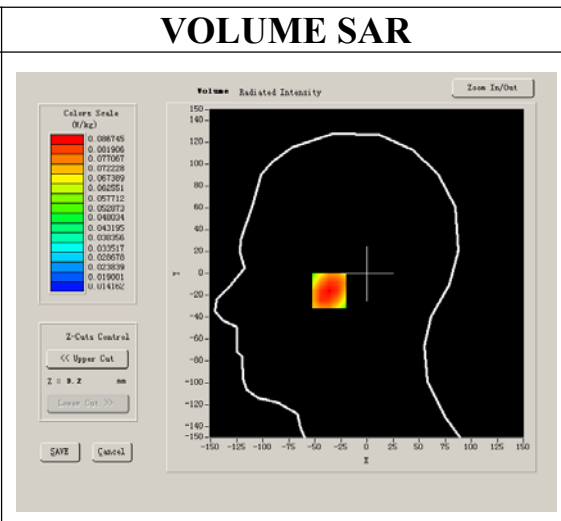
Lower Band SAR (Channel 1)

Frequency (MHz)	2412.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.622857
Relative permittivity	15.490000
Conductivity (S/m)	1.964313
Power drift (%)	0.620000
Ambient Temperature:	22.3°C
Liquid Temperature:	21.5°C
ConvF:	39.563,33.614,37.677
Crest factor:	1:1

SURFACE SAR



VOLUME SAR



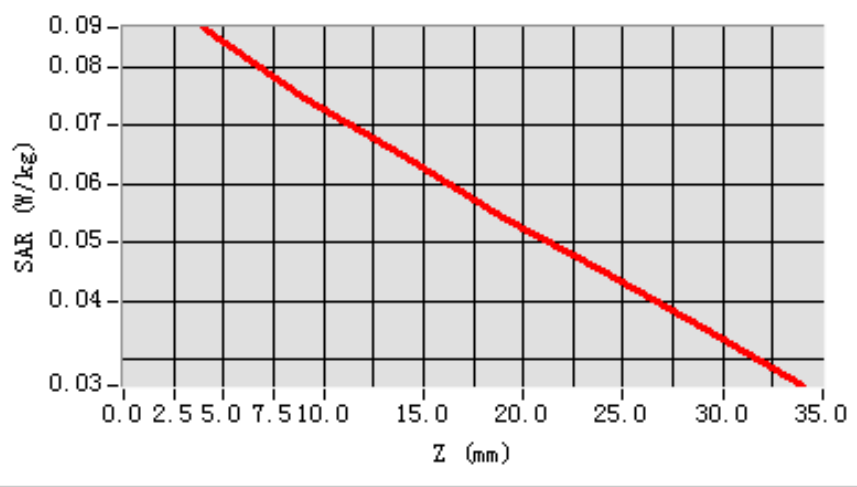
Maximum location: X=-32.00, Y=-16.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.068461
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.084536

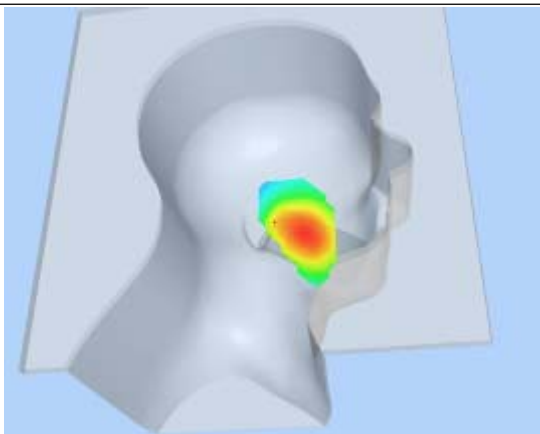
Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.0867	0.0748	0.0649	0.0542	0.0451	0.0352

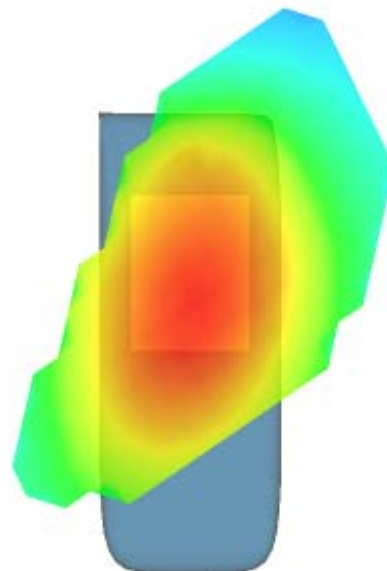
SAR, Z Axis Scan (X = -32, Y = -16)



3D scen shot



Hot spot position



MEASUREMENT 14

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 9/5/2012

Measurement duration: 9 minutes 10 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

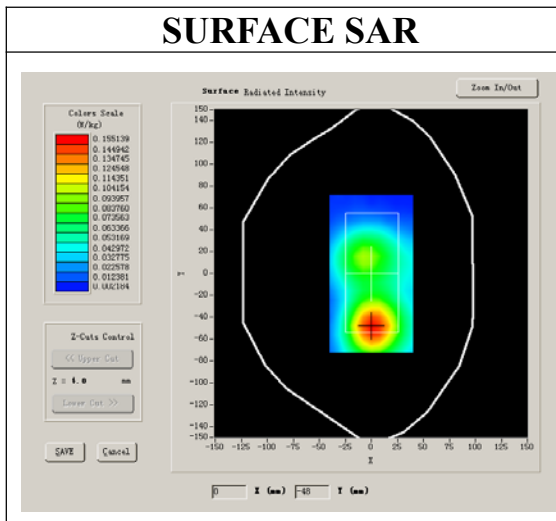
Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	802.11B
Channels	Low
Signal	DSSS

B. SAR Measurement Results

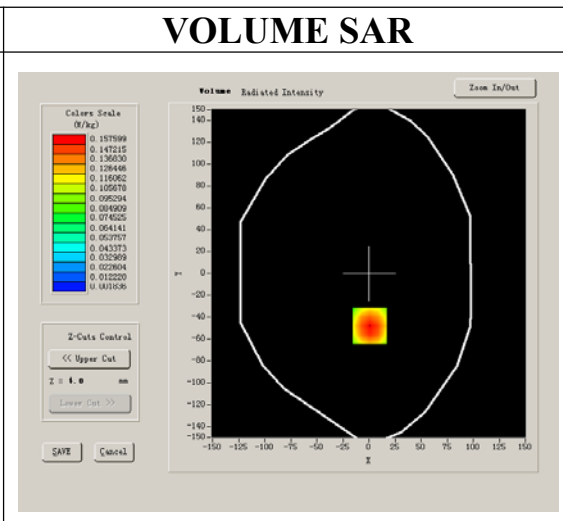
Lower Band SAR (Channel 1)

Frequency (MHz)	2412.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	52.548876
Relative permittivity	15.500000
Conductivity (S/m)	1.974257
Power drift (%)	-1.710000
Ambient Temperature:	22.0°C
Liquid Temperature:	21.8°C
ConvF:	39.772,33.946,37.835
Crest factor:	1:1

SURFACE SAR



VOLUME SAR



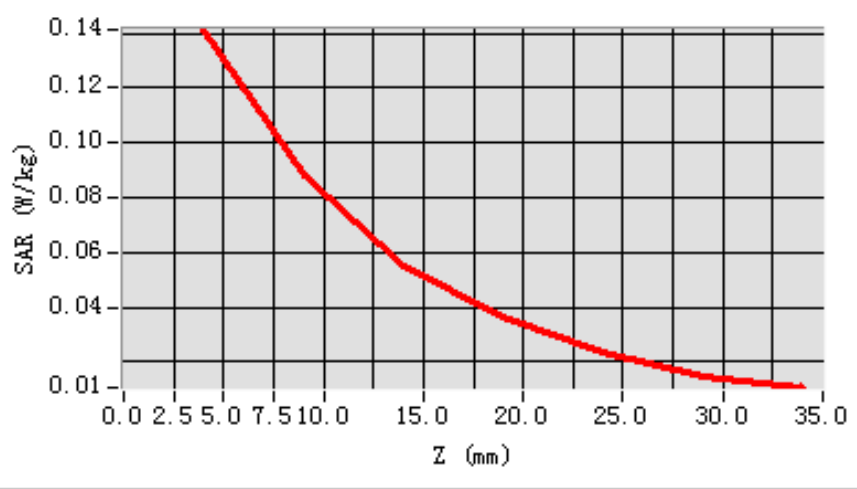
Maximum location: X=18.00, Y=0.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.084234
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.136156

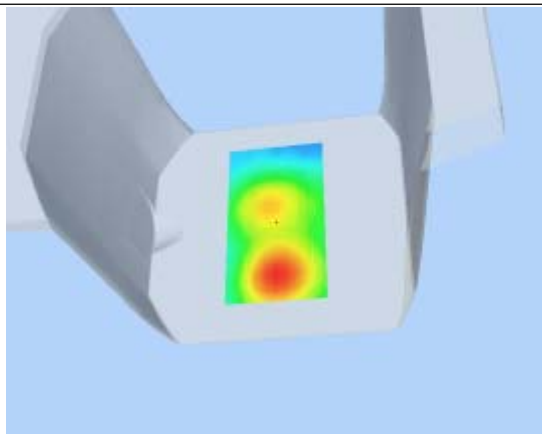
Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.1413	0.0877	0.0547	0.0367	0.0235	0.0150

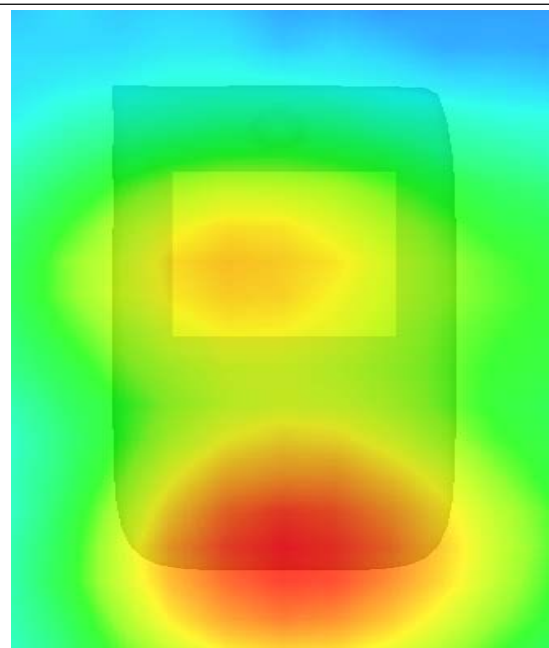
SAR, Z Axis Scan (X = 18, Y = 0)



3D scen shot



Hot spot position



MEASUREMENT 15

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 9/5/2012

Measurement duration: 9 minutes 10 seconds

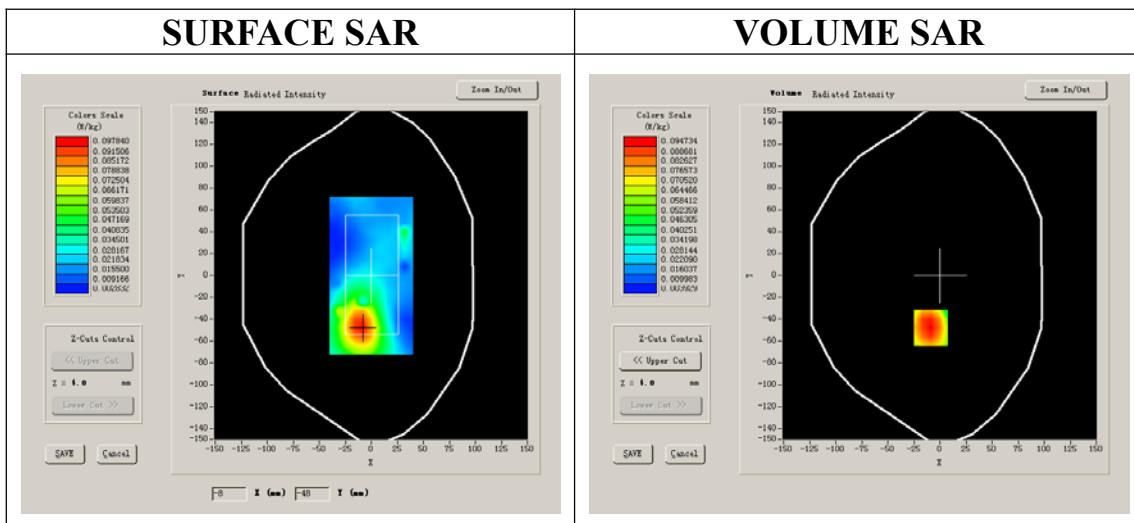
A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	802.11B
Channels	Low
Signal	DSSS

B. SAR Measurement Results

Lower Band SAR (Channel 1)

Frequency (MHz)	2412.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	52.548876
Relative permittivity	15.500000
Conductivity (S/m)	1.974257
Power drift (%)	-1.520000
Ambient Temperature:	22.0°C
Liquid Temperature:	21.8°C
ConvF:	39.772,33.946,37.835
Crest factor:	1:1



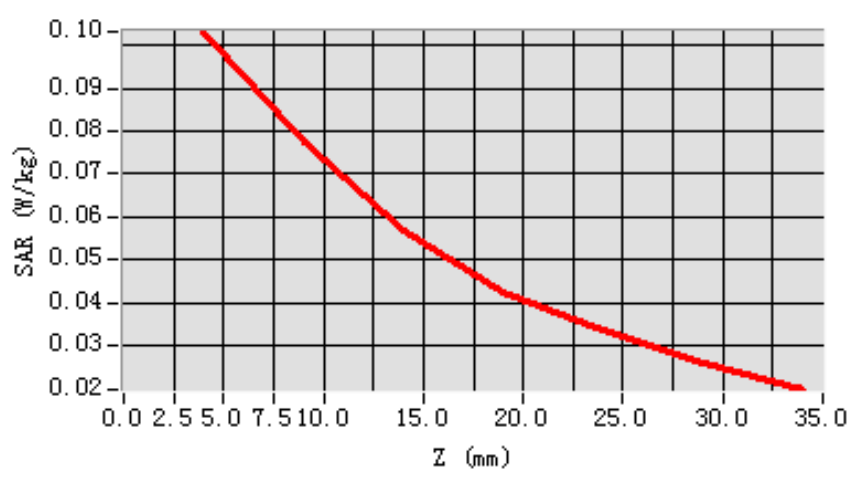
Maximum location: X=-9.00, Y=-48.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.068440
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.098294

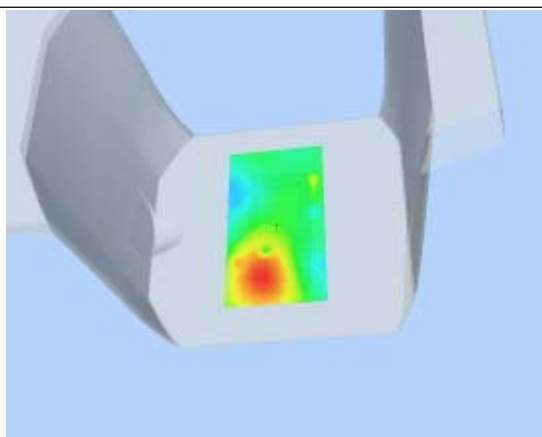
Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.1032	0.0773	0.0568	0.0424	0.0337	0.0260

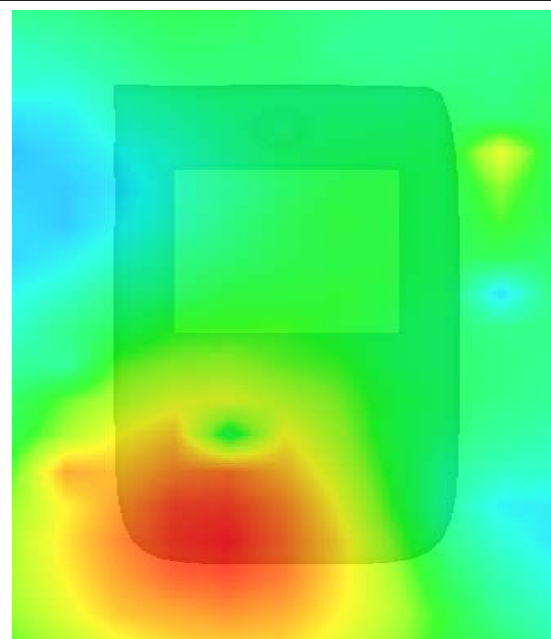
SAR, Z Axis Scan (X = -9, Y = -48)



3D scen shot



Hot spot position



MEASUREMENT 16

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 9/5/2012

Measurement duration: 9 minutes 10 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

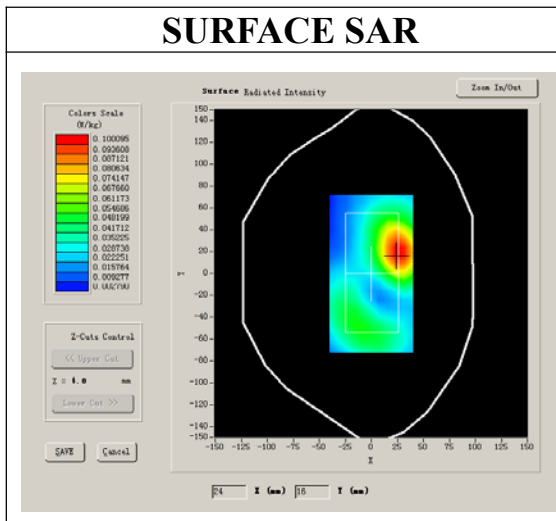
Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	802.11B
Channels	Low
Signal	DSSS

B. SAR Measurement Results

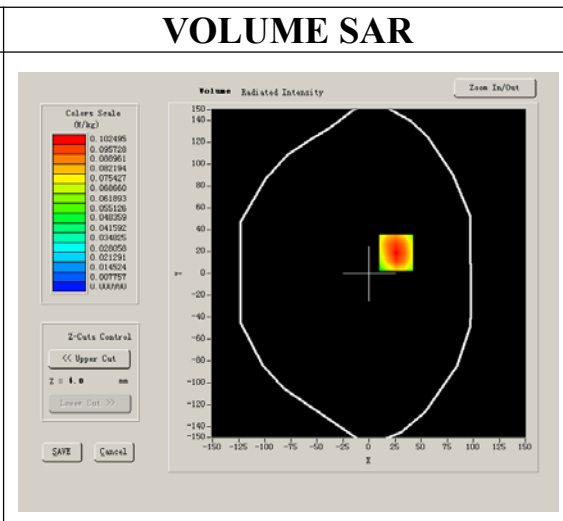
Lower Band SAR (Channel 1)

Frequency (MHz)	2412.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	52.548876
Relative permittivity	15.500000
Conductivity (S/m)	1.974257
Power drift (%)	-1.360000
Ambient Temperature:	22.0°C
Liquid Temperature:	21.8°C
ConvF:	39.772,33.946,37.835
Crest factor:	1:1

SURFACE SAR



VOLUME SAR



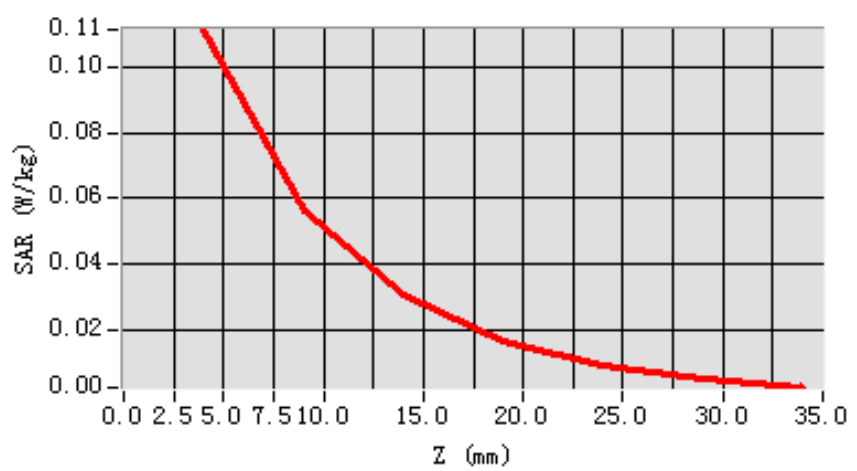
Maximum location: X=26.00, Y=19.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.058550
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.106529

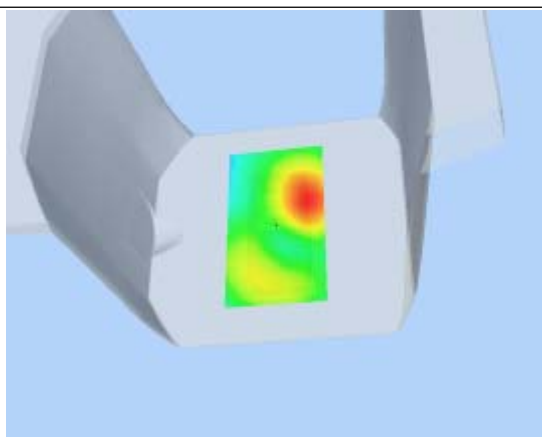
Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.1116	0.0560	0.0306	0.0160	0.0087	0.0048

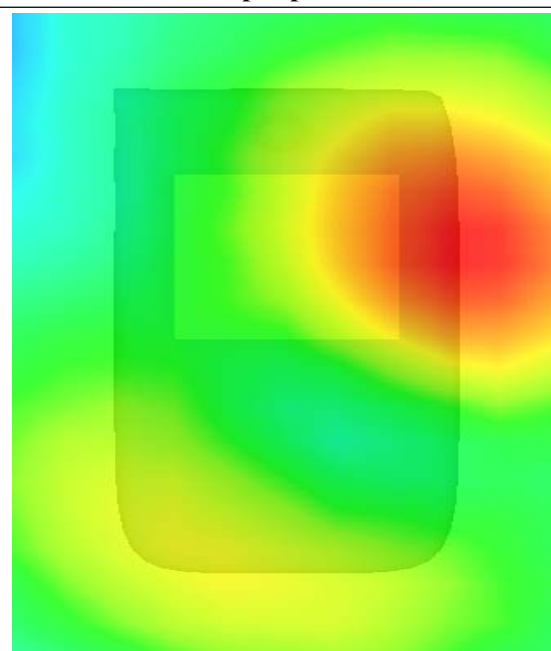
SAR, Z Axis Scan (X = 26, Y = 19)



3D scen shot



Hot spot position



System Performance Check Data(Head)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 9/5/2012

Measurement duration: 13 minutes 27 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

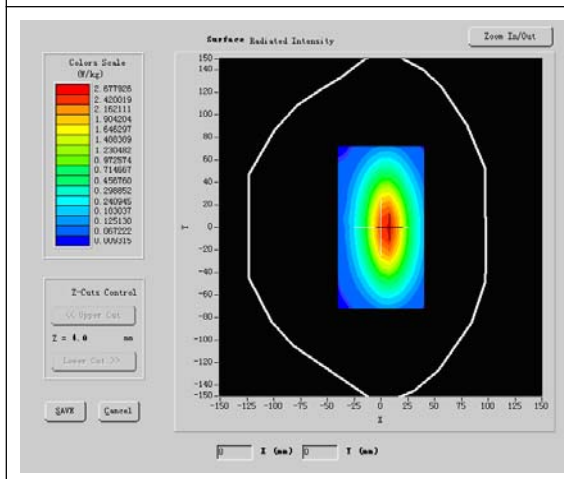
Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	
Band	835MHz
Channels	
Signal	CW

B. SAR Measurement Results

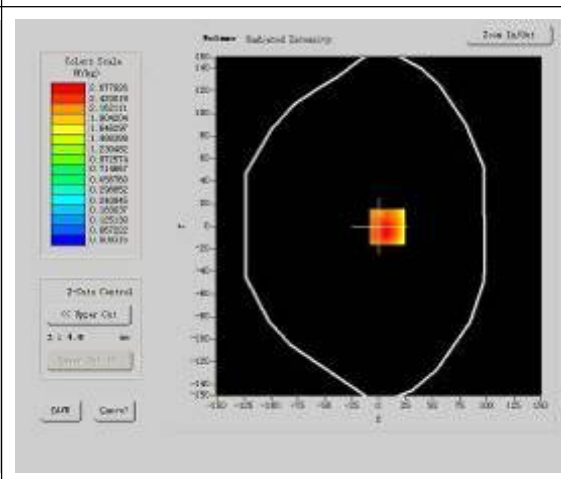
Band SAR

Frequency (MHz)	835.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.675999
Relative permittivity	15.070000
Conductivity (S/m)	0.894409
Power drift (%)	-0.050000
Ambient Temperature:	22.4°C
Liquid Temperature:	21.5°C
ConvF:	28.479,25.214,27.196
Crest factor:	1:1

SURFACE SAR



VOLUME SAR



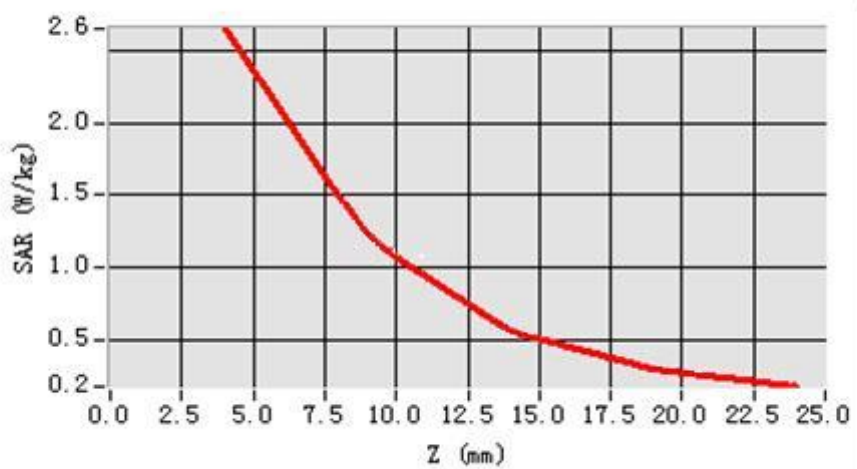
Maximum location: X=5.00, Y=1.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	1.685732
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	2.478462

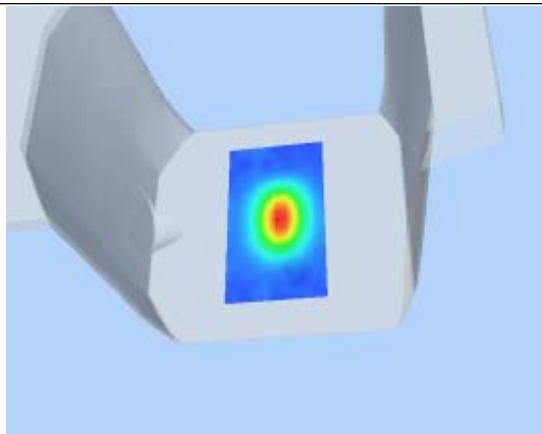
Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	2.4754	1.2251	0.5257	0.2114

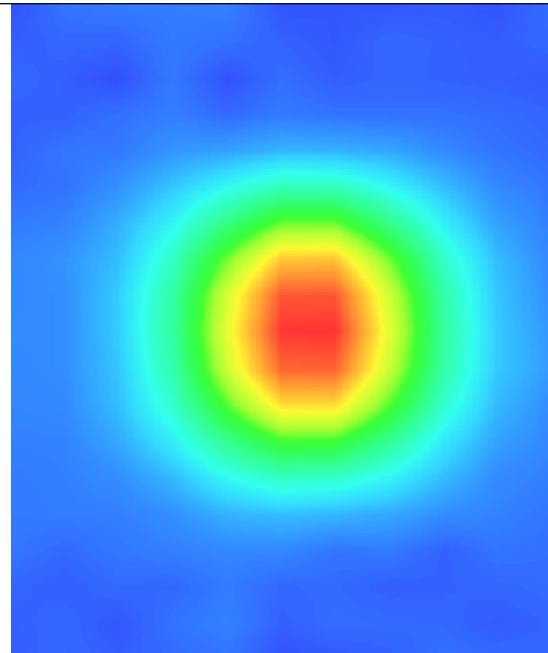
SAR, Z Axis Scan (X = 5, Y = 1)



3D scene shot



Hot spot position



System Performance Check Data(Body)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 9/5/2012

Measurement duration: 13 minutes 27 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

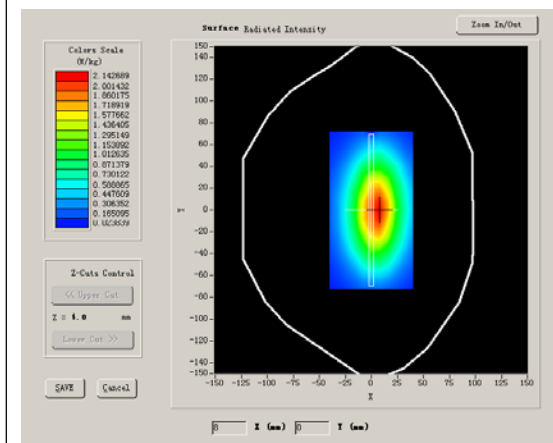
Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	
Band	835MHz
Channels	
Signal	CW

B. SAR Measurement Results

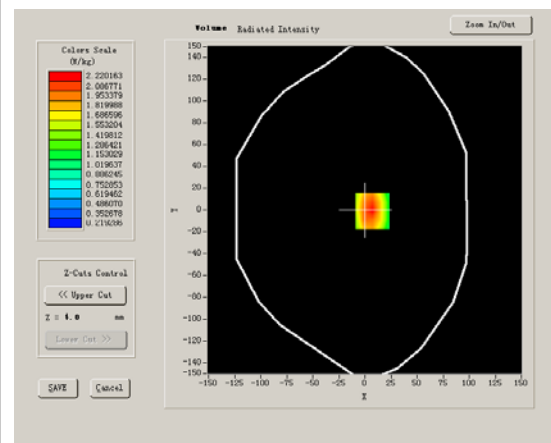
Band SAR

Frequency (MHz)	835.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.709999
Relative permittivity	21.709999
Conductivity (S/m)	0.9809033
Power drift (%)	-0.170000
Ambient Temperature:	22.4°C
Liquid Temperature:	21.5°C
ConvF:	28.559,25.681,27.588
Crest factor:	1:1

SURFACE SAR



VOLUME SAR



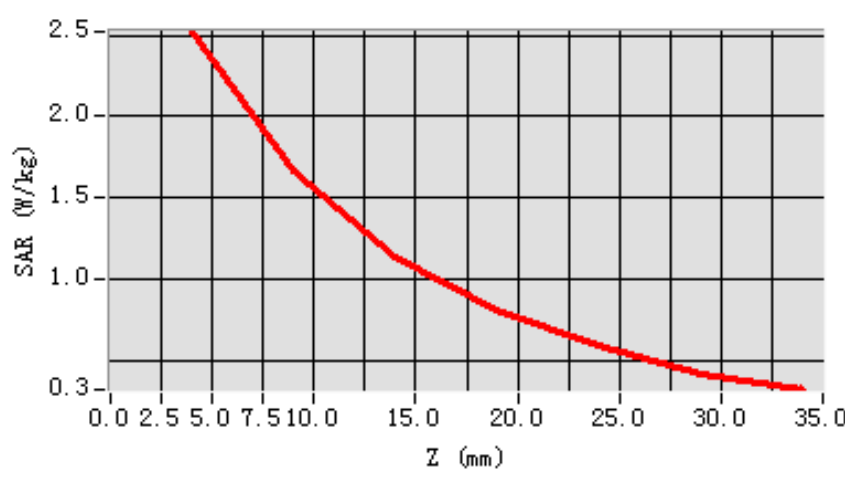
Maximum location: X=7.00, Y=-1.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	1.539476
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	2.385979

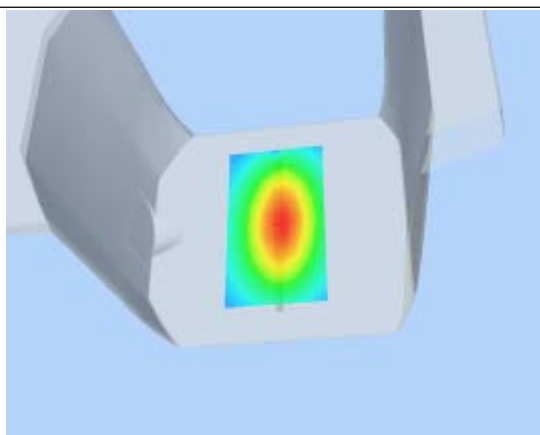
Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	2.5209	1.6629	1.1437	0.8075	0.5889	0.4143

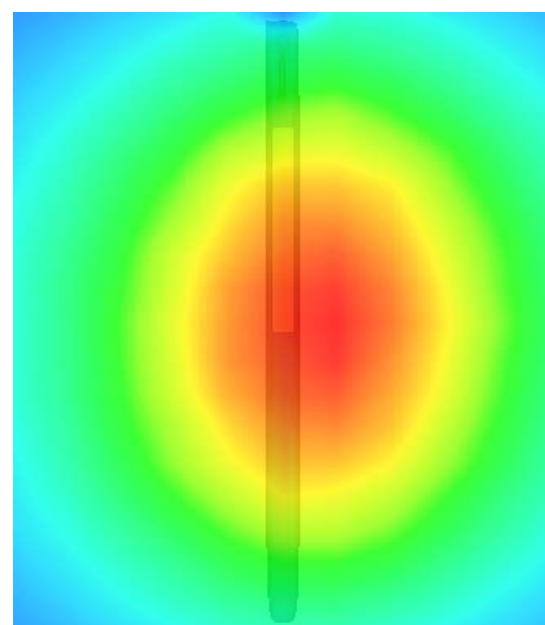
SAR, Z Axis Scan (X = 7, Y = -1)



3D scen shot



Hot spot position



System Performance Check Data(Head)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 9/5/2012

Measurement duration: 13 minutes 27 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

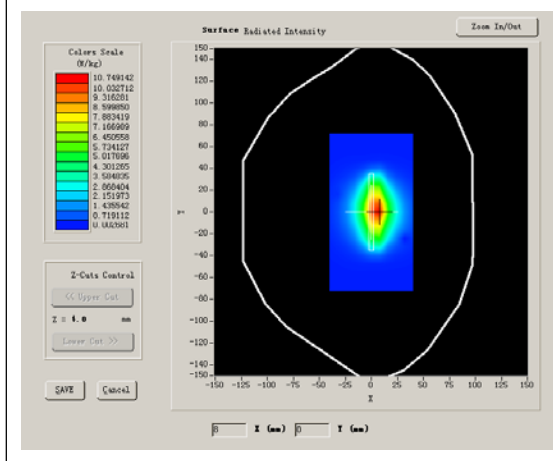
Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	
Band	2450MHz
Channels	
Signal	CW

B. SAR Measurement Results

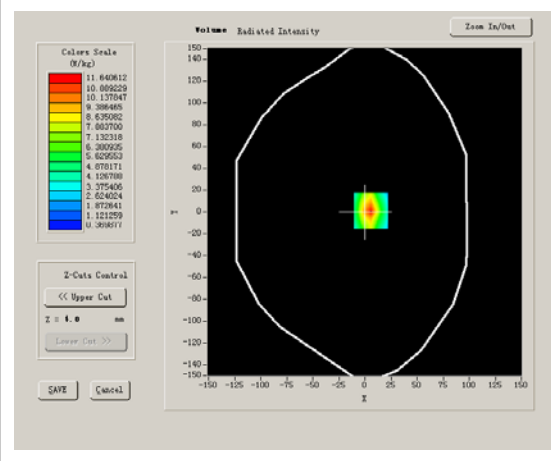
Band SAR

Frequency (MHz)	2450.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.622857
Relative permittivity	12.991650
Conductivity (S/m)	1.964313
Power Drift (%)	0.560000
Ambient Temperature:	22.0°C
Liquid Temperature:	21.8°C
ConvF:	39.563,33.614,37.677
Crest factor:	1:1

SURFACE SAR



VOLUME SAR



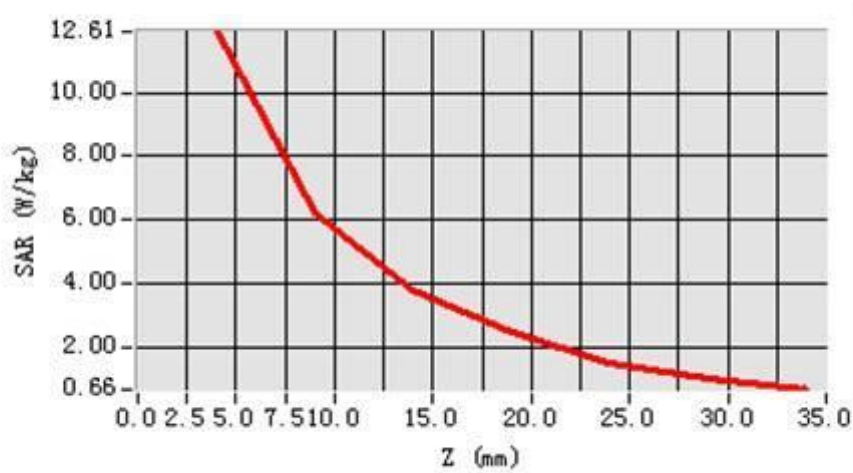
Maximum location: X=6.00, Y=1.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	5.938478
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	12.442675

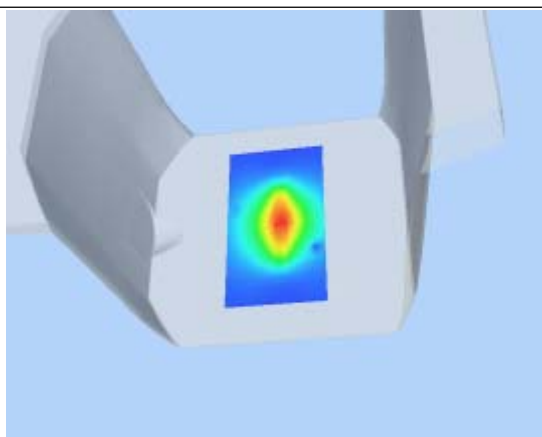
Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	12.7015	6.2096	3.8187	2.4504	1.5036	1.0219

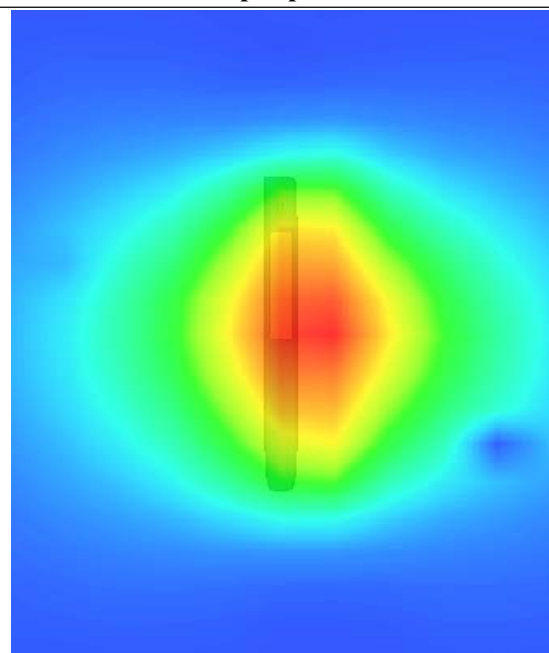
SAR, Z Axis Scan (X = 6, Y = 1)



3D scen shot



Hot spot position



System Performance Check Data(Body)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 9/5/2012

Measurement duration: 13 minutes 27 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

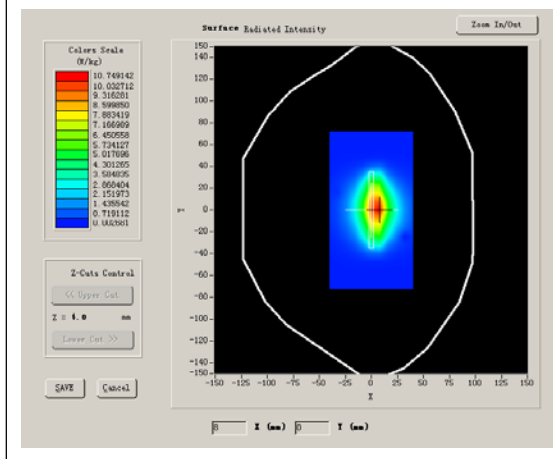
Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	
Band	2450MHz
Channels	
Signal	CW

B. SAR Measurement Results

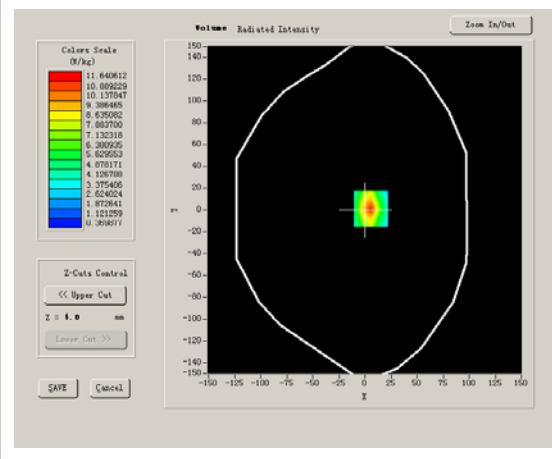
Band SAR

Frequency (MHz)	2450.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	52.548876
Relative permittivity	12.991650
Conductivity (S/m)	1.974257
Power Drift (%)	1.080000
Ambient Temperature:	22.0°C
Liquid Temperature:	21.8°C
ConvF:	39.772,33.946,37.835
Crest factor:	1:1

SURFACE SAR



VOLUME SAR



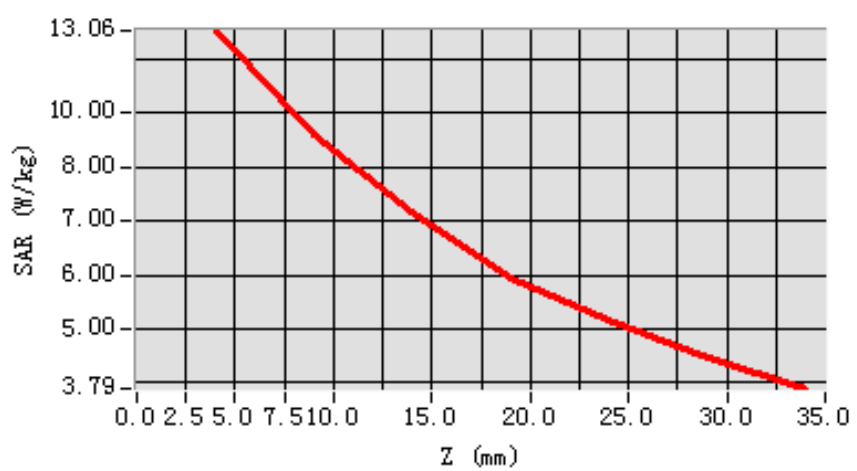
Maximum location: X=-1.00, Y=-50.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	6.256773
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	12.789110

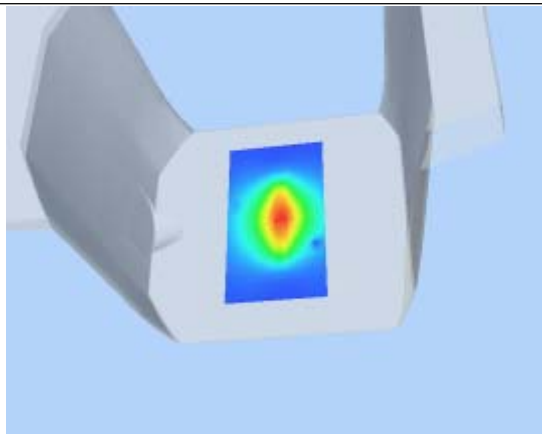
Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	13.1279	6.8312	3.5991	1.3473

SAR, Z Axis Scan (X = -1, Y = -50)



3D scen shot



Hot spot position

