



# FCC CFR47 PART 15 SUBPART E CERTIFICATION

#### **TEST REPORT**

#### **FOR**

802.11 a/b/g TRUE MIMO CARDBUS CARD

**MODEL NUMBER: AGN1023PC** 

FCC ID: SA3-AGN1023PC0000

**REPORT NUMBER: 04U2911-2** 

**ISSUE DATE: AUGUST 12, 2004** 

Prepared for

AIRGO NETWORKS INC. 900 ARASTRADERO ROAD PALO ALTO, CALIFORNIA 94304 U.S.A

Prepared by

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## 1. TEST RESULT CERTIFICATION

**COMPANY NAME:** AIRGO NETWORKS INC.

900 ARASTRADERO ROAD PALO ALTO, CALIFORNIA 94304

U.S.A

**EUT DESCRIPTION:** 802.11 a/b/g TRUE MIMO CARDBUS CARD

MODEL: AGN1023PC

**DATE TESTED:** JULY 08 – JULY 23, 2004

#### APPLICABLE STANDARDS

STANDARD TEST RESULTS

FCC PART 15 SUBPART E NO NON-COMPLIANCE NOTED

Compliance Certification Services, Inc. tested the above equipment in accordance with the requirements set forth in the above standards. The test results show that the equipment tested is capable of demonstrating compliance with the requirements as documented in this report.

**Note**: This document reports conditions under which testing was conducted and results of tests performed. This document may not be altered or revised in any way unless done so by Compliance Certification Services and all revisions are duly noted in the revisions section. Any alteration of this document not carried out by Compliance Certification Services will constitute fraud and shall nullify the document.

**Note:** The 5.2 GHz band is applicable to this report; other bands of operation (2.4 and 5.8 GHz) are documented in a separate report.

Approved & Released For CCS By:

MH

Tested By:

MIKE HECKROTTE ENGINEERING MANAGER

COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATION SERVICES

BEN DU EMC ENGINEER

Ben L. Dy

COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATION SERVICES

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# 2. EUT DESCRIPTION

The EUT is an 802.11a/b/g MIMO CardBus employs two transmitters and three receivers on each of two radio cards.

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The transmitter has a maximum peak conducted output power as follows:

#### 5150 to 5250 MHz Authorized Band

<b>Frequency Range</b>	Mode	Output Power	Output Power	
(MHz)		(dBm)	(mW)	
5180 - 5250	802.11a	13.78	23.88	

#### 5250 to 5350 MHz Authorized Band

Frequency Range	Frequency Range Mode		Output Power
(MHz)		(dBm)	(mW)
5250 - 5320	802.11a	18.73	74.64

The radio utilizes two MIMO systems antennas for diversity, with a maximum gain of 3 dBi.

#### 3. TEST METHODOLOGY

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with ANSI C63.4/2001, FCC CFR 47 Part 2 and FCC CFR 47 Part 15.

#### 4. FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATION

The test sites and measurement facilities used to collect data are located at 561F Monterey Road, Morgan Hill, California, USA. The sites are constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.4, ANSI C63.7 and CISPR Publication 22. All receiving equipment conforms to CISPR Publication 16-1, "Radio Interference Measuring Apparatus and Measurement Methods."

CCS is accredited by NVLAP, Laboratory Code 200065-0. The full scope of accreditation can be viewed at http://www.ccsemc.com.



No part of this report may be used to claim or imply product endorsement by NVLAP or any agency of the US Government.

### 5. CALIBRATION AND UNCERTAINTY

#### 5.1. MEASURING INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

The measuring equipment utilized to perform the tests documented in this report has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, and is traceable to recognized national standards.

#### 5.2. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Where relevant, the following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the apparatus:

PARAMETER	UNCERTAINTY
Radiated Emission, 30 to 200 MHz	+/- 3.3 dB
Radiated Emission, 200 to 1000 MHz	+4.5 / -2.9 dB
Radiated Emission, 1000 to 2000 MHz	+4.5 / -2.9 dB
Power Line Conducted Emission	+/- 2.9 dB

Uncertainty figures are valid to a confidence level of 95%.

# 5.3. TEST AND MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT

The following test and measurement equipment was utilized for the tests documented in this report:

TEST EQUIPMENT LIST								
Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Cal Due				
Peak Power Meter	Agilent	E4416A	GB41291160	11/7/2004				
Peak / Average Power Sensor	Agilent	E9327A	US40440755	11/7/2004				
EMI Test Receiver	R & S	ESIB40	100192	11/21/2004				
Antenna, Horn 1 ~ 18 GHz	EMCO	3117	29301	12/26/2004				
Preamplifier, 1 ~ 26 GHz	Miteq	NSP10023988	646456	6/10/2005				
EMI Receiver, 9 kHz ~ 2.9 GHz	HP	8542E	3942A00286	11/21/2004				
RF Filter Section	HP	85420E	3705A00256	11/21/2004				
30MHz 2Ghz	Sunol Sciences	JB1 Antenna	A121003	12/22/2004				
Antenna, Horn 26 ~ 40 GHz	ARA	MWH-2640/B	1029	12/3/2004				
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4446A	MY43360112	1/13/2005				
EMI Test Receiver	R & S	ESHS 20	827129/006	7/17/2005				
LISN, 10 kHz ~ 30 MHz	FCC	50/250-25-2	114	10/13/2004				
LISN, 10 kHz ~ 30 MHz	Solar	8012-50-R-24-BNC	8379443	10/13/2004				
AC Power Source, 10KVA	ACS	AFC-10K-AFC-2	J1568	CNR				
Site A Line Stabilizer / Conditioner	Tripplite	LC-1800a	A0051681	CNR				
PreAmplifier 26-40 GHz	MITEQ	NSP4000-SP2	924343	38139				

# 6. SETUP OF EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST

#### **SUPPORT EQUIPMENT**

PERIPHERAL SUPPORT EQUIPMENT LIST							
Description Manufacturer Model Serial Number FCC ID							
Laptop PC	Sony	PCG-5312	28315730 3303321	AK8JPN-35452-M5-E			
AC Adapter delta PCGA-AC19V1 222781 N/A							

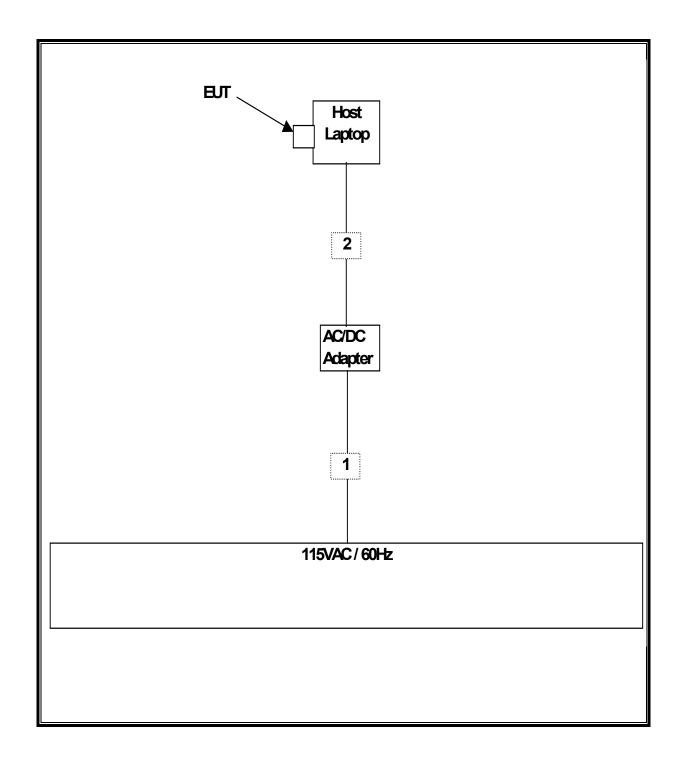
#### **I/O CABLES**

	I/O CABLELIST								
Cable No.	Port	# of Identical Ports	Connector Type	Cable Type	Cable Length	Remarks			
1	AC	1	US115	UNSHIELDED	2m	NO			
2	DC	1	DC	UNSHIELDED	2m	FERRITE LAPTOP END			

#### **TEST SETUP**

The EUT is installed in a host laptop computer via a cardbus extender adapter during the tests. Test software exercised the radio card. Worst Case was determined to be the high channel 5320MHz, which yielded the highest EIRP.

#### **SETUP DIAGRAM FOR TESTS**



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#### 7. APPLICABLE LIMITS AND TEST RESULTS

#### 7.1. EMISSION BANDWIDTH

#### **LIMIT**

§15.403 (c) Emission bandwidth. For purposes of this subpart the emission bandwidth shall be determined by measuring the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, that are 26 dB down relative to the maximum level of the modulated carrier. Determination of the emissions bandwidth is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a peak detector function with an instrument resolutions bandwidth approximately equal to 1.0 percent of the emission bandwidth of the device under measurement.

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#### **TEST PROCEDURE**

The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer. The RBW is set to 1% to 3% of the 26 dB bandwidth. The VBW is set to 3 times the RBW. The sweep time is coupled.

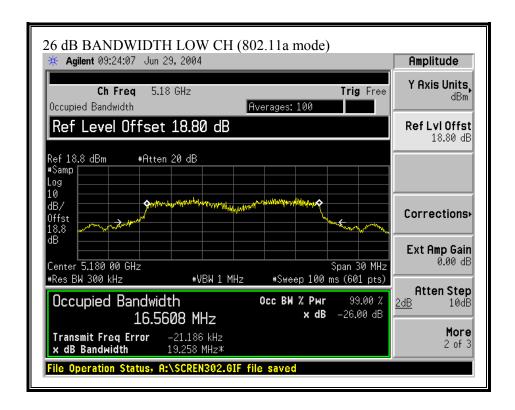
#### **RESULTS**

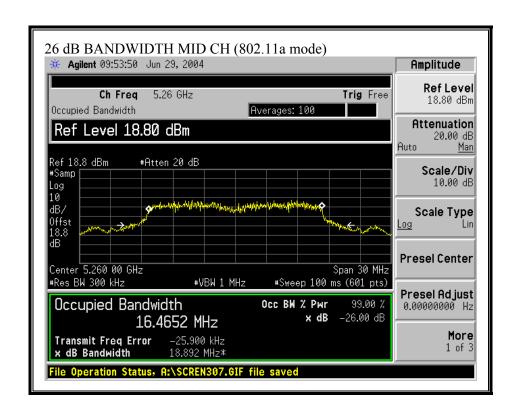
No non-compliance noted:

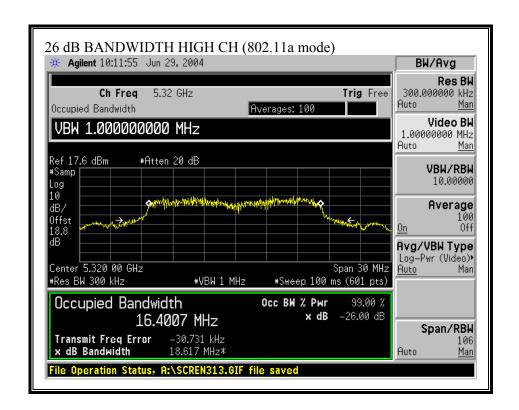
802.11a Mode

Channel	Frequency	В	10 Log B	
	(MHz)	(MHz)	(dB)	
Low	5180	19.26	12.85	
Middle	5260	18.89	12.76	
High	5320	18.62	12.70	

#### 26 dB EMISSION BANDWIDTH (802.11a MODE)







# 7.2. PEAK POWER

#### **LIMIT**

§15.407 (a) (1) For the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the peak transmit power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 50 mW (17 dBm) or 4 dBm + 10 log B, where B is the 26-dB emission bandwidth in MHz. In addition, the peak power spectral density shall not exceed 4 dBm in any 1-MHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the peak transmit power and the peak power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

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§15.407 (a) (1) For the band 5.25-5.35 GHz, the peak transmit power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 250 mW (24 dBm) or 11 dBm + 10 log B, where B is the 26-dB emission bandwidth in MHz. In addition, the peak power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1-MHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the peak transmit power and the peak power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

#### **TEST PROCEDURE**

The test is performed in accordance with FCC Public Notice: APPENDIX A Guidelines for Assessing Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (U-NII) Devices – Part 15, Subpart E, August 2002.

The transmitter output operates continuously therefore Method # 1 is used.

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#### **LIMITS AND RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted:

#### Limit in 5150 to 5250 MHz Band

Mode	Frequency	Fixed	В	4 + 10 Log B	Antenna	Limit
		Limit		Limit	Gain	
	(MHz)	(dBm)	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBi)	(dBm)
802.11a	5180	17	19.258	16.85	3.00	16.85

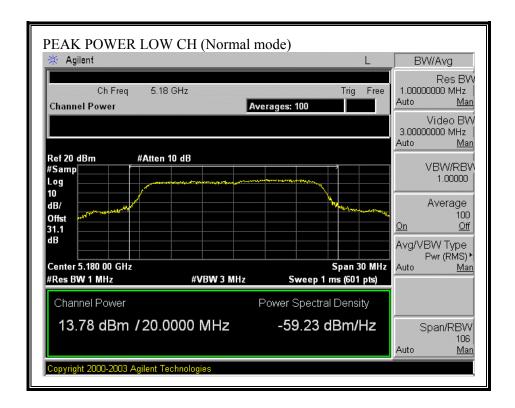
#### Limit in 5250 to 5350 MHz Band

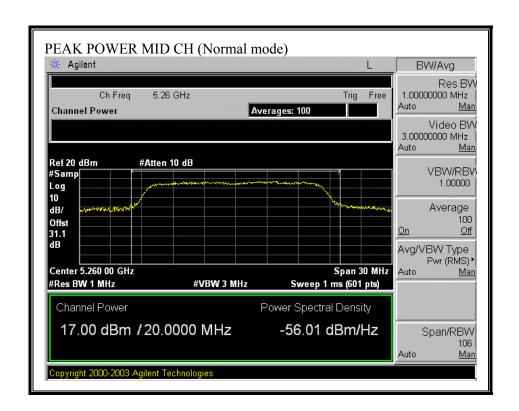
Mode	Frequency	Fixed	В	11 + 10 Log B	Antenna	Limit
		Limit		Limit	Gain	
	(MHz)	(dBm)	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBi)	(dBm)
802.11a	5260	24	18.89	23.76	3.00	23.76
802.11a	5320	24	18.62	23.70	3.00	23.70

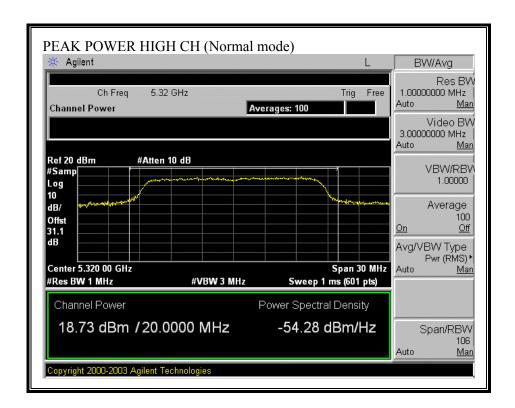
#### 802.11a mode Results

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
Low	5180	13.78	16.85	-3.07
Middle	5260	17.00	23.76	-6.76
High	5320	18.73	23.70	-4.97

#### **PEAK POWER (NORMAL MODE)**







#### 7.3. MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE

#### **LIMITS**

§1.1310 The criteria listed in Table 1 shall be used to evaluate the environmental impact of human exposure to radio-frequency (RF) radiation as specified in §1.1307(b), except in the case of portable devices which shall be evaluated according to the provisions of §2.1093 of this chapter.

TABLE 1—LIMITS FOR MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)

Frequency range (MHz)	Electric field strength (V/m)	Magnetic field strength (A/m)	Power density (mW/cm²)	Averaging time (minutes)
(A) Lim	nits for Occupational	I/Controlled Exposu	res	
0.3–3.0	614 1842/f	1.63 4.89/f	*(100) *(900/f²)	6
30–300	61.4	0.163	1.0 f/300	6 6
1500-100,000			5	6
(B) Limits	for General Populati	on/Uncontrolled Ex	posure	
0.3–1.34	614 824 <i>i</i> f	1.63 2.19/f	*(100) *(180/f²)	30 30

TABLE 1—LIMITS FOR MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)—Continued

Frequency range (MHz)	Electric field strength (V/m)	Magnetic field strength (A/m)	Power density (mW/cm²)	Averaging time (minutes)
30–300 300–1500	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
1500–100,000			f/1500 1.0	30 30

f = frequency in MHz

f = frequency in MHz

\* = Plane-wave equivalent power density

NOTE 1 TO TABLE 1: Occupational/controlled limits apply in situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their
employment provided those persons are fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure.

Limits for occupational/controlled exposure also apply in situations when an individual is transient through a location where occupational/controlled limits apply provided he or she is made aware of the potential for exposure.

NOTE 2 TO TABLE 1: General population/uncontrolled exposures apply in situations in which the general public may be exposed, or in which persons that are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be fully aware of the potential for

exposure or can not exercise control over their exposure.

#### **CALCULATIONS**

Given

 $E = \sqrt{(30 * P * G)/d}$ 

and

 $S = E ^2 / 3770$ 

where

E = Field Strength in Volts/meter

P = Power in Watts

G = Numeric antenna gain

d = Distance in meters

S = Power Density in milliwatts/square centimeter

Combining equations and rearranging the terms to express the distance as a function of the remaining variables yields:

$$d = \sqrt{((30 * P * G) / (3770 * S))}$$

Changing to units of Power to mW and Distance to cm, using:

P(mW) = P(W) / 1000 and

d(cm) = 100 \* d(m)

yields

 $d = 100 * \sqrt{((30 * (P / 1000) * G) / (3770 * S))}$ 

 $d = 0.282 * \sqrt{(P * G / S)}$ 

where

d = distance in cm

P = Power in mW

G = Numeric antenna gain

 $S = Power Density in mW/cm^2$ 

Substituting the logarithmic form of power and gain using:

 $P(mW) = 10 ^ (P(dBm) / 10)$  and

 $G \text{ (numeric)} = 10 ^ (G \text{ (dBi)} / 10)$ 

yields

 $d = 0.282 * 10 ^ (P + G) / 20) / \sqrt{S}$  Equation (1)

where

d = MPE distance in cm

P = Power in dBm

G = Antenna Gain in dBi

 $S = Power Density Limit in mW/cm^2$ 

Equation (1) and the measured peak power is used to calculate the MPE distance.

#### **LIMITS**

From §1.1310 Table 1 (B),  $S = 1.0 \text{ mW/cm}^2$ 

#### **RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted:

Mode	Power Density Output		Antenna	MPE
	Limit	Power	Gain	Distance
	(mW/cm^2)	(dBm)	(dBi)	(cm)
802.11a	1.0	18.73	3.00	3.44

NOTE: For mobile or fixed location transmitters, the minimum separation distance is 20 cm, even if calculations indicate that the MPE distance would be less.

#### 7.4. AVERAGE POWER

#### **AVERAGE POWER LIMIT**

None; for reporting purposes only.

#### **TEST PROCEDURE**

The transmitter output is connected to a power meter.

#### **RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted:

The cable assembly insertion loss of 12 dB (including 10 dB pad and 2.0 dB cable) was entered as an offset in the power meter to allow for direct reading of power.

802.11a Mode

Channel	Frequency	Average Power	
	(MHz)	(dBm)	
Low	5180	13.70	
Middle	5260	16.93	
High	5320	18.68	

#### 7.5. PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

#### **LIMIT**

§15.407 (a) (1) For the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the peak transmit power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 50 mW (17 dBm) or 4 dBm + 10 log B, where B is the 26-dB emission bandwidth in MHz. In addition, the peak power spectral density shall not exceed 4 dBm in any 1-MHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the peak transmit power and the peak power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

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§15.407 (a) (1) For the band 5.25-5.35 GHz, the peak transmit power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 250 mW (24 dBm) or 11 dBm + 10 log B, where B is the 26-dB emission bandwidth in MHz. In addition, the peak power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1-MHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the peak transmit power and the peak power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

The maximum antenna gain = 3 dBi, therefore there is no reduction due to antenna gain.

#### **TEST PROCEDURE**

The test is performed in accordance with FCC Public Notice: APPENDIX A Guidelines for Assessing Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (U-NII) Devices – Part 15, Subpart E, August 2002. PPSD method #2 was used.

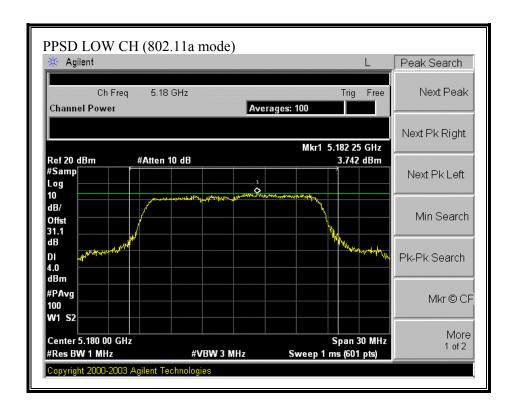
#### **RESULTS**

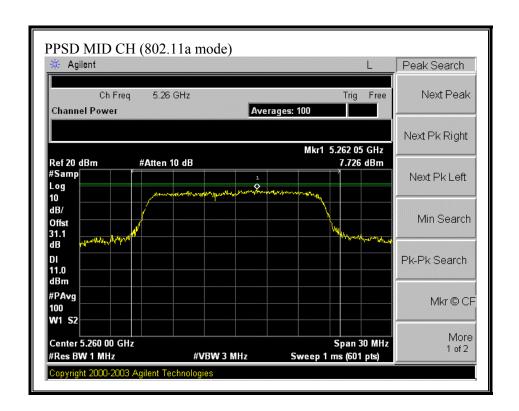
No non-compliance noted:

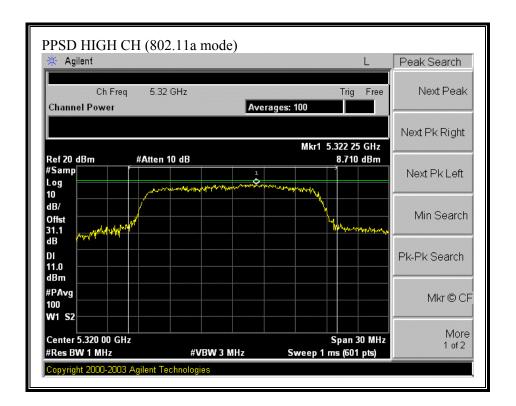
802.11a Mode

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	PPSD (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
Low	5180	3.74	4.00	-0.26
Middle	5260	7.73	11.00	-3.27
High	5320	8.71	11.00	-2.29

#### PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY (802.11a MODE)







#### 7.6. PEAK EXCURSION

#### **LIMIT**

§15.407 (a) (6) The ratio of the peak excursion of the modulation envelope (measured using a peak hold function) to the peak transmit power (measured as specified above) shall not exceed 13 dB across any 1 MHz bandwidth or the emission bandwidth whichever is less.

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#### **TEST PROCEDURE**

The test is performed in accordance with FCC Public Notice: APPENDIX A Guidelines for Assessing Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (U-NII) Devices – Part 15, Subpart E, August 2002.

Since Method # 1 was used for peak power measurements, Method # 1 settings are used for the second PPSD trace.

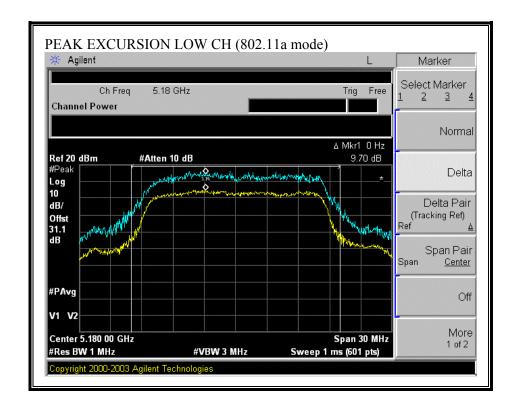
#### **RESULTS**

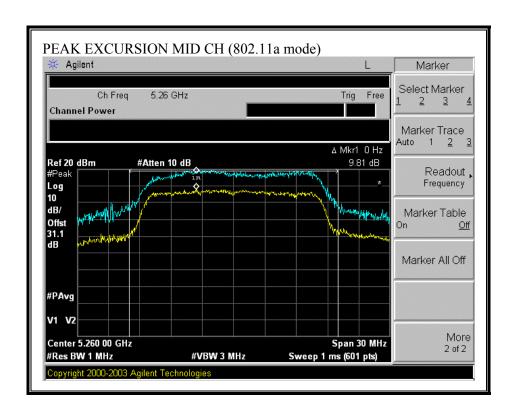
No non-compliance noted:

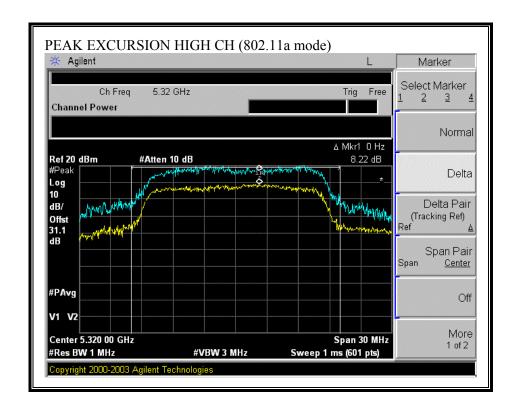
802.11a Mode

Channel	Frequency	Peak Excursion	Limit	Margin
	(MHz)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)
Low	5180	9.70	13	-3.30
Middle	5260	9.81	13	-3.19
High	5320	8.22	13	-4.78

#### PEAK EXCURSION (802.11a MODE)







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#### 7.7. CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

#### **LIMITS**

§15.407 (b) (1 & 2) For transmitters operating in the 5.15-5.35 GHz band: all emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an EIRP of -27dBm / MHz.

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#### **TEST PROCEDURE**

Conducted RF measurements of the transmitter output are made to confirm that the EUT antenna port conducted emissions meet the specified limit and to identify any spurious signals that require further investigation or measurements on the radiated emissions site.

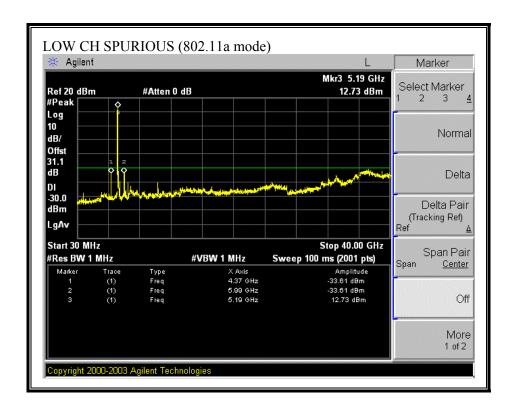
The transmitter output is connected to the spectrum analyzer. The resolution bandwidth is set to 1 MHz. The video bandwidth is set to 1 MHz. Peak detection measurements are compared to the average EIRP limit, adjusted for the maximum antenna gain. If necessary, additional average detection measurements are made.

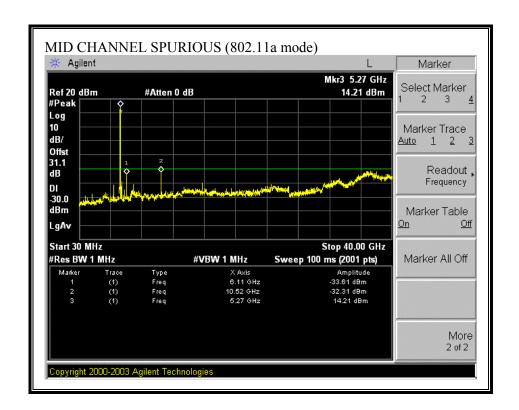
Measurements are made over the 30 MHz to 40 GHz range with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels.

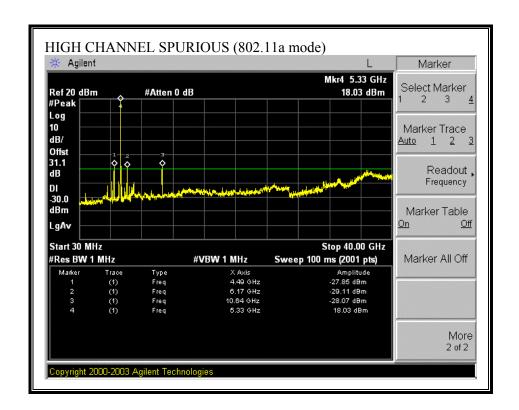
#### **RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted:

#### **SPURIOUS EMISSIONS (802.11a MODE)**







#### 7.8. RADIATED EMISSIONS

#### 7.8.1. TRANSMITTER RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

#### **LIMITS**

§15.205 (a) Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090 - 0.110	16.42 - 16.423	399.9 - 410	4.5 - 5.15
<sup>1</sup> 0.495 - 0.505	16.69475 - 16.69525	608 - 614	5.35 - 5.46
2.1735 - 2.1905	16.80425 - 16.80475	960 - 1240	7.25 - 7.75
4.125 - 4.128	25.5 - 25.67	1300 - 1427	8.025 - 8.5
4.17725 - 4.17775	37.5 - 38.25	1435 - 1626.5	9.0 - 9.2
4.20725 - 4.20775	73 - 74.6	1645.5 - 1646.5	9.3 - 9.5
6.215 - 6.218	74.8 - 75.2	1660 - 1710	10.6 - 12.7
6.26775 - 6.26825	108 - 121.94	1718.8 - 1722.2	13.25 - 13.4
6.31175 - 6.31225	123 - 138	2200 - 2300	14.47 - 14.5
8.291 - 8.294	149.9 - 150.05	2310 - 2390	15.35 - 16.2
8.362 - 8.366	156.52475 - 156.52525	2483.5 - 2500	17.7 - 21.4
8.37625 - 8.38675	156.7 - 156.9	2655 - 2900	22.01 - 23.12
8.41425 - 8.41475	162.0125 - 167.17	3260 - 3267	23.6 - 24.0
12.29 - 12.293	167.72 - 173.2	3332 - 3339	31.2 - 31.8
12.51975 - 12.52025	240 - 285	3345.8 - 3358	36.43 - 36.5
12.57675 - 12.57725	322 - 335.4	3600 - 4400	$\binom{2}{}$
13.36 - 13.41			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490-0.510 MHz.

§15.205 (b) Except as provided in paragraphs (d) and (e), the field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in Section 15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1000 MHz, compliance with the limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1000 MHz, compliance with the emission limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in Section 15.35 apply to these measurements.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Above 38 6

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§15.209 (a) Except as provided elsewhere in this Subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)			
30 - 88	100 **	3			
88 - 216	150 **	3			
216 - 960	200 **	3			
Above 960	500	3			

<sup>\*\*</sup> Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this Section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54-72 MHz, 76-88 MHz, 174-216 MHz or 470-806 MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this Part, e.g., Sections 15.231 and 15.241.

<sup>§15.209 (</sup>b) In the emission table above, the tighter limit applies at the band edges.

# **TEST PROCEDURE**

The EUT is placed on a non-conducting table 80 cm above the ground plane. The antenna to EUT distance is 3 meters. The EUT is configured in accordance with ANSI C63.4. The EUT is set to transmit in a continuous mode.

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For measurements below 1 GHz the resolution bandwidth is set to 100 kHz for peak detection measurements or 120 kHz for quasi-peak detection measurements. Peak detection is used unless otherwise noted as quasi-peak.

For measurements above 1 GHz the resolution bandwidth is set to 1 MHz, then the video bandwidth is set to 1 MHz for peak measurements and 10 Hz for average measurements.

The spectrum from 30 MHz to 40 GHz is investigated with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels.

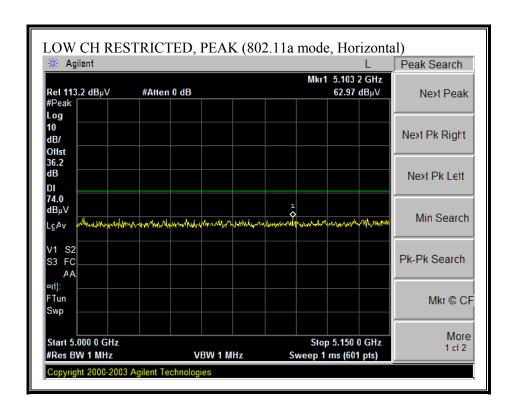
The frequency range of interest is monitored at a fixed antenna height and EUT azimuth. The EUT is rotated through 360 degrees to maximize emissions received. The antenna is scanned from 1 to 4 meters above the ground plane to further maximize the emission. Measurements are made with the antenna polarized in both the vertical and the horizontal positions.

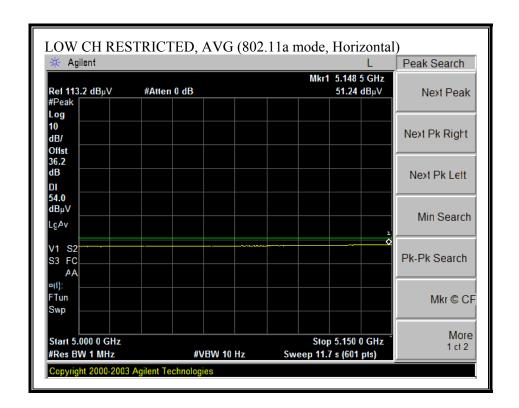
#### **RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted:

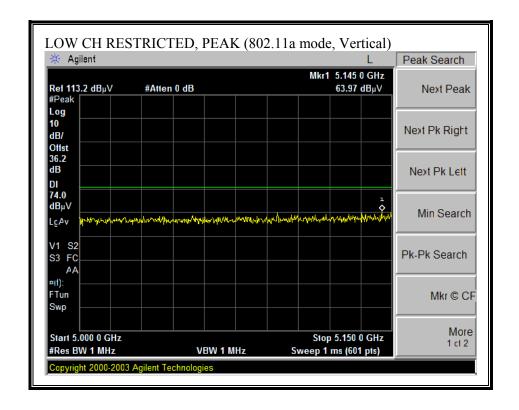
#### 7.8.2. TRANSMITTER RADIATED EMISSIONS ABOVE 1 GHZ

#### RESTRICTED BANDEDGE (802.11a MODE, LOW CHANNEL, HORIZONTAL)

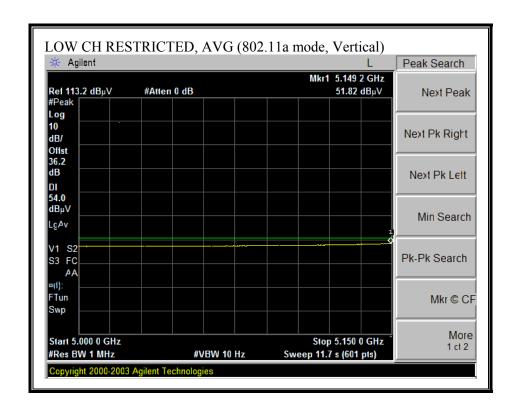




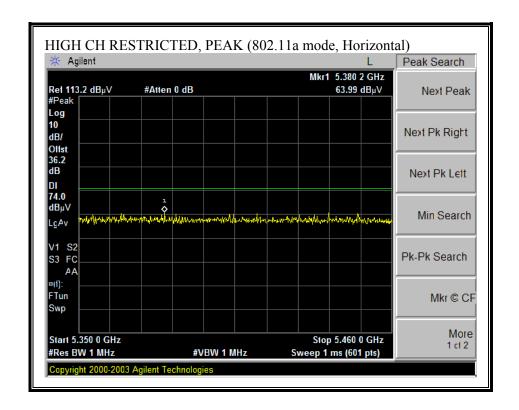
# RESTRICTED BANDEDGE (802.11a MODE, LOW CHANNEL, VERTICAL)

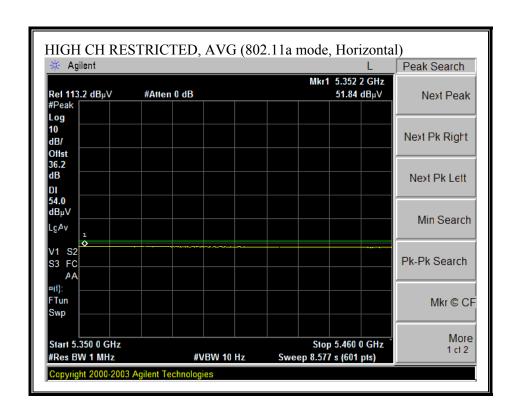


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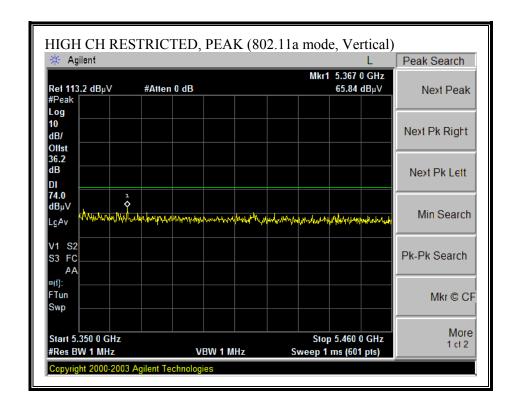


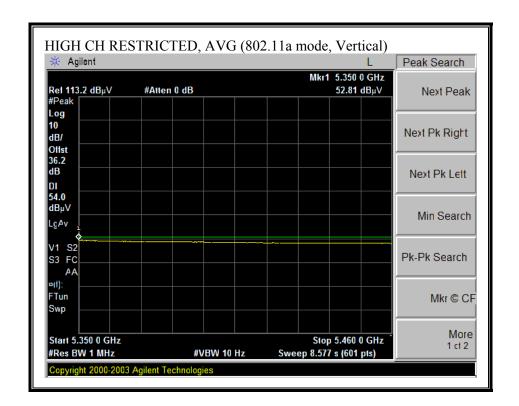
# RESTRICTED BANDEDGE (802.11a MODE, HIGH CHANNEL, HORIZONTAL)



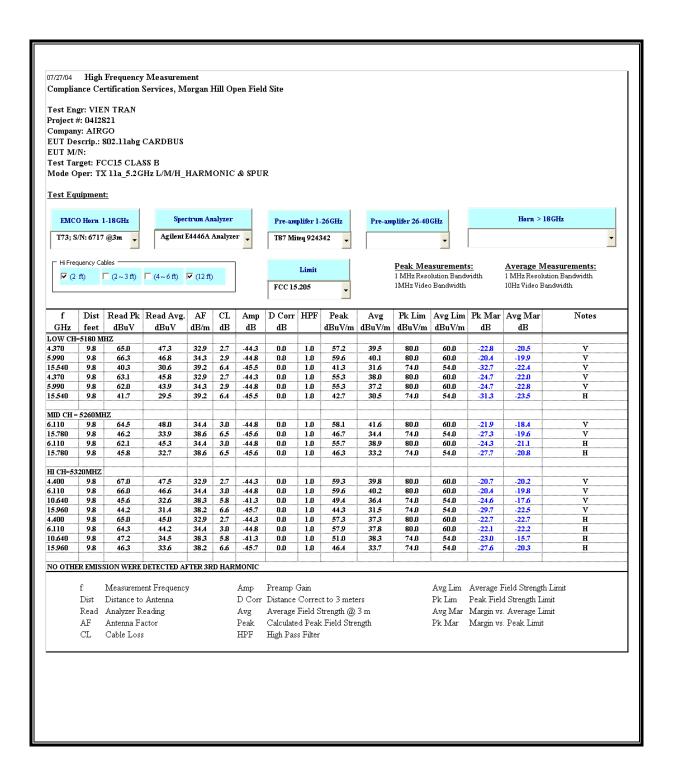


# RESTRICTED BANDEDGE (802.11a MODE, HIGH CHANNEL, VERTICAL)





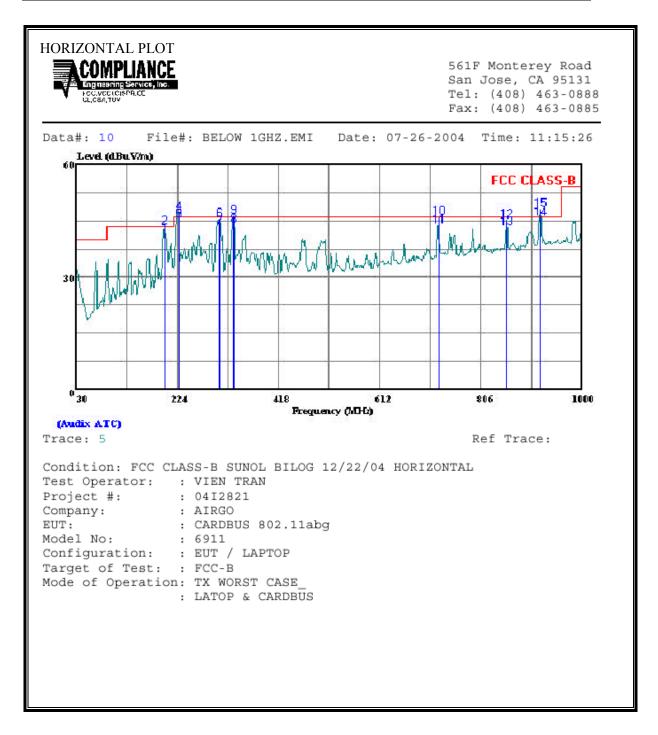
# **HARMONICS AND SPURIOUS EMISSIONS (802.11a MODE)**



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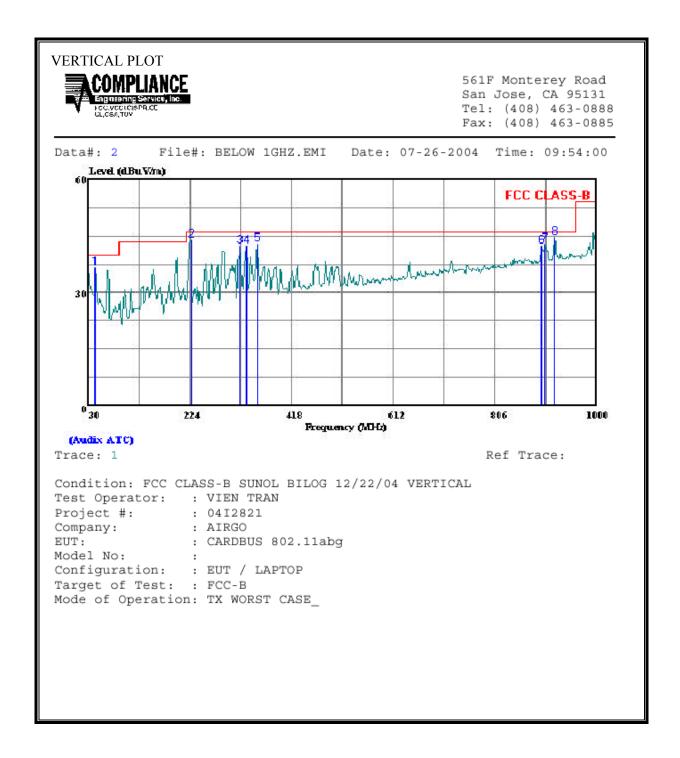
# 7.8.3. WORST-CASE RADIATED EMISSIONS BELOW 1 GHz

#### SPURIOUS EMISSIONS 30 TO 1000 MHz (WORST-CASE CONFIGURATION, HORIZONTAL)



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# SPURIOUS EMISSIONS 30 TO 1000 MHz (WORST-CASE CONFIGURATION, VERTICAL)



VERTIC	CAL DATA							Page: 1
	Freq	Remark	Read Level		Level	Limit Line		rage: 1
-	MHz		dBuV	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	
1	43.580	Peak	23.06	13.58	36.64	40.00	-3.36	
2	225.940			13.11			-2.09	
3	320.030			16.23			-3.73	
4	332.640			16.54			-3.71	
5	352.040					46.00		
6	895.240			26.12		46.00		
7 8	902.030 921.430			26.21		46.00	-3.01	
	322.130	2 0 0.12				10.00		

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### 7.9. POWERLINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

#### **LIMIT**

 $\S15.207$  (a) Except as shown in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section, for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50  $\mu$ H/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal.

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The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

Frequency of Emission (MHz)	Conducted Limit (dBuV)			
	Quasi-peak	Average		
0.15-0.5	66 to 56 *	56 to 46 *		
0.5-5	56	46		
5-30	60	50		

Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

#### **TEST PROCEDURE**

The EUT is placed on a non-conducting table 40 cm from the vertical ground plane and 80 cm above the horizontal ground plane. The EUT is configured in accordance with ANSI C63.4.

The resolution bandwidth is set to 9 kHz for both peak detection and quasi-peak detection measurements. Peak detection is used unless otherwise noted as quasi-peak.

Line conducted data is recorded for both NEUTRAL and HOT lines.

#### **RESULTS**

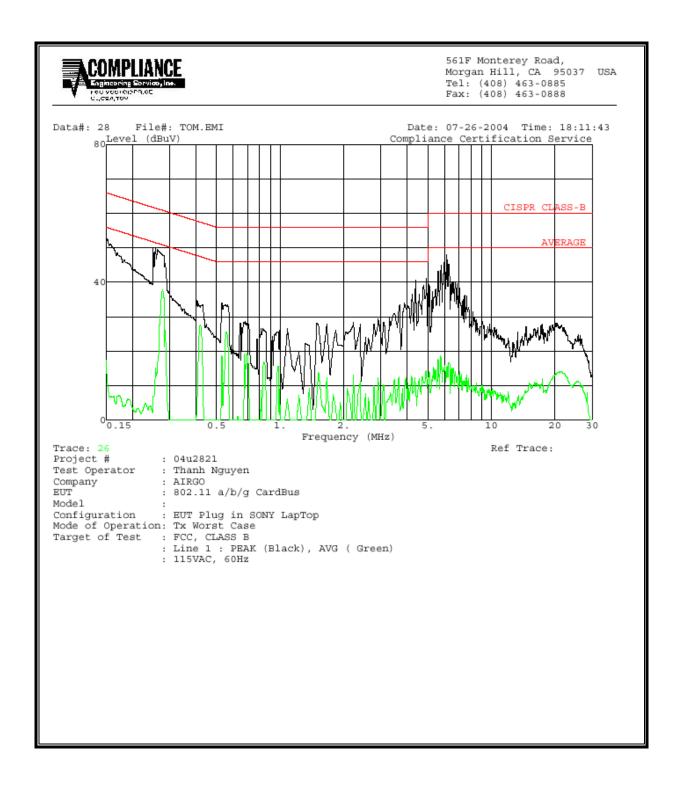
No non-compliance noted:

# DATE: AUGUST 12, 2004 FCC ID: SA3-AGN1023PC0000

# **6 WORST EMISSIONS**

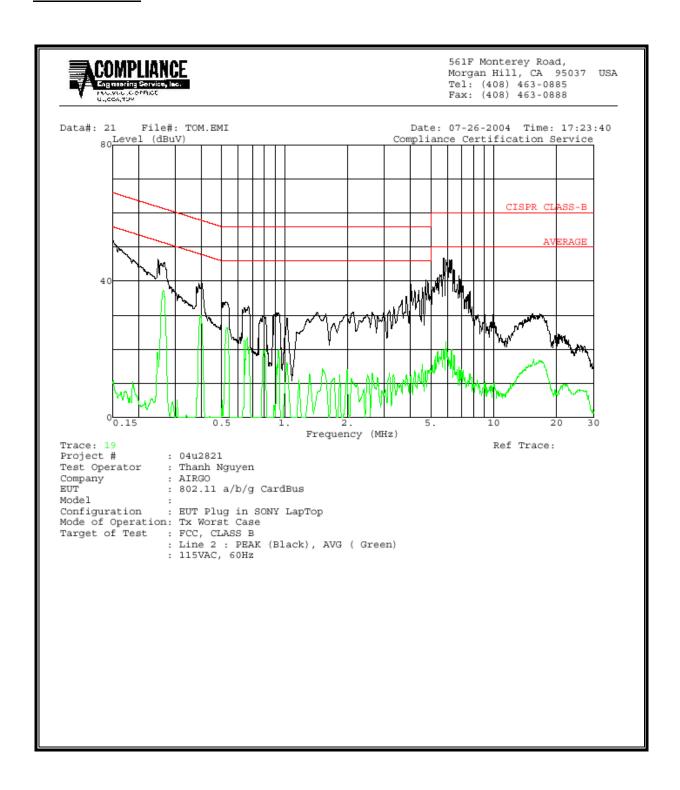
CONDUCTED EMISSIONS DATA (115VAC 60Hz)									
Freq.	Reading			Closs	Limit	EN_B	Margin		Remark
(MHz)	PK (dBuV)	QP (dBuV)	AV (dBuV)	(dB)	QP	AV	QP (dB)	AV (dB)	L1/L2
0.15	54.70		17.33	0.00	66.00	56.00	-11.30	-38.67	L1
0.26	50.04		37.84	0.00	62.91	52.91	-12.87	-15.07	L1
6.15	48.14		16.74	0.00	60.00	50.00	-11.86	-33.26	L1
0.15	52.24		10.89	0.00	66.00	56.00	-13.76	-45.11	L2
5.74	46.66		22.17	0.00	60.00	50.00	-13.34	-27.83	L2
0.25	46.60		37.26	0.00	63.20	53.20	-16.60	-15.94	L2
6 Worst 1	6 Worst Data								

# **LINE 1 RESULTS**



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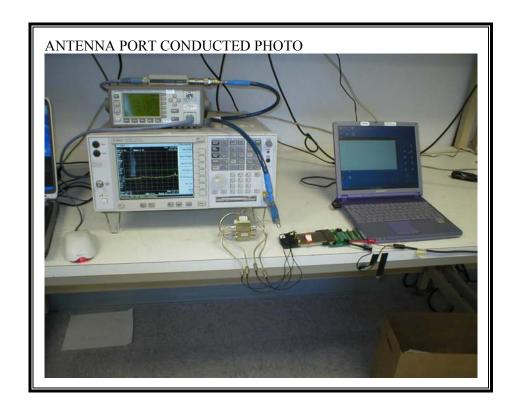
# **LINE 2 RESULTS**



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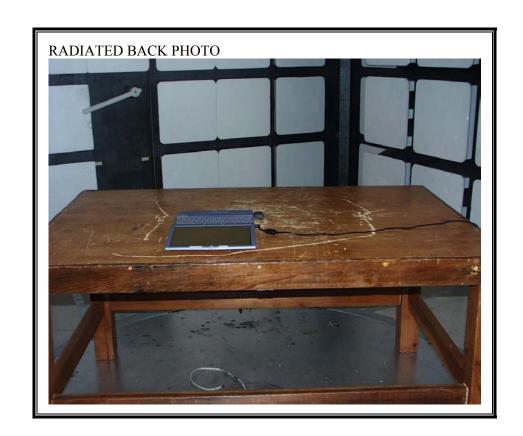
# 8. SETUP PHOTOS

#### ANTENNA PORT CONDUCTED RF MEASUREMENT SETUP



# RADIATED RF MEASUREMENT SETUP





# POWERLINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS MEASUREMENT SETUP



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**END OF REPORT**