

TEST REPORT

of

FCC Part 15 Subpart C §15.247 / RSS-210 Issue 8, RSS-Gen Issue 3

FCC ID / IC Certification: S9E99133 / 5817A-99133

Equipment Under Test	:	Smart Receiver Accessory
Model Name	:	99133
Applicant	:	Trimble Navigation Limited
Manufacturer	:	Trimble Navigation Limited
Date of Test(s)	:	2014.09.23 ~ 2014.09.26
Date of Issue	:	2014.11.12

In the configuration tested, the EUT complied with the standards specified above.

Tested By:	Jungmin Yang	Date:	2014.11.12	
Approved By:	Pla	Date:	2014.11.12	
	Hyunchae You			

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RTT5041-20(2014.01.20)(2)

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A4(210 mm x 297 mm)



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1. General Information

1.1. Testing Laboratory

SGS Korea Co., Ltd. (Gunpo Laboratory)

- Wireless Div. 2FL, 10-2, LS-ro 182beon-gil, Gunpo-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea, 435-837 All SGS services are rendered in accordance with the applicable SGS conditions of service available on request and accessible at <u>http://www.sgs.com/en/Terms-and-Conditions.aspx</u>. Telephone : +82 31 688 0901

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1.2. Details of Applicant

Applicant:Trimble Navigation LimitedAddress:345 SW Avery Ave. Corvallis, OR 97333, USAContact Person:Craig BachoPhone No.:+1 541 750 9248

1.3. Description of EUT

Kind of Product Smart Receiver Accessory	
Model Name	99133
Power Supply	DC 3.7 V
Frequency Range	2 402 MHz ~ 2 480 MHz
Modulation Technique	GFSK, π/4DQPSK, 8DPSK
Number of Channels	79
Antenna Type	Chip antenna
Antenna Gain	1.7 dB i

1.4. Declaration by the manufacturer

- Adaptive Frequency Hopping is supported and use at least 20 channels



1.5. Information about the FHSS characteristics:

1.5.1. Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence

The channel is represented by a pseudo-random hopping sequence hopping through the 79 RF channels. The hopping sequence is unique for the piconet and is determined by the Bluetooth device address of the master; the phase in the hopping sequence is determined by the Bluetooth clock of the master. The channel is divided into time slots where each slot corresponds to an RF hop frequency. Consecutive hops correspond to different RF hop frequencies. The nominal hop rate is 1 600 hops/s.

1.5.2. Equal Hopping Frequency Use

The channels of this system will be used equally over the long-term distribution of the hopsets.

1.5.3. Example of a 79 hopping sequence in data mode:

02, 05, 31, 24, 20, 10, 43, 36, 30, 23, 40, 06, 21, 50, 44, 09, 71, 78, 01, 13, 73, 07, 70, 72, 35, 62, 42, 11, 41, 08, 16, 29, 60, 15, 34, 61, 58, 04, 67, 12, 22, 53, 57, 18, 27, 76, 39, 32, 17, 77, 52, 33, 56, 46, 37, 47, 64, 49, 45, 38, 69, 14, 51, 26, 79, 19, 28, 65, 75, 54, 48, 03, 25, 66, 05, 16, 68, 74, 59, 63, 55

1.5.4. System Receiver Input Bandwidth

Each channel bandwidth is 1 Mz.

The system receivers have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

1.5.5. Equipment Description

15.247(a)(1) that the rx input bandwidths shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

15.247(g): In accordance with the Bluetooth Industry Standard, the system is designed to comply with all of the regulations in Section 15.247 when the transmitter is presented with a continuous data (or information) system.

15.247(h): In accordance with the Bluetooth Industry Standard, the system does not coordinate it channels selection/ hopping sequence with other frequency hopping systems for the express purpose of avoiding the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitters.



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1.6. Test Equipment List

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	S/N	Cal Date	Cal Interval	Cal Due.
Signal Generator	Agilent	E8257D	MY51501169	Jul. 17, 2014	Annual	Jul. 17, 2015
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9030A	MY53120526	Jul. 17, 2014	Annual	Jul. 17, 2015
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSV30	101004	Jun. 25, 2014	Annual	Jun. 25, 2015
High Pass Filter	Wainwright	WHK3.0/18G-6SS	4	Jul. 02, 2014	Annual	Jul. 02, 2015
High Pass Filter	Wainwright	WHK7.5/26.5G-6SS	15	Jul. 02, 2014	Annual	Jul. 02, 2015
Low Pass Filter	Mini circuits	NLP-1200+	V 8979400903-2	Mar. 21, 2014	Annual	Mar. 21, 2015
Power Sensor	R&S	NRP-Z81	100669	Mar. 19, 2014	Annual	Mar. 19, 2015
Bluetooth Tester	TESCOM	TC-3000C	3000C000142	Dec. 12, 2013	Annual	Dec. 12, 2014
Directional Coupler	KRYTAR	152613	122661	Mar. 18, 2014	Annual	Mar. 18, 2015
DC Power Supply	Agilent	U8002A	MY49030063	Dec. 12, 2013	Annual	Dec. 12, 2014
Preamplifier	H.P.	8447F	2944A03909	Aug. 27, 2014	Annual	Aug. 27, 2015
Preamplifier	R&S	SCU 18	10117	Jan. 14, 2014	Annual	Jan. 14, 2015
Preamplifier	MITEQ Inc.	JS44-18004000-35-8P	1546891	Apr. 28, 2014	Annual	Apr. 28, 2015
Bilog Antenna	SCHWARZBECK MESSELEKTRONIK	VULB9163	396	Jun. 07, 2014	Biennial	Jun. 07, 2016
Loop Antenna	SCHWARZBECK MESSELEKTRONIK	FMZB 1519	1519-039	Jul. 09, 2013	Biennial	Jul. 09, 2015
Horn Antenna	R&S	HF906	100326	Dec. 10, 2013	Biennial	Dec. 10, 2015
Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK MESSELEKTRONIK	BBHA9170	BBHA9170431	May 15, 2014	Biennial	May 15, 2016
Antenna Master	INN-CO	MM4000	N/A	N/A	N/A	N.C.R.
Turn Table	INN-CO	DS 1200 S	N/A	N/A	N/A	N.C.R.
Test Receiver	R&S	ESU26	100109	Mar. 04, 2014	Annual	Mar. 04, 2015
Anechoic Chamber	SY Corporation	L × W × H (9.6 m × 6.4 m × 6.6 m)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N.C.R.
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESCI 7	100911	Jan. 24, 2014	Annual	Jan. 24, 2015
Two-Line V-Network	R&S	ENV216	100190	Jan. 02, 2014	Annual	Jan. 02, 2015
Anechoic Chamber	SY Corporation	L × W × H (6.5 m × 3.5 m × 3.5 m)	N/A	N.C.R.	N/A	N.C.R.



1.7. Summary of Test Results

The EUT has been tested according to the following specifications:

APPLIED STANDARD:FCC Part15 subpart C, RSS-210, RSS-Gen							
Section in FCC 15	Section in RSS-210, RSS-Gen	Test Item	Result				
15.205(a) 15.209 15.247(d)	RSS-210 A8.5	Transmitter Radiated Spurious Emissions Conducted Spurious Emission	Complied				
15.247(a)(1)	RSS-210 A8.1(a) RSS-Gen 4.6.1	20 dB Bandwidth and 99 % BW	Complied				
15.247(b)(1)	RSS-210 A8.4(2)	Maximum Peak Output Power	Complied				
15.247(a)(1)	RSS-210 A8.1(b)	Frequency Separation	Complied				
15.247(a)(1)(iii)	RSS-210 A8.1(d)	Number of Hopping Frequency	Complied				
15.247(a)(1)(iii)	RSS-210 A8.1(d)	Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)	Complied				
15.207	RSS-Gen 7.2.4	Transmitter AC Power Line Conducted Emission	Complied				

1.8. Sample calculation

Where relevant, the following sample calculation is provided:

1.8.1. Conducted test

Offset value (dB) = Directional Coupler(dB) + Cable loss (dB)

1.8.2. Radiation test

Field strength level (dBµV/m) = Measured level (dBµV) + Antenna factor (dB) + Cable loss (dB) – amplifier gain (dB)

1.9. Test report revision

Revision	Report number Date of Issue		Description	
0	F690501/RF-RTL008066	1/RF-RTL008066 2014.09.29 Initial		
1	F690501/RF-RTL008066-1	2014.11.12	Add the procedure of radiated emission test	

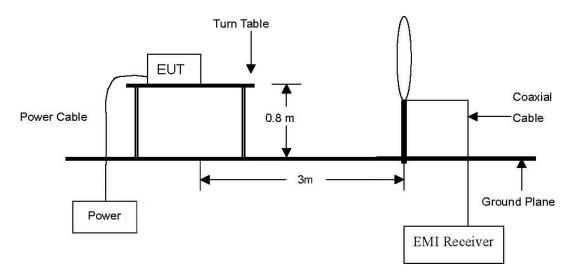


2. Transmitter Radiated Spurious Emissions and Conducted Spurious Emission

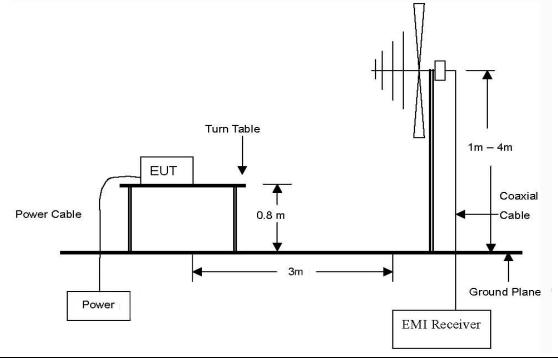
2.1. Test Setup

2.1.1. Transmitter Radiated Spurious Emissions

The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 9 $\,\rm klz$ to 30 $\,\rm Mz\,$ Emissions.

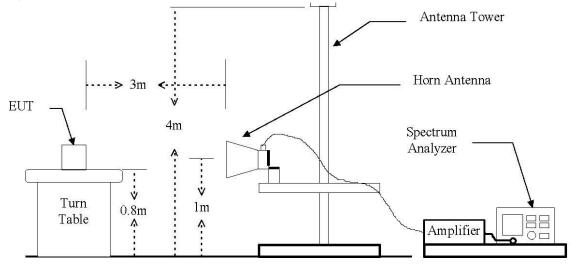


The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 30 Mz to 1 Gz Emissions.



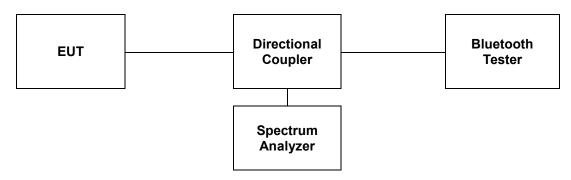


The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission .The spurious emissions were investigated form 1 \mathbb{G} to the 10th harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or 40 \mathbb{G} , whichever is lower.





2.1.2. Conducted Spurious Emissions



2.2. Limit

According to \$15.247(d), in any 100 klb bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 klb bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement , provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval , as permitted under paragraph(b)(3) of this section , the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in section \$15.205(a), must also comply the radiated emission limits specified in section \$15.205(c))

According to § 15.209(a), Except as provided elsewhere in this Subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table :

Frequency (11世)	Field Strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meter)
0.009 - 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 - 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 – 30.0	30	30
30 – 88	100**	3
88 – 216	150**	3
216 – 960	200**	3
Above 960	500	3

** Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this Section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54-72 Mz, 76-88 Mz, 174-216 Mz or 470-806 Mz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this Part, e.g., §§15.231 and 15.241



2.3. Test Procedures

Radiated emissions from the EUT were measured according to the dictates of DA 00-705, ANSI C63.4-2003

2.3.1. Test Procedures for Radiated Spurious Emissions

- 1. The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters above the ground at a 3 meter anechoic chamber test site. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- 2. During performing radiated emission below 1 (Hz, the EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower. During performing radiated emission above 1 (Hz, the EUT was set 3 meter away from the interference-receiving antenna.
- 3. The antenna is a broadband antenna, and its height is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
- 4. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters and the table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
- 5. The test-receiver system was set to Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.
- 6. If the emission level of the EUT in peak mode was 10 dB lower than the limit specified, then testing could be stopped and the peak values of the EUT would be reported. Otherwise the emissions that did not have 10 dB margin would be re-tested one by one using peak, quasi-peak or average method as specified and then reported in a data sheet.

NOTE;

All data rates and modes were investigated for radiated spurious emissions. Only the radiated emissions of the configuration that produced the worst case emissions are reported in this section.

- 1. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 120 kl/z for Peak detection (PK) and Quasi-peak detection (QP) at frequency below 1 GHz.
- 2. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1 Mb for Peak detection and frequency above 1 Gb.
- 3. The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1 MHz and the video bandwidth is $1/T_{on}$ Hz (T_{on} = On-time of the Pulsed emission) for Average detection (AV) at frequency above 1 GHz.

VBW = 400 Hz \ge 1/T_{on} Hz, pulse width in seconds (T_{on} = 2.89 ms). Refer to the DH5, 3DH5 of Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time) test item.

- 4. When Average result is different from peak result over 20 dB (over-averaging), According to 15.35 (c), as a "duty cycle correction factor", pulse averaging with 20 log(duty cycle) has to be used.
- 5. To get a maximum emission level from the EUT, the EUT is manipulated through three orthogonal planes.



2.3.2. Test Procedures for Conducted Spurious Emissions

2.3.2.1. Band-edge Compliance of RF Conducted Emissions

The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyzer.

Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the emission operating on the channel closest to the bandedge, as well as any modulation products which fall outside of the authorized band of operation. RBW \geq 100 kHz

VBW ≥ RBW Sweep = auto Detector function = peak Trace = max hold

2.3.2.2. Spurious RF Conducted Emissions

The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyzer. RBW = 100 kHz VBW \geq RBW Sweep = auto Detector function = peak Trace = max hold



2.4. Test Results

Ambient temperature	:	(23	± 1) ℃
Relative humidity	:	47	% R.H.

2.4.1. Spurious Radiated Emission (Worst case configuration_GFSK mode, 1 Mbps, Low channel)

The frequency spectrum from 24 Mb to 1 000 Mb was investigated. Emission levels are not reported much lower than the limits by over 30 dB. All reading values are peak values.

Radiated Emissions		Ant	Correction Factors		Total	FCC L	imit	
Frequency (肔)	Reading (dBµV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	AMP + CL (dB)	Actual (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
33.44	35.39	Peak	V	13.09	-26.88	21.60	40.00	18.40
34.41	37.02	Peak	V	13.24	-26.86	23.40	40.00	16.60
35.58	39.21	Peak	V	13.43	-26.84	25.80	40.00	14.20
36.99	37.39	Peak	н	15.44	-26.83	26.00	40.00	14.00

Remark:

- 1. All spurious emissions at channels are almost the same below 1 ${
 m GHz}$, so that low channel was chosen at representative in final test.
- 2. Actual = Reading + AF + AMP + CL
- 3. The worst case test configuration was found with the EUT in the Y axis.



2.4.2. Spurious Radiated Emission

The frequency spectrum above 1 000 Mb was investigated.

Operating Mode: GFSK(1 Mbps)

A. Low Channel (2 402 Mtz)

Radiated Emissions		Ant	Correctio	n Factors	Total	Total FCC Limit		
Frequency (毗)	Reading (dBµV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/ m)	CL (dB)	Actual (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
*2 310.00	22.85	Peak	Н	27.77	6.48	57.10	74.00	16.90
*2 310.00	12.69	Average	Н	27.77	6.48	46.94	54.00	7.06
*2 329.68	25.17	Peak	Н	27.99	6.36	59.52	74.00	14.48
*2 329.68	12.43	Average	Н	27.99	6.36	46.78	54.00	7.22
*2 390.00	23.00	Peak	Н	28.08	6.47	57.55	74.00	16.45
*2 390.00	12.83	Average	Н	28.08	6.47	47.38	54.00	6.62

Radiated Emissions		Ant	Correction Factors		Total	FCC Limit		
Frequency (畑)	Reading (dBµV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	AMP+CL (dB)	Actual (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
*4 804.98	39.35	Peak	Н	32.62	-33.67	38.30	74.00	35.70
*4 804.98	27.25	Average	н	32.62	-33.67	26.20	54.00	27.80
Above 4 900.00	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-



B. Middle Channel (2 441 Mtz)

Radiated Emissions		Ant	Correctio	n Factors	Total	FCC Limit		
Frequency (M地)	Reading (dBµV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	AMP+CL (dB)	Actual (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
*4 882.56	40.82	Peak	н	33.02	-33.46	40.38	74.00	33.62
*4 882.56	28.20	Average	Н	33.02	-33.46	27.76	54.00	26.24
Above 4 900.00	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

C. High Channel (2 480 Mz)

Radiated Emissions			Ant	Correctio	n Factors	Total	FCC Li	mit
Frequency (胚)	Reading (dBµV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/ m)	CL (dB)	Actual (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
*2 483.50	23.24	Peak	Н	28.17	6.65	58.06	74.00	15.94
*2 483.50	13.29	Average	Н	28.17	6.65	48.11	54.00	5.89
*2 498.07	26.15	Peak	Н	28.30	6.85	61.30	74.00	12.70
*2 498.07	13.45	Average	Н	28.30	6.85	48.60	54.00	5.40
*2 500.00	23.56	Peak	Н	28.31	6.88	58.75	74.00	15.25
*2 500.00	13.39	Average	Н	28.31	6.88	48.58	54.00	5.42

Radiated Emissions			Ant	Correctio	n Factors	Total	Total FCC Limit		
Frequency (毗)	Reading (dBµV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/ m)	AMP+CL (dB)	Actual (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµ∛/m)	Margin (dB)	
*4 961.05	40.57	Peak	н	33.17	-33.36	40.38	74.00	33.62	
*4 961.05	27.96	Average	Н	33.17	-33.36	27.77	54.00	26.23	
Above 5 000.00	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	



Operating Mode: 8DPSK(3 Mbps)

A. Low Channel (2 402 Mz)

Radiated Emissions			Ant	Correctio	n Factors	Total	FCC Li	mit
Frequency (쌘)	Reading (dBµV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/ m)	CL (dB)	Actual (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
*2 310.00	23.03	Peak	Н	27.77	6.48	57.28	74.00	16.72
*2 310.00	12.68	Average	Н	27.77	6.48	46.93	54.00	7.07
*2 339.60	25.33	Peak	Н	28.05	6.45	59.83	74.00	14.17
*2 339.60	12.58	Average	Н	28.05	6.45	47.08	54.00	6.92
*2 390.00	23.36	Peak	Н	28.08	6.47	57.91	74.00	16.09
*2 390.00	12.86	Average	Н	28.08	6.47	47.41	54.00	6.59

Radiated Emissions		Ant	Correction Factors		Total	FCC Limit		
Frequency (胚)	Reading (dBµ∛)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	AMP+CL (dB)	Actual (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
*4 804.22	39.04	Peak	н	32.62	-33.67	37.99	74.00	36.01
*4 804.22	27.02	Average	Н	32.62	-33.67	25.97	54.00	28.03
Above 4 900.00	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

B. Middle Channel (2 441 Mb)

Radiated Emissions		Ant	Correction Factors		Total	FCC Limit		
Frequency (M地)	Reading (dBµV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	AMP+CL (dB)	Actual (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
*4 883.01	40.80	Peak	н	33.02	-33.46	40.36	74.00	33.64
*4 883.01	28.07	Average	Н	33.02	-33.46	27.63	54.00	26.37
Above 4 900.00	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

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C. High Channel (2 480 Mtz)

Radiated Emissions			Ant	Correctio	n Factors	Total	FCC Limit	
Frequency (M地)	Reading (dBµV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	CL (dB)	Actual (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
*2 483.50	25.93	Peak	Н	28.17	6.65	60.75	74.00	13.25
*2 483.50	13.43	Average	Н	28.17	6.65	48.25	54.00	5.75
*2 493.17	24.59	Peak	Н	28.26	6.78	59.63	74.00	14.37
*2 493.17	13.54	Average	Н	28.26	6.78	48.58	54.00	5.42
*2 500.00	23.16	Peak	Н	28.31	6.88	58.35	74.00	15.65
*2 500.00	13.24	Average	Н	28.31	6.88	48.43	54.00	5.57

Radiated Emissions		Ant	Correctio	n Factors	Total	FCC Limit		
Frequency (胍)	Reading (dBµV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	AMP+CL (dB)	Actual (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
*4 960.31	40.49	Peak	Н	33.16	-33.34	40.31	74.00	33.69
*4 960.31	28.08	Average	Н	33.16	-33.34	27.90	54.00	26.10
Above 5 000.00	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Remarks:

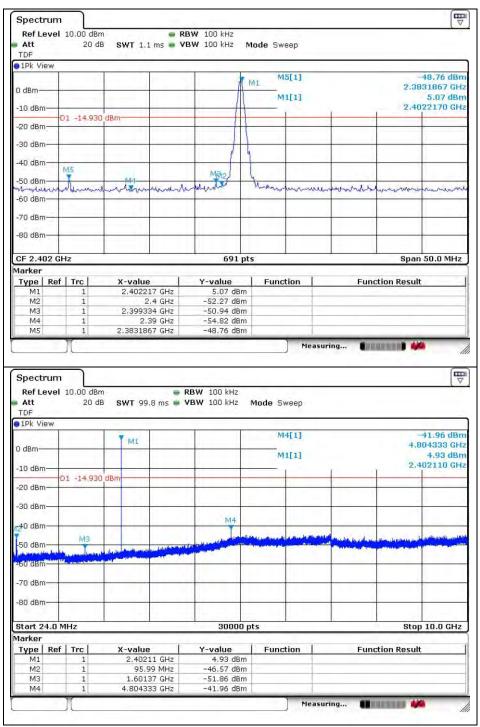
- 1. "*" means the restricted band.
- 2. Measuring frequencies from 1 Gth to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
- 3. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1 000 Mb were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
- 4. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit.
 5. Actual = Reading + AF + AMP + CL
- 6. The worst case test configuration was found with the EUT in the X axis.



2.4.3. Spurious RF Conducted Emissions: Plot of Spurious RF Conducted Emission

Operating Mode: GFSK(1 Mbps)

Low Channel

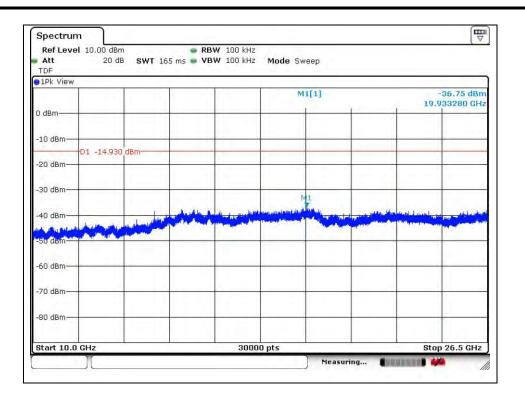


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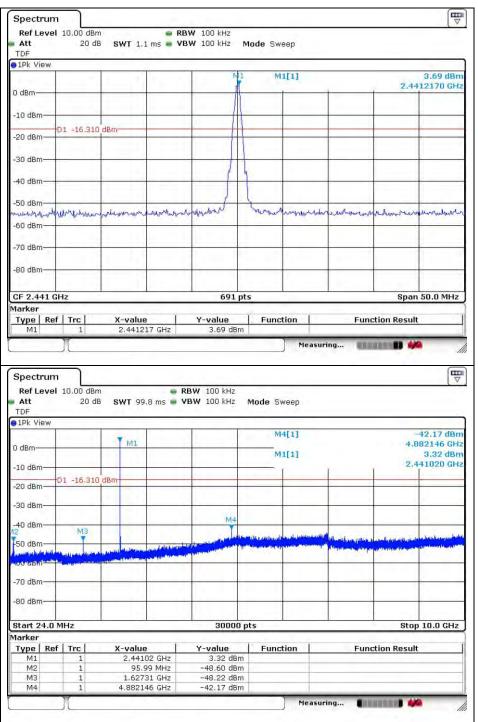
LS-ro 182beon-gil, Gunpo-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea, 435 Tel. +82 31 428 5700 / Fax. +82 31 427 2370



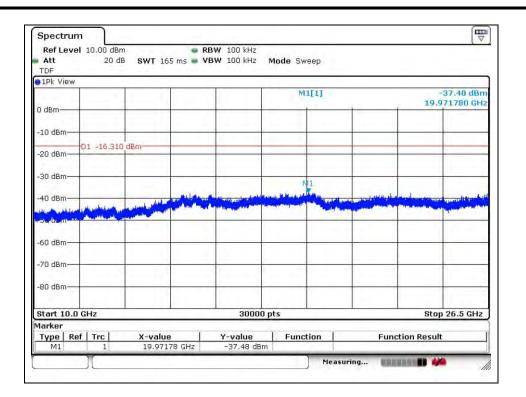




Middle Channel



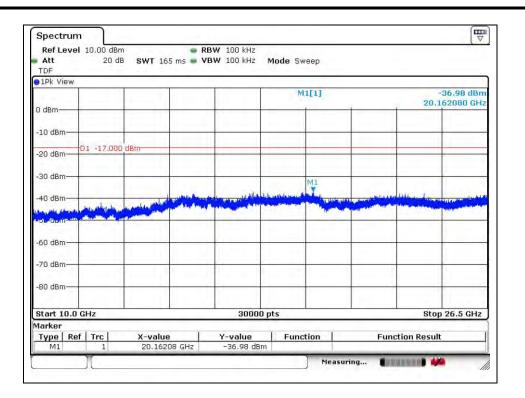






High Channel ₩ Spectrum Ref Level 10.00 dBm RBW 100 kHz 20 dB SWT 1.1 ms . VBW 100 kHz Mode Sweep Att TDF o 1Pk View M3[1] 52.29 dBr 2.4985240 GHz 0 dBm M1[1] 3.00 dBn 2.4800000 GH -10 dBm D1 -17.000 dBm -20 dBm--30 dBm -40 dBm MB -50 dBm waymon Ann mon www.whent m mark sur -60 dBm--70 dBm -80 dBm CF 2.48 GHz 691 pts Span 50.0 MHz Marker Type | Ref | Trc | value Y-value Function **Function Result** 2.48 GHz 2.4835 GHz 3.00 dBm -53.17 dBm M1 M2 1 M3 2,498524 GHz -52.29 dBm Measuring... E Spectrum Ref Level 10.00 dBm 🖷 RBW 100 kHz Att 20 dB SWT 99.8 ms 🔳 VBW 100 kHz Mode Sweep TDF 1Pk View -37.59 dBm M4[1] 4.959959 GHz 0 dBm M1[1] 2.89 dBm 2.479920 GHz -10 dBm -17,000 -20 dBm -30 dBm 40 dBm 50 dBm -60 dB -70 dBm -80 dBm Stop 10.0 GHz Start 24.0 MHz 30000 pts Marker Type M1 Ref Trc X-value Y-value Function **Function Result** 2,47992 GHz 2.89 dBm -47.73 dBm M2 95.99 MHz 1 -46.46 dBm -37.59 dBm M3 1.65325 GHz 4.959959 GHz M4 1 Measuring...

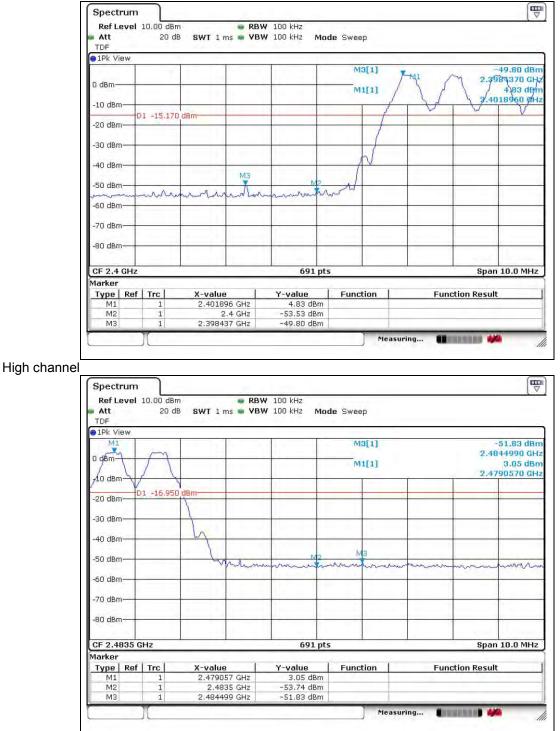






Band edge Compliance with Hopping Enabled

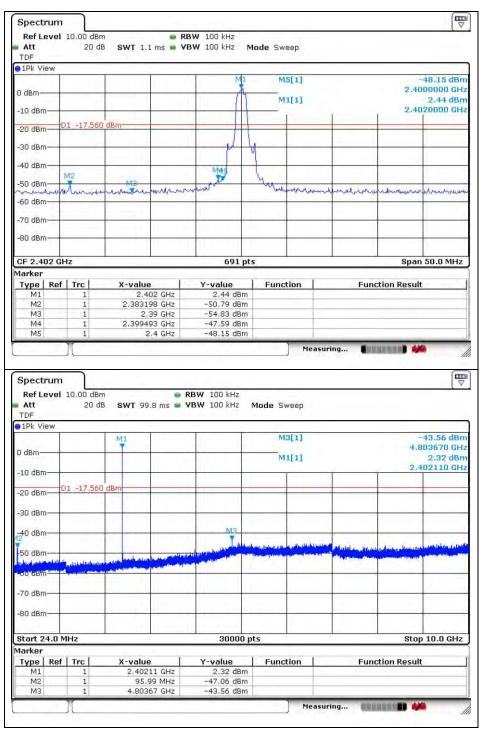
Low channel



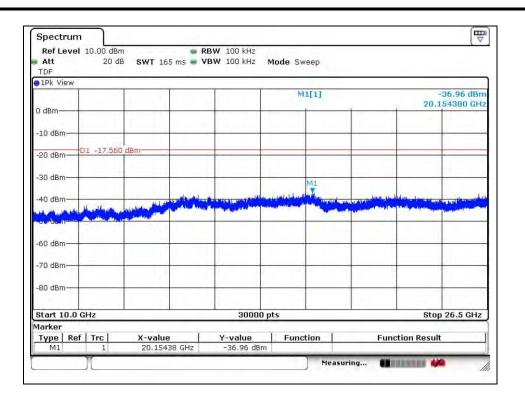


Operating Mode : 8DPSK(3 Mbps)

Low Channel



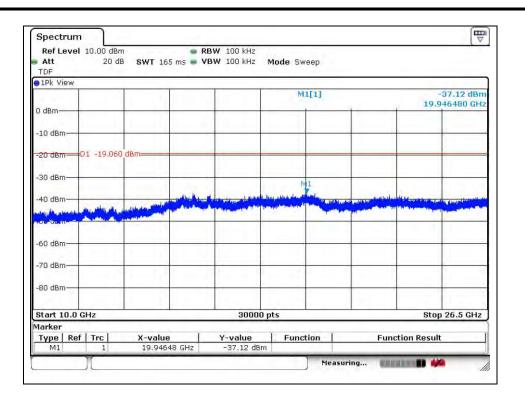






Middle Channel Spectrum Ref Level 10.00 dBm RBW 100 kHz 20 dB SWT 1.1 ms = VBW 100 kHz Mode Sweep Att TDF o 1Pk View M1[1] 0.94 dBr 2.4412170 GHz 0 dBm -10 dBm-01 -19.060 dBm -20 dBm--30 dBm-40 dBm -50 dBm -bully manulation widow methy and purchased on physical and the presented inter noulowne An -60 dBm -70 dBm -80 dBm CF 2.441 GHz 691 pts Span 50.0 MHz Marker Type | Ref | Trc | Function **Function Result** X-value Y-value M1 441217 GHz 0.94 dBm Measuring... Spectrum Ref Level 10.00 dBm 🖷 RBW 100 kHz Att 20 dB SWT 99.8 ms 🔳 VBW 100 kHz Mode Sweep TDF 1Pk View 43.93 dBn M3[1] MI 4.881810 GHz 0 dBm M1[1] -1.07 dBn 2.441020 GHz -10 dBm-D1 -19.060 dBr -20 dBm--30 dBm 40 dBm Y 50 dBm -70 dBm -80 dBm-Start 24.0 MHz 30000 pts Stop 10.0 GHz Marker Ref | Trc | Y-value Function **Function Result** Type X-value -1.07 dBm -47.89 dBm 2.44102 GHz M1 1 M2 89.01 MHz МЗ 4.88181 GHz -43.93 dBm 1 Measuring... ana ana amin'ny 💷 🥩

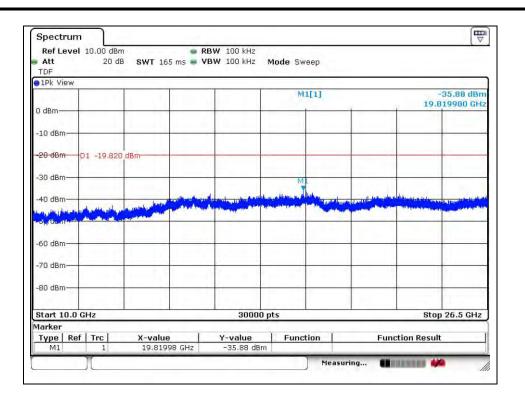






High Channel THE REAL Spectrum Ref Level 10.00 dBm RBW 100 kHz 20 dB SWT 1.1 ms . VBW 100 kHz Mode Sweep Att TDF o 1Pk View M2[1] 50.28 dBr 2,4835000 GHz 0 dBm M1[1] 0.18 dBr 2.4802170 GH -10 dBm D1 -19.820 dBr -20 dBm -30 dBm-40 dBm -50 dBm with many marked the ulmmun ATAL anounder marchine mannel millohan whenter -60 dBm -70 dBm -80 dBm-Span 50.0 MHz CF 2.48 GHz 691 pts Marker TypeRefTrcM11 **Function Result** X-value Y-value Function 2.480217 GHz 0.18 dBm M2 2,4835 GHz -50.28 dBm Measuring... Spectrum Ref Level 10.00 dBm 🖷 RBW 100 kHz Att 20 dB SWT 99.8 ms 🖷 VBW 100 kHz Mode Sweep TDF 1Pk View M3[1] 40.80 dBm 4.960290 GHz MI 0 dBm M1[1] -2.00 dBn 2.479920 GH -10 dBm-D1 -19.820 dBm -20 dBm -30 dBm M 40 dBm -50 dBm -70 dBm -80 dBm-Start 24.0 MHz 30000 pts Stop 10.0 GHz Marker Ref | Trc | Y-value Function **Function Result** Type X-value -2.00 dBm -48.29 dBm 2.47992 GHz M1 1 M2 95.99 MHz МЗ 4.96029 GHz 40.80 dBm 1 Measuring... CONTRACTOR OF THE OWNER.

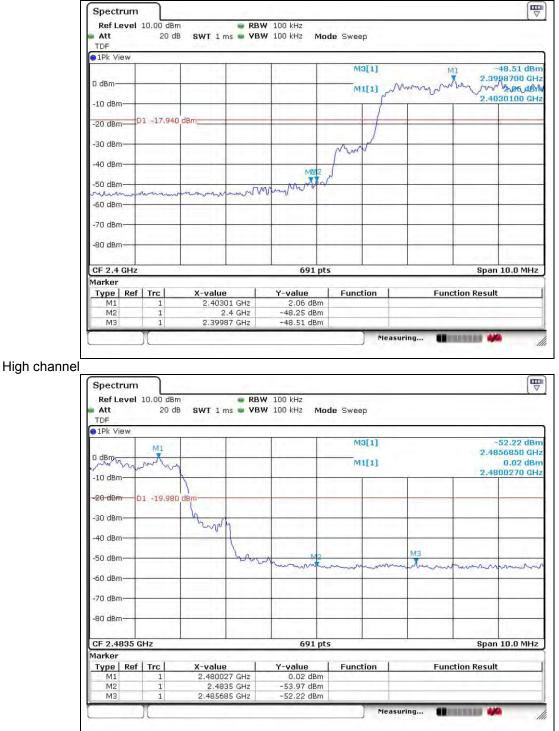






Band edge Compliance with Hopping Enabled

Low channel



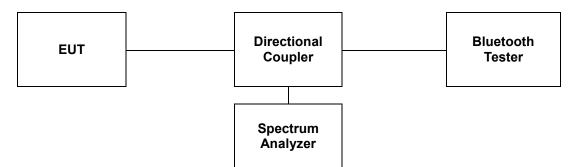
Remark;

All offset values from 30 Mz to 26.5 GHz were compensated to spectrum analyzer as TDF function.



3. 20 dB Bandwidth Measurement and 99 % BW

3.1. Test Setup



3.2. Limit

Limit: Not Applicable

3.3. Test Procedure

3.3.1. 20 dB Bandwidth

All data rates and modes were investigated for this test. The full data for the worst case data rate are reported in this section.

The test follows DA 00-705

The 20 dB band width was measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to RF antenna connector (conducted measurement) while EUT was operating in transmit mode at the appropriate center frequency. Use the following spectrum analyzer setting : Span = approximately 2 to 3 times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel. RBW = greater than 1 % of the 20 dB bandwidth VBW = RBW Sweep = auto Detector = peak

Trace = max hold

The marker-to-peak function to set the mark to the peak of the emission. Use the marker-delta function to measure 20 dB down one side of the emission. Reset the function, and move the marker to the other side of the emission, until it is (as close as possible to) even with the reference marker level. The marker-delta reading at this point is 20 dB bandwidth of the emission.

3.3.2. 99 % Bandwidth

Set the spectrum analyzer as SPAN = 2 or 3 times necessary bandwidth, RBW = approximately 1 % of the SPAN, VBW is set to 3 times RBW, Detector = sampling, Trace mode = max hold.

Measure lowest and highest frequencies are placed in a running sum until 0.5 % and 99.5 % of the total is reached.

Record the SPAN between the lowest and the highest frequencies for the 99 % occupied bandwidth. Repeat until all the test channels are investigated.

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3.4. Test Results

Ambient temperature	:	(23 ±	: 1)	°C
Relative humidity	:	47	% R	ι.Н.

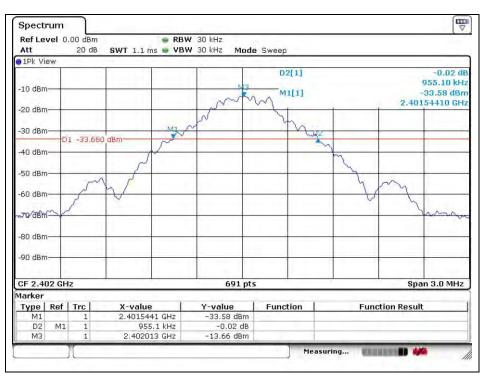
Operation Mode	Data Rate	Channel	Channel Frequency (Mt/2)	20 dB Bandwidth(∰z)	99 % Bandwidth(∰z)
		Low	2 402	0.955	0.860
GFSK	1 Mbps	Middle	2 441	0.955	0.860
		High	2 480	0.955	0.834
	2 Mbps	Low	2 402	1.342	1.194
π/4DQPSK		Middle	2 441	1.350	1.216
		High	2 480	1.333	1.216
		Low	2 402	1.298	1.203
8DPSK	3 Mbps	Middle	2 441	1.333	1.203
		High	2 480	1.329	1.207



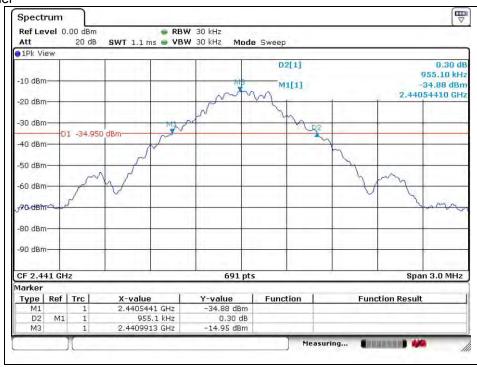
20 dB Bandwidth

Operating Mode: GFSK

Low Channel



Middle Channel

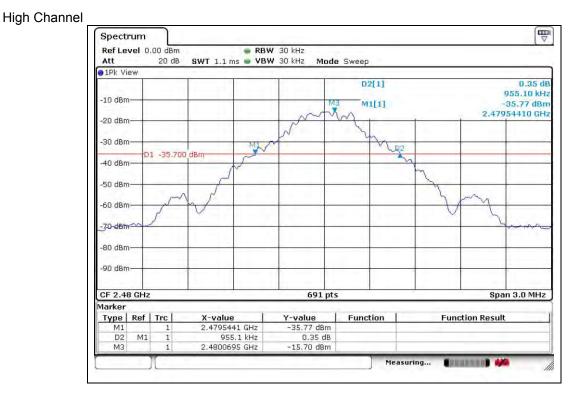


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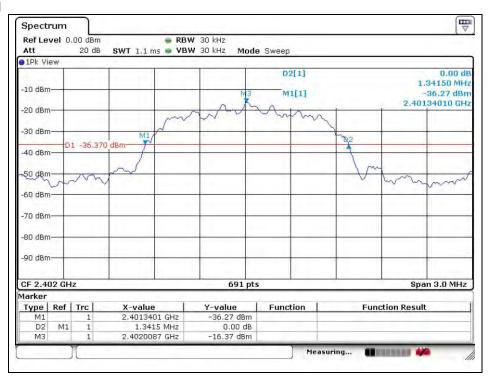
<u>http://www.sgsgroup.kr</u> A4(210 mm × 297 mm)



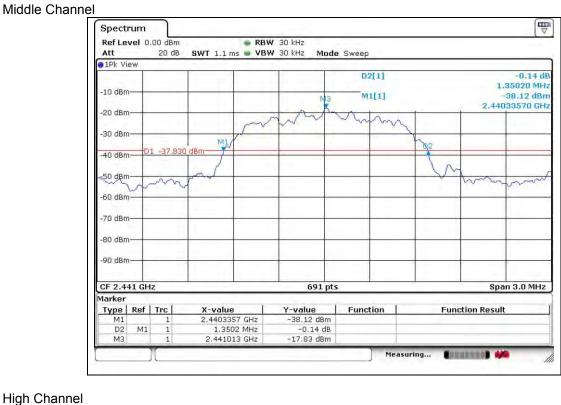


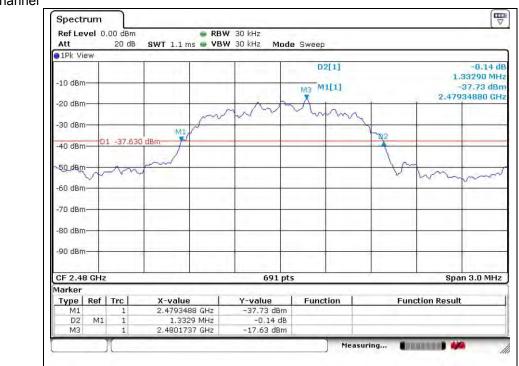
Operating Mode: $\pi/4DQPSK$

Low Channel





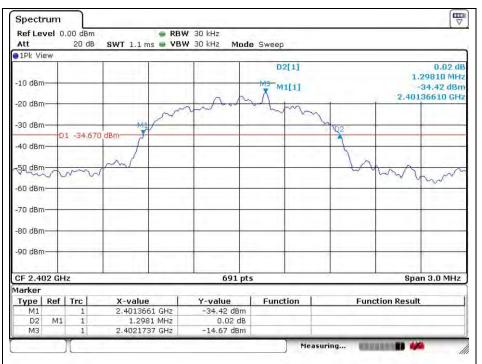




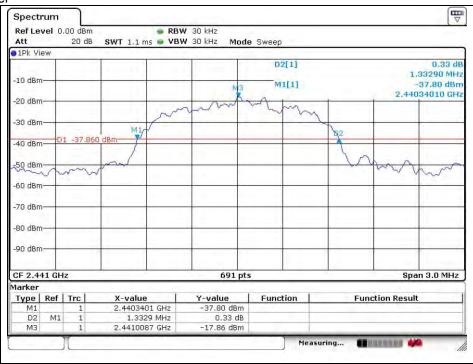


Operating Mode: 8DPSK

Low Channel

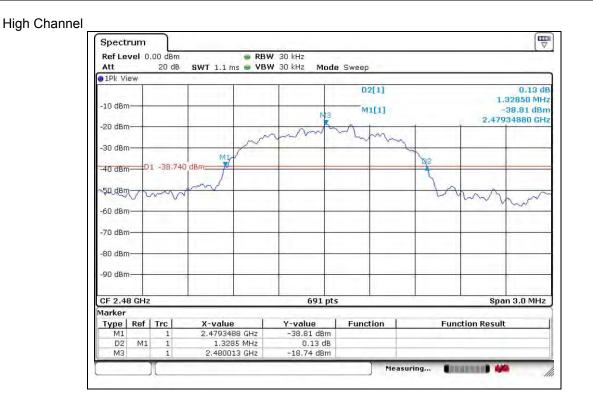


Middle Channel



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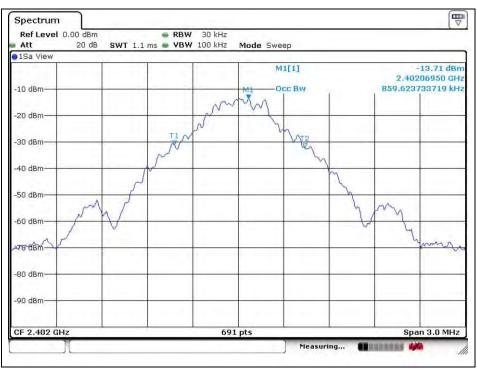




99 % Bandwidth

Operating Mode: GFSK

Low Channel



Middle Channel



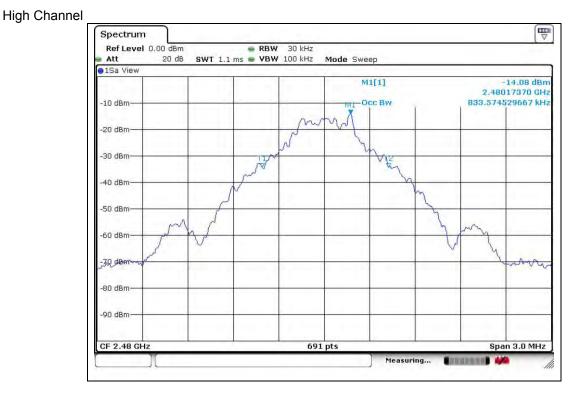
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4, LS-ro 182beon-gil, Gunpo-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea, 435-040 Tel. +82 31 428 5700 / Fax. +82 31 427 2370

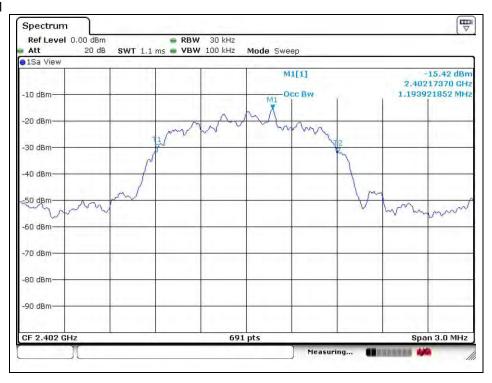
<u>http://www.sgsgroup.kr</u> A4(210 mm × 297 mm)





Operating Mode: $\pi/4DQPSK$

Low Channel



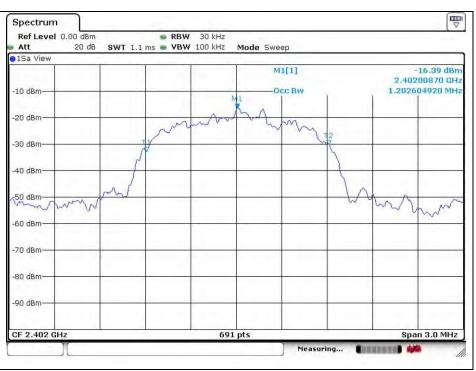






Operating Mode: 8DPSK

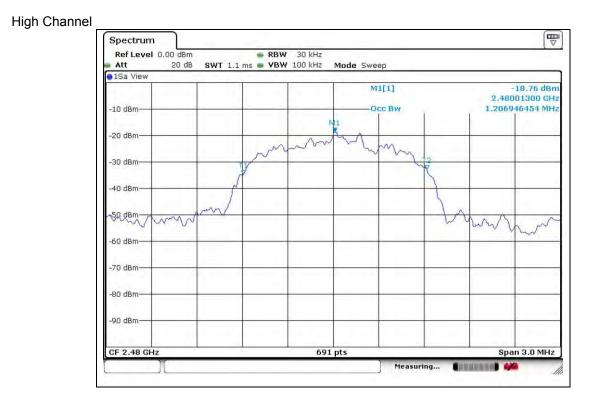




Middle Channel



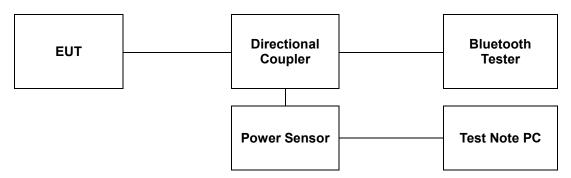






4. Maximum Peak Output Power Measurement

4.1. Test Setup



4.2. Limit

The maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following :

- 1. §15.247(a)(1), Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW.
- 2. §15.247(b)(1), For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2 400 2 483.5 Mz employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5 725 5 805 Mz band: 1 Watt.

4.3. Test Procedure

All data rates and modes were investigated for this test. The test follows DA 00-705. Using the power sensor instead of a spectrum analyzer.

- 1. Place the EUT on the table and set it in the transmitting mode.
- 2. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the Power sensor.
- 3. Test program : (S/W name : R&S Power Viewer, Version : 3.2.0)
- 4. Measure peak power each channel.



4.4. Test Results

Ambient temperature	:	(23	± 1)	°C
Relative humidity	:	47	% F	R.H.

Operation Mode	Data Rate	Channel	Channel Frequency (쌘)	Directional coupler + Cable offset (dB)	Peak Power Result (dB m)	Peak Power Limit (dB m)
		Low	2 402	15.60	5.05	30.00
GFSK	1 Mbps	Middle	2 441	15.59	3.80	30.00
		High	2 480	15.63	3.23	30.00
		Low	2 402	15.60	5.31	20.97
π/4DQPSK	2 Mbps	Middle	2 441	15.59	4.15	20.97
		High	2 480	15.63	3.50	20.97
		Low	2 402	15.60	5.93	20.97
8DPSK	3 Mbps	Middle	2 441	15.59	4.79	20.97
		High	2 480	15.63	4.20	20.97

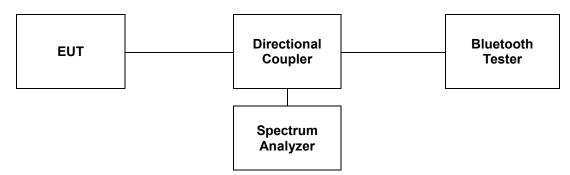
Remark:

In the case of AFH, the limit for peak power is 0.125 W



5. Hopping Channel Separation

5.1. Test Setup



5.2. Limit

15.247(a)(1) Frequency hopping system operating in 2 400 – 2 483.5 Mb. Band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kb or two-third of 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mJ.

5.3. Test Procedure

All data rates and modes were investigated for this test. The full data for the worst case data rate are reported in this section. The test follows DA 00-705.

The device is operating in hopping mode between 79 channels and also supporting Adaptive Frequency Hopping with hopping between 20 channels. As compared with each operating mode, 79 channels are chosen as a representative for test.

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels. $RBW \ge 1 \%$ of the span. $VBW \ge RBW$ Sweep = auto Detector = peak Trace = max hold.

Allow the trace to stabilize. Use the marker-delta function to determine the between the peaks of the adjacent channels.

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 A4(210 mm × 297 mm)



5.4. Test Results

Ambient temperature	:	(23	± 1) °C
Relative humidity	:	47	% R.H.

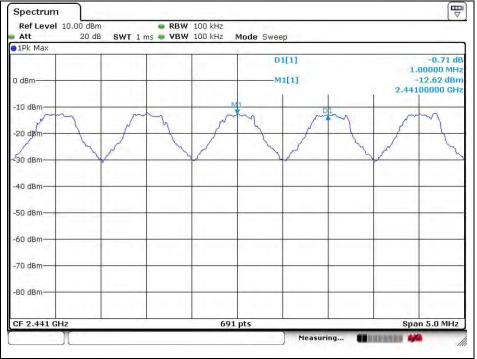
Operation Mode	Channel (Middle)	Adjacent Hopping Channel Separation (朏)	Two-third of 20 dB Bandwidth (啦)	Minimum Bandwidth (虚)
GFSK	2 441 MHz	1 000	637	25
8DPSK	2 441 MHz	1 000	889	25

Note;

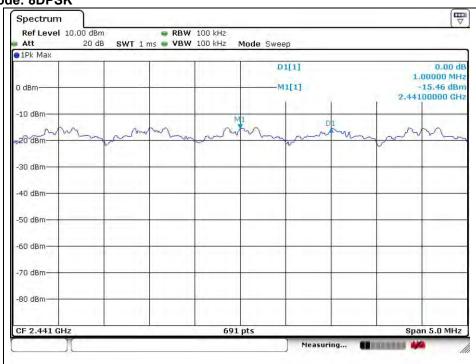
Measurement is made with EUT operating in hopping mode between 79 channels providing a worst case scenario as compared to AFH mode hopping between 20 channels.



Operating Mode: GFSK



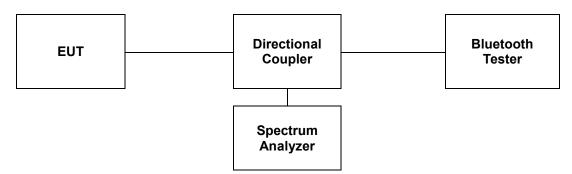
Operating Mode: 8DPSK





6. Number of Hopping Frequency

6.1. Test Setup



6.2. Limit

§15.247(a)(1)(iii), Frequency hopping systems in the 2 400–2 483.5 Mb band shall use at least 15 channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed. Frequency hopping systems may avoid or suppress transmissions on a particular hopping frequency provided that a minimum of 15 channels are used.

6.3. Test Procedure

All data rates and modes were investigated for this test. The full data for the worst case data rate are reported in this section. The test follows DA 00-705.

The device supports Adaptive Frequency Hopping and will use a minimum of 20 channels of the 79 available channels.

The EUT must have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

1. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna the port to the Spectrum analyzer

3. Set spectrum analyzer Start = 2 400 Mb, Stop = 2 441.5 Mb, Sweep=sweep and Start = 2 441.5 Mb, Stop = 2 483.5 Mb, Sweep = sweep. Detector = peak.

- 4. Set the spectrum analyzer as RBW, VBW = 500 kHz.
- 5. Max hold, allow the trace to stabilize and count how many channel in the band.



6.4. Test Results

Ambient temperature	:	(23	±	1)	°C
Relative humidity	:	47		% R	.Н.

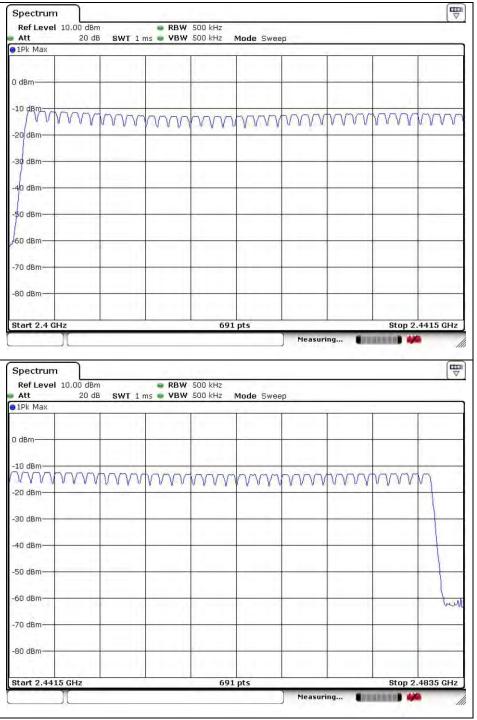
Operation Mode	Number of Hopping Frequency	Limit
GFSK	79	≥ 15
8DPSK	79	≥ 15

Remark:

Measurement is made with EUT operating in hopping mode between 79 channels providing a worse case scenario as compared to AFH mode hopping between 20 channels.

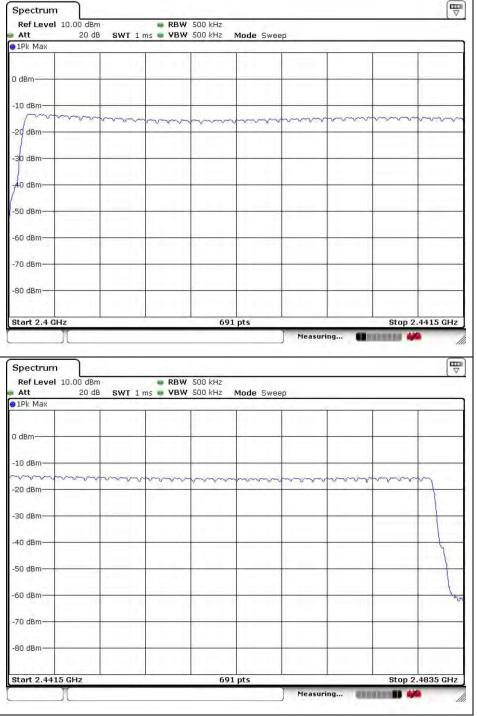








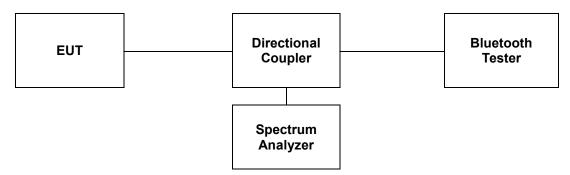
Operating Mode : 8DPSK





7. Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)

7.1. Test Set up



7.2. Limit

15.247(a)(1)(iii) For frequency hopping system operating in the 2 400 – 2 483.5 Mz band, the average time of occupancy on any frequency shall not be greater than 0.4 second within a 31.6 second period.

A period time = 0.4(s) * 79 = 31.6(s)

*Adaptive Frequency Hopping

A period time = 0.4(s) * 20 = 8 (s)

7.3. Test Procedure

All data rates and modes were investigated for this test. The full data for the worst case data rate are reported in this section. The test follows DA 00-705.

- 1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
- 2. Position the EUT as shown in test setup without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable.
- 3. Measure the time duration of one transmission on the measured frequency. And then plot the result with time difference of this time duration.
- 4. The Bluetooth has 3 type of payload, DH1, DH3, DH5 and 3-DH1, 3-DH3, 3-DH5. The hopping rate is insisted of 1 600 per second.

The EUT must have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer setting:

Span = zero span, centered on a hopping channel

RBW = 1 M ⊥

VBW = RBW

Sweep = as necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel

Detector = peak

Trace = max hold

Use the marker-delta function to determine the dwell time. If this value varies with different modes of operation repeat this test for each variation.

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7.4. Test Results

Ambient temperature		(23	±	1)	°C
Relative humidity		47		% F	R.H.

7.4.1. Packet Type: DH1, 3-DH1

Operation Mode	Frequency	Dwell Time (ns)	Time of occupancy on the Tx Channel in 31.6 sec (ms)	Limit for time of occupancy on the Tx Channel in 31.6 sec (ms)
GFSK	2 441 Mb	0.38	121.60	400
8DPSK	2 441 Mz	0.38	121.60	400

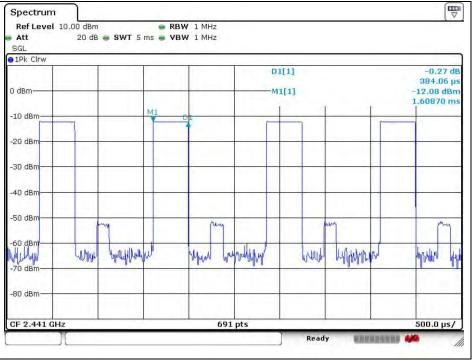
Note:

Time of occupancy on the TX channel in 31.6 sec

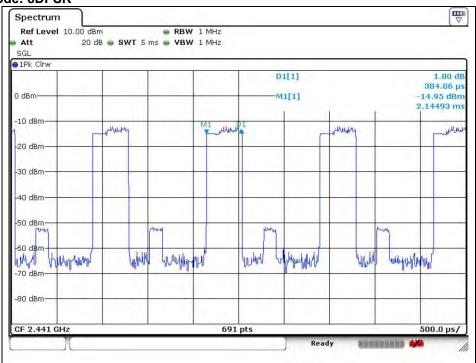
In case of GFSK and 8DPSK, 0.38 × {(1600 ÷ 2) / 79} × 31.6 = 121.60 ms







Operating Mode: 8DPSK





7.4.2. Packet Type: DH3, 3-DH3

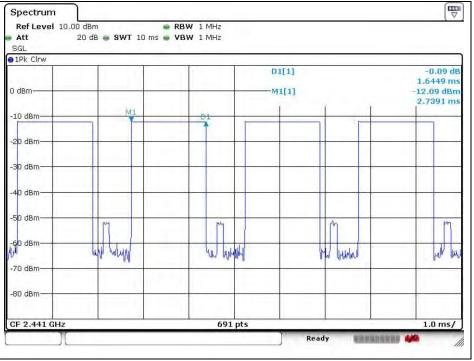
Operation Mode	Frequency	Dwell Time (ns)	Time of occupancy on the Tx Channel in 31.6 sec (ាាន)	Limit for time of occupancy on the Tx Channel in 31.6 sec (таs)
GFSK	2 441 Mz	1.64	262.40	400
8DPSK	2 441 Mz	1.63	260.80	400

Note:

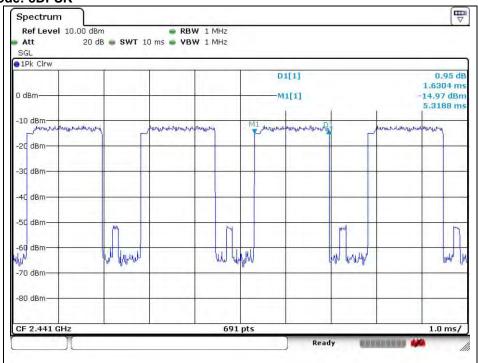
Time of occupancy on the TX channel in 31.6 sec In case of GFSK, $1.64 \times \{(1600 \div 4) / 79\} \times 31.6 = 262.40 \text{ ms}$ In case of 8DPSK, $1.63 \times \{(1600 \div 4) / 79\} \times 31.6 = 260.80 \text{ ms}$







Operating Mode: 8DPSK





7.4.3. Packet Type: DH5, 3-DH5

Operation Mode	Frequency	Dwell Time (ns)	Time of occupancy on the Tx Channel in 31.6 sec (ាន)	Limit for time of occupancy on the Tx Channel in 31.6 sec (ms)
GFSK	2 441 Mb	2.89	308.27	400
8DPSK	2 441 Mb	2.89	308.27	400

Note:

Time of occupancy on the TX channel in 31.6 sec

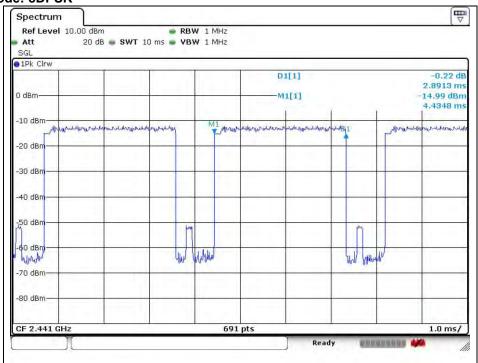
In case of GFSK and 8DPSK, $2.89 \times \{(1600 \div 6) / 79\} \times 31.6 = 308.27$ ms



Operating Mode: GFSK



Operating Mode: 8DPSK





7.4.4. Packet Type: DH1, 3-DH1 (Adaptive Frequency Hopping)

Operation Mode	Frequency	Dwell Time (ns)	Time of occupancy on the Tx Channel in 8 sec (ms)	Limit for time of occupancy on the Tx Channel in 8 sec (ns)
GFSK	2 441 Mb	0.38	60.80	400
8DPSK	2 441 Mb	0.38	60.80	400

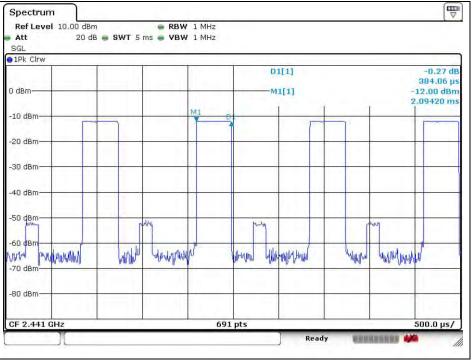
Note:

Time of occupancy on the TX channel in 8 sec

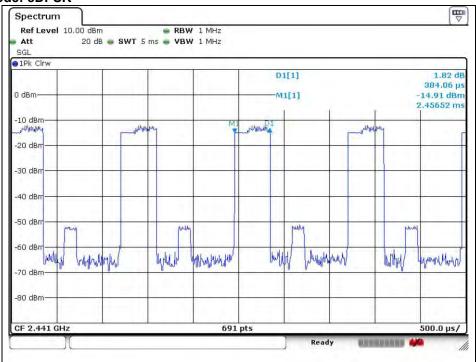
In case of GFSK and 8DPSK, 0.38 × {(800 \div 2) / 20} × 8 = 60.80 $\,{\rm ms}$







Operating Mode: 8DPSK





7.4.5. Packet Type: DH3, 3-DH3 (Adaptive Frequency Hopping)

Operation Mode	Frequency	Dwell Time (ns)	Time of occupancy on the Tx Channel in 8 sec (ms)	Limit for time of occupancy on the Tx Channel in 8 sec (ms)
GFSK	2 441 Mz	1.64	131.20	400
8DPSK	2 441 Mb	1.64	131.20	400

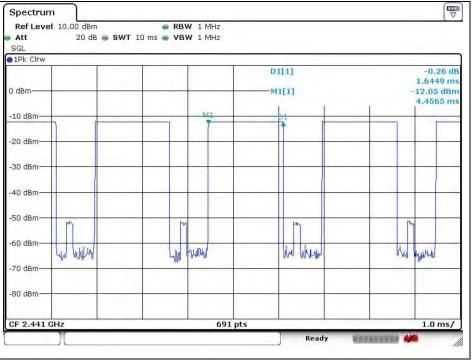
Note:

Time of occupancy on the TX channel in 8 sec

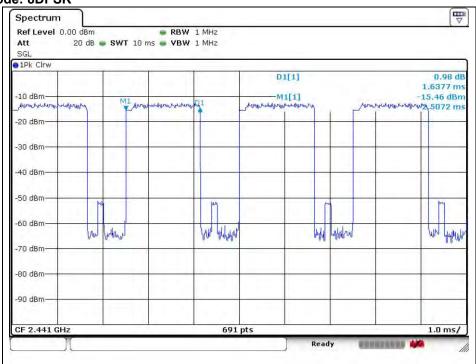
In case of GFSK and 8DPSK, 1.64 × {(800 \div 4) / 20} × 8 = 131.20 $\,\rm ms$







Operating Mode: 8DPSK





7.4.6. Packet Type: DH5, 3-DH5 (Adaptive Frequency Hopping)

Operation Mode	Frequency	Dwell Time (ns)	Time of occupancy on the Tx Channel in 8 sec (ms)	Limit for time of occupancy on the Tx Channel in 8 sec (ாs)	
GFSK	2 441 Mz	2.89	154.13	400	
8DPSK	2 441 Mb	2.89	154.13	400	

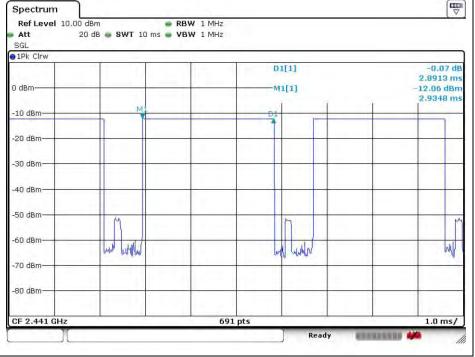
Note:

Time of occupancy on the TX channel in 8 sec

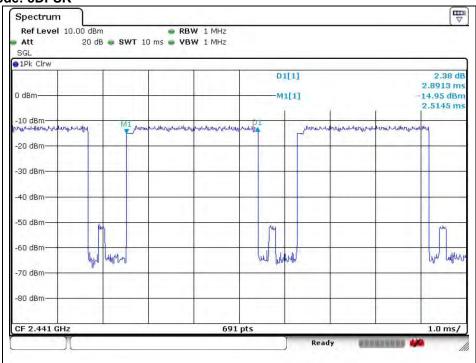
In case of GFSK and 8DPSK, 2.89 × {(800 \div 6) / 20} × 8 = 154.13 ms



Operating Mode: GFSK



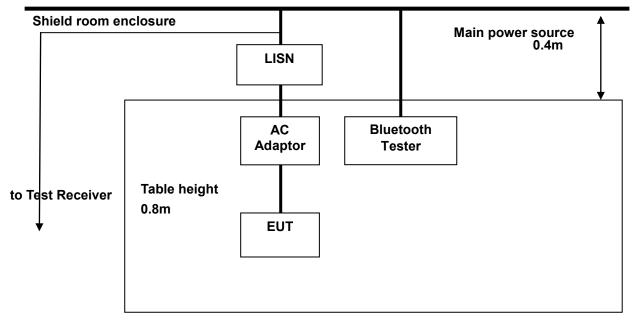
Operating Mode: 8DPSK





8. Transmitter AC Power Line Conducted Emission

8.1. Test Setup



8.2. Limit

According to \$15.207(a) for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 uH/50 ohm line impedance stabilization network(LISN).

Compliance with the provision of this paragraph shall on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

Frequency of Emission (Mb)	Conducted limit (dB μV)			
Frequency of Emission (胐)	Quasi-peak	Average		
0.15 – 0.50	66 - 56*	56 - 46*		
0.50 - 5.00	56	46		
5.00 - 30.0	60	50		

* Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

 The results shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested unless otherwise stated. This test report cannot be reproduced, except in full, without prior written permission of the Company.

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 A4(210 mm × 297 mm)



8.3. Test Procedures

AC power line conducted emissions from the EUT were measured according to the dictates of ANSI C63.4:2003

All data rates and modes were investigated for this test. The full data for the worst case data rate are reported in this section.

- 1. The test procedure is performed in a 6.5 m × 3.5 m × 3.5 m (L × W × H) shielded room. The EUT along with its peripherals were placed on a 1.0 m (W) × 1.5 m (L) and 0.8 m in height wooden table and the EUT was adjusted to maintain a 0.4 meter space from a vertical reference plane.
- 2. The EUT was connected to power mains through a line impedance stabilization network (LISN) which provides 50 ohm coupling impedance for measuring instrument and the chassis ground was bounded to the horizontal ground plane of shielded room.
- 3. All peripherals were connected to the second LISN and the chassis ground also bounded to the horizontal ground plane of shielded room.
- 4. The excess power cable between the EUT and the LISN was bundled. The power cables of peripherals were unbundled. All connecting cables of EUT and peripherals were moved to find the maximum emission.



8.4. Test Results (Worst case configuration_GFSK mode, 1 Mbps, Low channel)

The following table shows the highest levels of conducted emissions on both phase of Hot and Neutral line.

Ambient temperature		: (23 ± 1) °C
Relative humidity		: 47 % R.H.
Frequency range	:	0.15 MHz - 30 MHz
Measured Bandwidth	:	9 kHz

FREQ.	LEVEL(dB / M)			LIMIT(dBµV)		MARGIN(dB)	
(MHz)	Q-Peak	Average	LINE	Q-Peak	Average	Q-Peak	Average
0.18	21.00	10.40	Н	64.49	54.49	43.49	44.09
0.22	19.70	10.00	Н	62.82	52.82	43.12	42.82
0.57	37.30	26.90	Н	56.00	46.00	18.70	19.10
1.54	25.90	16.20	Н	56.00	46.00	30.10	29.80
1.87	19.20	11.00	Н	56.00	46.00	36.80	35.00
7.95	28.80	18.40	Н	60.00	50.00	31.20	31.60
0.20	32.70	18.30	N	63.61	53.61	30.91	35.31
0.57	33.00	25.00	N	56.00	46.00	23.00	21.00
0.73	20.90	13.70	N	56.00	46.00	35.10	32.30
1.57	20.40	13.50	N	56.00	46.00	35.60	32.50
2.61	20.00	12.70	N	56.00	46.00	36.00	33.30
10.34	24.50	17.00	N	60.00	50.00	35.50	33.00

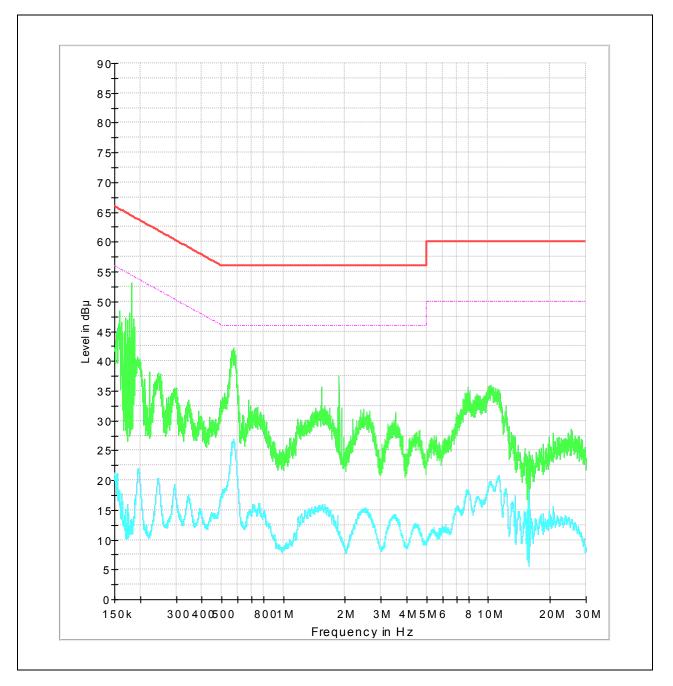
Note;

- 1. Line (H): Hot, Line (N): Neutral.
- 2. All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case emissions are reported using GFSK 1Mbps.
- 3. The limit for Class B device(s) from 150 kto 30 Mb are specified in Section of the Title 47 CFR.
- 4. Traces shown in plot mad using a peak detector and average detector.
- 5. Deviations to the Specifications: None.



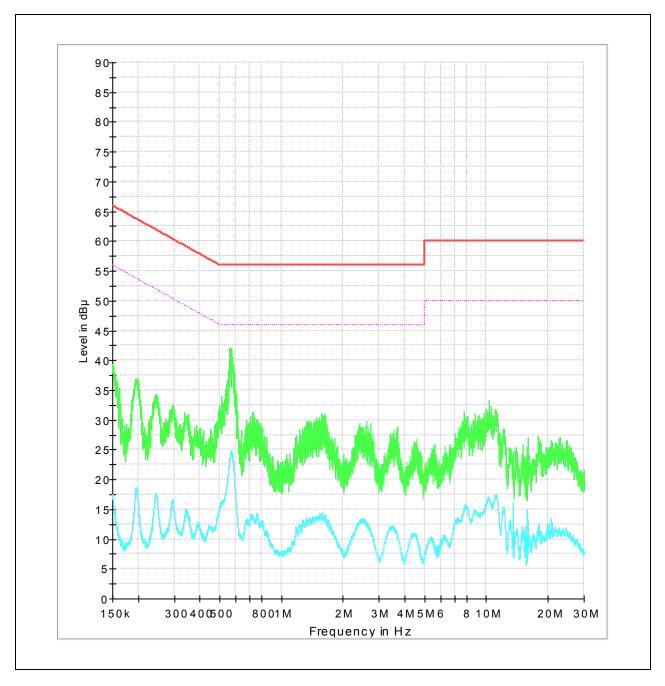
Plot of Conducted Power line

Test mode: (Hot)





Test mode: (Neutral)





9. Antenna Requirement

9.1. Standard Applicable

For intentional device, according to FCC 47 CFR Section \$15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. And according to FCC 47 CFR Section \$15.247 (b) if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dB i are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dB i.

9.2. Antenna Connected Construction

Antenna used in this product is Chip antenna with gain of 1.7 dB i.