

FCC 47 CFR PART 15 SUBPART C

CERTIFICATION TEST REPORT for BT

For

2 in 1 PC

MODEL No.: M1220KWP

FCC ID: S7JM1220KWP

Trade Mark: N/A

REPORT NO:ES170217006E2

ISSUE DATE: May 27, 2017

Prepared for

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Prepared by

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1 TEST RESULT CERTIFICATION

Applicant:	SHENZHEN YIFANG DIGITAL TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.
Manufacture:	SHENZHEN YIFANG DIGITAL TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.
Product Description:	2 in 1 PC
Model Number:	M1220KWP
Trade Mark:	N/A
File Number:	ES170217006E2
Date of Test:	February 17, 2017 to May 27 2017

Measurement Procedure Used:

APPLICABLE STANDARDS				
STANDARD TEST RESULT				
FCC 47 CFR Part 2 2016, Subpart J FCC 47 CFR Part 15 2016, Subpart C	PASS			

The above equipment was tested by EMTEK(SHENZHEN) CO., LTD.The test data, data evaluation, test procedures, and equipment configurations shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures given in ANSI C63.10 (2013) and the energy emitted by the sample EUT tested as described in this report is in compliance with the requirements of FCC Rules Part 2 2016 and Part 15.247 2016

The test results of this report relate only to the tested sample identified in this report.

Date of Test :

February 17, 2017 to May 27 2017

Test by :

Prepared by :

KingKong /Tester

aping Shen

YapingShen/Editor

Approve & Authorized Signer :

Lisa Wang/Manager



2 EUT TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION

Characteristics	Description					
IEEE 802.11 WLAN Mode Supported						
Data Rate	802.11 g/a:6 802.11n(HT2 802.11n(HT4 802.11ac(HT 802.11ac(VF Bluetooth DS 1Mbps for G 2Mbps for pi 3Mbps for 8 Bluetooth D	FSK modulation /4-DQPSK modulation DPSK modulation				
Modulation	DSSS with E BT DSS: GFSK modu pi/4-DQPSK 8DPSK mod BT DTS:	BPSK/QPSK/16QAM/64QAM fo DBPSK/DQPSK/CCK for 802.17 Idation (1Mbps) modulation (2Mbps) Iulation (3Mbps)				
	WIFI 5G Band	Mode	Frequency Range(MHz)	Number of channels		
		802.11a/n(HT20)/ac(VHT20)	5180-5240	4		
	UNII Band I	802.11n(HT40)/ac(VHT40)	5190-5230	2		
	Danu	802.11 ac(VHT80)	5210	1		
		802.11a/n(HT20)/ac(VHT20)	5260-5320	4		
Operating Frequency	UNII Band II-A	802.11n(HT40)/ac(VHT40)	5270-5310	2		
Range	Banany	802.11 ac(VHT80)	5290	1		
		802.11a/n(HT20)/ac(VHT20)	5500-5700	11		
	UNII Band II-C	802.11n(HT40)/ac(VHT40)	5510-5670	5		
		802.11 ac(VHT80)	5530-5610	2		
		802.11a/n(HT20)/ac(VHT20)	5745-5825	5		
	UNII Band III	802.11n(HT40)/ac(VHT40)	5755-5795	2		
		802.11 ac(VHT80)	5775	1		



	2.4G WIFI: 2412-2462MHz for 802.11b/g; 2412-2462MHz for 802.11n(HT20); 2422-2452MHz for 802.11n(HT40); Bluetooth: 2402-2480MHz	
Transmit Power Max	16.48 dBm for WIFI 2.4G Band; 1.784 dBm for BT DSS; 3.994 dBm for BT DTS; 13.80 dBm for UNII Band I; 13.34 dBm for UNII Band II-A; 14.04 dBm for UNII Band II-C; 12.35 dBm for UNII Band III	
Antenna Type	FPC Antenna Two antenna for WIFI A antenna for BT	
Smart system	⊠siso	
Antenna Gain	2dBi for WIFI 2.4G Band 2dBi for BT 2dBi for WIFI 5G Band	
	DC supply: DC supply: DC 7.4V by lithiur	m battery or DC 12V by adapter
	Adapter supply:	

Note: for more details, please refer to the User's manual of the EUT.



3 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULT

FCC PartClause	Test Parameter	Verdict	Remark
15.247(a)(1)	20 dB Bandwidth	PASS	
15.247(a)(1)	Carrier Frequency Separation	PASS	
15.247(a)(1)	Number of Hopping Frequencies	PASS	
15.247(a)(1)	Average Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)	PASS	
15.247(b)(1)	Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power	PASS	
15.247(c)	Conducted Spurious Emissions	PASS	
15.247(d) 15.209	Radiated Spurious Emissions	PASS	
15.207	Conducted Emission	PASS	
15.203	Antenna Application	PASS	
	NOTE1:N/A (Not Applicable)		

RELATED SUBMITTAL(S) / GRANT(S):

This submittal(s) (test report) is intended for FCC ID: S7JM1220KWP filing to comply with Section 15.247 of the FCC Part 15, Subpart C.



4 TEST METHODOLOGY

4.1 GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF APPLIED STANDARDS

According to its specifications, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the following standards: FCC 47 CFR Part 2, Subpart J FCC 47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C DA 00-705

4.2 MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT USED

4.2.1 Conducted Emission Test Equipment

EQUIPMENT TYPE	MFR	MODEL NUMBER	SERIAL NUMBER	LASTCAL.	DUE CAL.
Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESCS30	828985/018	05/28/2016	05/28/2017
L.I.S.N.	Schwarzbeck	NNLK8129	8129203	05/28/2016	05/28/2017
50Ω Coaxial Switch	Anritsu	MP59B	M20531	N/A	N/A
Pulse Limiter	Rohde & Schwarz	ESH3-Z2	100006	05/28/2016	05/28/2017
Voltage Probe	Rohde & Schwarz	TK9416	N/A	05/28/2016	05/28/2017
I.S.N	Rohde & Schwarz	ENY22	1109.9508.02	05/28/2016	05/28/2017

4.2.2 Radiated Emission Test Equipment

EQUIPMENT TYPE	MFR	MODEL NUMBER	SERIAL NUMBER	LAST CAL.	DUE CAL.
EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESU	1302.6005.26	05/28/2016	05/28/2017
Pre-Amplifier	HP	8447D	2944A07999	05/28/2016	05/28/2017
Bilog Antenna	Schwarzbeck	VULB9163	142	05/28/2016	05/28/2017
Loop Antenna	ARA	PLA-1030/B	1029	05/28/2016	05/28/2017
Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBHA 9170	BBHA9170399	05/28/2016	05/28/2017
Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBHA 9120	D143	05/28/2016	05/28/2017
Cable	Schwarzbeck	AK9513	ACRX1	05/28/2016	05/28/2017
Cable	Rosenberger	N/A	FP2RX2	05/28/2016	05/28/2017
Cable	Schwarzbeck	AK9513	CRPX1	05/28/2016	05/28/2017
Cable	Schwarzbeck	AK9513	CRRX2	05/28/2016	05/28/2017

4.2.3 Radio Frequency Test Equipment

EQUIPMENT TYPE	MFR	MODEL NUMBER	SERIAL NUMBER	LASTCAL.	DUE CAL.
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4407B	88156318	05/28/2016	05/28/2017
Signal Analyzer	Agilent	N9010A	My53470879	05/28/2016	05/28/2017
Power meter	Anritsu	ML2495A	0824006	05/28/2016	05/28/2017
Power sensor	Anritsu	MA2411B	0738172	05/28/2016	05/28/2017

Remark: Each piece of equipment is scheduled for calibration once a year.



4.3 DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODES

The EUT has been tested under its typical operating condition.

The EUT configuration for testing is installed on RF field strength measurement to meet the Commissions requirement and operating in a manner which intends to maximize its emission characteristics in a continuous normal application.

The Transmitter was operated in the normal operating mode. The TX frequency was fixed which was for the purpose of the measurements.

Test of channel included the lowest and middle and highest frequency to perform the test, then record on this report.

Those data rates (1Mbps for Bluetooth V3.0+ BR GFSK modulation; 2Mbps for Bluetooth V3.0+EDR pi/4-DQPSK modulation; 3Mbps for Bluetooth V3.0+ EDR 8DPSK modulation) were used for all test.

Pre-defined engineering program for regulatory testing used to control the EUT for staying in continuous transmitting and receiving mode is programmed.

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
0	2402	39	2441		
1	2403	40	2442	76	2478
2	2404	41	2443	77	2479
				78	2480

Frequency and Channel list for BluetoothV3.0+EDR:

Note: fc=2402MHz+(k-1)



5 FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATIONS

5.1 FACILITIES

All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are located at

Bldg 69, Majialong Industry Zone District, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, China The sites are constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.7, ANSI C63.10 and CISPR Publication 22.

5.2 LABORATORY ACCREDITATIONS AND LISTINGS

Site Description

- EMC Lab.
- : Accredited by CNAS, 2016.10.24 The certificate is valid until 2022.10.28 The Laboratory has been assessed and proved to be in compliance with CNAS-CL01: 2006(identical to ISO/IEC17025: 2005) The Certificate Registration Number is L2291
- : Accredited by TUV Rheinland Shenzhen, 2010.5.25 The Laboratory has been assessed according to the requirements ISO/IEC 17025.
- : FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION Laboratory Division 7435 Oakland Mills Road Columbia, MD 21046

July 13, 2016

Registration Number: 406365

: Accredited by Industry Canada, November 24, 2015 The Certificate Registration Number is 4480A-2



6 TEST SYSTEM UNCERTAINTY

The following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the apparatus:

Uncertainty
±1x10^-5
±1.0dB
±2.0dB
±2.0dB
±1.0dB
±3dB
±3dB
±3dB
±0.5
-

7 SETUP OF EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST

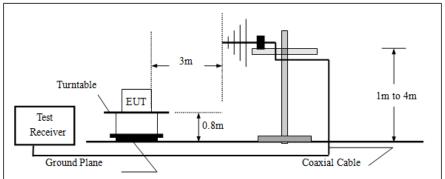
7.1 RADIO FREQUENCY TEST SETUP 1

The Bluetooth V3.0+EDR component's antenna ports(s) of the EUT are connected to the measurement instrument per an appropriate attenuator. The EUT is controlled by PC/software to emit the specified signals for the purpose of measurements.

7.2 RADIO FREQUENCY TEST SETUP 2

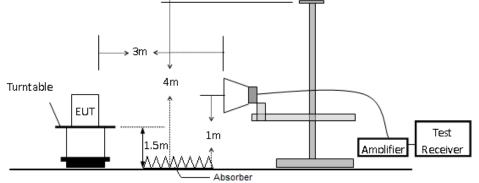
The test site semi-anechoic chamber has met the requirement of NSA tolerance 4 dB according to the standards: ANSI C63.10. The test distance is 3m.The setup is according to the requirements in Section 13.1.4.1 of ANSI C63.10-2013 and CAN/CSA-CEI/IEC CISPR 22. Below 30MHz





(b)Radiated Emission Test Set-Up, Frequency Below 1000MHz

(c) Radiated Emission Test Set-Up, Frequency above 1000MHz

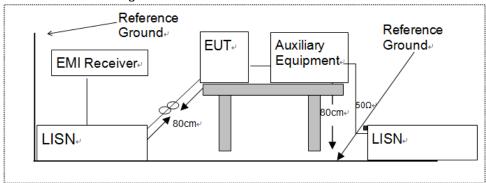


7.3 CONDUCTED EMISSION TEST SETUP

The mains cable of the EUT (Game fitness board) must be connected to LISN. The LISN shall be placed 0.8 m from the boundary of EUT and bonded to a ground reference plane for LISN mounted on top of the ground reference plane. This distance is between the closest points of the LISN and the EUT. All other units of the EUT and associated equipment shall be at least 0.8m from the LISN.

Ground connections, where required for safety purposes, shall be connected to the reference ground point of the LISN and, where not otherwise provided or specified by the manufacturer, shall be of same length as the mains cable and run parallel to the mains connection at a separation distance of not more than 0.1 m.

According to the requirements in Section 13.1.4.1 of ANSI C63.10-2013 Conducted emissions from the EUT measured in the frequency range between 0.15 MHz and 30 MHz using CISPR Quasi-Peak and average detector mode.





7.4 SUPPORT EQUIPMENT

N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A	Item	Equipment	Mfr/Brand	Model/Type No.	Note
	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Notes:

1. All the equipment/cables were placed in the worst-case configuration to maximize the emission during the test.

2. Grounding was established in accordance with the manufacturer's requirements and conditions for the intended use.



8 FREQUENCY HOPPING SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS

8.1 Standard Applicable

According to FCC Part 15.247(a)(1), The system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a pseudo randomly ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

(g) Frequency hopping spread spectrum systems are not required to employ all available hopping channels during each transmission. However, the system, consisting of both the transmitter and the receiver, must be designed to comply with all of the regulations in this section should the transmitter be presented with a continuous data (or information) stream. In addition, a system employing short transmission bursts must comply with the definition of a frequency hopping system and must distribute its transmissions over the minimum number of hopping channels specified in this section.

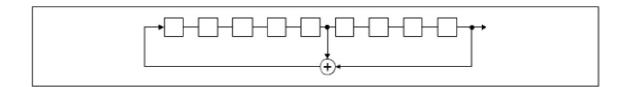
(h) The incorporation of intelligence within a frequency hopping spread spectrum system that permits the system to recognize other users within the spectrum band so that it individually and independently chooses and adapts its hopsets to avoid hopping on occupied channels is permitted. The coordination of frequency hopping systems in any other manner for the express purpose of avoiding the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitters is not permitted.

8.2 EUT Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence

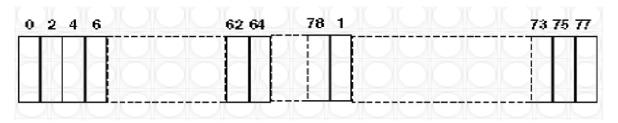
The channel is represented by a pseudo-random hopping sequence hopping through the 79 RF channels. The hopping sequence is unique for the piconet and is determined by the Bluetooth device address of the master; thephase in the hopping sequence is determined by the Bluetooth clock of the master. The channel is divide into time slots where each slot corresponds to an RF hop frequency. Consecutive hopscorrespond to different RF hop frequencies. The normal hop is 1 600 hops/s.

The pseudorandom sequence may be generated in a nine-stage shift register whose 5th and 9th stage outputs are added in a modulo-two addition stage, and the result is fed back to the input of the first stage. The sequence begins with the first ONE of 9 consecutive ONEs; i.e. the shift register is initialized with nine ones. Number of shift register stages: 9

Length of pseudo-random sequence: 29-1 = 524 bits Longest sequence of zeros: 8 (non-inverted signal)



Linear Feedback Shift Register for Generation of the PRBS sequence





Each frequency used equally on the average by each transmitter.

The system receiver have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

8.3 Equal Hopping Frequency Use

All Bluetooth units participating in the piconet are time and hop-synchronized to the channel.

Example of a 79 hopping sequence in data mode: 35, 27, 6, 44, 14, 61, 74, 32, 1, 11, 23, 2, 55, 65, 29, 3, 9, 52, 78, 58, 40, 25, 0, 7, 18, 26, 76, 60, 47, 50, 2, 5, 16, 37, 70, 63, 66, 54, 20, 13, 4, 8, 15, 21, 26, 10, 73, 77, 67, 69, 43, 24, 57, 39, 46, 72, 48, 33, 17, 31, 75, 19, 41, 62, 68, 28, 51, 66, 30, 56, 34, 59, 71, 22, 49, 64, 38, 45, 36, 42, 53 Each Frequency used equally on the average by each transmitter

8.4 Frequency Hopping System

This transmitter device is frequency hopping device, and complies with FCC part 15.247 rule.

This device uses Bluetooth radio which operates in 2400-2483.5 MHz band. Bluetooth uses a radio technology called frequency-hopping spread spectrum, which chops up the data being sent and transmits chunks of it on up to 79 bands (1 MHz each; centred from 2402 to 2480 MHz) in the range 2,400-2,483.5 MHz. The transmitter switches hop frequencies 1,600 times per second to assure a high degree of data security. All Bluetooth devices participating in a given piconet are synchronized to the frequency-hopping channel for the piconet. The frequency hopping sequence is determined by the master's device address and the phase of the hopping sequence (the frequency to hop at a specific time) is determined by the master's internal clock. Therefore, all slaves in a piconet must know the master's device address and must synchronize their clocks with the master's clock.

Adaptive Frequency Hopping (AFH) was introduced in the Bluetooth specification to provide an effective way for a Bluetooth radio to counteract normal interference. AFH identifies "bad" channels, where either other wireless devices are interfering with the Bluetooth signal or the Bluetooth signal is interfering with another device. The AFH- enabled Bluetooth device will then communicate with other devices within its piconet to share details of any identified bad channels. The devices will then switch to alternative available "good" channels, away from the areas of interference, thus having no impact on the bandwidth used.



9 TEST REQUIREMENTS

9.1 20DB BANDWIDTH

9.1.1 Applicable Standard

According to FCC Part 15.247(a)(1) and DA 00-705

9.1.2 Conformance Limit

No limit requirement.

9.1.3 Test Configuration

Test according to clause 7.1 radio frequency test setup 1

9.1.4 Test Procedure

The EUT was operating inBluetooth V3.0+EDRmode and controlled its channel. Printed out the test result from the spectrum by hard copy function.

The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.

- Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously
- Set RBW = 30 kHz.

Set the video bandwidth (VBW) =100kHz.

Set Span= approximately 2 to 3 times the 20 dB bandwidth

Set Detector = Peak.

Set Trace mode = max hold.

Set Sweep = auto couple.

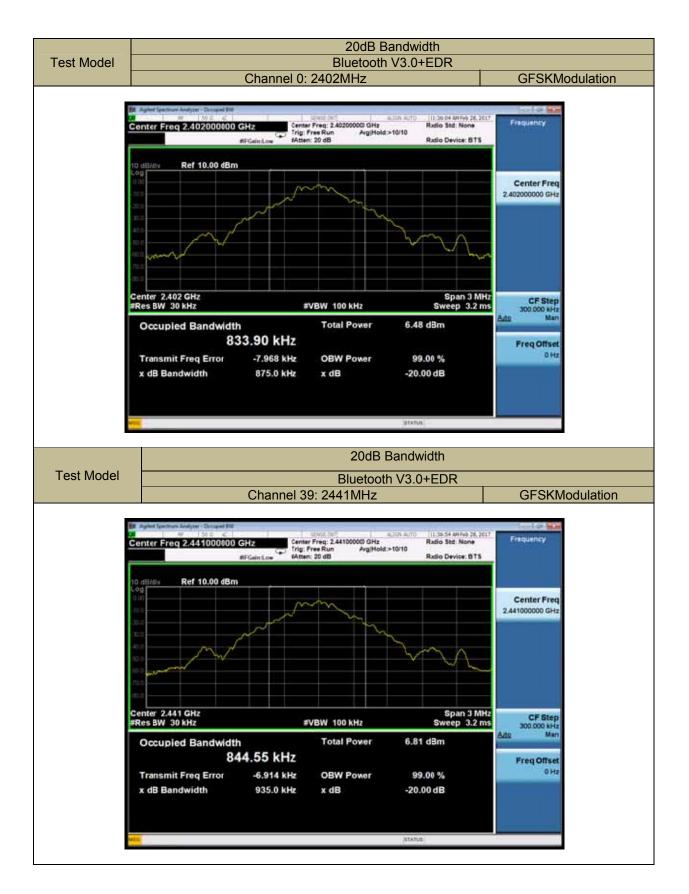
The EUT should be transmitting at its maximum data rate. Allow the trace to stabilize.Use the marker-to-peak function to set the marker to the peak of the emission. Use themarker-delta function to measure 20 dB down one side of the emission. Reset the markerdeltafunction, and move the marker to the other side of the emission, until it is (asclose as possible to) even with the reference marker level. The marker-delta reading atthis point is the 20 dB bandwidth of the emission.

If this value varies with differentmodes of operation (e.g., data rate, modulation format, etc.), repeat this test for eachvariation.

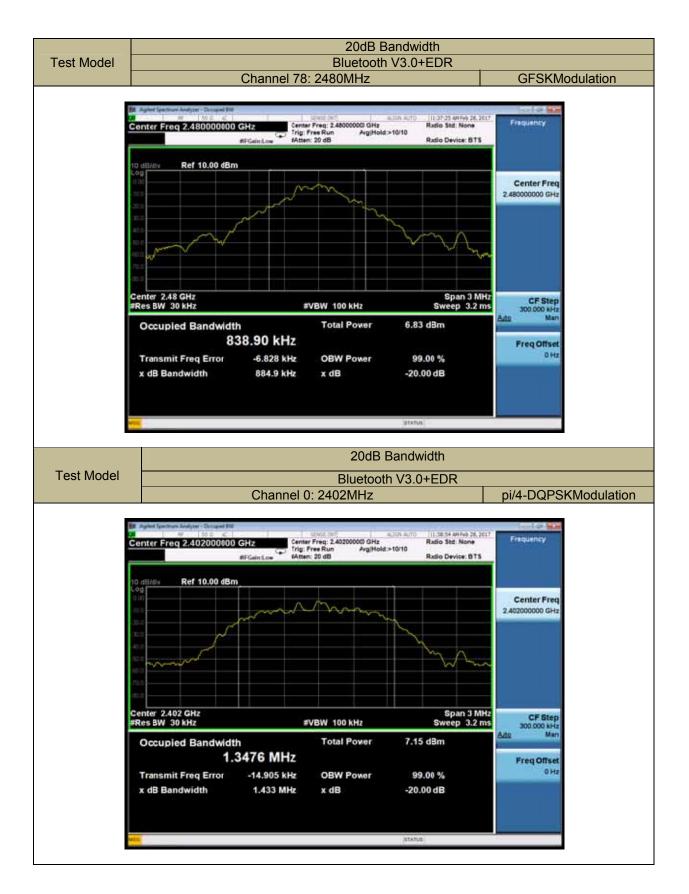
Measure and record the results in the test report.

Test Results

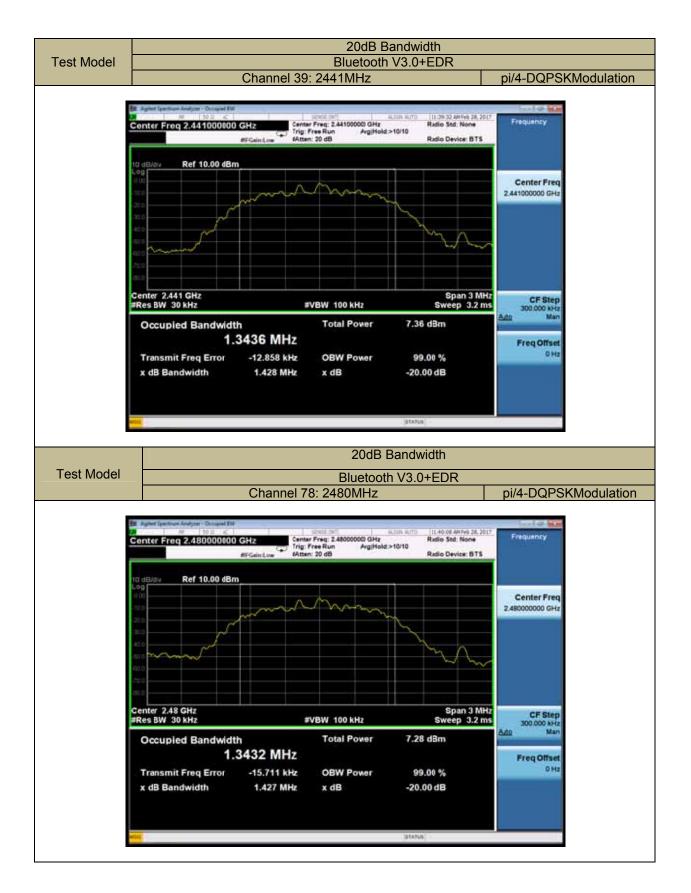




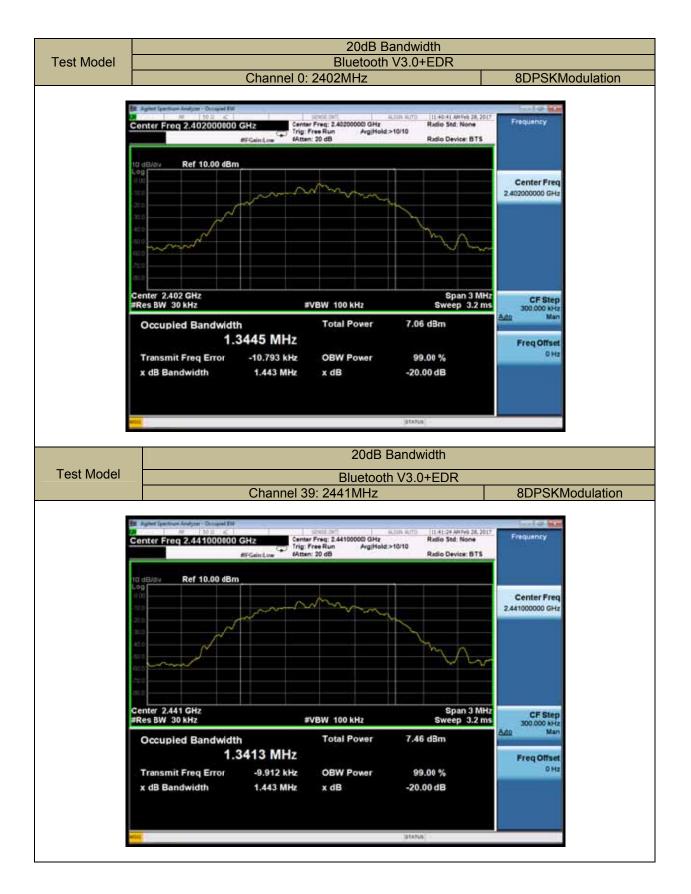




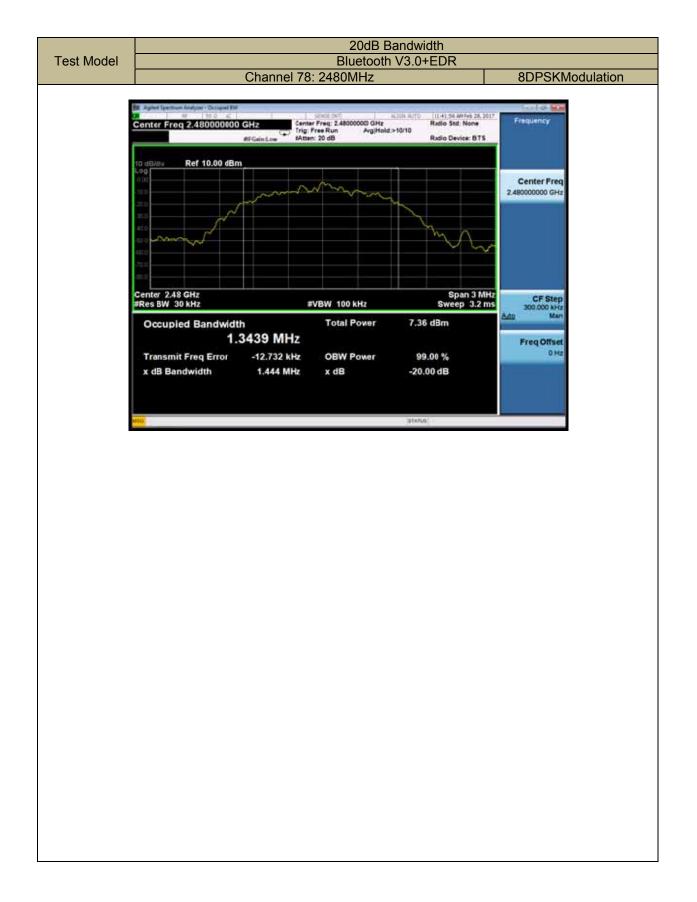














9.2 CARRIER FREQUENCY SEPARATION

9.2.1 Applicable Standard

According to FCC Part 15.247(a)(1) and DA 00-705

9.2.2 Conformance Limit

Frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5MHz band shall have hoppingchannel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25kHz or the 20dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.

In case of an output power less than 125mW, the frequency hopping system may have channels separated by a minimum of 25kHz ortwo-thirds of the 20dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.

9.2.3 Test Configuration

Test according to clause 7.1 radio frequency test setup 1

9.2.4 Test Procedure

According to FCC Part15.247(a)(1)

The EUT must have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzersettings: Set the RBW =100kHz. Set VBW =300kHz.

Set the span = wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels

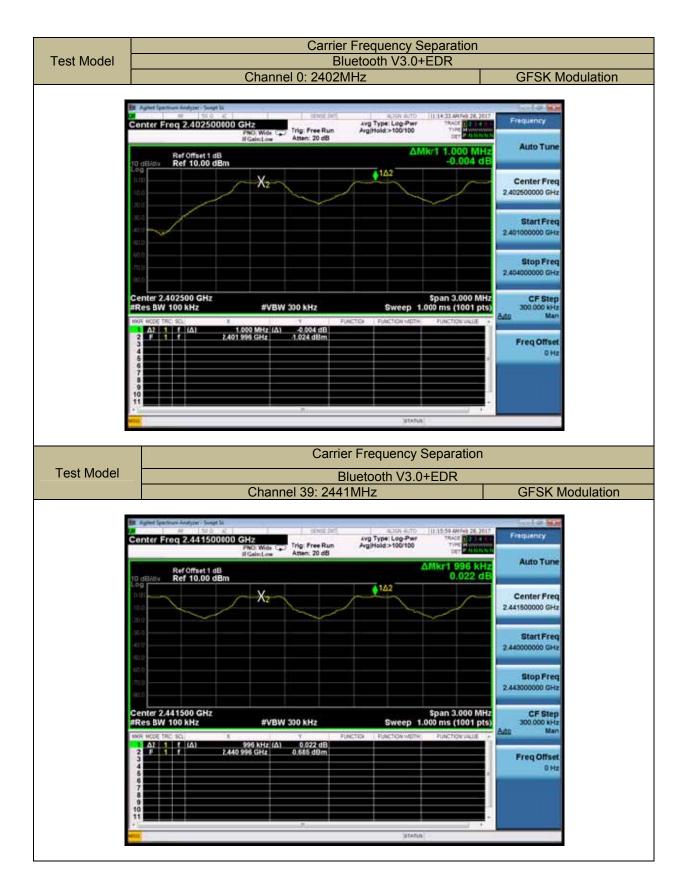
Set Sweep time = auto couple.

Set Detector = peak. Set Trace mode = max hold.

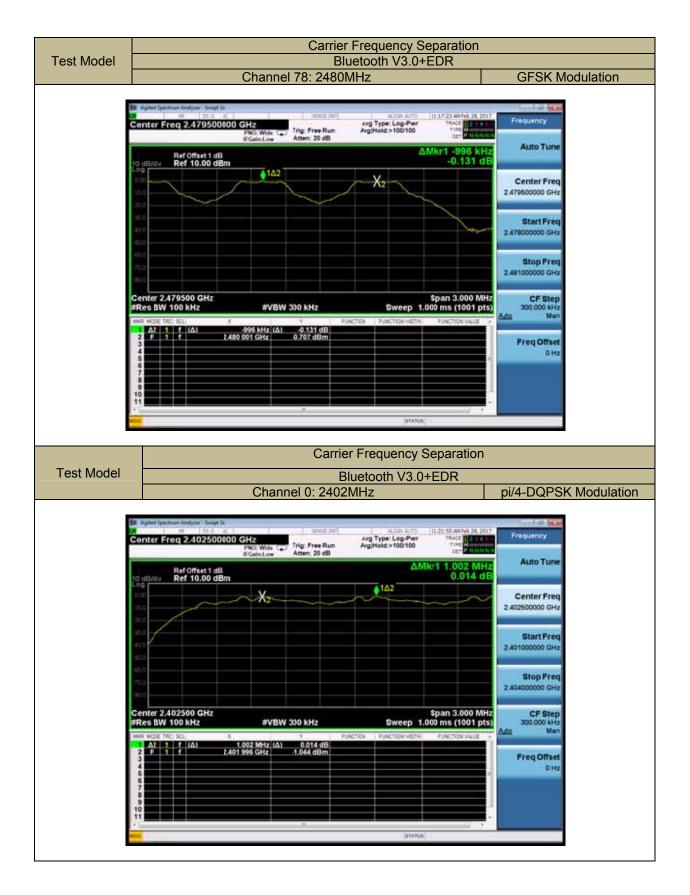
Allow the trace to stabilize. Use the marker-delta function to determine the separation between the peaks of the adjacent channels. The limit is specified in one of the subparagraphs of this Section. Submit this plot.

Test Results

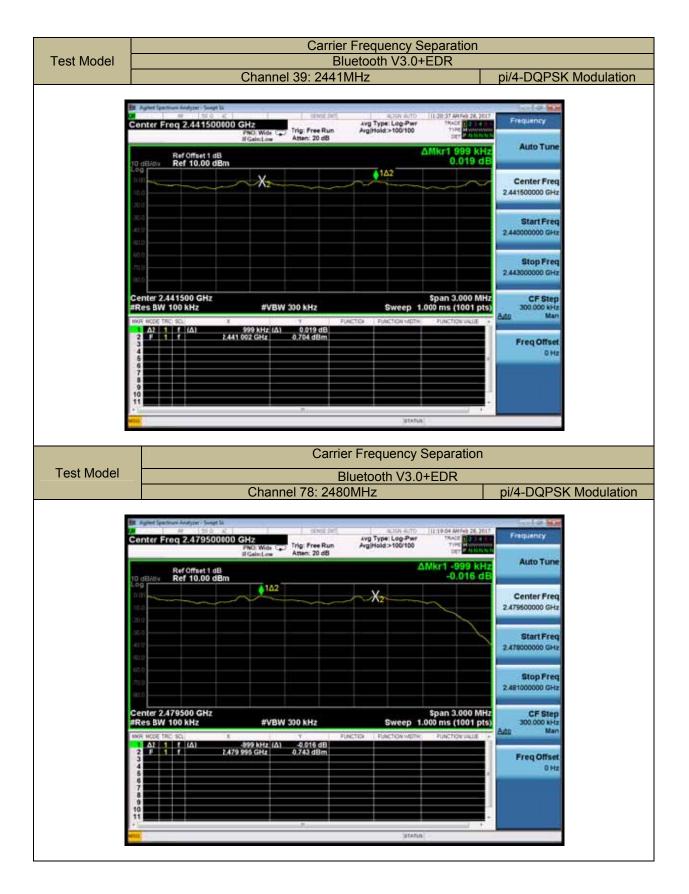




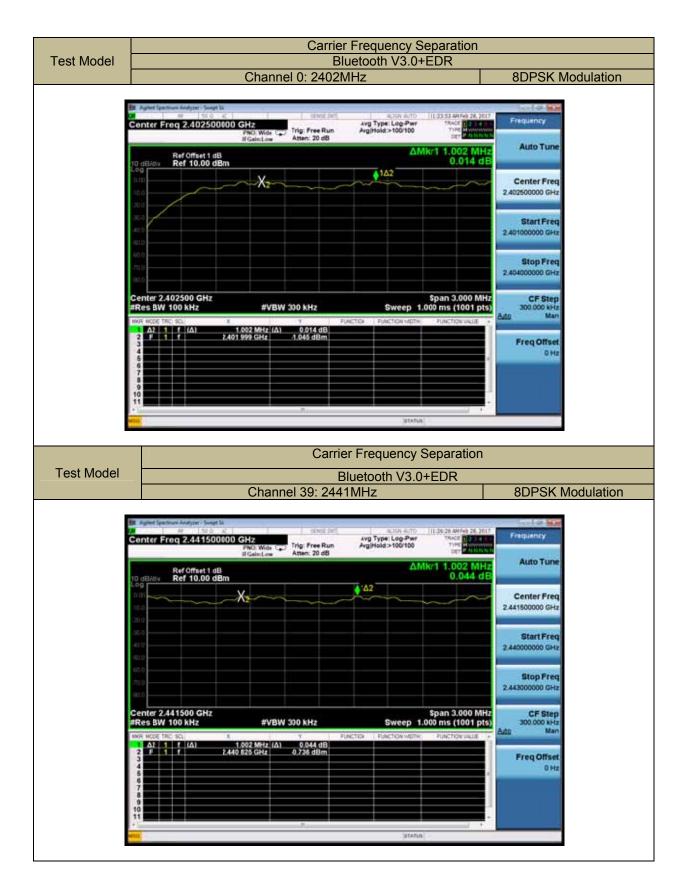




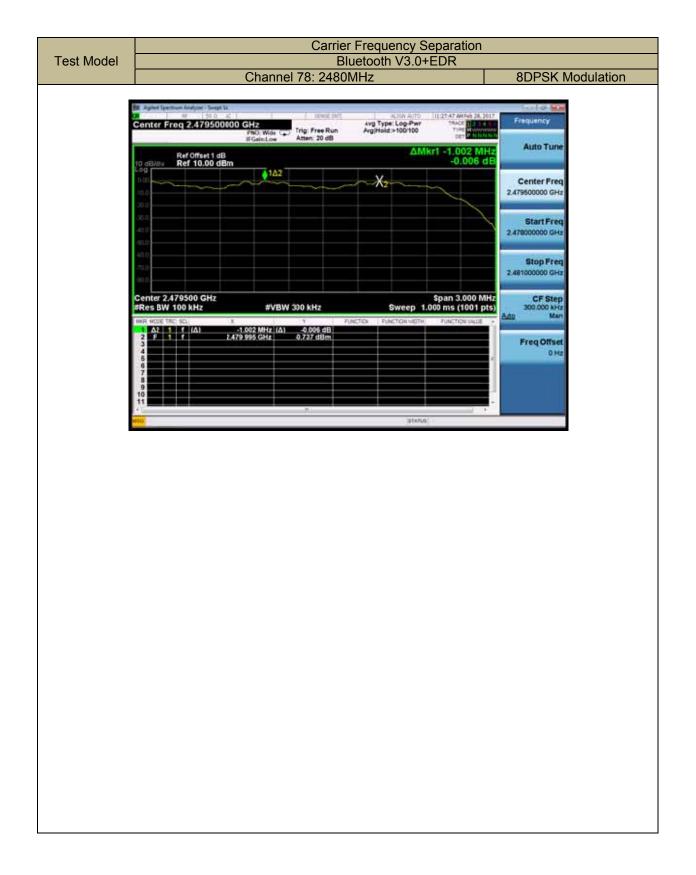














9.3 NUMBER OF HOPPING FREQUENCIES

9.3.1 Applicable Standard

According to FCC Part 15.247(a)(1) (iii)and DA 00-705

9.3.2 Conformance Limit

Frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5MHz band shall use at least15 channels.

9.3.3 Test Configuration

Test according to clause 7.1 radio frequency test setup 1

9.3.4 Test Procedure

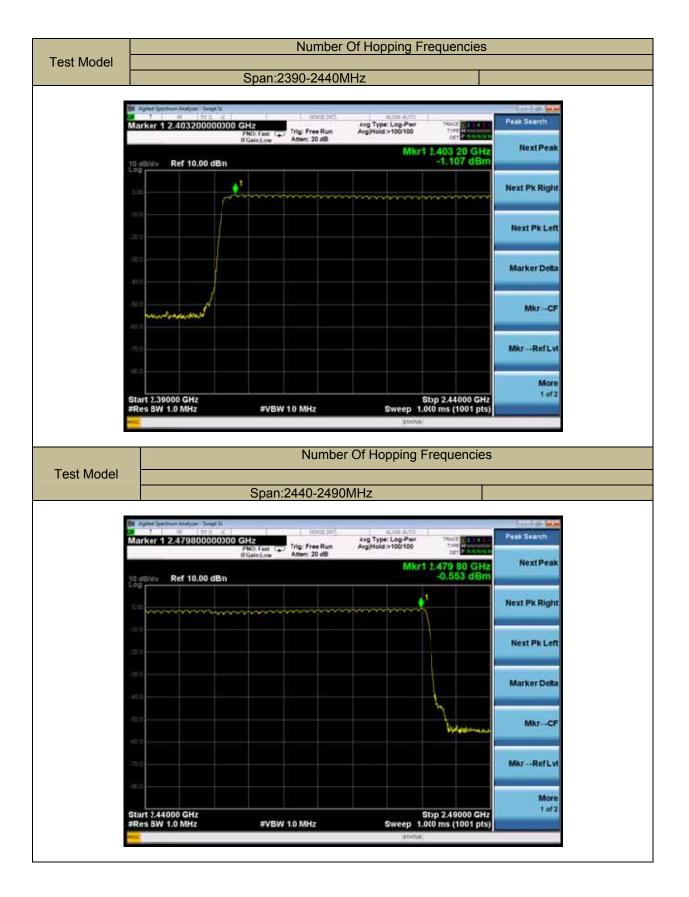
■ According to FCC Part15.247(a)(1)(iii)

The EUT must have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings: Span = the frequency band of operation (2390-2440MHz) and(2440-2490MHz) RBW \geq 1% of the span VBW \geq RBW Sweep = auto Detector function = peak Trace = max hold Allow the trace to stabilize. It may prove necessary to break the span up to sections, inorder to clearly show all of the hopping frequencies.

Test Results

Bluetooth (GFSK, pi/4-DQPSK, 8DPSK) mode have been tested, and the worst results has been recorded on the follow page.







9.4 AVERAGE TIME OF OCCUPANCY (DWELL TIME)

9.4.1 Applicable Standard

According to FCC Part 15.247(a)(1)(iii) and DA 00-705

9.4.2 Conformance Limit

For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5MHz band, the averagetime of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4s within a period of 0.4smultiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

9.4.3 Test Configuration

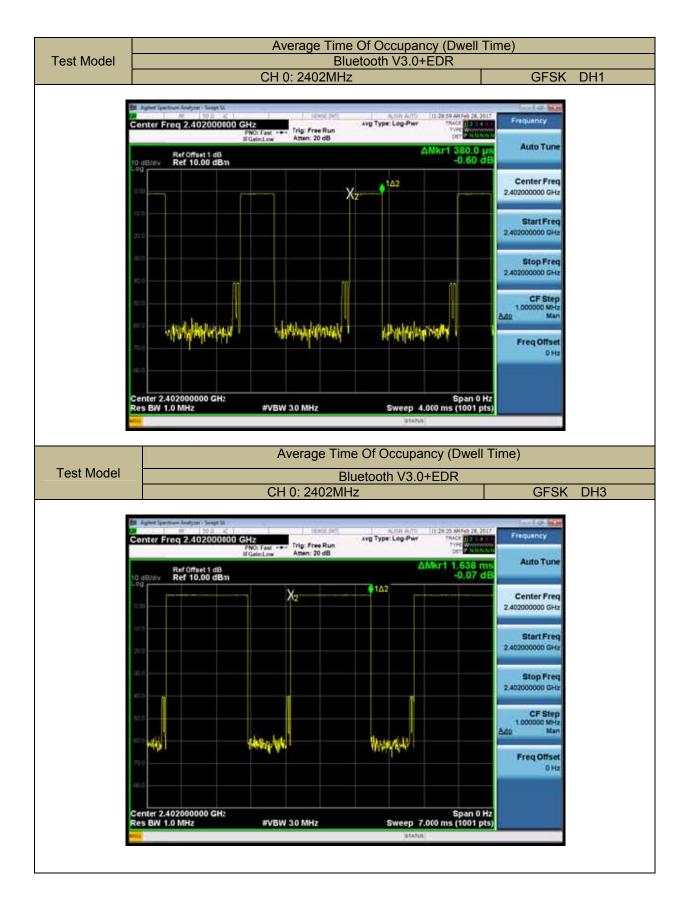
Test according to clause 7.1 radio frequency test setup 1

9.4.4 Test Procedure

 According to FCC Part15.247(a)(1)(iii)
The EUT must have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzersettings: Span = zero span, centered on a hopping channel
RBW = 1 MHz
VBW ≥ RBW
Sweep = as necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel
Detector function = peak
Trace = max hold
If possible, use the marker-delta function to determine the dwell time. If this value
varies with different modes of operation (e.g., data rate, modulation format, etc.),
repeat this test for each variation. The limit is specified in one of the subparagraphsof this Section.

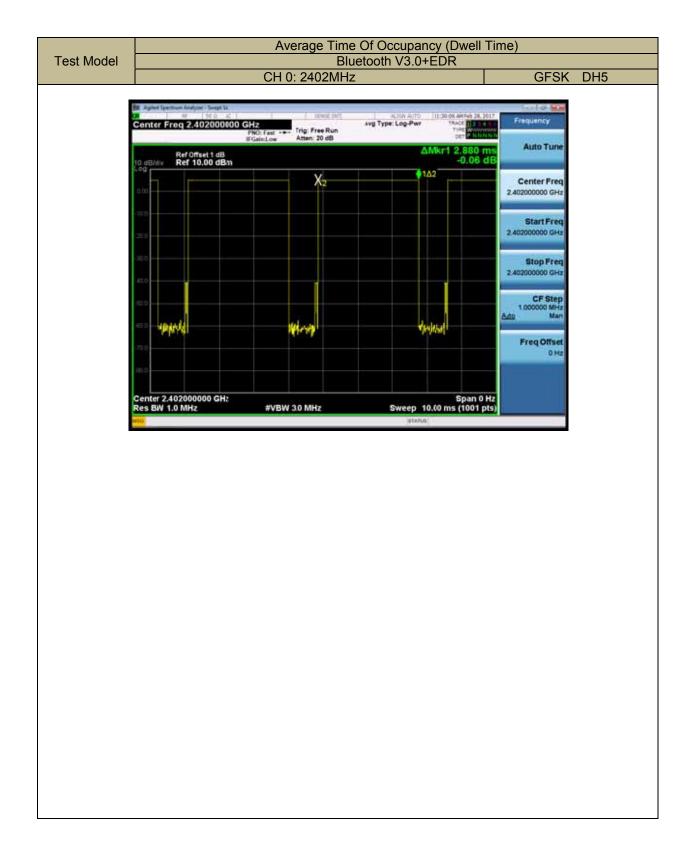
9.4.5 Test Results





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9.5 MAXIMUM PEAK CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER

9.5.1 Applicable Standard

According to FCC Part 15.247(b)(1) and DA 00-705

9.5.2 Conformance Limit

The max For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 watts.

9.5.3 Test Configuration

Test according to clause 7.1 radio frequency test setup 1

9.5.4 Test Procedure

■ According to FCC Part15.247(b)(1)

As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power.

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Set Span = approximately 5 times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel(about 10MHz) Set RBW > the 20 dB bandwidth of the emission being measured(about 3MHz)

- Set VBW \geq RBW
- Set Sweep = auto

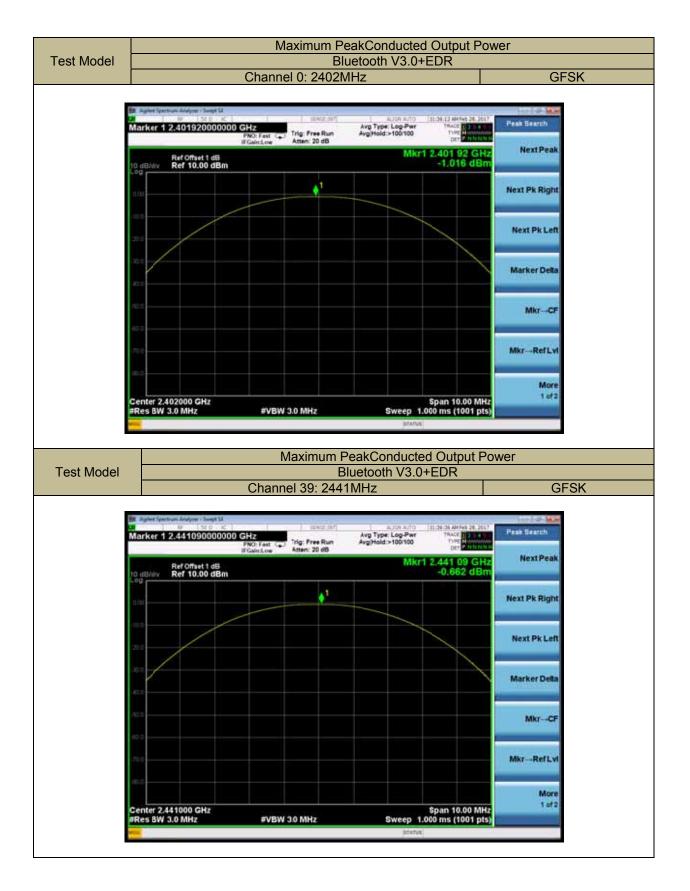
Set Detector function = peak

Set Trace = max hold

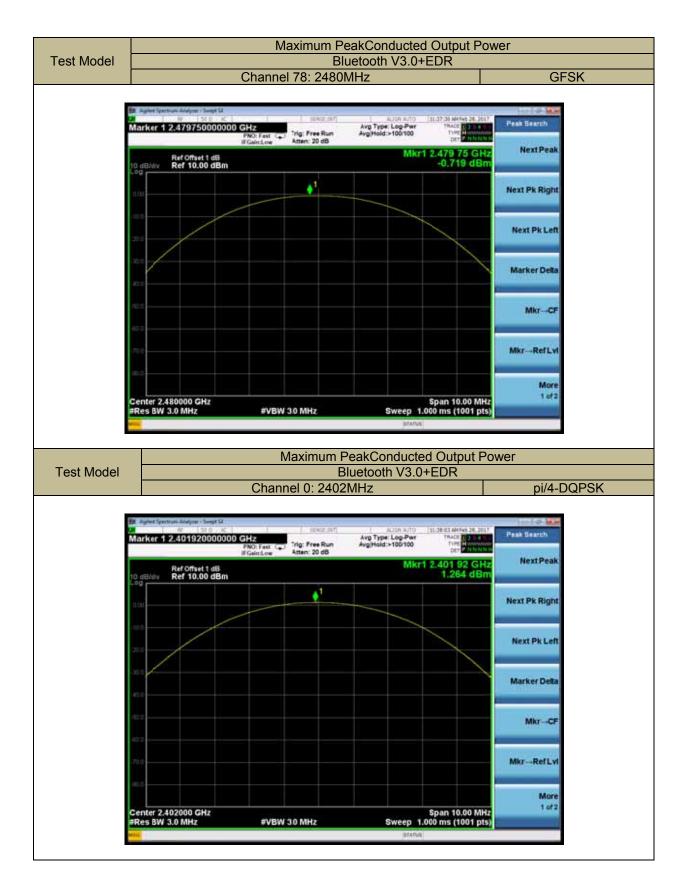
Allow the trace to stabilize. Use the marker-to-peak function to set the marker to the peak of the emissionto determine the peak amplitude level.

Test Results

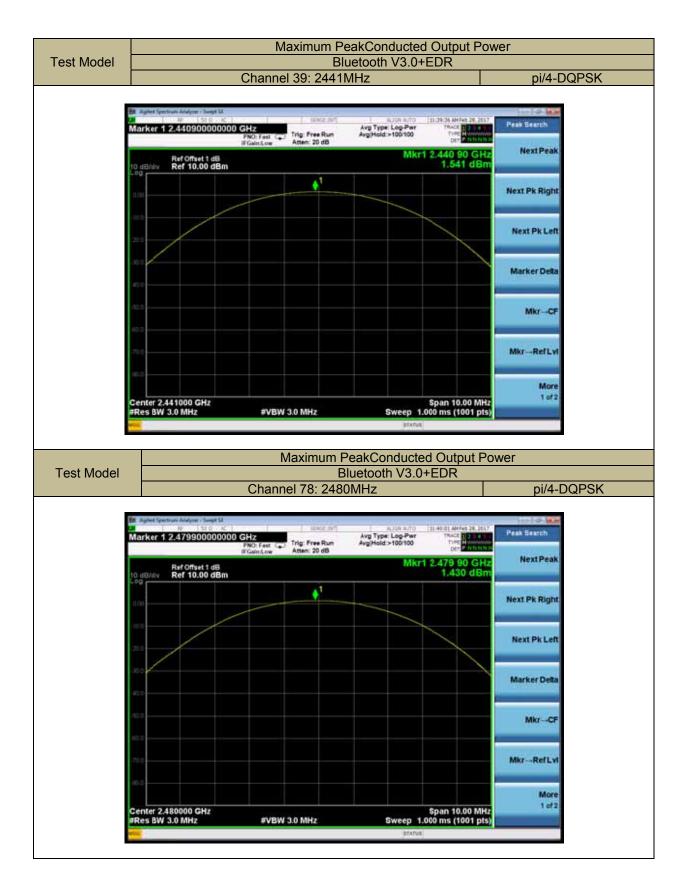




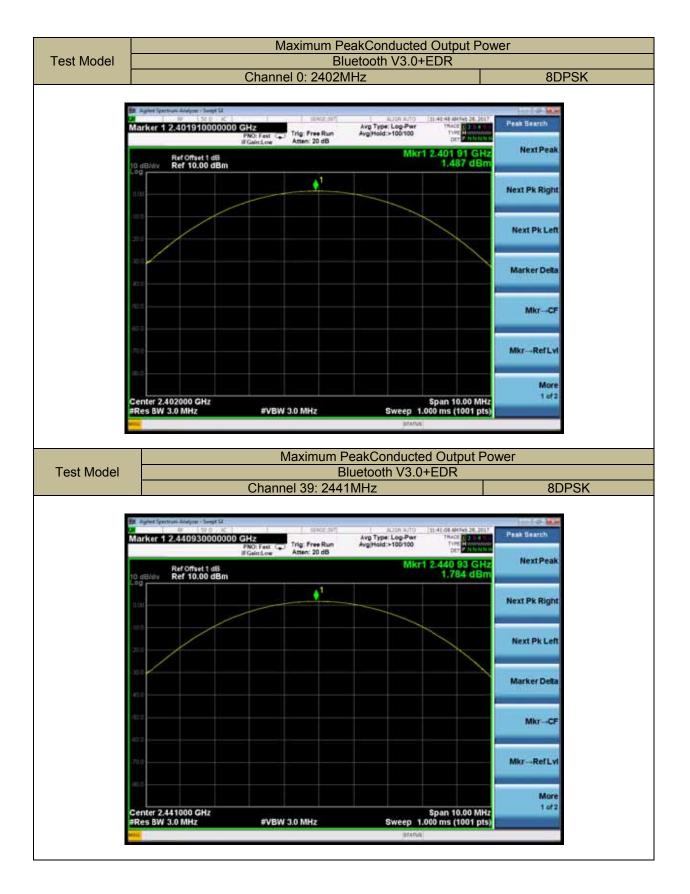




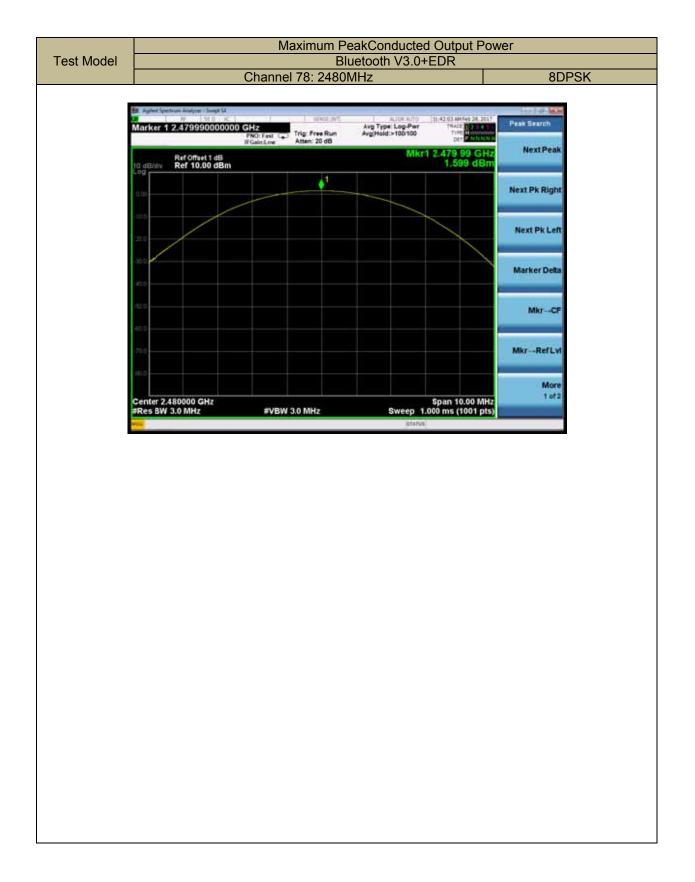














9.6 CONDUCTED SUPRIOUS EMISSION

9.6.1 Applicable Standard

According to FCC Part 15.247(d) and DA 00-705

9.6.2 Conformance Limit

According to FCC Part 15.247(d):

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits.

9.6.3 Test Configuration

Test according to clause 7.1 radio frequency test setup 1

9.6.4 Test Procedure

The transmitter output (antenna port) was connected to the spectrum analyzer

Reference level measurement

Establish a reference level by using the following procedure:

Set instrument center frequency to DSS channel center frequency.

Set Span = approximately 5 times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel.

Set the RBW = 100 kHz. Set the VBW \ge 3 x RBW.

Set Detector = peak. Set Sweep time = auto couple.

Set Trace mode = max hold. Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum Maximum conduceted level.

Note that the channel found to contain the maximum conduceted level can be used to establish the reference level.

Band-edge Compliance of RF Conducted Emissions

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the emission operating on the channel closest to the band-edge, as well as any modulation products which fall outside of the authorized band of operation Set RBW \geq 1% of the span=100kHzSet VBW \geq RBW

Set Sweep = autoSet Detector function = peakSet Trace = max hold

Allow the trace to stabilize. Set the marker on the emission at the bandedge, or on the highest modulation product outside of the band, if this level is greater than that at the bandedge. Enable the marker-delta function, then use the marker-to-peak function to move the marker to the peak of the in-band emission. The marker-delta value now displayed must comply with the limit specified in this Section.

Now, using the same instrument settings, enable the hopping function of the EUT. Allow the trace to stabilize. Follow the same procedure listed above to determine if any spurious emissions caused by the hopping function also comply with the specified limit.

■ ConducetedSpurious RF Conducted Emission

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the in-band emission and all spurious emissions (e.g., harmonics) from the lowest frequency generated in the EUT up through the 10th harmonic.(30MHz to 25GHz).Set RBW = 100 kHzSet VBW \geq RBW

Set Sweep = autoSet Detector function = peakSet Trace = max hold

Allow the trace to stabilize. Set the marker on the peak of any spurious emission recorded. The level displayed must comply with the limit specified in this Section.

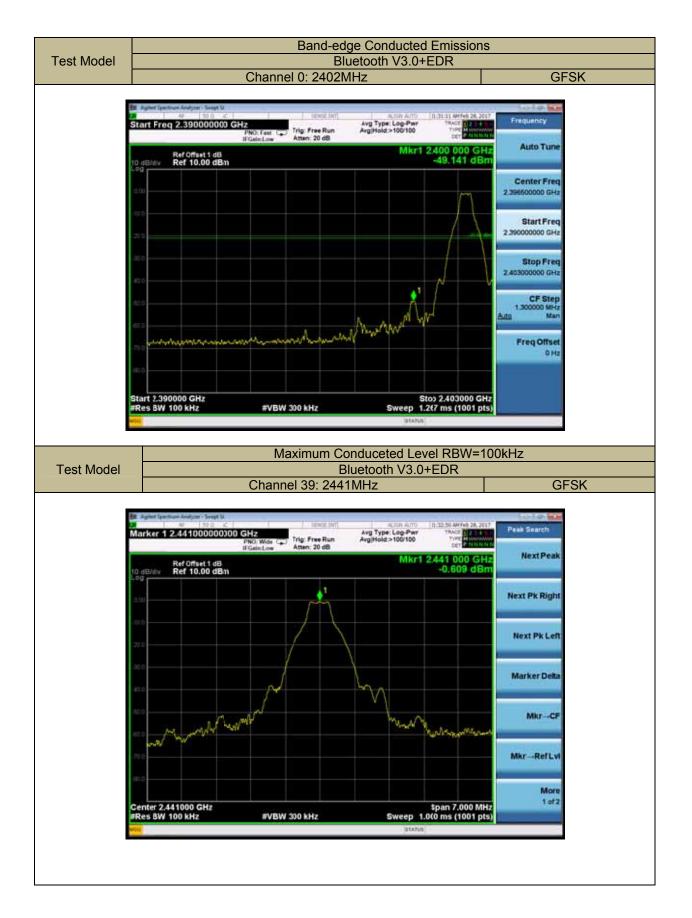
9.6.5 Test Results



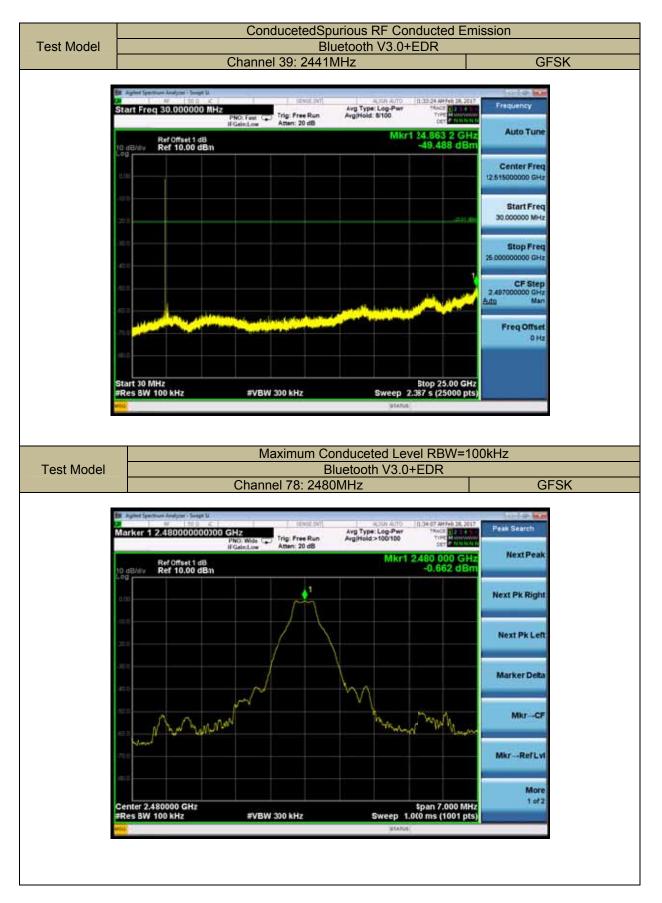


Bluetooth (GFSK, pi/4-DQPSK, 8DPSK) mode have been tested, and the worst result(GFSK)was report as below:

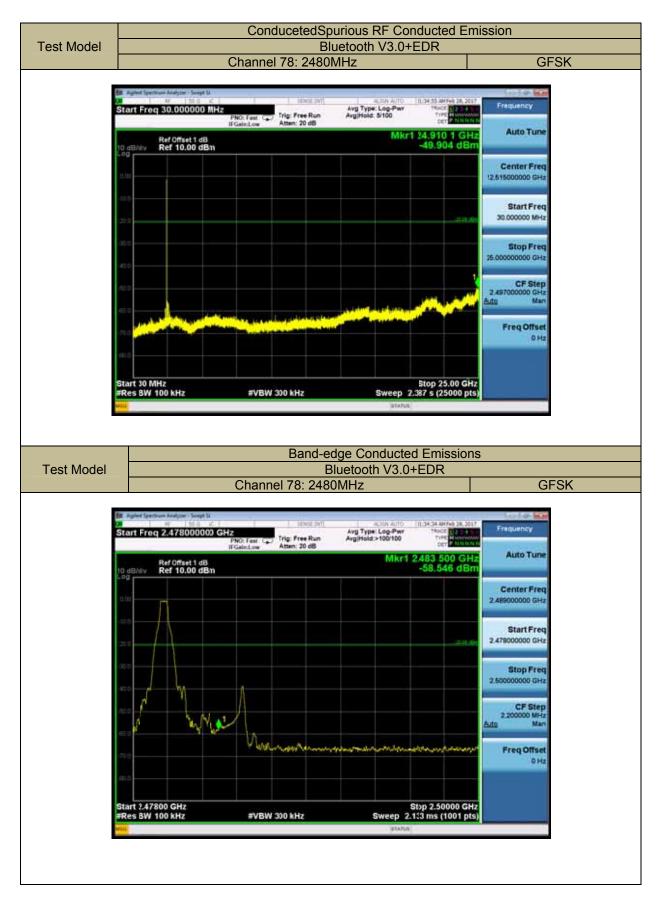




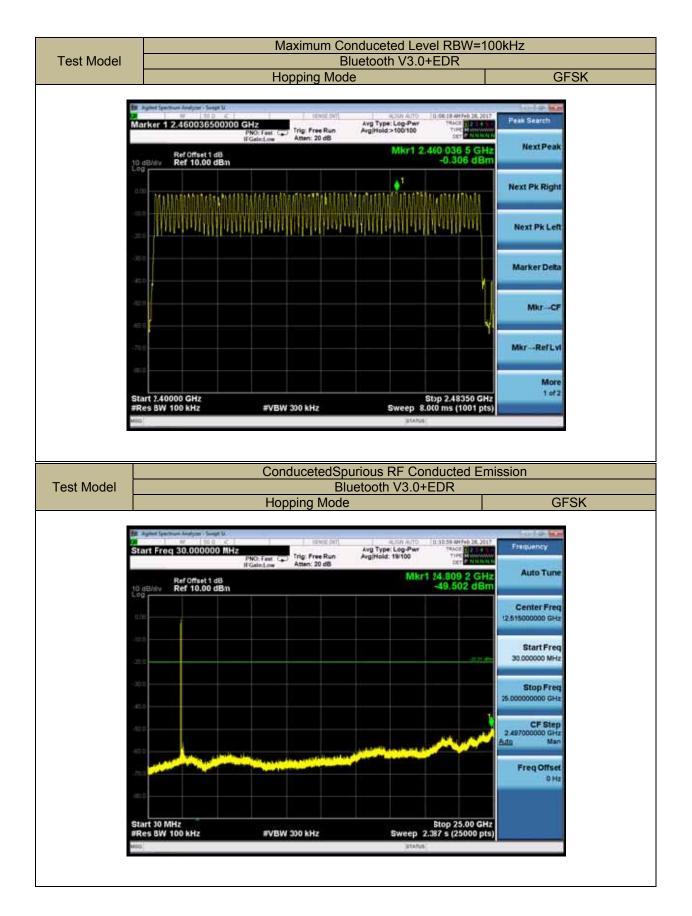




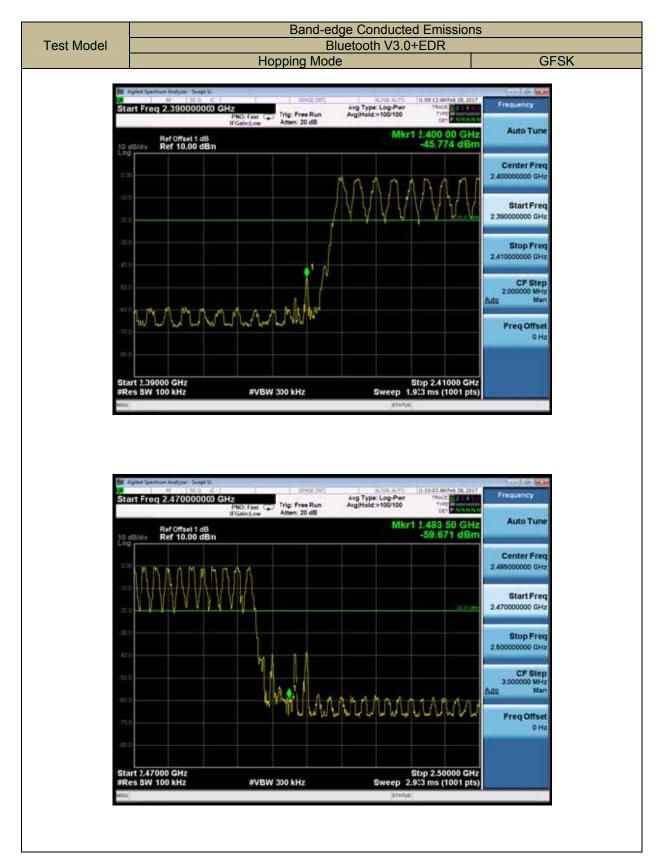














9.7 RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSION

9.7.1 Applicable Standard

According to FCC Part 15.247(d) and 15.209 and DA 00-705

9.7.2 Conformance Limit

According to FCC Part 15.247(d): radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)). According to FCC Part15.205, Restricted bands

According to 1 00 1 art 15.			
MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090-0.110	16.42-16.423	399.9-410	4.5-5.15
10.495-0.505	16.69475-16.69525	608-614	5.35-5.46
2.1735-2.1905	16.80425-16.80475	960-1240	7.25-7.75
4.125-4.128	25.5-25.67	1300-1427	8.025-8.5
4.17725-4.17775	37.5-38.25	1435-1626.5	9.0-9.2
4.20725-4.20775	73-74.6	1645.5-1646.5	9.3-9.5
6.215-6.218	74.8-75.2	1660-1710	10.6-12.7
6.26775-6.26825	123-138	2200-2300	14.47-14.5
8.291-8.294	149.9-150.05	2310-2390	15.35-16.2
8.362-8.366	156.52475-156.52525	2483.5-2500	17.7-21.4
8.37625-8.38675	156.7-156.9	2690-2900	22.01-23.12
8.41425-8.41475	162.0125-167.17	3260-3267	23.6-24.0
12.29-12.293	167.72-173.2	3332-3339	31.2-31.8
12.51975-12.52025	240-285	3345.8-3358	36.43-36.5
12.57675-12.57725	322-335.4	3600-4400	(2)
13.36-13.41			

According to FCC Part15.205, the level of any transmitter spurious emission in Restricted bands shall not exceed the level of the emission specified in the following table

Restricted Frequency(MHz)	Field Strength (µV/m)	Field Strength (dBµV/m)	Measurement Distance
0.009-0.490	2400/F(KHz)	20 log (uV/m)	300
0.490-1.705	2400/F(KHz)	20 log (uV/m)	30
1.705-30	30	29.5	30
30-88	100	40	3
88-216	150	43.5	3
216-960	200	46	3
Above 960	500	54	3

9.7.3 Test Configuration

Test according to clause 7.2 radio frequency test setup 2

9.7.4 Test Procedure

This test is required for any spurious emission that falls in a Restricted Band, as defined in Section 15.205. It must be performed with the highest gain of each type of antenna proposed for use with the EUT. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

The EUT was placed on a turn table which is 0.8m above ground plane.

Maximum procedure was performed on the highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance.

Span = wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured

RBW = 1 MHz for $f \ge 1$ GHz(1GHz to 25GHz), 100 kHz for f < 1 GHz(30MHz to 1GHz)

 $\mathsf{VBW} \geq \mathsf{RBW}$

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak



Trace = max hold

Follow the guidelines in ANSI C63.10-2013 respect to maximizing the emission by rotating the EUT, measuring the emission while the EUT is situated in three orthogonal planes (if appropriate), adjusting the measurement antenna height and polarization, etc. A pre-amp and a high pass filter are required for this test, in order to provide the measuring system with sufficient sensitivity. Allow the trace to stabilize. The peak reading of the emission, after being corrected by the antenna factor, cable loss, pre-amp gain, etc., is the peak field strength, which must comply with the limit specified in Section 15.35(b). Submit this data. Now set the VBW to 10 Hz, while maintaining all of the other instrument settings. This peak level, once corrected, must comply with the limit specified in Section 15.209. If the dwell time per channel of the hopping signal is less than 100 ms, then the reading obtained with the 10 Hz VBW may be further adjusted by a "duty cycle correction factor", derived from 20log(dwell time/100 ms), in an effort to demonstrate compliance with the 15.209 limit. Submit this data.

Repeat above procedures until all frequency measured was complete.

9.7.5 Test Results

■ Spurious Emission below 30MHz(9KHz to 30MHz)

Temperature: 24



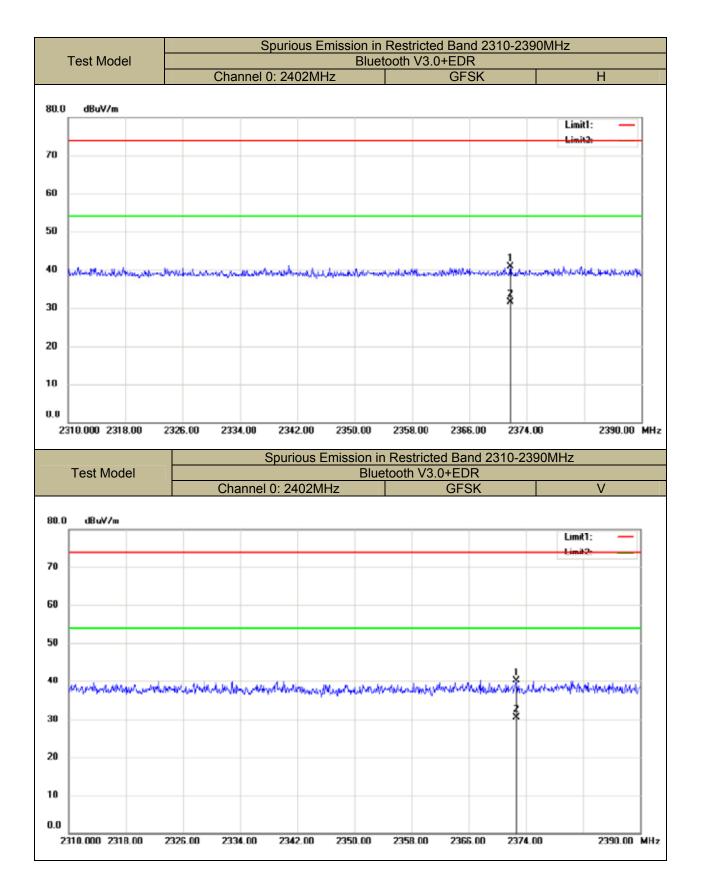
Temperature: 24



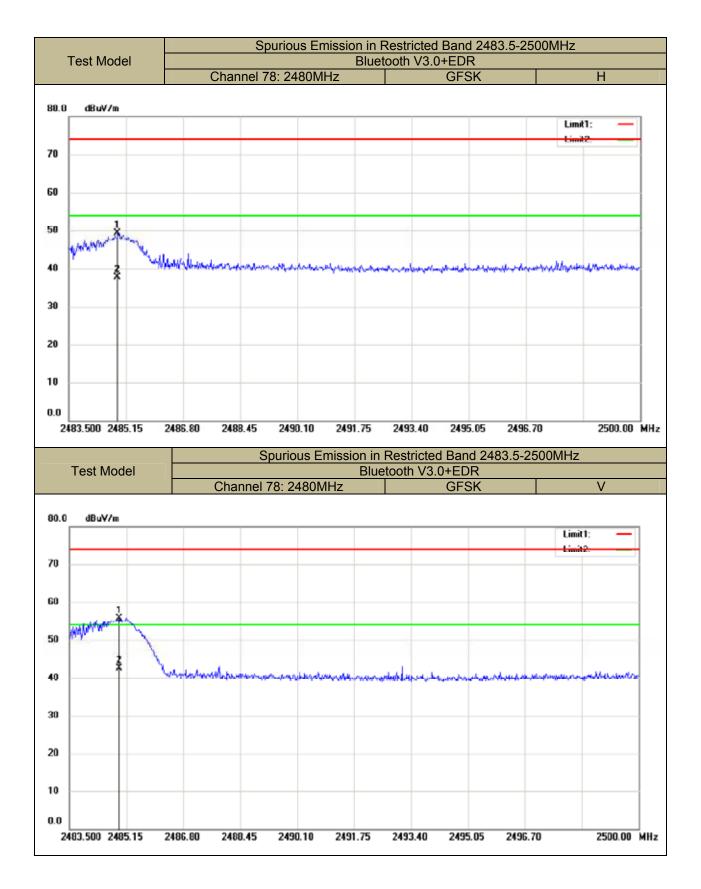
■ Spurious Emission in Restricted Band 2310-2390MHz and 2483.5-2500MHz Bluetooth (GFSK, pi/4-DQPSK, 8DPSK, Hopping) mode have been tested, and the worst result(GFSK, Hopping) was report as below:

Temperature: 24

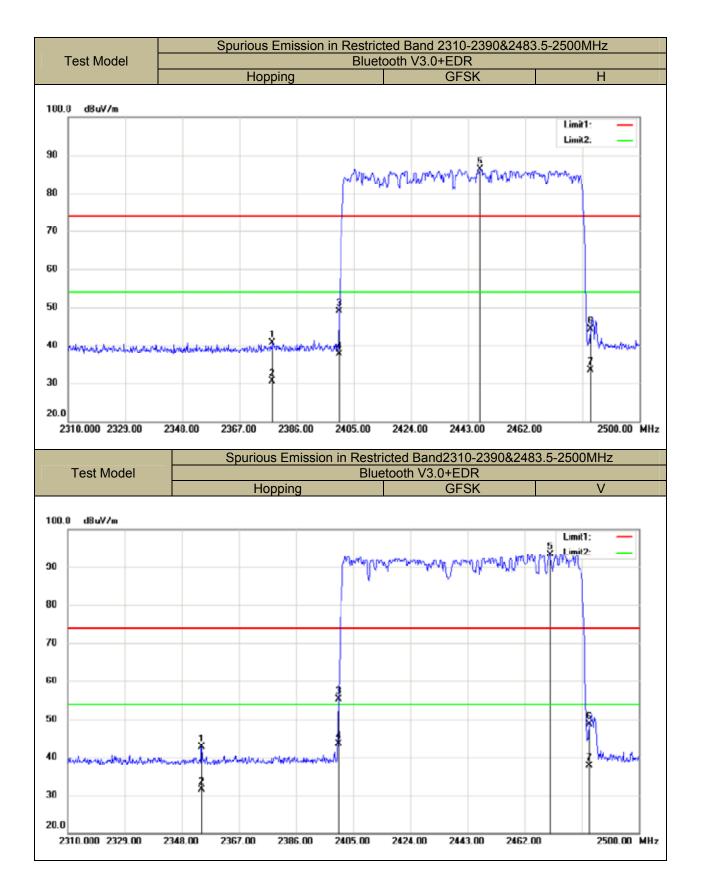








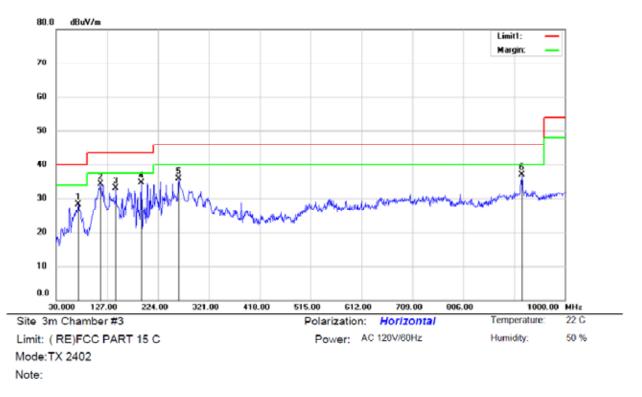






■ Spurious Emission below 1GHz(30MHz to 1GHz)

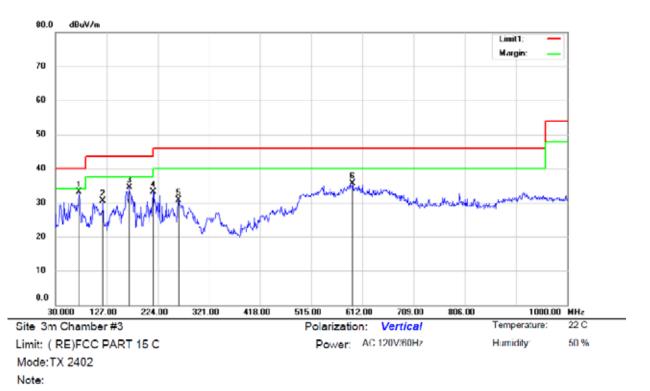
Bluetooth (GFSK, pi/4-DQPSK, 8DPSK)mode and all adapter have been tested, and the worst result recorded was report as below:



No.	Mk.	Freq.	Reading Level	Correct Factor	Measure- ment	Limit	Over		Antenna Height	Table Degree	
		MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	Detector	cm	degree	Comment
1		71.7100	44.60	-16.34	28.26	40.00	-11.74	QP			
2		114.3900	47.29	-13.00	34.29	43.50	-9.21	QP			
3		143.4900	49.25	-16.22	33.03	43.50	-10.47	QP			
4	*	191.9900	47.47	-12.75	34.72	43.50	-8.78	QP			
5		263.7700	46.67	-10.85	35.82	46.00	-10.18	QP			
6		917.5500	35.28	1.76	37.04	46.00	-8.96	QP			

*:Maximum data x:Over limit I:over margin

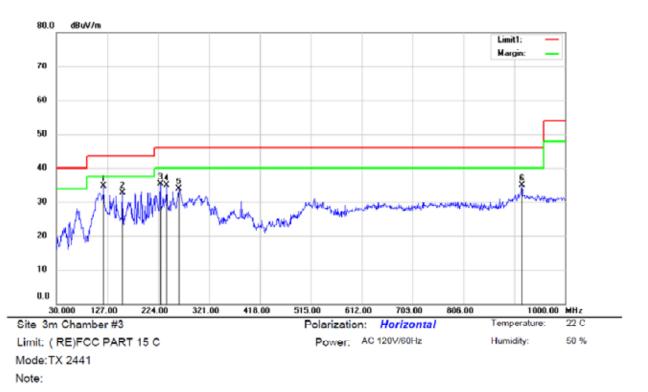




No.	Mk.	Freq.	Reading Level	Correct Factor	Measure- ment	Limit	Over		Antenna Height	Table Degree	
		MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	Detector	cm	degree	Comment
1	*	74.6200	50.04	-17.02	33.02	40.00	-6.98	QP			
2		120.2100	44.45	-14.02	30.43	43.50	-13.07	QP			
3		169.6800	48.92	-14.51	34.41	43.50	-9.09	QP			
4		215.2700	44.66	-11.47	33.19	43.50	-10.31	QP			
5		262.8000	41.41	-10.69	30.72	46.00	-15.28	QP			
6		593.5700	38.88	-3.17	35.71	46.00	-10.29	QP			

*:Maximum data x:Over limit I:over margin

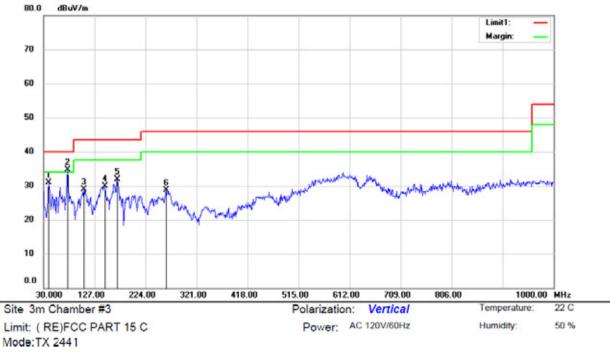




No.	Mk	ι.	Freq.	Reading Level	Correct Factor	Measure- ment	Limit	Over		Antenna Height	Table Degree	
			MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	Detector	cm	degree	Comment
1	٠	120	0.2100	48.64	-14.02	34.62	43.50	-8.88	QP			
2		156	3.1000	48.28	-15.60	32.68	43.50	-10.82	QP			
3		227	7.8800	46.87	-11.62	35.25	46.00	-10.75	QP			
4		240	0.4900	45.77	-10.92	34.85	46.00	-11.15	QP			
5		263	3.7700	44.67	-10.85	33.82	46.00	-12.18	QP			
6		917	7.5500	33.21	1.76	34.97	46.00	-11.03	QP			

*:Maximum data x:Over limit !:over margin



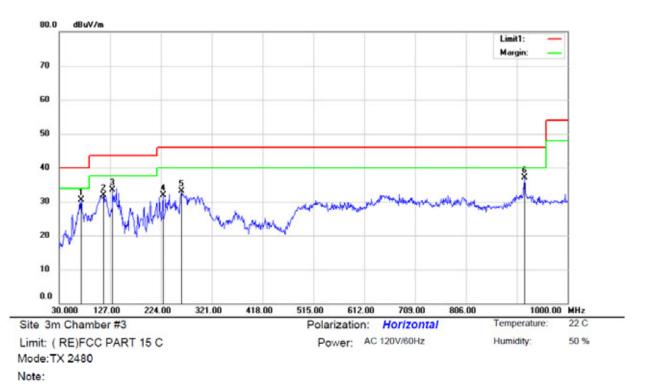


Note:

No.	Mk.	. Freq.	Reading Level	Correct Factor	Measure- ment	Limit	Over		Antenna Height	Table Degree	
		MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	Detector	cm	degree	Comment
1		39.7000	42.38	-11.56	30.82	40.00	-9.18	QP			
2	*	75.5900	51.72	-17.06	34.66	40.00	-5.34	QP			
3		106.6300	40.42	-11.56	28.86	43.50	-14.64	QP			
4		147.3700	45.86	-15.89	29.97	43.50	-13.53	QP			
5		169.6800	46.33	-14.51	31.82	43.50	-11.68	QP			
6		262.8000	39.48	-10.69	28.79	46.00	-17.21	QP			

*:Maximum data x:Over limit I:over margin

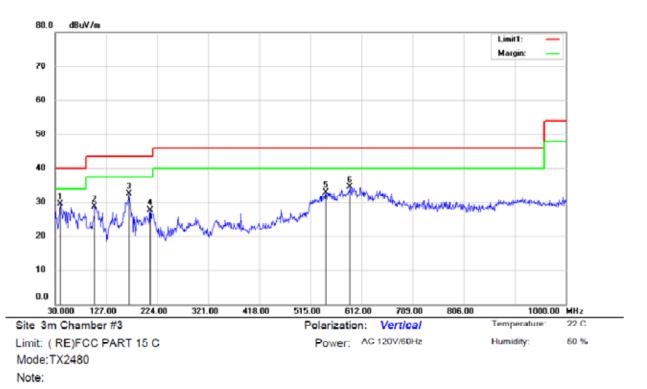




No.	Mk	. Freq.	Reading Level	Correct Factor	Measure- ment	Limit	Over		Antenna Height	Table Degree	
		MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	Detector	cm	degree	Comment
1		71.7100	46.80	-16.34	30.46	40.00	-9.54	QP			
2		114.3900	44.95	-13.00	31.95	43.50	-11.55	QP			
3		131.8500	49.03	-15.56	33.47	43.50	-10.03	QP			
4		227.8800	43.56	-11.62	31.94	46.00	-14.06	QP			
5		263.7700	43.93	-10.85	33.08	46.00	-12.92	QP			
6	*	917.5500	35.27	1.76	37.03	46.00	-8.97	QP			

f:Maximum data x:Over limit l:over margin





No.	Mk	Freq.	Reading Level	Correct Factor	Measure- ment	Limit	Over		Antenna Height	Table Degree	
		MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	Detector	cm	degree	Comment
1	*	39.7000	41.01	-11.56	29.45	40.00	-10.55	QP			
2		104.6900	39.96	-11.33	28.63	43.50	-14.87	QP			
3		169.6800	47.01	-14.51	32.50	43.50	-11.00	QP			
4		210.4200	39.96	-12.17	27.79	43.50	-15.71	QP			
5		544.1000	37.21	-4.27	32.94	46.00	-13.06	QP			
6		589.6900	38.04	-3.48	34.56	46.00	-11.44	QP			

*:Maximum data x:Over limit I:over margin



9.8 CONDUCTED EMISSION TEST

9.8.1 Applicable Standard

According to FCC Part 15.207(a)

9.8.2 Conformance Limit

	Conducted Emission Limit	
Frequency(MHz)	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15-0.5	66-56	56-46
0.5-5.0	56	46
5.0-30.0	60	50

Note: 1. The lower limit shall apply at the transition frequencies2. The limit decreases in line with the logarithm of the frequency in the range of 0.15 to 0.50MHz.

9.8.3 Test Configuration

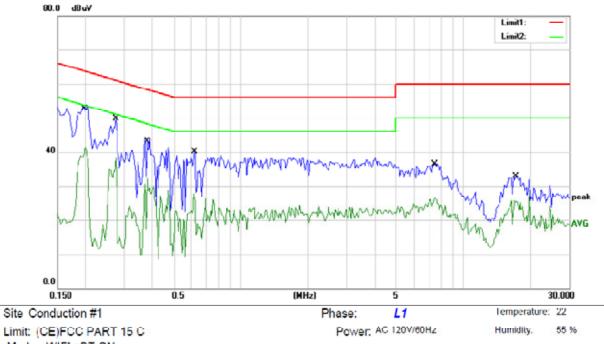
Test according to clause 7.3 conducted emission test setup

9.8.4 Test Procedure

The EUT was placed on a table which is 0.8m above ground plane. Maximum procedure was performed on the highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance. Repeat above procedures until all frequency measured were complete.

9.8.5 Test Results





The voltage 120V&240V were tested, and the worst result recorded was report as below:

Limit: (CE)FCC PART 15 C Mode: WIFI +BT ON Note: Adapter model : ADS-25FSG-12 12024EPCU

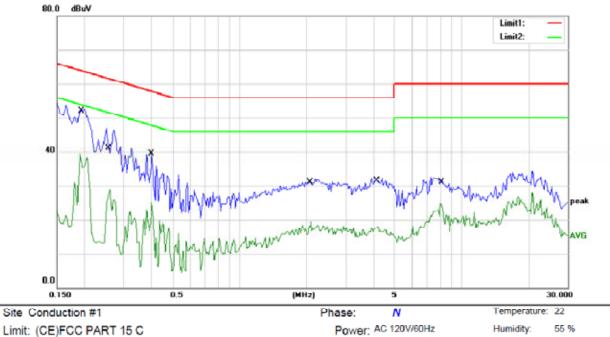
No.	Mk.	Freq.	Reading Level	Correct Factor	Measure- ment	Limit	Over		
		MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV	dBuV	dB	Detector	Comment
1	*	0.2000	53.51	0.00	53.51	63.61	-10.10	QP	
2		0.2000	41.53	0.00	41.53	53.61	-12.08	AVG	
3		0.2750	49.71	0.00	49.71	60.97	-11.26	QP	
4		0.2750	38.04	0.00	38.04	50.97	-12.93	AVG	
5		0.3800	44.17	0.00	44.17	58.28	-14.11	QP	
6		0.3800	32.55	0.00	32.55	48.28	-15.73	AVG	
7		0.6150	40.20	0.00	40.20	56.00	-15.80	QP	
8		0.6150	27.73	0.00	27.73	46.00	-18.27	AVG	
9		7.4200	36.45	0.00	36.45	60.00	-23.55	QP	
10		7.4200	26.50	0.00	26.50	50.00	-23.50	AVG	
11		17.0500	32.88	0.00	32.88	60.00	-27.12	QP	
12		17.0500	25.63	0.00	25.63	50.00	-24.37	AVG	

*:Maximum data x:Over limit

I:over margin

Comment: Factor build in receiver.





Mode: WIFI +BT ON

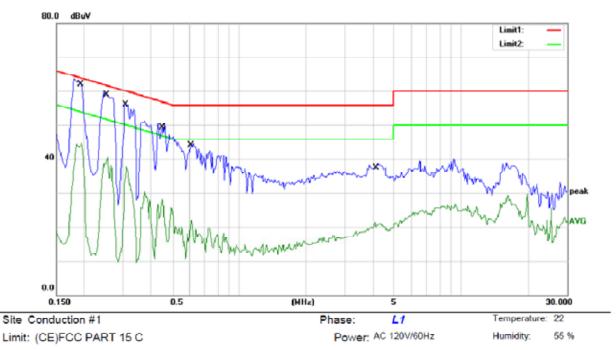
Note: Adapter model: ADS-25FSG-12 12024EPCU

No.	Mk.	Freq.	Reading Level	Correct Factor	Measure- ment	Limit	Over		
		MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV	dBuV	dB	Detector	Comment
1	•	0.1900	52.64	0.00	52.64	64.04	-11.40	QP	
2		0.1900	39.45	0.00	39.45	54.04	-14.59	AVG	
3		0.2600	47.15	0.00	47.15	61.43	-14.28	QP	
4		0.2600	29.02	0.00	29.02	51.43	-22.41	AVG	
5		0.4000	39.52	0.00	39.52	57.85	-18.33	QP	
6		0.4000	25.06	0.00	25.06	47.85	-22.79	AVG	
7		2.0900	32.16	0.00	32.16	56.00	-23.84	QP	
8		2.0900	19.43	0.00	19.43	46.00	-26.57	AVG	
9		4.2200	32.25	0.00	32.25	56.00	-23.75	QP	
10		4.2200	18.09	0.00	18.09	46.00	-27.91	AVG	
11		7.9800	32.47	0.00	32.47	60.00	-27.53	QP	
12		7.9800	24.78	0.00	24.78	50.00	-25.22	AVG	

*:Maximum data x:Over limit !:over margin

Comment: Factor build in receiver.





Mode: WIFI +BT ON

Note: Adapter model: KSASB0241200200VU

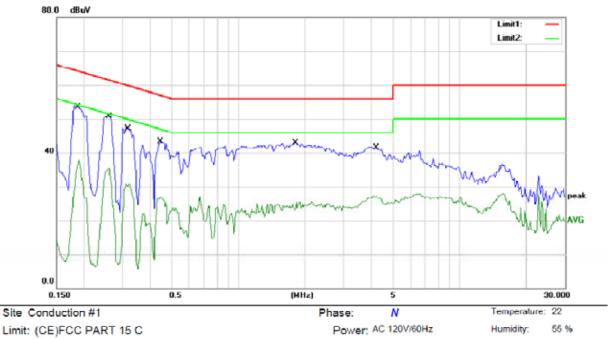
No.	Mk.	Freq.	Reading Level	Correct Factor	Measure- ment	Limit	Over		
		MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV	dBuV	dB	Detector	Comment
1		0.1950	53.90	0.00	53.90	63.82	-9.92	QP	
2	*	0.1950	44.70	0.00	44.70	53.82	-9.12	AVG	
3		0.2550	50.90	0.00	50.90	61.59	-10.69	QP	
4		0.2550	40.46	0.00	40.46	51.59	-11.13	AVG	
5		0.3100	47.30	0.00	47.30	59.97	-12.67	QP	
6		0.3100	37.99	0.00	37.99	49.97	-11.98	AVG	
7		0.4500	41.30	0.00	41.30	56.88	-15.58	QP	
8		0.4500	28.23	0.00	28.23	46.88	-18.65	AVG	
9		0.6050	44.59	0.00	44.59	56.00	-11.41	QP	
10		0.6050	22.11	0.00	22.11	46.00	-23.89	AVG	
11		4.0900	38.54	0.00	38.54	56.00	-17.46	QP	
12		4.0900	21.30	0.00	21.30	46.00	-24.70	AVG	

*:Maximum data x:Over limit !

I:over margin C

Comment: Factor build in receiver.





Mode: WIFI +BT ON

Note: Adapter model: KSASB0241200200VU

No.	Mk.	Freq.	Reading Level	Correct Factor	Measure- ment	Limit	Over		
		MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV	dBuV	dB	Detector	Comment
1	*	0.1900	53.86	0.00	53.86	64.04	-10.18	QP	
2		0.1900	37.99	0.00	37.99	54.04	-16.05	AVG	
3		0.2600	50.78	0.00	50.78	61.43	-10.65	QP	
4		0.2600	35.59	0.00	35.59	51.43	-15.84	AVG	
5		0.3200	47.52	0.00	47.52	59.71	-12.19	QP	
6		0.3200	30.92	0.00	30.92	49.71	-18.79	AVG	
7		0.4450	43.21	0.00	43.21	56.97	-13.76	QP	
8		0.4450	27.10	0.00	27.10	46.97	-19.87	AVG	
9		1.8300	42.98	0.00	42.98	56.00	-13.02	QP	
10		1.8300	25.58	0.00	25.58	46.00	-20.42	AVG	
11		4.2000	41.76	0.00	41.76	56.00	-14.24	QP	
12		4.2000	27.37	0.00	27.37	46.00	-18.63	AVG	

*:Maximum data x:Ove

x:Over limit I:over margin

Comment: Factor build in receiver.



9.9 **ANTENNA APPLICATION**

9.9.1 Antenna Requirement

Standard	Requirement				
FCC CRF Part15.203	An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. This requirement does not apply to carrier current devices or to devices operated under the provisions of §15.211, §15.213, §15.217,§15.219, or §15.221. Further, this requirement does not apply to intentionalradiators that must be professionally installed, such as perimeter protection systems and some field disturbance sensors, or to other intentional radiators which, in accordance with §15.31(d), must be measured at the installation site. However, the installer shall be responsible for ensuring that the proper antenna is employed so that the limits in this part are not exceeded.				

For intentional device, according to FCC 47 CFR Section 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. And according to FCC 47 CFR Section 15.247 (b), if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6dBi are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi.

9.9.2 Result

The EUT has a FPC antenna for BT, the max gain is 2 dBi; The EUT has two FPC antenna for WIFI, the max gain is 2 dBi;

Note:

- Antenna use a permanently attached antenna which is not replaceable.
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- Not using a standard antenna jack or electrical connector for antenna replacement The antenna has to be professionally installed (please provide method of installation)
- \Box

which in accordance to section 15.203, please refer to the internal photos.