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TEST REPORT

Equipment Under Test : Bluetooth Serial Adaptor

Model No. : Promi SD205-OA

Applicant : SENA Technologies, Inc.

Address of Applicant : 210, Yangiae-dong, Seocho-gu, Seoul 137-130, Korea

FCC ID S7APROMISD205OA

Date of Receipt : 2006-05-20 Date of Test(s) : 2006-06-14

Date of Issue : 2006-06-15

Standards:

FCC OET Bulletin 65 supplement C,

ANSI/IEEE C95.1, C95.3

In the configuration tested, the EUT complied with the standards specified above.

Remarks:

This report details the results of the testing carried out on one sample, the results contained in this test report do not relate to other samples of the same product. The manufacturer should ensure that all products in series production are in conformity with the product sample detailed in this report.

This report may only be reproduced and distributed in full. If the product in this report is used in any configuration other than that detailed in the report, the manufacturer must ensure the new system complies with all relevant standards. Any mention of SGS Testing Korea Co., Ltd. or testing done by SGS Testing Korea Co., Ltd. in connection with distribution or use of the product described in this report must be approved by SGS Testing Korea Co., Ltd. in writing.

Tested by : Elvin Lee 2006-06-15

Approved by : Albert Lim 2006-06-15



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1. General Information

1.1 Testing Laboratory

SGS Testing Korea Co., Ltd.

Wireless Div. 2FL, 18-34, Sanbon-dong, Gunpo-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea 435-040

Telephone : +82 +31 428 5700 FAX : +82 +31 427 2371 Homepage : www.sgstesting.co.kr

1.2 Details of Applicant

Applicant : SENA Technogies, Inc.

Address 210, Yangiae-dong, Seocho-gu, Seoul 137-130, Korea

Contact Person : Young-Sam Kim Phone No. : 82-31-573-7772 Fax No. : 82-31-573-7710

1.3 Version of Report

Version Number	Date
00	2006-06-15

1.4 Description of EUT(s)

EUT Type	Bluetooth Serial Adaptor
Model	Promi SD205-OA
Serial Number	-
Hardware Version	V1.0
Software Version	V1.0
Mode of Operation	Continuous RF
Maximum RF Conducted Power	12.65 dBm(FHSS)
Tx Frequency Range	2402 ~ 2480 MHz
Rx Frequency Range	2402 ~ 2480 MHz
Traffic Channel	1 ch/40 ch/79 ch
Antenna Type / Gain	Helical Antenna / 2 dBi
Power Supply Type	DC 5 V AC adapter



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1.5 Test Environment

Ambient temperature	: 22.1 ° C
Tissue Simulating Liquid	: 22.1 ° C
Relative Humidity	: 54 %

1.6 Operation Configuration

The device was controlled by using the test program in the notebook PC. The device was communicated with notebook PC. Measurements were performed on the lowest, middle and highest channels of the operating band. The EUT was set to maximum power level during all tests. Power supply used for the DC 5 V AC adapter.

The DASY4 system measures power drift during SAR testing by comparing e-field in the same location at the beginning and at the end of measurement.

1.7 EVALUATION PROCEDURES

- Power Reference Measurement Procedures

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The Minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface is 4 mm. This distance cannot be smaller than the Distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties (for example, 2.7 mm for an ET3DV6 probe type).

- The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the Post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1 g and 10 g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:
- 1. The extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan.
- 2. The calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- 3. The generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- 4. The interpolation of all measured values from the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- 5. The extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- 6. The calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g.

The probe is calibrated at the center of the dipole sensors that is located 1 to 2.7mm away from the probe tip.



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During measurements, the probe stops shortly above the phantom surface, depending on the probe and the surface detecting system. Both distances are included as parameters in the probe configuration file. The software always knows exactly how far away the measured point is from the surface. As the probe cannot directly measure at the surface, the values between the deepest measured point and the surface must be extrapolated. The angle between the probe axis and the surface normal line is less than 30 degree.

In the Area Scan, the gradient of the interpolation function is evaluated to find all the extreme of the SAR distribution. The uncertainty on the locations of the extreme is less than 1/20 of the grid size. Only local maximum within –2 dB of the global maximum are searched and passed for the Cube Scan measurement. In the Cube Scan, the interpolation function is used to extrapolate the Peak SAR from the lowest measurement points to the inner phantom surface (the extrapolation distance). The uncertainty increases with the extrapolation distance. To keep the uncertainty within 1% for the 1 g and 10 g cubes, the extrapolation distance should not be larger than 5mm.

The maximum search is automatically performed after each area scan measurement. It is based on splines in two or three dimensions. The procedure can find the maximum for most SAR distributions even with relatively large grid spacing. After the area scanning measurement, the probe is automatically moved to a position at the interpolated maximum. The following scan can directly use this position for reference, e.g., for a finer resolution grid or the cube evaluations. The 1g and 10g peak evaluations are only available for the predefined cube 7x7x7 scans. The routines are verified and optimized for the grid dimensions used in these cube measurements. The measured volume of 30x30x30mm contains about 30g of tissue. The first procedure is an extrapolation (incl. Boundary correction) to get the points between the lowest measured plane and the surface. The next step uses 3D interpolation to get all points within the measured volume. In the last step, a 1g cube is placed numerically into the volume and its averaged SAR is calculated. This cube is the moved around until the highest averaged SAR is found. If the highest SAR is found at the edge of the measured volume, the system will issue a warning: higher SAR values might be found outside of the measured volume. In that case the cube measurement can be repeated, using the new interpolated maximum as the center.

1.8 The SAR Measurement System

A photograph of the SAR measurement System is given in Fig. a. This SAR Measurement System uses a Computer-controlled 3-D stepper motor system (Speag Dasy 4 professional system). A Model ET3DV6 1782 E-field probe is used to determine the internal electric fields. The SAR can be obtained from the equation SAR= σ (|Ei|2)/ ρ where σ and ρ are the conductivity and mass density of the tissue-simulant. The DASY4 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- •A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Staubli RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- •A dosimeter probe, i.e., an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating



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liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.

•A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.

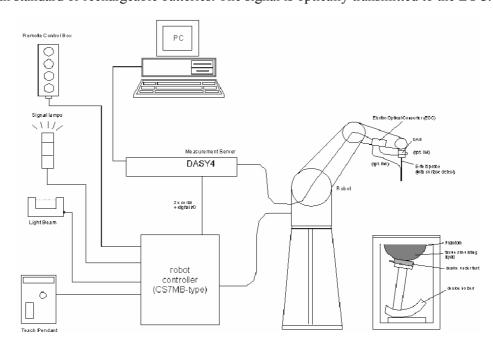


Fig a. The microwave circuit arrangement used for SAR system verification

- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion between optical and electrical of the signals for the digital communication to the DAE and for the analog signal from the optical surface detection. The EOC is connected to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- A probe alignment unit which improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer operating Windows 2000 or Windows XP.
- DASY4 software.
- Remote control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The SAM twin phantom enabling testing left-hand and right-hand usage.
- The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
- Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- Validation dipole kits allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.



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1.9 System Components

ET3DV6 E-Field Probe

Construction: Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding

against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to

organic solvents, e.g. glycol).

Calibration : In air from 10 MHz to 2.5 GHz In brain simulating tissue at

frequencies of 900 MHz and 1.8 GHz (accuracy \pm 8%)

Frequency : 10 MHz to > 6 GHz; Linearity: $\pm 0.2 \text{ dB}$ (30 MHz to 3 GHz)

Directivity : ±0.2 dB in brain tissue (rotation around probe axis) ±0.4 dB in brain tissue (rotation normal to probe axis)

Dynamic : $5 \mu W/g$ to >100 mW/g; Linearity: $\pm 0.2 \text{ dB}$

Range

Srfce. Detect : ± 0.2 mm repeatability in air and clear liquids over diffuse

reflecting surfaces

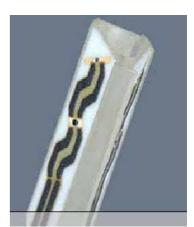
Dimensions: Overall length: 330 mm

Tip length: 16 mm Body diameter: 12 mm Tip diameter: 6.8 mm

Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.7 mm

Application: General dosimetry up to 3 GHz Compliance tests of mobile

phone



ET3DV6 E-Field Probe

NOTE:

1. The Probe parameters have been calibrated by the SPEAG. Please reference "APPENDIX D" for the Calibration Certification Report.



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FLAT PHANTOM V4.3L

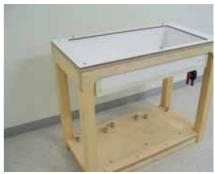
Construction: The shell corresponds to the specifications

of phantom defined in IEEE 1528-200X, CENELEC 50361 and IEC 62209. The FLATPHANTOM V4.3L is a phantom for dosimetric evaluations of body mounted usage and system performance check for the

frequency up to 3 GHz.

Shell Thickness: $6.0 \pm 0.2 \text{ mm}$

Filling Volume: Approx. 54 liters



PHANTOM V4.3L

DEVICE HOLDER

Construction

In combination with the Twin SAM PhantomV4.0/V4.0C or Twin SAM, the Mounting Device (made from POM) enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter in spherical coordinates, whereby the rotation point is the ear opening. The devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC, IEEE, CENELEC, FCC or other specifications. The device holder can be locked at different phantom locations (left head, right head,

flat phantom).



Device Holder

1.10 SAR System Verification

The microwave circuit arrangement for system verification is sketched in Fig. b. The daily system accuracy verification occurs within the flat section of the SAM phantom. A SAR measurement was performed to see if the measured SAR was within +/- 10% from the target SAR values. These tests were done at 2450MHz. The tests were conducted on the same days as the measurement of the EUT. The obtained results from the system accuracy verification are displayed in the table 1 (SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power delivered to the dipole). During the tests, the ambient temperature of the laboratory was in the range 22.3 °C, the relative humidity was in the range 55% and the liquid depth above the ear reference points was above 15 cm in all the cases. It is seen that the system is operating within its specification, as the results are within acceptable tolerance of the reference values.



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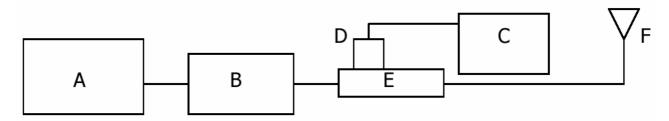


Fig b. The microwave circuit arrangement used for SAR system verification

- A. Agilent Model E4421B Signal Generator
- B. EMPOWER Model 2001-BBS3Q7ECK Amplifier
- C. Agilent Model E4419B Power Meter
- D. Agilent Model 9300H Power Sensor
- E. Agilent Model 777D Dual directional coupling
- F. Reference dipole Antenna



Photo of the dipole Antenna

System Validation Results

Validation Kit	Tissue	Target SAR 1 g (1 W)	Measured SAR 1 g (1 W)	Deviation (%)	Date	Liquid Temp. (°C)
D2450V2 S/N: 734	2450 MHz Brain	52.4 W/kg	53.6	+2.2	Jun. 14, 2006	22.1

Table 1. Results system validation



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1.11 Tissue Simultaneous Fluid for the Frequency Band

The dielectric properties for this simultaneous fluid were measured by using the Agilent Model 85070D Dielectric Probe (rates frequency band 200 MHz to 20 GHz) in conjunction with Agilent E5070B Network Analyzer(300 kHz-3000 MHz) by using a procedure detailed in Section V.

			Limits / Measured					
f (MHz)	Tissue type	Dielectric Parameters	Measured, 2006-06-14	Recommended Limits	Deviation (%)	Simulated Tissue Temp(℃)		
2450	Body	D 1	D - 4	Permittivity	51.7	52.7	-1.9	22.1
2450		Conductivity	1.98	1.95	+1.5	22.1		
2450	.50 Head	Permittivity	38.5	39.2	-1.7	22.1		
2430		Conductivity	1.84	1.80	+2.2	22.1		



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The composition of the brain tissue simulating liquid

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Ingredients	Frequency (MHz)									
(% by weight)	450		835		915		1900		2450	
Tissue Type	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Water	38.56	51.16	41.45	52.4	41.05	56.0	54.9	40.4	62.7	73.2
Salt (NaCl)	3.95	1.49	1.45	1.4	1.35	0.76	0.18	0.5	0.5	0.04
Sugar	56.32	46.78	56.0	45.0	56.5	41.76	0.0	58.0	0.0	0.0
HEC	0.98	0.52	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.21	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0
Bactericide	0.19	0.05	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.27	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
Triton X-100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	36.8	0.0
DGBE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	44.92	0.0	0.0	26.7
Dielectric Constant	43.42	58.0	42.54	56.1	42.0	56.8	39.9	54.0	39.8	52.5
Conductivity (S/m)	0.85	0.83	0.91	0.95	1.0	1.07	1.42	1.45	1.88	1.78

Salt: $99^{+}\%$ Pure Sodium Chloride Sugar: $98^{+}\%$ Pure Sucrose Water: De-ionized, $16 \text{ M}\Omega^{+}$ resistivity HEC: Hydroxyethyl Cellulose DGBE: $99^{+}\%$ Di(ethylene glycol) butyl ether, [2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol]

Triton X-100 (ultra pure): Polyethylene glycol mono [4-(1,1, 3, 3-tetramethylbutyl)phenyl]ether

1.12 Test Standards and Limits

According to FCC 47CFR §2.1093(d) The limits to be used for evaluation are based generally on criteria published by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) for localized specific absorption rate ("SAR") in Section 4.2 of "IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz," ANSI/IEEE C95.3–2003, Copyright 2003 by the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc., New York, New York 10017. These criteria for SAR evaluation are similar to those recommended by the National Council on Radiation Protection and Measurements (NCRP) in "Biological Effects and Exposure Criteria for Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields," NCRP Report No. 86, Section 17.4.5. Copyright NCRP, 1986, Bethesda, Maryland 20814. SAR is a measure of the rate of energy absorption due to exposure to an RF transmitting source. SAR values have



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been related to threshold levels for potential biological hazards. The criteria to be used are specified in paragraphs (d)(1) and (d)(2) of this section and shall apply for portable devices transmitting in the frequency range from 100 kHz to 6 GHz. Portable devices that transmit at frequencies above 6 GHz are to be evaluated in terms of the MPE limits specified in § 1.1310 of this chapter. Measurements and calculations to demonstrate compliance with MPE field strength or power density limits for devices operating above 6 GHz should be made at a minimum distance of 5 cm from the radiating source.

- (1) Limits for Occupational/Controlled exposure: 0.4 W/kg as averaged over the whole-body and spatial peak SAR not exceeding 8 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube). Exceptions are the hands, wrists, feet and ankles where the spatial peak SAR shall not exceed 20 W/kg, as averaged over an 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube). Occupational/Controlled limits apply when persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment provided these persons are fully aware of and exercise control over their exposure. Awareness of exposure can be accomplished by use of warning labels or by specific training or education through appropriate means, such as an RF safety program in a work environment.
- (2) Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure: 0.08 W/kg as averaged over the whole-body and spatial peak SAR not exceeding 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube). Exceptions are the hands, wrists, feet and ankles where the spatial peak SAR shall not exceed 4 W/kg, as averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube). General Population/Uncontrolled limits apply when the general public may be exposed, or when persons that are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be fully aware of the potential for exposure or do not exercise control over their exposure. Warning labels placed on consumer devices such as cellular telephones will not be sufficient reason to allow these devices to be evaluated subject to limits for occupational/controlled exposure in paragraph (d)(1) of this section.(Table .4)

Human Exposure	Uncontrolled Environment General Population	Controlled Environment Occupational
Partial Body	1.60 m W/g	8.00 m W/g
Whole Body	0.08 m W/g	0.40 m W/g
Partial Peak SAR (Hands/Feet/Ankle/Wrist)	4.00 m W/g	20.00 m W/g

Table .4 RF exposure limits



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2. Instruments List

Manufacturer	Device	Туре	Serial Number	Due date of Calibration
Stäubli	Robot	RX90BL	F03/5W05A1/A/01	N/A
Schmid& Partner Engineering AG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	ET3DV6	1782	May 02, 2007
Schmid& Partner Engineering AG	2450 MHz System Validation Dipole	D2450V2	734	August 23, 2006
Schmid& Partner Engineering AG	Data acquisition Electronics	DAE3	567	September 21, 2006
Schmid& Partner Engineering AG	Software	DASY 4 V4.6	-	N/A
Schmid& Partner Engineering AG	Phantom	Plat Phantom V4.3L	1003	N/A
Agilent	Network Analyzer	E5070B	MY42100282	May 20, 2007
Agilent	Dielectric Probe Kit	85070D	2184	N/A
Agilent	Dual Direction Coupler	777D	50128	December 8, 2006
Agilent	Power Meter	E4419B	GB43311126 GB43311125	December 8, 2006
Agilent	Power Sensor	Е9300Н	MY41495307 MY41495308 MY41495314	December 8, 2006



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3. Summary of Results

Bluetooth Serial Adapter Body SAR Date

Ambient Temperature (°C)	22.1
Liquid Temperature (°C)	22.1
Date	Jun. 14, 2006

EUT	Traffic Channel		Conducted Power(dBm)		1 g	Result
Position	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Before	After	SAR	Result
Horizontal	2441	40	12.50	12.51	0.123	Complied
Vertical	2441	40	12.50	12.49	0.026	Complied
Horizontal	2402	1	12.47	12.45	0.090	Complied
Horizontal	2480	79	12.40	12.41	0.109	Complied



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Appendix

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Appendix A

EUT Photographs

Front View of EUT



Rear View of EUT





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Left View of EUT



Right View of EUT



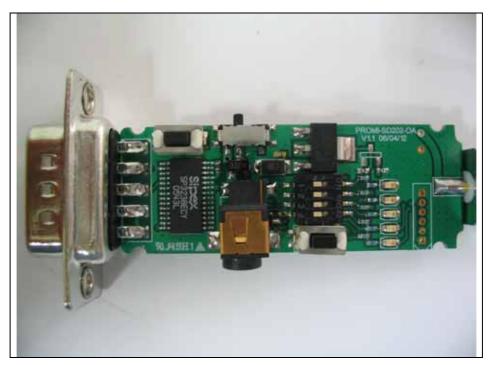


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Inner of EUT



Top View of Main-board





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Bottom View of Main-board (Not removal Bluetooth module)



Left of Main-board





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Right of Main-board



Front of Main-board





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Rear of Main-board



EUT connected with cable





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Test Setup Photographs

Horizontal Position



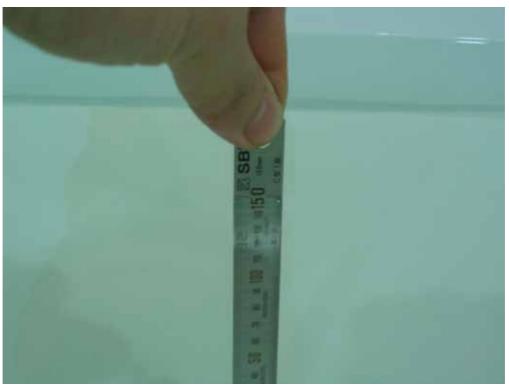
Vertical Position





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Depth:15 cm





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Appendix B

Uncertainty Analysis

Uncertainty of SAR equipments for measurement

Items	Uncertainty value %	Probability Distribution	Divisor	ci 1 1g	Standard unc (1g)	vi or Veff
Measurement System						
Probe calibration	4.8	normal	1	1	4.8%	∞
Axial isotropy	4.7	rectangular	√ 3	$(1-c_p)^{1/2}$	1.9%	∞
Hemispherical isotropy	9.6	rectangular	√ 3	$(c_p)^{1/2}$	3.9%	∞
Boundary effects	1.0	rectangular	√ 3	1	0.6%	∞
Linearity	4.7	rectangular	√ 3	1	2.7%	∞
System Detection limits	1.0	rectangular	√ 3	1	0.6%	∞
Readout Electronics	1.0	normal	1	1	1.0%	∞
Response time	0.8	rectangular	√ 3	1	0.5%	∞
Integration time	2.6	rectangular	√ 3	1	1.5%	∞
RF Ambient Conditions	3.0	rectangular	√ 3	1	1.7%	∞
Mech. constrains of robot	0.4	rectangular	√ 3	1	0.2%	∞
Probe positioning	2.9	rectangular	√ 3	1	1.7%	∞
Extrap. and integration	1.0	rectangular	√ 3	1	0.6%	∞

Uncertainty of measurements

Test Sample Related						
Device positioning	2.9	normal	1	1	2.9%	145
Device holder uncertainty	3.6	normal	1	1	3.6%	5
Power drift	5.0	rectangular	√ 3	1	2.9%	8
Phantom and Setup						
Phantom uncertainty	4.0	rectangular	√ 3	1	2.3%	∞
Liquid conductivity(target)	5.0	rectangular	√ 3	0.64	1.8%	8
Liquid conductivity(meas.)	5.0	normal	1	0.64	3.2%	8
Liquid permittivity(target)	5.0	rectangular	√ 3	0.6	1.7%	8
Liquid permittivity(meas.)	5.0	normal	1	0.6	3.0%	8

Uncertainty of SAR system

Combined Standard Uncertainty		10.6%	
Expanded Standard Uncertainty(k=2)		20.6%	



Appendix C

Test Plot - DASY4 Report

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2450 MHz Validation Test

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페이지 1 / 1

Date/Time: 2006-06-14 11:00:20

Test Laboratory: SGS Testing Korea

Validation Test Head

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 734

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2450 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.84$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.5$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1782; ConvF(4.47, 4.47, 4.47); Calibrated: 2006-05-02
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn567; Calibrated: 2005-09-21
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.3; Type: Flat Phantom 4.3; Serial: 1300
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 161

Validation_2450/Area Scan (61x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 16.7 mW/g

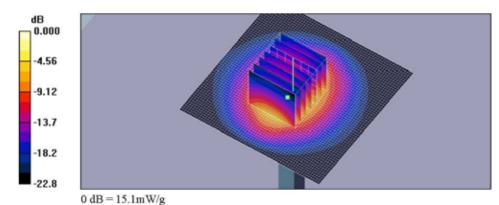
Validation_2450/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 94.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.008 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.4 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.16 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.1 mW/g





2.4 GHz SAR Test

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Date/Time: 2006-06-14 10:36:32

Test Laboratory: SGS Testing Korea

Promi SD205-OA

DUT: Promi SD205-OA; Type: Bluetooth-Serial; Serial:

Communication System: Bluetooth; Frequency: 2441 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: M2450 Medium parameters used: f=2441 MHz; $\sigma=1.97$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r=51.7$; $\rho=1000$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

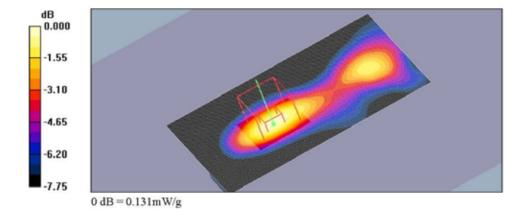
- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1782; ConvF(4.15, 4.15, 4.15); Calibrated: 2006-05-02
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn567; Calibrated: 2005-09-21
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.3; Type: Flat Phantom 4.3; Serial: 1300
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 161

Horizontal MidCH/Area Scan (81x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.135 mW/g

Horizontal_MidCH/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.09 V/m; Power Drift = 0.016 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.254 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.123 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.070 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.131 mW/g





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페이지 1 / 1

Date/Time: 2006-06-14 11:15:47

Test Laboratory: SGS Testing Korea

Promi SD205-OA

DUT: Promi SD205-OA; Type: Bluetooth-Serial; Serial:

Communication System: Bluetooth; Frequency: 2441 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: M2450 Medium parameters used: f = 2441 MHz; $\sigma = 1.97$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.7$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1782; ConvF(4.15, 4.15, 4.15); Calibrated: 2006-05-02
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn567; Calibrated: 2005-09-21
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.3; Type: Flat Phantom 4.3; Serial: 1300
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 161

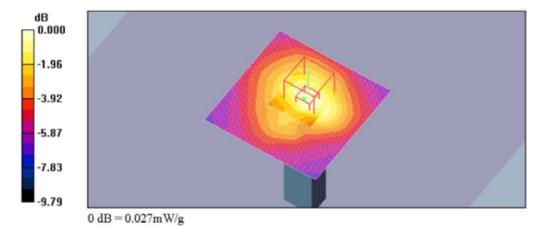
Vertical_MidCH/Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.028 mW/g

Vertical_MidCH/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.73 V/m; Power Drift = -0.131 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.095 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.026 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.015 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.027 mW/g





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페이지 1 / 1

Date/Time: 2006-06-14 11:56:11

Test Laboratory: SGS Testing Korea

Promi SD205-OA

DUT: Promi SD205-OA; Type: Bluetooth-Serial; Serial:

Communication System: Bluetooth; Frequency: 2402 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: M2450 Medium parameters used: f=2402 MHz; $\sigma=1.91$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r=51.8$; $\rho=1000$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1782; ConvF(4.15, 4.15, 4.15); Calibrated: 2006-05-02
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn567; Calibrated: 2005-09-21
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.3; Type: Flat Phantom 4.3; Serial: 1300
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 161

Horizontal_LowCH/Area Scan (81x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.098 mW/g

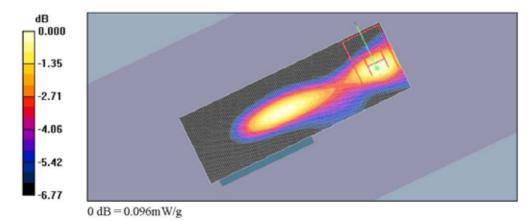
Horizontal_LowCH/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

Reference Value = 7.04 V/m; Power Drift = -0.066 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.177 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.090 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.053 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.096 mW/g





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페이지 1 / 1

Date/Time: 2006-06-15 00:48:13

Test Laboratory: SGS Testing Korea

Promi SD205-OA

DUT: Promi SD205-OA; Type: Bluetooth-Serial; Serial:

Communication System: Bluetooth; Frequency: 2480 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: M2450 Medium parameters used: f = 2480 MHz; $\sigma = 2.02$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.6$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1782; ConvF(4.15, 4.15, 4.15); Calibrated: 2006-05-02
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn567; Calibrated: 2005-09-21
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.3; Type: Flat Phantom 4.3; Serial: 1300
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 161

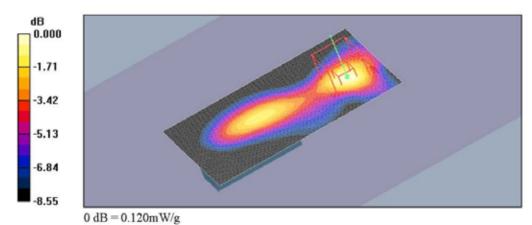
Horizontal_HighCH/Area Scan (81x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.121 mW/g

Horizontal_HighCH/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.42 V/m; Power Drift = 0.011 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.229 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.109 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.060 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.120 mW/g





Appendix D

Calibration Certificate

- PROBE
- DAE
- 2450 MHz DIPOLE

Report File No.: STROS-06-020

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Date of Issue: 2006-06-15 32 / 51Page:

- PROBE Calibration Certificate

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





C

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

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Client

SGS KES (Dymstec)

Certificate No: ET3-1782 May06

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE ET3DV6 - SN: 1782 Object QA CAL-01.v5 and QA CAL-12.v4 Calibration procedure(s) Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes May 2, 2006 Calibration date: Condition of the calibrated item In Tolerance This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration) Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) Scheduled Calibration Primary Standards GB41293874 5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557) Apr-07 Power meter E4419B MY41495277 5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557) Apr-07 Power sensor E4412A MY41498087 Power sensor E4412A 5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557) Apr-07 SN: S5054 (3c) 11-Aug-05 (METAS, No. 251-00499) Aug-06 Reference 3 dB Attenuator SN: S5086 (20b) 4-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00558) Apr-07 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator SN: S5129 (30b) 11-Aug-05 (METAS, No. 251-00500) Aug-06 Reference Probe ES3DV2 SN: 3013 2-Jan-06 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3013_Jan06) Jan-07 SN: 654 2-Feb-06 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-654_Feb06) Feb-07 DAE4 Secondary Standards Check Date (in house) Scheduled Check US3642U01700 4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-05) In house check: Nov-07 RF generator HP 8648C US37390585 18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-05) In house check: Nov 06 Network Analyzer HP 8753E Katja Pokovic Technical Manager Calibrated by: Quality Manager Approved by: Niets Kuster Issued: May 3, 2006 This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



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Calibration Laboratory of

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Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space
ConF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP diode compression point
Polarization φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9 9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at

measurement center), i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

 a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003

 b) CENELEC EN 50361, "Basic standard for the measurement of Specific Absorption Rate related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields from mobile phones (300 MHz - 3 GHz), July 2001

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not effect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This
 linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of
 the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

Certificate No: ET3-1782_May06

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ET3DV6 SN:1782

May 2, 2006

Probe ET3DV6

SN:1782

Manufactured:

April 15, 2003

Last calibrated:

April 28, 2004

Recalibrated:

May 2, 2006

Calibrated for DASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)



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ET3DV6 SN:1782

May 2, 2006

DASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 SN:1782

Sensitivity in Free Space ^A			Diode Compress		
NormX	1.99 ± 10.1%	$\mu V/(V/m)^2$	DCP X	94 mV	
NormY	1.67 ± 10.1%	$\mu V/(V/m)^2$	DCP Y	94 mV	
NormZ	1.88 ± 10.1%	$\mu V/(V/m)^2$	DCP Z	94 mV	

Sensitivity in Tissue Simulating Liquid (Conversion Factors)

Please see Page 8.

Boundary Effect

~		11				
т	a	١L				

900 MHz Typical SAR gradient: 5 % per mm

Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance		3.7 mm	4.7 mm	
SAR _{be} [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	7.8	4.1	
SAR _{be} [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.1	0.2	

TSL

1810 MHz

Typical SAR gradient: 10 % per mm

Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance		3.7 mm	4.7 mm	
SAR _{be} [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	6.8	3.7	
SAR _{be} [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.2	0.3	

Sensor Offset

Probe Tip to Sensor Center

2.7 mm

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 8).

Numerical linearization parameter; uncertainty not required.



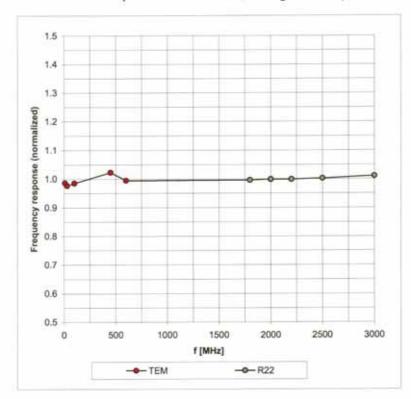
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ET3DV6 SN:1782

May 2, 2006

Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

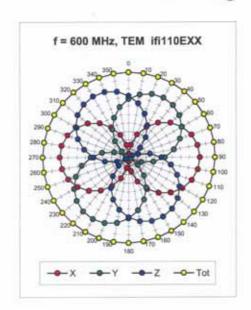


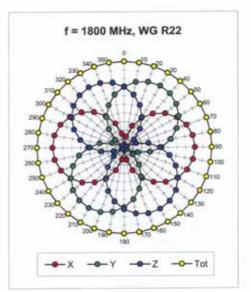
Date of Issue: 2006-06-15 Page: 37 / 51

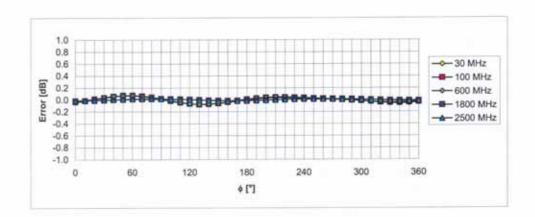
ET3DV6 SN:1782

May 2, 2006

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), θ = 0°







Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)



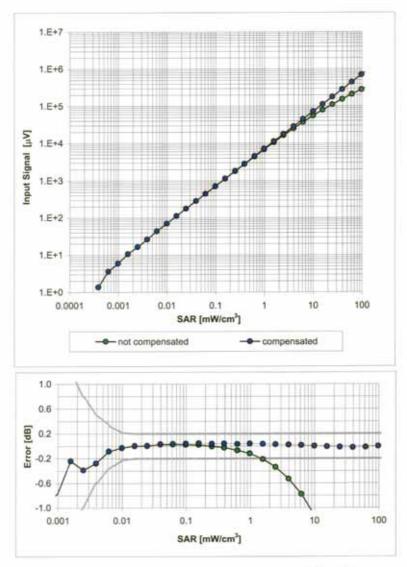
Date of Issue: 2006-06-15 Page: 38 / 51

ET3DV6 SN:1782

May 2, 2006

Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head})

(Waveguide R22, f = 1800 MHz)



Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

Certificate No: ET3-1782_May06

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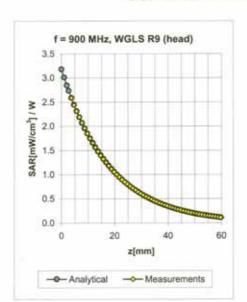


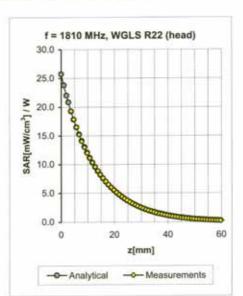
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ET3DV6 SN:1782

May 2, 2006

Conversion Factor Assessment





f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^c	TSL	Permittivity	Conductivity	Alpha	Depth	ConvF Uncertainty
450	±50/±100	Head	43.5 ± 5%	0.87 ± 5%	0.26	2.94	6.75 ± 13.3% (k=2)
900	± 50 / ± 100	Head	41.5 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	0.57	1.79	6.34 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1810	±50/±100	Head	40.0 ± 5%	$1.40 \pm 5\%$	0.48	2.81	5.19 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2000	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.50	2.77	4.72 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	±50/±100	Head	39.2 ± 5%	1.80 ± 5%	0.62	2.06	4.47 ± 11.8% (k=2)
450	± 50 / ± 100	Body	56.7 ± 5%	0.94 ± 5%	0.25	4.42	6.98 ± 13.3% (k=2)
900	±50/±100	Body	55.0 ± 5%	1.05 ± 5%	0.45	2.14	6.05 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1810	±50/±100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.58	2.58	4.73 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	±50/±100	Body	52.7 ± 5%	1.95 ± 5%	0.57	2.26	4.15 ± 11.8% (k=2)

Certificate No: ET3-1782_May06

^c The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.



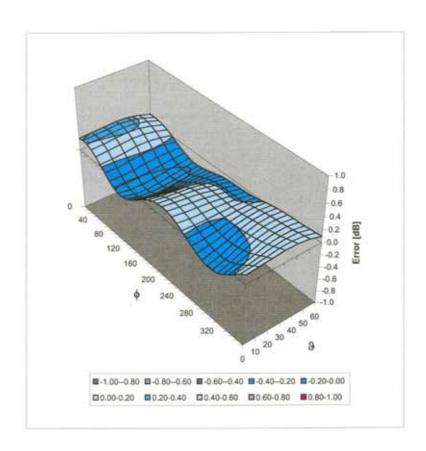
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ET3DV6 SN:1782

May 2, 2006

Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error (¢, 3), f = 900 MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

Certificate No: ET3-1782_May06

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-DAE Calibration Certificate

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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Issued: September 21, 2005

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Client SGS KES (Dymstec)

Approved by:

Certificate No: DAE3-567_Sep05

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Certificate No: DAE3-567_Sep05

Object	DAE3 - SD 000 D03 AA - SN: 567			
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-06.v12 Calibration process	dure for the data acquisition unit (I	DAE)	
Calibration date:	September 21, 20	005		
Condition of the calibrated item	In Tolerance			
		obability are given on the following pages and	are part or the certainounce.	
Calibration Equipment used (M&T	E critical for calibration)	facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)*C		
		representation of the control of the	Scheduled Calibration Jun-06	
Calibration Equipment used (M&T	E critical for calibration)	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration Jun-06 Scheduled Check	
Calibration Equipment used (M&T Primary Standards Fluke Process Calibrator Type 51018	E critical for calibration) ID # SN: 5015004	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 29-Jun-05 (ELCAL AG, No. 366856) Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Calibration Jun-06	

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Fin Bomholt

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Glossary

DAE digital acquisition electronics

Connector angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot

coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

 DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.

- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
- DC Voltage Measurement Linearity: Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
- Common mode sensitivity: Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
- Channel separation: Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
- AD Converter Values with inputs shorted: Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
- Input Offset Measurement: Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
- Input Offset Current: Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
- Input resistance: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
- Low Battery Alarm Voltage: Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
- Power consumption: Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.



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DC Voltage Measurement A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

full range = -100...+300 mV full range = -1......+3mV 6.1µV, High Range: 1LSB = 1LSB = 61nV Low Range: DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	X	Y	Z
High Range	404.737 ± 0.1% (k=2)	404.490 ± 0.1% (k=2)	404.564 ± 0.1% (k=2)
Low Range	3.93878 ± 0.7% (k=2)	3.95177 ± 0.7% (k=2)	3.94259 ± 0.7% (k=2)

Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	83°±1°

Page 3 of 5 Certificate No: DAE3-567_Sep05



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Appendix

1. [

High Range	Input (µV)	Reading (µV)	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	200000	199999.4	0.00
Channel X + Input	20000	20000.91	0.00
Channel X - Input	20000	-19997.17	-0.01
Channel Y + Input	200000	199999.3	0.00
Channel Y + Input	20000	20000.15	0.00
Channel Y - Input	20000	-19996.82	-0.02
Channel Z + Input	200000	199999.6	0.00
Channel Z + Input	20000	19996.08	-0.02
Channel Z - Input	20000	-19997.52	-0.01

Low Range	Input (μV)	Reading (µV)	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	2000	1999.9	0.00
Channel X + Input	200	200.49	0.25
Channel X - Input	200	-200.54	0.27
Channel Y + Input	2000	2000.0	0.00
Channel Y + Input	200	199.48	-0.26
Channel Y - Input	200	-201.00	0.50
Channel Z + Input	2000	2000.1	0.00
Channel Z + Input	200	199.51	-0.25
Channel Z - Input	200	-201.12	0.56

2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading (μV)	Low Range Average Reading (μV)
Channel X	200	3.18	2.44
	- 200	-1.16	-2.24
Channel Y	200	2.15	1.45
	- 200	-2.49	-3.08
Channel Z	200	6.20	5.84
	- 200	-7.85	-7.71

Channel separation
 DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X (μV)	Channel Y (μV)	Channel Z (μV)
Channel X	200		3.04	0.31
Channel Y	200	2.04	pt.	4,47
Channel Z	200	-1.13	0.50	·



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4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec: Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	16358	16626
Channel Y	16135	16300
Channel Z	15908	15338

5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time; 3 sec; Measuring time; 3 sec

Input 10MC

	Average (μV)	min. Offset (μV)	max. Offset (μV)	Std. Deviation (µV)
Channel X	0.18	-0.91	1.18	0.40
Channel Y	-0.98	-2.45	0.54	0.38
Channel Z	-0.57	-1.55	0.47	0.35

6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

7. Input Resistance

iput Resistance	Zeroing (MOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	0.2000	202.6
Channel Y	0.2001	202.2
Channel Z	0.2000	200.4

8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (verified during pre test)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6

9. Power Consumption (verified during pre test)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.0	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9



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- 2450 MHz Dipole Calibration Certificate

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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- -- DOLENIO TOL AUDOE

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

CALIBRATION (CERTIFICATE		- N
Object	D2450V2 - SN: 7	34	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v6 Calibration proce	dure for dipole validation kits	
Calibration date:	August 23, 2005		
Condition of the calibrated item	In Tolerance		
All authoritors have been send	cted in the closed laborator	ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and	humidity < 70%
Calibration Equipment used (M&	TE critical for calibration)	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM E442	TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 12-Oct-04 (METAS, No. 251-00412)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-05
Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM E442 Power sensor HP 8481A	TE critical for calibration) ID # G837480704 US37292783	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 12-Oct-04 (METAS, No. 251-00412) 12-Oct-04 (METAS, No. 251-00412)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-05 Oct-05
Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM E442 Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator	TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g)	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 12-Oct-04 (METAS, No. 251-00412) 12-Oct-04 (METAS, No. 251-00412) 11-Aug-05 (METAS, No 251-00498)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-05 Oct-05 Aug-06
Calibration Equipment used (M8 Primary Standards Power meter EPM E442 Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 10 dB Attenuator	TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047.2 (10r)	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 12-Oct-04 (METAS, No. 251-00412) 12-Oct-04 (METAS, No. 251-00412) 11-Aug-05 (METAS, No 251-00498) 11-Aug-05 (METAS, No 251-00498)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-05 Oct-05 Aug-06 Aug-06
Calibration Equipment used (M8 Primary Standards Power meter EPM E442 Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 10 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2	TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g)	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 12-Oct-04 (METAS, No. 251-00412) 12-Oct-04 (METAS, No. 251-00412) 11-Aug-05 (METAS, No 251-00498)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-05 Oct-05 Aug-06
Calibration Equipment used (M8 Primary Standards Power meter EPM E442 Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 10 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4	TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047 2 (10r) SN 3025	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 12-Oct-04 (METAS, No. 251-00412) 12-Oct-04 (METAS, No. 251-00412) 11-Aug-05 (METAS, No 251-00498) 11-Aug-05 (METAS, No 251-00498) 29-Oct-04 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3025_Oct04) 07-Jan-05 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-601_Jan05) Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-05 Oct-05 Aug-06 Aug-06 Oct-05 Jan-06 Scheduled Check
Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM E442 Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 10 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4	TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047.2 (10r) SN 3025 SN 601	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 12-Oct-04 (METAS, No. 251-00412) 12-Oct-04 (METAS, No. 251-00412) 11-Aug-05 (METAS, No 251-00498) 11-Aug-05 (METAS, No 251-00498) 29-Oct-04 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3025_Oct04) 07-Jan-05 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-601_Jan05) Check Date (in house) 18-Oct-02 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-03)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-05 Oct-05 Aug-06 Aug-06 Oct-05 Jan-06 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-05
Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM E442 Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 10 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SML-03	TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047.2 (10r) SN 3025 SN 601 ID # MY41092317 100698	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 12-Oct-04 (METAS, No. 251-00412) 12-Oct-04 (METAS, No. 251-00412) 11-Aug-05 (METAS, No 251-00498) 11-Aug-05 (METAS, No 251-00498) 29-Oct-04 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3025_Oct04) 07-Jan-05 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-601_Jan05) Check Date (in house) 18-Oct-02 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-03) 27-Mar-02 (SPEAG, in house check Dec-03)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-05 Oct-05 Aug-06 Aug-06 Oct-05 Jan-06 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-05 In house check: Dec-05
Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM E442 Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 10 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SML-03	TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047.2 (10r) SN 3025 SN 601 ID # MY41092317	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 12-Oct-04 (METAS, No. 251-00412) 12-Oct-04 (METAS, No. 251-00412) 11-Aug-05 (METAS, No 251-00498) 11-Aug-05 (METAS, No 251-00498) 29-Oct-04 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3025_Oct04) 07-Jan-05 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-601_Jan05) Check Date (in house) 18-Oct-02 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-03)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-05 Oct-05 Aug-06 Aug-06 Oct-05 Jan-06 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-05
Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM E442 Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 10 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SML-03 Network Analyzer HP 8753E	TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047.2 (10r) SN 3025 SN 601 ID # MY41092317 100698 US37390585 S4206 Name	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 12-Oct-04 (METAS, No. 251-00412) 12-Oct-04 (METAS, No. 251-00412) 11-Aug-05 (METAS, No 251-00498) 11-Aug-05 (METAS, No 251-00498) 29-Oct-04 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3025_Oct04) 07-Jan-05 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-601_Jan05) Check Date (in house) 18-Oct-02 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-03) 18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-04) Function	Scheduled Calibration Oct-05 Oct-05 Aug-06 Oct-05 Jan-06 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-05 In house check: Nov-05 Signature
Calibration Equipment used (M8 Primary Standards Power meter EPM E442 Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 10 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SML-03 Network Analyzer HP 8753E	TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047 2 (10r) SN 3025 SN 601 ID # MY41092317 100698 US37390585 S4206	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 12-Oct-04 (METAS, No. 251-00412) 12-Oct-04 (METAS, No. 251-00412) 11-Aug-05 (METAS, No 251-00498) 11-Aug-05 (METAS, No 251-00498) 29-Oct-04 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3025_Oct04) 07-Jan-05 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-601_Jan05) Check Date (in house) 18-Oct-02 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-03) 18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-04) Function	Scheduled Calibration Oct-05 Oct-05 Aug-06 Oct-05 Jan-06 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-05 In house check: Nov-05 Signature
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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland SWISS C. T. Z PIZIBRATE

Schweizerischer Kalibrierdiens Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Federal Office of Metrology and Accreditation The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid

ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z N/A not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) CENELEC EN 50361, "Basic standard for the measurement of Specific Absorption Rate related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields from mobile phones (300 MHz - 3 GHz), July 2001
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
 positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
 measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
 reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
 No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.



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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1

DASY Version	DASY4	V4.6
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Area Scan resolution	dx, dy = 15 mm	
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	38.5 ± 6 %	1.73 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature during test	(21.0 ± 0.2) °C	38.4 ± 6 %	1.77 mho/m ± 6 %

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.7 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	54.8 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters 1	normalized to 1W	55.2 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.35 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	25.4 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters 1	normalized to 1W	25.6 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Certificate No: D2450V2-734_Aug05

¹ Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"



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Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	53.7 Ω + 2.5 jΩ
Return Loss	-27.3 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

152 ns
1.

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG	
Manufactured on	May 7 , 2003	



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DASY4 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 23.08.2005 18:04:57

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN734

Communication System: CW-2450; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL U10 BB;

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.77 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 38.4$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV2 SN3025; ConvF(4.4, 4.4, 4.4); Calibrated: 29.10.2004
- · Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 22.07.2004
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 9; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 151

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Area Scan (41x61x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

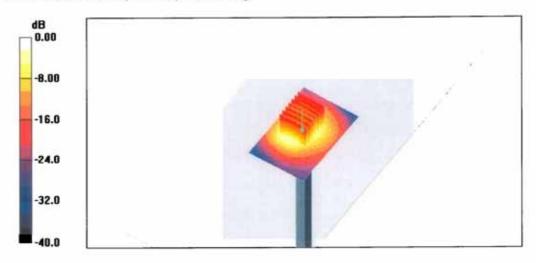
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 17.3 mW/g

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 88.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.7 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.35 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.4 mW/g



0 dB = 15.4 mW/g



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Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL

