# **Certificate of Test**

NCT Co., Ltd.

211-71, Geumgok-ro, Hwaseong-si, Gyeonggi-do, 18511, Korea

(Tel: +82-31-323-6070 / Fax: +82-31-323-6071)

Report No.: NW2003-F004

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#### 1. Client

Name: SENA TECHNOLOGIES.Inc

o Address: 19, Heolleung-ro 569-gil, Gangnam-gu, Seoul, Korea

o Date of Receipt : 2020-03-16

2. Use of Report: FCC & IC Approval

3. Test Sample

o Description / Model Name : 5S / SP77

o FCC ID: S7A-SP77 / IC ID: 8154A-SP77

4. Date of Test: 2020-03-16 ~ 2020-03-23

5. Test method used: FCC Part 15 Subpart C 15.247

RSS-247 Issue 2(2017-02), RSS-GEN Issue 5(2018-04)

#### 6. Testing Environment:

 $\circ$  Temperature: (25  $\pm$  5) °C, Humidity: Less than 75 % R.H.

\* Unless specified otherwise in the individual methods, the tests were conducted on ambient conditions.

(signature)

7. Test Results: Refer to the test results

The results shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested unless otherwise stated. This Test Report cannot be reproduced, except in full

This test report is prepared according to the requirements of ISO / IEC 17025.

Affirmation

Tested by

Jong-Myoung, Shin

**Technical Manager** 

Kyung-Taek, Lee

(signature)

March 24, 20

NCT CO., LTD.

NTP-015-F06(Rev.03) NCT.CO., LTD.



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# 1. General Information's

#### 1.1 Test Performed

Laboratory : NCT Co., Ltd.

Address : 211-71, Geumgok-ro, Hwaseong-si, Gyeonggi-do, 18511, Korea

Telephone : +82-31-323-6070 Facsimile : +82-31-323-6071

FCC Designation No. : KR0166
FCC Registration No. : 409631
IC Site Registration No. : 25897

# 2. Information's about Test Item

# **2.1 Applicant Information**

Company name : SENA TECHNOLOGIES.Inc

Address : 19, Heolleung-ro 569-gil, Gangnam-gu, Seoul, Korea

Telephone / Facsimile : +82-2-571-8283 / +82-2-573-7710

# 2.2 Equipment Under Test (EUT) description

Test item particulars : 5S

Model and/or type reference : SP77

Additional model name : -

Serial number : Identification

Antenna type and gain : PCB Pattern Antenna with Max gain : -1.79 dBi

Date (s) of performance of tests: : 2020-03-16 ~ 2020-03-23

Date of receipt of test item : 2020-03-16

EUT condition : Pre-production, not damaged

Number of channel : 79

EUT Power Source : DC 3.7 V

Type of Modulation : Basic Mode(GFSK), EDR Mode(Pi/4 DQPSK, 8DPSK)

FirmWare version : 1.0
Hardware version : 1.0

Test software name(version) : CSR BlueSuite\_BlueTest3(2.6.2)



# 2.3 Tested Frequency

Test Mode		Test frequency (쌘)	
rest wode	Low frequency	Middle frequency	High frequency
GFSK	2 402	2 442	2 480
Pi/4 DQPSK	2 402	2 442	2 480
8DPSK	2 402	2 442	2 480

# 2.4 Worst-Case

BDR	GFSK(DH5)
EDR	8DPSK(3-DH5)

Note: The power measurement has been conducted to determine the worst-case mode from all possible combinations between available modulations, data rates.



# 3. Test Report

# 3.1 Test Summary

Applied	FCC Rule	IC Rule	Test Items	Test Condition	Result
$\boxtimes$	15.203	-	Antenna Requirement		С
$\boxtimes$	15.247(a)	-	20 dB Bandwidth		С
$\boxtimes$	-	RSS GEN (6.7)	Occupied Bandwidth (99%)		С
$\boxtimes$	15.247(a)	RSS-247 (5.1)	Number of Hopping Frequencies		С
$\boxtimes$	15.247(a)	RSS-247 (5.1)	Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)	Conducted	С
$\boxtimes$	15.247(a)	RSS-247 (5.1)	Carrier Frequencies Separation  Peak Output Power		С
$\boxtimes$	15.247(b)	RSS-247 (5.4)			С
$\boxtimes$	15.247(d)	RSS-247 (5.5)	Conducted Spurious Emission		С
	15.247(d)	RSS-247 (5.5)			_
$\boxtimes$	15.205 &	RSS-GEN	Radiated Spurious Emission	Radiated	С
	15.209	(8.9 & 8.10)			
$\square$	15.207	DOC OFN (0.0)	Conducted Emissions	AC Line	С
	15.207	RSS-GEN (8.8)	Conducted Emissions	Conducted	

Note 1: C=Complies NC=Not Complies NT=Not Tested NA=Not Applicable

The sample was tested according to the following specification: ANSI C63.10:2013.

Compliance was determined by specification limits of the applicable standard according to customer requirements.



# 3.2 Test Report Version

Test Report No.	Date	Description
NW2003-F004	2020-03-24	Initial issue



# 3.3 Transmitter Requirements

#### 3.3.1 Antenna Requirement

According to §15.203 An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.

Accoding to §15.247(b)(4) e conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (b) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi. Except as shown in paragraph (c) of this section, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

#### 3.3.1.1 Result

#### Complies

(The transmitter has a PCB Pattern Antenna. The directional peak gain of the antenna is -1.79 dBi.)



# 3.3.2 20 dB Bandwidth & Occupied Bandwidth (99%)

#### 3.3.2.1 Test Setup

Refer to the APPENDIX I.

#### 3.3.2.2 Limit

Limit: Not Applicable

#### 3.3.2.3 Test Procedure

- 1. The 20 dB bandwidth & Occupied bandwidth were measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to RF antenna Connector (conducted measurement) while EUT was operating in transmit mode. The analyzer center frequency was set to the EUT carrier frequency, using the analyzer.
- 2. The bandwidth of the fundamental frequency was measured with the spectrum analyzer using below setting:

RBW = 1% to 5% of the 20 dB Bandwidth & Occupied Bandwidth

 $VBW \ge 3 \times RBW$ 

Span = between two times and five times the 20 dB Bandwidth & Occupied Bandwidth

Sweep = Auto

Detector function = Peak

Trace = Max Hold

#### 3.3.2.4 Test Result

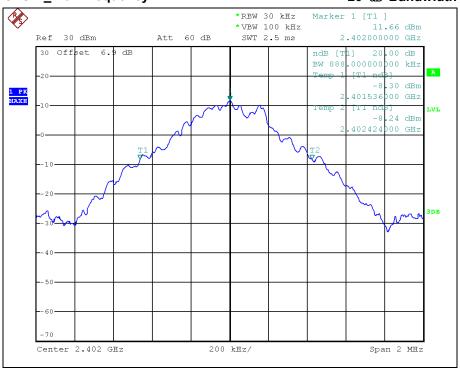
Test Mode	Test Frequency	20 <sup>dB</sup> Bandwidth (M <sup>tz</sup> )	Occupied Bandwidth (배가)
	Low	0.888	0.860
GFSK	Middle	0.888	0.872
	High	0.888	0.884
	Low	1.240	1.160
8DPSK	Middle	1.240	1.160
	High	1.240	1.164



#### 3.3.2.5 Test Plot



#### 20 dB Bandwidth



# **GFSK \_ Middle frequency**

#### 20 dB Bandwidth





# GFSK \_ High frequency

#### 20 dB Bandwidth



# 8DPSK \_ Low frequency

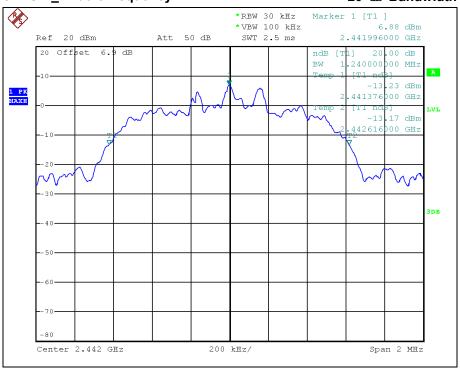
#### 20 dB Bandwidth





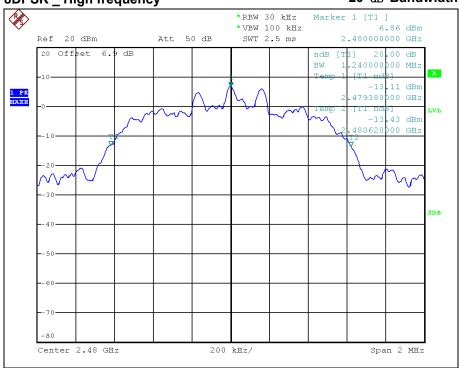
# 8DPSK \_ Middle frequency

#### 20 dB Bandwidth



# 8DPSK \_ High frequency

#### 20 dB Bandwidth





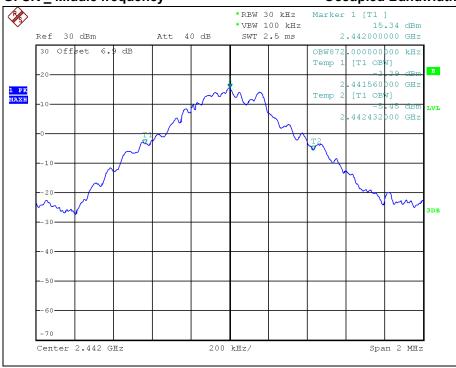


#### **Occupied Bandwidth**

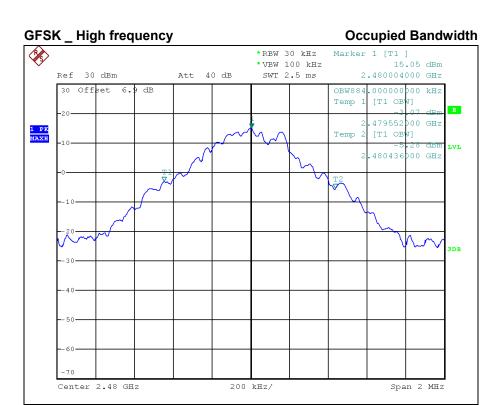


#### **GFSK \_ Middle frequency**

#### **Occupied Bandwidth**

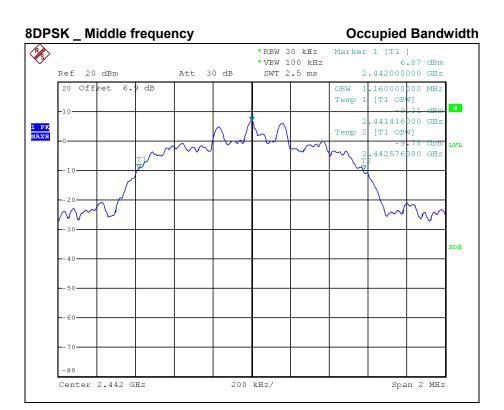






# 8DPSK \_ Low frequency **Occupied Bandwidth** Marker 1 [T1] \*RBW 30 kHz 3.61 dBm \*VBW 100 kHz Ref 20 dBm Att 30 dB SWT 2.5 ms 2.401996000 GHz 20 Offset 6.9 dB 1.1600000000 MHz OBW Temp 1 [T1 OBW] 401416000 GHz 1 PK MAXH [T1 OBW] .402576000 GHz 3DB Center 2.402 GHz 200 kHz/ Span 2 MHz





# 8DPSK \_ High frequency

#### **Occupied Bandwidth**





# 3.3.3 Number of Hopping Frequencies

#### 3.3.3.1 Test Setup

Refer to the APPENDIX I.

#### 3.3.3.2 Limit

Limit: >= 15 hops

#### 3.3.3.3 Test Procedure

The number of hopping frequencies was measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the antenna terminal, while EUT had its hopping function enabled.

To get higher resolution, two frequency ranges for FH mode within the 2400 ~ 2483.5 № were examined.

The spectrum analyzer is set to:

Span = 50 ₩z

RBW = To identify clearly the individual channels, set the RBW to less than 30% of the channel spacing or the 20  $\,\mathrm{dB}$  bandwidth, whichever is smaller.

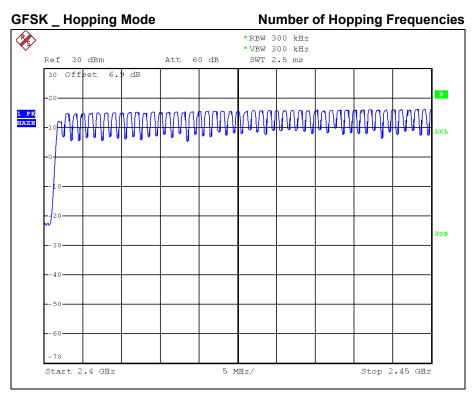
VBW ≥ RBW Sweep = Auto
Detector = Peak Trace = Max hold

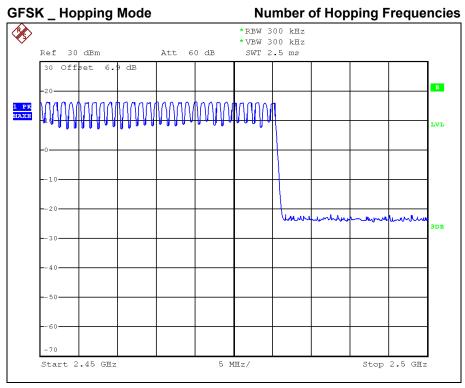
#### 3.3.3.4 Test Result

Test Mode	Number of Hopping Channels
GFSK	79
8DPSK	79

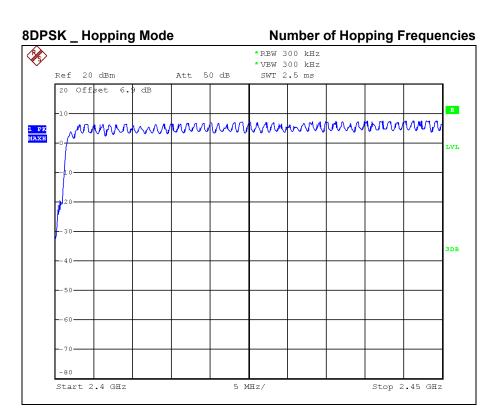


#### 3.3.3.5 Test Plot









# 



# 3.3.4 Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)

#### 3.3.4.1 Test Setup

Refer to the APPENDIX I.

#### 3.3.4.2 Limit

The maximum permissible time of occupancy is 400 ms within a period of 400 ms multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

#### 3.3.4.3 Test Procedure

The dwell time was measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the antenna terminal, while EUT had its hopping function enabled.

Span = Zero

The spectrum analyzer is set to:

Center frequency = 2442 Mb

RBW = 1  $\,\mathrm{Mb}$  (RBW shall be  $\,\leq\,$  channel spacing and where possible RBW should be set >> 1 / T,

where T is the expected dwell time per channel)

VBW ≥ RBW Detector = Peak

Trace = Max hold

#### 3.3.4.4 Test Result

Test Mode	Number of Hopping Channels	Burst On Time (ms)	Result (sec)	Limit (sec)
GFSK (non-AFH)	79	2.912	0.31	0.40
GFSK (AFH)	20	2.912	0.16	0.40
8DPSK (non-AFH)	79	2.928	0.31	0.40
8DPSK (AFH)	20	2.928	0.16	0.40

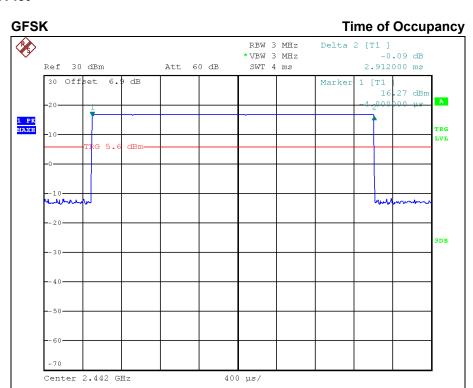
Note: Dwell Time = 0.4 x Hopping channel x Burst On Time x ((Hopping rate / Time slots) / Hopping channel)

<sup>-</sup> Time slots for DH5 = 6 slots (TX = 5 slot / RX = 1 slot)

<sup>-</sup> Hopping Rate = 1600 for FH mode & 800 for AFH mode

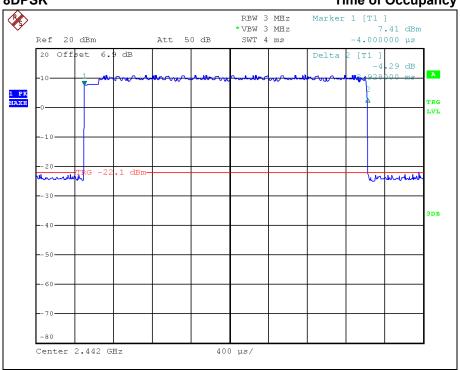


#### 3.3.4.5 Test Plot



### 8DPSK

#### **Time of Occupancy**





# 3.3.5 Carrier Frequencies Separation

#### 3.3.5.1 Test Setup

Refer to the APPENDIX I.

#### 3.3.5.2 Limit

Limit :  $\geq$  25 kHz or  $\geq$  Two-Thirds of the 20 dB Bandwidth whichever is greater.

#### 3.3.5.3 Test Procedure

The carrier frequency separation was measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the antenna terminal, while EUT had its hopping function enabled.

After the trace being stable, the reading value between the peaks of the adjacent channels using the marker delta function was recorded as the measurement results.

The spectrum analyzer is set to:

Span = wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels

RBW = Start with the RBW set to approximately 30% of the channel spacing; adjust as necessary to best identify the center of each individual channel.

VBW ≥ RBW Sweep = Auto
Detector = Peak Trace = Max hold

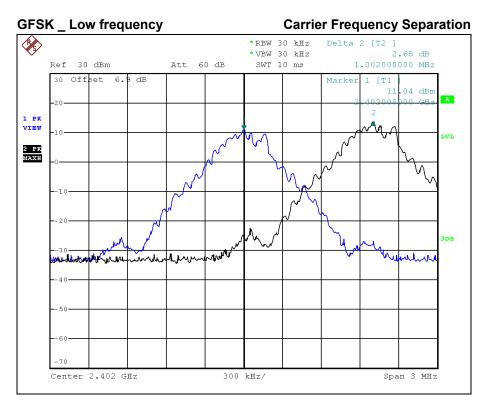
#### 3.3.5.4 Test Result

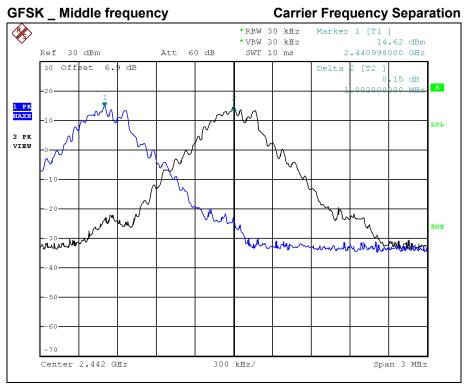
Test Mode	Test Frequency	Carrier Frequencies Separation (KHz)	Min. Limit ( <sup>k/z</sup> )
GFSK	Low	1.002	0.592
	Middle	1.002	0.592
	High	1.002	0.592
8DPSK	Low	1.002	0.827
	Middle	1.002	0.827
	High	1.002	0.827

Note: Limit(kHz) = Test Result of 20 dB BW \* 2/3

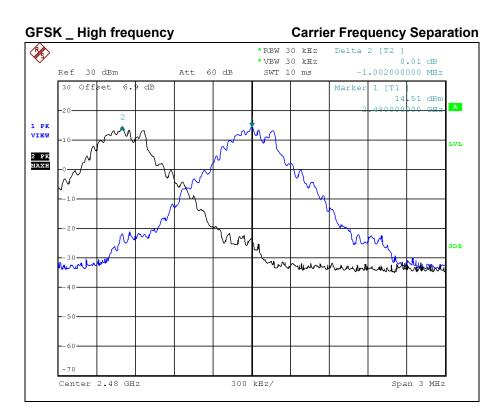


#### 3.3.5.5 Test Plot

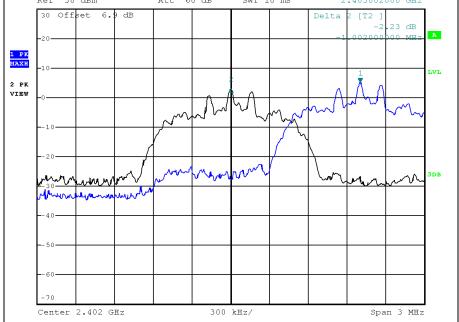




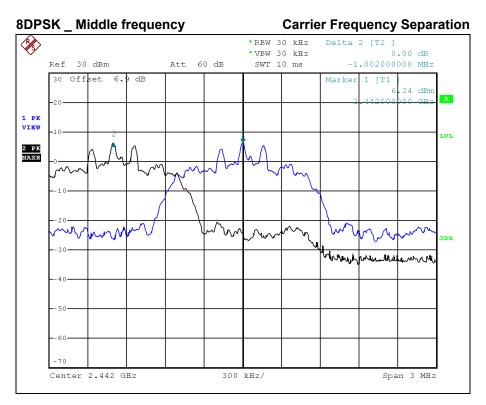




#### 

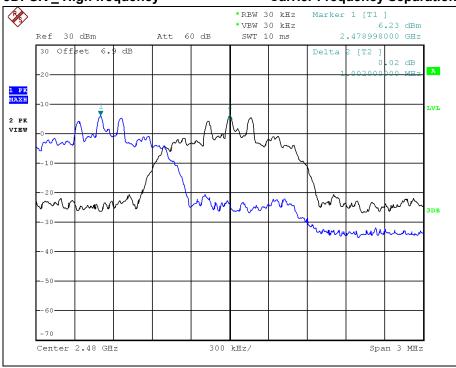






# 8DPSK \_ High frequency

# **Carrier Frequency Separation**





# 3.3.6 Peak Output Power

#### 3.3.6.1 Test Setup

Refer to the APPENDIX I.

#### 3.3.6.2 Limit

#### **■** FCC Requirements

The maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following:

- 1. §15.247(a)(1), Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW.
- 2. §15.247(b)(1), For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400 2483.5 Mb employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725 5805 Mb band: 1 Watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 Mb band: 0.125 watts.

#### ■ IC Requirements

1. RSS-247(5.4) (b), For FHSS operating in the band 2400 - 2483.5 MHz, the maximum peak conducted output power shall not exceed 1.0 W if the hopset uses 75 or more hopping channels, the maximum peak conducted output power shall not exceed 0.125 W if the hopset uses less than 75 hopping channels. The e.i.r.p shall not exceed 4 W, except as provided in section 5.4(e)

#### 3.3.6.3 Test Procedure

- The RF output power was measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the RF Antenna connector (conducted measurement) while EUT was operating in transmit mode at the appropriate center frequency, a spectrum analyzer was used to record the shape of the transmit signal.
- 2. The peak output power of the fundamental frequency was measured with the spectrum analyzer using; Span = approximately 5 times of the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel

RBW ≥ 20 dB Bandwidth

VBW ≥ RBW

Sweep = Auto

Detector function = Peak

Trace = Max Hold



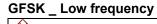
#### 3.3.6.4 Test Result

Test Mode	To a4 Fire sure and	Peak Output Power		Frame Average Power	
	Test Frequency -	dB <b>m</b>	mW	dB <b>m</b>	mW
	Low	13.16	20.70	12.49	17.74
GFSK	Middle	16.90	48.98	16.57	45.39
	High	16.78	47.64	16.47	44.36
	Low	7.05	5.07	4.28	2.68
Pi/4 DQPSK	Middle	10.21	10.50	7.22	5.27
	High	10.19	10.45	7.01	5.02
	Low	7.69	5.87	4.39	2.75
8DPSK	Middle	11.25	13.34	7.39	5.48
	High	11.06	12.76	7.11	5.14

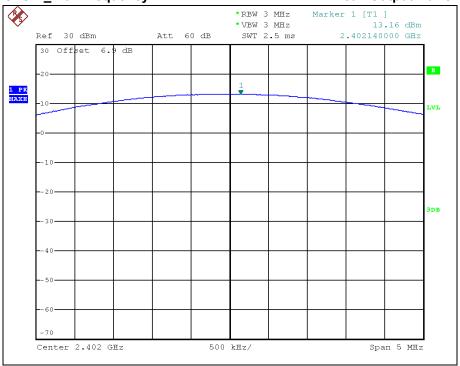
Note1: Frame Average Power was tested using an average power meter for reference only.



#### 3.3.6.5 Test Plot



# **Peak Output Power**

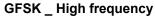


#### **GFSK** \_ Middle frequency

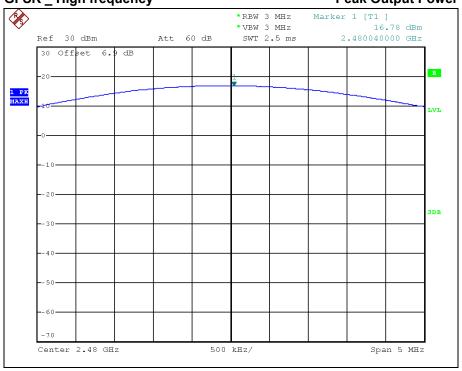
#### **Peak Output Power**





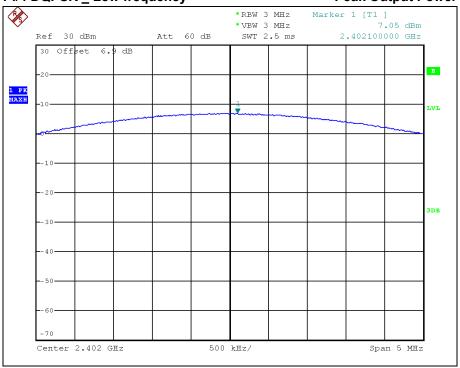


#### **Peak Output Power**



# Pi/4 DQPSK \_ Low frequency

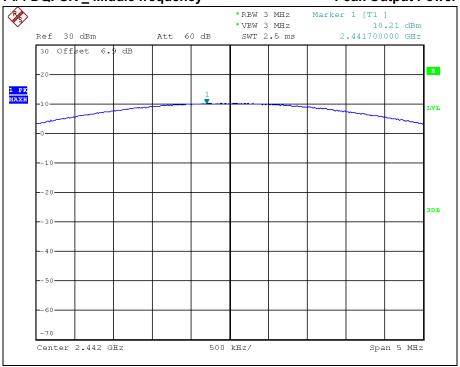
#### **Peak Output Power**





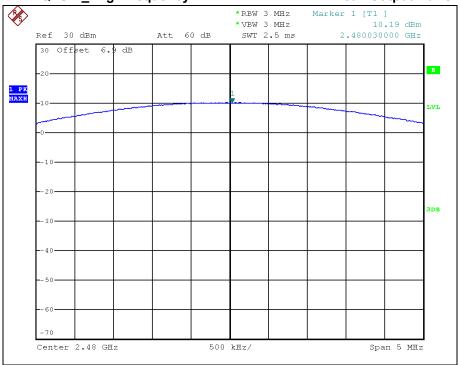


#### **Peak Output Power**



# Pi/4 DQPSK \_ High frequency

#### **Peak Output Power**





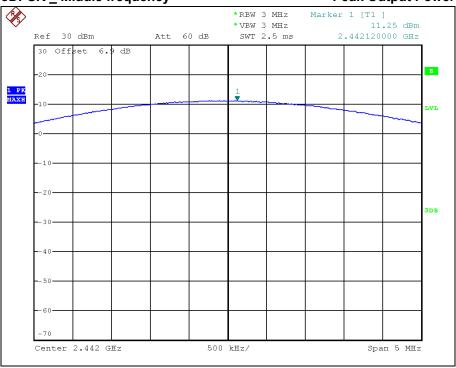


#### **Peak Output Power**

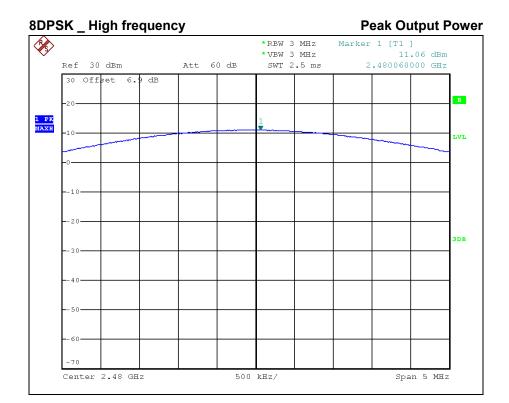


# 8DPSK \_ Middle frequency

#### **Peak Output Power**









# 3.3.7 TX Radiated Spurious Emission and Conducted Spurious Emission

#### 3.3.7.1 Test Setup

Refer to the APPENDIX I.

#### 3.3.7.2 Limit

According to §15.247(d), in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph(b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in section §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emission which in the restricted band, as define in section §15.205(a), must also comply the radiated emission limits specified in section §15.209(a) (see section §15.205(c))

According to § 15.209(a), except as provided elsewhere in this Subpart, the emissions from an intentional

radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table

Frequency (MHz)	Limit (uV/m)	Measurement Distance (meter)
0.009 ~ 0.490	2400/F (kHz)	300
0.490 ~ 1705	24000/F (kHz)	30
1705 ~ 30.0	30	30
30 ~ 88	100 **	3
88 ~ 216	150 **	3
216 ~ 960	200 **	3
Above 960	500	3

<sup>\*\*</sup> Except as provided in 15.209(g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this Section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54 - 72 Mb, 76 - 88 Mb, 174 - 216 Mb or 470 – 806 Mb. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this Part, e.g. 15.231 and 15.241.



According to § 15.205(a) and (b), only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.009 ~ 0.110	16.42 ~ 16.423	399.90 ~ 410	4.5 ~ 5.15
0.495 ~ 0.505	16.69475 ~ 16.69525	608 ~ 614	5.35 ~ 5.46
2.1735 ~ 2.1905	16.80425 ~ 16.80475	960 ~ 1240	7.25 ~ 7.75
4.125 ~ 4.128	25.5 ~ 25.67	1300 ~ 1427	8.025 ~ 8.5
4.17725 ~ 4.17775	37.5 ~ 38.	1435 ~ 1626.5	9.0 ~ 9.2
4.20725 ~ 4.20775	25 73 ~ 74.6	1645.5 ~ 1646.5	9.3 ~ 9.5
4.17725 ~ 4.17775	74.8 ~ 75.2	1660 ~ 1710	10.6 ~ 12.7
6.215 ~ 6.218	108 ~ 121.94	1718.8 ~ 1722.2	13.25 ~ 13.4
6.26775 ~ 6.26825	149.9 ~ 150.05	2200 ~ 2300	14.47 ~ 14.5
6.31175 ~ 6.31225	156.52475 ~ 156.52525	2310 ~ 2390	15.35 ~ 16.2
8.291 ~ 8.294	156.7 ~ 156.9	2483.5 ~ 2500	17.7 ~ 21.4
8.362 ~ 8.366	162.0125 ~ 167.17	2690 ~ 2900	22.01 ~ 23.12
8.37625 ~ 8.38675	3345.8 ~ 3358	3260 ~ 3267	23.6 ~ 24.0
8.41425 ~ 8.41475	3600 ~ 4400	3332 ~ 3339	31.2 ~ 31.8
12.51975 ~ 12.52025	3345.8 ~ 3358	240 ~ 285	36.43 ~ 36.5
12.57675 ~ 12.57725	3600 ~ 4400	322 ~ 335.4	Above 38.6
13.36 ~ 13.41			

The field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in §15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1000 Mb, compliance with the limits in §15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1000 Mb, compliance with the emission limits in §15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in §15.35 apply to these measurements.



#### 3.3.7.3 Test Procedure for Radiated Spurious Emission

- 1. The EUT is placed on a non-conductive table. For emission measurements at or below 1 Glz, the table height is 80 cm. For emission measurements above 1 Glz, the table height is 1.5 m. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- 2. During performing radiated emission below 1 ( the EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower. During performing radiated emission above 1 (the EUT was set 1 or 3 meter away from the interference-receiving antenna.)
- 3. For measurements above 10½ absorbers are placed on the floor between the turn table and the antenna mast in such a way so as to maximize the reduction of reflections. For measurements below 1 0½, the absorbers are removed.
- 4. The antenna is a broadBand antenna, and its height is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
- 5. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters and the table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
- 6. The test-receiver system was set to Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.
- 7. If the emission level of the EUT in peak mode was 10 dB lower than the limit specified, then testing could be stopped and the peak values of the EUT would be reported. Otherwise the emissions that did not have 10 dB margin would be re-tested one by one using peak, quasi-peak or average method as specified and then reported in a data sheet.

#### **Measurement Instrument Setting**

2. Frequency Range: Above 1 @

Peak Measurement

RBW = 1 Mb, VBW = 3 Mb, Detector = Peak, Sweep time = Auto,

Trace mode = Max Hold until the trace stabilizes

Average Measurement

RBW = 1 Mz, VBW ≥ 1/T, Detector = Peak, Sweep Time = Auto,

Trace Mode = Max Hold until the trace stabilizes



### 3.3.7.4 Test Procedure for Conducted Spurious Emission

- 1. The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyzer.
- 2. The reference level of the fundamental frequency was measured with the spectrum analyzer using RBW = 100  $\, \text{kHz}$ , VBW = 300  $\, \text{kHz}$ .
- 3. The conducted spurious emission was tested each ranges were set as below.

Frequency range: 30 Mb ~ 26.5 Gb

RBW = 100 kHz, VBW = 300 kHz, Sweep Time = Auto, Detector = Peak,

Trace = Max Hold

LIMIT LINE = 20 dB below of the reference level of above measurement procedure Step 2. (RBW = 100 kHz, VBW = 300 kHz)



#### 3.3.7.5 Test Result

#### 9 址 ~ 25 谜 Data (Modulation: GFSK)

#### Low frequency

Frequency	Reading				Enster DCCE		Limits		sult	Margin	
	(dB uV/m)		Pol.	Factor	DCCF	(dB uV/m)		(dB uV/m)		(dB)	
(Mt)	AV / Peak			(dB)	(dB)	AV /	Peak	AV /	Peak	AV /	Peak
4 804.00	N/A	60.83	V	-9.66	-24.70	54.0	74.0	26.5	51.2	27.5	22.8
7 206.00	N/A	57.46	V	-0.52	-24.70	54.0	74.0	32.2	56.9	21.8	17.1
9 608.00	N/A	54.58	Н	0.64	-24.70	54.0	74.0	30.5	55.2	23.5	18.8

#### Middle frequency

Frequency	Reading				DOGE	Limits		Result		Margin	
	(dB uV/m)		Pol.	Factor (dB)	DCCF (dB)	(dB uV/m)		(dB uV/m)		(dB)	
(Mtz)	AV / Peak			(ab)		AV /	Peak	AV /	Peak	AV /	Peak
4 884.00	N/A	64.37	V	-9.57	-24.70	54.0	74.0	30.1	54.8	23.9	19.2
7 326.00	N/A	55.66	Н	-0.44	-24.70	54.0	74.0	30.5	55.2	23.5	18.8
9 768.00	N/A	58.14	Н	1.03	-24.70	54.0	74.0	34.5	59.2	19.5	14.8

#### High frequency

<b>F</b>	Reading (B uV/m)  AV / Peak				Limits		Result		Margin		
Frequency			Pol.	Factor	DCCF	(dB uV/m) AV / Peak		( B uV/m)  AV / Peak		(dB) AV / Peak	
(Mtz)				(dB)	(ab)						
2 483.50	N/A	38.80	٧	33.7	-24.70	54.0	74.0	47.8	72.5	6.2	1.5
4 960.00	N/A	64.04	V	-9.66	-24.70	54.0	74.0	29.7	54.4	24.3	19.6
7 440.00	N/A	62.08	٧	-0.19	-24.70	54.0	74.0	37.2	61.9	16.8	12.1
9 920.00	N/A	59.14	Н	1.42	-24.70	54.0	74.0	35.9	60.6	18.1	13.4

Note 1: The radiated emissions were inverstigated 9  $\,\mathrm{Mz}$  to 25  $\,\mathrm{GHz}$ . And no other spurious and harmonic emissions were found above listed frequencies.

Note 2: DCCF(Duty Cycle Correction Factor)

- Time to cycle through all channels = ∆t = T [ms] X 20 minimum hopping channels, where T = pulse width = 2.912 ms
- 100 ms /  $\Delta t$  [ms] = H -> Round up to next highest integer, to account for worst case, H' = 100 / ( 2.912 X 20 ) = 1.71  $\,=\,2$
- The Worst Case Dwell Time = T [ms] x H' = 2.912 ms X 2 = 5.82 ms
- DCCF = 20 x log(The Worst Case Dwell Time / 100 ms)  $\,\mathrm{dB}$  = 20 x log( 5.82 / 100 ) = -24.70  $\,\mathrm{dB}$

Note 3: Sample Calculation.

Margin = Limit - Result / Peak Result = Peak Reading + TF / Average Result = Peak Reading + TF + DCCF TF = Ant factor + Cable Loss + Filter Loss - Amp Gain



#### 9 kt ~ 25 €t Data (Modulation: 8DPSK)

#### Low frequency

Frequency	Reading		Reading		Reading Limits Factor DCCF		Res	sult	Margin (dB)		
	(dB uV/m)		Pol. (dB)		(dB)	(dB uV/m)		(dB uV/m)			
(Mt/)	AV / Peak			(ab)	(ab)	AV /	Peak	AV /	Peak	AV /	Peak
4 804.00	N/A	54.77	٧	-9.66	-24.65	54.0	74.0	20.5	45.1	33.5	28.9

Middle frequency

Frequency	Reading				Limits		Result		Margin		
	(		Pol. (dB)	Factor	(dB)	(dB uV/m)		(dB uV/m)		(dB)	
(Mt/)				(ab)		AV /	Peak	AV /	Peak	AV /	Peak
4 884.00	N/A	58.23	٧	-9.57	-24.65	54.0	74.0	24.0	48.7	30.0	25.3

High frequency

Frequency	Reading				Res	Result		Margin			
	( B uV/m)  AV / Peak		Pol.	Factor (dB)	(dB)	(dB uV/m)		(dB uV/m)		(dB)	
(Mt)						AV /	Peak	AV /	Peak	AV /	Peak
4 960.00	N/A	58.00	V	-9.66	-24.65	54.0	74.0	23.7	48.3	30.3	25.7

Note 1: The radiated emissions were inverstigated 9  $\,\mathrm{Mz}$  to 25  $\,\mathrm{GHz}$ . And no other spurious and harmonic emissions were found above listed frequencies.

Note 2: DCCF(Duty Cycle Correction Factor)

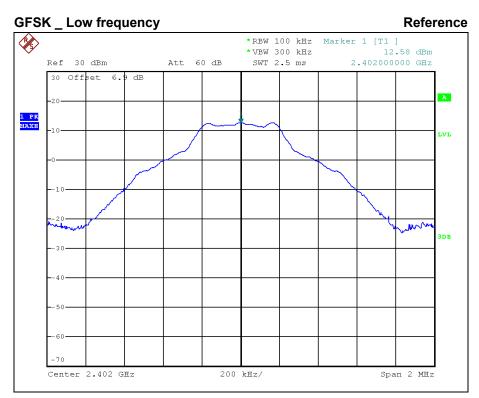
- Time to cycle through all channels = ∆t = T [ms] X 20 minimum hopping channels, where T = pulse width = 2.928 ms
- 100 ms /  $\Delta t$  [ms] = H -> Round up to next highest integer, to account for worst case, H' = 100 / ( 2.928 X 20 ) = 1.71 = 2
- The Worst Case Dwell Time = T [ms] x H' = 2.928 ms X 2 = 5.86 ms
- DCCF = 20 x log(The Worst Case Dwell Time / 100 ms) dB = 20 x log( 5.86 / 100 ) = -24.65 dB

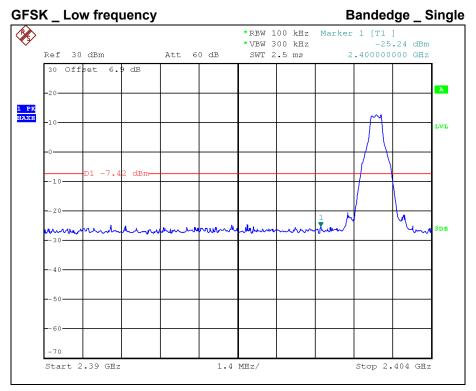
Note 3: Sample Calculation.

Margin = Limit - Result / Peak Result = Peak Reading + TF / Average Result = Peak Reading + TF + DCCF TF = Ant factor + Cable Loss + Filter Loss - Amp Gain

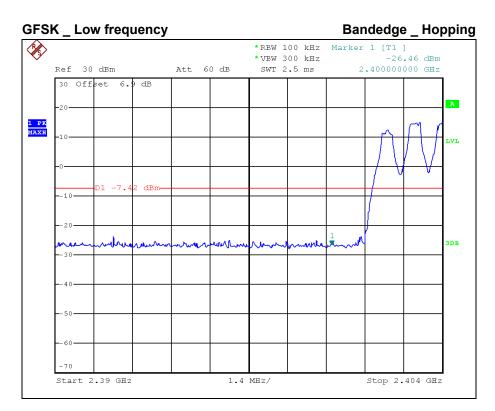


### 3.3.7.6 Test Plot for Conducted Spurious Emission



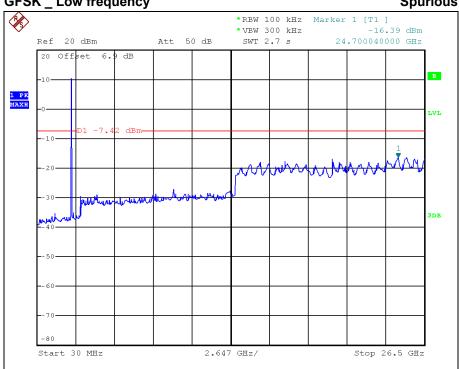




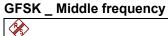


### **GFSK** \_ Low frequency

#### **Spurious**





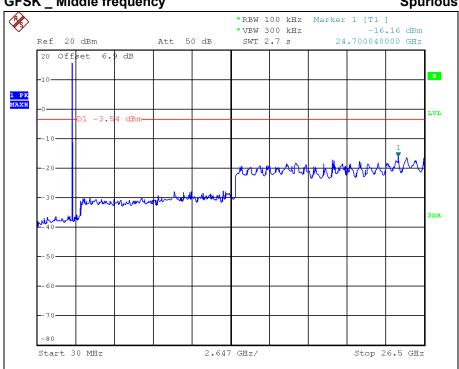


#### Reference

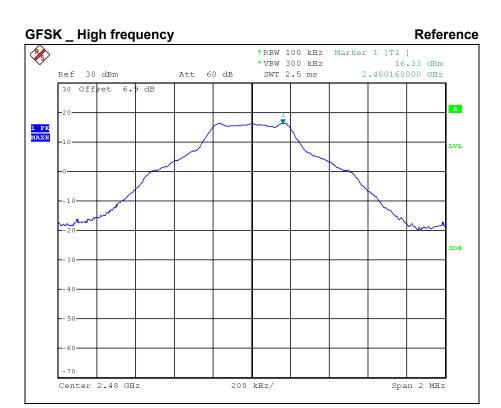


### **GFSK \_ Middle frequency**

#### **Spurious**

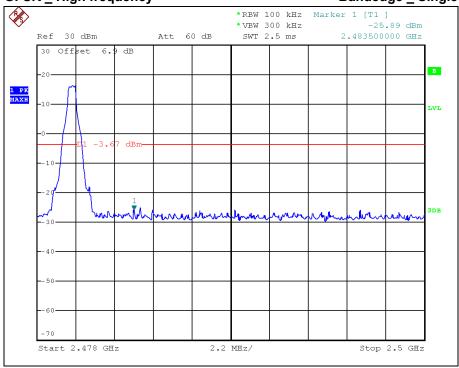




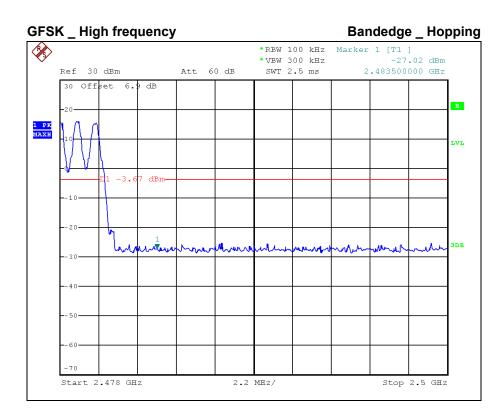


# **GFSK** \_ High frequency

### Bandedge \_ Single





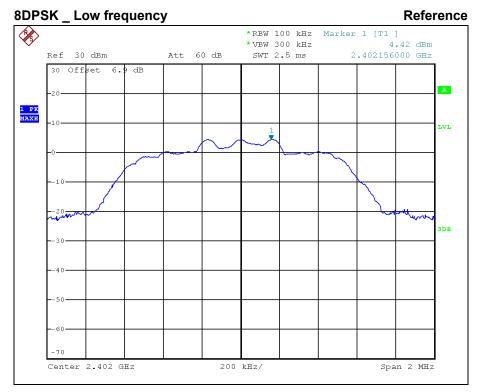


# GFSK \_ High frequency

#### **Spurious**

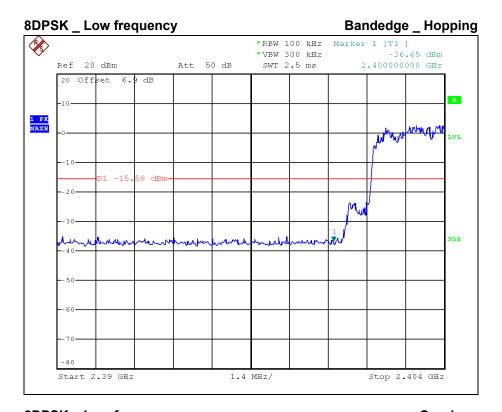




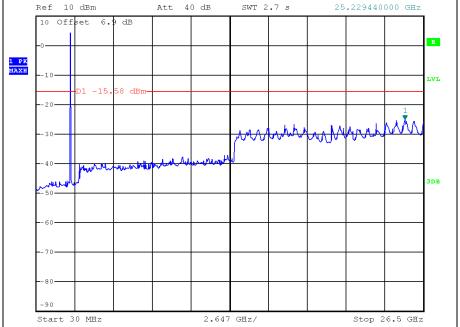


# 8DPSK \_ Low frequency Bandedge \_ Single \*RBW 100 kHz Marker 1 [T1 ] \*VBW 300 kHz -34.85 dBm \*VBW 300 kHz Ref 20 dBm Att 50 dB SWT 2.5 ms 2.400000000 GHz 20 Offset 6.9 dB A 1 PK MAXH LVL D1 -15.<mark>58 dBm</mark> Start 2.39 GHz 1.4 MHz/ Stop 2.404 GHz

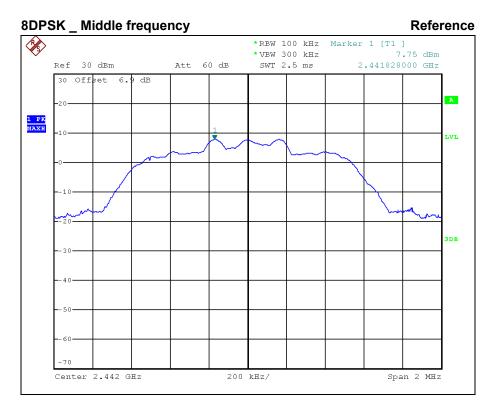




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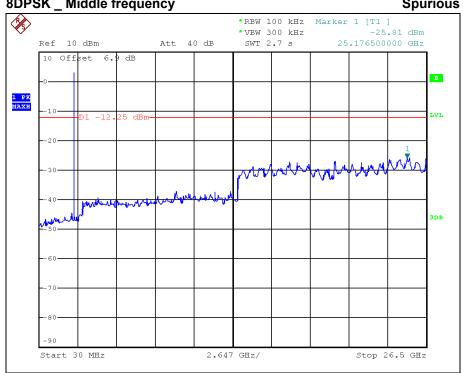




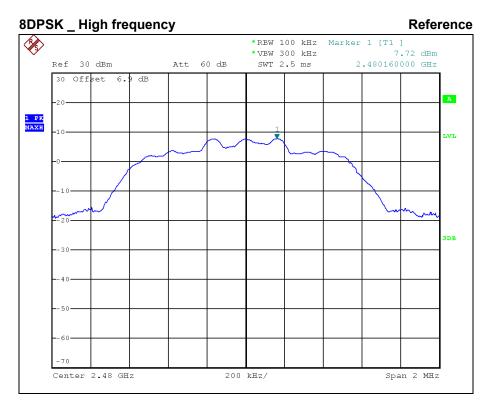


### 8DPSK \_ Middle frequency

#### **Spurious**

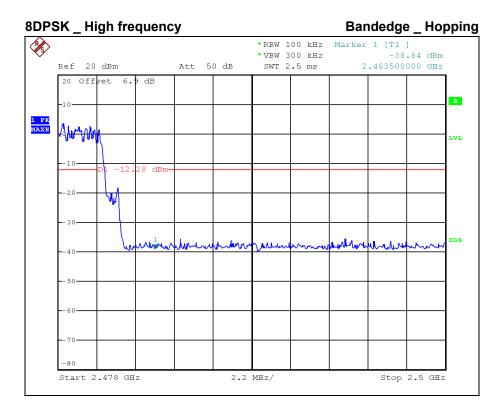




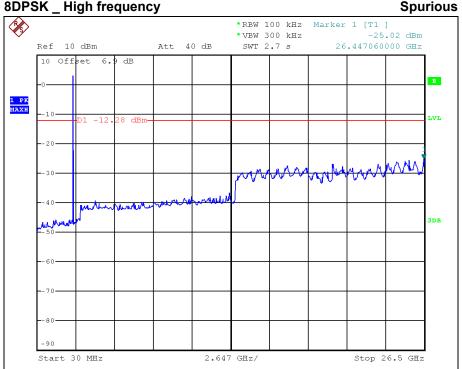


# 





# 8DPSK \_ High frequency \*VBW 300 kHz





#### 3.3.8 Conducted Emission

#### 3.3.8.1 Test Setup

See test photographs for the actual connections between EUT and support equipment.

#### 3.3.8.2 Limit

According to §15.207(a) for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 klb to 30 Mb, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 uH/50 ohm line impedance stabilization network (LISN).

Compliance with the provision of this paragraph shall on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

Frequency Range (IIIIz)	Conducted Limit (dBuV)				
	Quasi-Peak	Average			
0.15 ~ 0.5	66 to 56 *	56 to 46 *			
0.5 ~ 5	56	46			
5 ~ 30	60	50			

<sup>\*</sup> Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency

#### 3.3.8.3 Test Procedure

Conducted emissions from the EUT were measured according to the ANSI C63.10.

- 1. The test procedure is performed in a 6.5 m  $\times$  3.5 m  $\times$  3.5 m (L  $\times$  W  $\times$  H) shielded room. The EUT along with its peripherals were placed on a 1.0 m (W)  $\times$  1.5 m (L) and 0.8 m in height wooden table and the EUT was adjusted to maintain a 0.4 meter space from a vertical reference plane.
- 2. The EUT was connected to power mains through a line impedance stabilization network (LISN) which provides 50 ohm coupling impedance for measuring instrument and the chassis ground was bounded to the horizontal ground plane of shielded room.
- 3. All peripherals were connected to the second LISN and the chassis ground also bounded to the horizontal ground plane of shielded room.
- 4. The excess power cable between the EUT and the LISN was bundled. The power cables of peripherals were unbundled. All connecting cables of EUT and peripherals were moved to find the maximum emission.



#### 3.3.8.4 Test Result

• AC Line Conducted Emission (Graph)

# **Test Report**

#### Common Information

Test Model:

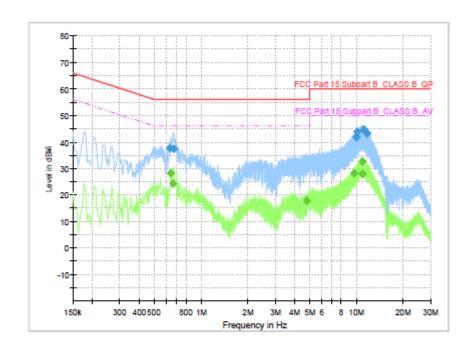
Test Standard: FCC Part 15 Subpart B

Test Mode: Bluetooth

Test Conditions: AC 120 V, 60 Hz / 23.2 'C, 39.8 % R.H.

JongMyoung, Shin LINE Operator Name:

Comment Order Number:



#### Final Result

								_
Frequency	QuasiPeak	CAverage	Limit	Margin	Meas. Time	Bandwidth	Line	Corr.
(MHz)	(dB¥iV)	(dB¥iV)	(dB\vec{4}V)	(dB)	(ms)	(kHz)		(dB)
0.632000	37.55	I	56.00	18.45	1000.0	9.000	L1	0.2
0.636000	-	28.32	46.00	17.68	1000.0	9.000	L1	0.2
0.664000	-	24.38	46.00	21.62	1000.0	9,000	L1	0.2
0.668000	37.30	-	56.00	18.70	1000.0	9,000	L1	0.2
4.788000		17.84	46.00	28.16	1000.0	9.000	L1	0.4
9.648000		28.10	50.00	21.90	1000.0	9.000	L1	0.7
10.048000	41.89	-	60.00	18.11	1000.0	9.000	L1	0.8
10.156000	43.79	-	60.00	16.21	1000.0	9.000	L1	0.8
10.896000		32.53	50.00	17.47	1000.0	9,000	L1	0.8
10.900000	-	27.99	50.00	22.01	1000.0	9.000	L1	0.8
11.144000	44.51	_	60.00	15.49	1000.0	9.000	L1	0.9
11.784000	43.19	-	60.00	16.81	1000.0	9.000	L1	0.9



# **Test Report**

#### Common Information

SP77 Test Model:

Test Standard: FCC Part 15 Subpart B

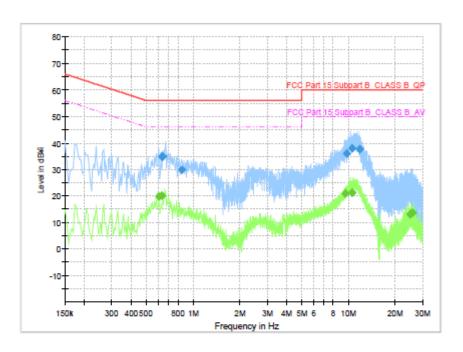
Test Mode: Bluetooth

AC 120 V, 60 Hz / 23.2 'C, 39.8 % R.H. Test Conditions:

JongMyoung, Shin NEUTRAL Operator Name:

Comment

Order Number:



#### Final Result

I IIIai Ives	uit							
Frequency	QuasiPeak	CAverage	Limit	Margin	Meas. Time	Bandwidth	Line	Corr.
(MHz)	(dB¥iV)	(dB¥iV)	(dB\vec{4} V)	(dB)	(ms)	(kHz)		(dB)
0.604000	_	19.74	46.00	26.26	1000.0	9.000	N	0.2
0.632000	34.81	_	56.00	21.19	1000.0	9.000	N	0.2
0.632000		20.05	46.00	25.95	1000.0	9,000	N	0.2
0.636000	34.96	-	56.00	21.04	1000.0	9,000	N	0.2
0.844000	29.91	-	56.00	26.09	1000.0	9.000	N	0.2
9.536000		21.02	50.00	28.98	1000.0	9.000	N	0.7
9.796000	36.04	-	60.00	23.96	1000.0	9.000	N	0.8
10.568000	37.92	-	60.00	22.08	1000.0	9.000	N	0.8
10.600000	ı	21.17	50.00	28.83	1000.0	9,000	N	0.8
11.796000	37.80	-	60.00	22.20	1000.0	9.000	N	0.9
25.108000		13.04	50.00	36.96	1000.0	9.000	N	1.5
25.768000		13.64	50.00	36.36	1000.0	9.000	N	1.5

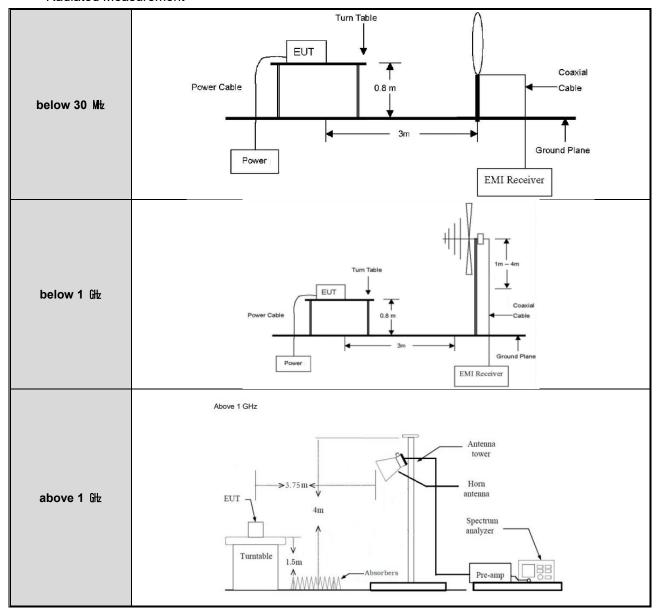


# APPENDIX I

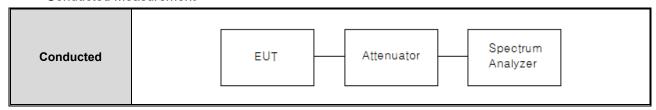
**TEST SETUP** 



#### Radiated Measurement



#### Conducted Measurement





## APPENDIX II

### **TEST EQUIPMENT USED FOR TESTS**



	Description	Manufacturer	Serial No.	Model No.	Cal. Date	Next Cal. Date
1	SPECTRUM ANALYZER	R&S	100250	FSU26	2019-09-23	2020-09-23
2	SPECTRUM ANALYZER	R&S	100617	FSP40	2020-03-10	2021-03-10
3	USB Power sensor	Agilent	MY52500002	U2021XA	2020-03-10	2021-03-10
4	Humi./Baro/Temp. data recorder	Lutron	38420	MHB-382SD	2019-11-18	2020-11-18
5	Temperature & humidity cabinet	TERCHY	1060906	MHCB-64AZDA	2019-12-09	2020-12-09
6	SIGNAL GENERATOR	HP	3614A00312	83640B	2019-11-22	2020-11-22
7	Vector SG	R&S	255563	SMBV100A	2020-03-10	2021-03-10
8	Power supply	GWInstsk	EH120798	PST-3202	2020-03-10	2021-03-10
9	Triple Output DC Power Supply	Agilent	MY40038816	E3631A	2020-03-10	2021-03-10
10	ATTENUATOR	Agilent	08259	8493C	2020-03-11	2021-03-11
11	POWER DIVIDER	Agilent	11664	11636B	2020-03-11	2021-03-11
12	POWER DIVIDER	Agilent	51623	11636B	2020-03-11	2021-03-11
13	STEP ATTENUATOR	HP	2852A00842	8495D	2020-03-11	2021-03-11
14	TRILOG BroadBand Antenna	Schwarzbeck	01027	VULB 9168	2019-06-17	2020-06-17
15	TRILOG BroadBand Antenna	Schwarzbeck	01029	VULB 9168	2019-06-20	2020-06-20
16	Double Ridged BroadBand Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck	02087	BBHA 9120D	2019-07-26	2020-07-26
17	Double Ridged BroadBand Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck	02086	BBHA 9120D	2019-07-26	2020-07-26
18	BroadBand Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck	00938	BBHA 9170	2019-07-10	2020-07-10
19	BroadBand Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck	00937	BBHA 9170	2019-07-10	2020-07-10
20	Amplifier	TESTEK	190007-L	TK-PA18H	2019-05-29	2020-05-29
21	Amplifier	TESTEK	190008-L	TK-PA1840H	2019-06-03	2020-06-03
22	LOOP-ANTENNA	Schwarzbeck	00124	FMZB1519 B	2019-06-27	2020-06-27
23	LISN	Schwarzbeck	00984	NSLK 8127	2019-06-20	2020-06-20
24	EMI Test Receiver	R&S	102116	ESRP3	2019-07-24	2020-07-24