



TEST REPORT



DT&C Co., Ltd.

42, Yurim-ro, 154Beon-gil, Cheoin-gu, Yongin-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea, 17042
Tel : 031-321-2664, Fax : 031-321-1664

1. Report No : DRTFCC1703-0027(1)
2. Customer
 - Name : Sena Technologies, Inc.
 - Address : 19, Heolleung-ro 569-gil, Gangnam-gu, Seoul, South Korea
3. Use of Report : FCC Original Grant
4. Product Name / Model Name : Motorcycle Bluetooth Communication System / SP38
FCC ID : S7A-SP38
5. Test Method Used : ANSI C63.10-2013
Test Specification : FCC Part 15 Subpart C.247,
RSS-247 Issue 1 (2015-05), RSS-GEN Issue 4 (2014-11)
6. Date of Test : 2017.02.13 ~ 2017.02.23
7. Testing Environment : See appended test report.
8. Test Result : Refer to the attached test result.

| | | |
|-------------|--|---|
| Affirmation | Tested by | Technical Manager |
| | Name : JungWoo Kim  (Signature) | Name : HyunSu Son  (Signature) |

The test results presented in this test report are limited only to the sample supplied by applicant and the use of this test report is inhibited other than its purpose. This test report shall not be reproduced except in full, without the written approval of DT&C Co., Ltd.

2017 . 03 . 17 .

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If this report is required to confirmation of authenticity, please contact to report@dtnc.net

Test Report Version

| Test Report No. | Date | Description |
|--------------------|---------------|--|
| DRTFCC1703-0027 | Mar. 09, 2017 | Initial issue |
| DRTFCC1703-0027(1) | Mar. 17, 2017 | Seperated the report for FCC (Delete the IC) |
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Note: Test report DRTFCC1703-0027(1) issued on Mar. 17, 2017 supercedes previously issued test report DRTFCC1703-0027 on Mar. 09, 2017.

Table of Contents

| | |
|---|------------|
| 1. General Information | 4 |
| 1.1 Testing Laboratory | 4 |
| 1.2 Testing Environment | 4 |
| 1.3 Measurement Uncertainty | 4 |
| 1.4 Details of Applicant | 5 |
| 1.5 Description of EUT | 5 |
| 1.6 Declaration by the applicant / manufacturer | 5 |
| 1.7 Information about the FHSS characteristics | 6 |
| 1.8 Test Equipment List..... | 7 |
| 1.9 Summary of Test Results..... | 8 |
| 1.10 Conclusion of worst-case and operation mode..... | 9 |
| 2. Maximum Peak Output Power Measurement | 10 |
| 2.1 Test Setup | 10 |
| 2.2 Limit..... | 10 |
| 2.3 Test Procedure..... | 10 |
| 2.4 Test Results | 11 |
| 3. 20 dB BW | 22 |
| 3.1 Test Setup | 22 |
| 3.2 Limit..... | 22 |
| 3.3 Test Procedure..... | 22 |
| 3.4 Test Results | 23 |
| 4. Carrier Frequency Separation | 34 |
| 4.1 Test Setup | 34 |
| 4.2 Limit..... | 34 |
| 4.3 Procedure..... | 34 |
| 4.4 Test Results | 34 |
| 5. Number of Hopping Frequencies | 44 |
| 5.1 Test Setup | 44 |
| 5.2 Limit..... | 44 |
| 5.3 Procedure..... | 44 |
| 5.4 Test Results | 44 |
| 6. Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time) | 56 |
| 6.1 Test Setup | 56 |
| 6.2 Limit..... | 56 |
| 6.3 Test Procedure..... | 56 |
| 6.4 Test Results | 56 |
| 7. Transmitter Radiated Spurious Emissions and Conducted Spurious Emission | 66 |
| 7.1 Test Setup | 66 |
| 7.2 Limit..... | 66 |
| 7.3. Test Procedures..... | 67 |
| 7.3.1. Test Procedures for Radiated Spurious Emissions | 67 |
| 7.3.2. Test Procedures for Conducted Spurious Emissions..... | 68 |
| 7.4. Test Results | 69 |
| 7.4.1. Radiated Emissions..... | 69 |
| 7.4.3.1. Conducted Spurious Emissions_Module 0 | 77 |
| 7.4.3.2. Conducted Spurious Emissions_Module 1 | 101 |
| 8. Transmitter AC Power Line Conducted Emission | 125 |
| 8.1 Test Setup | 125 |
| 8.2 Limit..... | 125 |
| 8.3 Test Procedures..... | 125 |
| 8.4 Test Results | 126 |
| 9. Antenna Requirement | 130 |
| 10. Occupied Bandwidth (99 %) | 131 |
| 10.1 Test Setup | 131 |
| 10.2 Limit..... | 131 |
| 10.3 Test Procedure..... | 131 |
| 10.4 Test Results | 131 |
| APPENDIX I | 145 |
| APPENDIX II | 146 |

1. General Information

1.1 Testing Laboratory

| DT&C Co., Ltd. | | |
|--|--|---|
| Standard | Site number | Address |
| FCC | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 165783 | 42, Yurim-ro 154 beon-gil, Cheoin -gu, Yongin-si, Gyeonggi -do, South Korea 449-935 |
| | <input type="checkbox"/> 804488 | 42, Yurim-ro 154 beon-gil, Cheoin -gu, Yongin-si, Gyeonggi -do, South Korea 449-935 |
| | <input type="checkbox"/> 596748 | 42, Yurim-ro 154 beon-gil, Cheoin -gu, Yongin-si, Gyeonggi -do, South Korea 449-935 |
| | <input type="checkbox"/> 678747 | 683-3, Yubang-dong, Cheoin-gu, Yongin-si, Kyeonggi-do, Korea, 449-080 |
| IC | <input type="checkbox"/> 5740A-3 | 42, Yurim-ro 154 beon-gil, Cheoin -gu, Yongin-si, Gyeonggi -do, South Korea 449-935 |
| | <input type="checkbox"/> 5740A-2 | 683-3, Yubang-dong, Cheoin-gu, Yongin-si, Kyeonggi-do, Korea, 449-080 |
| www.dtnet.net | | |
| Telephone | : | + 82-31-321-2664 |
| FAX | : | + 82-31-321-1664 |

1.2 Testing Environment

| Ambient Condition | |
|---------------------|-----------------|
| ▪ Temperature | +22 °C ~ +24 °C |
| ▪ Relative Humidity | 42 % ~ 47 % |

1.3 Measurement Uncertainty

| Test items | Measurement uncertainty |
|---|---|
| Transmitter Output Power | 0.92 dB (The confidence level is about 95 %, k = 2) |
| Conducted spurious emission | 0.94 dB (The confidence level is about 95 %, k = 2) |
| AC conducted emission | 2.4 dB (The confidence level is about 95 %, k = 2) |
| Radiated spurious emission (1 GHz Below) | 5.1 dB (The confidence level is about 95 %, k = 2) |
| Radiated spurious emission (1 GHz ~ 18 GHz) | 5.4 dB (The confidence level is about 95 %, k = 2) |
| Radiated spurious emission (18 GHz Above) | 5.3 dB (The confidence level is about 95 %, k = 2) |

1.4 Details of Applicant

Applicant : Sena Technologies, Inc.
 Address : 19, Heolleung-ro 569-gil, Gangnam-gu, Seoul, South Korea
 Contact person : Seunghyun Kim

1.5 Description of EUT

| | |
|--------------------------------|---|
| EUT | Motorcycle Bluetooth Communication System |
| Model Name | SP38 |
| Add Model Name | NA |
| Serial Number | Identical prototype |
| Hardware version | 1.0 |
| Software version | 1.0 |
| Power Supply | DC 3.7 V |
| Frequency Range | 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz |
| Modulation Technique | GFSK, $\pi/4$ -DQPSK, 8DPSK |
| Number of Channels | 79 |
| Antenna Type | Internal Antenna |
| Module 0 / Antenna Gain | PK : 1.00 dBi |
| Module 1 / Antenna Gain | PK : 1.91 dBi |

1.6 Declaration by the applicant / manufacturer

- NA

1.7 Information about the FHSS characteristics

- This Bluetooth module has been tested by a Bluetooth Qualification Lab, and we confirm the following :
 - A) The hopping sequence is pseudorandom
 - B) All channels are used equally on average
 - C) The receiver input bandwidth equals the transmit bandwidth
 - D) The receiver hops in sequence with the transmit signal

- 15.247(g) : In accordance with the Bluetooth Industry Standard, the system is designed to comply with all of the regulations in Section 15.247 when the transmitter is presented with a continuous data (or information) system.

- 15.247(h) : In accordance with the Bluetooth Industry Standard, the system does not coordinate its channels selection / hopping sequence with other frequency hopping systems for the express purpose of avoiding the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitters.

- 15.247(h) : The EUT employs Adaptive Frequency Hopping (AFH) which identifies sources of interference namely devices operating in 802.11 WLAN and excludes them from the list of available channels. The process of re-mapping reduces the number of test channels from 79 channels to a minimum number of 20 channels.

1.8 Test Equipment List

| Type | Manufacturer | Model | Cal.Date (yy/mm/dd) | Next.Cal.Date (yy/mm/dd) | S/N |
|--|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------|
| Spectrum Analyzer | Agilent Technologies | N9020A | 16/09/09 | 17/09/09 | MY50200834 |
| Digital Multimeter | Agilent Technologies | 34401A | 17/01/04 | 18/01/04 | US36099541 |
| DC Power Supply | SM techno | SDP30-5D | 17/01/05 | 18/01/05 | 305DLJ204 |
| Signal Generator | Rohde Schwarz | SMBV100A | 17/01/04 | 18/01/04 | 255571 |
| Signal Generator | Rohde Schwarz | SMF100A | 16/06/23 | 17/06/23 | 102341 |
| Thermohygrometer | BODYCOM | BJ5478 | 16/04/22 | 17/04/22 | 120612-2 |
| Loop Antenna | Schwarzbeck | FMZB1513 | 16/04/22 | 18/04/22 | 1513-128 |
| Bilog Antenna | SCHAFFNER | CBL6112B | 16/05/23 | 18/05/23 | 2737 |
| Horn Antenna | ETS-LINDGREN | 3117 | 16/05/03 | 18/05/03 | 00140394 |
| Horn Antenna | A.H.Systems Inc. | SAS-574 | 15/09/03 | 17/09/03 | 155 |
| PreAmplifier | Agilent | 8449B | 16/02/24 | 17/02/24 | 3008A00370 |
| PreAmplifier | tsj | MLA-010K01- B01-27 | 16/03/10 | 17/03/10 | 1844539 |
| EMI TEST RECEIVER | Rohde Schwarz | ESU | 16/07/18 | 17/07/18 | 100469 |
| EMI TEST RECEIVER | Rohde Schwarz | ESCI | 16/02/25 | 17/02/25 | 100364 |
| Highpass Filter | Wainwright Instruments | WHKX12- 2580-3000- 18000-80SS | 16/09/09 | 17/09/09 | 3 |
| Highpass Filter | Wainwright Instruments | WHNX6-6320- 8000-26500- 40CC | 16/09/13 | 17/09/13 | 1 |
| ARTIFICIAL MAINS NETWORK | Narda S.T.S. / PMM | PMM L2-16B | 16/06/22 | 17/06/22 | 000WX20305 |
| SINGLE-PHASE MASTER | NF | 4420 | 16/09/08 | 17/09/08 | 3049354420023 |
| Power Meter & Wide Bandwidth Sensor | Anritsu | ML2495A | 16/05/02 | 17/05/02 | 1306007 |
| | | MA2490A | 16/05/02 | 17/05/02 | 1249001 |

1.9 Summary of Test Results

| FCC Part RSS Std. | Parameter | Limit (Using in 2400~ 2483.5 MHz) | Test Condition | Status Note 1 |
|--|-------------------------------|---|----------------------|--------------------|
| 15.247(a) RSS-247(5.1) | Carrier Frequency Separation | >= 25 kHz or >= Two thirds of the 20 dB BW, whichever is greater. | Conducted | C |
| | Number of Hopping Frequencies | >= 15 hops | | C |
| | 20 dB Bandwidth | N/A | | C |
| | Dwell Time | =< 0.4 seconds | | C |
| 15.247(b) RSS-247(5.4) | Transmitter Output Power | For FCC =< 1 Watt , if CHs >= 75 Others =< 0.125 W For IC if CHs >= 75 =< 1 Watt For Conducted Power =< 4 Watt For e.i.r.p, Others =< 0.125 W For Conducted Power. =< 0.5 Watt For e.i.r.p | | C |
| 15.247(d) RSS-247(5.5) | Conducted Spurious Emissions | The radiated emission to any 100 kHz of out-band shall be at least 20 dB below the highest in-band spectral density. | | C |
| RSS Gen(6.6) | Occupied Bandwidth (99 %) | N/A | | C |
| 15.247(d) 15.205 & 209 RSS-247(5.5) RSS-Gen (8.9 & 8.10) | Radiated Spurious Emissions | FCC 15.209 Limits RSS-Gen 8.9 | Radiated | C ^{Note2} |
| 15.207 RSS-Gen(8.8) | AC Conducted Emissions | FCC 15.207 Limits | AC Line Conducted | C |
| 15.203 RSS-Gen(8.3) | Antenna Requirements | FCC 15.203 | - | C |

Note 1 : **C** = Comply **NC** = Not Comply **NT** = Not Tested **NA** = Not Applicable

Note 2 : This test item was performed in each axis and the worst case data was reported.

Note 3 : The sample was tested according to the following specifications :

- ANSI C63.10-2013

1.10 Conclusion of worst-case and operation mode

The EUT has three type of modulation (GFSK, $\pi/4$ DQPSK and 8DPSK).

Therefore all applicable requirements were tested with all the modulations.

And packet type was tested at the worst case(DH5).

The field strength of spurious emission was measured in three orthogonal EUT positions (X-axis, Y-axis and Z-axis).

Tested frequency information,

- Hopping Function : Enable

| | TX Frequency (MHz) | RX Frequency (MHz) |
|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Hopping Band | 2402 ~ 2480 | 2402 ~ 2480 |

- Hopping Function : Disable

| | TX Frequency (MHz) | RX Frequency (MHz) |
|------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Lowest Channel | 2402 | 2402 |
| Middle Channel | 2441 | 2441 |
| Highest Channel | 2480 | 2480 |

2. Maximum Peak Output Power Measurement

2.1 Test Setup

Refer to the APPENDIX I.

2.2 Limit

■ FCC Requirements

The maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following :

1. §15.247(a)(1), Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW.
2. §15.247(b)(1), For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400 – 2483.5 MHz employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725 – 5805 MHz band : 1 Watt.

■ IC Requirements

1. RSS-247(5.4), For FHSS operating in the band 2400 - 2483.5 MHz, the maximum peak conducted output power shall not exceed 1.0 W and the e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 4 W if the hopset uses 75 or more hopping channels the maximum peak conducted output power shall not exceed 0.125 W and the e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 0.5 W if the hopset uses less than 75 hopping channels

2.3 Test Procedure

1. The RF output power was measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the RF Antenna connector (conducted measurement) while EUT was operating in transmit mode at the appropriate center frequency, A spectrum analyzer was used to record the shape of the transmit signal.
2. The bandwidth of the fundamental frequency was measured with the spectrum analyzer using ;
Span = approximately 5 times of the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel
RBW \geq 20 dB BW
VBW \geq RBW
Sweep = auto
Detector function = peak
Trace = max hold

2.4 Test Results

<Module 0>

| Modulation | Tested Channel | Frame Average Output Power | | Peak Output Power | |
|--------------------------------|----------------|----------------------------|---------------|-------------------|---------------|
| | | dBm | mW | dBm | mW |
| <u>GFSK</u> | Lowest | 8.31 | 6.776 | 9.80 | 9.550 |
| | Middle | 10.53 | 11.298 | 12.00 | 15.849 |
| | Highest | 9.41 | 8.730 | 10.80 | 12.023 |
| <u>$\pi/4$DQPSK</u> | Lowest | 5.87 | 3.864 | 10.21 | 10.495 |
| | Middle | 7.15 | 5.188 | 11.55 | 14.289 |
| | Highest | 5.88 | 3.873 | 10.25 | 10.593 |
| <u>8DPSK</u> | Lowest | 5.91 | 3.899 | 10.76 | 11.912 |
| | Middle | 7.21 | 5.260 | 12.28 | 16.904 |
| | Highest | 5.94 | 3.926 | 10.97 | 12.503 |

<Module 1>

| Modulation | Tested Channel | Frame Average Output Power | | Peak Output Power | |
|--------------------------------|----------------|----------------------------|---------------|-------------------|---------------|
| | | dBm | mW | dBm | mW |
| <u>GFSK</u> | Lowest | 13.32 | 21.478 | 14.67 | 29.309 |
| | Middle | 15.97 | 39.537 | 17.36 | 54.450 |
| | Highest | 15.06 | 32.063 | 16.30 | 42.658 |
| <u>$\pi/4$DQPSK</u> | Lowest | 6.51 | 4.477 | 11.36 | 13.677 |
| | Middle | 8.40 | 6.918 | 13.46 | 22.182 |
| | Highest | 7.58 | 5.728 | 12.33 | 17.100 |
| <u>8DPSK</u> | Lowest | 6.56 | 4.529 | 11.37 | 13.709 |
| | Middle | 8.43 | 6.966 | 13.45 | 22.131 |
| | Highest | 7.62 | 5.781 | 12.32 | 17.061 |

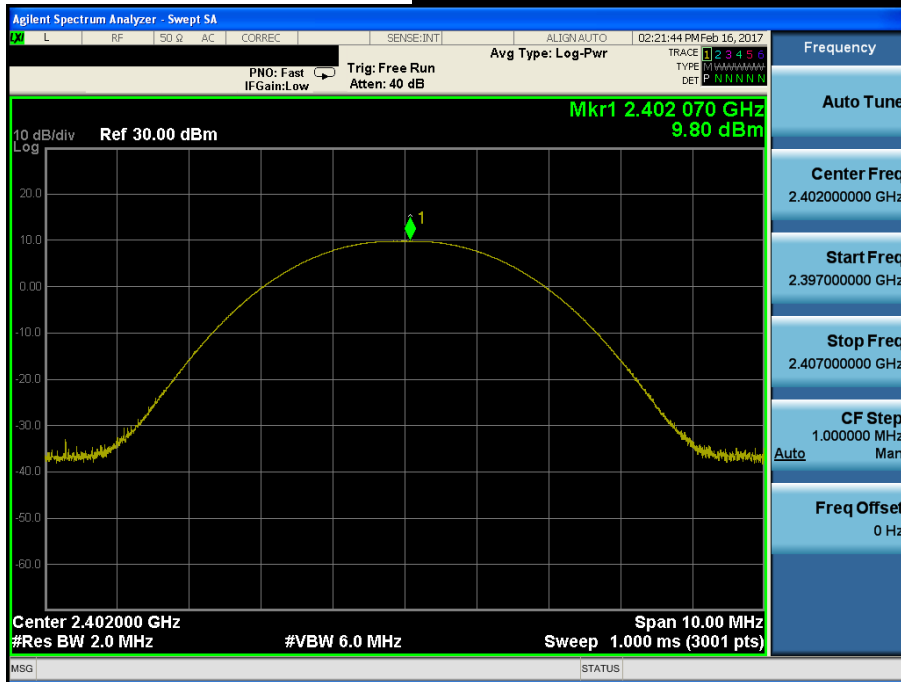
Note 1 : The frame average output power was tested using an average power meter for reference only.

Note 2 : See next pages for actual measured spectrum plots.

<Module 0>

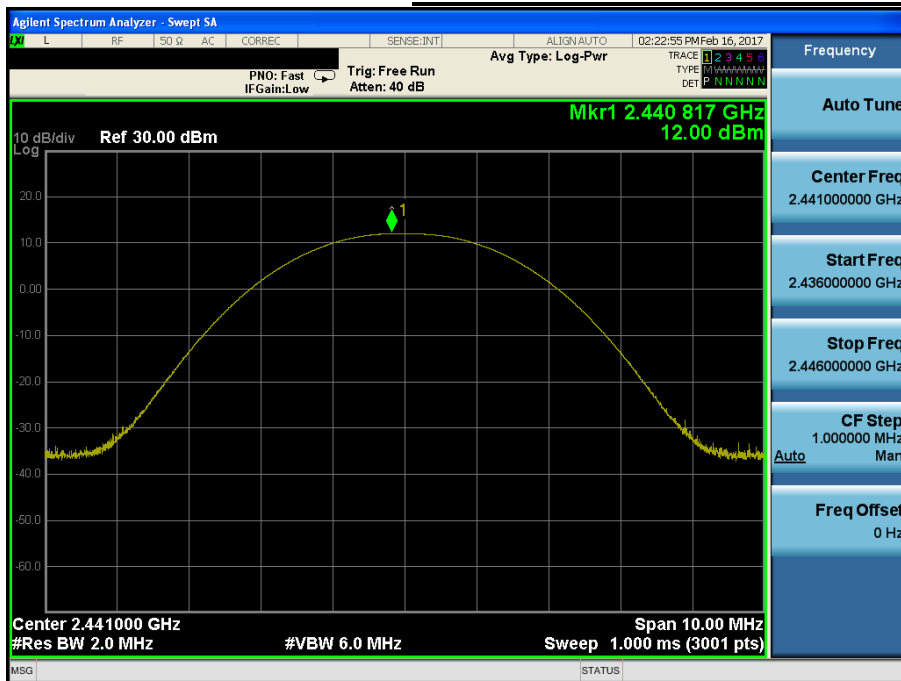
Peak Output Power

Lowest Channel & Modulation : GFSK



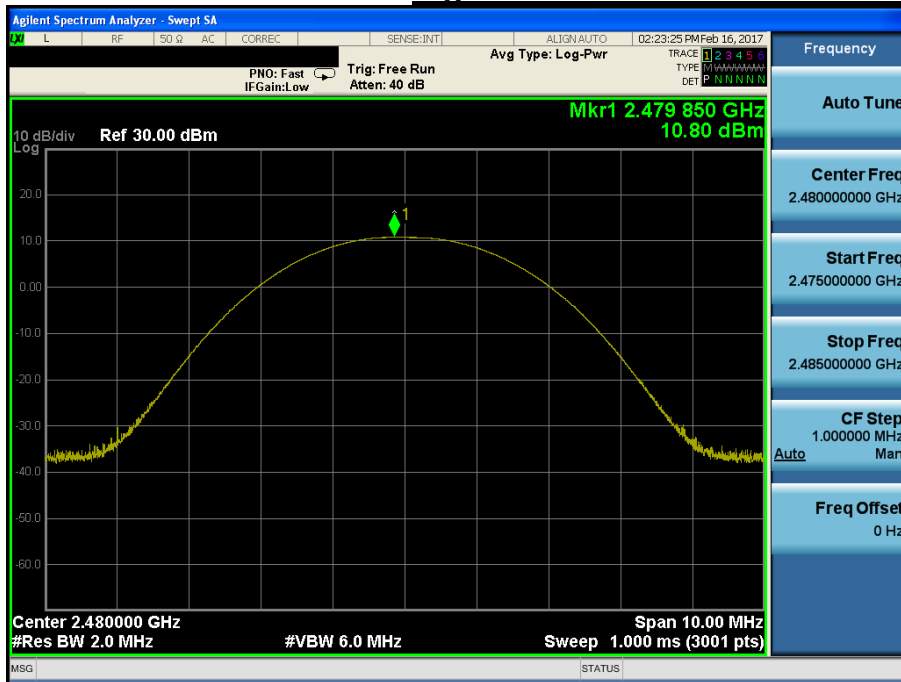
Peak Output Power

Middle Channel & Modulation : GFSK



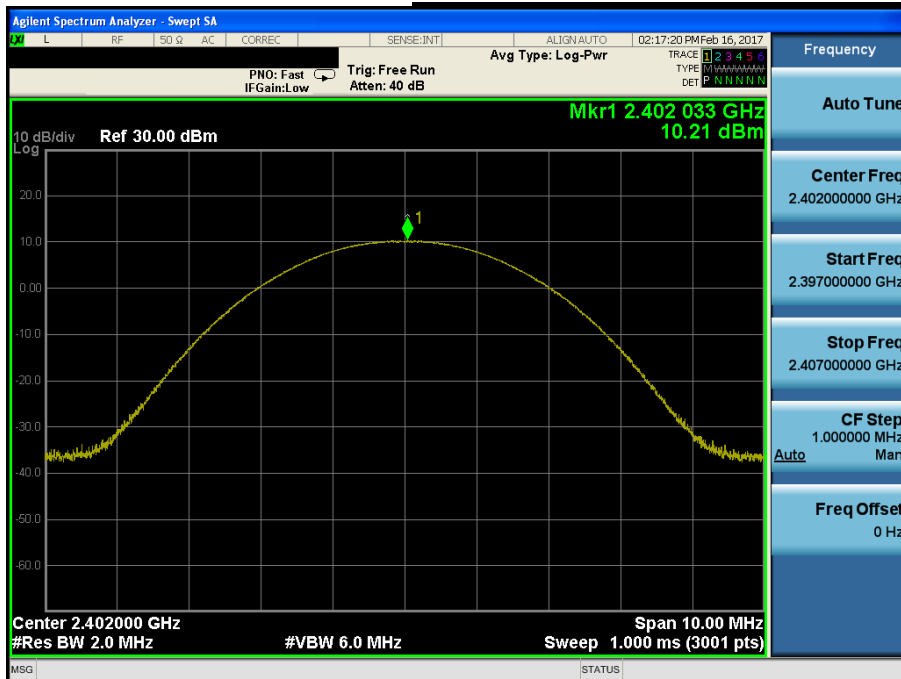
Peak Output Power

Highest Channel & Modulation : GFSK



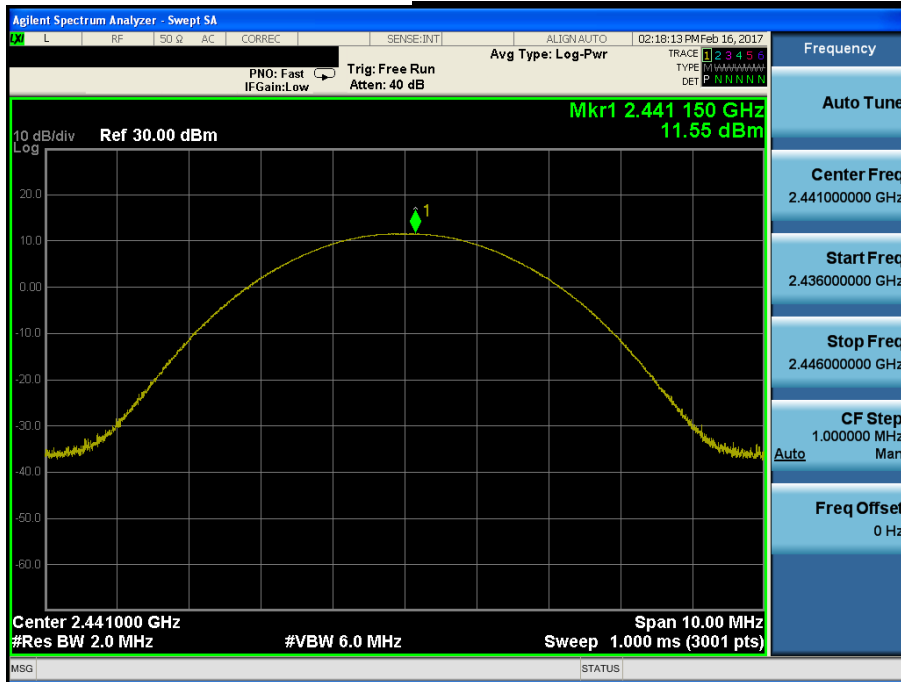
Peak Output Power

Lowest Channel & Modulation : $\pi/4$ DQPSK



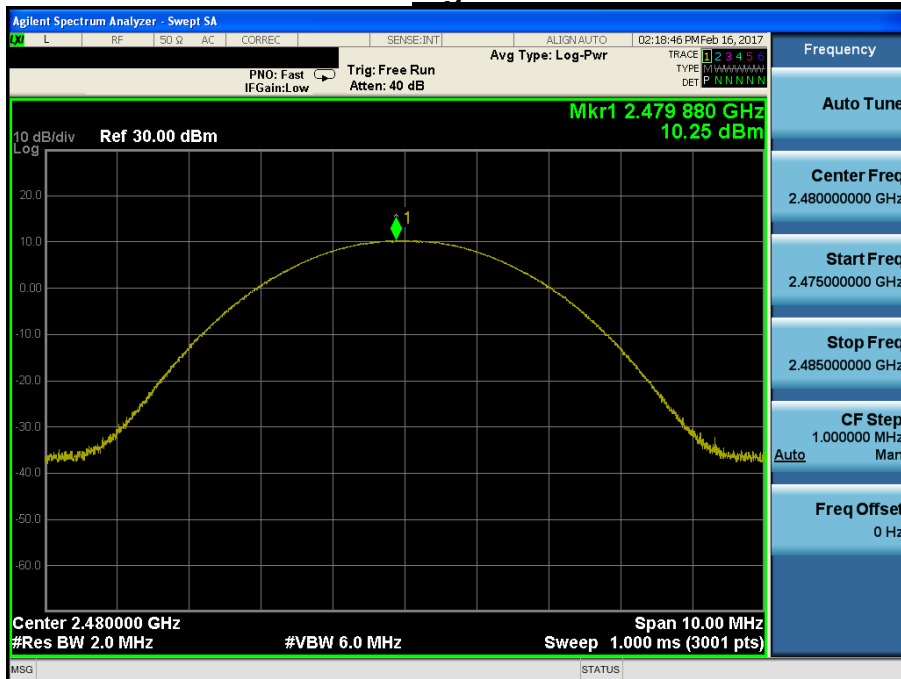
Peak Output Power

Middle Channel & Modulation : $\pi/4$ DQPSK



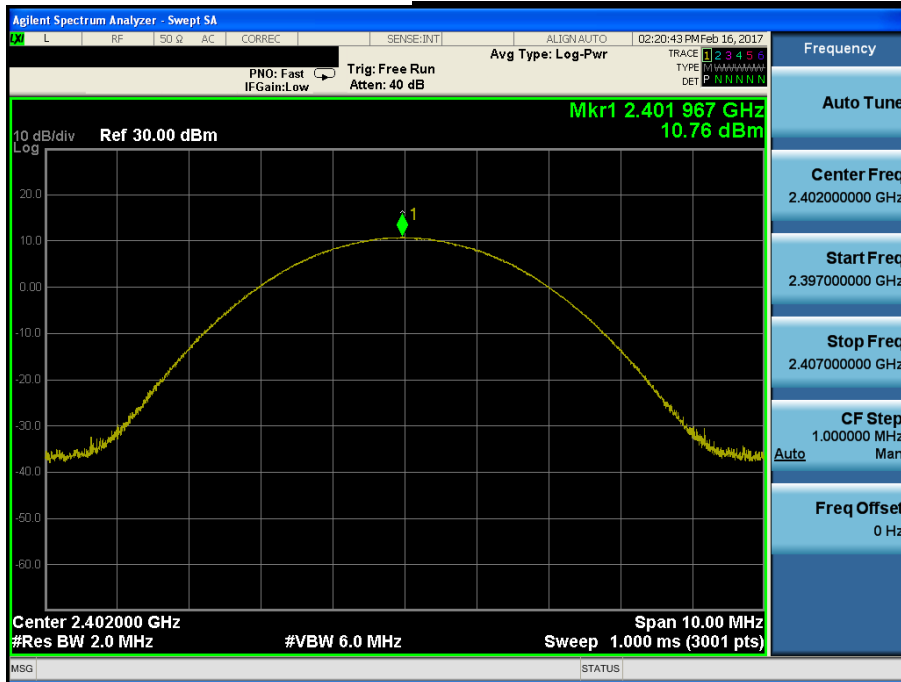
Peak Output Power

Highest Channel & Modulation : $\pi/4$ DQPSK



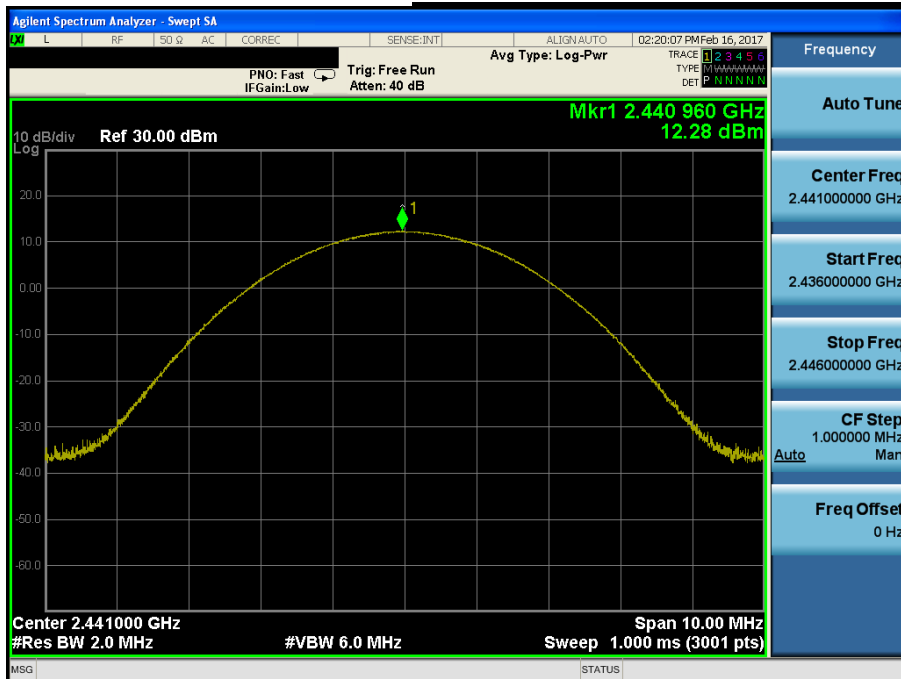
Peak Output Power

Lowest Channel & Modulation : 8DPSK



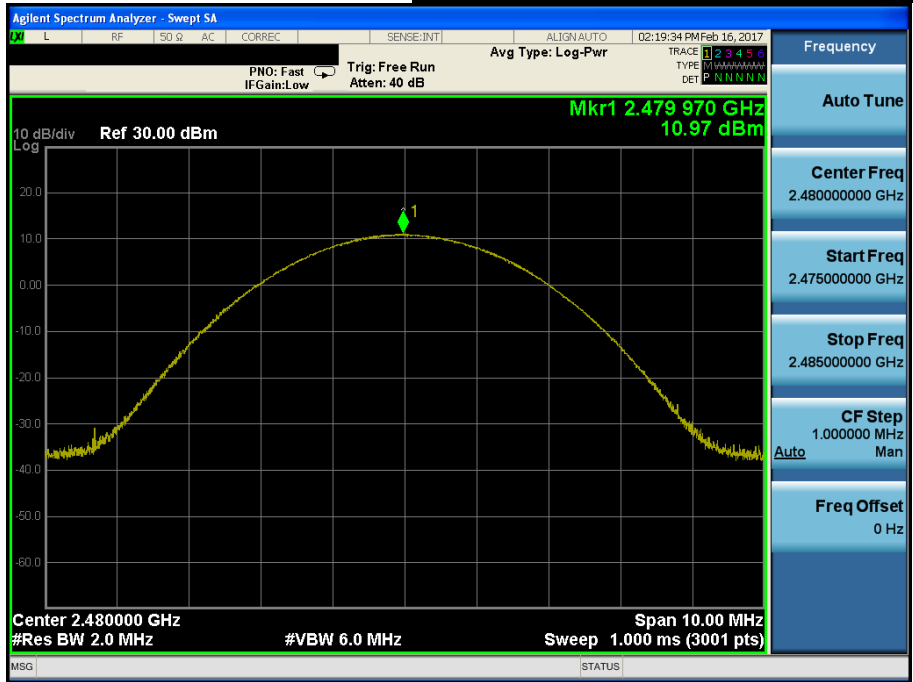
Peak Output Power

Middle Channel & Modulation : 8DPSK



Peak Output Power

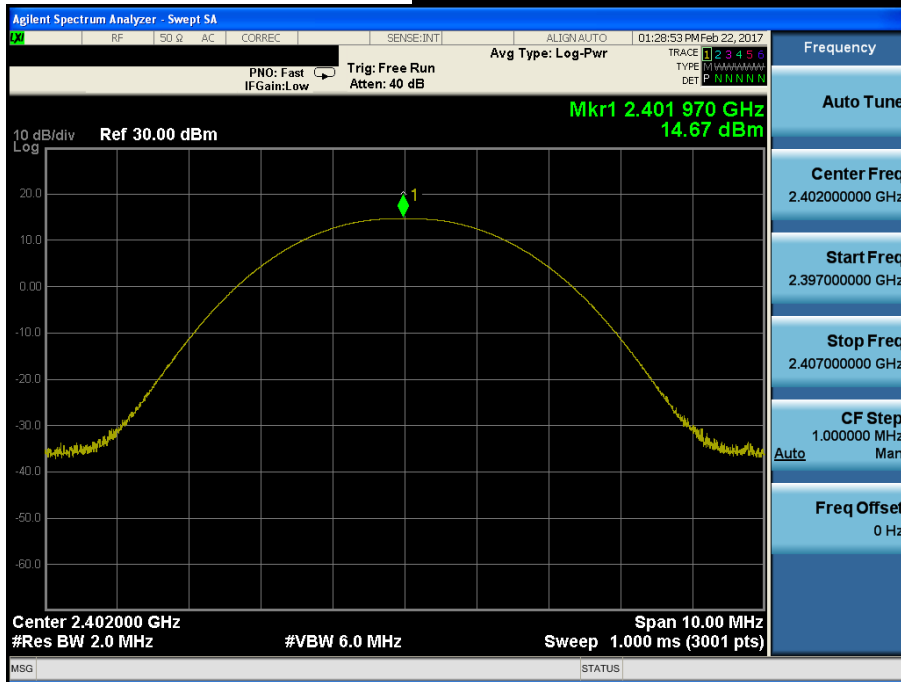
Highest Channel & Modulation : 8DPSK



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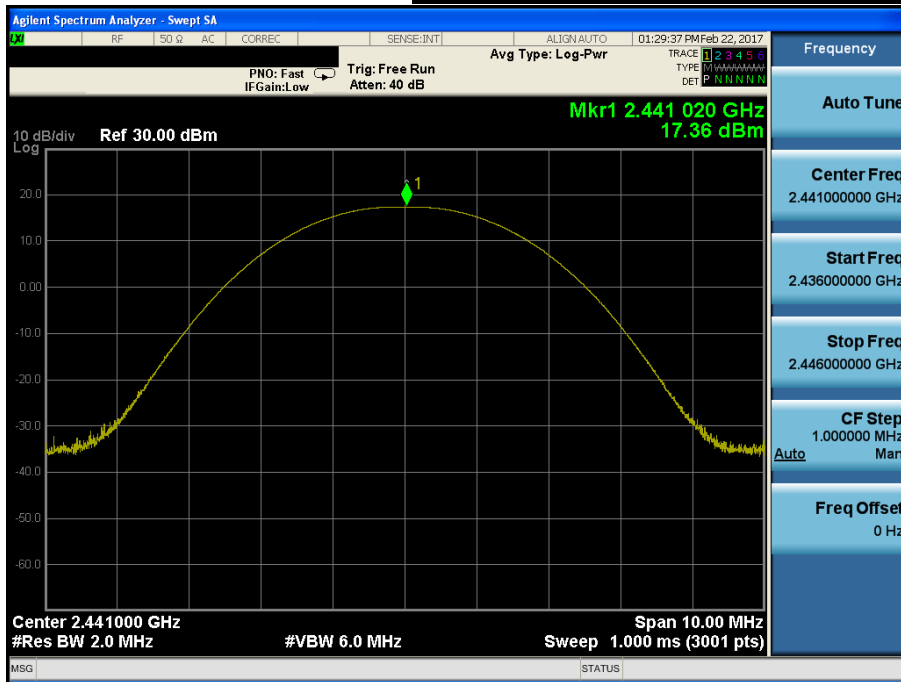
Peak Output Power

Lowest Channel & Modulation : GFSK



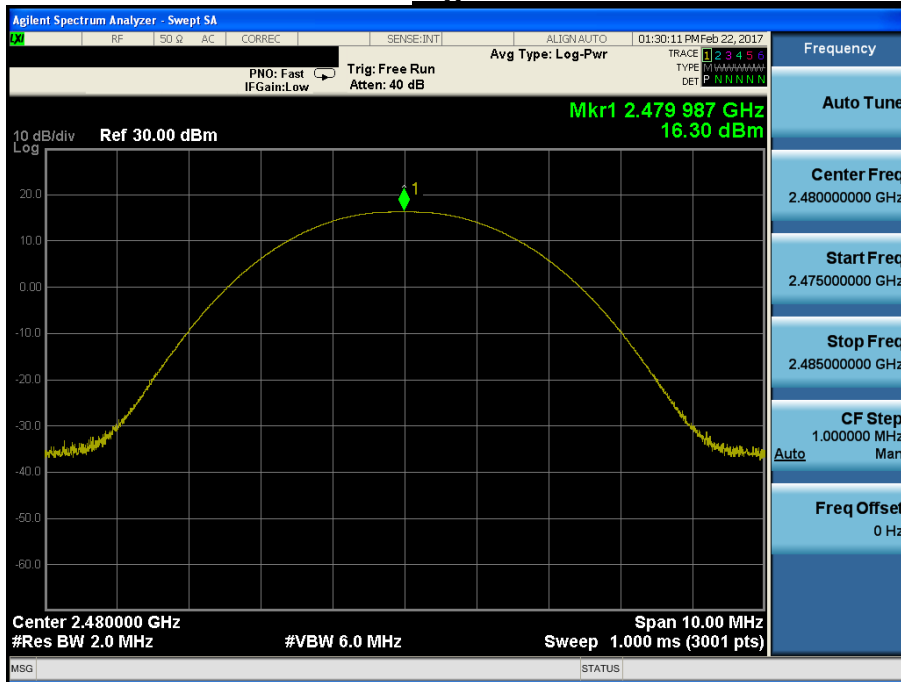
Peak Output Power

Middle Channel & Modulation : GFSK



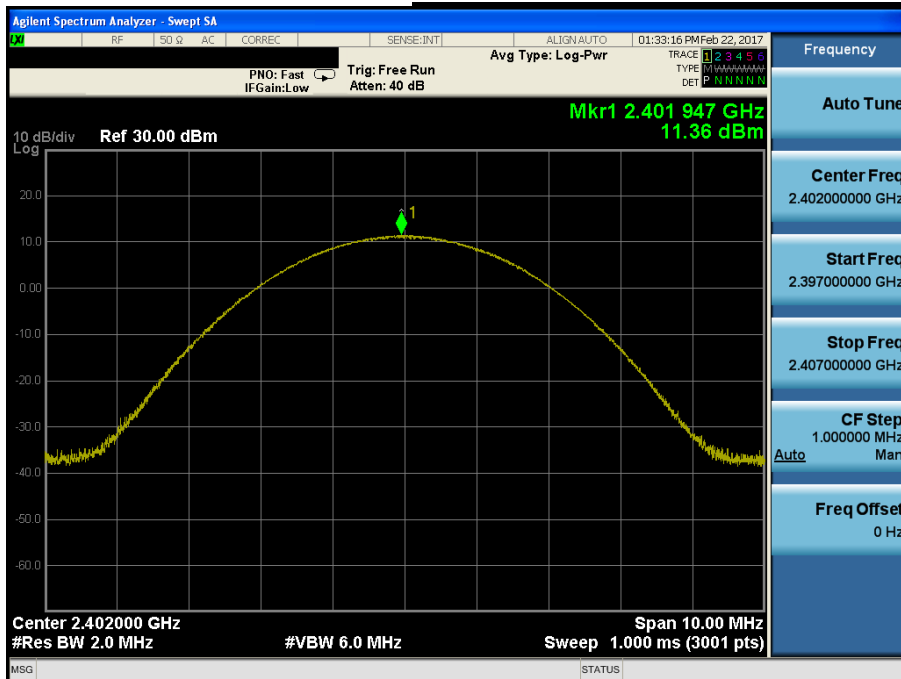
Peak Output Power

Highest Channel & Modulation : GFSK



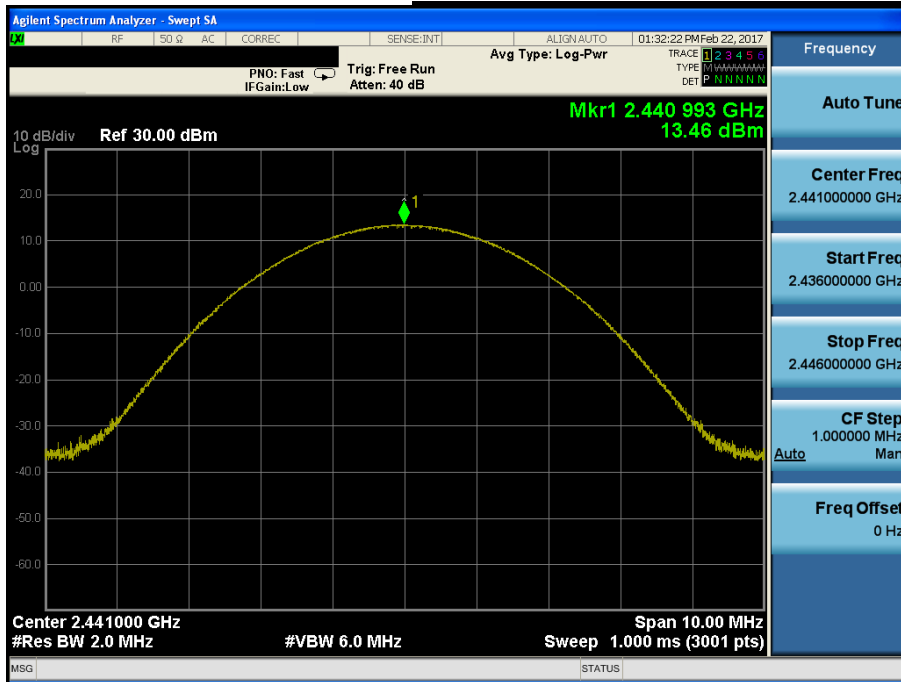
Peak Output Power

Lowest Channel & Modulation : $\pi/4$ DQPSK



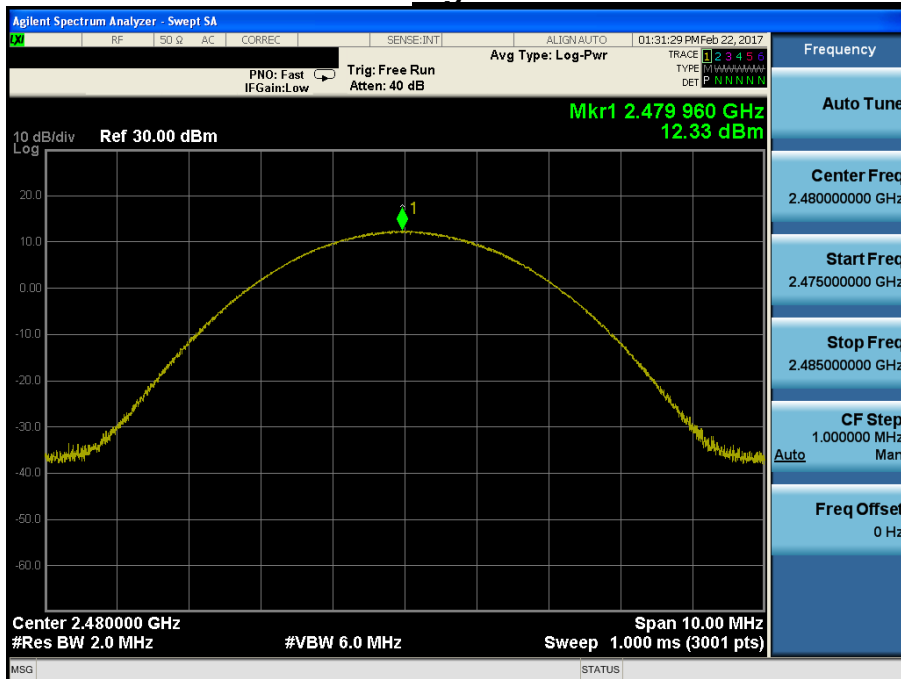
Peak Output Power

Middle Channel & Modulation : $\pi/4$ DQPSK



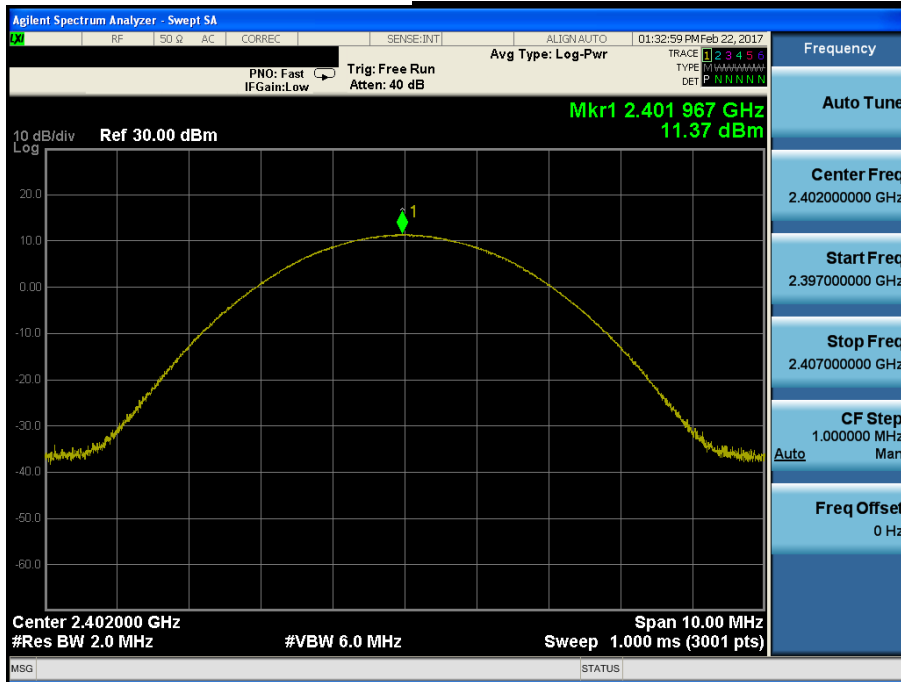
Peak Output Power

Highest Channel & Modulation : $\pi/4$ DQPSK



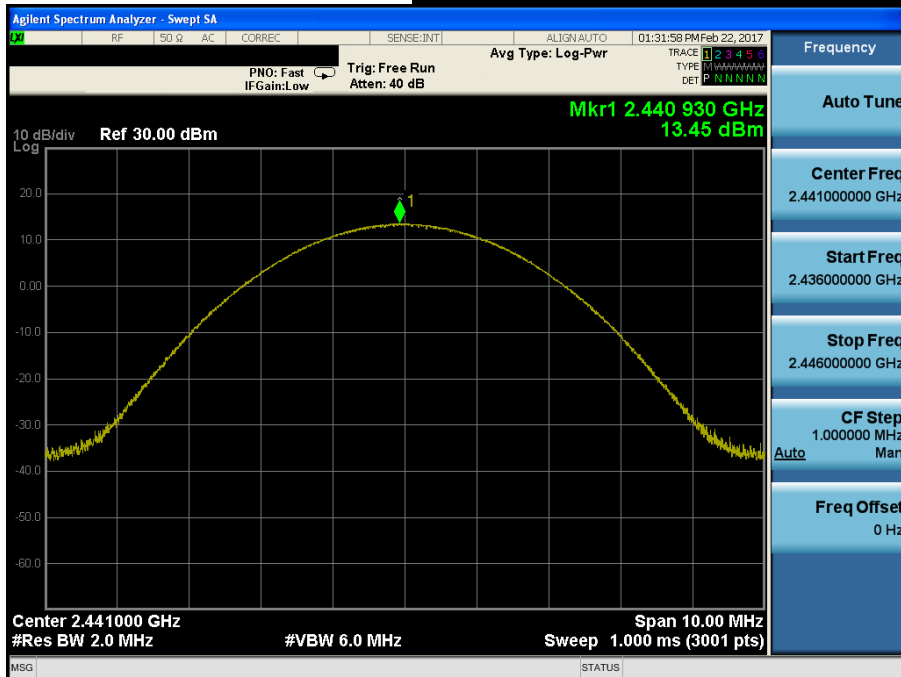
Peak Output Power

Lowest Channel & Modulation : 8DPSK



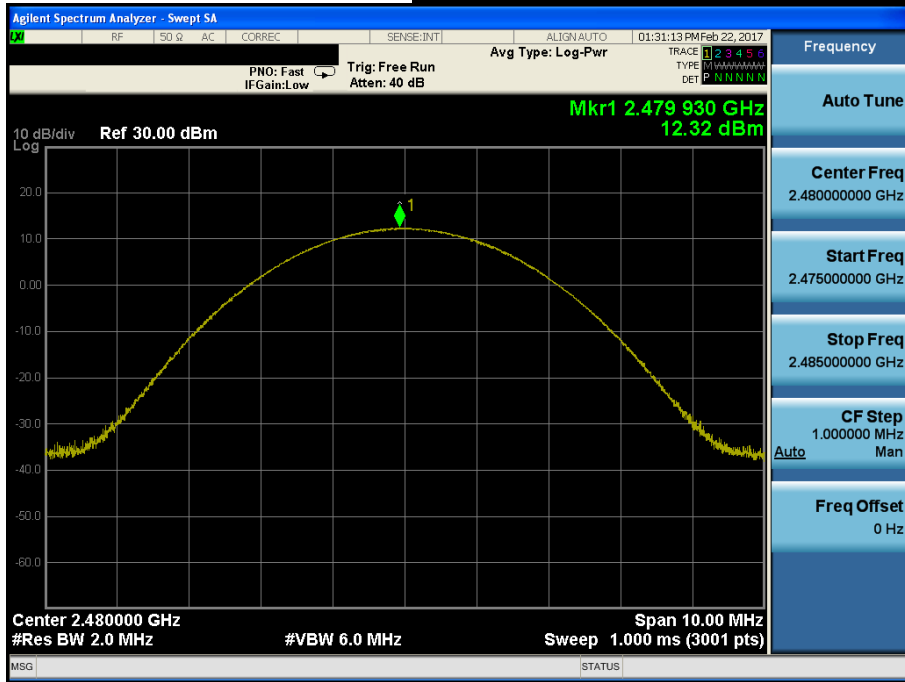
Peak Output Power

Middle Channel & Modulation : 8DPSK



Peak Output Power

Highest Channel & Modulation : 8DPSK



3. 20 dB BW

3.1 Test Setup

Refer to the APPENDIX I.

3.2 Limit

Limit : Not Applicable

3.3 Test Procedure

1. The 20 dB bandwidth were measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to RF antenna Connector (conducted measurement) while EUT was operating in transmit mode. The analyzer center frequency was set to the EUT carrier frequency, using the analyzer.
2. The bandwidth of the fundamental frequency was measured with the spectrum analyzer using below setting: RBW shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the 20 dB bandwidth and VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW, Span = between two times and five times the 20 dB bandwidth.

3.4 Test Results

<Module 0>

| Modulation | Tested Channel | 20 dB BW (MHz) |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| <u>GFSK</u> | Lowest | 0.934 |
| | Middle | 0.937 |
| | Highest | 0.936 |
| <u>$\pi/4$DQPSK</u> | Lowest | 1.256 |
| | Middle | 1.257 |
| | Highest | 1.256 |
| <u>8DPSK</u> | Lowest | 1.265 |
| | Middle | 1.265 |
| | Highest | 1.265 |

<Module 1>

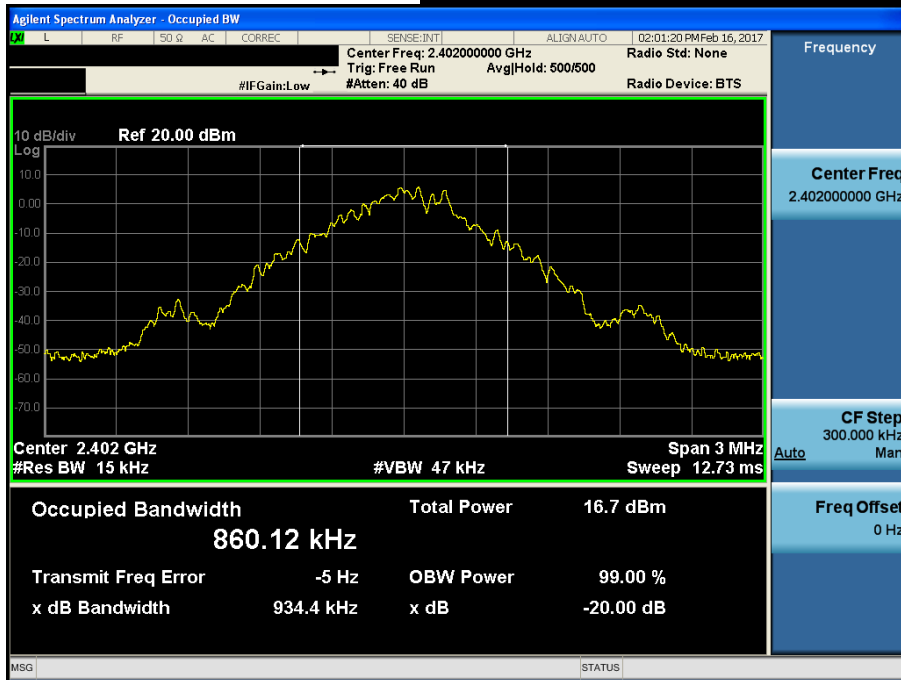
| Modulation | Tested Channel | 20 dB BW (MHz) |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| <u>GFSK</u> | Lowest | 0.932 |
| | Middle | 0.932 |
| | Highest | 0.932 |
| <u>$\pi/4$DQPSK</u> | Lowest | 1.266 |
| | Middle | 1.266 |
| | Highest | 1.267 |
| <u>8DPSK</u> | Lowest | 1.264 |
| | Middle | 1.265 |
| | Highest | 1.266 |

Note 1 : See next pages for actual measured spectrum plots.

<Module 0>

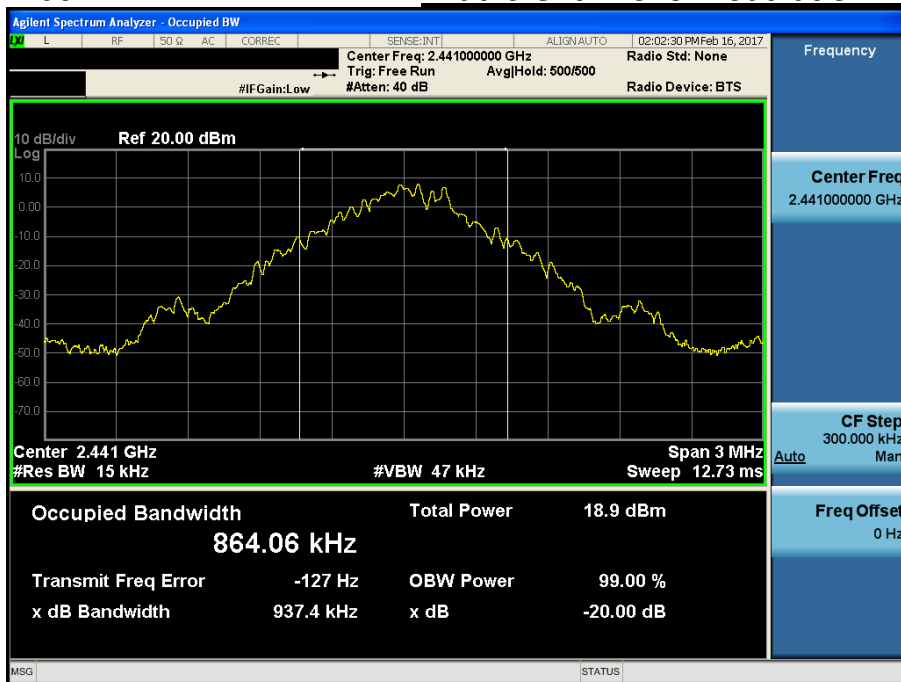
20 dB Bandwidth

Lowest Channel & Modulation : GFSK



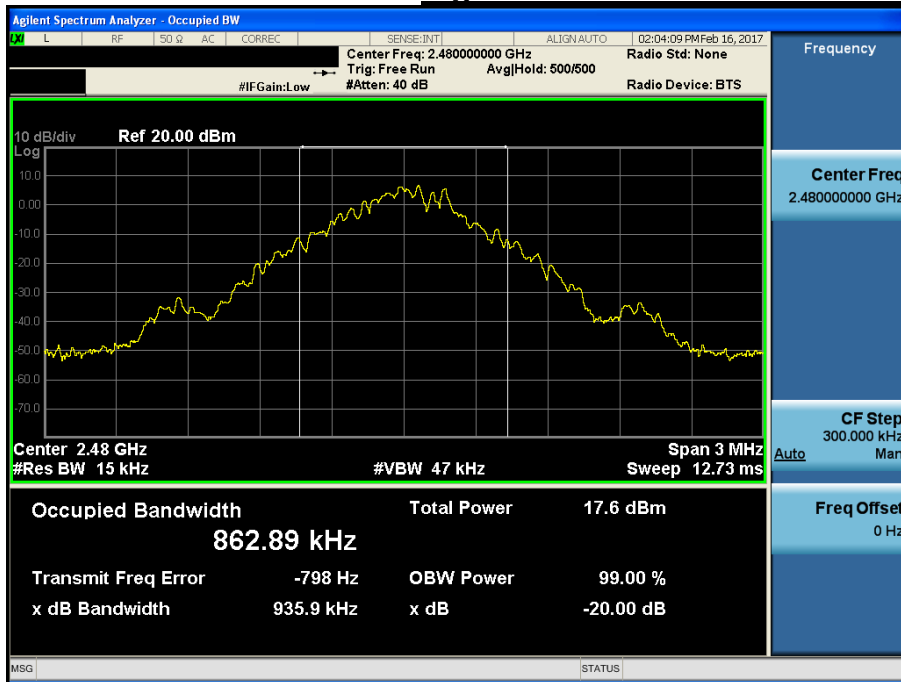
20 dB Bandwidth

Middle Channel & Modulation : GFSK



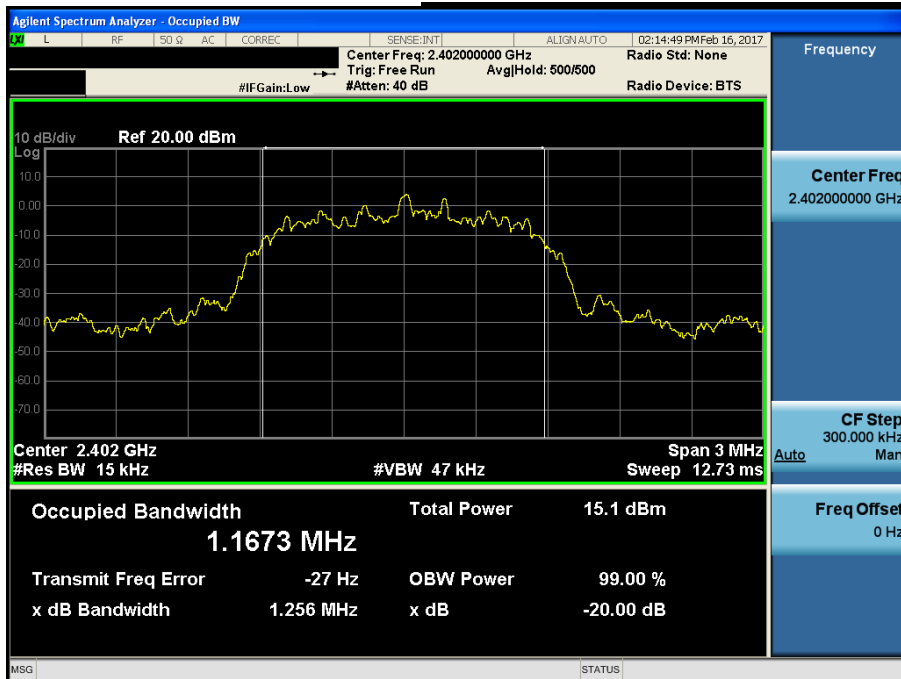
20 dB Bandwidth

Highest Channel & Modulation : GFSK



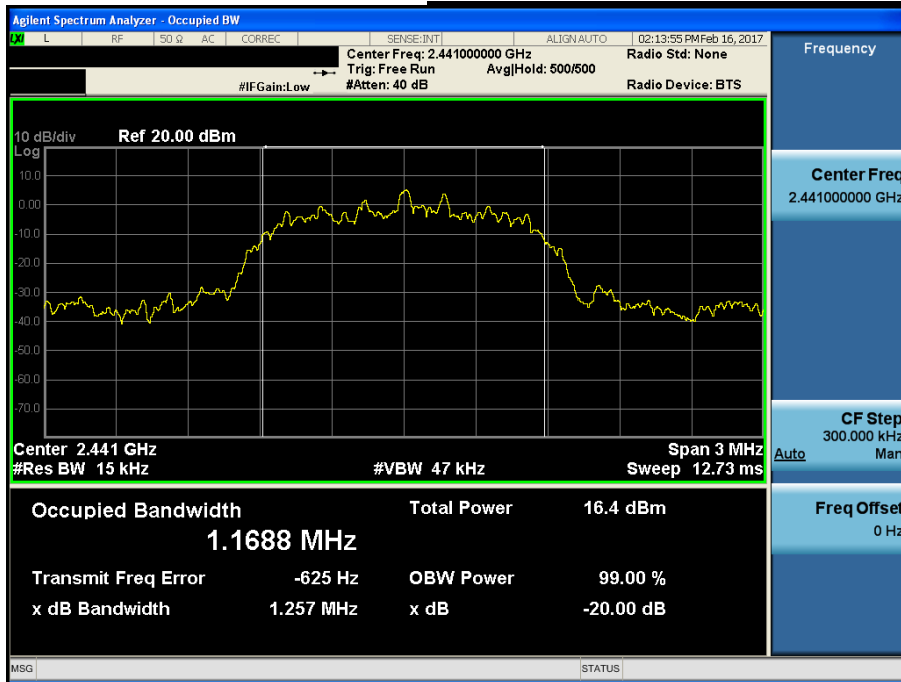
20 dB Bandwidth

Lowest Channel & Modulation : $\pi/4$ DQPSK



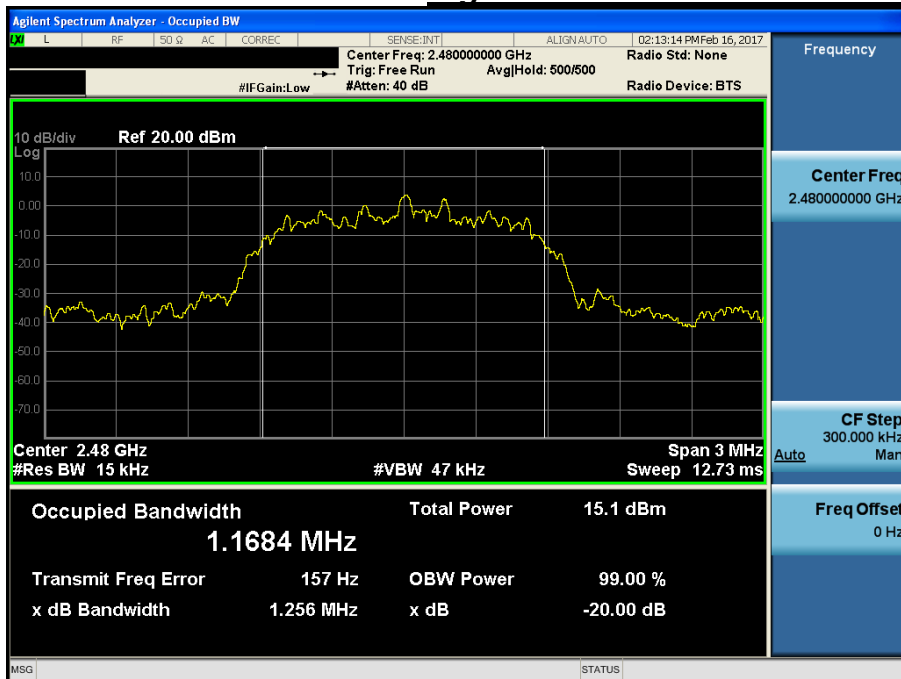
20 dB Bandwidth

Middle Channel & Modulation : $\pi/4$ DQPSK



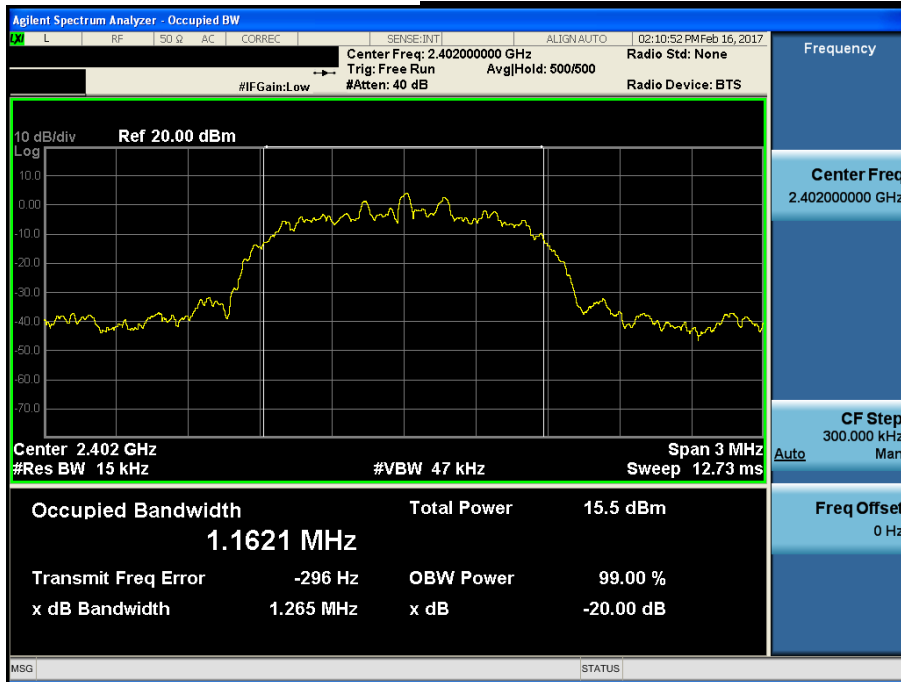
20 dB Bandwidth

Highest Channel & Modulation : $\pi/4$ DQPSK



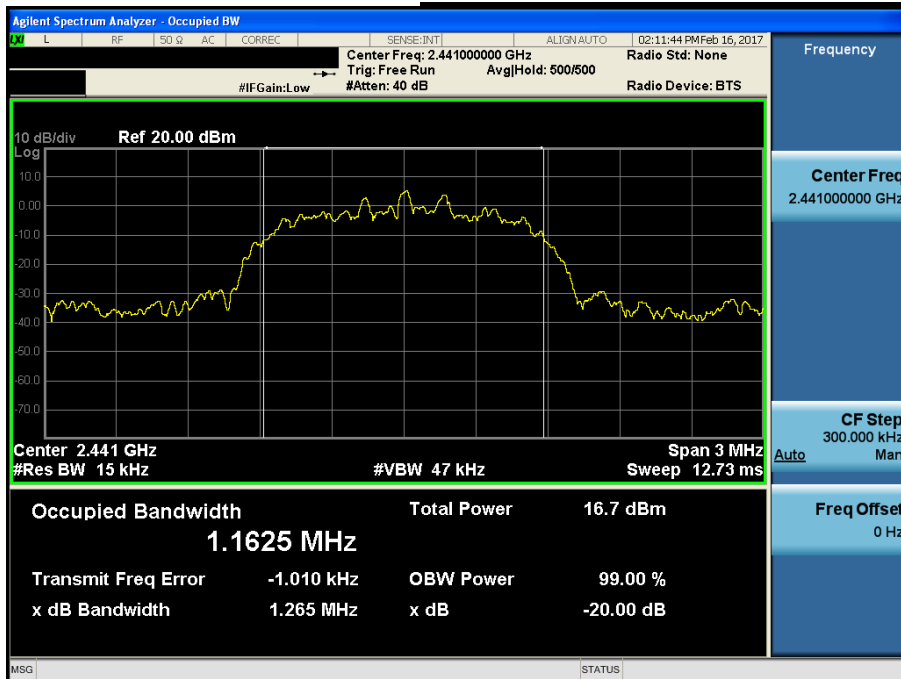
20 dB Bandwidth

Lowest Channel & Modulation : 8DPSK



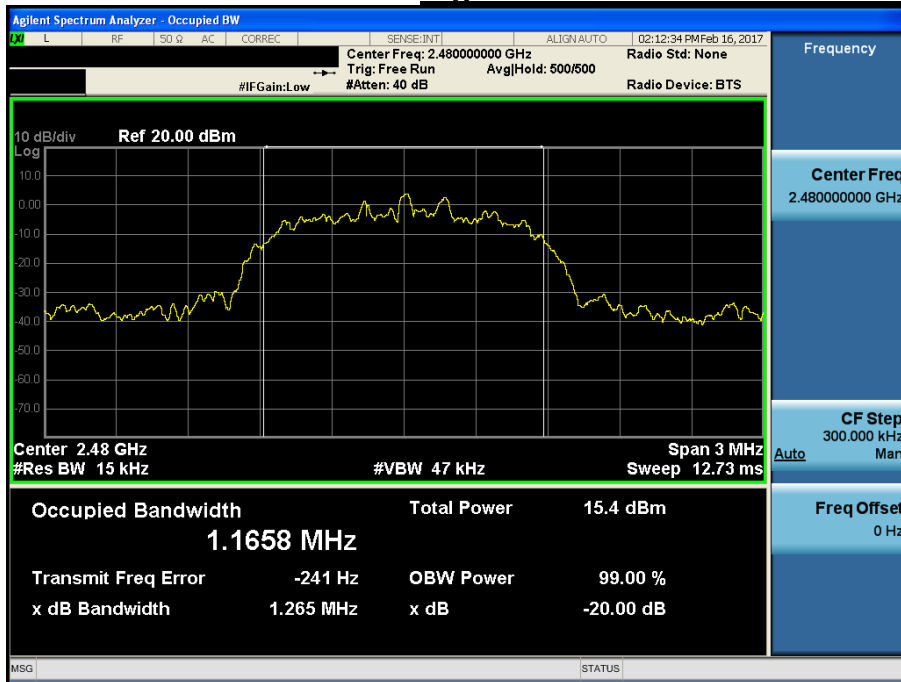
20 dB Bandwidth

Middle Channel & Modulation : 8DPSK



20 dB Bandwidth

Highest Channel & Modulation : 8DPSK



<Module 1>

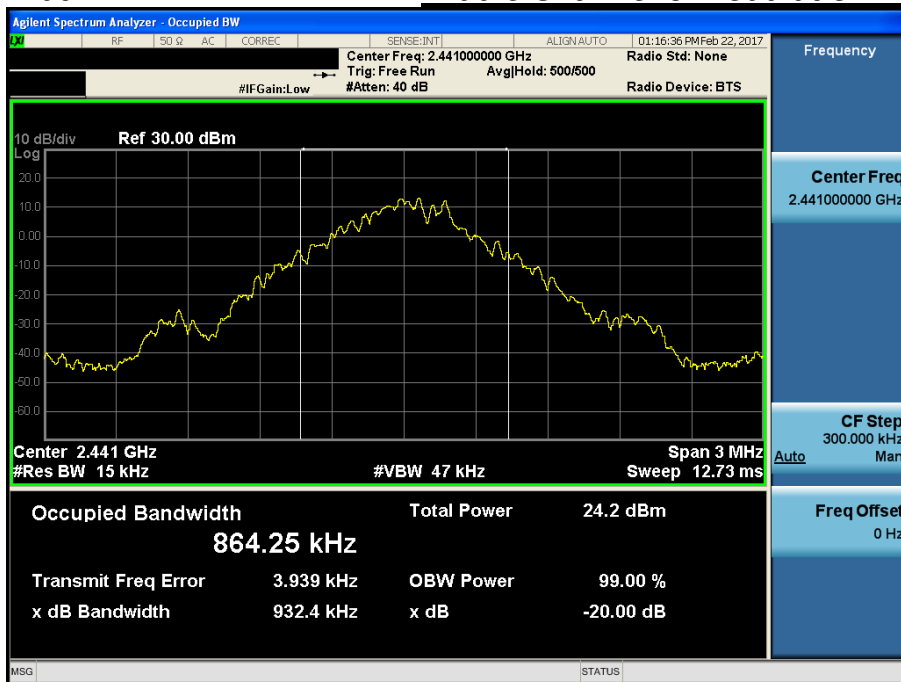
20 dB Bandwidth

Lowest Channel & Modulation : GFSK



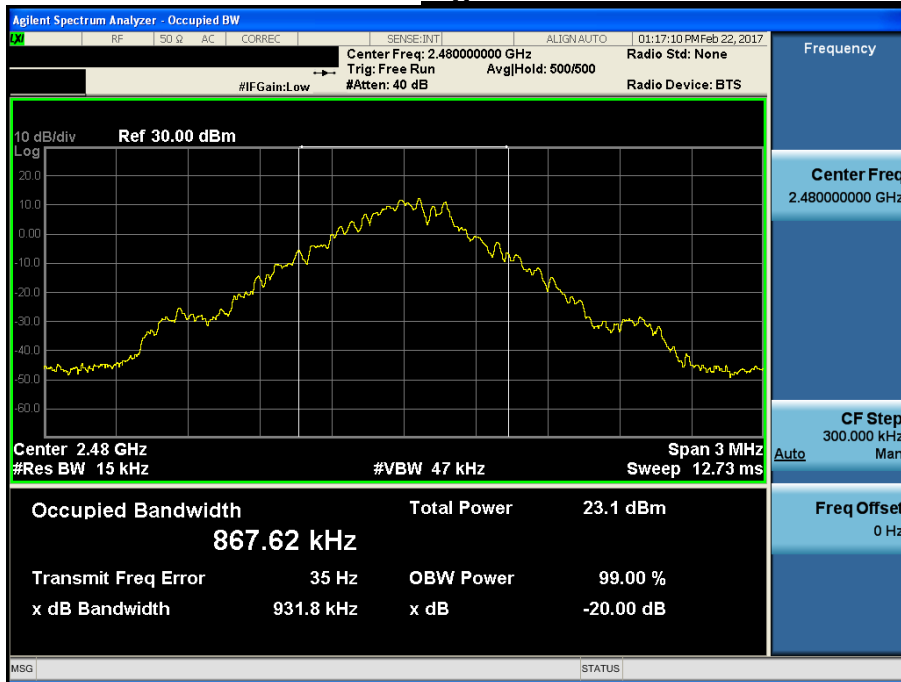
20 dB Bandwidth

Middle Channel & Modulation : GFSK



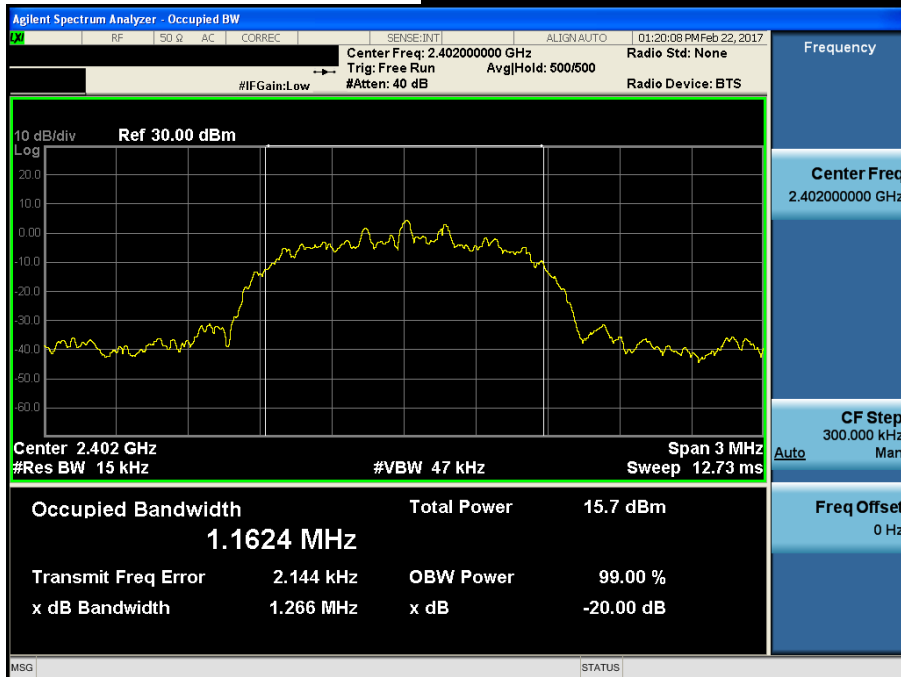
20 dB Bandwidth

Highest Channel & Modulation : GFSK



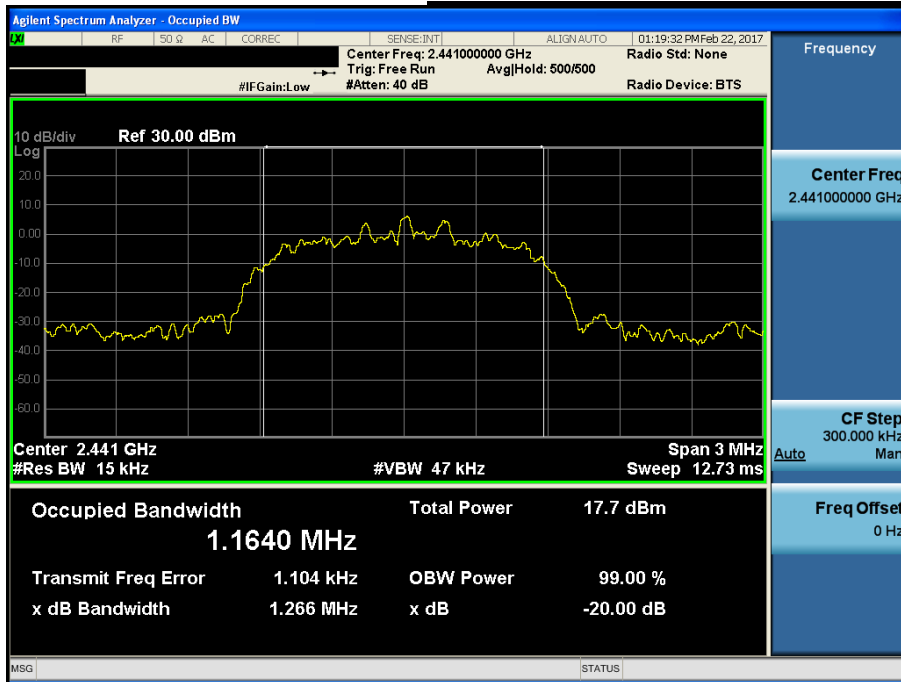
20 dB Bandwidth

Lowest Channel & Modulation : $\pi/4$ QPSK



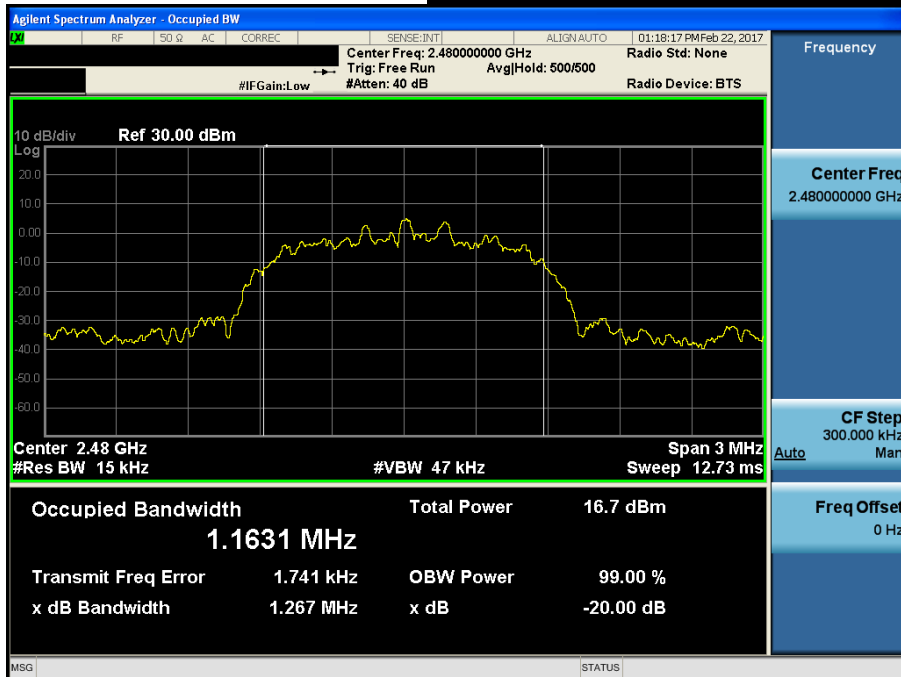
20 dB Bandwidth

Middle Channel & Modulation : $\pi/4$ DQPSK



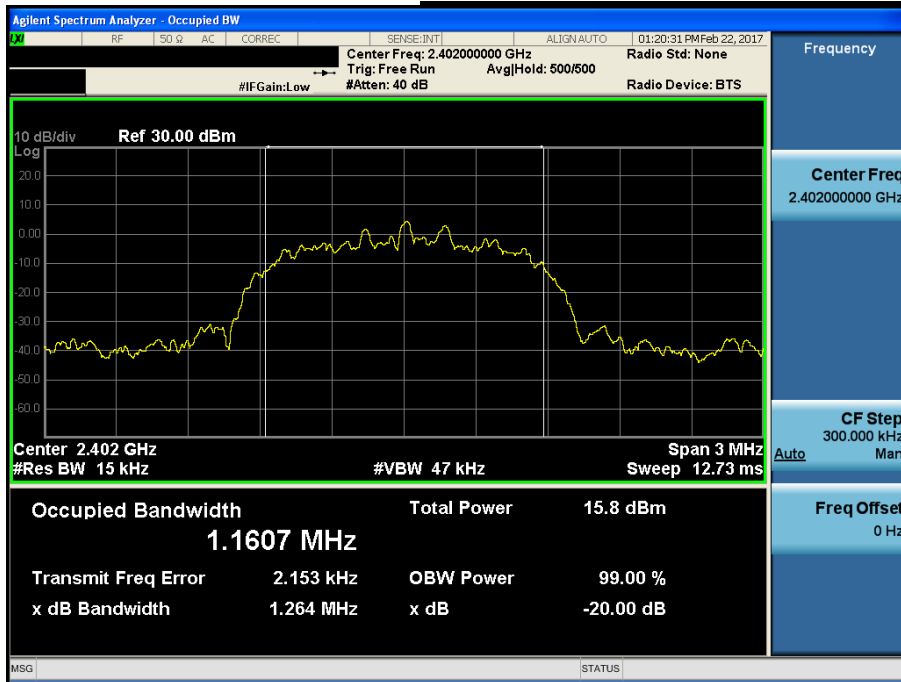
20 dB Bandwidth

Highest Channel & Modulation : $\pi/4$ DQPSK



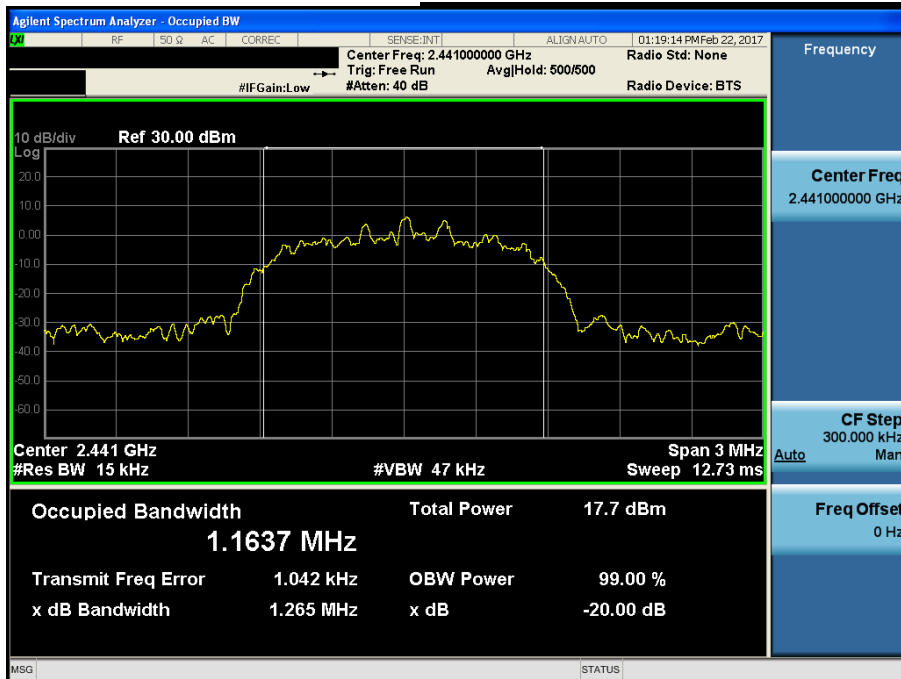
20 dB Bandwidth

Lowest Channel & Modulation : 8DPSK



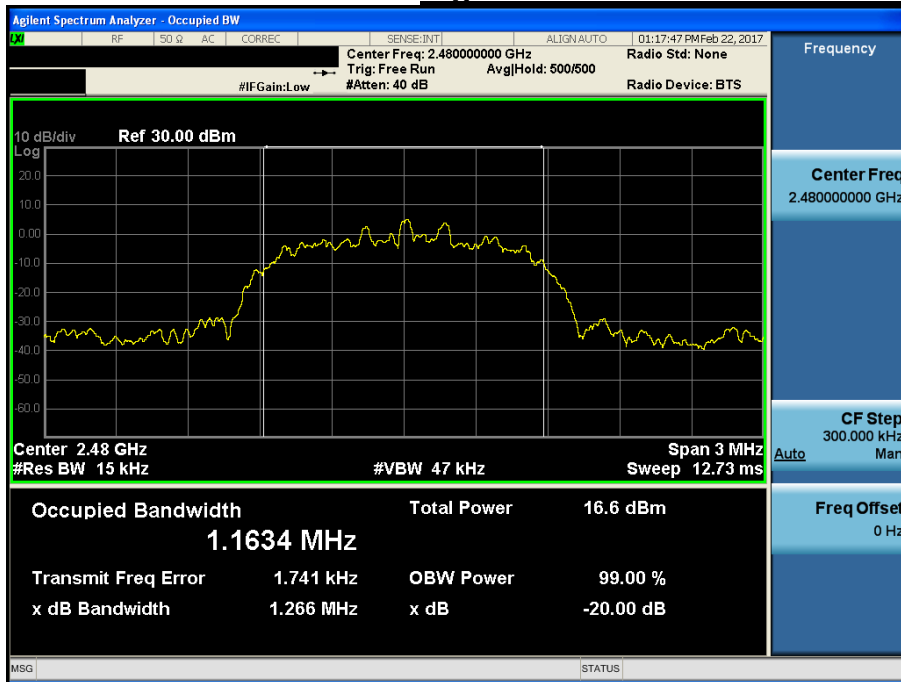
20 dB Bandwidth

Middle Channel & Modulation : 8DPSK



20 dB Bandwidth

Highest Channel & Modulation : 8DPSK



4. Carrier Frequency Separation

4.1 Test Setup

Refer to the APPENDIX I.

4.2 Limit

Limit : ≥ 25 kHz or \geq Two-Thirds of the 20 dB BW whichever is greater.

4.3 Procedure

The carrier frequency separation was measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the antenna terminal, while EUT had its hopping function enabled.

After the trace being stable, the reading value between the peaks of the adjacent channels using the marker-delta function was recorded as the measurement results.

The spectrum analyzer is set to :

Span = wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels

RBW = Start with the RBW set to approximately 30% of the channel spacing; adjust as necessary to best identify the center of each individual channel.

VBW \geq RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

4.4 Test Results

FH mode_Module 0

| Hopping Mode | Modulation | Peak of center channel (MHz) | Peak of adjacent Channel (MHz) | Test Result (MHz) |
|--------------|----------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|
| Enable | GFSK | 2441.006 | 2442.008 | 1.002 |
| | $\pi/4$ -DQPSK | 2441.006 | 2442.005 | 0.999 |
| | 8DPSK | 2441.000 | 2442.002 | 1.002 |

AFH mode_Module 0

| Hopping Mode | Modulation | Peak of center channel (MHz) | Peak of adjacent Channel (MHz) | Test Result (MHz) |
|--------------|----------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|
| Enable | GFSK | 2411.009 | 2412.008 | 0.999 |
| | $\pi/4$ -DQPSK | 2411.006 | 2412.005 | 0.999 |
| | 8DPSK | 2411.003 | 2412.005 | 1.002 |

Note 1 : See next pages for actual measured spectrum plots.

FH mode_Module 1

| Hopping Mode | Modulation | Peak of center channel (MHz) | Peak of adjacent Channel (MHz) | Test Result (MHz) |
|--------------|----------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|
| Enable | GFSK | 2441.009 | 2442.008 | 0.999 |
| | $\pi/4$ -DQPSK | 2441.009 | 2442.008 | 0.999 |
| | 8DPSK | 2441.012 | 2442.011 | 0.999 |

AFH mode_Module 1

| Hopping Mode | Modulation | Peak of center channel (MHz) | Peak of adjacent Channel (MHz) | Test Result (MHz) |
|--------------|----------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|
| Enable | GFSK | 2411.006 | 2412.005 | 0.999 |
| | $\pi/4$ -DQPSK | 2411.009 | 2412.008 | 0.999 |
| | 8DPSK | 2411.012 | 2412.011 | 0.999 |

Note 1 : See next pages for actual measured spectrum plots.

- Minimum Standard :

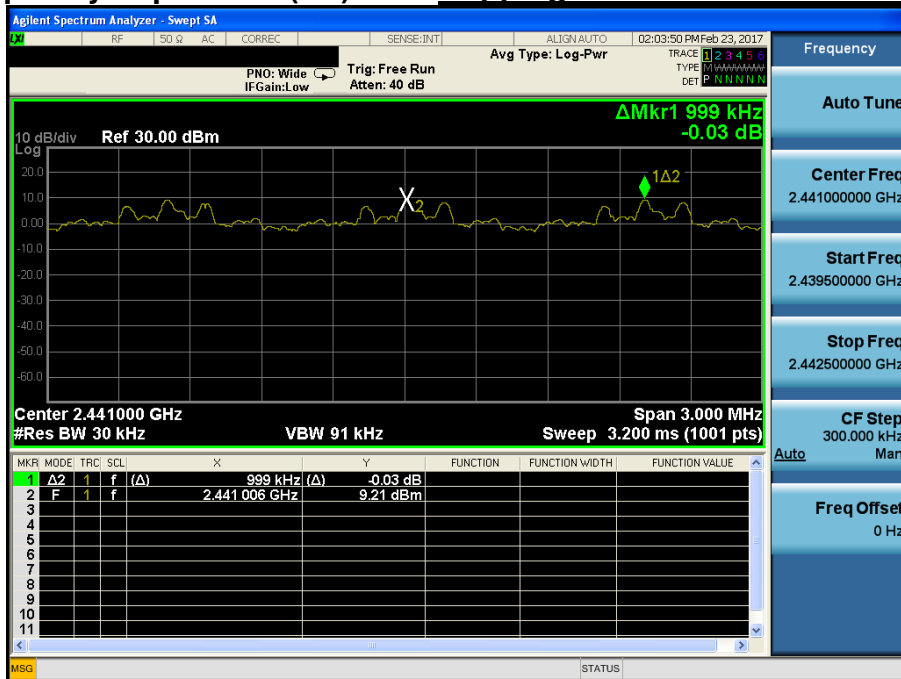
Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.
 Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400 - 2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW

<Module 0>

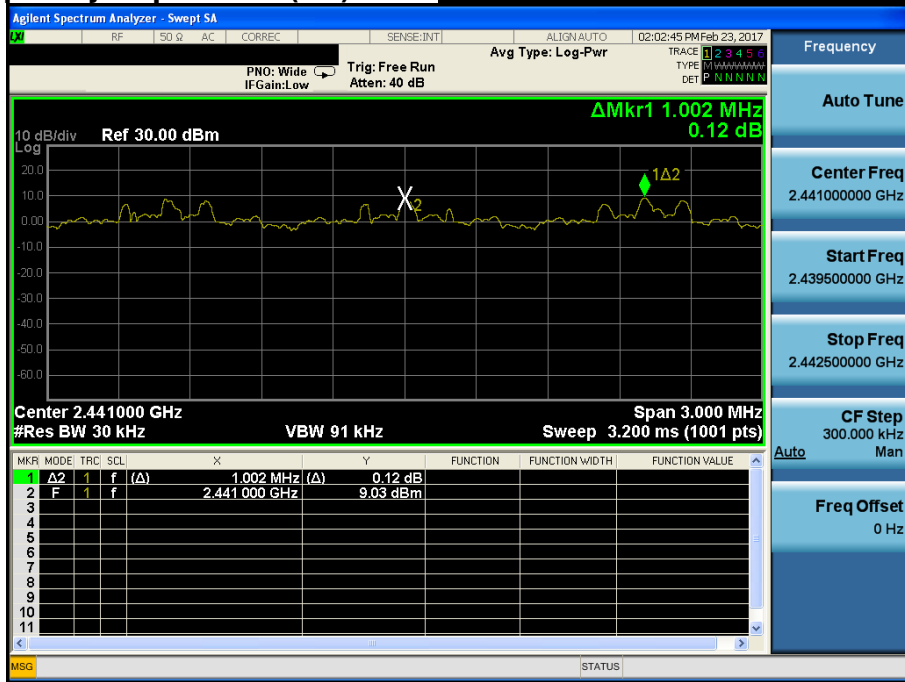
Carrier Frequency Separation (FH) *Hopping mode : Enable & GFSK*



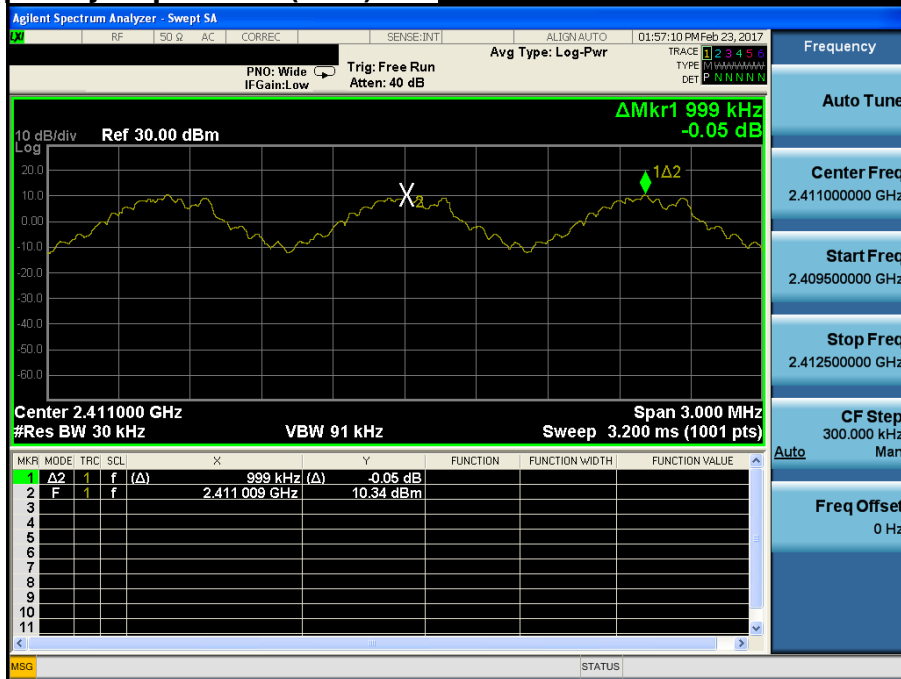
Carrier Frequency Separation (FH) *Hopping mode : Enable & π/4-DQPSK*



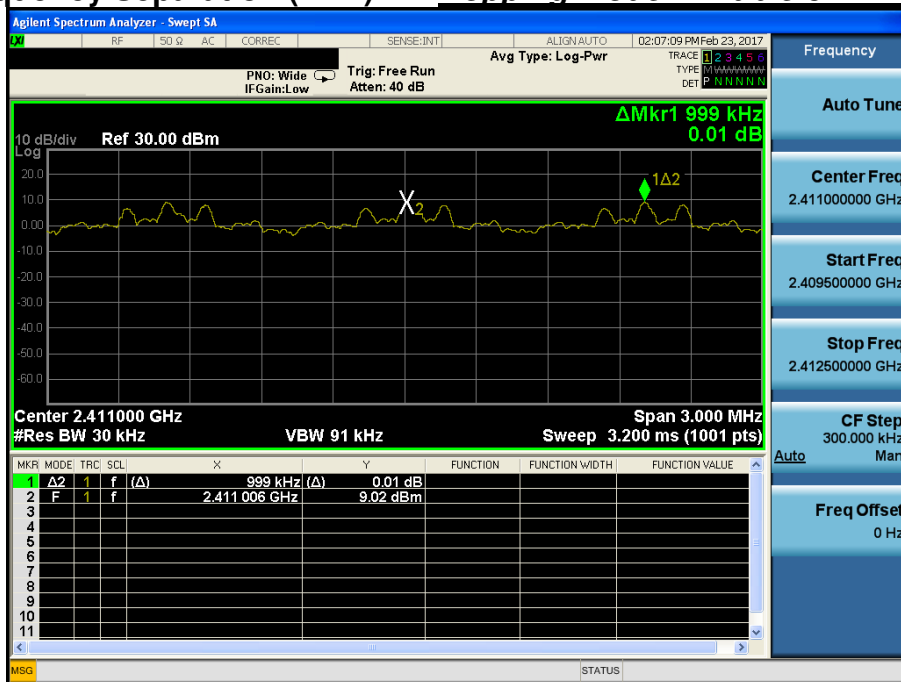
Carrier Frequency Separation (FH) *Hopping mode : Enable & 8DPSK*



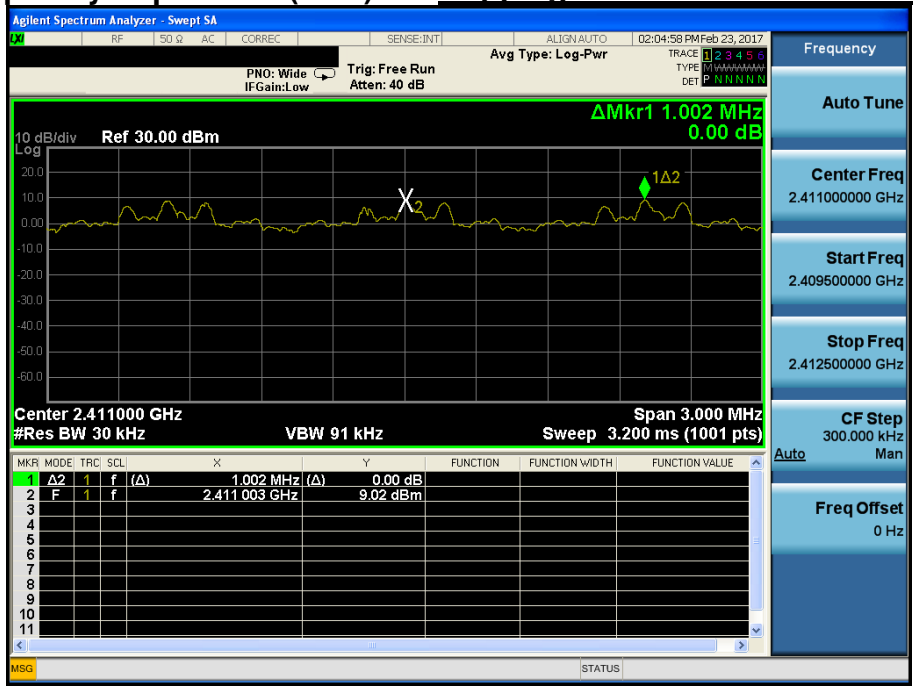
Carrier Frequency Separation (AFH) *Hopping mode : Enable & GFSK*



Carrier Frequency Separation (AFH) *Hopping mode : Enable & π/4-DQPSK*



Carrier Frequency Separation (AFH) *Hopping mode : Enable & 8DPSK*

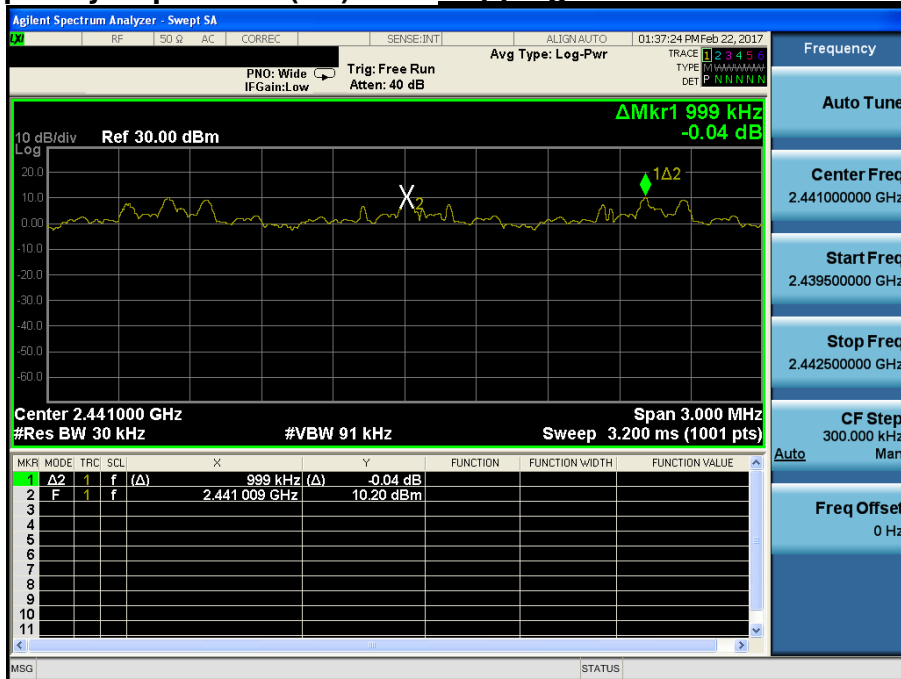


<Module 1>

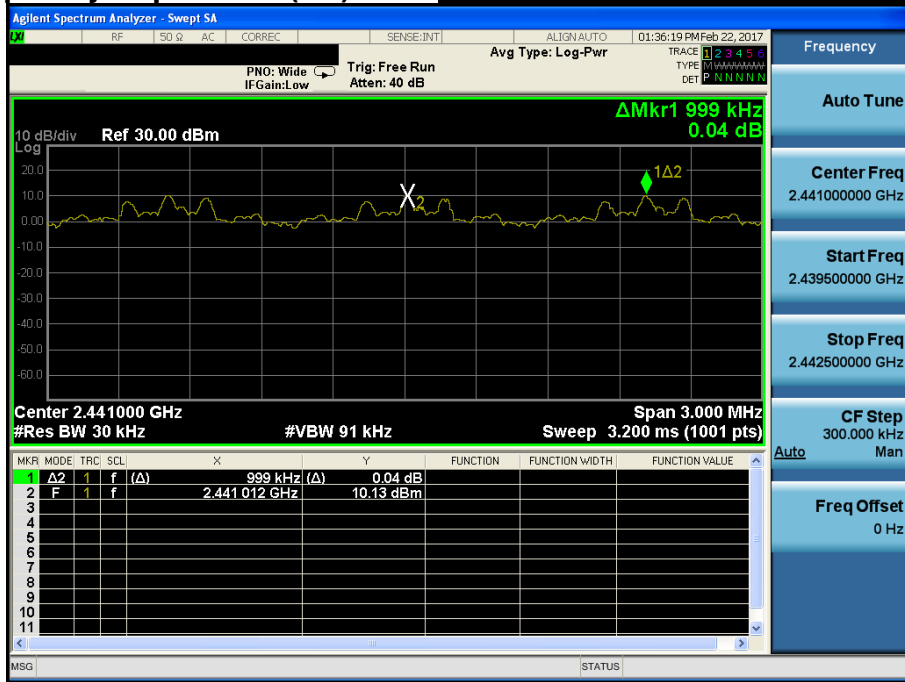
Carrier Frequency Separation (FH) *Hopping mode : Enable & GFSK*



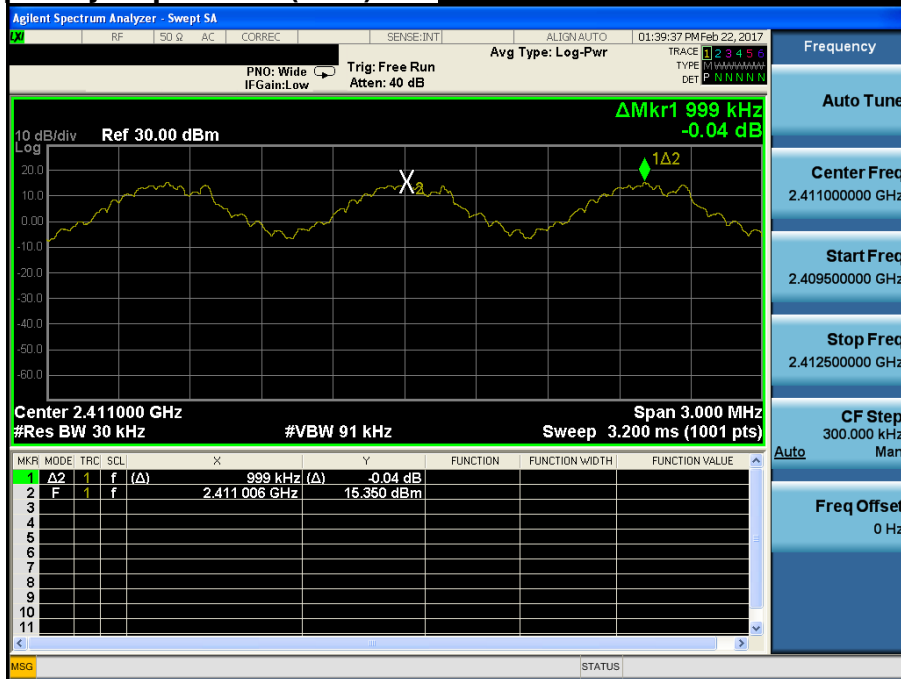
Carrier Frequency Separation (FH) *Hopping mode : Enable & π/4-DQPSK*



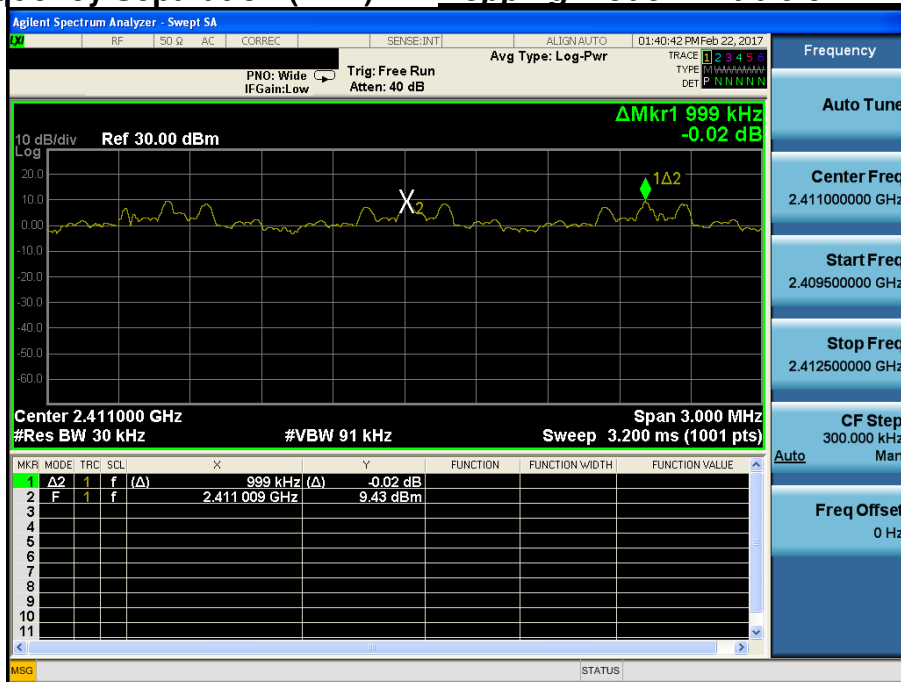
Carrier Frequency Separation (FH) *Hopping mode : Enable & 8DPSK*



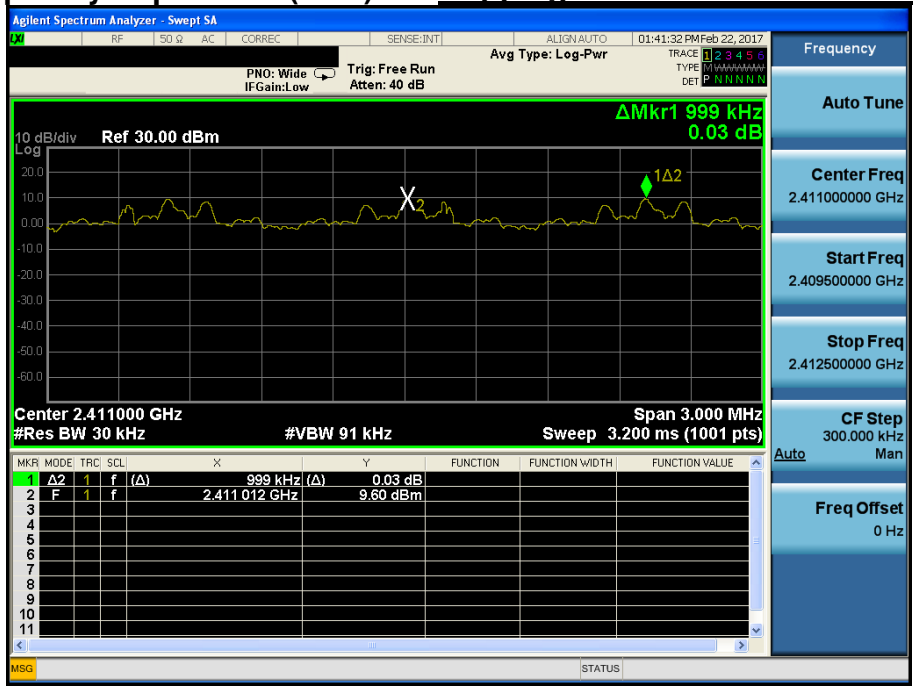
Carrier Frequency Separation (AFH) *Hopping mode : Enable & GFSK*



Carrier Frequency Separation (AFH) *Hopping mode : Enable & $\pi/4$ -DQPSK*



Carrier Frequency Separation (AFH) *Hopping mode : Enable & 8DPSK*



5. Number of Hopping Frequencies

5.1 Test Setup

Refer to the APPENDIX I.

5.2 Limit

Limit : ≥ 15 hops

5.3 Procedure

The number of hopping frequencies was measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the antenna terminal, while EUT had its hopping function enabled.

To get higher resolution, two frequency ranges for FH mode within the 2400 ~ 2483.5 MHz were examined.

The spectrum analyzer is set to :

Span for FH mode = 50 MHz Start Frequency = 2391.5 MHz, Stop Frequency = 2441.5 MHz

Start Frequency = 2441.5 MHz, Stop Frequency = 2491.5 MHz

Span for AFH mode = 50 MHz Start Frequency = 2386.0 MHz, Stop Frequency = 2436.0 MHz

RBW = To identify clearly the individual channels, set the RBW to less than 30% of the channel spacing or the 20 dB bandwidth, whichever is smaller.

VBW \geq RBW Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak Trace = max hold

5.4 Test Results

FH mode_Module 0

| Hopping mode | Modulation | Test Result (Total Hops) |
|--------------|----------------|--------------------------|
| Enable | GFSK | 79 |
| | $\pi/4$ -DQPSK | 79 |
| | 8DPSK | 79 |

AFH mode_Module 0

| Hopping mode | Modulation | Test Result (Total Hops) |
|--------------|----------------|--------------------------|
| Enable | GFSK | 20 |
| | $\pi/4$ -DQPSK | 20 |
| | 8DPSK | 20 |

Note 1 : See next pages for actual measured spectrum plots.

FH mode_Module 1

| Hopping mode | Modulation | Test Result (Total Hops) |
|--------------|----------------|--------------------------|
| Enable | GFSK | 79 |
| | $\pi/4$ -DQPSK | 79 |
| | 8DPSK | 79 |

AFH mode_Module 1

| Hopping mode | Modulation | Test Result (Total Hops) |
|--------------|----------------|--------------------------|
| Enable | GFSK | 20 |
| | $\pi/4$ -DQPSK | 20 |
| | 8DPSK | 20 |

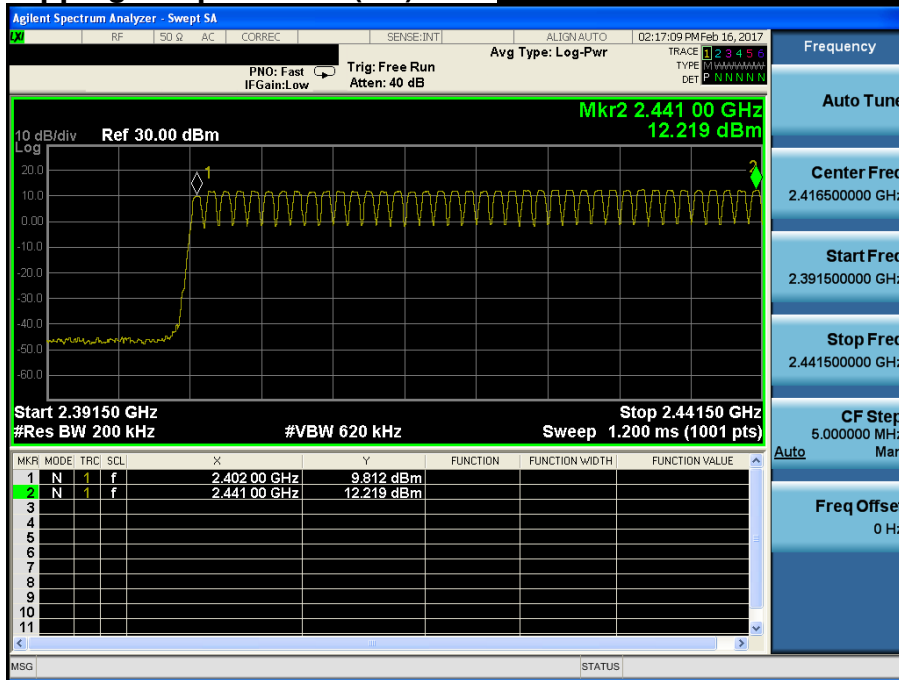
Note 1 : See next pages for actual measured spectrum plots.

- Minimum Standard :

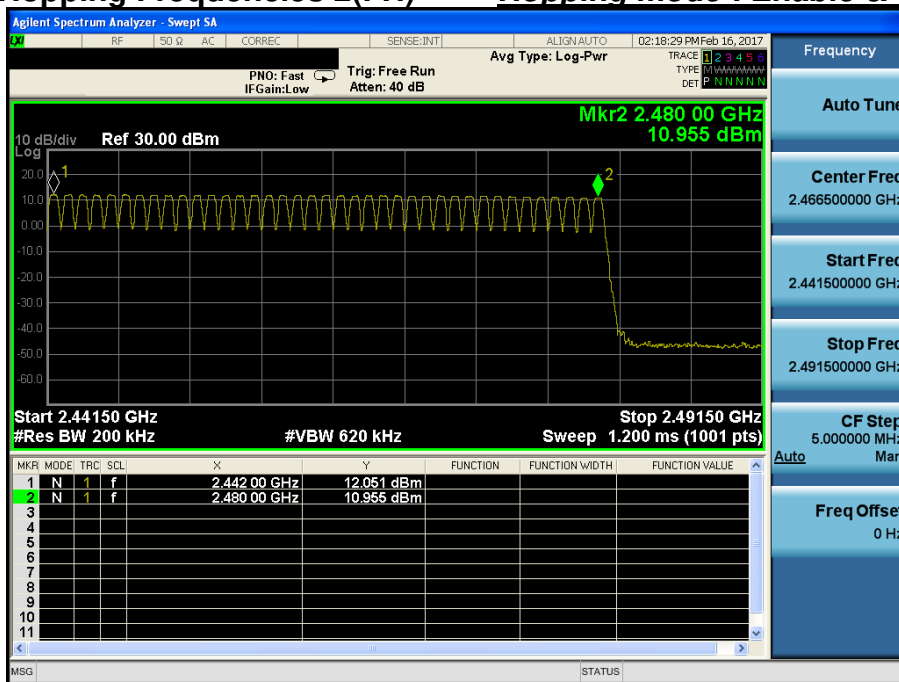
| |
|------------------|
| At least 15 hops |
|------------------|

<Module 0>

Number of Hopping Frequencies 1(FH) *Hopping mode : Enable & GFSK*

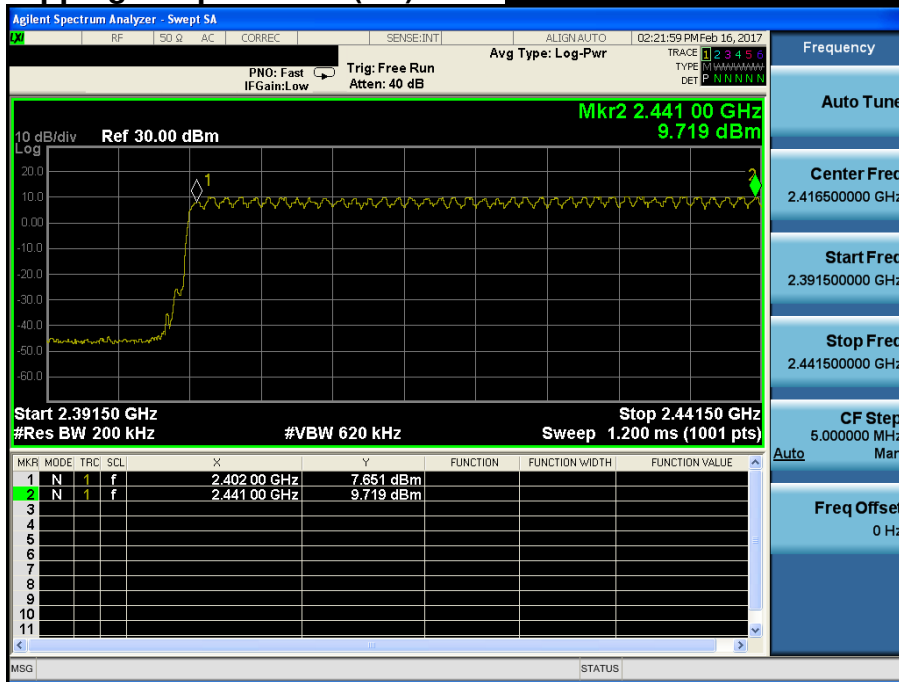


Number of Hopping Frequencies 2(FH) *Hopping mode : Enable & GFSK*



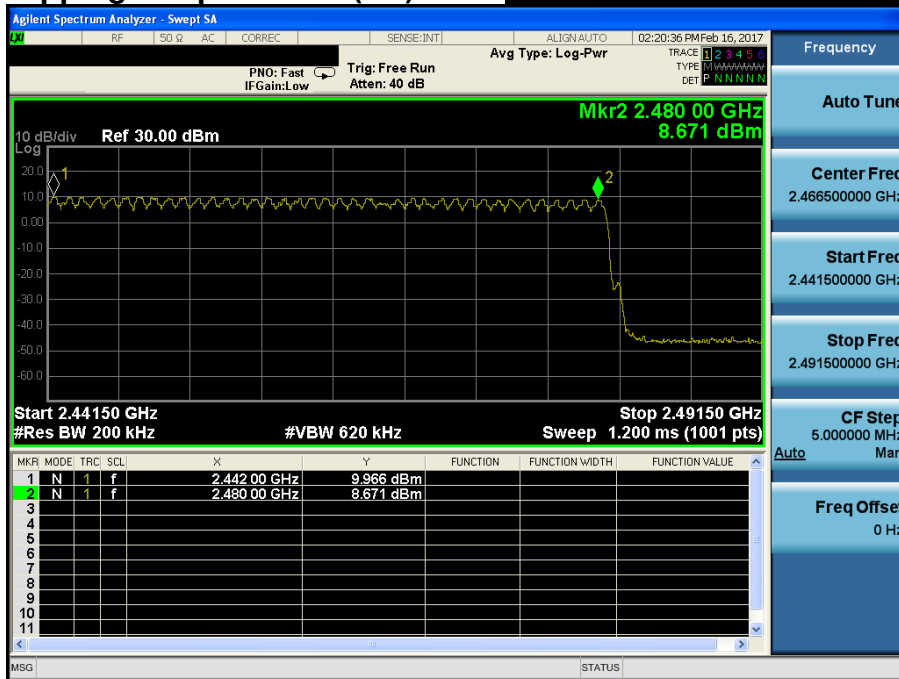
Number of Hopping Frequencies 1(FH)

Hopping mode : Enable & $\pi/4$ -DQPSK

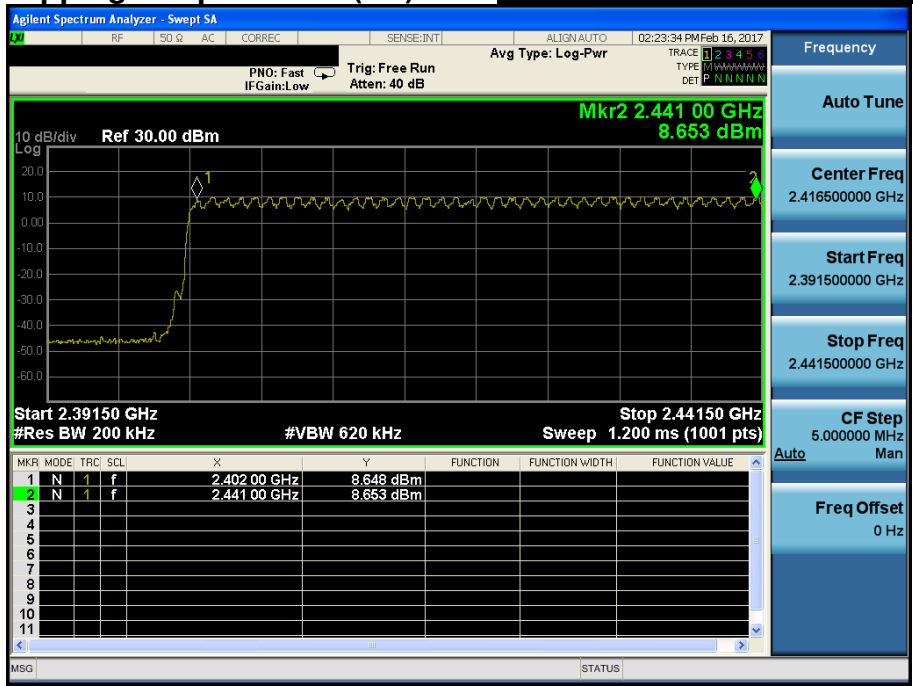


Number of Hopping Frequencies 2(FH)

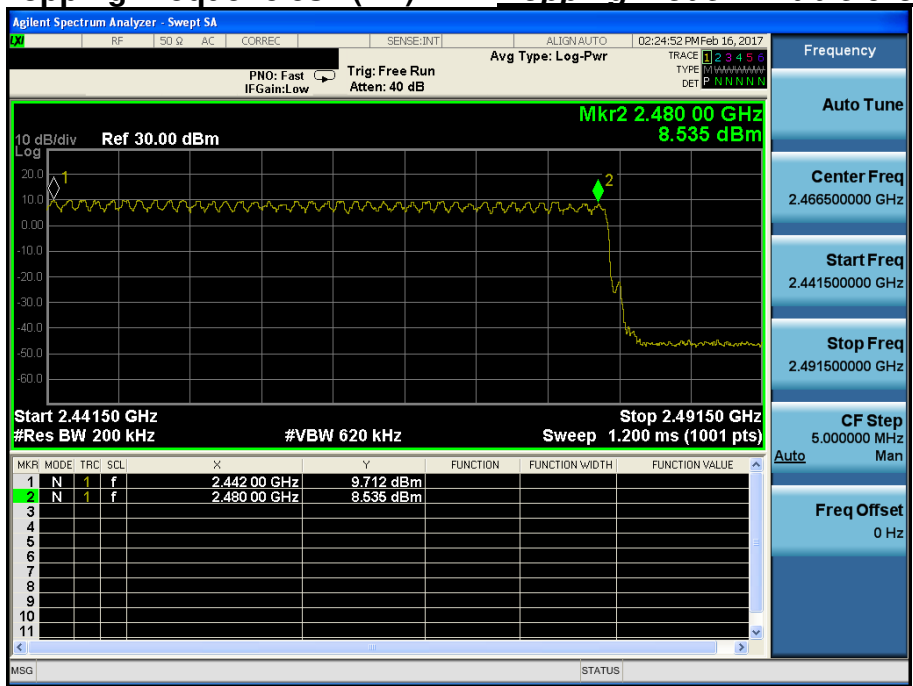
Hopping mode : Enable & $\pi/4$ -DQPSK



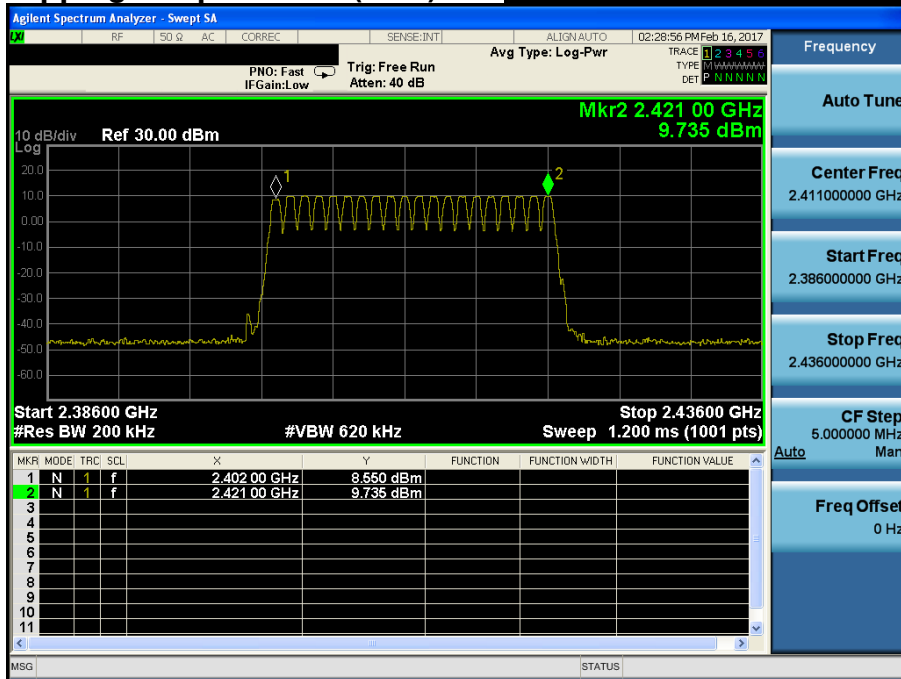
Number of Hopping Frequencies 1(FH) *Hopping mode : Enable & 8DPSK*



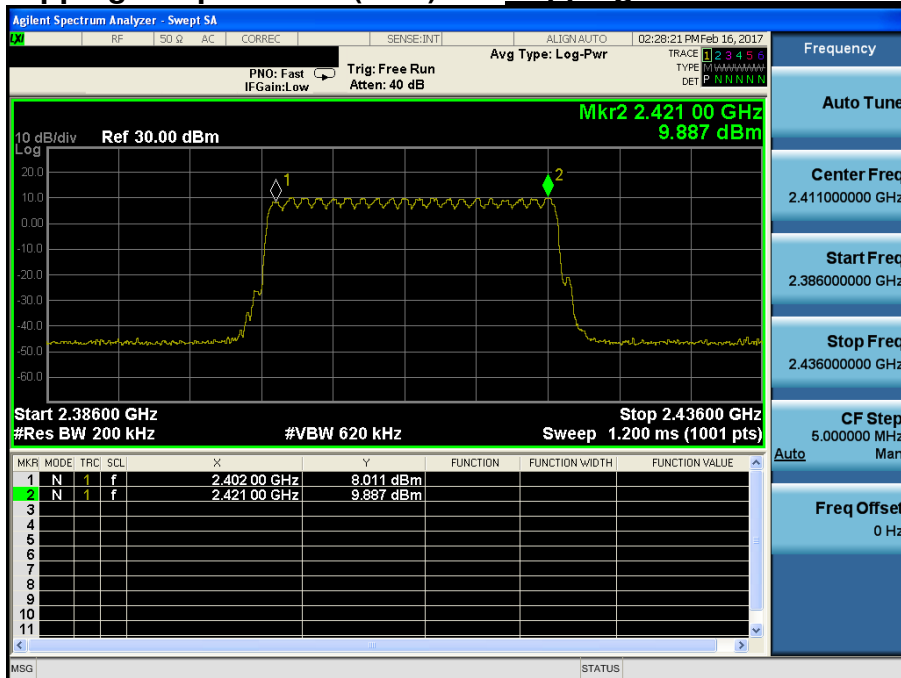
Number of Hopping Frequencies 2(FH) *Hopping mode : Enable & 8DPSK*



Number of Hopping Frequencies 1(AFH) *Hopping mode : Enable & GFSK*

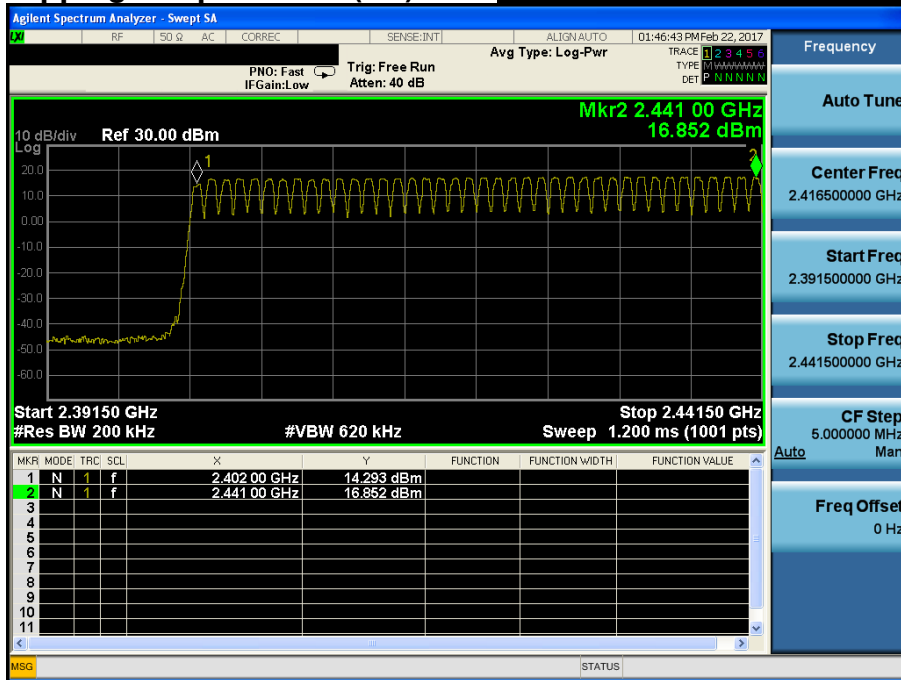


Number of Hopping Frequencies 1(AFH) *Hopping mode : Enable & π/4-DQPSK*

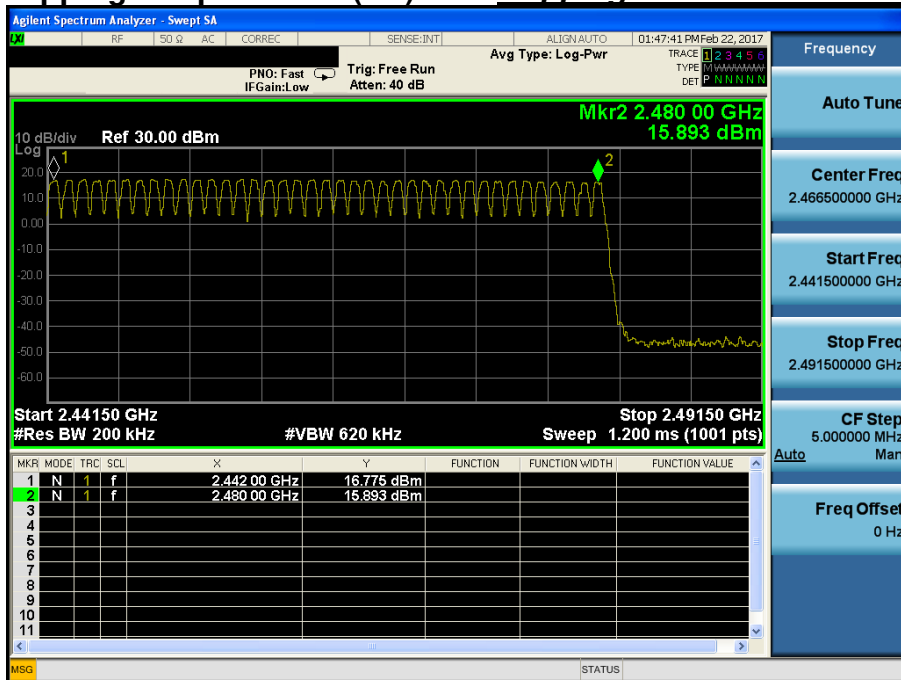


<Module 1>

Number of Hopping Frequencies 1(FH) *Hopping mode : Enable & GFSK*

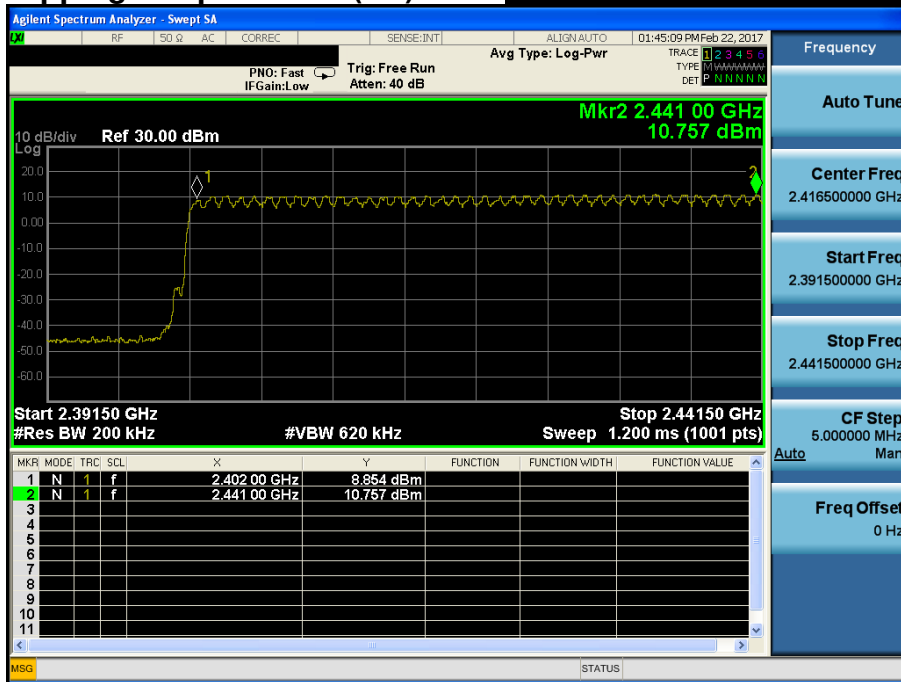


Number of Hopping Frequencies 2(FH) *Hopping mode : Enable & GFSK*



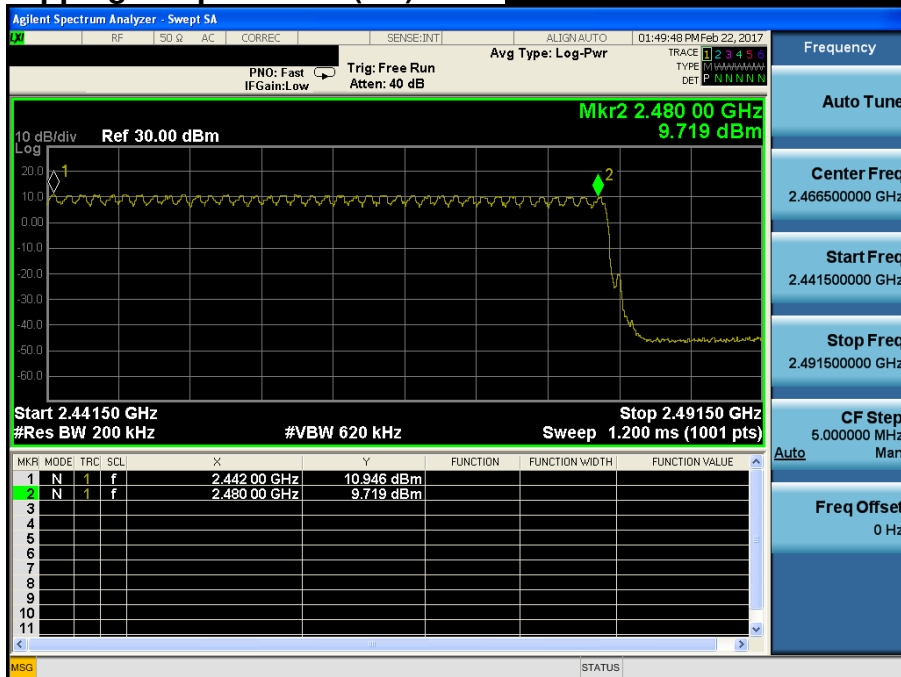
Number of Hopping Frequencies 1(FH)

Hopping mode : Enable & $\pi/4$ -DQPSK

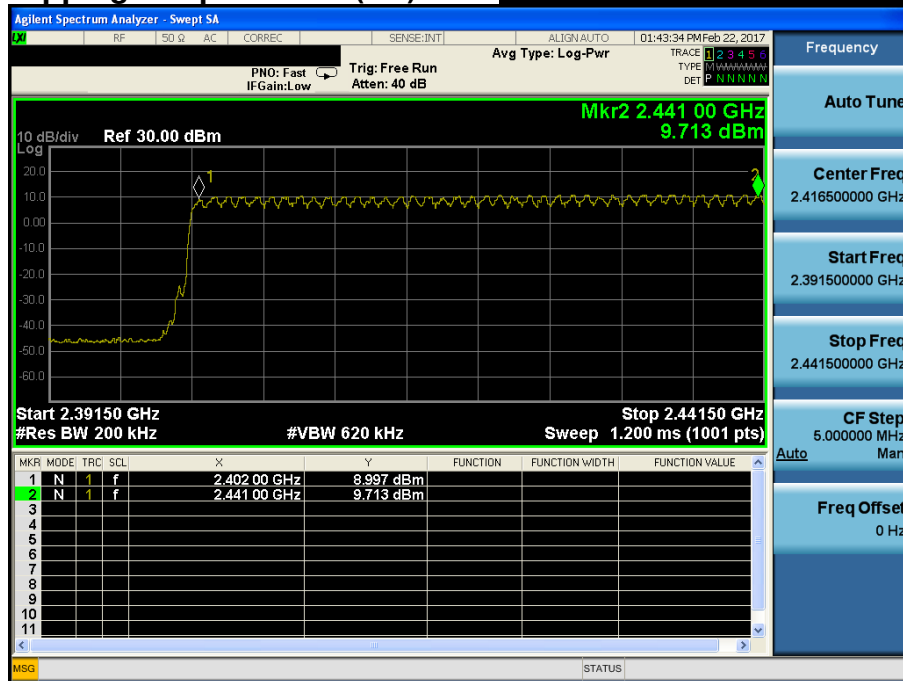


Number of Hopping Frequencies 2(FH)

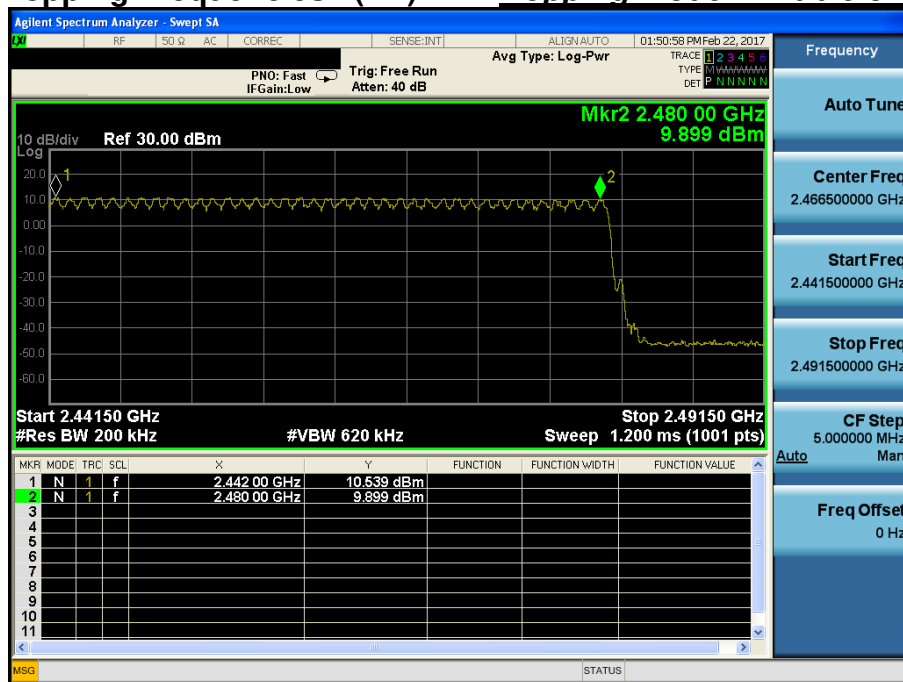
Hopping mode : Enable & $\pi/4$ -DQPSK



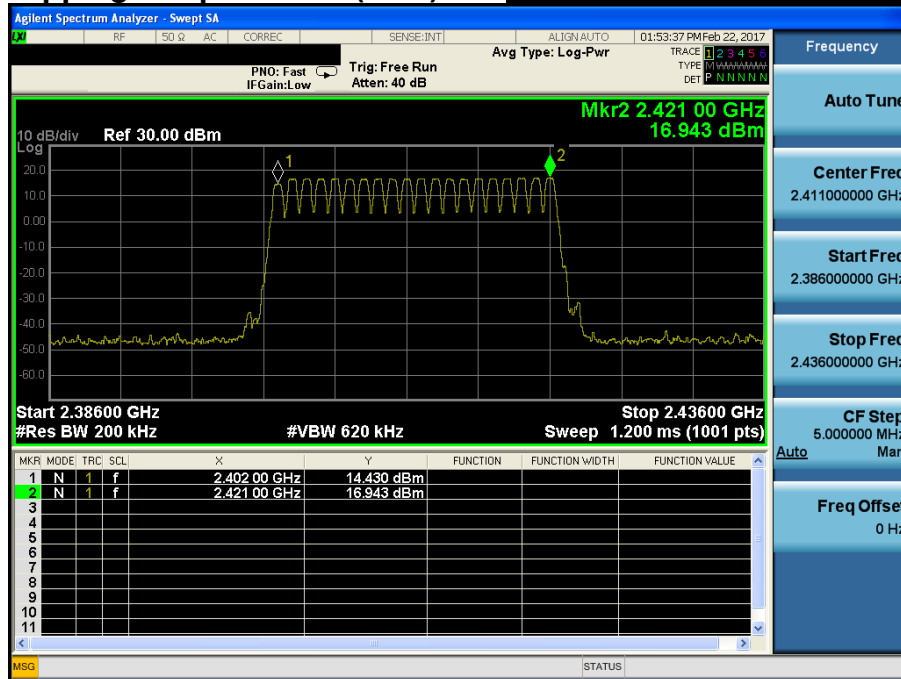
Number of Hopping Frequencies 1(FH) *Hopping mode : Enable & 8DPSK*



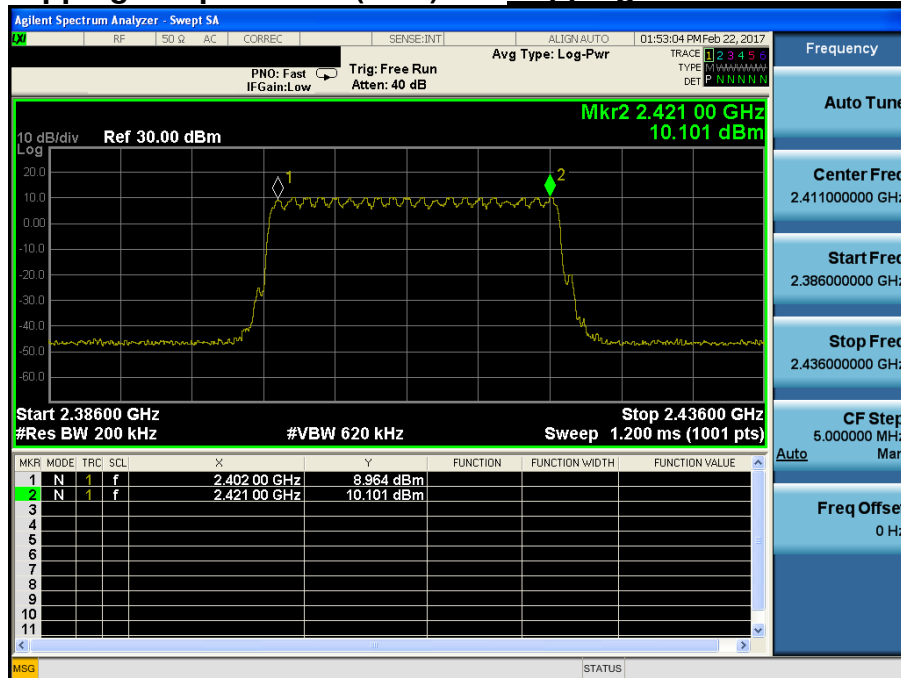
Number of Hopping Frequencies 2(FH) *Hopping mode : Enable & 8DPSK*



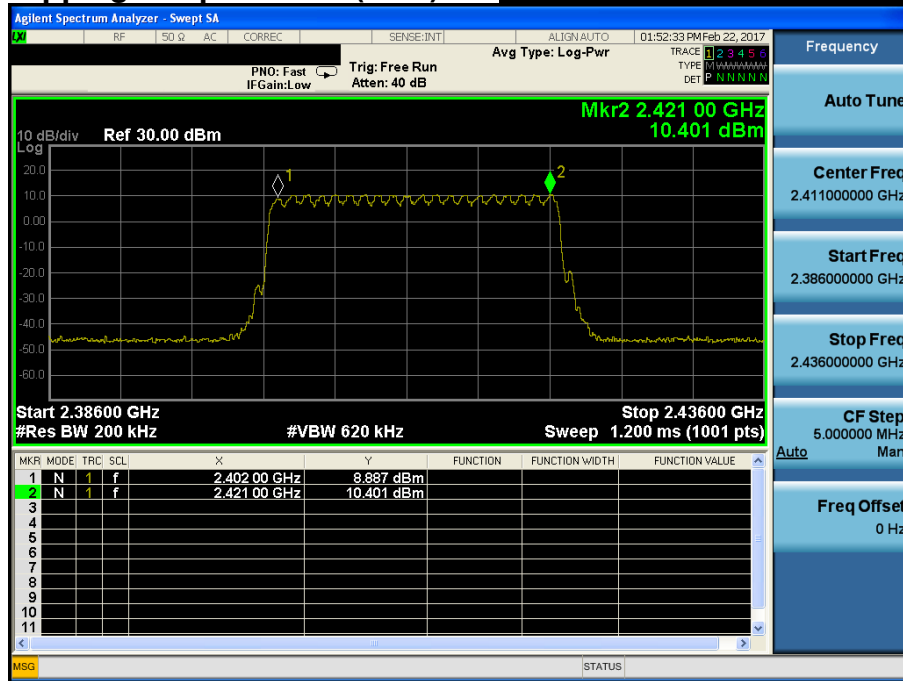
Number of Hopping Frequencies 1(AFH) *Hopping mode : Enable & GFSK*



Number of Hopping Frequencies 1(AFH) *Hopping mode : Enable & π/4-DQPSK*



Number of Hopping Frequencies 1(AFH) *Hopping mode : Enable & 8DPSK*



6. Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)

6.1 Test Setup

Refer to the APPENDIX I.

6.2 Limit

The maximum permissible time of occupancy is 400 ms within a period of 400 ms multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

6.3 Test Procedure

The dwell time was measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the antenna terminal, while EUT had its hopping function enabled.

The spectrum analyzer is set to :

Center frequency = 2441 MHz

Span = zero

RBW = 1 MHz (RBW shall be \leq channel spacing and where possible RBW should be set $\gg 1 / T$, where T is the expected dwell time per channel)

VBW \geq RBW

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

6.4 Test Results

FH mode_Module 0

| Hopping mode | Packet Type | Number of hopping Channels | Burst On Time (ms) | Period (ms) | Test Result (sec) |
|--------------|-------------|----------------------------|--------------------|-------------|-------------------|
| Enable | DH 5 | 79 | 2.880 | 3.750 | 0.307 |
| | 2 DH 5 | 79 | 2.880 | 3.750 | 0.307 |
| | 3 DH 5 | 79 | 2.880 | 3.750 | 0.307 |

AFH mode_Module 0

| Hopping mode | Packet Type | Number of hopping Channels | Burst On Time (ms) | Period (ms) | Test Result (sec) |
|--------------|-------------|----------------------------|--------------------|-------------|-------------------|
| Enable | DH 5 | 20 | 2.880 | 3.750 | 0.154 |
| | 2 DH 5 | 20 | 2.880 | 3.750 | 0.154 |
| | 3 DH 5 | 20 | 2.880 | 3.750 | 0.154 |

Note 1 : Dwell Time = $0.4 \times \text{Hopping channel} \times \text{Burst ON time} \times ((\text{Hopping rate} \div \text{Time slots}) \div \text{Hopping channel})$

- Time slots for DH5 = 6 slots (TX = 5 slot / RX = 1 slot)
- Hopping Rate = 1600 for FH mode & 800 for AFH mode

Note 2 : See next pages for actual measured spectrum plots.

FH mode_Module 1

| Hopping mode | Packet Type | Number of hopping Channels | Burst On Time (ms) | Period (ms) | Test Result (sec) |
|--------------|-------------|----------------------------|--------------------|-------------|-------------------|
| Enable | DH 5 | 79 | 2.880 | 3.750 | 0.307 |
| | 2 DH 5 | 79 | 2.880 | 3.750 | 0.307 |
| | 3 DH 5 | 79 | 2.880 | 3.750 | 0.307 |

AFH mode_Module 1

| Hopping mode | Packet Type | Number of hopping Channels | Burst On Time (ms) | Period (ms) | Test Result (sec) |
|--------------|-------------|----------------------------|--------------------|-------------|-------------------|
| Enable | DH 5 | 20 | 2.880 | 3.750 | 0.154 |
| | 2 DH 5 | 20 | 2.880 | 3.750 | 0.154 |
| | 3 DH 5 | 20 | 2.880 | 3.750 | 0.154 |

Note 1 : Dwell Time = $0.4 \times \text{Hopping channel} \times \text{Burst ON time} \times$
 $((\text{Hopping rate} \div \text{Time slots}) \div \text{Hopping channel})$

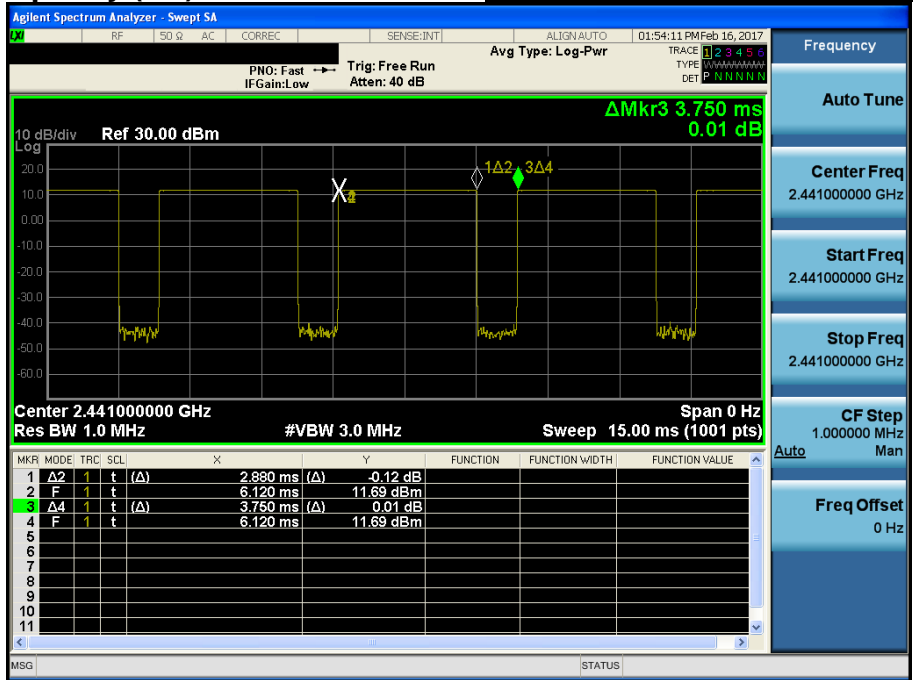
- Time slots for DH5 = 6 slots (TX = 5 slot / RX = 1 slot)
- Hopping Rate = 1600 for FH mode & 800 for AFH mode

Note 2 : See next pages for actual measured spectrum plots.

<Module 0>

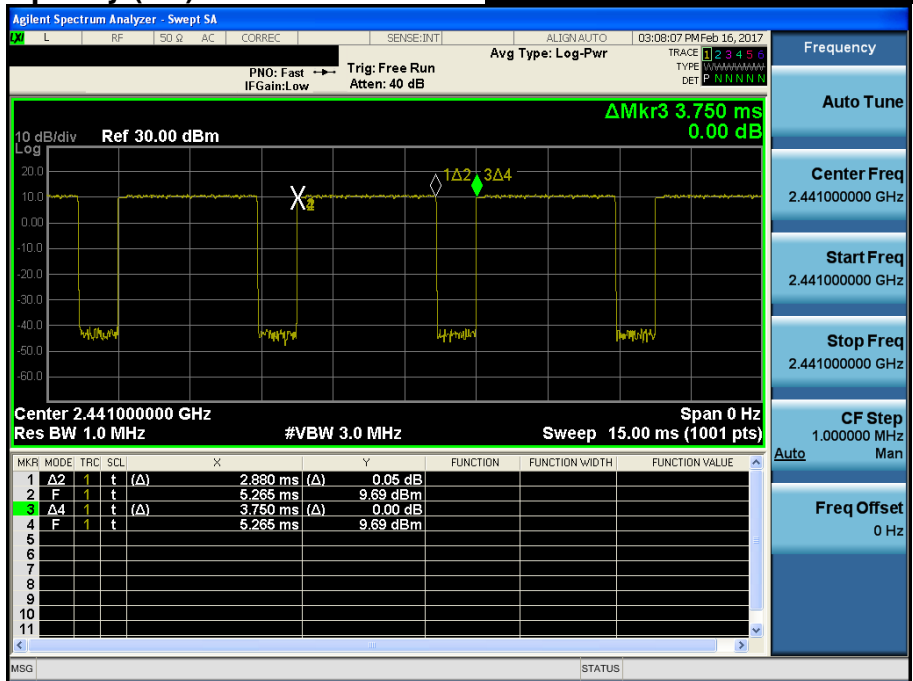
Time of Occupancy (FH)

Hopping mode : Enable & DH5



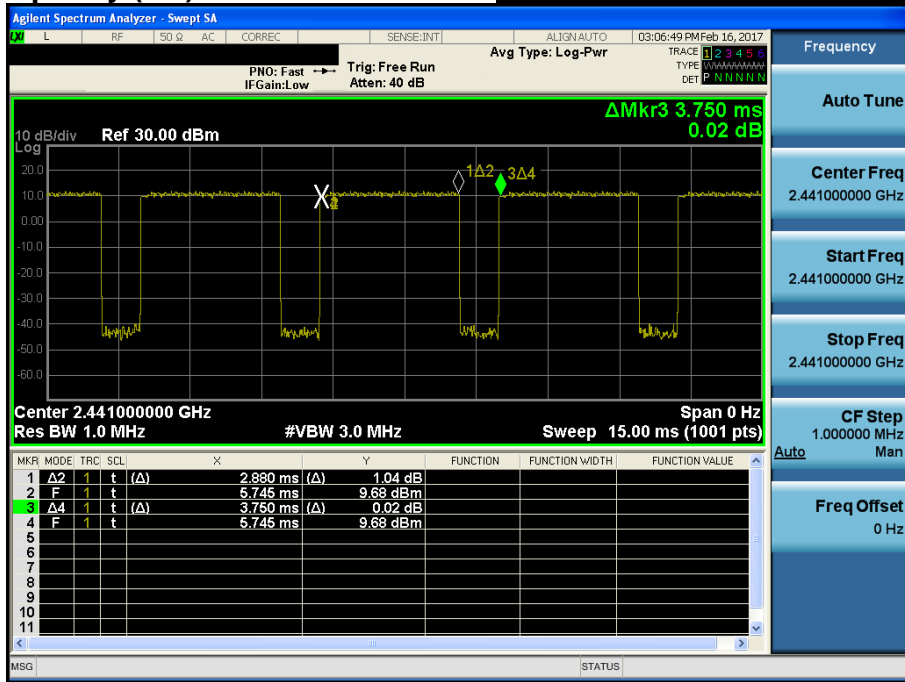
Time of Occupancy (FH)

Hopping mode : Enable & 2-DH5



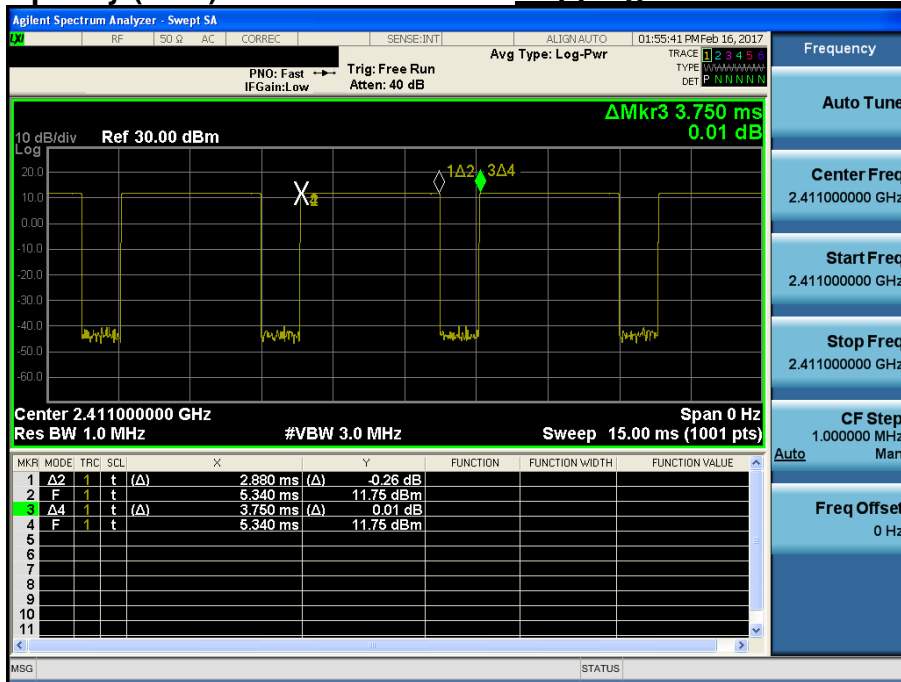
Time of Occupancy (FH)

Hopping mode : Enable & 3-DH5



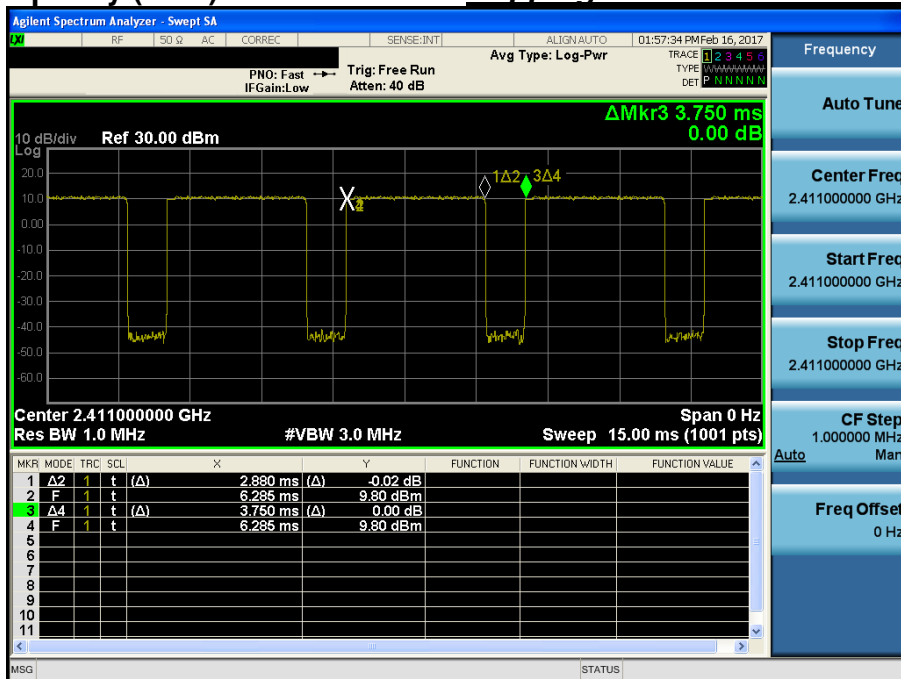
Time of Occupancy (AFH)

Hopping mode : Enable & DH5



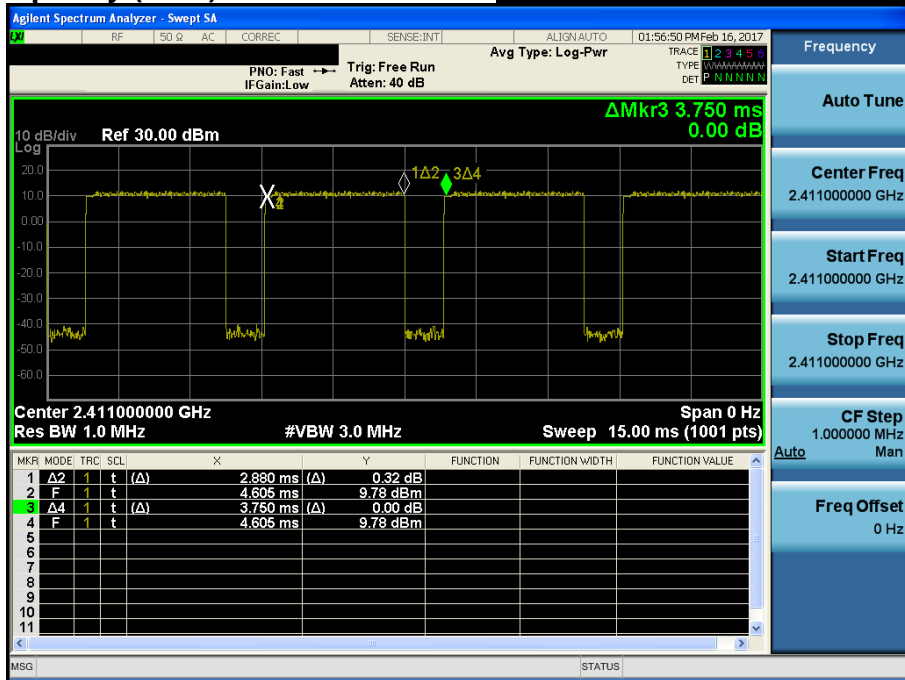
Time of Occupancy (AFH)

Hopping mode : Enable & 2-DH5



Time of Occupancy (AFH)

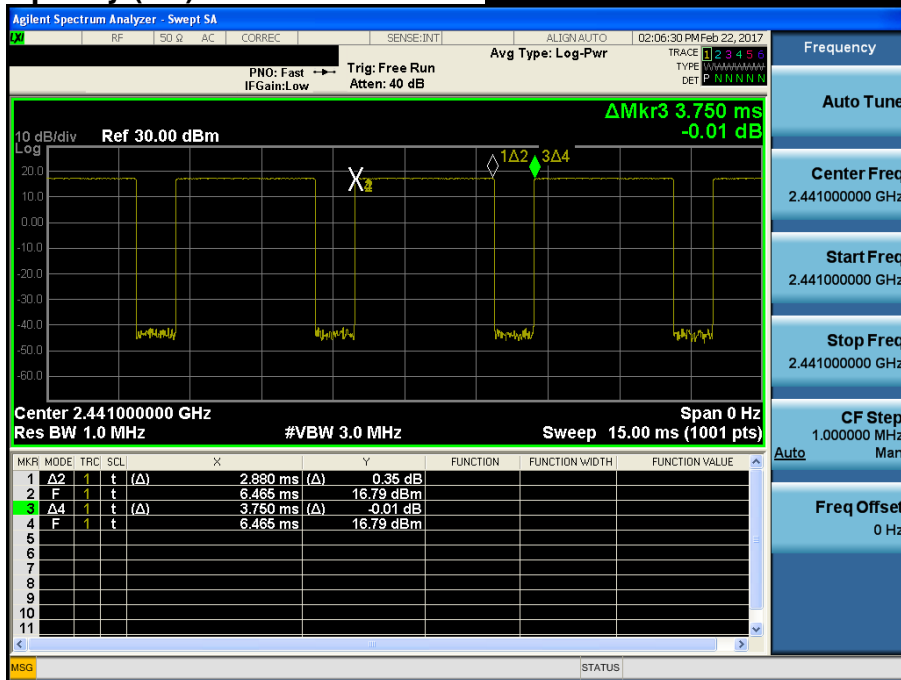
Hopping mode : Enable & 3-DH5



<Module 1>

Time of Occupancy (FH)

Hopping mode : Enable & DH5



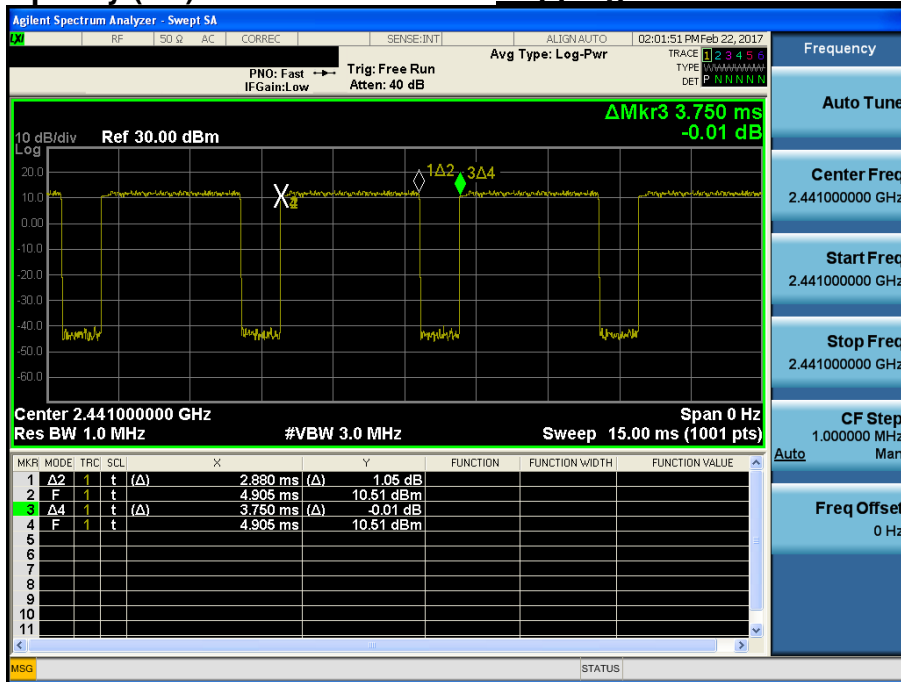
Time of Occupancy (FH)

Hopping mode : Enable & 2-DH5



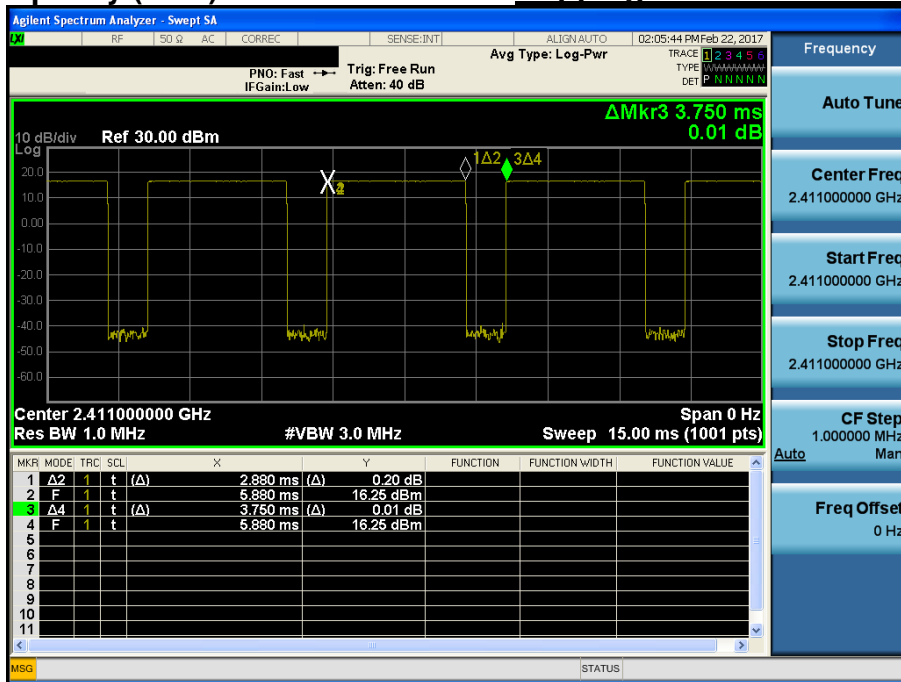
Time of Occupancy (FH)

Hopping mode : Enable & 3-DH5



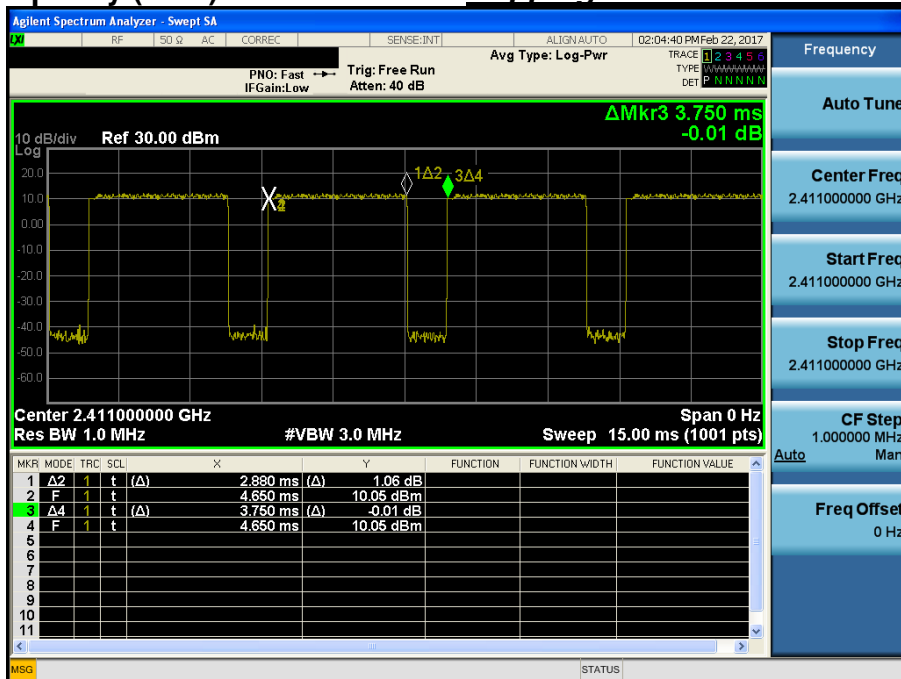
Time of Occupancy (AFH)

Hopping mode : Enable & DH5



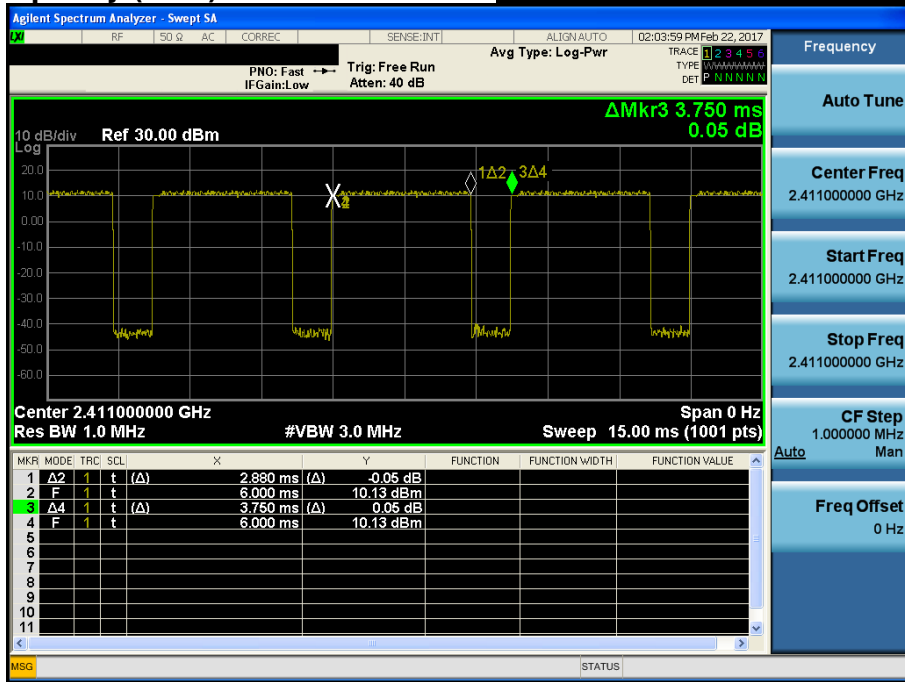
Time of Occupancy (AFH)

Hopping mode : Enable & 2-DH5



Time of Occupancy (AFH)

Hopping mode : Enable & 3-DH5



7. Transmitter Radiated Spurious Emissions and Conducted Spurious Emission

7.1 Test Setup

Refer to the APPENDIX I.

7.2 Limit

According to §15.247(d), in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph(b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in section §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emission which in the restricted band, as define in section §15.205(a), must also comply the radiated emission limits specified in section §15.209(a) (see section §15.205(c))

According to § 15.209(a), except as provided elsewhere in this Subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table

| Frequency (MHz) | Limit (uV/m) | Measurement Distance (meter) |
|-----------------|---------------|------------------------------|
| 0.009 ~ 0.490 | 2400/F (kHz) | 300 |
| 0.490 ~ 1705 | 24000/F (kHz) | 30 |
| 1705 ~ 30.0 | 30 | 30 |
| 30 ~ 88 | 100 ** | 3 |
| 88 ~ 216 | 150 ** | 3 |
| 216 ~ 960 | 200 ** | 3 |
| Above 960 | 500 | 3 |

** Except as provided in 15.209(g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this Section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54 - 72 MHz, 76 - 88 MHz, 174 - 216 MHz or 470 - 806 MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this Part, e.g. 15.231 and 15.241.

According to § 15.205(a) and (b), only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below :

| MHz | MHz | MHz | MHz | GHz | GHz |
|-------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|--------------|---------------|
| 0.009 ~ 0.110 | 8.41425 ~ 8.41475 | 108 ~ 121.94 | 1300 ~ 1427 | 4.5 ~ 5.15 | 14.47 ~ 14.5 |
| 0.495 ~ 0.505 | 12.29 ~ 12.293 | 123 ~ 138 | 1435 ~ 1626.5 | 5.35 ~ 5.46 | 15.35 ~ 16.2 |
| 2.1735 ~ 2.1905 | 12.51975 ~ 12.52025 | 149.9 ~ 150.05 | 1645.5 ~ 1646.5 | 7.25 ~ 7.75 | 17.7 ~ 21.4 |
| 4.125 ~ 4.128 | 12.57675 ~ 12.57725 | 156.52475 ~ 156.52525 | 1660 ~ 1710 | 8.025 ~ 8.5 | 22.01 ~ 23.12 |
| 4.17725 ~ 4.17775 | 13.36 ~ 13.41 | 156.7 ~ 156.9 | 1718.8 ~ 1722.2 | 9.0 ~ 9.2 | 23.6 ~ 24.0 |
| 4.20725 ~ 4.20775 | 16.42 ~ 16.423 | 162.0125 ~ 167.17 | 2200 ~ 2300 | 9.3 ~ 9.5 | 31.2 ~ 31.8 |
| 6.215 ~ 6.218 | 16.69475 ~ 16.69525 | 167.72 ~ 173.2 | 2310 ~ 2390 | 10.6 ~ 12.7 | 36.43 ~ 36.5 |
| 6.26775 ~ 6.26825 | 16.80425 ~ 16.80475 | 240 ~ 285 | 2483.5 ~ 2500 | 13.25 ~ 13.4 | Above 38.6 |
| 6.31175 ~ 6.31225 | 25.5 ~ 25.67 | 322 ~ 335.4 | 2655 ~ 2900 | | |
| 8.291 ~ 8.294 | 37.5 ~ 38.25 | 399.90 ~ 410 | 3260 ~ 3267 | | |
| 8.362 ~ 8.366 | 73 ~ 74.6 | 608 ~ 614 | 3332 ~ 3339 | | |
| 8.37625 ~ 8.38675 | 74.8 ~ 75.2 | 960 ~ 1240 | 3345.8 ~ 3358 | | |
| | | | 3600 ~ 4400 | | |

The field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in §15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1000 MHz, compliance with the limits in §15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1000 MHz, compliance with the emission limits in §15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in §15.35 apply to these measurements.

7.3. Test Procedures

7.3.1. Test Procedures for Radiated Spurious Emissions

1. The EUT is placed on a non-conductive table. For emission measurements at or below 1 GHz, the table height is 80 cm. For emission measurements above 1 GHz, the table height is 1.5 m. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
2. During performing radiated emission below 1 GHz, the EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower. During performing radiated emission above 1 GHz, the EUT was set 1 or 3 meter away from the interference-receiving antenna.
3. For measurements above 1GHz absorbers are placed on the floor between the turn table and the antenna mast in such a way so as to maximize the reduction of reflections. For measurements below 1 GHz, the absorbers are removed.
4. The antenna is a broadband antenna, and its height is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
5. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters and the table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
6. The test-receiver system was set to Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.
7. If the emission level of the EUT in peak mode was 10 dB lower than the limit specified, then testing could be stopped and the peak values of the EUT would be reported. Otherwise the emissions that did not have 10 dB margin would be re-tested one by one using peak, quasi-peak or average method as specified and then reported in a data sheet.

NOTE 1. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 120 kHz for Quasi-peak detection (QP) at frequency below 1 GHz.

NOTE 2. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1 MHz for Peak detection and frequency above 1 GHz.

NOTE 3. The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1 MHz and the video bandwidth is 1 kHz for Average detection (AV) at frequency above 1 GHz.

7.3.2. Test Procedures for Conducted Spurious Emissions

1. The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyzer.
2. The **reference level** of the fundamental frequency was measured with the spectrum analyzer using RBW = 100 kHz, VBW = 300 kHz.
3. The conducted spurious emission was tested each ranges were set as below.

Frequency range : 9 kHz ~ 30 MHz

RBW = 100 kHz, VBW = 300 kHz, SWEEP TIME = AUTO, DETECTOR = PEAK, TRACE = MAX HOLD, SWEEP POINT : 40001

Frequency range : 30 MHz ~ 10 GHz, 10 GHz ~ 25 GHz

RBW = 1 MHz, VBW = 3 MHz, SWEEP TIME = AUTO, DETECTOR = PEAK, TRACE = MAX HOLD, SWEEP POINT : 40001

LIMIT LINE = 20 dB below of the reference level of above measurement procedure Step 2. (RBW = 100 kHz, VBW = 300 kHz)

If the emission level with above setting was close to the limit (ie, less than 3 dB margin) then zoom scan is required using RBW = 100 kHz, VBW = 300 kHz, SPAN = 100 MHz and BINS = 2001 to get accurate emission level within 100 kHz BW.

Also the path loss for conducted measurement setup was used as described on the Appendix I of this test report.

7.4. Test Results

7.4.1. Radiated Emissions

9 kHz ~ 25 GHz Data (Modulation : GFSK)_Module 0

▪ Lowest Channel

| Frequency (MHz) | ANT Pol | The worst case EUT Position (Axis) | Detector Mode | Reading (dBuV) | T.F (dB/m) | D.C.F (dB) | Distance Factor (dB) | Result (dBuV/m) | Limit (dBuV/m) | Margin (dB) |
|-----------------|---------|------------------------------------|---------------|----------------|------------|------------|----------------------|-----------------|----------------|-------------|
| 2387.91 | H | X | PK | 49.42 | 0.78 | N/A | N/A | 50.20 | 74.00 | 23.80 |
| 2388.45 | H | X | AV | 37.01 | 0.78 | -24.79 | N/A | 13.00 | 54.00 | 41.00 |
| 4803.72 | H | Y | PK | 49.28 | 7.63 | N/A | N/A | 56.91 | 74.00 | 17.09 |
| 4804.03 | H | Y | AV | 44.21 | 7.63 | -24.79 | N/A | 27.05 | 54.00 | 26.95 |

▪ Middle Channel

| Frequency (MHz) | ANT Pol | The worst case EUT Position (Axis) | Detector Mode | Reading (dBuV) | T.F (dB/m) | D.C.F (dB) | Distance Factor (dB) | Result (dBuV/m) | Limit (dBuV/m) | Margin (dB) |
|-----------------|---------|------------------------------------|---------------|----------------|------------|------------|----------------------|-----------------|----------------|-------------|
| 4881.66 | H | Y | PK | 48.10 | 7.30 | N/A | N/A | 55.40 | 74.00 | 18.60 |
| 4882.07 | H | Y | AV | 42.46 | 7.30 | -24.79 | N/A | 24.97 | 54.00 | 29.03 |

▪ Highest Channel

| Frequency (MHz) | ANT Pol | The worst case EUT Position (Axis) | Detector Mode | Reading (dBuV) | T.F (dB/m) | D.C.F (dB) | Distance Factor (dB) | Result (dBuV/m) | Limit (dBuV/m) | Margin (dB) |
|-----------------|---------|------------------------------------|---------------|----------------|------------|------------|----------------------|-----------------|----------------|-------------|
| 2483.53 | H | X | PK | 50.04 | 1.16 | N/A | N/A | 51.20 | 74.00 | 22.80 |
| 2483.56 | H | X | AV | 37.68 | 1.16 | -24.79 | N/A | 14.05 | 54.00 | 39.95 |
| 4960.47 | H | Y | PK | 52.94 | 7.48 | N/A | N/A | 60.42 | 74.00 | 13.58 |
| 4960.07 | H | Y | AV | 48.70 | 7.48 | -24.79 | N/A | 31.39 | 54.00 | 22.61 |

▪ Note.

- No other spurious and harmonic emissions were found greater than listed emissions on above table.
- Information of Distance Factor
For finding emissions, the test distance might be reduced from 3m to 1m. In this case, the distance factor(-9.54dB) is applied to the result.
- Calculation of distance factor = $20 \log(\text{applied distance} / \text{required distance}) = 20 \log(1 \text{ m} / 3 \text{ m}) = -9.54 \text{ dB}$
When distance factor is "N/A", the distance is 3 m and distance factor is not applied.
- D.C.F Calculation. (D.C.F = Duty Cycle Correction Factor)
- Time to cycle through all channels = $\Delta t = T [\text{ms}] \times 20$ minimum hopping channels, where T = pulse width = **2.88 ms**
- $100 \text{ ms} / \Delta t [\text{ms}] = H \rightarrow$ Round up to next highest integer, to account for worst case, $H' = 100 / (2.88 \times 20) = 1.74 \approx 2$
- The Worst Case Dwell Time = $T [\text{ms}] \times H' = 2.88 \text{ ms} \times 2 = 5.76 \text{ ms}$
- D.C.F = $20 \log(\text{The Worst Case Dwell Time} / 100 \text{ ms}) \text{ dB} = 20 \log(5.76 / 100) = -24.79 \text{ dB}$
- Sample Calculation.
Margin = Limit – Result / Result = Reading + T.F + D.C.F / T.F = AF + CL – AG
Where, T.F = Total Factor, AF = Antenna Factor, CL = Cable Loss, AG = Amplifier Gain.

9 kHz ~ 25 GHz Data (Modulation : $\pi/4$ DQPSK)_Module 0
▪ Lowest Channel

| Frequency (MHz) | ANT Pol | The worst case EUT Position (Axis) | Detector Mode | Reading (dBuV) | T.F (dB/m) | D.C.F (dB) | Distance Factor (dB) | Result (dBuV/m) | Limit (dBuV/m) | Margin (dB) |
|-----------------|---------|------------------------------------|---------------|----------------|------------|------------|----------------------|-----------------|----------------|-------------|
| 2388.12 | H | X | PK | 45.82 | 0.78 | N/A | N/A | 46.60 | 74.00 | 27.40 |
| 2389.23 | H | X | AV | 33.87 | 0.78 | -24.79 | N/A | 9.86 | 54.00 | 44.14 |
| 4804.30 | H | Y | PK | 47.93 | 7.63 | N/A | N/A | 55.56 | 74.00 | 18.44 |
| 4804.09 | H | Y | AV | 39.24 | 7.63 | -24.79 | N/A | 22.08 | 54.00 | 31.92 |

▪ Middle Channel

| Frequency (MHz) | ANT Pol | The worst case EUT Position (Axis) | Detector Mode | Reading (dBuV) | T.F (dB/m) | D.C.F (dB) | Distance Factor (dB) | Result (dBuV/m) | Limit (dBuV/m) | Margin (dB) |
|-----------------|---------|------------------------------------|---------------|----------------|------------|------------|----------------------|-----------------|----------------|-------------|
| 4882.03 | H | Y | PK | 47.66 | 7.30 | N/A | N/A | 54.96 | 74.00 | 19.04 |
| 4882.03 | H | Y | AV | 38.71 | 7.30 | -24.79 | N/A | 21.22 | 54.00 | 32.78 |

▪ Highest Channel

| Frequency (MHz) | ANT Pol | The worst case EUT Position (Axis) | Detector Mode | Reading (dBuV) | T.F (dB/m) | D.C.F (dB) | Distance Factor (dB) | Result (dBuV/m) | Limit (dBuV/m) | Margin (dB) |
|-----------------|---------|------------------------------------|---------------|----------------|------------|------------|----------------------|-----------------|----------------|-------------|
| 2483.60 | H | X | PK | 47.89 | 1.16 | N/A | N/A | 49.05 | 74.00 | 24.95 |
| 2483.53 | H | X | AV | 35.71 | 1.16 | -24.79 | N/A | 12.08 | 54.00 | 41.92 |
| 4960.25 | H | Y | PK | 52.32 | 7.48 | N/A | N/A | 59.80 | 74.00 | 14.20 |
| 4960.03 | H | Y | AV | 43.45 | 7.48 | -24.79 | N/A | 26.14 | 54.00 | 27.86 |

▪ Note.

1. No other spurious and harmonic emissions were found greater than listed emissions on above table.

2. Information of Distance Factor

For finding emissions, the test distance might be reduced from 3m to 1m. In this case, the distance factor(-9.54dB) is applied to the result.

- Calculation of distance factor = $20 \log(\text{applied distance} / \text{required distance}) = 20 \log(1 \text{ m} / 3 \text{ m}) = \underline{\underline{-9.54 \text{ dB}}}$

When distance factor is "N/A", the distance is 3 m and distance factor is not applied.

3. D.C.F Calculation. (D.C.F = Duty Cycle Correction Factor)

- Time to cycle through all channels = $\Delta t = T [\text{ms}] \times 20$ minimum hopping channels, where T = pulse width = **2.88 ms**

- $100 \text{ ms} / \Delta t [\text{ms}] = H \rightarrow$ Round up to next highest integer, to account for worst case, $H' = 100 / (2.88 \times 20) = 1.74 \approx 2$

- The Worst Case Dwell Time = $T [\text{ms}] \times H' = 2.88 \text{ ms} \times 2 = 5.76 \text{ ms}$

- D.C.F = $20 \log(\text{The Worst Case Dwell Time} / 100 \text{ ms}) \text{ dB} = 20 \log(5.76 / 100) = \underline{\underline{-24.79 \text{ dB}}}$

4. Sample Calculation.

Margin = Limit – Result / Result = Reading + T.F + D.C.F / T.F = AF + CL – AG

Where, T.F = Total Factor, AF = Antenna Factor, CL = Cable Loss, AG = Amplifier Gain.

9 kHz ~ 25 GHz Data (Modulation : 8DPSK)_Module 0

▪ Lowest Channel

| Frequency (MHz) | ANT Pol | The worst case EUT Position (Axis) | Detector Mode | Reading (dBuV) | T.F (dB/m) | D.C.F (dB) | Distance Factor (dB) | Result (dBuV/m) | Limit (dBuV/m) | Margin (dB) |
|-----------------|---------|------------------------------------|---------------|----------------|------------|------------|----------------------|-----------------|----------------|-------------|
| 2388.95 | H | X | PK | 45.61 | 0.78 | N/A | N/A | 46.39 | 74.00 | 27.61 |
| 2388.77 | H | X | AV | 33.62 | 0.78 | -24.79 | N/A | 9.61 | 54.00 | 44.39 |
| 4803.97 | H | Y | PK | 48.81 | 7.63 | N/A | N/A | 56.44 | 74.00 | 17.56 |
| 4804.03 | H | Y | AV | 39.62 | 7.63 | -24.79 | N/A | 22.46 | 54.00 | 31.54 |

▪ Middle Channel

| Frequency (MHz) | ANT Pol | The worst case EUT Position (Axis) | Detector Mode | Reading (dBuV) | T.F (dB/m) | D.C.F (dB) | Distance Factor (dB) | Result (dBuV/m) | Limit (dBuV/m) | Margin (dB) |
|-----------------|---------|------------------------------------|---------------|----------------|------------|------------|----------------------|-----------------|----------------|-------------|
| 4882.28 | H | Y | PK | 48.25 | 7.30 | N/A | N/A | 55.55 | 74.00 | 18.45 |
| 4882.05 | H | Y | AV | 38.26 | 7.30 | -24.79 | N/A | 20.77 | 54.00 | 33.23 |

▪ Highest Channel

| Frequency (MHz) | ANT Pol | The worst case EUT Position (Axis) | Detector Mode | Reading (dBuV) | T.F (dB/m) | D.C.F (dB) | Distance Factor (dB) | Result (dBuV/m) | Limit (dBuV/m) | Margin (dB) |
|-----------------|---------|------------------------------------|---------------|----------------|------------|------------|----------------------|-----------------|----------------|-------------|
| 2483.62 | H | X | PK | 47.27 | 1.16 | N/A | N/A | 48.43 | 74.00 | 25.57 |
| 2483.51 | H | X | AV | 35.69 | 1.16 | -24.79 | N/A | 12.06 | 54.00 | 41.94 |
| 4960.21 | H | Y | PK | 51.92 | 7.48 | N/A | N/A | 59.40 | 74.00 | 14.60 |
| 4960.02 | H | Y | AV | 43.38 | 7.48 | -24.79 | N/A | 26.07 | 54.00 | 27.93 |

 ▪ **Note.**

1. No other spurious and harmonic emissions were found greater than listed emissions on above table.

2. Information of Distance Factor

For finding emissions, the test distance might be reduced from 3m to 1m. In this case, the distance factor(-9.54dB) is applied to the result.

- Calculation of distance factor = $20 \log(\text{applied distance} / \text{required distance}) = 20 \log(1 \text{ m} / 3 \text{ m}) = \underline{-9.54 \text{ dB}}$

When distance factor is "N/A", the distance is 3 m and distance factor is not applied.

3. D.C.F Calculation. (D.C.F = Duty Cycle Correction Factor)

- Time to cycle through all channels = $\Delta t = T [\text{ms}] \times 20$ minimum hopping channels, where T = pulse width = **2.88 ms**

- $100 \text{ ms} / \Delta t [\text{ms}] = H \rightarrow$ Round up to next highest integer, to account for worst case, $H' = 100 / (2.88 \times 20) = 1.74 \approx 2$

- The Worst Case Dwell Time = $T [\text{ms}] \times H' = 2.88 \text{ ms} \times 2 = 5.76 \text{ ms}$

- D.C.F = $20 \log(\text{The Worst Case Dwell Time} / 100 \text{ ms}) \text{ dB} = 20 \log(5.76 / 100) = \underline{-24.79 \text{ dB}}$

4. Sample Calculation.

Margin = Limit – Result / Result = Reading + T.F + D.C.F / T.F = AF + CL – AG

Where, T.F = Total Factor, AF = Antenna Factor, CL = Cable Loss, AG = Amplifier Gain.

Band Edge Data (*Hopping mode*)_ Module 0

▪ Modulation : GFSK

| Frequency (MHz) | ANT Pol | The worst case EUT Position (Axis) | Detector Mode | Reading (dBuV) | T.F (dB/m) | D.C.F (dB) | Distance Factor (dB) | Result (dBuV/m) | Limit (dBuV/m) | Margin (dB) |
|-----------------|---------|------------------------------------|---------------|----------------|------------|------------|----------------------|-----------------|----------------|-------------|
| 2315.92 | H | X | PK | 53.10 | 0.78 | N/A | N/A | 53.88 | 74.00 | 20.12 |
| 2315.10 | H | X | AV | 47.24 | 0.78 | -24.79 | N/A | 23.23 | 54.00 | 30.77 |
| 2483.78 | H | X | PK | 49.55 | 1.16 | N/A | N/A | 50.71 | 74.00 | 23.29 |
| 2483.55 | H | X | AV | 37.44 | 1.16 | -24.79 | N/A | 13.81 | 54.00 | 40.19 |

 ▪ Modulation : $\pi/4$ DQPSK

| Frequency (MHz) | ANT Pol | The worst case EUT Position (Axis) | Detector Mode | Reading (dBuV) | T.F (dB/m) | D.C.F (dB) | Distance Factor (dB) | Result (dBuV/m) | Limit (dBuV/m) | Margin (dB) |
|-----------------|---------|------------------------------------|---------------|----------------|------------|------------|----------------------|-----------------|----------------|-------------|
| 2323.61 | H | X | PK | 48.97 | 0.78 | N/A | N/A | 49.75 | 74.00 | 24.25 |
| 2324.12 | H | X | AV | 42.26 | 0.78 | -24.79 | N/A | 18.25 | 54.00 | 35.75 |
| 2484.25 | H | X | PK | 46.90 | 1.16 | N/A | N/A | 48.06 | 74.00 | 25.94 |
| 2483.51 | H | X | AV | 35.40 | 1.16 | -24.79 | N/A | 11.77 | 54.00 | 42.23 |

▪ Modulation : 8DPSK

| Frequency (MHz) | ANT Pol | The worst case EUT Position (Axis) | Detector Mode | Reading (dBuV) | T.F (dB/m) | D.C.F (dB) | Distance Factor (dB) | Result (dBuV/m) | Limit (dBuV/m) | Margin (dB) |
|-----------------|---------|------------------------------------|---------------|----------------|------------|------------|----------------------|-----------------|----------------|-------------|
| 2323.04 | H | X | PK | 48.52 | 0.78 | N/A | N/A | 49.30 | 74.00 | 24.70 |
| 2323.01 | H | X | AV | 41.98 | 0.78 | -24.79 | N/A | 17.97 | 54.00 | 36.03 |
| 2483.61 | H | X | PK | 46.78 | 1.16 | N/A | N/A | 47.94 | 74.00 | 26.06 |
| 2483.52 | H | X | AV | 35.34 | 1.16 | -24.79 | N/A | 11.71 | 54.00 | 42.29 |

Note.

1. No other spurious and harmonic emissions were found greater than listed emissions on above table.

2. Information of Distance Factor

For finding emissions, the test distance might be reduced from 3m to 1m. In this case, the distance factor(-9.54dB) is applied to the result.

- Calculation of distance factor = $20 \log(\text{applied distance} / \text{required distance}) = 20 \log(1 \text{ m} / 3 \text{ m}) = \underline{\underline{-9.54 \text{ dB}}}$

When distance factor is "N/A", the distance is 3 m and distance factor is not applied.

3. D.C.F Calculation. (D.C.F = Duty Cycle Correction Factor)

- Time to cycle through all channels = $\Delta t = T [\text{ms}] \times 20$ minimum hopping channels, where T = pulse width = **2.88 ms**

- $100 \text{ ms} / \Delta t [\text{ms}] = H \rightarrow$ Round up to next highest integer, to account for worst case, $H' = 100 / (2.88 \times 20) = 1.74 \approx 2$

- The Worst Case Dwell Time = $T [\text{ms}] \times H' = 2.88 \text{ ms} \times 2 = 5.76 \text{ ms}$

- D.C.F = $20 \log(\text{The Worst Case Dwell Time} / 100 \text{ ms}) \text{ dB} = 20 \log(5.76 / 100) = \underline{\underline{-24.79 \text{ dB}}}$

4. Sample Calculation.

Margin = Limit – Result / Result = Reading + T.F + D.C.F / T.F = AF + CL – AG

Where, T.F = Total Factor, AF = Antenna Factor, CL = Cable Loss, AG = Amplifier Gain.

9 kHz ~ 25 GHz Data (Modulation : GFSK)_Module 1

▪ Lowest Channel

| Frequency (MHz) | ANT Pol | The worst case EUT Position (Axis) | Detector Mode | Reading (dBuV) | T.F (dB/m) | D.C.F (dB) | Distance Factor (dB) | Result (dBuV/m) | Limit (dBuV/m) | Margin (dB) |
|-----------------|---------|------------------------------------|---------------|----------------|------------|------------|----------------------|-----------------|----------------|-------------|
| 2376.34 | H | X | PK | 57.76 | 0.78 | N/A | N/A | 58.54 | 74.00 | 15.46 |
| 2375.93 | H | X | AV | 46.20 | 0.78 | -24.79 | N/A | 22.19 | 54.00 | 31.81 |
| 4803.70 | V | Z | PK | 56.73 | 7.63 | N/A | N/A | 64.36 | 74.00 | 9.64 |
| 4804.07 | V | Z | AV | 54.33 | 7.63 | -24.79 | N/A | 37.17 | 54.00 | 16.83 |

▪ Middle Channel

| Frequency (MHz) | ANT Pol | The worst case EUT Position (Axis) | Detector Mode | Reading (dBuV) | T.F (dB/m) | D.C.F (dB) | Distance Factor (dB) | Result (dBuV/m) | Limit (dBuV/m) | Margin (dB) |
|-----------------|---------|------------------------------------|---------------|----------------|------------|------------|----------------------|-----------------|----------------|-------------|
| 4882.35 | V | Z | PK | 55.16 | 7.30 | N/A | N/A | 62.46 | 74.00 | 11.54 |
| 4882.05 | V | Z | AV | 52.83 | 7.30 | -24.79 | N/A | 35.34 | 54.00 | 18.66 |

▪ Highest Channel

| Frequency (MHz) | ANT Pol | The worst case EUT Position (Axis) | Detector Mode | Reading (dBuV) | T.F (dB/m) | D.C.F (dB) | Distance Factor (dB) | Result (dBuV/m) | Limit (dBuV/m) | Margin (dB) |
|-----------------|---------|------------------------------------|---------------|----------------|------------|------------|----------------------|-----------------|----------------|-------------|
| 2483.53 | H | X | PK | 61.41 | 1.16 | N/A | N/A | 62.57 | 74.00 | 11.43 |
| 2483.51 | H | X | AV | 48.95 | 1.16 | -24.79 | N/A | 25.32 | 54.00 | 28.68 |
| 4960.20 | V | Z | PK | 56.49 | 7.48 | N/A | N/A | 63.97 | 74.00 | 10.03 |
| 4960.07 | V | Z | AV | 53.85 | 7.48 | -24.79 | N/A | 36.54 | 54.00 | 17.46 |

 ▪ Note.

1. No other spurious and harmonic emissions were found greater than listed emissions on above table.

2. Information of Distance Factor

For finding emissions, the test distance might be reduced from 3m to 1m. In this case, the distance factor(-9.54dB) is applied to the result.

- Calculation of distance factor = $20 \log(\text{applied distance} / \text{required distance}) = 20 \log(1 \text{ m} / 3 \text{ m}) = \underline{-9.54 \text{ dB}}$

When distance factor is "N/A", the distance is 3 m and distance factor is not applied.

3. D.C.F Calculation. (D.C.F = Duty Cycle Correction Factor)

- Time to cycle through all channels = $\Delta t = T [\text{ms}] \times 20$ minimum hopping channels, where T = pulse width = **2.88 ms**

- $100 \text{ ms} / \Delta t [\text{ms}] = H \rightarrow$ Round up to next highest integer, to account for worst case, $H' = 100 / (2.88 \times 20) = 1.74 \approx 2$

- The Worst Case Dwell Time = $T [\text{ms}] \times H' = 2.88 \text{ ms} \times 2 = 5.76 \text{ ms}$

- D.C.F = $20 \log(\text{The Worst Case Dwell Time} / 100 \text{ ms}) \text{ dB} = 20 \log(5.76 / 100) = \underline{-24.79 \text{ dB}}$

4. Sample Calculation.

Margin = Limit – Result / Result = Reading + T.F + D.C.F / T.F = AF + CL – AG

Where, T.F = Total Factor, AF = Antenna Factor, CL = Cable Loss, AG = Amplifier Gain.

9 kHz ~ 25 GHz Data (Modulation : $\pi/4$ DQPSK)_Module 1
▪ Lowest Channel

| Frequency (MHz) | ANT Pol | The worst case EUT Position (Axis) | Detector Mode | Reading (dBuV) | T.F (dB/m) | D.C.F (dB) | Distance Factor (dB) | Result (dBuV/m) | Limit (dBuV/m) | Margin (dB) |
|-----------------|---------|------------------------------------|---------------|----------------|------------|------------|----------------------|-----------------|----------------|-------------|
| 2375.93 | H | X | PK | 49.90 | 0.78 | N/A | N/A | 50.68 | 74.00 | 23.32 |
| 2376.03 | H | X | AV | 38.91 | 0.78 | -24.79 | N/A | 14.90 | 54.00 | 39.10 |
| 4803.89 | V | Z | PK | 52.53 | 7.63 | N/A | N/A | 60.16 | 74.00 | 13.84 |
| 4804.13 | V | Z | AV | 44.33 | 7.63 | -24.79 | N/A | 27.17 | 54.00 | 26.83 |

▪ Middle Channel

| Frequency (MHz) | ANT Pol | The worst case EUT Position (Axis) | Detector Mode | Reading (dBuV) | T.F (dB/m) | D.C.F (dB) | Distance Factor (dB) | Result (dBuV/m) | Limit (dBuV/m) | Margin (dB) |
|-----------------|---------|------------------------------------|---------------|----------------|------------|------------|----------------------|-----------------|----------------|-------------|
| 4881.93 | V | Z | PK | 51.74 | 7.30 | N/A | N/A | 59.04 | 74.00 | 14.96 |
| 4882.02 | V | Z | AV | 44.75 | 7.30 | -24.79 | N/A | 27.26 | 54.00 | 26.74 |

▪ Highest Channel

| Frequency (MHz) | ANT Pol | The worst case EUT Position (Axis) | Detector Mode | Reading (dBuV) | T.F (dB/m) | D.C.F (dB) | Distance Factor (dB) | Result (dBuV/m) | Limit (dBuV/m) | Margin (dB) |
|-----------------|---------|------------------------------------|---------------|----------------|------------|------------|----------------------|-----------------|----------------|-------------|
| 2483.51 | H | X | PK | 61.63 | 1.16 | N/A | N/A | 62.79 | 74.00 | 11.21 |
| 2483.51 | H | X | AV | 48.56 | 1.16 | -24.79 | N/A | 24.93 | 54.00 | 29.07 |
| 4960.05 | V | Z | PK | 52.40 | 7.48 | N/A | N/A | 59.88 | 74.00 | 14.12 |
| 4960.09 | V | Z | AV | 44.68 | 7.48 | -24.79 | N/A | 27.37 | 54.00 | 26.63 |

▪ Note.

1. No other spurious and harmonic emissions were found greater than listed emissions on above table.

2. Information of Distance Factor

For finding emissions, the test distance might be reduced from 3m to 1m. In this case, the distance factor(-9.54dB) is applied to the result.

- Calculation of distance factor = $20 \log(\text{applied distance} / \text{required distance}) = 20 \log(1 \text{ m} / 3 \text{ m}) = \underline{\underline{-9.54 \text{ dB}}}$

When distance factor is "N/A", the distance is 3 m and distance factor is not applied.

3. D.C.F Calculation. (D.C.F = Duty Cycle Correction Factor)

- Time to cycle through all channels = $\Delta t = T [\text{ms}] \times 20$ minimum hopping channels, where T = pulse width = **2.88 ms**

- $100 \text{ ms} / \Delta t [\text{ms}] = H \rightarrow$ Round up to next highest integer, to account for worst case, $H' = 100 / (2.88 \times 20) = 1.74 \approx 2$

- The Worst Case Dwell Time = $T [\text{ms}] \times H' = 2.88 \text{ ms} \times 2 = 5.76 \text{ ms}$

- D.C.F = $20 \log(\text{The Worst Case Dwell Time} / 100 \text{ ms}) \text{ dB} = 20 \log(5.76 / 100) = \underline{\underline{-24.79 \text{ dB}}}$

4. Sample Calculation.

Margin = Limit – Result / Result = Reading + T.F + D.C.F / T.F = AF + CL – AG

Where, T.F = Total Factor, AF = Antenna Factor, CL = Cable Loss, AG = Amplifier Gain.

9 kHz ~ 25 GHz Data (Modulation : 8DPSK)_Module 1

▪ Lowest Channel

| Frequency (MHz) | ANT Pol | The worst case EUT Position (Axis) | Detector Mode | Reading (dBuV) | T.F (dB/m) | D.C.F (dB) | Distance Factor (dB) | Result (dBuV/m) | Limit (dBuV/m) | Margin (dB) |
|-----------------|---------|------------------------------------|---------------|----------------|------------|------------|----------------------|-----------------|----------------|-------------|
| 2375.80 | H | X | PK | 50.71 | 0.78 | N/A | N/A | 51.49 | 74.00 | 22.51 |
| 2375.99 | H | X | AV | 38.68 | 0.78 | -24.79 | N/A | 14.67 | 54.00 | 39.33 |
| 4803.90 | V | Z | PK | 52.00 | 7.63 | N/A | N/A | 59.63 | 74.00 | 14.37 |
| 4804.06 | V | Z | AV | 44.25 | 7.63 | -24.79 | N/A | 27.09 | 54.00 | 26.91 |

▪ Middle Channel

| Frequency (MHz) | ANT Pol | The worst case EUT Position (Axis) | Detector Mode | Reading (dBuV) | T.F (dB/m) | D.C.F (dB) | Distance Factor (dB) | Result (dBuV/m) | Limit (dBuV/m) | Margin (dB) |
|-----------------|---------|------------------------------------|---------------|----------------|------------|------------|----------------------|-----------------|----------------|-------------|
| 4881.81 | V | Z | PK | 52.37 | 7.30 | N/A | N/A | 59.67 | 74.00 | 14.33 |
| 4882.07 | V | Z | AV | 45.34 | 7.30 | -24.79 | N/A | 27.85 | 54.00 | 26.15 |

▪ Highest Channel

| Frequency (MHz) | ANT Pol | The worst case EUT Position (Axis) | Detector Mode | Reading (dBuV) | T.F (dB/m) | D.C.F (dB) | Distance Factor (dB) | Result (dBuV/m) | Limit (dBuV/m) | Margin (dB) |
|-----------------|---------|------------------------------------|---------------|----------------|------------|------------|----------------------|-----------------|----------------|-------------|
| 2483.52 | H | X | PK | 61.44 | 1.16 | N/A | N/A | 62.60 | 74.00 | 11.40 |
| 2483.51 | H | X | AV | 48.85 | 1.16 | -24.79 | N/A | 25.22 | 54.00 | 28.78 |
| 4960.11 | V | Z | PK | 52.04 | 7.48 | N/A | N/A | 59.52 | 74.00 | 14.48 |
| 4960.16 | V | Z | AV | 44.67 | 7.48 | -24.79 | N/A | 27.36 | 54.00 | 26.64 |

 ▪ Note.

1. No other spurious and harmonic emissions were found greater than listed emissions on above table.

2. Information of Distance Factor

For finding emissions, the test distance might be reduced from 3m to 1m. In this case, the distance factor(-9.54dB) is applied to the result.

- Calculation of distance factor = $20 \log(\text{applied distance} / \text{required distance}) = 20 \log(1 \text{ m} / 3 \text{ m}) = \underline{\underline{-9.54 \text{ dB}}}$

When distance factor is "N/A", the distance is 3 m and distance factor is not applied.

3. D.C.F Calculation. (D.C.F = Duty Cycle Correction Factor)

- Time to cycle through all channels = $\Delta t = T [\text{ms}] \times 20$ minimum hopping channels, where T = pulse width = **2.88 ms**

- $100 \text{ ms} / \Delta t [\text{ms}] = H \rightarrow$ Round up to next highest integer, to account for worst case, $H' = 100 / (2.88 \times 20) = 1.74 \approx 2$

- The Worst Case Dwell Time = $T [\text{ms}] \times H' = 2.88 \text{ ms} \times 2 = 5.76 \text{ ms}$

- D.C.F = $20 \log(\text{The Worst Case Dwell Time} / 100 \text{ ms}) \text{ dB} = 20 \log(5.76 / 100) = \underline{\underline{-24.79 \text{ dB}}}$

4. Sample Calculation.

Margin = Limit – Result / Result = Reading + T.F + D.C.F / T.F = AF + CL – AG

Where, T.F = Total Factor, AF = Antenna Factor, CL = Cable Loss, AG = Amplifier Gain.

Band Edge Data (*Hopping mode*)_ Module 1

▪ Modulation : GFSK

| Frequency (MHz) | ANT Pol | The worst case EUT Position (Axis) | Detector Mode | Reading (dBuV) | T.F (dB/m) | D.C.F (dB) | Distance Factor (dB) | Result (dBuV/m) | Limit (dBuV/m) | Margin (dB) |
|-----------------|---------|------------------------------------|---------------|----------------|------------|------------|----------------------|-----------------|----------------|-------------|
| 2323.14 | H | X | PK | 61.44 | 0.78 | N/A | N/A | 62.22 | 74.00 | 11.78 |
| 2323.05 | H | X | AV | 56.54 | 0.78 | -24.79 | N/A | 32.53 | 54.00 | 21.47 |
| 2483.64 | H | X | PK | 59.83 | 1.16 | N/A | N/A | 60.99 | 74.00 | 13.01 |
| 2484.08 | H | X | AV | 49.47 | 1.16 | -24.79 | N/A | 25.84 | 54.00 | 28.16 |

 ▪ Modulation : $\pi/4$ DQPSK

| Frequency (MHz) | ANT Pol | The worst case EUT Position (Axis) | Detector Mode | Reading (dBuV) | T.F (dB/m) | D.C.F (dB) | Distance Factor (dB) | Result (dBuV/m) | Limit (dBuV/m) | Margin (dB) |
|-----------------|---------|------------------------------------|---------------|----------------|------------|------------|----------------------|-----------------|----------------|-------------|
| 2323.43 | H | X | PK | 57.57 | 0.78 | N/A | N/A | 58.35 | 74.00 | 15.65 |
| 2324.03 | H | X | AV | 48.58 | 0.78 | -24.79 | N/A | 24.57 | 54.00 | 29.43 |
| 2483.59 | H | X | PK | 60.34 | 1.16 | N/A | N/A | 61.50 | 74.00 | 12.50 |
| 2483.52 | H | X | AV | 48.10 | 1.16 | -24.79 | N/A | 24.47 | 54.00 | 29.53 |

▪ Modulation : 8DPSK

| Frequency (MHz) | ANT Pol | The worst case EUT Position (Axis) | Detector Mode | Reading (dBuV) | T.F (dB/m) | D.C.F (dB) | Distance Factor (dB) | Result (dBuV/m) | Limit (dBuV/m) | Margin (dB) |
|-----------------|---------|------------------------------------|---------------|----------------|------------|------------|----------------------|-----------------|----------------|-------------|
| 2311.30 | H | X | PK | 57.91 | 0.78 | N/A | N/A | 58.69 | 74.00 | 15.31 |
| 2311.05 | H | X | AV | 48.72 | 0.78 | -24.79 | N/A | 24.71 | 54.00 | 29.29 |
| 2483.64 | H | X | PK | 60.07 | 1.16 | N/A | N/A | 61.23 | 74.00 | 12.77 |
| 2483.52 | H | X | AV | 48.22 | 1.16 | -24.79 | N/A | 24.59 | 54.00 | 29.41 |

Note.

1. No other spurious and harmonic emissions were found greater than listed emissions on above table.

2. Information of Distance Factor

For finding emissions, the test distance might be reduced from 3m to 1m. In this case, the distance factor(-9.54dB) is applied to the result.

- Calculation of distance factor = $20 \log(\text{applied distance} / \text{required distance}) = 20 \log(1 \text{ m} / 3 \text{ m}) = \underline{\underline{-9.54 \text{ dB}}}$

When distance factor is "N/A", the distance is 3 m and distance factor is not applied.

3. D.C.F Calculation. (D.C.F = Duty Cycle Correction Factor)

- Time to cycle through all channels = $\Delta t = T [\text{ms}] \times 20$ minimum hopping channels, where T = pulse width = **2.88 ms**

- $100 \text{ ms} / \Delta t [\text{ms}] = H \rightarrow$ Round up to next highest integer, to account for worst case, $H' = 100 / (2.88 \times 20) = 1.74 \approx 2$

- The Worst Case Dwell Time = $T [\text{ms}] \times H' = 2.88 \text{ ms} \times 2 = 5.76 \text{ ms}$

- D.C.F = $20 \log(\text{The Worst Case Dwell Time} / 100 \text{ ms}) \text{ dB} = 20 \log(5.76 / 100) = \underline{\underline{-24.79 \text{ dB}}}$

4. Sample Calculation.

Margin = Limit – Result / Result = Reading + T.F + D.C.F / T.F = AF + CL – AG

Where, T.F = Total Factor, AF = Antenna Factor, CL = Cable Loss, AG = Amplifier Gain.