



Test Report

1. Client

- Name : SENA TECHNOLOGIES.Inc
- Address : 19, Heolleung-ro 569-gil, Gangnam-gu, Seoul, Korea

2. Use of Report : FCC Approval

3. Sample Description

- Product Name : SC2
- Model Name : SP127



4. Date of Receipt : 2022-06-21

5. Date of Test : 2022-08-25 ~ 2022-09-08

6. Test Method : FCC Part 15 Subpart C 15.247
RSS-247 Issue 2(2017-02), RSS-GEN Issue 5(2019-03)

7. Test Results : Refer to the test results

This test report must not be reproduced or reproduced in any way.
 The results shown in this test report are the results of testing the samples provided.
 This test report is prepared according to the requirements of ISO / IEC 17025.

| | | | | |
|-------------|------------------|--|--------------------------|--|
| Affirmation | Tested by |  (signature) | Technical Manager |  (signature) |
| | Dae-Seong, Choi | | Yong-Min, Won | |

Sep 15, 2022

EMC Labs Co., Ltd.





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Version

| TEST REPORT NO. | DATE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------------------|--------------|---------------|
| KR0140-RF2209-003 | Sep 15, 2022 | Initial Issue |
| | | |
| | | |



1. Applicant & Manufacturer & Test Laboratory Information

1.1 Applicant Information

| | |
|-------------------|--|
| Applicant | SENA TECHNOLOGIES.Inc |
| Applicant Address | 19, Heolleung-ro 569-gil, Gangnam-gu, Seoul, Korea |
| Contact Person | Seunghyun Kim |
| Telephone No. | +82-2-573-7772 |
| Fax No. | +82-2-573-7710 |
| E-mail | shkim@sena.com |

1.2. Manufacturer Information

| | |
|----------------------|--|
| Manufacturer | SENA TECHNOLOGIES.Inc |
| Manufacturer Address | 19, Heolleung-ro 569-gil, Gangnam-gu, Seoul, Korea |

1.3 Test Laboratory Information

| | |
|--------------------------|--|
| Laboratory | EMC Labs Co., Ltd. |
| Applicant Address | 100, Jangjateo-ro, Hobeop-myeon, Icheon-si, Gyeonggi-do, Republic of Korea |
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| Telephone No. | +82-2-508-7778 |
| Fax No. | +82-2-538-3668 |
| FCC Designation No. | KR0140 |
| FCC Registration No. | 58000 |
| IC Site Registration No. | 28751 |



2. Equipment under Test(EUT) Information

2.1 General Information

| | |
|--------------|-------------|
| Product Name | SC2 |
| Model Name | SP127 |
| FCC ID | S7A-SP127 |
| IC | 8154A-SP127 |
| Power Supply | DC 3.8 V |

2.2 Additional Information

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| Operating Frequency | 2 402 MHz ~ 2 480 MHz |
| Number of channel | 79 |
| Modulation Type | BDR Mode(GFSK), EDR Mode(Pi/4 DQPSK, 8DPSK) |
| Antenna Type | PCB Pattern Antenna |
| Antenna Gain | 2.1 dBi |
| Firmware Version | 1.0 |
| Hardware Version | 1.0 |
| Test software | BlueTest3 V3.3.5 |

2.3 Test Frequency

| Test mode | Test Frequency (MHz) | | |
|------------|----------------------|------------------|----------------|
| | Low Frequency | Middle Frequency | High Frequency |
| GFSK | 2 402 | 2 441 | 2 480 |
| Pi/4 DQPSK | 2 402 | 2 441 | 2 480 |
| 8DPSK | 2 402 | 2 441 | 2 480 |

2.4 Used Test Software Setting Value

| Test Mode | Setting Item |
|------------|--------------|
| | Power |
| GFSK | 16 |
| Pi/4 DQPSK | 16 |
| 8DPSK | 16 |



2.5 Worst-Case

| | |
|-----|---------------|
| BDR | GFSK (DH5) |
| EDR | 8DPSK (3-DH5) |

Note: The power measurement has been conducted to determine the worst-case mode from all possible combinations between available modelations, data rates.

2.6 Mode of operation during the test

- The EUT continuous transmission mode during the test with set at Low Channel, Middle Channel, and High Channel. To get a maximum radiated emission levels from the EUT, the EUT was moved throughout the XY, YZ, XZ planes.

2.7 Modifications of EUT

- None



3. Test Summary

| Applied | FCC Rule | IC Rule | Test Items | Test Condition | Result |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|----------------------|--------|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 15.203 | - | Antenna Requirement | Conducted | C |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 15.247(a) | - | 20 dB Bandwidth | | C |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | - | RSS GEN (6.7) | Occupied Bandwidth (99%) | | C |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 15.247(a) | RSS-247 (5.1) | Number of Hopping Frequencies | | C |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 15.247(a) | RSS-247 (5.1) | Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time) | | C |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 15.247(a) | RSS-247 (5.1) | Carrier Frequencies Separation | | C |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 15.247(b) | RSS-247 (5.4) | Peak Output Power | | C |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 15.247(d) | RSS-247 (5.5) | Conducted Spurious Emission | | C |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 15.247(d) 15.205 & 15.209 | RSS-247 (5.5) RSS-GEN (8.9 & 8.10) | Radiated Spurious Emission | Radiated | C |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 15.207 | RSS-GEN (8.8) | Conducted Emissions | AC Line Conducted | C |

Note 1: C=Complies NC=Not Complies NT=Not Tested NA=Not Applicable

The sample was tested according to the following specification: ANSI C63.10:2013.
Compliance was determined by specification limits of the applicable standard according to customer requirements.



4. Used equipment on test

| | Description | Manufacturer | Model Name | Serial Name | Next Cal. |
|---|------------------------------|------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|------------|
| ■ | TEMP & HUMID CHAMBER | JFM | JFMA-001 | 20200929-01 | 2022.12.17 |
| ■ | CONTROLLER | AMWON TECHNOLOGY | TEMI2500 | S7800VK191 0707 | 2022.12.17 |
| ■ | PSA SERIES SPECTRUM ANALYZER | AGILENT | E4440A | MY45304057 | 2022.12.15 |
| ■ | MXG ANALOG SIGNAL GENERATOR | AGILENT | N5183A | MY50141890 | 2022.12.15 |
| ■ | SYSTEM DC POWER SUPPLY | AGILENT | 6674A | MY53000118 | 2022.12.15 |
| □ | VECTOR SIGNAL GENERATOR | ROHDE & SCHWARZ | SMBV100A | 257524 | 2022.12.15 |
| □ | BLUETOOTH TESTER | TESCOM | TC-3000A | 3000A480088 | 2022.12.15 |
| □ | DIRECTIONAL COUPLER | AGILENT | 773D | 2839A01855 | 2022.12.15 |
| □ | ATTENUATOR | AGILENT | 8493C | 73193 | 2022.12.15 |
| ■ | ATTENUATOR | ACE RF COMM | ATT SMA 20W 20dB 8GHz | A-0820.SM20.2 | 2023.04.11 |
| □ | TERMINATION | HEWLETT PACKARD | 909D | 07492 | 2022.12.15 |
| □ | POWER DIVIDER | HEWLETT PACKARD | 11636A | 06916 | 2022.12.15 |
| □ | SLIDE-AC | DAEKWANG TECH | SV-1023 | - | - |
| □ | DIGITAL MULTIMETER | HUMANTECHSTORE | 15B+ | 50561541WS | 2022.12.15 |
| ■ | ACTIVE LOOP ANTENNA | TESEQ | HLA 6121 | 55685 | 2022.12.30 |
| ■ | Biconilog ANT | Schwarzbeck | VULB 9160 | 3260 | 2023.02.03 |
| □ | Biconilog ANT | Schwarzbeck | VULB9168 | 902 | 2023.01.14 |
| ■ | Horn Ant. | Schwarzbeck | BBHA9120D | 974 | 2023.01.08 |
| □ | Horn Ant. | S/B | BBHA9120D | 1497 | 2023.01.25 |
| ■ | Amplifier | TESTEK | TK-PA18H | 200104-L | 2023.03.17 |
| ■ | EMI TEST RECEIVER | ROHDE & SCHWARZ | ESW44 | 101952 | 2023.04.07 |
| □ | PROGRAMMABLE DC POWER SUPPLY | ODA | OPE-305Q | oda-01-09-23-1831 | 2023.01.10 |
| □ | DC POWER SUPPLY | AGILENT | E3634A | MY40012120 | 2023.02.03 |
| ■ | POWER SENSOR | AGILENT | U2001H | MY51140028 | 2023.02.19 |
| ■ | Test Receiver | ROHDE & SCHWARZ | ESR7 | 101616 | 2023.06.28 |
| ■ | LISN | ROHDE & SCHWARZ | ENV216 | 100409 | 2023.01.10 |
| ■ | PULSE LIMITER | lignex1 | EPL-30 | NONE | 2023.01.24 |



5. Antenna Requirement

According to §15.203 An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.

According to §15.247(b)(4) e conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (b) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi. Except as shown in paragraph (c) of this section, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

5.1 Result

Complies

(The transmitter has a PCB Pattern Antenna. The directional peak gain of the antenna is 2.1 dBi.)



6. 20 dB Bandwidth & Occupied Bandwidth (99%)

6.1 Test Setup

Refer to the APPENDIX I.

6.2 Limit

Limit : Not Applicable

6.3 Test Procedure

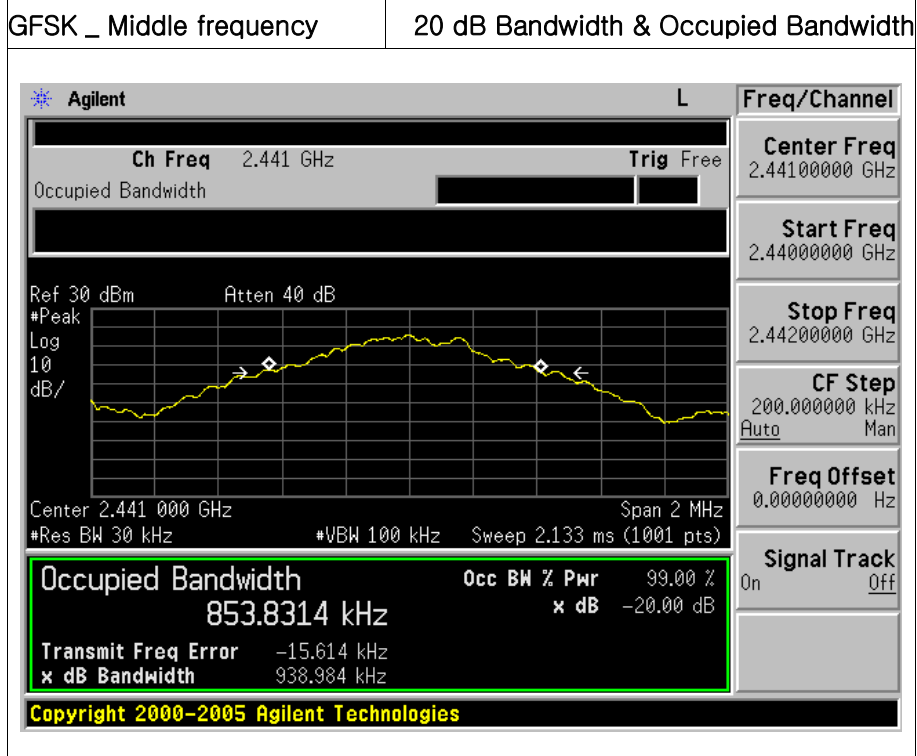
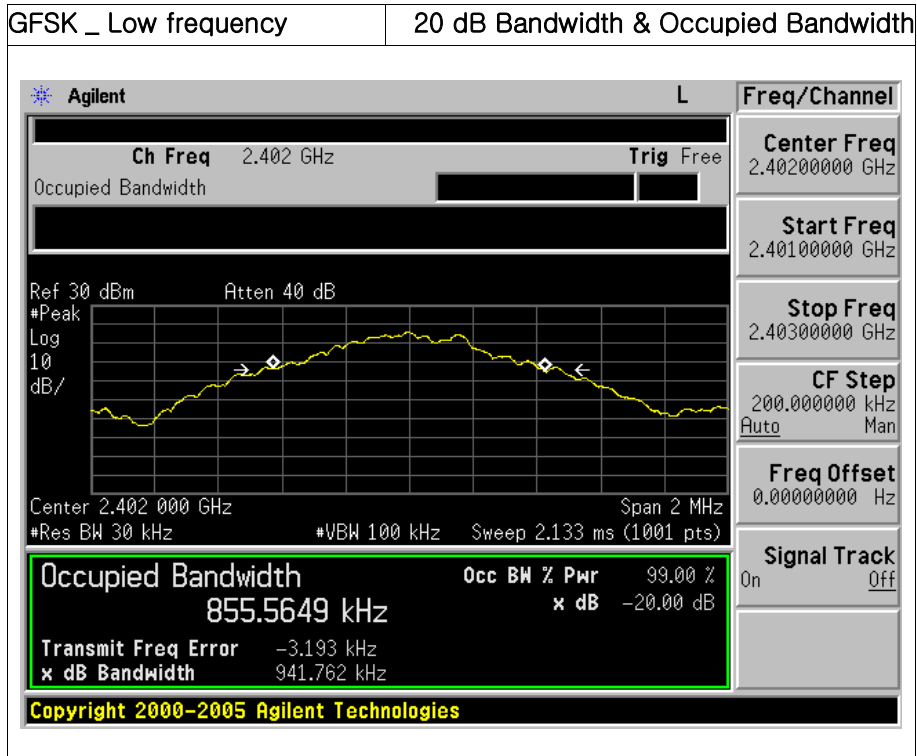
1. The 20 dB bandwidth & Occupied bandwidth were measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to RF antenna Connector (conducted measurement) while EUT was operating in transmit mode. The analyzer center frequency was set to the EUT carrier frequency, using the analyzer.
2. The bandwidth of the fundamental frequency was measured with the spectrum analyzer using below setting:
 RBW = 1% to 5% of the 20 dB Bandwidth & Occupied Bandwidth
 VBW ≥ 3 × RBW
 Span = between two times and five times the 20 dB Bandwidth & Occupied Bandwidth
 Sweep = Auto
 Detector function = Peak
 Trace = Max Hold

6.4 Test Result

| Test Mode | Test Frequency | 20 dB Bandwidth (MHz) | Occupied Bandwidth (MHz) |
|-----------|----------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|
| GFSK | Low | 0.942 | 0.856 |
| | Middle | 0.939 | 0.854 |
| | High | 0.940 | 0.853 |
| 8DPSK | Low | 1.256 | 1.148 |
| | Middle | 1.254 | 1.149 |
| | High | 1.253 | 1.149 |

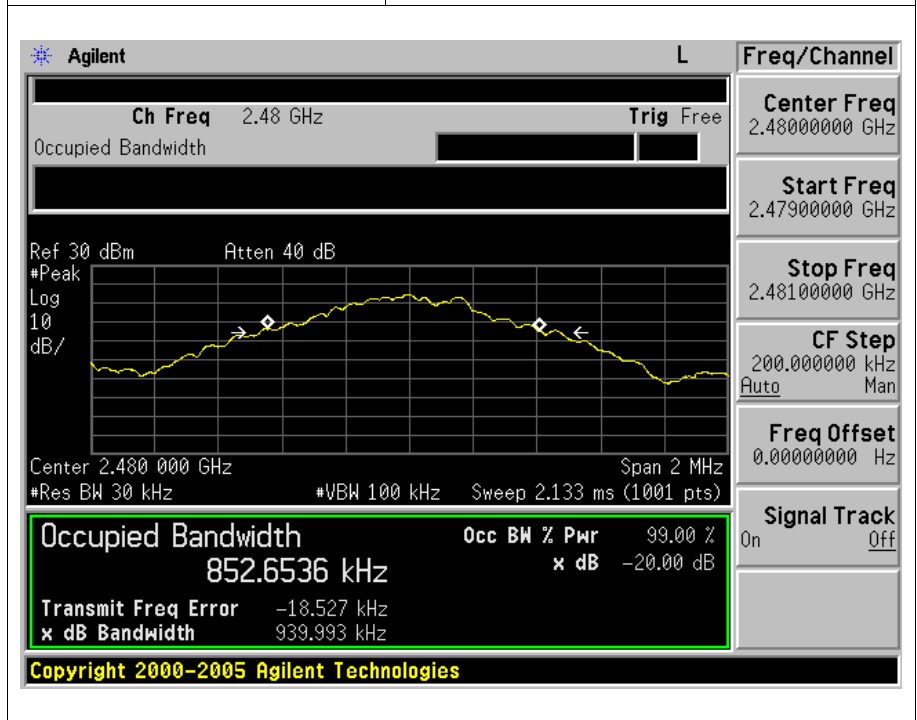


6.5 Test Plot

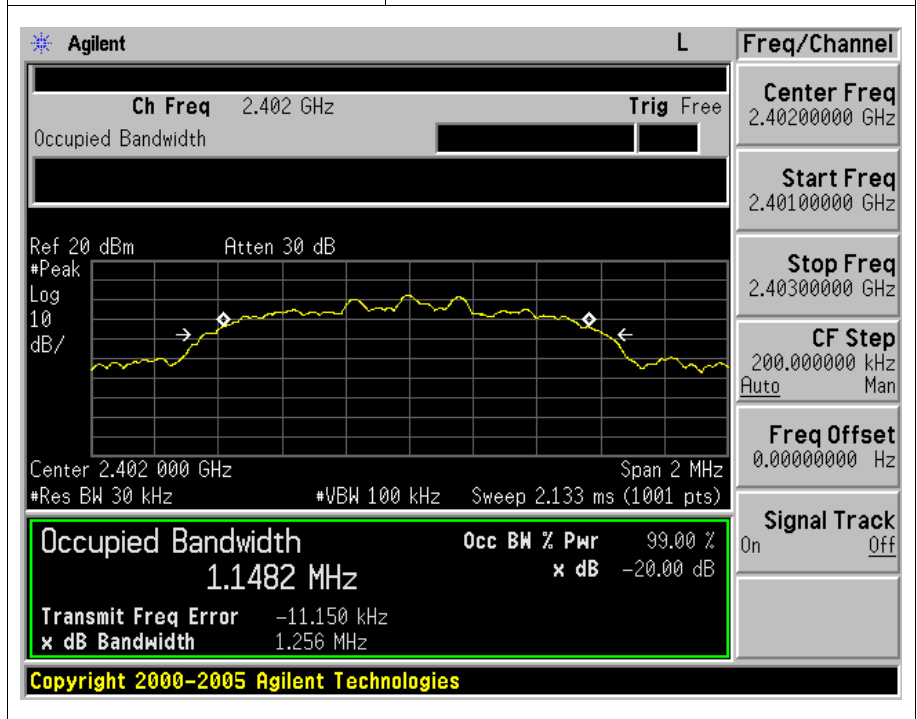




GFSK _ High frequency 20 dB Bandwidth & Occupied Bandwidth

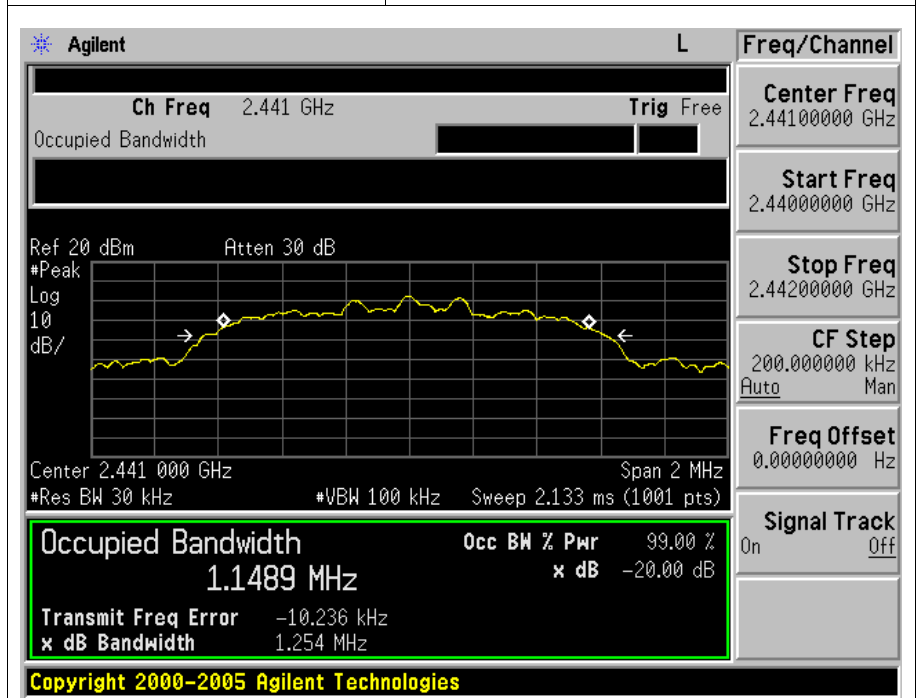


8DPSK _ Low frequency 20 dB Bandwidth & Occupied Bandwidth

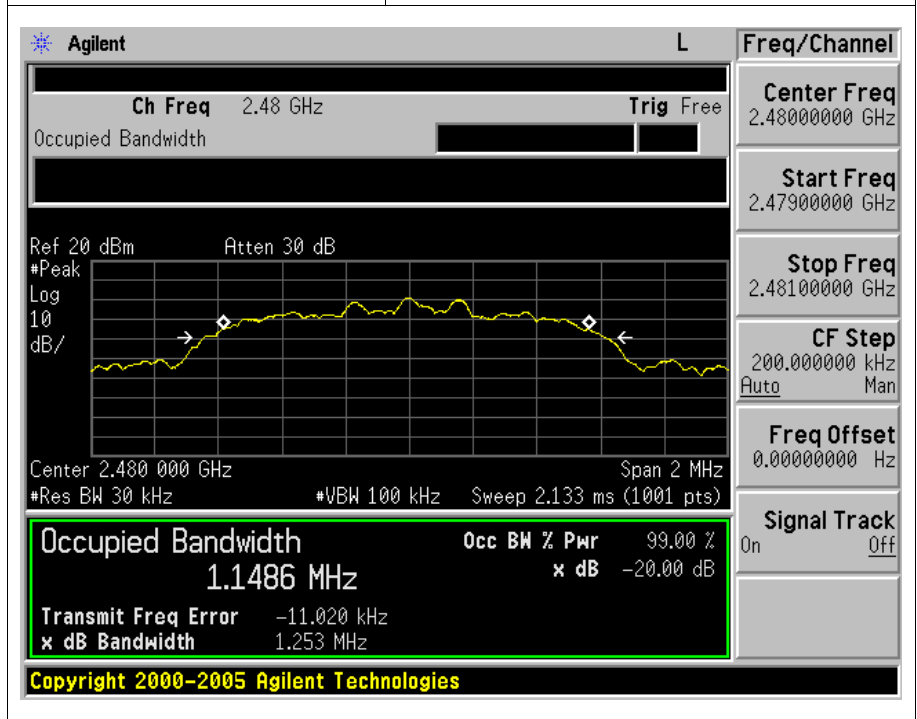




8DPSK _ Middle frequency 20 dB Bandwidth & Occupied Bandwidth



8DPSK _ High frequency 20 dB Bandwidth & Occupied Bandwidth





7. Number of Hopping Frequencies

7.1 Test Setup

Refer to the APPENDIX I.

7.2 Limit

Limit : ≥ 15 hops

7.3 Test Procedure

The number of hopping frequencies was measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the antenna terminal, while EUT had its hopping function enabled. To get higher resolution, two frequency ranges for FH mode within the 2400 ~ 2483.5 MHz were examined.

The spectrum analyzer is set to:

Span = 50 MHz

RBW = To identify clearly the individual channels, set the RBW to less than 30% of the channel spacing or the 20 dB bandwidth, whichever is smaller.

VBW \geq RBW

Sweep = Auto

Detector = Peak

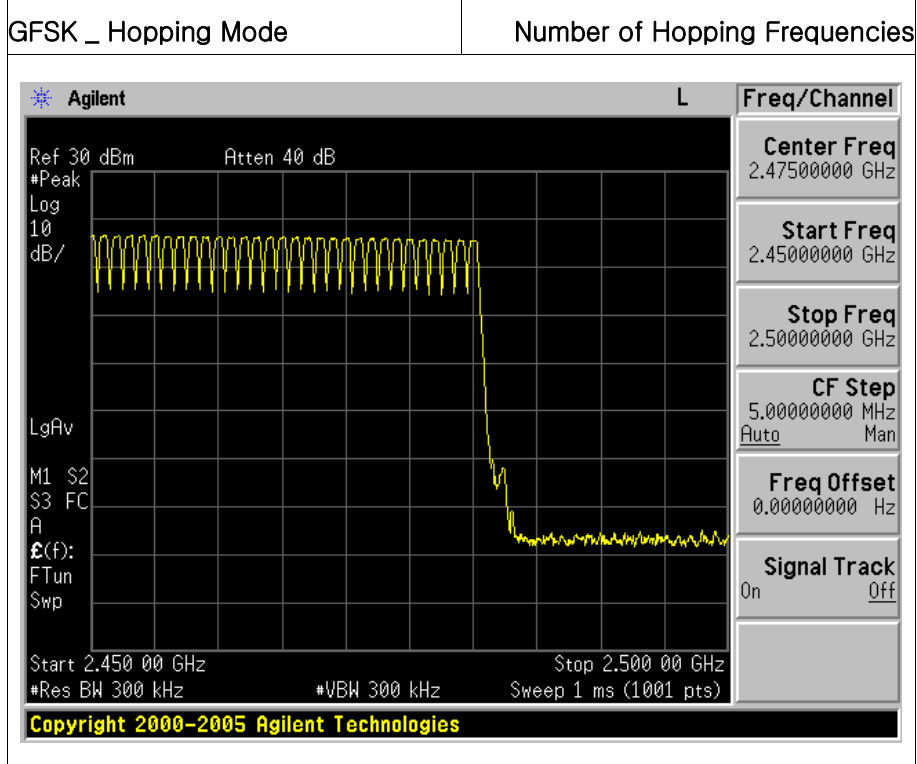
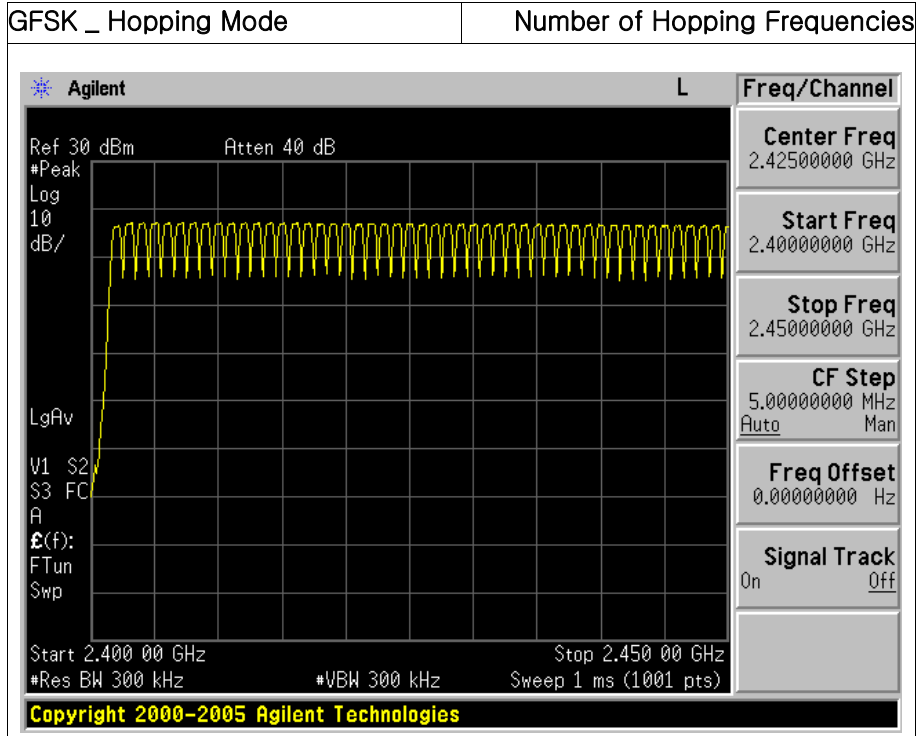
Trace = Max hold

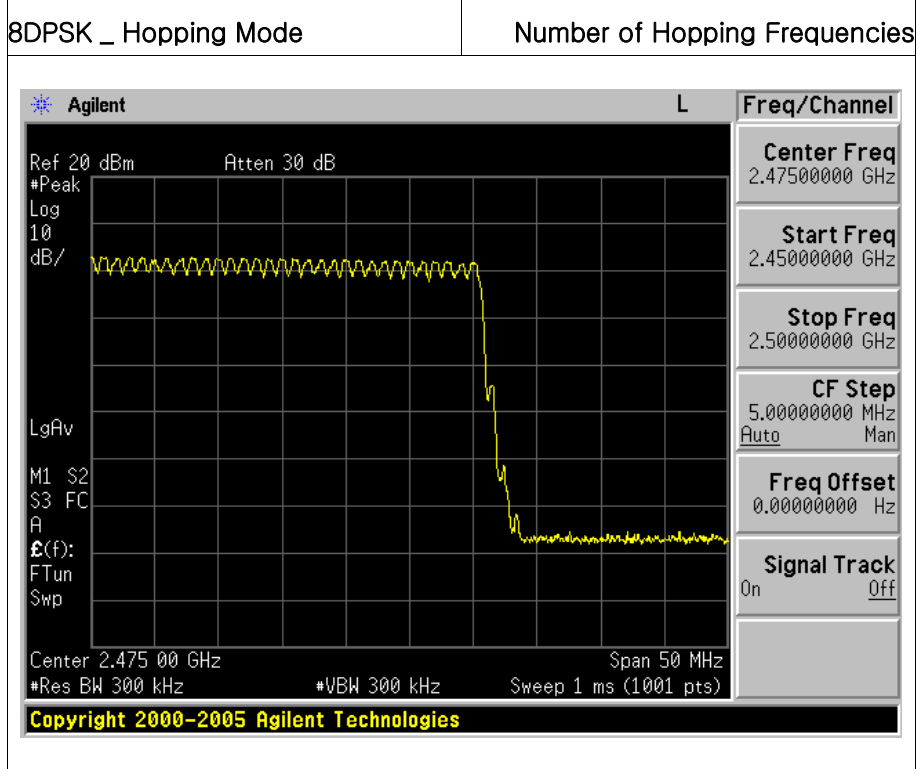
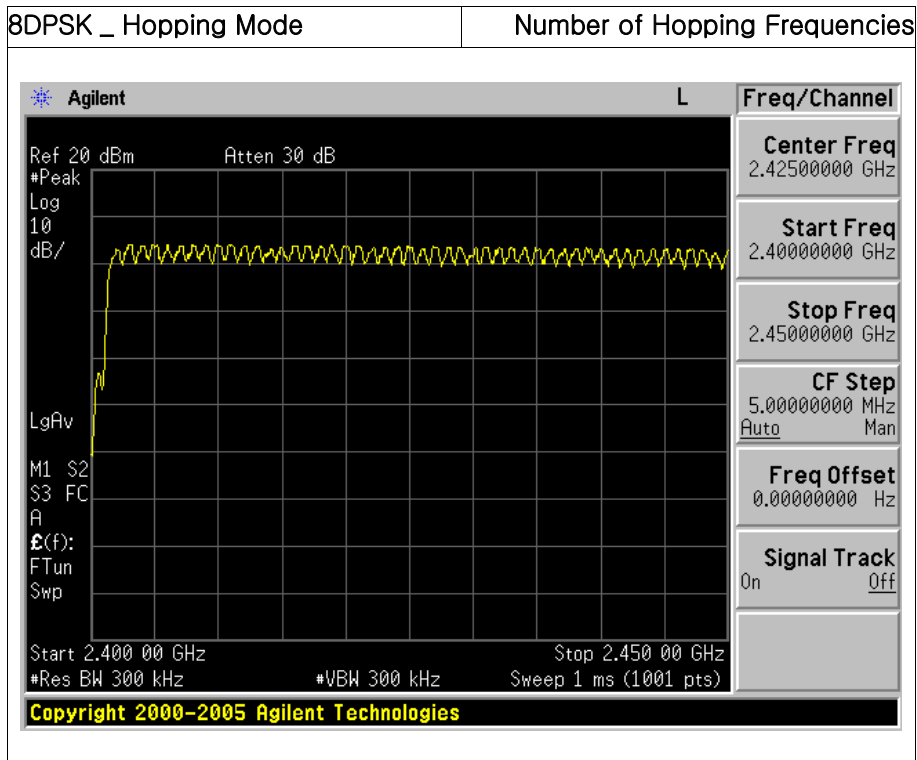
7.4 Test Result

| Test Mode | Number of Hopping Channels |
|-----------|----------------------------|
| GFSK | 79 |
| 8DPSK | 79 |



7.5 Test Plot







8. Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)

8.1 Test Setup

Refer to the APPENDIX I.

8.2 Limit

The maximum permissible time of occupancy is 400 ms within a period of 400 ms multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

8.3 Test Procedure

The dwell time was measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the antenna terminal, while EUT had its hopping function enabled.

The spectrum analyzer is set to:

Center frequency = 2441 MHz Span = Zero

RBW = 1 MHz (RBW shall be \leq channel spacing and where possible RBW should be set $\gg 1 / T$, where T is the expected dwell time per channel)

VBW \geq RBW Detector = Peak

Trace = Max hold

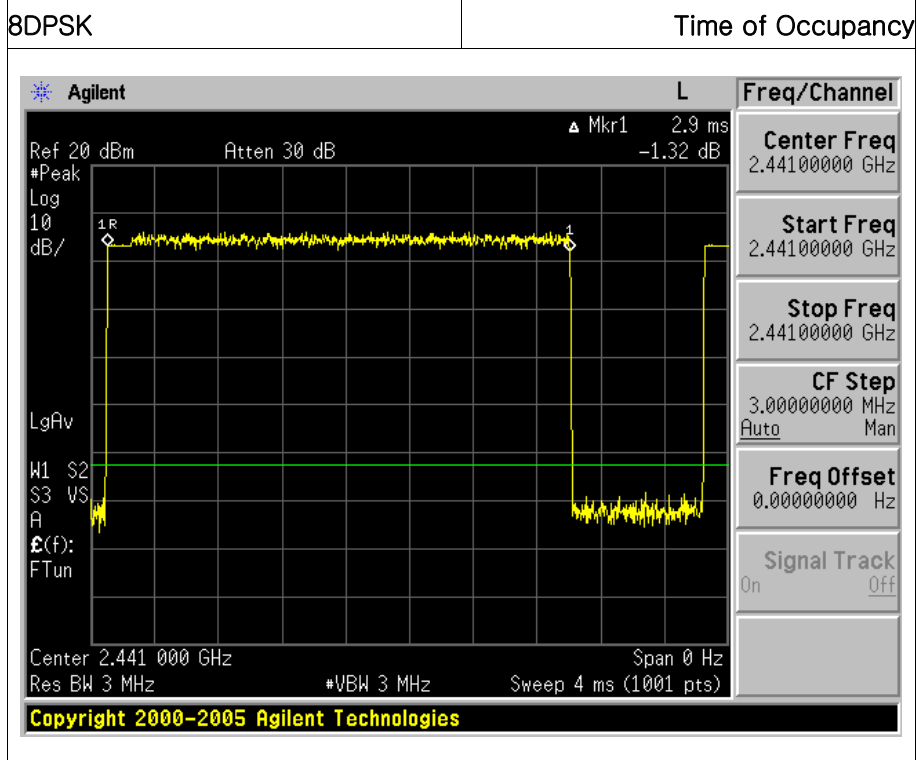
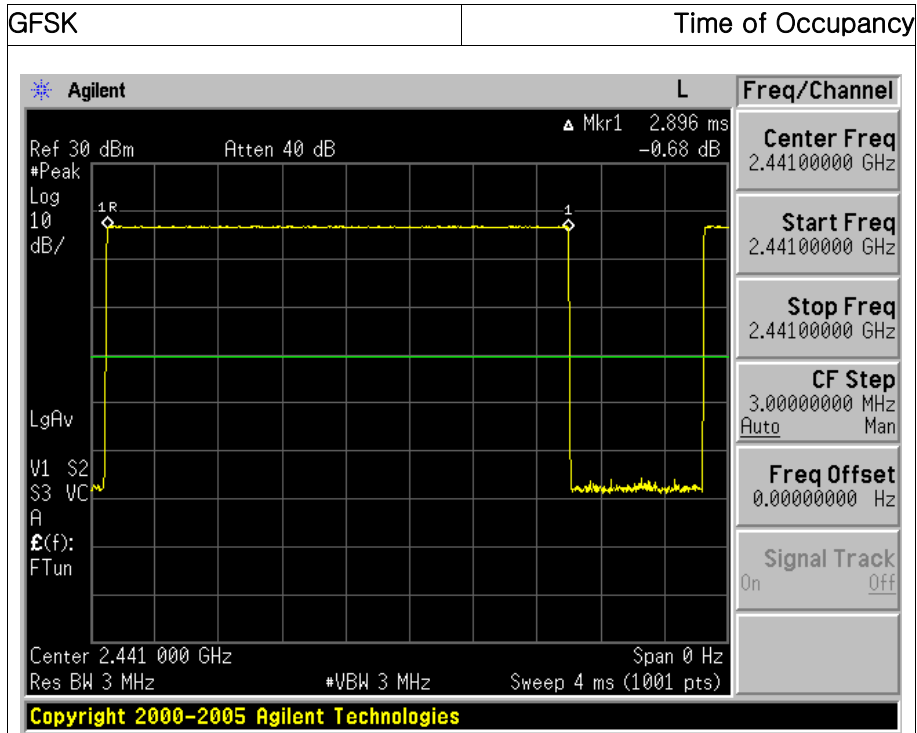
8.4 Test Result

| Test Mode | Number of Hopping Channels | Burst On Time (ms) | Result (sec) | Limit (sec) |
|-----------------|----------------------------|--------------------|--------------|-------------|
| GFSK (non-AFH) | 79 | 2.896 | 0.31 | 0.40 |
| GFSK (AFH) | 20 | 2.896 | 0.15 | 0.40 |
| 8DPSK (non-AFH) | 79 | 2.900 | 0.31 | 0.40 |
| 8DPSK (AFH) | 20 | 2.900 | 0.15 | 0.40 |

Note: Dwell Time = $0.4 \times \text{Hopping channel} \times \text{Burst On Time} \times ((\text{Hopping rate} / \text{Time slots}) / \text{Hopping channel})$
 - Time slots for DH5 = 6 slots (TX = 5 slot / RX = 1 slot)
 - Hopping Rate = 1600 for FH mode & 800 for AFH mode



8.5 Test Plot





9. Carrier Frequencies Separation

9.1 Test Setup

Refer to the APPENDIX I.

9.2 Limit

Limit : ≥ 25 kHz or \geq Two-Thirds of the 20 dB Bandwidth whichever is greater.

9.3 Test Procedure

The carrier frequency separation was measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the antenna terminal, while EUT had its hopping function enabled.

After the trace being stable, the reading value between the peaks of the adjacent channels using the marker delta function was recorded as the measurement results.

The spectrum analyzer is set to:

Span = wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels

RBW = Start with the RBW set to approximately 30% of the channel spacing; adjust as necessary to best identify the center of each individual channel.

VBW \geq RBW

Sweep = Auto

Detector = Peak

Trace = Max hold

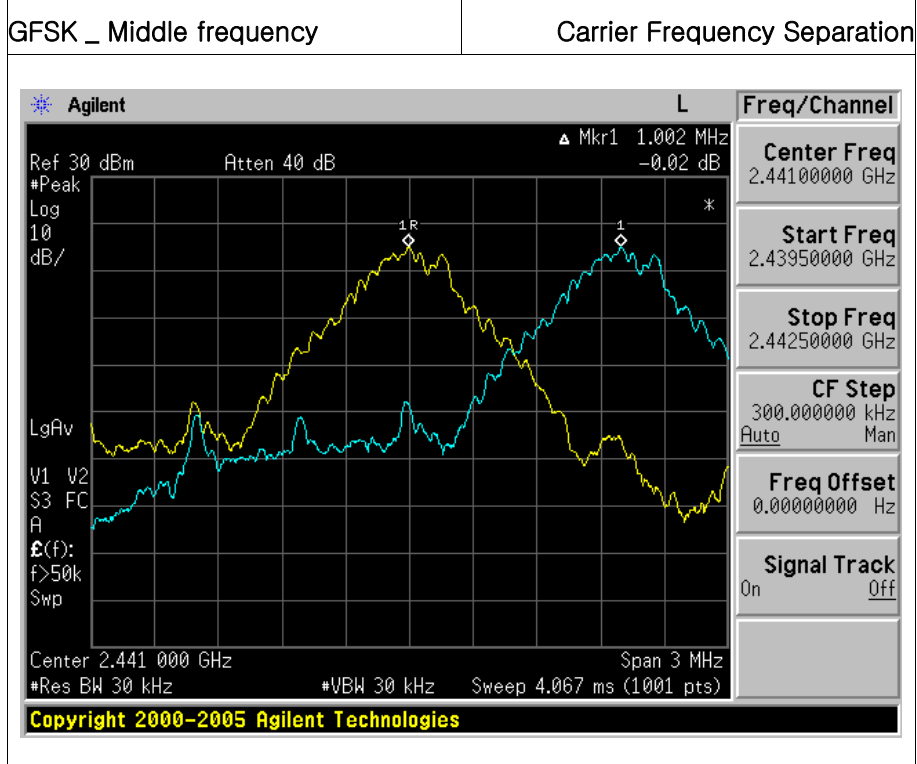
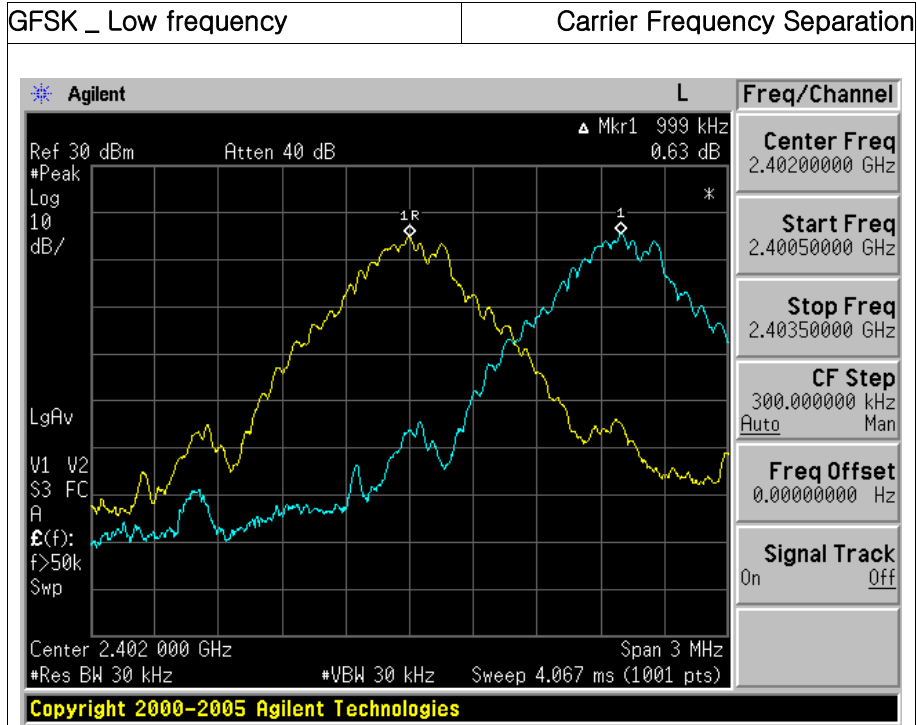
9.4 Test Result

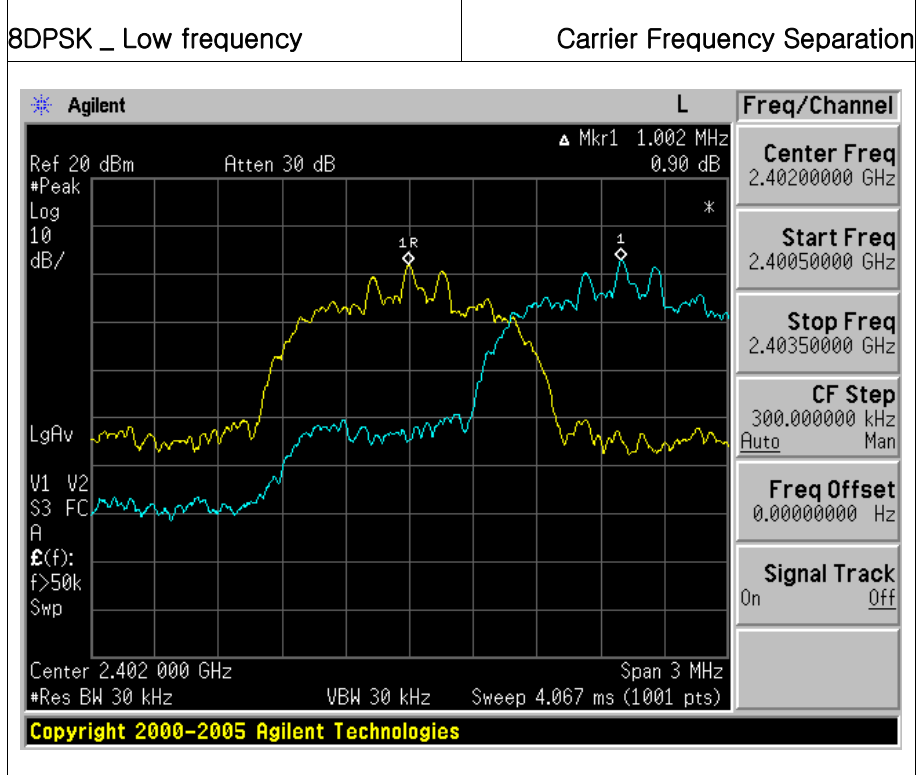
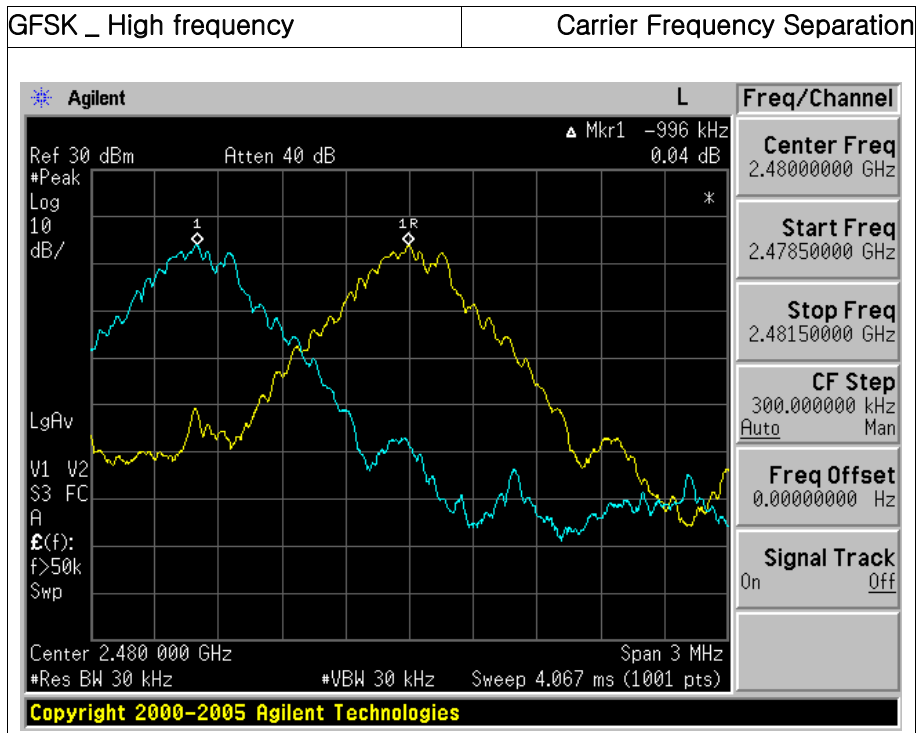
| Test Mode | Test Frequency | Carrier Frequencies Separation (MHz) | Min. Limit (MHz) |
|-----------|----------------|--------------------------------------|------------------|
| GFSK | Low | 0.999 | 0.628 |
| | Middle | 1.002 | 0.626 |
| | High | 0.996 | 0.627 |
| 8DPSK | Low | 1.002 | 0.837 |
| | Middle | 0.999 | 0.836 |
| | High | 1.002 | 0.835 |

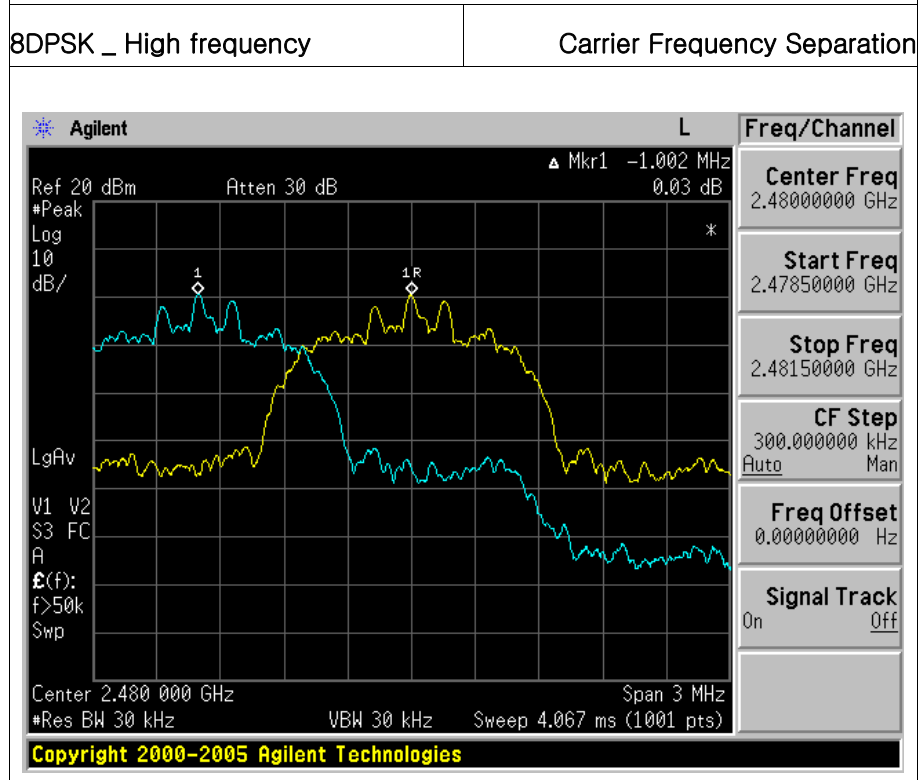
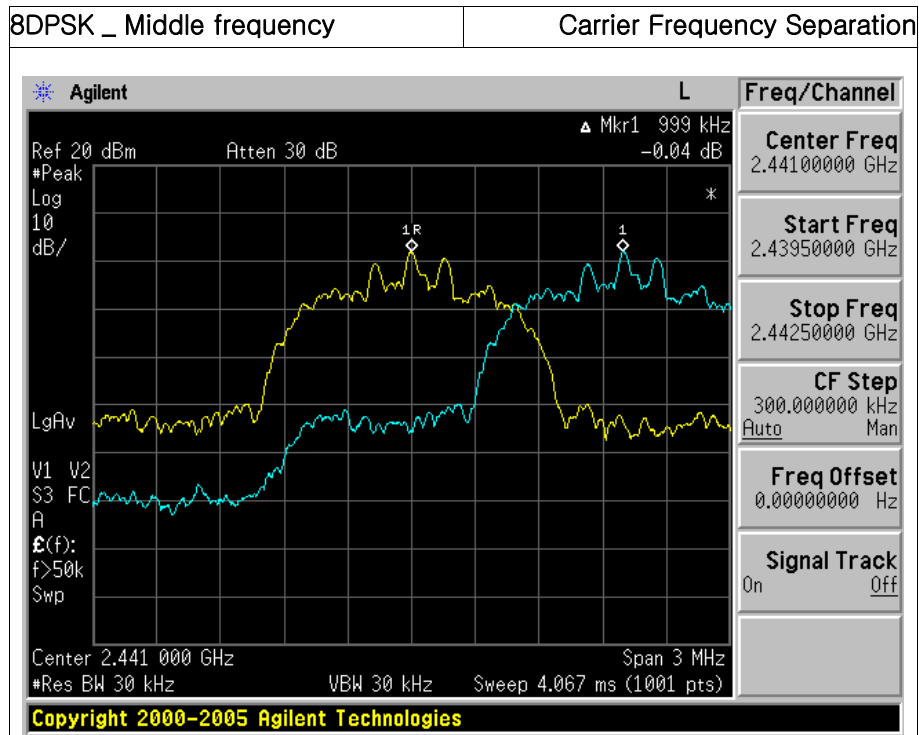
Note: Limit(kHz) = Test Result of 20 dB BW * 2/3



9.5 Test Plot









10. Peak Output Power

10.1 Test Setup

Refer to the APPENDIX I.

10.2 Limit

■ FCC Requirements

The maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following:

1. §15.247(a)(1), Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW.
2. §15.247(b)(1), For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400 – 2483.5 MHz employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725 – 5805 MHz band: 1 Watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 watts.

■ IC Requirements

1. RSS-247(5.4) (b), For FHSS operating in the band 2400 – 2483.5 MHz, the maximum peak conducted output power shall not exceed 1.0 W if the hopset uses 75 or more hopping channels, the maximum peak conducted output power shall not exceed 0.125 W if the hopset uses less than 75 hopping channels. The e.i.r.p shall not exceed 4 W, except as provided in section 5.4(e)

10.3 Test Procedure

1. The RF output power was measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the RF Antenna connector (conducted measurement) while EUT was operating in transmit mode at the appropriate center frequency, a spectrum analyzer was used to record the shape of the transmit signal.
2. The peak output power of the fundamental frequency was measured with the spectrum analyzer using:
 - Span = approximately 5 times of the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel
 - RBW \geq 20 dB Bandwidth
 - VBW \geq RBW
 - Sweep = Auto
 - Detector function = Peak
 - Trace = Max Hold

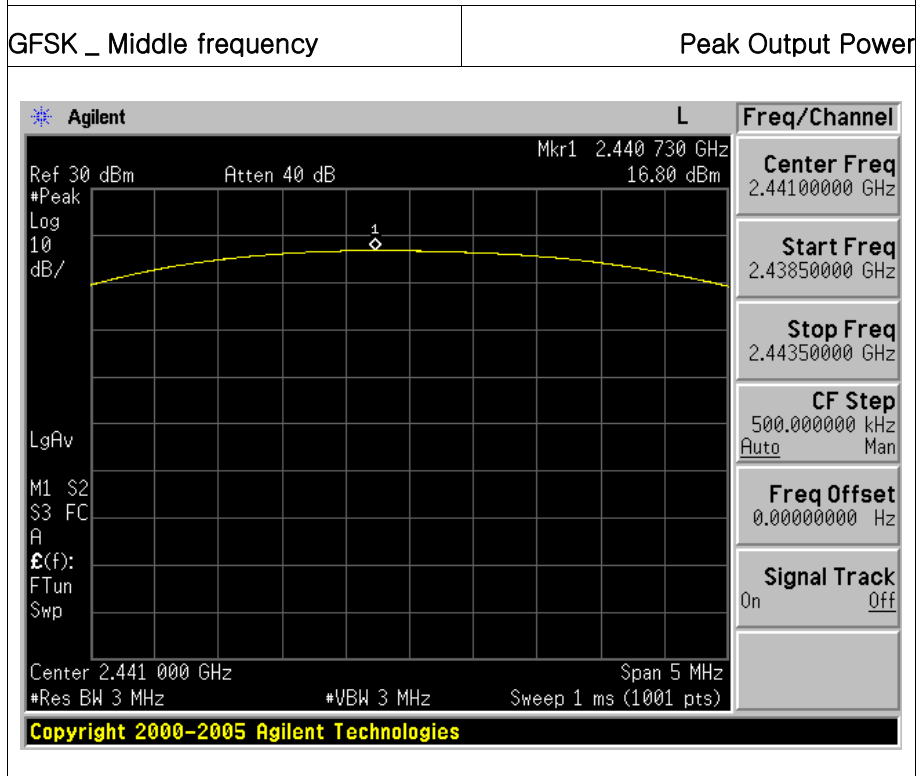
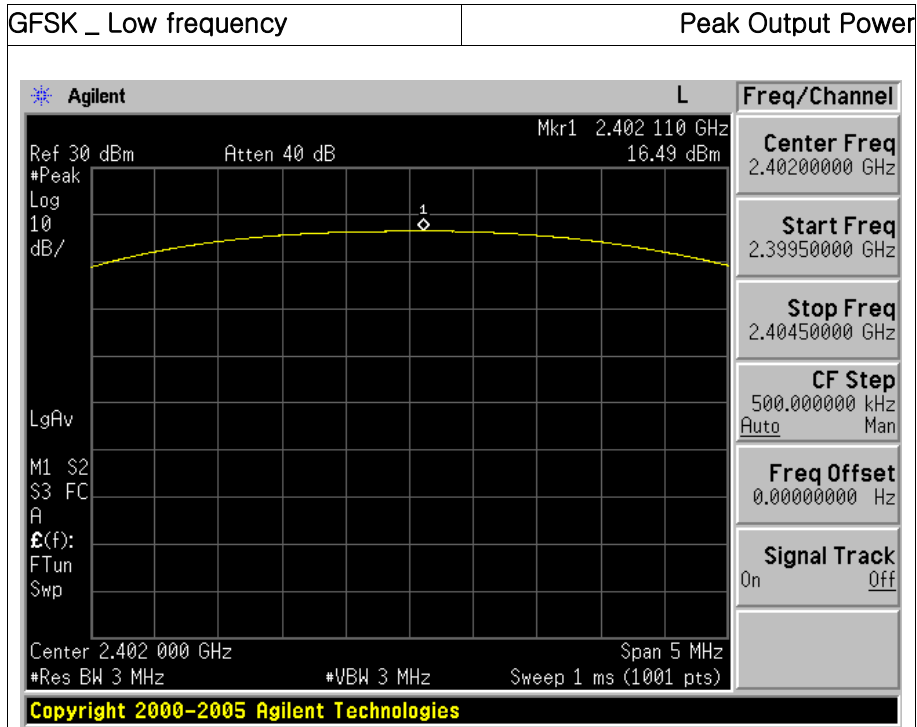


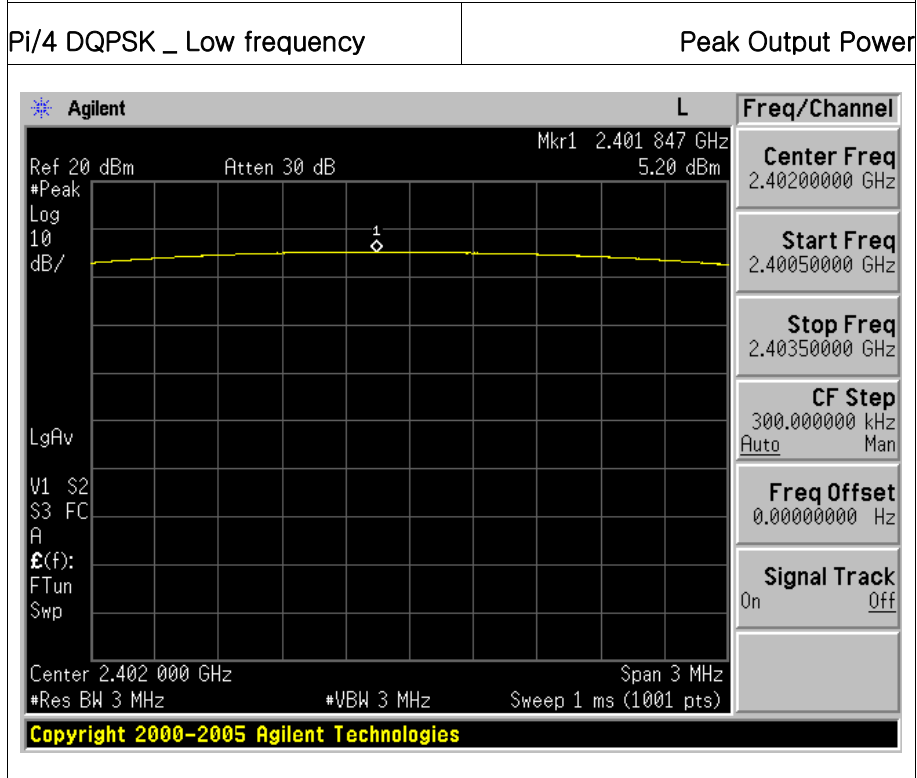
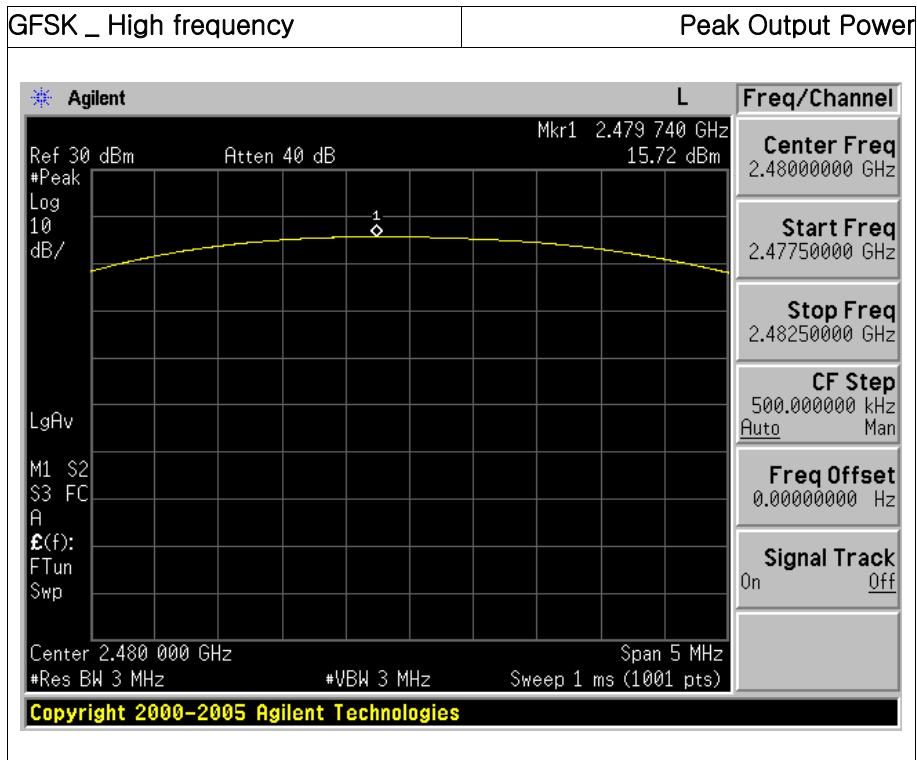
10.4 Test Result

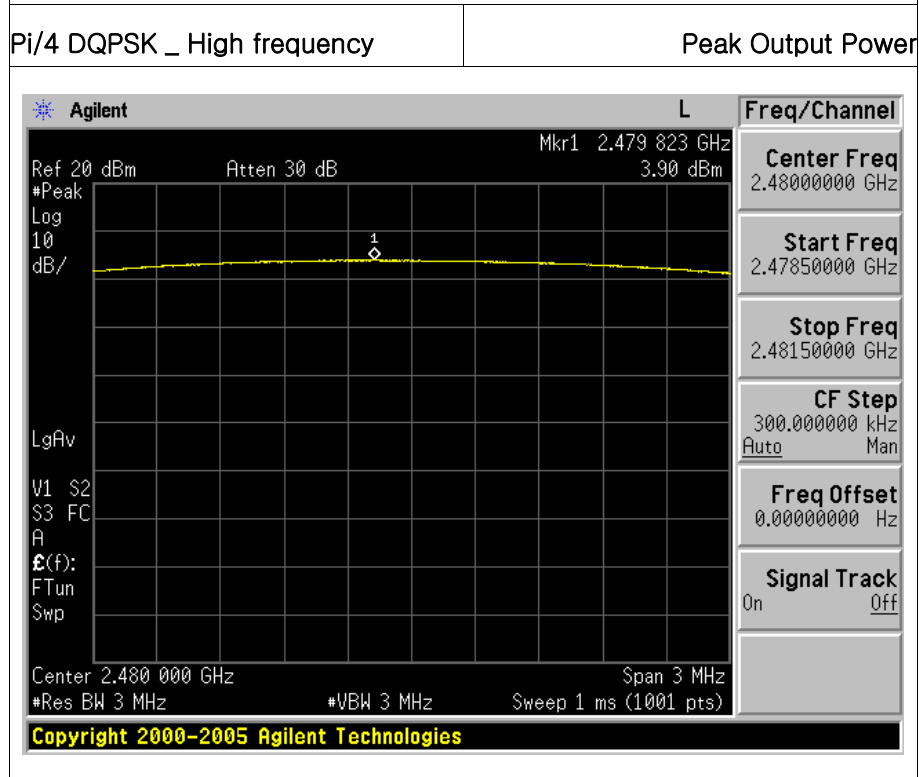
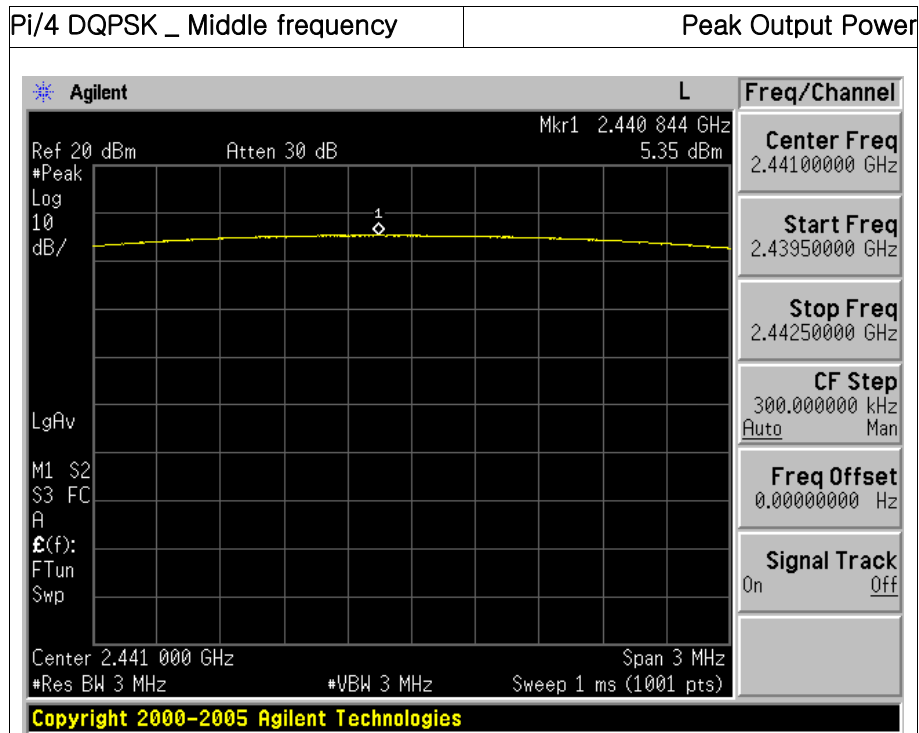
| Test Mode | Test Frequency | Peak Output Power | |
|------------|----------------|-------------------|-------|
| | | dBm | mW |
| GFSK | Low | 16.49 | 44.57 |
| | Middle | 16.80 | 47.86 |
| | High | 15.72 | 37.33 |
| Pi/4 DQPSK | Low | 5.20 | 3.31 |
| | Middle | 5.35 | 3.43 |
| | High | 3.90 | 2.45 |
| 8DPSK | Low | 5.97 | 3.95 |
| | Middle | 6.16 | 4.13 |
| | High | 4.68 | 2.94 |

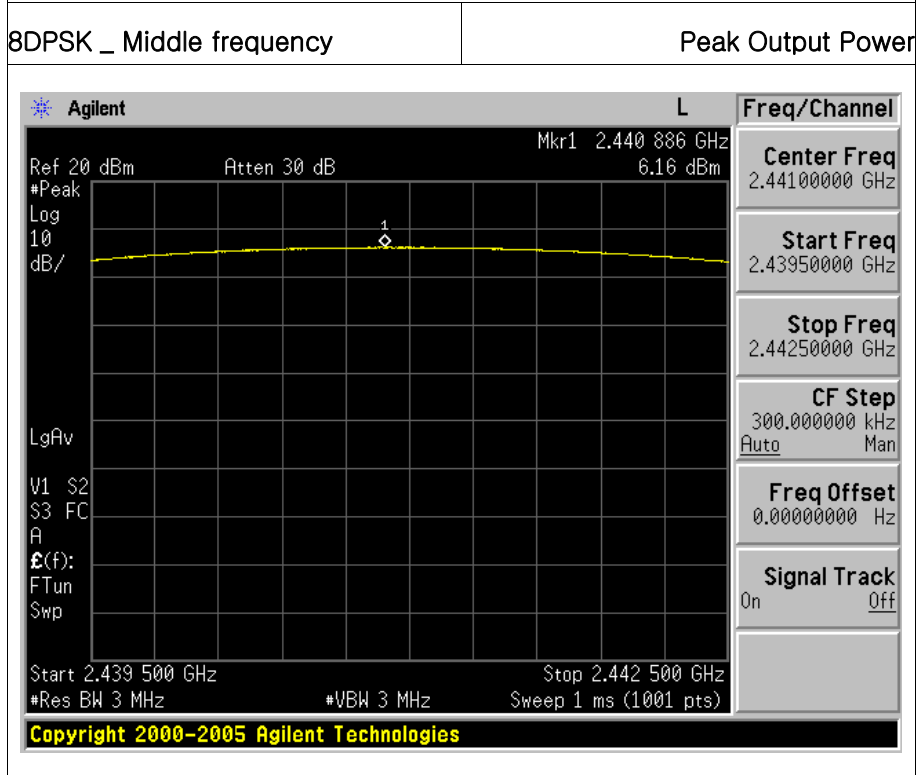
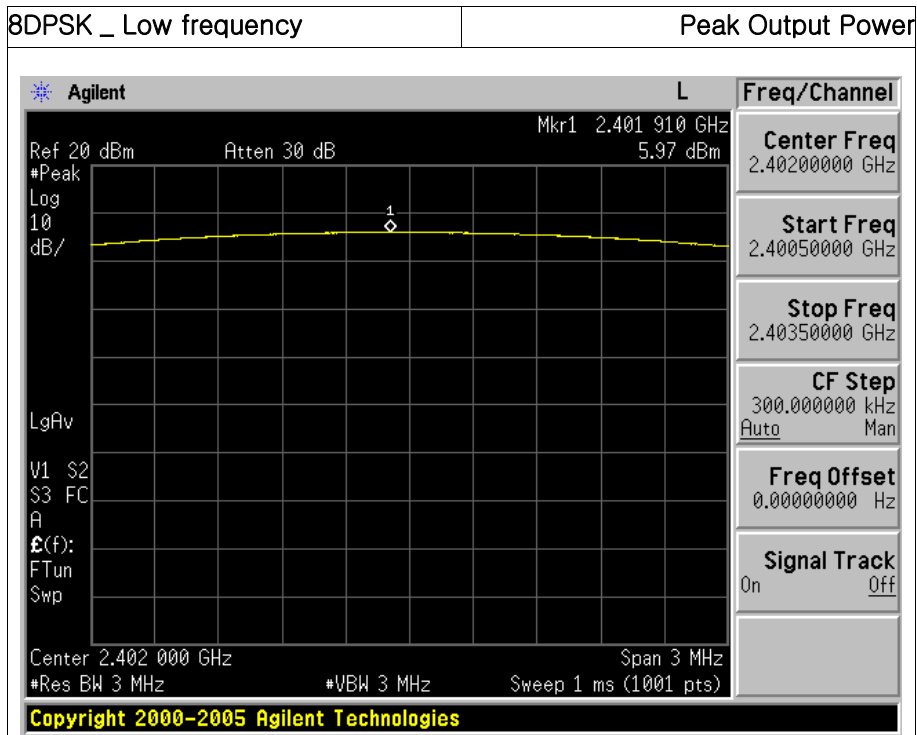


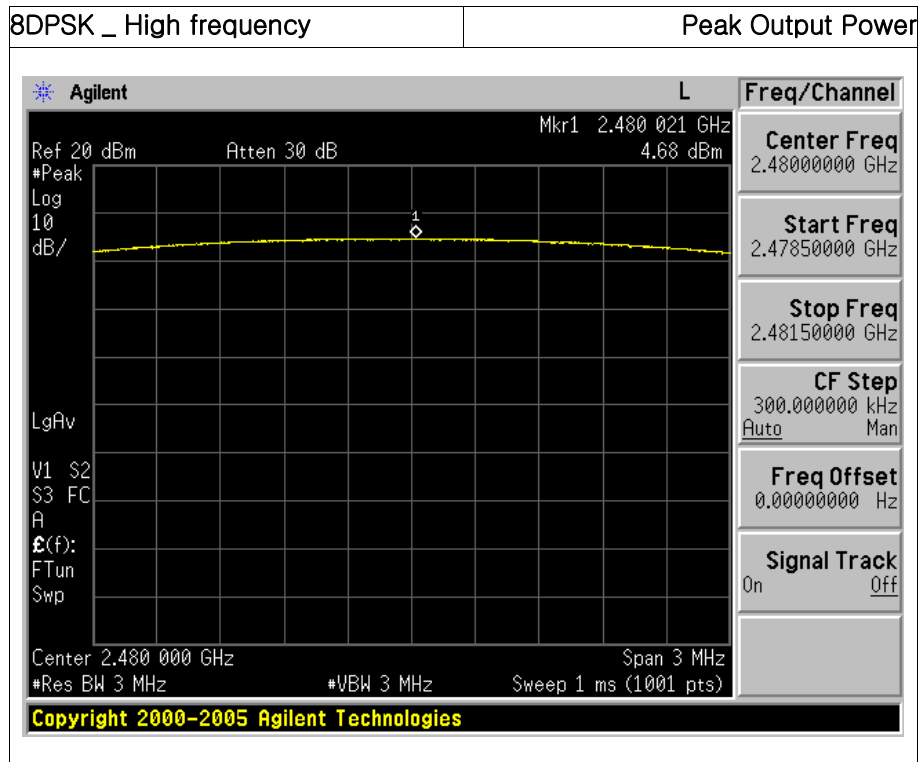
10.5 Test Plot













11. TX Radiated Spurious Emission and Conducted Spurious Emission

11.1 Test Setup

Refer to the APPENDIX I.

11.2 Limit

According to §15.247(d), in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph(b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in section §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emission which in the restricted band, as define in section §15.205(a), must also comply the radiated emission limits specified in section §15.209(a) (see section §15.205(c))

According to § 15.209(a), except as provided elsewhere in this Subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table

| Frequency (MHz) | Limit (uV/m) | Measurement Distance (meter) |
|-----------------|---------------|------------------------------|
| 0.009 ~ 0.490 | 2400/F (kHz) | 300 |
| 0.490 ~ 1705 | 24000/F (kHz) | 30 |
| 1705 ~ 30.0 | 30 | 30 |
| 30 ~ 88 | 100 ** | 3 |
| 88 ~ 216 | 150 ** | 3 |
| 216 ~ 960 | 200 ** | 3 |
| Above 960 | 500 | 3 |

** Except as provided in 15.209(g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this Section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54 – 72 MHz, 76 – 88 MHz, 174 – 216 MHz or 470 – 806 MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this Part, e.g. 15.231 and 15.241.



According to § 15.205(a) and (b), only spurious emissions are permitted in any of The frequency bands listed below:

| MHz | MHz | MHz | GHz |
|---------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|---------------|
| 0.009 ~ 0.110 | 16.42 ~ 16.423 | 399.90 ~ 410 | 4.5 ~ 5.15 |
| 0.495 ~ 0.505 | 16.69475 ~ 16.69525 | 608 ~ 614 | 5.35 ~ 5.46 |
| 2.1735 ~ 2.1905 | 16.80425 ~ 16.80475 | 960 ~ 1240 | 7.25 ~ 7.75 |
| 4.125 ~ 4.128 | 25.5 ~ 25.67 | 1300 ~ 1427 | 8.025 ~ 8.5 |
| 4.17725 ~ 4.17775 | 37.5 ~ 38. | 1435 ~ 1626.5 | 9.0 ~ 9.2 |
| 4.20725 ~ 4.20775 | 25 73 ~ 74.6 | 1645.5 ~ 1646.5 | 9.3 ~ 9.5 |
| 4.17725 ~ 4.17775 | 74.8 ~ 75.2 | 1660 ~ 1710 | 10.6 ~ 12.7 |
| 6.215 ~ 6.218 | 108 ~ 121.94 | 1718.8 ~ 1722.2 | 13.25 ~ 13.4 |
| 6.26775 ~ 6.26825 | 149.9 ~ 150.05 | 2200 ~ 2300 | 14.47 ~ 14.5 |
| 6.31175 ~ 6.31225 | 156.52475 ~ 156.52525 | 2310 ~ 2390 | 15.35 ~ 16.2 |
| 8.291 ~ 8.294 | 156.7 ~ 156.9 | 2483.5 ~ 2500 | 17.7 ~ 21.4 |
| 8.362 ~ 8.366 | 162.0125 ~ 167.17 | 2690 ~ 2900 | 22.01 ~ 23.12 |
| 8.37625 ~ 8.38675 | 3345.8 ~ 3358 | 3260 ~ 3267 | 23.6 ~ 24.0 |
| 8.41425 ~ 8.41475 | 3600 ~ 4400 | 3332 ~ 3339 | 31.2 ~ 31.8 |
| 12.51975 ~ 12.52025 | 3345.8 ~ 3358 | 240 ~ 285 | 36.43 ~ 36.5 |
| 12.57675 ~ 12.57725 | 3600 ~ 4400 | 322 ~ 335.4 | Above 38.6 |
| 13.36 ~ 13.41 | | | |

The field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in §15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1000 MHz, compliance with the limits in §15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1000 MHz, compliance with the emission limits in §15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in §15.35 apply to these measurements.



11.3 Test Procedure for Radiated Spurious Emission

1. The EUT is placed on a non-conductive table. For emission measurements at or below 1 GHz, the table height is 80 cm. For emission measurements above 1 GHz, the table height is 1.5 m. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
2. During performing radiated emission below 1 GHz, the EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower. During performing radiated emission above 1 GHz, the EUT was set 1 or 3 meter away from the interference-receiving antenna.
3. For measurements above 1 GHz absorbers are placed on the floor between the turn table and the antenna mast in such a way so as to maximize the reduction of reflections. For measurements below 1 GHz, the absorbers are removed.
4. The antenna is a broadband antenna, and its height is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
5. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then The antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters and the table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
(The EUT was pre-tested with three axes (X, Y, Z) and the final test was performed at the worst case.)
6. The test-receiver system was set to Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.
7. If the emission level of the EUT in peak mode was 10 dB lower than the limit specified, then testing could be stopped and the peak values of the EUT would be reported. Otherwise the emissions that did not have 10 dB margin would be re-tested one by one using peak, quasi-peak or average method as specified and then reported in a data sheet.



Measurement Instrument Setting

1. Frequency Range: Below 1 GHz
RBW = 100 or 120 kHz, VBW = 3 x RBW, Detector = Peak or Quasi Peak
2. Frequency Range: Above 1 GHz
Peak Measurement
RBW = 1 MHz, VBW = 3 MHz, Detector = Peak, Sweep time = Auto,
Trace mode = Max Hold until the trace stabilizes

Average Measurement
RBW = 1MHz, VBW $\geq 1/T$, Detector = Peak, Sweep Time = Auto,
Trace Mode = Max Hold until the trace stabilizes

11.4 Test Procedure for Conducted Spurious Emission

1. The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyzer.
2. The reference level of the fundamental frequency was measured with the spectrumanalyzer using
RBW = 100 kHz, VBW = 300 kHz.
3. The conducted spurious emission was tested each ranges were set as below.
Frequency range: 30 MHz ~ 26.5 GHz
RBW = 100 kHz, VBW = 300 kHz, Sweep Time = Auto, Detector = Peak,
Trace = Max Hold

LIMIT LINE = 20 dB below of the reference level of above measurement procedure
Step 2. (RBW = 100 kHz, VBW = 300 kHz)



11.5 Test Result

9 kHz ~ 25 GHz Data (Modulation: GFSK)

● Low frequency

| Frequency (MHz) | Reading (dBuV/m) | | Pol. | Factor (dB) | DCCF (dB) | Limits (dBuV/m) | | Result (dBuV/m) | | Margin (dB) | |
|--------------------|---------------------|-------|------|----------------|--------------|--------------------|------|--------------------|--------|----------------|------|
| | AV / Peak | | | | | AV / Peak | | AV / Peak | | | |
| | 2 376.05 | N/A | | | | 30.89 | H | 11.84 | -24.74 | 54.0 | 74.0 |
| 4 804.37 | N/A | 48.52 | V | 4.30 | -24.74 | 54.0 | 74.0 | 28.1 | 52.8 | 25.9 | 21.2 |
| 7 206.49 | N/A | 43.08 | V | 20.22 | -24.74 | 54.0 | 74.0 | 38.6 | 63.3 | 15.4 | 10.7 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |

● Middle frequency

| Frequency (MHz) | Reading (dBuV/m) | | Pol. | Factor (dB) | DCCF (dB) | Limits (dBuV/m) | | Result (dBuV/m) | | Margin (dB) | |
|--------------------|---------------------|-------|------|----------------|--------------|--------------------|------|--------------------|--------|----------------|------|
| | AV / Peak | | | | | AV / Peak | | AV / Peak | | | |
| | 4 881.56 | N/A | | | | 48.77 | V | 4.04 | -24.74 | 54.0 | 74.0 |
| 7 322.47 | N/A | 43.12 | V | 20.53 | -24.74 | 54.0 | 74.0 | 38.9 | 63.7 | 15.1 | 10.4 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |

● High frequency

| Frequency (MHz) | Reading (dBuV/m) | | Pol. | Factor (dB) | DCCF (dB) | Limits (dBuV/m) | | Result (dBuV/m) | | Margin (dB) | |
|--------------------|---------------------|-------|------|----------------|--------------|--------------------|------|--------------------|--------|----------------|------|
| | AV / Peak | | | | | AV / Peak | | AV / Peak | | | |
| | 2 483.52 | N/A | | | | 40.39 | H | 12.21 | -24.74 | 54.0 | 74.0 |
| 4 959.66 | N/A | 46.01 | V | 4.21 | -24.74 | 54.0 | 74.0 | 25.5 | 50.2 | 28.5 | 23.8 |
| 7 439.49 | N/A | 40.24 | V | 20.37 | -24.74 | 54.0 | 74.0 | 35.9 | 60.6 | 18.1 | 13.4 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |

Note 1: The radiated emissions were investigated 9 kHz to 25 GHz. And no other spurious and harmonic emissions were found above listed frequencies.

Note 2: DCCF(Duty Cycle Correction Factor)

- Time to cycle through all channels = $\Delta t = T$ [ms] X 20 minimum hopping channels, where T = pulse width = 2.896 ms

- $100 \text{ ms} / \Delta t$ [ms] = H \rightarrow Round up to next highest integer, to account for worst case, $H' = 100 / (2.896 \times 20) = 1.73$

$\cong 2$

- The Worst Case Dwell Time = T [ms] x H' = 2.896 ms X 2 = 5.79 ms

- DCCF = $20 \times \log(\text{The Worst Case Dwell Time} / 100 \text{ ms}) \text{ dB} = 20 \times \log(5.79 / 100) = -24.74 \text{ dB}$

Note 3: Sample Calculation.

Margin = Limit - Result / Peak Result = Peak Reading + TF / Average Result = Peak Reading + TF + DCCF

TF = Ant factor + Cable Loss + Filter Loss - Amp Gain



9 kHz ~ 25 GHz Data (Modulation: 8DPSK)

● Low frequency

| Frequency (MHz) | Reading (dBuV/m) | | Pol. | Factor (dB) | DCCF (dB) | Limits (dBuV/m) | | Result (dBuV/m) | | Margin (dB) | |
|--------------------|---------------------|-------|------|----------------|--------------|--------------------|------|--------------------|--------|----------------|------|
| | AV / Peak | | | | | AV / Peak | | AV / Peak | | AV / Peak | |
| | 2 376.05 | N/A | | | | 27.35 | H | 11.84 | -24.74 | 54.0 | 74.0 |
| 4 804.09 | N/A | 39.12 | V | 4.30 | -24.74 | 54.0 | 74.0 | 18.7 | 43.4 | 35.3 | 30.6 |
| 7 206.28 | N/A | 33.78 | V | 20.22 | -24.74 | 54.0 | 74.0 | 29.3 | 54.0 | 24.7 | 20.0 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |

● Middle frequency

| Frequency (MHz) | Reading (dBuV/m) | | Pol. | Factor (dB) | DCCF (dB) | Limits (dBuV/m) | | Result (dBuV/m) | | Margin (dB) | |
|--------------------|---------------------|-------|------|----------------|--------------|--------------------|------|--------------------|--------|----------------|------|
| | AV / Peak | | | | | AV / Peak | | AV / Peak | | AV / Peak | |
| | 4 882.03 | N/A | | | | 38.22 | V | 4.04 | -24.74 | 54.0 | 74.0 |
| 7 322.85 | N/A | 31.32 | V | 20.53 | -24.74 | 54.0 | 74.0 | 27.1 | 51.9 | 26.9 | 22.2 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |

● High frequency

| Frequency (MHz) | Reading (dBuV/m) | | Pol. | Factor (dB) | DCCF (dB) | Limits (dBuV/m) | | Result (dBuV/m) | | Margin (dB) | |
|--------------------|---------------------|-------|------|----------------|--------------|--------------------|------|--------------------|--------|----------------|------|
| | AV / Peak | | | | | AV / Peak | | AV / Peak | | AV / Peak | |
| | 2 483.51 | N/A | | | | 36.17 | H | 12.21 | -24.74 | 54.0 | 74.0 |
| 4 960.15 | N/A | 37.80 | V | 4.21 | -24.74 | 54.0 | 74.0 | 17.3 | 42.0 | 36.7 | 32.0 |
| 7 439.89 | N/A | 33.12 | V | 20.37 | -24.74 | 54.0 | 74.0 | 28.7 | 53.5 | 25.3 | 20.5 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |

Note 1: The radiated emissions were investigated 9 kHz to 25 GHz.

Note 2: DCCF(Duty Cycle Correction Factor)

- Time to cycle through all channels = $\Delta t = T [ms] \times 20$ minimum hopping channels, where T = pulse width = 2.900 ms

- $100 \text{ ms} / \Delta t [ms] = H \rightarrow$ Round up to next highest integer, to account for worst case, $H' = 100 / (2.900 \times 20) = 1.72$

$\cong 2$

- The Worst Case Dwell Time = $T [ms] \times H' = 2.900 \text{ ms} \times 2 = 5.80 \text{ ms}$

- $DCCF = 20 \times \log(\text{The Worst Case Dwell Time} / 100 \text{ ms}) \text{ dB} = 20 \times \log(5.80 / 100) = -24.73 \text{ dB}$

Note 3: Sample Calculation.

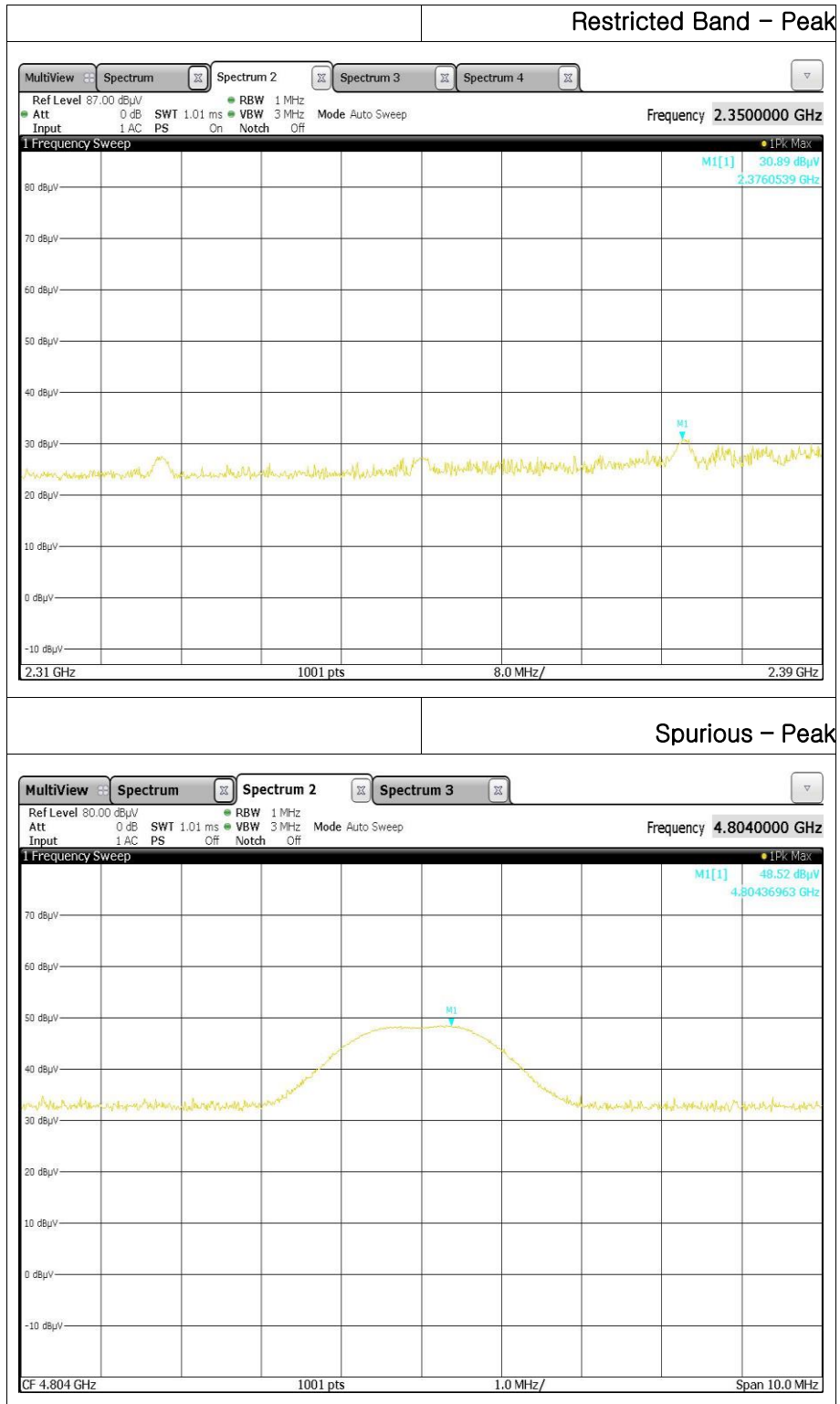
Margin = Limit - Result / Peak Result = Peak Reading + TF / Average Result = Peak Reading + TF + DCCF

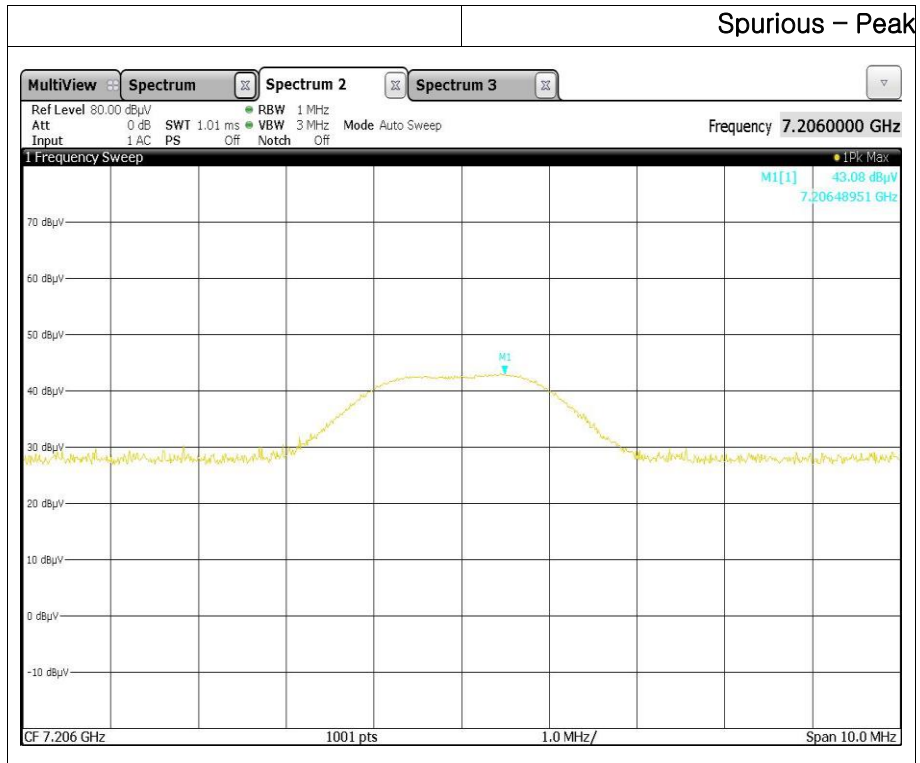
TF = Ant factor + Cable Loss + Filter Loss - Amp Gain



11.6 Test Plot for Radiated Spurious Emission

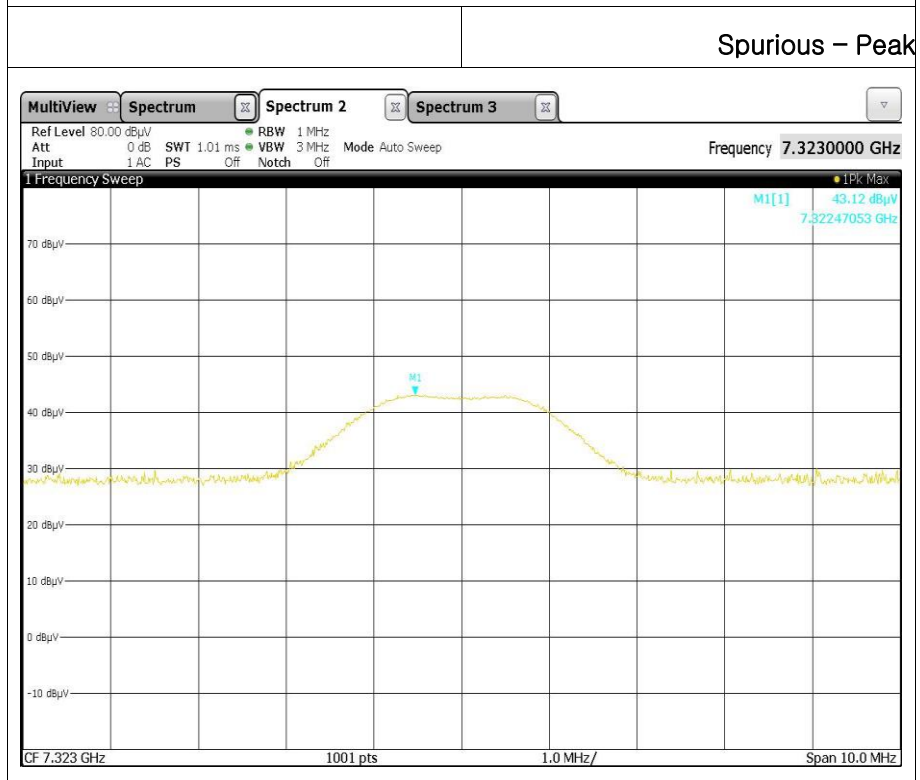
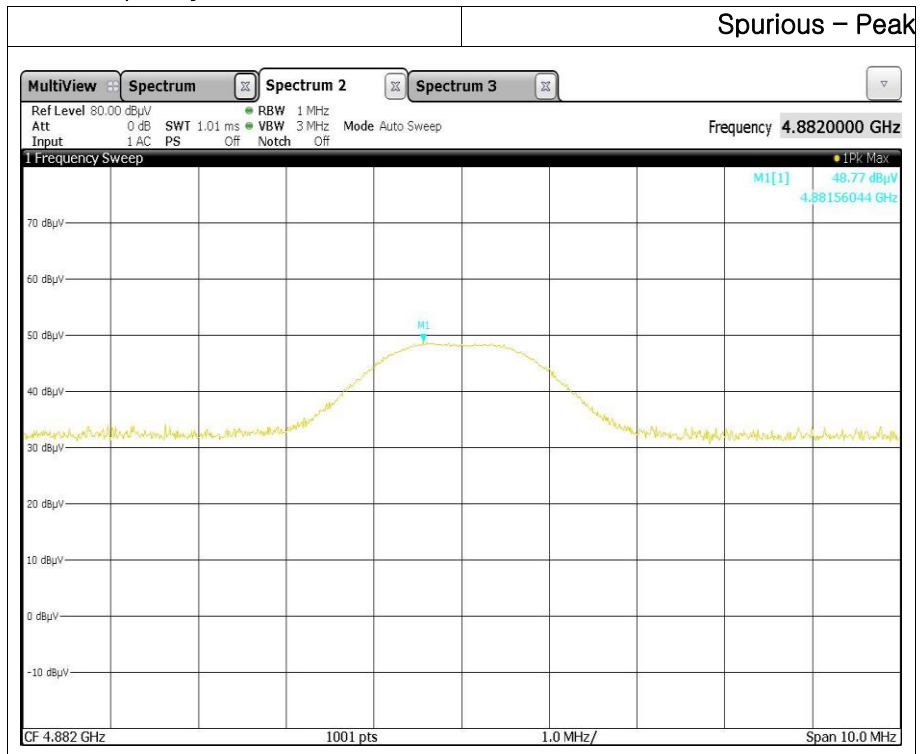
- GFSK _ Low frequency





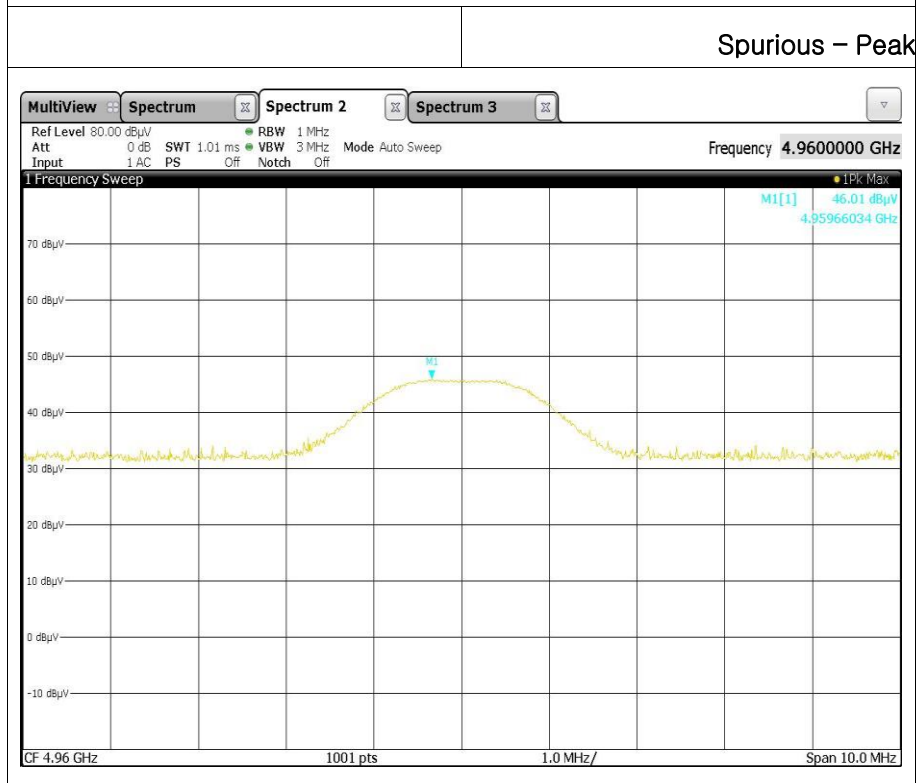
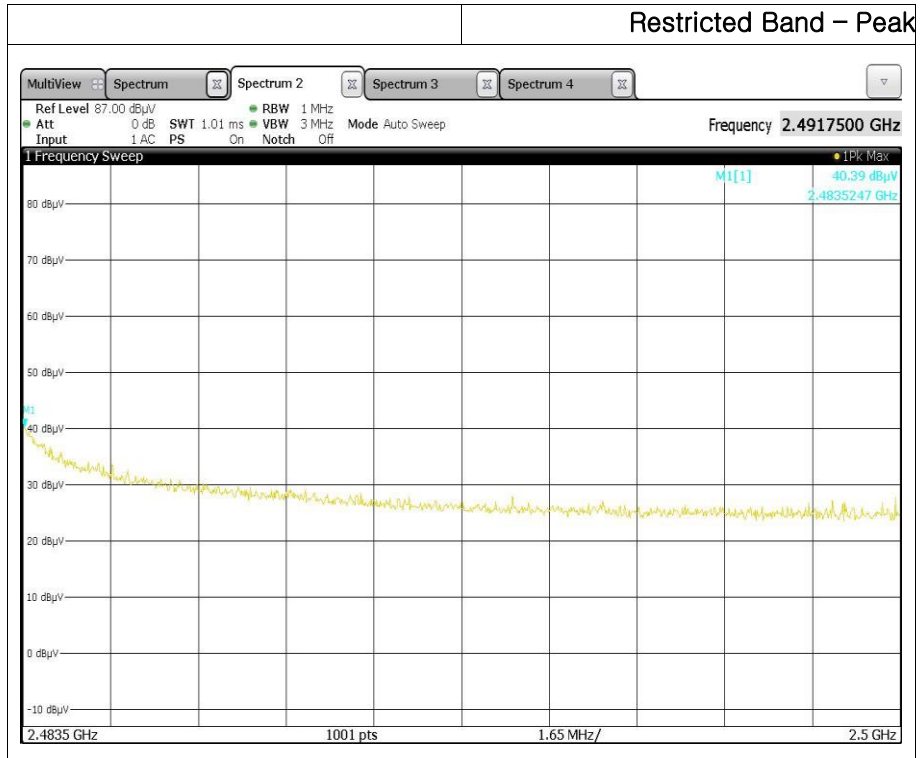


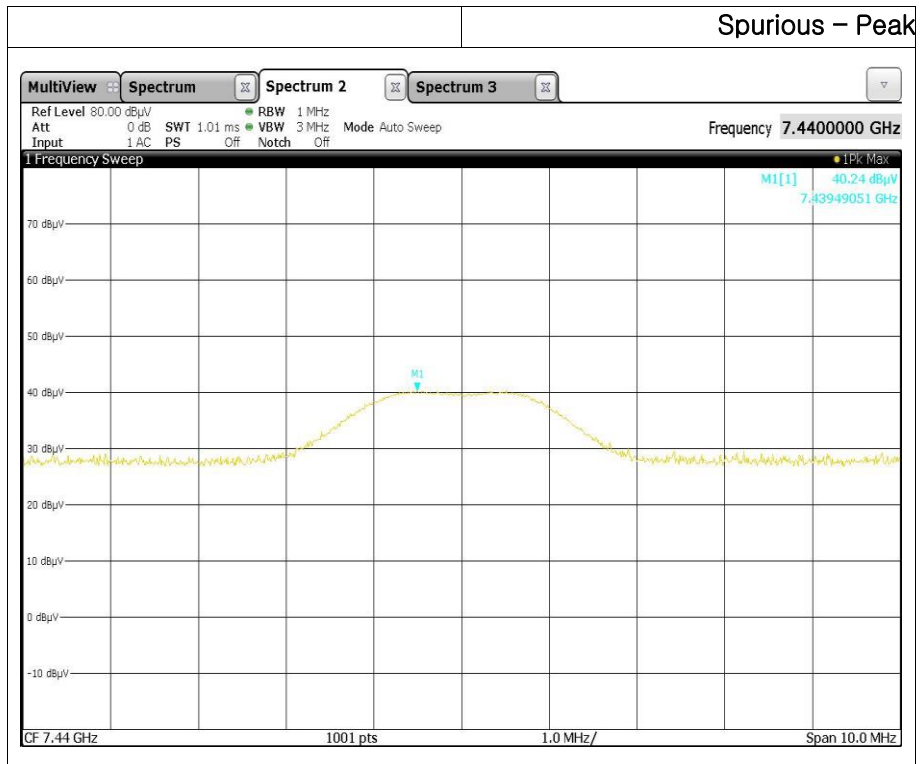
- GFSK _ Middle frequency





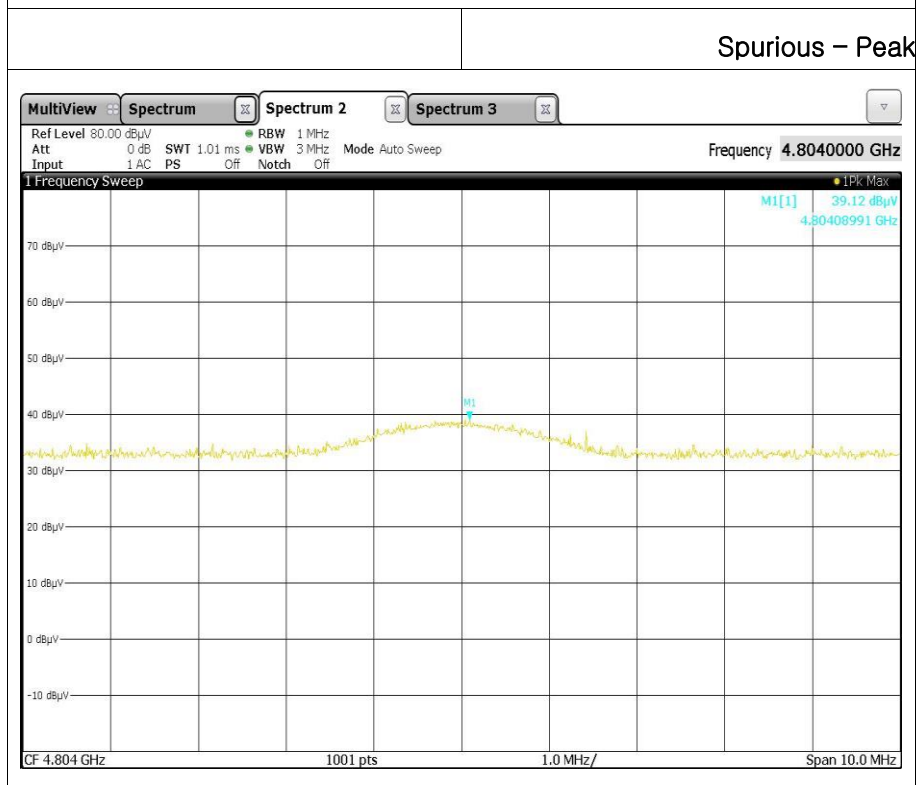
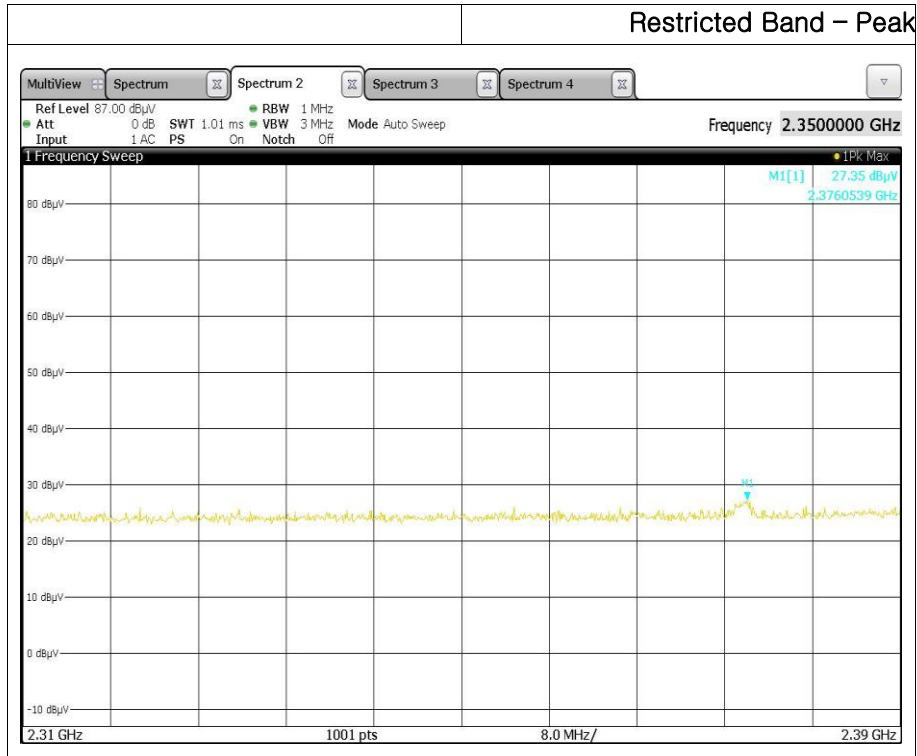
- GFSK _ High frequency

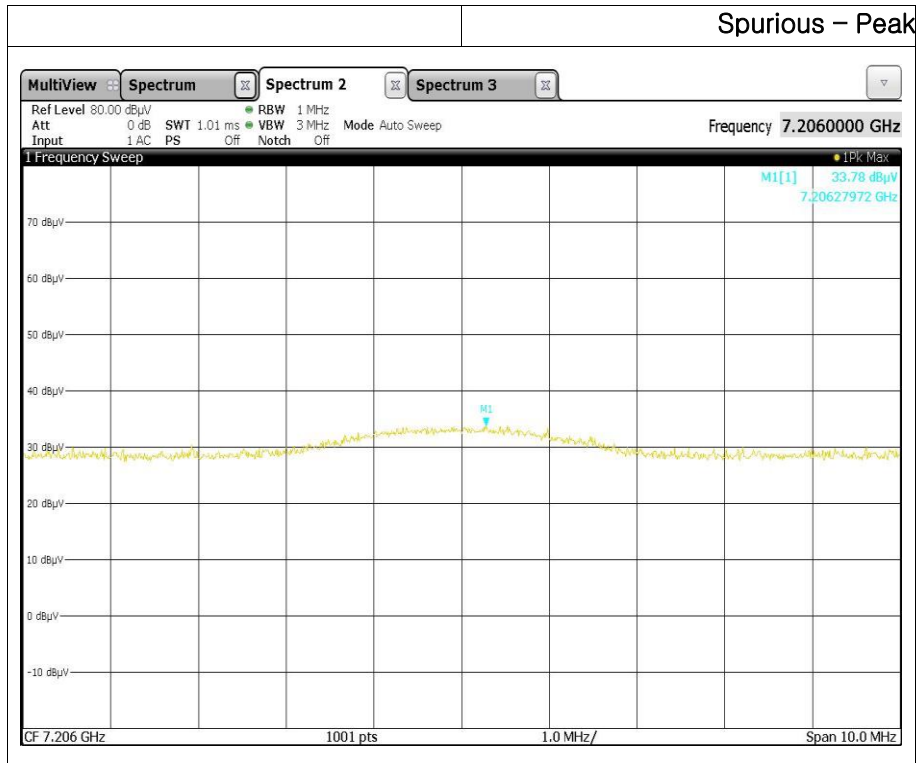






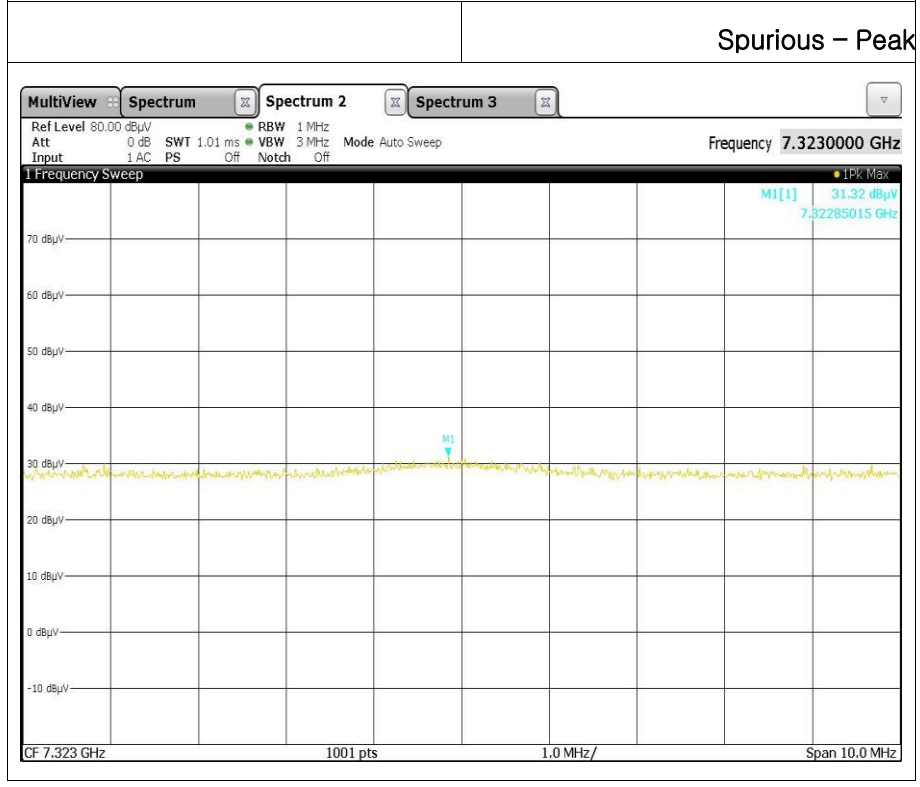
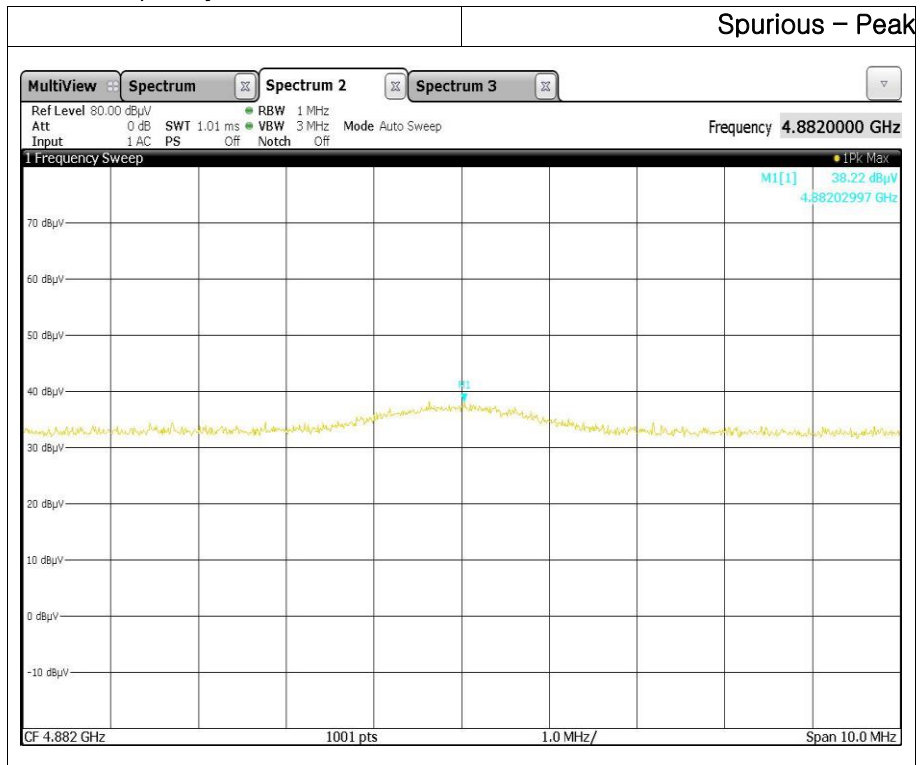
- 8DPSK _ Low frequency





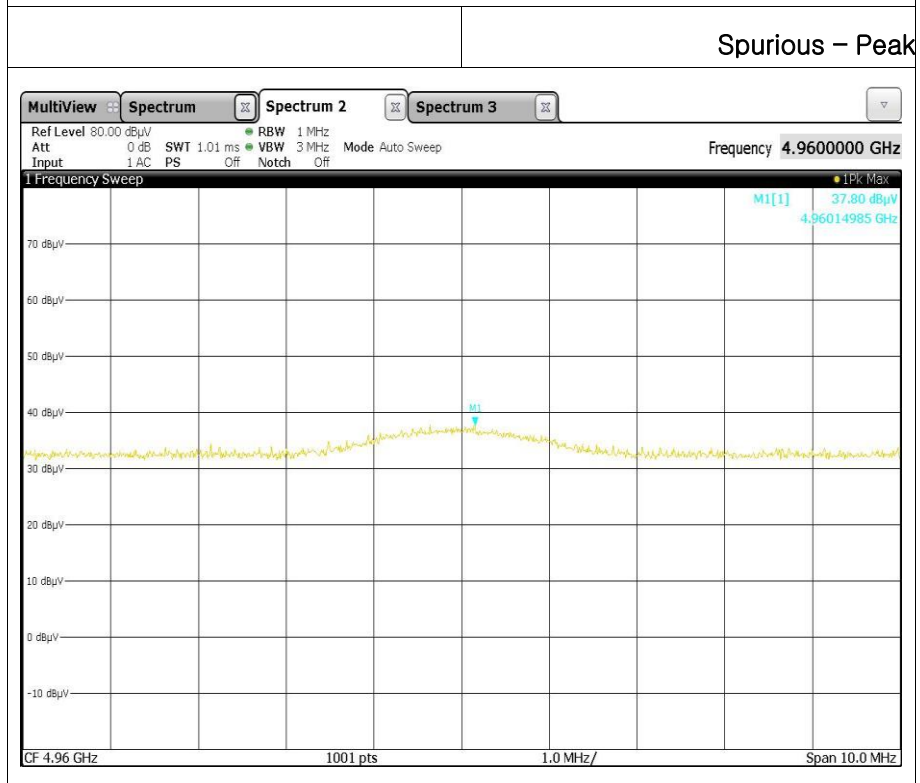
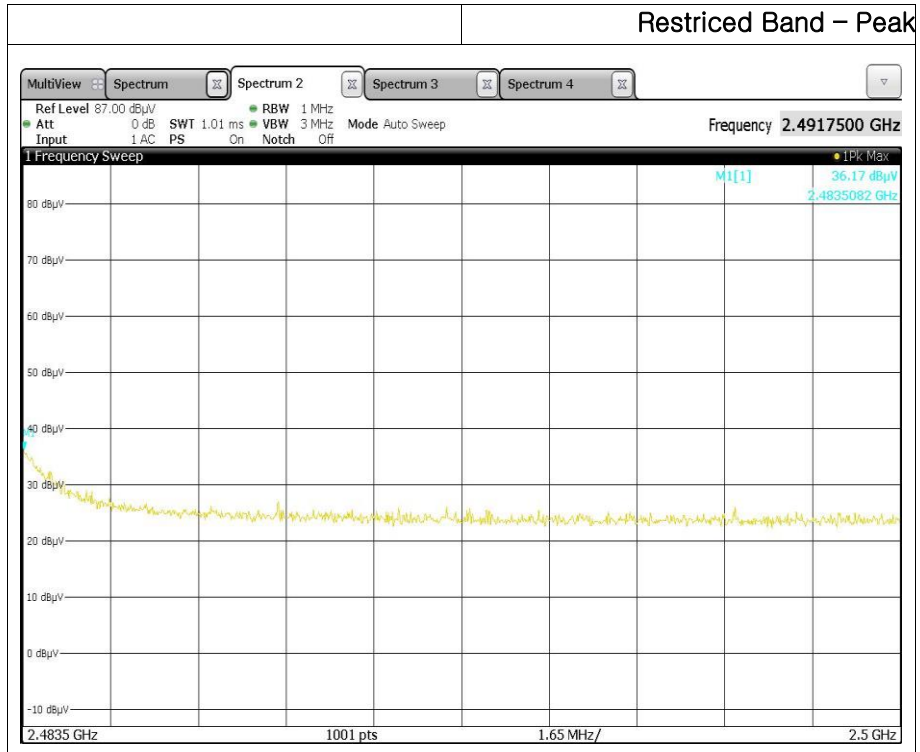


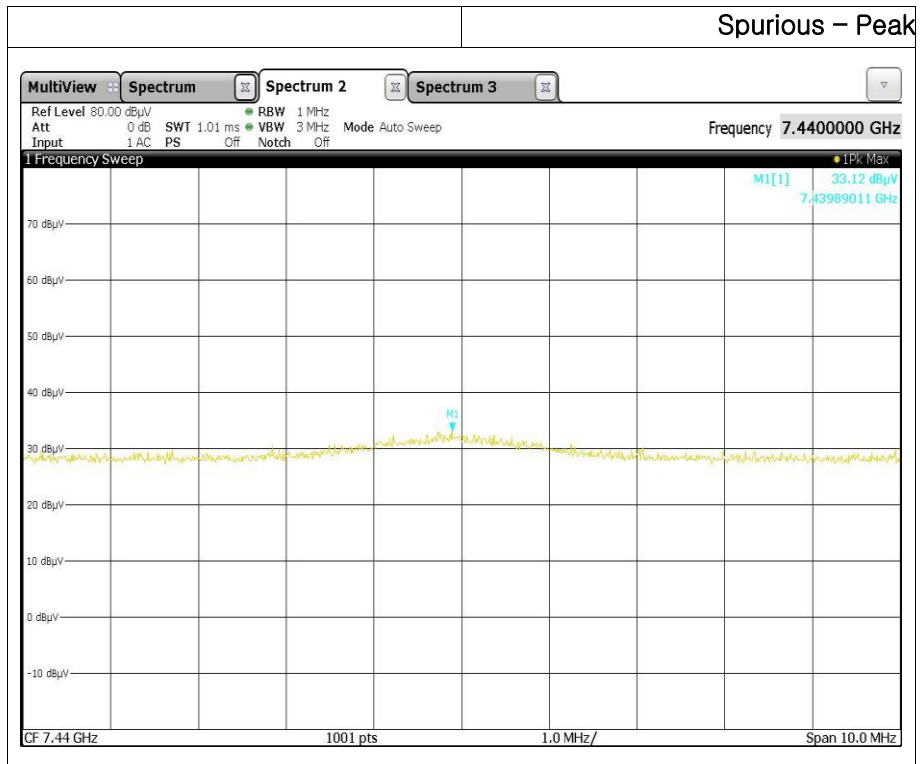
- 8DPSK _ Middle frequency





- 8DPSK _ High frequency

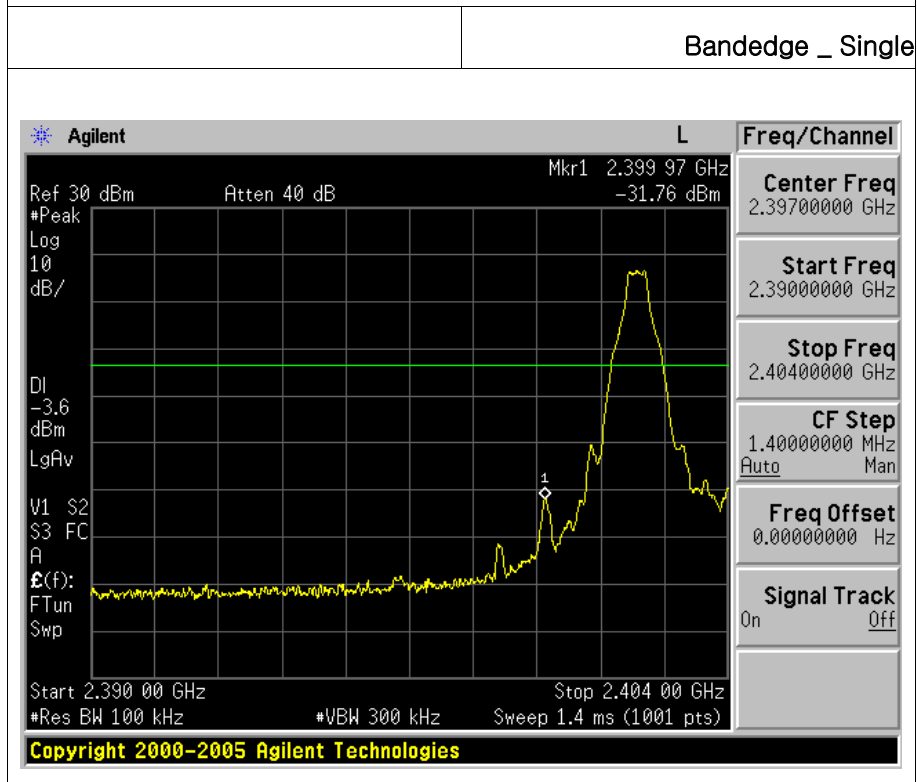
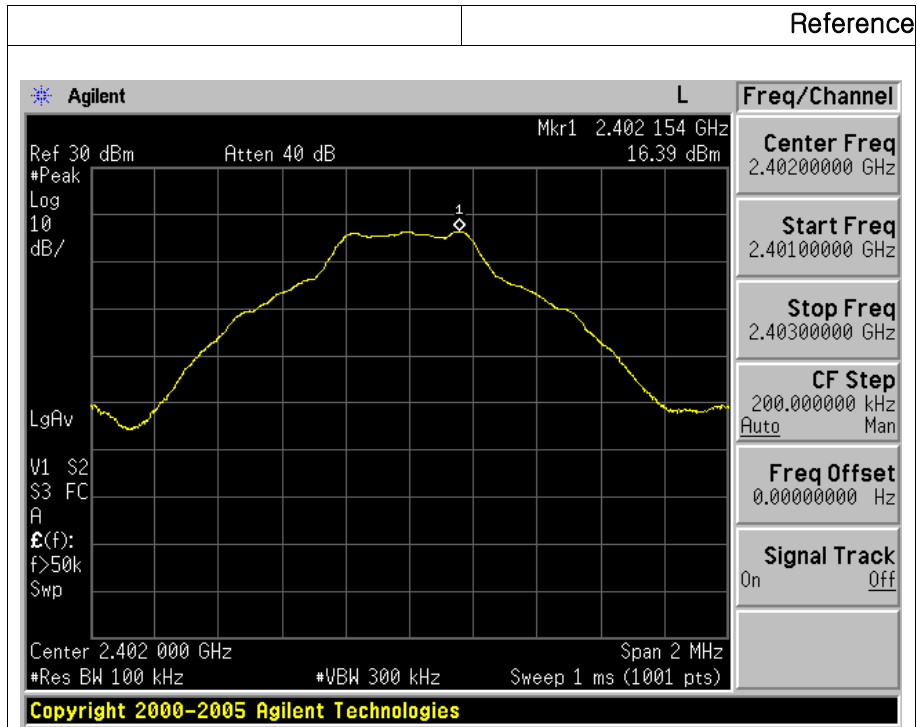






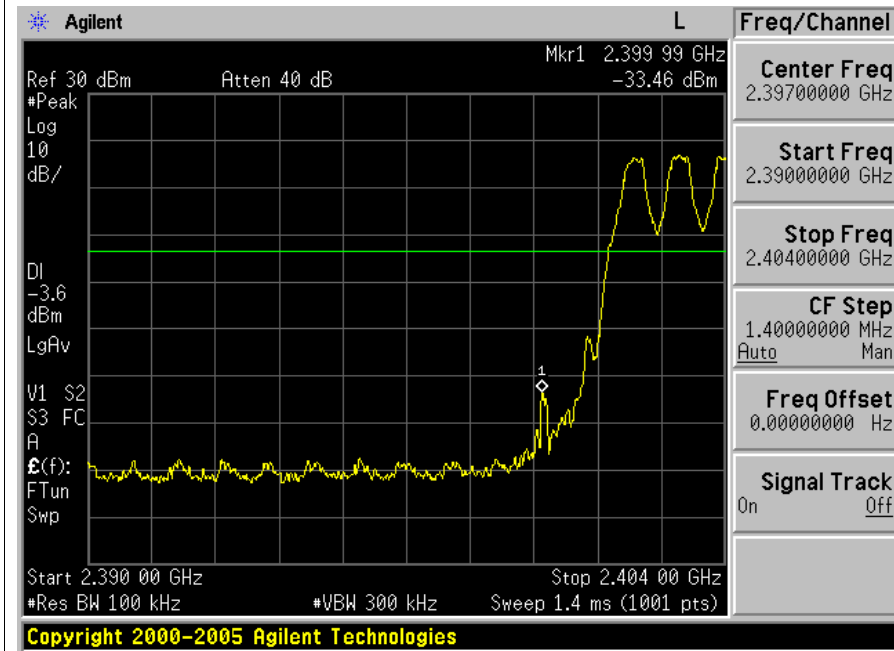
11.7 Test Plot for Conducted Spurious Emission

- GFSK _ Low frequency

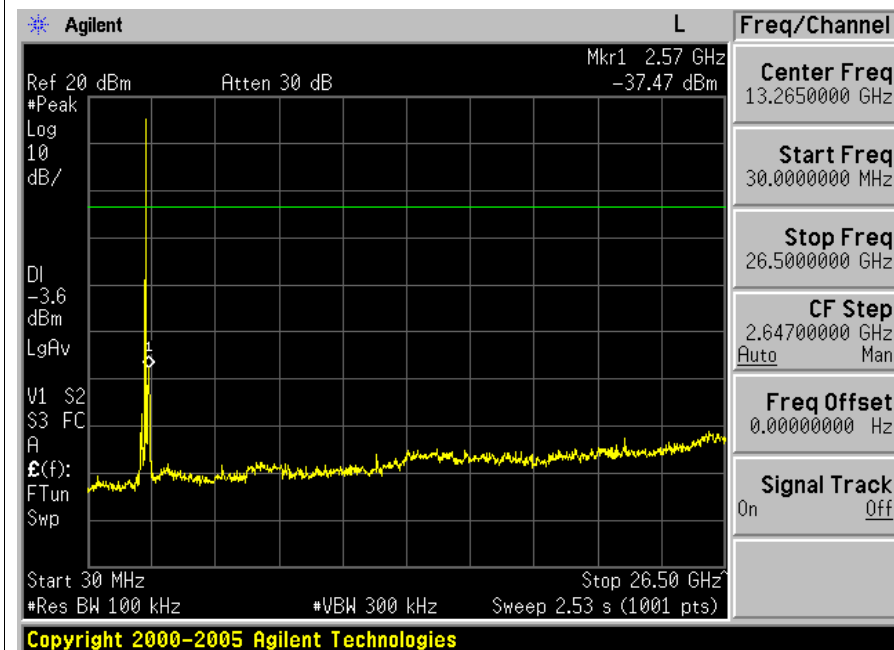




Bandedge _ Hopping

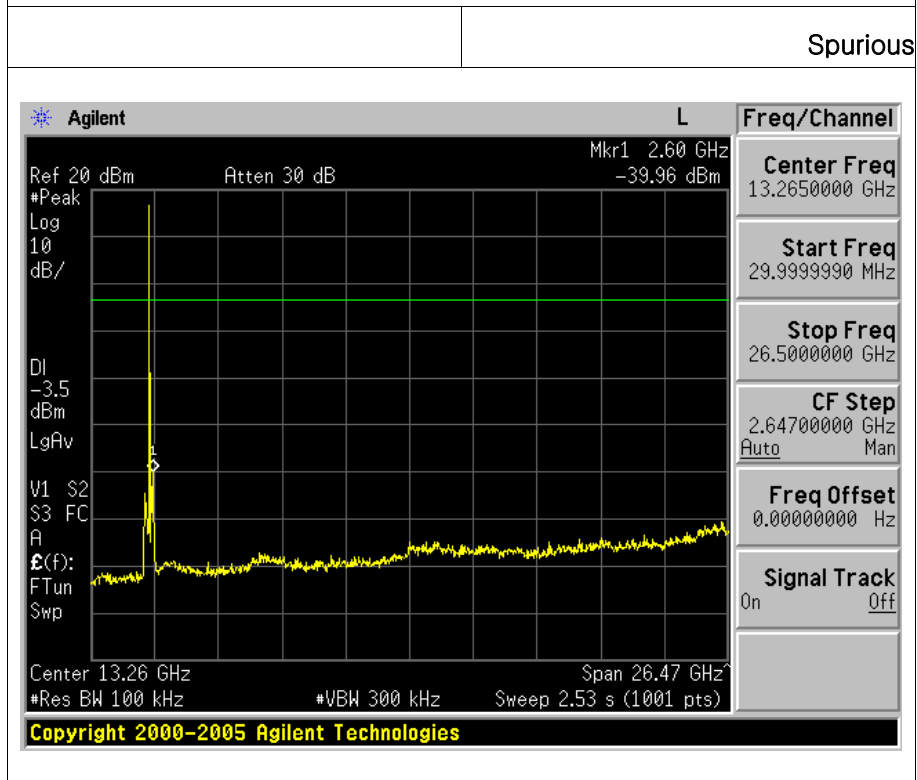
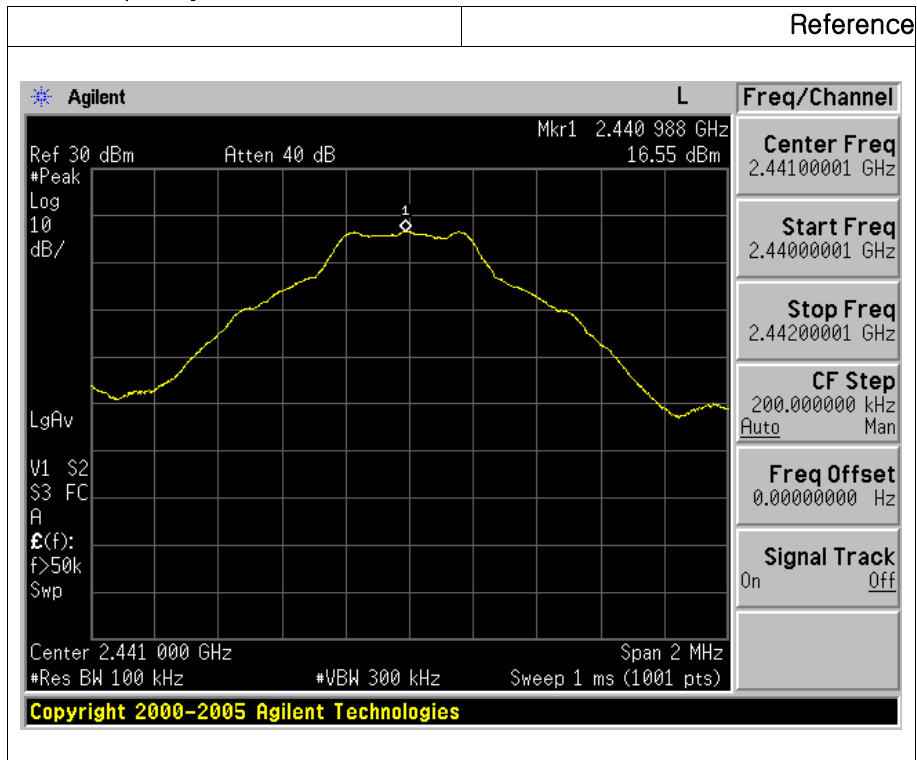


Spurious



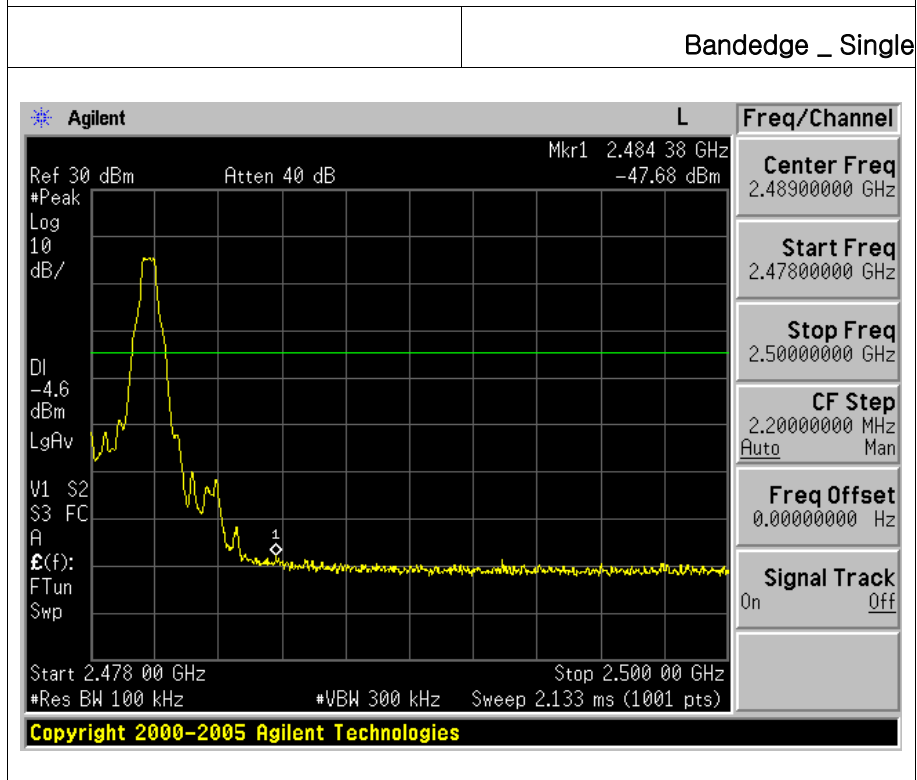
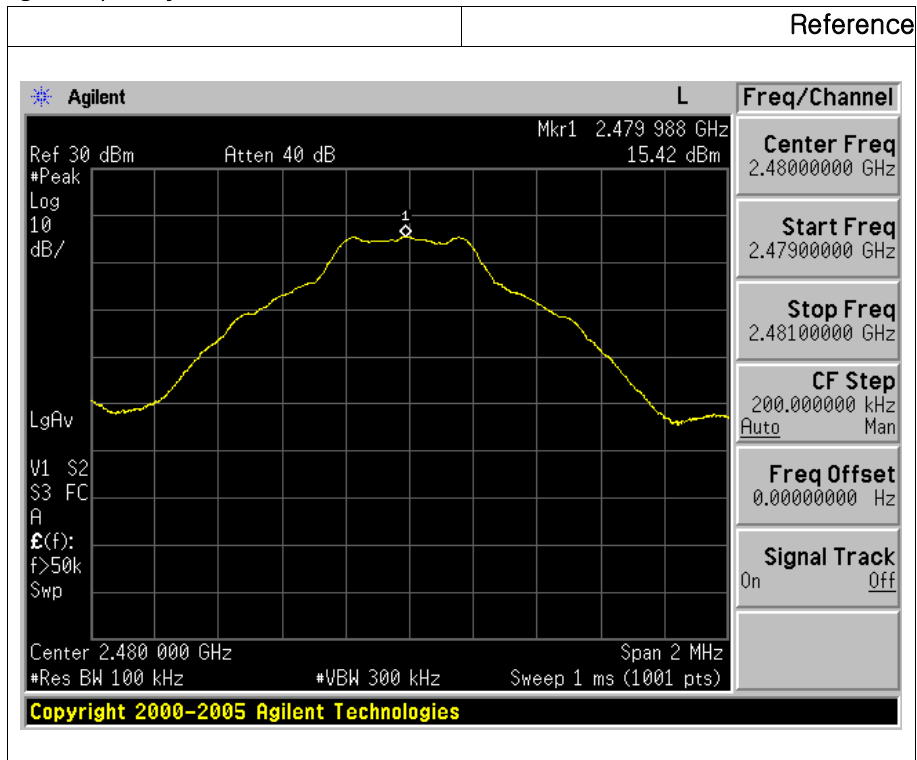


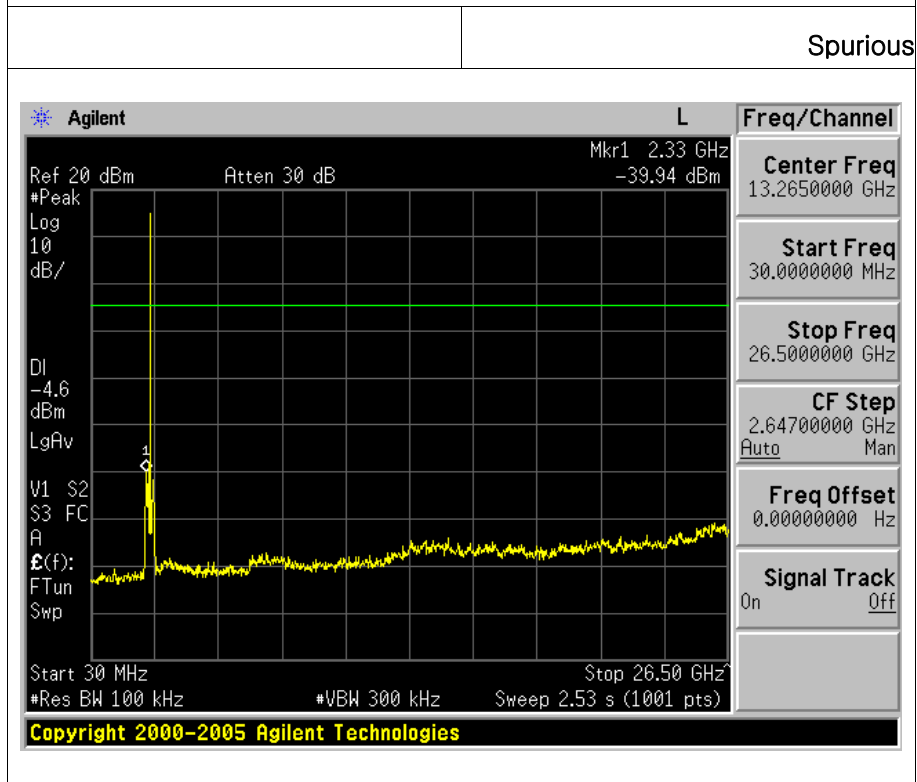
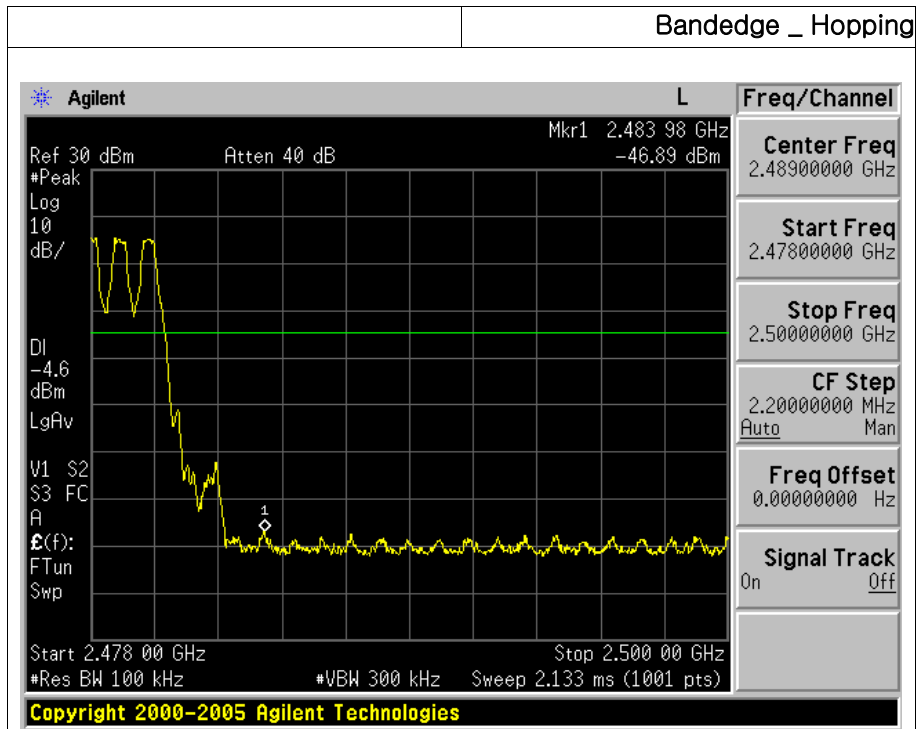
● GFSK _ Middle frequency





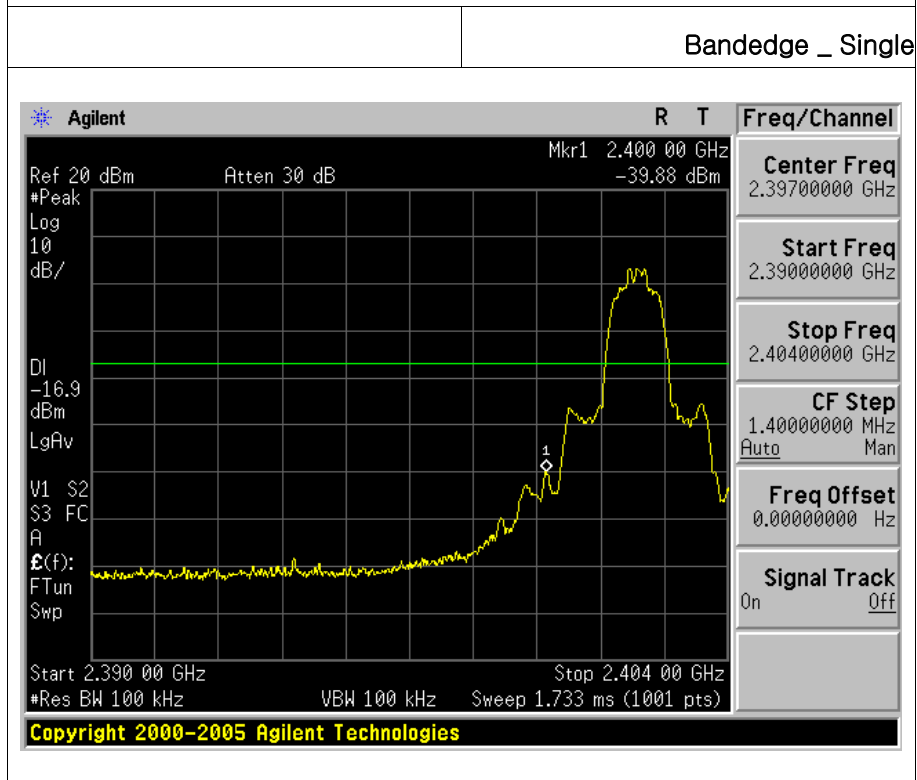
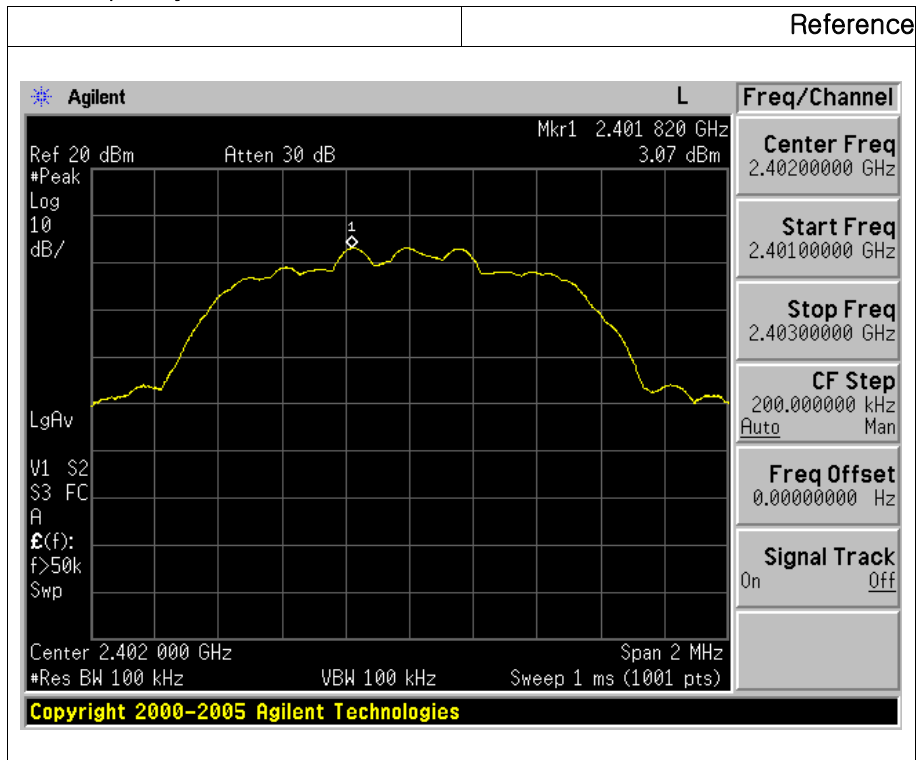
● GFSK _ High frequency

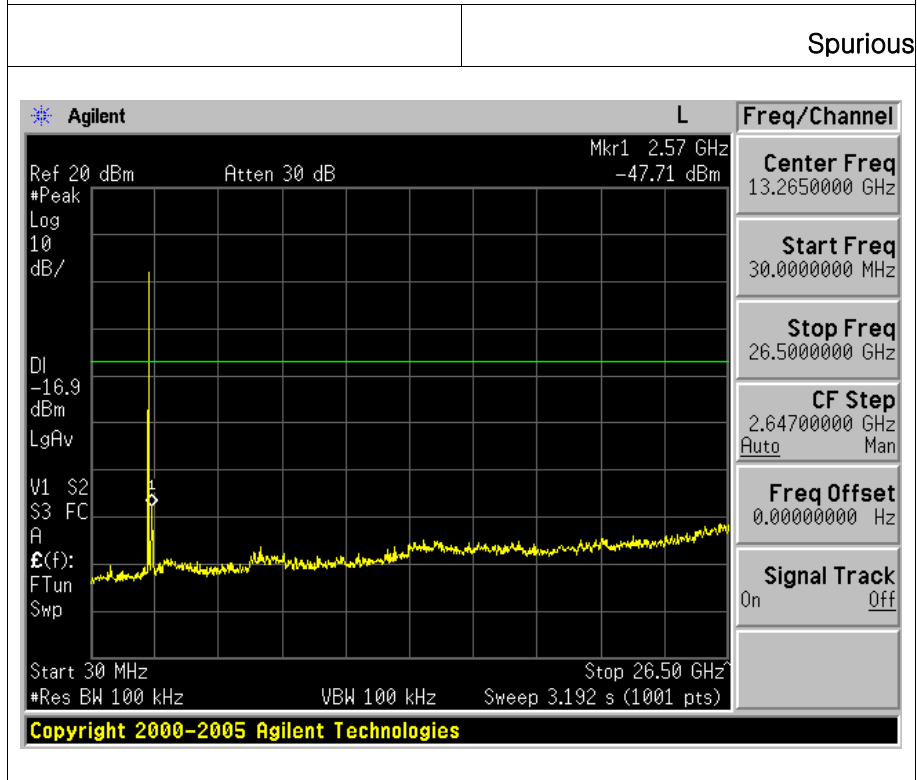
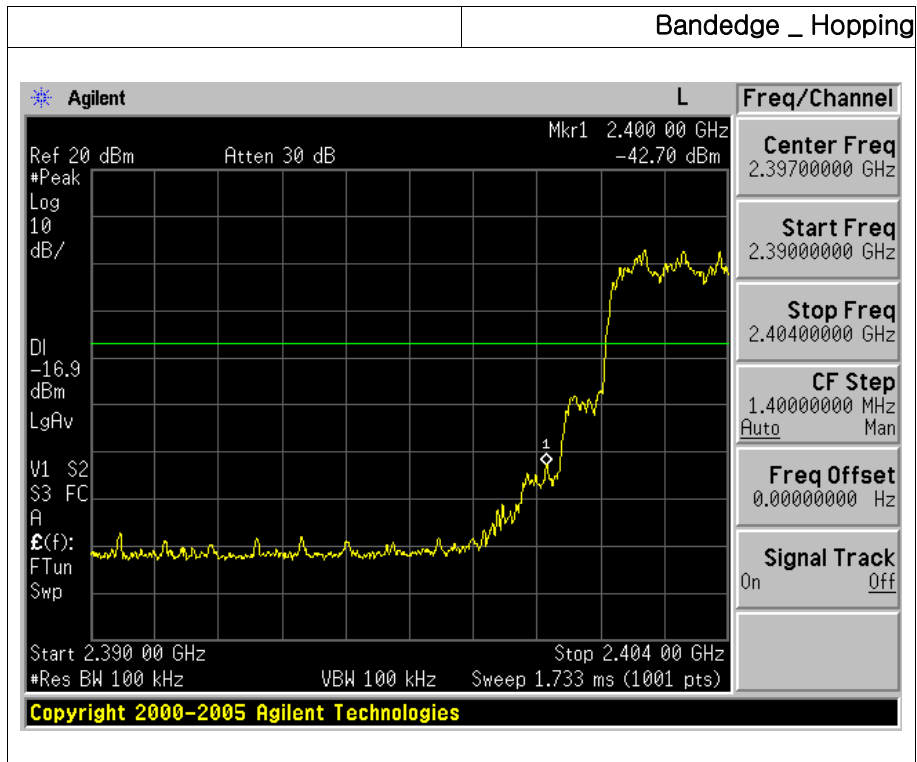






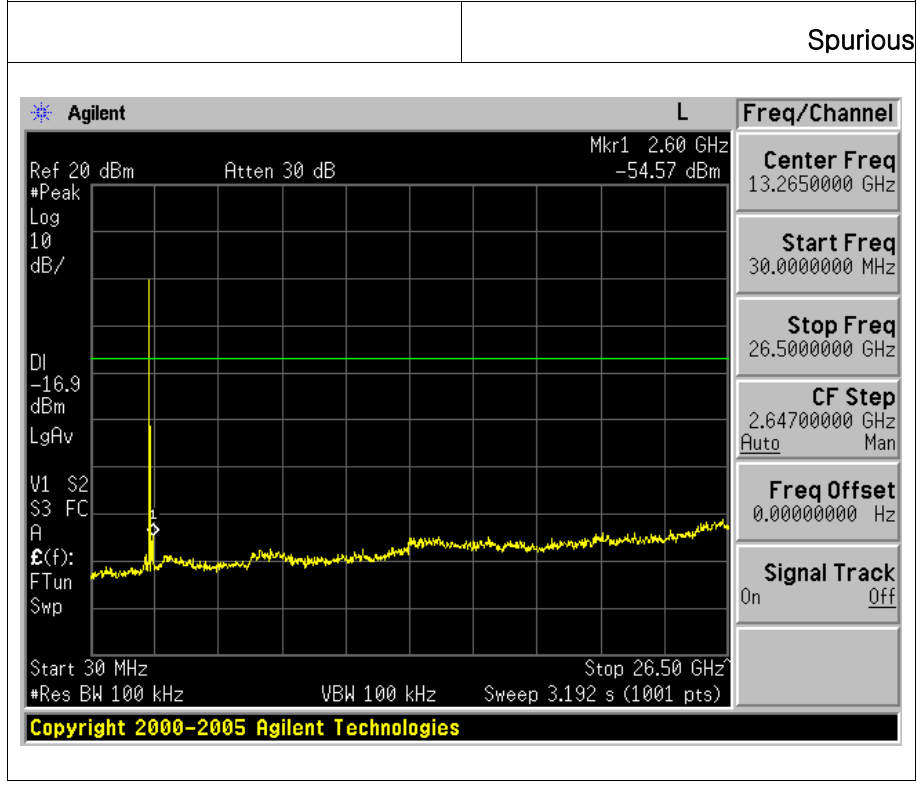
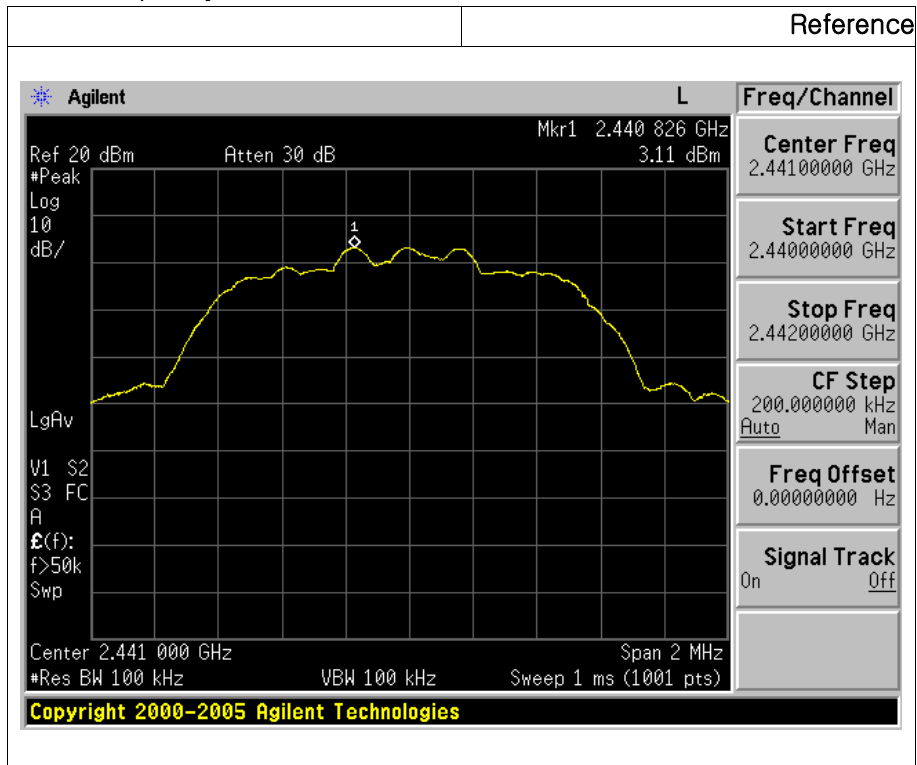
● 8DPSK _ Low frequency





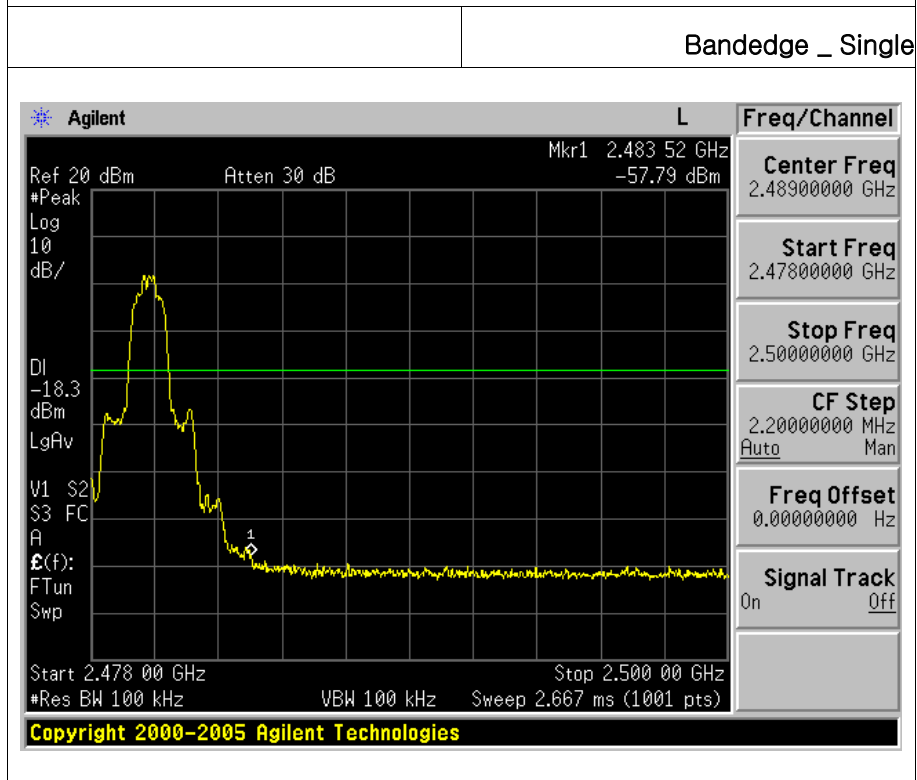
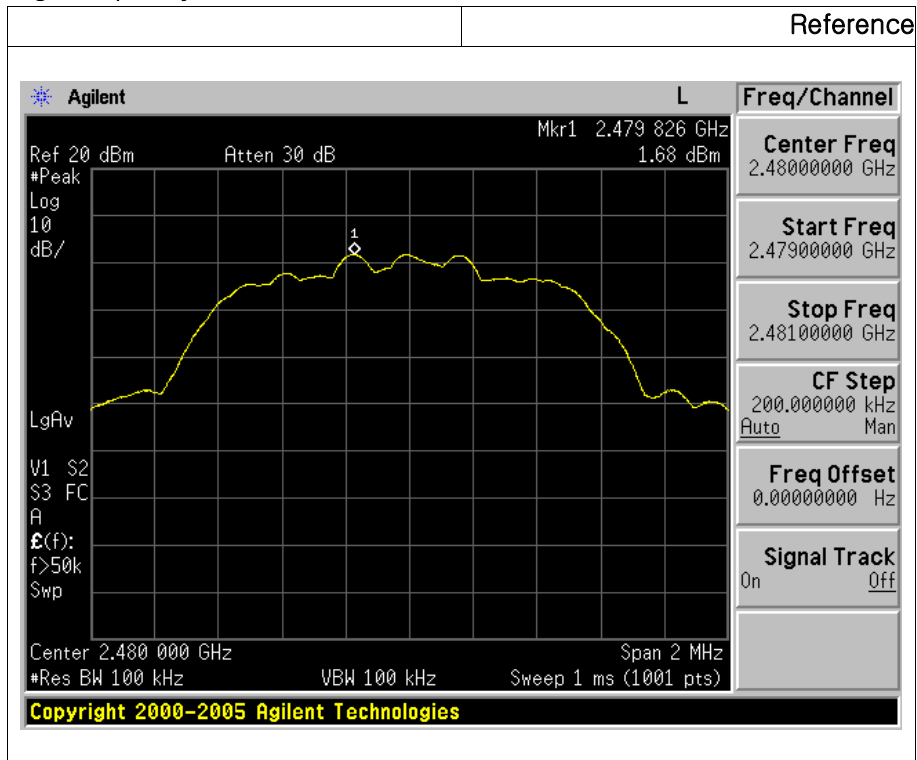


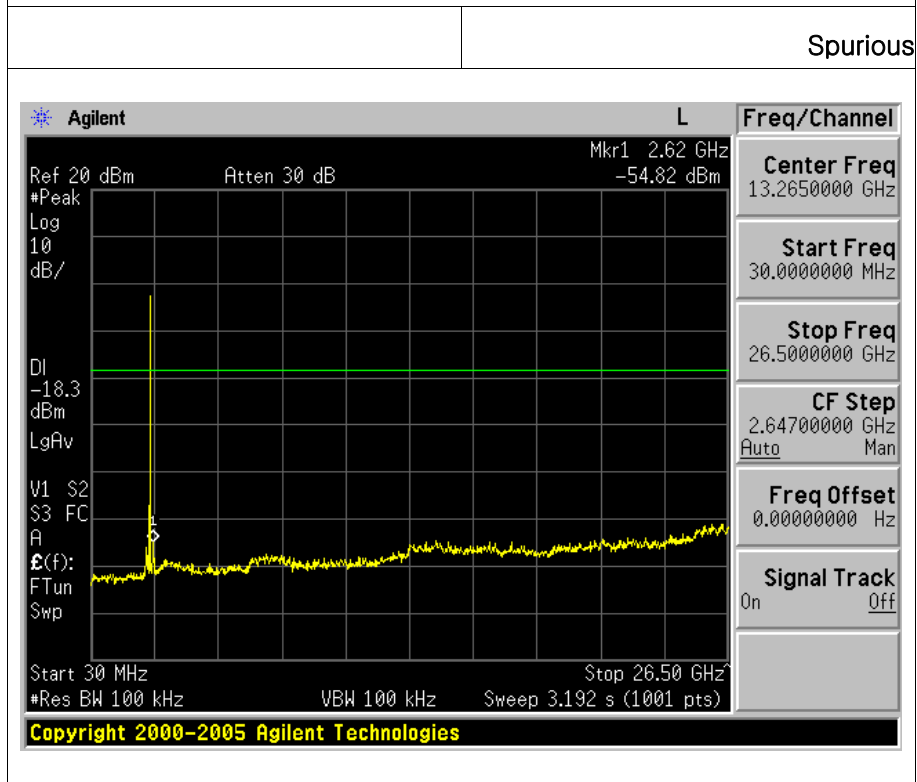
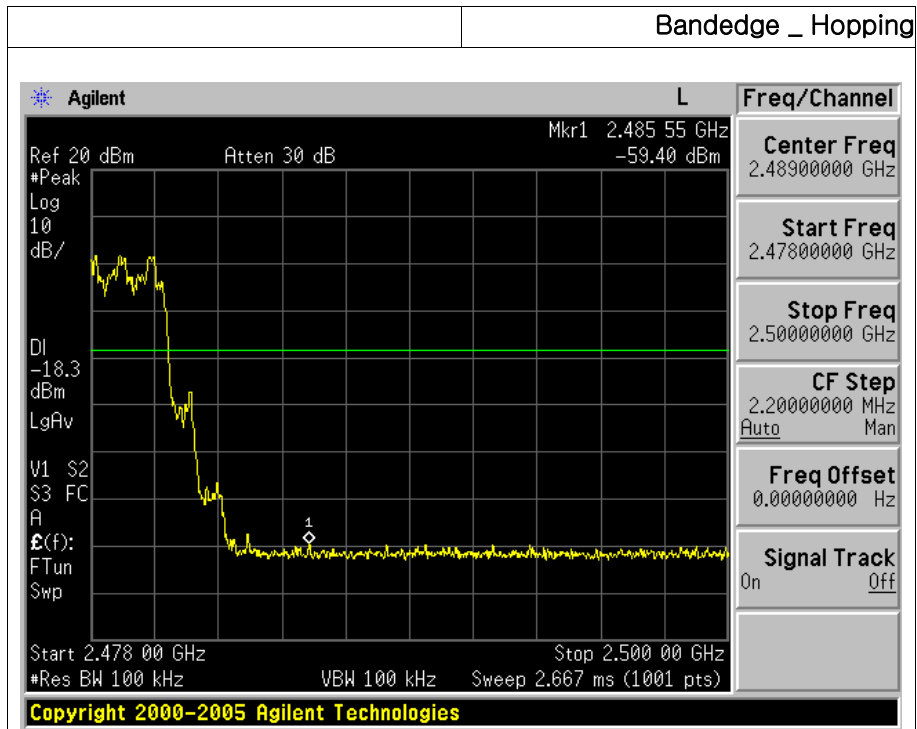
● 8DPSK _ Middle frequency





● 8DPSK _ High frequency







12. Conducted Emission

12.1 Test Setup

See test photographs for the actual connections between EUT and support equipment.

12.2 Limit

According to §15.207(a) for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 uH/50 ohm line impedance stabilization network (LISN).

Compliance with the provision of this paragraph shall on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

| Frequency Range (MHz) | Conducted Limit (dBuV) | |
|-----------------------|------------------------|------------|
| | Quasi-Peak | Average |
| 0.15 ~ 0.5 | 66 to 56 * | 56 to 46 * |
| 0.5 ~ 5 | 56 | 46 |
| 5 ~ 30 | 60 | 50 |

* Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency

12.3 Test Procedure

Conducted emissions from the EUT were measured according to the ANSI C63.10.

1. The test procedure is performed in a 6.5 m × 3.5 m × 3.5 m (L × W × H) shielded room. The EUT along with its peripherals were placed on a 1.0 m (W) × 1.5 m (L) and 0.8 m in height wooden table and the EUT was adjusted to maintain a 0.4 meter space from a vertical reference plane.
2. The EUT was connected to power mains through a line impedance stabilization network (LISN) which provides 50 ohm coupling impedance for measuring instrument and the chassis ground was bounded to the horizontal ground plane of shielded room.
3. All peripherals were connected to the second LISN and the chassis ground also bounded to the horizontal ground plane of shielded room.
4. The excess power cable between the EUT and the LISN was bundled. The power cables of peripherals were unbundled. All connecting cables of EUT and peripherals were moved to find the maximum emission.

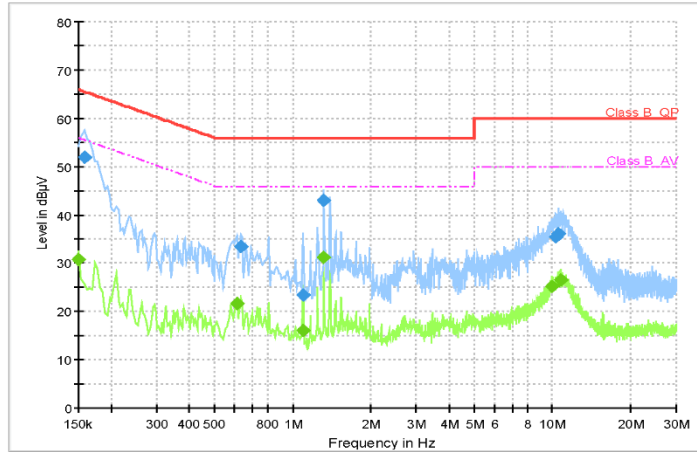


12.4 Test Result

- AC Line Conducted Emission (Graph)

SP127_BT_L1

Conducted Emission

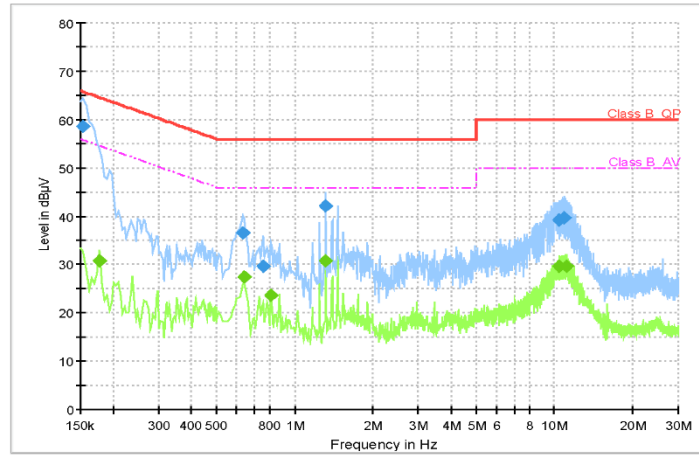


Final Result

| Frequency (MHz) | QuasiPeak (dBµV) | CAverage (dBµV) | Limit (dBµV) | Margin (dB) | Bandwidth (kHz) | Line | Corr. (dB) |
|-----------------|------------------|-----------------|--------------|-------------|-----------------|------|------------|
| 0.150 | --- | 30.67 | 56.00 | 25.33 | 9 | L1 | 19.2 |
| 0.158 | 51.98 | --- | 65.57 | 13.59 | 9 | L1 | 19.4 |
| 0.610 | --- | 21.59 | 46.00 | 24.41 | 9 | L1 | 19.8 |
| 0.630 | 33.49 | --- | 56.00 | 22.51 | 9 | L1 | 19.8 |
| 1.100 | 23.45 | --- | 56.00 | 32.55 | 9 | L1 | 19.7 |
| 1.100 | --- | 16.01 | 46.00 | 29.99 | 9 | L1 | 19.7 |
| 1.320 | 42.90 | --- | 56.00 | 13.10 | 9 | L1 | 19.7 |
| 1.320 | --- | 31.11 | 46.00 | 14.89 | 9 | L1 | 19.7 |
| 9.960 | --- | 25.11 | 50.00 | 24.89 | 9 | L1 | 20.0 |
| 10.330 | 35.49 | --- | 60.00 | 24.51 | 9 | L1 | 20.0 |
| 10.570 | 36.06 | --- | 60.00 | 23.94 | 9 | L1 | 20.0 |
| 10.790 | --- | 26.60 | 50.00 | 23.40 | 9 | L1 | 20.0 |

SP127_BT_N

Conducted Emission



Final Result

| Frequency (MHz) | QuasiPeak (dBµV) | CAverage (dBµV) | Limit (dBµV) | Margin (dB) | Bandwidth (kHz) | Line | Corr. (dB) |
|-----------------|------------------|-----------------|--------------|-------------|-----------------|------|------------|
| 0.154 | 58.68 | --- | 65.78 | 7.11 | 9 | N | 19.3 |
| 0.178 | --- | 30.75 | 54.58 | 23.83 | 9 | N | 19.5 |
| 0.630 | 36.49 | --- | 56.00 | 19.51 | 9 | N | 19.8 |
| 0.640 | --- | 27.32 | 46.00 | 18.68 | 9 | N | 19.8 |
| 0.760 | 29.55 | --- | 56.00 | 26.45 | 9 | N | 19.8 |
| 0.810 | --- | 23.68 | 46.00 | 22.32 | 9 | N | 19.8 |
| 1.320 | 42.12 | --- | 56.00 | 13.88 | 9 | N | 19.7 |
| 1.320 | --- | 30.80 | 46.00 | 15.20 | 9 | N | 19.7 |
| 10.390 | 39.32 | --- | 60.00 | 20.68 | 9 | N | 20.0 |
| 10.390 | --- | 29.58 | 50.00 | 20.42 | 9 | N | 20.0 |
| 10.860 | 39.63 | --- | 60.00 | 20.37 | 9 | N | 20.0 |
| 11.130 | --- | 29.62 | 50.00 | 20.38 | 9 | N | 20.0 |

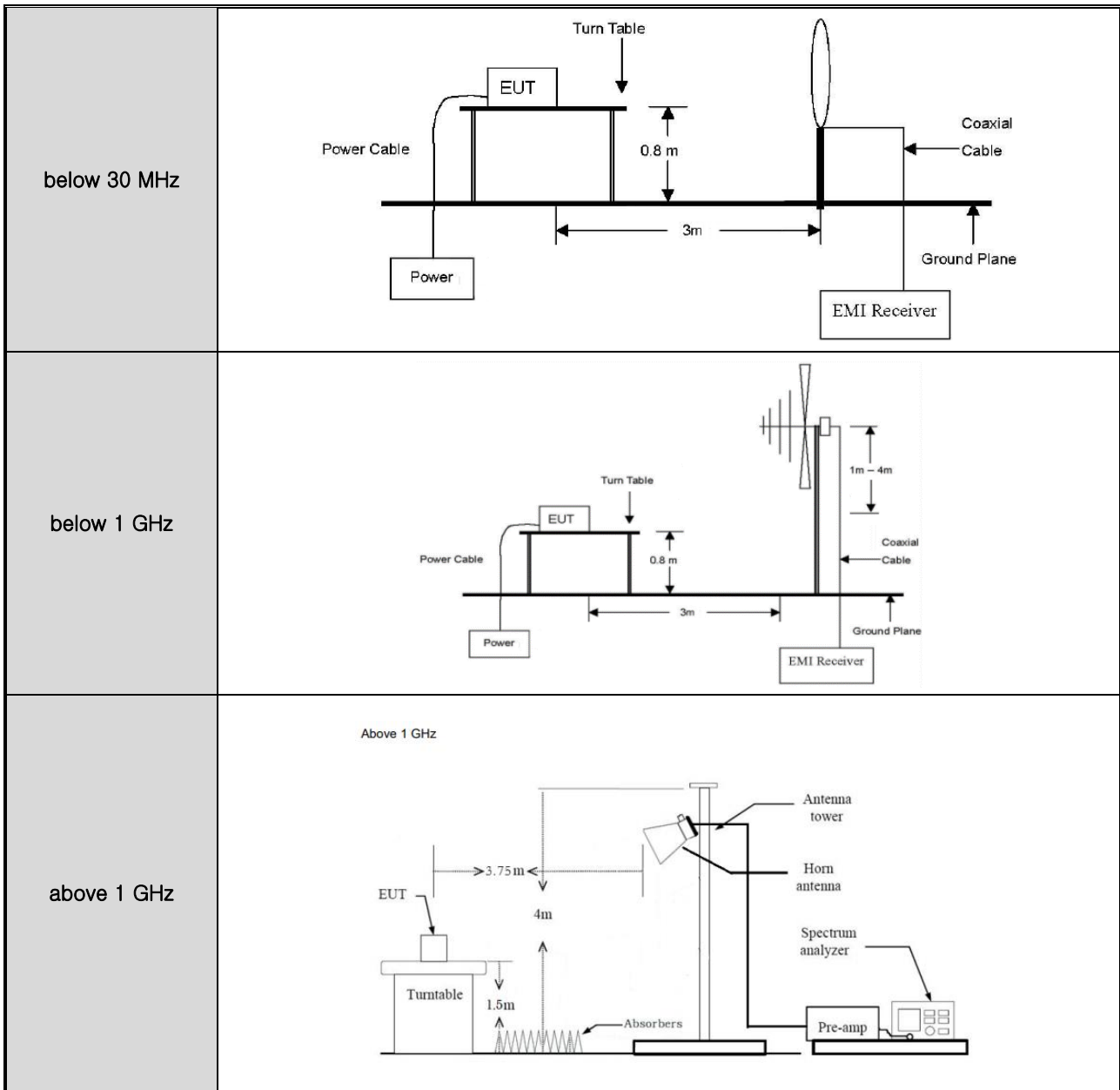


APPENDIX I

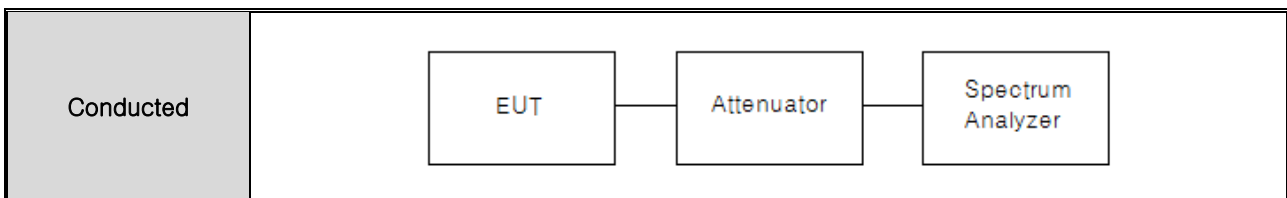
TEST SETUP



● Radiated Measurement



● Conducted Measurement





APPENDIX II

UNCERTAINTY



| Measurement Item | Expanded Uncertainty $U = kU_c (k=2)$ |
|------------------------------|--|
| Conducted RF power | 0.32 dB |
| Conducted Spurious Emissions | 0.32 dB |
| Radiated Spurious Emissions | 6.34 dB |
| Conducted Emissions | 1.74 dB |