## Shenzhen GTI Technology Co., Ltd.

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## TEST REPORT

| Product Name ......................... | Tablet PC |
| :---: | :---: |
| Trademark ............................ : | Dragon Touch |
| Model/Type reference ..............: | Y88X |
| FCC ID..................................: | S5V-D107A2 |
| Test Standards .......................: | FCC Part 15.247: Operation within the bands 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz and 5725-5850 MHz |
| Applicant .............................: | Proexpress Distributor LLC |
| Address of applicant ..............: | 15726 Crabbs Branch Way, Derwood, MD 20855 USA |
| Date of Receipt ......................: | Oct. 31, 2014 |
| Date of Test Date....................: | Nov. 01, 2014 -- Nov. 06, 2014 |
| Data of issue. ........................: | Nov. 07, 2014 |


| Test result | Pass * |
| :---: | :---: |

[^0]|  | GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF EUT |
| :--- | :--- |
| Equipment: | Tablet PC |
| Model Name: | Y88X |
| Manufacturer: | SHENZHEN GAOKE TIMES TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD. |
| Manufacturer Address: | Gaoke Industrial park, No.8, Tangkeng Road, Shiyan Town, <br> Bao An district, Shenzhen, China |
| Power Source: | DC 3.7V from battery |
| Power Rating: | Input: $100-240 \mathrm{VAC}, 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}, 0.35 \mathrm{~A}$ <br> Output: DC5V=--2000mA |

Compiled By:

(Tim Huang)

Reviewed By:

(Tony Wang)

Approved By:


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## 1. SUMMARY

### 1.1.Test Standards

The tests were performed according to following standards:
FCC Rules Part 15.247: Frequency Hopping, Direct Spread Spectrum and Hybrid Systems that are in operation within the bands of $902-928 \mathrm{MHz}, 2400-2483.5 \mathrm{MHz}$, and $5725-5850 \mathrm{MHz}$

ANSI C63.10: American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices
KDB558074 D01 V03r02: Guidance for Performing Compliance Measurements on Digital Transmission Systems (DTS) Operating Under §15.247

### 1.2.Test Description

| FCC PART 15 15.247 |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| FCC Part 15.207 | AC Power Conducted Emission | PASS |
| FCC Part 15.247(a)(2) | 6dB Bandwidth | PASS |
| FCC Part 15.247(d) | Spurious RF Conducted Emission | PASS |
| FCC Part 15.247(b) | Maximum Peak Output Power | PASS |
| FCC Part 15.247(e) | Power Spectral Density | PASS |
| FCC Part 15.109/15.205/ 15.209 | Radiated Emissions | PASS |
| FCC Part 15.247(d) | Band Edge | PASS |
| FCC Part 15.203/15.247 (b) | Antenna Requirement | PASS |

Remark: The measurement uncertainty is not included in the test result.

### 1.3. Test Facility

### 1.3.1 Address of the test laboratory

## Shenzhen General Testing \& Inspection Technology Co., Ltd.

Add: 1F, 2 Block,Jiaquan Building, Guanlan High-tech Park Baoan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

### 1.3.2 Laboratory accreditation

The test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by the following organizations:

## IC Registration No.: 9783A

The 3m alternate test site of Shenzhen GTI Technology Co., Ltd.EMC Laboratory has been registered by Certification and Engineer Bureau of Industry Canada for the performance of with Registration NO.: 9783A on Aug, 2011.

## FCC-Registration No.: 214666

Shenzhen GTI Technology Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory has been registered and fully described in a report filed with the (FCC) Federal Communications Commission. The acceptance letter from the FCC is maintained in our files. Registration 214666, Sep 19, 2011

### 1.4. Measurement Uncertainty

The data and results referenced in this document are true and accurate. The reader is cautioned that there may be errors within the calibration limits of the equipment and facilities. The measurement uncertainty was calculated for all measurements listed in this test report acc. to CISPR 16-4 Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods - Part 4: Uncertainty in EMC Measurements and is documented in the Shenzhen General Testing \& Inspection Technology Co., Ltd quality system acc. to DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025. Furthermore, component and process variability of devices similar to that tested may result in additional deviation. The manufacturer has the sole responsibility of continued compliance of the device.
Hereafter the best measurement capability for General Testing \& Inspection laboratory is reported:

| Test Items | Measurement Uncertainty | Notes |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Transmitter power conducted | 0.57 dB | $(1)$ |
| Transmitter power Radiated | 2.20 dB | $(1)$ |
| Conducted spurious emission $9 \mathrm{KHz}-40 \mathrm{GHz}$ | 1.60 dB | $(1)$ |
| Radiated spurious emission $9 \mathrm{KHz}-40 \mathrm{GHz}$ | 2.20 dB | $(1)$ |
| Conducted Emission $9 \mathrm{KHz}-30 \mathrm{MHz}$ | 3.39 dB | $(1)$ |
| Radiated Emission $30 \sim 1000 \mathrm{MHz}$ | 4.24 dB | $(1)$ |
| Radiated Emissio $1 \sim 18 \mathrm{GHz}$ | 5.16 dB | $(1)$ |
| Radiated Emissio $18-40 \mathrm{GHz}$ | 5.54 dB | $(1)$ |

(1) This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the $95 \%$ confidence level using a coverage factor of $\mathrm{k}=1.96$.

## 2. GENERAL INFORMATION

### 2.1.Environmental conditions

During the measurement the environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

| Temperature: | $15 \sim 35^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Relative Humidity: | $30 \sim 60 \%$ |
| Air Pressure: | $950 \sim 1050 \mathrm{mba}$ |

### 2.2.General Description of EUT

| Product Name: | Tablet PC |
| :--- | :--- |
| Model/Type reference: | Y88X |
| Power supply: | DC 3.7V from battery |
| Adapter information: | Model No.:HLT-003-0502000U <br> Input: AC $100 \sim 240 \mathrm{~V}, 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}, 0.35 \mathrm{~A}$ <br> Output: DC5V $=-2000 \mathrm{~mA}$ |
| Hardware version: | v1.0rc7 |
| Software version: | 3.4 .39 |
| WIFI : | Supported type: $802.11 \mathrm{~b} / 802.11 \mathrm{~g} / 802.11 \mathrm{n}(\mathrm{H} 20) / 802.11 \mathrm{n}(\mathrm{H} 40)$ <br> Modulation: $802.11 \mathrm{~b}: \mathrm{DSSS}$ <br> $802.11 \mathrm{~g} / 802.11 \mathrm{n}(\mathrm{H} 20) / 802.11 \mathrm{n}(\mathrm{H} 40): \mathrm{OFDM}$  |
| Operation frequency: | $802.11 \mathrm{~b} / 802.11 \mathrm{~g} / 802.11 \mathrm{n}(\mathrm{H} 20): 2412 \mathrm{MHz} \sim 2462 \mathrm{MHz}$ <br> $802.11 \mathrm{n}(\mathrm{H} 40): 2422 \mathrm{MHz} 2452 \mathrm{MHz}$ |
| Channel number: | $802.11 \mathrm{~b} / 802.11 \mathrm{~g} / 802.11 \mathrm{n}(\mathrm{H} 20): 11 \quad 802.11 \mathrm{n}(\mathrm{H} 40): 7$ |
| Channel separation: | 5 MHz |
| Antenna type: | Monopole Antenna |
| Antenna gain: | -1 dBi |
| Note: For a more detailed features description, please refer to the manufacturer's specifications or the |  |
| User's Manual. |  |

### 2.3.Description of Test Modes

The Applicant provides communication tools software to control the EUT for staying in continuous transmitting (Duty Cycle more than 98\%) and receiving mode for testing.
WIFI Operation Frequency :

| Channel | Frequency(MHz) | Channel | Frequency(MHz) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{2 4 1 2}$ | 8 | 2447 |
| 2 | 2417 | $\mathbf{9}$ | $\mathbf{2 4 5 2}$ |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | $\mathbf{2 4 2 2}$ | 10 | 2457 |
| 4 | 2427 | $\mathbf{1 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 4 6 2}$ |
| 5 | 2432 |  |  |
| 6 | $\mathbf{2 4 3 7}$ |  |  |
| 7 | 2442 |  |  |

## Data Rate Used:

Preliminary tests were performed in different data rate to find the worst radiated emission. The data rate shown in the table below is the worst-case rate with respect to the specific test item. Investigation has been done on all the possible configurations for searching the worst cases. The following table is a list of the test modes shown in this test report.

| Test Items | Mode | Data Rate | Channel |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power | $11 \mathrm{~b} / \mathrm{DSSS}$ | 1 Mbps | $1 / 6 / 11$ |
| Power Spectral Density <br> 6dB Bandwidth | $11 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{OFDM}$ | 6 Mbps | $1 / 6 / 11$ |
| Spurious RF conducted emission <br>  <br> Radiated Emission 1GHz~10th Harmonic | $11 \mathrm{n}(20 \mathrm{MHz}) / \mathrm{OFDM}$ | 6.5 Mbps | $1 / 6 / 11$ |
| Band Edge | $11 \mathrm{n}(40 \mathrm{MHz}) / \mathrm{OFDM}$ | 13.5 Mbps | $3 / 6 / 9$ |
|  | $11 \mathrm{~b} / \mathrm{DSSS}$ | 1 Mbps | $1 / 11$ |
|  | $11 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{OFDM}$ | 6 Mbps | $1 / 11$ |
|  | $11 \mathrm{n}(20 \mathrm{MHz}) / \mathrm{OFDM}$ | 6.5 Mbps | $1 / 11$ |
|  | $11 \mathrm{n}(40 \mathrm{MHz}) / \mathrm{OFDM}$ | 13.5 Mbps | $3 / / 9$ |

### 2.4.Measurement Instruments List

| Maximum Peak Output Power |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Item | Test Equipment | Manufacturer | Model No. | Serial No. | Calibrated <br> until |  |  |
| 1 | Power Meter | Anritsu | ML2487B | 110553 | July 10,2015 |  |  |
| 2 | Power Sensor | Anritsu | MA2411B | 100345 | July 10,2015 |  |  |


| Power Spectral Density / 6dB Bandwidth / Band Edge Compliance of RF Emission / Spurious RF <br> Conducted Emission |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Item | Test Equipment | Manufacturer | Model No. | Serial No. | Calibrated <br> until |
| 1 | Spectrum Analyzer | Rohde\&Schwarz | FSU | 100105 | Oct 25,2015 |


| Conducted Emission |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Item | Test Equipment | Manufacturer | Model No. | Serial No. | Calibrate until |  |
| 1 | LISN | R\&S | ENV216 | 101112 | Dec. 26, 2014 |  |
| 2 | LISN | R\&S | ENV216 | 101113 | Dec. 26, 2014 |  |
| 3 | EMI Test Receiver | R\&S | ESCI | 100920 | Dec. 26, 2014 |  |
| 4 | Cable | Schwarzbeck | Cable001 | -- | Dec. 26, 2014 |  |


| Radiated Emission |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Item | Test Equipment | Manufacturer | Model No. | Serial No. | Calibrated <br> until |  |
| 1 | EMI Test Receiver | R\&S | ESCI | 100658 | Dec 26,2014 |  |
| 2 | High pass filter | Compliance <br> Direction systems | BSU-6 | 34202 | Oct 25,2015 |  |
| 3 | Log-Bicon Antenna | Schwarzbeck | CBL6141A | 4180 | Dec 27,2014 |  |
| 4 | Ultra-Broadband <br> Antenna | ShwarzBeck | BBHA9170 | 25841 | Dec 27,2014 |  |


| 5 | Loop Antenna | LAPLAC | RF300 | 9138 | Nov 15,2014 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6 | Spectrum Analyzer | HP | $8563 E$ | 02052 | Dec 27,2014 |
| 7 | Horn Antenna | Schwarzbeck | BBHA | 9120D | 648 |
| 8 | Pre-Amplifier | HP | $8447 \mathrm{Dec} 27,2014$ |  |  |
| 9 | Pre-Amplifier | EMCI | EMC05183 | 1937 A03050 | Dec 26,2014 |
| 10 | Antenna Mast | UC | UC3000 | N/A | N/A |
| 11 | Turn Table | UC | UC3000 | N/A | N/A |
| 12 | Cable | Schwarzbeck | Cable002 | -- | Dec. 26,2014 |
| 13 | Cable | Schwarzbeck | Cable003 | -- | Dec. 26,2014 |

Note: 1. The Cal.Interval was one year.
2. The cable loss has calculated in test result which connection between each test instruments.

## 3. TEST CONDITIONS AND RESULTS

### 3.1.Conducted Emission (AC Main)

## LIMIT

FCC CFR Title 47 Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.207

| Frequency range (MHz) Limit (dBuV) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Quasi-peak |  |
| $0.15-0.5$ | 66 to $56^{*}$ | Average |
| $0.5-5$ | 56 | 56 to $46^{*}$ |
| $5-30$ | 60 | 46 |

* Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.


## TEST CONFIGURATION



## TEST PROCEDURE

1. The equipment was set up as per the test configuration to simulate typical actual usage per the user's manual. The EUT is a tabletop system; a wooden table with a height of 0.8 meters is used and is placed on the ground plane as per ANSI C63.10-2009.
2. Support equipment, if needed, was placed as per ANSI C63.10-2009
3. All I/O cables were positioned to simulate typical actual usage as per ANSI C63.10-2009
4. The EUT received DC5V power from the adapter, the adapter received $\mathrm{AC} 120 \mathrm{~V} / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ power through a Line Impedance Stabilization Network (LISN) which supplied power source and was grounded to the ground plane.
5. All support equipments received AC power from a second LISN, if any.
6. The EUT test program was started. Emissions were measured on each current carrying line of the EUT using a spectrum Analyzer / Receiver connected to the LISN powering the EUT. The LISN has two monitoring points: Line 1 (Hot Side) and Line 2 (Neutral Side). Two scans were taken: one with Line 1 connected to Analyzer / Receiver and Line 2 connected to a 50 ohm load; the second scan had Line 1 connected to a 50 ohm load and Line 2 connected to the Analyzer / Receiver.
7. Analyzer / Receiver scanned from 150 KHz to 30 MHz for emissions in each of the test modes.
8. During the above scans, the emissions were maximized by cable manipulation.

## TEST RESULTS

## LINE

## L

SCAN TABLE: "Voltace (9K-30M) FIN1"
Short Description: $150 \mathrm{~K}-30 \mathrm{M}$ Voltage


| MEASUREMENT RESULT: "GTI14110506_fin" |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 11/5/2014 11:45AM |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Frequency MHz | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Level } \\ \mathrm{dB} \mathrm{\mu} \mu \mathrm{~V} \end{array}$ | Transd dB | $\underset{\mathrm{dB} \mu \mathrm{~V}}{\mathrm{Limit}}$ | Margin <br> dB | Detector | Line | PE |
| 0.186000 | 58.90 | 9.9 | 64 | 5.3 | QP | L1 | GND |
| 0.190000 | 57.70 | 9.9 | 64 | 6.3 | QP | L1 | GND |
| MEASUREMENT RESULT: "GTI14110506_fin2" |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 11/5/2014 11:45AM |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Frequency MHz | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Level } \\ \mathrm{dB} \mu \mathrm{~V} \end{array}$ | Transd dB | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Limit } \\ \mathrm{dB} \mu \mathrm{~V} \end{array}$ | Margin <br> dB | Detector | Line | PE |
| 0.182000 | 42.70 | 9.9 | 54 | 11.7 | AV | L1 | GND |
| 0.186000 | 42.90 | 9.9 | 54 | 11.3 | AV | L1 | GND |
| 0.190000 | 39.20 | 9.9 | 54 | 14.8 | AV | L1 | GND |

SCAN TABLE: "Voltace (9K-30M) FIN1"
Short Description:
150K-30M Voltage


```
MEASUREMENT RESULT: "GTI14110507_fin"
11/5/2014 11:49AM
    Frequency Level Transd Limit Margin Detector Line PE
\begin{tabular}{llllrlll}
0.162000 & 59.60 & 9.9 & 65 & 5.8 & \(Q P\) & \(N\) & GND \\
0.166000 & 59.00 & 9.9 & 65 & 6.2 & \(Q P\) & \(N\) & GND \\
0.608000 & 37.10 & 9.9 & 56 & 18.9 & \(Q P\) & \(N\) & GND
\end{tabular}
```

MEASUREMENT RESULT: "GTI14110507_fin2"

| 11/5/2014 11:49AM |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Frequency | Level | Transd | Limit | Margin | Detector | Line | PE |
| MHz | $\mathrm{dB} \mu \mathrm{V}$ | dB | $\mathrm{dB} \mu \mathrm{V}$ | dB |  |  |  |
| 0.166000 | 42.10 | 9.9 | 55 | 13.1 | AV | N | GND |
| 0.614000 | 24.20 | 9.9 | 46 | 21.8 | AV | N | GND |

### 3.2.Radiated Emission

## Limit

For intentional device, according to § 15.209 (a), the general requirement of field strength of radiated emission from intentional radiators at a distance of 3 meters shall not exceed the following table.
According to $\S 15.247$ (d), in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the EUT is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of desired power.
The frequency spectrum above 1 GHz for Transmitter was investigated. All emission not reported are much lower than the prescribed limits. Set the $R B W=1 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{VBW}=3 \mathrm{MHz}$ for Peak Detector while the $R B W=1 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{VBW}=10 \mathrm{~Hz}$ for Average Detector, Readings are both peak and average values. The pre-test have done for the EUT in three axes and found the worst emission at position shown in test setup photos.

| Frequency (MHz) | Distance (Meters) | Radiated (dBuV/m) | Radiated $(\mu \mathrm{V} / \mathrm{m})$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $0.009-0.49$ | 3 | $20 \log (2400 / \mathrm{F}(\mathrm{KHz}))+40 \log (300 / 3)$ | $2400 / \mathrm{F}(\mathrm{KHz})$ |
| $0.49-1.705$ | 3 | $20 \log (24000 / \mathrm{F}(\mathrm{KHz}))+40 \log (30 / 3)$ | $24000 / \mathrm{F}(\mathrm{KHz})$ |
| $1.705-30$ | 3 | $20 \log (30)+40 \log (30 / 3)$ | 30 |
| $30-88$ | 3 | 40.0 | 100 |
| $88-216$ | 3 | 43.5 | 150 |
| $216-960$ | 3 | 46.0 | 200 |
| Above 960 | 3 | 54.0 | 500 |

## Test Procedure

1. The EUT was placed on a turn table which is 0.8 m above ground plane.
2. Maximum procedure was performed by raising the receiving antenna from 1 m to 4 m and rotating the turn table from $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $360^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to acquire the highest emissions from EUT
3. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical.
4. Repeat above procedures until all frequency measurements have been completed.

## Field Strength Calculation

The field strength is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor and Cable Factor and subtracting the Amplifier Gain and Duty Cycle Correction Factor (if any) from the measured reading. The basic equation with a sample calculation is as follows:

| FS $=$ RA + AF + CL - AG |  |
| :---: | :--- |
| Where | FS $=$ Field Strength |
| RA $=$ Reading Amplitude | CL $=$ Cable Attenuation Factor (Cable Loss) |
| AF $=$ Antenna Factor | AG = Amplifier Gain |

For example

| Frequency <br> $(\mathrm{MHz})$ | FS <br> $(\mathrm{dB} \mu \mathrm{V} / \mathrm{m}$ <br> $)$ | RA <br> $(\mathrm{dB} \mu \mathrm{V} / \mathrm{m})$ | AF <br> $(\mathrm{dB})$ | CL <br> $(\mathrm{dB})$ | AG <br> $(\mathrm{dB})$ | Transd <br> $(\mathrm{dB})$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 150.00 | 40 | 58.1 | 12.2 | 1.6 | 31.90 | -18.1 |

Transd=AF +CL-AG

## Test Configuration

Frequency range $9 \mathrm{KHz}-30 \mathrm{MHz}$


Frequency range $30 \mathrm{MHz}-1000 \mathrm{MHz}$


Frequency range above $1 \mathrm{GHz}-25 \mathrm{GHz}$


## Test Results

Remark:

1. We tested three channels for each mode of WIFI and recorded worst case at low channel at 802.11b mode below 1 GHz .
2. We tested three channels for each mode of WIFI and recorded worst case at 802.11 b mode above 1 GHz .

For $9 \mathrm{KHz}-30 \mathrm{MHz}$

| Frequency <br> $\mathbf{( M H z )}$ | Corrected <br> Reading <br> $(\mathbf{d B u V / m}) @ \mathbf{3 m}$ | FCC Limit <br> $(\mathbf{d B u V / m})$ <br> $@ \mathbf{3 m}$ | Margin <br> $\mathbf{( d B )}$ | Detector | Result |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0.45 | 49.32 | 54.54 | 5.22 | QP | PASS |
| 1.511 | 48.52 | 64.02 | 15.50 | QP | PASS |
| 17.09 | 53.47 | 69.54 | 16.07 | QP | PASS |
| 23.51 | 51.19 | 69.54 | 18.35 | QP | PASS |

## For $\mathbf{3 0 M H z}-1 \mathrm{GHz}$



For $\mathbf{1 G H z}$ to $\mathbf{2 5 G H z}$
802.11b Mode (above 1GHz)

| Frequency(MHz): |  |  | 2412 |  |  | Polarity: |  |  | HORIZONTAL |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. | Frequency <br> $(\mathrm{MHz})$ | Emission <br> Level <br> $(\mathrm{dBuV} / \mathrm{m})$ | Limit <br> $(\mathrm{dBuV} / \mathrm{m})$ | Margin <br> $(\mathrm{dB})$ | Antenna <br> Height <br> $(\mathrm{m})$ | Table <br> Angle <br> $($ Degree $)$ | Raw <br> Value <br> $(\mathrm{dBuV})$ | Antenna <br> Factor <br> $(\mathrm{dB} / \mathrm{m})$ | Cable | Pre-am <br> Factor <br> $(\mathrm{dB})$ | Correction <br> (dB) <br> $(\mathrm{dB})$ | Factor <br> $(\mathrm{dB} / \mathrm{m})$ |
| 1 | 4873.00 | 57.63 | PK | 74 | 16.37 | 1.00 | 39 | 55.63 | 31.60 | 6.90 | 36.50 | 2.00 |
| 1 | 4873.00 | 43.12 | AV | 54 | 10.88 | 1.00 | 39 | 41.12 | 31.60 | 6.90 | 36.50 | 2.00 |
| 2 | 7312.00 | 56.32 | PK | 74 | 17.68 | 1.00 | 131 | 45.49 | 37.33 | 8.80 | 35.30 | 10.83 |
| 2 | 7312.00 | 42.56 | AV | 54 | 11.44 | 1.00 | 131 | 31.73 | 37.33 | 8.80 | 35.30 | 10.83 |


| Frequency(MHz): |  |  | 2412 |  |  | Polarity: |  |  | VERTICAL |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. | Frequency <br> $(\mathrm{MHz})$ | Emission <br> Level <br> $(\mathrm{dBuV} / \mathrm{m})$ | Limit <br> $(\mathrm{dBuV} / \mathrm{m})$ | Margin <br> $(\mathrm{dB})$ | Antenna <br> Height <br> $(\mathrm{m})$ | Table <br> Angle <br> $($ Degree $)$ | Raw <br> Value <br> $(\mathrm{dBuV})$ | Antenna <br> Factor <br> $(\mathrm{dB} / \mathrm{m})$ | Cable <br> Factor <br> $(\mathrm{dB})$ | Pre-am <br> plifier <br> $(\mathrm{dB})$ | Correction <br> Factor <br> $(\mathrm{dB} / \mathrm{m})$ |  |
| 1 | 4873.00 | 55.36 | PK | 74 | 18.64 | 1.00 | 301.00 | 53.26 | 31.60 | 6.90 | 36.50 | 2.00 |
| 1 | 4873.00 | 31.54 | AV | 54 | 22.46 | 1.00 | 301.00 | 29.44 | 31.60 | 6.90 | 36.50 | 2.00 |
| 2 | 7312.00 | 54.21 | PK | 74 | 19.79 | 1.00 | 157.00 | 43.28 | 37.33 | 8.80 | 35.30 | 10.83 |
| 2 | 7312.00 | 33.44 | AV | 54 | 20.56 | 1.00 | 157.00 | 30.12 | 37.33 | 8.80 | 35.30 | 10.83 |


| Frequency(MHz): |  |  |  | 2437 |  |  | Polarity: |  |  | HORIZONTAL |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. | Frequency <br> $(\mathrm{MHz})$ | Emission <br> Level <br> $(\mathrm{dBuV} / \mathrm{m})$ | Limit <br> $(\mathrm{dBuV} / \mathrm{m})$ | Margin <br> $(\mathrm{dB})$ | Antenna <br> Height <br> $(\mathrm{m})$ | Table <br> Angle <br> $($ Degree $)$ | Raw <br> Value <br> $(\mathrm{dBuV})$ | Antenna <br> Factor <br> $(\mathrm{dB} / \mathrm{m})$ | Cable <br> Factor <br> $(\mathrm{dB})$ | Pre-am <br> plifier <br> $(\mathrm{dB})$ | Correction <br> Factor <br> $(\mathrm{dB} / \mathrm{m})$ |  |
| 1 | 4875.00 | 54.26 | PK | 74.00 | 19.74 | 1.00 | 215 | 52.14 | 31.02 | 7.60 | 36.50 | 2.12 |
| 1 | 4875.00 | 35.62 | AV | 54.00 | 18.38 | 1.00 | 215 | 33.50 | 31.02 | 7.60 | 36.50 | 2.12 |
| 2 | 7313.00 | 34.56 | PK | 74.00 | 39.44 | 1.00 | 193 | 23.48 | 37.28 | 8.60 | 34.80 | 11.08 |
| 2 | 7313.00 | 30.12 | AV | 54.00 | 23.88 | 1.00 | 193 | 19.04 | 37.28 | 8.60 | 34.80 | 11.08 |


| Frequency(MHz): |  |  | 2437 |  |  | Polarity: |  |  | VERTICAL |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. | Frequency <br> $(\mathrm{MHz})$ | Emission <br> Level <br> $(\mathrm{dBuV} / \mathrm{m})$ | Limit <br> $(\mathrm{dBuV} / \mathrm{m})$ | Margin <br> $(\mathrm{dB})$ | Antenna <br> Height <br> $(\mathrm{m})$ | Table <br> Angle <br> $($ Degree $)$ | Raw <br> Value <br> $(\mathrm{dBuV})$ | Antenna <br> Factor <br> $(\mathrm{dB} / \mathrm{m})$ | Cable <br> Factor <br> $(\mathrm{dB})$ | Pre-am <br> plifier <br> $(\mathrm{dB})$ | Correction <br> Factor <br> $(\mathrm{dB} / \mathrm{m})$ |  |
| 1 | 4875.00 | 55.20 | PK | 74.00 | 18.80 | 1.00 | 131 | 53.08 | 31.02 | 7.60 | 36.50 | 2.12 |
| 1 | 4875.00 | 36.33 | AV | 54.00 | 17.67 | 1.00 | 131 | 34.21 | 31.02 | 7.60 | 36.50 | 2.12 |
| 2 | 7313.00 | 41.25 | PK | 74.00 | 32.75 | 1.00 | 39 | 30.17 | 37.28 | 8.60 | 34.80 | 11.08 |
| 2 | 7313.00 | 38.32 | AV | 54.00 | 15.68 | 1.00 | 39 | 29.63 | 37.28 | 8.60 | 34.80 | 11.08 |


| Frequency(MHz): |  |  |  | 2462 |  |  | Polarity: |  |  | HORIZONTAL |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. | Frequency <br> $(\mathrm{MHz})$ | Emission <br> Level <br> $(\mathrm{dBuV} / \mathrm{m})$ | Limit <br> $(\mathrm{dBuV} / \mathrm{m})$ | Margin <br> $(\mathrm{dB})$ | Antenna <br> Height <br> $(\mathrm{m})$ | Table <br> Angle <br> $($ Degree $)$ | Raw <br> Value <br> $(\mathrm{dBuV})$ | Antenna <br> Factor <br> $(\mathrm{dB} / \mathrm{m})$ | Cable <br> Factor <br> $(\mathrm{dB})$ | Pre-am <br> plifier <br> $(\mathrm{dB})$ | Correction <br> Factor <br> $(\mathrm{dB} / \mathrm{m})$ |  |
| 1 | 4925.00 | 54.15 | PK | 74.00 | 19.85 | 1.00 | 319 | 51.77 | 31.58 | 7.00 | 36.20 | 2.38 |
| 1 | 4925.00 | 35.26 | AV | 54.00 | 18.74 | 1.00 | 319 | 32.88 | 31.58 | 7.00 | 36.20 | 2.38 |
| 2 | 7387.00 | 35.66 | PK | 74.00 | 38.34 | 1.00 | 127 | 23.95 | 38.51 | 8.50 | 35.30 | 11.71 |
| 2 | 7387.00 | 33.12 | AV | 54.00 | 20.88 | 1.00 | 127 | 21.41 | 38.51 | 8.50 | 35.30 | 11.71 |


| Frequency(MHz): |  |  | 2462 |  |  | Polarity: |  |  | VERTICAL |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. | Frequency <br> $(\mathrm{MHz})$ | Emission <br> Level <br> $(\mathrm{dBuV} / \mathrm{m})$ | Limit <br> $(\mathrm{dBuV} / \mathrm{m})$ | Margin <br> $(\mathrm{dB})$ | Antenna <br> Height <br> $(\mathrm{m})$ | Table <br> Angle <br> $($ Degree $)$ | Raw <br> Value <br> $(\mathrm{dBuV})$ | Antenna <br> Factor <br> $(\mathrm{dB} / \mathrm{m})$ | Cable <br> Factor <br> $(\mathrm{dB})$ | pre-am <br> plifier <br> $(\mathrm{dB})$ | Correction <br> Factor <br> $(\mathrm{dB} / \mathrm{m})$ |  |
| 1 | 4925.00 | 54.32 | PK | 74.00 | 19.68 | 1.00 | 312 | 51.94 | 31.58 | 7.00 | 36.20 | 2.38 |
| 1 | 4925.00 | 36.89 | AV | 54.00 | 17.11 | 1.00 | 312 | 34.51 | 31.58 | 7.00 | 36.20 | 2.38 |
| 2 | 7387.00 | 34.96 | PK | 74.00 | 39.04 | 1.00 | 207 | 23.25 | 38.51 | 8.50 | 35.30 | 11.71 |
| 2 | 7387.00 | 30.15 | AV | 54.00 | 23.85 | 1.00 | 207 | 18.44 | 38.51 | 8.50 | 35.30 | 11.71 |

REMARKS:

1. Emission level $(\mathrm{dBuV} / \mathrm{m})=$ Raw Value $(\mathrm{dBuV})+$ Correction Factor $(\mathrm{dB} / \mathrm{m})$
2. Correction Factor $(\mathrm{dB} / \mathrm{m})=$ Antenna Factor $(\mathrm{dB} / \mathrm{m})+$ Cable Factor $(\mathrm{dB})$-Pre-amplifier Factor
3. Margin value $=$ Limit value- Emission level.
4. -- Mean the PK detector measured value is below average limit.
5. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.

### 3.3.Maximum Peak Output Power

## Limit

The Maximum Peak Output Power Measurement is 30 dBm .

## Test Procedure

Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the power sensor.

## Test Configuration



## Test Results

| Type | Channel | Output power (dBm) | Limit (dBm) | Result |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 802.11b | 01 | 9.09 | 30.00 | Pass |
|  | 06 | 9.18 |  |  |
|  | 11 | 9.27 |  |  |
| 802.11 g | 01 | 8.56 | 30.00 | Pass |
|  | 06 | 8.78 |  |  |
|  | 11 | 8.81 |  |  |
| $802.11 \mathrm{n}(\mathrm{H} 2 \mathrm{O})$ | 01 | 8.30 | 30.00 | Pass |
|  | 06 | 8.67 |  |  |
|  | 11 | 8.80 |  |  |
| $802.11 \mathrm{n}(\mathrm{H} 40)$ | 03 | 8.03 | 30.00 | Pass |
|  | 06 | 7.95 |  |  |
|  | 09 | 8.05 |  |  |

Note: 1.The test results including the cable lose.

### 3.4.Power Spectral Density

## Limit

For digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.

## Test Procedure

1. Use this procedure when the maximum peak conducted output power in the fundamental emission is used to demonstrate compliance.
2. Set the $R B W \geq 3 \mathrm{kHz}$.
3. Set the VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW.
4. Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS channel bandwidth.
5. Detector $=$ peak.
6. Sweep time = auto couple.
7. Trace mode = max hold.
8. Allow trace to fully stabilize.
9. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum power level.
10. If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 kHz ) and repeat.
11. The resulting peak PSD level must be 8dBm.

## Test Configuration



## Test Results

| Type | Channel | Power Spectral Density (dBm/3KHz) | Limit (dBm/3KHz) | Result |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 802.11b | 01 | -25.21 | 8.00 | Pass |
|  | 06 | -24.33 |  |  |
|  | 11 | -23.83 |  |  |
| 802.11 g | 01 | -27.00 | 8.00 | Pass |
|  | 06 | -26.33 |  |  |
|  | 11 | -26.00 |  |  |
| 802.11n(HT20) | 01 | -28.82 | 8.00 | Pass |
|  | 06 | -27.87 |  |  |
|  | 11 | -27.47 |  |  |
| 802.11n(HT40) | 03 | -30.01 | 8.00 | Pass |
|  | 06 | -31.35 |  |  |
|  | 09 | -30.74 |  |  |

Test plot as follows:



### 3.5.6dB Bandwidth

## Limit

For digital modulation systems, the minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz

## Test Procedure

The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyzer through an attenuator. The bandwidth of the fundamental frequency was measured by spectrum analyzer with 100 KHz RBW and 300 KHz VBW. The 6dB bandwidth is defined as the total spectrum the power of which is higher than peak power minus 6 dB .

## Test Configuration



## Test Results

WIFI

| Type | Channel | 6dB Bandwidth (MHz) | Limit (KHz) | Result |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 802.11 b | 01 | 10.080 | $\geq 500$ | Pass |
|  | 06 | 10.110 |  |  |
|  | 11 | 10.080 |  |  |
| 802.11 g | 01 | 16.560 | $\geq 500$ | Pass |
|  | 06 | 16.590 |  |  |
|  | 11 | 16.560 |  |  |
| 802.11n(HT20) | 01 | 17.820 | $\geq 500$ | Pass |
|  | 06 | 17.850 |  |  |
|  | 11 | 17.820 |  |  |
| 802.11n(HT40) | 03 | 36.500 | $\geq 500$ | Pass |
|  | 06 | 36.500 |  |  |
|  | 09 | 36.500 |  |  |

Test plot as follows:



### 3.6. Band Edge Compliance of RF Emission <br> Limit

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB . Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).
Below -20dB of the highest emission level in operating band.
Radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in § 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in § 15.209(a)

## Test Procedure

According to KDB 558074 D01 V03 for Antenna-port conducted measurement. Antenna-port conducted measurements may also be used as an alternative to radiated measurements for demonstrating compliance in the restricted frequency bands. If conducted measurements are performed, then proper impedance matching must be ensured and an additional radiated test for cabinet/case spurious emissions is required.

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect to a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to a EMI test receiver, then turn on the EUT and make it operate in transmitting mode. Then set it to Low Channel and High Channel within its operating range, and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range
3. Set both RBW and VBW of spectrum analyzer to 100 kHz with a convenient frequency span including 100 kHz bandwidth from band edge, for Radiated emissions restricted band RBW=1MHz, $V B W=3 \mathrm{MHz}$ for peak detector and $\mathrm{RBW}=1 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{VBW}=10 \mathrm{~Hz}$ for average detector.
4. Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and set it as a reference level. Plot the graph with marking the highest point and edge frequency.
5. Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.
6. Measure the conducted output power (in dBm ) using the detector specified by the appropriate regulatory agency (see 12.2.2, 12.2.3, and 12.2.4 for guidance regarding measurement procedures for determining quasi-peak, peak, and average conducted output power, respectively).
7. Add the maximum transmit antenna gain (in dBi ) to the measured output power level to determine the EIRP level (see 12.2.5 for guidance on determining the applicable antenna gain)
8. Add the appropriate maximum ground reflection factor to the EIRP level ( 6 dB for frequencies $\leqslant$ $30 \mathrm{MHz}, 4.7 \mathrm{~dB}$ for frequencies between 30 MHz and 1000 MHz , inclusive and 0 dB for frequencies > 1000 MHz ).
9. For devices with multiple antenna-ports, measure the power of each individual chain and sum the EIRP of all chains in linear terms (e.g., Watts, mW).
10. Convert the resultant EIRP level to an equivalent electric field strength using the following
relationship:

$$
E=E I R P-20 \log D+104.8
$$

Where:
$\mathrm{E}=$ electric field strength in $\mathrm{dBuV} / \mathrm{m}$,
EIRP = equivalent isotropic radiated power in dBm
$\mathrm{D}=$ specified measurement distance in meters.
Compare the resultant electric field strength level to the applicable regulatory limit. Perform radiated spurious emission test

## Test Configuration



## Test Results

| 802.11b <br> Frequency <br> (MHz) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Conducted <br> Power <br> (dBm) | Antenna <br> Gain <br> (dBi) | Ground reflection <br> factor(dBi) | Covert <br> Radiated E <br> Level <br> At 3m (dBuV/m) | Detector | Limit <br> (dBuV/m) |  |
| 2390.00 | -49.44 | -1.00 | 0 | 47.82 | PK | 74.00 |
| 2390.00 | -59.98 | -1.00 | 0 | 37.28 | AV | 54.00 |
| 2483.50 | -48.61 | -1.00 | 0 | 48.65 | PK | 74.00 |
| 2483.50 | -58.54 | -1.00 | 0 | 38.72 | AV | 54.00 |



| 802.11g <br> Frequency <br> (MHz) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Conducted <br> Power <br> (dBm) | Antenna <br> Gain <br> (dBi) | Ground reflection <br> factor(dBi) | Covert <br> Radiated E <br> Level <br> At 3m <br> (dBuV/m) | Detector | Limit <br> (dBuV/m) |  |
| 2390.00 | -46.68 | -1.00 | 0 | 50.58 | PK | 74.00 |
| 2390.00 | -60.07 | -1.00 | 0 | 37.19 | AV | 54.00 |
| 2483.50 | -47.19 | -1.00 | 0 | 50.07 | PK | 74.00 |
| 2483.50 | -59.39 | -1.00 | 0 | 37.87 | AV | 54.00 |



| 802.11n(HT20) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Frequency <br> (MHz) | Conducted <br> Power <br> (dBm) | Antenna <br> Gain <br> (dBi) | Ground reflection <br> factor(dBi) | Covert <br> Radiated E <br> Level <br> At 3m (dBuV/m) | Detector | Limit <br> (dBuV/m) |
| 2390.00 | -47.61 | -1.00 | 0 | 49.65 | PK | 74.00 |
| 2390.00 | -59.99 | -1.00 | 0 | 37.27 | AV | 54.00 |
| 2483.50 | -47.03 | -1.00 | 0 | 50.23 | PK | 74.00 |
| 2483.50 | -58.99 | -1.00 | 0 | 38.27 | AV | 54.00 |



| 802.11n(HT40) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Frequency <br> (MHz) | Conducted <br> Power <br> (dBm) | Antenna <br> Gain <br> (dBi) | Ground reflection <br> factor(dBi) | Covert <br> Radiated E <br> Level <br> At 3m (dBuV/m) | Detector | Limit <br> (dBuV/m) |
| 2390.00 | -49.96 | -1.00 | 0 | 47.30 | PK | 74.00 |
| 2390.00 | -61.19 | -1.00 | 0 | 36.07 | AV | 54.00 |
| 2483.50 | -49.26 | -1.00 | 0 | 48.00 | PK | 74.00 |
| 2483.50 | -60.43 | -1.00 | 0 | 36.83 | AV | 54.00 |



### 3.7.Spurious RF Conducted Emission

## Limit

1. Below -20 dB of the highest emission level in operating band.
2. Fall in the restricted bands listed in section 15.205. The maximum permitted average field strength is listed in section 15.209.

## Test Procedure

The Spurious RF conducted emissions compliance of RF radiated emission should be measured by following the guidance in ANSI C63.10-2009 with respect to maximizing the emission by rotating the EUT, measuring the emission while the EUT is situated in three orthogonal planes (if appropriate), adjusting the measurement antenna height and polarization etc. Set RBW=100 kHz and VBM=300 KHz to measure the peak field strength, and measured frequency range from 30 MHz to 26.5 GHz .

## Test Configuration



## Test Results

Remark: The measurement frequency range is from 30 MHz to the 10th harmonic of the fundamental frequency. The lowest, middle and highest channels are tested to verify the spurious emissions and bandage measurement data.

Test plot as follows:



$30 \mathrm{MHz} \sim 3 \mathrm{GHz}$


$3 \mathrm{GHz}-15 \mathrm{GHz}$

$15 \mathrm{GHz} \sim 25 \mathrm{GHz}$



Test channel :

$30 \mathrm{MHz} \sim 3 \mathrm{GHz}$

$3 \mathrm{GHz} \sim 15 \mathrm{GHz}$

$15 \mathrm{GHz} \sim 25 \mathrm{GHz}$



Test channel :

$30 \mathrm{MHz} \sim 3 \mathrm{GHz}$

$3 \mathrm{GHz}-15 \mathrm{GHz}$

$15 \mathrm{GHz} \sim 25 \mathrm{GHz}$




### 3.8. Antenna Requirement

## Standard Applicable

## For intentional device, according to FCC 47 CFR Section 15.203:

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator, the manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited

FCC CFR Title 47 Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.247(c) (1) (I):
(i) Systems operating in the $2400-2483.5 \mathrm{MHz}$ band that is used exclusively for fixed. Point-to-point operations may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi provided the maximum conducted output power of the intentional radiator is reduced by 1 dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi.

## Test Result:

The antenna is integral antenna; the best case gain of the antenna is -1.0 dBi


## 4. EUT TEST PHOTO

Radiated Emission (30MHz-1GHz)


Radiated Emission (1GHz-25GHz)


Conducted Emission


Shenzhen General Testing \& Inspection Technology Co., Ltd.
1F, 2 Block, Jiaquan Building, Guanlan High-tech Park Baoan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

## 5. PHOTOGRAPHS OF EUT CONSTRUCTIONAL

Please reference to the test report No.: GTI20140470F-1


[^0]:    * In the configuration tested, the EUT complied with the standards specified above

