



**TEST REPORT  
FROM  
RFI GLOBAL SERVICES LTD**

Test of: BlueTag V5

To: OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01)

**Test Report Serial No:**  
RFI/SAR5/RP75379JD07A

**Supersedes Test Report Serial No:**  
RFI/SAR4/RP75379JD07A

<b>This Test Report Is Issued Under The Authority Of Scott D'Adamo, Group Service Manager Wireless and Cellular</b>	
<b>Checked By: Scott D'Adamo</b> 	<b>Report Copy No: PDF01</b>
<b>Issue Date: 15 September 2009</b>	<b>Test Dates: 07 August and 10 August 2009</b>

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This report may be copied in full. The results in this report apply only to the sample(s) tested.

**RFI Global Services Ltd**

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Registered in England and Wales. Company number:2117901

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## 1. Customer Information

<b>Company Name:</b>	Satellite Tracking of People LLC
<b>Address:</b>	1212 North Post Oak Road Suite 100 Houston Texas 77055

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## **2. Equipment Under Test (EUT)**

### **2.1. Identification of Equipment Under Test (EUT)**

<b>Description:</b>	Ankle Worn Tracking Device
<b>Brand Name:</b>	BlueTag
<b>Model Name or Number:</b>	V5
<b>Serial Number:</b>	02-400033
<b>IMEI Number:</b>	35 2023007665876
<b>Hardware Version Number:</b>	BB11_EE58
<b>Software Version Number:</b>	5_100
<b>Hardware Revision of GSM Module:</b>	Not Applicable
<b>Software Revision of GSM Module:</b>	Not Applicable
<b>FCC ID Number:</b>	S5E0906BT5
<b>Country of Manufacture:</b>	USA
<b>Date of Receipt:</b>	07 August 2009

### **2.2. Description of EUT**

The equipment under test was an ankle worn GSM/GPRS/GPS tracker fitted with an inductive transmitter and a 915 MHz transmitter.

### **2.3. Modifications Incorporated in the EUT**

In order to achieve the most conservative exposure condition the 'side handles' of the EUT was cut off and the EUT placed in direct contact with the phantom.

### **2.4. Support Equipment**

The following support equipment was used to exercise the EUT during testing:

<b>Description:</b>	Radio Communications Test Set
<b>Brand Name:</b>	Rohde & Schwarz
<b>Model Name or Number:</b>	CMU 200
<b>Serial Number:</b>	S220447
<b>Cable Length and Type:</b>	~2m Utiflex RF cable
<b>Connected to Port:</b>	RF Input / Output

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**2.5. Additional Information Related to Testing**

<b>Equipment Category</b>	GPRS850 / GPRS1900 / Fixed RF at 915 MHz		
<b>Type of Unit</b>	Short Range Device		
<b>Intended Operating Environment:</b>	Within GSM coverage and 915 MHz frequency range		
<b>Configuration of Transmitter Power :</b>	GPRS850	Communication test set setup to allow the EUT to transmit at up to 33 dBm with 2 uplink channels	
	GPRS1900	Communication test set setup to allow the EUT to transmit at up to 30 dBm with 2 uplink channels	
	ISM	Class 3 (<10mW)	
<b>Transmitter Frequency Range:</b>	GPRS850	(824 to 850) MHz	
	GPRS1900	(1850 to 1910) MHz	
	ISM	(915) MHz	
<b>Transmitter Frequency Allocation of EUT When Under Test:</b>	<b>Channel Number</b>	<b>Channel Description</b>	<b>Frequency (MHz)</b>
	128	Low	824.2
	189	Middle	836.4
	251	High	848.8
	512	Low	1850.2
	660	Middle	1879.8
	810	High	1909.8
	915	Fixed	915.0
<b>Modulation(s):</b>	GMSK: 217 Hz		
<b>Modulation Scheme (Crest Factor):</b>	GPRS: 4		
<b>Antenna Type:</b>	Internal		
<b>Antenna Length:</b>	Unknown		
<b>Number of Antenna Positions:</b>	1 Fixed		
<b>Power Supply Requirement:</b>	3.7 V		
<b>Battery Type(s):</b>	Li-ion		

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### **3. Test Specification, Methods and Procedures**

#### **3.1. Test Specification**

<b>Reference:</b>	OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01)
<b>Title:</b>	Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields.
<b>Purpose of Test:</b>	To determine whether the equipment met the basic restrictions as defined in OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01) using the SAR averaging method as described in the test specification above.

#### **3.2. Methods and Procedures Reference Documentation**

The methods and procedures used were as detailed in:

Federal Communications Commission, "Evaluating compliance with FCC Guidelines for human exposure to radio frequency electromagnetic fields", OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C, FCC, Washington, D.C, 20554, 2001.

Thomas Schmid, Oliver Egger and Neils Kuster, "Automated E-field scanning system for dosimetric assessments", IEEE Transaction on microwave theory and techniques, Vol. 44, pp. 105-113, January 1996.

Neils Kuster, Ralph Kastle and Thomas Schmid, "Dosimetric evaluation of mobile communications equipment with know precision", IEICE Transactions of communications, Vol. E80-B, No.5, pp. 645-652, May 1997.

KDB447498 KDB 447498 D01 Mobile Portable RF Exposure v03.

#### **3.3. Definition of Measurement Equipment**

The measurement equipment used complied with the requirements of the standards referenced in the methods & procedures section above. Appendix 1 contains a list of the test equipment used.

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#### **4. Deviations from the Test Specification**

Test was performed according to the ankle-worn procedures in consideration with FCC OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C 01-01 specific FCC test procedures and tracking number KDB874274 and KDB329110 were taken into consideration.

Prior to commencement of SAR testing the FCC was contacted on previous style test were the EUTs that were body and ankle-worn would be tested with the front and rear in direct contact with the 'SAM' phantom. As permission was previously granted and the following KDB tracking number acquired: 874274 and 329110, SAR test followed these methods.



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## **5. Operation and Configuration of the EUT during Testing**

### **5.1. Operating Modes**

The EUT was tested in the following operating mode(s) unless otherwise stated:

- GPRS1900 data allocated mode with communication test set setup to allow the EUT to transmit at up to full tx power with 2 uplink channels.
- GPRS850 data allocated mode with communication test set setup to allow the EUT to transmit at up to full tx power with 2 uplink channels.
- ISM band was not evaluated as the maximum output power was  $< 60/f(\text{GHz})$  in accordance with KDB447498.
- Simultaneous transmission was not evaluated as the EUT did not support this feature.

### **5.2. Configuration and Peripherals**

The EUT was tested in the following configuration(s) unless otherwise stated:

- Standalone battery powered

#### **Ankle Configuration**

- a) The EUT was placed in a normal operating position where the centre of EUT was aligned with the centre reference point on the flat section of the 'SAM' phantom.
  - b) With the EUT touching the phantom at an imaginary centre line. The EUT was aligned with a marked plane (X and Y axis) consisting of two lines.
  - c) For the touch-safe position the handset was gradually moved towards the flat section of the 'SAM' phantom until any point of the EUT touched the phantom.
  - d) For position(s) greater than 0mm separation the EUT was positioned as per the touch-safe position, and then the vertical height was decreased/adjusted as required.
  - e) SAR measurements were evaluated at maximum power and the unit was operated for an appropriate period prior to the evaluation in order to minimise the drift.
  - f) The device was keyed to operate continuously in the transmit mode for the duration of the test.
  - g) The location of the maximum spatial SAR distribution (hot spot) was determined relative to the handset and its antenna.
  - h) The EUT was transmitting at full power throughout the duration of the test powered by a fully charged battery.
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## **6. Summary of Test Results**

<b>Test Name</b>	<b>Specification Reference</b>	<b>Result</b>
Specific Absorption Rate-GPRS850 Ankle-worn Configuration 1g	OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01)	Complied
Specific Absorption Rate-GPRS1900 Ankle-worn Configuration 1g	OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01)	Complied

\* Simultaneous transmission was not evaluated as the EUT did not support this feature.

### **6.1. Location of Tests**

All the measurements described in this report were performed at the premises of RFI Global Services Ltd, Pavilion A, Ashwood Park, Ashwood Way, Basingstoke, Hampshire, RG23 8BG United Kingdom

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## **7. Measurements, Examinations and Derived Results**

### **7.1. General Comments**

This section contains test results only.

Measurement uncertainties are evaluated in accordance with current best practice. Our reported expanded uncertainties are based on standard uncertainties, which are multiplied by an appropriate coverage factor to provide a statistical confidence level of approximately 95%. Please refer to section 8 for details of measurement uncertainties.

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**7.2. Test Results****7.2.1. Specific Absorption Rate - GPRS850 Ankle-worn Configuration 10g****Test Summary:**

Tissue Volume:	10g
Maximum Level (W/kg):	0.064

**Environmental Conditions:**

Temperature Variation in Lab (°C):	25.0 to 24.0
Temperature Variation in Liquid (°C):	23.8 to 23.8

**Results:**

EUT Position	Phantom Configuration	Channel Number	Level (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)	Margin (W/kg)	Note(s)	Result
Top of EUT Facing Phantom	Flat (SAM)	189	0.064	4.000	3.936	1	Complied
Rear of EUT Facing Phantom	Flat (SAM)	189	0.029	4.000	3.971	1	Complied

**Note(s):**

- EUT in direct contact with SAM phantom flat section (0mm separation)
- The manufacturer has confirmed the low level of measured ERP at 850MHz is expected for his device is due to optimisation of the antenna matching at 1900MHz. The SAR levels are correspondingly lower at 850MHz for this radiated power compared to the 1900MHz SAR levels. See Section 7.2.3 for measured power values.

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**7.2.2. Specific Absorption Rate - GPRS1900 Ankle-worn Configuration 1g****Test Summary:**

Tissue Volume:	10g
Maximum Level (W/kg):	0.572

**Environmental Conditions:**

Temperature Variation in Lab (°C):	25.0 to 25.0
Temperature Variation in Liquid (°C):	25.0 to 25.0

**Results:**

EUT Position	Phantom Configuration	Channel Number	Level (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)	Margin (W/kg)	Note(s)	Result
Front of EUT Facing Phantom	Flat (SAM)	660	0.572	4.000	3.428	1	Complied
Front of EUT Facing Phantom	Flat (SAM)	810	0.544	4.000	3.456	1	Complied
Front of EUT Facing Phantom	Flat (SAM)	512	0.550	4.000	3.450	1	Complied
Rear of EUT Facing Phantom	Flat (SAM)	660	0.191	4.000	3.809	1	Complied

**Note(s):**

- EUT in direct contact with SAM phantom flat section (0mm separation)

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**7.2.3. EIRP/ERP Measurement**

Channel Number	Frequency (MHZ)	TX Power before Test (dBm)	Note
128	824.2	17.1*	ERP
189	836.4	16.8*	ERP
251	848.8	16.3*	ERP
512	1850.2	29.2	EIRP
660	1879.8	29.8	EIRP
810	1909.8	27.9	EIRP

\*The manufacturer has confirmed this level of output power is expected for his device due to optimisation of the antenna matching at 1900MHz.

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## **8. Measurement Uncertainty**

No measurement or test can ever be perfect and the imperfections give rise to error of measurement in the results. Consequently, the result of a measurement is only an approximation to the value of the measurand (the specific quantity subject to measurement) and is only complete when accompanied by a statement of the uncertainty of the approximation.

The expression of uncertainty of a measurement result allows realistic comparison of results with reference values and limits given in specifications and standards.

The uncertainty of the result may need to be taken into account when interpreting the measurement results.

The reported expanded uncertainties below are based on a standard uncertainty multiplied by an appropriate coverage factor, such that a confidence level of approximately 95% is maintained. For the purposes of this document “approximately” is interpreted as meaning “effectively” or “for most practical purposes”.

<b>Test Name</b>	<b>Confidence Level</b>	<b>Calculated Uncertainty</b>
Specific Absorption Rate- GPRS850 Body Configuration 1g	95%	18.03%
Specific Absorption Rate- GPRS1900 Body Configuration 1g	95%	18.30%

The methods used to calculate the above uncertainties are in line with those recommended within the various measurement specifications. Where measurement specifications do not include guidelines for the evaluation of measurement uncertainty, the published guidance of the appropriate accreditation body is followed.

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**Measurement Uncertainty (Continued)****8.1. Specific Absorption Rate Uncertainty at 850 MHz Body 1g, GPRS Modulation Scheme calculated in accordance with IEC 62209-2 & IEEE 1528**

Type	Source of uncertainty	+ Value	- Value	Probability Distribution	Divisor	C <sub>i</sub> (10g)	Standard Uncertainty		v <sub>i</sub> or v <sub>eff</sub>
							+ u (%)	- u (%)	
B	Probe calibration	11.000	11.000	normal (k=2)	2.0000	1.0000	5.500	5.500	∞
B	Axial Isotropy	0.500	0.500	normal (k=2)	2.0000	1.0000	0.250	0.250	∞
B	Hemispherical Isotropy	2.600	2.600	normal (k=2)	2.0000	1.0000	1.300	1.300	∞
B	Spatial Resolution	0.500	0.500	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	0.289	0.289	∞
B	Boundary Effect	0.769	0.769	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	0.444	0.444	∞
B	Linearity	0.600	0.600	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	0.346	0.346	∞
B	Detection Limits	0.200	0.200	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	0.115	0.115	∞
B	Readout Electronics	0.560	0.560	normal (k=2)	2.0000	1.0000	0.280	0.280	∞
B	Response Time	0.000	0.000	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	0.000	0.000	∞
B	Integration Time	1.730	1.730	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	0.999	0.999	∞
B	RF Ambient conditions	3.000	3.000	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	1.732	1.732	∞
B	Probe Positioner Mechanical Restrictions	4.000	4.000	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	2.309	2.309	∞
B	Probe Positioning with regard to Phantom Shell	2.850	2.850	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	1.645	1.645	∞
B	Extrapolation and integration/ Maximum SAR evaluation	5.080	5.080	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	2.933	2.933	∞
A	Test Sample Positioning	0.584	0.584	normal (k=1)	1.0000	1.0000	0.584	0.584	10
A	Device Holder uncertainty	0.154	0.154	normal (k=1)	1.0000	1.0000	0.154	0.154	10
B	Phantom Uncertainty	4.000	4.000	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	2.309	2.309	∞
B	Drift of output power	5.000	5.000	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	2.887	2.887	∞
B	Liquid Conductivity (target value)	5.000	5.000	Rectangular	1.7321	0.6400	1.848	1.848	∞
A	Liquid Conductivity (measured value)	3.600	3.600	normal (k=1)	1.0000	0.6400	2.304	2.304	5
B	Liquid Permittivity (target value)	5.000	5.000	Rectangular	1.7321	0.6000	1.732	1.732	∞
A	Liquid Permittivity (measured value)	4.000	4.000	normal (k=1)	1.0000	0.6000	2.400	2.400	5
	Combined standard uncertainty			t-distribution			9.20	9.20	>500
	Expanded uncertainty			k = 1.96			18.03	18.03	>500



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**Measurement Uncertainty (continued)****8.2. Specific Absorption Rate Uncertainty at 1900 MHz Body 1g, GPRS Modulation Scheme calculated in accordance with IEC 62209-2 & IEEE 1528**

Type	Source of uncertainty	+ Value	- Value	Probability Distribution	Divisor	C <sub>i</sub> (10g)	Standard Uncertainty		v <sub>i</sub> or v <sub>eff</sub>
							+ u (%)	- u (%)	
B	Probe calibration	11.000	11.000	normal (k=2)	2.0000	1.0000	5.500	5.500	∞
B	Axial Isotropy	0.500	0.500	normal (k=2)	2.0000	1.0000	0.250	0.250	∞
B	Hemispherical Isotropy	2.600	2.600	normal (k=2)	2.0000	1.0000	1.300	1.300	∞
B	Spatial Resolution	0.500	0.500	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	0.289	0.289	∞
B	Boundary Effect	0.769	0.769	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	0.444	0.444	∞
B	Linearity	0.600	0.600	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	0.346	0.346	∞
B	Detection Limits	0.200	0.200	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	0.115	0.115	∞
B	Readout Electronics	0.560	0.560	normal (k=2)	2.0000	1.0000	0.280	0.280	∞
B	Response Time	0.000	0.000	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	0.000	0.000	∞
B	Integration Time	1.730	1.730	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	0.999	0.999	∞
B	RF Ambient conditions	3.000	3.000	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	1.732	1.732	∞
B	Probe Positioner Mechanical Restrictions	4.000	4.000	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	2.309	2.309	∞
B	Probe Positioning with regard to Phantom Shell	2.850	2.850	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	1.645	1.645	∞
B	Extrapolation and integration/ Maximum SAR evaluation	5.080	5.080	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	2.933	2.933	∞
A	Test Sample Positioning	0.584	0.584	normal (k=1)	1.0000	1.0000	0.584	0.584	10
A	Device Holder uncertainty	0.154	0.154	normal (k=1)	1.0000	1.0000	0.154	0.154	10
B	Phantom Uncertainty	4.000	4.000	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	2.309	2.309	∞
B	Drift of output power	5.000	5.000	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	2.887	2.887	∞
B	Liquid Conductivity (target value)	5.000	5.000	Rectangular	1.7321	0.6400	1.848	1.848	∞
A	Liquid Conductivity (measured value)	4.170	4.170	normal (k=1)	1.0000	0.6400	2.669	2.669	5
B	Liquid Permittivity (target value)	5.000	5.000	Rectangular	1.7321	0.6000	1.732	1.732	∞
A	Liquid Permittivity (measured value)	4.230	4.230	normal (k=1)	1.0000	0.6000	2.538	2.538	5
	Combined standard uncertainty			t-distribution			9.34	9.34	>500
	Expanded uncertainty			k = 1.96			18.30	18.30	>500

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**Appendix 1. Test Equipment Used**

RFI No.	Instrument	Manufacturer	Type No.	Serial No.	Date Last Calibrated	Cal. Interval (Months)
A1047	20 dB Attenuator	Huber and Suhner AG	5729	6820.17.B	Calibrated as part of system	-
A1094	Digital Camera	Sony	MVC - FD81	125805	-	-
A1097	SMA Directional Coupler	MiDISCO	MDC6223-30	None	Calibrated as part of system	-
A1137	3dB Attenuator	Narda	779	4690	Calibrated as part of system	-
A1174	Dielectric Probe Kit	Agilent Technologies	85070C	Us99360072	Calibrated before use	-
A1182	Handset Positioner	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	V3.0	None	-	-
A1234	Data Acquisition Electronics	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	DAE3	450	30/04/2009	12
A1237	1900 MHz Dipole Kit	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	D1900V2	540	26/06/2009	24
A1238	SAM Phantom	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	SAM b	001	Calibrated before use	-
A1328	Handset Positioner	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	Modification	SD 000 H01 DA	-	-
A1378	Probe	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	EX3 DV3	3508	26/06/2009	12
A1497	Amplifier	Mini-Circuits	zhl-42w (sma)	e020105	Calibrated as part of system	-
A1566	SAM Phantom	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	SAM a	002	Calibrated before use	-
A215	20 dB Attenuator	Narda	766-20	9402	Calibrated as part of system	-
A512	Double ridged Horn	EMCO	3115	3993	14/05/2009 (Monitoring use only)	36
C1144	Cable	Rosenberger MICRO-COAX	FA147AF001 503030	41842-1	Calibrated as part of system	-
C1145	Cable	Rosenberger MICRO-COAX	FA147AF003 003030	41843-1	Calibrated as part of	-

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RFI No.	Instrument	Manufacturer	Type No.	Serial No.	Date Last Calibrated	Cal. Interval (Months)
					system	
C1146	Cable	Rosenberger MICRO-COAX	FA147AF030 003030	41752-1	Calibrated as part of system	-
G0528	Robot Power Supply	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	DASY	None	Calibrated before use	-
G087	PSU	Thurlby Thandar	CPX200	100701	Calibrated before use	-
L0990	CMU 200 Radio	Rohde & Schwarz	CMU 200	S220447	18/02/2009	12
M1011	HP 8594A Spectrum Analyser	HP	8596E	3647U00514	Monitoring use only	-
M1015	Network Analyser	Agilent Technologies	8753ES	US39172406	16/09/2008	12
M1047	Robot Arm	Staubli	RX908 L	F00/SD89A1/A/01	Calibrated before use	-
M1159	Signal Generator	Agilent Technologies	E8241A	US42110332	Internal Checked 05/08/2009	4
M509	Thermometer	Testo	110	40378800433	21/05/2009	12
S256	SAR lab	RFI	Chamber	Site 4405	Calibrated before use	-
A1024	50 Ohm Attenuator	RS Components	612-192	None	-	-
A1235	900 MHz Dipole Kit	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	D900V2	124	23/08/2007	24 months
A1410	Attenuator	Omni Spectra	FSC16179	20510-3	-	-
M1071	Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	HP8590E	3647U00514	(Monitoring use only)	-
M1044	Diode Power Sensor	Rohde & Schwarz	NRV-Z1	893350/019	19/05/2009	12
M265	Diode Power Sensor	Rohde & Schwarz	NRV-Z1	893350/017	19/05/2009	12
M263	Dual Channel Power Meter	Rohde & Schwarz	NRVD	826558/004	20/05/2009	12

**NB** In accordance with UKAS requirements, all the measurement equipment is on a calibration schedule.

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#### **A.1.1. Calibration Certificates**

This section contains the calibration certificates and data for the Probe(s) and Dipole(s) used, which are not included in the total number of pages for this report.

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*A 1237*  
*checked on 01/07/2009*  
S  
C  
S  
Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
Service suisse d'étalonnage  
Servizio svizzero di taratura  
Swiss Calibration Service *by [Signature]*

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **RFI**

Certificate No: **D1900V2-540-Jun09**

**CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object **D1900V2 - SN: 540**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v7  
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits**

Calibration date: **June 26, 2009**

Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	08-Oct-08 (No. 217-00898)	Oct-09
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	08-Oct-08 (No. 217-00898)	Oct-09
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01025)	Mar-10
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01029)	Mar-10
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3025	30-Apr-09 (No. ES3-3025_Apr09)	Apr-10
DAE4	SN: 601	07-Mar-09 (No. DAE4-601_Mar09)	Mar-10
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-09
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-09
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-08)	In house check: Oct-09

Calibrated by: **Jeton Kastrati** (Name), **Laboratory Technician** (Function), *[Signature]* (Signature)

Approved by: **Katja Pokovic** (Name), **Technical Manager** (Function), *[Signature]* (Signature)

Issued: June 29, 2009

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



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The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

**Glossary:**

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

**Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:**

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) CENELEC EN 50361, "Basic standard for the measurement of Specific Absorption Rate related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields from mobile phones (300 MHz - 3 GHz), July 2001
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

**Additional Documentation:**

- d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

**Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:**

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

## Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

<b>DASY Version</b>	DASY5	V5.0
<b>Extrapolation</b>	Advanced Extrapolation	
<b>Phantom</b>	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
<b>Distance Dipole Center - TSL</b>	10 mm	with Spacer
<b>Zoom Scan Resolution</b>	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
<b>Frequency</b>	1900 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz	

## Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
<b>Nominal Head TSL parameters</b>	22.0 °C	40.0	1.40 mho/m
<b>Measured Head TSL parameters</b>	(22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	41.0 $\pm$ 6 %	1.42 mho/m $\pm$ 6 %
<b>Head TSL temperature during test</b>	(22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	---	---

## SAR result with Head TSL

<b>SAR averaged over 1 cm<sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL</b>	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	10.1 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	40.4 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters <sup>1</sup>	normalized to 1W	<b>40.3 mW / g <math>\pm</math> 17.0 % (k=2)</b>

<b>SAR averaged over 10 cm<sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL</b>	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.29 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	21.2 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters <sup>1</sup>	normalized to 1W	<b>21.1 mW / g <math>\pm</math> 16.5 % (k=2)</b>

<sup>1</sup> Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

## Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	53.3	1.52 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	53.9 ± 6 %	1.55 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature during test	(21.2 ± 0.2) °C	---	---

## SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	10.3 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	41.2 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters <sup>2</sup>	normalized to 1W	<b>40.9 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)</b>

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.40 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	21.6 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters <sup>2</sup>	normalized to 1W	<b>21.5 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)</b>

<sup>2</sup> Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"



## Appendix

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.5 $\Omega$ + 2.7 j $\Omega$
Return Loss	- 30.0 dB

### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	44.9 $\Omega$ + 2.8 j $\Omega$
Return Loss	- 24.3 dB

### General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.198 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

### Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	July 26, 2001

## DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 26.06.2009 12:43:03

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:540**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL U11 BB

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1900$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.42$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 41$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC)

### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3025; ConvF(4.88, 4.88, 4.88); Calibrated: 30.04.2009
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 07.03.2009
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 45

**Pin = 250 mW; dip = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (dist=3.0 mm, probe 0deg) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:**

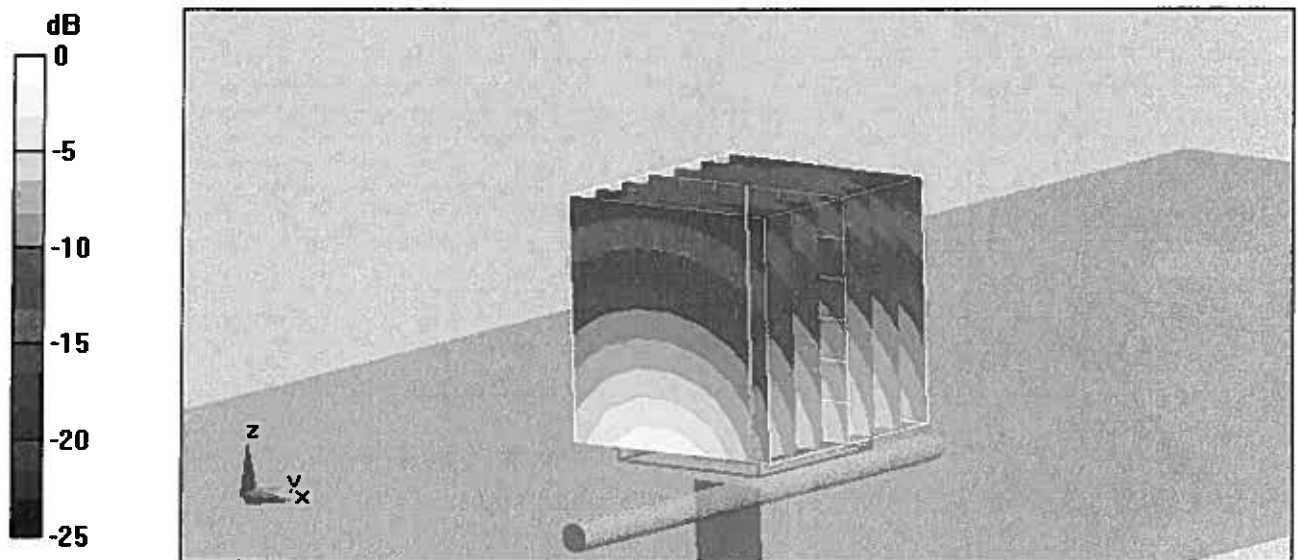
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 96.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.037 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.4 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 10.1 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.29 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.5 mW/g



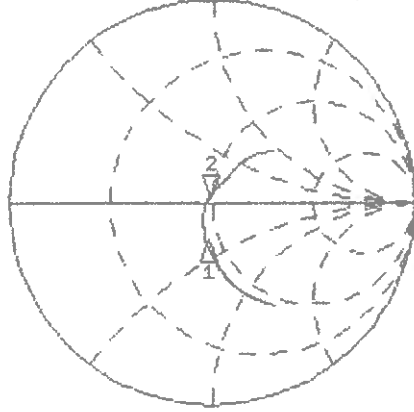
0 dB = 12.5mW/g

# Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL

26 Jun 2009 08:28:31

CH1 S11 1 U FS 2: 48.482  $\Omega$  2.7168  $\Omega$  227.57  $\mu\text{H}$  1 900.000 000 MHz

\*  
Del  
Cor



CH1 Markers  
1: 48.922  $\Omega$   
-17.873  $\Omega$   
1.80000 GHz

Avg  
16

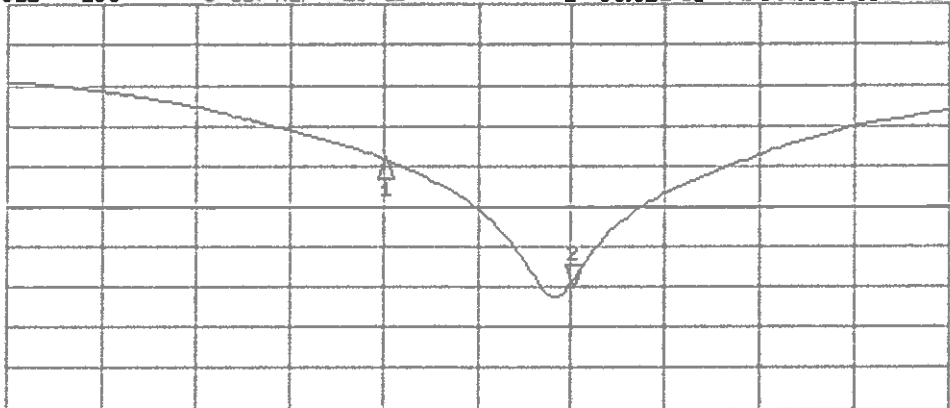
↑

CH2 S11 LOG 5 dB/ REF -20 dB 2: -30.012 dB 1 900.000 000 MHz

Cor

Avg  
16

↑



CH2 Markers  
1: -14.091 dB  
1.80000 GHz

START 1 600.000 000 MHz

STOP 2 100.000 000 MHz

## DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date/Time: 26.06.2009 14:10:45

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:540**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL U10 BB

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1900$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.55$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 54$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC)

### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3025; ConvF(4.46, 4.46, 4.46); Calibrated: 30.04.2009
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 07.03.2009
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 45

**Pin = 250 mW; dip = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (dist=3.0mm, probe 0deg) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:**

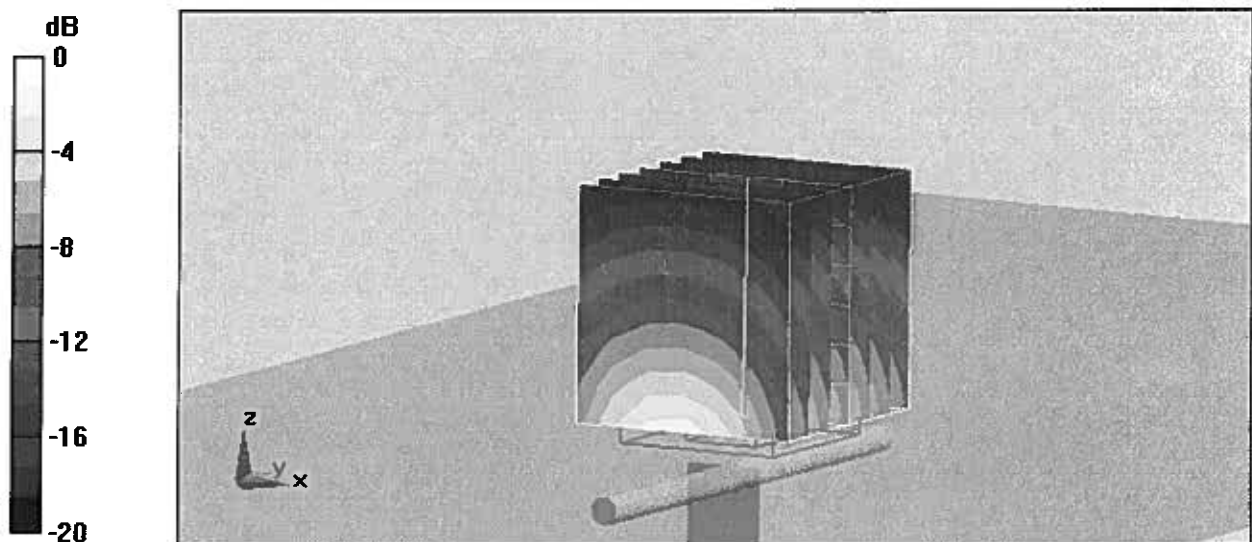
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 95.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.011 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.1 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 10.3 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.4 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.9 mW/g



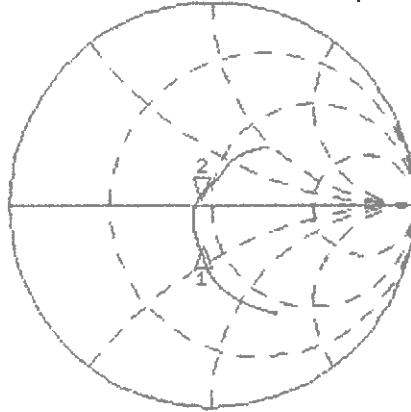
0 dB = 12.9mW/g

# Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL

26 Jun 2009 08:29:09

CH1 S11 1 U FS 2: 44.900  $\Omega$  2.7637  $\Omega$  231.50 pF 1 900.000 000 MHz

\*  
Del  
Cor



CH1 Markers  
1: 41.766  $\Omega$   
-18.492  $\Omega$   
1.80000 GHz

Avg  
16

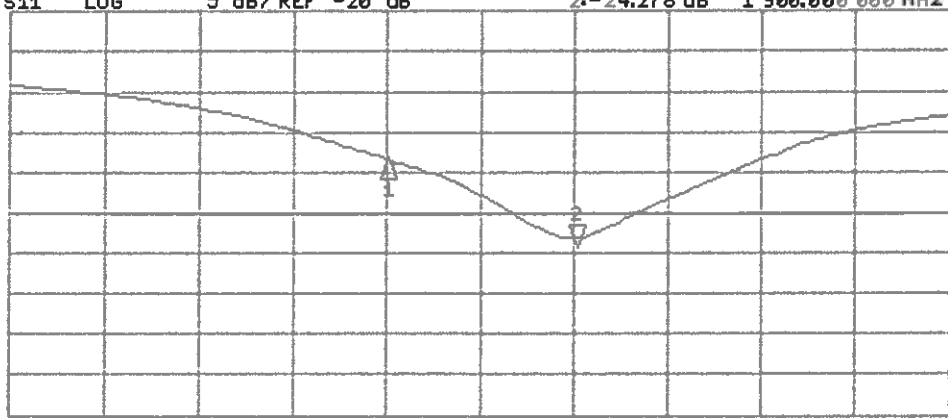
↑

CH2 S11 LOG 5 dB/REF -20 dB 2: -24.278 dB 1 900.000 000 MHz

Cor

Avg  
16

↑



CH2 Markers  
1: -13.300 dB  
1.80000 GHz

START 1 600.000 000 MHz

STOP 2 100.000 000 MHz



*A1378*  
*Checked on 01/07/2009*  
S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
S Service suisse d'étalonnage  
S Servizio svizzero di taratura  
S Swiss Calibration Service

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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **RFI**

Certificate No: **EX3-3508\_Jun09**

**CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object **EX3DV3 - SN:3508**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v6, QA CAL-12.v5 and QA CAL-23.v3  
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes**

Calibration date: **June 26, 2009**

Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030)	Apr-10
Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030)	Apr-10
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030)	Apr-10
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01026)	Mar-10
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01028)	Mar-10
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01027)	Mar-10
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	2-Jan-09 (No. ES3-3013_Jan09)	Jan-10
DAE4	SN: 660	9-Sep-08 (No. DAE4-660_Sep08)	Sep-09
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-09
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-08)	In house check: Oct-09

Calibrated by: **Jeton Kastrati** Laboratory Technician *[Signature]*

Approved by: **Katja Pokovic** Technical Manager *[Signature]*

Issued: June 26, 2009

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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

### Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub>	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub>
DCP	diode compression point
Polarization $\varphi$	$\varphi$ rotation around probe axis
Polarization $\vartheta$	$\vartheta$ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis

### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub>**: Assessed for E-field polarization  $\vartheta = 0$  ( $f \leq 900$  MHz in TEM-cell;  $f > 1800$  MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> does not effect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below *ConvF*).
- NORM(f)<sub>x,y,z</sub>** = NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> \* *frequency\_response* (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of *ConvF*.
- DCP<sub>x,y,z</sub>**: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters**: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for  $f \leq 800$  MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for  $f > 800$  MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> \* *ConvF* whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for *ConvF*. A frequency dependent *ConvF* is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from  $\pm 50$  MHz to  $\pm 100$  MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)**: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset**: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

# Probe EX3DV3

## SN:3508

Manufactured:	December 19, 2003
Last calibrated:	June 24, 2008
Recalibrated:	June 26, 2009

Calibrated for DASYS Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASYS2 system!)



## DASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV3 SN:3508

### Sensitivity in Free Space<sup>A</sup>

NormX	<b>0.76</b> ± 10.1%	$\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$
NormY	<b>0.63</b> ± 10.1%	$\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$
NormZ	<b>0.66</b> ± 10.1%	$\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$

### Diode Compression<sup>B</sup>

DCP X	<b>95</b> mV
DCP Y	<b>97</b> mV
DCP Z	<b>94</b> mV

### Sensitivity in Tissue Simulating Liquid (Conversion Factors)

Please see Page 8.

### Boundary Effect

**TSL**                      **900 MHz**      **Typical SAR gradient: 5 % per mm**

Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance		<b>2.0 mm</b>	<b>3.0 mm</b>
SAR <sub>be</sub> [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	7.8	4.6
SAR <sub>be</sub> [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.5	0.3

**TSL**                      **1750 MHz**      **Typical SAR gradient: 10 % per mm**

Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance		<b>2.0 mm</b>	<b>3.0 mm</b>
SAR <sub>be</sub> [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	5.8	2.7
SAR <sub>be</sub> [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.7	0.5

### Sensor Offset

Probe Tip to Sensor Center                      **1.0 mm**

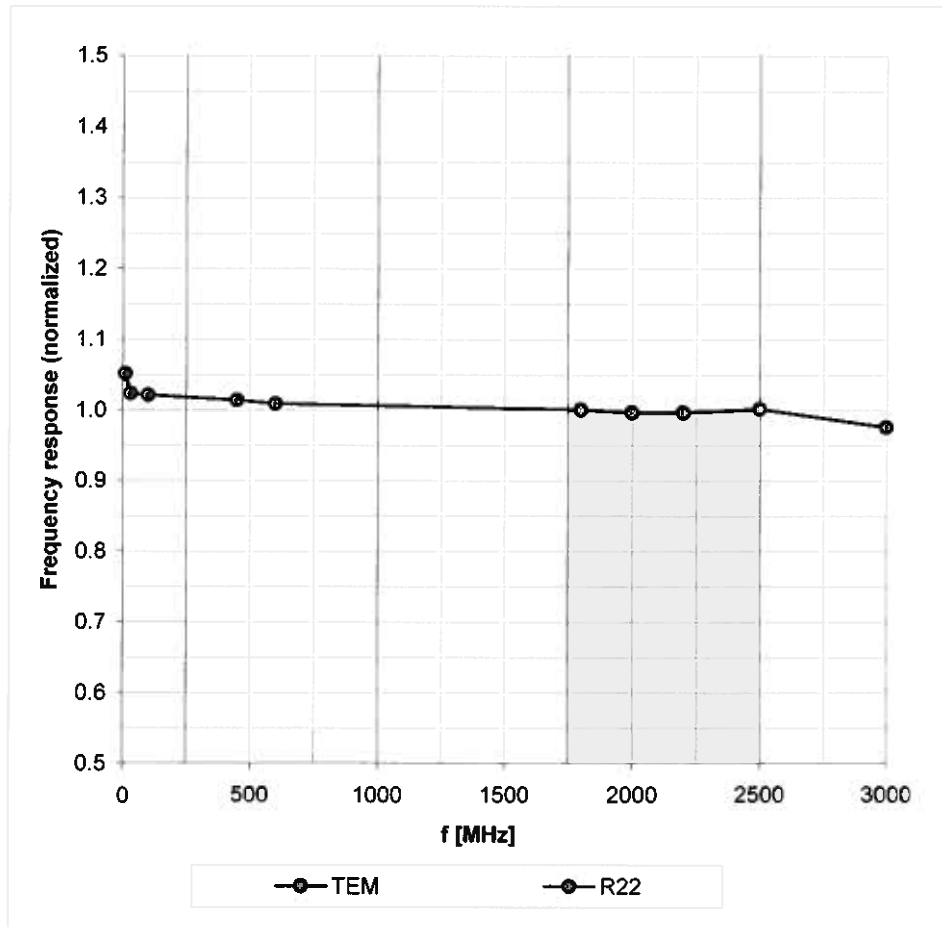
**The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.**

<sup>A</sup> The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 8).

<sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

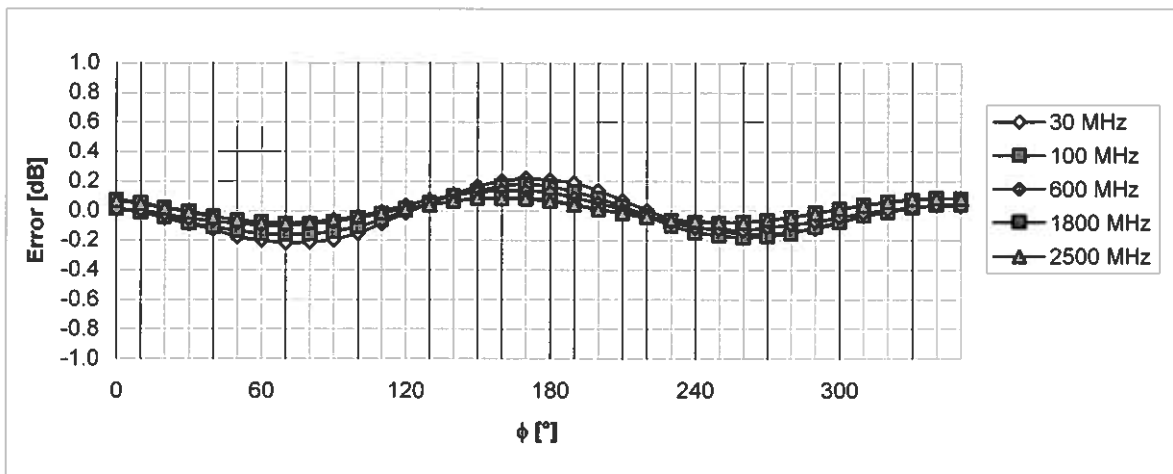
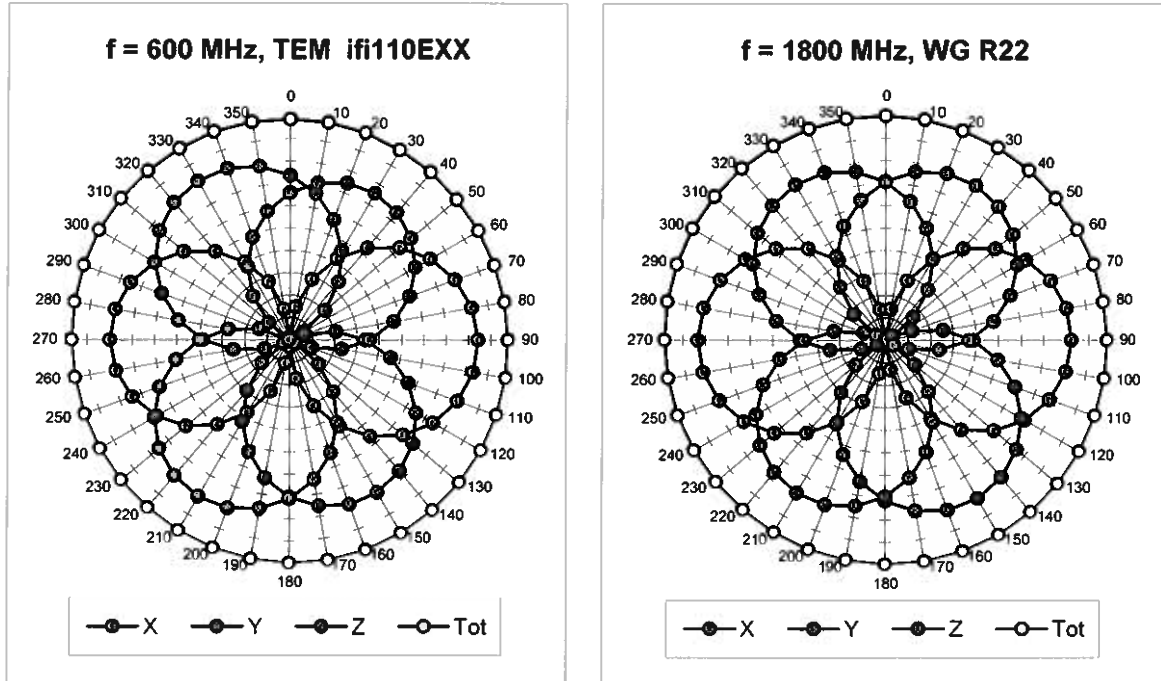
# Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



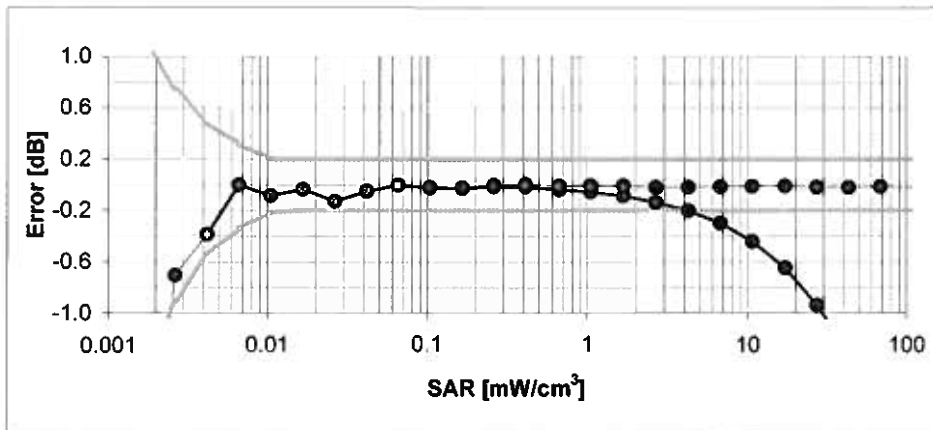
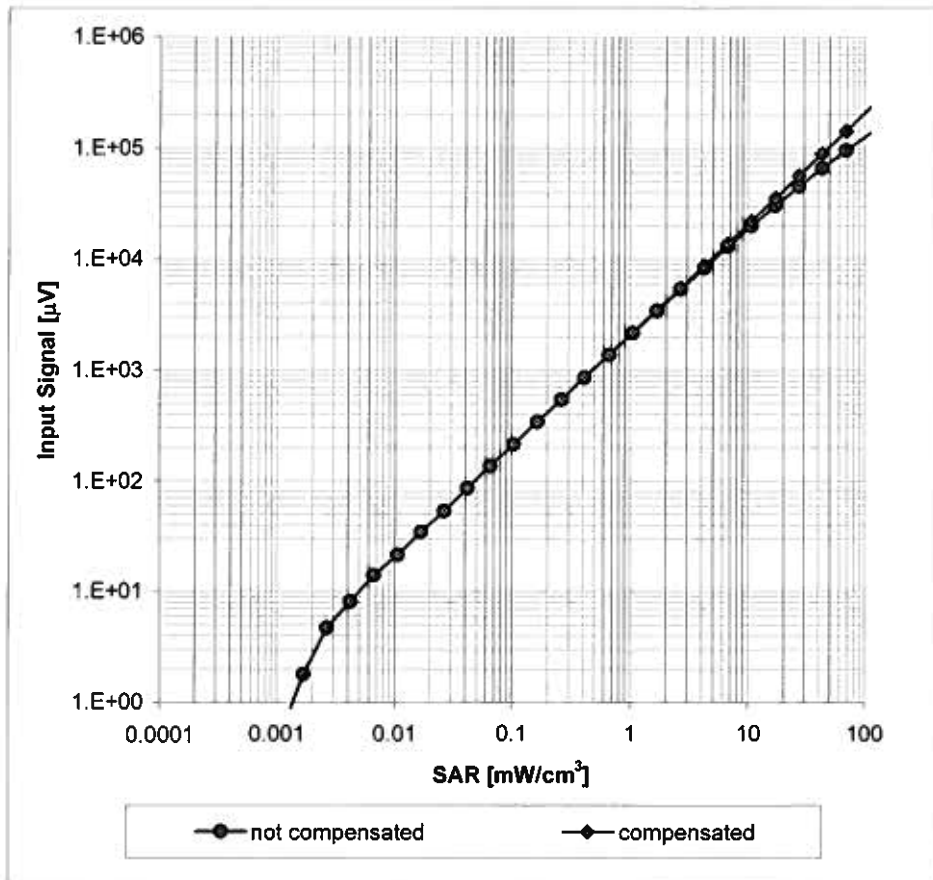
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field:  $\pm 6.3\%$  ( $k=2$ )

### Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 0^\circ$



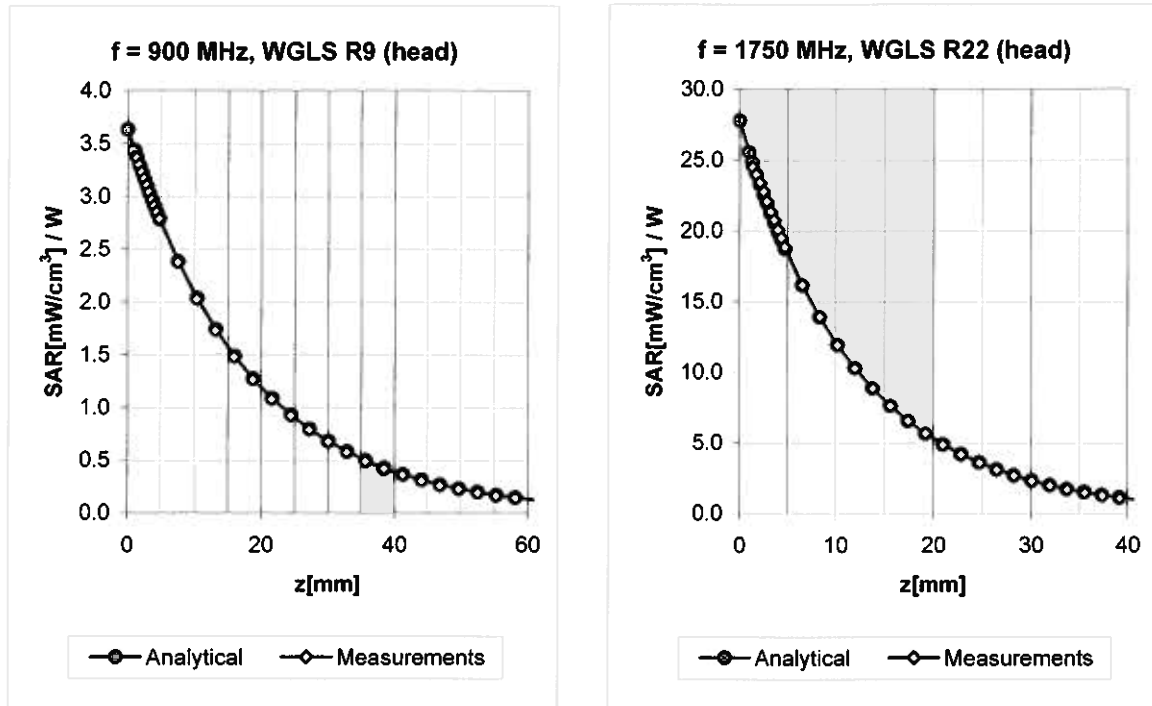
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 0.5\%$  (k=2)

### Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>head</sub>) (Waveguide R22, f = 1800 MHz)



Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

## Conversion Factor Assessment

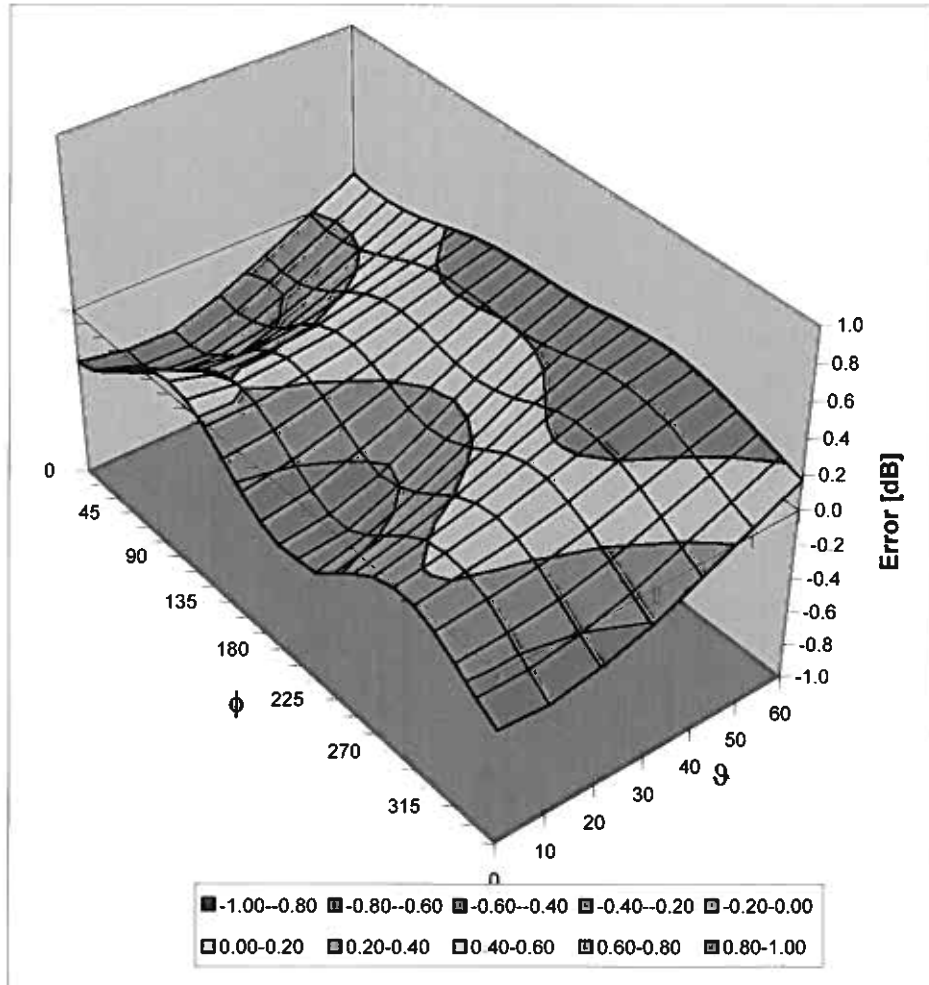


f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] <sup>c</sup>	TSL	Permittivity	Conductivity	Alpha	Depth	ConvF Uncertainty
450	± 50 / ± 100	Head	43.5 ± 5%	0.87 ± 5%	0.23	1.00	10.49 ± 13.3% (k=2)
900	± 50 / ± 100	Head	41.5 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	0.48	0.72	9.76 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1750	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.1 ± 5%	1.37 ± 5%	0.57	0.63	8.82 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1900	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.53	0.65	8.58 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2150	± 50 / ± 101	Head	39.7 ± 5%	1.53 ± 5%	0.36	0.69	8.33 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Head	39.2 ± 5%	1.80 ± 5%	0.36	0.75	7.77 ± 11.0% (k=2)
450	± 50 / ± 100	Body	56.7 ± 5%	0.94 ± 5%	0.30	0.51	11.32 ± 13.3% (k=2)
900	± 50 / ± 100	Body	55.0 ± 5%	1.05 ± 5%	0.45	0.75	9.99 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1750	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.4 ± 5%	1.49 ± 5%	0.55	0.63	8.59 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1900	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.48	0.68	8.23 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2150	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.0 ± 5%	1.75 ± 5%	0.30	0.92	8.27 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Body	52.7 ± 5%	1.95 ± 5%	0.25	1.02	8.06 ± 11.0% (k=2)

<sup>c</sup> The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

### Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error ( $\phi$ ,  $\vartheta$ ),  $f = 900$  MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 2.6\%$  ( $k=2$ )

Test of: BlueTag V5

To: OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01)

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## **Appendix 2. Measurement Methods**

### **A.2.1. Evaluation Procedure**

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) evaluation was performed in the following manner:

- a) (i) The evaluation was performed in an applicable area of the phantom depending on the type of device being tested. For devices worn about the ear during normal operation, both the left and right ear positions were evaluated at the centre frequency of the band at maximum power. The side, which produced the greatest SAR, determined which side of the phantom would be used for the entire evaluation. The positioning of the head worn device relative to the phantom was dictated by the test specification identified in section 3.1 of this report.  
  
(ii) For body worn devices or devices which can be operated within 20 cm of the body, the flat section of the SAM phantom was used where the size of the device(s) is normal. For bigger devices and base station the 2mm Oval phantom is used for evaluation. The type of device being evaluated dictated the distance of the EUT to the outer surface of the phantom flat section.
  - b) The SAR was determined by a pre-defined procedure within the DASY4 software. The exposed region of the phantom was scanned near the inner surface with a grid spacing of 20mm x 20mm or appropriate resolution.
  - c) A 5x5x7 matrix was performed around the greatest spatial SAR distribution found during the area scan of the applicable exposed region. SAR values were then calculated using a 3-D spline interpolation algorithm and averaged over spatial volumes of 1 and 10 grams.
  - d) If the EUT had any appreciable drift over the course of the evaluation, then the EUT was re-evaluated. Any unusual anomalies over the course of the test also warranted a re-evaluation.
-

Test of: BlueTag V5

To: OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01)

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### **A.2.2. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) Measurements to OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01)**

Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields

SAR measurements were performed in accordance with Appendix D of the standard FCC OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: 2001, against appropriate limits for each measurement position in accordance with the standard.

The test was performed in a shielded enclosure with the temperature controlled to remain between +18.0°C and +25.0°C. The tissue equivalent material fluid temperature was controlled to give a maximum variation of  $\pm 2.0^\circ\text{C}$

Prior to any SAR measurements on the EUT, system validation and material dielectric property measurements were conducted. In the absence of a detailed procedure within the specification, system validation and material dielectric property measurements were performed in accordance with Appendix C and Appendix D of FCC OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: 2001.

Following the successful system validation and material dielectric property measurements, a SAR versus time sweep shall be performed within 10 mm of the phantom inner surface. If the EUT power output is stable after three minutes then the measurement probe will perform a coarse surface level scan at each test position in order to ascertain the location of the maximum local SAR level. Once this area had been established, a 5x5x7 cube of 343 points (5 mm spacing in each axis  $\approx 27\text{g}$ ) will be centred at the area of concern. Extrapolation and interpolation will then be carried out on the 27g of tissue and the highest averaged SAR over a 10g cube determined.

Once the maximum interpolated SAR measurement is complete; the coarse scan is visually assessed to check for secondary peaks within 50% of the maximum SAR level. If there are any further SAR measurements required, extra 5x5x7 cubes shall be centred on each of these extra local SAR maxima.

At the end of each position test case a second time sweep shall be performed to check whether the EUT has remained stable throughout the test.

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Test of: BlueTag V5

To: OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01)

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### **Appendix 3. SAR Distribution Scans**

This appendix contains SAR distribution scans which are not included in the total number of pages for this report.

<b>Scan Reference Number</b>	<b>Title</b>
SCN/75379JD07/001	Top of EUT Facing Phantom CH189
SCN/75379JD07/002	Rear of EUT Facing Phantom CH189
SCN/75379JD07/003	Top of EUT Facing Phantom CH660
SCN/75379JD07/004	Top of EUT Facing Phantom CH810
SCN/75379JD07/005	Top of EUT Facing Phantom CH512
SCN/75379JD07/006	Rear of EUT Facing Phantom CH660
SCN/75379JD07/007	System Performance Check 900MHz Body 07 08 09
SCN/75379JD07/008	System Performance Check 900MHz Body 10 08 09
SCN/75379JD07/009	System Performance Check 1900MHz Body 07 08 09
SCN/75379JD07/010	System Performance Check 1900MHz Body 10 08 09

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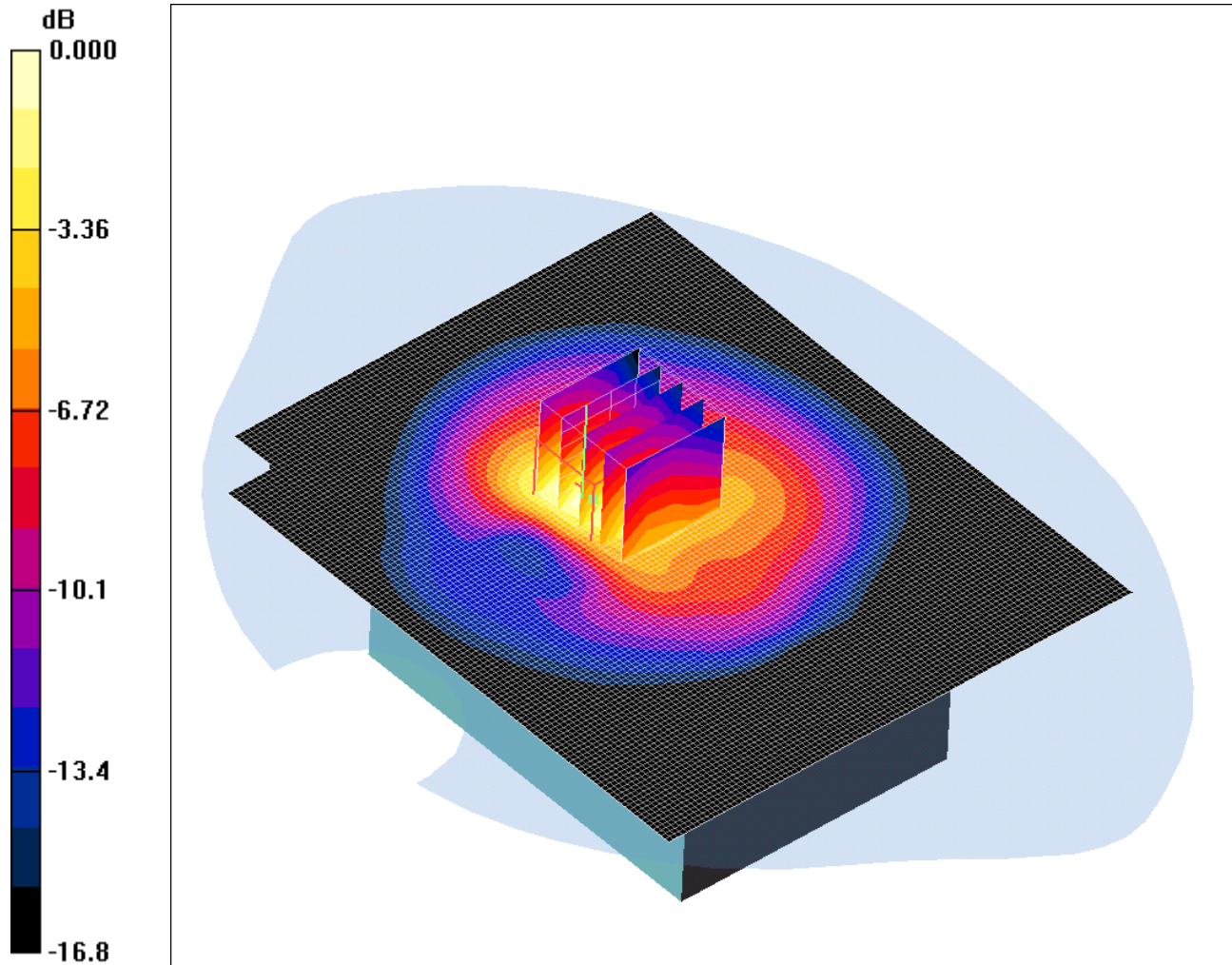
Test of: BlueTag V5

To: OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01)

SCN/75379JD07/001: Top of EUT Facing Phantom CH189

Date 07/08/2009

DUT: Satellite Tracking of People LLC; Type: BlueTag; Serial: Model 02 Serial 400033



0 dB = 0.126mW/g

Communication System: GPRS 850 MHz; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4

Medium: 900 MHz MSL Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 836.4$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.952$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.6$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3508; ConvF(9.99, 9.99, 9.99); Calibrated: 26/06/2009

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn450; Calibrated: 30/04/2009

- Phantom: SAM 12b; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1197

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

**Top of EUT Facing Phantom - Middle/Area Scan (101x121x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.125 mW/g

**Top of EUT Facing Phantom - Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.36 V/m; Power Drift = -0.040 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.200 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.116 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.064 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.126 mW/g

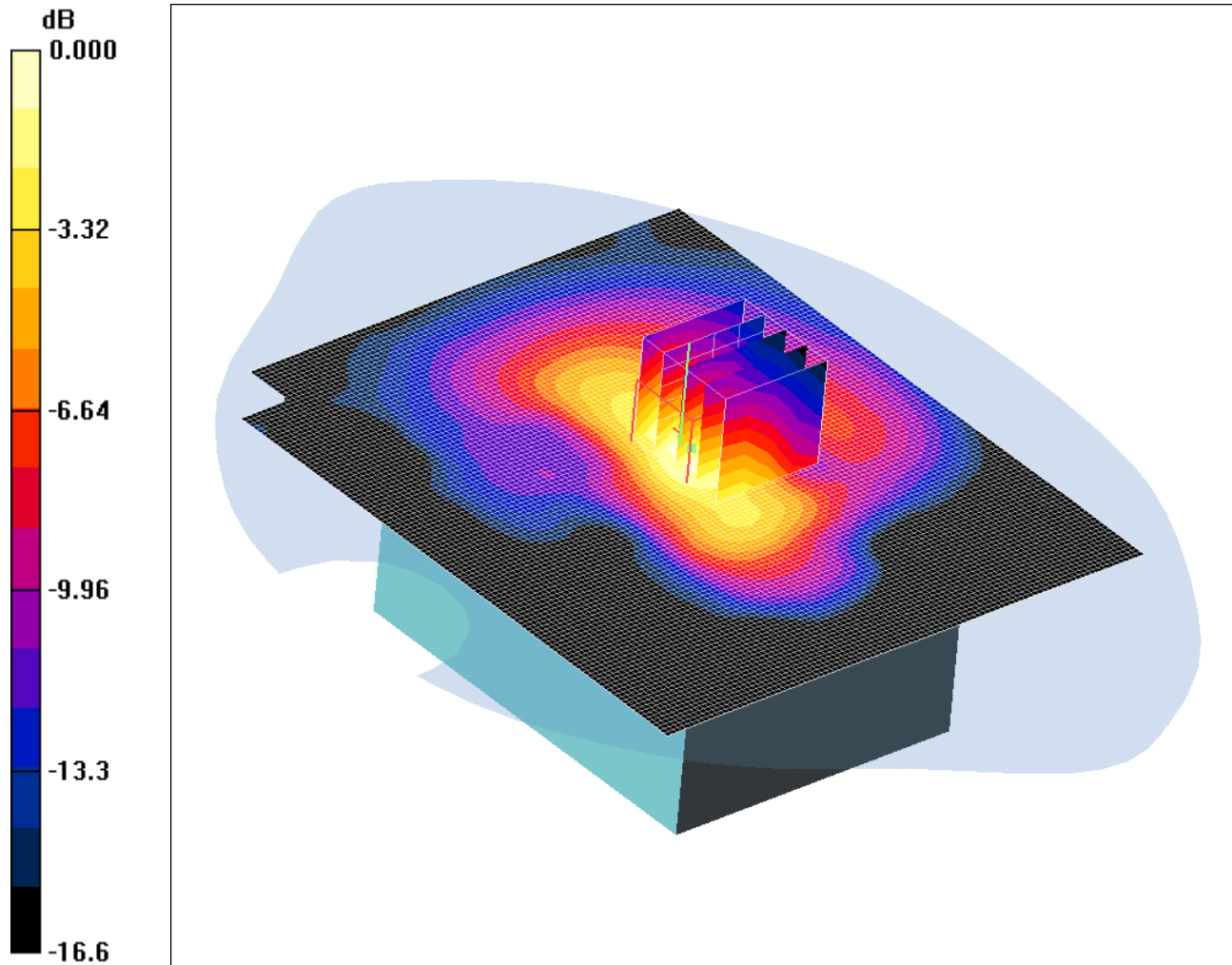
Test of: BlueTag V5

To: OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01)

SCN/75379JD07/002: Rear of EUT Facing Phantom CH189

Date 10/08/2009

DUT: Satellite Tracking of People LLC; Type: BlueTag; Serial: Model 02 Serial 400033



0 dB = 0.054mW/g

Communication System: GPRS 850 MHz; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4

Medium: 900 MHz MSL Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 836.4$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.952$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3508; ConvF(9.99, 9.99, 9.99); Calibrated: 26/06/2009

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn450; Calibrated: 30/04/2009

- Phantom: SAM 12b; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1197

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

**Rear of EUT Facing Phantom - Middle/Area Scan (101x121x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.049 mW/g

**Rear of EUT Facing Phantom - Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.02 V/m; Power Drift = 0.408 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.087 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.051 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.029 mW/g**

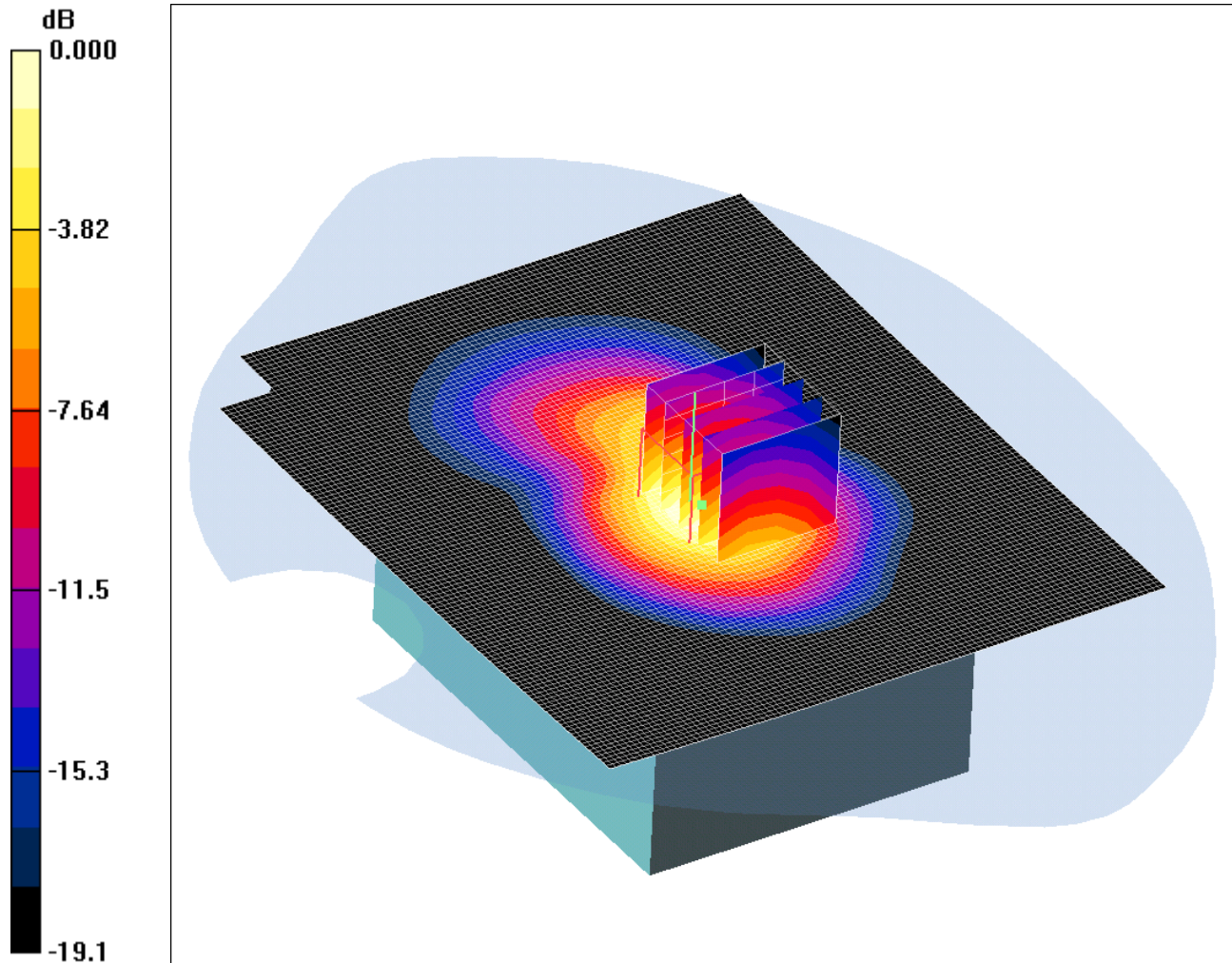
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.054 mW/g

Test of: **BlueTag V5**To: **OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01)**

SCN/75379JD07/003: Top of EUT Facing Phantom CH660

Date 07/08/2009

DUT: Satellite Tracking of People LLC; Type: BlueTag; Serial: Model 02 Serial 400033



0 dB = 1.09mW/g

Communication System: GPRS 1900; Frequency: 1879.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4

Medium: 1900 MHz MSL Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 1879.8$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.55$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.3$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3508; ConvF(8.23, 8.23, 8.23); Calibrated: 26/06/2009

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn450; Calibrated: 30/04/2009

- Phantom: SAM 12a; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1193

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

**Top of EUT Facing Phantom - Middle/Area Scan (101x121x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.11 mW/g

**Top of EUT Facing Phantom - Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 26.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.101 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.66 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 1.01 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.572 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.09 mW/g



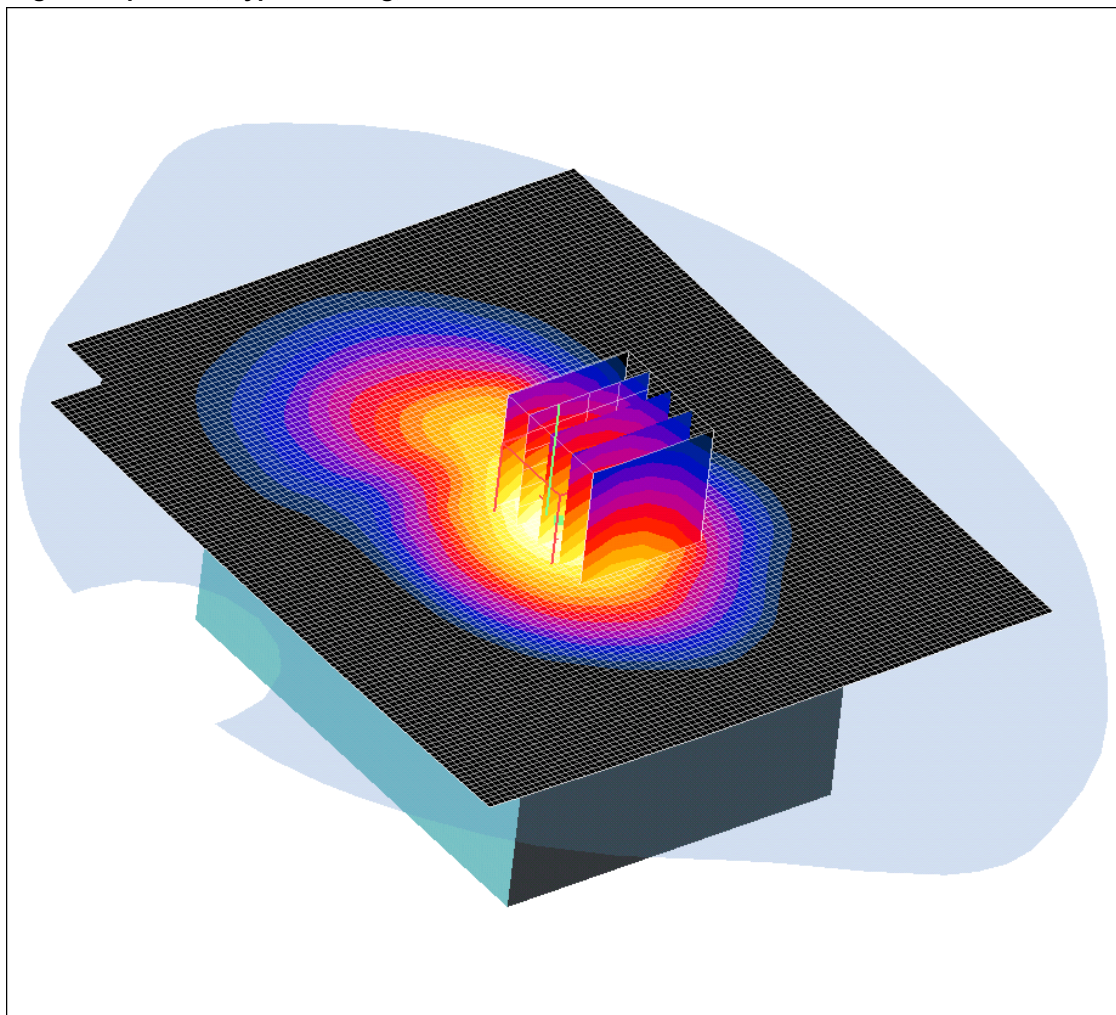
Test of: BlueTag V5

To: OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01)

SCN/75379JD07/004: Top of EUT Facing Phantom CH810

Date 07/08/2009

DUT: Satellite Tracking of People LLC; Type: BlueTag; Serial: Model 02 Serial 400033



0 dB = 1.04mW/g

Communication System: GPRS 1900; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4

Medium: 1900 MHz MSL Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 1909.8$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.59$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.2$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3508; ConvF(8.23, 8.23, 8.23); Calibrated: 26/06/2009

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn450; Calibrated: 30/04/2009

- Phantom: SAM 12a; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1193

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

**Top of EUT Facing Phantom - High/Area Scan (101x121x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.08 mW/g

**Top of EUT Facing Phantom - High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 26.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.512 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.61 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.974 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.544 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.04 mW/g

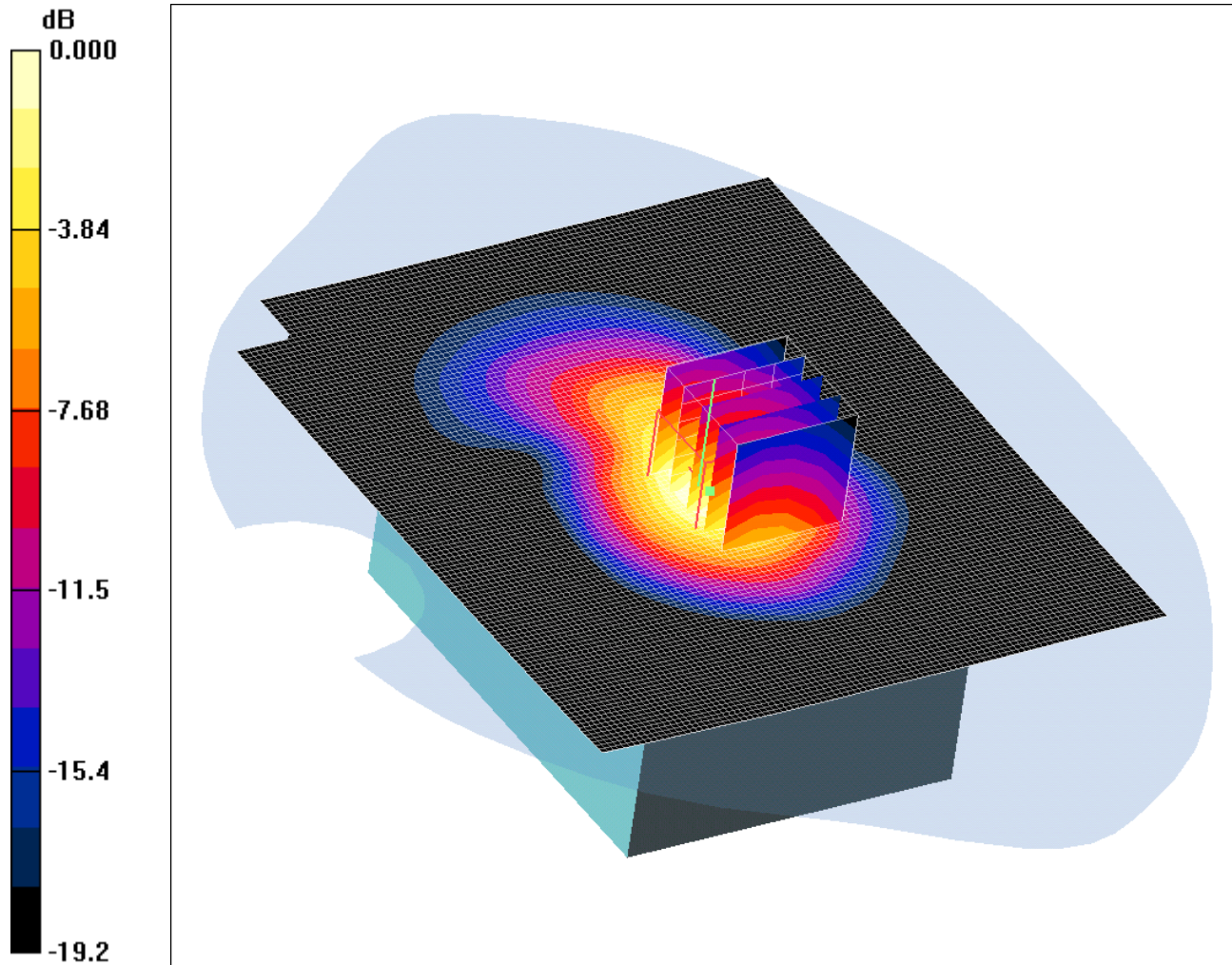
Test of: BlueTag V5

To: OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01)

SCN/75379JD07/005: Top of EUT Facing Phantom CH512

Date 07/08/2009

DUT: Satellite Tracking of People LLC; Type: BlueTag; Serial: Model 02 Serial 400033



0 dB = 1.08mW/g

Communication System: GPRS 1900; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4

Medium: 1900 MHz MSL Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 1850.2$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.51$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.4$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3508; ConvF(8.23, 8.23, 8.23); Calibrated: 26/06/2009

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn450; Calibrated: 30/04/2009

- Phantom: SAM 12a; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1193

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

**Top of EUT Facing Phantom - Low/Area Scan (101x121x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.08 mW/g

**Top of EUT Facing Phantom - Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 26.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.069 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.60 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.984 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.550 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.08 mW/g

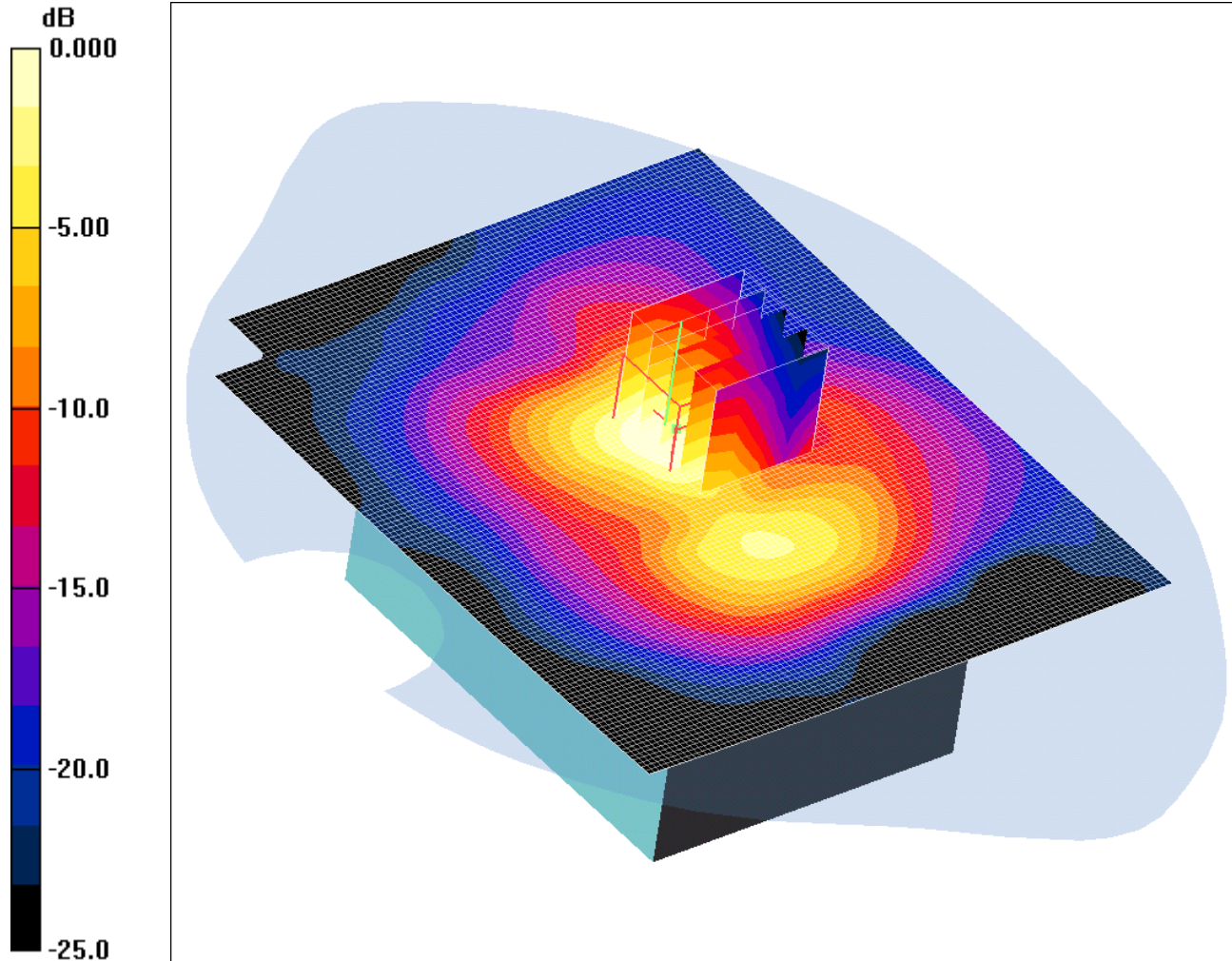
Test of: BlueTag V5

To: OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01)

SCN/75379JD07/006: Rear of EUT Facing Phantom CH660

Date 10/08/2009

DUT: Satellite Tracking of People LLC; Type: BlueTag; Serial: Model 02 Serial 400033



0 dB = 0.359mW/g

Communication System: GPRS 1900; Frequency: 1879.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4

Medium: 1900 MHz MSL Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 1879.8$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.56$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 56$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3508; ConvF(8.23, 8.23, 8.23); Calibrated: 26/06/2009

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn450; Calibrated: 30/04/2009

- Phantom: SAM 12a; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1193

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

**Rear of EUT Facing Phantom - High/Area Scan (101x121x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.428 mW/g

**Rear of EUT Facing Phantom - High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.220 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.599 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.351 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.191 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.359 mW/g



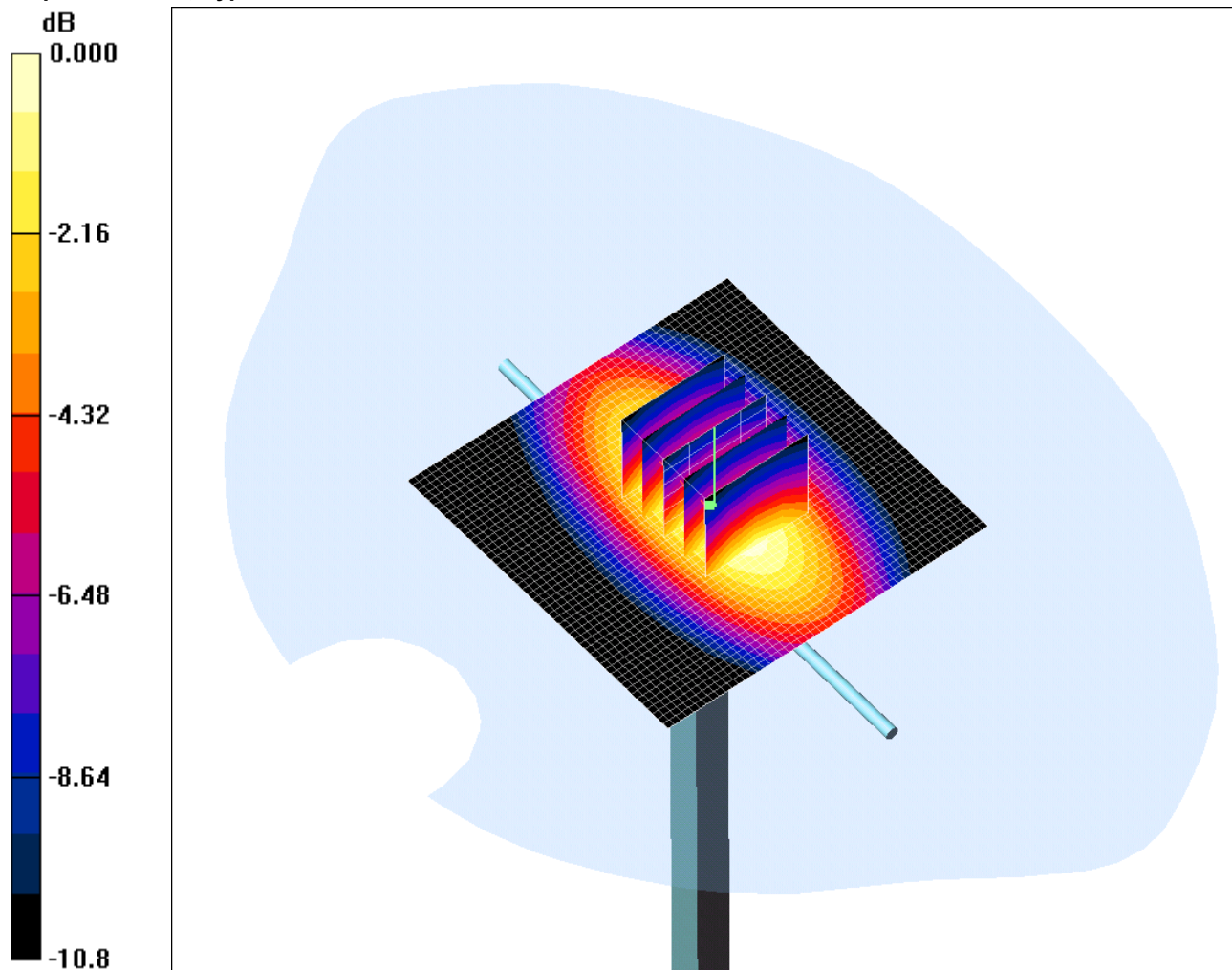
Test of: BlueTag V5

To: OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01)

SCN/75379JD07/007: System Performance Check 900MHz Body 07 08 09

Date 07/08/2009

DUT: Dipole 900 MHz; Type: D900V2; Serial: D900V2 - SN:124



0 dB = 2.92mW/g

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 900 MHz MSL Medium parameters used:  $f = 900$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.02$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52.8$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3508; ConvF(9.99, 9.99, 9.99); Calibrated: 26/06/2009

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn450; Calibrated: 30/04/2009

- Phantom: SAM 12b; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1207

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

**d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (51x51x1):** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.98 mW/g

**d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 52.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.100 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.05 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 2.69 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.74 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.92 mW/g



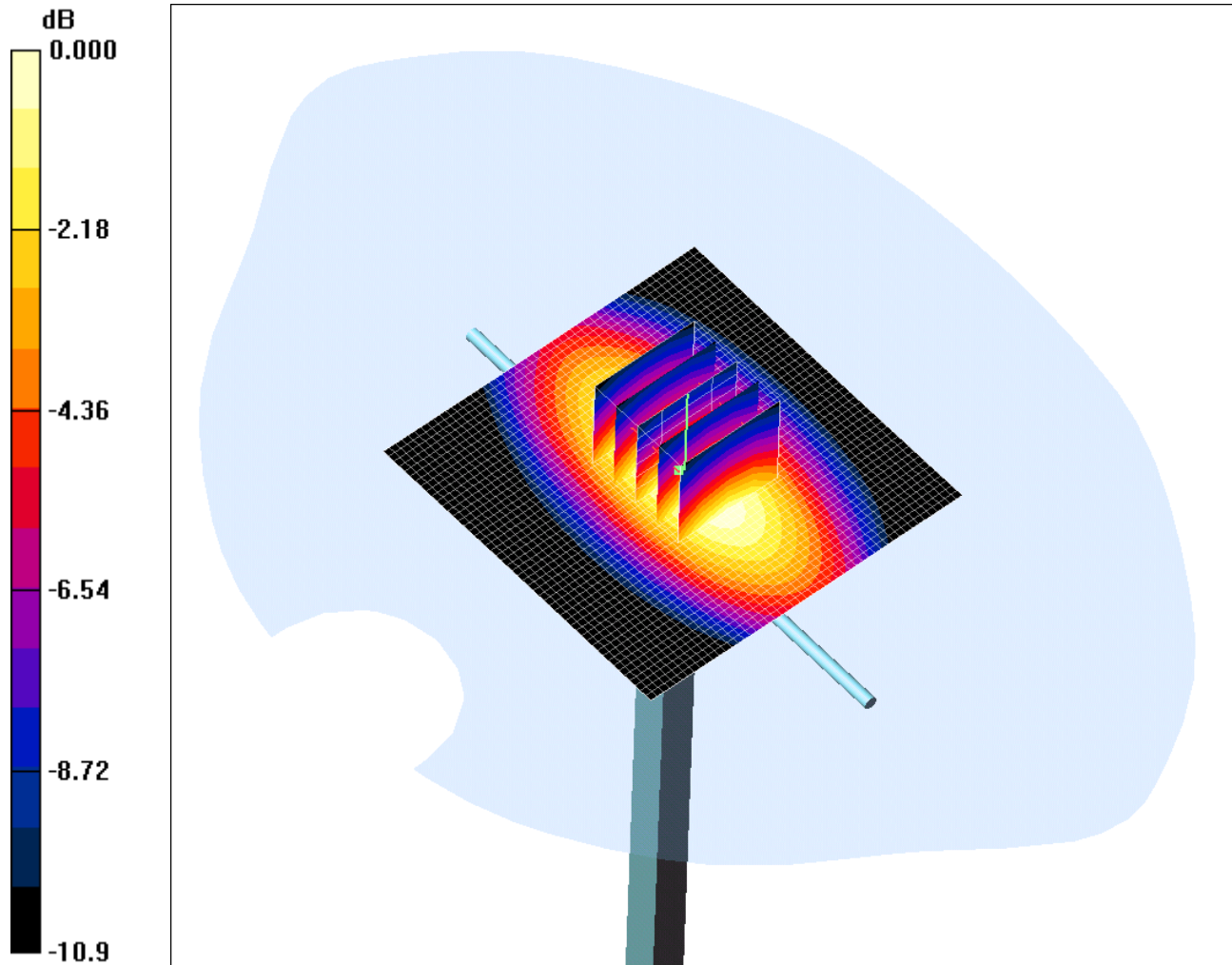
Test of: BlueTag V5

To: OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01)

SCN/75379JD07/008: System Performance Check 900MHz Body 10 08 09

Date 10/08/2009

DUT: Dipole 900 MHz; Type: D900V2; Serial: D900V2 - SN:124



0 dB = 2.92mW/g

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 900 MHz MSL Medium parameters used:  $f = 900 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.02 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 52.3$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3508; ConvF(9.99, 9.99, 9.99); Calibrated: 26/06/2009

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn450; Calibrated: 30/04/2009

- Phantom: SAM 12b; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1207

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

**d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (51x51x1):** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.03 mW/g

**d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 53.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.003 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.06 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 2.71 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.76 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.92 mW/g

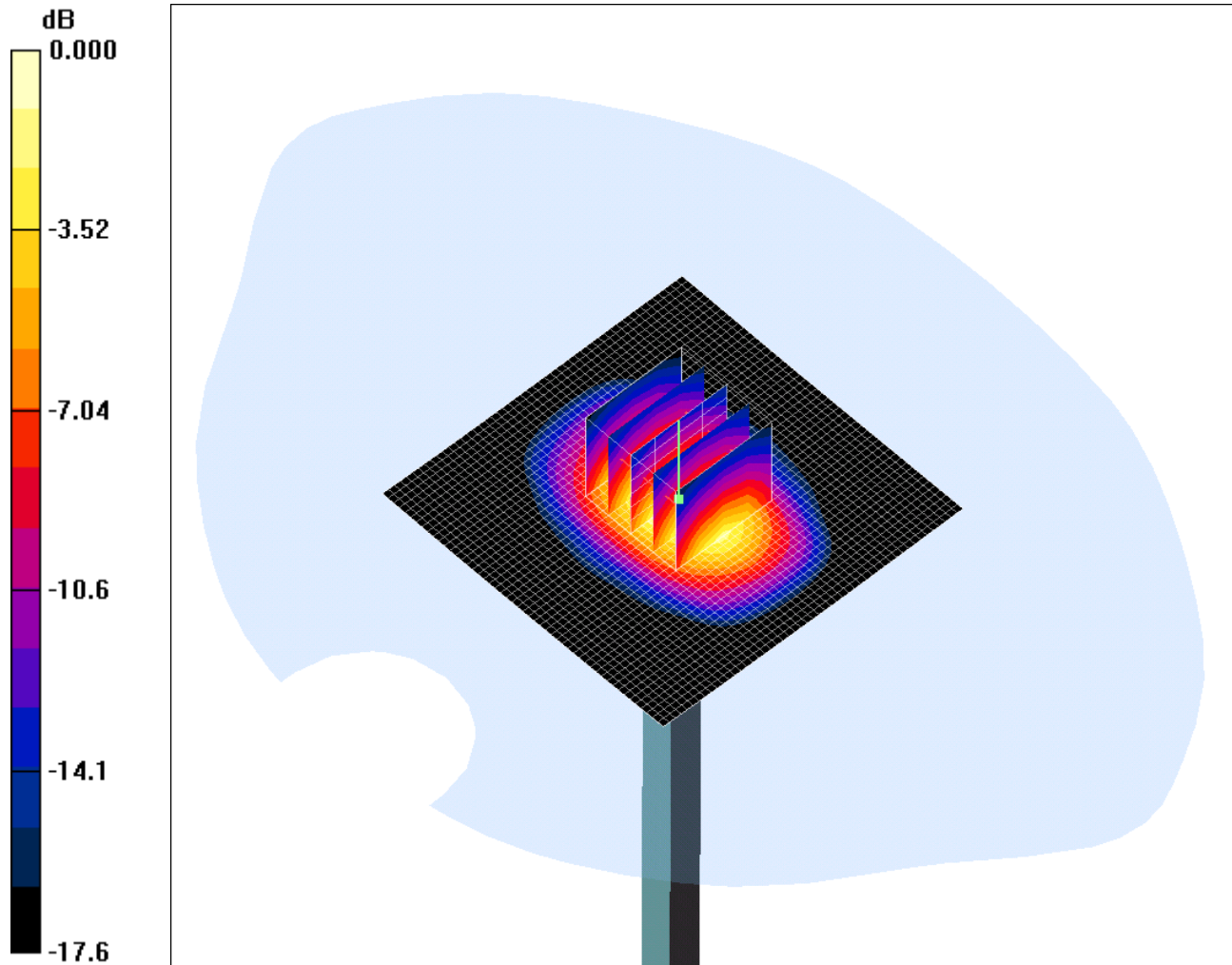
Test of: BlueTag V5

To: OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01)

SCN/75379JD07/009: System Performance Check 1900MHz Body 07 08 09

Date 07/08/2009

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: SN540



0 dB = 11.8mW/g

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 MHz MSL Medium parameters used:  $f = 1900$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.58$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.2$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3508; ConvF(8.23, 8.23, 8.23); Calibrated: 26/06/2009

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn450; Calibrated: 30/04/2009

- Phantom: SAM 12a; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1193

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

**d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (51x51x1):** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 15.1 mW/g

**d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 85.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.100 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19.3 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 10.5 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.44 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.8 mW/g

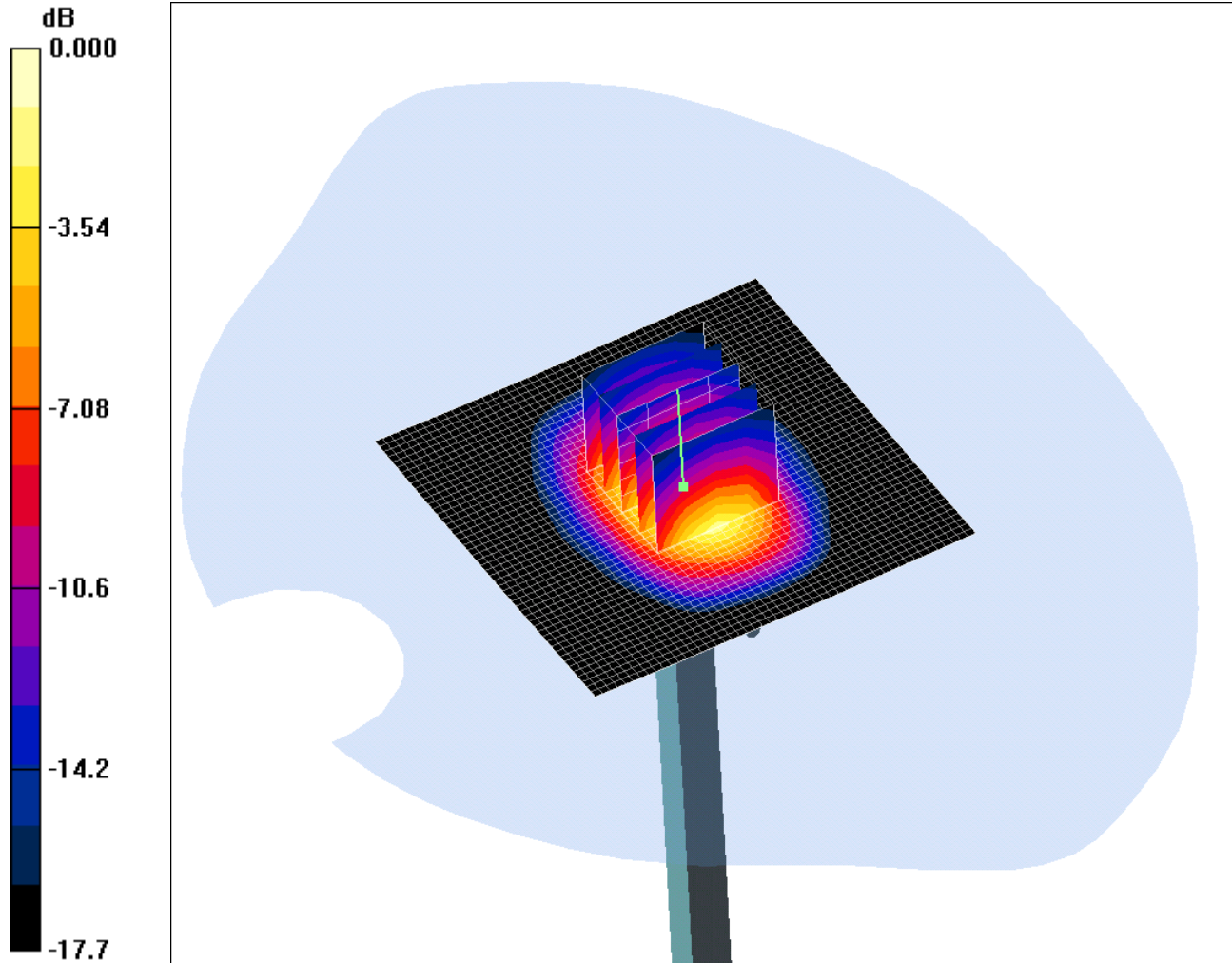
Test of: BlueTag V5

To: OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01)

SCN/75379JD07/010: System Performance Check 1900MHz Body 10 08 09

Date 10/08/2009

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: SN540



0 dB = 12.0mW/g

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 MHz MSL Medium parameters used:  $f = 1900$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.58$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 55.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3508; ConvF(8.23, 8.23, 8.23); Calibrated: 26/06/2009

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn450; Calibrated: 30/04/2009

- Phantom: SAM 12a; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1193

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

**d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (51x51x1):** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 15.7 mW/g

**d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 87.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.016 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19.6 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 10.7 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.57 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.0 mW/g

Test of: BlueTag V5

To: OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01)

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## **Appendix 4. Photographs**

This appendix contains the following photographs:

<b>Photo Reference Number</b>	<b>Title</b>
PHT/75379JD07/001	Test configuration for the measurement of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)
PHT/75379JD07/002	Top of EUT facing Phantom
PHT/75379JD07/003	Rear of EUT Facing Phantom with Handles Removed
PHT/75379JD07/004	Top of EUT
PHT/75379JD07/005	Rear of EUT
PHT/75379JD07/006	Rear of EUT with Handles Removed
PHT/75379JD07/007	EUT Charger
PHT/75379JD07/008	Internal View of EUT
PHT/75379JD07/009	900 MHz Fluid Level
PHT/75379JD07/010	1900 MHz Fluid Level

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Test of: BlueTag V5

To: OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01)

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PHT/75379JD07/001: Test configuration for the measurement of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)





Test of: BlueTag V5

To: OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01)

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PHT/75379JD07/002: Top of EUT facing Phantom



Test of: BlueTag V5

To: OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01)

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PHT/75379JD07/003: Rear of EUT Facing Phantom with Handles Removed



Test of: BlueTag V5

To: OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01)

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PHT/75379JD07/004: Top of EUT





Test of: BlueTag V5

To: OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01)

PHT/75379JD07/005: Rear of EUT



Test of: BlueTag V5

To: OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01)

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PHT/75379JD07/006: Rear of EUT with Handles Removed



Test of: BlueTag V5

To: OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01)

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PHT/75379JD07/007: EUT Charger





Test of: BlueTag V5

To: OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01)

PHT/75379JD07/008: Internal View of EUT

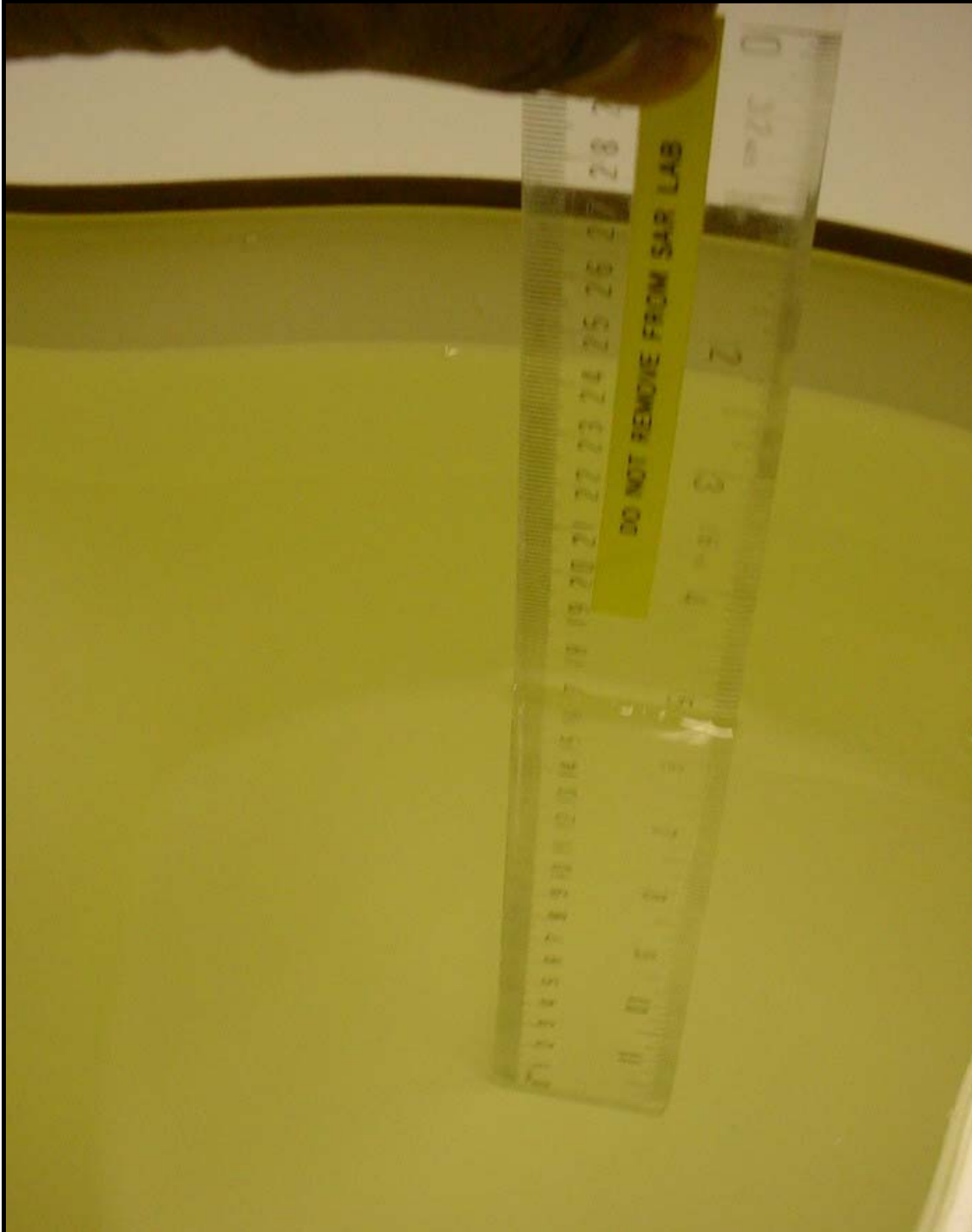


Test of: BlueTag V5

To: OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01)

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PHT/75379JD07/009: 900 MHz Fluid Level



Test of: BlueTag V5

To: OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01)

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**PHT/75379JD07/010: 1900 MHz Fluid Level**



Test of: BlueTag V5

To: OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01)

**Appendix 5. Validation of System**

Prior to the assessment, the system was verified in the flat region of the phantom. A 900 MHz and 1900 MHz dipole were used. A forward power of 250 mW was applied to the dipole and the system was verified to a tolerance of  $\pm 5\%$  for the 900 MHz and 1900 MHz dipole. The applicable verification (normalised to 1 Watt).

**Date: 07/08/2009****Validation Dipole and Serial Number: D900V2 SN:124**

Simulant	Frequency (MHz)	Room Temperature	Liquid Temperature	Parameters	Target Value	Measured Value	Deviation (%)	Limit (%)
Body	900	23.0 °C	22.8 °C	$\epsilon_r$	55.00	52.76	-4.07	5.00
				$\sigma$	1.05	1.02	-3.17	5.00
				1g SAR	10.50	10.76	2.48	5.00
				10g SAR	6.89	6.96	1.02	5.00

**Date:10/08/2009****Validation Dipole and Serial Number:D900V2 SN:124**

Simulant	Frequency (MHz)	Room Temperature	Liquid Temperature	Parameters	Target Value	Measured Value	Deviation (%)	Limit (%)
Body	900	24.0 °C	23.8 °C	$\epsilon_r$	55.00	52.30	-4.91	5.00
				$\sigma$	1.05	1.01	-3.36	5.00
				1g SAR	10.50	10.84	3.24	5.00
				10g SAR	6.89	7.04	2.18	5.00

Test of: BlueTag V5

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**Date: 07/08/2009****Validation Dipole and Serial Number: D1900V2:SN:540**

Simulant	Frequency (MHz)	Room Temperature	Liquid Temperature	Parameters	Target Value	Measured Value	Deviation (%)	Limit (%)
Body	1900	25.0 °C	25.0 °C	$\epsilon_r$	53.30	53.25	-0.10	5.00
				$\sigma$	1.52	1.58	3.97	5.00
				1g SAR	40.90	42.00	2.69	5.00
				10g SAR	21.50	21.76	1.21	5.00

**Date: 10/08/2009****Validation Dipole and Serial Number: D1900V2:SN:540**

Simulant	Frequency (MHz)	Room Temperature	Liquid Temperature	Parameters	Target Value	Measured Value	Deviation (%)	Limit (%)
Body	1900	25.0 °C	25.0 °C	$\epsilon_r$	53.30	55.91	4.90	5.00
				$\sigma$	1.52	1.58	4.01	5.00
				1g SAR	40.90	42.80	4.65	5.00
				10g SAR	21.50	22.28	3.63	5.00



Test of: BlueTag V5

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## **Appendix 6. Simulated Tissues**

The body mixture consists of water and glycol. Visual inspection is made to ensure air bubbles are not trapped during the mixing process. The mixture is calibrated to obtain proper dielectric constant (permittivity) and conductivity of the tissue.

Ingredient	Frequency
	1800/1900 MHz Body
De-Ionised Water	69.79%
Diglycol Butyl Ether (DGBE)	30.00%
Salt	0.20%

Ingredient	Frequency
	835/850/900 MHz Body
De-Ionised Water	50.75%
Sugar	48.21%
Salt	0.94%
Kathon	0.10%

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## **Appendix 7. DASY4 System Details**

### **A.7.1. DASY4 SAR Measurement System**

RFI Global Services Ltd, SAR measurement facility utilises the Dosimetric Assessment System (DASY™) manufactured by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG™) of Zurich, Switzerland. The DASY4 system is comprised of the robot controller, computer, near-field probe, probe alignment sensor, and the SAM phantom containing brain or muscle equivalent material. The robot is a six-axis industrial robot performing precise movements to position the probe to the location (points) of maximum electromagnetic field (EMF). A cell controller system contains the power supply, robot controller; teach pendant (Joystick), and remote control. This is used to drive the robot motors. The Staubli robot is connected to the cell controller to allow software manipulation of the robot. The data acquisition electronics (DAE) performs signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection etc. The DAE is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (EOC). The EOC performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC plug-in card. The DAE3 utilises a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16-bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the PC-card is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information and an optical uplink for commands and clock lines. The mechanical probe-mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sidewise probe contacts. They are also used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The robot uses its own controller with a built in VME-bus computer.

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Test of: BlueTag V5

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**A.7.2. DASY4 SAR System Specifications****Robot System**

<b>Positioner:</b>	Stäubli Unimation Corp. Robot Model: RX90L
<b>Repeatability:</b>	0.025 mm
<b>No. of Axis:</b>	6
<b>Serial Number:</b>	F00/SD89A1/A/01
<b>Reach:</b>	1185 mm
<b>Payload:</b>	3.5 kg
<b>Control Unit:</b>	CS7
<b>Programming Language:</b>	V+

**Data Acquisition Electronic (DAE) System**

<b>Serial Number:</b>	DAE3 SN:450
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**PC Controller**

<b>PC:</b>	Dell Precision 340
<b>Operating System:</b>	Windows 2000
<b>Data Card:</b>	DASY4 Measurement Server
<b>Serial Number:</b>	1080

**Data Converter**

<b>Features:</b>	Signal Amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converted and control logic.
<b>Software:</b>	DASY4 Software
<b>Connecting Lines:</b>	Optical downlink for data and status info. Optical uplink for commands and clock.

**PC Interface Card**

<b>Function:</b>	24 bit (64 MHz) DSP for real time processing Link to DAE3 16 nit A/D converter for surface detection system serial link to robot direct emergency stop output for robot.
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**DASY4 SAR System Specifications (Continued)****E-Field Probe**

Model:	EX3DV3
Serial No:	3508
Construction:	Triangular core
Frequency:	10 MHz to >6 GHz
Linearity:	±0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Probe Length (mm):	330
Probe Diameter (mm):	12
Tip Length (mm):	20
Tip Diameter (mm):	2.5
Sensor X Offset (mm):	1
Sensor Y Offset (mm):	1
Sensor Z Offset (mm):	1

**Phantom**

Phantom:	SAM Phantom
Shell Material:	Fibreglass
Thickness:	2.0 ±0.1 mm

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