

FCC SAR Test Report

Product Name : Mobile Medical Assistant Tablet

Model No. : MP3

Applicant : ONYX Healthcare Inc.

Address : 2F,No.135,lane235,Pao Chiao Rd.Hsin-Tien Dist,New

Taipei City, Taiwan, ROC.

Date of Receipt : 2017/05/31

Issued Date : 2017/07/12

Report No. : 1760064R-SAUSP05V00

Report Version : V1.0



The test results relate only to the samples tested.

The test results shown in the test report are traceable to the national/international standard through the calibration of the equipment and evaluated measurement uncertainty herein.

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Taipei City, Taiwan, ROC.

Manufacturer : ONYX Healthcare Inc.

Model No. : MP3
Trade Name : medDV
FCC ID : RZ5-MP3

Applicable Standard : 47CFR § 2.1093

KDB 447498 D01 v06

Measurement : KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 procedures KDB 616217 D04 V01r02 KDB 865664 D04 V01r04

KDB 865664 D01 V01r04

Test Result : Max. SAR Measurement (1g)

2.4GHz: **0.145** W/kg 5 GHz: **1.16** W/kg

Application Type : Certification

The above equipment has been tested by DEKRA, and found compliance with the requirement of the above standards. The test record, data evaluation & Equipment Under Test (EUT) configurations represented herein are true and accurate accounts of the measurements of the sample's SAR characteristics under the conditions specified in this report.

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1. General Information

1.1 EUT Description

Product Name	Mobile Medical	Assistant Tablet								
Trade Name	medDV									
Model No.	MP3	MP3								
FCC ID	RZ5-MP3	RZ5-MP3								
TX Frequency	802.11b/g/n-20	802.11b/g/n-20MHz:2412MHz~2462MHz,802.11n-40MHz: 2422MHz~2452MHz								
	802.11a/n-20:5	802.11a/n-20:5180-5320MHz,5500-5720MHz, 5745-5825MHz								
	802.11n-40/MH	302.11n-40/MHz: 5190-5310MHz, 5510-5670MHz, 5755-5795MHz								
Channel separation	802.11b/g/n-20	MHz: 5 MHz, 802	.11a/n-20: 20M	1Hz, 802.11n-40	: 40MHz,					
Number of Channels	802.11b/g/n-20	MHz: 11, n-40MH	z: 7							
	802.11a/n-20M	Hz: 24; 802.11n-4	0MHz: 11							
Data Rate	802.11b: 1-11M	lbps, 802.11a/g: 6	5-54Mbps, 802.	11n: up to 300M	1bps					
Type of Modulation	802.11b:DSSS	, DBPSK, DQPSK	C, CCK							
	802.11a/g/n: O	FDM, BPSK, QPS	K, 16QAM, 64	QAM						
Antenna Type	PIFA									
Device Category	Portable									
RF Exposure Environment	Uncontrolled									
Summary of test result –Reporte	ed 1g SAR (W/K	(g)								
Test configuration	DTS(Main)	DTS(Aux)	U-NII(Main)	U-NII(Aux)	DTS(BT)					
Body-Standalone	0.145	0.088	1.160	0.592	0.170					
Dady Cimultanacus	DTS (M	ain + Aux)	U-NII (M	DTS(U-NII+BT)						
Body-Simultaneous	0.	233	1.752 (SPLSR=0.009) 1.330							
When BT and WIFI transmitter does	simultaneously t	ransmitter, WIFI wil	I transmit on Mai	in and BT will tran	smit on Aux					

Note: Per FCC KDB 447498 D01.The output power of BT is less than 6mW, so SAR not required.

1.2 Antenna List

No.	Manufacturer	Part No.	Antenna Type	Peak Gain
1	ARISTOTLE	RFA-25-AP152-70B340R (Main)	PIFA Antenna	3.93dBi for 2.4 GHz
	ENTERPRISES	RFA-25-AP152-70-285L (Aux)		7.19dBi For 5.15~5.25GHz
	INC.			7.30dBi For 5.25~5.35GHz
				7.44dBi For 5.47~5.725GHz
				7.57dBi For 5.725~5.850GHz



1.3 SAR Test Exclusion Calculation

According to KDB Publication 447498 D01, section 4.3.1, per the calculations of item 1 (Power(mW)/separation (mm)*sqrt(f(GHz)≤3.0), SAR is required as shown in the table below where calculated values are greater than 3.0 :

SAR exclusion calculations for WiFi-SISO and Bluetooth for antenna < 50mm from the user :

Antenna Tx Frequency		Output I	Power	Separation distances (mm)					Calculated Threshold Value (≦3.0 SAR is not required)					
	(MHz)	(MHZ)	dBm	mW	Back	Right	Left	Тор	Bottom	Back	Right	Left	Тор	Bottom
Main	WiFi	2462	17	50	30	10	290	130	60	2.6	7.9	>50mm	>50mm	>50mm
Main	WiFi	5240	17	50	30	10	290	130	60	3.8	11.5	>50mm	>50mm	>50mm
Main	WiFi	5320	17	50	30	10	290	130	60	3.9	11.6	>50mm	>50mm	>50mm
Main	WiFi	5700	17	50	30	10	290	130	60	4.0	12.0	>50mm	>50mm	>50mm
Main	WiFi	5825	17	50	30	10	290	130	60	4.0	12.1	>50mm	>50mm	>50mm

SAR exclusion calculations for WiFi-SISO and Bluetooth for antenna > 50mm from the user :

		Frequency	Output P	ower		Separat	ion dist	ances (m	m)	Calculated Threshold Value				
Antenna	Tx	(NALI=)								(5	SAR test	exclusion	power,m	W)
		(MHz)	dBm	mW	Back	Right	Left	Тор	Bottom	Back	Right	Left	Тор	Bottom
Main	WiFi	2462	17	50	30	10	290	130	60	<50mm	<50mm	2495.6	895.6	195.6
Main	WiFi	5240	17	50	30	10	290	130	60	<50mm	<50mm	2465.5	865.5	165.5
Main	WiFi	5320	17	50	30	10	290	130	60	<50mm	<50mm	2465.0	865.0	165.0
Main	WiFi	5700	17	50	30	10	290	130	60	<50mm	<50mm	2462.8	862.8	162.8
Main	WiFi	5825	17	50	30	10	290	130	60	<50mm	<50mm	2462.2	862.2	162.2



SAR exclusion calculations for WiFi-SISO and Bluetooth for antenna < 50mm from the user:

Antenna	Тх	Frequency	Output F	Power	Separation distances (mm)					Calculated Threshold Value (≦3.0 SAR is not required)				
		(MHz)	dBm	mW	Back	Right	Left	Тор	Bottom	Back	Right	Left	Тор	Bottom
Aux	WiFi	2462	17	50	30	290	10	90	110	2.6	>50mm	7.9	>50mm	>50mm
Aux	WiFi	5240	17	50	30	290	10	90	110	3.8	>50mm	11.5	>50mm	>50mm
Aux	WiFi	5320	17	50	30	290	10	90	110	3.9	>50mm	11.6	>50mm	>50mm
Aux	WiFi	5700	17	50	30	290	10	90	110	4.0	>50mm	12.0	>50mm	>50mm
Aux	WiFi	5825	17	50	30	290	10	90	110	4.0	>50mm	12.1	>50mm	>50mm
Aux	ВТ	2480	6	4	30	290	10	90	110	0.2	>50mm	0.6	>50mm	>50mm

SAR exclusion calculations for WiFi-SISO and Bluetooth for antenna > 50mm from the user:

Antenna	Тх	Frequency	Output P	ower		Separation distances (mm)					Calculated Threshold Value (SAR test exclusion power,mW)				
		(MHz)	dBm	mW	Back	Right	Left	Тор	Bottom	Back	Right	Left	Тор	Bottom	
Aux	WiFi	2462	17	50	30	290	10	90	110	<50mm	2495.6	<50mm	495.6	695.6	
Aux	WiFi	5240	17	50	30	290	10	90	110	<50mm	2465.5	<50mm	465.5	665.5	
Aux	WiFi	5320	17	50	30	290	10	90	110	<50mm	2465.0	<50mm	465.0	665.0	
Aux	WiFi	5700	17	50	30	290	10	90	110	<50mm	2462.8	<50mm	462.8	662.8	
Aux	WiFi	5825	17	50	30	290	10	90	110	<50mm	2462.2	<50mm	462.2	662.2	
Aux	ВТ	2480	6	4	30	290	10	90	110	<50mm	2495.3	<50mm	495.3	695.3	



1.4 Test Environment

Ambient conditions in the laboratory:

Test Date: Jun. 21, 2017

Items	Required	Actual
Temperature (°C)	18-25	21.9± 2
Humidity (%RH)	30-70	51

Test Date: Jun. 22, 2017

Items	Required	Actual
Temperature (°C)	18-25	21.9± 2
Humidity (%RH)	30-70	49

Site Description:

Accredited by TAF

Accredited Number: 3023

Effective through: December 12, 2017

Site Name: DEKRA Testing and Certification Co., Ltd

Site Address: No.5-22, Ruishukeng, Linkou Dist., New Taipei City 24451,

Taiwan, R.O.C.

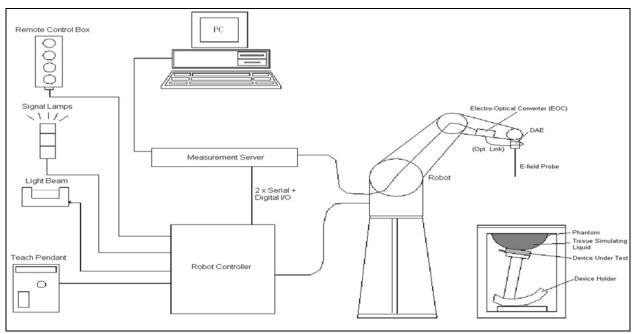
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2. SAR Measurement System

2.1 DASY5 System Description



The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.



2.1.1 Applications

Predefined procedures and evaluations for automated compliance testing with all worldwide standards, e.g., IEEE 1528, OET 65, IEC 62209-1, IEC 62209-2, EN 50360, EN 50383 and others.

2.1.2 Area Scans

Area scans are defined prior to the measurement process being executed with a user defined variable spacing between each measurement point (integral) allowing low uncertainty measurements to be conducted. Scans defined for FCC applications utilize a 10mm² step integral, with 1mm interpolation used to locate the peak SAR area used for zoom scan assessments.

When an Area Scan has measured all reachable points, it computes the field maxima found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE 1528-2013, EN 50361 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan).

2.1.3 Zoom Scan (Cube Scan Averaging)

Zoom Scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. A density of 1000 kg/m³ is used to represent the head and body tissue density and not the phantom liquid density, in order to be consistent with the definition of the liquid dielectric properties, i.e. the side length of the 1 g cube is 10mm, with the side length of the 10 g cube 21,5mm.

The zoom scan integer steps can be user defined so as to reduce uncertainty, but normal practice for typical test applications (including FCC) utilize a physical step of 5x5x7 (8mmx8mmx5mm) providing a volume of 32mm in the X & Y axis, and 30mm in the Z axis.

2.1.4 Uncertainty of Inter-/Extrapolation and Averaging

In order to evaluate the uncertainty of the interpolation, extrapolation and averaged SAR calculation algorithms of the Postprocessor, DASY5 allows the generation of measurement grids which are artificially predefined by analytically based test functions. Therefore, the grids of area scans and zoom scans can be filled with uncertainty test data, according to the SAR benchmark functions of IEEE 1528. The three analytical functions shown in equations as below are used to describe the possible range of the expected SAR distributions for the tested handsets. The field gradients are covered by the spatially flat



distribution f1, the spatially steep distribution f3 and f2 accounts for H-field cancellation on the phantom/tissue surface.

$$f_1(x,y,z) = Ae^{-\frac{z}{2a}}\cos^2\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\frac{\sqrt{x'^2 + y'^2}}{5a}\right)$$

$$f_2(x,y,z) = Ae^{-\frac{z}{a}}\frac{a^2}{a^2 + x'^2}\left(3 - e^{-\frac{2z}{a}}\right)\cos^2\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\frac{y'}{3a}\right)$$

$$f_3(x,y,z) = A\frac{a^2}{\frac{a^2}{4} + x'^2 + y'^2}\left(e^{-\frac{2z}{a}} + \frac{a^2}{2(a+2z)^2}\right)$$

2.2 DASY5 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe manufactured by SPEAG. The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency.

SPEAG conducts the probe calibration in compliance with international and national standards (e.g. IEEE 1528, EN 62209-1, IEC 62209, etc.) under ISO 17025. The calibration data are in Appendix D.

2.2.1 Isotropic E-Field Probe Specification

Model	Ex3DV4
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against stati charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g DGBE)
Frequency	10 MHz to 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g to 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μW/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenarious, very strong gradient fields). Only probe which enable compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of bette 30%.



2.3 Boundary Detection Unit and Probe Mounting Device

The DASY probes use a precise connector and an additional holder for the probe, consisting of a plastic tube and a flexible silicon ring to center the probe. The connector at the DAE is flexibly mounted and held in the default position with magnets and springs. Two switching systems in the connector mount detect frontal and lateral probe collisions and trigger the necessary software response.

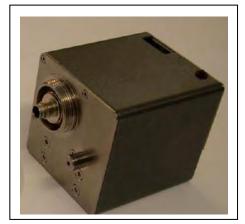


2.4 DATA Acquisition Electronics (DAE) and Measurement Server

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit.

Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock. The input impedance of the DAE4 is 200M Ohm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is

above 80dB.



The DASY5 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with a 400MHz intel ULV Celeron, 128MB chipdisk and 128MB RAM. The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE electronics box, as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY5 I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.





2.5 Robot

The DASY5 system uses the high precision robots TX90 XL type out of the newer series from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller DASY5 system, the CS8C robot controller version from Stäubli is used.

The XL robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- ➤ High precision (repeatability 0.02 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)
- ➢ 6-axis controller



2.6 Light Beam Unit

The light beam switch allows automatic "tooling" of the probe. During the process, the actual position of the probe tip with respect to the robot arm is measured, as well as the probe length and the horizontal probe offset. The software then corrects all movements, such that the robot coordinates are valid for the probe tip.

The repeatability of this process is better than 0.1 mm. If a position has been taught with an aligned probe, the same position will be reached with another aligned probe within 0.1 mm, even if the other probe has different dimensions. During probe rotations, the probe tip will keep its actual position.





2.7 Device Holder

The DASY5 device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation center for both scales is the ear reference point (EPR).

Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.

The DASY5 device holder has been made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity $\epsilon r = 3$ and loss tangent $\delta = 0.02$. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.



2.8 SAM Twin Phantom

The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region where shell thickness increases to 6mm). It has three measurement areas:

- Left head
- Right head
- Flat phantom



The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.



3. Tissue Simulating Liquid

3.1 The composition of the tissue simulating liquid

INGREDIENT	2450MHz	5200MHz	5800MHz
(% Weight)	Body	Body	Body
Water	73.2	76	75.68
Salt	0.04	0.00	0.00
Sugar	0.00	0.00	0.00
HEC	0.00	0.00	0.00
Preventol	0.00	0.00	0.00
DGBE	26.76	4.44	4.42
Triton X-100	0.00	19.56	19.47

3.2 Tissue Calibration Result

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using APREL Dielectric Probe Kit and Agilent E5071C Vector Network Analyzer.

Body Tissue Simulate Measurement					
Frequency Description		Dielectric Parameters		Tissue Temp.	
[MHz]	Description	٤ _٢	σ [s/m]	[°C]	
	Reference result	52.7	1.95	N/A	
2450 MHz	± 5% window	50.065 to 55.335	1.8525 to 2.0475	14/73	
	21-Jun-17	52.74	1.97	20.9	
2412 MHz	Channel 01	52.96	1.94	20.9	
2437 MHz	Channel 06	52.81	1.96	20.9	
2462 MHz	Channel 11	52.57	1.99	20.9	

Body Tissue Simulate Measurement					
Frequency	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Tissue Temp.	
[MHz]	Description	εr	σ [s/m]	[°C]	
	Reference result	49	5.3	N/A	
5200MHz	± 5% window	46.55 to 51.45	5.03 to 5.56	14/7 (
	22-Jun-17	49.07	5.31	20.9	
5220 MHz	Channel 44	49.02	5.32	20.9	
5240 MHz	Channel 48	48.96	5.36	20.9	

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Body Tissue Simulate Measurement					
Frequency	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Tissue Temp.	
[MHz]	Description	εr	σ [s/m]	[°C]	
	Reference result	48.9	5.42	N/A	
5300MHz	± 5% window	46.45 to 51.34	5.15 to 5.69	IN/A	
	22-Jun-17	48.89	5.35	20.9	
5280 MHz	Channel 56	48.94	5.33	20.9	

Body Tissue	Body Tissue Simulate Measurement				
Frequency		Dielectric Parameters		Tissue	
[MHz]	Description	εr	σ [s/m]	Temp. [°C]	
5600MHz	Reference result ± 5% window	48.5 46.07 to 50.92	5.77 5.48 to 6.06	N/A	
	22-Jun-17	48.09	5.82	20.9	
5560 MHz	Channel 112	48.22	5.74	20.9	
5640 MHz	Channel 128	47.97	5.91	20.9	

Body Tissue	Body Tissue Simulate Measurement				
Frequency		Dielectric Parameters		Tissue	
[MHz]	Description	εr	σ [s/m]	Temp. [°C]	
5800MHz	Reference result ± 5% window	48.2 45.79 to 50.61	6 5.7 to 6.3	N/A	
	22-Jun-17	47.44	6.19	20.9	
5745 MHz	Channel 149	47.58	6.11	20.9	
5825 MHz	Channel 165	47.39	6.23	20.9	



3.3 Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described in Reference [12] and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528.

Target Frequency	He	ad	Во	dy
(MHz)	٤ _r	σ (S/m)	ε _r	σ (S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800 – 2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

 $(\varepsilon_r = relative permittivity, \sigma = conductivity and \rho = 1000 kg/m^3)$

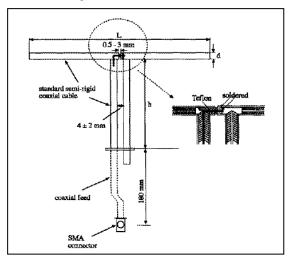
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4. SAR Measurement Procedure

4.1 SAR System Check

4.1.1 Dipoles



The dipoles used is based on the IEEE-1528 standard, and is complied with mechanical and electrical specifications in line with the requirements of both IEEE and FCC Supplement C. the table below provides details for the mechanical and electrical specifications for the dipoles.

Frequency	L (mm)	h (mm)	d (mm)
2450MHz	53.5	30.4	3.6
5200M~5800MHz	20.6	45.4	3.6

4.1.2 System Check Result

System Performance Check at 2450MHz Dipole Kit: D2450V2				
Frequency [MHz] Description SAR [w/kg] SAR [w/kg] Tissue Temp. 10g [°C]				
2450 MHz	Reference result ± 10% window	50.6 45.54 to 55.66	23.9 21.51 to 26.29	N/A
	21-Jun-17	52.4	24.32	20.9

Note: (1) The power level is used 250mW

- (2) All SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power.
- (3) The reference result is from Appendix E.



System Performance Check at 5200MHz Dipole Kit: D5GHzV2					
Frequency [MHz] Description SAR [w/kg] SAR [w/kg] Tissue Temp. 10g [°C]					
5200 MHz	Reference result ± 10% window	74.7 67.23 to 82.17	21.0 18.90 to 23.10	N/A	
22-Jun-17 72 20.6 20.9					
Note: (1) T	he power level is u	sed 100mW		•	

- (2) All SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power.
- (3) The reference result is from Appendix E.

(3) The reference result is from Appendix E.

System Performance Check at 5300MHz Dipole Kit: D5GHzV2				
Frequency [MHz]	Description	SAR [w/kg] 1g	SAR [w/kg] 10g	Tissue Temp. [°C]
5300 MHz	Reference result ± 10% window	77.7 69.93 to 85.47	21.9 19.71 to 24.09	N/A
	22-Jun-17	79.1	21.1	20.9
Note: (1) The power level is used 100mW (2) All SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power. (3) The reference result is from Appendix E.				

System Performance Check at 5600MHz Dipole Kit: D5GHzV2				
Frequency [MHz]	Description	SAR [w/kg] 1g	SAR [w/kg] 10g	Tissue Temp. [°C]
5600 MHz	Reference result ± 10% window	80.9 72.81 to 88.99	22.6 20.34 to 24.86	N/A
	22-Jun-17	85.1	21.3	20.9
Note: (1) The power level is used 100mW (2) All SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power.				



System Performance Check at 5800MHz Dipole Kit: D5GHzV2						
Frequency [MHz]	. I Description Tellib.					
5800 MHz	Reference result ± 10% window	78.3 70.47 to 86.13	21.7 19.53 to 23.87	N/A		
22-Jun-17 78.4 22.4 20.9						
Note: (1) T	Note: (1) The power level is used 100mW					

(2) All SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power.

(3) The reference result is from Appendix E.

4.2 SAR Measurement Procedure

The Dasy5 calculates SAR using the following equation,

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

σ: represents the simulated tissue conductivity

p: represents the tissue density

The EUT is set to transmit at the required power in line with product specification, at each frequency relating to the LOW, MID, and HIGH channel settings.

Pre-scans are made on the device to establish the location for the transmitting antenna, using a large area scan in either air or tissue simulation fluid.

The EUT is placed against the Universal Phantom where the maximum area scan dimensions are larger than the physical size of the resonating antenna. When the scan size is not large enough to cover the peak SAR distribution, it is modified by either extending the area scan size in both the X and Y directions, or the device is shifted within the predefined area.

The area scan is then run to establish the peak SAR location (interpolated resolution set at 1mm²) which is then used to orient the center of the zoom scan. The zoom scan is then executed and the 1g and 10g averages are derived from the zoom scan volume (interpolated resolution set at 1mm³).



5. SAR Exposure Limits

SAR assessments have been made in line with the requirements of IEEE-1528, FCC Supplement C, and comply with ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 "Uncontrolled Environments" limits. These limits apply to a location which is deemed as "Uncontrolled Environment" which can be described as a situation where the general public may be exposed to an RF source with no prior knowledge or control over their exposure.

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Type Exposure	Uncontrolled Environment Limit
Spatial Peak SAR (1g cube tissue for brain or body)	1.60 W/kg
Spatial Average SAR (whole body)	0.08 W/kg
Spatial Peak SAR (10g for hands, feet, ankles and wrist)	4.00 W/kg



6. Test Equipment List

Instrument	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Last	Next
				Calibration	Calibration
Stäubli Robot TX60L	Stäubli	TX60L	F09/5BL1A1/A06	2009/05/18	only once
Controller	Speag	CS8c	N/A	2009/05/18	only once
Reference Dipole 2450MHz	Speag	D2450V2	930	2016/11/15	2018/11/14
Reference Dipole 5GHz	Speag	D5GHzV2	1041	2017/05/26	2019/05/25
SAM Twin Phantom	Speag	QD000 P40 CA	Tp 1515	N/A	N/A
Device Holder	Speag	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Data Acquisition Electronic	Speag	DAE4	1425	2016/11/18	2017/11/17
E-Field Probe	Speag	EX3DV4	3979	2016/11/25	2017/11/24
SAR Software	Speag	DASY52	V52.8 (8)	N/A	N/A
Aprel Dipole Spaccer	Aprel	ALS-DS-U	QTK-295	N/A	N/A
Power Amplifier	Mini-Circuit	ZHL-42	D051404-20	N/A	N/A
Directional Coupler	Agilent	778D-012	50550	N/A	N/A
Vector Network	Agilent	E5071C	MY46106342	2016/08/10	2017/08/08
Signal Generator	Anritsu	MG3694A	041902	2016/08/09	2017/08/07
Power Meter	Anritsu	ML2487A	6K00001447	2016/09/29	2017/09/27
Wide Bandwidth Sensor	Anritsu	MA2411B	1339194	2016/09/29	2017/09/27

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7. Measurement Uncertainty

DASY5 U Measu	ncertaint rement u							
Error Description	Uncert.	Prob.	Div.	(Ci)	(Ci)	Std. Unc.	Std. Unc.	(Vi)
	value	Dist.		1g	10g	(1g)	(10g)	Veff
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration	±6%	N	1	1	1	±6.0%	±6.0%	8
Axial Isotropy	±4.7%	R	√3	0.7	0.7	±1.9%	±1.9%	8
Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.6%	R	√3	0.7	0.7	±3.9%	±3.9%	∞
Boundary Effects	±1.0%	R	√3	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Linearity	±4.7%	R	√3	1	1	±2.7%	±2.7%	∞
System Detection Limits	±1.0%	R	√3	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Modulation Response	±2.4%	R	√3	1	1	±1.4%	±1.4%	∞
Readout Electronics	±0.3%	N	1	1	1	±0.3%	±0.3%	∞
Response Time	±0.8%	R	√3	1	1	±0.5%	±0.5%	∞
Integration Time	±2.6%	R	√3	1	1	±1.5%	±1.5%	∞
RF Ambient Noise	±3.0%	R	√3	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	±3.0%	R	√3	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
Probe Positioner	±0.4%	R	√3	1	1	±0.2%	±0.2%	∞
Probe Positioning	±2.9%	R	√3	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
Max. SAR Eval.	±4.0%	R	√3	1	1	±1.2%	±1.2%	∞
Test Sample Related		- 1		1	•	•	1	•
Device Positioning	±2.9%	N	1	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	145
Device Holder	±3.6%	N	1	1	1	±3.6%	±3.6%	5
Power Drift	±5.0%	R	√3	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	∞
Power Scaling	±0%	R	√3	1	1	±0.0%	±0.0%	
Phantom and Setup			•					
Phantom Uncertainty	±6.1%	R	√3	1	1	±3.5%	±3.5%	∞
SAR correction	±1.9%	R	√3	1	0.84	±1.1%	±0.9%	∞
Liquid Conductivity (meas.)	±2.5%	R	√3	0.78	0.71	±1.1%	±1.0%	∞
Liquid Permittivity (meas.)	±2.5%	R	√3	0.26	0.26	±0.3%	±0.4%	∞
Temp. unc Conductivity	±3.4%	R	√3	0.78	0.71	±1.5%	±1.4%	∞
Temp. unc Permittivity	±0.4%	R	√3	0.23	0.26	±0.1%	±0.1%	∞
Combined Std. Uncertainty						±11.2%	±11.1%	361
Expanded STD Uncertainty						±22.3%	±22.2%	

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DASY5 U	ncertaint urement i						3)	
Error Description	Uncert.	Prob.	Div.	(Ci)	(Ci)	Std. Unc.	Std. Unc.	(Vi)
	value	Dist.		1g	10g	(1g)	(10g)	Veff
Measurement System						-1		L
Probe Calibration	±6.55%	N	1	1	1	±6.55%	±6.55%	∞
Axial Isotropy	±4.7%	R	√3	0.7	0.7	±1.9%	±1.9%	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.6%	R	√3	0.7	0.7	±3.9%	±3.9%	∞
Boundary Effects	±2.0%	R	√3	1	1	±1.2%	±1.2%	∞
Linearity	±4.7%	R	√3	1	1	±2.7%	±2.7%	∞
System Detection Limits	±1.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Modulation Response	±2.4%	R	√3	1	1	±1.4%	±1.4%	∞
Readout Electronics	±0.3%	N	1	1	1	±0.3%	±0.3%	∞
Response Time	±0.8%	R	√3	1	1	±0.5%	±0.5%	∞
Integration Time	±2.6%	R	√3	1	1	±1.5%	±1.5%	∞
RF Ambient Noise	±3.0%	R	√3	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	±3.0%	R	√3	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
Probe Positioner	±0.8%	R	√3	1	1	±0.5%	±0.5%	∞
Probe Positioning	±6.7%	R	√3	1	1	±3.9%	±3.9%	∞
Post-processing	±4.0%	R	√3	1	1	±2.3%	±2.3%	∞
Test Sample Related								•
Device Positioning	±2.9%	N	1	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	145
Device Holder	±3.6%	N	1	1	1	±3.6%	±3.6%	5
Power Drift	±5.0%	R	√3	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	8
Power Scaling	±0%	R	√3	1	1	±0.0%	±0.0%	
Phantom and Setup								
Phantom Uncertainty	±6.6%	R	√3	1	1	±3.8%	±3.8%	∞
SAR correction	±1.9%	R	√3	1	1	±1.1%	±0.9%	∞
Liquid Conductivity (meas.)	±2.5%	R	√3	1	0.84	±1.1%	±1.0%	∞
Liquid Permittivity (meas.)	±2.5%	R	√3	0.26	0.26	±0.3%	±0.4%	∞
Temp. unc Conductivity	±3.4%	R	√3	0.78	0.71	±1.5%	±1.4%	∞
Temp. unc Permittivity	±0.4%	R	√3	0.23	0.26	±0.1%	±0.1%	∞
Combined Std. Uncertainty						±12.3%	±12.2%	748
Expanded STD Uncertainty			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·	·	±24.6%	±24.5%	

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8. Conducted Power Measurement (Including tolerance allowed for production unit)

	SISO-Main(TX1)																
	N 4 I	D) 4 (15.2		/E 1 5	U-NI			U-NII-			U-NII-		(E70	U-NI	
+	Mode	BW		2.4G Max	Power	CH	0~5∠: Max	50MHz) Power	_	00~53: Max	Power	CH	0~572 Max	Power	CH	o~oo: Max	Power
pol R			1	17	16.77	<u></u>	TTTGE		<u> </u>	TTT-CLEAR		<u> </u>	· · · · · ·		<u> </u>	····cax	
enna	q	20	6	17	16.99												
ant			11	17	16.97												
at an			1	16.5	16.32												
wer 8	D	20	6	16.5	16.41												
t po			11	16.5	16.39												
utbn						36	16	15.87	52	17	16.85	100	14	13.72	132	17	16.79
0 Щ						40	17	16.57	56	17	16.56	112	17	16.84	149	17	16.81
xim	Ø	20				44	17	16.48	60	17	16.97	116	17	16.71	165	17	16.73
d ma						48	17	16.71	64	16.5	16.22	128	17	16.96			
cifie			1	16.5	16.31	36	16	15.57	52	16	15.97	100	16	15.59	132	16	15.19
sbe			6	16.5	16.38	40	16	15.63	56	16	15.11	112	16	15.49	149	16	15.24
ode		20	11	16.5	16.27	44	16	15.68	60	16	15.24	116	16	15.34	165	16	15.61
Μ	F					48	16	15.83	64	16	16.00	128	16	15.47			
DSSS/OFDM mode specified maximum output power at an antenna port	n(HT)		3	16	15.82	38	16	15.33	54	16	15.76	102	16	15.39	134	16	15.56
3SS/		4.0	6	16	15.85	46	16	15.71	62	16	15.63	110	16	15.44	142	16	15.48
ă		40	9	16	15.96							118	16	15.49	151	16	15.32
												126	16	15.53	159	16	16.00



	SISO-Aux(TX2)																
				15.2		/ - 4 -	U-NI			U-NII-			U-NII-		/570	U-NI	
با	Mode	BW		(2.4G	Hz) Power	(515 CH	0~52 Max	50MHz) Power	_	0~53: Max	Power	(547 CH	0~572 Max	Power	(572 CH	5~58: Max	Power
por			1	17	16.71	CIT	IVIAX	rowei	CIT	IVIAX	rowei	CIT	IVIAX	rowei	CIT	IVIAX	rower
nna	Ω	20	6	17	17.00												
ante		20															
an			11	17	16.76												
rat			1	16.5	16.22												
owe	б	20	6	16.5	16.45												
ut p			11	16.5	16.42												
outp						36	16	15.73	52	17	16.79	100	14	13.82	132	17	16.41
Шn	_	00				40	17	16.91	56	17	17.00	112	17	17.00	149	17	16.81
axim	В	20				44	17	16.97	60	17	16.32	116	17	16.69	165	17	16.89
ш́р						48	17	16.87	64	16.5	16.31	128	17	16.42			
cifie			1	16.5	16.20	36	16	16.00	52	16	16.00	100	16	15.72	132	16	15.75
sbe			6	16.5	16.43	40	16	16.00	56	16	15.61	112	16	15.63	149	16	16.00
pode		20	11	16.5	16.39	44	16	15.77	60	16	15.85	116	16	15.67	165	16	15.96
M	F					48	16	16.00	64	16	15.69	128	16	15.41			
OFE	n(HT)		3	16	15.47	38	16	16.00	54	16	15.63	102	16	15.34	134	16	16.00
DSSS/OFDM mode specified maximum output power at an antenna port			6	16	15.91	46	16	15.89	62	16	15.65	110	16	15.59	142	16	15.75
ă		40	9	16	15.56							118	16	15.68	151	16	15.89
												126	16	15.33	159	16	16.00



9. Test Results

9.1 SAR Test Results Summary

SAR MEASURE	EMENT									
Ambient Tempera	ature (°C)	20.9 ±2			Relative	e Humidity (%):	51			
Liquid Temperature (°C): 21.9 ±2 Depth of Liquid (cm):>15										
Test Position Antenna Frequency Conducted Power (dBm) SAR 1g (W/kg) Limit										
Body	Position	Channel	MHz	Measurement	Tune-up Limit	Measurement	Tune-up Scaled	(W/kg)		
Test Mode: 802.1	1b - 2450	MHz - Mai	n Anten	na						
Right-Side	Fixed	6	2437	16.99	17	0.145	0.145	1.6		
Back	Fixed	6	2437	16.99	17	N/A	N/A	1.6		
Test Mode: 802.11b - 2450 MHz - Aux Antenna										
Left-Side	Fixed	6	2437	17	17	0.088	0.088	1.6		
Back	Fixed	6	2437	17	17	0.000601	0.001	1.6		

Note : 1. When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required.

^{2.} When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposure configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration.



SAR MEASUREMENT

Ambient Temperature (°C): 20.2 ±2 Relative Humidity (%): 49

Liquid Temperature (°C): 21.9 ±2 Depth of Liquid (cm):>15

Liquid Temperati	ure (C) . 2	21.9 12		Depth of Liquid (cm):>15						
T (B %		Freque	ency	Conducted Pov	ver (dBm)	SAR 1g (\	V/kg)	1.1.14		
Test Position Body	Antenna Position	Channel	MHz	Measurement	Tune-up Limit	Measurement	Tune-up Scaled	Limit (W/kg)		
Test Mode: 802.	11a-5GHz	-Main An	tenna							
Right-Side	Fixed	48	5240	16.71	17	0.396	0.423	1.6		
Right-Side	Fixed	60	5300	16.97	17	0.272	0.274	1.6		
Right-Side	Fixed	128	5640	16.96	17	0.492	0.497	1.6		
Right-Side	Fixed	149	5745	16.81	17	1.110	1.160	1.6		
Right-Side	Fixed	165	5825	16.73	17	0.732	0.779	1.6		
Back	Fixed	60	5300	16.97	17	0.00424	0.004	1.6		
Back	Fixed	128	5640	16.96	17	N/A	N/A	1.6		
Back	Fixed	149	5745	16.81	17	NA	NA	1.6		
Test Mode: 802.	11a-5GHz	–Aux Ante	enna							
Left-Side	Fixed	44	5220	16.97	17	0.194	0.195	1.6		
Left-Side	Fixed	56	5280	17.00	17	0.255	0.255	1.6		
Left-Side	Fixed	112	5560	17.00	17	0.500	0.500	1.6		
Left-Side	Fixed	165	5825	16.89	17	0.577	0.592	1.6		
Back	Fixed	56	5280	17.00	17	N/A	N/A	1.6		
Back	Fixed	112	5560	17.00	17	NA	NA	1.6		
Back	Fixed	165	5825	16.89	17	N/A	N/A	1.6		

Note: 1. When multiple transmission modes (802.11 n) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, the lowest order 802.11 mode is selected

When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposure configuration is ≤ 0.8
 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required in that exposure configuration.



9.2 Simultaneous Transmission

9.2.1 Simultaneous transmission of MIMO in 802.11 test exclusion considerations

Frequency (GHz)	Test Position (Body)	WLAN Main SAR (W/Kg)	WLAN Aux SAR W/Kg)	Simultaneous Transmission (W/Kg)	Antenna pair in mm	Peak location separation ratio
2.4	Back	N/A	0.037	0.037	N/A	N/A
2.4	Right/Left	0.145	0.088	0.233	N/A	N/A
5	Back	0.004	N/A	0.004	N/A	N/A
5	Right/Left	1.160	0.592	1.725	270	0.009

Note: The sum of value is less than 1.6W/Kg or the ratio is determined by (SAR1 + SAR2) $^{1.5}$ /Ri, rounded to two decimal digits, and must be \leq 0.04 for all antenna pairs in the configuration to qualify for SAR test exclusion.



9.2.2.2 simultaneous transmission of Wi-Fi and other wireless technologies

According the FCC: KDB 447498 D01 Section 4.3.2, ISED: Notice 2016-DRS001, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to the following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion

FCC: KDB 447498 D01 Section 4.3.2

(max. power of channel, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]·[$\sqrt{f(GHz)/7.5}$] ISED: Notice 2016-DRS001

 $\frac{maximum\ power\ level\ including\ tune-up\ tolerance\ for\ transmitter\ A}{maximum\ power\ level\ of\ exemption\ at\ the\ same\ frequency\ and\ distance} \times 0.4\ W/kg$

Standard	Mode	Frequency	Max. power (mW)	Test separation distance,(mm)	Estimated SAR (W/Kg)
FCC	ВТ	2441	4	5	0.17
ISED	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Note: A test separation distance of 5 mm must be applied to determine test exclusion according to the SAR Test Exclusion Threshold requirements

When the sum of SAR is larger than the limit, The ratio is determined by (SAR1 + SAR2)^1.5/Ri, rounded to two decimal digits, and must be \leq 0.04 for all antenna pairs in the configuration to qualify for 1-g SAR test exclusion. The estimation result as below:

For DTS Band:

Mode	WLAN Main	Estimated BT	Simultaneous	Antenna pair	Peak location
Mode	SAR (W/Kg)	SAR (W/Kg)	Transmission (W/Kg)	in mm	separation ratio
Right-Side	0.145	0.17	0.162	N/A	N/A

The sum of value is less than 1.6W/Kg, thus simultaneous SAR testing is not needed.

For U-NII Band:

Mode	WLAN Main	Estimated BT	Simultaneous	Antenna pair	Peak location
Mode	SAR (W/Kg)	SAR (W/Kg)	Transmission (W/Kg)	in mm	separation ratio
Right-Side	1.160	0.17	1.330	N/A	N/A

The sum of value is less than 1.6W/Kg, thus simultaneous SAR testing is not needed.



10. SAR measurement variability

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

Frequency		SAR 1g (W/kg)						
Channel	MHz	Original	First Repeated		Second Repeated		Third Repeated	
			Value	Ratio	Value	Ratio	Value	Ratio
149	5745	1.110	1.020	1.088	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A



Appendix

Appendix A. SAR System Check Data

Appendix B. SAR measurement Data

Appendix C. Test Setup Photographs & EUT Photographs

Appendix D. Probe Calibration Data

Appendix E. Dipole Calibration Data



Appendix A. SAR System Check Data

Test Laboratory: DEKRA Date/Time: 2017/06/21

System Performance Check_2450MHz-Body

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type:D2450V2

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.97 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.74$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C): 21.9, Liquid Temperature (°C): 20.9 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3979; ConvF(7.47, 7.47, 7.47); Calibrated: 2016/11/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1425; Calibrated: 2016/11/18
- Phantom: SAM with left table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7373)

Configuration/2450MHz Body/Area Scan (9x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm,

dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.1 W/kg

Configuration/2450MHz Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

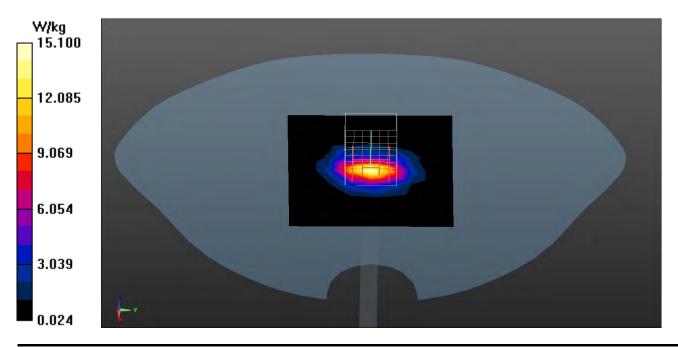
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 87.29 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.08 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.3 W/kg





Test Laboratory: DEKRA Date/Time: 2017/06/22

System Performance Check_5200MHz-Body

DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 5200 MHz; $\sigma = 5.31 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 49.07$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C): 21.9, Liquid Temperature (°C): 20.2 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3979; ConvF(4.75, 4.75, 4.75); Calibrated: 2016/11/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1425; Calibrated: 2016/11/18
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7373)

Configuration/5200MHz-Body/Area Scan (8x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.4 W/kg

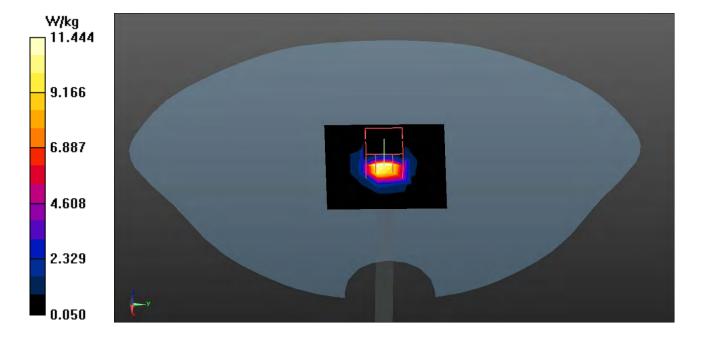
Configuration/5200MHz-Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x12), dist=1.4mm (7x7x12)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 68.56 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.06 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.4 W/kg





Test Laboratory: DEKRA Date/Time: 2017/06/22

System Performance Check_5300MHz-Body

DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 5300 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 5300 MHz; $\sigma = 5.35 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 48.89$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C): 21.9, Liquid Temperature (°C): 20.2 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3979; ConvF(4.55, 4.55, 4.55); Calibrated: 2016/11/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1425; Calibrated: 2016/11/18
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7373)

Configuration/5300MHz-Body/Area Scan (8x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.3 W/kg

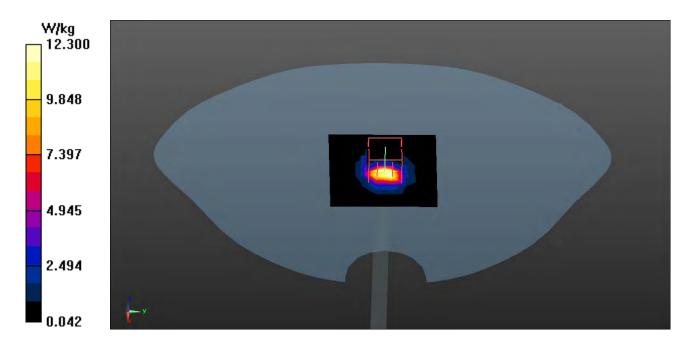
Configuration/5300MHz-Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x12), dist=1.4mm (7x7x12)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 68.87 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.91 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.11 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.3 W/kg





Test Laboratory: DEKRA Date/Time: 2017/06/22

System Performance Check 5600MHz-Body

DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 5600 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz; $\sigma = 5.82 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 48.09$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C): 21.9, Liquid Temperature (°C): 20.2 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3979; ConvF(4.03, 4.03, 4.03); Calibrated: 2016/11/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1425; Calibrated: 2016/11/18
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7373)

Configuration/5600MHz-Body/Area Scan (8x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.4 W/kg

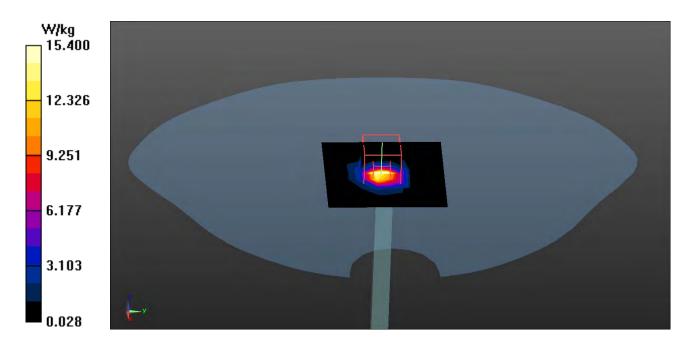
Configuration/5600MHz-Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x12), dist=1.4mm (7x7x12)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 70.58 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 36.2 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 8.51 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.13 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.6 W/kg





Test Laboratory: DEKRA Date/Time: 2017/06/22

System Performance Check_5800MHz-Body

DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 5800 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 5800 MHz; $\sigma = 6.19 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 47.44$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C): 21.9, Liquid Temperature (°C): 20.2 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3979; ConvF(4.27, 4.27, 4.27); Calibrated: 2016/11/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1425; Calibrated: 2016/11/18
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7373)

Configuration/5800MHz-Body/Area Scan (8x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.9 W/kg

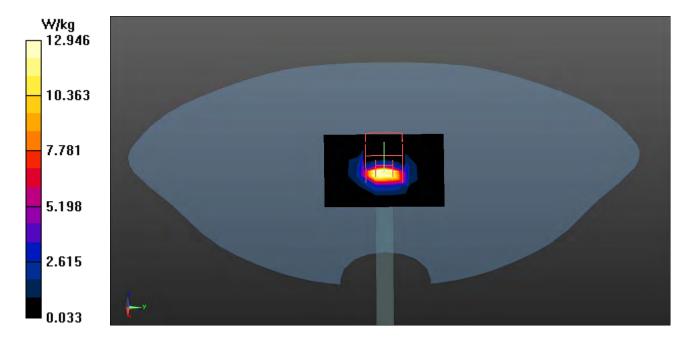
Configuration/5800MHz-Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x12), dist=1.4mm (7x7x12)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 69.11 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 37.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.84 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.24 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.1 W/kg





Appendix B. SAR measurement Data

Test Laboratory: DEKRA Date/Time: 2017/06/21

802.11b_6-Right-side Main

DUT: Mobile Medical Assistant Tablet; Type: MP3

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 2.4G; Frequency: 2437 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz; $\sigma = 1.96 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 52.81$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C): 21.9, Liquid Temperature (°C): 20.9 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3979; ConvF(7.47, 7.47, 7.47); Calibrated: 2016/11/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1425; Calibrated: 2016/11/18
- Phantom: SAM with left table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7373)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (6x23x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.172 W/kg

Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

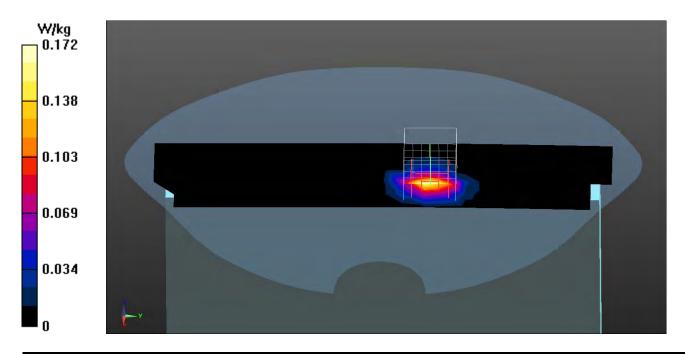
dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.657 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.316 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.145 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.059 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.201 W/kg





802.11b 6-Left-side Aux

DUT: Mobile Medical Assistant Tablet; Type: MP3

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 2.4G; Frequency: 2437 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz; $\sigma = 1.96 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 52.81$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C): 21.9, Liquid Temperature (°C): 20.9 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3979; ConvF(7.47, 7.47, 7.47); Calibrated: 2016/11/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1425; Calibrated: 2016/11/18
- Phantom: SAM with left table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7373)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (6x23x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.104 W/kg

Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

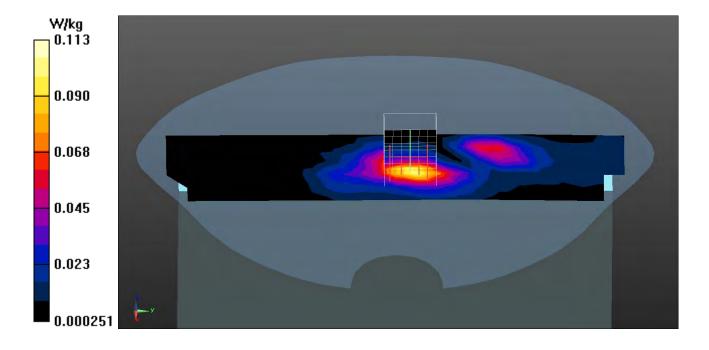
dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.069 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.167 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.088 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.044 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.113 W/kg





802.11b 6-Back Aux

DUT: Mobile Medical Assistant Tablet; Type: MP3

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 2.4G; Frequency: 2437 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz; $\sigma = 1.96 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 52.81$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C): 21.9, Liquid Temperature (°C): 20.9 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3979; ConvF(7.47, 7.47, 7.47); Calibrated: 2016/11/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1425; Calibrated: 2016/11/18
- Phantom: SAM with left table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7373)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (7x19x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.00295 W/kg

Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

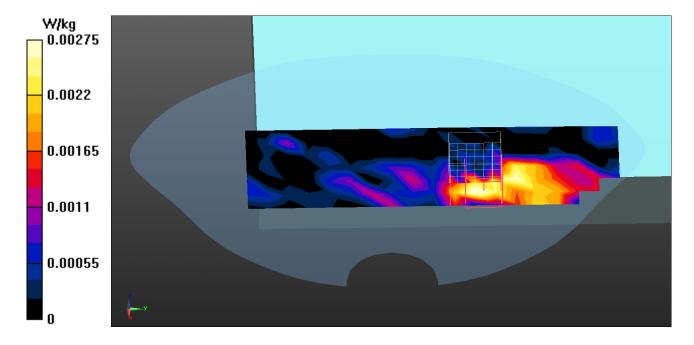
dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 0.2230 V/m; Power Drift = 0.19 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.00563 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.000601 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.000474 W/kg

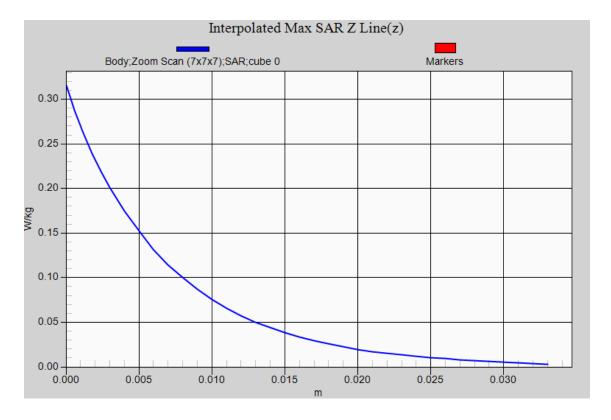
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.00275 W/kg





802.11b_Right-Side (MAIN), Z-Axis plot

Channel: 6





802.11a_48-Right-Side-Main

DUT: Mobile Medical Assistant Tablet; Type: MP3

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5240 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 5240 MHz; $\sigma = 5.33 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 48.96$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C): 21.9, Liquid Temperature (°C): 20.2 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3979; ConvF(4.75, 4.75, 4.75); Calibrated: 2016/11/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1425; Calibrated: 2016/11/18
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7373)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (6x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.686 W/kg

Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x12) (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm,

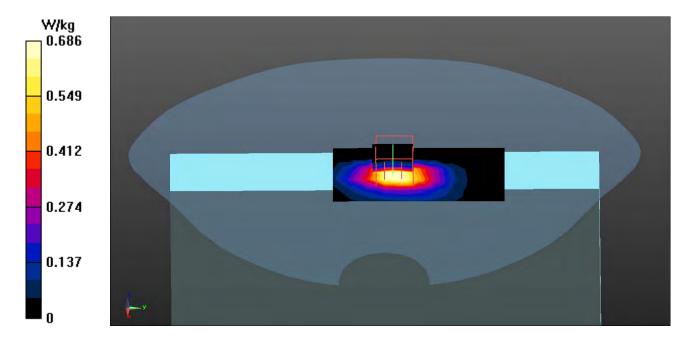
dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 12.78 V/m; Power Drift = -0.18 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.55 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.396 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.132 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.940 W/kg





802.11a 60-Right-Side-Main

DUT: Mobile Medical Assistant Tablet; Type: MP3

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5300 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 5300 MHz; $\sigma = 5.35 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 48.89$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C): 21.9, Liquid Temperature (°C): 20.2 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3979; ConvF(4.55, 4.55, 4.55); Calibrated: 2016/11/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1425; Calibrated: 2016/11/18
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7373)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (6x25x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.589 W/kg

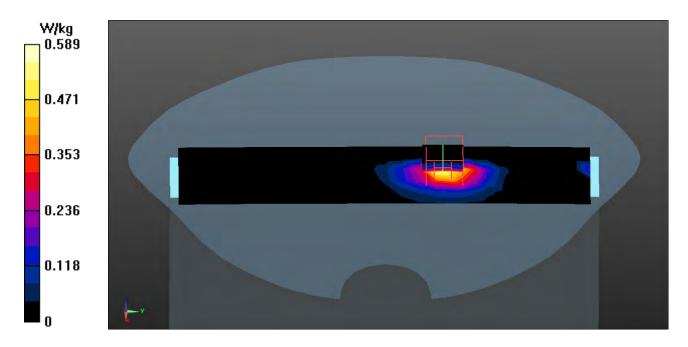
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x12) (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 4.034 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.15 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.272 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.090 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.653 W/kg





802.11a_128-Right-Side-Main

DUT: Mobile Medical Assistant Tablet; Type: MP3

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5640 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 5640 MHz; $\sigma = 5.91 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 47.91$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C): 21.9, Liquid Temperature (°C): 20.2 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3979; ConvF(4.03, 4.03, 4.03); Calibrated: 2016/11/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1425; Calibrated: 2016/11/18
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7373)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (6x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.23 W/kg

Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x12) (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm,

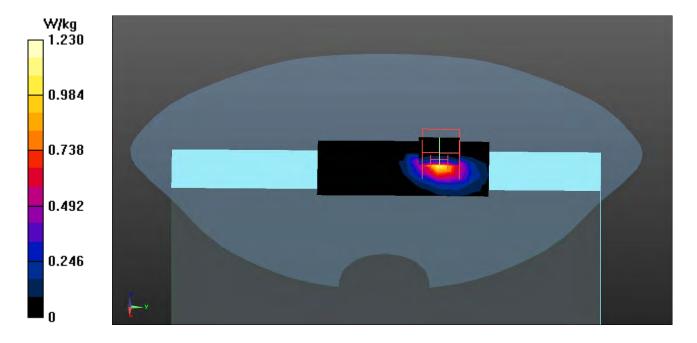
dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 2.662 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.17 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.492 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.155 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.21 W/kg





802.11a_149-Right-Side-Main

DUT: Mobile Medical Assistant Tablet; Type: MP3

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5745 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 5745 MHz; $\sigma = 6.11 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 47.58$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C): 21.9, Liquid Temperature (°C): 20.2 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3979; ConvF(4.27, 4.27, 4.27); Calibrated: 2016/11/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1425; Calibrated: 2016/11/18
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7373)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (6x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.09 W/kg

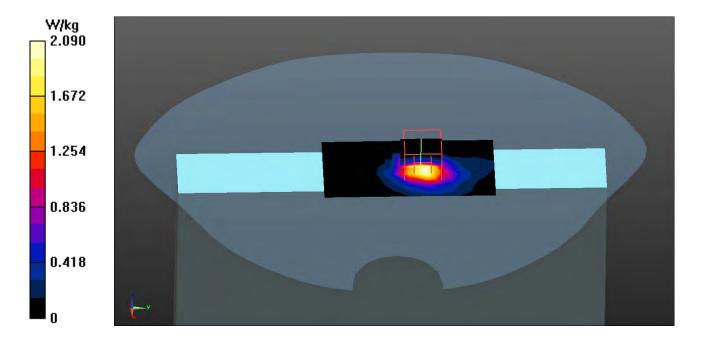
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x12) (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm,

dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 10.10 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.98 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.11 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.345 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.79 W/kg





802.11a 165-Right-Side-Main

DUT: Mobile Medical Assistant Tablet; Type: MP3

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5825 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 5825 MHz; $\sigma = 6.23 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 47.39$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C): 21.9, Liquid Temperature (°C): 20.2 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3979; ConvF(4.27, 4.27, 4.27); Calibrated: 2016/11/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1425; Calibrated: 2016/11/18
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7373)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (6x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.42 W/kg

Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x12) (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 8.691 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.36 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.732 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.224 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.85 W/kg

1.136

0.852

0.568

0.284



802.11a 60-Back-Main

DUT: Mobile Medical Assistant Tablet; Type: MP3

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5300 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 5300 MHz; $\sigma = 5.35 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 48.89$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C): 21.9, Liquid Temperature (°C): 20.2 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3979; ConvF(4.55, 4.55, 4.55); Calibrated: 2016/11/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1425; Calibrated: 2016/11/18
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7373)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (8x21x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0151 W/kg

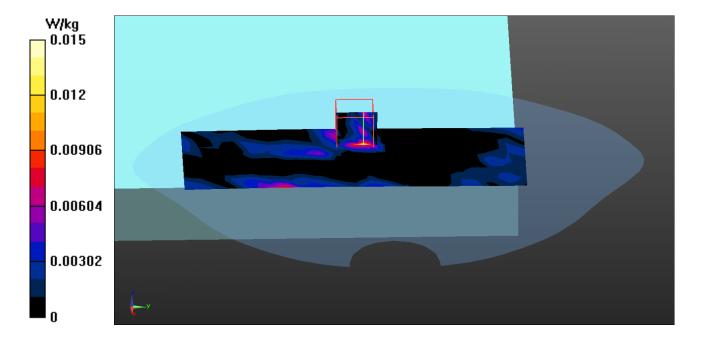
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x12) (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm,

dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0410 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.00424 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.0011 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0132 W/kg





802.11a 44-Left-Side-Aux

DUT: Mobile Medical Assistant Tablet; Type: MP3

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5220 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 5220 MHz; $\sigma = 5.32 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 49.02$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C): 21.9, Liquid Temperature (°C): 20.2 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3979; ConvF(4.75, 4.75, 4.75); Calibrated: 2016/11/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1425; Calibrated: 2016/11/18
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7373)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (6x12x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.406 W/kg

Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x12) (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm,

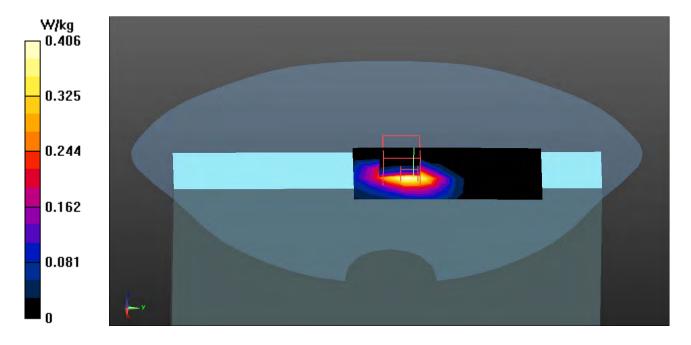
dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 7.277 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.745 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.194 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.066 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.440 W/kg





802.11a 56-Left-Side-Aux

DUT: Mobile Medical Assistant Tablet; Type: MP3

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5280 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 5280 MHz; $\sigma = 5.33 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 48.94$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C): 21.9, Liquid Temperature (°C): 20.2 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3979; ConvF(4.55, 4.55, 4.55); Calibrated: 2016/11/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1425; Calibrated: 2016/11/18
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7373)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (6x25x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.583 W/kg

Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x12) (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm,

dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 1.631 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.02 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.255 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.094 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.590 W/kg

0.583 0.466 0.350 0.233 0.117



802.11a 112-Left-Side-Aux

DUT: Mobile Medical Assistant Tablet; Type: MP3

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5560 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 5560 MHz; $\sigma = 5.74 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 48.22$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C): 21.9, Liquid Temperature (°C): 20.2 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3979; ConvF(4.03, 4.03, 4.03); Calibrated: 2016/11/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1425; Calibrated: 2016/11/18
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7373)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (6x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.14 W/kg

Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x12) (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

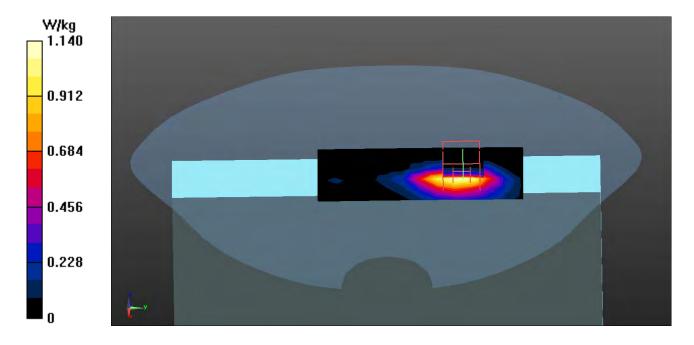
dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 4.563 V/m; Power Drift = -0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.01 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.500 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.188 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.17 W/kg





802.11a_165-Left-Side-Aux

DUT: Mobile Medical Assistant Tablet; Type: MP3

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5825 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 5825 MHz; $\sigma = 6.23 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 47.39$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C): 21.9, Liquid Temperature (°C): 20.2 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3979; ConvF(4.27, 4.27, 4.27); Calibrated: 2016/11/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1425; Calibrated: 2016/11/18
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7373)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (6x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.24 W/kg

Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x12) (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm,

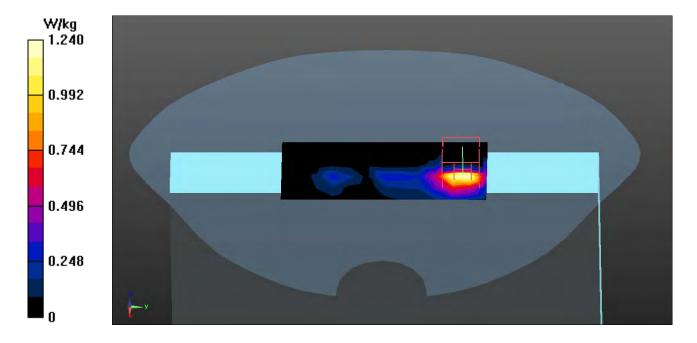
dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 6.243 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.63 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.577 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.189 W/kg

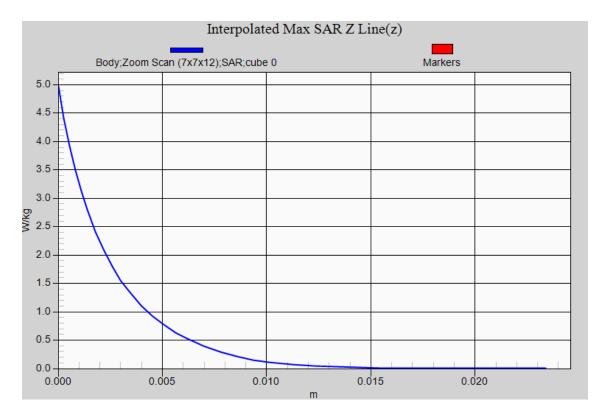
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.44 W/kg





802.11a Right-Side (Main), Z-Axis plot

Channel: 149





SAR measurement variability

Date/Time: 2017/06/22 Test Laboratory: DEKRA

802.11a 149-Right-Side-Main-Verify

DUT: Mobile Medical Assistant Tablet; Type: MP3

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 5G; Frequency: 5745 MHz;

Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 5745 MHz; $\sigma = 6.11 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 47.58$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C): 21.9, Liquid Temperature (°C): 20.2 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3979; ConvF(4.27, 4.27, 4.27); Calibrated: 2016/11/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1425; Calibrated: 2016/11/18
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7373)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (6x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.06 W/kg

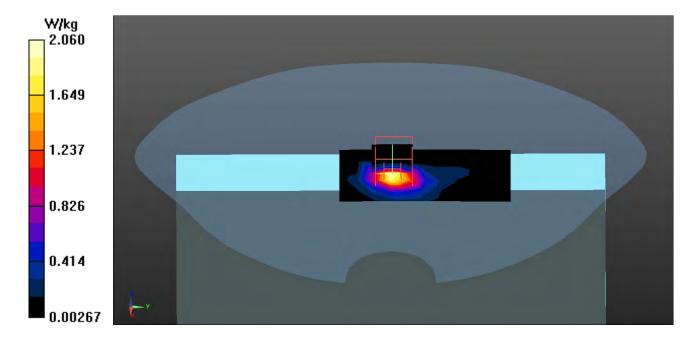
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x12) (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 21.14 V/m; Power Drift = -0.70 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.48 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 1.02 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.313 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.58 W/kg





Appendix D. Probe Calibration Data

Object: EX3DV4- SN:3979

(399°M

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Certificate No: EX3-3979 Nov16

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Client

Quietek-TW (Auden)

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object EX3DV4 - SN:3979

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-14.v4, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6

Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date: November 25, 2016

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02288/02289)	Apr-17
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02288)	Apr-17
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02289)	Apr-17
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02293)	Apr-17
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	31-Dec-15 (No. ES3-3013_Dec15)	Dec-16
DAE4	SN: 660	23-Dec-15 (No. DAE4-660_Dec15)	Dec-16
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-16)	In house check: Jun-18
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-16)	In house check: Jun-18
Power sensor E4412A	SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-16)	In house check: Jun-18
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-16)	In house check: Jun-18
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	SN: US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-17

Name Function Signature

Calibrated by: Laboratory Technician

Approved by: Katja Pokovic Technical Manager

Issued: November 28, 2016

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: EX3-3979_Nov16

Page 1 of 11

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Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space

ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9 9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

 a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013

b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010

d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

 NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization θ = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).

NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is
implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included
in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.

DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.

 PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics

• Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.

• ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.

• Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.

• Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

Page 2 of 11

 Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

Probe EX3DV4

SN:3979

Manufactured:

November 5, 2013 November 25, 2016

Calibrated:

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3979

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm (μV/(V/m) ²) ^A	0.46	0.49	0.47	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ^B	101.4	98.1	99.8	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	С	D dB	VR mV	Unc ^E (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	137.8	±3.5 %
		Υ	0.0	0.0	1.0		136.9	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		132.6	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

A The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

E Uncertainty is determined using the max, deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3979

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unc (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	10.35	10.35	10.35	0.44	1.03	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	10.08	10.08	10.08	0.54	0.80	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	9.86	9.86	9.86	0.48	0.89	± 12.0 %
1450	40.5	1.20_	8.78	8.78	8.78	0.41	0.80	± 12.0 %
1640	40.3	1.29	_8.68	8.68	8.68	0.37	0.80	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	8.49	8.49	8.49	0.39	0.80	± 12.0 %
1810	40.0	1.40	8.29	8.29	8.29	0.40_	0.80	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	8.15	8.15	8.15	0.33	0.80	± 12.0 %_
2000	40.0	1.40	8.23	8.23	8.23	0.38	0.80	± 12.0 %
2300	39.5	1.67	7.71	7.71	7.71	0.37	0.80	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	7.48	7.48	7.48	0.37	0.81	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	7.23	7.23	7.23	0.28_	1.03	± 12.0 %
3500	37.9	2.91	7.07	7.07	7.07	0.26	1.25	± 13.1 %
5200	36.0	4.66	5.08_	5.08	5.08	0.30	1.90	± 13.1 %
5300	35.9	4.76	4.78	4.78	4.78	0.35	1.90	± 13.1 %
5500	35.6	4.96	4.66	4.66	4.66	0.40	1.90	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	4.53	4.53	4.53	0.40_	1.90	± 13.1 %
5800	35.3	5.27	4.44	4.44	4.44	0.40	1.90	± 13.1 %

^c Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

validity can be extended to \pm 110 MHz.

At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to \pm 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to \pm 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3979

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unc (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	9.85	9.85	9.85	0.52	0.80	± 12.0 %
835	55.2	0.97	9.75	9.75	9.75	0.46	0.80	± 12.0 %
900	55.0	1.05	9.68	9.68	9.68	0.43	0.85	± 12.0 %
1450	54.0	1.30	8.37	8.37	8.37	0.30_	0.80	± 12.0 %
1640	53.8	1.40	8.24	8.24	8.24	0.36	0.80	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	8.11	8.11	8.11	0.36	0.87	± 12.0 %
1810	53.3	1.52	7.99	7.99	7.99	0.40	0.80	± 12.0 %_
1900	53.3	1.52	7.83	7.83	7.83	0.39	0.80	± 12.0 %
2000	53.3	1.52	7.99	7.99	7.99	0.38	0.84	± 12.0 %
2300	52.9	1.81	7.65	7.65	7.65_	0.32	0.80	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	7. <u>47</u>	7.47	7.47	0.30	0.80	± 12.0 %
2600	52.5	2.16	7.11	7.11	7.11	0.28	0.90	± 12.0 %
3500	51.3	3.31	6.56	6.56	6.56	0.28	1.20	± 13.1 %
5200	49.0	5.30	4.75	4.75	4.75	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5300	48.9	5.42	4.55	4.55	4.55	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5500	48.6	5.65	4.10	4.10	4.10	0.50	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	48.5	5.77_	4.03	4.03	4.03	0.50	1.80	± 13.1 %
5800	48.2	6.00	4.27	4.27	4.27	0.50	1.80	± 13.1 %

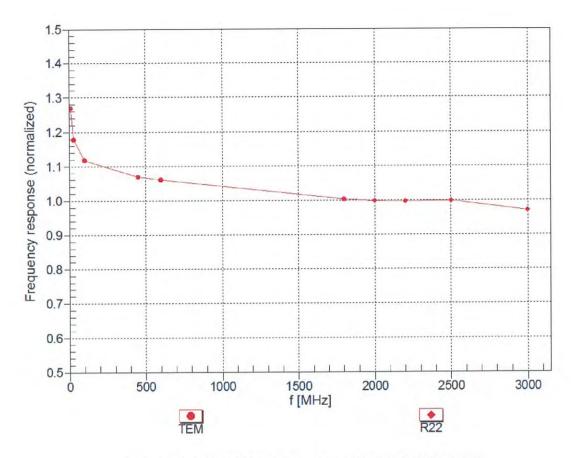
^c Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

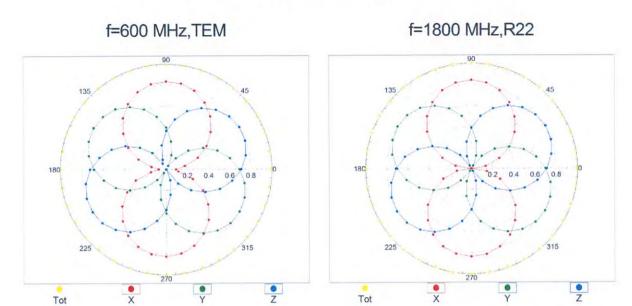
November 25, 2016 EX3DV4-SN:3979

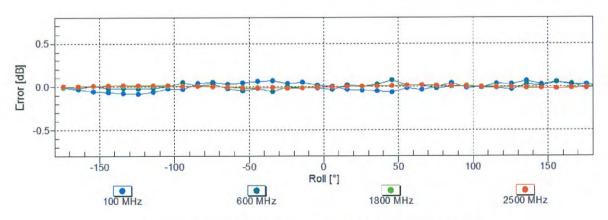
Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$

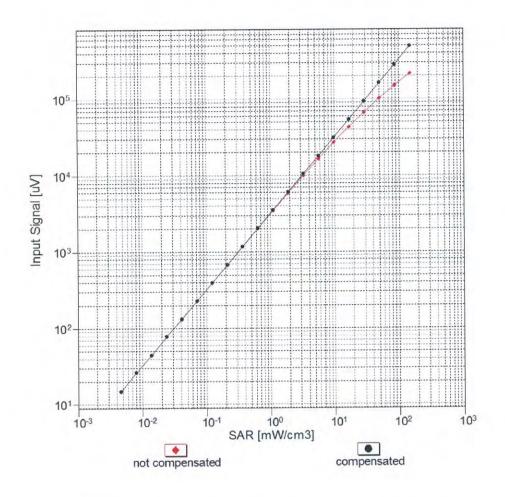


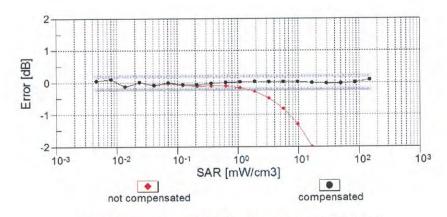


Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

November 25, 2016 EX3DV4-SN:3979

Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (TEM cell , f_{eval}= 1900 MHz)

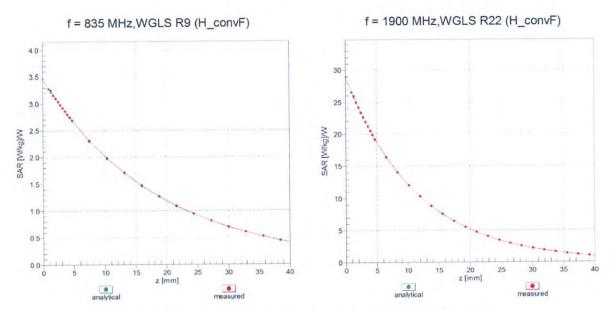




Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

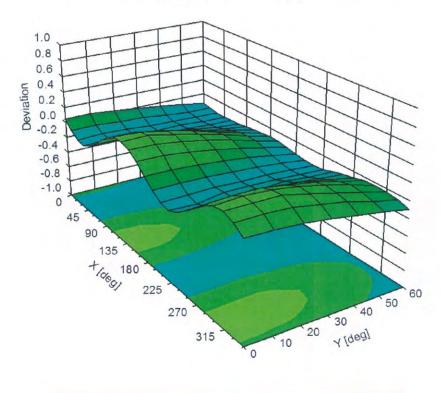
November 25, 2016

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid

Error (ϕ, ϑ) , f = 900 MHz



November 25, 2016

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3979

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	135.8
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm



Appendix E. Dipole Calibration

Validation Dipole 2450 MHz

M/N: D2450V2

S/N: 930

Validation Dipole 5 GHz

M/N: D5GHzV2

S/N: 1041

13984

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Client

Quietek (Auden)

Certificate No: D2450V2-930 Nov16

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object D2450V2 - SN:930

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-05.v9

Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz

Calibration date: November 15, 2016

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).

The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02288/02289)	Apr-17
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02288)	Apr-17
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02289)	Apr-17
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02292)	Apr-17
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02295)	Apr-17
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 7349	15-Jun-16 (No. EX3-7349_Jun16)	Jun-17
DAE4	SN: 601	30-Dec-15 (No. DAE4-601_Dec15)	Dec-16
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter EPM-442A	SN: GB37480704	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-18
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: US37292783	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-18
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: MY41092317	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-18
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 100972	15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-18
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	SN: US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-17
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Michael Weber	Laboratory Technician	Mileses
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	alle

Issued: November 16, 2016

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Glossary:

TSL

tissue simulating liquid

ConvF N/A sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
 positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
 measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
 reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
 No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.8
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy , $dz = 5 mm$	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	38.1 ± 6 %	1.87 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.0 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	50.7 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.04 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.8 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52. 7	1.95 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	51.1 ± 6 %	2.00 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	12.9 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	50.6 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.05 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.9 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	54.9 Ω + 2.2 jΩ
Return Loss	- 25.8 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.0 Ω + 4.0 jΩ
Return Loss	- 28.0 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

	<u> </u>
Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.157 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	September 26, 2013

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 15.11.2016

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 930

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.87 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 38.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7349; ConvF(7.72, 7.72, 7.72); Calibrated: 15.06.2016;

• Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 30.12.2015

Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001

• DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7372)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

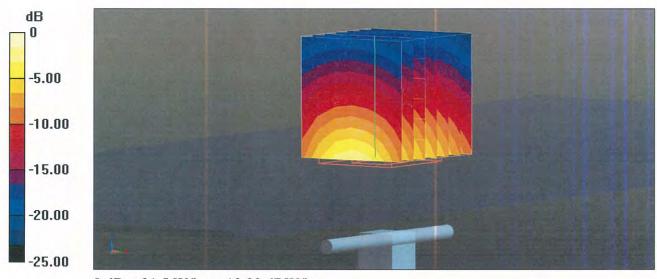
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 112.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.5 W/kg

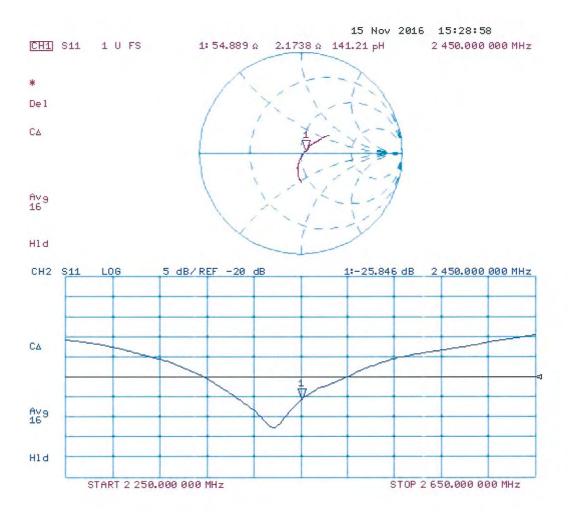
SAR(1 g) = 13 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.04 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.5 W/kg



0 dB = 21.5 W/kg = 13.32 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 15.11.2016

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 930

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 2 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 51.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7349; ConvF(7.79, 7.79, 7.79); Calibrated: 15.06.2016;

• Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 30.12.2015

Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002

DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7372)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

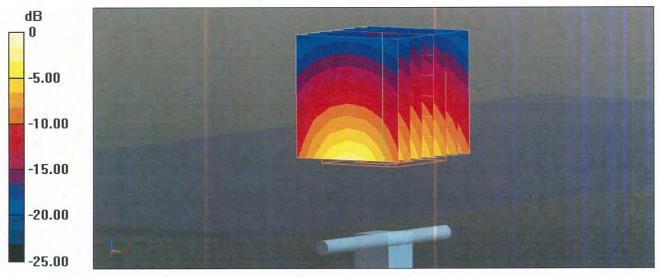
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 107.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 25.8 W/kg

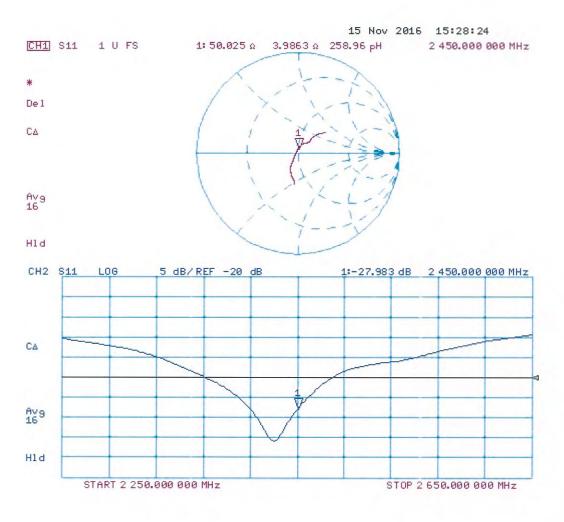
SAR(1 g) = 12.9 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.05 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.2 W/kg



0 dB = 21.2 W/kg = 13.26 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



1132 M

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

DEKRA (Auden)

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1041_May17

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object D5GHzV2 - SN:1041

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-22.v2

Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits between 3-6 GHz

Calibration date: May 26, 2017

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521/02522)	Apr-18
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521)	Apr-18
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02522)	Apr-18
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02528)	Apr-18
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02529)	Apr-18
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 3503	31-Dec-16 (No. EX3-3503_Dec16)	Dec-17
DAE4	SN: 601	28-Mar-17 (No. DAE4-601_Mar17)	Mar-18
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter EPM-442A	SN: GB37480704	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-18
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: US37292783	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-18
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: MY41092317	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-18
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 100972	15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-18
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	SN: US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-17
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Johannes Kurikka	Laboratory Technician	zur lu
			22 10
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	Selly-

Issued: June 14, 2017

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner

Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Swiss Calibration Service

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Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid

ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z N/A not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
 No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.0
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy = 4.0 mm, dz = 1.4 mm	Graded Ratio = 1.4 (Z direction)
Frequency	5200 MHz ± 1 MHz 5300 MHz ± 1 MHz 5500 MHz ± 1 MHz 5600 MHz ± 1 MHz 5800 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters at 5200 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	36.0	4.66 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.8 ± 6 %	4.55 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL at 5200 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.20 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	81.4 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	-
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.34 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.2 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Head TSL parameters at 5300 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.9	4.76 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.7 ± 6 %	4.64 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL at 5300 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.36 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	83.0 W / kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.40 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.8 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

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Head TSL parameters at 5500 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.6	4.96 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.4 ± 6 %	4.84 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL at 5500 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.47 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	84.0 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.40 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.8 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Head TSL parameters at 5600 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.5	5.07 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.2 ± 6 %	4.95 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.75 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	86.7 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.48 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.5 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Head TSL parameters at 5800 MHz The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.3	5.27 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.0 ± 6 %	5.16 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL at 5800 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.38 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	83.1 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.37 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.5 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters at 5200 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	49.0	5.30 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	47.6 ± 6 %	5.44 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL at 5200 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.51 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	74.7 W /kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.11 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.0 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters at 5300 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.9	5.42 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	47.4 ± 6 %	5.57 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL at 5300 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.81 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	77.7 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.20 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.9 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters at 5500 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.6	5.65 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	47.0 ± 6 %	5.84 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL at 5500 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.14 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	81.0 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.26 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.4 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters at 5600 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.5	5.77 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	46. 9 ± 6 %	5.98 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL at 5600 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.13 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	80.9 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.28 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.6 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters at 5800 MHz The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.2	6.00 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	46.5 ± 6 %	6.26 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL at 5800 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.87 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	78.3 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.19 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.7 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5200 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.8 Ω - 8.3 jΩ
Return Loss	- 21.6 dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5300 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.0 Ω - 2.8 jΩ
Return Loss	- 29.0 dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5500 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.0 Ω - 4.4 jΩ
Return Loss	- 26.9 dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	55.2 Ω - 1.6 jΩ
Return Loss	- 25.7 dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5800 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	56.2 Ω + 0.5 jΩ
Return Loss	- 24.6 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5200 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.0 Ω - 6.2 jΩ
Return Loss	- 24.0 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5300 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.4 Ω - 2.1 jΩ
Return Loss	- 31.5 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5500 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.9 Ω - 2.3 jΩ
Return Loss	- 32.6 dB

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Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5600 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	56.5 Ω - 0.4 jΩ
Return Loss	- 24.3 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5800 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	.56.2 Ω + 0.1 jΩ
Return Loss	- 24.7 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.199 ns
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After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	December 30, 2005

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1041_May17 Page 10 of 16

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 19.05.2017

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN:1041

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz, Frequency: 5300 MHz, Frequency: 5500

MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz, Frequency: 5800 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 5200 MHz; $\sigma = 4.55$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 34.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5300 MHz; $\sigma = 4.64$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 34.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5500 MHz; $\sigma = 1000$ kg/m³ 4.84 S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 34.4$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$, Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz; $\sigma = 4.95 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 34.2$; $\rho = 4.95 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 4.95 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 34.2$; $\rho = 4.95 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 34.2$; $\rho = 4.95 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 34.2$; $\rho = 4.95 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 34.2$; $\rho = 4.95 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 34.2$; $\rho = 4.95 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 34.2$; $\rho = 4.95 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 34.2$; $\rho = 4.95 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 34.2$; $\rho = 4.95 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 4.95 \text{ S/m}$; 1000 kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f = 5800 MHz; $\sigma = 5.16$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 34$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3503; ConvF(5.76, 5.76, 5.76); Calibrated: 31.12.2016, ConvF(5.35, 5.35, 5.35); Calibrated: 31.12.2016, ConvF(5.2, 5.2, 5.2); Calibrated: 31.12.2016, ConvF(5.09, 5.09, 5.09); Calibrated: 31.12.2016, ConvF(5.01, 5.01, 5.01); Calibrated: 31.12.2016;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 28.03.2017
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: OD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.10.0(1446); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7417)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5200 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 73.20 V/m: Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.34 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.2 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5300 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 74.01 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.36 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.4 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.4 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5500 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 73.45 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.47 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.4 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.2 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 74.23 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 34.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.75 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.48 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.0 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan,

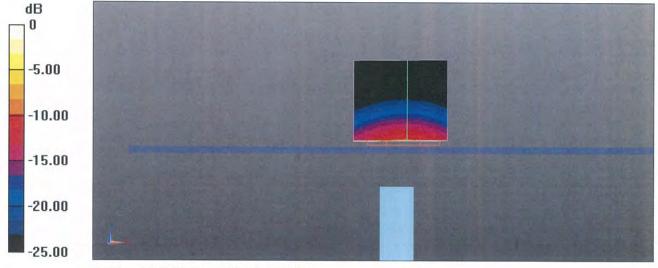
dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 72.19 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 34.5 W/kg

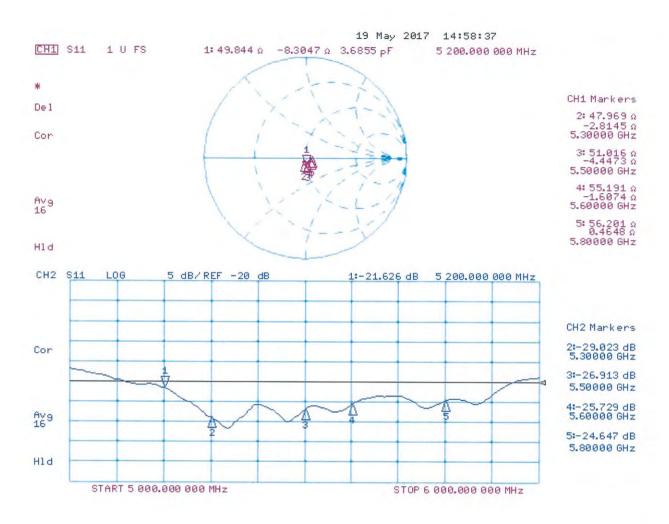
SAR(1 g) = 8.38 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.37 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.4 W/kg



0 dB = 19.2 W/kg = 12.83 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 26.05.2017

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN:1041

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz, Frequency: 5300 MHz, Frequency: 5500 MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz, Frequency: 5800 MHz

Medium parameters used: f=5200 MHz; $\sigma=5.44$ S/m; $\epsilon_r=47.6$; $\rho=1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f=5300 MHz; $\sigma=5.57$ S/m; $\epsilon_r=47.4$; $\rho=1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f=5500 MHz; $\sigma=5.84$ S/m; $\epsilon_r=47$; $\rho=1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f=5600 MHz; $\sigma=5.98$ S/m; $\epsilon_r=46.9$; $\rho=1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: f=5800 MHz; $\sigma=6.26$ S/m; $\epsilon_r=46.5$; $\rho=1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3503; ConvF(5.29, 5.29, 5.29); Calibrated: 31.12.2016, ConvF(5.04, 5.04, 5.04); Calibrated: 31.12.2016, ConvF(4.62, 4.62, 4.62); Calibrated: 31.12.2016, ConvF(4.57, 4.57, 4.57); Calibrated: 31.12.2016, ConvF(4.48, 4.48, 4.48); Calibrated: 31.12.2016;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 28.03.2017
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: OD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.10.0(1446); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7417)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5200MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 64.73 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.51 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.11 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.0 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5300 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 65.52 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.81 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.2 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.7 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5500 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 66.13 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.14 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.26 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.1 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 65.80 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.13 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.28 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.0 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan,

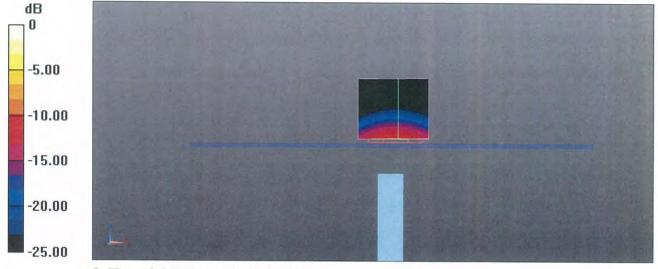
dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 63.89 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 34.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.87 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.19 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.9 W/kg



0 dB = 18.0 W/kg = 12.55 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL

