LTE Cat-M1 Multi Band Module CL5ADAH2Z Manual

SPECIFICATIONS ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.

TAIYO YUDEN CO., LTD provides customers with comprehensive technical support and service. Please contact from our website by mail.

TAIYO YUDEN CO., LTD

Website: http://www.yuden.co.jp/

Copyright © TAIYO YUDEN CO., LTD. 2019. All rights reserved.

TAIYO YUDEN Co., Ltd. (hereinafter "TAIYO YUDEN"), lawfully has patent rights, copyrights and other rights, powers and authority (including license) to the firmware embedded to the memory of the products (the "Embedded Firmware"). Customer is not permitted to use the Embedded Firmware for other products except the Products, to disclose or offer the Embedded Firmware, either wholly or partly, to any third party (including uploading to customer's or third party (ies)' s web sites and downloading by third parties from such sites), nor to copy, revise, upgrade, make specification change, alienate the Embedded Firmware and so on (including reverse engineering).

TAIYO YUDEN reserves the right to make changes to any products described herein and reserves the right to revise this document and to make changes from time to time in content hereof with no obligation to notify any person of revisions or changes.

Information contained in this document is intended to convey examples of typical performances and/or applications of our products and is not intended to make any warranty with respect to the intellectual property rights or any other related rights of TAIYO YUDEN or any third parties nor grant any license under such rights.

Trademarks and Permissions

TAIYO YUDEN is trademark of TAIYO YUDEN CO., LTD. Other trademarks, product, service and company names mentioned are the property of their respective owners.

Notice

Please conduct validation and verification of our products in actual condition of mounting and operating environment before using our products.

Because this product is not designed for radiation durability, please refrain from using this Product exposed to radiation.

Communication by wireless between this product and other devices might not be established nor maintained depending upon radio environment or operating condition of this Product or other devices. This Product is operated in the licensed band. In case this Product is used around the other wireless devices which are operated in the same frequency band as this Product, there is a possibility that radio interference occurs between this Product and such other devices. If such radio interference occurs, please use in environment which such radio interference doesn't occur as stopping the operation of the other devices or relocating this Product etc.

The products listed in this specification are intended for use in general electronic equipment (e.g., AV equipment, OA equipment, home electric appliances, office equipment, information and communication equipment including, without limitation, mobile phone, and PC).

Please be sure to contact TAIYO YUDEN for further information before using the products for any equipment which may directly cause loss of human life or bodily injury (e.g., transportation equipment including, without limitation, automotive powertrain control system, train control system, and ship control system, traffic signal equipment, disaster prevention equipment, medical equipment classified as Class I, II or III by IMDRF, highly public information network equipment including, without limitation, telephone exchange, and base station).

Please do not incorporate our products into any equipment requiring high levels of safety and/or reliability (e.g., aerospace equipment, aviation equipment, medical equipment classified as Class IV by IMDRF, nuclear control equipment, undersea equipment, military equipment).

When our products are used even for high safety and/or reliability-required devices or circuits of general electronic equipment, it is strongly recommended to perform a thorough safety evaluation prior to use of our products and to install a protection circuit as necessary.

Please note that unless you obtain prior written consent of TAIYO YUDEN, TAIYO YUDEN shall not be in any way responsible for any damages incurred by you or third parties arising from use of the products listed in this specification for any equipment requiring inquiry to TAIYO YUDEN or prohibited for use by TAIYO YUDEN as described above.

Limitation of Warranty

TAIYO YUDEN warrants only if the Product is operated under the warranty condition set forth in this Specification ("the Warranty Condition"). Please note that TAIYO YUDEN shall not be liable for any defect and/or malfunction arising from use of the Product under the terms and conditions other than the Warranty Condition hereof. In addition, when this Product is used under environmental conditions such as over voltage which is not conformed to the Warranty Condition, this Product may be destroyed in short mode. To ensure the security of customer's product, please add an extra fuse or/and a protection circuit for over voltage etc.

In some cases, TAIYO YUDEN may use replacements as component parts of product. Such replacements shall apply only to component parts of the Products, which TAIYO YUDEN deems it possible to replace or completely substitute according to (i) scope of warranty provided in this Specification (electric characteristics, outline, dimension, conditions of use, reliability tests, official standard (the Radio Law etc.), and so on) and (ii) quality of Products. TAIYO YUDEN also ensures traceability of such replacements based on each production lot.

Import and Export Regulations

Some of our products listed in this specification may require specific procedures for export according to "U.S. Export Administration Regulations", "Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Control Law" of Japan, and other applicable regulations. Should you have any questions on this matter, please contact our sales staff.

Application

Restricted to M2M Device. *Not allowed for TELEMATICS use cases.

"M2M Device" hereinto is defined as a complete device that connects to network infrastructure equipment over a wireless network utilizing Wireless Wide-Area Network Standard through the module; utility metering devices, vending machines, cargo containers, ATM machines for electronic payment, remote monitoring systems, digital billboards, portable healthcare monitoring devices, alarm or security systems, portable tracking devices. Telephones and tablet devices are not included in the "M2M Devices".

• Revision History

| Revision | Date | Summary of Change | | | |
|----------|------------|---------------------------|--|--|--|
| 1.0 | 2020.07.01 | New Release | | | |
| 1.1 | 2020.11.05 | Remove a part of RF info. | | | |

Contents

| • Revision History | - 5 - |
|--|-------|
| Relation Documents | - 8 - |
| 1. Introduction | - 9 - |
| 2. Overall Description | 10 - |
| 2.1. Function Overview | 10 - |
| 2.2. Circuit Block Diagram | 11 - |
| 3. Description of the Application Interfaces | 12 - |
| 3.1. pin | 12 - |
| 3.2. Power Supply Interface | 17 - |
| 3.2.1. Overview | |
| 3.2.2. Power Supply VBAT and VBAT_FEM | |
| 3.2.3. USIM Power Supply VSIM 3.3. Signal Control Interface | |
| 3.3.1. Overview | |
| 3.3.2. SC SWP Pin | |
| 3.3.3. PMU_SHUTDOWN Pin | |
| 3.3.4. PMU_WAKEUP Pin | |
| 3.3.5. AUX_ADC4 (BOOST_EN) Pin 3.4. UART Interface | |
| 3.5. USIM Card Interface | |
| | |
| 3.6. RF Antenna Interface | |
| 4. RF Specifications | |
| 4.1. Operating Frequencies | |
| 4.2. Conducted RF Measurement | |
| 4.2.1. RF Test Environment | |
| 4.2.2. Test Standards | |
| 5. Electrical Specifications | 30 - |
| 5.1. Absolute Maximum Ratings | 30 - |
| 5.2. Operating Conditions | 30 - |
| 5.3. Conducted Electrical Measurement | 31 - |
| 5.3.1. Electrical Test Environment | 31 - |
| 5.4. Power Supply | |
| 5.4.1. Input Power Supply | |
| 5.4.2. Power State | |
| 5.4.3. Power Consumption 6. Function and Features | |
| 6.1. Power on/off | |
| 6.1.1. Power on | |
| 6.1.2. Power off | |
| 6.2. Host-Module Mutual Wakeup Interface | 37 - |
| 6.2.1. Open data interface –host to module | |
| 6.2.2. Open data interface –module to host | 39 - |

| 6.2.3. Close data interface | 40 - |
|---|--------|
| 7. Mechanical Specifications | 42 - |
| 7.1. Dimensions of the module | 42 - |
| 7.2. Label | 43 - |
| 7.3. Packing System | 44 - |
| 8. Handling Precautions | 46 - |
| 8.1. Thermal Management | 46 - |
| 8.2. Desire and Conditions | 46 - |
| 8.2.1. Environment conditions for use and storage | |
| 8.2.2. Conditions for handling of products | |
| 9. Certifications | |
| 9.1. Certifications | 48 - |
| 10. Safety Information | 49 - |
| 10.1. Interference | 49 - |
| 10.2. Medical Device | 49 - |
| 10.3. Area with Inflammables and Explosives | 49 - |
| 10.4. Airline Security | 50 - |
| 10.5. Safety of Children | 50 - |
| 10.6. Environment Protection | 50 - |
| 10.7. RoHS Approval | 50 - |
| 10.8. Laws and Regulations Observance | 50 - |
| 10.9. Care and Maintenance | 50 - |
| 10.10. Emergency Call | 51 - |
| 10.11. FCC & ISED Notice | 51 - |
| 10.12. CE Notice | 54 - |
| 11. Appendix Acronyms and Abbreviations | - 55 - |

Relation Documents

- Software Application Guide
- AT Commands Manual
- Circuit of EVB (recommended circuit)
- Evaluation Board Manual

1. Introduction

TAIYO YUDEN offers a turnkey solution of CAT-M1 multi band LGA module supporting the following key features:

Module highlights

- Based on Altair Semiconductor ALT1250 chipset
- LTE CAT-M1
- Supporting standard multi band design
 Band2/Band4/Band8/Band12/Band20/Band26
- Small size (module size 15.0mm x 14.0 mm x 1.9 mm)
- Power supply: 2.3-4.2V (VBAT) / 2.85-4.5V (VBAT_FEM)
- Supports ultra-low DRX, eDRX and standby power consumption

LTE features highlights

- LTE CAT-M1 support based on 3GPP release13
- SW upgradable to CAT-M1 based Release14

Features

- LwM2M, TCP/IP, UDP/IP, SMS, Power saving

Interface support

- UART (3)

This document describes the hardware application interfaces and air interfaces that are provided when the module is used.

This document helps you to understand the interface specifications, electrical features and related product information of the module.

2. Overall Description

2.1. Function Overview

Table1 Features

| Feature | Description |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Physical Features | Dimensions:15.0mm × 14.0mm × 1.9mm |
| Weight | 0.92g |
| Operating Band | Band2,4, 8, 12, 20, 26 |
| Operating Temperature [1] | −30 to +70°C |
| Storage Temperature | -40 to +80°C |
| Power Voltage | VBAT: 2.3V to 4.2V ^[2] VBAT_FEM: 2.85V to 4.5V ^[2] |
| Application Interface (pin) | VSIM pin |
| | PMU_SHUTDOOWN pin |
| | VBAT pin |
| | VBAT_FEM pin |
| | PMU_WAKEUP pin |
| | AUX_ADC4 (BOOST_EN) pin |
| | SC_SWP pin |
| | UART0 (2wires) |
| | UART1 (2wires) |
| | UART2 (4wires) |
| SMS | Supports formats of PDU (AT command) SMS over SGs |
| Data Services | Half-Duplex DL: 300kbps (OFDMA) / UL: 375kbps (SC-FDMA) [3] |
| Operating System | Real Time OS |

^{[1]:} When the module works at this temperature, NOT all its RF specifications comply with the 3GPP RF specifications.

VBAT_FEM: 3.3 V

NOTE

• Use external interface for debugging and rewriting FW.

 $^{^{[2]}}$: Power voltage of our evaluation board is as follows; VBAT: 3.0 V

^{[3]:} the maximum value in theory

2.2. Circuit Block Diagram

Figure 1 shows the circuit block diagram of the module. The application block diagram and major functional units of the module contain the following parts:

- Radio Frequency (RF) transceiver
- Multi-chip package (MCP) include power management unit
- RF Front End

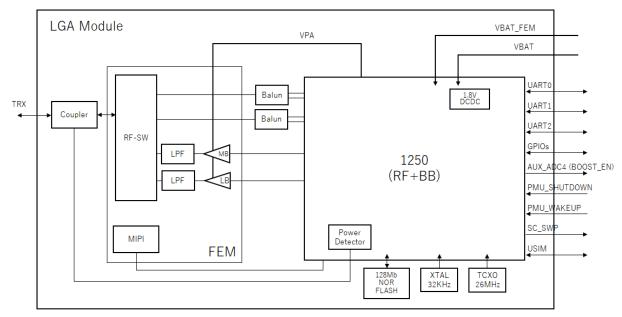


Figure1 circuit block diagram of the module

3. Description of the Application Interfaces

3.1. pin

The module uses pins as its external interfaces.

Figure 2 shows an LGA map diagram of this module. Table 2 shows definitions of pins on the LGA map.

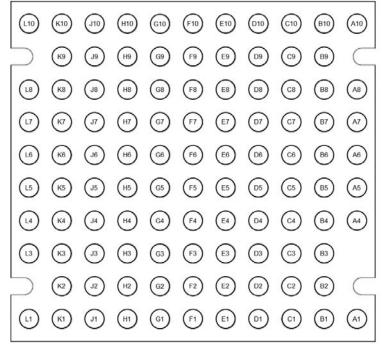


Figure LGA map diagram (TOP_THRU_ VIEW)

Table2 Definitions of pins

| No. | Pin Name | Direction | Туре | Recommendation for Unused pin | Description |
|-----|----------------|-----------|-------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| A1 | GND | - | - | - | Ground |
| A4 | GND | - | - | - | Ground |
| A5 | RF_AUX_OUT1 | - | Α | Open | Reserved |
| A6 | GND | - | - | - | Ground |
| A7 | RF_RXTX | Ю | А | - | RF TXRX Main LTE antenna |
| A8 | GND | - | - | - | Ground |
| A10 | GND | - | - | - | Ground |
| B1 | VBAT_FEM | 1 | Р | - | Module input power supply |
| B2 | VBAT_FEM | 1 | Р | - | Module input power supply |
| В3 | VBAT_FEM | 1 | Р | - | Module input power supply |
| B4 | GND | - | - | - | Ground |
| B5 | GND | - | - | - | Ground |
| B6 | GND | - | - | - | Ground |
| B7 | GND | - | - | - | Ground |
| B8 | GND | - | - | - | Ground |
| B9 | UART2_RX | 1 | D, PU | Open | UART2 receiving data |
| B10 | UART2_RTS | Ю | D, PU | Open | UART2 request to send |
| C1 | GND | - | - | - | Ground |
| C2 | GND | - | - | - | Ground |
| C3 | GND | - | - | - | Ground |
| C4 | GND | - | - | - | Ground |
| C5 | RF_TESTMUX_OUT | - | - | Ground | Reserved |
| C6 | VDD_RF | 0 | Р | - | VDD_RF out |
| C7 | GND | - | - | - | Ground |
| C8 | UART0_RX | 1 | D, PU | Open | UART0 receiving data |
| C9 | UART2_TX | 0 | D, PU | - | UART2 transmitting data |
| C10 | UART2_CTS | Ю | D, PD | Open | UART2 clear to send |
| D1 | EJ_TRST | Ю | D, PD | Pull down (10kΩ) | Reserved |
| D2 | I2C0_SCL | Ю | D, PU | Open | Reserved |
| D3 | I2C0_SDA | Ю | D, PU | Open | Reserved |
| D4 | PMU_EXT_ALARM | 0 | Α | Open | Reserved |
| D5 | FE_DEBUG | | - | Ground | Reserved |
| D6 | GND | - | - | - | Ground |
| D7 | GND | - | - | - | Ground |

| No. | Pin Name | Direction | Туре | Recommendation for Unused pin | Description |
|-----|------------------------|-----------|-------|-------------------------------|--|
| D8 | UART0_TX | 0 | D, PU | - | UART0 transmitting data |
| D9 | UART0_CTS | Ю | D, PU | Open | UART0 clear to send |
| D10 | VDD_XO | 0 | Р | - | VDD_XO out |
| E1 | EJ_TDO | Ю | D, PU | Open | Reserved |
| E2 | EJ_TDI | Ю | D, PD | Open | Reserved |
| E3 | SC_SWP | Ю | D, PD | Open | Host wakeup |
| E4 | PMU_POWER_BUTTON | I | А | PU* | Reserved Internal pull up. *If it is connected to VBAT, it is PU (min: $200k\Omega$). It is unconnected, it is PU (min: $600k\Omega$). Pull source is VRTC. |
| E5 | DCDC_1v3 | 0 | Р | - | DCDC_1v3 out |
| E6 | GND | - | - | - | Ground |
| E7 | GND | - | - | - | Ground |
| E8 | UART0_RTS | Ю | D, PU | Open | UART0 request to send |
| E9 | GND | - | - | - | Ground |
| E10 | RESERVED0_USB_DN | - | - | Open | Reserved |
| F1 | EJ_TCK | Ю | D, PD | Open | Reserved |
| F2 | EJ_TMS | Ю | D, PD | Open | Reserved |
| F3 | VDD_DIG | 0 | Р | - | VDD_DIG out |
| F4 | DEBUG_SEL | Ю | D, PD | Open | HW pin for EJTAG chain selection, PD (100k Ω) for MIPS chain, and PU for ARM chain. |
| F5 | TEST | - | - | Ground | Reserved |
| F6 | GND | - | - | - | Ground |
| F7 | GND | - | - | - | Ground |
| F8 | AUX_ADC4 (BOOST_EN) | Ю | D, PD | Open | 1.8V = enable the external DC- DC for VBAT_FEM power |
| F9 | RESERVED2_USB3V | - | - | Open | Reserved |
| F10 | RESERVED0_USB_DP | - | - | Open | Reserved |
| G1 | GND | - | - | - | Ground |
| G2 | PMU_SHUTDOWN | I | А | PU* | Shutdown active low. HW reset Internal pull up. *If PMU_VBACKUP is connected to VBAT, it is PU (min: $200k\Omega$). PMU_VBACKUP is unconnected, it is PU (min: $600k\Omega$). Pull source is VRTC. |

| | 2020.11.05 lev.1.1 | | | | | |
|-----|--------------------|-----------|-------|-------------------------------|--|--|
| No. | Pin Name | Direction | Туре | Recommendation for Unused pin | Description | |
| G3 | PMU_ATB | 1 | - | Open | Debug and testing purposes | |
| G4 | PMU_WAKEUP | 1 | Α | PD (100KΩ) | Device wakeup, active high | |
| G5 | DEBUG_RSTN | Ю | D, PU | Open | Reset pin for the JTAG probe | |
| G6 | UART1_RTS | Ю | D, PU | Open | UART1 request to send | |
| G7 | GND | - | - | - | Ground | |
| G8 | SF_nHOLD/IO3 | Ю | D | Open | Serial flash interface | |
| G9 | SPIM0_EN1 | Ю | D, PU | Open | Reserved | |
| G10 | VFLASH | 0 | Р | - | VFLASH out | |
| H1 | VBAT | 1 | Р | - | Module input power supply | |
| H2 | VDD_EXTRA | 0 | Р | - | VDD_EXTRA out | |
| Н3 | PMU_AT_OUT | 0 | Α | Open | Anti-tamper output | |
| H4 | PMU_VCAP | 0 | А | Open | Connecting external capacitor as backup for VBAT | |
| H5 | VDD_GPM | 0 | Р | - | VDD_GPM out | |
| H6 | SPIM1_CLK | Ю | D, PD | Open | Reserved | |
| H7 | SPIM1_MISO | Ю | D, PD | Open | Reserved | |
| H8 | GND | - | - | - | Ground | |
| H9 | UART1_TX | Ю | D, PU | Open | UART1 transmitting data | |
| H10 | GND | - | - | - | Ground | |
| J1 | VBAT | 1 | Р | - | Module input power supply | |
| J2 | SIM_DETECT | I | D, PD | Open | SIM detection If use eSIM, it is NC. | |
| J3 | PMU_AT_IN | 1 | Α | Ground | Anti- tamper input | |
| J4 | PMU_VBACKUP | 1 | - | Open | Input from backup battery | |
| J5 | CLKOUT | 0 | D, PU | - | Configurable clock out | |
| J6 | SPIM1_EN | Ю | D, PU | Open | Reserved | |
| J7 | SPIM1_MOSI | Ю | D, PD | Open | Reserved | |
| J8 | GND | - | - | - | Ground | |
| J9 | GND | - | - | - | Ground | |
| J10 | UART1_RX | Ю | D, PU | Open | UART1 receiving data | |
| K1 | GND | - | - | - | Ground | |
| K2 | SIMIO | Ю | D, PD | Open | SIM data | |
| K3 | SIMRST | 0 | D, PD | - | SIM reset | |
| K4 | PMU_VRTC | Ю | - | Open | Used for PMU_SHUTDOWN and PMU_POWER_BUTTON pull source | |
| K5 | VDDIO_GPM | 0 | - | - | VDDIO_GPM out | |
| K6 | GND | - | - | - | Ground | |

| No. | Pin Name | Direction | Туре | Recommendation for Unused pin | Description |
|-----|------------|-----------|-------|-------------------------------|----------------------------|
| K7 | GND | - | - | - | Ground |
| K8 | GND | - | - | - | Ground |
| K9 | GND | - | - | - | Ground |
| K10 | UART1_CTS | 10 | D, PU | Open | UART1 clear to send |
| L1 | GND | - | - | - | Ground |
| L3 | SIMCLK | 0 | D, PD | - | SIM clock |
| L4 | VSIM | 0 | Р | - | VSIM out |
| L5 | SF_nWP/IO2 | Ю | D | Open | Serial flash interface IO2 |
| L6 | SF_SO/IO1 | Ю | D | Open | Serial flash interface IO1 |
| L7 | SF_CLK | 0 | D | - | Serial flash clock |
| L8 | SF_SI/IO0 | Ю | D | Open | Serial flash interface IO0 |
| L10 | GND | - | - | - | Ground |

NOTE

- \bullet I: Input only functionality. O: Output only functionality.
 - **IO:** Both input and output functionality.
- A: Analog pin. D: Digital pin. PD: Pull Down. PU: Pull Up. P: Power
- The internal resistance of digital pin is $13k\Omega$ to $45k\Omega$.

3.2. Power Supply Interface

3.2.1. Overview

The ALT1250 includes an integrated PMU. The PMU is designed to work directly from both rechargeable and primary batteries. The PMU supplies current to all ALT1250 blocks, the IOs, the External Flash, the TCXO and the UICC.

In addition, the PMU includes a low power RTC.

The power supply part of the module contains:

- RTC (Real Time Clock)
- APC (Advance Power Controller)
- different regulators (LDOs and DC-DC)

Table3 lists the definitions of the pins on the power supply interface

| Pin No. | Signal Name | I/O | Description | voltage (V) |
|---------|-------------|-----|----------------------------------|-------------|
| B1 | VBAT_FEM | I | | |
| B2 | VBAT_FEM | I | Module input power supply | 2.85-4.5 |
| В3 | VBAT_FEM | I | | |
| H1 | VBAT | I | Madula issue to source according | 2.3-4.2 |
| H5 | VBAT | I | Module input power supply | 2.3-4.2 |
| C6 | VDD_RF | 0 | VDD_RF out | 1.9 |
| D10 | VDD_XO | 0 | VDD_XO out | 1.9 |
| E5 | DCDC_1v3 | 0 | DCDC_1v3 out | 1.3 |
| F3 | VDD_DIG | 0 | VDD_DIG | 0.9 |
| G10 | VFLASH | 0 | VFLASH out | 1.8 |
| H2 | VDD_EXTRA | 0 | VDD_EXTRA out | 1.8 |
| H5 | VDD_GPM | 0 | VDD_GPM out | 1.1 |
| K5 | VDDIO_GPM | 0 | VDDIO_GPM out | 1.8 |
| L4 | VSIM | 0 | VSIM out | 1.8 |

3.2.2. Power Supply VBAT and VBAT_FEM

There are two types of VBAT of module.

(1) VBAT

VBAT is the power supply of RTC and LPDDR.

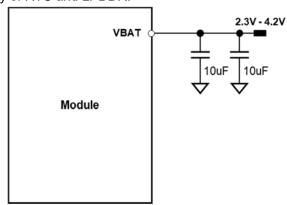


Figure 3 VBAT supply block diagram

(2) VBAT_FEM

VBAT_FEM is power supply to be controlled synchronously with the DRX/ eDRX cycle. See following page for details.

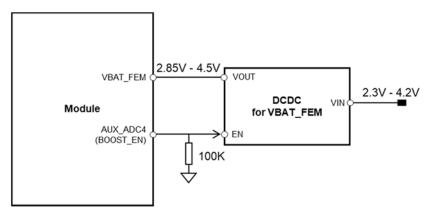


Figure4 VBAT_FEM supply block diagram

When VBAT is 2.3 V (minimum value), must keep 2.3 V or more, during TX.

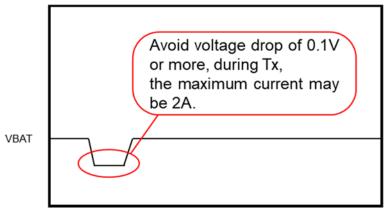


Figure 5 drop of power supply voltage (VBAT)

When VBAT_FEM is 2.85 V (minimum value), must keep 2.85 V or more, during TX.

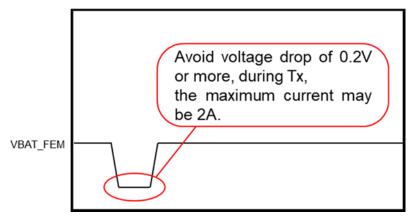


Figure 6 drop of power supply voltage (VBAT_FEM)

Figure7 shows reference block diagram of the module.

An external DC-DC converter is required on the VBAT_FEM side of the module.

The reason why the DC-DC converter is necessary is as follows.

- It is synchronizing with eDRX, for power saving.
- The module learns autonomously eDRX cycle.
 AUX_ADC4 (BOOST_EN) synchronizes with eDRX and can control the DC-DC converter.
 (AUX_ADC4 (BOOST_EN) control VBAT_FEM in synchronization with eDRX.)

Figure 7 is the recommended circuit. We designed to minimize reduce the current consumption during DH2.

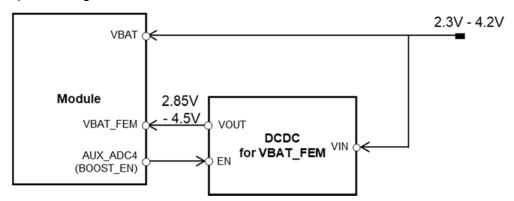


Figure7 reference power block diagram of the module

The external DC-DC converter is TPS61021ADSG.

VBAT_FEM should be supplied by external DC-DC and controlled by ADC_AUX4 (BOOST_EN) pin. Figure8 shows circuit of the DC-DC. Refer to datasheet of TPS61021ADSG for details.

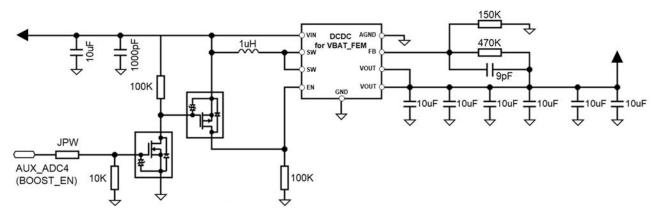


Figure8 reference circuit of the DC-DC

3.2.3. USIM Power Supply VSIM

Through the VSIM power supply interface, 1.8 V power from module can be supplied to USIM card. Special attention should be taken on PCB design at the host side.

3.3. Signal Control Interface

3.3.1. Overview

The signal control part of the interface in the module contains the following:

- SC_SWP pin
- PMU_SHUTDOOWN pin
- PMU_WAKEUP pin
- AUX_ADC4 (BOOST_EN) pin

Table4 Pins on the signal control interface

| Pin No. | PIN Name | I/O | Description |
|---------|---------------------|-----|---|
| E3 | SC_SWP | Ю | host wakeup |
| G2 | PMU_SHUTDOWN | I | Shutdown, HW reset, active low |
| G4 | PMU_WAKEUP | 1 | Device wakeup, active high |
| F8 | AUX_ADC4 (BOOST_EN) | Ю | 1.8V = enable the external DC-DC for VBAT_FEM power |

3.3.2. SC_SWP Pin

Table5 Two States of SC_SWP Pin

| Item | Pin state | Description |
|------|-----------|---|
| 1 | High | Interrupt to wakeup HOST. Module wants to send data to host. |
| 2 | Low | No interrupt. |

3.3.3. PMU_SHUTDOWN Pin

This pin requires an external PU resistor.

This pin has the highest priority compared to other functionalities.

Therefore, it will forcibly hard reset.

Pulling low more than 100ms and then pulling high will reset the module.

Table6 Two States of PMU_SHUTDOWN Pin

| Item | Pin state | Description | | |
|------|-----------|-------------|--|--|
| 1 | High | active | | |
| 2 | Low | shutdown | | |

3.3.4. PMU_WAKEUP Pin

Table7 Two States of PMU_WAKEUP Pin

| Item | Pin state | Description |
|------|-----------|---|
| 1 | High | Wakeup the module or keep active. Module won't enter DH2 if this signal kept high. |
| 2 | Low | Change the state of module Active to DH2. Note: Never set PMU_WAKEUP to low when the host will send data to the module. (See 6.2. Host-Module Mutual Wakeup Interface) |

3.3.5. AUX_ADC4 (BOOST_EN) Pin

Output signal to enable the external DCDC for VBAT_FEM power. When AUX_ADC4 (BOOST_EN) pin is to be high, the external DCDC wakes up.

Then VBAT_FEM also wakes up.

Table8 Two States of AUX_ADC4 (BOOST_EN) Pin

| Item | Pin state | Description | | | |
|------|-----------|-------------|--|--|--|
| 1 | High | Enable | | | |
| 2 | Low | disable | | | |

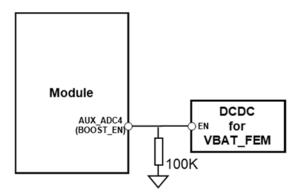


Figure9 connections of the AUX_ADC4 (BOOST_EN) Pin

3.4. UART Interface

The module includes a 4-wire UART interface (UART0 - 2).

The UART is an asynchronous serial interface. The interface is a fully compliant and standard RS-232.

Offers similar functionality to industry-standard 16C550 UART devices.

UART0 is used for AT command or PPP.

* AT command response timeout: max 120s

UART1 is used for debug.

UART2 is used for CLI and firmware version up.

Support baud rates of up to 3Mbps (*). The baud rate can only be changed via AT command. (Refer to Software Application Guide)

The maximum baud rate error is 1.56%.

* Flow control is recommended when the baud rate setting is over 1Mbps.

Default setting is following:

Baud rete: 115200, Data: 8bit, Parity: none, Stop: 1bit, Flow control: none (See Data Format)

Table9 List of UART0 pins

| No. | Pin Name | I/O | Description | | | |
|-----|-----------|-----|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| C8 | UARTO RX | I | UART0 receiving data. Active low | | | |
| | _ | | 0V=active (Data bit=1) | | | |
| | | | 1.8V=not active (Data bit=0) | | | |
| D8 | UARTO TX | 0 | UART0 transmitting data. Active low | | | |
| | _ | | 0V=active (Data bit=1) | | | |
| | | | 1.8V=not active (Data bit=0) | | | |
| D9 | UARTO CTS | 1 | UART0 clear to send. | | | |
| | _ | | 0V=not active (Data bit=0) | | | |
| | | | 1.8V=active (Data bit=1) | | | |
| E8 | UARTO RTS | 0 | UART0 ready to send. | | | |
| | _ | | 0V=not active (Data bit=0) | | | |
| | | | 1.8V=active (Data bit=1) | | | |

Table10 List of UART1 pins

| No. | Pin Name | I/O | Description | | | |
|-----|-----------|-----|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| J10 | UART1 RX | Ι | UART1 receiving data. Active low | | | |
| | _ | | 0V=active (Data bit=1) | | | |
| | | | 1.8V=not active (Data bit=0) | | | |
| H9 | UART1 TX | 0 | UART1 transmitting data. Active low | | | |
| | _ | | 0V=active (Data bit=1) | | | |
| | | | 1.8V=not active (Data bit=0) | | | |
| K10 | UART1 CTS | ı | UART1 clear to send. | | | |
| | _ | | 0V=not active (Data bit=0) | | | |
| | | | 1.8V=active (Data bit=1) | | | |
| G6 | UART1 RTS | 0 | UART1 ready to send. | | | |
| | _ | | 0V=not active (Data bit=0) | | | |
| | | | 1.8V=active (Data bit=1) | | | |

Table11 List of UART2 pins

| No. | Pin Name | I/O | Description | | | |
|-----|-----------|-----|------------------------------|--|--|--|
| В9 | UART2 RX | Ι | UART2 receiving data. | | | |
| | _ | | 0V=active (Data bit=1) | | | |
| | | | 1.8V=not active (Data bit=0) | | | |
| C9 | UART2 TX | 0 | UART2 transmitting data. | | | |
| | _ | | 0V=active (Data bit=1) | | | |
| | | | 1.8V=not active (Data bit=0) | | | |
| C10 | UART2 CTS | ı | UART2 clear to send. | | | |
| | _ | | 0V=not active (Data bit=0) | | | |
| | | | 1.8V=active (Data bit=1) | | | |
| B10 | UART2 RTS | 0 | UART2 ready to send. | | | |
| | _ | | 0V=not active (Data bit=0) | | | |
| | | | 1.8V=active (Data bit=1) | | | |

[Data Format]

| (1) Start bit | (2) Data | (3) Parity | (4) Stop bit | |
|---------------------|-------------|---------------|--------------------|--|
|---------------------|-------------|---------------|--------------------|--|

- (1) Start bit: start frame transmission (1bit)
- (2) Data: length of transmission data in one frame (8bit)
- (3) Parity: error detecting code (none)
- (4) Stop bit: end frame transmission (1bit)

3.5. USIM Card Interface

The USIM interface can be used either for USIM socket, and for eSIM.

The module supports Class C (1.8V).

For 3.0V USIM cards support, an external voltage translator will be required.

To achieve ultra-low power consumption, SIM power will be off during DH2 mode.

The USIM input/output lines are following USIM specifications.

As the module is not equipped with an USIM card adapter, you need to place an USIM/eSIM card adapter on the user interface board.

Figure 10 is recommended circuit for using USIM card adapter.

Figure 11 is recommended circuit for using eSIM. (Refer to eSIM datasheet for detail of circuit.) If you want to use both USIM card adapter and eSIM, please use switch circuit. (Refer to circuit of EVB for detail.)

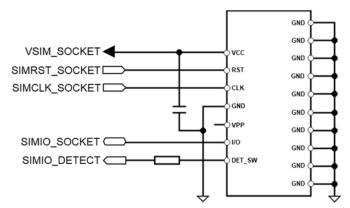


Figure 10 recommended circuit for USIM card adapter

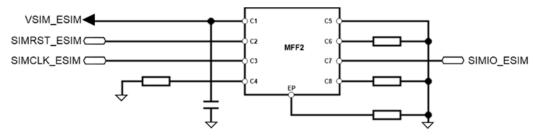


Figure11 recommended circuit for eSIM

3.6. RF Antenna Interface

3.6.1. RF Connector location

This module does not include any antennas. External antennas need to be used for the final products using this module.

NOTE

- You should prepare an external antenna which was certified based on the Radio Type Approval of the module.
- Please optimize impedance matching between RF input/output line and antenna by using a matching circuit.
 - The RF input/output line of characteristic impedance in the module is 50Ω .
- For recommended antennas, refer to the antenna list (See attachment).

4. RF Specifications

4.1. Operating Frequencies

Table12 shows the RF bands supported by the module

| Operating Band | Tx | Rx | Bandwidth |
|----------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---|
| Band2 | 1850MHz - 1910MHz | 1930MHz-1990MHz | 1.4MHz/3MHz/5MHz /10MHz /15MHz/20MHz |
| Band4 | 1710MHz - 1755MHz | 2110MHz - 2155MHz | 1.4MHz/3MHz/5MHz /10MHz /15MHz/20MHz |
| Band8 | 880MHz - 915MHz | 925MHz - 960MHz | 1.4MHz/3MHz/5MHz /10MHz |
| Dando | 000W112 - 915W112 | 925W112 - 900W112 | /15MHz/20MHz |
| Band12 | 699MHz - 716MHz | 729MHz - 746MHz | 1.4MHz/3MHz/5MHz /10MHz |
| Band20 | 832MHz - 862MHz | 791MHz - 821MHz | 1.4MHz/3MHz/5MHz /10MHz |
| Band20 | 032IVITZ - 002IVITZ | 79 IIVITZ - 02 IIVITZ | /15MHz |
| Band26 | 814MHz - 849MHz | 859MHz - 894MHz | 1.4MHz/3MHz/5MHz /10MHz |
| DalluZu | 0 14WITZ - 049WITZ | 009 VITZ - 094 VITZ | /15MHz |

4.2. Conducted RF Measurement

4.2.1. RF Test Environment

| RF Test instrument | Rohde & Schwarz CMW500 |
|--------------------|------------------------|
| Power Divider | ANRITSU K240B |
| Attenuator | Keysight 8493B |

NOTE

- The compensation for different frequency bands relates to the cable and the test environment.
- The instrument compensation needs to be set according to the actual cable conditions.

4.2.2. Test Standards

The module meets 3GPP TS 36.521-1 test standards. The module passes strict tests at the factory and thus the quality of the module is guaranteed.



5. Electrical Specifications

5.1. Absolute Maximum Ratings

WARNING

Table26 lists the absolute ratings for the module. Using the module beyond these conditions may result in permanent damage to the module.

Table26 Absolute maximum ratings for the module

| Symbol | Parameter | Min. | Max. | Unit |
|----------|-------------------------------------|------|------|------|
| VBAT | VBAT supply pin | -0.2 | 4.35 | ٧ |
| VBAT_FEM | RF supply pin | -0.5 | 5.2 | V |
| VDDIO | Voltage on any non-power-supply pin | -0.2 | 2.0 | V |

5.2. Operating Conditions

Table27 Operating conditions

| Parameter | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | Conditions |
|--------------------------|------|------|------|------|--|
| Operating | -10 | - | +55 | °C | The module is fully functional (*) in all the temperature range, and it fully meets the 3GPP specification |
| temperatures | -30 | | +70 | °C | The module is fully functional (*) in all the temperature range |
| Storage temperatures | -40 | - | +80 | °C | - |
| Module Vin (VBAT) | 2.3 | - | 4.2 | V | - |
| Module Vin (VBAT_FEM) | 2.85 | - | 4.5 | V | - |
| VBAT Rise Time | - | - | 50 | ms | from power on to 2.3V |
| VBAT_FEM Rise Time | - | - | 1 | ms | from power on to 2.85V |

^{*} Functional: the module is able to make wireless telecommunication.

Table28 DC Characteristics of pins

| Parameter | Min. | Max. | Unit |
|-----------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|------|
| V _{IH} | 0.7 * V _{IO} | - | V |
| VIL | - | 0.3 * V _{IO} | V |
| Vон | 0.8 * V _{IO} | - | V |
| V _{OL} | - | 0.2 * V _{IO} | V |
| Vio | 1.7 | 1.9 | V |



5.3. Conducted Electrical Measurement

5.3.1. Electrical Test Environment

| Test instrument | Keysight N6705B、Keysight N6781A |
|-----------------|---------------------------------|
|-----------------|---------------------------------|

5.4. Power Supply

5.4.1. Input Power Supply

Table29 Requirements for input power of the module

| Parameter | Min. | Max. | Ripple Max. | Unit |
|-----------|------|------|-------------|------|
| VBAT | 2.3 | 4.2 | 50mVpp | V |
| VBAT_FEM | 2.85 | 4.5 | 50mVpp | V |

5.4.2. Power State

Module is optimized to achieve ultra-low power consumption addressing IoT market needs. Power state is supported. (See the following Table 27)

Table30 Power state

| Power state | Description | Required supplies | Wake-up options |
|-------------|--|--|---|
| Shutdown | Module powered off. | - | - |
| DH2 | All digital logic is powered down, a configurable amount of retention memory is retained (64KB granularity), all output IOs are latched while input IOs can be configured to wake up the system, and the RTC is 'On' in this mode. IO Retention, SW state Full Retention, Memory Partially Retention, Timer /Anti Tamper 10 IO's | - | RTC Expiration PMU_WAKEUP PMU_SHUTDOWN Anti-Tamper Interface Any other digital interface configured to wakeup the system A wakeup event initiates a boot flow. This mode enables output IOs to latch and wakeup from digital input. |
| Active | All system is wake up. | All required power supplies are available. | - |

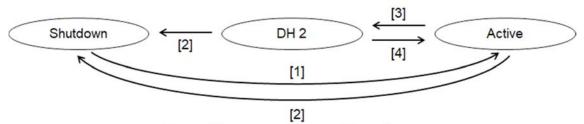


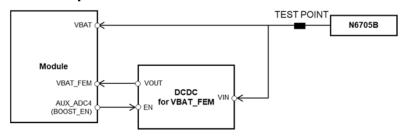
Figure12 power state transition diagram

NOTE

The following part is explained of the Figure 10.

- [1] Shutdown --> Active: See 6.1. Power on/off sequence
- [2] Active or DH 2 --> Shutdown: See 6.1. Power on/off sequence
- [3] Active --> DH 2: See 6.2.3. Close data interface
- [4] DH 2 --> Active : See 6.2.1. Open data interface $\,$ -host to module
 - 6.2.2. Open data interface -module to host

5.4.3. Power Consumption



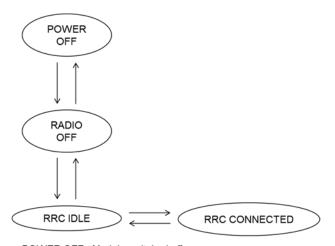
[conditions]

- measured on our evaluation board at 25°C indoor
- Band: 1, Band Width: 5MHz
- DRX cycle = 1.28 s
- eDRX cycle = 81.92s, PTW = 1.28 s
- power supply of the module is 3.0V

Table31 Averaged power consumption of the evaluation board

| wireless state | power state | Typical values (Avg) | Notes/Condition |
|------------------|-------------|----------------------|---|
| RRC CONNECTED | Active | 195mA | Tx Power: 0dBm |
| | | 233mA | Tx Power: 10dBm |
| | | 543mA | Tx Power: 23dBm |
| RRC IDLE | DH2 | 1.4mA | DRX [1] (SIM power on) |
| | | 50uA | eDRX ^[2] Average power consumption for 1 hour after shift to eDRX. |

^{*} It may be changed because of under development.



POWER OFF: Module switched off RADIO OFF: RF is disabled RRC IDLE: RF is enabled

RRC CONNECTED : During transmitting and receiving data

Figure 13 wireless state transition diagram

[1] image of current waveform during DRX

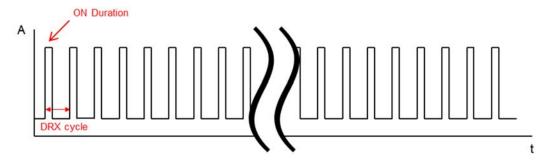


Figure 14 image of current waveform during DRX

[2] image of current waveform during eDRX

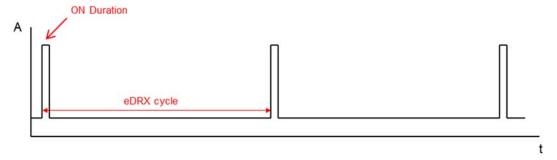


Figure15 image of current waveform during eDRX

6. Function and Features

6.1. Power on/off

6.1.1. Power on

The module is powered on as input triggered by VBAT.

When the module is powered, the PMU_SHUTDOWN pin is PU internally.

*When the PMU_SHUTDOWN pin is connected to an external switch without being connected to the host, the PMU_SHUTDOWN pin is PU internally, so not connecting external PU.

HOST does not need to input a signal to the PMU_SHUTDOWN pin, PMU_SHUTDOWN pin should be opened.

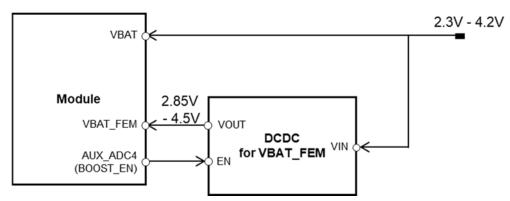


Figure16 reference block diagram of power on

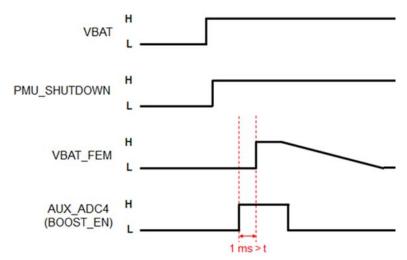
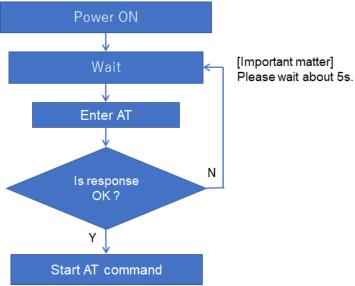


Figure17 power on sequence

• A flowchart showing start AT command.



6.1.2. Power off

The Power-off sequence occurs when either of the following conditions is met:

- VBAT falls below the UVLO power down threshold of 1.8V.
- Shutdown is requested by the PMU_SHUTDOWN pin.

NOTE

Do not power off during module boot.
 If power off during access to flash, module may break.

6.2. Host-Module Mutual Wakeup Interface

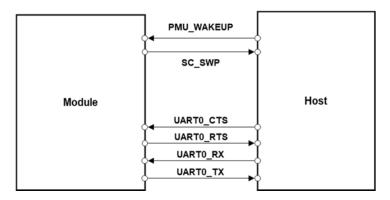


Figure 18 Host-Module mutual wakeup

The state of PMU_WAKEUP and SC_SWP

(1) PMU_WAKEUP (Host: Output, Module: Input)

High: When host need to open the data interface and to wake up to module.

Low: When host need to close the data interface.

(2) SC_SWP (Host: Input, Module: Output)

High: Module need to open the data interface.

Therefore, interrupt to wakeup host.

Low: Module do not need to open the data interface.

Table32 the requirements for the external host interface IO

| No. | Pin Name | Description |
|-----|--------------|-------------------------|
| G4 | PMU_WAKEUP | host wakes up module |
| E3 | SC_SWP | module wakes up host |
| D8 | UART0_TX | UART0 transmitting data |
| C8 | UART0_RX | UART0 receiving data |
| E8 | UART0_RTS | UART0 ready to send |
| D9 | UART0_CTS | UART0 clear to send |
| G2 | PMU_SHUTDOWN | hardware reset |

^{*:} Connect these pins to pins header etc.

6.2.1. Open data interface -host to module

When host wants to send data to module, host should open data interface.

The timing chart is as follows. (See Figure 19)

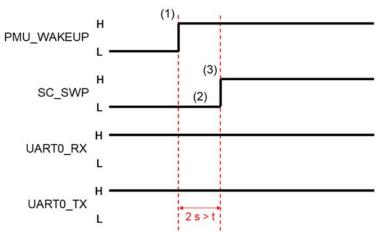


Figure 19 open data interface - host to module

First, data interface state is not open.

UART0_RX and UART0_TX are always high.

- (1) Host wants to send data to module. Host sets PMU_WAKEUP to high (PMU_WAKEUP = high)
- (2) Module is awaking (might also be waking) and module is preparing
- (3) Module sets SC_SWP to high (SC_SWP = high)

The data interface is opened and communication can start

6.2.2. Open data interface -module to host

When module wants to send data to host, module opens data interface.

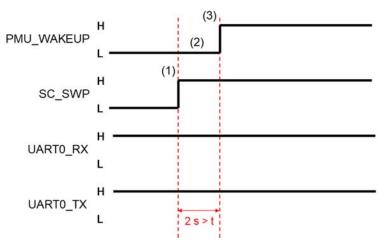


Figure 20 open data interface - module to host

First, data interface state is not open.

UART0_RX and UART0_TX are always high.

- (1) Module wants to send data to host. Module sets SC_SWP to high (SC_SWP = high)
- (2) When host detects module sets SC_SWP to high, host needs to do the processing necessary to receive data
- (3) When host is completed the processing on UART, host sets PMU_WAKEUP to high (PMU_WAKEUP = high)

The data interface is opened and communication can start

6.2.3. Close data interface

Host has no send data and wants to close data interface.

Then shift the state of module Active to DH2.

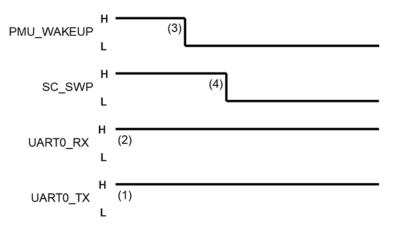


Figure21 close data interface

UART0_RX and UART0_TX are always high.

- (1) Host detects that it is sending the last data bit in a session and module is not transmitting any data (UART0_TX = high)
- (2) Host will not send any data (UARTO_RX = fix = high)
- (3) Host sets PMU_WAKEUP to low (PMU_WAKEUP = low)
- (4) Module detects PMU_WAKEUP is low, and sets SC_SWP to low (SC_SWP = low)

The point is, the data interface closes and the module will sleep

NOTE

When there are events on the LTE network, Module does not sleep. (e.g. RRC status is RRC-connected)

In that case, wait for the end of the communication event.

Since it is necessary to receive the output data of the module.

Please resume data connection.

The following figure shows the flowchart of close data interface.

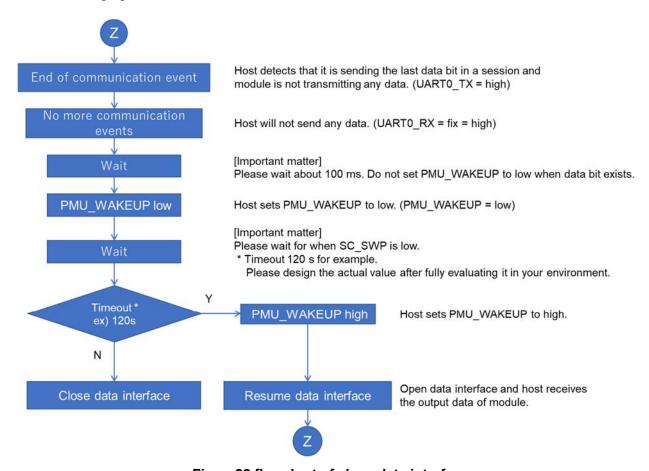


Figure 22 flowchart of close data interface

7. Mechanical Specifications

7.1. Dimensions of the module

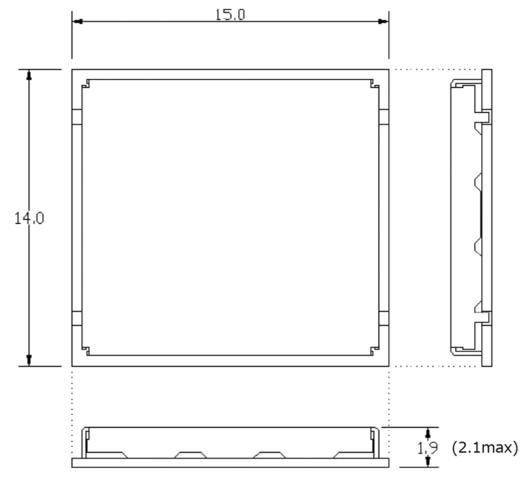


Figure23 dimensions of the module (TOP VIEW) (unit: mm)

*Tolerances unless otherwise specified: ±0.2mm

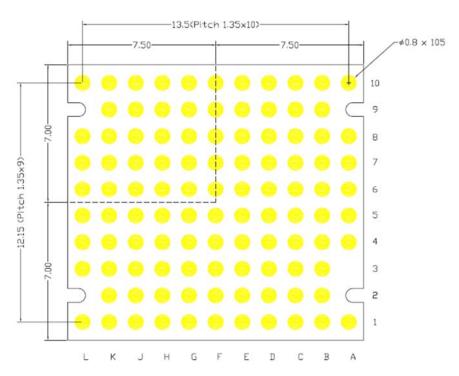
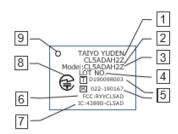


Figure24 Dimensions of the module (TOP THRU VIEW) (unit: mm)

7.2. Label



- 1:Manufacturer
- 2:Model Name
- 3:Part Number
- 4:Lot Number
- 5: Japan Technical Conformity Certification
- 6:FCC ID
- 7:IC ID
- 8:Japan Technical Conformity Logo(Φ3.0mm or more)
- 9:1 Pin Mark (Φ1.0mm)

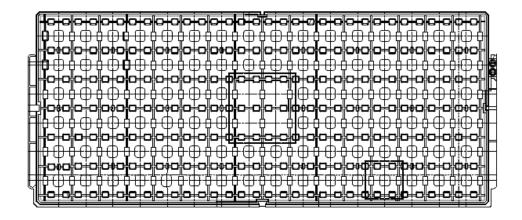
Figure25 description of label

7.3. Packing System

The module package includes the tray, tray(cover), antistatic band, desiccant, and humidity indicator card.

This module is stored in the tray in units of 96 pieces.

- Packaging method: Tray
- Packaging unit: 960
 - * It might be providing as tray at sample stage.





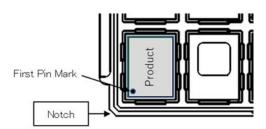


Figure 26 packaging Figure

Place 10 trays, place the tray (cover) on it, and place it in an aluminum moisture barrier bag together with desiccant and humidity indicator card.

Both ends of the aluminum moisture barrier bags are sandwiched by buffer corrugated paper and placed in the inner box.

The interior box is packed in an exterior box and shipped.

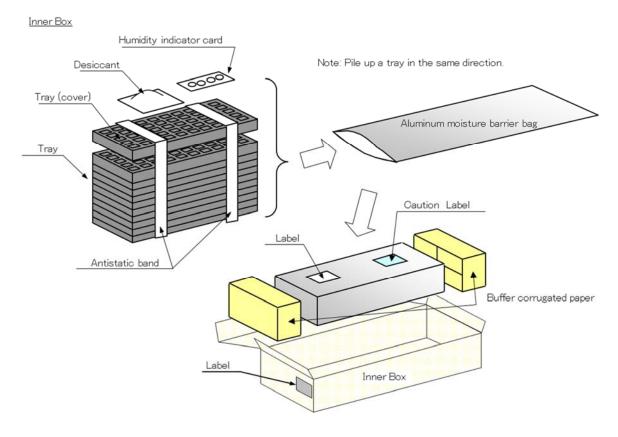


Figure 27 package assembly

8. Handling Precautions

8.1. Thermal Management

CLxADAH2Z have high power consumption and due to their very small size, need to be designed properly for heat dissipation.

8.2. Desire and Conditions

This specification describes desire and conditions especially for mounting.

8.2.1. Environment conditions for use and storage

- 1. Store the components in an environment of < 40°C /90%RH if they are in a moisture barrier bag packed by TAIYO YUDEN.
- 2. Keep the factory ambient conditions at < 30°C /60%RH.
- 3. Store the components in an environment of $< 25 \pm 5$ °C /10%RH after the bag is opened. (The condition is also applied to a stay in the manufacture process).

8.2.2. Conditions for handling of products

Make sure all of the moisture barrier bags have no holes, cracks or damages at receiving. If an abnormality is found on the bag, its moisture level must be checked in accordance with 2 of 8.2.2. Refer to the label on the bag.

- 1. All of the surface mounting process (reflow process) must be completed in 12 months from the bag sea date.
- 2. Make sure humidity in the bag is less than 10%RH immediately after open, using a humidity indicator card sealed with the components.
- 3. All of the surface mounting process (reflow process including rework process) must be completed in 168 hours after the bag is opened (inclusive of any other processes).
- 4. If any conditions in 8.2.1. or condition 2 and 3 of 8.2.2. are not met, bake the components in accordance with the conditions at 125°C 24h.
- 5. As a rule, baking the components in accordance with conditions 4 of 8.2.2. shall be once.
- Since semi-conductors are inside of the components, they must be free from static electricity while handled. (<100V) Use ESD protective floor mats, wrist straps, ESD protective footwear, air ionizers etc., if necessary.
- 7. Please make sure that there are lessen mechanical vibration and shock for this module, and do not drop it.
- 8. Please recognize pads of back side at surface mount.
- 9. This module should not be cleaned.



10. Please perform temperature conditions of module at reflow within the limits of the following.

Please give the number of times of reflow as a maximum of 2 times.

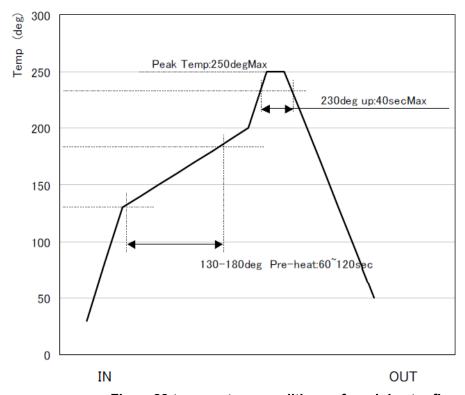


Figure 28 temperature conditions of module at reflow

9. Certifications

9.1. Certifications

Table34 shows the certificate obtained by the module.

Table34 Product certifications

| Cartification | Model Name |
|--|------------|
| Certification | CL5ADAH2Z |
| FCC/IC | V |
| CE | V |
| Japan Technical Conformity Certification | V |

10. Safety Information

Read the safety information carefully to ensure the correct and safe use of module. Applicable safety information must be observed.

10.1. Interference

Communication between this product and other might not be established nor maintained depending upon radio environment or operating condition of this product and other products with wireless technology.

This product operates in the licensed band at 2GHz/800MHz. In case this product is used around the other wireless devices which operate in same frequency band of this product, there is a possibility that interference occurs between this product and such other devices. If such interference occurs, please stop the operation of other devices or relocate this product before using this product or do not use this product around the other wireless devices.

Power off module if using the device is prohibited. Do not use the module when it causes danger or interference with electric devices.

10.2. Medical Device

- Power off module and follow the rules and regulations set forth by the hospitals and health care facilities.
- Some module may affect the performance of the hearing aids. For any such problems, consult your service provider.
- Pacemaker manufacturers recommend that a minimum distance of 15 cm be maintained between the module and a pacemaker to prevent potential interference with the pacemaker. If you are using an electronic medical device, consult the doctor or device manufacturer to confirm whether the radio wave affects the operation of this module.

10.3. Area with Inflammables and Explosives

To prevent explosions and fires in areas that are stored with inflammable and explosive devices, power off module and observe the rules. Areas stored with inflammables and explosives include but are not limited to the following:

- Gas station
- Fuel depot (such as the bunk below the deck of a ship)
- Container/Vehicle for storing or transporting fuels or chemical products
- Area where the air contains chemical substances and particles (such as granule, dust, or metal powder)
- Area indicated with the "Explosives" sign



- Area indicated with the "Power off bi-direction wireless equipment" sign
- Area where you are generally suggested to stop the engine of a vehicle

10.4. Airline Security

Observe the rules and regulations of airline companies. When boarding or approaching a plane, power off module. Otherwise, the radio signal of the module may interfere with the plane control signals.

10.5. Safety of Children

Do not allow children to use the module without guidance. Small and sharp components of the module may cause danger to children or cause suffocation if children swallow the components.

10.6. Environment Protection

Observe the local regulations regarding the disposal of your packaging materials, used module, and promote their recycling.

10.7. RoHS Approval

The module is in compliance with the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment Directive 2011/65/EU (RoHS Directive).

10.8. Laws and Regulations Observance

Observe laws and regulations when using module. Respect the privacy and legal rights of the others.

10.9. Care and Maintenance

It is normal that module gets hot when you use or charge it. Before you clean or maintain the module, stop all applications and power off the module.

- Use module with care and in clean environment. Keep the module from a fire or a lit cigarette.
- Protect module from water and vapor and keep it dry.
- Do not drop, throw or bend module.
- Clean module with a piece of damp and soft antistatic cloth. Do not use any chemical agents (such as alcohol and benzene), chemical detergent, or powder to clean it.
- Do not leave module in a place with a considerably low or high temperature.
- Do not dismantle the module. Otherwise, the module is not covered by the warranty.



CL5ADAH2Z

10.10. Emergency Call

This module functions through receiving and transmitting radio signals.

Therefore, the connection cannot be guaranteed in all conditions. In an emergency, module cannot be used.

10.11. FCC & ISED Notice

Required End Product Labeling

Any device incorporating this module must include an external, visible, permanent marking or label which states: "Contains FCC ID: RYYCL5AD" and "Contains IC: 4389B-CL5AD"

Obligation d'étiquetage du produit final:

Tout dispositif intégrant ce module doit comporter un externe, visible, marquage permanent ou une étiquette qui dit: "Contient IC : 4389B-CL5AD"

Additional testing, Part 15 Subpart B disclaimer

The CL5ADAH2Z modular transmitter is only FCC authorized for the specific rule parts (i.e., FCC transmitter rules) listed on the grant, and that the host product manufacturer is responsible for compliance to any other FCC rules that apply to the host not covered by the modular transmitter grant of certification.

The final host product still requires Part 15 Subpart B compliance testing with the modular transmitter installed.

FCC

This module has been tested and found to comply with the following requirements for Modular Approval.

- Part 22H Cellular radiotelephone service
- Part 24E Broadband PCS
- Part 27C Technical standards
- Part 90S Regulations governing licensing and use of frequencies in the 806-824, 851-869, 896-901, and 935-940 MHz Bands, 851-869, 896-901, and 935-940 MHz Bands
- Part 2.1046 Measurements required: RF power output



Antennas

This radio transmitter CL5ADAH2Z has been approved by the FCC and ISED to operate with the maximum permissible gain indicated below.

| Modulation | Frequency (MHz) | | | Maximum permissible gain | Maximum permissible gain |
|------------------------|-----------------|---|------|---------------------------|----------------------------|
| Wodalation | | | | approved by the FCC (dBi) | approved by the ISED (dBi) |
| LTE Band 2 | 1850 | ~ | 1910 | 8.00 | 8.00 |
| LTE Band 4 | 1710 | ~ | 1755 | 5.00 | 5.00 |
| LTE Band 12 | 699 | ~ | 716 | 8.70 | 5.63 |
| LTE Band 26 | 824 | ~ | 849 | 9.41 | 6.12 |
| LTE Band 26 (Part 90S) | 814 | ~ | 824 | 9.36 | N/A |

Test Modes

Taiyo Yuden Co., Ltd. uses various test mode programs for test set up which operate separate from production firmware. Host integrators should contact Taiyo Yuden Co., Ltd. for assistance with test modes needed for module/host compliance test requirements.

The OEM integrator has to be aware not to provide information to the end user regarding how to install or remove this RF module in the user's manual of the end product which integrates this module. The end user manual shall include all required regulatory information/warming as shown in User manual.

In the end product, the antenna(s) used with this transmitter must not be co-located or operation in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter except in accordance with FCC multi-transmitter product procedures. User and installers must be provided with antenna installation instructions and transmitter operating conditions for satisfying the RF exposure compliance.

Federal Communications Commission (FCC) Statement

15.21

You are cautioned that changes or modifications not expressly approved by the part responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- 1) this device may not cause harmful interference and
- 2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation of the device.



FCC RF Radiation Exposure Statement:

- 1. This Transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.
- 2. This equipment complies with RF radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment should be installed and operated with a minimum distance of 20 cm between the radiator and your body.

ISED

Canadian Notice

This device contains licence-exempt transmitter(s)/receiver(s) that comply with Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada's licence-exempt RSS(s). Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- 1. This device may not cause interference.
- 2. This device must accept any interference, including interference that may cause undesired operation of the device.

Avis Canadien

L'émetteur/récepteur exempt de licence contenu dans le présent appareil est conforme aux CNR d'Innovation, Sciences et Développement économique Canada applicables aux appareils radio exempts de licence. L'exploitation est autorisée aux deux conditions suivantes :

- 1. L'appareil ne doit pas produire de brouillage;
- 2. L'appareil doit accepter tout brouillage radioélectrique subi, même si le brouillage est susceptible d'en compromettre le fonctionnement.

Caution: Exposure to Radio Frequency Radiation.

- 1. To comply with the Canadian RF exposure compliance requirements, this device and its antenna must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.
- 2. To comply with RSS 102 RF exposure compliance requirements, a separation distance of at least 20 cm must be maintained between the antenna of this device and all persons.

Attention: exposition au rayonnement radiofréquence.

- 1. Pour se conformer aux exigences de conformité RF canadienne l'exposition, cet appareil et son antenne ne doivent pas être co-localisés ou fonctionnant en conjonction avec une autre antenne ou transmetteur.
- 2. Pour se conformer aux exigences de conformité CNR 102 RF exposition, une distance de séparation d'au moins 20 cm doit être maintenue entre l'antenne de cet appareil et toutes les personnes.



10.12. CE Notice

Hereby, Taiyo Yuden Co., Ltd. declares that the radio equipment type CatM1 Module is in compliance with Directive 2014/53/EU

The full text of the EU declaration of conformity is available at the following internet address: https://www.yuden.co.jp

| Padia Type | / Description | Transmitter | Maximum Output |
|--------------------------|---------------|-----------------|----------------|
| Radio Type / Description | | Frequency (MHz) | Power |
| LTF | FDD 8 | 880.7 ~ 914.3 | 23 dBm |
| LIE | FDD 20 | 834.5 ~ 859.5 | 23 dBm |

11. Appendix Acronyms and Abbreviations

| Term | Definition |
|-------|--|
| ADC | Analog-to-Digital Converter |
| AUX | auxiliary |
| DC | Direct Current |
| DH | Deep Hibernation |
| DRX | Discontinuous Reception |
| eDRX | Extended DRX |
| EJTAG | Embedded Joint Test Action Group |
| ESD | Electro-Static Discharge |
| EU | European Union |
| EUTRA | Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access |
| FDD | Frequency Division Duplex |
| 12C | Inter-Integrated Circuit |
| JTAG | Joint Test Action Group |
| LGA | Land Grid Array |
| LPDDR | Low Power DDR |
| LPF | Low-pass filter |
| LTE | Long Term Evolution |
| LwM2M | Lightweight machine-to-machine |
| MCP | Multi-chip Package |
| MISO | Master In Slave Out |
| MOSI | Master Out Slave In |
| NC | Not Connected |
| OFDM | Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing |
| OFDMA | Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiple Access |
| PCB | Printed Circuit Board |
| PMU | Power Management Unit |
| PTW | Paging Transmission Window |
| QAM | Quadrature Amplitude Modulation |
| QPSK | Quadrature Phase Shift Keying |
| RF | Radio Frequency |
| RoHS | Restriction of the Use of Certain Hazardous Substances |
| RRC | Radio Resource Control |
| RTC | Real Time Clock |
| Rx | Receive |



CL5ADAH2Z

| SC-FDMA | Single-Carrier Frequency Division Multiple Access |
|---------|---|
| SMS | Short Message Service |
| SPI | Serial Peripheral Interface |
| TCP | Transmission Control Protocol |
| TCXO | Temperature Compensated Crystal Oscillator |
| Tx | Transmit |
| UART | Universal Asynchronous Receiver Transmitter |
| UDP | User Datagram protocol |
| UICC | Universal Integrated Circuit Card |
| USB | Universal Serial Bus |
| USIM | Universal Subscriber Identity Module |
| UTRA | Universal Terrestrial Radio Access |
| хо | Crystal Oscillator. Typically used to indicate a Crystal connection to the IC (utilizing internal Oscillator) |