





HAC RF TEST REPORT

No. I21Z70235-SEM01

For

FIH CO., LTD.

WCDMA/LTE Mobile Phone

Model name: EA211002/ EC211002/ EC211003

With

Hardware Version: 2.0

Software Version: EA211002_1090U, EC211002_1090,

EC211003 1090

FCC ID: RYQEA211002

Results Summary: M Category = M4

Issued Date: 2021-06-30

Note:

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REPORT HISTORY

Report Number	Revision	Issue Date	Description
I21Z70235-SEM01	Rev.0	2021-06-30	Initial creation of test report





TABLE OF CONTENT

1 TEST LABORATORY	5
1.1 TESTING LOCATION	5
1.2 Testing Environment	
1.3 Project Data	
1.4 Signature	5
2 CLIENT INFORMATION	6
2.1 APPLICANT INFORMATION	<i>6</i>
2.2 Manufacturer Information	
3 EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST (EUT) AND ANCILLARY EQUIPMENT (AE)	7
3.1 About EUT	7
3.2 INTERNAL IDENTIFICATION OF EUT USED DURING THE TEST	7
3.3 INTERNAL IDENTIFICATION OF AE USED DURING THE TEST	
3.4 AIR INTERFACES / BANDS INDICATING OPERATING MODES	
4 MAXIMUM OUTPUT POWER	8
5 REFERENCE DOCUMENTS	10
5.1 Reference Documents for testing	10
6 OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS DURING TEST	11
6.1 HAC MEASUREMENT SET-UP	
6.2 PROBE SPECIFICATION	
6.3Test Arch Phantom & Phone Positioner	
7 EUT ARRANGEMENT	14
7.1 WD RF EMISSION MEASUREMENTS REFERENCE AND PLANE	14
8 SYSTEM VALIDATION	
8.1 Validation Procedure	
8.2 VALIDATION RESULT	
9 EVALUATION OF MIF	16
9.1 Introduction	16
9.2 MIF MEASUREMENT WITH THE AIA	
9.3 TEST EQUIPMENT FOR THE MIF MEASUREMENT	
9.4 DUT MIF RESULTS	17
10 EVALUATION FOR LOW-POWER EXEMPTION	18
10.1 Product testing threshold	18
10.2 CONDUCTED POWER.	
10.3 Conclusion	19
11 RF TEST PROCEDUERES	20





12 MEASU	REMENT RESULTS (E-FIELD)	21
13 ANSIC (63.19-2011 LIMITS	21
14 MEASU	REMENT UNCERTAINTY	22
15 MAIN T	EST INSTRUMENTS	23
16 CONCL	USION	23
ANNEX A	TEST LAYOUT	24
ANNEX B	TEST PLOTS	25
ANNEX C	SYSTEM VALIDATION RESULT	27
ANNEX D	PROBE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE	28
ANNEX E	DIPOLE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE	37
ANNEX F	DAE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE	42





1 Test Laboratory

1.1 Testing Location

CompanyName:	CTTL(Shouxiang)
Address:	No. 51 Shouxiang Science Building, Xueyuan Road, Haidian District,
	Beijing, P. R. China100191

1.2 Testing Environment

Temperature:	18°C~25°C,
Relative humidity:	30%~ 70%
Ground system resistance:	< 0.5 Ω

Ambient noise is checked and found very low and in compliance with requirement of standards. Reflection of surrounding objects is minimized and in compliance with requirement of standards.

1.3 Project Data

Project Leader:	Qi Dianyuan
Test Engineer:	Lin Xiaojun
Testing Start Date:	June 29, 2021
Testing End Date:	June 29, 2021

1.4 Signature

Lin Xiaojun

(Prepared this test report)

Qi Dianyuan

(Reviewed this test report)

Lu Bingsong

Deputy Director of the laboratory

(Approved this test report)





2 Client Information

2.1 Applicant Information

Company Name:	FIH CO., LTD	
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2.2 Manufacturer Information

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Contact Person:	Jinling Wang		
Contact Email:	jinlingwang@fih-foxconn.com		
Telephone:	+8613911384201		
Fax	\		





3 Equipment Under Test (EUT) and Ancillary Equipment (AE)

3.1 About EUT

Description:	WCDMA/LTE Mobile Phone
Model name: EA211002/ EC211002/ EC211003	
Operating mode(s):	WCDMA850/1700/1900, LTE Band 2/4/5/12/14/30, BT, Wi-Fi 2.4G/5G

3.2 Internal Identification of EUT used during the test

EUT ID*	IMEI HW Version		SW Version	
			EA211002_1090U	
EUT1	350025200014408	2.0	EC211002 1090	
			EC211003_1090	
		2.0	EA211002 1090U	
EUT2	350025200012790		EC211002 1090	
			EC211003 1090	

^{*}EUT ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.

Note: It is performed to test HAC with the EUT1

3.3 Internal Identification of AE used during the test

AE ID*	Description	Model	SN	Manufacturer	
AE1	Battery	HE401	\	Zhongshan TIANMAO Battery CO., LTD	

^{*}AE ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.

3.4 Air Interfaces / Bands Indicating Operating Modes

Air-interface	Band(MHz)	Туре	C63.19/tested	Simultaneous Transmissio ns	Name of Voice Service
	850		NO ⁽¹⁾	BT, WLAN	
WCDMA	1700	VO			CMRS Voice
(UMTS)	1900				
	HSPA	DT	NO ⁽¹⁾		Google duo
LTE FDD	Band2/4/5/12/14/3	V/D	NO ⁽¹⁾	BT, WLAN	VoLTE, Google
LIEFDD	0				duo
BT	2450	DT	NA	WCDMA,LTE	NA
WLAN	2450 V/D	V/D	Yes	WCDMA ,LTE	VoWiFi, Google
VVLAIN		V/D			duo
WLAN	5G	V/D	NO ⁽¹⁾	WCDMA ,LTE	VoWiFi, Google
VVLAIN	36	V/D			duo

NA: Not Applicable VO: Voice Only V/D: CMRS and IP Voice Service over Digital Transport DT: Digital Transport

^{*} HAC Rating was not based on concurrent voice and data modes, Non current mode was found to represent worst case rating for both M and T rating

Note1 = The air interface is exempted from testing by low power exemption that its average antenna input power plus its MIF is \leq 17 dBm, and is rated as M4.





4 Maximum Output Power

WCDMA	Conducted Power (dBm)							
850MHz	Channel 4233(846.6MHz)	Channel 4182(836.4MHz)	Channel 4132(826.4MHz)					
RMC	25	25	25					
HSPA	25	25	25					
MODAA		Conducted Power (dBm)						
WCDMA 1700MHz	Channel 1513 (1752.6MHz)	Channel 1412 (1732.4MHz)	Channel 1312					
1700WIFIZ		(1712.4MHz)						
RMC	25	25	25					
HSPA	25	25	25					
WCDMA		Conducted Power (dBm)						
1900MHz	Channel 9538(1907.6MHz)	Channel 9400(1880MHz)	Channel					
1300141112			9262(1852.4MHz)					
RMC	25	25	25					
HSPA	25 25		25					
LTE Band2		Conducted Power (dBm)						
LIL Dange	Channel19100(1900MHz)	Channel 18900(1880MHz)	Channel18700(1860MHz)					
QPSK	24	24						
16QAM	23	23						
64QAM	22 22		22					
LTE Band4	Conducted Power (dBm)							
ETE Bana-	Channel20300(1745MHz)	Channel 20175(1732.5MHz)	Channel20050(1720MHz)					
QPSK	24	24	24					
16QAM	23	23	23					
64QAM	22	22	22					
LTE Band5	Conducted Power (dBm)							
LIL Ballas	Channel20600(844MHz)	Channel 20525(836.5MHz)	Channel20450(829MHz)					
QPSK	24	24	24					
16QAM	23	23	23					
64QAM	22	22	22					
LTE		Conducted Power (dBm)						
Band12	Channel23130(711MHz)	Channel23095(707.5MHz)	Channel23060(704MHz)					
QPSK	23	23	23					
16QAM	22	22	22					
64QAM	21	21	21					
LTE		Conducted Power (dBm)						
Band14		Channel 23330(793MHz)						
QPSK		23						
16QAM	22							
64QAM		21						
LTE		Conducted Power (dBm)						
Band30	Channel 27710(2310MHz)							





QPSK	24						
16QAM	23						
64QAM	22						
2.404-	Conducted Power (dBm)						
2.4GHz	Channel 11 (2462MHz)	Channel 11 (2462MHz)	Channel 11 (2462MHz)				
802.11g	18	18	18				
ECU-	Conducted Power (dBm)						
5GHz	Channel 60 (5300MHz)	annel 60 (5300MHz) Channel 124 (5620MHz)					
802.11a	18	18	18				





5 Reference Documents

5.1 Reference Documents for testing

The following document listed in this section is referred for testing.

	<u> </u>	
Reference	Title	Version
ANSI C63.19-2011	American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of	2011
	Compatibility between Wireless Communication Devices and	Edition
	Hearing Aids	
FCC 47 CFR §20.19	Hearing Aid Compatible Mobile Headsets	2015
		Edition
KDB 285076 D01	Equipment Authorization Guidance for Hearing Aid Compatibility	v05r01





6 OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS DURING TEST

6.1 HAC MEASUREMENT SET-UP

These measurements are performed using the DASY5 NEO automated dosimetric assessment system. It is made by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Zurich, Switzerland. It consists of high precision robotics system (Stäubli), robot controller, Intel Core2 computer, near-field probe, probe alignment sensor. The robot is a six-axis industrial robot performing precise movements. A cell controller system contains the power supply, robot controller, teach pendant (Joystick), and remote control, is used to drive the robot motors. The PC consists of the HP Intel Core21.86 GHz computer with Windows XP system and HAC Measurement Software DASY5 NEO, A/D interface card, monitor, mouse, and keyboard. The Stäubli Robot is connected to the cell controller to allow software manipulation of the robot. A data acquisition electronic (DAE)circuit performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (EOC). The EOC performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC plug-in card.

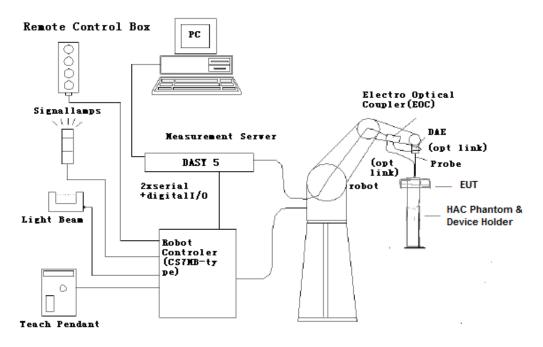


Fig. 1 HAC Test Measurement Set-up

The DAE4 consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the PC-card is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information and an optical uplink for commands and clock lines. The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sidewise probe contacts. They are also used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The robot uses its own controller with a built in VME-bus computer.





6.2 Probe Specification

E-Field Probe Description

Construction One dipole parallel, two dipoles normal to probe axis

Built-in shielding against static charges

PEEK enclosure material

Calibration In air from 100 MHz to 3.0 GHz (absolute accuracy ±6.0%,

k=2)

Frequency 40 MHz to > 6 GHz (can be extended to < 20 MHz)

Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (100 MHz to 3 GHz)

Directivity ± 0.2 dB in air (rotation around probe axis)

± 0.4 dB in air (rotation normal to probe axis)

Dynamic Range 2 V/m to > 1000 V/m; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB

Dimensions Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 16 mm)

Tip diameter: 8 mm (Body: 12 mm)

Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.5 mm

Application General near-field measurements up to 6 GHz

Field component measurements

Fast automatic scanning in phantoms



[ER3DV6]





6.3Test Arch Phantom & Phone Positioner

The Test Arch phantom should be positioned horizontally on a stable surface. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot. It enables easy and well defined positioning of the phone and validation dipoles as well as simple teaching of the robot (Dimensions: $370 \times 370 \times 370 \text{ mm}$).

The Phone Positioner supports accurate and reliable positioning of any phone with effect on near field $<\pm 0.5$ dB.

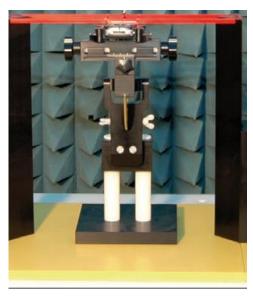


Fig. 2 HAC Phantom & Device Holder

6.4Robotic System Specifications

Specifications

Positioner: Stäubli Unimation Corp. Robot Model: RX160L

Repeatability: ±0.02 mm

No. of Axis: 6

Data Acquisition Electronic (DAE) System

Cell Controller

Processor: Intel Core2 Clock Speed: 1.86GHz

Operating System: Windows XP

Data Converter

Features: Signal Amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter, and control logic

Software: DASY5 software

Connecting Lines: Optical downlink for data and status info.

Optical uplink for commands and clock





7 EUT ARRANGEMENT

7.1 WD RF Emission Measurements Reference and Plane

Figure 4 illustrates the references and reference plane that shall be used in the WD emissions measurement.

- The grid is 5 cm by 5 cm area that is divided into 9 evenly sized blocks or sub-grids.
- The grid is centered on the audio frequency output transducer of the WD (speaker or T-coil).
- The grid is located by reference to a reference plane. This reference plane is the planar area that contains the highest point in the area of the WD that normally rests against the user's ear
- •The measurement plane is located parallel to the reference plane and 15 mm from it, out from the phone. The grid is located in the measurement plane.

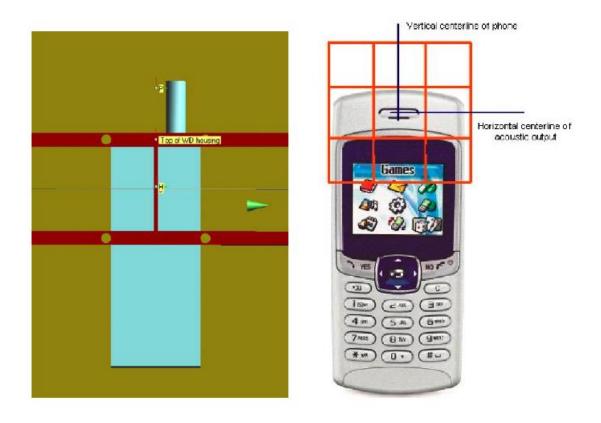


Fig. 3 WD reference and plane for RF emission measurements





8 SYSTEM VALIDATION

8.1 Validation Procedure

Place a dipole antenna meeting the requirements given in ANSI C63.19 in the position normally occupied by the WD. The dipole antenna serves as a known source for an electrical output. Position the E-field probes so that:

- •The probes and their cables are parallel to the coaxial feed of the dipole antenna
- •The probe cables and the coaxial feed of the dipole antenna approach the measurement area from opposite directions
- The center point of the probe element(s) are 15 mm from the closest surface of the dipole elements.

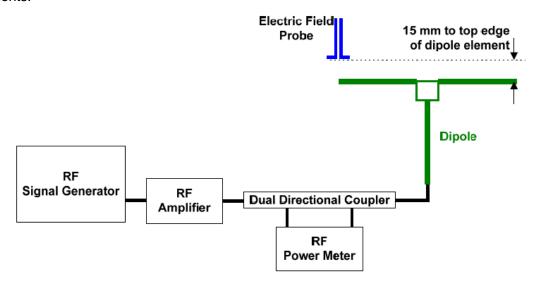


Fig. 4 Dipole Validation Setup

8.2 Validation Result

E-Field Scan									
Mode Power						Limit⁴ (%)			
CW	2450	100	37.95	38.67	-7.96	±25			

Notes:

- 1. Please refer to the attachment for detailed measurement data and plot.
- 2. Target value is provided by SPEAD in the calibration certificate of specific dipoles.
- 3. Deviation (%) = 100 * (Measured value minus Target value) divided by Target value.
- 4. ANSI C63.19 requires values within \pm 25% are acceptable, of which 12% is deviation and 13% is measurement uncertainty. Values independently validated for the dipole actually used in the measurements should be used, when available.





9 Evaluation of MIF

9.1 Introduction

The MIF (Modulation Interference Factor) is used to classify E-field emission to determine Hearing Aid Compatibility (HAC). It scales the power-averaged signal to the RF audio interference level and is characteristic to a modulation scheme. The HAC standard preferred "indirect" measurement method is based on average field measurement with separate scaling by the MIF. With an Audio Interference Analyzer (AIA) designed by SPEAG specifically for the MIF measurement, these values have been verified by practical measurements on an RF signal modulated with each of the waveforms. The resulting deviations from the simulated values are within the requirements of the HAC standard.

The AIA (Audio Interference Analyzer) is an USB powered electronic sensor to evaluate signals in the frequency range 698MHz - 6 GHz. It contains RMS detector and audio frequency circuits for sampling of the RF envelope.

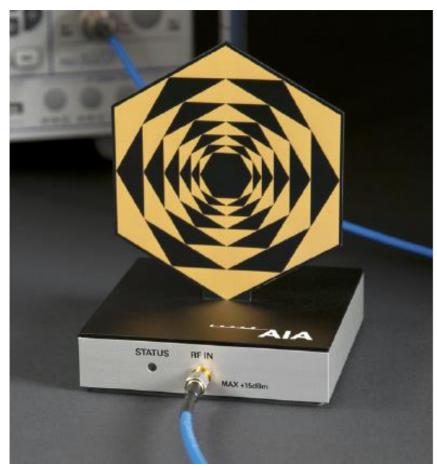


Fig. 5 AIA Front View





9.2 MIF measurement with the AIA

The MIF is measured with the AIA as follows:

- 1. Connect the AIA via USB to the DASY5 PC and verify the configuration settings.
- 2. Couple the RF signal to be evaluated to an AIA via cable or antenna.
- 3. Generate a MIF measurement job for the unknown signal and select the measurement port and timing settings.
- 4. Document the results via the post processor in a report.

9.3 Test equipment for the MIF measurement

No.	Name	Туре	Serial Number	Manufacturer
01	Signal Generator	MG3700A	6201052605	Anritsu
02	AIA	SE UMS 170 CB	1029	SPEAG
03	BTS	CMW500	166204	R&S

9.4 DUT MIF results

Based on the KDB285076D01v05, the handset can also use the MIF values predetermined by the test equipment manufacturer. MIF values applied in this test report were provided by the HAC equipment provider of SPEAG, and the worst values for all air interface are listed below to be determine the Low-power Exemption.

Typical MIF levels in ANSI C63.19-2011						
Transmission protocol	Modulation interference factor					
UMTS-FDD(WCDMA, AMR)	-25.43dB					
UMTS-FDD (HSPA)	-20.75dB					
LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1RB, 20MHz, QPSK)	-15.63 dB					
LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1RB, 20MHz, 16QAM)	-9.76 dB					
LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1RB, 20MHz, 64QAM)	-9.93 dB					
UMTS-FDD(WCDMA, AMR)	-25.43dB					
IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps)	-5.90 dB					
IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 2 Mbps)	-5.17 dB					
IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 5.5 Mbps)	-3.37 dB					
IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 11 Mbps)	-2.02 dB					
IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 6 Mbps)	-0.36dB					
IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 6.5 Mbps, BPSK)	-15.80 dB					
IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 6 Mbps)	-5.82 dB					
IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, MCS0, 99pc duty cycle)	-12.23dB					





10 Evaluation for low-power exemption

10.1 Product testing threshold

There are two methods for exempting an RF air interface technology from testing. The first method requires evaluation of the MIF for the worst-case operating mode. An RF air interface technology of a device is exempt from testing when its average antenna input power plus its MIF is \leq 17 dBm for any of its operating modes. The second method does not require determination of the MIF. The RF emissions testing exemption shall be applied to an RF air interface technology in a device whose peak antenna input power, averaged over intervals \leq 50 $\,\mu$ s20, is \leq 23 dBm. An RF air interface technology that is exempted from testing by either method shall be rated as M4.

The first method is used to be exempt from testing for the RF air interface technology in this report.

10.2 Conducted power

Band	Average power (dBm)	MIF (dB)	Sum (dBm)	C63.19 Tested
WCDMA 850 - RMC	25	-25.43	-0.43	No
WCDMA 850 - HSPA	25	-20.75	4.25	No
WCDMA 1700 - RMC	25	-25.43	-0.43	No
WCDMA 1700 - HSPA	25	-20.75	4.25	No
WCDMA 1900 - RMC	25	-25.43	-0.43	No
WCDMA 1900 - HSPA	25	-20.75	4.25	No
LTE Band 2 QPSK	24	-15.63	8.37	No
LTE Band 4 QPSK	24	-15.63	8.37	No
LTE Band 5 QPSK	24	-15.63	8.37	No
LTE Band 12 QPSK	23	-15.63	7.37	No
LTE Band 14 QPSK	23	-15.63	7.37	No
LTE Band 30 QPSK	24	-15.63	8.37	No
LTE Band 2 16QAM	23	-9.76	13.24	No
LTE Band 4 16QAM	23	-9.76	13.24	No
LTE Band 5 16QAM	23	-9.76	13.24	No
LTE Band 12 16QAM	22	-9.76	12.24	No
LTE Band 14 16QAM	22	-9.76	12.24	No
LTE Band 30 16QAM	23	-9.76	13.24	No
LTE Band 2 64QAM	22	-9.93	12.07	No
LTE Band 4 64QAM	22	-9.93	12.07	No
LTE Band 5 64QAM	22	-9.93	12.07	No
LTE Band 12 64QAM	21	-9.93	11.07	No
LTE Band 14 64QAM	21	-9.93	11.07	No
LTE Band 30 64QAM	22	-9.93	12.07	No
WiFi-2.4G 11g	18	-0.36	17.64	Yes





WIFI5G 11a	18	-5.82	12.18	No
		0.0-		

10.3 Conclusion

According to the above table, the sums of average power and MIF for WCDMA and LTE FDD are less than 17dBm. So it is measured for WiFi2.4G. The WCDMA and LTE FDD are exempt from testing and rated as M4.





11 RF TEST PROCEDUERES

The evaluation was performed with the following procedure:

- 1) Confirm proper operation of the field probe, probe measurement system and other instrumentation and the positioning system.
- 2) Position the WD in its intended test position. The gauge block can simplify this positioning.
- 3) Configure the WD normal operation for maximum rated RF output power, at the desired channel and other operating parameters (e.g., test mode), as intended for the test.
- 4) The center sub-grid shall centered on the center of the T-Coil mode axial measurement point or the acoustic output, as appropriate. Locate the field probe at the initial test position in the50 mm by 50 mm grid, which is contained in the measurement plane. If the field alignment method is used, align the probe for maximum field reception.
- 5) Record the reading.
- 6) Scan the entire 50 mm by 50 mm region in equally spaced increments and record the reading at each measurement point. The distance between measurement points shall be sufficient to assure the identification of the maximum reading.
- 7) Identify the five contiguous sub-grids around the center sub-grid whose maximum reading is the lowest of all available choices. This eliminates the three sub-grids with the maximum readings. Thus, the six areas to be used to determine the WD's highest emissions are identified.
- 8) Identify the maximum field reading within the non-excluded sub-grids identified in Step 7)
- 9) Evaluate the MIF and add to the maximum steady-state rms field-strength reading to obtain the RF audio interference level..
- Compare this RF audio interference level with the categories and record the resulting WD category rating.





12 Measurement Results (E-Field)

Fred	quency	Measured	Dower Drift (dD)	Cotomony				
MHz	Channel	Value(dBV/m)	Power Drift (dB)	Category				
	WiFi2.4G 11g							
2462	11	16.91	-0.01	M4				
2437	6	15.15	0.19	M4				
2412	1	17.51	0.09	M4(see Fig B.1)				

13 ANSIC 63.19-2011 LIMITS

WD RF audio interference level categories in logarithmic units

Emission categories	< 960 MHz E	-field emissions
Category M1	50 to 55	dB (V/m)
Category M2	45 to 50	dB (V/m)
Category M3	40 to 45	dB (V/m)
Category M4	< 40	dB (V/m)
Emission categories	> 960 MHz E-	field emissions
Category M1	40 to 45	dB (V/m)
Category M2	35 to 40	dB (V/m)
Category M3	30 to 35	dB (V/m)
Category M4	< 30	dB (V/m)





14 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

No.	Error source	Туре	Uncertainty Value(%)	Prob. Dist.	k	c _i E	Standard Uncertainty (%) u_i (%)E	Degree of freedom V _{eff} or <i>v</i> i
Meas	surement System							
1	Probe Calibration	В	5.	N	1	1	5.1	∞
2	Axial Isotropy	В	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.7	∞
3	Sensor Displacement	В	16.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	9.5	∞
4	Boundary Effects	В	2.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.4	∞
5	Linearity	В	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.7	∞
6	Scaling to Peak Envelope Power	В	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.2	∞
7	System Detection Limit	В	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.6	∞
8	Readout Electronics	В	0.3	N	1	1	0.3	∞
9	Response Time	В	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.5	∞
10	Integration Time	В	2.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.5	∞
11	RF Ambient Conditions	В	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.7	∞
12	RF Reflections	В	12.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	6.9	∞
13	Probe Positioner	В	1.2	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.7	∞
14	Probe Positioning	Α	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.7	∞
15	Extra. And Interpolation	В	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.6	∞
Test	Sample Related		l	l		ı		ı
16	Device Positioning Vertical	В	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.7	∞
17	Device Positioning Lateral	В	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.6	∞
18	Device Holder and Phantom	В	2.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.4	∞
19	Power Drift	В	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.9	∞





20	AIA measurement	В	12	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	6.9	∞
Pha	Phantom and Setup related							
21	Phantom Thickness	В	2.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.4	8
Coml	Combined standard uncertainty(%) 16.2							
_	nded uncertainty idence interval of 95 %)	l	$u_e = 2u_c$	Ν	k=:	2	32.4	

15 MAIN TEST INSTRUMENTS

Table 1: List of Main Instruments

Table 1. List of Wall Historiens								
No.	Name	Type	Serial	Calibration Date	Valid Period			
			Number					
01	Signal	E4483C	MY49071430	February 01, 2021	One Year			
01	Generator	E4403C	101149071430	rebluary 01, 2021	One real			
02	Power meter	NRP2	106276	May 11 2021 One i				
03	Power sensor	NRP6A	101369	May 11, 2021	One year			
04	Amplifier	60S1G4	0331848	No Calibration Requested				
05	E-Field Probe	EF3DV3	4060	May 21, 2021 One ye				
06	DAE	SPEAG DAE4	1524	September 30, 2020	One year			
07	HAC Dipole	CD2450V3	1021	August 18, 2020	One year			
08	BTS	CMW500	166204	October 20, 2020	One year			
09	AIA	SE UMS 170 CB	1029	No Calibration Re	quested			

16 CONCLUSION

The HAC measurement indicates that the EUT complies with the HAC limits of the ANSIC63.19-2011. The total M-rating is **M4.**

END OF REPORT BODY





ANNEX A TEST LAYOUT



Picture A1:HAC RF System Layout





ANNEX B TEST PLOTS

HAC RF E-Field WiFI2.4G 11g

Date: 2021-06-29

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1524

Medium: Air

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.0°C

Communication System: WiFi2.4G; Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EF3DV3 - SN4060;ConvF(1, 1, 1)

E Scan - ER3DV6 - 2011: 15 mm from Probe Center to the Device 2/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 10.27 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Applied MIF = -2.77 dB

RF audio interference level = 17.51 dBV/m

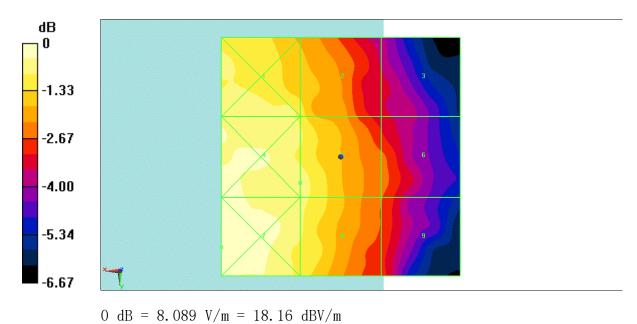
Emission category: M4

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M4	Grid 2	2 M4	Grid 3	M4
17. 48 dBV	<mark>//m</mark> 17. 12	dBV/m	14. 82	dBV/m
Grid 4 M4	Grid 5	5 M4	Grid 6	M4
18. 02 dBV	7/m 17.51	dBV/m	15. 72	dBV/m
Grid 7 M4	Grid 8	3 M4	Grid 9	M4
18. 16 dBV	<mark>7/m</mark> 17. 39	dBV/m	15. 54	dBV/m







9 db 0:009 v/m 10:10 dbv/m

Fig B.1 HAC RF E-Field WiFi2.4G 11g





ANNEX C SYSTEM VALIDATION RESULT

E SCAN of Dipole 2450 MHz

Date: 2021-6-29

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1524

Medium: Air

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EF3DV3 - SN4060;ConvF(1, 1, 1)

E Scan - measurement distance from the probe sensor center to CD2450 =

15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test at 15mm distance (41x181x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 65.05 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

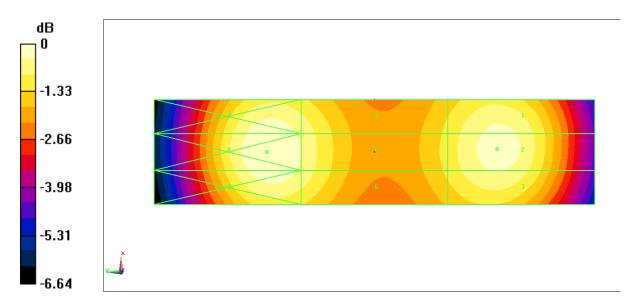
Applied MIF = 0.00 dB

RF audio interference level = 37.95 dBV/m

Emission category: M2

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M2	Grid 2 M2	Grid 3 M2
37.86 dBV/m	37.95 dBV/m	37.75 dBV/m
Grid 4 M2	Grid 5 M2	Grid 6 M2
37.62 dBV/m	37.73 dBV/m	37.62 dBV/m
Grid 7 M2	Grid 8 M2	Grid 9 M2
38.01 dBV/m	38.16 dBV/m	38 dBV/m



0 dB = 80.93 V/m = 38.16 dBV/m





ANNEX D PROBE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

CTTL-BJ (Auden)

Certificate No: EF3-4060_May21

Calibration date: May 21, 2021

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22\pm3)^{\circ}C$ and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

		Scheduled Calibration
Primary Standards ID		
SN: 104778	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291/03292)	Apr-22
SN: 103244	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291)	Apr-22
SN: 103245	09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03292)	Apr-22
sensor NRP-Z91 SN: 103245 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03292) nnce 20 dB Attenuator SN: CC2552 (20x) 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03343)		Apr-22
SN: 789	23-Dec-20 (No. DAE4-789_Dec20)	Dec-21
SN: 2328	05-Oct-20 (No. ER3-2328_Oct20)	Oct-21
ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-21
	SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: CC2552 (20x) SN: 789 SN: 2328 ID SN: GB41293874 SN: MY41498087 SN: 000110210	SN: 104778 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291/03292) SN: 103244 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03291) SN: 103245 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03292) SN: CC2552 (20x) 09-Apr-21 (No. 217-03343) SN: 789 23-Dec-20 (No. DAE4-789_Dec20) SN: 2328 05-Oct-20 (No. ER3-2328_Oct20) ID Check Date (in house) SN: GB41293874 06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20) SN: MY41498087 06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20) SN: 000110210 06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20) SN: US3642U01700 04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-20)

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Jeffrey Katzman	Laboratory Technician	J. hope
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	Muy
			Issued: May 21, 2021
This calibration certificate	e shall not be reproduced except in full	without written approval of the laboratory	1.

Certificate No: EF3-4060_May21

Page 1 of 22





Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner **Engineering AG** Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage C Servizio svizzero di taratura S **Swiss Calibration Service**

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

sensitivity in free space NORMx,y,z diode compression point DCP

crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal CF modulation dependent linearization parameters A, B, C, D incident E-field orientation normal to probe axis En incident E-field orientation parallel to probe axis Ep

φ rotation around probe axis Polarization φ

 $\boldsymbol{\vartheta}$ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), Polarization 9

i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis

information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system Connector Angle

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1309-2005, "IEEE Standard for calibration of electromagnetic field sensors and probes, excluding antennas, from 9 kHz to 40 GHz", December 2005
 b) CTIA Test Plan for Hearing Aid Compatibility, Rev 3.1.1, May 2017

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization ϑ = 0 for XY sensors and ϑ = 90 for Z sensor (f \leq 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide).
- $NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response$ (see Frequency Response Chart).
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. *VR* is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a locally homogeneous field realized using an open waveguide setup.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

Certificate No: EF3-4060_May21	Page 2 of 22





May 21, 2021 EF3DV3 - SN:4060

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EF3DV3 - SN:4060

Basic Calibration Parameters

Dasic Galibration Fale	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)$	0.79	0.74	1.27	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ^B	95.0	97.0	94.2	

Calibration results for Frequency Response (30 MHz - 6 GHz)

Frequency MHz	Target E-Field V/m	Measured E-field (En) V/m	Deviation E-normal in %	Measured E-field (Ep) V/m	Deviation E-normal in %	Unc (k=2) %
30	77.2	77.3	0.2%	77.1	-0.1%	± 5.1 %
100	77.2	78.3	1.4%	78.4	1.6%	± 5.1 %
450	77.1	78.2	1.4%	78.4	1.7%	± 5.1 %
600	77.1	77.8	0.9%	77.8	1.0%	± 5.1 %
750	77.0	77.5	0.7%	77.5	0.7%	± 5.1 %
1800	143.1	139.1	-2.7%	139.6	-2.4%	± 5.1 %
2000	135.0	131.3	-2.7%	131.6	-2.5%	± 5.1 %
2200	127.7	123.5	-3.3%	124.5	-2.5%	± 5.1 %
2500	125.5	122.4	-2.5%	123.6	-1.5%	± 5.1 %
3000	79.3	75.6	-4.7%	76.6	-3.4%	± 5.1 %
3500	256.3	246.2	-3.9%	242.9	-4.7%	± 5.1 %
3700	249.5	239.6	-4.0%	238.1	-4.6%	± 5.1 %
5200	50.7	51.3	1.3%	51.4	1.4%	± 5.1 %
5500	49.7	49.4	-0.5%	48.0	-3.4%	± 5.1 %
5800	48.9	48.6	-0.7%	49.5	1.3%	± 5.1 %

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: EF3-4060_May21

B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.
E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.





May 21, 2021 EF3DV3 - SN:4060

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EF3DV3 - SN:4060

Calibration Possults for Modulation Response

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dBõV	С	D dB	VR mV	Max dev.	Max Unc ^E (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	128.0	± 3.0 %	± 4.7 %
U	CVV	Y	0.00	0.00	1.00		122.6		
		Z	0.00	0.00	1.00		126.8		
10352-	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 10%)	X	2.34	64.67	9.12	10.00	60.0	± 2.8 %	± 9.6 %
AAA	Talse Wavelerin (2007)	Y	3.40	68.47	11.14		60.0		
~~~		Z	2.56	65.64	9.75		60.0		
10353-	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 20%)	X	1.17	62.34	7.11	6.99	80.0	± 1.0 %	± 9.6 %
AAA	Tuise Wavelerin (2001)	Y	2.12	67.49	9.84		80.0		
777		Z	1.28	63.31	7.74		80.0		
10354- AAA Puls	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 40%)	X	0.76	62.99	6.54	3.98	95.0	± 0.8 %	± 9.6 %
	T disc tratolom (2001)	Y	8.48	81.16	13.43		95.0		
		Z	0.81	63.88	7.07		95.0		
10355-	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 60%)	X	3.06	72.89	9.44	2.22	120.0		± 9.6 %
AAA	,	Y	20.00	93.01	16.68		120.0		
7001		Z	20.00	83.16	11.95		120.0		
10387-	QPSK Waveform, 1 MHz	X	1.99	71.10	17.30	1.00	150.0	± 2.0 %	± 9.6 %
AAA	GI OK TRATOLOGIA, I WILL	Y	1.93	70.25	16.95		150.0		
7001		Z	1.93	70.86	17.01		150.0		
10388-	QPSK Waveform, 10 MHz	X	2.40	70.11	17.24	0.00	150.0	± 1.0 %	± 9.6 %
AAA	ar on marchaning re-	Y	2.46	70.31	17.25		150.0		
, , , ,		Z	2.31	69.59	16.93		150.0		
10396-	64-QAM Waveform, 100 kHz	X	2.06	67.11	17.82	3.01	150.0	± 1.1 %	± 9.6 %
AAA	or arm marsism, re-	Y	2.36	69.41	18.81		150.0		
7001		Z	2.02	66.55	17.38		150.0		
10399-	64-QAM Waveform, 40 MHz	X	3.50	67.36	16.25	0.00	150.0	± 1.1 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	3.59	67.71	16.35		150.0		
		Z	3.45	67.13	16.11		150.0		
10414-	WLAN CCDF, 64-QAM, 40MHz	X	4.72	65.68	15.83	0.00	150.0	± 1.9 %	± 9.6 %
AAA		Y	4.68	65.48	15.66		150.0		
		Z	4.67	65.58	15.76		150.0		

Note: For details on UID parameters see Appendix

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: EF3-4060_May21

⁸ Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required. E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the





# DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EF3DV3 - SN:4060

## Sensor Frequency Model Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z
Frequency Corr. (LF)	0.22	0.23	4.73
Frequency Corr. (HF)	2.82	2.82	2.82

Sensor Model Parameters

11301 1	C1 fF	C2 fF	α V-1	T1 ms.V ⁻²	T2 ms.V ⁻¹	T3 ms	T4 V ⁻²	T5 V ⁻¹	Т6
Y	37.2	247.97	37.40	5.87	0.02	4.95	0.12	0.10	1.00
·	38.0	248.69	36.33	4.88	0.00	4.96	1.01	0.00	1.00
7	35.3	236.35	37.63	4.53	0.04	4.96	0.00	0.13	1.00

### Other Probe Parameters

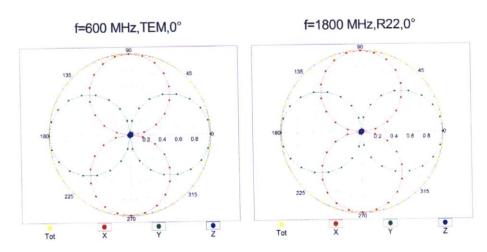
Rectangular
144.4
enabled
disabled
337 mm
12 mm
25 mm
4 mm
1.5 mm
1.5 mm
1.5 mm

Certificate No: EF3-4060_May21

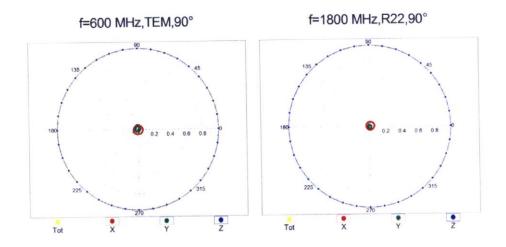
Page 5 of 22



# Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$



# Receiving Pattern (\$\phi\$), \$\partial = 90°



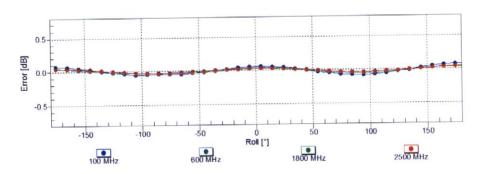
Certificate No: EF3-4060_May21

Page 6 of 22



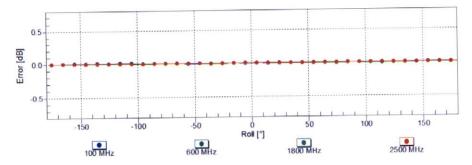


# Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

# Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 90^{\circ}$



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

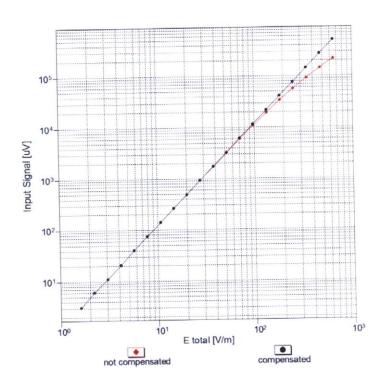
Certificate No: EF3-4060_May21

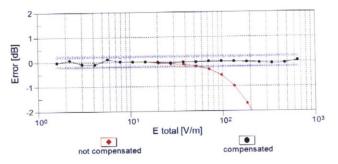
Page 7 of 22





# Dynamic Range f(E-field) (TEM cell, f = 900 MHz)





Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

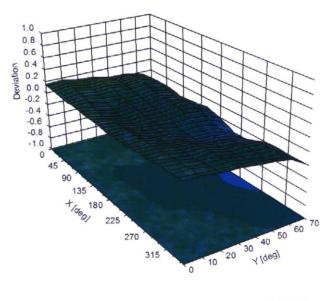
Certificate No: EF3-4060_May21

Page 8 of 22





# Deviation from Isotropy in Air Error (φ, θ), f = 900 MHz





Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm\,2.6\%$  (k=2)

Certificate No: EF3-4060_May21

Page 9 of 22





## ANNEX E DIPOLE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

## Dipole 2450 MHz

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

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Clien

CTTL-BJ (Auden)

Certificate No: CD2450V3-1021 Aug20

			tificate No: CD2450V3-1021_Aug2
CALIBRATION C	ERTIFICATI		
Object	CD2450V3 - SN: 1021		
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-20.v7 Calibration Proce	edure for Validation Source	ces in air
Calibration date:	August 18, 2020		
The measurements and the uncertainty	ainties with confidence po	robability are given on the following	ohysical units of measurements (SI).  g pages and are part of the certificate.  g (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.
Calibration Equipment used (M&TE	I		
Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03100/0310	01) Apr-21
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03100)	Apr-21
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03101)	Apr-21
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: BH9394 (20k)	31-Mar-20 (No. 217-03106)	Apr-21
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 310982 / 06327	31-Mar-20 (No. 217-03104)	Apr-21
Probe EF3DV3	SN: 4013	31-Dec-19 (No. EF3-4013_Dec	19) Dec-20
DAE4	SN: 781	27-Dec-19 (No. DAE4-781_Dec	19) Dec-20
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter Agilent 4419B	SN: GB42420191	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-	
Power sensor HP E4412A	SN: US38485102	05-Jan-10 (in house check Oct-	,
Power sensor HP 8482A	SN: US37295597	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-	
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 837633/005	10-Jan-19 (in house check Jan-	
Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-	
Calibrated by	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Leif Klysner	Laboratory Technic	Sof /the
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	Sef ///for

Certificate No: CD2450V3-1021_Aug20

Page 1 of 5





Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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#### References

[1] ANSI-C63.19-2011 American National Standard, Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Coordinate System: y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna
  (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes.
  In coincidence with the standards [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a
  distance of 15 mm above the top metal edge of the dipole arms.
- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All
  figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector
  is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a
  directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- Antenna Positioning: The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY5 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured using a Vector Network Analyzer.
  The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminating by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any obstacles.
- E-field distribution: E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic E-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 15 mm (in z) above the metal top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, in the plane above the dipole surface.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: CD2450V3-1021_Aug20	Page 2 of 5	





#### **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.4
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	15 mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

#### Maximum Field values at 2450 MHz

E-field 15 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum	
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	85.8 V/m = 38.67 dBV/m	
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	85.4 V/m = 38.62 dBV/m	
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	85.6 V/m ± 12.8 % (k=2)	

#### Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

#### **Antenna Parameters**

Frequency	Return Loss	Impedance	
2250 MHz	18.4 dB	63.0 Ω + 4.2 jΩ	
2350 MHz	30.9 dB	52.3 Ω - 1.8 jΩ	
2450 MHz	27.9 dB	53.9 Ω - 1.4 jΩ	
2550 MHz	30.0 dB	50.5 Ω - 3.1 jΩ	
2650 MHz	19.2 dB	59.7 Ω - 7.1 jΩ	

#### 3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

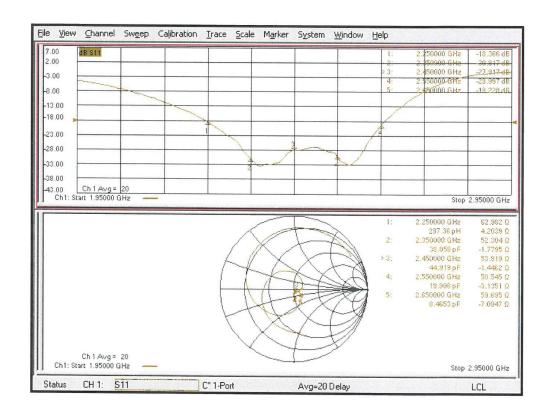
The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.



### **Impedance Measurement Plot**



Certificate No: CD2450V3-1021_Aug20

Page 4 of 5





#### **DASY5 E-field Result**

Date: 18.08.2020

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

#### DUT: HAC Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: CD2450V3; Serial: CD2450V3 - SN: 1021

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 2450 MHz Medium parameters used:  $\sigma$  = 0 S/m,  $\epsilon_r$  = 1;  $\rho$  = 0 kg/m³

Phantom section: RF Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

#### DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EF3DV3 SN4013; ConvF(1, 1, 1) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 31.12.2019
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 27.12.2019
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- DASY52 52.10.4(1527); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7483)

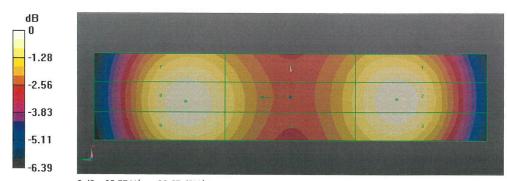
### Dipole E-Field measurement @ 2450MHz/E-Scan - 2450MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm Reference Value = 76.28 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB Applied MIF = 0.00 dB RF audio interference level = 38.67 dBV/m

Emission category: M2

#### MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 <b>M2</b>	Grid 2 <b>M2</b>	Grid 3 <b>M2</b>
38.36 dBV/m	38.62 dBV/m	38.53 dBV/m
Grid 4 <b>M2</b>	Grid 5 M2	Grid 6 M2
37.54 dBV/m	37.77 dBV/m	37.72 dBV/m
Grid 7 <b>M2</b>	Grid 8 <b>M2</b>	Grid 9 <b>M2</b>
38.36 dBV/m	38.67 dBV/m	38.6 dBV/m



0 dB = 85.77 V/m = 38.67 dBV/m

Certificate No: CD2450V3-1021_Aug20

Page 5 of 5





## ANNEX F DAE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE



Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2512 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 Http://www.chinattl.cn





Certificate No: Z20-60391

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

CTTL

Object

DAE4 - SN: 1524

Calibration Procedure(s)

Client :

FF-Z11-002-01

Calibration Procedure for the Data Acquisition Electronics

(DAEx)

Calibration date:

September 30, 2020

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22 $\pm$ 3) $^{\circ}$ C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards ID # Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) Scheduled Calibration

Process Calibrator 753 1971018 16-Jun-20 (CTTL, No.J20X04342) Jun-21

Calibrated by:

Name

Function

Reviewed by:

Lin Hao

Yu Zongying

SAR Test Engineer

SAR Test Engineer

Approved by:

Qi Dianyuan SAR Project Leader

Issued: October 02, 2020

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

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Page 1 of 3





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Glossary:

DAE data acquisition electronics

Connector angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X

to the robot coordinate system.

## Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The report provide only calibration results for DAE, it does not contain other performance test results.

Certificate No: Z20-60391







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### DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal High Range: 1LSB = 1 Low Range: 1LSB = High Range:  $1LSB = 6.1\mu V$ , full range = -100...+300 mVLow Range: 1LSB = 61nV, full range = -1......+3mVDASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	х	Y	z
High Range	406.128 ± 0.15% (k=2)	405.367 ± 0.15% (k=2)	405.663 ± 0.15% (k=2)
Low Range	3.99248 ± 0.7% (k=2)	4.01837 ± 0.7% (k=2)	3.99410 ± 0.7% (k=2)

### **Connector Angle**

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	82° ± 1 °
Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	82° ± 1 °

Certificate No: Z20-60391





# The photos of HAC test are presented in the additional document:

Appendix to test report No.I21Z70235-SEM01

The photos of HAC test