FCC ID: RYD-ICB284

Portable device

According to §15.247(e)(i) and §1.1307(b)(1), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission's guidelines.

According to KDB447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance V05

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances \leq 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] * [$\sqrt{f(GHz)}$] ≤ 3.0 for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where

f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz;

Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation;

The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison;

The test exclusions are applicable only when the minimum test separation distance is \leq 50 mm and for transmission frequencies between 100 MHz and 6 GHz. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion. We use 5mm as separation distance to calculated.

Maximum measured transmitter power:

Transmit Frequency (GHz)	Mode	Max Conducted Power (dBm)	Result calculation	1-g SAR
2.402	GFSK	2.05	0.497	3.0
2.441	GFSK	1.66	0.458	3.0
2.480	GFSK	0.93	0.390	3.0
2.402	1/4∏-DQPSK	0.85	0.377	3.0
2.441	1/4∏-DQPSK	1.02	0.395	3.0
2.480	1/4∏-DQPSK	0.89	0.387	3.0
2.402	8DPSK	0.53	0.350	3.0
2.441	8DPSK	0.64	0.362	3.0
2.480	8DPSK	0.99	0.396	3.0

Conclusion:

For the max result $0.497 \le 3.0$ for 1-g SAR extremity SAR, No SAR is required.

Sincerely,

Signature

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