



# **FCC Radio Test Report**

# FCC ID: RWO-RZ090288

This report concerns (check one): Original Grant Class I Change Class II Change

: 1810C079 : Notebook

: RZ09-0288

Project No. Equipment Test Model Series Model : RZ09-02886 Applic Addre

| Applicant<br>Address                           |   | Razer Inc.<br>201 3rd Street, Suite 900, San Francisco, CA 94103,<br>USA |
|--|---|--|
| Date of Receipt<br>Date of Test<br>Issued Date | : | Nov. 13, 2018<br>Nov. 15, 2018 ~ Dec. 10, 2018<br>Jan. 08, 2019          |

Date of **Issued Date** : BTL Inc. Tested by

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Certificate #5123.02



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#### Limitation

For the use of the authority's logo is limited unless the Test Standard(s)/Scope(s)/Item(s) mentioned in this test report is (are) included in the conformity assessment authorities acceptance respective.



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# **REPORT ISSUED HISTORY**

| Report Version | Description  | Issued Date   |
|----------------|--|---------------|
| R00            | Original Issue.  | Jan. 02, 2019 |
| R01            | <ol> <li>Updated the description of model difference.</li> <li>Added the detection threshold.</li> </ol> | Jan. 08, 2019 |





# **1. GENERAL SUMMARY**

| Brand Name<br>Test Model<br>Series Model | : RZ09-0288   |
|--|---|
| Manufacturer                             | : Razer Inc.  |
| Address                                  | : 201 3rd Street, Suite 900, San Francisco, CA 94103, USA   |
| Factory                                  | : BYD Precision Manufacture Co.,Ltd.  |
| Address                                  | : No.3001, Baohe Road, Baolong industrial, Longgang Street, Longgang Zone, Shenzhen   |
| Date of Test                             | : Nov. 15, 2018 ~ Dec. 10, 2018   |
| Test Sample                              | : Engineering Sample No.: D181110293 for conducted, D181110290 for radiated.  |
| Standard(s)                              | <ul> <li>FCC Part 15, Subpart E (Section 15.407) / FCC 06-96</li> <li>FCC KDB 789033 D02 General U-NII Test Procedures New Rules v02r01</li> <li>FCC KDB 905462 D02 UNII DFS Compliance Procedures New Rules v02</li> <li>FCC KDB 905462 D03 UNII Clients Without Radar Detection New Rules v01r02</li> </ul> |

The above equipment has been tested and found compliance with the requirement of the relative standards by BTL Inc.

The test data, data evaluation, and equipment configuration contained in our test report (Ref No. BTL-FCCP-5-1810C079) were obtained utilizing the test procedures, test instruments, test sites that has been accredited by the Authority of A2LA according to the ISO/IEC 17025 quality assessment standard and technical standard(s).

#### Test results included in this report is only for the DFS part.





# 2. EUT INFORMATION

# 2.1 EUT SPECIFICATION TABLE

Table 1: Specification of EUT

| Equipment                    | Notebook  |
|------------------------------|---|
| Brand Name                   | RAZER   |
| Test Model                   | RZ09-0288   |
| Series Model                 | RZ09-02886  |
| Model Difference(s)          | The only difference between the two models is the graphics card.<br>The two graphics cards are with identical electrical characteristics<br>(pin compatible) and only differ in the model name of GPU with<br>identical hardware/software. GPU used for model RZ09-0288 are<br>N18E-G3-A1 and N18E-G2-A1, GPU used for model RZ09-02886 is<br>N18E-G1-A1. |
| Software Version             | C2_MB   |
| Hardware Version             | Windows 10  |
| Operational Mode             | Slave   |
| Operating Frequency<br>Range | 5250MHz~5350MHz&5470~5600MHz&5650~5725MHz   |
| Modulation                   | OFDM  |

Note: This device was functioned as a

Master Slave Without Radar Detection Islave with radar detection

Note:

1. For a more detailed features description, please refer to the manufacturer's specifications or the user's manual.



| 802.11a<br>802.11n 20 MHz<br>802.11ac 20 MHz |                    | 802.11n 40 MHz<br>802.11ac 40 MHz |                    | 802.11ac 80 MHz |                    |
|--|--------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|--------------------|
| UNII   | -2A                | UNII-2A                           |                    | UNII-2A         |                    |
| Channel                                      | Frequency<br>(MHz) | Channel                           | Frequency<br>(MHz) | Channel         | Frequency<br>(MHz) |
| 52   | 5260               | 54                                | 5270               | 58              | 5290               |
| 56   | 5280               | 62                                | 5310               |                 |                    |
| 60   | 5300               |                                   |                    |                 |                    |
| 64   | 5320               |                                   |                    |                 |                    |

| 802.11a<br>802.11n 20 MHz<br>802.11ac 20 MHz |                    | 802.11n 40 MHz<br>802.11ac 40 MHz |                    | 802.11ac 80 MHz |                    |
|--|--------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|--------------------|
| UNII   | -2C                | UNII-2C                           |                    | UNII-2C         |                    |
| Channel                                      | Frequency<br>(MHz) | Channel                           | Frequency<br>(MHz) | Channel         | Frequency<br>(MHz) |
| 100  | 5500               | 102                               | 5510               | 106             | 5530               |
| 104  | 5520               | 110                               | 5550               | 122             | 5610               |
| 108  | 5540               | 118                               | 5590               |                 |                    |
| 112  | 5560               | 126                               | 5630               |                 |                    |
| 116  | 5580               | 134                               | 5670               |                 |                    |
| 132  | 5660               |                                   |                    |                 |                    |
| 136  | 5680               |                                   |                    |                 |                    |
| 140  | 5700               |                                   |                    |                 |                    |

| 802.11ac (160 MHz) |                    |  |  |  |
|--------------------|--------------------|--|--|--|
| Channel            | Frequency<br>(MHz) |  |  |  |
| 114                | 5570               |  |  |  |

# 2. Antenna Specification:

| Ant. | Brand | Model Name | Antenna Type | Connector | Gain (dBi) |
|------|-------|------------|--------------|-----------|------------|
| 1    | molex | 2065720001 | PIFA         | N/A       | 4.79       |
| 2    | molex | 2065720001 | PIFA         | N/A       | 4.58       |

Note:

(1) EUT incorporates a MIMO function. Physically, the EUT provides two completed transmitters and receivers (2T2R), all transmit signals are completely correlated, so Directional gain =10log[(10<sup>G1/20</sup>+10<sup>G2/20</sup>+...10<sup>GN/20</sup>)<sup>2</sup>/N]dBi, that is

Directional gain= $10\log[(10^{4.79/20}+10^{4.58/20})^2/2]dBi = 7.70.$ 

So, the UNII-1,UNII-2A, UNII-2C out power limit is 24-7.70+6=22.30, the UNII-3 out power limit is 30-7.70+6=28.30. the UNII-1,UNII-2A,UNII-2C power density limit is 11-7.70+6=9.30, the UNII-3 power density limit is 30-7.70+6=28.30.



# 2.2 CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER AND EIRP

|            | Mode: TX (11         | ac 20MHz)   |          |          |
|------------|----------------------|-------------|----------|----------|
| Frequency  | Max Couducted Output | Directional | Max EIRP | Max EIRP |
| Band (MHz) | Power (dBm)          | Gain        | (dBm)    | (mW)     |
| 5250~5350  | 19.14                | 7.70        | 26.84    | 483.06   |
| 5470~5725  | 19.15                | 7.70        | 26.85    | 484.17   |

Table 2: The Conducted Output Power and EIRP List

| Mode: TX (11ac 40MHz) |   |      |       |        |  |
|-----------------------|---|------|-------|--------|--|
| Frequency             | Frequency Max Couducted Output Directional Max EIRP Max |      |       |        |  |
| Band (MHz)            | Power (dBm)   | Gain | (dBm) | (mW)   |  |
| 5250~5350             | 18.17   | 7.70 | 25.87 | 386.37 |  |
| 5470~5725             | 17.99   | 7.70 | 25.69 | 370.68 |  |

| Mode: TX (11ac 80MHz)  |             |      |       |        |  |
|--|-------------|------|-------|--------|--|
| Frequency Max Couducted Output Directional Max EIRP Max EIRI |             |      |       |        |  |
| Band (MHz)   | Power (dBm) | Gain | (dBm) | (mW)   |  |
| 5250~5350  | 17.16       | 7.70 | 24.86 | 306.20 |  |
| 5470~5725  | 17.20       | 7.70 | 24.90 | 309.03 |  |

| Mode: TX (11ac 160MHz)   |             |      |       |        |  |  |  |
|--|-------------|------|-------|--------|--|--|--|
| Frequency         Max Couducted Output         Directional         Max EIRP         Max EIRP |             |      |       |        |  |  |  |
| Band (MHz)   | Power (dBm) | Gain | (dBm) | (mW)   |  |  |  |
| 5470~5725  | 14.73       | 7.70 | 22.43 | 174.98 |  |  |  |



# 3. U-NII DFS RULE REQUIREMENTS

# 3.1 WORKING MODES AND REQUIRED TEST ITEMS

The manufacturer shall state whether the EUT is capable of operating as a Master and/or a Client. If the EUT is capable of operating in more than one operating mode then each operating mode shall be tested separately. See tables 3 and 4 for the applicability of DFS requirements for each of the operational modes.

| Table 3: Applicability | of DFS requirements | prior to use a channel |
|------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|
|------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|

|                                 | Operational Mode |                                |                             |  |  |
|---------------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|--|
| Requirement                     | Master           | Client without radar detection | Client with radar detection |  |  |
| Non-Occupancy Period            | ~                | ✓                              | ✓                           |  |  |
| DFS Detection Threshold         | ~                | Not required                   | ✓                           |  |  |
| Channel Availability Check Time | ~                | Not required                   | Not required                |  |  |
| Uniform Spreading               | ~                | Not required                   | Not required                |  |  |
| U-NII Detection Bandwidth       | ~                | Not required                   | ✓                           |  |  |

Table 4: Applicability of DFS requirements during normal operation.

|                                      | Operational Mode |                                |                             |  |  |
|--------------------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|--|
| Requirement                          | Master           | Client without radar detection | Client with radar detection |  |  |
| DFS Detection Threshold              | ~                | Not required                   | ✓                           |  |  |
| Channel Closing Transmission<br>Time | ~                | ~                              | ~                           |  |  |
| Channel Move Time                    | ~                | $\checkmark$                   | ~                           |  |  |
| U-NII Detection Bandwidth            | ~                | Not required                   | ~                           |  |  |





# 3.2 TEST LIMITS AND RADAR SIGNAL PARAMETERS

# DETECTION THRESHOLD VALUES

Table 5: DFS Detection Thresholds for Master Devices and Client Devices With<br/>Radar Detection.

| Maximum Transmit Power                    | Value<br>(See Notes 1 and 2) |
|---|------------------------------|
| EIRP ≥ 200 milliwatt                      | -64 dBm                      |
| EIRP < 200 milliwatt and                  |                              |
| Power pectral density < 10 dBm/MHz        | -62 dBm                      |
| EIRP < 200 milliwatt that do not meet the |                              |
| power spectral density requirement        | -64 dBm                      |

Note 1: This is the level at the input of the receiver assuming a 0 dBi receive antenna.

**Note 2:** Throughout these test procedures an additional 1 dB has been added to the amplitude of the test transmission waveforms to account for variations in measurement equipment. This will ensure that the test signal is at or above the detection threshold level to trigger a DFS response.

**Note3:** EIRP is based on the highest antenna gain. For MIMO devices refer to KDB Publication 662911 D01.



### Table 6: DFS Response Requirement Values

| Parameter                         | Value                                 |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Non-occupancy period              | Minimum 30 minutes                    |
| Channel Availability Check Time   | 60 seconds                            |
| Channel Move Time                 | 10 seconds See Note 1.                |
|                                   | 200 milliseconds + an aggregate of 60 |
| Channel Closing Transmission Time | milliseconds over remaining 10 second |
|                                   | period. See Notes 1 and 2.            |
|                                   | Minimum 100% of the UNII              |
| U-NII Detection Bandwidth         | 99% transmission power bandwidth. See |
|                                   | Note 3.                               |

**Note 1**: Channel Move Time and the Channel Closing Transmission Time should be performed with Radar Type 0. The measurement timing begins at the end of the Radar Type 0 burst.

**Note 2**: The Channel Closing Transmission Time is comprised of 200 milliseconds starting at the beginning of the Channel Move Time plus any additional intermittent control signals required to facilitate a Channel move (an aggregate of 60 milliseconds) during the remainder of the 10 second period. The aggregate duration of control signals will not count quiet periods in between transmissions.

**Note 3:** During the U-NII Detection Bandwidth detection test, radar type 0 should be used. For each frequency step the minimum percentage of detection is 90 percent. Measurements are performed with no data traffic.



# PARAMETERS OF DFS TEST SIGNALS

Step intervals of 0.1 microsecond for Pulse Width, 1 microsecond for PRI, 1 MHz for chirp width and 1 for the number of pulses will be utilized for the random determination of specific test waveforms.

| Table 7: Short Pulse Radar Test Wavelorms. |                                  |  |   |                  |            |  |  |  |  |
|--|----------------------------------|--|---|------------------|------------|--|--|--|--|
| Radar                                      | Pulse                            | PRI  | Number of Pulses  | Minimum          | Minimum    |  |  |  |  |
| Туре                                       | Width                            | (µsec)   |   | Percentage of    | Number     |  |  |  |  |
|  | (µsec)                           |  |   | Successful       | of         |  |  |  |  |
|  |                                  |  |   | Detection        | Trials     |  |  |  |  |
| 0  | 1                                | 1428   | 18  | See Note 1       | See Note   |  |  |  |  |
|  |                                  |  |   |                  | 1          |  |  |  |  |
| 1  | 1                                | Test A: 15 unique<br>PRI values<br>randomly selected<br>from the list of 23<br>PRI values in<br>Table 5a<br>Test B: 15 unique<br>PRI values<br>randomly selected<br>within the range<br>of 518-3066 µsec,<br>with a minimum<br>increment of 1<br>µsec, excluding<br>PRI values<br>selected in Test A | $\operatorname{Roundup} \begin{cases} \left(\frac{1}{360}\right) \\ \left(\frac{19 \cdot 10^{6}}{\operatorname{PRI}_{\mu \operatorname{sec}}}\right) \end{cases}$ | 60%              | 30         |  |  |  |  |
| 2  | 1-5                              | 150-230  | 23-29   | 60%              | 30         |  |  |  |  |
| 3  | 6-10                             | 200-500  | 16-18   | 60%              | 30         |  |  |  |  |
| 4  | 11-20                            | 200-500  | 12-16   | 60%              | 30         |  |  |  |  |
| Aggregate (                                | Radar Types                      | 1-4)   |   | 80%              | 120        |  |  |  |  |
|  | ort Pulse Rada<br>hannel closing |  | sed for the detection ba  | ndwidth test, ch | annel move |  |  |  |  |

#### Table 7: Short Pulse Radar Test Waveforms.

A minimum of 30 unique waveforms are required for each of the Short Pulse Radar Types 2 through 4. If more than 30 waveforms are used for Short Pulse Radar Types 2 through 4, then each additional waveform must also be unique and not repeated from the previous waveforms. If more than 30 waveforms are used for Short Pulse Radar Type 1, then each additional waveform is generated with Test B and must also be unique and not repeated from the previous waveforms in Tests A or B.





| Table 8: Long Pulse Radar Test Waveform |
|---|
|---|

| Radar<br>Type | Pulse<br>Width<br>(μsec) | Chirp<br>Width<br>(MHz) | PRI<br>(µsec) | Number<br>of Pulses<br>per Burst | Number<br>of Bursts | Minimum<br>Percentage<br>of<br>Successful<br>Detection | Minimum<br>Number<br>of Trials |
|---------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|---------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|--|--------------------------------|
| 5             | 50-100                   | 5-20                    | 1000-2000     | 1-3                              | 8-20                | 80%  | 30                             |

The parameters for this waveform are randomly chosen (The center frequency for each of the 30 trials of the Bin 5 radar shall be randomly selected within 80% of the Occupied Bandwidth.) Thirty unique waveforms are required for the Long Pulse Radar Type waveforms. If more than 30 waveforms are used for the Long Pulse Radar Type waveforms, then each additional waveform must also be unique and not repeated from the previous waveforms.

### Table 9: Frequency Hopping Radar Test Waveform

| Radar<br>Type | Pulse<br>Width<br>(µsec) | Chirp<br>Width<br>(MHz) | PRI<br>(µsec) | Number<br>of Pulses<br>per Burst | Number<br>of Bursts | Minimum<br>Percentage of<br>Successful<br>Detection | Minimum<br>Number<br>of Trials |
|---------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|---------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|---|--------------------------------|
| 6             | 1                        | 333                     | 9             | 0.333                            | 300                 | 70%   | 30                             |

# 4. TEST INSTRUMENTS

Table 10: Test instruments list.

| DESCRIPTION              | MANUFACTURER  | MODEL NO.    | Serial No     | Calibration<br>Until |
|--------------------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|----------------------|
| EXA Spectrum<br>Analyzer | Agilent       | N9010A       | MY50520044    | Mar. 11, 2019        |
| Signal<br>Generator      | Agilent       | E4438C       | MY49071316    | Mar. 11, 2019        |
| POWER<br>SPLITTER        | Mini-Circuits | ZFRSC-123-S+ | 331000910-1   | Mar. 11, 2019        |
| POWER<br>SPLITTER        | Mini-Circuits | ZN4PD1-63-S+ | SF9335D1045-1 | Mar. 11, 2019        |
| Attenuator               | WOKEN         | 6SM3502      | VAS1214NL     | Feb. 14, 2019        |
| Master Device            | HUAWEI        | AP6150DN     | N/A           | N/A                  |

Note:

(1) Calibration interval of instruments listed above is one year.

(2) Master device's FCC ID: QISAP6050DN6150DN



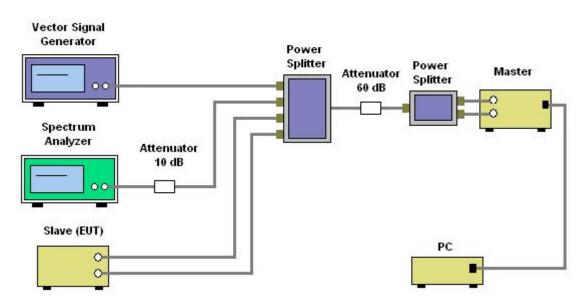
# 5. EMC EMISSION TEST

# 5.1DFS MEASUREMENT SYSTEM:

#### **Test Precedure**

- 1. Master device and client device are set up by conduction method as the following configuration.
- 2. The client device is connected to notebook and to access a IP address on wireless connection with the master device.
- 3. Then the master device is connected to another notebook to access a IP address.
- 4. Finally, let the two IP addresses run traffic with each other through the Run flow software "Lan test" to reach 17% channel loading as below

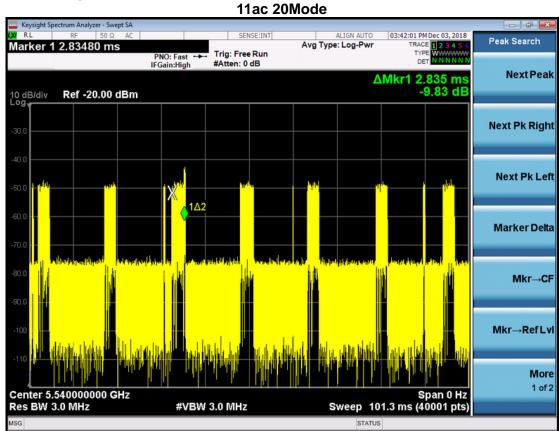
#### Setup



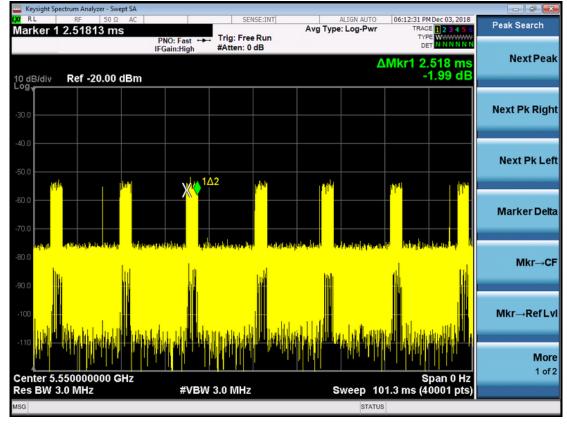


# **B**TL

# Channel Loading

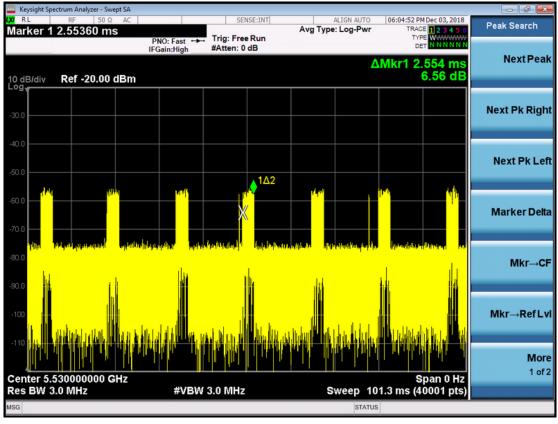


#### 11ac 40MHz Mode



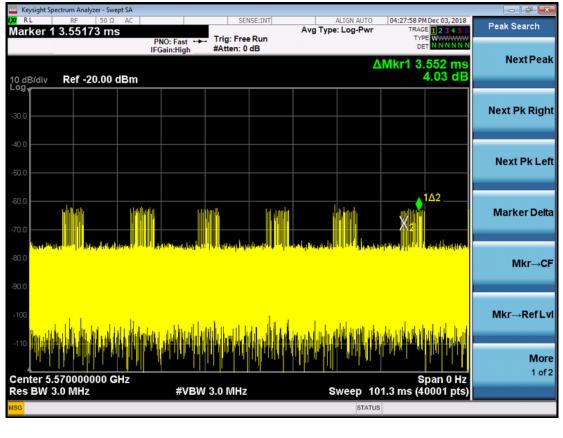






#### 11ac 80MHz Mode

#### 11ac 160MHz Mode







| Channel | Marker Delta | Number | On Time | Total Time | Dutycycle<br>(%) | Limit<br>(%) |
|---------|--------------|--------|---------|------------|------------------|--------------|
| 5540    | 2.835        | 7      | 19.845  | 101.3      | 19.59            | 17.00        |
| 5550    | 2.518        | 7      | 17.626  | 101.3      | 17.40            | 17.00        |
| 5530    | 2.554        | 7      | 17.878  | 101.3      | 17.65            | 17.00        |
| 5570    | 3.552        | 6      | 21.312  | 101.3      | 21.04            | 17.00        |





The hopping type 6 pulse parameters are fixed while the hopping sequence is based on the August 2005 NTIA Hopping Frequency List. The initial starting point randomized at run-time and each subsequent starting point is incremented by 475. Each frequency in the 100-length segment is compared to the boundaries of the EUT Detection Bandwidth and the software creates a hopping burst pattern in accordance with Section 7.4.1.3 Method #2 Simulated Frequency Hopping Radar Waveform Generating Subsystem of FCC 06-96. The frequency of the signal generator is incremented in 1 MHz steps from FL to FH for each successive trial. This incremental sequence is repeated as required to generate a minimum of 30 total trials and to maintain a uniform frequency distribution over the entire Detection Bandwidth.

The signal monitoring equipment consists of a spectrum analyzer set to display 8001 bins on the horizontal axis. The time-domain resolution is 2 msec / bin with a 16 second sweep time, meeting the 10 second short pulse reporting criteria. The aggregate ON time is calculated by multiplying the number of bins above a threshold during a particular observation period by the dwell time per bin, with the analyzer set to peak detection and max hold.

Should multiple RF ports be utilized for the Master and/or Slave devices (for example, for diversity or MIMO implementations), additional combiner/dividers are inserted between the Master Combiner/Divider and the pad connected to the Master Device (and/or between the Slave Combiner/Divider and the pad connected to the Slave Device). Additional pads are utilized such that there is one pad at each RF port on each EUT.



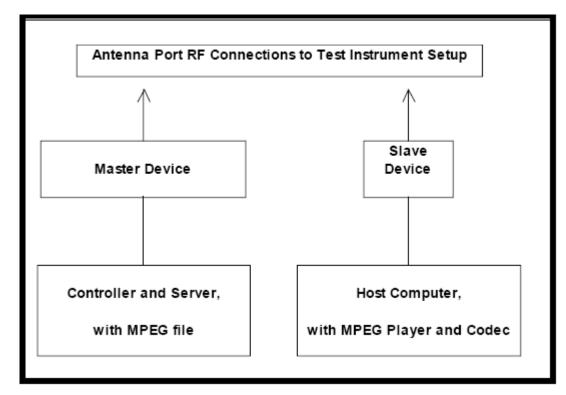
# 5.2 CALIBRATION OF DFS DETECTION THRESHOLD LEVEL:

A 50 ohm load is connected in place of the spectrum analyzer, and the spectrum analyzer is connected in place of the master device and the signal generator is set to CW mode. The amplitude of the signal generator is adjusted to yield a level of -62 dBm as measured on the spectrum analyzer.

Without changing any of the instrument settings, the spectrum analyer is reconnected to the Common port of the Spectrum Analyzer Combiner/Divider. Measure the amplitude and calculate the difference from –62 dBm. Adjust the Reference Level Offset of the spectrum analyzer to this difference.

The spectrum analyzer displays the level of the signal generator as received at the antenna ports of the Master Device. The interference detection threshold may be varied from the calibrated value of –62 dBm and the spectrum analyzer will still indicate the level as received by the Master Device.

Set the signal generator to produce a radar waveform, trigger a burst manually and measure the level on the spectrum analyzer. Readjust the amplitude of the signal generator as required so that the peak level of the waveform is at a displayed level equal to the required or desired interference detection threshold. Separate signal generator amplitude settings are determined as required for each radar type.



5.3 DEVIATION FROM TEST STANDARD

No deviation.





# 6. TEST RESULTS

# 6.1SUMMARY OF TEST RESULT

| Clause | Test Parameter                     | Test Mode and Channel | Remarks        | Pass/Fail    |
|--------|------------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------|--------------|
| 15.407 | DFS Detection Threshold            | -                     | No Applicable  | N/A          |
| 15.407 | Channel Availability<br>Check Time | -                     | Not Applicable | N/A          |
|        |                                    | 11ac 20MHz 5540 MHz   |                |              |
| 15.407 |                                    | 11ac 40MHz 5550 MHz   | Asselles       | Pass         |
|        | Channel Move Time                  | 11ac 80MHz 5530 MHz   | Applicable     |              |
|        |                                    | 11ac 160MHz 5570 MHz  |                |              |
|        |                                    | 11ac 20MHz 5540 MHz   |                |              |
| 15.407 | Channel Closing                    | 11ac 40MHz 5550 MHz   | Appliaghle     | Deee         |
|        | Transmission Time                  | 11ac 80MHz 5530 MHz   | Applicable     | Pass         |
|        |                                    | 11ac 160MHz 5570 MHz  |                |              |
|        |                                    | 11ac 20MHz 5540 MHz   |                |              |
| 15.407 | Non- Occupancy Period              | 11ac 40MHz 5550 MHz   | Applicable     | Pass         |
|        |                                    | 11ac 80MHz 5530 MHz   | Applicable     |              |
|        |                                    | 11ac 160MHz 5570 MHz  |                |              |
| 15.407 | Uniform Spreading                  | -                     | Not Applicable | N/A          |
| 15.407 | U-NII Detection                    | _                     | Not Applicable | N/A          |
|        | Bandwidth                          | -                     |                | IN/ <i>F</i> |

# 6.2 TEST MODE: DEVICE OPERATING IN MASTER MODE.

The EUT is slave equipment, it need a master device when testing. Master with injection at the Master. (Radar Test Waveforms are injected into the Master)



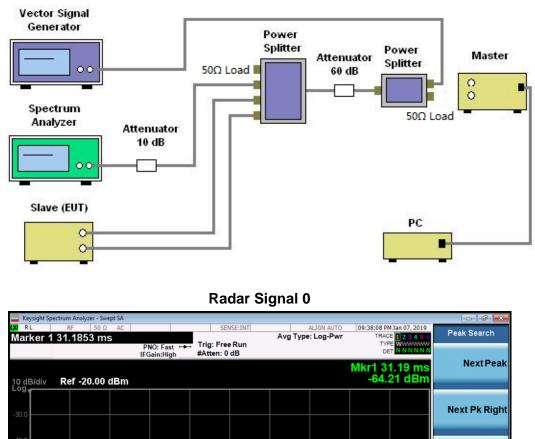


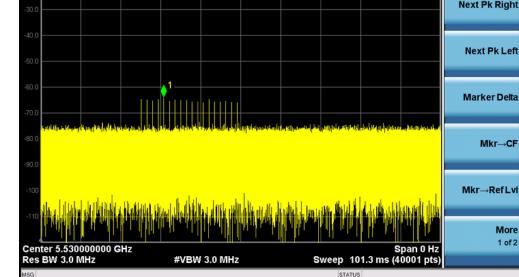
# 6.3 DFS DETECTION THRESHOLD

#### Calibration:

The EUT is slave equipment and it with a max gain is 4.79 dBi. For a detection threshold level of -62dBm and the master antenna gain is 4.99 dBi, required detection threshold is -57.21 dBm (= -62+4.99).

Note: Maximum Transmit Power is less than 200 milliwatt in this report, so detection threshold level is -62dBm.

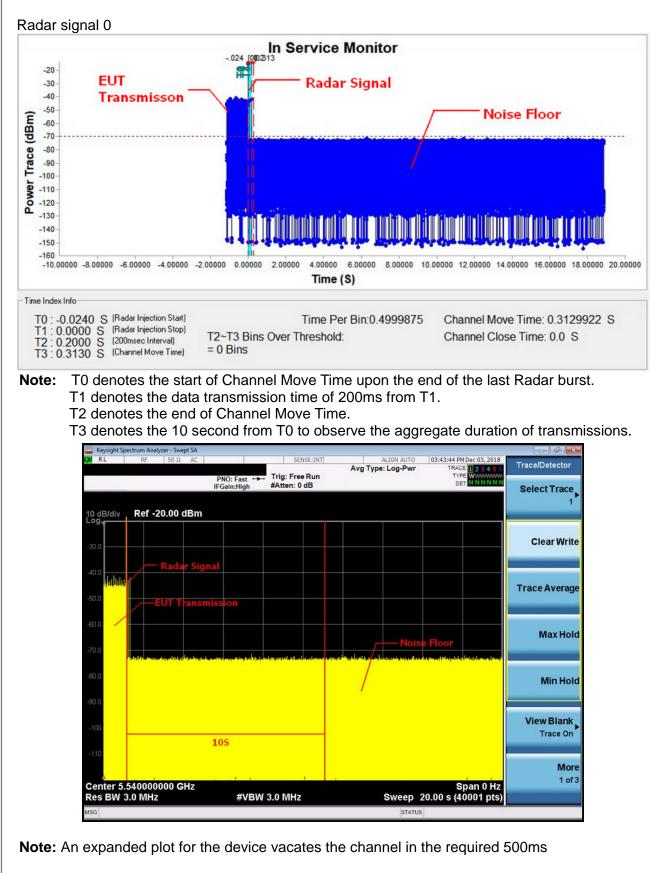


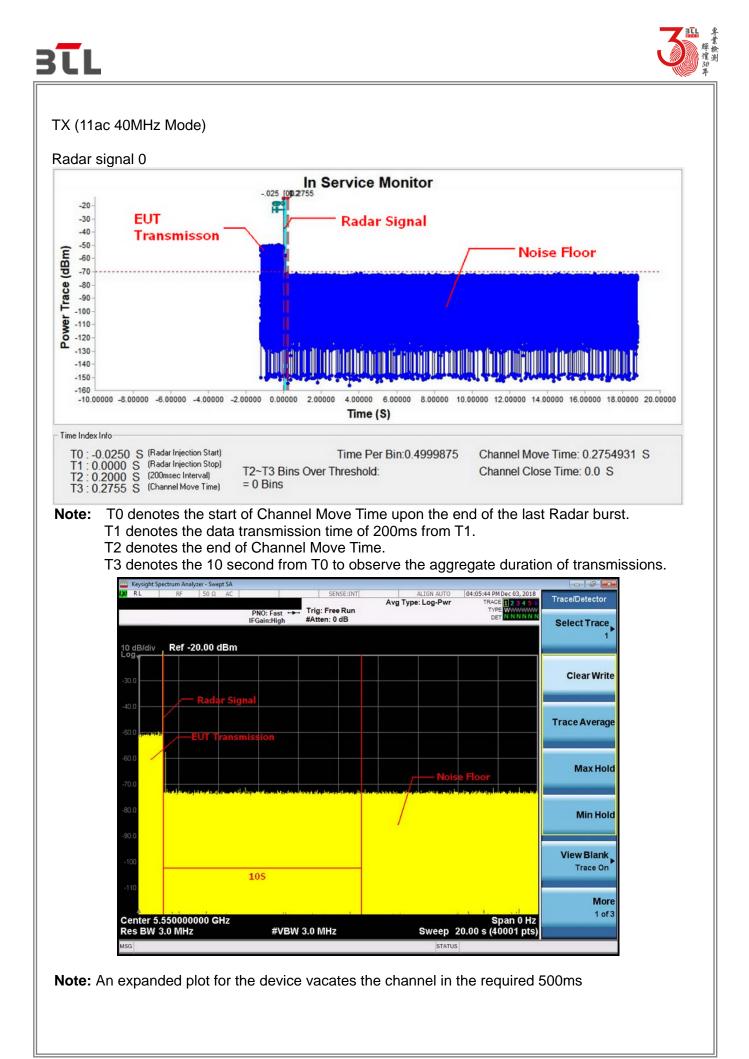


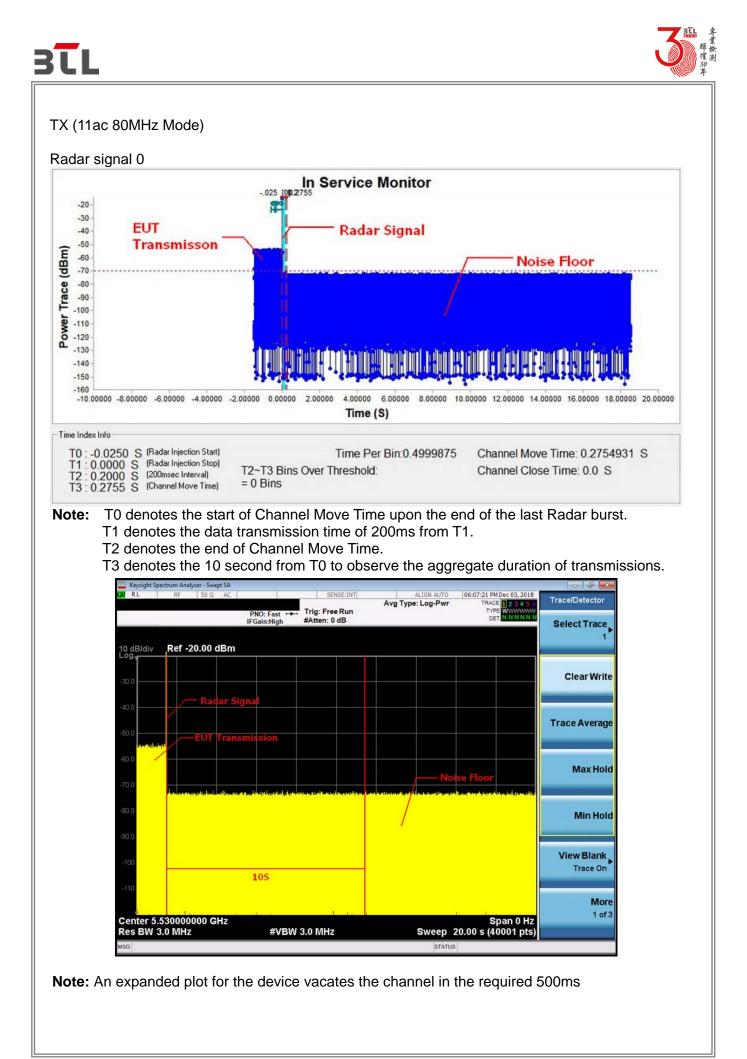


# 6.4 CHANNEL CLOSING TRANSMISSION AND CHANNEL MOVE TIME WLAN TRAFFIC

#### TX (11ac 20Mode)

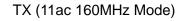


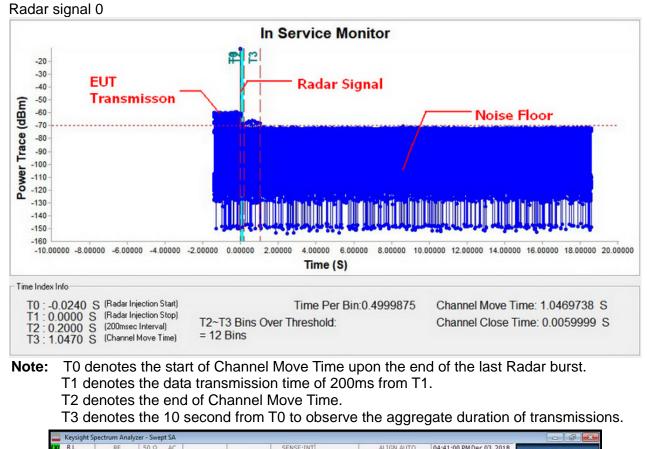


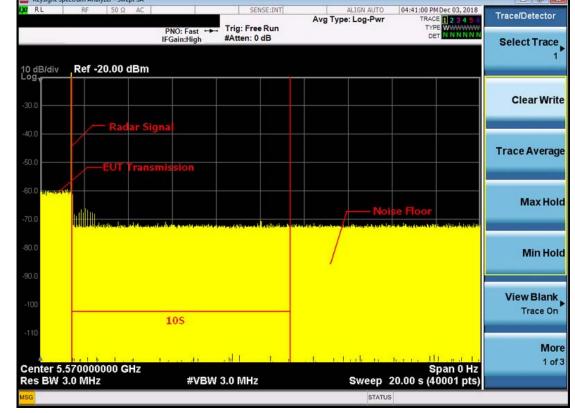












Note: An expanded plot for the device vacates the channel in the required 500ms





| 11ac 20Mode        |                   |                                    |  |  |
|--------------------|-------------------|------------------------------------|--|--|
| Item               | Measured Value(s) | Limit(s)                           |  |  |
| Channel Move Time  | 0.3129922         | 10                                 |  |  |
|                    |                   | 200 milliseconds + an aggregate of |  |  |
| Channel Close Time | 0.0               | 60 milliseconds over remaining 10  |  |  |
|                    |                   | second period                      |  |  |

| 11ac 40MHz Mode    |                   |                                    |  |  |
|--------------------|-------------------|------------------------------------|--|--|
| ltem               | Measured Value(s) | Limit(s)                           |  |  |
| Channel Move Time  | 0.2754931         | 10                                 |  |  |
|                    |                   | 200 milliseconds + an aggregate of |  |  |
| Channel Close Time | 0.00              | 60 milliseconds over remaining 10  |  |  |
|                    |                   | second period                      |  |  |

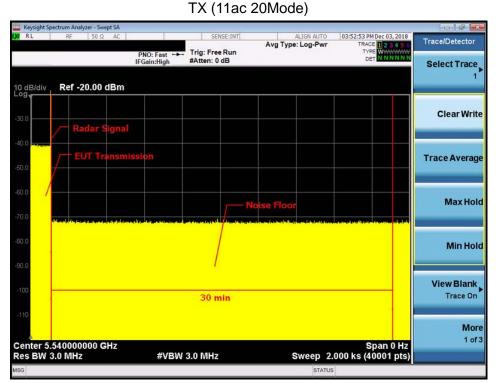
| 11ac 80MHz Mode    |                   |                                    |  |  |
|--------------------|-------------------|------------------------------------|--|--|
| Item               | Measured Value(s) | Limit(s)                           |  |  |
| Channel Move Time  | 0.2754931         | 10                                 |  |  |
|                    |                   | 200 milliseconds + an aggregate of |  |  |
| Channel Close Time | 0.0               | 60 milliseconds over remaining 10  |  |  |
|                    |                   | second period                      |  |  |

| 11ac 160MHz Mode   |                   |                                    |  |  |
|--------------------|-------------------|------------------------------------|--|--|
| Item               | Measured Value(s) | Limit(s)                           |  |  |
| Channel Move Time  | 1.0469738         | 10                                 |  |  |
|                    |                   | 200 milliseconds + an aggregate of |  |  |
| Channel Close Time | 0.0059999         | 60 milliseconds over remaining 10  |  |  |
|                    |                   | second period                      |  |  |

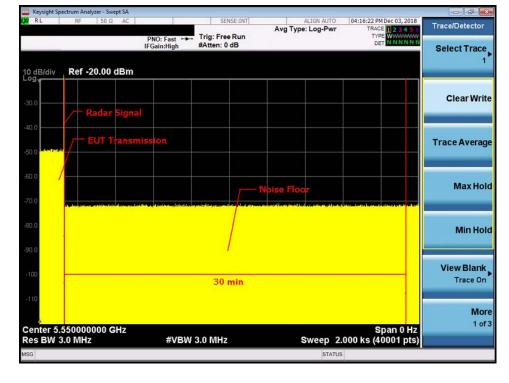


# 6.5 NON- OCCUPANCY PERIOD

During the 30 minutes observation time, UUT did not make any transmissions on a channel after a radar signal was detected on that channel by either the Channel Availability Check or the In-Service Monitoring.



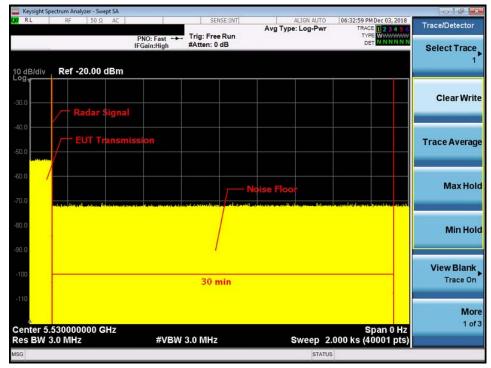
#### TX (11ac 40MHz Mode)



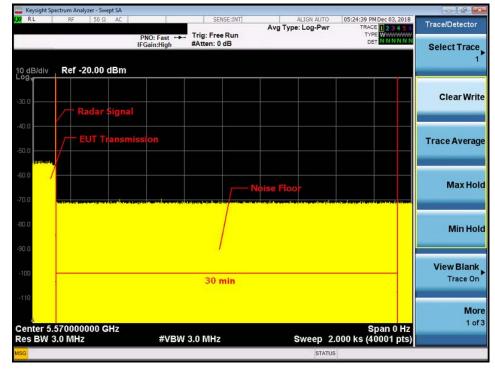
Report No.: BTL-FCCP-5-1810C079



# TX (11ac 80MHz Mode)



# TX (11ac 160MHz Mode)



End of Test Report