

MET Laboratories, Inc. *safety Certification - EMI - Telecom Environmental Simulation* 33439 WESTERN AVENUE ! UNION CITY, CALIFORNIA 94587 ! PHONE (510) 489-6300 ! FAX (510) 489-6372

August 29, 2006

SkyPilot Networks 2055 Laurelwood Road Santa Clara, CA 95054

Dear Jim Barbera,

Enclosed is the EMC test report for compliance testing of the SkyPilot Networks, Sky Extender Tri Band, tested to the requirements of FCC Class II Permissive Change Certification rules under Title 47 of the CFR Part 90 Subpart Y for Private Land Mobile Radio Devices and requirements of Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), Part 15 Subpart B for a Class A Digital Device and requirements of RSS-111 Issue 1 for Broadband Public Safety Equipment.

Thank you for using the services of MET Laboratories, Inc. If you have any questions regarding these results or if MET can be of further service to you, please feel free to contact me.

Sincerely yours, MET LABORATORIES, INC

Jennifer Sanchez Documentation Department

Reference: (\SkyPilot Networks\EMCS20612-FCC90)

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MET Laboratories, Inc. safety Certification - EMI - Telecom Environmental Simulation 33439 WESTERN AVENUE 1 UNION CITY, CALIFORNIA 94587 1 PHONE (510) 489-6300 1 FAX (510) 489-6372

Class II Permissive Change for an Addition of a modularly approved Transmitter

For the

SkyPilot Networks Model Sky Extender Tri Band

Tested under

The FCC Verification Rules Contained in Title 47 of the CFR, Part 90, Subpart Y for Private Land Mobile Radio Services RSS-111 Issue 1 for Broadband Public Safety Equipment

MET Report: EMCS20612-FCC90

August 29, 2006

Prepared For: SkyPilot Networks 2055 Laurelwood Road Santa Clara, CA 95054

> Prepared By: MET Laboratories, Inc. 4855 Patrick Henry Dr., Building 6 Santa Clara, CA 95054



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MET Report: EMCS20612-FCC90

Shawn McMillen Electromagnetic Compatibility Lab

Jennifer Vanchez

Jennifer Sanchez Documentation Department

Engineering Statement: The measurements shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures indicated, and the emissions from this equipment were found to be within the limits applicable. I assume full responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of these measurements, and for the qualifications of all persons taking them. It is further stated that upon the basis of the measurements made, the equipment tested is / is not capable of operation in accordance with the requirements of Part 90, Subpart Y of the FCC Rules under normal use and maintenance.

Tony Permsombut, Lab Manager Electromagnetic Compatibility Lab



Report Status Sheet

Revision Report Date		Reason for Revision		
Ø	August 29, 2006	Initial Issue.		



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AC	Alternating Current	
ACF	Antenna Correction Factor	
Cal	Calibration	
d	Measurement Distance	
dB	Decibels	
dBμA	Decibels above one microamp	
dBμV	Decibels above one microvolt	
dBµA/m	Decibels above one microamp per meter	
dBµV/m	Decibels above one microvolt per meter	
DC	Direct Current µ	
Е	Electric Field	
DSL	Digital Subscriber Line	
ESD	Electrostatic Discharge	
EUT	Equipment Under Test	
f	Frequency	
FCC	Federal Communications Commission	
GR-1089-CORE	(<i>GR</i>) General Requirement(s) imposed by the NEBS standard, (<i>CORE</i>) Central Office Recovery Express (AT&T), (<i>1089</i>) specifies various parts of the General Requirements under Bellcore Technical Standard, Requirements for Electromagnetic Compatibility and Electrical Safety - Generic Criteria for Network Telecommunications Equipment	
GRP	Ground Reference Plane	
Н	Magnetic Field	
НСР	Horizontal Coupling Plane	
Hz	Hertz	
IEC	International Electrotechnical Commission	
kHz	kilohertz	
kPa	kilopascal	
kV	kilovolt	
LISN	Line Impedance Stabilization Network	
MHz	Megahertz	
μΗ	microhenry	
μ	microfarad	
μs	microseconds	
NEBS	Network Equipment-Building System	
PRF	Pulse Repetition Frequency	
RF	Radio Frequency	
RMS	Root-Mean-Square	
TWT	Traveling Wave Tube	
V/m	Volts per meter	
VCP	Vertical Coupling Plane	

List of Terms and Abbreviations



1. Testing Summary

These tests were conducted on a sample of the equipment for the purpose of demonstrating compliance with Part 90, Subpart Y. All tests were conducted using measurement procedure ANSI TIA/EIA-603-A-2004.

	Conformance			Comments	
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 90, Subpart Y, and FCC 04-265 Reference and Test	Yes	No	N/A	Comments	
Description	Yes - Equipment complies with the Requirement No - Equipment does not comply with the Requirement N/A - Not applicable to the equipment under tests				
2.1046; 90.1215(a) Peak Power Output	\checkmark			Refer to modularly approved FCC ID: SWX-SR4	
2.1046; 90.1215(a) Peak Power Spectral Density	\checkmark			Refer to modularly approved FCC ID: SWX-SR4	
2.1047(a) Modulation Characteristics			\checkmark	EUT is non-voice, data only.	
2.1049; 90.210(M) Occupied Bandwidth (Emission Mask)	\checkmark			Refer to modularly approved FCC ID: SWX-SR4	
2.1051; 90.210(M) Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals	\checkmark			Refer to modularly approved FCC ID: SWX-SR4	
2.1053; 90.210(M) Radiated Spurious Emissions	\checkmark			Measured emissions below applicable limits.	
2.1055(a) (1); 90.213 Frequency Stability over Temperature Variations	\checkmark			Refer to modularly approved FCC ID: SWX-SR4	
2.1055(d) (2) Frequency Stability over Voltage Variations	\checkmark			Refer to modularly approved FCC ID: SWX-SR4.	
90.214 Transient Frequency Behavior			\checkmark	EUT operating frequency is at 4.9 GHz.	
15.107	\checkmark			AC Power Line Conducted Emissions for intentional radiators	
15.109	\checkmark			Radiated Spurious Emissions for unintentional radiators	



2. Equipment Configuration

2.1. Overview

MET Laboratories, Inc. was contracted by SkyPilot Networks to perform testing on the Sky Extender Tri Band under purchase order number 4892.

This document describes the test setups, test methods, required test equipment, and the test limit criteria used to perform compliance testing of the SkyPilot Networks., Sky Extender Tri Band.

An EMC evaluation was carried out to determine compliance of the Sky Extender with the requirements of Part 90, Subpart Y. All references are to the most current version of Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations in effect. In accordance with §2.1033, the following data is presented in support of the Certification of the TB4.9. SkyPilot Networks. should retain a copy of this document and it should be kept on file for at least five years after the manufacturing of the EUT has been **permanently** discontinued. The results obtained relate only to the item(s) tested.

Model(s) Tested:	Sky Extender Tri Band			
Model(s) Covered:	Sky Extender Tri Band			
	Primary Power Source: 24 Vdc			
	FCC ID: RV7-DBE1010			
	Type of Modulations:	OFDM: BPSK, QPSK. 16QAM, 64QAM		
		5MHz: Peak 23.8dBm	, Average 15.9dBm	
EUT	Peak and Average Output Power:	10MHz: Peak 29.2dBm, Average 20.0dBm		
Specifications:		20MHz: Peak 32.6dBm, Average 23.8dBm		
	Equipment Code:	DTS		
		5MHz OBW	4942.5-4987.5MHz	
	EUT Frequency Ranges:	10MHz OBW	4945.0-4985.0MHz	
		20MHz OBW	4950.0-4980.0MHz	
Analysis:	The results obtained relate	e only to the item(s) teste	ed.	
	Temperature: 15-35° C			
Environmental Test Conditions:	Relative Humidity: 30-60%			
Test conditions.	Barometric Pressure: 860-1060 mbar			
Evaluated by:	Shawn McMillen			
Date(s):	August 29, 2006			



2.2. Test Site

All testing was performed at MET Laboratories, Inc., 4855 Patrick Henry Drive, Building 6, Santa Clara, California 95054. All equipment used in making physical determinations is accurate and bears recent traceability to the National Institute of Standards and Technology.

Radiated Emissions measurements were performed in a semi-anechoic chamber (equivalent to an Open Area Test Site). In accordance with §2.948(a)(3), a complete site description is contained at MET Laboratories. In accordance with §2.948(d), MET Laboratories has been accredited by the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program (Lab Code: 100273-0).

2.3. Description of Test Sample

The SkyPilot Networks Sky Extender Tri Band, is a tri band repeater that is designed to extend wireless networks. The Sky Extender Tri Band operates in the 2.4GHz and 5.8GHz unlicensed bands as well as the licensed 4.9GHz band



Photograph 1. SkyPilot Networks Sky Extender Tri Band



2.4. Equipment Configuration

The EUT was set up as outlined in Figure 1, Block Diagram of Test Setup. All cards, racks, etc., incorporated as part of the EUT is included in the following list.

Ref. ID	Name / Description	Model Number	Serial Number	
Α	Sky Extender Tri band	710-00014-04	F20827801	
В	4.9GHz Dipole antenna	SF495G+9X-S	N/A	
С	2.4/5.8GHz Dipole antenna	N/A	N/A	
D	Power over Ethernet Hub	640-0009-01	N/A	
E	AC/DC Adaptor	UIB336-24	N/A	

 Table 1. Equipment Configuration

2.5. Support Equipment

SkyPilot Networks supplied support equipment necessary for the operation and testing of the Sky Extender Tri Band. All support equipment supplied is listed in the following Support Equipment List.

Ref. ID	Name / Description	Manufacturer	Model Number
F	Computer	Dell	Optiplex GX 100
G	Monitor	Dell	E551
Н	Keyboard	Dell	RT7D5JTW
Ι	Mouse	Microsoft	WheelMouse 3.0
J	Printer	HP	Deskjet 895Cse
L	50 ohms load	Narda	375BNM

 Table 2. Support Equipment

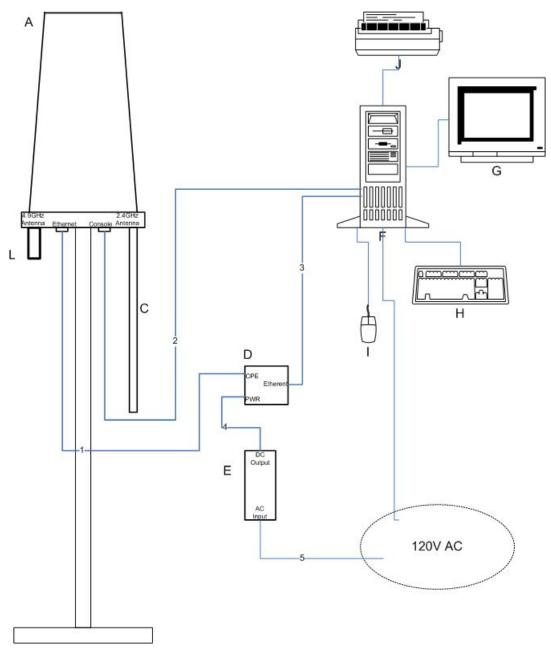


2.6. Ports and Cabling Information

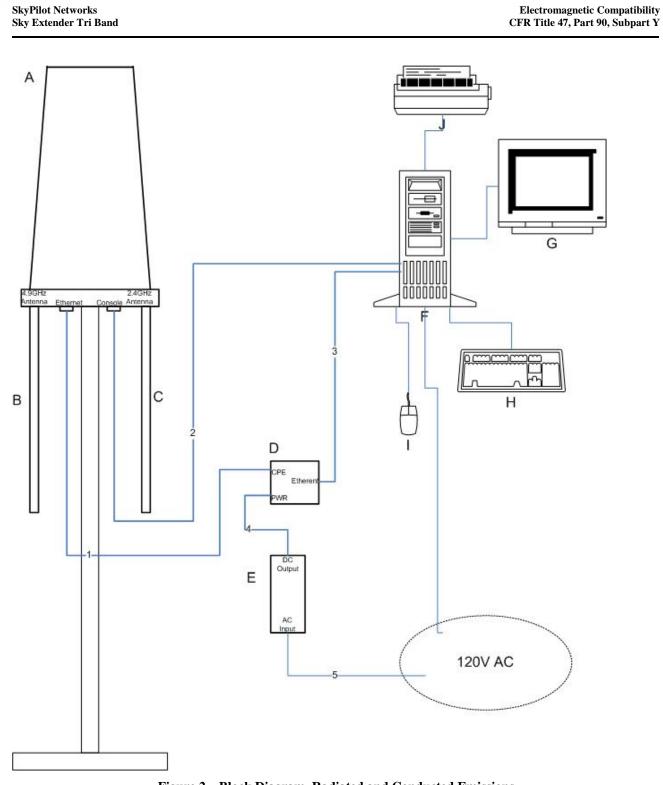
Ref. ID	Port name on EUT	Cable Description or reason for no cable	Qty.	Length (m)	Shielded (Y/N)	Termination Box ID & Port ID
		15.109 – 1	5.107			
1	A, Ethernet	Ethernet	1	1	No	D, CPE
2	A, Console	Ethernet/Serial	1	3	No	F, Serial Port
3	D, Ethernet	Ethernet	1	2	No	F, Ethernet Port
4	D, PWR	20AWG DC Power cord	2	2	No	E, DC output port
5	E, AC input port	18AWG AC PWR cord	1	2	No	AC power outlet
	Spurious Radiated					
1	A, Ethernet	Ethernet	1	1	No	D, CPE
2	A, Console	Ethernet/Serial	1	3	No	F, Serial Port
3	D, Ethernet	Ethernet	1	2	No	F, Ethernet Port
4	D, PWR	20AWG DC Power cord	2	2	No	E, DC output port
5	E, AC input port	18AWG AC PWR cord	1	2	No	AC power outlet

Table 3. Ports and Cabling Information











2.7. Mode of EUT Operation

The Ubiquiti SR4 wireless card is capable of 5, 10 and 20MHz OFDM carrier. The EUT was tested in all occupied bandwidths.

2.8. Modifications

2.8.1. Modifications to EUT

No modifications were made to the EUT.

2.8.2. Modifications to Test Standard

No modifications were made to the EUT.

2.9. Disposition of EUT

The test sample including all support equipment submitted to the Electro-Magnetic Compatibility Lab for testing was returned to SkyPilot Networks upon completion of testing.



3. Electromagnetic Compatibility RF Power Output Requirements

3.1. RF Output Power

Test Requirement(s): §2.1046 and §90.1215(a) with FCC 04-265

Test Procedures: As required by 47 CFR 2.1046, *RF power output measurements* were made at the RF output terminals using a Directional Coupler through a Spectrum Analyzer and Power Meter.

A laptop was connected to EUT to control the RF power output and frequency channel. The EUT was connected through a Directional Coupler to a Spectrum Analyzer to monitor the frequency and to a Power Meter to measure the Peak and Average power. The EUT power was adjusted enough to produce maximum output power as specified in the owner's manual. The output power was then recorded with peak and average reading. Measurements were made at the low, mid and high channels.

Test Results: Equipment complies with 47CFR 2.1046 and 90.1215(a) with FCC 04-265.

All RF Power output measurements were direct connection to RF output Terminal of EUT from a Power Meter.

RF Power Output						
Frequency (MHz)	Peak Power (dBm)	Average Power (dBm)				
	5 MHz					
4942.5	23.5	15.7				
4967.5	23.7	15.8				
4987.5	23.8	15.9				
	10 MHz					
4945.0	29.2	20.0				
4965.0	29.2	20.0				
4985.0	29.2	20.0				
	20 MHz					
4950.0	32.3	23.6				
4965.0	32.3	23.6				
4980.0	32.6	23.8				

Test Engineer(s): Shawn McMillen

Test Date(s):

August 21, 2006

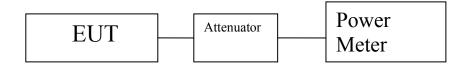


Figure 3. RF Power Output Test Setup



3.2. Peak Power Spectral Density

Test Requirement(s):§90.1215(a) with FCC 04-265Test Procedures:As required by 47 CFR 2.1046, *RF power output measurements* were made at the RF output
terminals using a Directional Coupler through a Spectrum Analyzer and Power Meter.A laptop was connected to EUT to control the RF power output and frequency channel. The
EUT was connected to a Spectrum Analyzer in order to measure the power level. The
Spectrum Analyzer was set to a RBW = VBW = 1 MHz. The EUT power was adjusted at the
maximum output power level. The max hold key from the Spectrum Analyzer was activated
capturing the modulated envelope of the EUT. The Peak Power Spectral Density was then
recorded. Measurements were made at the low, mid and high channels.

Test Results: Note: Refer to modularly approved FCC ID: SWX-SR4 for measurement of Peak Power Spectral Density.



4. Electromagnetic Compatibility Occupied Bandwidth Requirements

4.1. Occupied Bandwidth (Emission Mask)

Test Requirement(s):	§2.1049 and §90.210 (M) with FCC 04-265 (Emissions Mask M)	
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Test Procedures: As required by 47 CFR 2.1049, *occupied bandwidth measurements* were made at the RF output terminals using a Directional Coupler through a Spectrum Analyzer and Power Meter monitoring the power output level.

A laptop was connected to EUT to control the RF power output and frequency channel. The EUT was connected to a Spectrum Analyzer and a Power Meter to monitor the output power level. The measured highest Average Power was set relative to zero dB reference. The RBW of the Spectrum Analyzer was set to at least 1% of the channel bandwidth. The EUT power was adjusted at the maximum output power level. Measurements were carried out at the low, mid and high channels of the TX band.

Test Results: Note: Refer to modularly approved FCC ID: SWX-SR4 for measurement of Occupied Bandwidth.



5. Electromagnetic Compatibility Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal Requirements

5.1. Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals

- Test Requirement(s): §2.1051 and §90.210(M) with FCC 04-265
- **Test Procedures:** As required by 47 CFR 2.1051, *spurious emissions at antenna terminal measurements* were made at the RF output terminals using a Directional Coupler through a Spectrum Analyzer and Power Meter.

A laptop was connected to EUT to control the RF power output and frequency channel. The EUT was connected to a Spectrum Analyzer and a Power Meter to monitor the output power level. The Spectrum Analyzer was set to sweep 30 MHz and up to 10th harmonic of the fundamental or 40GHz which ever is the lesser. Measurements were made at the low, mid and high channels.

For frequencies 1-18GHz, measurements were made at coupler port of a 20dB directional coupler. The output of the coupler was terminated by a 50Ω load. For frequencies 18-40GHz a HP11970A and HP11970K harmonic mixer was used. Each harmonic mixer was fed with a SMA to wave guide adapter.

The Conducted Spurious Emissions *Limit* is obtained by the following:

Test Results: Note: Refer to modularly approved FCC ID: SWX-SR4 for measurement of Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals.



6. Electromagnetic Compatibility Radiated Emissions Requirements

6.1. Radiated Emissions (Substitution Method)

- Test Requirement(s): §2.1053 and §90.210
- **Test Procedures:** As required by 47 CFR 2.1053, *field strength of radiated spurious measurements* were made in accordance with the procedures of TIA/EIA-603-A-2001 "Land Mobile FM or PM Communications Equipment Measurement and Performance Standards".

Radiated emission measurements were performed inside a 10 meter semi-anechoic chamber. The EUT was set at a distance of 3m from the receiving antenna. The EUT's RF ports were terminated to 500hm load. The EUT was set to transmit at the low, mid and high channels of the transmitter frequency range at its maximum power level. The EUT was rotated about 360° and the receiving antenna scanned from 1-4m in order to capture the maximum emission. A calibrated antenna source was positioned in place of the EUT and the previously recorded signal was duplicated. The maximum EIRP of the emission was calculated by adding the forward power to the calibrated source plus its appropriate gain value. These steps were carried out with the receiving antenna in both vertical and horizontal polarization. Harmonic emissions up to the 10^{th} or 40GHz, which ever was the lesser, were investigated.

- **Test Results:** Equipment complies with Section 2.1053 and 90.210.
- **Test Engineer(s):** Billy Kwan

Test Date(s): August 21, 2006



		fo = 4942.5	MHz		
Frequency (MHz)	Polarization V/H	Spectrum Analyzer Reading (dBm)	Substitution antenna power input (dBm)	Tx Ant. Gain (dBi)	EIRP (dBm)
9885.0	V	-47.7	-40.2	11.9	-28.3
14827.5	V	-70.2	-55.3	11.8	-43.5
		fo = 4965	MHz		
Frequency (MHz)	Polarization V/H	Spectrum Analyzer Reading (dBm)	Substitution antenna power input (dBm)	Tx Ant. Gain (dBi)	EIRP (dBm)
9930.0	V	-50.6	-41.1	11.9	-29.2
14895.0	V	-69.8	-56.6	11.8	-44.8
		fo = 4987.5	MHz		
Frequency (MHz)	Polarization V/H	Spectrum Analyzer Reading (dBm)	Substitution antenna power input (dBm)	Tx Ant. Gain (dBi)	
		Analyzer Reading	antenna power input	Gain	EIRP (dBm) -32.4

Radiated Emissions (Substitution Method) Test Results

Table 4. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Test Results, 5MHz bandwidth



Radiated Emissions (Substitution Method) Test Results

	<i>fo</i> = 4945MHz								
Frequency (MHz)	Polarization V/H	Spectrum Analyzer Reading (dBm)	Substitution antenna power input (dBm)	Tx Ant. Gain (dBi)	EIRP (dBm)				
9890.0	V	-52.2	-39.2	11.9	-27.3				
14835.0	V	-70.2	-51.1	11.8	-39.3				
		fo = 49	65MHz						
Frequency (MHz)	Polarization V/H	Spectrum Analyzer Reading (dBm)	Substitution antenna power input (dBm)	Tx Ant. Gain (dBi)	EIRP (dBm)				
9930.0	V	-51.0	-39.6	11.9	-27.7				
14895.0	V	-69.2	-49.8	11.8	-38.0				
		fo = 49	85MHz						
Frequency (MHz)	Polarization V/H	Spectrum Analyzer Reading (dBm)	Substitution antenna power input (dBm)	Tx Ant. Gain (dBi)	EIRP (dBm)				
9970.0	V	-55.1	-41.4	11.9	-29.5				
14955.0	V	-67.8	-58.4	11.8	-46.6				

Table 5. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Test Results, 10MHz Bandwidth



Radiated Emissions (Substitution Method) Test Results

		fo = 495	OMHz		
Frequency (MHz)	Polarization V/H	Spectrum Analyzer Reading (dBm)	Substitution antenna power input (dBm)	Tx Ant. Gain (dBi)	EIRP (dBm)
9900.0	V	-50.3	-38.8	11.9	-26.9
14850.0	V	-69.8	-55.3	11.8	-43.5
		fo = 496	5MHz		
Frequency (MHz)	Polarization V/H	Spectrum Analyzer Reading (dBm)	Substitution antenna power input (dBm)	Tx Ant. Gain (dBi)	EIRP (dBm)
9930.0	V	-52.8	-40.0	11.9	-28.1
14895.0	V	-68.3	-53.3	11.8	-41.5
		<i>fo</i> = 498	OMHz		
Frequency (MHz)	Polarization V/H	Spectrum Analyzer Reading (dBm)	Substitution antenna power input (dBm)	Tx Ant. Gain (dBi)	EIRP (dBm)
9960.0	V	-55.5	-47.1	11.9	-35.2
14940.0	V	-64.3	-50.0	11.8	-38.2

Table 6. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Test Results, 20MHz Bandwidth



Radiated Emissions Spurious Test Setup



Photograph 2. Radiated Emission Spurious Test Setup



7. Electromagnetic Compatibility Frequency Stability Requirements

7.1. Frequency Stability

- Test Requirement(s): §2.1055 and §90.213
- **Test Procedures:** As required by 47 CFR 2.1055, *Frequency Stability measurements* were made at the RF output terminals using a Directional Coupler through a Spectrum Analyzer and Power Meter.

The EUT was placed in the Environmental Chamber and support equipments are outside the chamber on a table. The EUT was set to transmitter at a data rate corresponding to 20MHz BW. The frequency counter option on the Spectrum Analyzer was used to measure frequency deviations. The frequency drift was investigated for every 10^{C} increment until the unit is stabilized then recorded the reading in tabular format with the temperature range of -30 to 50^{C} .

Voltage supplied to EUT is 120 VAC reference temperature was done at 20 $^{\circ}$. The voltage was varied by \pm 15 % of nominal

Test Results: Note: Refer to modularly approved FCC ID: SWX-SR4 for measurement of Frequency Stability.



8. Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Unintentional Radiators

8.1. Conducted Emissions Limits

Test Requirement(s): 15.107 (a) "Except for Class A digital devices, for equipment that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in Table 7. Compliance with this provision shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminals."

15.107 (b) "For a Class A digital device that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in Table 7. Compliance with this provision shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminals. The lower limit applies at the band edges."

Frequency range	15.107(b), Cla (dBµ		15.107(a), Class B Limit (dBμV)		
(MHz)	Quasi-Peak	Average	Quasi-Peak	Average	
0.15- 0.5	79	66	66 - 56	56 - 46	
0.5 - 5.0	73	60	56	46	
5.0 - 30	73	60	60	50	
Note — The lower limit shall an	nly at the transition freq	uanaias	÷		

Note — The lower limit shall apply at the transition frequencies.

Table 7. Conducted Limits for Radio Frequency Devices calculated from FCC Part 15Section 15.107(a) (b)

Test Procedures: The EUT was placed on a 0.8m-high wooden table inside a semi-anechoic chamber. The method of testing, test conditions, and test procedures of ANSI C63.4 were used. The EUT was powered through a $50\Omega/50\mu$ H LISN. An EMI receiver, connected to the measurement port of the LISN, scanned the frequency range from 150 kHz to 30 MHz in order to find the peak conducted emissions. All peak emissions within 6 dB of the limit were re-measured using a quasi-peak and/or average detector as appropriate.

Test Results: The EUT was found to be compliant with the Class A requirement(s) of this section. Measured emissions below applicable limits.

Test Engineer(s): Billy Kwan

Test Date(s): August 21, 2006



FREQ. (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV) QP	Limit (dBuV) QP	Results QP	Margin (dB) QP	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV) AVG	Limit (dBuV) AVG	Results AVG	Margin (dB) AVG
0.42	45.1	79	PASS	-33.9	44.59	66	PASS	-21.41
1.48	41.97	73	PASS	-31.03	41.66	60	PASS	-18.34
5.985	45.03	73	PASS	-27.97	41.33	60	PASS	-18.67

Conducted Emissions - Voltage, AC Power

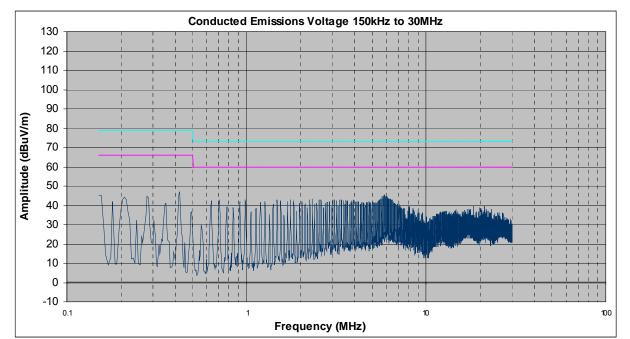
Table 8. Conducted Emissions - Voltage, AC Power, Phase Line 110V/60Hz

FREQ. (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV) QP	Limit (dBuV) QP	Results QP	Margin (dB) QP	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV) AVG	Limit (dBuV) AVG	Results AVG	Margin (dB) AVG
0.42	45.39	79	PASS	-33.61	44.71	66	PASS	-21.29
0.915	44.12	73	PASS	-28.88	42.75	60	PASS	-17.25
5.985	44.29	73	PASS	-28.71	41.03	60	PASS	-18.97

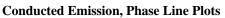
Table 9. Conducted Emissions - Voltage, AC Power, Neutral Line 110V/60Hz

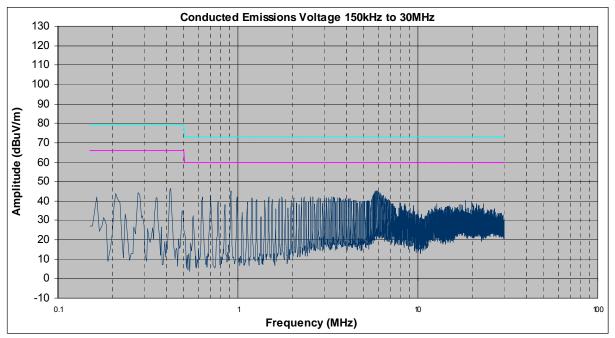


Sky Extender Tri Band



Conducted Emissions - Voltage, Worst Case Emissions, AC Power





Conducted Emission, Neutral Line Plots



9. Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

9.1 § 15.207(a) Conducted Limits

Test Requirement(s): § 15.207 (a): For an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 μ H/50 Σ line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

Frequency range	§ 15.207(a), Conducted Limit (dBµV)					
(MHz)	Quasi-Peak	Average				
0.15-0.5	66 – 56*	56-46*				
0.5 - 0.5	56	46				
0.5 - 30	60	50				
* Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency						

Table 10 Conducted Limits for Intentional Radiators from FCC Part § 15.207(a)

Test Procedure:	The transmitter was set to the middle channel and placed on a 0.8 m high wooden table inside in a semi-anechoic chamber (See Photograph 3 and Photograph 4). The EUT was situated such that the back of the EUT was 0.4 m from the vertical conducting plane, and the remaining sides of the EUT were no closer than 0.8 m from any other conductive surface. The EUT was powered from a 50 Ω /50 μ H Line Impedance Stabilization Network (LISN). The EMC receiver scanned the frequency range from 150 kHz to 30 MHz. Conducted Emissions measurements were made in accordance with ANSI C63.4-1992 "Methods and Measurements of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz". The measurements were performed over the frequency range of 0.15 MHz to 30 MHz using a 50 Ω /50 μ H LISN as the input transducer to an EMC/field intensity meter.
Results:	Equipment meets the specifications of Section 15.207 (a) for Intentional Radiators. Test result details appear on following pages.
Test Engineer(s):	Billy Kwan
Test Date(s):	August 21, 2006



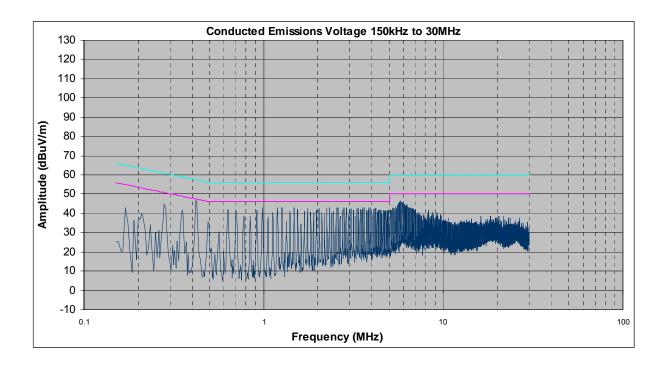
Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

FREQ. (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV) QP	Limit (dBuV) QP	Results QP	Margin (dB) QP	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV) AVG	Limit (dBuV) AVG	Results AVG	Margin (dB) AVG
*0.49	43.66	56.17	PASS	-12.51	43.24	46.17	PASS	-2.93
0.91	41.51	56	PASS	-14.49	39.71	46	PASS	-6.29
5.965	45.74	60	PASS	-14.26	42.04	50	PASS	-7.96

§ 15.207(a) Conducted Limits

Table 11. Conducted Emissions Test Results, Phase Line

Note - *At this frequency, the measured electric-field strength exhibits a margin of compliance that is less than 3 dB below the specification limit. We recommend that every emission measured, have at least a 3 dB margin to allow for deviations in the emission characteristics that may occur during the production process.





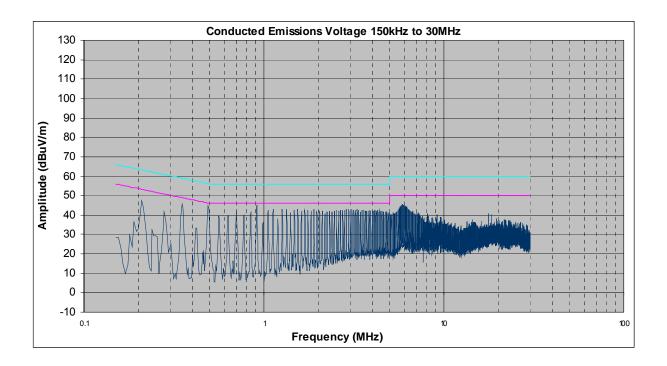
Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

FREQ. (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV) QP	Limit (dBuV) QP	Results QP	Margin (dB) QP	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV) AVG	Limit (dBuV) AVG	Results AVG	Margin (dB) AVG
*0.49	44.97	56.17	PASS	-11.2	44.38	46.17	PASS	-1.79
0.91	43.5	56	PASS	-12.5	42.29	46	PASS	-3.71
5.965	44.94	60	PASS	-15.06	41.59	50	PASS	-8.41

§ 15.207(a) Conducted Limits

Table 12. Conducted Emissions Test Results, Neutral Line

Note - *At this frequency, the measured electric-field strength exhibits a margin of compliance that is less than 3 dB below the specification limit. We recommend that every emission measured, have at least a 3 dB margin to allow for deviations in the emission characteristics that may occur during the production process.





Conducted Emission Limits Test Setup



Photograph 3. Conducted Emissions Test Setup



Conducted Emission Limits Test Setup



Photograph 4. Conducted Emissions Test Setup



10. Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Unintentional Radiators

10.1 Radiated Emissions Limits

Test Requirement(s): 15.109 (a) Except for Class A digital devices, the field strength of radiated emissions from unintentional radiators at a distance of 3 meters shall not exceed the Class B limits expressed in Table 13.

15.109 (b) The field strength of radiated emissions from a Class A digital device, as determined at a distance of 10 meters, shall not exceed the Class A limits expressed in Table 13.

	Field Strength (dBµV/m)					
Frequency (MHz)	§15.109 (b), Class A Limit (dBμV) @ 10m	§15.109 (a),Class B Limit (dBμV) @ 3m				
30 - 88	39.00	40.00				
88 - 216	43.50	43.50				
216 - 960	46.40	46.00				
Above 960	49.50	54.00				

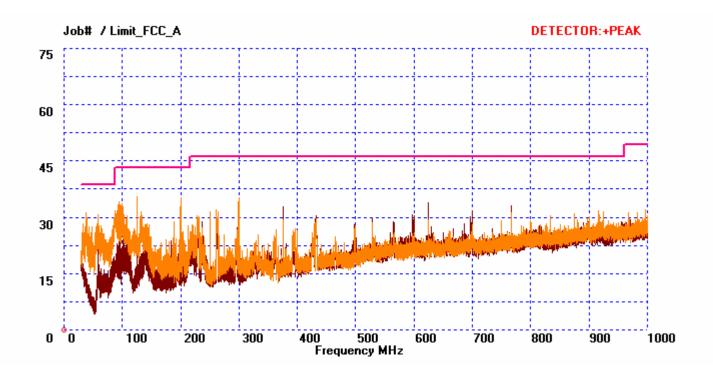
Test Procedures:	The EUT was placed on a 0.8m-high wooden table inside a semi-anechoic chamber. The method of testing and test conditions of ANSI C63.4 were used. An antenna was located 10 m from the EUT on an adjustable mast. A pre-scan was first performed in order to find prominent radiated emissions. For final emissions measurements at each frequency of interest, the EUT was rotated and the antenna height was varied between 1 m and 4 m in order to maximize the emission. Measurements in both horizontal and vertical polarities were made and the data was recorded. Unless otherwise specified, measurements were made using a quasi-peak detector with a 120 kHz bandwidth.
Test Results:	The EUT was found compliant with the Class A requirement(s) of this section. Measured emissions below applicable limits.
Test Engineer(s):	Billy Kwan
Test Date(s):	August 21, 2006



Frequency (MHz)	Antenna Polarity (H/V)	EUT Azimuth (Degrees)	Antenna HEIGHT (m)	Uncorrected Amplitude QP Detector (dBuv)	Antenna Correction Factor (dB/m) (+)	Cable Loss (dB) (+)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
94.4	V	15	1.47	24.35	10.00	1.65	36.00	43.50	-7.50
125	V	305	1	17.61	11.90	1.99	31.50	43.50	-12.00
200	V	3	1	27.99	9.50	2.53	40.02	43.50	-3.48
299.68	V	165	1	17.46	13.40	2.93	33.79	46.40	-12.61
375	Н	347	1.52	15.62	14.75	3.35	33.72	46.40	-12.68
625	Н	235	2.33	13.01	18.45	4.70	36.16	46.40	-10.24
766.68	Н	2.56	1.8	10.27	19.67	5.28	35.21	46.40	-11.19

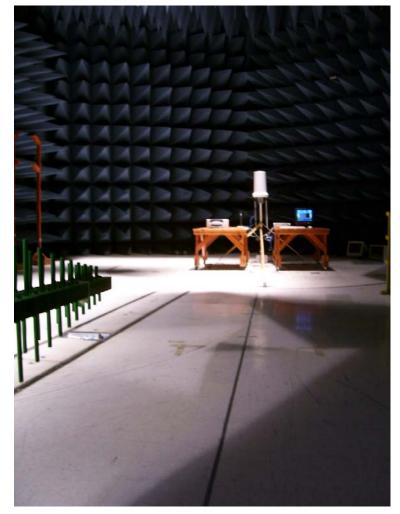
Radiated Emissions Limits Test Results, 30MHz – 1GHz, Class A

Table 14. Radiated Emissions Limits Test Results, 30MHz – 1GHz





Radiated Emission Limits Test Setup 30MHz – 1GHz



Photograph 5. Radiated Emission Limits Test Setup for 30MHz - 1GHz



Radiated Emission Limits Test Setup 30MHz – 1GHz



Photograph 6. Radiated Emission Limits Test Setup for 30MHz - 1GHz



Radiated Emissions Limits Test Results, 1GHz to 2GHz, Class A

Frequency (GHz)	Azimuth (Degrees)	Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Height (m)	Raw Amp. @ 3m (Avg)	P.Amp (dB)	Ant.Cor. Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Dist.Cor Factor (dB)	EUT Field Strength Final Amp. (dBuV/m)	Limit per FCC pt 15 @ 3m (dBuV/m)	Delta (dB)
1	195	Н	2.1	41.47	35.12	24.20	2.14	10.46	22.23	49.5	-27.27
1	178	V	1.4	48.45	35.12	24.09	2.14	10.46	29.10	49.5	-20.41
1.125	6	Н	1.4	46.23	35.21	24.38	2.22	10.46	27.15	49.5	-22.35
1.25	198	V	2.3	38.47	35.23	24.53	2.31	10.46	19.61	49.5	-29.89
1.3	291	Н	1.8	40.19	35.23	24.73	2.35	10.46	21.58	49.5	-27.92
1.375	310	Н	2.2	41.35	35.19	24.92	2.42	10.46	23.04	49.5	-26.46
1.5	148	Н	1.6	35.67	35.12	25.30	2.55	10.46	17.94	49.5	-31.56
1.583	80	Н	1.4	49.15	35.16	25.60	2.65	10.46	31.79	49.5	-17.71
1.68	50	V	1.8	40.39	35.22	25.95	2.79	10.46	23.45	49.5	-26.05
2	1	Н	1	37.68	35.14	27.45	3.25	10.46	22.78	49.5	-26.72
2	0	V	1	33.31	35.14	27.34	3.25	10.46	18.30	49.5	-31.20

Table 15. Radiated Emissions Limits Test Results, 1GHz – 2GHz



Radiated Emission Limits Test Setup 1GHz – 2GHz



Photograph 7. Radiated Emission Limits Test Setup for 1-2GHz



Photograph 8. Radiated Emission Limits Test Setup for 1-2GHz



11. RF Exposure Requirements

- **RF Exposure Requirements: §90.1217, §1.1307(b)(1) and §1.1307(b)(2):** Systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess of the Commission's guidelines.
- **RF Radiation Exposure Limit: §1.1310:** As specified in this section, the Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) Limit shall be used to evaluate the environmental impact of human exposure to radiofrequency (RF) radiation as specified in Sec. 1.1307(b), except in the case of portable devices which shall be evaluated according to the provisions of Sec. 2.1093 of this chapter.

MPE Limit Calculation: EUT's operating frequencies @ $\underline{4940-4990 \text{ MHz}}$; highest conducted power = 32.6dBm (peak) therefore, Limit for Uncontrolled exposure: 1 mW/cm² or 10 W/m²

EUT antenna gain = 9.5 dBi.

Equation from page 18 of OET 65, Edition 97-01

 $S = PG / 4\pi R^2$ or $R = \int PG / 4\pi S$

where, $S = Power Density (1 mW/cm^2)$ P = Power Input to antenna (1819.7mW)G = Antenna Gain (8.9 numeric)

 $R = (1819.7*8.9/4*3.14)^{1/2} = (16195.3/12.56)^{1/2} = 35.9 \text{cm separation in order to comply with}$ 1 mW/cm² Limit



12. Test Equipment

Calibrated test equipment utilized during testing was maintained in a current state of calibration per the requirements of ANSI/NCSL Z540-1-1994 and ANSI/ISO/IEC 17025:2000.

MET Asset #	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Last Cal Date	Cal Due Date
1S2421	EMI RECEIVER	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	ESIB 7	2/9/2005	2/9/2007
1S2184	BILOG ANTENNA	CHASE	CBL6112A	1/12/2005	1/12/2007
182121	PRE-AMPLIFIER	HEWLETT PACKARD	8449B	10/14/2005	10/14/2006
1S2198	ANTENNA, HORN	EMCO	3115	8/17/2006	8/17/2007
1S2202	ANTENNA, HORN, 1 METER	EMCO	3116	3/23/2005	3/23/2007
N/A	HIGH PASS FILTER	MICRO-TRONICS	HPM13146	SEE NOTE	
182263	CHAMBER, 10 METER	RANTEC	N2-14	8/15/2006	8/15/2007
1S2430	WIDEBAND POWER METER	ANRITSU COMPANY	ML2488A	1/12/2005	1/12/2007
182432	WIDEBAND POWER SENSOR	ANRITSU COMPANY	MA2491A	1/12/2005	1/12/2007
1S2034	COUPLER, DIRECTIONAL 1-20 GHz	KRYTAR	101020020	SEE 1	NOTE
1S2041	COUPLER, BI DIRECTIONALCOAXIAL	NARDA	N/A	SEE 1	NOTE
1S2460	Analyzer, Spectrum 9 kHz-40GHz	Agilent	E4407B	07/06/2005	07/06/2008
1S2430	WIDEBAND POWER METER	ANRITSU COMPANY	ML2488A	1/12/2005	1/12/2007
182432	WIDEBAND POWER SENSOR	ANRITSU COMPANY	MA2491A	1/12/2005	1/12/2007
1S2034	COUPLER, DIRECTIONAL 1-20 GHz	KRYTAR	101020020	SEE 1	NOTE
1S2041	COUPLER, BI DIRECTIONALCOAXIAL	NARDA	N/A	SEE 1	NOTE
1S2128	Harmonic Mixer	Hewlett Packard	11970A	N/A	3/10/2007
182129	Harmonic Mixer	Hewlett Packard	11970K	N/A	3/10/2007

Note: Functionally tested equipment is verified using calibrated instrumentation at the time of testing.



13. Certification Label & User's Manual Information

13.1 Certification Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 2, Subpart I — Marketing of Radio frequency devices:

§ 2.801 Radio-frequency device defined.

As used in this part, a radio-frequency device is any device which in its operation is capable of Emitting radio-frequency energy by radiation, conduction, or other means. Radio- frequency devices include, but are not limited to:

- (a) The various types of radio communication transmitting devices described throughout this chapter.
- (b) The incidental, unintentional and intentional radiators defined in Part 15 of this chapter.
- (c) The industrial, scientific, and medical equipment described in Part 18 of this chapter.
- (d) Any part or component thereof which in use emits radio-frequency energy by radiation, conduction, or other means.

§ 2.803 Marketing of radio frequency devices prior to equipment authorization.

- (a) Except as provided elsewhere in this chapter, no person shall sell or lease, or offer for sale or lease (including advertising for sale or lease), or import, ship or distribute for the purpose of selling or leasing or offering for sale or lease, any radio frequency device unless:
 - (1) In the case of a device subject to certification, such device has been authorized by the Commission in accordance with the rules in this chapter and is properly identified and labeled as required by §2.925 and other relevant sections in this chapter; or
 - (2) In the case of a device that is not required to have a grant of equipment authorization issued by the Commission, but which must comply with the specified technical standards prior to use, such device also complies with all applicable administrative (including verification of the equipment or authorization under a Declaration of Conformity, where required), technical, labeling and identification requirements specified in this chapter.
- (d) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of this section, the offer for sale solely to business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical users (but not an offer for sale to other parties or to end users located in a residential environment) of a radio frequency device that is in the conceptual, developmental, design or pre-production stage is permitted prior to equipment authorization or, for devices not subject to the equipment authorization requirements, prior to a determination of compliance with the applicable technical requirements *provided* that the prospective buyer is advised in writing at the time of the offer for sale that the equipment is subject to the FCC rules and that the equipment will comply with the appropriate rules before delivery to the buyer or to centers of distribution.



- (e)(1) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of this section, prior to equipment authorization or determination of compliance with the applicable technical requirements any radio frequency device may be operated, but not marketed, for the following purposes and under the following conditions:
 - (*i*) Compliance testing;
 - (ii) Demonstrations at a trade show provided the notice contained in paragraph (c) of this section is displayed in a conspicuous location on, or immediately adjacent to, the device;
 - (iii) Demonstrations at an exhibition conducted at a business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical location, but excluding locations in a residential environment, provided the notice contained in paragraphs
 (c) or (d) of this section, as appropriate, is displayed in a conspicuous location on, or immediately adjacent to, the device;
 - (iv) Evaluation of product performance and determination of customer acceptability, provided such operation takes place at the manufacturer's facilities during developmental, design or pre-production states; or
 - (v) Evaluation of product performance and determination of customer acceptability where customer acceptability of a radio frequency device cannot be determined at the manufacturer's facilities because of size or unique capability of the device, provided the device is operated at a business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical user's site, but not at a residential site, during the development, design or pre-production stages.
- (e)(2) For the purpose of paragraphs (e)(1)(iv) and (e)(1)(v) of this section, the term *manufacturer's facilities* includes the facilities of the party responsible for compliance with the regulations and the manufacturer's premises, as well as the facilities of other entities working under the authorization of the responsible party in connection with the development and manufacture, but not the marketing, of the equipment.
- (f) For radio frequency devices subject to verification and sold solely to business, commercial, industrial, scientific and medical users (excluding products sold to other parties or for operation in a residential environment), parties responsible for verification of the devices shall have the option of ensuring compliance with the applicable technical specifications of this chapter at each end user's location after installation, provided that the purchase or lease agreement includes a provision that such a determination of compliance be made and is the responsibility of the party responsible for verification of the equipment.



The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 2, Subpart Y — Equipment Authorization Procedures:

§ 2.901 Basis and Purpose

- (a) In order to carry out its responsibilities under the Communications Act and the various treaties and international regulations, and in order to promote efficient use of the radio spectrum, the Commission has developed technical standards for radio frequency equipment and parts or components thereof. The technical standards applicable to individual types of equipment are found in that part of the rules governing the service wherein the equipment is to be operated.¹ *In addition to the technical standards provided, the rules governing the service may require that such equipment be verified by the manufacturer or importer*, be authorized under a Declaration of Conformity, or receive an equipment authorization from the Commission by one of the following procedures: certification or registration.
 - (b) The following sections describe the verification procedure, the procedure for a Declaration of Conformity, and the procedures to be followed in obtaining certification from the Commission and the conditions attendant to such a grant, whichever is applicable.

§ 2.902 Certification.

- (a) Certification is an equipment authorization issued by the Commission, based on representation and test data submitted by the applicant.
- (b) Certification attaches to all units subsequently marketed by the grantee which are identical (see Section 2.908) to the sample tested except for permissive changes or other variations authorized by the Commission pursuant to Section 2.1043.

¹ In this case, the equipment is subject to the rules of Part 15. More specifically, the equipment falls under Subpart B (of Part 15), which deals with unintentional radiators.



§ 2.948 Description of measurement facilities.

- (a) Each party making measurements of equipment that is subject to an equipment authorization under Part 15 or Part 18 of this chapter, regardless of whether the measurements are filed with the Commission or kept on file by the party responsible for compliance of equipment marketed within the U.S. or its possessions, shall compile a description of the measurement facilities employed.
 - (1) If the measured equipment is subject to the verification procedure, the description of the measurement facilities shall be retained by the party responsible for verification of the equipment.
 - (i) If the equipment is verified through measurements performed by an independent laboratory, it is acceptable for the party responsible for verification of the equipment to rely upon the description of the measurement facilities retained by or placed on file with the Commission by that laboratory. In this situation, the party responsible for the verification of the equipment is not required to retain a duplicate copy of the description of the measurement facilities.
 - (ii) If the equipment is verified based on measurements performed at the installation site of the equipment, no specific site calibration data is required. It is acceptable to retain the description of the measurement facilities at the site at which the measurements were performed.
 - (2) If the equipment is to be authorized by the Commission under the certification procedure, the description of the measurement facilities shall be filed with the Commission's Laboratory in Columbia, Maryland. The data describing the measurement facilities need only be filed once but must be updated as changes are made to the measurement facilities or as otherwise described in this section. At least every three years, the organization responsible for filing the data with the Commission shall certify that the data on file is current.



13.1 Label and User's Manual Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 15, Subpart A — General:

§ 15.19 Labeling requirements.

- (a) In addition to the requirements in Part 2 of this chapter, a device subject to certification or verification shall be labeled as follows:
 - (1) Receivers associated with the operation of a licensed radio service, e.g., FM broadcast under Part 73 of this chapter, land mobile operation under Part 90, etc., shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the condition that this device does not cause harmful interference.

(2) A stand-alone cable input selector switch, shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device is verified to comply with Part 15 of the FCC Rules for use with cable television service.

(3) All other devices shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

- (4) Where a device is constructed in two or more sections connected by wires and marketed together, the statement specified under paragraph (a) of this section is required to be affixed only to the main control unit.
- (5) When the device is so small or for such use that it is not practicable to place the statement specified under paragraph (a) of this section on it, the information required by this paragraph shall be placed in a prominent location in the instruction manual or pamphlet supplied to the user or, alternatively, shall be placed on the container in which the device is marketed. However, the FCC identifier or the unique identifier, as appropriate, must be displayed on the device.



§ 15.21 Information to user.

The users manual or instruction manual for an intentional or unintentional radiator shall caution the user that changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 15, Subpart B — Unintentional Radiators:

§ 15.105 Information to the user.

(a) For a Class B digital device or peripheral, the instructions furnished the user shall include the following or similar statement, placed in a prominent location in the text of the manual:

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a residential environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
 - Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.



Electromagnetic Compatibility CFR Title 47, Part 90, Subpart Y

End of Report