



SAR TEST REPORT

Applicant: Gosafe Company Limited

RM 1105, the Innovation Building C1 No. 182 Kexue Avenue, Science Address:

City, Guangzhou, China

FCC ID: RSRP-G737

Product Name: GPS Tracker

Standard(s): 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093)

The above device has been tested and found compliant with the requirement of the relative standards by China Certification ICT Co., Ltd (Dongguan)

Report Number: 2403X65150E-20

Date Of Issue: 2024/10/10

Reviewed By: Ken Zong

Title: SAR Engineer

Ken Zong Karl Gong **Approved By: Karl Gong**

Title: SAR Engineer

Test Laboratory: China Certification ICT Co., Ltd (Dongguan)

No. 113, Pingkang Road, Dalang Town, Dongguan, Guangdong, China

Tel: +86-769-82016888

SAR TEST RESULTS SUMMARY

Operation Frequency Bands	Highest Reported 10g SAR (W/kg) Limb SAR(Gap 0mm)	Limits (W/kg)
WCDMA Band 2	0.96	
WCDMA Band 4	1.05	
WCDMA Band 5	0.42	
LTE Band 4	0.47	4.0
LTE Band 12	0.44	4.0
LTE Band 13	0.46	
LTE Band 25&2	1.08	
LTE Band 26&5	0.53	
M	aximum Simultaneous Transmission SAl	R
Items	Limb SAR(Gap 0mm)	Limits
Sum SAR(W/kg)	1.09	4.0
SPLSR	N/A	0.04
EUT Received Date:	2024/09/13	
Tested Date:	2024/09/22	
Tested Result:	Pass	

Test Facility

The Test site used by China Certification ICT Co., Ltd (Dongguan) to collect test data is located on the No. 113, Pingkang Road, Dalang Town, Dongguan, Guangdong, China.

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The lab has been recognized as the FCC accredited lab under the KDB 974614 D01 and is listed in the FCC Public Access Link (PAL) database, FCC Registration No. : 442868, the FCC Designation No. : CN1314.

Declarations

China Certification ICT Co., Ltd (Dongguan) is not responsible for the authenticity of any test data provided by the applicant. Data included from the applicant that may affect test results are marked with a triangle symbol "\(^{\text{a}}\)". Customer model name, addresses, names, trademarks etc. are not considered data.

Unless otherwise stated the results shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested.

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DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY

Revision Number	Report Number	Description of Revision	Date of Revision
1.0	2403X65150E-20	Original Report	2024/10/10

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 Product Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

EUT Name:	GPS Tracker
EUT Model:	G737
Device Type:	Portable
Exposure Category:	Population / Uncontrolled
Antenna Type(s):	Internal Antenna
Operation modes:	WCDMA(R99 Data), HSUPA/HSDPA/DC-HSUPA), FDD-LTE and BLE
Frequency Band:	WCDMA Band 2: 1850-1910 MHz(TX); 1930-1990 MHz(RX) WCDMA Band 4: 1710-1755MHz(TX); 2110-2155 MHz(RX) WCDMA Band 5: 824-849 MHz(TX); 869-894 MHz(RX) LTE Band 2: 1850-1910 MHz(TX); 1930-1990 MHz(RX) LTE Band 4: 1710-1755MHz(TX); 2110-2155 MHz(RX) LTE Band 5: 824-849 MHz(TX); 869-894 MHz(RX) LTE Band 12: 699-716 MHz(TX); 729-746 MHz(RX) LTE Band 13: 777-787 MHz(TX); 746-756 MHz(RX) LTE Band 25: 1850-1915 MHz(TX); 1930-1995 MHz(RX) LTE Band 26: 814-849 MHz(TX); 859-894 MHz(RX) BLE: 2402-2480MHz(TX/RX)
Conducted RF Power:	WCDMA Band 2: 22.20dBm;WCDMA Band 4: 22.90dBm WCDMA Band 5: 22.87dBm LTE Band 2: 23.23dBm; LTE Band 4: 23.57dBm LTE Band 5:23.51dBm;LTE Band 12: 22.50dBm LTE Band 13:22.81dBm; LTE Band 25: 23.19dBm LTE Band 26: 23.57dBm BLE: -2.79dBm
Rated Input Voltage:	DC 3.7 V from Rechargeable Battery
Serial Number:	2RL6-1
Normal Operation:	Limb Worn

1.2 Test Specification, Methods and Procedures

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with FCC 47 CFR \S 2.1093, IEEE 1528-2013, the following FCC Published RF exposure KDB procedures:

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KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06

KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04

KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02

KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01

KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r05

TCB Workshop April 2019: RF Exposure Procedures

1.3 SAR Limits

FCC Limit

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	SAR (W/kg)	
EXPOSURE LIMITS	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 1 g of tissue)	1.60	8.0
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0

Population/Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

General Population/Uncontrolled environments Spatial Peak limit 4.0W/kg for 10g Extremity SAR applied to the EUT.

2. SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM

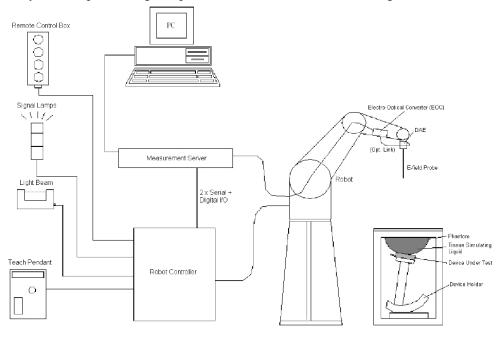
These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system DASY5 from Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) which is the Fifth generation of the system shown in the figure hereinafter:

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DASY5 System Description

The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



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- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal application, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running Win7 professional operating system and the DASY52 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

DASY5 Measurement Server

The DASY5 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with a 400MHz Intel ULV Celeron, 128MB chip-disk and 128MB RAM. The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE4 (or DAE3) electronics box, as well as the 16 bit AD-converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY5 I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.

The measurement server performs all real-time data evaluation of field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. The PC operating system cannot interfere with these time critical



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processes. All connections are supervised by a watchdog, and disconnection of any of the cables to the measurement server will automatically disarm the robot and disable all program-controlled robot movements. Furthermore, the measurement server is equipped with an expansion port which is reserved for future applications. Please note that this expansion port does not have a standardized point out, and therefore only devices provided by SPEAG can be connected. Devices from any other supplier could seriously damage the measurement server.

Data Acquisition Electronics

The data acquisition electronics (DAE4) consist of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder with a control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information, as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection.

The input impedance of both the DAE4 as well as of the DAE3 box is 200MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.

EX3DV4 E-Field Probes

Frequency	10 MHz to > 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Directivity	\pm 0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) \pm 0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	$10 \ \mu W/g$ to > 100 mW/g Linearity: \pm 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μW/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields); the only probe that enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.
Compatibility	DASY3, DASY4, DASY52 SAR and higher, EASY4/MRI

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Calibration Frequency Points for EX3DV4 E-Field Probes SN: 7329 Calibrated: 2024/3/27

Calibration Frequency	Frequency	Frequency Range(MHz)		Conversion Factor		
Point(MHz)	From	To	X	Y	Z	
750 Head	650	810	8.79	10.07	9.05	
900 Head	810	1000	8.42	9.50	8.93	
1750 Head	1650	1810	7.56	8.56	7.71	
1900 Head	1810	2000	7.37	8.32	7.54	
2300 Head	2200	2399	7.21	8.13	7.41	
2450 Head	2399	2500	7.05	7.92	7.22	
2600 Head	2500	2700	6.91	7.77	7.08	
5250 Head	5140	5360	4.96	5.61	5.16	
5600 Head	5490	5675	4.38	4.98	4.56	
5750 Head	5675	5860	4.54	5.16	4.70	

SAM Twin Phantom

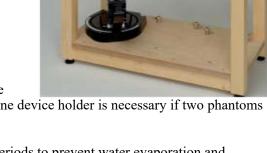
The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region, where shell thickness increases to 6 mm). The phantom has three measurement areas:

- Left Head
- Right Head
- Flat phantom

The phantom table for the DASY systems based on the robots have the size of 100 x 50 x 85 cm (L x W x H). For easy dislocation these tables have fork lift cut outs at the bottom.

The bottom plate contains three pairs of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the

standard measurement positions in the three sections. Only one device holder is necessary if two phantoms are used (e.g., for different liquids)



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A white cover is provided to cover the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. Free space scans of devices on top of this phantom cover are possible. Three reference marks are provided on the phantom counter. These reference marks are used to teach the absolute phantom position relative to the robot.

Robots

The DASY5 system uses the high precision industrial robot. The robot offers the same features important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Low maintenance costs (virtually maintenance free due to direct drive gears; no belt drives)
- Jerk-free straight movements (brushless synchrony motors; no stepper motors)
- Low ELF interference (motor control fields shielded via the closed metallic construction shields)

The above mentioned robots are controlled by the Staubli CS8c robot controllers. All information regarding the use and maintenance of the robot arm and the robot controller is contained on the CDs delivered along with the robot. Paper manuals are available upon request direct from Staubli.

SAR Scan Procedures

Step 1: Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface is 1.4 mm. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

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Step 2: Area Scans

Area scans are defined prior to the measurement process being executed with a user defined variable spacing between each measurement point (integral) allowing low uncertainty measurements to be conducted. Scans defined for FCC applications utilize a 15mm 2 step integral, with 1.5mm interpolation used to locate the peak SAR area used for zoom scan assessments.

Where the system identifies multiple SAR peaks (which are within 25% of peak value) the system will provide the user with the option of assessing each peak location individually for zoom scan averaging.

Area Scan Parameters extracted from KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz

	≤3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 mm ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \text{ mm} \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be \leq the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device wi at least one measurement point on the test device.	

Step 3: Zoom Scan (Cube Scan Averaging)

The averaging zoom scan volume utilized in the DASY5 software is in the shape of a cube and the side dimension of a 1 g or 10 g mass is dependent on the density of the liquid representing the simulated tissue. A density of 1000 kg/m^3 is used to represent the head and body tissue density and not the phantom liquid density, in order to be consistent with the definition of the liquid dielectric properties, i.e. the side length of the 1g cube is 10 mm, with the side length of the 10 g cube is 21.5 mm.

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Zoom Scan Parameters extracted from KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz

			≤3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx _{Zoom} , Δy _{Zoom}		≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: Δz _{Zoom} (n)		≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	graded	Δz _{Zoom} (1): between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	grid	Δz _{Zoom} (n>1): between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1) \text{ mm}$	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see IEEE Std 1528-2013 for details.

Step 4: Power Drift Measurement

The Power Drift Measurement measures the field at the same location as the most recent power reference measurement within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The Power Drift Measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last Power Reference Measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. The measurement procedure is the same as Step 1.

When the cube intersects with the surface of the phantom, it is oriented so that 3 vertices touch the surface of the shell or the center of a face is tangent to the surface. The face of the cube closest to the surface is modified in order to conform to the tangent surface.

The zoom scan integer steps can be user defined so as to reduce uncertainty, but normal practice for typical test applications (including FCC) utilize a physical step of 7 x7 x 7 (5mmx5mmx5mm) providing a volume of 30 mm in the X & Y & Z axis.

^{*} When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB Publication 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEC 62209-1:2016

Recommended Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head liquid

Table A.3 - Dielectric properties of the head tissue-equivalent liquid

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Frequency	Relative permittivity	Conductivity (σ)	
MHz	$arepsilon_{_{\Gamma}}$	S/m	
300	45,3	0,87	
450	43,5	0,87	
750	41,9	0,89	
835	41,5	0,90	
900	41,5	0,97	
1 450	40,5	1,20	
1 500	40,4	1,23	
1 640	40,2	1,31	
1 750	40,1	1,37	
1 800	40,0	1,40	
1 900	40,0	1,40	
2 000	40,0	1,40	
2 100	39,8	1,49	
2 300	39,5	1,67	
2 450	39,2	1,80	
2 600	39,0	1,96	
3 000	38,5	2,40	
3 500	37,9	2,91	
4 000	37,4	3,43	
4 500	36,8	3,94	
5 000	36,2	4,45	
5 200	36,0	4,66	
5 400	35,8	4,86	
5 600	35,5	5,07	
5 800	35,3	5,27	
6 000	35,1	5,48	

NOTE For convenience, permittivity and conductivity values at those frequencies which are not part of the original data provided by Drossos et al. [33] or the extension to 5 800 MHz are provided (i.e. the values shown in italics). These values were linearly interpolated between the values in this table that are immediately above and below these values, except the values at 6 000 MHz that were linearly extrapolated from the values at 3 000 MHz and 5 800 MHz.

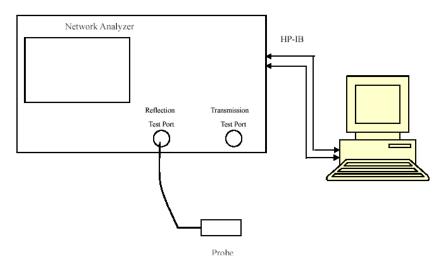
3. EQUIPMENT LIST AND CALIBRATION

3.1 Equipments List & Calibration Information

Equipment	Model	S/N	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
DASY5 Test Software	DASY52.10	N/A	NCR	NCR
DASY5 Measurement Server	DASY5 4.5.12	1567	NCR	NCR
Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1354	2023/11/17	2024/11/16
E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	7329	2024/3/27	2025/3/26
Mounting Device	MD4HHTV5	BJPCTC0152	NCR	NCR
Twin SAM	Twin SAM V5.0	1412	NCR	NCR
Dipole, 750 MHz	D750V3	1230	2023/3/24	2026/3/23
Dipole, 900 MHz	D900V2	1d217	2023/3/24	2026/3/23
Dipole, 1750 MHz	D1750V2	1200	2023/3/27	2026/3/26
Dipole, 1900 MHz	D1900V2	5d251	2023/3/27	2026/3/26
Simulated Tissue Liquid Head(500-9500 MHz)	HBBL600-10000V6	220420-2	Each Time	/
Network Analyzer	8753B	2828A00170	2023/10/17	2024/10/16
Dielectric assessment kit	1319	SM DAK 040 CA	NCR	NCR
MXG Vector Signal Generator	N5182B	MY51350144	2024/4/1	2025/3/31
Power Meter	E4419B	MY45103907	2023/10/18	2024/10/17
USB Power Sensor	U2001H	MY50000432	2024/4/1	2025/3/31
Power Amplifier	ZHL-5W-202-S+	416402204	NCR	NCR
Power Amplifier	ZVE-6W-83+	637202210	NCR	NCR
Directional Coupler	441493	520Z	NCR	NCR
Attenuator	20dB, 100W	LN749	NCR	NCR
Attenuator	6dB, 150W	2754	NCR	NCR
Thermometer	DTM3000	3892	2024/4/1	2025/3/31
Thermohygrometer	HTC-1	N/A	2024/4/1	2025/3/31
Radio Communication Analyzer	MT8820C	6201181458	2024/4/1	2025/3/31
Spectrum Analyzer	FSU26	100147	2024/4/1	2025/3/31

4. SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM VERIFICATION

4.1 Liquid Verification



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Liquid Verification Setup Block Diagram

Liquid Verification Results

Frequency	I invid Temp	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance
(MHz)			O' (S/m)	$\mathbf{\epsilon}_{\mathrm{r}}$	O' (S/m)	$\Delta \epsilon_{ m r}$	ΔΟ΄ (S/m)	(%)
704	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	43.623	0.867	42.15	0.89	3.49	-2.58	±5
707.5	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	43.427	0.873	42.13	0.89	3.08	-1.91	±5
711	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	43.366	0.879	42.11	0.89	2.98	-1.24	±5
750	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	43.031	0.886	41.9	0.89	2.7	-0.45	±5
782	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	42.842	0.898	41.76	0.89	2.59	0.9	±5

^{*}Liquid Verification above was performed on 2024/09/22.

Frequency	I :: 1 T	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance
(MHz)	Liquid Type	$\mathbf{\epsilon}_{\mathrm{r}}$	O' (S/m)	$\mathbf{\epsilon}_{\mathrm{r}}$	O' (S/m)	$\Delta \epsilon_{ m r}$	ΔΟ (S/m)	(%)
826.4	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	42.826	0.897	41.54	0.9	3.1	-0.33	±5
831.5	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	42.742	0.908	41.52	0.9	2.94	0.89	±5
836.5	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	42.562	0.913	41.5	0.9	2.56	1.44	±5
836.6	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	42.508	0.914	41.5	0.9	2.43	1.56	±5
841.5	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	42.377	0.921	41.5	0.91	2.11	1.21	±5
846.6	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	42.255	0.927	41.5	0.91	1.82	1.87	±5
900	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	42.091	0.943	41.5	0.97	1.42	-2.78	±5

^{*}Liquid Verification above was performed on 2024/09/22.

Frequency	I :: 1 T	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance
(MHz)	Liquid Type	$\mathbf{\epsilon}_{\mathrm{r}}$	O' (S/m)	$\mathbf{\epsilon}_{\mathrm{r}}$	O' (S/m)	$\Delta \epsilon_{ m r}$	ΔΟ (S/m)	(%)
1712.4	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	41.711	1.317	40.13	1.35	3.94	-2.44	±5
1720	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	41.648	1.331	40.13	1.35	3.78	-1.41	±5
1732.5	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	41.405	1.342	40.12	1.36	3.2	-1.32	±5
1732.6	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	41.397	1.343	40.12	1.36	3.18	-1.25	±5
1745	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	41.103	1.356	40.1	1.37	2.5	-1.02	±5
1750	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	40.956	1.364	40.1	1.37	2.13	-0.44	±5
1752.6	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	40.903	1.367	40.09	1.37	2.03	-0.22	±5

^{*}Liquid Verification above was performed on 2024/09/22.

Frequency	I invid Temp	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance
(MHz)	(MHz) Liquid Type $ \begin{array}{c c} & & & & & & & & & & \\ \hline (MHz) & & & & & & & & \\ \hline & & & & & & & \\ \hline & & & &$		$\mathbf{\epsilon}_{\mathrm{r}}$	O' (S/m)	$\Delta \epsilon_{ m r}$	ΔΟ (S/m)	(%)	
1852.4	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	41.156	1.369	40	1.4	2.89	-2.21	±5
1860	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	41.024	1.383	40	1.4	2.56	-1.21	±5
1880	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	40.732	1.394	40	1.4	1.83	-0.43	±5
1882.5	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	40.612	1.402	40	1.4	1.53	0.14	±5
1900	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	40.106	1.413	40	1.4	0.27	0.93	±5
1905	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	39.831	1.424	40	1.4	-0.42	1.71	±5
1907.6	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	39.776	1.436	40	1.4	-0.56	2.57	±5

^{*}Liquid Verification above was performed on 2024/09/22.

4.2 System Accuracy Verification

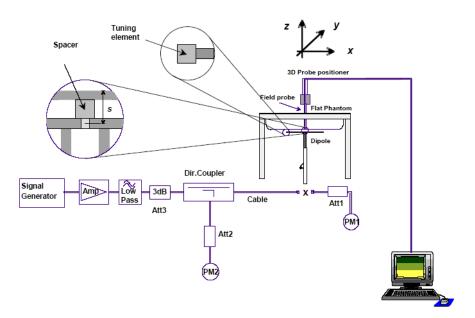
Prior to the assessment, the system validation kit was used to test whether the system was operating within its specifications of $\pm 10\%$. The validation results are tabulated below. And also the corresponding SAR plot is attached as well in the SAR plots files.

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The spacing distances in the **System Verification Setup Block Diagram** is given by the following:

- a) $s = 15 \text{ mm} \pm 0.2 \text{ mm}$ for $300 \text{ MHz} \le f \le 1000 \text{ MHz}$;
- b) $s = 10 \text{ mm} \pm 0.2 \text{ mm}$ for $1000 \text{ MHz} < f \le 3000 \text{ MHz}$;
- c) $s = 10 \text{ mm} \pm 0.2 \text{ mm}$ for $3\,000 \text{ MHz} < f \le 6\,000 \text{ MHz}$.

System Verification Setup Block Diagram



System Accuracy Check Results

Date	Frequency Band	Liquid Type	Input Power (mW)	Power SAR (mW) (W/kg)		Normalized to 1W (W/kg)	Target Value (W/kg)	Delta (%)	Tolerance (%)
2024/09/22	750 MHz	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	100	10g	0.572	5.72	5.54	3.25	±10
2024/09/22	900 MHz	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	100	10g	0.731	7.31	6.96	5.03	±10
2024/09/22	1750 MHz	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	100	10g	1.99	19.9	18.8	5.85	±10
2024/09/22	1900 MHz	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	100	10g	2.12	21.2	20.3	4.43	±10

^{*}The SAR values above are normalized to 1 Watt forward power.

4.3 SAR SYSTEM VALIDATION DATA

System Performance 750 MHz Head was performed on 2024/09/22

DUT: D750V3; Type: 750 MHz; Serial: 1230

Communication System: CW (0); Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz; $\sigma = 0.886$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 43.031$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³;

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(8.79, 10.07, 9.05)@ 750 MHz; Calibrated: 2024/3/27

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• Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1354; Calibrated: 2023/11/17

Phantom: Twin SAM; Type: Twin SAM V5.0; Serial: TP:1412

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

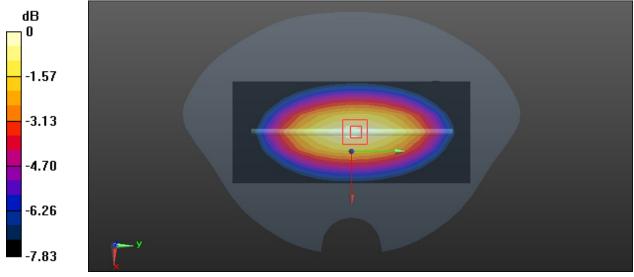
Area Scan(7x15x1):Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.981 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value =34.72 V/m; Power Drift =0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.28 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.876 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.572 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.974 W/kg



0 dB = 0.974 W/kg = -0.11 dBW/kg

System Performance 900 MHz Head was performed on 2024/09/22

DUT: D900V2; Type: 900 MHz; Serial: 1d217

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 900 MHz; $\sigma = 0.943$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 42.091$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(8.42, 9.5, 8.93)@ 900 MHz; Calibrated: 2024/3/27

Report No.: 2403X65150E-20

• Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1354; Calibrated: 2023/11/17

Phantom: Twin SAM; Type: Twin SAM V5.0; Serial: TP:1412

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

Area Scan (6x12x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.47 W/kg

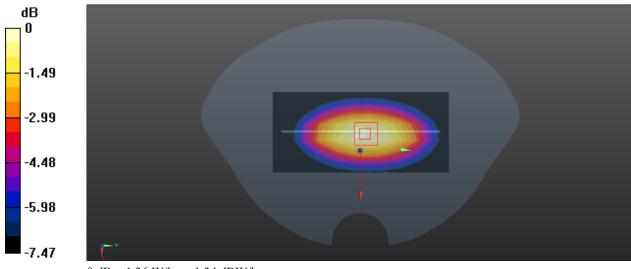
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 35.26 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.76 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.12 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.731 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.36 W/kg



0 dB = 1.36 W/kg = 1.34 dBW/kg

System Performance 1750MHz Head was performed on 2024/09/22

DUT: D1900V2; Type: 1750 MHz; Serial: 1200

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; $\sigma = 1.364$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 40.956$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(7.56, 8.56, 7.71)@ 1750 MHz; Calibrated: 2024/3/27

Report No.: 2403X65150E-20

• Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1354; Calibrated: 2023/11/17

Phantom: Twin SAM; Type: Twin SAM V5.0; Serial: TP:1412

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

Area Scan(5x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.58 W/kg

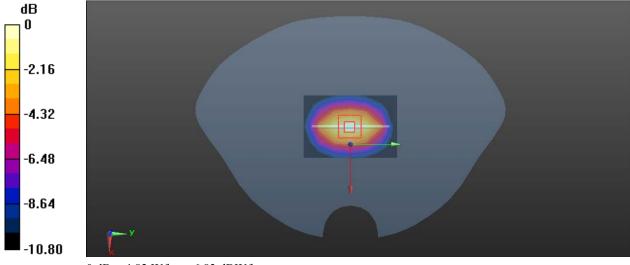
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value =57.02 V/m; Power Drift =0.15dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 6.58 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 3.67 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.99 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.82 W/kg



0 dB = 4.82 W/kg = 6.83 dBW/kg

System Performance 1900MHz Head was performed on 2024/09/22

DUT: D1900V2; Type: 1900 MHz; Serial: 5d251

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.413 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 40.106$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(7.37, 8.32, 7.54)@ 1900 MHz; Calibrated: 2024/3/27

Report No.: 2403X65150E-20

• Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1354; Calibrated: 2023/11/17

Phantom: Twin SAM; Type: Twin SAM V5.0; Serial: TP:1412

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

Area Scan(7x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.04 W/kg

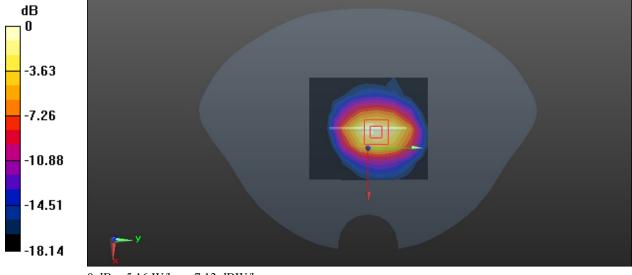
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value =52.47 V/m; Power Drift =0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.25 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 4.07 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.12 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.16 W/kg



0 dB = 5.16 W/kg = 7.13 dBW/kg

5. EUT TEST STRATEGY AND METHODOLOGY

5.1 Test positions for body-worn and other configurations

Body-worn operating configurations should be tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in normal use configurations. Devices with a headset output should be tested with a headset connected to the device. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device may be tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. When multiple accessories that contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device must be tested with each accessory that contains a unique metallic component. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (e.g., the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components), only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body must be tested.

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Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices that are intended to be authorized for body-worn use. A separation distance of 1.5 cm between the back of the device and a flat phantom is recommended for testing body-worn SAR compliance under such circumstances. Other separation distances may be used, but they should not exceed 2.5 cm. In these cases, the device may use body-worn accessories that provide a separation distance greater than that tested for the device provided however that the accessory contains no metallic components.

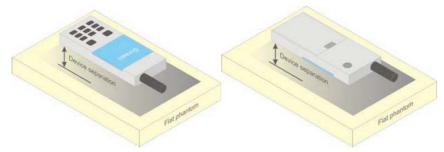


Figure 5 - Test positions for body-worn devices

5.2 Test Distance for SAR Evaluation

In this case the EUT(Equipment Under Test) is set 0mm away from the phantom, the test distance is 0mm.

5.3 SAR Evaluation Procedure

The evaluation was performed with the following procedure:

Step 1: Measurement of the SAR value at a fixed location above the ear point or central position was used as a reference value for assessing the power drop. The SAR at this point is measured at the start of the test and then again at the end of the testing.

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- Step 2: The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance of 4 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head or radiating structures of the EUT, the horizontal grid spacing was 15 mm x 15 mm, and the SAR distribution was determined by integrated grid of 1.5mm x 1.5mm. Based on these data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation. The first Area Scan covers the entire dimension of the EUT to ensure that the hotspot was correctly identified.
- Step 3: Around this point, a volume of 30 mm x 30 mm x 30 mm was assessed by measuring 7x 7 x 7 points. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated under the following procedure:
 - 1) The data at the surface were extrapolated, since the center of the dipoles is 1.2 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.3 mm. The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.
 - 2) The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straightforward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1 g or 10 g) were computed by the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-Spline is composed of three one dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition (in x, y and z-directions). The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal-algorithm. One thousand points $(10 \times 10 \times 10)$ were interpolated to calculate the averages.

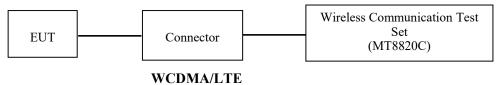
All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.

Step 4: Re-measurement of the SAR value at the same location as in Step 1. If the value changed by more than 5%, the evaluation was repeated.

6. CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

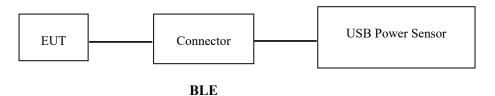
6.1 Test Procedure

The RF output of the transmitter was connected to the input of the Wireless Communication Test Set through Connector.



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The RF output of the transmitter was connected to the input port of the USB Power Sensor through Connector.



6.2 Description of Test Configuration

EUT Operation Condition:

EUT Operation Mode:	The system was configured for testing in each operation mode.
Equipment Modifications:	No
EUT Exercise Software:	No

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The maximum power was configured per 3GPP Standard for each operation modes as below setting:

WCDMA-Release 99

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification. The EUT has a nominal maximum output power of 24dBm (+1.7/-3.7).

The production and he had a manifest in the part of a substitution of the part of a substitution of the part of th								
	Loopback Mode	Test Mode 1						
WCDMA General Settings	Rel99 RMC	12.2kbps RMC						
	Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2						
	β / βd	8/15						

WCDMA HSDPA

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification.

	Mode	HSDPA	HSDPA	HSDPA	HSDPA		
	Subset	1	2	3	4		
	Loopback Mode			Test Mode 1			
	Rel99 RMC			12.2kbps RM	C		
	HSDPA FRC	H-Set1					
WCDM	Power Control Algorithm			Algorithm2			
WCDMA	βε	2/15	12/15	15/15	15/15		
General Set ings	βd	1 /15			4/15		
Set fligs	βd (SF)	64					
	βc/βd	2/15	12/15	15/8	15/4		
	βhs	4/15	24/15	30/15	30/15		
	MPR(dB)	0	0	0.5	0.5		
	DACK			8			
	DNAK			8			
HSDPA	DCQI			8			
Specific	Ack-Nack repetition			3			
Settings	factor			3			
Settings	CQI Feedback			4ms			
	CQI Repetition Factor			2			
	Ahs=βhs/ βc		<u> </u>	30/15	<u> </u>		

WCDMA HSUPA

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification.

34.121-1 spec	Mode	HSUPA	HSUPA	HSUPA	HSUPA	HSUPA			
	Subset	1	2		4	5			
	Loopback Mode			Test Mode 1					
	Rel99 RMC		1	2.2kbps RMC					
	HSDPA FRC			H-Set1					
	HSUPA Test		HS	SUPA Loopba	ck				
WY CODE S	Power Control			Algorithm2					
WCDMA	Algorithm								
General Settings	βc	11/15	6/15	15/15	2/15	15/15			
Settings	βd	15/15	15/15	9/15	15/15	0			
	βес	209/225	12/15	30 15	2/15	5/15			
	βc/βd	11/15	6/15	15/9	2/15	-			
	βhs	22/15	12/15	30/15	4/15	5/15			
	CM(dB)	1.0	3.0	2.0	3.0	1.0			
	MPR(dB)	0	2	1	2	0			
	DACK			8					
	DNAK	8							
HSDPA	DCQI	8							
Specific	Ack-Nack repetition			3					
Settings	factor								
Sectings	CQI Feedback	4ms							
	CQI Repetition Factor	2							
	Ahs=βhs/βc		 	30/15		 			
	DE-DPCCH	6	8	8	5	7			
	DHARQ	0	0	0	0	0			
	AG Index	20	12	15	17	21			
	ETFCI	75	67	92	71	81			
	Associated Max UL	242.1	174.9	482.8	205.8	308.9			
	Data Rate k ps								
		E TEC	T 11 F	E TECI	E TEC	NI 11 E			
		E-TFC E-TFC		E-TFCI 11		CI 11 E CI PO 4			
HSUPA		E-TFC		E-TFCI		CI 67			
Specific		E-TFCI		PO4		I PO 18			
Settings		E-TF		E-TFCI		CI 71			
	Reference E FCls	E-TFC		92		I PO23			
		E-TF		E-TFCI		CI 75			
		E-TFC		PO 18		I PO26			
		E-TF	CI 81		E-TF				
		E-TFCI	PO 27		E-TFC	I PO 27			
				l .					

DC-HSDPA

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements in Table C.8.1.12 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1

Table C.8.1.12: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 12

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Parameter	Unit	Value
Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	kbps	60
Inter-TTI Distance	TTl's	1
Number of HARQ Processes	Proces ses	6
Information Bit Payload (N_{INF})	Bits	120
Number Code Blocks	Blocks	1
Binary Channel Bits Per TTI	Bits	960
Total Available SML's in UE	SML's	19200
Number of SML's per HARQ Proc.	SML's	3200
Coding Rate		0.15
Number of Physical Channel Codes	Codes	1
Modulation		QPSK

Note 1: The RMC is intended to be used for DC-HSDPA mode and both cells shall transmit with identical parameters as listed in the table.

Note 2: Maximum number of transmission is limited to 1, i.e., retransmission is not allowed. The redundancy and constellation version 0 shall be used.

LTE (FDD):

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements in 3GPP TS36.101

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlined in section 6.2 of the 3GPP TS36.101 specification.

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UE Power Class: 3 (23 +/- 2dBm). The allowed Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for the maximum output power due to higher order modulation and transmit bandwidth configuration (resource blocks) is specified in Table 6.2.3-1 of the 3GPP TS36.101.

Table 6.2.3-1: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for Power Class 3

Modulation	Cha	Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth (RB)							
	1.4 MHz								
QPSK	>5	>4	>8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 1		
16 QAM	≤ 5	≤4	≤8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1		
16 QAM	>5	>4	>8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2		

The allowed A-MPR values specified below in Table 6.2.4.-1 of 3GPP TS36.101 are in addition to the allowed MPR requirements. All the measurements below were performed with A-MPR disabled, by using Network Signaling Value of "NS_01".

Table 6.2.4-1: Additional Maximum Power Reduction (A-MPR)

Network Signalling value	Requirements (sub-clause)	E-UTRA Band	Channel bandwidth (MHz)	Resources Blocks (N _{RS})	A-MPR (dB)
NS_01	6.6.2.1.1	Table 5.5-1	1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20	Table 5.6-1	NA
NS_03	6.6.22.1	2, 4,10, 23, 25, 35, 36	3	>5	≤ 1
			5	>6	≤1
			10	>6	≤1
			15	>8	≤1
			20	>10	≤1
NS_04	6.6.2.2.2 41	41	5	>6	s 1
		41	10, 15, 20	See Table 6.2.4-4	
NS_05	6.6.3.3.1	1	10,15,20	≥ 50	≤1
NS_06	6.6.2.2.3	12, 13, 14, 17	1.4, 3, 5, 10	Table 5.6-1	n/a
NS_07	6.6.2.2.3 6.6.3.3.2	13	10	Table 6.2.4-2	Table 6.2.4-2
NS_08	6.6.3.3.3	19	10, 15	> 44	≤3
NS_09	6.6.3.3.4	21	10, 15	> 40 > 55	≤ 1 ≤ 2
NS_10		20	15, 20	Table 6.2.4-3	Table 6.2.4-3
NS_11	6.6.2.2.1	23'	1.4, 3, 5, 10	Table 6.2.4-5	Table 6.2.4-5
**					
NS_32			-		-

6.3 Maximum Target Output Power

Max Target Power(dBm)				
Mode/Band	Channel			
Mode/Dand	Low	Middle	High	
WCDMA Band 2	22.3	22.3	22.3	
HSDPA	21.8	21.8	21.8	
HSUPA	21.7	21.7	21.7	
DC-HSDPA	22.3	22.3	22.3	
WCDMA Band 4	23	23	23	
HSDPA	22.7	22.7	22.7	
HSUPA	22.6	22.6	22.6	
DC-HSDPA	22.9	22.9	22.9	
WCDMA Band 5	23	23	23	
HSDPA	22.4	22.4	22.4	
HSUPA	22.3	22.3	22.3	
DC-HSDPA	22.9	22.9	22.9	
LTE Band 2	23.3	23.3	23.3	
LTE Band 4	23.7	23.7	23.7	
LTE Band 5	23.7	23.7	23.7	
LTE Band 12	22.6	22.6	22.6	
LTE Band 13	22.9	22.9	22.9	
LTE Band 25	23.3	23.3	23.3	
LTE Band 26	23.7	23.7	23.7	
BLE 1M	-2.5	-4.0	-5.0	
BLE 2M	-2.5	-4.0	-5.0	

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Note: The Maximum Target Power for LTE bands corresponds to their maximum power in QPSK modes with maximum bandwidth. **6.4 Test Results:**

WCDMA:

WCDMA Band 2:

T4 M- 1-	Conducted Average Output Power(dBm)			
Test Mode	Lowest Channel	Middle Channel	Highest Channel	
WCDMA R99	22.16	22.08	22.07	
HSDPA Subtest 1	21.56	21.70	21.42	
HSDPA Subtest 2	21.40	21.43	21.26	
HSDPA Subtest 3	21.25	21.41	21.25	
HSDPA Subtest 4	21.56	21.46	21.42	
HSUPA Subtest 1	21.40	21.59	21.40	
HSUPA Subtest 2	21.31	21.48	21.48	
HSUPA Subtest 3	21.20	21.49	21.43	
HSUPA Subtest 4	21.50	21.55	21.49	
HSUPA Subtest 5	21.40	21.43	21.23	
DC-HSDPA Subtest 1	21.88	22.05	21.98	
DC-HSDPA Subtest 2	22.13	21.99	21.98	
DC-HSDPA Subtest 3	21.83	22.20	21.90	
DC-HSDPA Subtest 4	21.97	22.14	22.06	

WCDMA Band 4:

Test Mode	Conducted Average Output Power(dBm)			
rest Mode	Lowest Channel	Middle Channel	Highest Channel	
WCDMA R99	22.42	22.88	22.90	
HSDPA Subtest 1	22.04	22.59	22.31	
HSDPA Subtest 2	21.83	22.60	22.33	
HSDPA Subtest 3	21.90	22.32	22.16	
HSDPA Subtest 4	21.86	22.43	22.28	
HSUPA Subtest 1	22.11	22.32	22.41	
HSUPA Subtest 2	21.95	22.21	22.47	
HSUPA Subtest 3	21.86	22.18	22.35	
HSUPA Subtest 4	21.99	22.19	22.43	
HSUPA Subtest 5	21.85	22.42	22.53	
DC-HSDPA Subtest 1	22.15	22.69	22.77	
DC-HSDPA Subtest 2	22.31	22.77	22.64	
DC-HSDPA Subtest 3	22.30	22.76	22.77	
DC-HSDPA Subtest 4	22.22	22.77	22.59	

WCDMA Band 5:

Test Mode	Conducted Average Output Power(dBm)			
Test Mode	Lowest Channel Middle Channel		Highest Channel	
WCDMA R99	22.61	22.87	22.66	
HSDPA Subtest 1	22.27	22.01	21.92	
HSDPA Subtest 2	22.21	21.68	21.79	
HSDPA Subtest 3	22.18	21.71	21.77	
HSDPA Subtest 4	22.05	21.97	21.78	
HSUPA Subtest 1	22.19	22.01	21.86	
HSUPA Subtest 2	22.08	21.97	21.76	
HSUPA Subtest 3	22.07	22.04	21.65	
HSUPA Subtest 4	22.06	21.93	21.67	
HSUPA Subtest 5	22.04	21.90	21.71	
DC-HSDPA Subtest 1	22.59	22.80	22.54	
DC-HSDPA Subtest 2	22.58	22.69	22.51	
DC-HSDPA Subtest 3	22.66	22.69	22.50	
DC-HSDPA Subtest 4	22.67	22.67	22.63	

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Note:

- 1. The default test configuration is to measure SARwith an established radio link between the EUT and a communication test set using a 12.2 kbps RMC (reference measurement Channel) Configured in Test Loop Model 1.
- 2. KDB 941225 D01-Body SAR is not required for HSDPA/HSUPA/DC-HSDPA when the maximum average output of each RF channel is less than $\frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than measured 12.2kbps RMC or the maximum SAR for 12.2kbps RMC is < 75% of SAR limit.

LTE Band 2:

Test Bandwidth	Test Modulation	Resource Block & RB offset	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Low Channel (dBm)	Middle Channel (dBm)	High Channel (dBm)
		RB1#0	0	0	22.79	21.51	21.75
		RB1#3	0	0	22.62	21.5	21.79
	ODCK	RB1#5	0	0	22.8	21.52	21.83
	QPSK	RB3#0	1	1	22.66	21.44	21.56
		RB3#3	1	1	22.6	21.43	21.61
1.434		RB6#0	1	1	21.48	21.31	21.43
1.4M		RB1#0	1	1	21.14	19.97	20.27
		RB1#3	1	1	20.83	19.97	20.1
	16 OAM	RB1#5	2	2	21.06	19.73	20.28
	16-QAM	RB3#0	2	2	21.51	20.27	20.75
		RB3#3	2	2	21.53	20.26	20.74
		RB6#0	2	2	20.39	18.89	19.56
	QPSK	RB1#0	0	0	22.98	22.92	22.46
		RB1#8	0	0	22.95	22.97	22.23
		RB1#14	0	0	22.82	22.79	22.18
		RB6#0	1	1	21.8	21.72	21.53
		RB6#9	1	1	21.84	21.71	22.08
23.6		RB15#0	1	1	21.69	21.8	21.36
3M		RB1#0	1	1	20.71	20.74	20.02
	16-QAM	RB1#8	1	1	20.21	20.84	19.69
		RB1#14	1	1	20.26	20.58	19.68
		RB6#0	2	2	19.58	19.69	19.09
		RB6#9	2	2	19.6	19.65	19.06
		RB15#0	2	2	19.75	19.85	19.19
	QPSK	RB1#0	0	0	22.67	22.74	22.05
		RB1#13	0	0	22.3	22.78	22.26
		RB1#24	0	0	22.34	22.55	22.11
		RB15#0	1	1	21.51	21.56	21.51
		RB15#10	1	1	21.34	21.42	21.61
5 3.6		RB25#0	1	1	21.37	21.53	21.38
5M	16-QAM	RB1#0	1	1	20.08	19.97	19.91
		RB1#13	1	1	19.73	19.81	19.88
		RB1#24	1	1	19.84	19.93	20.02
		RB15#0	2	2	19.27	19.24	18.92
		RB15#10	2	2	19.35	19.48	19.04
		RB25#0	2	2	19.34	19.78	19.31

Test Bandwidth	Test Modulation	Resource Block & RB offset	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Low Channel (dBm)	Middle Channel (dBm)	High Channel (dBm)
		RB1#0	0	0	22.69	22.39	22.22
		RB1#25	0	0	22.67	22.56	22.13
	ODCK	RB1#49	1	1	22.35	22.34	21.79
	QPSK	RB25#0	1	1	21.71	21.91	21.64
		RB25#25	1	1	21.33	21.86	21.78
1014		RB50#0	1	1	21.5	21.31	21.35
10M		RB1#0	1	1	20.09	19.91	20.78
		RB1#25	1	1	20.07	20	20.7
	16 OAM	RB1#49	1	1	21.67	21.42	20.89
	16-QAM	RB15#0	2	2	21.46	21.08	20.73
		RB15#25	2	2	21.45	21.15	20.55
		RB25#0	2	2	19.23	19.77	19.79
		RB1#0	0	0	22.84	22.4	22.26
		RB1#38	0	0	22.68	22.21	22.47
	ODGIZ	RB1#74	1	1	23.23	22.13	21.72
	QPSK	RB36#0	1	1	21.51	21.45	21.7
		RB36#39	1	1	21.68	21.64	21.39
152.6		RB75#0	1	1	21.36	21.33	21.5
15M		RB1#0	1	1	21.31	20.83	21.2
		RB1#38	1	1	21.24	20.85	20.64
	16.0434	RB1#74	2	2	21.78	21.78	21.13
	16-QAM	RB15#0	2	2	21.8	21.52	20.73
		RB15#39	2	2	21.95	21.63	20.87
		RB25#0	2	2	20.72	20.19	20.03
		RB1#0	0	0	22.99	22.67	22.1
		RB1#50	0	0	22.04	22.39	22.13
	ODGIA	RB1#99	0	0	22.55	22.37	21.44
	QPSK	RB50#0	1	1	21.94	21.41	21.76
		RB50#50	1	1	21.75	21.58	21.84
2017		RB100#0	1	1	21.42	21.47	21.32
20M		RB1#0	1	1	20.5	21.12	20.74
		RB1#50	1	1	21.92	20.76	20.1
	16.0434	RB1#99	2	2	20.86	21.08	21.17
	16-QAM	RB15#0	2	2	20.7	21.21	21.17
		RB15#50	2	2	20.43	21.31	20.42
		RB25#0	2	2	19.78	20.19	19.81

LTE Band 4:

Test Bandwidth	Test Modulation	Resource Block & RB offset	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Low Channel (dBm)	Middle Channel (dBm)	High Channel (dBm)
		RB1#0	0	0	23.33	22.18	22.58
		RB1#3	0	0	23.53	22.20	22.73
	QPSK	RB1#5	0	0	23.01	22.10	22.59
		RB3#0	1	1	23.33	22.22	21.71
		RB3#3	1	1	23.38	22.19	21.87
1 414	1.4M	RB6#0	1	1	21.90	21.72	21.76
1.4M		RB1#0	1	1	21.60	21.01	20.31
		RB1#3	1	1	21.67	20.86	20.25
	16 OAM	RB1#5	2	2	21.67	20.55	20.01
	16-QAM	RB3#0	2	2	22.00	20.78	20.63
		RB3#3	2	2	21.98	21.05	20.75
		RB6#0	2	2	21.15	19.75	19.77
		RB1#0	0	0	22.50	22.40	22.83
		RB1#8	0	0	22.79	22.26	22.80
	OBGK	RB1#14	0	0	22.37	22.09	22.72
	QPSK	RB6#0	1	1	22.01	21.79	21.90
		RB6#9	1	1	21.98	21.81	21.84
23.4		RB15#0	1	1	21.84	21.76	21.73
3M		RB1#0	1	1	20.93	21.11	20.17
		RB1#8	1	1	21.13	20.43	19.97
	16 OAM	RB1#14	1	1	20.96	20.46	20.38
	16-QAM	RB6#0	2	2	20.26	19.76	19.77
		RB6#9	2	2	20.51	19.71	19.66
		RB15#0	2	2	20.48	19.76	19.81
		RB1#0	0	0	22.48	22.58	22.38
		RB1#13	0	0	22.40	22.39	22.64
	OBGK	RB1#24	0	0	22.48	22.41	22.43
	QPSK	RB15#0	1	1	21.94	21.91	21.97
		RB15#10	1	1	21.95	21.84	21.81
53.4		RB25#0	1	1	21.76	21.71	21.70
5M		RB1#0	1	1	20.87	19.94	20.62
		RB1#13	1	1	21.05	20.07	20.57
	16.0434	RB1#24	1	1	20.81	19.93	20.56
	16-QAM	RB15#0	2	2	20.26	19.74	19.45
		RB15#10	2	2	20.45	19.62	19.49
		RB25#0	2	2	20.48	19.66	19.63

Test Bandwidth	Test Modulation	Resource Block & RB offset	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Low Channel (dBm)	Middle Channel (dBm)	High Channel (dBm)
		RB1#0	0	0	23.42	23.42	23.01
	o nav	RB1#25	0	0	23.26	23.45	23.24
		RB1#49	1	1	23.33	23.35	22.90
	QPSK	RB25#0	1	1	21.92	22.17	21.97
		RB25#25	1	1	21.84	22.20	21.90
1014		RB50#0	1	1	22.42	22.00	21.72
10M		RB1#0	1	1	22.02	21.95	21.70
		RB1#25	1	1	22.07	21.98	21.70
	16.0414	RB1#49	1	1	21.96	21.89	21.78
	16-QAM	RB15#0	2	2	21.97	21.60	22.00
		RB15#25	2	2	21.94	21.79	21.48
		RB25#0	2	2	21.09	21.08	20.90
		RB1#0	0	0	23.24	23.57	23.13
		RB1#38	0	0	23.15	23.33	23.24
	QPSK	RB1#74	1	1	23.08	23.42	22.82
		RB36#0	1	1	22.22	22.05	21.88
		RB36#39	1	1	22.25	21.98	21.72
15) (RB75#0	1	1	22.08	22.25	21.77
15M		RB1#0	1	1	22.42	21.94	21.87
	45.2.125	RB1#38	1	1	22.02	21.98	21.58
		RB1#74	2	2	21.79	22.11	21.72
	16-QAM	RB15#0	2	2	22.83	21.83	21.79
		RB15#39	2	2	22.97	21.86	21.59
		RB25#0	2	2	21.41	20.81	20.84
		RB1#0	0	0	22.74	23.24	22.94
		RB1#50	0	0	22.73	22.84	22.93
	ODGIZ	RB1#99	0	0	22.66	22.85	22.80
	QPSK	RB50#0	1	1	22.42	22.27	22.12
		RB50#50	1	1	22.21	21.90	21.96
20M		RB100#0	1	1	21.77	21.78	21.75
		RB1#0	1	1	20.86	21.26	21.17
		RB1#50	1	1	20.88	21.28	21.13
	16.0434	RB1#99	2	2	21.92	22.00	21.53
	16-QAM	RB15#0	2	2	21.85	21.52	21.55
		RB15#50	2	2	22.00	21.68	21.23
		RB25#0	2	2	21.25	20.62	20.77

LTE Band 5:

Test Bandwidth	Test Modulation	Resource Block & RB offset	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Low Channel (dBm)	Middle Channel (dBm)	High Channel (dBm)
		RB1#0	0	0	23.46	22.78	22.75
		RB1#3	0	0	23.23	23.11	23.14
	QPSK	RB1#5	0	0	23.51	22.99	23.04
		RB3#0	1	1	23.43	22.94	23.00
		RB3#3	1	1	23.28	22.75	23.03
1 414	1.07	RB6#0	1	1	22.17	21.77	21.94
1.4M		RB1#0	1	1	22.15	21.59	21.73
		RB1#3	1	1	21.90	21.56	22.03
	16 OAM	RB1#5	2	2	21.76	21.70	21.71
	16-QAM	RB3#0	2	2	21.99	21.80	22.07
		RB3#3	2	2	22.17	21.91	22.11
		RB6#0	2	2	20.82	20.78	20.96
		RB1#0	0	0	23.07	22.79	22.94
		RB1#8	0	0	22.90	22.95	23.02
	OBGK	RB1#14	0	0	23.01	22.92	22.56
	QPSK	RB6#0	1	1	21.96	21.83	21.81
		RB6#9	1	1	21.91	21.84	21.88
23.4		RB15#0	1	1	21.81	21.79	21.78
3M		RB1#0	1	1	21.62	21.58	21.32
		RB1#8	1	1	21.63	22.03	21.30
	16 OAM	RB1#14	1	1	21.31	21.41	21.25
	16-QAM	RB6#0	2	2	20.60	20.83	20.50
		RB6#9	2	2	20.78	20.88	20.63
		RB15#0	2	2	20.97	21.27	20.69
		RB1#0	0	0	22.35	22.29	22.37
		RB1#13	0	0	22.32	22.23	22.65
	OBGK	RB1#24	0	0	22.06	22.38	22.55
	QPSK	RB15#0	1	1	21.97	21.97	21.87
		RB15#10	1	1	21.89	22.15	21.85
53.4		RB25#0	1	1	21.75	21.77	21.71
5M		RB1#0	1	1	20.77	20.31	20.64
		RB1#13	1	1	20.36	20.90	20.98
	16.0434	RB1#24	1	1	19.97	20.48	20.59
	16-QAM	RB15#0	2	2	20.24	20.15	19.62
		RB15#10	2	2	20.01	19.97	19.49
		RB25#0	2	2	20.09	20.08	19.54

Test Bandwidth	Test Modulation	Resource Block & RB offset	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Low Channel (dBm)	Middle Channel (dBm)	High Channel (dBm)
		RB1#0	0	0	22.66	22.52	22.61
		RB1#25	0	0	22.06	22.89	22.86
	ODCK	RB1#49	1	1	22.40	22.42	22.46
	QPSK	RB25#0	1	1	21.91	21.89	21.89
		RB25#25	1	1	22.14	21.98	21.93
1014		RB50#0	1	1	21.85	21.76	21.78
10M		RB1#0	1	1	20.29	22.07	21.44
		RB1#25	1	1	20.23	21.76	21.17
	16 OAM	RB1#49	1	1	22.22	22.14	21.91
	16-QAM	RB15#0	2	2	21.65	22.21	21.75
		RB15#25	2	2	21.93	21.96	21.97

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RB25#0

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20.79

20.61

20.26

LTE Band 12:

Test Bandwidth	Test Modulation	Resource Block & RB offset	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Low Channel (dBm)	Middle Channel (dBm)	High Channel (dBm)
		RB1#0	0	0	22.50	21.64	22.21
		RB1#3	0	0	22.31	21.90	22.17
	ODCV	RB1#5	0	0	22.43	22.00	22.13
	QPSK	RB3#0	1	1	22.15	21.73	22.11
		RB3#3	1	1	22.42	21.65	22.21
1.4M		RB6#0	1	1	21.15	20.69	21.17
1.4M		RB1#0	1	1	21.04	20.62	20.98
		RB1#3	1	1	20.68	20.06	20.63
	16 OAM	RB1#5	2	2	20.61	19.95	20.69
	16-QAM	RB3#0	2	2	21.07	20.21	21.10
		RB3#3	2	2	21.07	20.33	21.08
		RB6#0	2	2	20.03	19.68	19.98
		RB1#0	0	0	21.46	21.11	21.63
		RB1#8	0	0	21.82	21.22	21.66
	ODCK	RB1#14	0	0	21.97	21.10	21.52
	QPSK	RB6#0	1	1	20.65	20.71	20.76
		RB6#9	1	1	20.77	20.71	20.88
23.4		RB15#0	1	1	20.73	20.66	20.69
3M		RB1#0	1	1	20.83	20.00	20.84
		RB1#8	1	1	20.41	19.61	20.32
	16.0414	RB1#14	1	1	20.31	19.67	20.26
	16-QAM	RB6#0	2	2	19.71	18.94	19.86
		RB6#9	2	2	19.73	19.02	19.85
		RB15#0	2	2	19.62	19.24	19.57
		RB1#0	0	0	22.14	21.86	21.49
		RB1#13	0	0	21.71	21.93	21.70
	OBGK	RB1#24	0	0	21.61	21.47	21.49
	QPSK	RB15#0	1	1	20.72	20.86	20.81
		RB15#10	1	1	20.66	20.87	20.73
5M		RB25#0	1	1	20.68	20.89	20.67
		RB1#0	1	1	20.82	20.53	19.98
		RB1#13	1	1	21.00	20.56	20.24
	16.0434	RB1#24	1	1	20.77	20.35	19.56
	16-QAM	RB15#0	2	2	19.65	19.91	19.12
		RB15#10	2	2	19.71	19.82	19.24
		RB25#0	2	2	19.75	19.89	19.35

Test Bandwidth	Test Modulation	Resource Block & RB offset	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Low Channel (dBm)	Middle Channel (dBm)	High Channel (dBm)
		RB1#0	0	0	21.82	22.09	21.94
		RB1#25	0	0	21.84	22.13	21.98
	ODCK	RB1#49	1	1	21.73	21.84	21.74
	QPSK	RB25#0	1	1	21.22	21.21	21.23
		RB25#25	1	1	21.15	21.04	21.11
101/		RB50#0	1	1	21	20.94	20.94
10M		RB1#0	1	1	20.19	20.30	20.44
		RB1#25	1	1	19.59	20.24	20.38
16-QAM	RB1#49	1	1	21.02	20.68	20.86	
	RB15#0	2	2	20.85	20.72	20.74	
		RB15#25	2	2	19.41	19.94	19.94
		RB25#0	2	2	19.48	20.09	19.98

LTE Band 13:

Test Bandwidth	Test Modulation	Resource Block & RB offset	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Low Channel (dBm)	Middle Channel (dBm)	High Channel (dBm)
		RB1#0	0	0	21.84	/	21.93
		RB1#13	0	0	21.92	/	21.45
	QPSK	RB1#24	1	1	21.78	/	21.02
	QPSK	RB15#0	1	1	21.07	/	21.23
		RB15#10	1	1	20.99	/	21.24
5M		RB25#0	1	1	20.92	/	20.98
SIVI		RB1#0	1	1	20.37	/	20.35
		RB1#13	1	1	20.17	/	20.51
	16 OAM	RB1#24	1	1	20.1	/	20.22
	16-QAM	RB15#0	2	2	20.1	/	19.09
		RB15#10	2	2	20.03	/	19.25
		RB25#0	2	2	19.9	/	19.35
		RB1#0	0	0	/	22.76	/
		RB1#25	0	0	/	22.49	/
	QPSK	RB1#49	1	1	/	22.81	/
	QPSK	RB25#0	1	1	/	21.95	/
		RB25#25	1	1	/	21.68	/
10M		RB50#0	1	1	/	21.34	/
TOM		RB1#0	1	1	/	20.79	/
16 OAM		RB1#25	1	1	/	21.4	/
	16 OAM	RB1#49	1	1	/	20.97	/
	16-QAM	RB15#0	2	2	/	20.79	/
		RB15#25	2	2	/	20.58	/
		RB25#0	2	2	/	20.67	/

LTE Band 25:

Test Bandwidth	Test Modulation	Resource Block & RB offset	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Low Channel (dBm)	Middle Channel (dBm)	High Channel (dBm)
		RB1#0	0	0	21.86	21.88	21.91
		RB1#3	0	0	21.77	21.97	21.96
	ODCK	RB1#5	0	0	21.77	21.96	22.02
	QPSK	RB3#0	1	1	21.78	21.78	21.92
		RB3#3	1	1	21.83	21.7	21.7
1.434		RB6#0	1	1	21.31	21.68	21.38
1.4M		RB1#0	1	1	20.84	20.15	19.6
		RB1#3	1	1	20.57	20.25	19.52
	16.0414	RB1#5	2	2	21.95	20.28	19.39
	16-QAM	RB3#0	2	2	22.3	20.65	20.05
		RB3#3	2	2	22.15	20.87	19.73
		RB6#0	2	2	21.15	19.81	18.84
		RB1#0	0	0	21.91	21.95	21.79
		RB1#8	0	0	21.92	22.14	21.73
	OBGK	RB1#14	0	0	21.94	21.92	21.8
	QPSK	RB6#0	1	1	21.7	22.11	21.31
		RB6#9	1	1	21.81	21.92	21.46
23.4		RB15#0	1	1	21.44	21.59	21.34
3M		RB1#0	1	1	20.45	20.68	20.13
		RB1#8	1	1	20.44	20.65	19.97
	16.0434	RB1#14	1	1	20.43	20.73	20.09
	16-QAM	RB6#0	2	2	19.7	20.08	19.4
		RB6#9	2	2	19.63	19.98	19.38
		RB15#0	2	2	19.6	19.96	19.12
		RB1#0	0	0	22.34	21.54	21.24
		RB1#13	0	0	22.4	21.72	21.67
	ODGIZ	RB1#24	0	0	22.27	21.78	21.86
	QPSK	RB15#0	1	1	21.57	21.51	21.44
		RB15#10	1	1	21.58	21.4	21.35
53.4		RB25#0	1	1	21.37	21.43	21.4
5M		RB1#0	1	1	20.93	20	20.35
		RB1#13	1	1	21.01	19.96	20.6
	16.0434	RB1#24	1	1	20.74	19.77	19.87
	16-QAM	RB15#0	2	2	20.31	19.35	19.18
		RB15#10	2	2	20.34	19.38	19.2
		RB25#0	2	2	20.3	19.46	19.47

Test Bandwidth	Test Modulation	Resource Block & RB offset	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Low Channel (dBm)	Middle Channel (dBm)	High Channel (dBm)
		RB1#0	0	0	22.65	22.44	21.86
		RB1#25	0	0	22.75	22.65	22.44
	ODCK	RB1#49	1	1	22.42	22.45	21.94
	QPSK	RB25#0	1	1	21.63	21.33	21.89
		RB25#25	1	1	21.42	21.34	21.94
1014	10M	RB50#0	1	1	21.34	21.33	21.37
TOM		RB1#0	1	1	21.18	21.62	19.74
		RB1#25	1	1	20.99	21.07	19.63
	16.0414	RB1#49	1	1	21.64	21.09	19.79
	16-QAM	RB15#0	2	2	21.43	21.27	20.17
		RB15#25	2	2	21.46	21.03	20.14
		RB25#0	2	2	20.6	20.45	19.21
		RB1#0	0	0	22.52	22.34	21.93
		RB1#38	0	0	23.19	22.43	21.93
	ODGIZ	RB1#74	1	1	22.43	22.23	21.51
	QPSK	RB36#0	1	1	21.26	21.36	21.5
		RB36#39	1	1	21.33	21.49	21.57
152.6		RB75#0	1	1	21.61	21.31	21.39
15M		RB1#0	1	1	21.48	21.14	20.78
		RB1#38	1	1	21.12	20.89	20.17
	160416	RB1#74	2	2	21.31	20.9	20.67
	16-QAM	RB15#0	2	2	21.48	21.06	20.71
		RB15#39	2	2	21.41	20.94	20.74
		RB25#0	2	2	20.33	20.26	19.56
		RB1#0	0	0	22.62	22.81	22.33
		RB1#50	0	0	22.71	22.86	22.6
	OPGIA	RB1#99	0	0	22.52	22.79	22.49
	QPSK	RB50#0	1	1	21.72	21.98	21.82
		RB50#50	1	1	21.69	21.71	21.68
2016		RB100#0	1	1	21.36	21.31	21.45
20M		RB1#0	1	1	20.66	21.46	20.16
		RB1#50	1	1	20.81	20.66	20.08
	16.0434	RB1#99	2	2	21.1	20.98	21.1
	16-QAM	RB15#0	2	2	21.26	21.05	20.41
		RB15#50	2	2	20.85	20.83	20.72
		RB25#0	2	2	20.26	20.42	19.61

LTE Band 26:

Test Bandwidth	Test Modulation	Resource Block & RB offset	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Low Channel (dBm)	Middle Channel (dBm)	High Channel (dBm)
		RB1#0	0	0	22.9	22.1	22.32
		RB1#3	0	0	23.13	22.16	22.39
	QPSK	RB1#5	0	0	22.83	22.11	22.53
		RB3#0	1	1	23.1	22.27	22.38
		RB3#3	1	1	23.01	21.98	22.52
1 434		RB6#0	1	1	23	22.07	22.41
1.4W		RB1#0	1	1	21.81	20.77	20.99
		RB1#3	1	1	21.47	20.7	21.06
	16 OAM	RB1#5	2	2	21.06	20.68	21.21
	16-QAM	RB3#0	2	2	21.77	20.52	21.43
		RB3#3	2	2	21.69	20.69	21.33
		RB6#0	2	2	20.89	19.66	20.55
		RB1#0	0	0	22.79	22.59	22.82
		RB1#8	0	0	22.64	23.07	22.8
	ODCK	RB1#14	0	0	22.97	22.95	22.79
	QPSK	RB6#0	1	1	21.88	21.99	21.92
		RB6#9	1	1	21.75	21.85	21.84
23.4		RB15#0	1	1	21.76	21.71	21.76
3M		RB1#0	1	1	21.36	21.33	21.44
		RB1#8	1	1	20.82	21.48	21.31
	16 OAM	RB1#14	1	1	21.22	21.4	21.21
	16-QAM	RB6#0	2	2	20.46	20.67	20.59
		RB6#9	2	2	20.5	21.11	20.82
		RB15#0	2	2	20.34	21.12	20.66
		RB1#0	0	0	22.26	22.39	22.52
		RB1#13	0	0	22.14	22.49	23.04
	OBGIZ	RB1#24	0	0	22.21	22.37	22.6
	QPSK	RB15#0	1	1	21.79	21.97	21.83
		RB15#10	1	1	21.77	21.86	21.86
5) (RB25#0	1	1	21.78	21.79	21.75
5M		RB1#0	1	1	20.73	20.25	21.58
		RB1#13	1	1	20.27	20.15	21.83
	16 0 4 14	RB1#24	1	1	20.16	20.24	21.59
	16-QAM	RB15#0	2	2	19.99	19.48	20.38
		RB15#10	2	2	20.03	19.5	20.43
		RB25#0	2	2	19.99	21.46	20.77

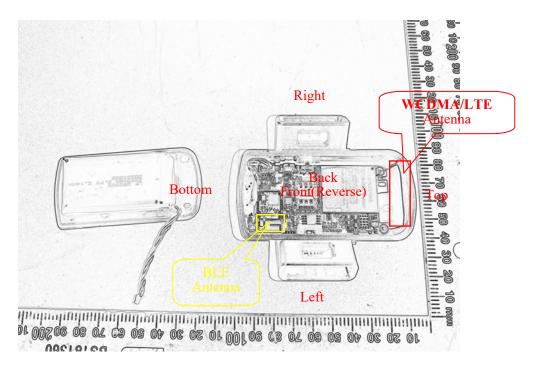
Test Bandwidth	Test Modulation	Resource Block & RB offset	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Low Channel (dBm)	Middle Channel (dBm)	High Channel (dBm)
		RB1#0	0	0	23.57	22.97	23.2
		RB1#25	0	0	23.31	23.53	22.86
	QPSK	RB1#49	1	1	23.52	23.11	22.86
	QPSK	RB25#0	1	1	22.39	22.19	21.92
		RB25#25	1	1	22.21	22.05	22.12
10M		RB50#0	1	1	22.3	22.08	22.02
TOM		RB1#0	1	1	22.13	22.05	21.21
		RB1#25	1	1	22.15	22	22.62
	16 OAM	RB1#49	1	1	22.3	21.84	22.16
	16-QAM	RB15#0	2	2	21.84	22.11	21.81
		RB15#25	2	2	21.25	21.24	21.29
		RB25#0	2	2	21.1	21.4	21.07
		RB1#0	0	0	23.43	23.28	23.09
		RB1#38	0	0	22.64	23.11	23.07
	OBGIZ	RB1#74	1	1	22.9	22.94	22.79
	QPSK	RB36#0	1	1	22.12	22.02	21.82
		RB36#39	1	1	22.46	22.59	22.39
15M		RB75#0	1	1	22.02	21.77	21.91
15101		RB1#0	1	1	22.02	22.13	22.14
		RB1#38	1	1	22.67	21.42	21.99
	16 0 4 14	RB1#74	2	2	21.87	21.71	22.09
	16-QAM	RB15#0	2	2	21.85	22.1	22.09
		RB15#39	2	2	21.18	20.97	20.99
		RB25#0	2	2	21.26	21.14	20.88

BLE:

Mode	Channel frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power(dBm)
	2402	-2.79
BLE 1M	2441	-4.16
	2480	-5.41
	2402	-2.87
BLE 2M	2440	-4.19
	2480	-5.37

7. Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations

Antennas Location:



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7.1 Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (mW)	Distance (mm)	Calculated value	Threshold (10-g)	SAR Test Exclusion
BLE	2480	-2.5	0.56	0	0.2	7.5	YES

NOTE:

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances \leq 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] ·

 $[\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where

- 1. f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz.
- 2. Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation.
- 3. The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison.
- 4. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test Exclusion.

7.2 Standalone SAR estimation:

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (mW)	Distance (mm)	Estimated 10-g (W/kg)
BLE Limb	2480	-2.5	0.56	0	0.01

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When standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous

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transmission SAR test exclusion: [(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance,mm)] · [$\sqrt{f(GHz)/x}$] W/kg, for test separation distances \leq 50 mm; where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR. When the minimum test separation distance is \leq 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR

test Exclusion.

8. SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS

This page summarizes the results of the performed dosimetric evaluation.

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8.1 SAR Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	21.9-22.7 ℃
Relative Humidity:	39 %
ATM Pressure:	100.8 kPa
Test Date:	2024/09/22

Testing was performed by Wen Chen, Ken Zong.

WCDMA Band 2:

EUT	Frequency Test		Max. Meas.	Max. Rated	10g SAR (W/kg)				
Position	(MHz)	Mode	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot	
T: 1 D 1	1852.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	
Limbs Back (0mm)	1880	RMC	22.08	22.3	1.052	0.917	0.96	1#	
	1907.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	

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WCDMA Band 4:

EUT	Frequency	Max. Test Meas.		Max. Rated		10g SAR (W/kg)				
Position	(MHz)	Mode	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot		
Limbs Back (0mm)	1712.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/		
	1732.6	RMC	22.88	23	1.028	1.02	1.05	2#		
	1752.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/		

WCDMA Band 5:

EUT Position	Frequency	Test	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated	10g SAR (W/kg)				
	(MHz)	Mode	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot	
	826.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	
Limbs Back (0mm)	836.6	RMC	22.87	23	1.03	0.404	0.42	3#	
	846.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	

Note:

- 1. When the 10-g SAR is less than half of the limit, testing for other channels are optional.
- 2. The EUT transmit and receive through the same antenna while testing SAR.
- 3. The default test configuration is to measure SAR with an established radio link between the EUT and a communication test set using a 12.2 kbps RMC (reference measurement Channel) Configured in Test Loop Model.
- 4. KDB 941225 D01-Body SAR is not required for HSDPA/HSUPA/DC-HSDPA when the maximum average output of each RF channel is less than ¼ dB higher than measured 12.2kbps RMC or the maximum SAR for 12.2kbps RMC is < 75% of SAR limit.
- 5. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.

LTE Band 4:

EUT Position	Frequency	Bandwidth (MHz)	Test Mode	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	10g SAR (W/kg)				
	(MHz)					Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot	
	1720	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/	
Limbs Back	1732.5	20	1RB	23.24	23.7	1.112	0.421	0.47	4#	
(0mm)	1745	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/	
	1732.5	20	50%RB	22.27	23.7	1.39	0.333	0.46	5#	

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LTE Band 12:

EUT Position	Frequency	Bandwidth (MHz)	Test	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated	10g SAR (W/kg)				
	(MHz)		Mode	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot	
	704	10	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/	
Limbs Back	707.5	10	1RB	22.13	22.6	1.114	0.396	0.44	6#	
(0mm)	711	10	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/	
	707.5	10	50%RB	21.21	22.6	1.377	0.312	0.43	7#	

LTE Band 13:

EUT Position	Frequency	Bandwidth (MHz)	Test Mode	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	10g SAR (W/kg)				
	(MHz)					Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot	
Limbs Back	782	10	1RB	22.81	22.9	1.021	0.415	0.42	8#	
(0mm)	782	10	50%RB	21.95	22.9	1.245	0.371	0.46	9#	

LTE Band 25&2:

EUT Position	Frequency	Bandwidth (MHz)	Test Mode	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	10g SAR (W/kg)				
	(MHz)					Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot	
	1860	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/	
Limbs Back	1882.5	20	1RB	22.86	23.3	1.107	0.923	1.02	10#	
(0mm)	1905	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/	
	1882.5	20	50%RB	21.98	23.3	1.355	0.8	1.08	11#	

Note: The E-UTRAOperatingBand 2 is a subset of band 25, and they are same in modulation type and rated output power, therefore, they were considered as one frequency band during SAR measurement.

LTE Band 26&5:

EUT	Frequency	Bandwidth	Test	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated		10g SA	R (W/kg)	
Position	(MHz)	(MHz)	Mode	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
	821.5	15	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
Limbs Back	831.5	15	1RB	23.28	23.7	1.102	0.485	0.53	12#
(0mm)	841.5	15	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	831.5	15	50%RB	22.59	23.7	1.291	0.381	0.49	13#

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Note: The E-UTRAOperatingBand 5 is a subset of band 26, and they are same in modulation type and rated output power, therefore, they were considered as one frequency band during SAR measurement.

Note:

- 1. When the 10-g SAR is less than half of the limit, testing for other channels are optional.
- 2. SAR for LTE band exposure configurations is measured according to the procedures of KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02.
- 3. KDB941225D05-SAR for higher order modulation is required only when the highest maximum output power for the configuration in the higher order modulation is > 0.5 dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK or when the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is > 1.45 W/kg
- 4. KDB941225D05-For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, when the reported SAR measured for the Highest output power channel is <1.45 W/kg, tests for the remaining required test channels are optional.
- 5.KDB941225D05- For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg.
- 6. KDB941225D05- Start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power among RB offset the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
- 7. KDB941225D05- other channel bandwidths SAR test is required when the highest maximum output power of a configuration requiring testing in the smaller channel bandwidth is > 0.5 dB higher than the equivalent channel configurations in the largest channel bandwidth configuration or the reported SAR of a configuration for the largest channel bandwidth is > 1.45 W/kg.

9. Measurement Variability

In accordance with published RF Exposure KDB procedure 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01. These additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results

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- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

Note: The same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.

The Highest Measured SAR Configuration in Each Frequency Band

Limb

SAR probe	Frequency	E (MII-)	EUT D:4:	Meas. SA	AR (W/kg)	Largest to
calibration point	Band	Freq.(MHz)	EUT Position	Original	Repeated	Smallest SAR Ratio
/	/	/	/	/	/	/

Note:

- 1. Second Repeated Measurement is not required since the ratio of the largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurement is not > 1.20.
- 2. The measured SAR results **do not** have to be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance to determine if repeated measurements are required.
- 3. SAR measurement variability must be assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the **SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium** used for the device measurements.

10. DUT HOLDER PERTURBATIONS

In accordance with TCB workshop October 2016:

1) SAR perturbation due to test device holders, depending on antenna locations, buttons locations on phones or device, form factor (e.g. dongles etc.), the measured SAR could be influenced by the relative positions of the test device and its holder

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- 2) SAR measurement standards have included protocols to evaluate this with a flat phantom, with and without the device holder
- 3) When the highest reported SAR of an antenna is > 1.2 W/kg, holderperturbation verification is required for each antenna, using the highest SAR configuration among all applicable frequency bands in the same exact device and holder positions used for head and body SAR measurements; i.e. same device/button locations in the holder

PerIEEE 1528: 2013/Annex E/E.4.1.1:Device holder perturbation tolerance for a specific test device: Type B

When it is unknown if a device holder perturbs the fields of a test device, the SAR uncertainty shall be

assessed with a flat phantom (see Clause 5) by comparing the SAR with and without the device holder according to the following tests:

The SAR tolerance for device holder disturbance is computed using Equation (E.21) and entered in the

corresponding row of the appropriate uncertainty table with an assumed rectangular probability distribution and $vi = \infty$ degrees of freedom:

$$SAR_{\text{tolerance}} [\%] = 100 \times \left(\frac{SAR_{\text{w/holder}} - SAR_{\text{w/o holder}}}{SAR_{\text{w/o holder}}} \right)$$
(E.21)

The Highest Measured SAR Configuration among allapplicable Frequency Band

Engage and	E (MII-)	EUT Davidian	Meas. S	SAR (W/kg)	The Device holder
Frequency Band	Freq.(MHz)	EUT Position	With holder	Without holder	perturbationuncerta inty
/	/	/	/	/	/

11. SAR SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION DESCRIPTION

Simultaneous Transmission:

Description of Simultaneous Tr	ansmit Capabilities	
Transmitter Combination	Simultaneous?	Hotspot?
WWAN(WCDMA/LTE) + BLE	V	×

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Simultaneous SAR test exclusion considerations:

Mode(SAR1+SAR2)	Position	Reported S	SAR(W/kg)	ΣSAR <
,		SAR1	SAR2	4.0W/kg
WWAN(WCDMA/LTE) + BLE	Limb	1.08	0.01	1.09

Conclusion:

Sum of SAR: $\Sigma SAR \le 4.0$ W/kg therefore simultaneous transmission SAR with Volume Scans is **not required**.

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12. SAR Plots	
Please Refer to the Attachment.	

APPENDIX A MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The uncertainty budget has been determined for the measurement system and is given in the following Table.

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Measurement uncertainty evaluation for IEEE1528-2013 SAR test

Source of uncertainty	Tolerance/ uncertainty ± %	Probability distribution	Divisor	ci (1 g)	ci (10 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (1 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (10 g)
		Measuremer	nt system	•	•	•	
Probe calibration	6.55	N	1	1	1	6.3	6.3
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	√3	0	0	0.0	0.0
Boundary effect	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Linearity	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7
Detection limits	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Readout electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3
Response time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0
Integration time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0
RF ambient conditions – noise	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
RF ambient conditions– reflections	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Probe positioner mech. Restrictions	0.8	R	√3	1	1	0.5	0.5
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	6.7	R	√3	1	1	3.9	3.9
Post-processing	2.0	R	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2
		Test sample	e related				
Test sample positioning	2.8	N	1	1	1	2.8	2.8
Device holder uncertainty	6.3	N	1	1	1	6.3	6.3
Drift of output power	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9
		Phantom ar	nd set-up				
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4.0	R	√3	1	1	2.3	2.3
Liquid conductivity target)	5.0	R	√3	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2
Liquid conductivity meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.1
Liquid permittivity target)	5.0	R	√3	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4
Liquid permittivity meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.5	1.2
Combined standard uncertainty		RSS				12.2	12.0
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence interval)						24.1	23.7

Measurement uncertainty evaluation for IEC62209-1 SAR test

	Tolerance/					Standard	Standard
Source of uncertainty	uncertainty ± %	Probability distribution	Divisor	ci (1 g)	ci (10 g)	uncertainty ± %, (1 g)	uncertainty ± %, (10 g)
	1	Measureme	nt system		•	1	
Probe calibration	6.55	N	1	1	1	6.3	6.3
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	√3	0	0	0.0	0.0
Boundary effect	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Linearity	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7
Detection limits	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Readout electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3
Response time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0
Integration time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0
RF ambient conditions – noise	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	6.7	R	√3	1	1	3.9	3.9
Probe positioner mech. Restrictions	0.8	R	√3	1	1	0.5	0.5
RF ambient conditions– reflections	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Post-processing	2.0	R	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2
		Test sampl	e related				
Test sample positioning	2.8	N	1	1	1	2.8	2.8
Device holder uncertainty	6.3	N	1	1	1	6.3	6.3
Drift of output power	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9
		Phantom a	nd set-up				
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4.0	R	√3	1	1	2.3	2.3
Liquid conductivity target)	5.0	R	√3	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2
Liquid conductivity meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.1
Liquid permittivity target)	5.0	R	√3	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4
Liquid permittivity meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.5	1.2
Combined standard uncertainty		RSS				12.2	12.0
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence interval)						24.0	23.6

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APPENDIX B EUT TEST POSITION PHO	105
Please Refer to the Attachment.	

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APPENDIX C CALIBRATION CERTIFICA	ATES
Please Refer to the Attachment.	
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