

Hasbro Far East Ltd.

Application For Certification (FCC ID: RS409995-49TX)

Transmitter

Sample Description : PLA Ton Bounce Back Racer Asst 1 Model : 09995

Factory Code: A, Vendor Code: Wing Shing Toys (ZC-2822)

We hereby certify that the sample of the above item is considered to comply with the requirements of FCC Part 15, Subpart C for Intentional Radiator, mention 47 CFR [10-1-2007]

HK09010545-1 BH/at February 27, 2009

- This report shall not be reproduced except in full without prior authorization from Intertek Testing Services Hong Kong Limited.
- The evaluation data of the report will be kept for 3 years from the date of issuance.

FCC ID : RS409995-49TX

The test results reported in this report shall refer only to the sample actually tested and shall not refer or be deemed to refer to bulk from which such a sample may be said to have been obtained.

LIST OF EXHIBITS

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MEASUREMENT/TECHNICAL REPORT

Hasbro Far East Ltd. - MODEL: 09995 FCC ID: RS409995-49TX

February 27, 2009

This report concerns (check one:)	Original Grant X	Class II	Change	
Equipment Type: Low Power Transmitter				
Deferred grant requested per 47 CF	FR 0.457(d)(1)(ii)?	Yes	No <u>X</u>	
	If yes, defer	until:	date	
Company Name agrees to notify the	e Commission bv:		uale	
		date		
of the intended date of announce issued on that date.	ment of the product s	so that the	e grant can be	
Transition Rules Request per 15.37	? Yes_		No <u>X</u>	
If no, assumed Part 15, Subpart C 2007 Edition] provision.	for intentional radiator	- the new	47 CFR [10-1-	
Report prepared by:	Interi 2/F., 576, HON Phor	Vai Kin, Be tek Testing Garment C Castle Pea IG KONG ne: 852-217 852-274) Services Center, ak Road, 73-8517	

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Exhibit type	File Description	filename
Test Report	Test Report	report.pdf
Cover Letter	Letter of Agency	letter.pdf
Operation Description	Technical Description	descri.pdf
Test Setup Photo	Radiated Emission	radiated photos.pdf
Test Report	Bandwidth Plot	bw.pdf
External Photo	External Photo	external photos.pdf
Internal Photo	Internal Photo	internal photos.pdf
Block Diagram	Block Diagram	block.pdf
Schematics	Circuit Diagram	circuit.pdf
ID Label/Location	Label Artwork and Location	label.pdf
User Manual	User Manual	manual.pdf
Test Report	Average Factor	af.pdf

List of attached file

EXHIBIT 1

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

1.0 General Description

1.1 Product Description

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) is a transmitter for a RC Car operating at 49.860 MHz which is controlled by a crystal. The EUT is powered by a 9V battery. The EUT has two control keys on the top to control the RC Far moving forward, backward respectively.

The brief circuit description is saved with filename : descri.pdf

1.2 Related Submittal(s) Grants

This is a single application for certification of a transmitter. The Certification procedure of receiver for this transmitter with FCC ID: RS409995-49RX is being processed as the same time of this application.

1.3 Test Methodology

The radiated emission measurements were performed according to the procedures in ANSI C63.4 (2003). All measurements were performed in Open Area Test Sites. Preliminary scans were performed in the Open Area Test Sites only to determine worst case modes. All Radiated tests were performed at an antenna to EUT distance of 3 meters, unless stated otherwise in the "Justification Section" of this Application.

1.4 Test Facility

The open area test site and conducted measurement facility used to collect the emission data is located at Garment Centre, 576 Castle Peak Road, Kowloon, Hong Kong. This test facility and site measurement data have been fully placed on file with the FCC.

EXHIBIT 2

SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

2.0 System Test Configuration

2.1 Justification

The system was configured for testing in a typical fashion (as a customer would normally use it), and in the confines as outlined in ANSI C63.4 (2003).

The EUT was powered by a new 9V battery during test.

For maximizing emissions, the EUT was rotated through 360°, the antenna height was varied from 1 meter to 4 meters above the ground plane, and the antenna polarization was changed. This step by step procedure for maximizing emissions led to the data reported in Exhibit 3.0.

The unit was operated standalone and placed in the center of the turntable.

The equipment under test (EUT) was configured for testing in a typical fashion (as a customer would normally use it). The EUT was placed on a turn table, which enabled the engineer to maximize emissions through its placement in the three orthogonal axes.

For simplicity of testing, the unit was wired to transmit continuously.

2.2 EUT Exercising Software

There was no special software to exercise the device.

2.3 Special Accessories

There are no special accessories necessary for compliance of this product.

2.4 Equipment Modification

Any modifications installed previous to testing by Hasbro Far East Ltd. will be incorporated in each production model sold/leased in the United States.

No modifications were installed by Intertek Testing Services.

2.5 Measurement Uncertainty

When determining the test conclusion, the measurement uncertainty of test has been considered.

2.6 Support Equipment List and Description

This product was tested in a standalone configuration.

All the items listed under section 2.0 of this report are

Confirmed by:

Ho Wai Kin, Ben Senior Supervisor Intertek Testing Services Agent for Hasbro Far East Ltd.

Signature

February 27, 2009 Date

FCC ID: RS409995-49TX

EXHIBIT 3

EMISSION RESULTS

3.0 Emission Results

Data is included worst case configuration (the configuration which resulted in the highest emission levels). A sample calculation, configuration photographs and data tables of the emissions are included.

3.1 Field Strength Calculation

The field strength is calculated by adding the reading on the Spectrum Analyzer to the factors associated with preamplifiers (if any), antennas, cables, pulse desensitization and average factors (when specified limit is in average and measurements are made with peak detectors). A sample calculation is included below.

FS = RA + AF + CF - AG + PD + AV

where FS = Field Strength in $dB\mu V/m$ RA = Receiver Amplitude (including preamplifier) in $dB\mu V$ CF = Cable Attenuation Factor in dB AF = Antenna Factor in dB AG = Amplifier Gain in dB PD = Pulse Desensitization in dB AV = Average Factor in -dB

In the radiated emission table which follows, the reading shown on the data table may reflect the preamplifier gain. An example of the calculations, where the reading does not reflect the preamplifier gain, follows:

FS = RA + AF + CF - AG + PD + AV

3.1 Field Strength Calculation (cont'd)

Example

Assume a receiver reading of 62.0 dB μ V is obtained. The antenna factor of 7.4 dB and cable factor of 1.6 dB is added. The amplifier gain of 29 dB is subtracted. The pulse desensitization factor of the spectrum analyzer was 0 dB, and the resultant average factor was -10 dB. The net field strength for comparison to the appropriate emission limit is 32 dB μ V/m. This value in dB μ V/m was converted to its corresponding level in μ V/m.

$$\label{eq:rescaled} \begin{split} \mathsf{RA} &= 62.0 \; \mathsf{dB} \mu \mathsf{V} \\ \mathsf{AF} &= 7.4 \; \mathsf{dB} \\ \mathsf{CF} &= 1.6 \; \mathsf{dB} \\ \mathsf{AG} &= 29.0 \; \mathsf{dB} \\ \mathsf{PD} &= 0 \; \mathsf{dB} \end{split}$$

AV = -10 dB

 $FS = 62 + 7.4 + 1.6 - 29 + 0 + (-10) = 32 dB\mu V/m$

Level in μ V/m = Common Antilogarithm [(32 dB μ V/m)/20] = 39.8 μ V/m

3.2 Radiated Emission Configuration Photograph

Worst Case Radiated Emission

49.860 MHz

For electronic filing, the worst case radiated emission configuration photograph is saved with filename: radiated photos.pdf

3.3 Radiated Emission Data

The data on the following page lists the significant emission frequencies, the limit and the margin of compliance. Numbers with a minus sign are below the limit.

Judgement: Passed by 7.4 dB

TEST PERSONNEL:

Signature

Terry Chan, Compliance Engineer Typed/Printed Name

February 27, 2009 Date Company: Hasbro Far East Ltd. Model: 09995 Mode: TX Sample: 1/2

Date of Test: January 20, 2009

Table 1

			Pre-	Antenna	Average	Net	Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Amp	Factor	Factor	at 3m	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(-dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
V	49.860	81.4	16	11.0	3.8	72.6	80.0	-7.4
Н	99.720	38.9	16	12.0	-	34.9	43.5	-8.6
Н	149.580	35.6	16	14.0	-	33.6	43.5	-9.9
Н	199.440	33.2	16	16.0	-	33.2	43.5	-10.3
Н	249.300	30.1	16	20.0	-	34.1	46.0	-11.9
Н	299.160	28.2	16	22.0	-	34.2	46.0	-11.8
Н	349.020	25.8	16	24.0	-	33.8	46.0	-12.2
Н	398.880	24.2	16	25.0	-	33.2	46.0	-12.8
Н	448.740	22.9	16	26.0	-	32.9	46.0	-13.1
Н	498.600	22.0	16	26.0	-	32.0	46.0	-14.0

Radiated Emissions

Notes: 1. Peak Detector Data unless otherwise stated.

- 2. All measurements were made at 3 meter. Harmonic emissions not detected at the 3 meter distance were measured at 0.3 meter and an inverse proportional extrapolation was performed to compare the signal level to the 3 meter limit. No other harmonic emissions than those reported were detected at a test distance of 0.3 meter.
- 3. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 4. Horn antenna is used for the emissions over 1000MHz.

*Emission within the restricted band meets the requirement of part 15.205. The corresponding limit as per 15.209 is based on Quasi peak detector data for frequencies below 1000 MHz and peak detector data with average factor for frequencies over 1000 MHz.

Test Engineer: Terry Chan

FCC ID: RS409995-49TX

EXHIBIT 4

EQUIPMENT PHOTOGRAPHS

FCC ID: RS409995-49TX

4.0 Equipment Photographs

For electronic filing, the photographs are saved with filename: external photos.pdf and internal photos.pdf

EXHIBIT 5

PRODUCT LABELLING

5.0 Product Labelling

For electronic filing, the FCC ID label artwork and the label location are saved with filename: label.pdf

EXHIBIT 6

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

6.0 **Technical Specifications**

For electronic filing, the block diagram and schematics are saved with filename: block.pdf and circuit.pdf

EXHIBIT 7

INSTRUCTION MANUAL

7.0 Instruction Manual

For electronic filing, a preliminary copy of the Instruction Manual is saved with filename: manual.pdf

This manual will be provided to the end-user with each unit sold/leased in the United States.

EXHIBIT 8

MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION

8.0 Miscellaneous Information

This miscellaneous information includes details of the measured bandwidth, the test procedure and calculation of factors such as pulse desensitization and averaging factor.

8.1 Measured Bandwidth

The plot saved in bw.pdf which shows the fundamental emission is confined in the specified band. The field strength of any emission appearing between the band edges and up to 10kHz above and below the band edges (49.81 and 49.91 MHz) is at least 26 dB below the carrier level. And at 49.81 & 49.91 MHz, there are at least 41 dB below the carrier level. It meets requirement of Section 15.235(b).

Pursuant to FCC part 15 Section 15.215(c), the 20dB bandwidth of the emission was contained within the frequency band designated (mentioned as above) which the EUT operated. The effects, if any, from frequency sweeping, frequency hopping, other modulation techniques and frequency stability over excepted variations in temperature and supply voltage were considered.

Figure 8.1 Bandwidth

8.2 Discussion of Pulse Desensitization

The determination of pulse desensitivity was made in accordance with Hewlett Packard Application Note 150-2, *Spectrum Analysis ... Pulsed RF.*

The effective period (T_{eff}) was approximately 500 µs for a digital "1" bit, as shown in the plots of Exhibit 8.3. With a resolution bandwidth (3 dB) of 100 kHz, the pulse desensitivity factor was 0 dB.

8.3 Calculation of Average Factor

Averaging factor in $dB = 20 \log (duty cycle)$

The specification for output field strengths in accordance with the FCC rules specify measurements with an average detector. During testing, a spectrum analyzer incorporating a peak detector was used. Therefore, a reduction factor can be applied to the resultant peak signal level and compared to the limit for measurement instrumentation incorporating an average detector.

The time period over which the duty cycle is measured is 100 milliseconds, or the repetition cycle, whichever is a shorter time frame. The worst case (highest percentage on) duty cycle is used for the calculation. The duty cycle is measured by placing the spectrum analyzer in zero scan (receiver mode) and linear mode at maximum bandwidth (3 MHz at 3 dB down) and viewing the resulting time domain signal output from the analyzer on a Tektronix oscilloscope. The oscilloscope is used because of its superior time base and triggering facilities.

A plot of the worst-case duty cycle as detected in this manner are saved with filename: af.pdf

The duty cycle is simply the on-time divided by the period:

The duration of one cycle = 15.98 msEffective period of the cycle = $4 \times 1.34 \text{ ms} + 10 \times 500 \text{ }\mu\text{s}$ = 10.36 ms

DC = 10.36 ms / 15.98 ms = 0.64831 or 64.831%

Therefore, the averaging factor is found by $20 \log_{10} 0.64831 = -3.8 \text{ dB}$

8.4 Emissions Test Procedures

The following is a description of the test procedure used by Intertek Testing Services in the measurements of transmitters operating under Part 15, Subpart C rules.

The test set-up and procedures described below are designed to meet the requirements of ANSI C63.4 - 2003.

The transmitting equipment under test (EUT) is placed on a wooden turntable which is four feet in diameter and approximately one meter in height above the ground plane. During the radiated emissions test, the turntable is rotated and any cables leaving the EUT are manipulated to find the configuration resulting in maximum emissions. The EUT is adjusted through all three orthogonal axes to obtain maximum emission levels. The antenna height and polarization are varied during the testing to search for maximum signal levels.

Detector function for radiated emissions is in peak mode. Average readings, when required, are taken by measuring the duty cycle of the equipment under test and subtracting the corresponding amount in dB from the measured peak readings. A detailed description for the calculation of the average factor can be found in Exhibit 8.3.

The frequency range scanned is from the lowest radio frequency signal generated in the device which is greater than 9 kHz to the tenth harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or 40 GHz, whichever is lower. For line conducted emissions, the range scanned is 150 kHz to 30 MHz.

8.4 Emissions Test Procedures (cont'd)

The EUT is warmed up for 15 minutes prior to the test.

AC power to the unit is varied from 85% to 115% nominal and variation in the fundamental emission field strength is recorded. If battery powered, a new, fully charged battery is used.

Conducted measurements are made as described in ANSI C63.4 - 2003.

The IF bandwidth used for measurement of radiated signal strength was 10 kHz for emission below 30 MHz and 120 kHz for emission from 30 MHz to 1000 MHz. Where pulsed transmissions of short enough pulse duration warrant, a greater bandwidth is selected according to the recommendations of Hewlett Packard Application Note 150-2. A discussion of whether pulse desensitivity is applicable to this unit is included in this report (See Exhibit 8.2). Above 1000 MHz, a resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz is used.

Transmitter measurements are normally conducted at a measurement distance of three meters. However, to assure low enough noise floor in the restricted bands and above 1 GHz, signals are acquired at a distance of one meter or less. All measurements are extrapolated to three meters using inverse scaling, but those measurements taken at a closer distance are so marked.