

FCC TEST REPORT

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Test specification							
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TEST REPORT

Test Report No. :		IWR1411000207	Nov 19, 2014
		IVVIN 1411000207	Date of issue
Equipment under Test	:	Mobile Phone	
Model /Type	:	E425	
Listed Models	:	E420	
Applicant	:	HYUNDAI CORPORAT	ION
Address	:	140-2, Kye-dong, Chong	gro-ku,Seoul, South Korea
Manufacturer		WASAM TECHNOLOG	Y (SHEN ZHEN) CO.,LTD.
Address	:		g Industrial Park), Bogang Taifeng Town, Bao'an District, Shenzhen
, (44,000		Industrial Zone, Shajing Town, Bao'an District, Shenzhe China.	

Test Result:	PASS
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The test report merely corresponds to the test sample.

It is not permitted to copy extracts of these test result without the written permission of the test laboratory.



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1. TEST STANDARDS

The tests were performed according to following standards:

<u>IEEE Std C95.1, 1999</u>: IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 KHz to 300 GHz.It specifies the maximum exposure limit of 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue for portable devices being used within 20 cm of the user in the uncontrolled environment.

<u>IEEE Std 1528TM-2003</u>: IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques.

<u>KDB 447498 D01 Mobile Portable RF Exposure v05r01:</u> Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies

KDB 616217 D04 SAR for laptop and tablets v01: SAR Evaluation Considerations for Laptop, Notebook, Netbook and Tablet Computers

KDB865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r02:SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

<u>KDB865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01:</u> RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations <u>KDB248227:</u> SAR measurement procedures for 802.112abg transmitters

FCC Part 2.1093 Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation: Portable Devices

KDB 616217 D04 SAR for laptop and Internet Tablets v01: SAR Evaluation Considerations for Laptop, Notebook, Netbook and Internet Tablet Computers

KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r02: SAR Evaluation Considerations for Laptop, Notebook, Netbook and Internet Tablet Computers



2. <u>SUMMARY</u>

2.1. General Remarks

Date of receipt of test sample	:	Oct 10, 2014
		0
Testing commenced on	:	Oct 15, 2014
Testing concluded on	:	Oct 19, 2014

2.2. Product Description

The**HYUNDAI CORPORATION**'s Model:E425or the "EUT" as referred to in this report; more general information as follows, for more details, refer to the user's manual of the EUT.

Name of EUT	Mobile Phone
Model Number	E425
FCC ID	RQQHLT-E425
Device Type	Production unit
Power supply:	DC 3.7V/1600mAh
Hotspot mode	Supported
Modilation Type	GMSK for GSM/GPRS;QPSK for WCDMA
Antenna Type	Internal
GSM/EDGE/GPRS	Supported GPRS
Extreme temp. Tolerance	-30°C to +50°C
Extreme vol. Limits	3.40VDC to 4.20VDC (nominal: 3.70VDC)
GSM Operation Frequency Band	GSM 850MHz/ PCS 1900MHz
GSM Release Version	R99
GPRS operation mode	Class B
GPRS Multislot Class	12
EGPRS Multislot Class	Only support downlink mode

2.3. Statement of Compliance

The maximum of results of SAR found during testing for E425 are follows:

Exposure Configuration	Technolohy Band	Highest Reported SAR 1g(W/Kg)	Equipment Class
	GSM850	0.663	
Head	PCS1900	0.670	
(Separation Distance 0mm)	WCDMA Band V	0.492	PCE
(Separation Distance on in)	WCDMA Band II	0.409	
	WLAN2450	0.239	
	GSM850	0.872	
Body-worn	PCS1900	0.656	
(Separation Distance 10mm)	WCDMA Band V	0.569	PCE
	WCDMA Band II	0.530	
	WLAN2450	0.343	

The SAR values found for the Mobile Phone are below the maximum recommended levels of 1.6W/Kg as averaged over any 1g tissue accordintg to the ANSI C95.1-1999.

For body worn operation, this devices has been tested and meets FCC RF exposure guidelines when used with any accessory that conrtains no metal and which provides a minimum separation distance of 0mm between this devices and the body of the user. User of other accessories may not ensure compliance with FCC RF exposure guidelines.

The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain iniform power output.



GSM/WCDMA & WLAN Mode

Test Position	GSM850 Reported SAR1g (W/Kg)	PCS1900 Reported SAR1g (W/Kg)	WCDMA Band V Reported SAR1g (W/Kg)	WCDMA Band II Reported SAR1g (W/Kg)	WLAN Reported SAR1g (W/Kg)	Summation Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Simultaneous Measurement Required?
Left Head Touch	0.682	0.613	0.492	0.409	0.239	0.921	No
Left Head Title	0.662	0.642	0.467	0.379	0.229	0.891	No
Right Head Touch	0.596	0.569	0.442	0.347	0.200	0.796	No
Right Head Title	0.577	0.559	0.430	0.337	0.185	0.762	No
Body-Back Side	0.872	0.656	0.569	0.530	0.343	1.215	No
Body-Front Side	0.831	0.573	0.519	0.461	0.285	1.116	No
Body-Left Side	0.853	0.616	0.553	0.505	0.315	1.168	No
Body-Right Side	0.696	0.497	0.458	0.421	0.239	0.935	No
Body-Top Side					0.335		No
Body-Bottom Side	0.855	0.636	0.546	0.498			No

GSM/WCDMA & BT Mode

Test Position	GSM850 Reported SAR1g (W/Kg)	PCS1900 Reported SAR1g (W/Kg)	WCDMA Band V Reported SAR1g (W/Kg)	WCDMA Band II Reported SAR1g (W/Kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR (W/Kg)	Summation Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Simultaneous Measurement Required?
Left Head Touch	0.682	0.613	0.492	0.409	0.059	0.741	No
Left Head Title	0.662	0.642	0.467	0.379	0.059	0.721	No
Right Head Touch	0.596	0.569	0.442	0.347	0.059	0.655	No
Right Head Title	0.577	0.559	0.430	0.337	0.059	0.636	No
Body-Back Side	0.872	0.656	0.569	0.530	0.039	0.911	No
Body-Front Side	0.831	0.573	0.519	0.461	0.039	0.870	No
Body-Left Side	0.853	0.616	0.553	0.505	0.039	0.892	No
Body-Right Side	0.696	0.497	0.458	0.421	0.039	0.735	No
Body-Top Side					0.039		No
Body-Bottom Side	0.855	0.636	0.546	0.498	0.039	0.894	No

Note:1. The value with green color is the maximum values of standalone

2. The value with blue color is the maximum values of $\sum SAR_{1g}$ 3. Body-Rear side values was the maximum values of GPRS,EDGE and Speech with Headset.

According to the above tables, the highest sum of reported SAR values is 0.921 W/Kg(1g) for Head and 1.215 W/Kg(1g) for Body.

2.4. Equipment under Test

Power supply system utilised

Power supply voltage	:	0	120V/ 60 Hz	0	115V/60Hz
		0	12 V DC	0	24 V DC
		•	Other (specified in blank below))

DC 3.70V/DC 5.0V Adapter from AC 120V/60Hz

2.5. Short description of the Equipment under Test (EUT)

Mobile phone (Model:E425).

The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain maximum power

output.

2.6. EUT configuration

The following peripheral devices and interface cables were connected during the measurement:

• - supplied by the manufacturer



$\, \odot \,$ - supplied by the lab

0	Power Cable	Length (m) :	/
		Shield :	/
		Detachable :	/
Ο	Multimeter	Manufacturer :	/
		Model No. :	/



3. <u>TEST ENVIRONMENT</u>

3.1. Address of the test laboratory

Shenzhen CTL Testing Technology Co., Ltd.

Floor 1-A, Baisha Technology Park, No. 3011, Shahexi Road, Nanshan, Shenzhen, China The sites are constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.7, ANSI C63.4 (2003) and CISPR Publication 22.

3.2. Test Facility

The test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by the following organizations:

FCC-Registration No.: 970318

Shenzhen CTL Testing Technology Co., Ltd. has been registered and fully described in a report filed with the (FCC) Federal Communications Commission. The acceptance letter from the FCC is maintained in our files. Registration 970318, Dec 19, 2013

3.3. Environmental conditions

During the measurement the environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

Temperature:	18-25 ° C
Humidity:	40-65 %
Atmospheric pressure:	950-1050mbar

3.4. SAR Limits

	SAR (W/kg)		
EXPOSURE LIMITS	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)	
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4	
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 1 g of tissue)	1.60	8.0	
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0	

ECC Limit (1 a Ticque)

Population/Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).



3.5. Equipments Used during the Test

	Calibration			ration	
Test Equipment	Manufacturer	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Calibration	Calibration Interval
Data Acquisition Electronics DAEx	SPEAG	DAE4	1315	2013/11/25	1
E-field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3842	2014/06/06	1
System Validation Dipole 835V2	SPEAG	D835V2	4d134	2013/12/13	1
System Validation Dipole 1900V2	SPEAG	D1900V2	5d150	2013/12/12	1
System Validation Dipole 2450V2	SPEAG	D2450V2	884	2013/12/11	1
Dielectric Probe Kit	Agilent	85070E	US44020288	/	/
Power meter	Agilent	E4417A	GB41292254	2013/12/26	1
Power sensor	Agilent	8481H	MY41095360	2013/12/26	1
Network analyzer	Agilent	8753E	US37390562	2013/12/25	1
Universal Radio Communication Tester	ROHDE & SCHWARZ	CMU200	112012	2014/10/23	1



4. SAR Measurements System configuration

4.1. SAR Measurement Set-up

The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).

A dosimetric probe, i.e. an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.

A data acquisition electronic (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, ADconversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.

A unit to operate the optical surface detector which is connected to the EOC.

The Electro-Optical Coupler (EOC) performs the conversion from the optical into a digital electric signal of the DAE. The EOC is connected to the DASY5 measurement server.

The DASY5 measurement server, which performs all real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. A computer operating Windows 2003.

DASY5 software and SEMCAD data evaluation software.

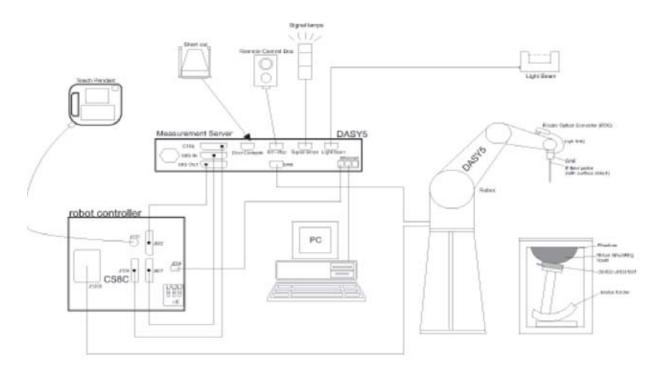
Remote control with teach panel and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.

The generic twin phantom enabling the testing of left-hand and right-hand usage.

The device holder for handheld mobile phones.

Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.

System validation dipoles allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.





4.2. DASY5 E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe ES3DV3 (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

Probe Specification

ConstructionSymmetrical design with triangular core Interleaved sensors Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)

CalibrationISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available.

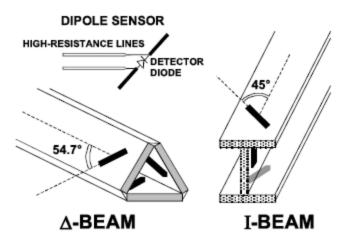
Frequency	10 MHz to 4 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 4 GHz)
Directivity	\pm 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) \pm 0.3 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	5 μW/g to > 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.0 mm
Application	General dosimetry up to 4 GHz Dosimetry in strong gradient fields Compliance tests of mobile phones
Compatibility	DASY3, DASY4, DASY52 SAR and higher, EASY4/MRI



Isotropic E-Field Probe

The isotropic E-Field probe has been fully calibrated and assessed for isotropicity, and boundary effect within a controlled environment. Depending on the frequency for which the probe is calibrated the method utilized for calibration will change.

The E-Field probe utilizes a triangular sensor arrangement as detailed in the diagram below:





4.3. Phantoms

The phantom used for all tests i.e. for both system checks and device testing, was the twin-headed "SAM Phantom", manufactured by SPEAG. The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region, where shell thickness increases to 6mm).

System checking was performed using the flat section, whilst Head SAR tests used the left and right head profile sections. Body SAR testing also used the flat section between the head profiles.



SAM Twin Phantom

4.4. Device Holder

The device was placed in the device holder (illustrated below) that is supplied by SPEAG as an integral part of the DASY system.

The DASY device holder is designed to cope with the different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centers for both scales is the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.



Device holder supplied by SPEAG



4.5. Scanning Procedure

The DASY5 installation includes predefined files with recommended procedures for measurements and validation. They are read-only document files and destined as fully defined but unmeasured masks. All test positions (head or body-worn) are tested with the same configuration of test steps differing only in the grid definition for the different test positions.

The "reference" and "drift" measurements are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the DUT's output power and should vary max. ± 5 %.

The "surface check" measurement tests the optical surface detection system of the DASY5 system by repeatedly detecting the surface with the optical and mechanical surface detector and comparing the results. The output gives the detecting heights of both systems, the difference between the two systems and the standard deviation of the detection repeatability. Air bubbles or refraction in the liquid due to separation of the sugar-water mixture gives poor repeatability (above ± 0.1 mm). To prevent wrong results tests are only executed when the liquid is free of air bubbles. The difference between the optical surface detection and the actual surface depends on the probe and is specified with each probe (It does not depend on the surface reflectivity or the probe angle to the surface within $\pm 30^{\circ}$.)

Area Scan

The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values before running a detailed measurement around the hot spot.Before starting the area scan a grid spacing of 15 mm x 15 mm is set. During the scan the distance of the probe to the phantom remains unchanged. After finishing area scan, the field maxima within a range of 2 dB will be ascertained.

Zoom Scan

Zoom Scans are used to estimate the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The default Zoom Scan is done by 7x7x7 points within a cube whose base is centered around the maxima found in the preceding area scan.

Spatial Peak Detection

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented and can determine values of masses of 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY5 system allows evaluations that combine measured data and robot positions, such as: • maximum search • extrapolation • boundary correction • peak search for averaged SAR During a maximum search, global and local maxima searches are automatically performed in 2-D after each Area Scan measurement with at least 6 measurement points. It is based on the evaluation of the local SAR gradient calculated by the Quadratic Shepard's method. The algorithm will find the global maximum and all local maxima within -2 dB of the global maxima for all SAR distributions.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. Several measurements at different distances are necessary for the extrapolation. Extrapolation routines require at least 10 measurement points in 3-D space. They are used in the Zoom Scan to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The routine uses the modified Quadratic Shepard's method for extrapolation. For a grid using 7x7x7 measurement points with 5mm resolution amounting to 343 measurement points, the uncertainty of the extrapolation routines is less than 1% for 1g and 10g cubes.

A Z-axis scan measures the total SAR value at the x-and y-position of the maximum SAR value found during the cube 7x7x7 scan. The probe is moved away in z-direction from the bottom of the SAM phantom in 5mm steps.

4.6. Data Storage and Evaluation

Data Storage

The DASY5 software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files with the extension ".DA4". The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can



be re-evaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [mW/g], [mW/cm²], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

Data Evaluation

The SEMCAD software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters: - Sensitivity	Normi, ai0, ai1, ai2
- Conversion factor	ConvFi
- Diode compression point	Dcpi
Device parameters: - Frequency	f
- Crest factor	cf
Media parameters: - Conductivity	σ
- Density	ρ

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY5 components. In the direct measuring mode of the multimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

WithVi = compensated signal of channel i(i = x, y, z)Ui = input signal of channel i(i = x, y, z)cf = crest factor of exciting field(DASY parameter)dcpi = diode compression point(DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

$$\begin{array}{rll} E-\text{fieldprobes}: & E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}} \\ & H-\text{fieldprobes}: & H_i = \sqrt{V_i} \cdot \frac{a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2}{f} \\ \text{With Vi} & = \text{compensated signal of channel i} & (i = x, y, z) \\ & \text{Normi} & = \text{sensor sensitivity of channel i} & (i = x, y, z) \\ & \text{[mV/(V/m)2] for E-field Probes} \\ & \text{ConvF} & = \text{sensitivity enhancement in solution} \\ & \text{aij} & = \text{sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes} \\ & f & = \text{carrier frequency [GHz]} \\ & \text{Ei} & = \text{electric field strength of channel i in V/m} \\ & \text{Hi} & = \text{magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m} \end{array}$$

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units. $SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1'000}$ with SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g Etot = total field strength in V/m σ = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]

0	
ρ	= equivalent tissue density in g/cm3



Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid.

4.7. Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The liquid is consisted of water,salt,Glycol,Sugar,Preventol and Cellulose.The liquid has previously been proven to be suited for worst-case.The table 3 and table 4 show the detail solition.It's satisfying the latest tissue dielectric parameters requirements proposed by the KDB865664.

 Table 3:Composition of the Head Tissue Equivalent Matter

MIXTURE%	FREQUENCY(Brain) 835MHz	FREQUENCY(Brain) 835MHz	
Water	41.45		
Sugar	56		
Salt	1.45		
Preventol	0.12		
Cellulose	1.0		
Dielectric Paramters Target Value	f=835MHz ε=41.50 σ=0.9		

MIXTURE%	FREQUENCY(Brain) 1900MHz
Water	55.242
Glycol monobutyl	44.452
Salt	0.306
Dielectric Paramters Target Value	f=1900MHz ε=40.00 σ=1.40

MIXTURE%	FREQUENCY(Brain) 2450MHz
Water	62.70
Glycol	36.80
Salt	0.50
Dielectric Paramters Target Value	f=2450MHz ε=39.20 σ=1.80

Table 4:Composition of the Body Tissue Equivalent Matter		
MIXTURE%	FREQUENCY(Brain) 835MHz	
Water	52.50	
Sugar	45	
Salt	1.40	
Preventol	0.10	
Cellulose	1.00	
Dielectric Paramters Target Value	f=835MHz ε=55.20 σ=0.97	

MIXTURE%	FREQUENCY(Brain) 1900MHz
Water	69.91
Glycol monobutyl	29.96
Salt	0.13
Dielectric Paramters Target Value	f=1900MHz ε=53.30 σ=1.52

MIXTURE%	FREQUENCY(Brain) 2450MHz
Water	73.20
Glycol	26.70
Salt	0.10
Dielectric Paramters Target Value	f=2450MHz ε=52.70 σ=1.95

4.8. Tissue equivalent liquid properties

Dielectric performance of Body tissue simulating liquid

Frequency	Description	Dielectric p	lectric paramenters	
equency	2000.10.000	٤ _r	0°	
835MHz(Head)	Target Value \pm 5%	41.5 (39.4~43.6)	0.90 (0.86~0.95)	
	Measurement Value 2014-10-15	41.53	0.92	



Report No.: MWR1411000207

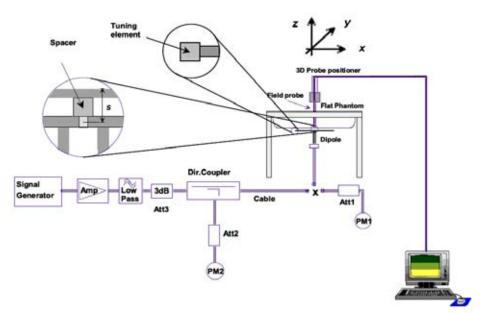
		56.1	0.97	
	Target Value \pm 5%			
835MHz(Body)		(53.30~58.91)	(0.90~1.00)	
00010112(D003)	Measurement Value	55.95	0.96	
	2014-10-15	55.95	0.90	
		40.0	1.40	
1900MHz(Head)	Target Value \pm 5%	(38.0~42.0)	(1.33~1.47)	
1900MITZ(Flead)	Measurement Value	39.83	1.45	
	2014-10-17	39.03	1.40	
		54.00	1.45	
	Target Value \pm 5%	(51.30~56.70)	(1.38~1.52)	
1900MHz(Body)	Measurement Value	55.04	4.40	
	2014-10-17	55.64	1.49	
		39.20	1.80	
	Target Value \pm 5%	(37.24~41.16)	(1.71~1.89)	
2450MHz(Head)	Measurement Value	40.50	4 74	
	2014-10-19	40.58	1.74	
		52.70	1.95	
	Target Value $\pm 5\%$	(50.01~55.34)	(1.85~2.05)	
2450MHz(Body)	Measurement Value	F0 47	1.00	
	2014-10-19	53.47	1.98	

4.9. System Check

The purpose of the system check is to verify that the system operates within its specifications at the decice test frequency. The system check is simple check of repeatability to make sure that the system works correctly at the time of the compliance test;

System check results have to be equal or near the values determined during dipole calibration with the relevant liquids and test system (±10 %).

System check is performed regularly on all frequency bands where tests are performed with the DASY5 system.



The output power on dipole port must be calibrated to 24 dBm (250Mw) before dipole is connected.





Photo of Dipole Setup

System	Validation	of Head
Oyotonn	vanaation	or ricuu

Measuremen	nt is made at te	mperature 22	.0 °C and rela	ative humidity {	55%.			
Tissue tempe	erature 22.0 °C	2						
Measuremer	Measurement Date:835MHz Oct 15 th , 2014; 1900MHz Oct 17 th , 2014; 2540MHz Oct 19 th , 2014;							
	Frequency	Target value (W/kg)		Measured value (W/kg)		Deviation		
Verification	(MHz)	1 g Average	10 g Average	1 g Average	10 g Average	1 g Average	10 g Average	
results	835	2.38	1.55	2.32	1.48	-2.52%	-4.52%	
	1900	9.71	5.08	9.53	4.96	-1.85%	-2.36%	
	2450	13.00	6.05	12.47	5.83	-4.08%	-3.64%	

System Validation of Body

Measurement is made at temperature 22.0 $^\circ\!\mathrm{C}$ and relative humidity 55%.									
Tissue tempe	erature 22.0 ິ	C							
Measuremen	Measurement Date:835MHz Oct 15 th , 2014; 1900MHz Oct 17 th , 2014; 2540MHz Oct 19 th , 2014;								
	Frequency	Target value (W/kg)		Measured value (W/kg)		Deviation			
Verification	(MHz)	1 g Average	10 g Average	1 g Average	10 g Average	1 g Average	10 g Average		
results	835	2.32	1.54	2.25	1.48	-3.02%	-3.90%		
	1900	9.98	5.26	9.71	5.13	-2.71%	-2.47%		
	2450	12.9	5.98	12.53	5.69	-2.87%	-4.85%		

4.10. SAR measurement procedure

4.10.1 Tests to be performed

In order to determine the highest value of the peak spatial-average SAR of a handset, all device positions, configurations and operational modes shall be tested for each frequency band according to steps 1 to 3 below. A flowchart of the test process is shown in Picture 11.1.

Step 1: The tests described in 11.2 shall be performed at the channel that is closest to the centre of the transmit frequency band (f_c) for:

a).all device positions (cheek and tilt, for both left and right sides of the SAM phantom;

b). all configurations for each device position in a), e.g., antenna extended and retracted, and

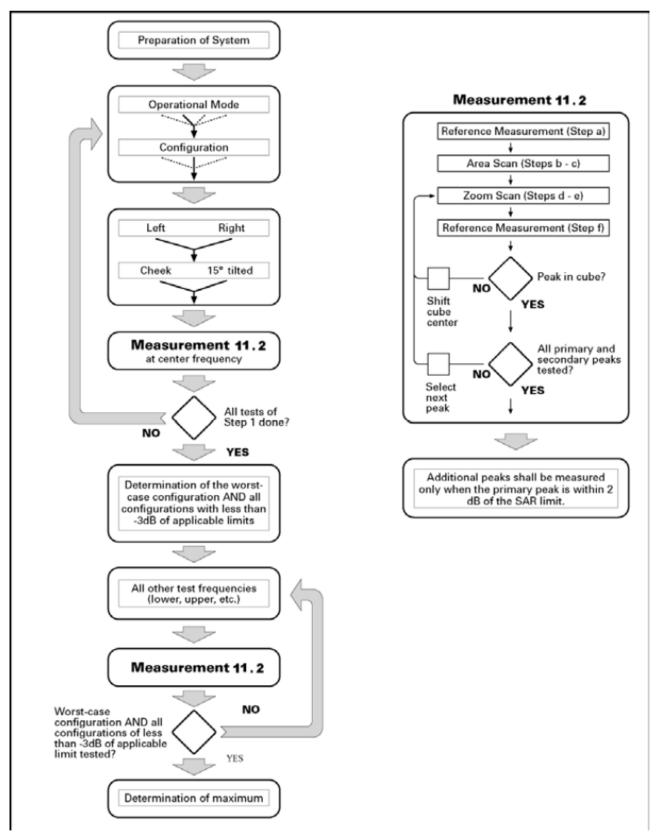
c). all operational modes, e.g., analogue and digital, for each device position in a) and configuration in b) in each frequency band.

If more than three frequencies need to be tested according to 11.1 (i.e., $N_c > 3$), then all frequencies, configurations and modes shall be tested for all of the above test conditions.



Step 2: For the condition providing highest peak spatial-average SAR determined in Step 1, perform all tests described in 11.2 at all other test frequencies, i.e., lowest and highest frequencies. In addition, for all other conditions (device position, configuration and operational mode) where the peak spatial-average SAR value determined in Step 1 is within 3 dB of the applicable SAR limit, it is recommended that all other test frequencies shall be tested as well.

Step 3: Examine all data to determine the highest value of the peak spatial-average SAR found in Steps 1 to 2.



Picture 10.1 Block diagram of the tests to be performed



4.10.2 General Measurement Procedure

The area and zoom scan resolutions specified in the table below must be applied to the SAR measurements and fully documented in SAR reports to qualify for TCB approval. Probe boundary effect error compensation is required for measurements with the probe tip closer than half a probe tip diameter to the phantom surface. Both the probe tip diameter and sensor offset distance must satisfy measurement protocols; to ensure probe boundary effect errors are minimized and the higher fields closest to the phantom surface can be correctly measured and extrapolated to the phantom surface for computing 1-g SAR. Tolerances of the post-processing algorithms must be verified by the test laboratory for the scan resolutions used in the SAR measurements, according to the reference distribution functions specified in IEEE Std 1528-2003. The results should be documented as part of the system validation records and may be requested to support test results when all the measurement parameters in the following table are not satisfied.

			\leq 3 GHz	> 3 GHz	
Maximum distance from (geometric center of pro			5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$	
Maximum probe angle i normal at the measurem		axis to phantom surface	30°±1°	20°±1°	
			$\leq 2 \text{ GHz:} \leq 15 \text{ mm}$ $2 - 3 \text{ GHz:} \leq 12 \text{ mm}$	$\begin{array}{l} 3-4 \ \text{GHz:} \leq 12 \ \text{mm} \\ \\ 4-6 \ \text{GHz:} \leq 10 \ \text{mm} \end{array}$	
Maximum area scan spa	atial resoluti	on: Δx _{Area} , Δy _{Area}	When the x or y dimension of measurement plane orientation measurement resolution must dimension of the test device w point on the test device.	a, is smaller than the above, the be \leq the corresponding x or y	
Maximum zoom scan sj	patial resolu	tion: Δx _{Zoom} , Δy _{Zoom}	$\leq 2 \text{ GHz} \leq 8 \text{ mm}$ 2 - 3 GHz: $\leq 5 \text{ mm}^{\circ}$	3 - 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm 4 - 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm	
6	uniform grid: Δz _{Zeom} (n)		≤ 5 mm	$\begin{array}{l} 3-4~\mathrm{GHz:} \leq 4~\mathrm{mm} \\ 4-5~\mathrm{GHz:} \leq 3~\mathrm{mm} \\ 5-6~\mathrm{GHz:} \leq 2~\mathrm{mm} \end{array}$	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded	$\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)$: between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤4 mm	$\begin{array}{l} 3-4 \ \mathrm{GHz:} \leq 3 \ \mathrm{mm} \\ 4-5 \ \mathrm{GHz:} \leq 2.5 \ \mathrm{mm} \\ 5-6 \ \mathrm{GHz:} \leq 2 \ \mathrm{mm} \end{array}$	
Surface	grid ∆z _{Zcom} (n>1): between subsequent points		$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$		
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm	

* When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the area scan based *I-g SAR estimation* procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

4.10.3 GSM Test Configuration

SAR tests for GSM 850 and GSM 1900, a communication link is set up with a System Simulator (SS) by air link. Using E5515C the power level is set to "5" for GSM 850, set to "0" for GSM 1900. Since the GPRS class is 12 for this EUT, it has at most 4 timeslots in uplink and at most 4 timeslots in downlink, the maximum total timeslots is 5. The EGPRS class is 12 for this EUT, it has at most 4 timeslots in uplink and at most 4 timeslots in downlink, the maximum total timeslots is 5.

When SAR tests for EGPRS mode is necessary, GMSK modulation should be used to minimize SAR measurement error due to higher peak-to-average power (PAR) ratios inherent in 8-PSK.

According to specification 3GPP TS 51.010, the maximum power of the GSM can do the power reduction for the multi-slot. The allowed power reduction in the multi-slot configuration is as following: Output power of reductions:



Number of timeslots in uplink assignment	Permissible nominal reduction of maximum output power(dB)
1	0
2	0 to 3.0
3	1.8 to 4.8
4	3.0 to 6.0

The allowed power reduction in the multi-slot configuration

4.10.4 UMTS Test Configuration

4.10.4.1 Output power Verification

Maximum output power is verified on the High, Middle and Low channel according to the procedures described in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34. 121, using the appropriate RMC or AMR with TPC(transmit power control) set to all up bits for WCDMA/HSDPA or applying the required inner loop power control procedures to the maximum output power while HSUPA is active. Results for all applicable physical channel configuration (DPCCH, DPDCH_n and spreading codes, HSDPA, HSPA) should be tabulated in the SAR report. All configuration that are not supported by the DUT or can not be measured due to technical or equipment limitations should be clearly identified

4.10.4.2 Head SAR Measurements

SAR for head exposure configurations in voice mode is measured using a 12.2kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all up bits. SAR in AMR configurations is not required when the maximum average output of each RF channel for 12.2kbps AMR is less than 1/4 dB higher than that measured in 12.2 kbps RMC. Otherwise, SAR is measured on the maximum output channel in 12.2kbps AMR with a 3.4 kbps SRB(Signaling radio bearer) using the exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR in 12.2kbps RMC for that RF channel.

4.10.4.3 Body SAR Measurements

SAR for body exposure configurations in voice and data modes is measured using 12.2kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all up bits. SAR for other spreading codes and multiple DPDCHn, when supported by the DUT, are not required when the maximum average output of each RF channel, for each spreading code and DPDCHn configuration, are less than 1/4 dB higher than those measured in 12.2kbps RMC. Otherwise, SAR is measured on the maximum output channel with an applicable RMC configuration for the corresponding spreading code or DPDCHn using the exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR with 12.2 kbps RMC. When more than 2 DPDCHn are supported by the DUT, it may be necessary to configure additional DPDCH_n for a DUT using FTM (Factory Test Mode) or other chipset based test approaches with parameters similar to those used in 384 kbps and 768 kbps RMC.

4.10.4.4 HSDPA Test Configuration

SAR for body exposure configurations is measured according to the 'Body SAR Measurements' procedures of that section. In addition, body SAR is also measured for HSDPA when the maximum average output of each RF channel with HSDPA active is at least ¼ dB higher than that measured without HSDPA using 12.2 kbps RMC or the maximum SAR for 12.2 kbps RMC is above 75% of the SAR limit. Body SAR for HSDPA is measured using an FRC with H-Set 1 in Sub-test 1 and a 12.2 kbps RMC configured in Test Loop Mode 1, using the highest body SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC without HSDPA.

HSDPA should be configured according to the UE category of a test device. The number of HSDSCH/ HS-PDSCHs, HARQ processes, minimum inter-TTI interval, transport block sizes and RV coding sequence are defined by the H-set. To maintain a consistent test configuration and stable transmission conditions, QPSK is used in the H-set for SAR testing. HS-DPCCH should be configured with a CQI feedback cycle of 4 ms with a CQI repetition factor of 2 to maintain a constant rate of active CQI slots. DPCCH and DPDCH gain factors(β_c , β_d), and HS-DPCCH power offset parameters (Δ ACK, Δ NACK, Δ CQI) should be set according to values indicated in the Table below. The CQI value is determined by the UE category, transport block size, number of HS-PDSCHs and modulation used in the H-set.

Sub-set	ßc	ßd	ß _d (SF)	ß _c /β _d	ß _{hs} (note 1, note 2)	CM(dB) (note 3)	MPR(dB)	
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0	
2	12/15 (note 4)	15/15 (note 4)	64	2/15 (note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0	
3	15/15	8/15	64	2/15	30/15	1.5	0.5	
4	15/15	4/15	64	2/15	30/15	1.5	0.5	

Subtests for UMTS Release 5 HSDPA



Note1: \triangle ACK, \triangle NACK and \triangle CQI= 8,A_{hs} = β_{hs}/β_c =30/15, β_{hs} =30/15* β_c

Note2:For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C.5.7A.and the Error Vector Magnitude(EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1.A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA, \triangle ACK and \triangle NACK= 8(A_{hs}=30/15) with β _{hs}=30/15* β _c,and \triangle CQI= 7(Ahs=24/15) with ß_{hs}=24/15*ß_c.

Note3: CM=1 for β_c/β_d =12/15, β_{hs}/β_c =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HS-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.

Note 4:For subtest 2 the $\beta_c\beta_d$ ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period(TF1,TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TFC1,TF1) to β_c =11/15 and β_d =15/15.

Settings of required H-Set 1 QPSK in HSDPA mode							
Parameter	Unit	Value					
Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	kbps	534					
Inter-TTI Distance	TTI's	3					
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	2					
Information Bit Payload (N _{INF})	Bits	3202					
Number Code Blocks	Blocks	1					
Binary Channel Bits Per TTI	Bits	4800					
Total Available SML's in UE	SML's	19200					
Number of SML's per HARQ Proc.	SML's	9600					
Coding Rate	/	0.67					
Number of Physical Channel Codes	Codes	5					
Modulation	/	QPSK					

Settings of required H-Set 1 OPSK in HSDPA mode

4.10.4.5 HSUPA Test Configuration

Body SAR is also measured for HSPA when the maximum average output of each RF channel with HSPA active is at least ¼ dB higher than that measured without HSPA using 12.2 kbps RMC or the maximum SAR for 12.2 kbps RMC is above 75% of the SAR limit. Body SAR for HSPA is measured with E-DCH Sub-test 5, using H-Set 1 and QPSK for FRC and a 12.2 kbps RMC configured in Test Loop Mode 1 with power control algorithm 2, according to the highest body SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC without HSPA. Due to inner loop power control requirements in HSPA, a commercial communication test set should be used for the output power and SAR tests. The 12.2 kbps RMC, FRC H-set 1 and E- DCH configurations for HSPA should be configured according to the β values indicated below as well as other applicable procedures described in the 'WCDMA Handset' and 'Release 5 HSDPA Data Devices' sections of 3 G device. HSLIDA LIE cotogory

UE E-DCH Category	Maximum E-DCH Codes Transmitted	Number of HARQ Processes	E- DCH TTI (ms)	Minimum Spreading Factor	Maximum E-DCH Transport Block Bits	Max Rate (Mbps)
1	1	4	10	4	7110	0.7296
2	2	8	2	4	2798	1.4592
2	2	4	10	4	14484	1.4592
3	2	4	10	4	14484	1.4592
1	2	8	10	2	5772	2.9185
4	2	4	10	2	20000	2.00
5	2	4	10	2	20000	2.00
6 (No	4	8	2	2 SF2 & 2	11484	5.76
DPDCH)	4	4	10	SF4	20000	2.00
7 (No	4	8	2	2 SF2 & 2	22996	?
DPDCH)	4	4	10	SF4	20000	?
					ed with SF2 and and 16QAM. (TS	

4.10.5 Wi-Fi Test Configuration

For WLAN SAR testing, WLAN engineering testing software installed on the DUT can provide continuous transmitting RF signal. The Tx power is set to 23 for 802.11 b mode, set to 19 for 802.11 g mode, set to 19 for 802.11 n mode by software. This RF signal utilized in SAR measurement has almost 100% duty cycle and its crest factor is 1.

For the 802.11b/g/n SAR tests, a communication link is set up with the test mode software for WIFI mode test. During the test, at the each test frequency channel, the EUT is operated at the RF continuous emission mode. Each channel should be tested at the highest power rate.



802.11b/g/n operating modes are tested independently according to the service requirements in each frequency band. 802.11b/g/n modes are tested on the maximum average output channel; SAR is not required for 802.11g/n channels when the maximum average output power is less than 0.25dB higher than that measured on the corresponding 802.11b channels.

4.10.6 BT Test Configuration

For BT SAR testing, BT engineering testing software installed on the EUT can provide continuous transmitting RF signal with maximum output power. This RF signal utilized in SAR measurement has Almost 100% duty cycle and its crest factor is 1.

4.10.7 Power Drift

To control the output power stability during the SAR test, DASY5 system calculates the power drift by measuring the E-field at the same location at the beginning and at the end of the measurement for each test position. These drift values can be found in Table 14.1 to Table 14.11 labeled as: (Power Drift [dB]). This ensures that the power drift during one measurement is within 5%.

4.10.8 Area Scan Based 1-g SAR

4.10.8.1 Requirement of KDB

According to the KDB447498 D01 v05, when the implementation is based the specific polynomial fit algorithm as presented at the 29th Bioelectromagnetics Society meeting (2007) and the estimated 1-g SAR is \leq 1.2 W/kg, a zoom scan measurement is not required provided it is also not needed for any other purpose; for example, if the peak SAR location required for simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion can be determined accurately by the SAR system or manually to discriminate between distinctive peaks and scattered noisy SAR distributions from area scans.

There must not be any warning or alert messages due to various measurement concerns identified by the SAR system; for example, noise in measurements, peaks too close to scan boundary, peaks are too sharp, spatial resolution and uncertainty issues etc. The SAR system verification must also demonstrate that the area scan estimated 1-g SAR is within 3% of the zoom scan 1-g SAR (See Annex B). When all the SAR results for each exposure condition in a frequency band and wireless mode are based on estimated 1-g SAR, the 1-g SAR for the highest SAR configuration must be determined by a zoom scan.

4.10.8.2 Fast SAR Algorithms

The approach is based on the area scan measurement applying a frequency dependent attenuation parameter. This attenuation parameter was empirically determined by analyzing a large number of phones. The MOTOROLA FAST SAR was developed and validated by the MOTOROLA Research Group in Ft. Lauderdale. In the initial study, an approximation algorithm based on Linear fit was developed. The accuracy of the algorithm has been demonstrated across a broad frequency range (136-2450 MHz) and for both 1- and 10-g averaged SAR using a sample of 264 SAR measurements from 55 wireless handsets. For the sample size studied, the root-mean-squared errors of the algorithm are 1.2% and 5.8% for 1- and 10-g averaged SAR, respectively

In the second step, the same research group optimized the fitting algorithm to an Polynomial fit whereby the frequency validity was extended to cover the range 30-6000MHz. Details of this study can be found in the BEMS 2007 Proceedings.

Both algorithms are implemented in DASY software.



5. TEST CONDITIONS AND RESULTS

5.1. Conducted Power Results

Max Conducted power measurement results and power drift from tune-up tolerance provide by manufacturer:

The conducted power measurement results for GSM850/PCS1900

Test Mode	Conducted Power (dBm)						
GSM850	Channel 251(848.8MHz)	Channel 190(836.6MHz)	Channel 128(824.2MHz)				
G3W030	32.69	32.56	32.47				
	Channel	Channel 661	Channel				
PCS1900	810(1909.8MHz)	(1880.0MHz)	512(1850.2MHz)				
	29.29	29.56	29.76				

The conducted power measurement results for GPRS

Test Mode	Measured Power (dBm)				Aver	aged Power (dBm)
GSM 850		Test Channel		Calculation	Test Cha		inel
GPRS (GMSK)	128	190	251	(dB)	128	190	251
1 Txslot	32.43	32.57	32.71	-9.03	23.40	23.54	23.68
2 Txslot	30.63	30.95	30.51	-6.02	24.61	24.93	24.49
3 Txslot	28.21	28.22	28.25	-4.26	23.95	23.96	23.99
4 Txslot	27.05	27.06	27.09	-3.01	24.04	24.05	24.08
	Measured Power (dBm)			Averaged Power (dBm)			
Test Mode	Meas	ured Power (dBm)		Aver	aged Power (dBm)
Test Mode DCS1900		ured Power (Test Channel	/	Calculation	Aver	aged Power (Test Channe	/
			/	Calculation (dB)	Aver 512	<u> </u>	/
DCS1900 GPRS		Test Channel		_		Test Channe	
DCS1900 GPRS (GMSK)	512	Test Channel	810	(dB)	512	Test Channe 661	810
DCS1900 GPRS (GMSK) 1 Txslot	512 29.71	Test Channel 661 29.53	810 29.49	(dB) -9.03	512 20.68	Test Channe 661 20.5	810 20.46

NOTES:

1) Division Factors

To average the power, the division factor is as follows:

1TX-slot = 1 transmit time slot out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/1) => -9.03dB

2TX-slots = 2 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/2) => -6.02dB

3TX-slots = 3 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/3) => -4.26dB

4TX-slots = 4 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/4) => -3.01dB

According to the conducted power as above, the body measurements are performed with 2Txslots for GSM850 and GSM1900.

Note: According to the KDB941225 D03, "when SAR tests for EDGE or EGPRS mode is necessary, GMSK modulation should be used".

The conducted power measurement results for WCDMA

	bond	band FDD Band V result (dBm)		FDD B	and II result	(dBm)	
Item	Danu		Test Channel			Test Channel	
	ARFCN	4132	4183	4233	9262	9400	9538
5.2(WCDMA)	١	23.17	23.06	22.94	23.01	23.11	23.02
	1	22.94	22.86	22.83	22.25	22.83	22.84
5.2AA	2	22.83	22.88	22.86	22.84	22.75	22.83
(HSDPA)	3	23.01	22.80	22.84	22.97	22.76	22.92
	4	22.97	22.59	22.86	22.89	22.93	22.84
	1	22.83	22.83	22.78	22.82	22.73	22.86
5.2B	2	22.99	22.69	22.59	22.99	22.95	22.86
(HSUPA)	3	22.73	22.99	22.82	22.75	22.73	22.98
(HSUPA)	4	22.88	22.76	22.68	22.94	22.94	22.69
	5	22.93	22.94	22.93	22.77	22.78	22.88

Note: HSUPA body SAR are not required, because maximum average output power of each RF channel with HSDPA active is not 1/4 dB higher than that measured without HSUPA and the maximum SAR for WCDMA850 and WCDMA1900 are not above 75% of the SAR limit.



Mode	Channel Frequence		Conducted AV Output Power		Test Rate Data
wode	Channel	(MHz)	(dBm)	(mW)	Test Rale Dala
	1	2412	13.12	20.51	1 Mbps
802.11b	6	2437	13.21	21.04	1 Mbps
	11	2462	13.14	20.61	1 Mbps
	1	2412	11.86	15.35	6 Mbps
802.11g	6	2437	11.93	15.60	6 Mbps
	11	2462	11.86	15.35	6 Mbps
	1	2412	11.04	12.71	6.5 Mbps
802.11n(20MHz)	6	2437	11.07	12.79	6.5 Mbps
	11	2462	11.14	13.00	6.5 Mbps
	3	2422	10.16	10.38	13.5 Mbps
802.11n(40MHz)	6	2437	10.03	10.07	13.5 Mbps
	9	2452	10.11	10.26	13.5 Mbps

The conducted power measurement results for WLAN

Note: 1. The output power was test all data rate and recorded worst case at recorded data rate.

Bluetooth v2.1+EDR				
Mode	Channel	Frequency(MHz)	Conducted AV Output Power (dBm)	
	00	2402	-7.05	
GFSK-BLE	19	2440	-6.78	
	39	2480	-6.72	
	00	2402	0.52	
GFSK	39	2441	1.12	
	78	2480	1.03	
	00	2402	0.02	
π/4DQPSK	39	2441	0.24	
	78	2480	0.22	
	00	2402	0.01	
8DPSK	39	2441	0.12	
	78	2480	0.21	

Manufacturing tolerance

	GSM Speech				
	GSN	1 850			
Channel	Channel 251	Channel 190	Channel 190		
Target (dBm)	32.0	32.0	32.0		
Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1		
GSM 1900					
Channel	Channel 810	Channel 661	Channel 512		
Target (dBm)	29.0	29.0	29.0		
Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1		

	GPRS (GMSK Modulation)				
		GSM 850 GPRS			
Cha	annel	251	190	128	
1 Txslot	Target (dBm)	32.0	32.0	32.0	
1 1 XSIOL	Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1	
2 Txslot	Target (dBm)	30.0	30.0	30.0	
2 1 X SIUL	Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1	
3 Txslot	Target (dBm)	28.0	28.0	28.0	
5 1 X SIUL	Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1	
4 Txslot	Target (dBm)	27.0	27.0	27.0	
4 1 XSIOL	Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1	
	<u> </u>	GSM 1900 GPRS			
Cha	Channel 810 661 512				
1 Txslot	Target (dBm)	29.0	29.0	29.0	
i i XSIOL	Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1	



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2 Txslot	Target (dBm)	26.5	26.5	26.5
2 1 X SIUL	Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1
2 Typlet	Target (dBm)	25.0	25.0	25.0
3 Txslot	Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1
4 Txslot	Target (dBm)	24.0	24.0	24.0
4 1 X SIOL	Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1

		DMA	
		A Band V	
Channel	Channel 4132	Channel 4183	Channel 4233
Target (dBm)	22.5	22.5	22.5
Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1
	WCDMA Band V I	ISDPA(sub-test 1)	•
Channel	Channel 4132	Channel 4183	Channel 4233
Target (dBm)	22.5	22.5	22.5
Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1
		HSDPA(sub-test 2)	· ·
Channel	Channel 4132	Channel 4183	Channel 4233
Target (dBm)	22.5	22.5	22.5
Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1
		HSDPA(sub-test 3)	· ·
Channel	Channel 4132	Channel 4183	Channel 4233
Target (dBm)	22.5	22.5	22.5
Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1
		ISDPA(sub-test 4)	1
Channel	Channel 4132	Channel 4183	Channel 4233
Target (dBm)	22.5	22.5	22.5
	1	22.0	22.3
Tolerance ±(dB)			
Channel		HSUPA(sub-test 1)	Channel 4222
Channel	Channel 4132	Channel 4183	Channel 4233
Target (dBm)	22.5	22.5	22.5
Tolerance ±(dB)	1		1
		ISUPA(sub-test 2)	
Channel	Channel 4132	Channel 4183	Channel 4233
Target (dBm)	22.5	22.5	22.5
Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1
		ISUPA(sub-test 3)	.
Channel	Channel 4132	Channel 4183	Channel 4233
Target (dBm)	22.5	22.5	22.5
Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1
1		ISUPA(sub-test 4)	1
Channel	Channel 4132	Channel 4183	Channel 4233
Target (dBm)	22.5	22.5	22.5
Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1
		HSUPA(sub-test 5)	
Channel	Channel 4132	Channel 4183	Channel 4233
Target (dBm)	22.5	22.5	22.5
Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1
	WCDMA	A Band II	
Channel	Channel 9262	Channel 9400	Channel 9538
Target (dBm)	22.5	22.5	22.5
Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1
	WCDMA Band II H	SDPA(sub-test 1)	·
Channel	Channel 9262	Channel 9400	Channel 9538
Target (dBm)	22.5	22.5	22.5
Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1
\- <u>·</u> /	WCDMA Band II H	SDPA(sub-test 2)	
Channel	Channel 9262	Channel 9400	Channel 9538
		22.5	22.5
Target (dBm)	22.0	22.0	<u> </u> <u></u>
Target (dBm) Tolerance ±(dB)	<u> </u>	1	1



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Channel	Channel 9262	Channel 9400	Channel 9538
Target (dBm)	22.5	22.5	22.5
Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1
	WCDMA Band II F	ISDPA(sub-test 4)	
Channel	Channel 9262	Channel 9400	Channel 9538
Target (dBm)	22.5	22.5	22.5
Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1
· · ·	WCDMA Band II	HSUA(sub-test 1)	
Channel	Channel 9262	Channel 9400	Channel 9538
Target (dBm)	22.5	22.5	22.5
Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1
	WCDMA Band II	HSUA(sub-test 2)	
Channel	Channel 9262	Channel 9400	Channel 9538
Target (dBm)	22.5	22.5	22.5
Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1
	WCDMA Band II	HSUA(sub-test 3)	
Channel	Channel 9262	Channel 9400	Channel 9538
Target (dBm)	22.5	22.5	22.5
Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1
	WCDMA Band II	HSUA(sub-test 4)	
Channel	Channel 9262	Channel 9400	Channel 9538
Target (dBm)	22.5	22.5	22.5
Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1
	WCDMA Band II	HSUA(sub-test 5)	
Channel	Channel 9262	Channel 9400	Channel 9538
Target (dBm)	22.5	22.5	22.5
Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1

WLAN2450

	802	.11b			
Channel	Channel 1	Channel 6	Channel 11		
Target (dBm)	12.5	12.5	12.5		
Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1		
	802	.11g			
Channel	Channel 1	Channel 6	Channel 11		
Target (dBm)	11.0	11.0	11.0		
Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1		
	802.11n	(20MHz)			
Channel	Channel 1	Channel 6	Channel 11		
Target (dBm)	10.5	10.5	10.5		
Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1		
802.11n(40MHz)					
Channel	Channel 3	Channel 6	Channel 9		
Target (dBm)	10.5	10.5	10.5		
Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1		

	Bluetooth v	2.1+EDR/v4.0	
	GFS	K-BLE	
Channel	Channel 00	Channel 41	Channel 79
Target (dBm)	-6.5	-6.5	-6.5
Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1
	GI	SK	
Channel	Channel 00	Channel 41	Channel 79
Target (dBm)	0.5	0.5	0.5
Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1
	8D	PSK	
Channel	Channel 00	Channel 41	Channel 79
Target (dBm)	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1
	π/4D	QPSK	
Channel	Channel 00	Channel 41	Channel 79



Target (dBm)	-0.5	-0.5	-0.5
Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1

5.2. Simultaneous TX SAR Considerations

5.2.1 Introduction

The following procedures adopted from "FCC SAR Considerations for Cell Phones with Multiple Transmitters" are applicable to handsets with built-in unlicensed transmitters such as 802.11 a/b/g and Bluetooth devices which may simultaneously transmit with the licensed transmitter.

For the DUT, the BT module has a antenna; GSM and WCDMA module sharing same antenna, So we can get following combination that can transmit signal simultaneously.

Air-Interface	Band (MHz)	Туре	Simultaneous Transmissions	Voice over Digital Transport(Data)	
	850	VO	Yes,WLAN or BT	N/A	
GSM	1900	VO	Tes, WLAN OF BT	IN/A	
	GPRS/EGPRS	DT	Yes,WLAN or BT	N/A	
WCDMA	Band II/Band V	DT	Yes,WLAN or BT	N/A	
WLAN	2450	DT	Yes,GSM,GPRS,EGPRS,WCDMA	N/A	
BT	2441	DT	Yes,GSM,GPRS,EGPRS,WCDMA	N/A	
Note:VO-Voice S	Note:VO-Voice Service only;DT-Digital Transport				

5.2.2 Transmit Antenna Separation Distances

The product can support Bluetooth function, according to following picture 1 showed that the antenna position of the DUT.So accroding to KDB 616217 and KDB447498 for SAR testing.

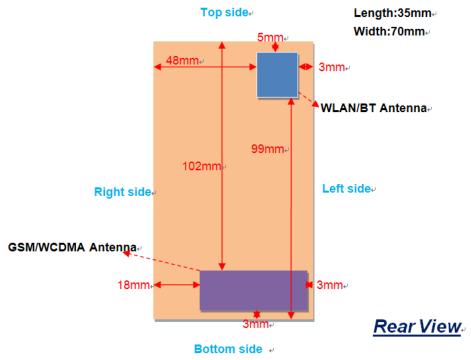


Figure 1: The antenna positions of the DUT

WWAN	WCDMA/GSM Antenna
WLAN/BT	WLAN/BT Antenna

Note: The EUT owns two SIM cards, but they can't work at the same time, and they share the same antenna, and the power of the are the same. So we just need to consider one SIM card SAR and don't have to consider their Simultaneous SAR.



7.5

5.2.2 SAR Measurement Positions

According to KDB941225, SAR must be measured for all sides (edges) and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located at \leq 25 mm from that surface or edge.

5.2.3 Standalone SAR Test Exclusion Considerations

Standalone 1-g head or body SAR evaluation by measurement or numerical simulation is not required when the corresponding SAR Exclusion Threshold condition, listed below, is satisfied.

The 1-g SAR test exclusion threshold for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances \leq 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)] \cdot [\checkmark f(GHz)] \leq 3.0 for 1-g SAR, where

•f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz

•Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation

•The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Appendix A

SAR Test Exclusion Thresholds for 100 MHz - 6 GHz and ≤ 50 mm

Approximate SAR Test Exclusion Power Thresholds at Selected Frequencies and Test Separation Distances are illustrated in the following Table.

MHz	5	10	15	20	25	mm
150	39	77	116	155	194	
300	27	55	82	110	137	
450	22	45	67	89	112	
835	16	33	49	66	82]
900	16	32	47	63	79	
1500	12	24	37	49	61	SAR Test
1900	11	22	33	44	54	Exclusion Threshold (mW)
2450	10	19	29	38	48	
3600	8	16	24	32	40]
5200	7	13	20	26	33	
5400	6	13	19	26	32	
5800	6	12	19	25	31	

Picture 12.2 Power Thresholds

5.2.4 Estimated SAR

When standalone SAR is not required to be measured per FCC KDB 447498 D01, the following equation must be used to estimate the standalone 1g SAR for simultaneous transmission assessment involving that transmitter.

Estimated SAR=
$$\frac{(\text{max.power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)}}{\sqrt{f(GHz)}}$$

(min.test separation distance,mm)

Per FCC KD B447498 D01, simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion may be applied when the sum of the 1-g SAR for all the transmitting antenna in a specific a physical test configuration is \leq 1.6 W/Kg.When the sum is greater than the SAR limit, SAR test exclusion is determined by the SAR to peak location separation ratio.

$$Ratio = \frac{(SAR_1 + SAR_2)^{1.5}}{(\text{peak location separation,mm})} < 0.04$$

For Bluetooth, the Estimated SAR for Head at 5mm for estimate and 10mm to Estimated Body SAR

Estimated SAR_{Head}=((1.41mW)/5mm)*(1.5627/7.5)=0.059W/Kg

Estimated SAR_{Body}=((1.41mW)/10mm)*(1.5627/7.5)=0.029W/Kg



5.2.5 Evaluation of Simultaneous SAR

GSM/WCDMA & WLAN Mode

Test Position	GSM850 Reported SAR1g (W/Kg)	PCS1900 Reported SAR1g (W/Kg)	WCDMA Band V Reported SAR1g (W/Kg)	WCDMA Band II Reported SAR1g (W/Kg)	WLAN Reported SAR1g (W/Kg)	Summation Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Simultaneous Measurement Required?
Left Head Touch	0.682	0.613	0.492	0.409	0.239	0.921	No
Left Head Title	0.662	0.642	0.467	0.379	0.229	0.891	No
Right Head Touch	0.596	0.569	0.442	0.347	0.200	0.796	No
Right Head Title	0.577	0.559	0.430	0.337	0.185	0.762	No
Body-Back Side	0.872	0.656	0.569	0.530	0.343	1.215	No
Body-Front Side	0.831	0.573	0.519	0.461	0.285	1.116	No
Body-Left Side	0.853	0.616	0.553	0.505	0.315	1.168	No
Body-Right Side	0.696	0.497	0.458	0.421	0.239	0.935	No
Body-Top Side					0.335		No
Body-Bottom Side	0.855	0.636	0.546	0.498			No

GSM/WCDMA & BT Mode

Test Position	GSM850 Reported SAR1g (W/Kg)	PCS1900 Reported SAR1g (W/Kg)	WCDMA Band V Reported SAR1g (W/Kg)	WCDMA Band II Reported SAR1g (W/Kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR (W/Kg)	Summation Reported SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Simultaneous Measurement Required?
Left Head Touch	0.682	0.613	0.492	0.409	0.059	0.741	No
Left Head Title	0.662	0.642	0.467	0.379	0.059	0.721	No
Right Head Touch	0.596	0.569	0.442	0.347	0.059	0.655	No
Right Head Title	0.577	0.559	0.430	0.337	0.059	0.636	No
Body-Back Side	0.872	0.656	0.569	0.530	0.039	0.911	No
Body-Front Side	0.831	0.573	0.519	0.461	0.039	0.870	No
Body-Left Side	0.853	0.616	0.553	0.505	0.039	0.892	No
Body-Right Side	0.696	0.497	0.458	0.421	0.039	0.735	No
Body-Top Side					0.039		No
Body-Bottom Side	0.855	0.636	0.546	0.498	0.039	0.894	No

Note:1. The value with green color is the maximum values of standalone

2. The value with blue color is the maximum values of ΣSAR_{1g}

3. Body-Rear side values was the maximum values of GPRS, EDGE and Speech with Headset.

5.3. SAR Measurement Results

It is determined by user manual for the distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom. The distance is 5mm and just applied to the condition of body worn accessory.

The calculated SAR is obtained by the following formula:

Reported SAR=Measured SAR*10^{(Ptarget-Pmeasured))/10}

Scaling factor=10^{(Ptarget-Pmeasured))/10}

Reported SAR= Measured SAR* Scaling factor

Where P_{target} is the power of manufacturing upper limit;

P_{measured} is the measured power;

Measured SAR is measured SAR at measured power which including power drift) Reported SAR which including Power Drift and Scaling factor

Duty Cycle

Test Mode	Duty Cycle
Speech for GSM850/1900	1:8.3
GPRS for GSM850/1900	1:4
WCDMA 850/1900	1:1
WiFi 2450	1:1



SAR Values (GSM850-Head)

	Test quency	Side	Test	Maximum Allowed	Conducted Power	Measurement SAR over	Power	Scaling	Reported SAR over	SAR limit	Ref. Plot
Ch	MHz	olde	Position	Power (dBm)	(dBm)	1g(W/kg)	drift	Factor	1g(W/kg)	1g (W/kg)	#
190	836.60	Left	Touch	33.00	32.56	0.614	-0.03	1.11	0.682	1.60	1
190	836.60	Left	Tilt	33.00	32.56	0.596	-0.06	1.11	0.662	1.60	
190	836.60	Right	Touch	33.00	32.56	0.537	-0.04	1.11	0.596	1.60	
190	836.60	Right	Tilt	33.00	32.56	0.520	-0.06	1.11	0.577	1.60	

SAR Values (GSM850-Body)

	Test quency	Mode (number of	Test	Maximum Allowed	Conducted Power	Measurement SAR	Power	Scaling	Reported SAR over	SAR limit	Ref. Plot
Ch	MHz	timeslots)	Position	Power (dBm)	(dBm)	over 1g(W/kg)	drift	Factor	1g(W/kg)	1g (W/kg)	#
190	836.60	GPRS (2)	Back	31.00	30.95	0.863	-0.05	1.01	0.872	1.60	2
190	836.60	GPRS (2)	Front	31.00	30.95	0.823	-0.01	1.01	0.831	1.60	
190	836.60	GPRS (2)	Left	31.00	30.95	0.845	-0.07	1.01	0.853	1.60	
190	836.60	GPRS (2)	Right	31.00	30.95	0.689	-0.08	1.01	0.696	1.60	
190	836.60	GPRS (2)	Bottom	31.00	30.95	0.847	-0.04	1.01	0.855	1.60	

Note: 1. The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

2.According to KDB447498, When the 1-g SAR for the mid-band channel, or the channel with highest output power satidfy the following conditions, testing of the other channels in the band is not required. $\leq 0.8W/Kg$ and transmission band $\leq 100MHz$;

 \leq 0.6W/Kg and 100MHz \leq transmission band \leq 200MHz;

 \leq 0.4W/Kg and transmission band >200MHz

SAN	values (r	-C31900-mead/									
Fre	Test equency	Side	Test	Maximum Allowed	Conducted Power	Measurement SAR over	Power	Scaling	Reported SAR over	SAR limit	Ref. Plot
Ch	MHz	olde	Position	Power (dBm)	(dBm)	1g(W/kg)	drift	Factor	1g(W/kg)	1g (W/kg)	#
661	1880.0	Left	Touch	30.00	29.56	0.552	-0.07	1.11	0.613	1.60	
661	1880.0	Left	Tilt	30.00	29.56	0.578	-0.05	1.11	0.642	1.60	3
661	1880.0	Right	Touch	30.00	29.56	0.513	-0.04	1.11	0.569	1.60	
661	1880.0	Right	Tilt	30.00	29.56	0.504	-0.13	1.11	0.559	1.60	

SAR Values (PCS1900-Head)

SAR Values (PCS1900-Body)

	Test equency	Mode (number of	Test	Maximum Allowed	Conducted Power	Measurement SAR	Power	Scaling	Reported SAR over	SAR limit	Ref. Plot
Ch	MHz	timeslots)	Position	Power (dBm)	(dBm)	over 1g(W/kg)	drift	Factor	1g(W/kg)	1g (W/kg)	#
661	1880.0	GPRS (2)	Back	27.50	27.38	0.637	-0.09	1.03	0.656	1.60	4
661	1880.0	GPRS (2)	Front	27.50	27.38	0.556	-0.02	1.03	0.573	1.60	
661	1880.0	GPRS (2)	Left	27.50	27.38	0.598	-0.16	1.03	0.616	1.60	
661	1880.0	GPRS (2)	Right	27.50	27.38	0.483	-0.07	1.03	0.497	1.60	
661	1880.0	GPRS (2)	Bottom	27.50	27.38	0.617	-0.11	1.03	0.636	1.60	

Note: 1. The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

2.According to KDB447498, When the 1-g SAR for the mid-band channel, or the channel with highest output power satidfy the following conditions, testing of the other channels in the band is not required.

```
\leq0.8W/Kg and transmission band \leq100MHz;
```

 \leqslant 0.6W/Kg and 100MHz \leqslant transmission band \leqslant 200MHz;

 \leqslant 0.4W/Kg and transmission band >200MHz



SAR Values (WCDMA Band V-Head)

Test F	requency			Maximum	Conducted	Measurement			Reported	SAR	Ref.
Ch	MHz	Side	Test Position	Allowed Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	SAR over 1g(W/kg)	Power drift	Scaling Factor	SAR over 1g(W/kg)	limit 1g (W/kg)	Plot #
4182	836.40	Left	Touch	23.50	23.06	0.443	-0.08	1.11	0.492	1.60	5
4182	836.40	Left	Tilt	23.50	23.06	0.421	-0.09	1.11	0.467	1.60	
4182	836.40	Right	Touch	23.50	23.06	0.398	-0.11	1.11	0.442	1.60	
4182	836.40	Right	Tilt	23.50	23.06	0.387	-0.06	1.11	0.430	1.60	

SAR Values (WCDMABand V-Body)

Test	Frequency	Mode	_	Maximum	Conducted	Measurement	_		Reported	SAR	Ref.
Ch	MHz	(number of timeslots)	Test Position	Allowed Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	SAR over 1g(W/kg)	Power drift	Scaling Factor	SAR over 1g(W/kg)	limit 1g (W/kg)	Plot #
4182	836.40	RMC	Back	23.50	23.06	0.513	-0.03	1.11	0.569	1.60	6
4182	836.40	RMC	Front	23.50	23.06	0.468	-0.07	1.11	0.519	1.60	
4182	836.40	RMC	Left	23.50	23.06	0.498	-0.11	1.11	0.553	1.60	
4182	836.40	RMC	Right	23.50	23.06	0.413	-0.06	1.11	0.458	1.60	
4182	836.40	RMC	Bottom	23.50	23.06	0.492	-0.03	1.11	0.546	1.60	

Note: 1. The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

2.According to KDB447498, When the 1-g SAR for the mid-band channel, or the channel with highest output power satidfy the following conditions, testing of the other channels in the band is not required. $\leq 0.8W/Kg$ and transmission band $\leq 100MHz$;

 \leq 0.6W/Kg and 100MHz \leq transmission band \leq 200MHz;

 \leq 0.4W/Kg and transmission band >200MHz

SAR Values (WCDMA Band II -Head)

Test F	requency			Maximum	Conducted	Measurement			Reported	SAR	Ref.
Ch	MHz	Side	Test Position	Allowed Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	SAR over 1g(W/kg)	Power drift	Scaling Factor	SAR over 1g(W/kg)	limit 1g (W/kg)	Plot #
9400	1880.0	Left	Touch	23.50	23.11	0.375	-0.06	1.09	0.409	1.60	7
9400	1880.0	Left	Tilt	23.50	23.11	0.348	-0.11	1.09	0.379	1.60	
9400	1880.0	Right	Touch	23.50	23.11	0.318	-0.06	1.09	0.347	1.60	
9400	1880.0	Right	Tilt	23.50	23.11	0.309	-0.13	1.09	0.337	1.60	

SAR Values (WCDMA Band II -Body)

Test	Frequency	Mode		Maximum	Conducted	Measurement			Reported	SAR	Ref.
Ch	MHz	(number of timeslots)	Test Position	Allowed Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	SAR over 1g(W/kg)	Power drift	Scaling Factor	SAR over 1g(W/kg)	limit 1g (W/kg)	Plot #
9400	1880.0	RMC	Back	23.50	23.11	0.486	-0.06	1.09	0.530	1.60	8
9400	1880.0	RMC	Front	23.50	23.11	0.423	-0.08	1.09	0.461	1.60	
9400	1880.0	RMC	Left	23.50	23.11	0.463	-0.07	1.09	0.505	1.60	
9400	1880.0	RMC	Right	23.50	23.11	0.386	-0.13	1.09	0.421	1.60	
9400	1880.0	RMC	Bottom	23.50	23.11	0.457	-0.11	1.09	0.498	1.60	

Note: 1. The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

2.According to KDB447498, When the 1-g SAR for the mid-band channel, or the channel with highest output power satidfy the following conditions, testing of the other channels in the band is not required. $\leq 0.8W/Kg$ and transmission band $\leq 100MHz$;

 \leq 0.6W/Kg and 100MHz \leq transmission band \leq 200MHz;

 \leq 0.4W/Kg and transmission band >200MHz

SAR Values (WLAN2450-Head)
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Test F	Frequency			Maximum	Conducted	Measurement		['	Reported	SAR	Ref.
Ch	MHz	Side	Test Position	Allowed Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	SAR over 1g(W/kg)	Power drift	Scaling Factor	SAR over 1g(W/kg)	limit 1g (W/kg)	Plot #
2437	6	Left	Touch	13.50	13.21	0.223	-0.04	1.07	0.239	1.60	9
2437	6	Left	Tilt	13.50	13.21	0.214	-0.04	1.07	0.229	1.60	
2437	6	Right	Touch	13.50	13.21	0.187	-0.10	1.07	0.200	1.60	
2437	6	Right	Tilt	13.50	13.21	0.173	-0.05	1.07	0.185	1.60	



SAR Values (WLAN2450-Body)

Test I	Frequency	Mode		Maximum	Conducted	Measurement			Reported	SAR	Ref.
Ch	MHz	(number of timeslots)	Test Position	Allowed Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	SAR over 1g(W/kg)	Power drift	Scaling Factor	SAR over 1g(W/kg)	limit 1g (W/kg)	Plot #
2437	6	802.11b	Back	13.50	13.21	0.321	-0.07	1.07	0.343	1.60	10
2437	6	802.11b	Front	13.50	13.21	0.266	-0.06	1.07	0.285	1.60	
2437	6	802.11b	Left	13.50	13.21	0.294	-0.04	1.07	0.315	1.60	
2437	6	802.11b	Right	13.50	13.21	0.223	-0.04	1.07	0.239	1.60	
2437	6	802.11b	Тор	13.50	13.21	0.313	-0.10	1.07	0.335	1.60	

Note: 1. The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

2.According to KDB447498, When the 1-g SAR for the mid-band channel, or the channel with highest output power satidfy the following conditions, testing of the other channels in the band is not required. $\leq 0.8W/Kg$ and transmission band $\leq 100MHz$;

 \leq 0.6W/Kg and 100MHz \leq transmission band \leq 200MHz;

 \leq 0.4W/Kg and transmission band >200MHz

Repeated SAR Measurement:

SAR Values ((GSM850-Body)
Tost	

Test Frequency		Mode (number of	Test	Maximum Allowed	Conducted Power	Measurement SAR	Power	Scaling	Reported SAR over	SAR limit	Ref. Plot
Ch	MHz	timeslots)	Position	Power (dBm)	(dBm)	over 1g(W/kg)	drift	Factor	1g(W/kg)	1g (W/kg)	#
190	836.60	GPRS (2)	Back	31.00	30.95	0.854	-0.07	1.01	0.863	1.60	2
190	836.60	GPRS (2)	Front	31.00	30.95	0.805	-0.04	1.01	0.813	1.60	
190	836.60	GPRS (2)	Left	31.00	30.95	0.825	-0.09	1.01	0.833	1.60	
190	836.60	GPRS (2)	Right	31.00	30.95	0.694	-0.04	1.01	0.701	1.60	
190	836.60	GPRS (2)	Bottom	31.00	30.95	0.829	-0.08	1.01	0.837	1.60	

5.4. SAR Measurement Variability

SAR measurement variability must be assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media are required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures should be applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium. The following procedures are applied to determine if repeated measurements are required.

- Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is \geq 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

No.	Error Description	Туре	Uncertainty Value	Probably Distribution	Div.	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Std. Unc. (1g)	Std. Unc. (10g)	Degree of freedom	
Measureme	Measurement System										
1	Probe calibration	В	5.50%	Ν	1	1	1	5.50%	5.50%	8	
2	Axial isotropy	В	4.70%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.90%	1.90%	8	
3	Hemispherical isotropy	В	9.60%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	3.90%	3.90%	8	

5.5. Measurement Uncertainty (300MHz-3GHz)



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4	Boundary Effects	В	1.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.60%	0.60%	∞
5	Probe Linearity	В	4.70%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.70%	2.70%	~
6	Detection limit	В	1.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.60%	0.60%	∞
7	RF ambient conditions-noi se	В	0.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.00%	0.00%	8
8	RF ambient conditions-refl ection	В	0.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.00%	0.00%	œ
9	Response time	В	0.80%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.50%	0.50%	8
10	Integration time	В	5.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.90%	2.90%	8
11	RF ambient	В	3.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.70%	1.70%	8
12	Probe positioned mech. restrictions	В	0.40%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.20%	0.20%	8
13	Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	В	2.90%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.70%	1.70%	8
14	Max.SAR evalation	В	3.90%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.30%	2.30%	~
Test Sample			I.	I.		1				
15	Test sample positioning	А	1.86%	N	1	1	1	1.86%	1.86%	œ
16	Device holder uncertainty	А	1.70%	N	1	1	1	1.70%	1.70%	~
17	Drift of output power	В	5.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.90%	2.90%	∞
Phantom and	d Set-up									
18	Phantom uncertainty	В	4.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.30%	2.30%	8
19	Liquid conductivity (target)	В	5.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.80%	1.20%	8
20	Liquid conductivity (meas.)	A	0.50%	N	1	0.64	0.43	0.32%	0.26%	œ
21	Liquid permittivity (target)	В	5.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.80%	1.20%	8
22	Liquid cpermittivity (meas.)	A	0.16%	N	1	0.64	0.43	0.10%	0.07%	8
Combined standard uncertainty	$u_c = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{22} c_i^2 u_i}$	$\frac{2}{i}$	/	/	/	/	/	10.20%	10.00%	8
Expanded uncertainty (confidence interval of 95 %)	$u_e = 2u_c$		/	R	K=2	/	/	20.40%	20.00%	8



5.6. System Check Results

System Performance Check at 835 MHz Head

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d134

Date/Time: 15/10/2014 AM

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.92 S/m; ϵ_r = 41.53; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3842; ConvF(8.83, 8.83, 8.83); Calibrated: 06/06/2014;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 25/11/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15.00 mm, dy=15.00 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.58 mW/g

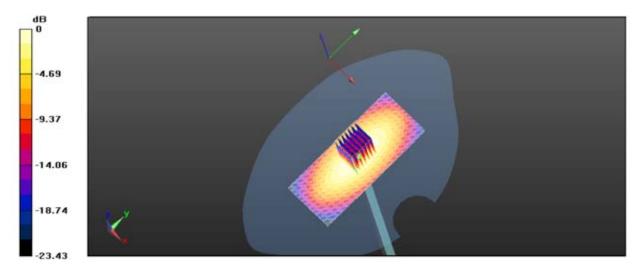
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 52.994 V/m; Power Drift = 0.082 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.542 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.32 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.48 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.59 mW/g



0 dB = 2.58 mW/g = 8.23 dB mW/g

System Performance Check 835MHz Head 250mW



System Performance Check at 835 MHz Body

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d134

Date/Time: 15/10/2014AM

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.96 S/m; ϵ_r = 55.95; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3842; ConvF(9.09, 9.09, 9.09); Calibrated: 06/06/2014;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 25/11/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15.00 mm, dy=15.00 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.15 mW/g

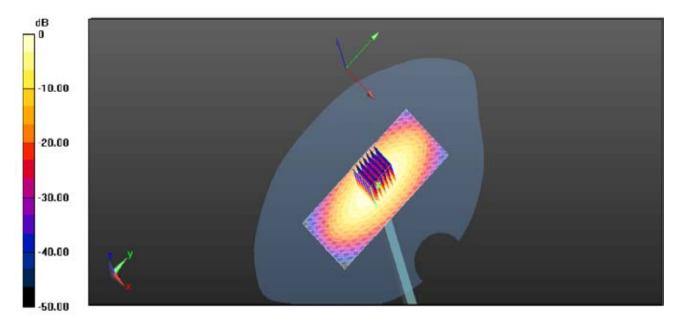
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 46.528 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.262 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.25 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.48 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.24 mW/g



0 dB = 3.24 mW/g = 11.24 dB mW/g

System Performance Check 835MHz Body 250mW



System Performance Check at 1900 MHz Head

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d150 Date/Time: 17/10/2014AM Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.45$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 39.83$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section DASY5 Configuration: Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3842; ConvF(7.55, 7.55, 7.55); Calibrated: 06/06/2014; Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 25/11/2013 Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM; Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469) **Area Scan (61x91x1):**Measurement grid: dx=15.00 mm, dy=15.00 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 10.65 W/kg

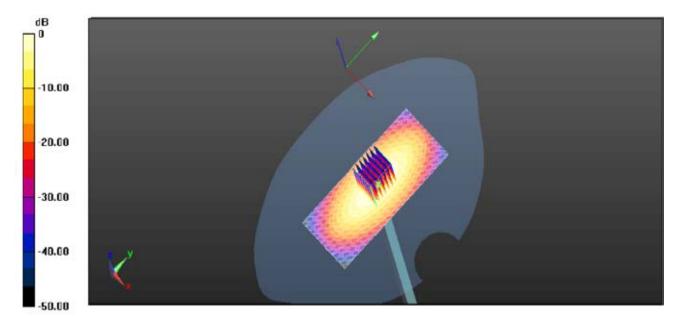
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 94.818 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 12.352 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.53 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.96 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.43 W/kg



0 dB = 12.43 W/kg = 20.55 dB W/kg



System Performance Check at 1900 MHz Body

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d150 Date/Time: 17/10/2014AM Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.49S/m; ϵ r =55.64; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section DASY5 Configuration: Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3842; ConvF(7.43, 7.43, 7.43); Calibrated: 06/06/2014; Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 25/11/2013 Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM; Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469) **Area Scan (61x91x1):**Measurement grid: dx=15.00 mm, dy=15.00 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.46 mW/g

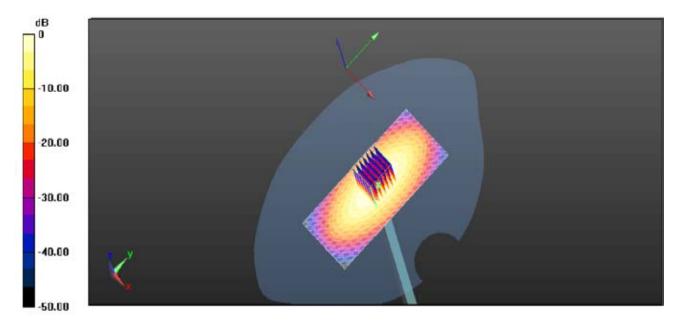
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 83.816 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.826 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.71 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.13 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.34 mW/g



0 dB = 16.34 mW/g = 24.35 dB mW/g

System Performance Check 1900MHz Body250mW



System Performance Check at 2450 MHz Head

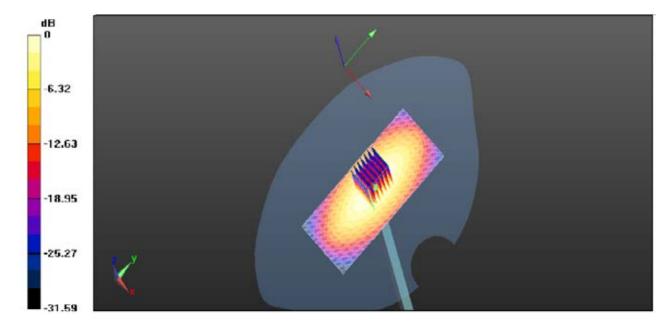
DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 884 Date/Time: 19/10/2014AM Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.74S/m; ε_r = 40.58; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section DASY5 Configuration: Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3842; ConvF(7.26, 7.26, 7.26); Calibrated: 06/06/2014; Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 25/11/2013 Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM; Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469) **Area Scan (61x91x1):**Measurement grid: dx=10.00 mm, dy=10.00 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 14.9 mW/g **Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 97.714 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.08 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 12.47 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.83 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.8 mW/g



0 dB = 14.9 mW/g = 23.46 dB mW/g

System Performance Check 2450MHz Head250mW



System Performance Check at 2450 MHz Body

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 884

Date/Time: 19/10/2014AM

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.98S/m; ϵ_r = 53.47; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3842; ConvF(6.93, 6.93, 6.93); Calibrated: 06/06/2014;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 25/11/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=10.00 mm, dy=10.00 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.15 mW/g

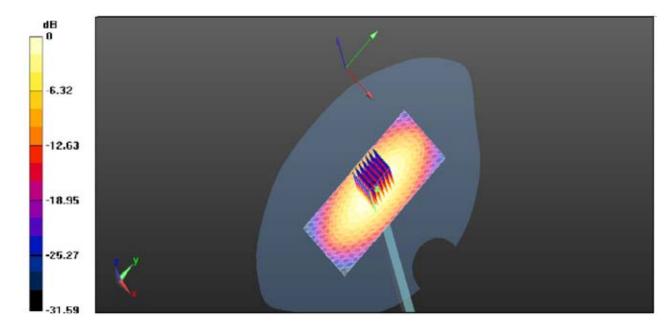
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 97.986 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.08 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 12.53 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.69 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.08 mW/g



0 dB = 16.08 mW/g = 24.67 dB mW/g

System Performance Check 2450MHz Body250mW



5.7. SAR Test Graph Results

GSM850 Left Head Touch Middle Channel

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:8.3

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz; σ = 0.93 S/m; ϵ_r = 42.55; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section : Left Head Section

Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3842; ConvF(8.83, 8.83, 8.83); Calibrated: 06/06/2014;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 25/11/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (81x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.50 mm, dy=1.50 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.847 W/kg

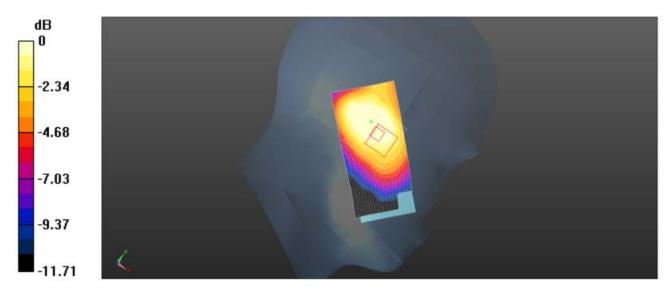
Zoom Scan (5x5x5)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.541 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.753 W/kg

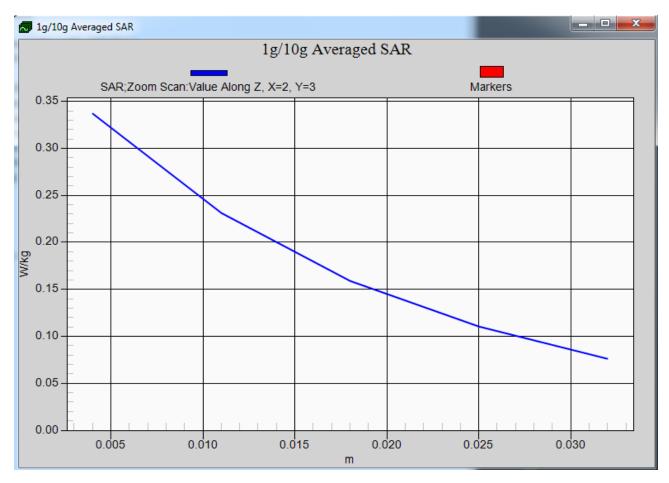
SAR(1 g) = 0.614 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.385 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.756 W/kg



Plot 1: Left Head Touch (GSM850 Middle Channel)





Z-Scan at power reference point- Left Head Tilt (GSM850 Middle Channel)



GSM850 GPRS 2TS Body Back Side Middle Channel

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:4

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz; σ = 0.94 S/m; ϵ_r = 55.13; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section : Body- worn

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3842; ConvF(9.09, 9.09, 9.09); Calibrated: 06/06/2014;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 25/11/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (81x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.50 mm, dy=1.50 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.923 W/kg

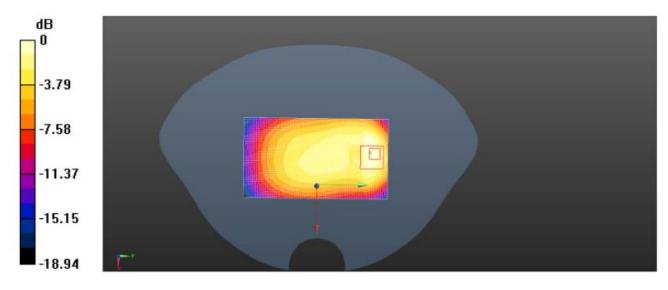
Zoom Scan (5x5x5)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.736 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.02 W/kg

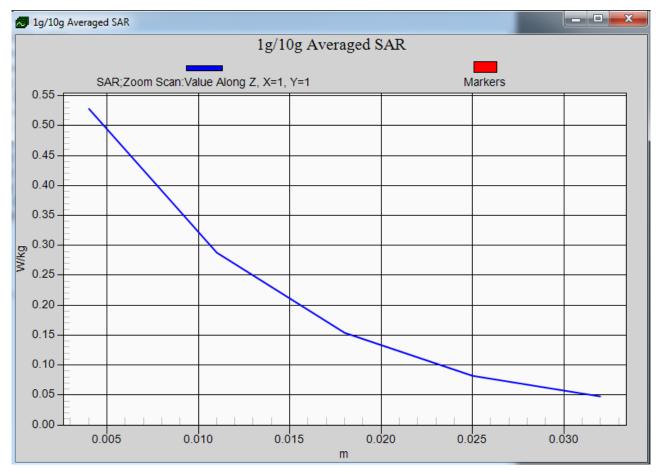
SAR(1 g) = 0.863 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.487 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.02 W/kg



Plot 2: Body BackSide (GSM850 GPRS 2TS Middle Channel)





Z-Scan at power reference point-Body Back Side (GSM850 GPRS 4TS Middle Channel)



PCS1900 Left Head Tilt Middle Channel

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 1880.0 MHz; Duty Cycle:1:8.3

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1880.0 MHz; σ = 1.38 S/m; ϵ_r = 40.90; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section : Left Head Section

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3842; ConvF(7.55, 7.55, 7.55); Calibrated: 06/06/2014;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 25/11/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (81x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.50 mm, dy=1.50 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) =0.682 W/kg

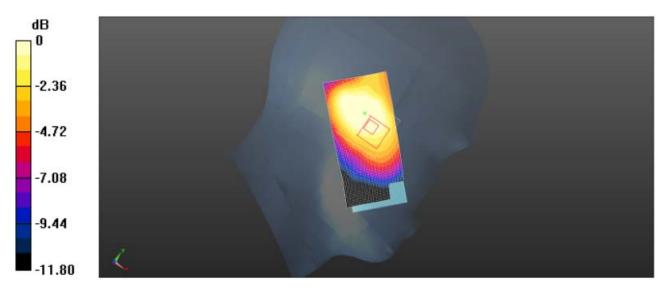
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.856 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.730 W/kg

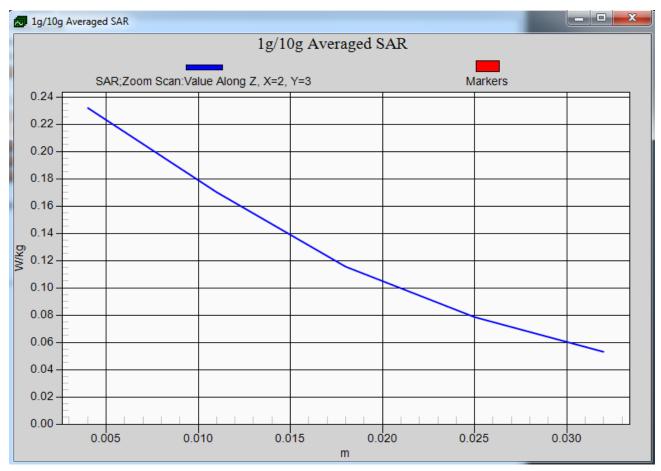
SAR(1 g) = 0.578 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.341 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.726 W/kg



Plot 3: Left Head Tilt (PCS1900 Middle Channel)





Z-Scan at power reference point- Left Head Touch (PCS1900 Middle Channel)



PCS1900 GPRS 2TS Body Back Side Middle Channel

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 1880.0 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:4

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1880.0 MHz; σ = 1.53 S/m; ϵ_r = 53.53; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section : Body- worn

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3842; ConvF(7.43, 7.43, 7.43); Calibrated: 06/06/2014;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 25/11/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (81x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.50 mm, dy=1.50 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) =0.835 W/kg

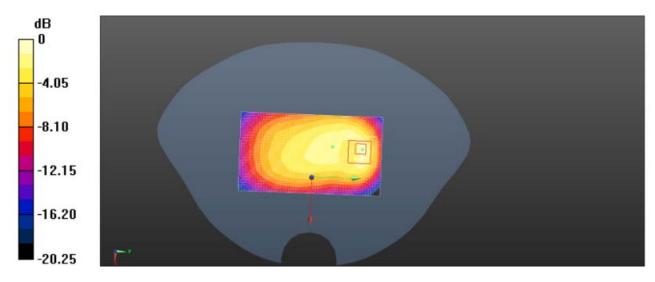
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.958 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.15 W/kg

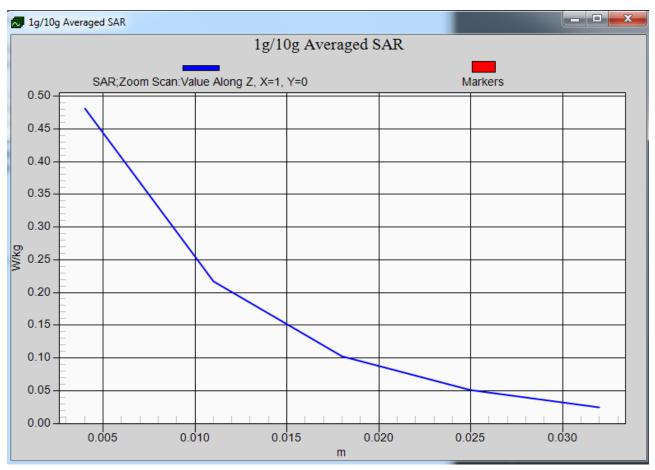
SAR(1 g) = 0.637 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.408 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.979 W/kg



Plot 4: Body Back Side (PCS1900 GPRS 2TS Middle Channel)





Z-Scan at power reference point- Body BackSide (PCS1900 GPRS 4TS Middle Channel)



WCDMA Band V Left Head Touch Middle Channel

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 836.4 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.4 MHz; σ = 0.90 S/m; ϵ_r = 42.02; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section : Left Head Section

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3842; ConvF(8.83, 8.83, 8.83); Calibrated: 06/06/2014;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 25/11/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (81x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.50 mm, dy=1.50 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.263 W/kg

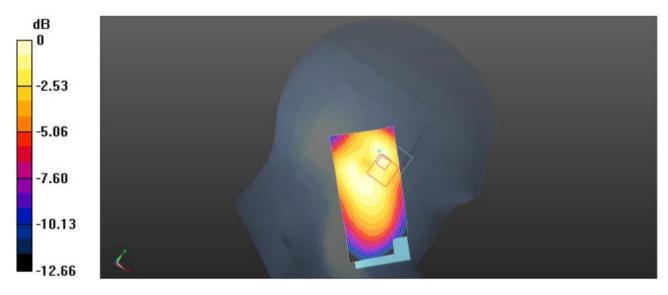
Zoom Scan (6x6x5)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.324 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.365 W/kg

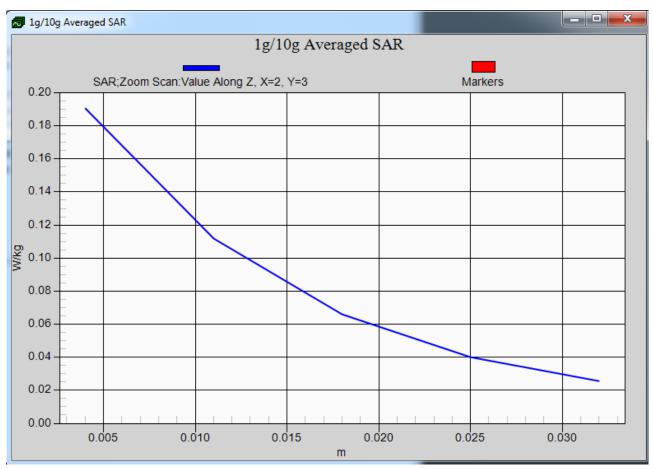
SAR(1 g) = 0.443 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.289 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.363 W/kg



Plot 5: Left Head Touch (WCDMA Band VMiddle Channel)





Z-Scan at power reference point- Left Head Touch (WCDMA Band VMiddle Channel)



WCDMA Band V RMC Body Back Side Middle Channel

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle:1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.4 MHz; σ = 0.95 S/m; ϵ_r = 55.52; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section : Body- worn

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3842; ConvF(9.09, 9.09, 9.09); Calibrated: 06/06/2014;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 25/11/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (81x101x1):Measurement grid: dx=1.50 mm, dy=1.50 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.547 W/kg

Zoom Scan (6x6x5)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.575 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.627 W/kg

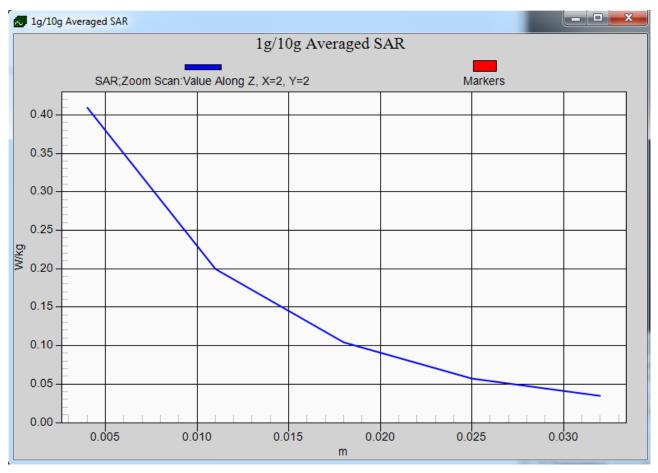
SAR(1 g) = 0.513 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.311 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.548 W/kg



Plot 6: Body BackSide (WCDMA Band VRMC Middle Channel)





Z-Scan at power reference point- Body BackSide (WCDMA Band VRMC Middle Channel)



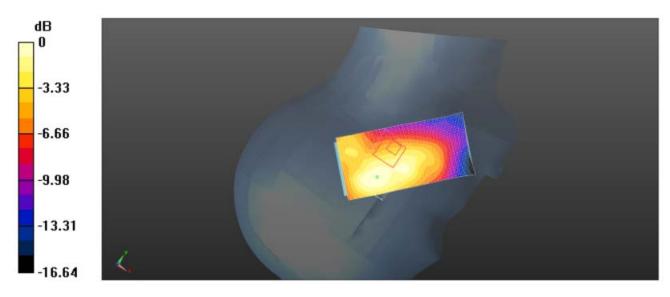
WCDMA Band II Left Head Touch Middle Channel

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 1880.0 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:1 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1880.0 MHz; σ = 1.37 S/m; ε_r = 40.12; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section : Right Head Section Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3842; ConvF(7.55, 7.55, 7.55); Calibrated: 06/06/2014; Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 25/11/2013 Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM; Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824) **Area Scan (81x101x1):**Measurement grid: dx=1.50 mm, dy=1.50 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.440 W/kg **Zoom Scan (6x6x5)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 4.634 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.524 W/kg

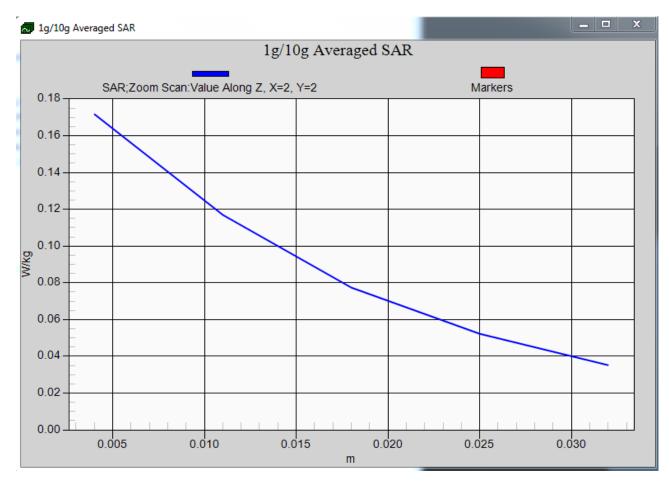
SAR(1 g) = 0.375 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.242 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.583 W/kg



Plot 7: Left Head Touch (WCDMA Band IIMiddle Channel)





Z-Scan at power reference point- Left Head Touch (WCDMA Band IIMiddle Channel)



WCDMA Band II RMC Body Back Side Middle Channel

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 1880.0 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1880.0 MHz; σ = 1.54 S/m; ϵ_r = 53.27; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section : Body- worn

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3842; ConvF(7.43, 7.43, 7.43); Calibrated: 06/06/2014;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 25/11/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (81x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.50 mm, dy=1.50 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.585 W/kg

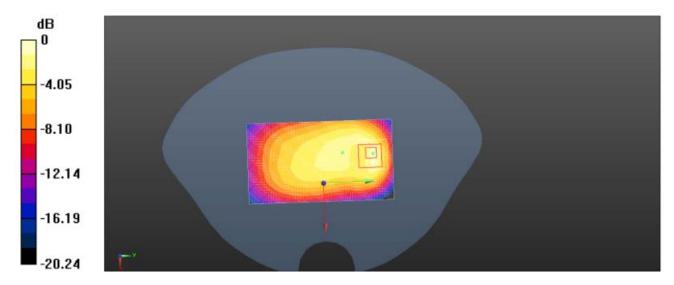
Zoom Scan (6x6x5)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.455 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.842 W/kg

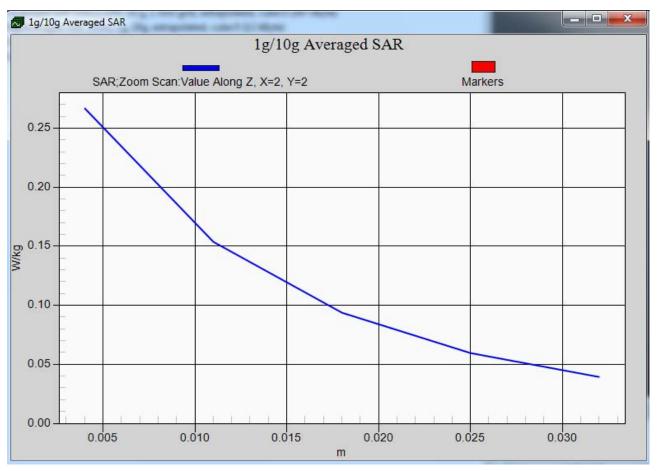
SAR(1 g) = 0.486 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.294 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.552 W/kg



Plot 8: Body BackSide (WCDMA Band II RMC Middle Channel)





Z-Scan at power reference point- Body BackSide (WCDMA Band IIRMC Middle Channel)



Left Head Touch (WLAN2450 Middle Channel)

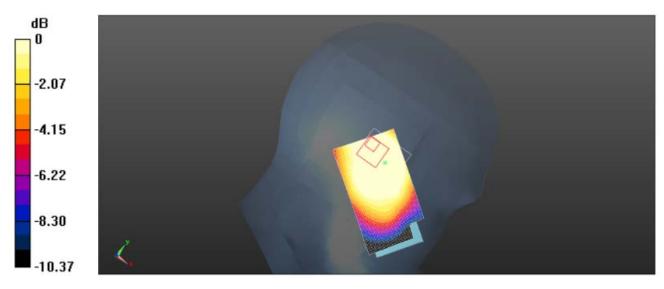
Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 2437.0 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:1 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f =2437.0 MHz; σ = 1.82S/m; ϵ_r = 38.80; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Left Head Section: Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3842; ConvF(7.26, 7.26, 7.26); Calibrated: 06/06/2014; Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 25/11/2013 Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM; Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824) **Area Scan (91x51x1):** Measurement grid: dx=1.50 mm, dy=1.50 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.372 W/kg **Zoom Scan (6x6x5)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.235 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.442 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.223 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.174 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.473 W/kg



Plot 9: Left Head Touch (WLAN2450 Middle Channel)



Body- worn Rear side (WLAN 802.11b Middle Channel)

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 2437.0 MHz;Duty Cycle:1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f =2437.0 MHz; σ = 1.82S/m; ϵ_r = 38.80; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section : Body- worn

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3842; ConvF(6.93, 6.93, 6.93); Calibrated: 06/06/2014;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 25/11/2013

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (61x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.50 mm, dy=1.50 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.542mW/g

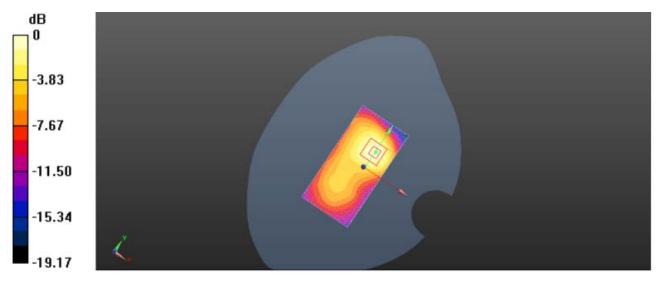
Zoom Scan (5x5x5)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.373 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.463 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.321 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.215 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.516 W/kg



Plot 10: Body- worn Rear side (WLAN802.11bMiddle Channel)



6. Calibration Certificate

6.1. Probe Calibration Ceriticate

ccredited by the Swiss Accredit the Swiss Accreditation Servic			io.: SCS 108
ultilateral Agreement for the			
lient CIQ-SZ (Aude)	n)	Certificate No:	EX3-3842_Jun13
ALIBRATION	CERTIFICATE		
Dbject	EX3DV4 - SN:38	42	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-01.v8, C Calibration proce	QA CAL-12.v7, QA CAL-23.v4, QA dure for dosimetric E-field probes	CAL-25.v4
Calibration date:	June 6, 2014		
The measurements and the unc	ertainties with confidence p	onal standards, which realize the physical units robability are given on the following pages and ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3) °C a	are part of the certificate.
The measurements and the unc	ertainties with confidence plucted in the closed laborator	robability are given on the following pages and	are part of the certificate.
The measurements and the unc All calibrations have been condu- Calibration Equipment used (M8	ertainties with confidence plucted in the closed laborator	robability are given on the following pages and	are part of the certificate.
The measurements and the unc	ertainties with confidence p ucted in the closed laborator &TE critical for calibration)	robability are given on the following pages and ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3) °C a	are part of the certificate. and humidity < 70%.
The measurements and the unc All calibrations have been condu- Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards	ertainties with confidence p ucted in the closed laborator &TE critical for calibration)	robability are given on the following pages and ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C a Cal Date (Certificate No.)	are part of the certificate. and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration
The measurements and the unc All calibrations have been condu- Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter E4419B	ertainties with confidence p ucted in the closed laborator &TE critical for calibration) ID GB41293874	robability are given on the following pages and ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C a Cal Date (Certificate No.) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733)	are part of the certificate. and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Apr-14
The measurements and the unc All calibrations have been condu- Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A	ertainties with confidence p ucted in the closed laborator &TE critical for calibration) ID GB41293874 MY41498087	robability are given on the following pages and ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C a Cal Date (Certificate No.) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733)	are part of the certificate. and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Apr-14 Apr-14
The measurements and the unc All calibrations have been condu- Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator	ertainties with confidence p ucted in the closed laborator &TE critical for calibration) ID GB41293874 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c)	cobability are given on the following pages and ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C a Cal Date (Certificate No.) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01737)	are part of the certificate. and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Apr-14 Apr-14 Apr-14
The measurements and the unc All calibrations have been condu- Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator	ID ID ID ID ID ID ID ID ID ID ID ID ID I	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01737) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01737) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01737)	are part of the certificate. and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Apr-14 Apr-14 Apr-14 Apr-14 Apr-14 Apr-14 Apr-14 Dec-13
The measurements and the unc All calibrations have been condu- Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator	ID ID ID ID ID ID ID ID ID ID ID ID ID I	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01737) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01737) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01737) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01737) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01735) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01735) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01738)	are part of the certificate. and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Apr-14 Apr-14 Apr-14 Apr-14 Apr-14 Apr-14
The measurements and the unc All calibrations have been condu- Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2	ID ID ID ID ID ID ID ID ID ID ID ID ID I	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01737) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01737) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01737) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01735) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01735) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01738) 28-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3013_Dec12)	are part of the certificate. and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Apr-14 Apr-14 Apr-14 Apr-14 Apr-14 Apr-14 Apr-14 Dec-13
The measurements and the unconstruction Equipment used (M8 Calibration Equipment used (M8 Primary Standards Power meter E44198 Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4	ID ID ID ID ID ID ID ID ID ID ID ID ID I	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01737) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01737) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01737) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01735) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01735) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01738) 28-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3013, Dec12) 31-Jan-13 (No. DAE4-660_Jan13)	are part of the certificate. and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Apr-14 Apr-14 Apr-14 Apr-14 Apr-14 Apr-14 Dec-13 Jan-14
The measurements and the unconstruction Equipment used (M8 Calibration Equipment used (M8 Primary Standards Power meter E44198 Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4 Secondary Standards	ID ID ID ID ID ISU ISU ISU ISU ISU ISU ISU ISU ISU ISU	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01737) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01737) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01737) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01735) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01736) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01738) 28-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3013_Dec12) 31-Jan-13 (No. DAE4-660_Jan13) Check Date (in house)	are part of the certificate. and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Apr-14 Apr-14 Apr-14 Apr-14 Apr-14 Apr-14 Apr-14 Dec-13 Jan-14 Scheduled Check
The measurements and the unco All calibrations have been condu- Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter E44198 Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4 Secondary Standards RF generator HP 8648C	ID ID ID ID ID ISU ISU ISU ISU ISU ISU ISU ISU ISU ISU	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01737) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01738) 28-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3013_Dec12) 31-Jan-13 (No. DAE4-660_Jan13) Check Date (in house) 4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13)	are part of the certificate. and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Apr-14 Apr-14 Apr-14 Apr-14 Apr-14 Apr-14 Dec-13 Jan-14 Scheduled Check In house check: Apr-15
The measurements and the unco All calibrations have been condu- Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter E44198 Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4 Secondary Standards RF generator HP 8648C	ertainties with confidence p acted in the closed laborator ATE critical for calibration) ID GB41293874 MY41498087 SN: S50547 (20x) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: 3013 SN: 3013 SN: 660 ID US3642U01700 US37390585	cal Date (Certificate No.) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01735) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01736) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01736) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01736) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01736) 04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01738) 28-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3013_Dec12) 31-Jan-13 (No. DAE4-660_Jan13) Check Date (in house) 4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-12)	are part of the certificate. and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Apr-14 Apr-14 Apr-14 Apr-14 Apr-14 Apr-14 Dec-13 Jan-14 Scheduled Check In house check: Apr-15 In house check: Oct-13

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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



SNIS

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Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage C Servizio svizzero di taratura S

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C, D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization φ	or rotation around probe axis
Polarization 9	ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement
- Techniques^{*}, December 2013 b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx, y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization & = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz; R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z; A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx, y.z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset. The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

Certificate No: EX3-3842_Jun13

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EX3DV4 - SN:3842

June 6, 2014

Probe EX3DV4

SN:3842

Manufactured: October 25, 2011 Repaired: Calibrated:

June 3, 2014 June 6, 2014

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems (Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

Cartificate No: EX3-3642, Jun13

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EX3DV4- SN:3842

June 6, 2014

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3842

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm (µV/(V/m) ²) ⁴	0.35	0.52	0.42	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ^B	104.7	100.4	100.5	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID Communication	System Name	A	B	C	D	VR	Ųnc ^t
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		dB	_ dBõV _	:	68	m¥	(k≖2)
0CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	132.3	±3.5 % ¹
	Y	0.0	, 0.0	1.0	i	T 167 7	— <u> </u>
	Z	0.0	00	10		147.6	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

The uncertainlies of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSU (see Pages 5 and 6).
 ⁹ Numerical lineanzation parameter - uncertainty not required.
 ⁹ Uncertainty is determined using the max, deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

Cartificate No: EX3-3842_Jun13

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EX3DV4- SN:3842

June 6, 2014

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3842

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ⁵	Conductivity (Sim)	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
450	43.5	0.87	10.00	10.00	10.00	0.15	1 10	± 13.4 %
835	41.5	0.91	8.83	8.83	8.83	0.28	1.07	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	8.78	8.78	8.78	0.32	1.00	± 12.0 %
1810	40.0	1.40	7.68	7.68	7.68	0.38	0.88	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	7.55	7.55	7.55	0.50	D.77	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	7.26	7.26	7.26	0.71	0 63	± 12.0 %

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

⁵ Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz or y applies for OASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvE uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.
¹ At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (s and o) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of Hssue parameters (s and it) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of hssue parameters (s and it) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvE uncertainty for indicated target lissue parameters.

Certificate No: EX3-3842_Jun13

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EX3DV4- SN.3842

June 6, 2014

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3842

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Dapth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
450	56.7	0.94	10.34	10.34	10.34	0.09	1.00	± 13.4 %
835	55.2	0.98	9.09	9.09	9.09	0.42	0.64	± 12.0 %
900	55.0	1.05	9.16	9,16	9.16	0.47	0.79	± 12.0 %
1810	53.3	1.52	7.7B	7.78	7.78	0.50	0.81	± 12.0 %
1900	53,3	1.52	7.43	7,43	7 43	0.29	1.07	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	6.93	8.93	6.93	0.80	0.59	± 12.0 %

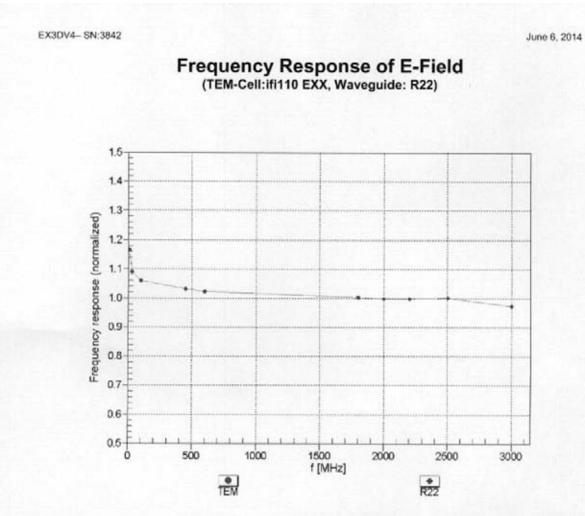
Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

¹ Frequency validity of + 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4 4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvE uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.
¹ At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of Lysun parameters (it and n) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to a set of the convE uncertainty in the indicated to a set of the compensation formula is applied to a set.

⁷ At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of Lssue parameters (*i* and *n*) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation form datis applied to measured SAR values. At Prequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (*i* and *π*) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvE uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

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Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

Certificate No: EX3-3842_Jun13

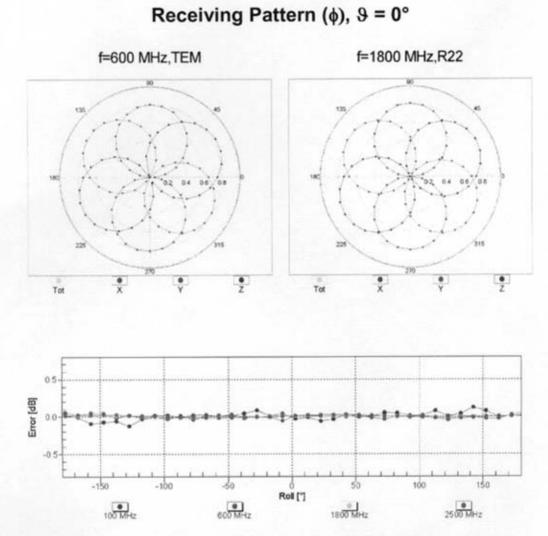
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EX3DV4-- SN:3842

June 6, 2014



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

Certificate No: EX3-3842_Jun13

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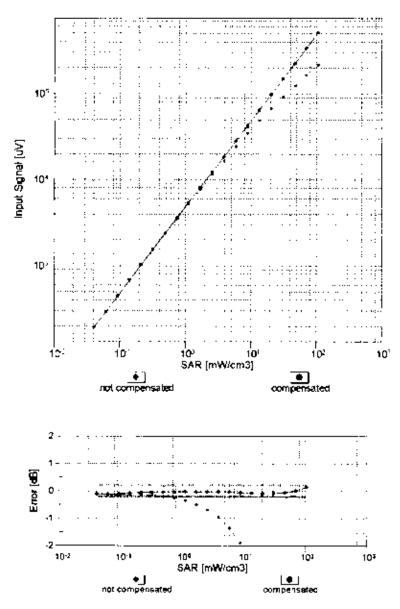


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EX3DV4- SN.3842

June 6, 2014

Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (TEM cell , f = 900 MHz)



Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

Certificate No. EX3-3842 Jun13

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June 6, 2014 EX3DV4- SN:3842 **Conversion Factor Assessment** f = 1810 MHz WGLS R22 (H_convF) f = 900 MHz, WGLS R9 (H_convF) 20 35 2.0 ANDSAN JANS WIDWAY 1993 11 15 1.0 10 •1 Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid Error (\, \), f = 900 MHz 1.0 8.0 0.6 0.4 0.2 0.0 -0.2 0.4 -0.4 -0.6 B.0--1.0 0 45 90 135 +10001 180 225 60 50 270 20 30 40 y [dag] 315 10 0 -10 -0.8 -0.6 -0.4 -0.2 0.0 0.2 0.4 0.6 0.5 1.0 Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

Certificate No: EX3-3842_Jun13

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EX3DV4- SN:3842

June 6, 2014

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3842

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	-117.4
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	2 mm



6.2. D835V2 Dipole Calibration Ceriticate

Client CIQ SZ (A	uden)	Certificate No: J13-2-3049	101110110
CALIBRATION C	ERTIFICATE		
Object	D835V2 -	SN: 4d134	
Calibration Procedure(s)	TMC-OS-	E-02-194	
		n procedure for dipole validation kits	
Calibration date:	December	13, 2013	
given on the following page	es and are part of the	its and the uncertainties with confidence pro e certificate. losed laboratory facility: environment tempera	
All calibrations have been and humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment use	es and are part of the conducted in the conducted in the conducted in the conducted in the conducted for conducted	e certificate. losed laboratory facility: environment tempera calibration)	ature(22±3)1
All calibrations have been and humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment use	es and are part of the conducted in the conducted in the conducted in the conducted in the conducted for conducted	e certificate. losed laboratory facility: environment tempera calibration)	ature(22±3)1 d Calibratio
All calibrations have been and humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment use Primary Standards	es and are part of the conducted in the c d (M&TE critical for c ID # Cal Date	e certificate. losed laboratory facility: environment tempera calibration) calibrated by, Certificate No.) Scheduled	ature(22±3)1 d Calibratio Sep-14
All calibrations have been and humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment use Primary Standards Power Meter NRVD	es and are part of the conducted in the c d (M&TE critical for c ID # Cal Date 102083 100595	e certificate. losed laboratory facility: environment tempera calibration) e(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) Scheduled 11-Sep-13 (TMC, No.JZ13-443)	ature(22±3)1 d Calibratio
All calibrations have been and humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment use Primary Standards Power Meter NRVD Power sensor NRV-Z5 Reference Probe ES3DV DAE4	a conducted in the c d (M&TE critical for o ID # Cal Date 102083 100595 3 SN 3149 SN 777	e certificate. losed laboratory facility: environment tempera calibration) (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) Scheduled 11-Sep-13 (TMC, No.JZ13-443) 11-Sep-13 (TMC, No. JZ13-443) 5- Sep-13 (SPEAG, No.ES3-3149_Sep13) 22-Feb-13 (SPEAG, DAE4-777_Feb13)	d Calibratio Sep-14 Sep-14 Sep-14 Feb-14
All calibrations have been and humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment use Primary Standards Power Meter NRVD Power sensor NRV-Z5 Reference Probe ES3DV DAE4 Signal Generator E4438	es and are part of the conducted in the c d (M&TE critical for o ID # Cal Date 102083 100595 3 SN 3149 SN 777 8C MY49070393	e certificate. losed laboratory facility: environment tempera calibration) (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) Scheduled 11-Sep-13 (TMC, No.JZ13-443) 11-Sep-13 (TMC, No.JZ13-443) 5- Sep-13 (SPEAG, No.ES3-3149_Sep13) 22-Feb-13 (SPEAG, DAE4-777_Feb13) 13-Nov-13 (TMC, No.JZ13-394)	d Calibratio Sep-14 Sep-14 Sep-14 Feb-14 Nov-14
All calibrations have been and humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment use Primary Standards Power Meter NRVD Power sensor NRV-Z5 Reference Probe ES3DV DAE4	es and are part of the conducted in the c d (M&TE critical for o ID # Cal Date 102083 100595 3 SN 3149 SN 777 8C MY49070393	e certificate. losed laboratory facility: environment tempera calibration) (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) Scheduled 11-Sep-13 (TMC, No.JZ13-443) 11-Sep-13 (TMC, No. JZ13-443) 5- Sep-13 (SPEAG, No.ES3-3149_Sep13) 22-Feb-13 (SPEAG, DAE4-777_Feb13)	d Calibratio Sep-14 Sep-14 Sep-14 Feb-14
All calibrations have been and humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment use Primary Standards Power Meter NRVD Power sensor NRV-Z5 Reference Probe ES3DV DAE4 Signal Generator E4438 Network Analyzer E83628	es and are part of the conducted in the c d (M&TE critical for o ID # Cal Date 102083 100595 3 SN 3149 SN 777 8C MY49070393	e certificate. losed laboratory facility: environment tempera calibration) (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) Scheduled 11-Sep-13 (TMC, No.JZ13-443) 11-Sep-13 (TMC, No.JZ13-443) 5- Sep-13 (SPEAG, No.ES3-3149_Sep13) 22-Feb-13 (SPEAG, DAE4-777_Feb13) 13-Nov-13 (TMC, No.JZ13-394) 19-Oct-13 (TMC, No.JZ13-278)	d Calibratio Sep-14 Sep-14 Sep-14 Feb-14 Nov-14
All calibrations have been and humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment use Primary Standards Power Meter NRVD Power sensor NRV-Z5 Reference Probe ES3DV DAE4 Signal Generator E4438 Network Analyzer E83628	es and are part of the conducted in the c d (M&TE critical for o ID # Cal Date 102083 100595 3 SN 3149 SN 777 3C MY49070393 B MY43021135	e certificate. losed laboratory facility: environment tempera calibration) (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) Scheduled 11-Sep-13 (TMC, No.JZ13-443) 11-Sep-13 (TMC, No.JZ13-443) 5- Sep-13 (SPEAG, No.ES3-3149_Sep13) 22-Feb-13 (SPEAG, DAE4-777_Feb13) 13-Nov-13 (TMC, No.JZ13-394) 19-Oct-13 (TMC, No.JZ13-278)	d Calibratio Sep-14 Sep-14 Sep-14 Feb-14 Nov-14 Oct-14
All calibrations have been and humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment use Primary Standards Power Meter NRVD Power sensor NRV-Z5 Reference Probe ES3DV DAE4 Signal Generator E4438	es and are part of the conducted in the c d (M&TE critical for o ID # Cal Date 102083 100595 3 SN 3149 SN 777 3C MY49070393 B MY43021135	e certificate. losed laboratory facility: environment tempera calibration) (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) Scheduled 11-Sep-13 (TMC, No.JZ13-443) 11-Sep-13 (TMC, No.JZ13-443) 5- Sep-13 (SPEAG, No.ES3-3149_Sep13) 22-Feb-13 (SPEAG, DAE4-777_Feb13) 13-Nov-13 (TMC, No.JZ13-394) 19-Oct-13 (TMC, No.JZ13-278) Function S	d Calibratio Sep-14 Sep-14 Sep-14 Feb-14 Nov-14 Oct-14

Certificate No: J13-2-3049

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Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300MHz to 3GHz)", February 2005
- c) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms
 oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	52.8.7.1137
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Twin Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.5	0.90 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	41.7 ± 6 %	0.88 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.38 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.66 mW /g ± 20.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.55 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.27 mW /g ± 20.4 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.2	0.97 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) *C	56.3 ± 6 %	0.97 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	<0.5 °C		(

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.32 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.36 mW /g ± 20.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.54 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.20 mW /g ± 20.4 % (k=2)

Certificate No: J13-2-3049





Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.5Ω + 3.14jΩ	
Return Loss	- 28.1dB	

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.2Ω + 2.90jΩ	
Return Loss	- 30.4dB	

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.241 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG





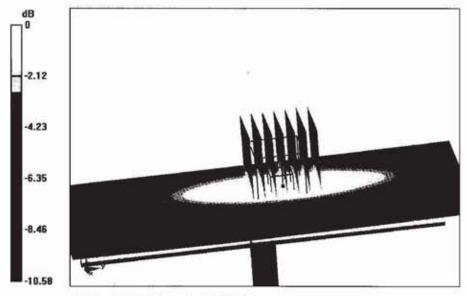
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.884 mho/m; ϵ r = 41.65; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3149; ConvF(6.21,6.21,6.21); Calibrated: 2013/9/5
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn777; Calibrated: 22/2/2013
- Phantom: SAM 1186;Type: QD000P40CC;
- Measurement SW: DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 48.581 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.57 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 2.38 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.55 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.80 W/kg



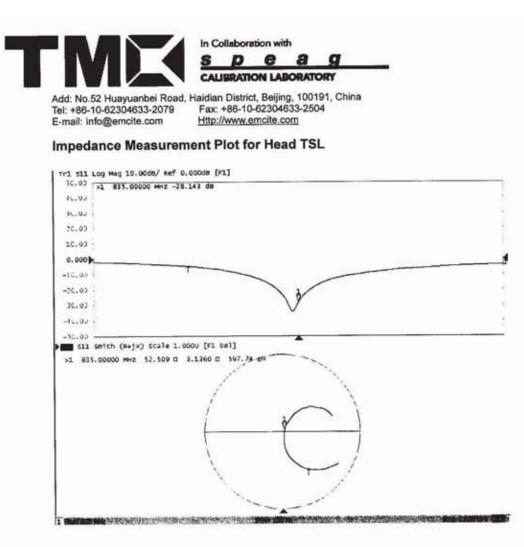
0 dB = 2.80 W/kg = 4.47 dBW/kg

Certificate No: J13-2-3049

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Date: 12.11.2013





Certificate No: J13-2-3049

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DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL Test Laboratory: TMC, Beijing, China

Date: 12.13.2013

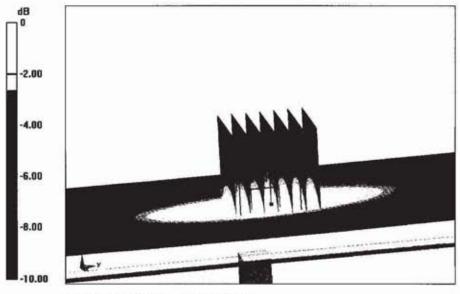
DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d134 Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.965 mho/m; εr = 56.32; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3149; ConvF(5.98,5.98,5.98); Calibrated: 2013/9/5
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn777; Calibrated: 22/2/2013
- Phantom: SAM 1186;Type: QD000P40CC;
- Measurement SW: DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 52.271 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.38 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 2.32 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.54 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.69 W/kg



0 dB = 2.69 W/kg = 4.30 dBW/kg

Certificate No: J13-2-3049

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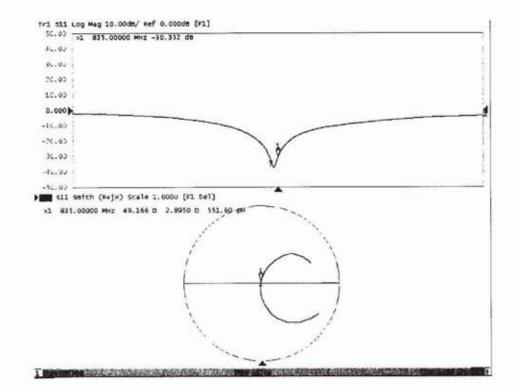




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Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



Certificate No: J13-2-3049



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6.3. D1900V2 Dipole CalibrationCeritica

Tel: +86-10-62304633-2 E-mail: Info@emcite.co	m <u>Http://www.em</u>	cate.com	校准 CNASL04
Client CIQ SZ (A	uden)	Certificate No: J13-2-3052	
CALIBRATION C	ERTIFICATE		
Object	D1900V2	- SN: 5d150	
Calibration Procedure(s)	TMC-OS-	E-02-194	
		procedure for dipole validation kits	
Calibration date:	December	12, 2013	
		ts and the uncertainties with confidence pro	bability are
given on the following page All calibrations have been and humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment use	es and are part of the conducted in the	e certificate. losed laboratory facility: environment tempera calibration)	ture(22±3)℃
given on the following page All calibrations have been and humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment use Primary Standards	es and are part of the conducted in the cl d (M&TE critical for c iD # Cal Date	e certificate. losed laboratory facility: environment tempera calibration) (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) Scheduled	iture(22±3)℃ I Calibration
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given on the following page All calibrations have been and humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment use Primary Standards Power Meter NRVD Power sensor NRV-Z5	es and are part of the conducted in the	e certificate. losed laboratory facility: environment tempera calibration) (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) Scheduled 11-Sep-13 (TMC, No.JZ13-443) 11-Sep-13 (TMC, No. JZ13-443)	ture(22±3)℃ Calibration Sep-14 Sep -14
aiven on the following page All calibrations have been and humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment use Primary Standards Power Meter NRVD Power sensor NRV-Z5 Reference Probe ES3DV	es and are part of the conducted in the cl d (M&TE critical for c ID # Cal Date 102083 100595 3 SN 3149	e certificate. losed laboratory facility: environment tempera calibration) (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) Scheduled 11-Sep-13 (TMC, No.JZ13-443) 11-Sep-13 (TMC, No.JZ13-443) 5- Sep-13 (SPEAG, No.ES3-3149_Sep13)	Calibration Sep-14 Sep-14 Sep-14
given on the following page All calibrations have been and humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment use Primary Standards Power Meter NRVD Power sensor NRV-Z5 Reference Probe ES3DV DAE4	es and are part of the conducted in the cl d (M&TE critical for c ID # Cal Date 102083 100595 3 SN 3149 SN 777	e certificate. losed laboratory facility: environment tempera calibration) (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) Scheduled 11-Sep-13 (TMC, No.JZ13-443) 11-Sep-13 (TMC, No. JZ13-443) 5- Sep-13 (SPEAG, No.ES3-3149_Sep13) 22-Feb-13 (SPEAG, DAE4-777_Feb13)	Calibration Sep-14 Sep-14 Sep-14 Feb-14
given on the following page All calibrations have been and humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment use Primary Standards Power Meter NRVD Power sensor NRV-Z5 Reference Probe ES3DV	es and are part of the conducted in the cl d (M&TE critical for c ID # Cal Date 102083 100595 3 SN 3149 SN 777 3C MY49070393	e certificate. losed laboratory facility: environment tempera calibration) (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) Scheduled 11-Sep-13 (TMC, No.JZ13-443) 11-Sep-13 (TMC, No.JZ13-443) 5- Sep-13 (SPEAG, No.ES3-3149_Sep13)	Calibration Sep-14 Sep-14 Sep-14
given on the following page All calibrations have been and humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment use Primary Standards Power Meter NRVD Power sensor NRV-Z5 Reference Probe ES3DV DAE4 Signal Generator E4438	es and are part of the conducted in the cl d (M&TE critical for c ID # Cal Date 102083 100595 3 SN 3149 SN 777 3C MY49070393	e certificate. losed laboratory facility: environment tempera calibration) (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) Scheduled 11-Sep-13 (TMC, No.JZ13-443) 11-Sep-13 (TMC, No.JZ13-443) 5- Sep-13 (SPEAG, No.ES3-3149_Sep13) 22-Feb-13 (SPEAG, DAE4-777_Feb13) 13-Nov-13 (TMC, No.JZ13-394) 19-Oct-13 (TMC, No.JZ13-278)	Calibration Sep-14 Sep-14 Sep-14 Feb -14 Nov-14
given on the following page All calibrations have been and humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment use Primary Standards Power Meter NRVD Power sensor NRV-Z5 Reference Probe ES3DV DAE4 Signal Generator E4438 Network Analyzer E83621	es and are part of the conducted in the cl d (M&TE critical for cl ID # Cal Date 102083 100595 3 SN 3149 SN 777 3C MY49070393 B MY43021135	e certificate. losed laboratory facility: environment tempera calibration) (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) Scheduled 11-Sep-13 (TMC, No.JZ13-443) 11-Sep-13 (TMC, No.JZ13-443) 5- Sep-13 (SPEAG, No.ES3-3149_Sep13) 22-Feb-13 (SPEAG, DAE4-777_Feb13) 13-Nov-13 (TMC, No.JZ13-394) 19-Oct-13 (TMC, No.JZ13-278)	Calibration Sep-14 Sep-14 Sep-14 Feb-14 Nov-14 Oct-14
given on the following page All calibrations have been and humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment use Primary Standards Power Meter NRVD Power sensor NRV-Z5 Reference Probe ES3DV DAE4 Signal Generator E4438	as and are part of the conducted in the cl d (M&TE critical for cl ID # Cal Date 102083 100595 3 SN 3149 SN 777 3C MY49070393 B MY43021135 Name	e certificate. losed laboratory facility: environment tempera calibration) (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) Scheduled 11-Sep-13 (TMC, No.JZ13-443) 11-Sep-13 (TMC, No.JZ13-443) 5- Sep-13 (SPEAG, No.ES3-3149_Sep13) 22-Feb-13 (SPEAG, DAE4-777_Feb13) 13-Nov-13 (TMC, No.JZ13-394) 19-Oct-13 (TMC, No.JZ13-278) Function S	Calibration Sep-14 Sep-14 Sep-14 Feb-14 Nov-14 Oct-14

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Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300MHz to 3GHz)", February 2005
- c) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

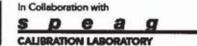
The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	52.8.7.1137
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Twin Phantom	170
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1900 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.0	1.40 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	38.9 ± 6 %	1.42 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.71 mW/g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	38.3 mW /g ± 20.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.08 mW/g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	20.2 mW /g ± 20.4 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	53.3	1.52 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	53.7 ± 6 %	1.53 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	<0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.98 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	39.9 mW /g ± 20.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.26 mW/g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.0 mW /g ± 20.4 % (k=2)





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Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.3Ω+ 3.17jΩ	
Return Loss	- 30.0dB	

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.8Ω+ 3.92jΩ
Return Loss	- 27.7dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.048 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

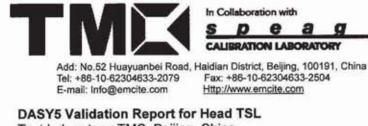
The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG





Date: 12.12.2013

Test Laboratory: TMC, Beijing, China **DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d150** Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.416 mho/m; εr = 38.91; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

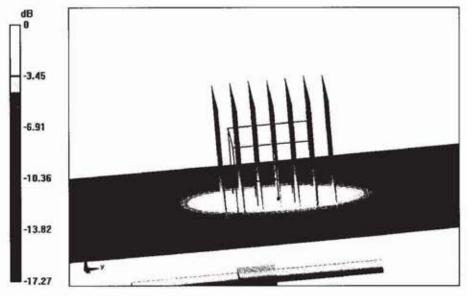
Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3149; ConvF(5.06,5.06,5.06); Calibrated: 2013/9/5
- · Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn777; Calibrated: 22/2/2013
- Phantom: SAM 1186; Type: QD000P40CC;
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 90.054 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.9 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 9.71 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.08 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.8 W/kg



0 dB = 11.8 W/kg = 10.72 dBW/kg

Certificate No: J13-2-3052

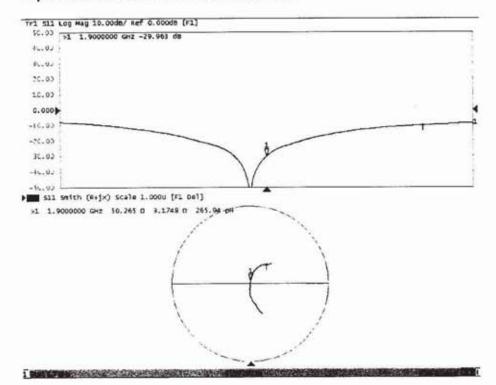
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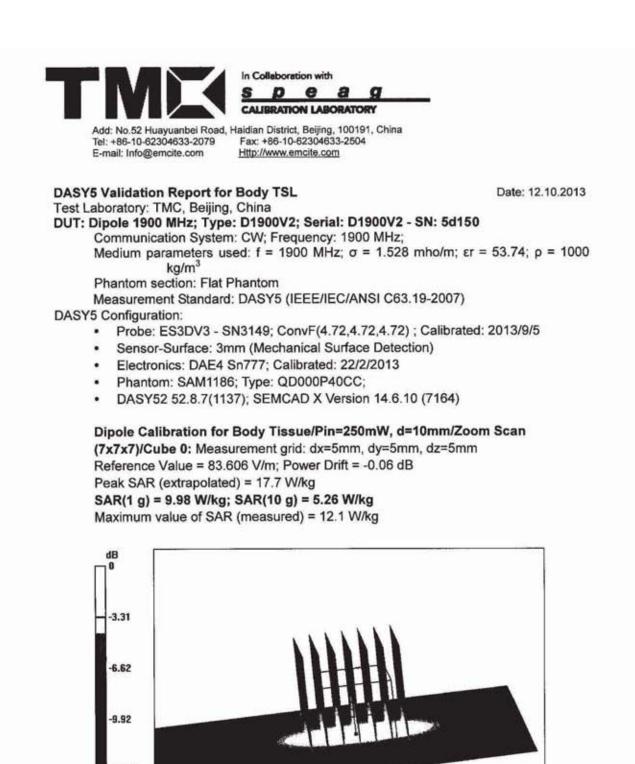
Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



Certificate No: J13-2-3052

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Certificate No: J13-2-3052

13.23

-16.54

-9

0 dB = 12.1 W/kg = 10.83 dBW/kg

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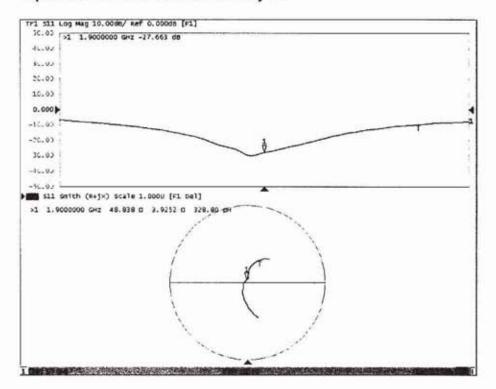




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Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL





6.4. D2450V2 Dipole Calibration Ceriticate

vanbei Road, Haidian Dis 1633-2079 Fax: +86 ite.com <u>Http://ww</u> 27 (Auden) N CERTIFICA D2450 (s) TMC-0 Calibra Decen icate documents the	0V2 - SN: 884 OS-E-02-194 ration procedure for dipole validation kits mber 11, 2013 e traceability to national standards, which realize the physic ements and the uncertainties with confidence probability a
IG33-2079 Fax: +86 Http://www IZ (Auden) IN CERTIFICA D2450 (5) TMC-0 Calibra Decen icate documents the ts(SI). The measured	Instrict, Beijing, 100191, China 6-10-62304633-2504 ww.emcite.com Certificate No: J13-2-3053 TE 0V2 - SN: 884 OS-E-02-194 ration procedure for dipole validation kits mber 11, 2013 e traceability to national standards, which realize the physic ements and the uncertainties with confidence probability a
ite.com <u>Http://ww</u> Z (Auden) N CERTIFICA D2450 (s) TMC-0 Calibra Decen icate documents the ts(SI). The measure	CNAS LO Certificate No: J13-2-3053 TE OV2 - SN: 884 OS-E-02-194 ration procedure for dipole validation kits mber 11, 2013 e traceability to national standards, which realize the physic ements and the uncertainties with confidence probability a
(S) TMC-C Calibra Decen icate documents the ts(SI). The measure	Certificate No: J13-2-3053 TE 0V2 - SN: 884 OS-E-02-194 ration procedure for dipole validation kits mber 11, 2013 e traceability to national standards, which realize the physic ements and the uncertainties with confidence probability a
(S) TMC-C Calibra Decen icate documents the ts(SI). The measure	0V2 - SN: 884 OS-E-02-194 ration procedure for dipole validation kits mber 11, 2013 e traceability to national standards, which realize the physic ements and the uncertainties with confidence probability a
(s) TMC-(Calibra Decen icate documents the ts(SI). The measure	OS-E-02-194 ration procedure for dipole validation kits mber 11, 2013 e traceability to national standards, which realize the physic ements and the uncertainties with confidence probability a
Calibra Decen icate documents the ts(SI). The measure	ration procedure for dipole validation kits mber 11, 2013 e traceability to national standards, which realize the physic ements and the uncertainties with confidence probability a
Calibra Decen icate documents the ts(SI). The measure	ration procedure for dipole validation kits mber 11, 2013 e traceability to national standards, which realize the physic ements and the uncertainties with confidence probability a
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t used (M&TE critical	
ID # Cal D	Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) Scheduled Calibration
0 102083	11-Sep-13 (TMC, No.JZ13-443) Sep-14
-Z5 100595	11-Sep-13 (TMC, No. JZ13-443) Sep -14
3DV3 SN 3149 SN 777	5- Sep-13 (SPEAG, No.ES3-3149_Sep13) Sep-14
4438C MY490703	22-Feb-13 (SPEAG, DAE4-777_Feb13) Feb -14 393 13-Nov-13 (TMC, No.JZ13-394) Nov-14
362B MY430211	
Name	Function Signature
Zhao Jing	SAR Test Engineer
	SAR Project Leader
Qi Dianyuan	

Certificate No: J13-2-3053

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Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300MHz to 3GHz)", February 2005
- c) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: J13-2-3053

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In Collaboration with s P e g а CALIBRATION LABORATORY

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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	52.8.7.1137
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Twin Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

- H -	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	39.0 ± 6 %	1.82 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.0 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	51.7 mW /g ± 20.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.05 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.1 mW /g ± 20.4 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.7	1.95 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	52.8 ± 6 %	1.94 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	<0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	12.9 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	51.8 mW /g ± 20.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.98 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.0 mW /g ± 20.4 % (k=2)





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Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	46.8Ω+ 3.76jΩ	
Return Loss	- 25.9dB	

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	55.2Ω+ 2.38jΩ
Return Loss	- 25.4dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.199 ns

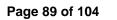
After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
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DASY5 V	alidation Report for aratory: TMC, Beijin	for Head TSL	Date: 12.10.2013
DUT: Dip	ole 2450 MHz; Ty	pe: D2450V2; Serial: D2450	V2 - SN: 884
Co	mmunication Syste	em: CW; Frequency: 2450 MH	+z
ka/	m ³ m ³	used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.8$	817 mho/m; εr = 38.96; ρ = 1000
	antom section: Fla	t Section	
Me	asurement Standa	ard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C	(63.19-2007)
DASY5 C	onfiguration:		
•		SN3149; ConvF(4.48,4.48,4.	
:		3mm (Mechanical Surface De 4 Sn777; Calibrated: 22/2/201	
		593; Type: QD000P40CC;	3
		1137); SEMCAD X Version 14.	6.10 (7164)
		SAR(10 g) = 6.05 W/kg AR (measured) = 16.2 W/kg	
	ximum value of SA		
Ма			
Ма		1111	
Ма			
Ma	3 L47		
Ma			
Ma	3 L47		
Ma 0 -4	3 L47		
Ma 0 -4	3 1.47 1.94		

0 dB = 16.2 W/kg = 12.10 dBW/kg

Certificate No: J13-2-3053

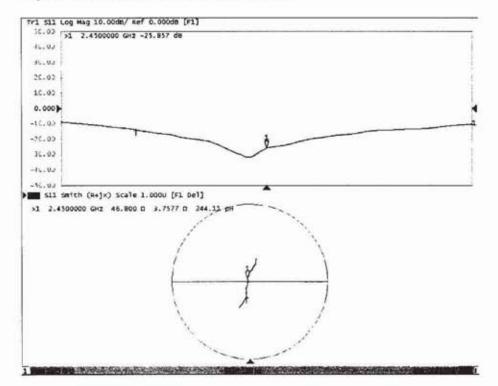
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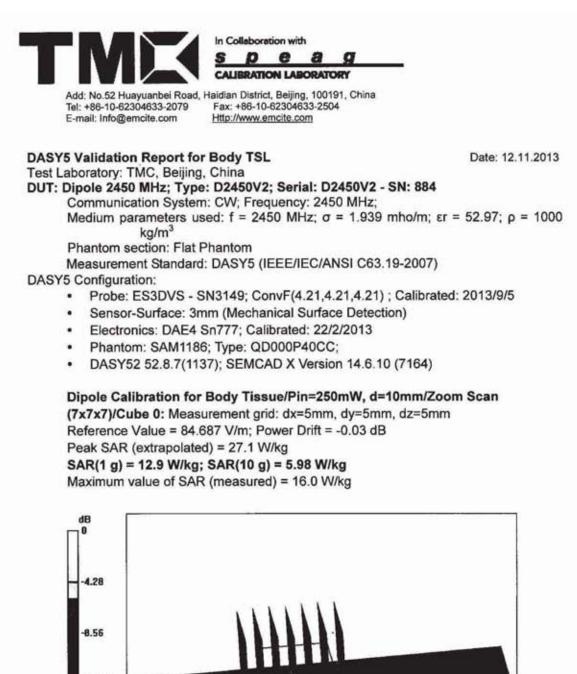
Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



Certificate No: J13-2-3053

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-12.84 -17.12 -21.40 0 dB = 16.0 W/kg = 12.04 dBW/kg

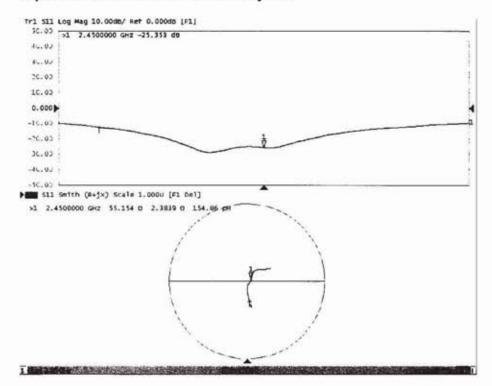
Certificate No: J13-2-3053

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Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



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6.5. DAE4 Calibration Ceriticate

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Client : CIQ	SZ (Auden)		Certificate	No: J13-2-3048	3
CALIBRATION	CERTIFIC	ATE		中于如何	
Object	DAE	54 - SN: 1315			
Calibration Procedure(s)	тмс	C-OS-E-01-198			
		bration Procedure for the	Data Acquisi	ition Electronics	
Calibration date:	Nov	ember 25, 2013			
pages and are part of the	measurements a a certificate.	ne traceability to national and the uncertainties with co in the closed laboratory	onfidence proba	ability are given or	n the following
pages and are part of the All calibrations have be humidity<70%.	measurements a a certificate. een conducted i	ind the uncertainties with co	onfidence proba	ability are given or	n the following
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pages and are part of the All calibrations have be humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment us Primary Standards	measurements a e certificate. een conducted i sed (M&TE critic ID #	ind the uncertainties with co in the closed laboratory al for calibration) Cal Date(Calibrated by, Ce	onfidence proba facility: environ	ability are given or ment temperatur Scheduled Cal July-14	n the following e(22±3)℃ and ibration
pages and are part of the All calibrations have be humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment us Primary Standards Documenting Process Calibrator 753	measurements a e certificate. een conducted i sed (M&TE critic ID # 1971018	in the closed laboratory al for calibration) Cal Date(Calibrated by, Ce 01-July-13 (TMC, No:J Function	onfidence proba facility: environ rtificate No.) W13-049)	ability are given or iment temperatur Scheduled Cal	n the following e(22±3)℃ and ibration
pages and are part of the All calibrations have be humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment us Primary Standards	measurements a e certificate. een conducted i sed (M&TE critic ID # 1971018 Name	in the closed laboratory al for calibration) Cal Date(Calibrated by, Ce 01-July-13 (TMC, No:J Function SAR Test Engine	er	ability are given or ment temperatur Scheduled Cal July-14	n the following e(22±3)℃ and ibration

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Glossary: DAE Connector angle

data acquisition electronics information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The report provide only calibration results for DAE, it does not contain other performance test results.





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DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Re	solution nomin	nal		
High Range:	1LSB =	6.1µV,	full range =	-100+300 mV
Low Range:	1LSB =	61nV ,	full range =	-1+3mV
DASY measuremen	nt parameters:	Auto Zero	Time: 3 sec; Meas	suring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	x	Y	z
High Range	403.915 ± 0.15% (k=2)	405.171 ± 0.15% (k=2)	404.667 ± 0.15% (k=2)
Low Range	3.98903 ± 0.7% (k=2)	3.94180 ± 0.7% (k=2)	3.93862 ± 0.7% (k=2)

Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	162.5° ± 1 °



7. <u>Test Setup Photos</u>



Photograph of the depth in the Head Phantom (835MHz)



Photograph of the depth in the Body Phantom (835MHz)



Photograph of the depth in the Head Phantom (1900MHz)

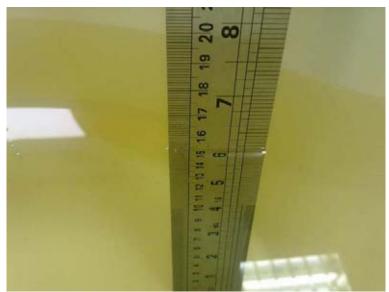




Photograph of the depth in the Body Phantom (1900MHz)

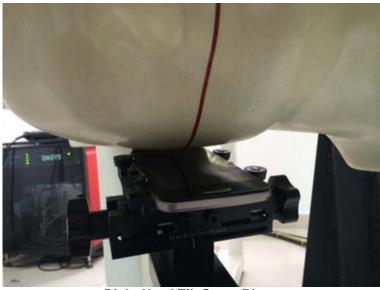


Photograph of the depth in the Head Phantom (2450MHz)

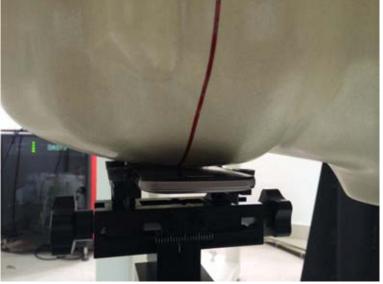


Photograph of the depth in the Body Phantom (2450MHz)

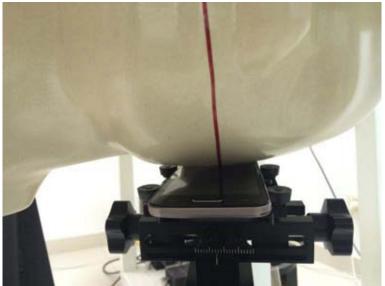




Right Head Tilt Setup Photo

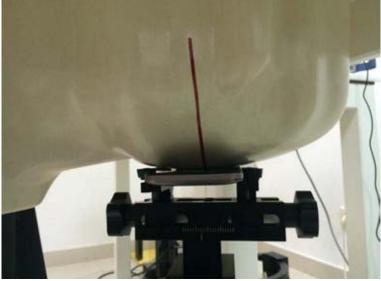


Right Head Touch Setup Photo



Left Head Tilt Setup Photo





Left Head Touch Setup Photo



10mm Body-worn Back Side Setup Photo



10mm Body-worn front Side Setup Photo



10mm Body-worn Left Side Setup Photo



10mm Body-worn Right Side Setup Photo



10mm Body-worn Top Side Setup Photo



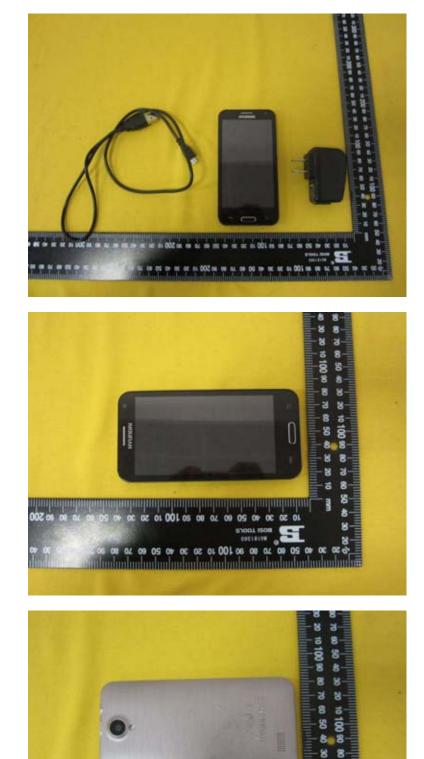


10mm Body-worn Bottom Side Setup Photo



8. External Photos of the EUT

External photos of the EUT



001 05 08 02 09 05

01

30 10 50

14 8

09



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.....End of Report.....