

For further applied test standards please refer to section 3 of this test report.

Test Item							
Kind of test item:	Iridium NEXT Satellite Terminal consisting of a BDU and an ADU						
Model name:	SAILOR 4300 L-Band System ADU 404352A BDU 404338A						
FCC ID:	ROJ4330A						
IC:	6200B-404330A						
Frequency:	Tx: 1610 – 1626.5 MHz Rx: 1610 – 1626.5 MHz						
Antenna:	Maritime antenna						
Power supply:	12V/24V DC from power supply						
Temperature range:	-30°C to +55°C						

This test report is electronically signed and valid without handwritten signature. For verification of the electronic signatures, the public keys can be requested at the testing laboratory.

Test report authorized:

Karsten Geraldy Lab Manager Radio Communications & EMC

Test performed:

Meheza Walla Lab Manager Radio Communications & EMC



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2 General information

2.1 Notes and disclaimer

The test results of this test report relate exclusively to the test item specified in this test report. CTC advanced GmbH does not assume responsibility for any conclusions and generalizations drawn from the test results with regard to other specimens or samples of the type of the equipment represented by the test item.

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2.2 Application details

Date of receipt of order:2018-01-03Date of receipt of test item:2018-01-29Start of test:2018-01-29End of test:2018-02-09Person(s) present during the test:Mr. Maaloe Bjarre, Mr. Sorensen Yassin Thomas, Mr. Gronbaek
Johansen Morten

2.3 Test laboratories sub-contracted

None



3 Test standard/s

Test standard	Date	Description
CFR 47 Part 25	2013-10	Satellite Communications
RSS-170	2011-03	Mobile Earth Stations and Ancillary Terrestrial Component Equipment Operating in the Mobile-Satellite Service Bands
Guidance	Version	Description

ANSI C63.4-2014	-/-	American national standard for methods of measurement of radio- noise emissions from low-voltage electrical and electronic equipment in the range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz
ANSI C63.10-2013	-/-	American national standard of procedures for compliance testing of unlicensed wireless devices

4 Test environment

Temperature	:	T _{nom} T _{max} T _{min}	 +22 °C during room temperature tests +55 °C during high temperature tests -30 °C during low temperature tests
Relative humidity content	:		55 %
Barometric pressure			not relevant for this kind of testing
Power supply	:	Vnom	12V/24V DC from power supply



5 Test item

5.1 General description

Kind of test item :	Iridium NEXT Satellite Terminal consisting of a BDU and an ADU
Type identification :	SAILOR 4300 L-Band System ADU 404352A BDU 404338A
HMN:	-/-
PMN:	TT-4338A
HVIN:	TT-4338A
FVIN:	-/-
S/N serial number :	ADU 404352A 000000002 BDU 404338A 000000001
HW hardware status :	Version B
SW software status :	-/-
Frequency band :	Tx: 1610 – 1626.5 MHz Rx: 1610 – 1626.5 MHz
Type of modulation :	APSK, QPSK
TX output power cond.:	37.60 dBm (measured value)
TX output power rad. (EIRP):	46.30 dBm (calculated value)
Number of channels	30 subbands + 0.5 MHz paging
Channel spacing :	333.333 kHz
Antenna :	Maritime antenna
Power supply :	12V/24V V DC from power supply
Temperature range :	-30 °C to +55 °C

5.2 Additional information

The content of the following annexes is defined in the QA. It may be that not all of the listed annexes are necessary for this report, thus some values in between may be missing.

EUT external photos are included in test report:	1-5302/17-01-01_AnnexA
EUT internal photos are included in test report:	1-5302/17-01-01_AnnexB
Test setup photos are included in test report:	1-5302/17-01-01_AnnexD

5.3 Operating conditions

The measurements were performed on 3 frequencies: fl: fn

fl:	1616 MHz
fm:	1621 MHz
fh:	1626 MHz

Modulation Name	Modulation Type	Symbole rate (ksps)	Bit rate (kbps)	Allocated Bandwidth	Measured OBW
B1	DE-QPSK	25	50	41.666 kHz	33 kHz
B7	DE-QPSK x7	175	350	333.333 kHz	279 kHz
B8	DE-QPSK x8	175	350	333.333 kHz	321 kHz
B14	DE-QPSK x14	350	700	666.666 kHz	610 kHz
C1-QPSK	QPSK	30	60	41.666 kHz	36 kHz
C2-QPSK	QPSK	60	120	83.333 kHz	68 kHz
C8-QPSK	QPSK	240	480	333.333 kHz	267 kHz
C8-16APSK	16APSK	240	960	333.333 kHz	267 kHz
TX off	-/-	-/-	-/-	-/-	-/-





6 Sequence of testing

6.1 Sequence of testing radiated spurious 9 kHz to 30 MHz

Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a 2-axis positioner with 1.5 m height is used.*
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed directly on the turn table.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables are positioned to simulate normal operation conditions as described in ANSI C 63.4.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- Measurement distance is 3 m (see ANSI C 63.4) see test details.
- EUT is set into operation.

Note: According to ANSI C63.4 a test site with no reference ground plane shall take precedence to show the compliance with the standard. In contrast to a semi-anechoic chamber with conductive ground, the EUT distance to the ground in a fully anechoic chamber is irrelevant because it is a reflection-reduced environment at any distance to the ground structure, so in this case a height of 1.5 m was used.

Premeasurement

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna height is 1.5 m.
- At each turntable position the analyzer sweeps with positive-peak detector to find the maximum of all emissions.

- Identified emissions during the premeasurement are maximized by the software by rotating the turntable from 0° to 360°. In case of the 2-axis positioner is used the elevation axis is also rotated from 0° to 360°.
- The final measurement is done in the position (turntable and elevation) causing the highest emissions with quasi-peak (as described in ANSI C 63.4).
- Final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, turntable position, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit will be recorded. A plot with the graph of the premeasurement and the limit is stored.



6.2 Sequence of testing radiated spurious 30 MHz to 1 GHz

Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a table with 0.8 m height is used, which is placed on the ground plane.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed on the ground plane with insulation between both.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables are positioned to simulate normal operation conditions as described in ANSI C 63.4.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- Measurement distance is 10 m or 3 m (see ANSI C 63.4) see test details.
- EUT is set into operation.

Premeasurement

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna is polarized vertical and horizontal.
- The antenna height changes from 1 m to 3 m.
- At each turntable position, antenna polarization and height the analyzer sweeps three times in peak to find the maximum of all emissions.

- The final measurement is performed for at least six highest peaks according to the requirements of the ANSI C63.4.
- Based on antenna and turntable positions at which the peak values are measured the software maximize the peaks by changing turntable position ± 45° and antenna height between 1 and 4 m.
- The final measurement is done with quasi-peak detector (as described in ANSI C 63.4).
- Final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, antenna height, antenna polarization, turntable angle, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit are recorded. A plot with the graph of the premeasurement with marked maximum final results and the limit is stored.



6.3 Sequence of testing radiated spurious 1 GHz to 18 GHz

Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a 2-axis positioner with 1.5 m height is used.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed directly on the turn table.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables are positioned to simulate normal operation conditions as described in ANSI C 63.4.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- Measurement distance is 3 m (see ANSI C 63.4) see test details.
- EUT is set into operation.

Premeasurement

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna is polarized vertical and horizontal.
- The antenna height is 1.5 m.
- At each turntable position and antenna polarization the analyzer sweeps with positive peak detector to find the maximum of all emissions.

- The final measurement is performed for at least six highest peaks according to the requirements of the ANSI C63.4.
- Based on antenna and turntable positions at which the peak values are measured the software maximizes the peaks by rotating the turntable from 0° to 360°. This measurement is repeated for different EUT-table positions (0° to 150° in 30°-steps) and for both antenna polarizations.
- The final measurement is done in the position (turntable, EUT-table and antenna polarization) causing the highest emissions with Peak and RMS detector (as described in ANSI C 63.4).
- Final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, turntable position, EUT-table position, antenna polarization, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit are recorded. A plot with the graph of the premeasurement with marked maximum final results and the limit is stored.



6.4 Sequence of testing radiated spurious above 18 GHz

Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables are positioned to simulate normal operation conditions as described in ANSI C 63.4.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet.
- The measurement distance is as appropriate (e.g. 0.5 m).
- The EUT is set into operation.

Premeasurement

• The test antenna is handheld and moved carefully over the EUT to cover the EUT's whole sphere and different polarizations of the antenna.

- The final measurement is performed at the position and antenna orientation causing the highest emissions with Peak and RMS detector (as described in ANSI C 63.4).
- Final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit are recorded. A plot with the graph of the premeasurement and the limit is stored.



7 Description of the test setup

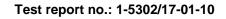
Typically, the calibrations of the test apparatus are commissioned to and performed by an accredited calibration laboratory. The calibration intervals are determined in accordance with the DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025. In addition to the external calibrations, the laboratory executes comparison measurements with other calibrated test systems or effective verifications. Weekly chamber inspections and range calibrations are performed. Where possible, RF generating and signaling equipment as well as measuring receivers and analyzers are connected to an external high-precision 10 MHz reference (GPS-based or rubidium frequency standard).

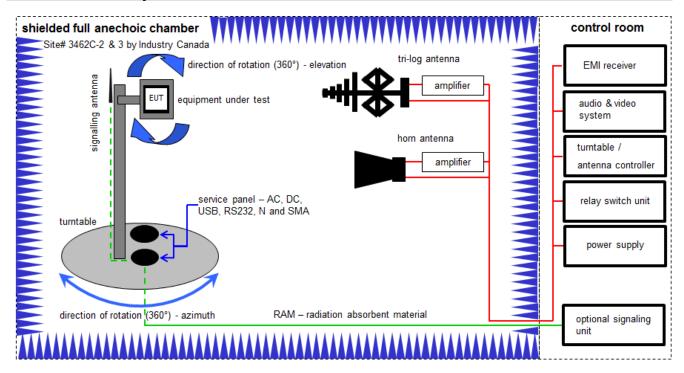
In order to simplify the identification of the equipment used at some special tests, some items of test equipment and ancillaries can be provided with an identifier or number in the equipment list below (Lab/Item).

Agenda: Kind of Calibration

- k calibration / calibrated
- ne not required (k, ev, izw, zw not required)
- ev periodic self verification
- Ve long-term stability recognized
- vlkl! Attention: extended calibration interval
- NK! Attention: not calibrated

- EK limited calibration
- zw cyclical maintenance (external cyclical maintenance)
- izw internal cyclical maintenance
- g blocked for accredited testing
- *) next calibration ordered / currently in progress





Measurement distance: tri-log antenna and horn antenna 3 meter

OP = AV + D - G + CA

(OP-radiated output power; AV-analyzer value; D-free field attenuation of measurement distance; G-antenna gain+amplifier gain; CA-loss signal path)

<u>Example calculation:</u> OP [dBm] = -65.0 [dBm] + 50 [dB] - 20 [dBi] + 5 [dB] = -30 [dBm] (1 µW)

Equipment table:

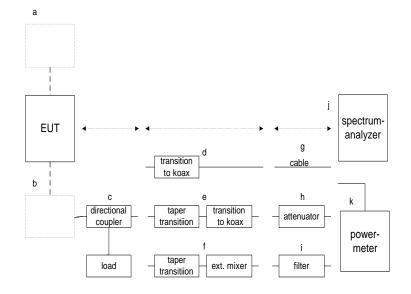
No.	Lab / Item	Equipment	Туре	Manufacturer	Serial No.	INV. No.	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	n. a.	Anechoic chamber	FAC 3/5m	MWB / TDK	87400/02	300000996	ev	-/-	-/-
2	n.a.	Double-Ridged Waveguide Horn Antenna 1-18.0GHz	3115	EMCO	9107-3697	300001605	vIKI!	14.02.2017	13.02.2019
3	n. a.	Switch / Control Unit	3488A	HP	*	300000199	ne	-/-	-/-
4	n.a.	Variable isolating transformer	MPL IEC625 Bus Variable isolating transformer	Erfi	91350	300001155	ne	-/-	-/-
5	n. a.	Highpass Filter	WHKX2.9/18G- 12SS	Wainwright	1	300003492	ev	-/-	-/-
6	n. a.	EMI Test Receiver 20Hz- 26,5GHz	ESU26	R&S	100037	300003555	k	20.12.2017	19.12.2018
7	n. a.	Highpass Filter	WHK1.1/15G-10SS	Wainwright	3	300003255	ev	-/-	-/-
8	n. a.	Highpass Filter	WHKX7.0/18G-8SS	Wainwright	19	300003790	ne	-/-	-/-
9	n.a.	MXG Microwave Analog Signal Generator	N5183A	Agilent Technologies	MY47420220	300003813	k	27.01.2017	26.01.2020
10	n. a.	High Pass Filter	VHF-3500+	Mini Circuits	-/-	400000193	ne	-/-	-/-
11	n. a.	4U RF Switch Platform	L4491A	Agilent Technologies	MY50000037	300004509	ne	-/-	-/-
12	n. a.	NEXIO EMV- Software	BAT EMC V3.16.0.49	EMCO		300004682	ne	-/-	-/-
13	n. a.	PC	ExOne	F+W		300004703	ne	-/-	-/-
14	n. a.	RF-Amplifier	AMF-6F06001800- 30-10P-R	NARDA-MITEQ Inc	2011572	300005241	ev	-/-	-/-
15	n. a.	TRILOG Broadband Test-Antenna	VULB9163	Schwarzbeck Mess Elektronik	01029	300005379	k	07.04.2017	06.04.2020

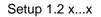
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7.2 Conducted measurements (RF-Laboratory)





RF-Laboratory Equipment:

No.	Lab / Item	Equipment	Туре	Manufact.	Serial No.	INV. No	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	n. a.	HF-Cable	SUCOFLEX 101	Huber&Suhner	3054/1		ev	-/-	-/-
2	n. a.	High Power Attenuator 30 dB	9498A	HP	2702A04550	300002403	ev	-/-	-/-
4	n. a.	Spectrum Analyzer 20 Hz - 50 GHz	FSU50	R&S	200012	300003443	k	28.10.2016	27.10.2018
5	n. a.	Temperature and Climatic Test Chamber	VUK04/500	Heraeus Voetsch	32678	300000297	nk	30.09.2015	-/-
6	n. a.	30 dB High Power Attenuator 150W	769-30	Narda	07662	property of Thrane & Thrane	-/-	-/-	-/-
7	n.a.	3 dB Bi-direct. Attenuator 50W	46-3-34	Weinschel Corp	BM0455	property of Thrane & Thrane	-/-	-/-	-/-
8	n.a.	6 dB Bi-direct. Attenuator 50W	46-6-34	Weinschel Corp	BM6859	property of Thrane & Thrane	-/-	-/-	-/-
9	n. a.	High Pass Filter	HPM50110	MICRO-TRONICS	083	property of Thrane & Thrane	-/-	-/-	-/-
10	n. a.	Diplexer Low Noise Amplifier	XN 3796	BSC FILTERS	836501	property of Thrane & Thrane	-/-	-/-	-/-



8 **Measurement results**

8.1 Summary

No deviations from the technical specifications were ascertained				
There were deviations from the technical specifications ascertained				
This test report is only a partial test report. The content and verdict of the performed test cases are listed below.				

TC identifier	Description	verdict	date	Remark
RF-Testing	CFR 47 Part 25 / RSS-170	see below	2018-04-03	-/-

Test Specification Clause	Test Case	Pass	Fail	NA	NP	Results
§2.1046 / §25.204/ RSS-170, 5.3.2	Measurements required: RF power output / Power limits	x				complies
§2.1051/ §25.202/ RSS-170, 5.4.3.1	Measurements required: Spurious emissions at antenna terminals / Emission limitations (conducted emissions)	x				complies
§2.1053/ §25.202/ RSS-170, 5.4.3.1	Measurements required: Field strength of spurious radiation / Emission limitations (radiated emissions)	x				complies
§25.202/ RSS-Gen Issue 4 §6.11	Transmitter frequency stability	х				complies

Note: NA = Not applicable; NP = Not performed



8.2 Overview

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I. RF power output / Power limits

Description / Limit:

§25.204 Power limits

(b) In bands shared coequally with terrestrial radiocommunication services, the equivalent isotropically radiated power transmitted in any direction towards the horizon by an earth station operating in frequency bands between 1 and 15 GHz shall not exceed the following limits except as provided for in paragraph (c) of this section:

+40 dBW in any 4 kHz band for $\theta \leq 0^{\circ}$

+40 + 3 * θ dBW in any 4 kHz band for 0° < $\theta \le 5^{\circ}$

 θ = elevation angle above horizon

(c) For angles of elevation of the horizon greater than 5° there shall be no restriction as to the equivalent isotropically radiated power transmitted by an earth station towards the horizon.

Test setup(s):

See section 7.2: 1.2hgj

Measurement results:

Modulation Name	Transmitter conducted output power [dBm/dBW]			Transmitter r	adiated output [dBm/dBW]	power / EIRP
	f _{low}	f _{mid}	f high	f _{low}	f _{mid}	f _{high}
B1	31.32 dBm	31.16 dBm	31.03 dBm	40.02 dBm	39.86 dBm	39.73 dBm
	1.32 dBW	1.16 dBW	1.03 dBW	10.02 dBW	9.86 dBW	9.73 dBW
B7	34.31 dBm	34.29 dBm	34.07 dBm	43.01 dBm	42.99 dBm	42.77 dBm
	4.31 dBW	4.29 dBW	4.07 dBW	13.01 dBW	12.99 dBW	12.77 dBW
B8	34.31 dBm	34.33 dBm	34.20 dBm	43.01 dBm	43.03 dBm	42.90 dBm
	4.31 dBW	4.33 dBW	4.20 dBW	13.01 dBW	13.03 dBW	12.90 dBW
B14	34.45 dBm	34.09 dBm	33.96 dBm	43.15 dBm	42.79 dBm	42.66 dBm
	4.45 dBW	4.09 dBW	3.96 dBW	13.15 dBW	12.79 dBW	12.66 dBW
C1-QPSK	31.35 dBm	31.12 dBm	30.92 dBm	40.05 dBm	39.82 dBm	39.62 dBm
	1.35 dBW	1.12 dBW	0.92 dBW	10.05 dBW	9.82 dBW	9.62 dBW
C2-QPSK	31.46 dBm	31.36 dBm	31.17 dBm	40.16 dBm	40.06 dBm	39.87 dBm
	1.46 dBW	1.36 dBW	1.17 dBW	10.46 dBW	10.06 dBW	9.87 dBW
C8-QPSK	31.40 dBm	31.22 dBm	31.08 dBm	40.10 dBm	39.92 dBm	39.78 dBm
	1.40 dBW	1.22 dBW	1.08 dBW	10.10 dBW	9.92 dBW	9.78 dBW
C8-16APSK	37.60 dBm	37.52 dBm	37.21 dBm	46.30 dBm	46.22 dBm	45.91 dBm
	7.60 dBW	7.52 dBW	7.21 dBW	16.30 dBW	16.22 dBW	15.91 dBW

Note: The manufacturer declared an antenna gain of 8.7 dBi.

Operating conditions of DUT:

Carrier-on radio state (for more details see table above)



II. Emissions limitations (conducted emissions)

Description / Limit:

§25.202 Frequencies, frequency tolerance and emission limitations

(f) Emission limitations. Except for SDARS terrestrial repeaters, the mean power of emissions shall be attenuated below the mean output power of the transmitter in accordance with the schedule set forth in paragraphs (f)(1) through (f)(4) of this section.

(1) In any 4 kHz band, the center frequency of which is removed from the assigned frequency by more than 50 percent up to and including 100 percent of the authorized bandwidth: 25 dB;

(2) In any 4 kHz band, the center frequency of which is removed from the assigned frequency by more than 100 percent up to and including 250 percent of the authorized bandwidth: 35 dB;

(3) In any 4 kHz band, the center frequency of which is removed from the assigned frequency by more than 250 percent of the authorized bandwidth:

An amount equal to 43 dB plus 10 times the logarithm (to the base 10) of the transmitter power in watts;

(4) In any event, when an emission outside of the authorized bandwidth causes harmful interference, the Commission may, at its discretion, require greater attenuation than specified in paragraphs (f) (1), (2) and (3) of this section.

Test setup:

See section 7.2: 1.2hgj

Measurement results:

n.f. = nothing found

Plots:

see section 9.1, plot 6 - 13

III. Emissions limits (radiated emissions)

Description / Limit:

§25.202 Frequencies, frequency tolerance and emission limitations

(f) Emission limitations. Except for SDARS terrestrial repeaters, the mean power of emissions shall be attenuated below the mean output power of the transmitter in accordance with the schedule set forth in paragraphs (f)(1) through (f)(4) of this section.

(1) In any 4 kHz band, the center frequency of which is removed from the assigned frequency by more than 50 percent up to and including 100 percent of the authorized bandwidth: 25 dB;

(2) In any 4 kHz band, the center frequency of which is removed from the assigned frequency by more than 100 percent up to and including 250 percent of the authorized bandwidth: 35 dB;

(3) In any 4 kHz band, the center frequency of which is removed from the assigned frequency by more than 250 percent of the authorized bandwidth:

An amount equal to 43 dB plus 10 times the logarithm (to the base 10) of the transmitter power in watts;

(4) In any event, when an emission outside of the authorized bandwidth causes harmful interference, the Commission may, at its discretion, require greater attenuation than specified in paragraphs (f) (1), (2) and (3) of this section.

Test setup:

See section 7.1

Measurement results:

	Radiated Spurious Emissions [dBm]							
	flow		f _{mid}		f _{high}			
F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBm]	F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBm]	F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBm]
	no critical peaks found							
Measurement uncertainty ± 3 dB								

n.f. = nothing found

v / h = vertical / horizontal

Plots:

see section 9.2, plots 1 - 4

IV. Emissions limitations (conducted emissions)

Description / Limit:

§25.216 Limits on emissions from mobile earth stations for protection of aeronautical radionavigationsatellite service.

(h) Mobile earth stations manufactured more than six months after FEDERAL REGISTER publication of the rule changes adopted in FCC 03–283 with assigned uplink frequencies in the 1626.5–1660.5 MHz band shall suppress the power density of emissions in the 1605–1610 MHz band-segment to an extent determined by linear interpolation from -70 dBW/MHz at 1605 MHz to -46 dBW/MHz at 1610 MHz, averaged over any 2 millisecond active transmission interval. The e.i.r.p of discrete emissions of less than 700 Hz bandwidth from such stations shall not exceed a level determined by linear interpolation from -80 dBW at 1605 MHz to -56 dBW at 1610 MHz, averaged over any 2 millisecond active transmission interval.

(i) The e.i.r.p density of carrier-off state emissions from mobile earth stations manufactured more than six months after FEDERAL REGISTER publication of the rule changes adopted in FCC 03–283 with assigned uplink frequencies between 1 and 3 GHz shall not exceed -80 dBW/MHz in the 1559–1610 MHz band averaged over any two millisecond interval.

Test setup:

See section 7.2: 1.2hgj

Measurement results:

	Conducted Spurious Emissions [dBm]							
	flow		f _{mid}		f _{high}			
F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBm]	F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBm]	F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBm]
	no critical peaks found							
Measu	Measurement uncertainty ± 1.5 dB							
m f m a thim.	f nothing forward							

n.f. = nothing found

Plots:

see section 9.1, plot 14 - 21



V. Transmitter frequency stability

Description / Limit:

§25.202 Frequencies, frequency tolerance and emission limitations

(4)(i) The following frequencies are available for use by the 1.6 GHz Mobile-Satellite Service: 1610-1626.5 MHz: User-to-Satellite Link 1613.8-1626.5 MHz: Satellite-to-User Link (secondary)

(iii)(A) The following frequencies are available for use by the 1.6 GHz Mobile-Satellite Service: 1626.5-1660.5 MHz: Earth-to-space

RSS-Gen Issue 4 §6.11

In circumstances when the transmitter frequency stability is not stated in the applicable RSS or reference measurement method, the following applies:

Frequency stability is a measure of frequency drift due to temperature and supply voltage variations, with reference to the frequency measured at an appropriate reference temperature and the rated supply voltage. Unless specified otherwise in an RSS applicable to the device, the reference temperature for radio transmitters is $+20^{\circ}C$ ($+68^{\circ}F$).

Test setup:

See section 7.2: 1.2hgj

Measurement results:

Temperature [°C]	Voltage [V DC]	Reference Frequency [MHz]	Measured Frequency [MHz]	Deviation [ppm]
-30	V _{nom}		1620. 854 880	0.38
-20	V _{nom}		1620. 854 850	0.36
-10	V _{nom}		1620. 854 840	0.36
0	V _{nom}		1620. 854 815	0.35
+10	V _{nom}	fm: 1620. 854 255	1620. 854 780	0.32
+20	V _{min} - V _{max}	(deviation based on 20 °C)	1620. 854 255	0.00
+30	V _{nom}		1620. 854 580	0.20
+40	V _{nom}		1620. 854 550	0.18
+50	V _{nom}		1620. 854 360	0.06
+55	V _{nom}		1620. 854 325	0.04



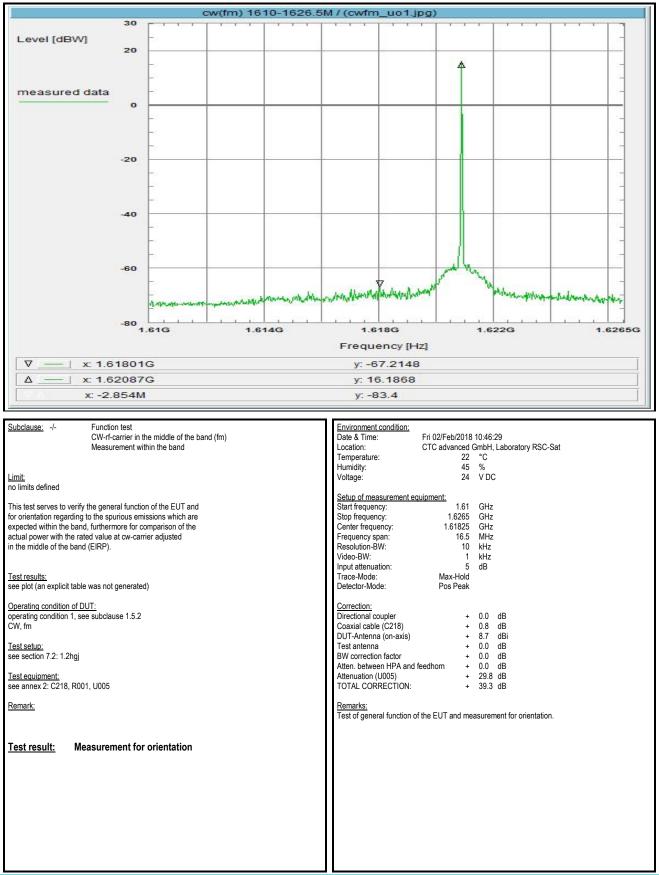
9 Plots

9.1 FCC Part 25

This annex consists of 22 pages including this page.

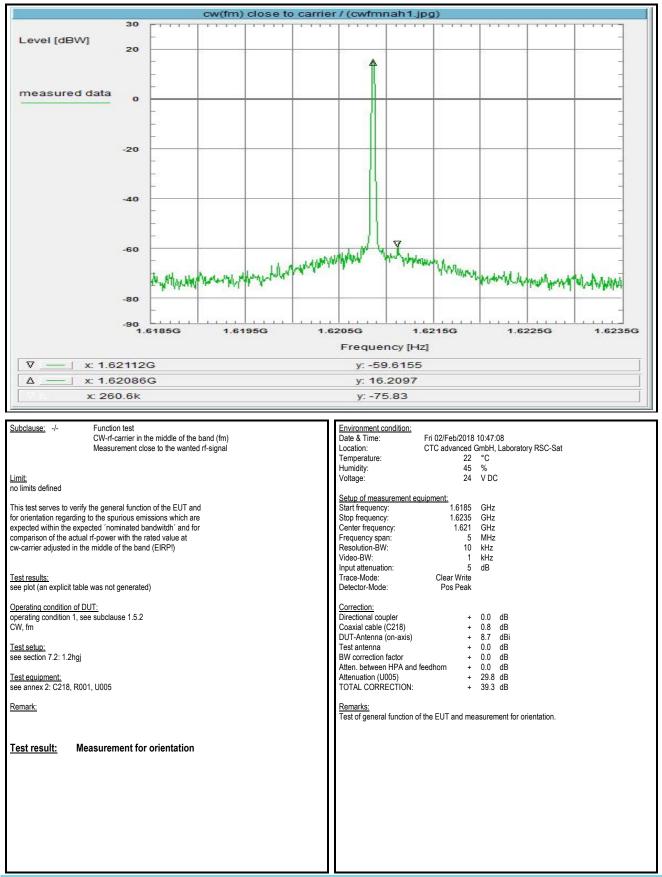


Plot No. 1 (21)



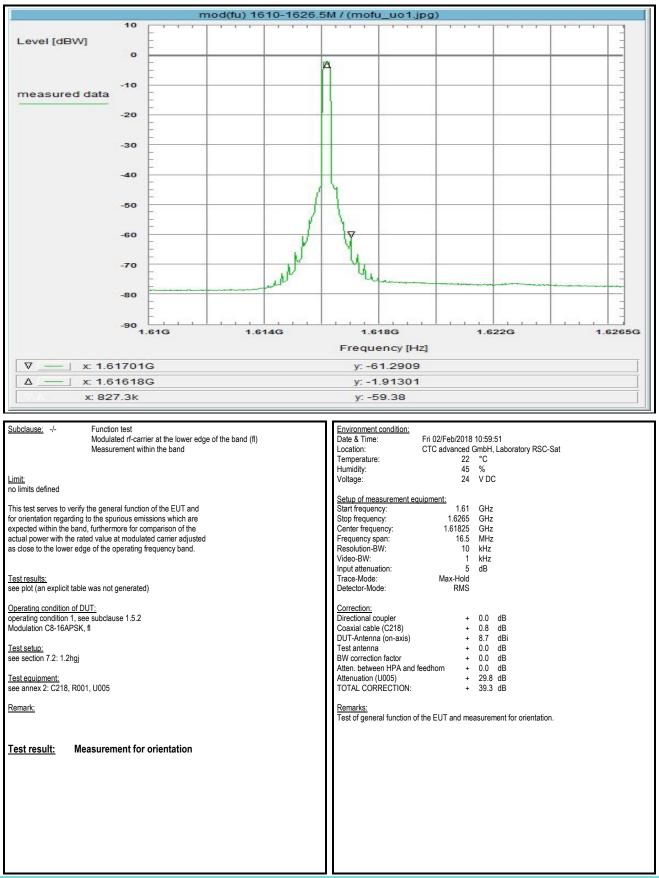


Plot No. 2 (21)



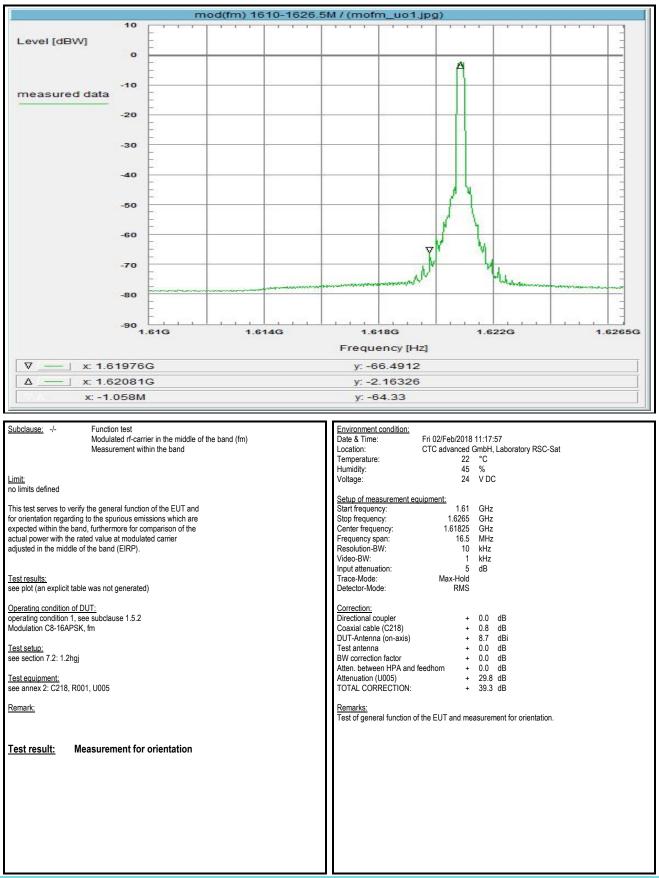


Plot No. 3 (21)



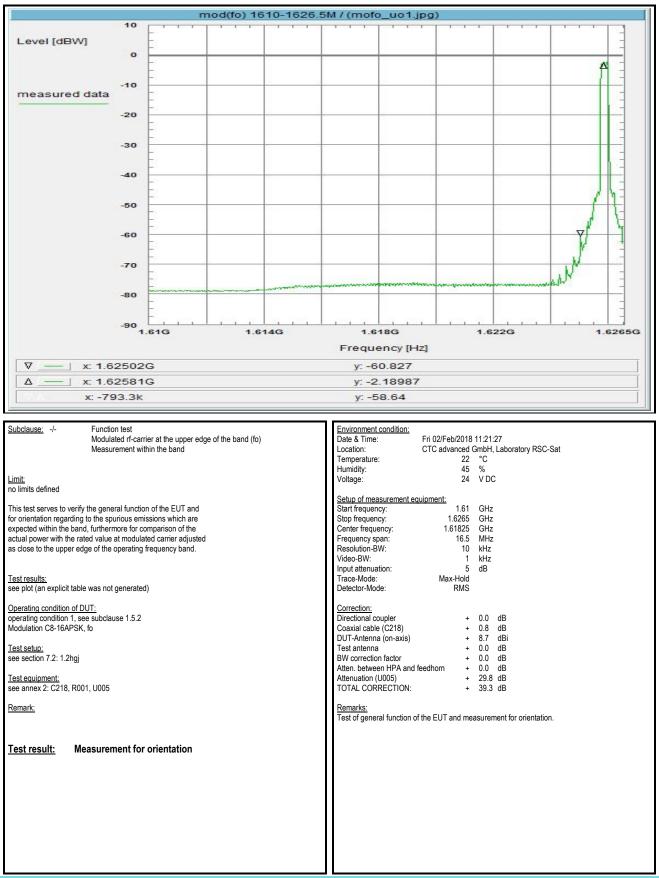


Plot No. 4 (21)



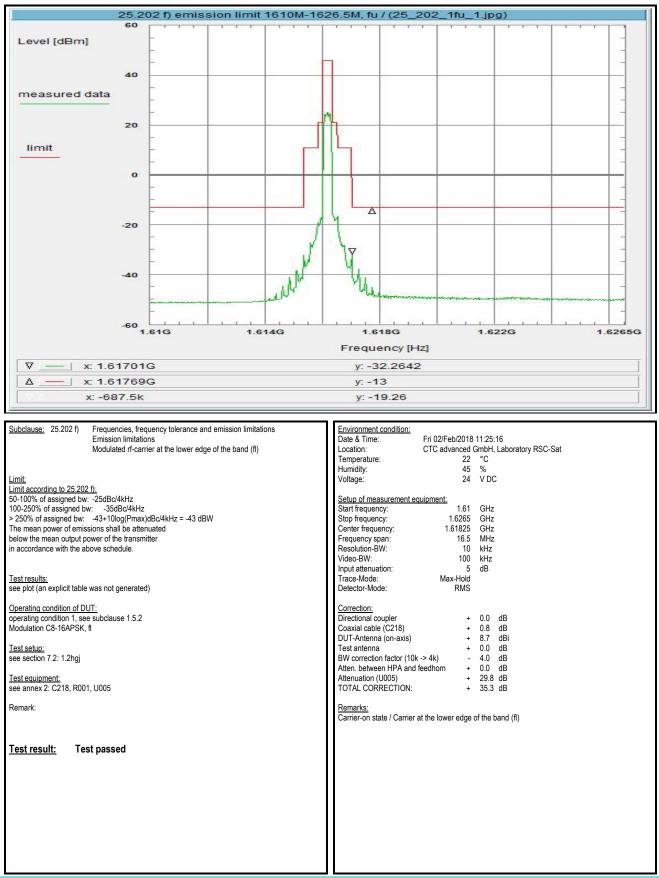


Plot No. 5 (21)





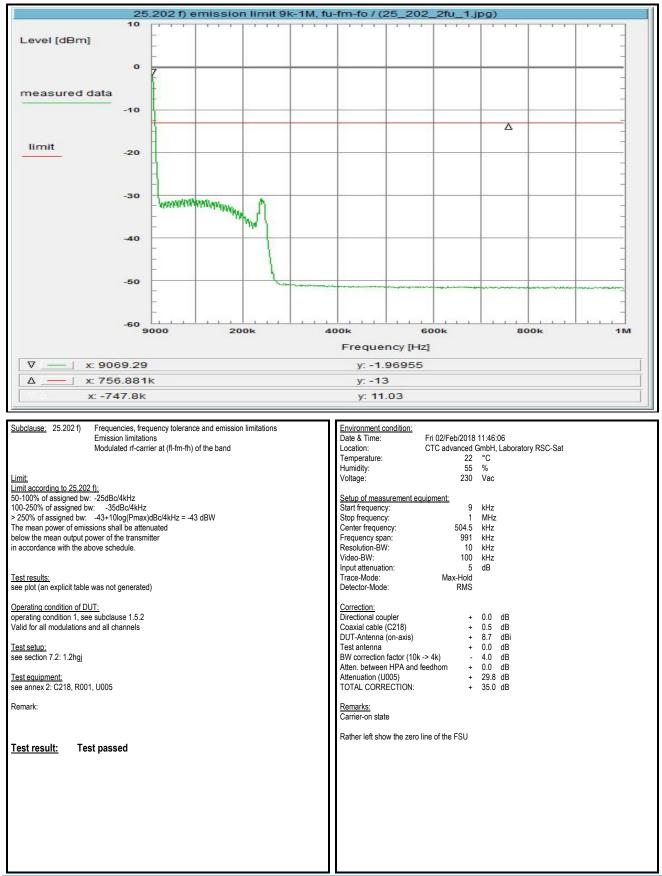
Plot No. 6 (21)





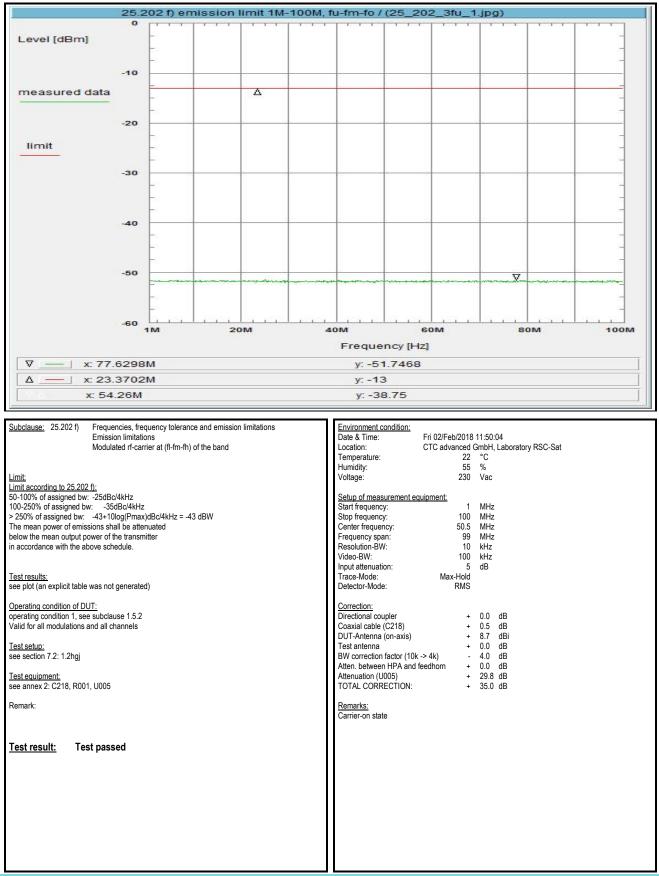
member of RWTÜV group

Plot No. 7 (21)



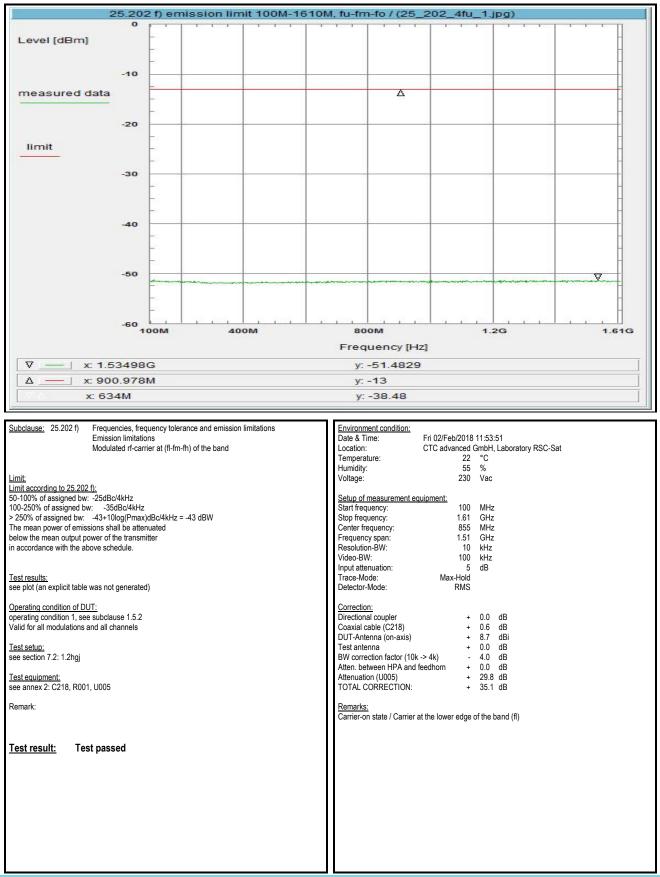


Plot No. 8 (21)



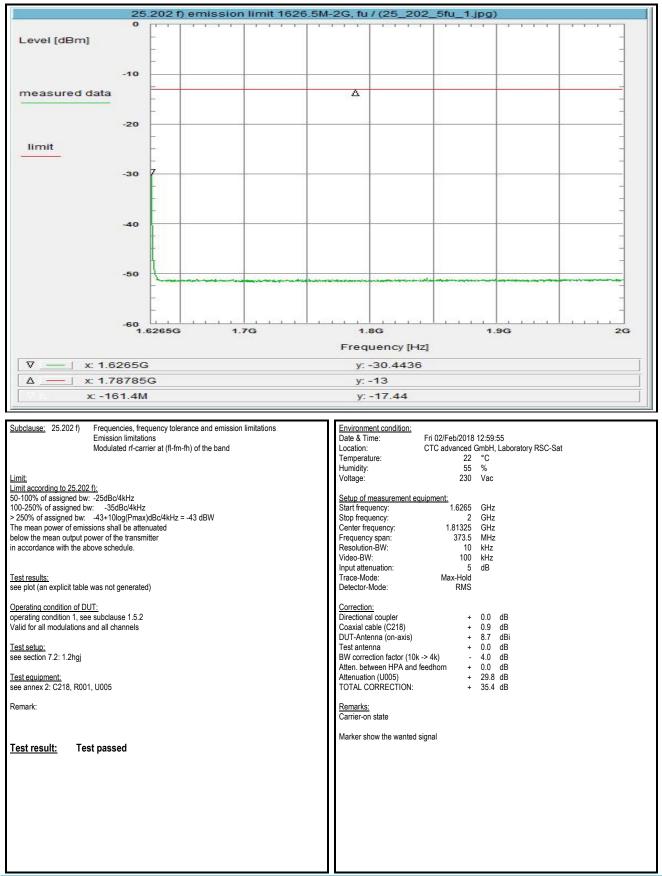


Plot No. 9 (21)



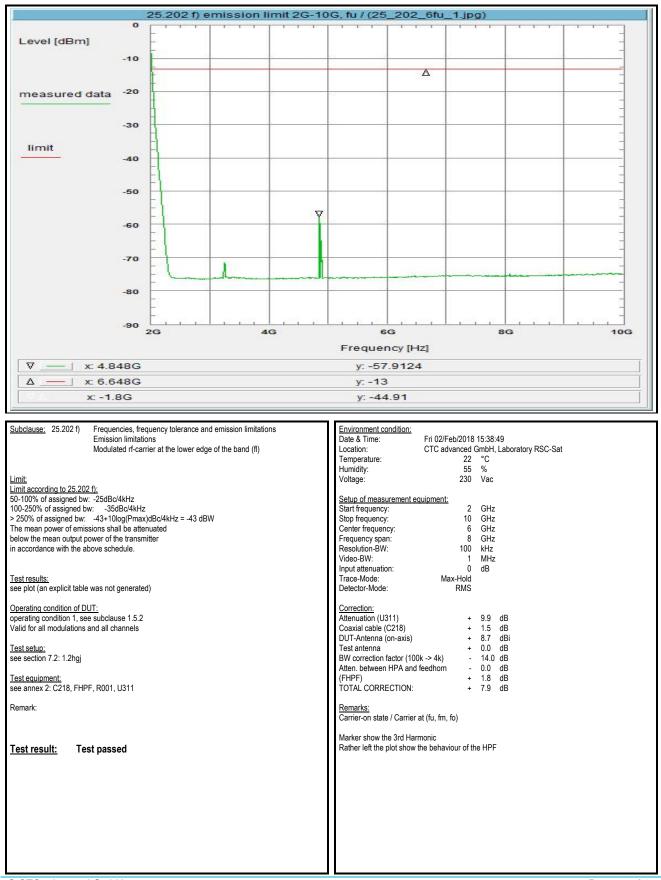


Plot No. 10 (21)



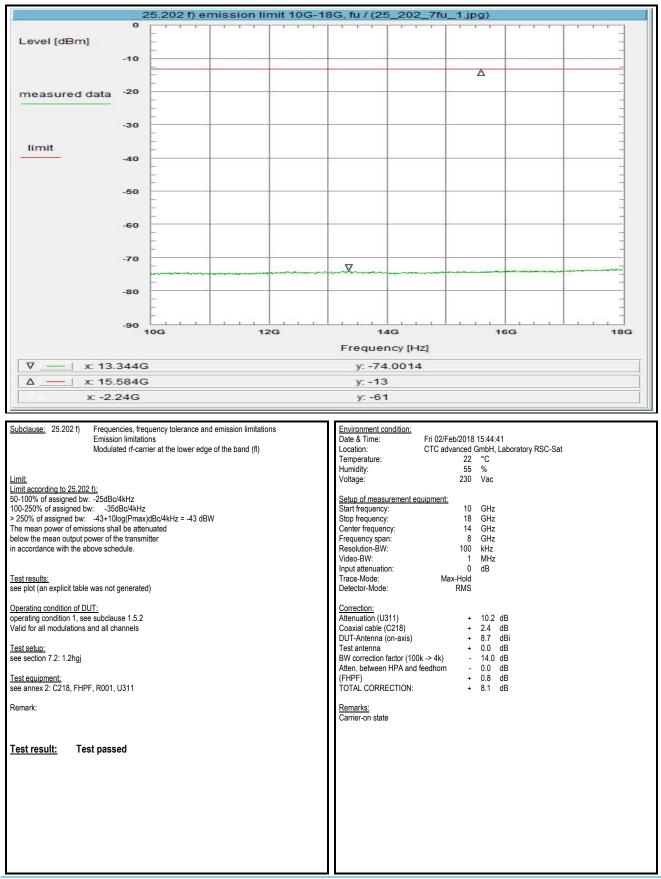


Plot No. 11 (21)



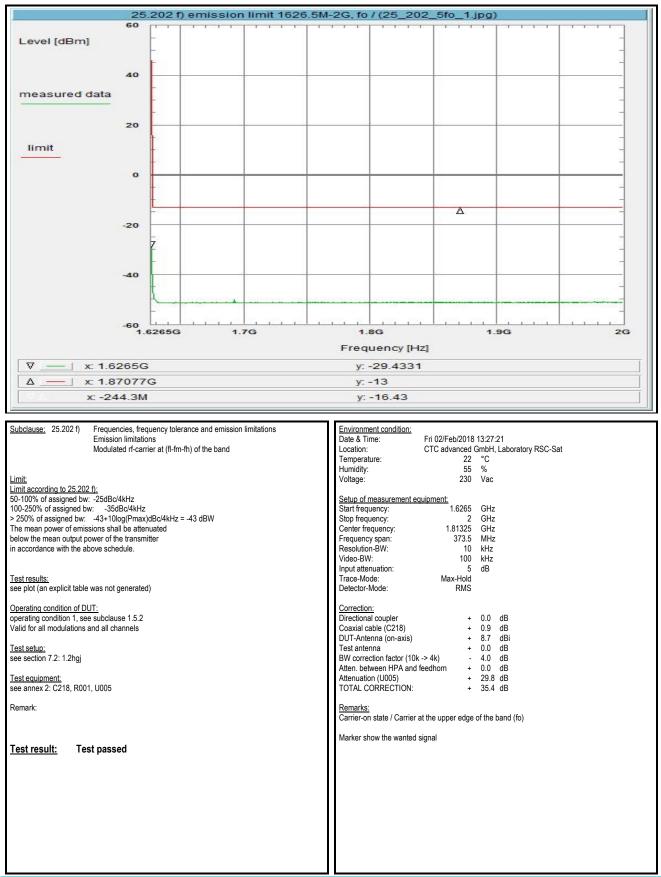


Plot No. 12 (21)



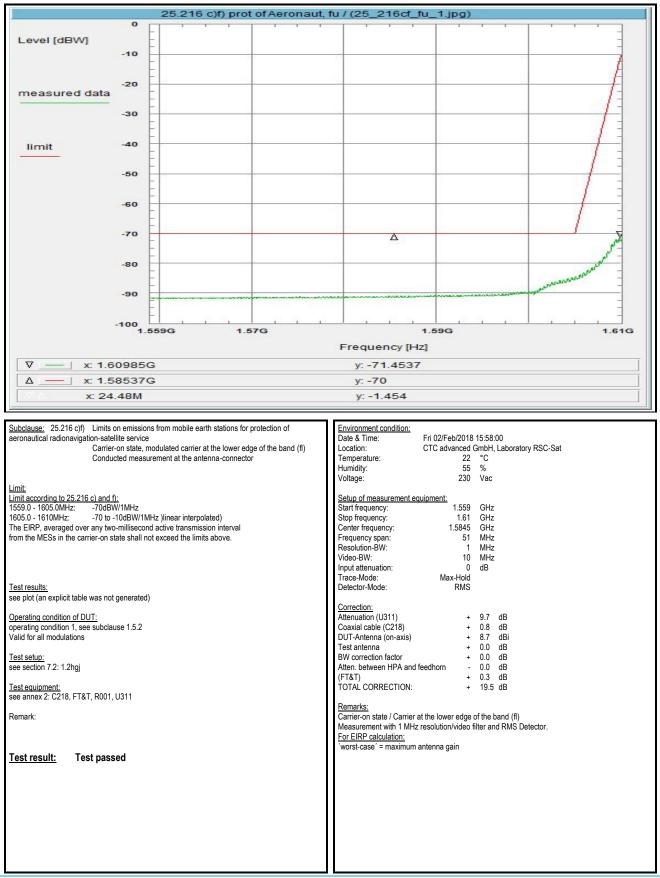


Plot No. 13 (21)



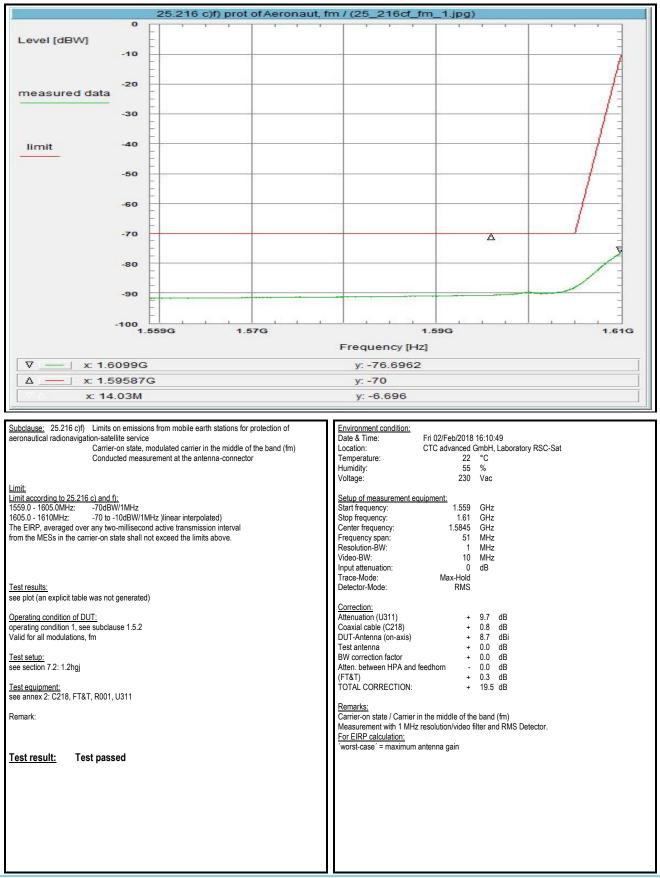


Plot No. 14 (21)



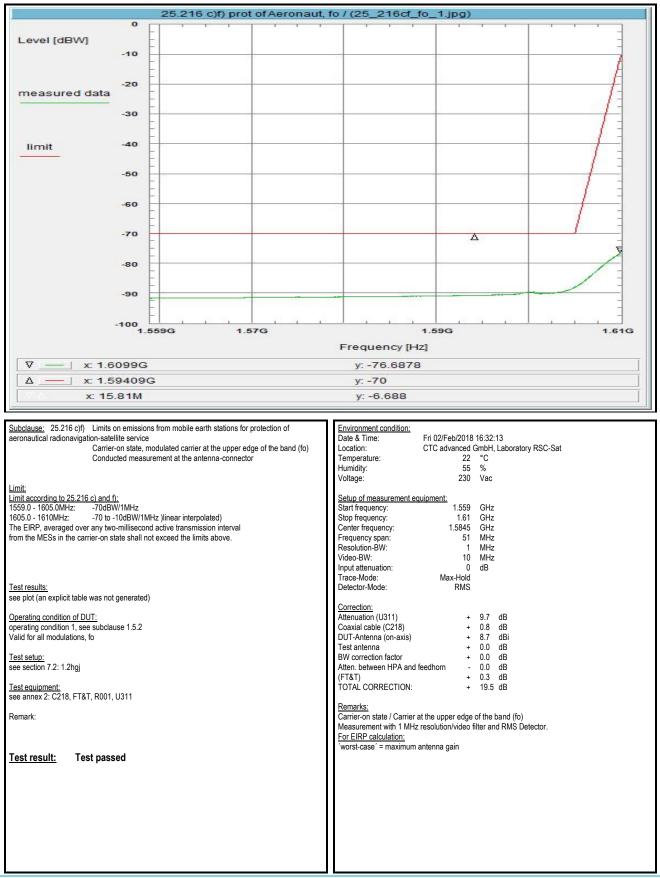


Plot No. 15 (21)



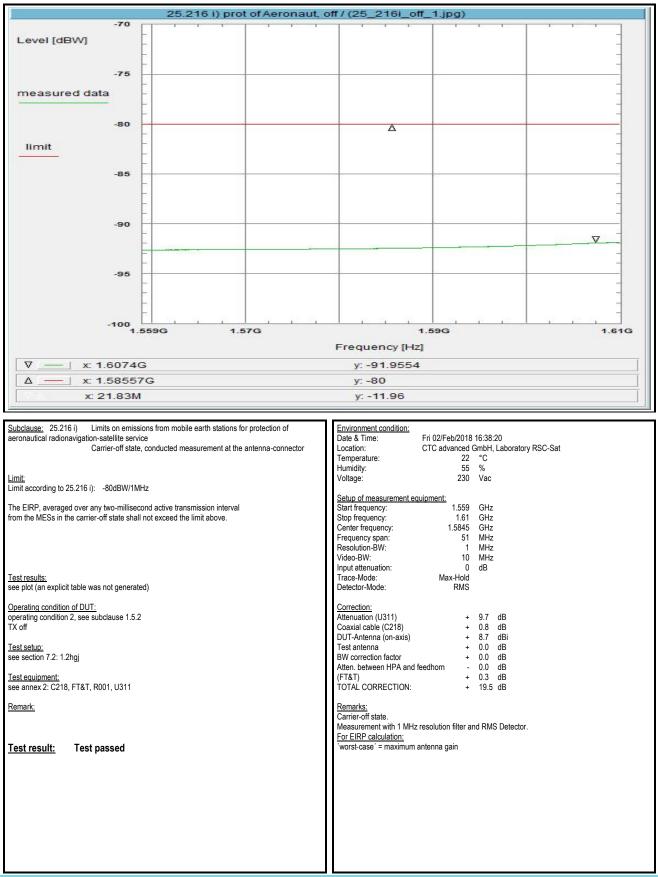


Plot No. 16 (21)



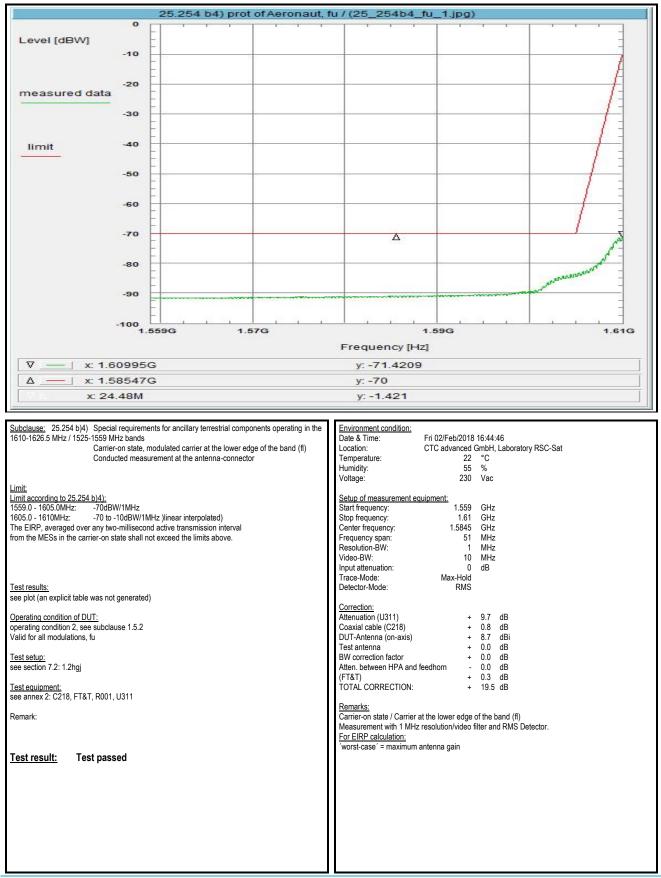


Plot No. 17 (21)



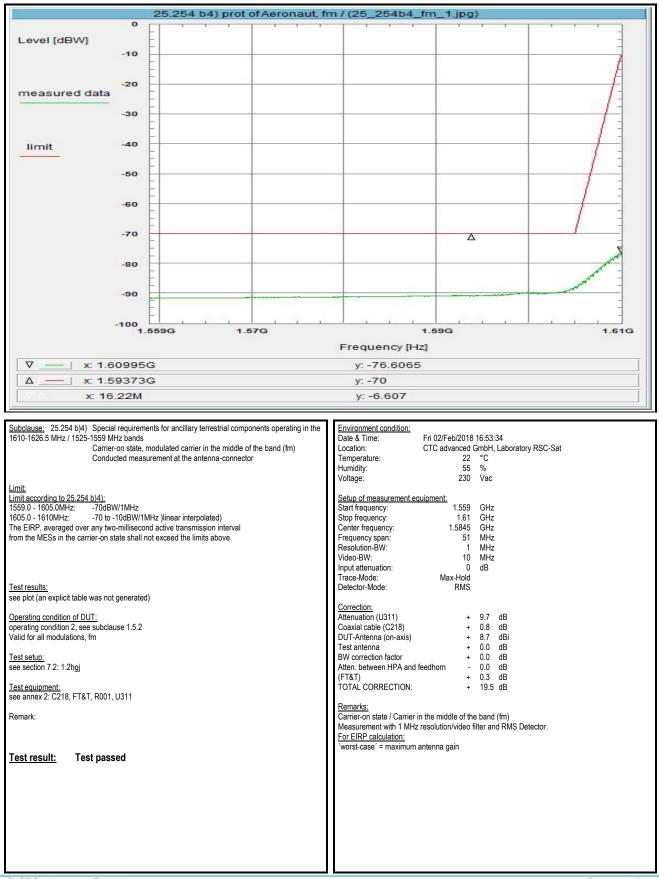


Plot No. 18 (21)



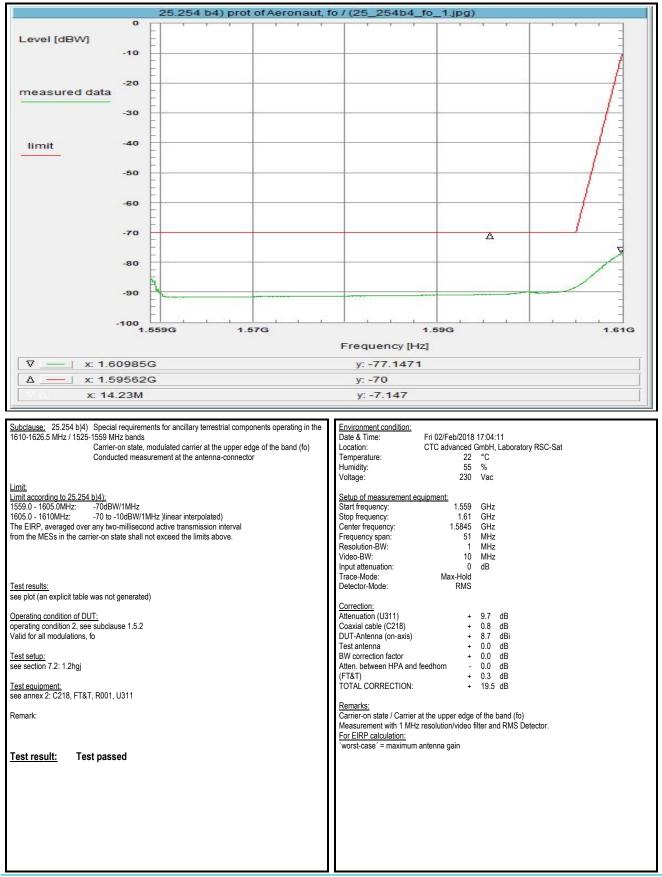


Plot No. 19 (21)



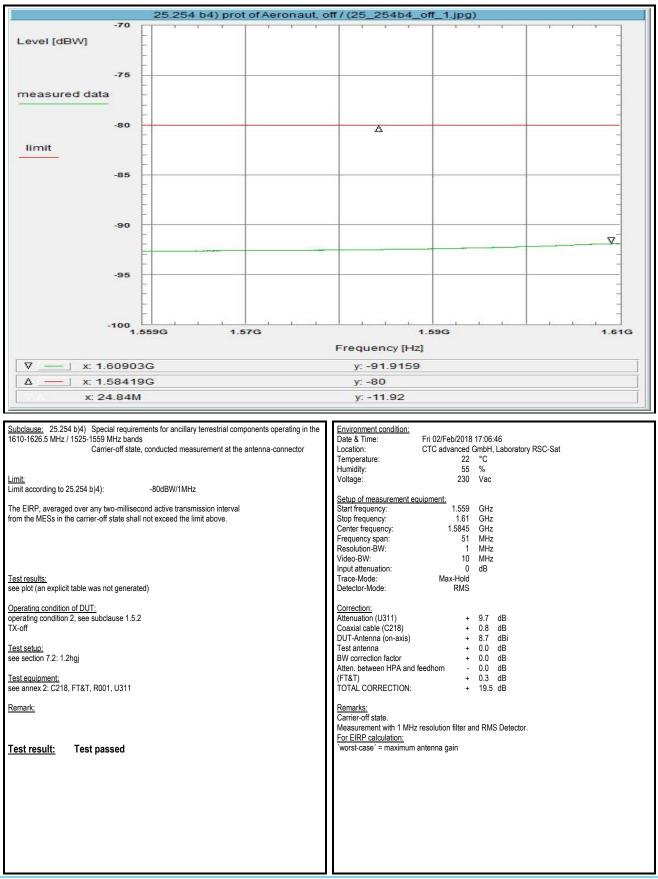


Plot No. 20 (21)





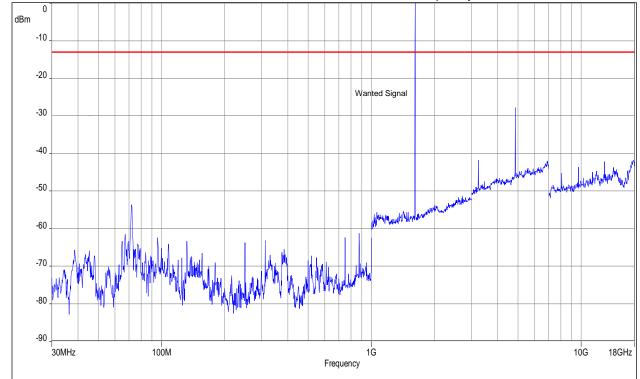
Plot No. 21 (21)



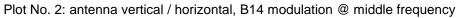


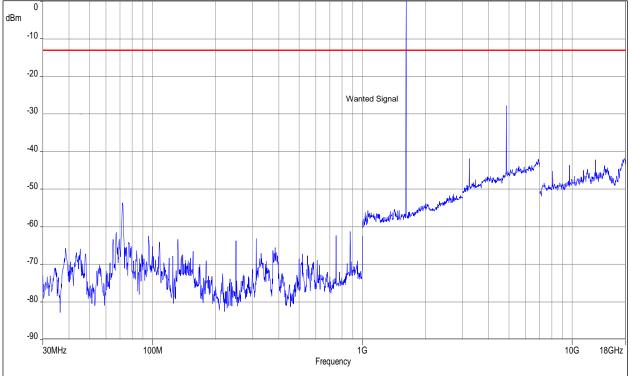
9.2 Radiated spurious emissions 30 MHz – 18 GHz

This part consists of 3 pages including this page.

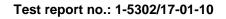


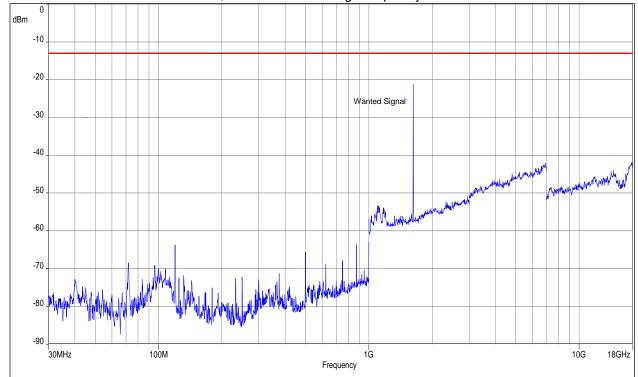
Plot No. 1: antenna vertical / horizontal, C8-16APSK modulation @ low frequency





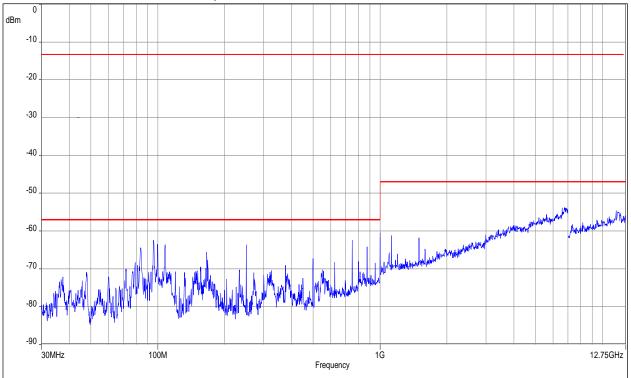
CTC I advanced





Plot No. 3: antenna vertical / horizontal, B1 modulation @ high frequency

Plot No. 4: antenna vertical / horizontal, RX-mode



CTC I advanced



10 Glossary

EUT	Equipment under test
DUT	Device under test
UUT	Unit under test
GUE	GNSS User Equipment
ETSI	European Telecommunications Standards Institute
EN	European Standard
FCC	Federal Communications Commission
FCC ID	Company Identifier at FCC
IC	Industry Canada
PMN	Product marketing name
HMN	Host marketing name
HVIN	Hardware version identification number
FVIN	Firmware version identification number
EMC	Electromagnetic Compatibility
HW	Hardware
SW	Software
Inv. No.	Inventory number
S/N or SN	Serial number
С	Compliant
NC	Not compliant
NA	Not applicable
NP	Not performed
PP	Positive peak
QP	Quasi peak
AVG	Average
00	Operating channel
OCW	Operating channel bandwidth
OBW	Occupied bandwidth
OOB	Out of band
DFS	Dynamic frequency selection
CAC	Channel availability check
OP	Occupancy period
NOP	Non occupancy period
DC	Duty cycle
PER	Packet error rate
CW	Clean wave
MC	Modulated carrier
WLAN	Wireless local area network
RLAN	Radio local area network
DSSS	Dynamic sequence spread spectrum
OFDM	Orthogonal frequency division multiplexing
FHSS	Frequency hopping spread spectrum
GNSS	Global Navigation Satellite System
C/N₀	Carrier to noise-density ratio, expressed in dB-Hz

11 Document history

Version	Applied changes	Date of release
-/-	DRAFT Initial release	2018-03-27
-/-	Minor editorial changes	2018-04-03

12 Accreditation Certificate

first page	last page
Exercted intervention a subsection 1 Akk/StelleG in connection with Section 1	Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH Office Berlin Spittelmark 10 10117 Berlin Güsz? Frankfurt am Main Office Braunschweig 10117 Berlin
Untertürkheimer Straße 6-10, 66117 Saarbrücken Is competent under the terms of DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025:2005 to carry out tests in the following fields: Telecommunication	The publication of extracts of the accreditation certificate is subject to the prior written approval by Deutsche Akkrediterungsstelle GmbH (DAK4S). Exempted is the unchanged form of separate disseminations of the cover sheet by the conformity assessment body mentioned overleaf.
The accreditation certificate shall only apply in connection with the notice of accreditation of 02.06.2017 with the accreditation number D-PL1207-01 and s valid until 21.04.2021. It comprises the cover sheet, the reverse side of the cover sheet and the following annex with a total of 43 pages. Registration number of the certificate: D-PL-12076-01-03	No impression shall be made that the accreditation also extends to fields beyond the scope of accreditation attested by DAkkS. The accreditation was granted pursuant to the Act on the Accreditation Body (AkkStelleG) of 31 July 2009 (Federal Law Gazette J. 2-253) and the Regulation (EC) No 755/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of July 2008 setting out the requirements for accreditation and market surveillance relating to the marketing of products (Official Journal of the European Union 123 of July 2009, 30). DAkkS is a signatory to the Multilateral Agreements for Mutual Recognition of the European co-operation for Accreditation (EQ), International Accreditation formu (AF) and International Laboratory Accreditation Cooperation (ILAC). The signatories to these agreements recognise each other's accreditations. The up-to-date state of membership can be retrieved from the following websites: EA: www.european-accreditation.org
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Note: The current certificate annex is published on the website (link see below) of the Accreditation Body DAkkS or may be received by CTC advanced GmbH on request

http://www.dakks.de/as/ast/d/D-PL-12076-01-03.pdf