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# RA-24-07100169-2/A Ed. 0

# **RADIO** test report

according to standard: FCC Part 15.247

Equipment under test:
7" BLUETOOTH PHOTO VIEWER
"KEA"

FCC ID: RKXKEA

Company: PARROT

DISTRIBUTION: Mr LEGEAY Company: PARROT

Number of pages: 42 including 4 annexes

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		pages	Name	Visa	Name	Visa
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**PRODUCT:** 7" BLUETOOTH PHOTO VIEWER

*Reference / model:* KEA

Serial number: not communicated

**MANUFACTURER:** not communicated

**COMPANY SUBMITTING THE PRODUCT:** 

*Company:* PARROT

Address: 174, quai de Jemmapes

75010 PARIS FRANCE

**Responsible:** Mr LEGEAY

**DATE(S) OF TEST:** 05, 12 and 28 February 2007

TESTING LOCATION: EMITECH ATLANTIQUE laboratory at ANGERS (49) FRANCE

EMITECH ATLANTIQUE open area test site in LA POUEZE (49)

**FRANCE** 

Registration Number by FCC: 101696/FRN: 0006 6490 08

TESTED BY: L. BERTHAUD

T. LOIZEAU

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#### 1. INTRODUCTION

This document presents the result of RADIO test carried out on the following equipment: 7" BLUETOOTH PHOTO VIEWER "KEA" in accordance with normative reference.

#### 2. PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

ITU Emission code: 1M00F7D

Class: B (residential environment)

Utilization: Bluetooth photo viewer

Antenna type: incorporated antenna

Operating frequency range: from 2402 MHz to 2480 MHz

Number of channels: 79

Channel spacing: 1 MHz

Frequency generation: O SAW Resonator O Crystal O Synthetiser

Modulation: Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum (FHSS)

O Amplitude O Digital O Frequency O Phase

Power source: 115 Va.c. (mains)

Power level, frequency range and channels characteristics are not user adjustable.

The details pictures of the product and the circuit boards are joined with this file.

#### 3. NORMATIVE REFERENCE

The standards and testing methods related throughout this report are those listed below.

They are applied on the whole test report even though the extensions (version, date and amendment) are not repeated.

FCC Part 15 (2006) Code of Federal Regulations

Title 47 - Telecommunication

Chapter 1 - Federal Communications Commission

Part 15 - Radio frequency devices Subpart C - Intentional Radiators

ANSI C63.4 (2003) Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-

voltage Electrical and Electronics Equipment in the range

of 9 kHz to 40 GHz.

Public Notice DA 00-705 Filing and Measurement Guideline for Frequency Hopping Spread

Spectrum Systems.

#### 4. TEST METHODOLOGY

Radio performance tests procedures given in part 15:

Paragraph 33: frequency range of radiated measurements

Paragraph 35: measurement detector functions and bandwidths

Paragraph 203: antenna requirement

Paragraph 205: restricted bands of operation

Paragraph 207: conducted limits

Paragraph 209: radiated emission limits; general requirements Paragraph 247: operation within the bands 2400-2483.5 MHz

#### 5. ADD ATTACHMENTS FILES

"Synoptic "

"Block diagram"

External photos and Product labeling

"Assembly of components"

"Internal photos"

"Layout pcb"

"Bil of materials"

"Schematics "

"Product description "

"User guide"

#### 6. TESTS AND CONCLUSIONS

Test	Description of test	Cri	iteria	respect	ted?	Comment
procedure	-	Yes	No	NAp	NAs	
FCC Part 15.203	ANTENNA REQUIREMENT	X				Note 7
FCC Part 15.205	RESTRICTED BANDS OF OPERATION	X				
FCC Part 15.207	CONDUCTED LIMITS	X				
FCC Part 15.209	RADIATED EMISSION LIMITS; general requirements	X				Note 4
FCC Part 15.247	OPERATION WITHIN THE BAND 2400-2483.5 MHz (a) (1) hopping systems (a) (1) (i) 902 – 928 MHz	X		X		Note 1
	(a) (1) (ii) 5725 – 5850 MHz	***		X		
	(a) (1) (iii) 2400 – 2483.5 MHz (a) (2) digital modulation techniques	X		X		Note 2
	(b) max output power (c) operation with directional antenna gains > 6 dBi	X		X		Note 5 Note 3
	(d) intentional radiator	X				
	(e) peak power spectral density (f) hybrid system			X		
	(g) (h)	X				
	(i) RF exposure compliance	X				Note 6
	BAND EDGE COMPLIANCE	X				

NAp: Not Applicable

NAs: Not Asked

- Note 1: the frequency hopping system have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by 1 MHz. The system hop to channel frequencies from a pseudo randomly ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency is used equally on the average by the transmitter, and separated by a minimum of 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel (see annex 1).
- Note 2: the frequency hopping system use more than 15 channels.

  The timing by channel is 174  $\mu$ s. During 79 channels  $\times$  0.4 s (part 15) = 31.6 s, any channel is used 124 times, then 124 x 174  $\mu$ s = 21.58 ms, thus the average time of occupancy on any channel is less than 400 ms within a period of 0.4 s multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed, in normal operating mode (see annex 2).
- *Note 3*: the antenna gain is less than 6 dBi.
- *Note 4*: see FCC part 15.247 (d).
- <u>Note 5</u>: for information only (it's not digitally modulated system) conducted measurement is not possible (integral antenna), so we used the radiated method in open field.
- <u>Note 6</u>: this type of equipment uses less than 0.5 W of output power with a high signal transmitting duty factor (section 3 from Oet 65c).
- Note 7: internal antenna (pcb antenna) (see annex 3).

#### **Conclusion:**

The sample of <u>7" BLUETOOTH PHOTO VIEWER "KEA"</u> submitted to the tests complies with the regulations of the standard FCC Part 15 in accordance with the limits or criteria defined in this report.

#### 7. MEASUREMENT OF THE CONDUCTED DISTURBANCES

Standard: FCC Part 15

Test procedure: Paragraph 15.207

Limits: Class B

#### **Test equipment:**

ТҮРЕ	BRAND	EMITECH NUMBER
Test receiver ESH3	Rohde & Schwarz	1058
Pulse limiter ESH3-Z2	Rohde & Schwarz	976
Artificial main network L3-25	PMM	834
Spectrum analyzer FSBS	Rohde & Schwarz	3133
Power supply 110 V / 60 Hz PCR4000L	Kikusui	3132

**Software used:** BAT-EMC V3.1.7.1

#### Test set up:

The test unit is placed on a wooden table, 0.8 m over an horizontal reference plane and 0.4 m from a vertical reference plane. It is powered by an artificial main network placed on the ground reference plane.

#### **Equipment under test operating condition:**

The equipment is powered with the AC power operating voltage of 115 V / 60 Hz.

Frequency range: 150 kHz - 30 MHz

**Detection mode:** Peak / Quasi-Peak / Average

Bandwidth: 9 kHz

#### **Results:**

#### Measurement on the mains power supply:

The measurement is made with peak detector.

Curve  $N^{\circ}$  1: measurement on the Neutral with peak detector Curve  $N^{\circ}$  2: measurement on the Line with peak detector

The spectrum line which are less than 6 dB of the limit are analyzed with Quasi-Peak detector and average detector.

#### Measurement with Quasi-Peak detector:

Frequencies (MHz)	Neutral (dBµV)	Line (dBµV)	Limits (dBµV)
0.171	61.3	61.2	64.9
0.180	60.3	59.9	64.5
0.205	59.7	59.7	63.4
0.242	57.3	57.4	62
0.270	56.3	56.3	61.1
0.292	54.2	53.8	60.4
0.315	58.2	57.7	59.8
0.385	49.1	48.7	58.1
0.484	46.4	46	56.2
0.515	/	44.2	56
0.529	/	45	56
0.532	45.3	/	56
0.556	/	44.4	56
0.596	43.9	/	56

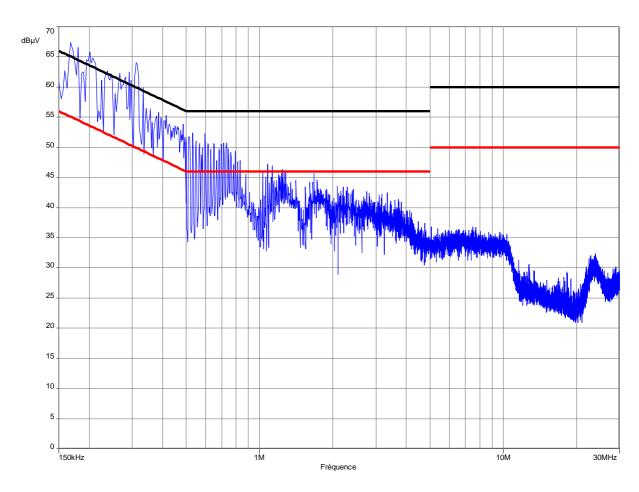
Curve  $N^{\circ}$  3: measurement on the Neutral with average detector from 150 kHz to 3.4 MHz Curve  $N^{\circ}$  4: measurement on the Line with average detector from 150 kHz to 1.5 MHz

#### **Test conclusion:**

RESPECTED STANDARD

#### CURVE N°: 1.

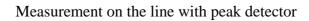
## Measurement on the neutral with peak detector

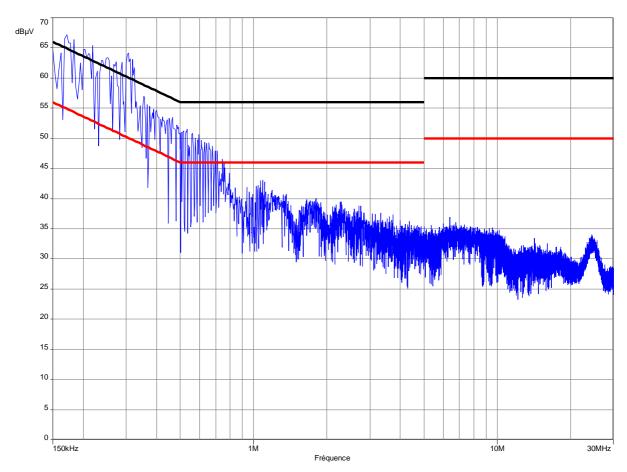


RBW filter: 10 kHz VBW filter: 10 kHz

Sweep time: 500 ms/MHz

#### CURVE N°: 2.



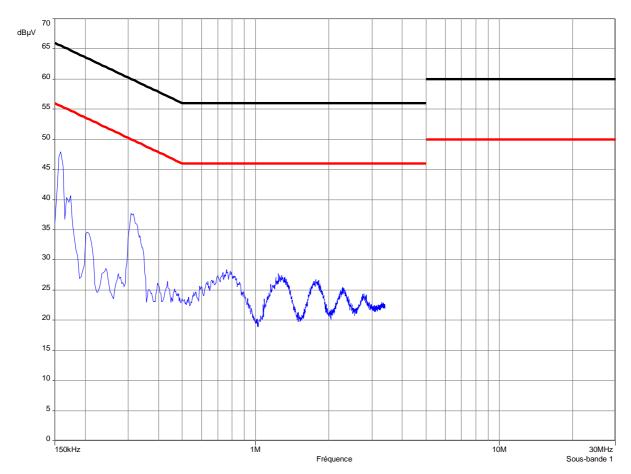


RBW filter: 10 kHz VBW filter: 10 kHz

Sweep time: 500 ms/MHz

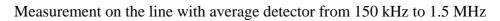
#### CURVE N°: 3.

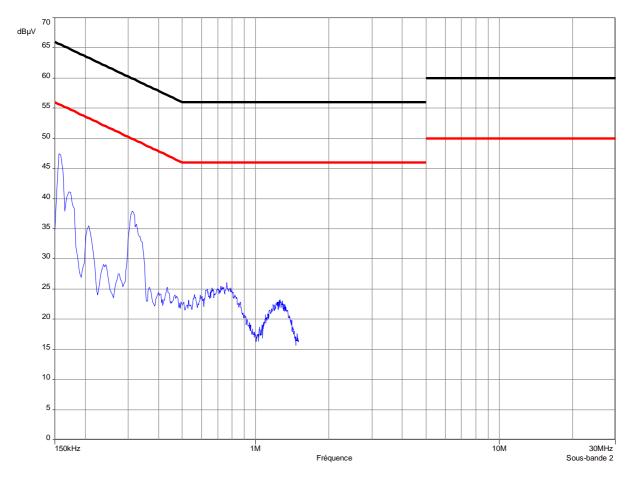




RBW filter: 9 kHz Sweep time: 100 ms/Pts

#### CURVE N°: 4.





RBW filter: 9 kHz Sweep time: 100 ms/Pts

#### 8. PEAK OUTPUT POWER

**Standard:** FCC Part 15

**Test procedure:** paragraph 15.247

#### **Test equipment:**

ТҮРЕ	BRAND	EMITECH NUMBER
Spectrum analyzer FSP 40	Rohde & Schwarz	4088
Diode detector OD20004A	Omniyig	2469
Oscilloscope THS 720	Tektronix	0940
Antenna RGA60	Electrometrics	1938
Antenna RGA60	Electrometrics	1204
Open site	EMITECH	1274
Radio frequency generator SME06	Rohde & Schwarz	1669
High pass filter HPM11630	Micro-tronics	1673
Low-noise amplifier 1 to 18 GHz	ALC	2648
Power meter 8541B	Gigatronics	3479
Power sensor 80401A	Gigatronics	3182
Variac R213	Dereix	1419

#### Test set up:

The system is tested in an open area test site (OATS).

The test unit is placed on a rotating table, 0.8 m from a ground plane. Zero degree azimuth corresponds to the front of the equipment under test.

We use for this measure outdoor test site, by substitution method. The measuring distance between the equipment and the test antenna is 3 m. The antenna have been oriented in the two polarizations, we have recorded only highest level.

In first the spectrum analyzer is replaced by a diode detector which is connected to the vertical channel of an oscilloscope.

The equipment under test is substituted by a signal generator with a calibrated double ridged guide antenna, and its level adjusted such that the deviation of the Y-trace of the oscilloscope reaches the level obtained with the E.U.T.

The output power level of the signal generator is measured with a calibrated RF power meter.

Then a measurement of the electro-magnetic field is realized, with a resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth adjusted at 1 MHz.

**Distance of antenna:** 3 meters

**Antenna height:** 1 to 4 meters

**Antenna polarization:** vertical and horizontal

#### **Equipment under test operating condition:**

The equipment is blocked in continuous transmission mode, modulated by internal data signal.

#### **Results:**

Ambient temperature (°C): 21 Relative humidity (%): 54

Polarization of test antenna: vertical (height: 241 cm)

Position of equipment: use position (azimuth: 144 degrees)

Sample n° 1 Hopping mode

	1	Peak Output Power radiated at these frequencies (W): from 2402 MHz to 2480 MHz	Limits (W)
Normal test conditions	Nominal power source (V): 115	$3.062 \times 10^{-3}$	1*

<sup>\*</sup> the frequency hopping systems use at least 75 hopping channel.

#### Sample n° 1 Channel 1 (2402 MHz)

	Leve	l dBµV	Cable loss dB	Antenna factor dB	Electro-magnetic field (dBµV/m):	P* (W)
Normal test conditions (V): 115	power source 6	4.43	4.74	29.16	98.33	$2.042 \times 10^{-3}$

#### Sample n° 1 Channel 40 (2441 MHz)

	Level dBµV	Cable loss dB	Antenna factor dB	Electro-magnetic field (dBµV/m):	P* (W)
Normal test conditions   Nominal power so (V): 115	urce 65.68	4.74	29.16	99.58	$2.723 \times 10^{-3}$

#### Sample n° 1 Channel 79 (2480 MHz)

		Level dBµV	Cable loss dB	Antenna factor dB	Electro-magnetic field (dBµV/m):	P* (W)
Normal test Nomin conditions (V): 1	nal power source 15	64.08	4.74	29.16	97.98	$1.884 \times 10^{-3}$

<sup>\*</sup>  $P = (E \times d)^2 / (30 \times Gp)$  with d = 3 m and Gp = 1

#### **Test conclusion:**

RESPECTED STANDARD

#### 9. RADIATED EMISSION OF TRANSMITTER

Standard: FCC Part 15

**Test procedure:** paragraph 15.205

paragraph 15.209 paragraph 15.247

#### **Test equipment:**

ТҮРЕ	BRAND	EMITECH NUMBER
Test receiver ESH3	Rohde & Schwarz	1058
Test receiver ESVS 10	Rohde & Schwarz	1219
Spectrum analyzer FSP 40	Rohde & Schwarz	4088
Loop antenna	EMCO	1406
Biconical antenna HP 11966C	Hewlett Packard	728
Log periodic antenna HL 223	Rohde & Schwarz	1999
Open site	Emitech	1274
Antenna RGA-60	Electrometrics	1204
Low-noise amplifier 2 to 18 GHz	Microwave DB	1922
High pass filter HP12/3200-5AA	Filtek	1922
Antenna WR42	IMC	1939
Variac R213	Dereix	1419
Low-noise amplifier 18 to 26 GHz	ALC	3036

#### Test set up:

The system is tested in an open area test site (OATS).

The test unit is placed on a rotating table, 0.8 m from a ground plane. Zero degree azimuth corresponds to the front of the equipment under test.

**Frequency range:** from 9 kHz to harmonic 10 ( $F_{carrier} \le 10 \text{ GHz}$ )

**Bandwidth:** 120 kHz (F < 1 GHz) or 100 kHz, following 15.205 or 15.247

1 MHz (F > 1 GHz) or 100 kHz, following 15.205 or 15.247

**Distance of antenna:** between 30 m and 3 m according the frequencies and the limits.

**Antenna height:** 1 to 4 meters

**Antenna polarization:** vertical and horizontal, only the highest level is recorded.

#### **Equipment under test operating condition:**

The equipment is blocked in continuous transmission mode, modulated by internal data signal.

#### **Results:**

Ambient temperature (°C): 21 Relative humidity (%): 54

Power source: 115 Va.c. through a variac

The polarity column refers to the antenna polarity at which the maximum emissions level is measured.

Not any spurious has been detected.

Applicable limits: In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread

spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the

highest level of the desired power.

The highest level recorded in a 100 kHz bandwidth is 99.14  $dB\mu V/m$  on

channel 40.

So the applicable limit is  $79.14 \ dB\mu V/m$ .

In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted band, as defined in section 15.205 (a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified

in section 15.209 (a) (see section 15.205 (c)).

#### **TEST CONCLUSION:**

RESPECTED STANDARD

#### **PAGE: 17**

#### 10. BAND EDGE COMPLIANCE

Standard: FCC Part 15.247

Test procedure: Public Notice DA 00-705, Delta Marker method

#### **Test equipment used:**

ТҮРЕ	TYPE MANUFACTURER	
		NUMBER
Spectrum analyzer FSP 40	Rohde & Schwarz	4088
Antenna RGA-60	Electrometrics	1938
Variac R213	Dereix	1419

#### **Measured condition:**

Requirements: Emissions that fall in the restricted bands (part 15.205). These emissions must be

less than or equal to 500  $\mu$ V/m (54 dB $\mu$ V/m)/ Part 15.35b applies in the restricted

bands.

Test procedure: An in band field strength measurement of the fundamental Emission using the RBw

and detector function required by C63.4-2003 and FCC Rules.

#### **Test operating condition of the equipment:**

The equipment is locked in frequency hopping mode (it's not possible to have a static mode operation).

#### **Results:**

Lower Band Edge: from 2310 MHz to 2390 MHz, CURVE n° 5 Upper Band Edge: from 2483.5 MHz to 2500 MHz, CURVE n° 6

#### Sample n°1:

			1		1		ı
Fundamental	Field	Detector	Frequency	Delta	Calculated	Limit	Margin
frequency	Strength	(Peak or	of	Marker	Max Out of	$(dB\mu V/m)$	(dB)
(MHz)	Level of	Average)	maximum	(dB)*	Band	• •	, ,
	fundamental		Band-edges		Emission		
	$(dB\mu V/m)$		Emission		Level		
			(MHz)		$(dB\mu V/m)**$		
2402	98.33	Peak	2377.45	-45.19	53.14 <sup>(1)</sup>	74	20.86
2480	97.98	Peak	2487.85	-50.68	47.3 <sup>(1)</sup>	74	26.7

<sup>\*</sup> according to step 2 of Marker-Delta Method DA 00-705.

Calculated Emission Level = Field Strength Level – Delta Marker Level

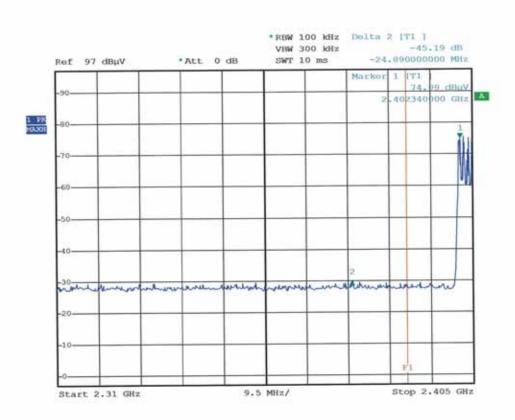
#### **Test conclusion:**

#### RESPECTED PUBLIC NOTICE

<sup>\*\*</sup> according to step 3 of Marker-Delta Method:

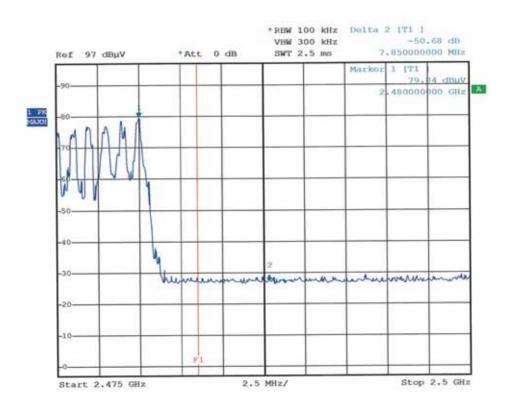
the level is lower than the average limit (54  $dB\mu V/m$ ).

#### CURVE N°: 5.



Date: 12.FEB.2007 14:53:44

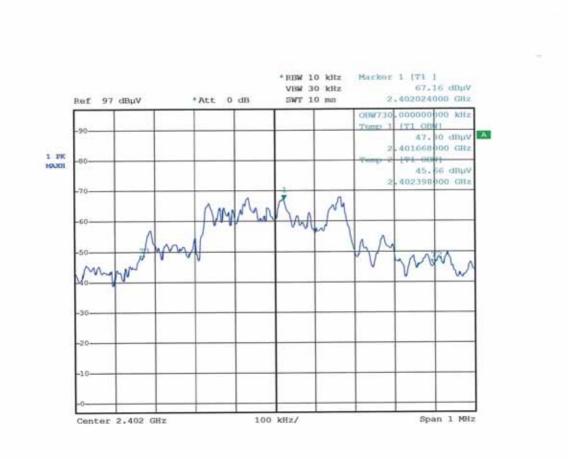
#### CURVE N°: 6.



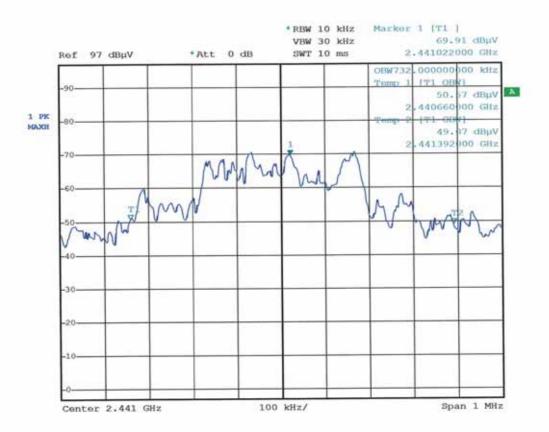
Date: 12.FEB.2007 14:58:15

 $\square\square\square$  End of report, 4 annexes to be forwarded  $\square\square\square$ 

# **ANNEX 1: OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH AND CHANNEL SEPARATION**

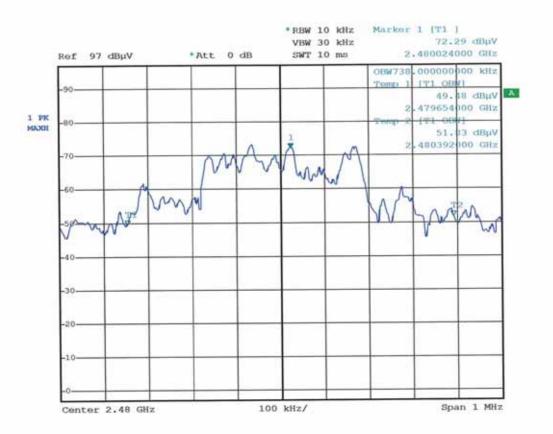


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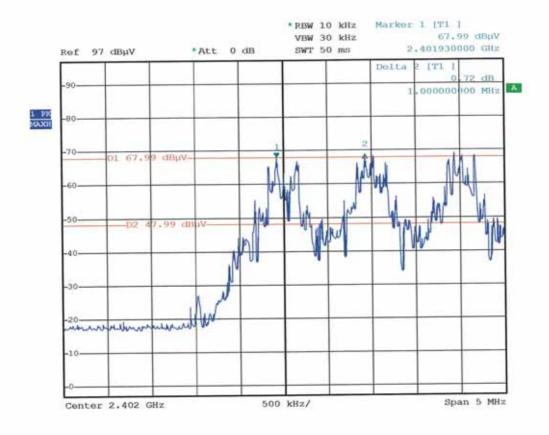


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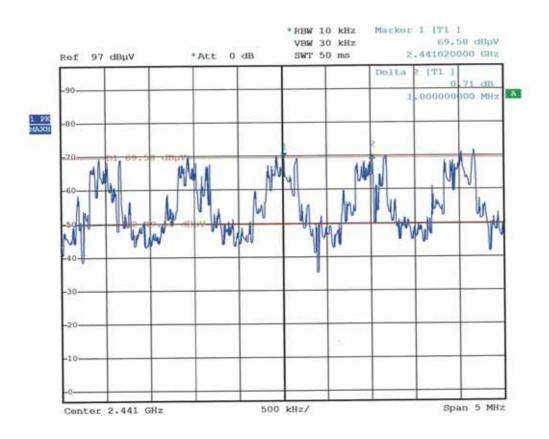
**PAGE: 22** 



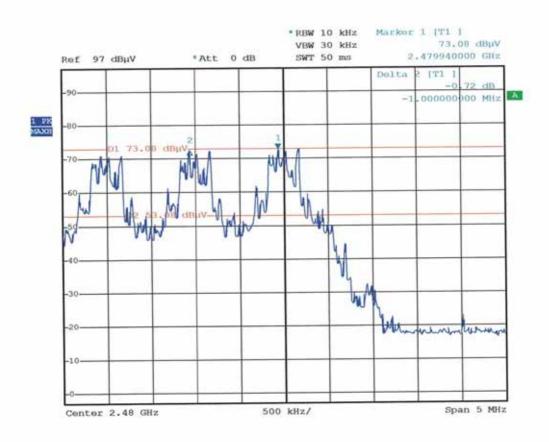
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Date: 12.FEB.2007 15:55:30

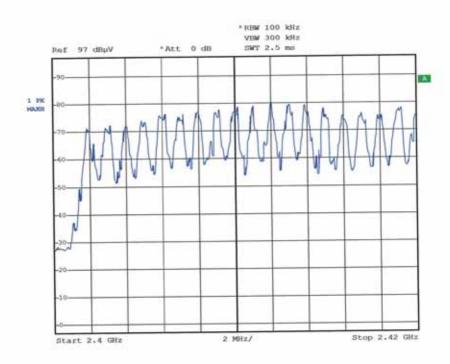


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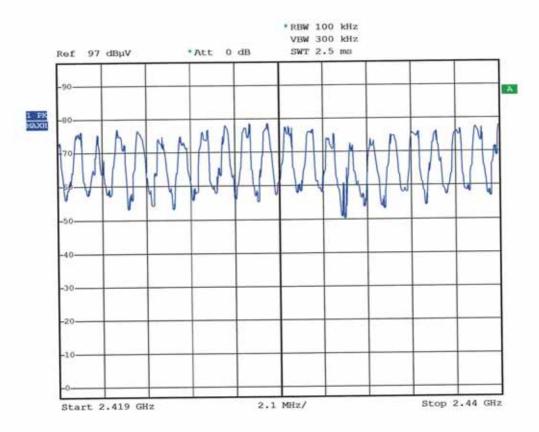


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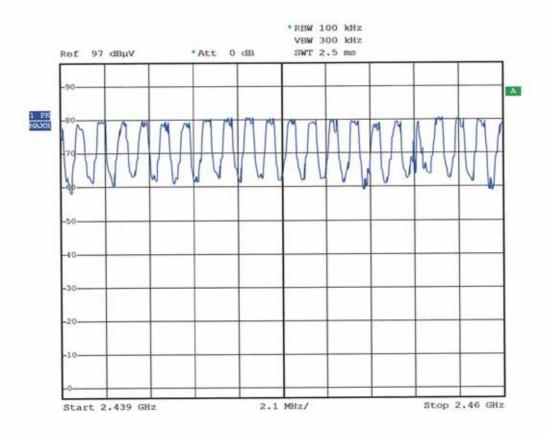
# ANNEX 2: NUMBER OF CHANNELS AND AVERAGE TIME OF OCCUPANCY ON ANY FREQUENCY



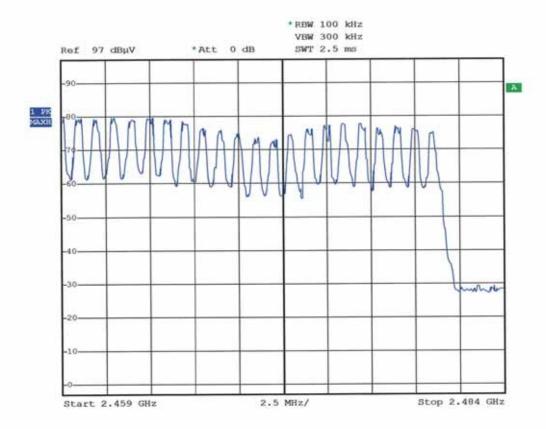
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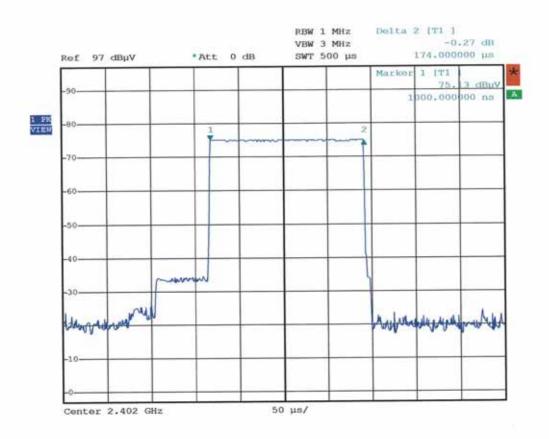
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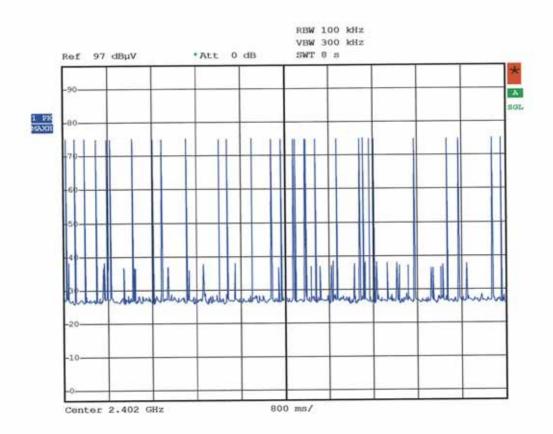
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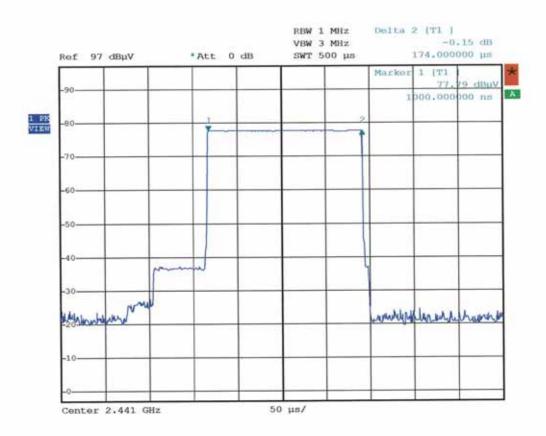
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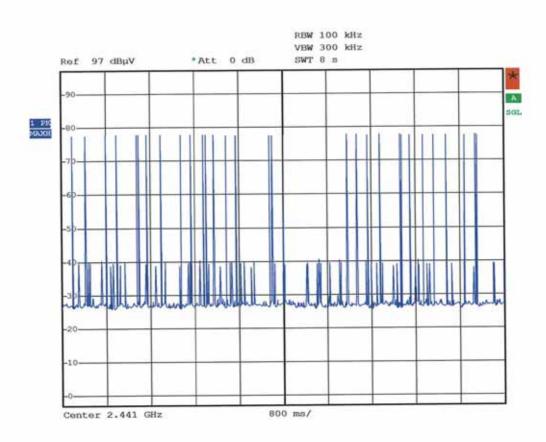
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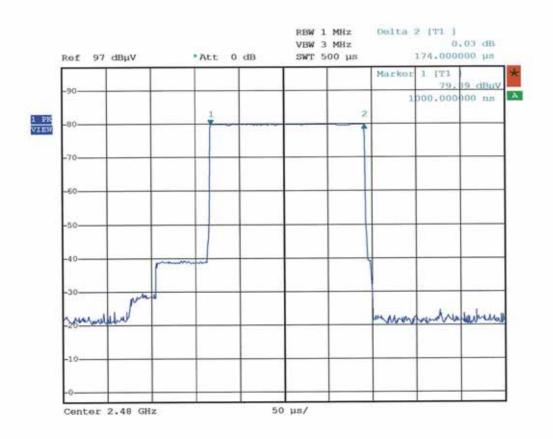
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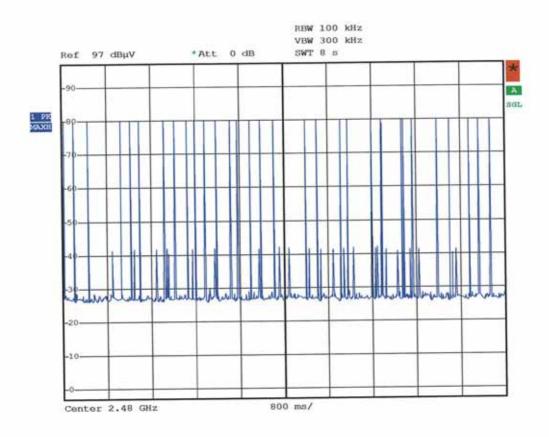
Date: 12.FEB.2007 15:40:03



Date: 12.FEB.2007 15:46:25



Date: 12.FEB.2007 15:38:23



Date: 12.FEB.2007 15:49:03

# ANNEX 3: PHOTOS OF THE EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST

#### **GENERAL VIEW**



### Internal view:



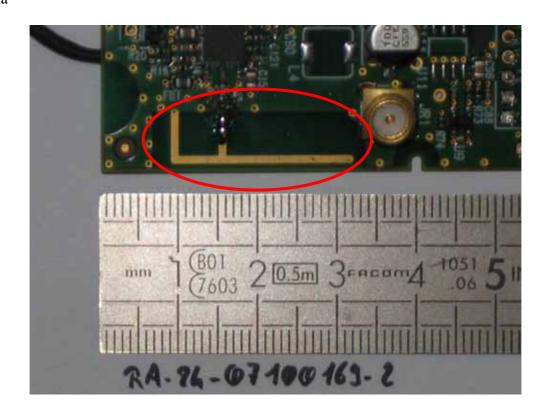
Printed circuit board: face 1



Printed circuit board: face 2



#### Antenna



# **ANNEX 4: TEST SET UP**

#### CONDUCTED MEASUREMENT



#### RADIATED MEASUREMENT



