

ZE51/61-2.4 RF Module User Guide

1VV0300868 Rev.4 - 31/03/2011





This document is related to the following product :

IEE	E 802.15.4 ZigB	ee®	STR. Inst	
Emb	edded	1	0.00	
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CHAPTER I.

INTRODUCTION

I.1. Aim of the Document

The aim of this document is to present the features and the application of the ZE51/61-2.4 radio module. After the introduction, the characteristics of the ZE51/61-2.4 radio module will be described within the following distinct chapters:

- Requirements
- General Characteristics
- Technical description
- Process information
- Board Mounting Recommendations
- Antenna Considerations





I.2. Reference documents

[1] IEEE Std. 802.15.4-2006	Wireless MAC and PHY Specifications for Low Rate - WPANs
[2] ERC Rec 70-03	ERC Recommendation for SRD, June 2009
[3] EN 300 328-1 V1.7.1 (Europe)	ETSI Standards for SRD , October 2006
[4] EN 300 440-1 V1.4.1 (Europe)	ETSI Standards for SRD , March 2009
[5] 2002/95/EC	Directive of the European Parliament and of the Council, 27 January 2003
[6] CFR47 Part 15 (US)	FCC Standards for SRD
[7] ARIB STD-T66 (Japan)	ARIB Standards for SRD
[8] Z-One Pro Protocol Stack User Guide	1vv0300902
[9] 2006/771/EC	Harmonization of the radio spectrum for use by short-range devices
[10] 2009/381/EC	Amending Decision 2006/771/EC on harmonization of the radio spectrum for use by short-range devices
[11] SR Manager Tool User Guide	1vv0300899
[12] ZigBee PRO Democase Getting Started	1vv0300901
[13] ZigBee PRO Democase User Guide	1vv0300900

I.3. Document change log

Revision	Date	Changes
ISSUE # 0	11/05/10	First Release
ISSUE # 1	28/07/10	Added ZE61-2.4
ISSUE # 2	04/02/11	Updated regulation requirements and schematics in VI.5
ISSUE # 3	14/03/11	Added link for ZE51 USB dongle drivers, info regarding CC debugger. Added in Annex paragraph regarding Conformity Assessment Issues FCC/IC and Declaration of conformity
ISSUE # 4	31/03/11	Added text regarding Conformity Assessment Issues FCC/IC



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I.4. Glossary

ARIB	Association of Radio Industries and Businesses
BER	Bit Error Rate
Bits/s	Bits per second (1000 bits/s = 1Kbps = 1Kbaud)
CER	Character Error Rate
CEPT	European Conference of Postal and Telecommunications Administrations
CFR	Code of Federal Regulations
Chips	Chip or chip sequence refers to a spreading-code used to transform the original
	data to DSSS
dBm	Power level in decibel milliwatt (10 log (P/1mW))
EMC	Electro Magnetic Compatibility
DSSS	Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum
EPROM	Electrical Programmable Read Only Memory
ERC	European Radiocommunications Committee
ETR	ETSI Technical Report
ETSI	European Telecommunication Standard Institute
FCC	Federal Communications Commission
IEEE	Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers
ISM	Industrial, Scientific and Medical
KB	1024 bytes (1 byte = 8 bits)
kbps	kilobits/s
LBT	Listen Before Talk
	Low Noise Amplifier
MAC	Medium Access Control
MHz Mahin/a	Mega Hertz (1 MHz = 1000 kHz)
Mchip/s	Mega chips per second (A measure of the speed with which chips are generated in DSSS)
РСВ	Printed Circuit Board
PROM	Programmable Read Only Memory
PER	Packet Error Rate
PHY	Physical Layer
NRZ	Non return to Zero
RF	Radio Frequency
RoHS	Restriction of Hazardous Substances
RSSI	Receive Strength Signal Indicator
Rx	Reception
SRAM	Static Random Access Memory
SRD	Short Range Device
SMD	Surface Mounted Device
Тх	Transmission
Via	Metal Hole on a printed circuit board
WPANs	Wireless Personal Area Networks



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CHAPTER II.

REQUIREMENTS

II.1. Regulations requirements

The ZE51/61-2.4 module is a [1],[2],[6],[7] compliant multi channel radio modem in the 2.4GHz band (unlicensed frequency band).

Europe Regulation:

The "ERC recommendation 70-03" [2] describes the limits band in the 2.4GHz license free band, in terms of bandwidth, maximum power, duty cycle, channel spacing and type of application. It gives the following limitations:

Class	Frequency band	Maximum radiated power	Channel spacing	Duty cycle	Notes
Annex 1h (Non-Specific Short range Devices)	2400 – 2483.5 MHz	10 mW e.i.r.p.	No channel spacing specified	No restriction	
Annex 3a (Wideband Data Transmission systems)	2400 – 2483.5 MHz	100 mW e.i.r.p. and 100 mW/100 kHz e.i.r.p. density applies when frequency hopping modulation is used, 10 mW/MHz e.i.r.p. density applies when other types of modulation are used.(*)(**)	No channel spacing specified.	No restriction	For wide band modulations other than FHSS, the maximum e.i.r.p. density is limited to 10 mW/MHz

(*)Compliant to the EU Commission Decision [9], [10]. Techniques to access spectrum and mitigate interference that provide at least equivalent performance to the techniques described in harmonized standards adopted under Directive 1999/5/EC must be used.

(**) For IEEE802.15.4 DSSS modulation used by ZigBee, the modulated signal is spread over 2MHz. So, the maximum radiated power is 20mW.



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Restrictions for non specific SR devices Annex 1h 2400-2483.5MHz:

Country	Restriction	Reason/Remark
Norway	Implemented	This subsection does not apply for the geographical area within a radius of 20 km from the centre of Ny-Ålesund
Russian Federation		Bluetooth
Ukraine	Limited implementation	e.i.r.p. ≤100 mW

Restrictions for Wideband Data Transmission systems Annex 3a 2400-2483.5MHz:

Country	Restriction	Reason/Remark
France	Outdoor use limited to 10 mW e.i.r.p. within the band 2454-2483.5 MHz	Military Radiolocation use. Reforming of the 2.4 GHz band has been ongoing in recent years to allow current relaxed regulation. Full implementation planned 2012
Italy		For private use, a general authorisation is required if WAS/RLAN's are used outside own premises. For public use, a general authorization is required
Ukraine	Limited Implemented	e.i.r.p. ≤100 mW with built-in antenna with amplification factor up to 6 dBi
Norway	Implemented	This subsection does not apply for the geographical area within a radius of 20 km from the centre of Ny-Ålesund
Russian Federation		 SRD with FHSS modulation Maximum 2.5 mW e.i.r.p. Maximum 100 mW e.i.r.p. Permitted for use SRD for outdoor applications without restriction on installation height only for purposes of gathering telemetry information for automated monitoring and resources accounting systems. Permitted to use SRD for other purposes for outdoor applications only when the installation height is not exceeding 10 m above the ground surface. 1.3.Maximum 100 mW e.i.r.p. Indoor applications 2. SRD with DSSS and other than FHSS wideband modulation 2.1. Maximum mean e.i.r.p. density is 2 mW/MHz. Maximum 100 mW e.i.r.p. 2.2. Maximum mean e.i.r.p. density is 20



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mW/MHz. Maximum
100 mW e.i.r.p. Permitted to use SRD for
outdoor applications
only for purposes of gathering telemetry
information for
automated monitoring and resources
accounting systems or
security systems.
2.3. Maximum mean e.i.r.p. density is 10
mW/MHz. Maximum
100 mW e.i.r.p. Indoor applications

For the complete document please refer to [2] and EU Commission Decision [9], [10].

The 2.4 Ghz band is a harmonized band in most of Europe. So the product must be declared in compliance with the harmonized ETSI standards EN 300 440 (Class 1h) or EN 300 228 (Class 3a).

Finally, the module complies with the new European Directive 2002/95/EC concerning the Restrictive Usage of Hazardous Substances (RoHS).

USA Regulation:

In the United States the FCC is responsible for the regulation of all RF devices. Our module intended for unlicensed operation is regulated by CFR 47, Part 15 [6]. The 2.4 GHz band used for unlicensed radio equipment is regulated by section 15.247.

Japan regulation

In Japan the unlicensed use of short range devices in the 2.4 GHz ISM band is regulated by the ARIB standard STD-T66 [7].



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II.2. Functional Requirements

The ZE51/61-2.4 module is a complete solution from serial interface to RF interface. The ZE51/61-2.4 module has a digital part and a RF part.

The digital part has the following functionalities:

- Communication interface
- I/O management
- Micro controller with embedded software

The RF part has the following functionalities:

- 2.4 GHz IEEE 802.15.4 compliant RF transceiver
- Half Duplex bi-directional link
- RF front-end component with low noise Rx amplification and Tx power amplification (ZE61-2.4 module only)

II.3. Software

The ZE51/61-2.4 module is provided pre-flashed with Telit in-house ZigBee® PRO stack. Please refer to ZigBee PRO Protocol Stack User Guide [8] for detail information.

In case the customer needs to develop his own software, different tools are available:

- 8051 compiler from IAR : http://www.iar.se/website1/1.0.1.0/244/1/
- CC debugger: http://focus.ti.com/docs/toolsw/folders/print/cc-debugger.html

The technical support for these tools will be done by the providing company.

All necessary drivers for ZE51-2.4 Usb dongle can be found under the following link:

http://www.ftdichip.com/Drivers/VCP.htm

A complete correspondence table of the connections between the CC2530 and the pin out of the module, as well as the connections to the included STM M24C64 EEPROM can be found in chapter IV.3.

In case, the customer wants to test the RF performances of the module, Telit can provide its own proprietary test software that is available in the download zone together with description of all the functionalities.



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II.4. Temperature Requirements

	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
Operating				
Temperature	- 40	25	+ 85	°C
Relative humidity @ 25°C	20		75	%
Storage				
Temperature	- 40	25	+ 85	°C



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CHAPTER III.

GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS

III.1. Mechanical Characteristics

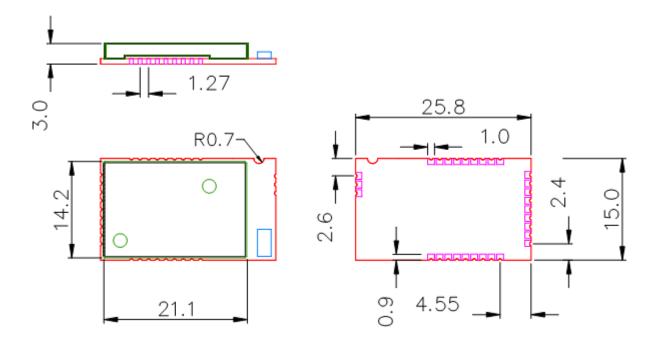
Size :	Rectangular 26 x 15 mm	
Height :	3 mm	
Weight :	1,7 g	
PCB thickness:	0.8 mm	
Cover :	 Dimensions : 21 x 14 x 2.2mm Thickness : 200µm 	
Components :	All SMD components, on one side of the PCB.	
Connectors :	The terminals allowing conveying I/O signals are half-moons located around.	
Mounting :	SMDHalf moons on the 4 external sides	
Number of pins :	30	



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III.2. Mechanical dimensions





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III.3. DC Characteristics

Characteristics ZE51	Min.	Тур.	Max.
Power Supply (Vdd):	+2.0V	+3.0V	+3.6V
Consumption @ 3.0V and 25°C			
Transmission :		35mA	
Reception :		26mA	
Stand-by (32.768 khz On) :		2μΑ	
Sleep (wake up on interruption) :		1µA	
I/O low level :	GND	-	0.9 V
I/O high level :	V _{DD} - 0.7V	-	V _{DD}
Characteristics ZE61	Min.	Тур.	Max.
Power Supply (Vdd):	+2.0V	+3.0V	+3.6V
Consumption @ 3.0V and 25°C			
Transmission :		150mA	
Reception :		31mA	
Stand-by (32.768 khz On) :		2,5µA	
Sleep (wake up on interruption) :		1,5µA	
I/O low level :	GND	-	0.9 V
I/O high level :	V _{DD} - 0.7V	-	V _{DD}



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III.4. Functional characteristics

<u>Olahal</u>					
Global					
Frequency band	2400 - 2483.5 MHz				
Channel spacing	5 MHz				
Channel number	16 Channel 11 (2405MHz) → 0	Channel 26 (2480MHz)			
Technology	DSSS				
Modulation	O-QPSK with half sine pulse	e shaping			
Radio bit rate	250 kbps				
Transmit chip rate	2 Mchip/s				
Transmission ZE51	Min.	Тур.	Max.		
Output Power	+4dl	Bm ± 1 dB on the whole band (selectable by software)			
Harmonics 2 nd harmonic 3 rd harmonic		-53 dBc -47 dBc			
Spurious emission 30 - 1000 MHz 1 - 12.75 GHz 1.8 - 1.9 GHz 5.15 - 5.3 GHz			-36 dBm -30 dBm -47 dBm -47 dBm (required by [3], [4], [6],[7])		
Error Vector Magnitude (EVM)		5%	15%		
Transmission ZE61	Min.	Тур.	Max.		
Output Power	+19d	+19dBm ± 1 dB on the whole band (selectable by software)			
Harmonics 2 nd harmonic 3 rd harmonic		-61 dBc -63 dBc			
Spurious emission 30 - 1000 MHz 1 - 12.75 GHz 1.8 - 1.9 GHz 5.15 - 5.3 GHz			-36 dBm -30 dBm -47 dBm -47 dBm (required by [3], [4],		

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		[6], [7])
Error Vector Magnitude (EVM)	5%	15%

Reception ZE51	Min.	Тур.	Max.	
Sensitivity for PER=1%	-	-96 dBm under 50 Ohms	-97 dBm	
Saturation for PER=1%	-3 dBm under 50 Ohms	-	-	
Adjacent channel	-	38 dB	-	
rejection + 5 MHz channel spacing	Wanted signal @ -8	2 dBm, adjacent modulated of for CER = 1 %.	channel @ + 5 MHz,	
Adjacent channel	-	32 dB	-	
rejection - 5 MHz channel spacing	Wanted signal @ -8	2 dBm, adjacent modulated of for CER = 1 %.	channel @ - 5 MHz,	
Alternate channel rejection + 10 MHz	-	44 dB	-	
channel spacing	Wanted signal @ -82	2 dBm, adjacent modulated cl for CER = 1 %.	hannel @ + 10 MHz,	
Alternate channel rejection - 10 MHz	-	43 dB	-	
channel spacing	Wanted signal @ -82	82 dBm, adjacent modulated channel @ - 10 MHz, for CER = 1 %.		
Blocking/Desensitisation @ ±5MHz @ ±10MHz @±20MHz @±50MHz	- - -	- 46 dBm - 39 dBm - 39 dBm - 29 dBm	- - - -	
	Wanted signal 3 dB above the sensitivity level, CW jammer, for CER = 1%. (Maximum values according to EN 300 440 class 2)			
LO leakage	-	-	-47 dBm	
Spurious emission in 30 MHz - 12.75 GHz	-	-	-47 dBm (required by [3], [4], [6],[7])	



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1VV0300868 Rev.4 – 31/03/20					
Reception ZE61	Min.	Тур.	Max.		
Sensitivity for PER=1%	-	-99 dBm under 50 Ohms	-100dBm		
Saturation for PER=1%	-3 dBm under 50 Ohms	-	-		
Adjacent channel rejection + 5 MHz	-	33 dB	-		
channel spacing	Wanted signal @ -8	2 dBm, adjacent modulated of for CER = 1 %.	channel @ + 5 MHz,		
Adjacent channel rejection - 5 MHz	-	33 dB	-		
channel spacing	Wanted signal @ -8	2 dBm, adjacent modulated of for CER = 1 %.	channel @ - 5 MHz,		
Alternate channel rejection + 10 MHz	-	50 dB	-		
channel spacing	Wanted signal @ -82	2 dBm, adjacent modulated c for CER = 1 %.	hannel @ + 10 MHz,		
Alternate channel rejection - 10 MHz	-	50 dB	-		
channel spacing	Wanted signal @ -82	/anted signal @ -82 dBm, adjacent modulated channel @ - 10 MHz, for CER = 1 %.			
Blocking/Desensitisation @ ±5MHz @ ±10MHz @±20MHz @±50MHz		- 35 dBm - 31 dBm - 30 dBm - 30 dBm			
	Wanted signal 3 dB above the sensitivity level, CW jammer, for CER = 1%. (Maximum values according to EN 300 440 class 2)				
LO leakage	-	-	-47 dBm		
Spurious emission in 30 MHz - 12.75 GHz	-	-	-47 dBm (required by [3], [4], [6],[7])		



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III.5. Digital Characteristics

Microcontroller	8051 core	
Microcontroller Memory	256KB Flash, 8KB SRAM,	
Peripheral memory	8 KB EEPROM	
Serial link*	 Managed by application. Full Duplex, from 1200 to 115200 bps 7 or 8 bits, with or without parity, 1 or 2 stop bits Protocol Type : RS-232, TTL level 	
Flow control*	Managed by application. None, Software (Xon/Xoff) or Hardware (RTS/CTS)	
Other	Ultra low power voltage detector and μC supervisory circuit	
Specific signals	 Serial : Tx, Rx, RTS, CTS Inputs : Reset, Stand-By, Prog I/O : 7 I/O (among those 5 analog inputs with 7 to 12 bits resolution) 	
Flashing	 Through serial Through the air : DOTA (Download Over The Air) functionality 	
Embedded functionality	 Point-to-point stack for test purpose available in download zone ZigBee Pro stack from Telit 	

*: In ZigBee Democase :115.200 bps,8 bits, without parity, 1 stop bit, No flow control



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III.6. Absolute Maximum Ratings

ZE51		
Voltage applied to V _{DD}	-0.3V to +3.9V	
Voltage applied to any digital pin	-0.3V to V_{DD} +0.3V, max 3.9 V	
Input RF level	10 dBm	
ZE61		
Voltage applied to V _{DD}	-0.3V to +3.6V	
Voltage applied to any digital pin	-0.3V to V_{DD} +0.3V, max 3.6 V	
Input RF level	10 dBm	

CAUTION

It must be noted that due to some components, ZE51/ZE61 module is an ESD sensitive device. Therefore, ESD handling precautions should be carefully observed.



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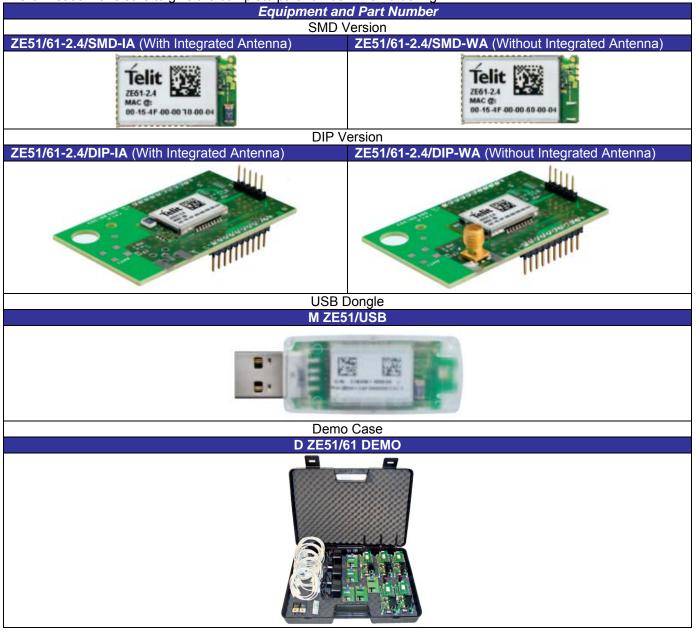


III.7. Ordering information

The following equipments can be ordered:

- The SMD version
- The DIP interface version
- The USB dongle
- The Demo Case

The versions below are considered standard and should be readily available. For other versions, please contact Telit. Please make sure to give the complete part number when ordering.





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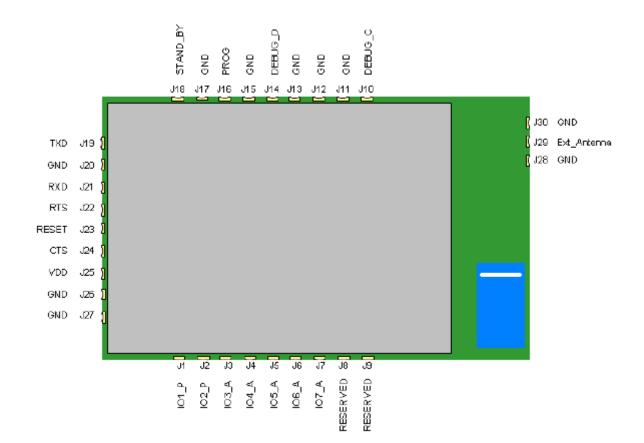
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CHAPTER IV.

TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION

IV.1. Pin-out of the SMD Module





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Pin	Pin name	Pin type	Signal level	Function	
J30	GND	Gnd		RF Ground connection for external antenna	
J29	Ext_Antenna	RF		RF I/O connection to external antenna	
J28	GND	Gnd		RF Ground connection for external antenna	
J27	GND	Gnd		Ground	
J26	GND	Gnd		Ground	
J25	VDD	Power		Digital and Radio part power supply pin	
J24	CTS	I	TTL	Clear To Send	
J23	RESET	I	TTL	μC reset (Active low with internal pull-up)	
J22	RTS	0	TTL	Request To Send	
J21	RXD	I	TTL	RxD UART – Serial Data Reception	
J20	GND	Gnd		Ground	
J19	TXD	0	TTL	TxD UART – Serial Data Transmission	
J18	STAND_BY	I	TTL	Standby (Active high with internal pull-down)	
J17	GND	Gnd		Ground	
J16	PROG	I	TTL	Signal for serial μC flashing (Active high with internal pull-down)	
J15	GND	Gnd		Ground	
J14	DEBUG_D	I/O	TTL	Debug data.	
J13	GND	Gnd		Ground	
J12	GND	Gnd		Ground	
J11	GND	Gnd		Ground	
J10	DEBUG_C	I/O	TTL	Debug clock	
J9	RESERVED	-	-	-	
J8	RESERVED	-	-	-	
J7	IO7_A	I/O	analog	ADC - Analog Input N°7 (Digital I/O capability)	
J6	IO6_A	I/O	analog	ADC - Analog Input N°6 (Digital I/O capability)	
J5	IO5_A	I/O	analog	ADC - Analog Input N°5 (Digital I/O capability)	
J4	IO4_A	I/O	analog	ADC - Analog Input N°4 (Digital I/O capability)	
J3	103_A	I/O	analog	ADC - Analog Input N°3 (Digital I/O capability)	
J2	 IO2_P	I/O	TTL	Digital I/O N°2 with 20mA sink/source capability	
J1	 IO1_P	I/O	TTL	Digital I/O N°1 with 20mA sink/source capability	

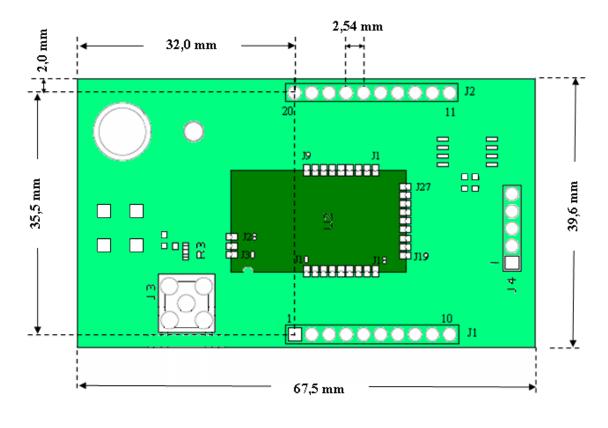
NOTE: reserved pins must not be connected



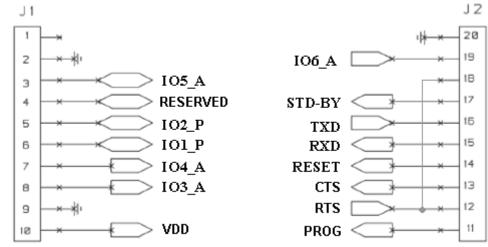
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IV.2. Pin-out of the DIP Module





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IV.3. Correspondence

Pin-Out correspondence between ZE51/61-2.4/DIP, ZE51/61-2.4/SMD and CC2530 SOC.

Z	E51/61-2.4/DIP Pin-out	ZE	51/61-2.4/SMD Pin-out	CC	C2530 SOC Pin-out	Comments
Pin n°		Pin n°	Pin name	Pin n°	Pin name	
J1	1					Not connected
J1	2		GND		GND	
J1	3	J5	IO5 A	15	P0 4	
J1	4	J9	reserved	38	 P1_6	
J1	5	J2	IO2_P	9	 P1_1	
J1	6	J1	IO1_P	11	P1_0	
J1	7	J4	IO4_A	16	P0_3	
J1	8	J3	IO3_A	17	P0_2	
J1	9		GND		GND	
J1	10	J25	VDD		AVDD,DVDD	
J2	11	J16	PROG	36	P2_0	
J2	12	J22	RTS	7	P1_3	
J2	13	J24	CTS	8	P1_2	
J2	14	J23	Reset	20	Reset_N	
J2	15	J21	RxD	6	P1_4	
J2	16	J19	TxD	5	P1_5	
J2	17	J18	STAND_BY	37	P1_7	
J2	18	J22	RTS	7	P1_3	
J2	19	J6	IO6_A	14	P0_5	
J2	20		GND		GND	
J4 Cor	nnector for debuggi	ng and pr	ogrammation			
J4	1	J14	Debug D	35	P2_1	
J4	2	J10	Debug C	34	P2_2	
J4	3	J23	Reset	20	Reset_N	
J4	4	J25	VDD		AVDD,DVDD	
J4	5		GND		GND	
Eepror	m connections					
SCL	I2C Eeprom U1 (Not Mounted)	J7	107_A	13	P0_6	
SDA	· · · · ·	J8	reserved	12	P0_7	
RF cor	nnection					
J3 or J5 :	SMA connector for RF I/O	J29	Ext_Antenna (Unbalanced RF)			Connection to 50 Ohm antenna
ANT1	Not mounted					A small chip Antenna "FR05- S1-N-0-001 from Fractus can be tested



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IV.4. Description of the Signals

Signals	Description
Reset	External hardware reset of the radio module. Active on low state.
TXD, RXD	Serial link signals, format NRZ/TTL: TXD is for outgoing data. RXD is for incoming data. The '1' is represented by a high state.
стѕ	Incoming signal. Indicates whether the module can send serial data to user (Active, on low state) or not (inactive, on high state).
RTS	Outgoing signal. Indicates whether the user can transmit serial data (active, on low state) or not (inactive, on high state).
ю	I/O, configurable as input or as output. (Available upon request only)
STAND_BY	Indicates to the module to switch to pre-selected low-power mode. (Available upon request)



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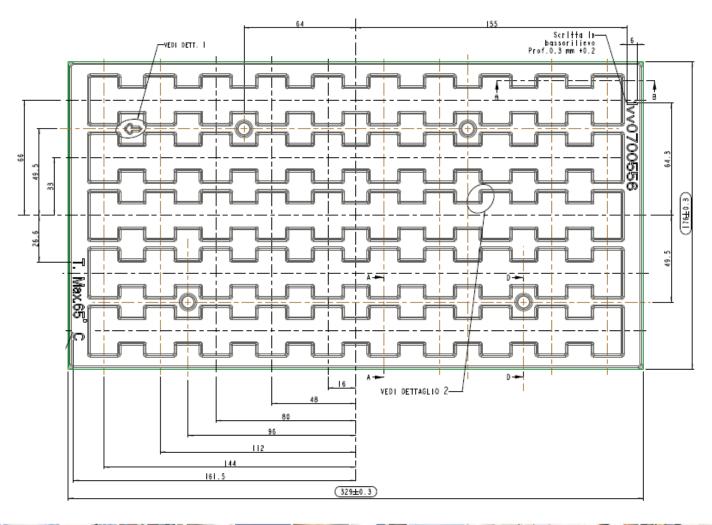


CHAPTER V.

PROCESS INFORMATION

V.1. Delivery

ZE51/61-2.4/SMD modules are delivered in plastic tray packaging, each tray including 50 units. The dimensions of the tray are the following: 329 mm x 176 mm x 5.6 mm. Each unit is placed in a 26.6 mm x 16 mm location. An empty tray weights 45 g and a loaded tray weights around 130 g.





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V.2. Storage

The optimal storage environment for ZE51/61-2.4/SMD modules should be dust free, dry and the temperature should be included between -40° C and $+85^{\circ}$ C.

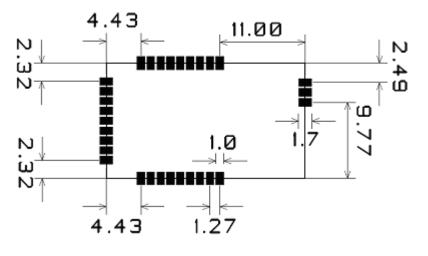
In case of a reflow soldering process, tiny radio modules must be submitted to a drying bake at +60°C during 24 hours. The drying bake must be used prior to the reflow soldering process in order to prevent a popcorn effect. After being submitted to the drying bake, tiny modules must be soldered on host boards within 168 hours.

Also, it must be noted that due to some components, ZE51/61-2.4/SMD modules are ESD sensitive device. Therefore, ESD handling precautions should be carefully observed.

V.3. Soldering pad pattern

The surface finished on the printed circuit board pads should be made of Nickel/Gold surface.

The recommended soldering pad layout on the host board for the **ZE51/61-2.4/SMD-WA**, is shown in the diagram below:



All dimensions in mm

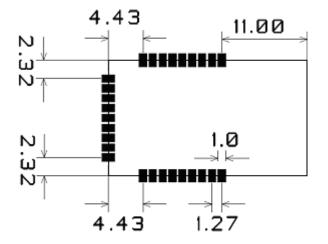


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The recommended soldering pad layout on the host board for the ZE51/61-2.4/SMD-IA, is shown in the diagram below:



All dimensions in mm

Neither via-holes nor wires are allowed on the PCB upper layer in area occupied by the module.



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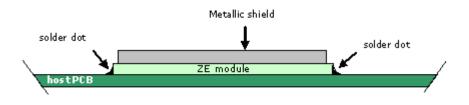


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V.4. Solder paste composition (RoHS process)

ZE51/61-2.4/SMD module is designed for surface mounting using half-moon solder joints (see diagram below). For proper module assembly, solder paste must be printed on the target surface of the host board. The solder paste should be eutectic and made of 95.5% of SN, 4% of Ag and 0.5% of Cu. The recommended solder paste height is 180 μ m.

The following diagram shows mounting characteristics for tiny integration on host PCB:



V.5. Placement

The ZE51/61-2.4/SMD module can be automatically placed on host boards by pick-and-place machines like any integrated circuit.





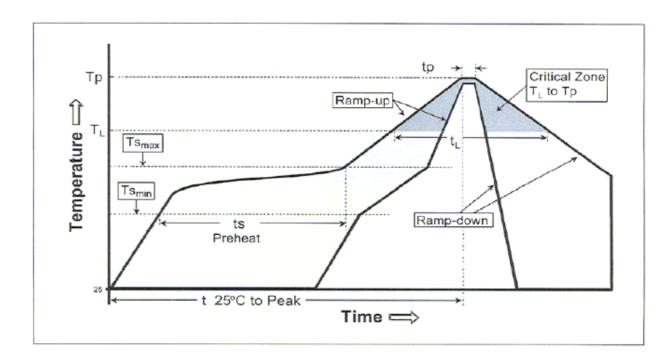
V.6. Soldering profile (RoHS process)

It must be noted that ZE51/61-2.4/SMD module should not be allowed to be hanging upside down during the reflow operation. This means that the module has to be assembled on the side of the printed circuit board that is soldered last.

The recommendation for lead-free solder reflow in IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020D Standard should be followed.

Profile Feature	Sn-Pb Eutectic Assembly	Pb-Free Assembly
Average Ramp-UP Rate	3°C/second max	3°C/second max.
(Ts max to Tp)	5 Crsecond max.	5 Crsecond max.
Preheat		
- Temperature Min (Ts min)	100°C	150°C
 Temperature Max (Ts max) 	150°C	200°C
- Time (ts min to ts max)	60 - 120 seconds	60 - 120 seconds
Time maintained above:		
- Temperature (TL)	183°C	221°C
- Time (tL)	35 - 90 seconds	45 - 90 seconds
Peak/Classification Temperature (Tp)	max. Peak Temp. 225°C	max. Peak Temp. 260°C
Time within 5°C of actual Peak	10 - 30 seconds	10 seconds
Temperature (tp)	10 - 30 seconds	To seconds
Ramp-Down Rate	4°C/second max.	4°C/second max.
Time 25°C to Peak Temperature	6 minutes max.	8 minutes max.
Minimum Solderjoint Peak-Temperature		235°C/ 10sec.

Note 1: All temperatures refer to topside of the package, measured on the package body surface.





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ZE51/61-2.4 RF Module User Guide

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The barcode label located on the module shield is able to withstand the reflow temperature.

CAUTION

It must also be noted that if the host board is submitted to a wave soldering after the reflow operation, a solder mask must be used in order to protect the tiny radio module's metal shield from being in contact with the solder wave.



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CHAPTER VI. BOARD MOUNTING RECOMMENDATION

VI.1. Electrical environment

The best performances of the ZE51/61-2.4 module are obtained in a "clean noise" environment. Some basic recommendations must be followed:

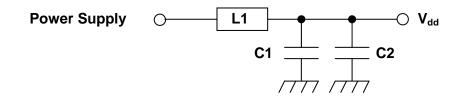
- Noisy electronic components (serial RS232, DC-DC Converter, Display, Ram, bus ,...) must be placed as far as possible from the ZE51/61-2.4 module.
- Switching components circuits (especially RS-232/TTL interface circuit power supply) must be decoupled with a 100 µF tantalum capacitor. And the decoupling capacitor must be as close as possible to the noisy chip.





VI.2. Power supply decoupling on ZE51/61-2.4 module

The power supply of ZE51/61-2.4 module must be nearby decoupled. A LC filter must be placed as close as possible to the radio module power supply pin, V_{DD} .



Symbols	Reference	Value	Manufacturer
L1	LQH31MN1R0K03	1µH	Murata
C1	GRM31CF51A226ZE01	22µF	Murata
C2	Ceramic CMS 25V	100nF	Multiple



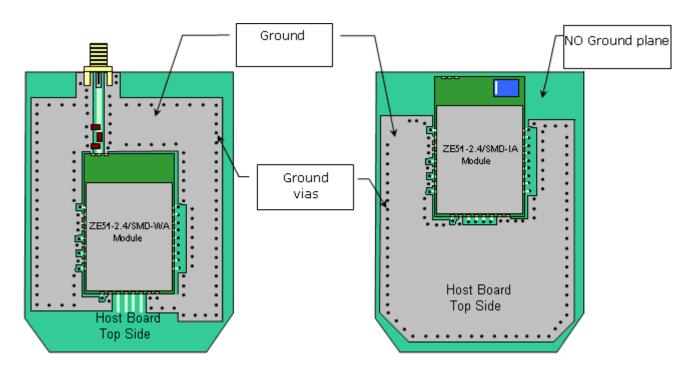
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VI.3. RF layout considerations

Basic recommendations must be followed to achieve a good RF layout :

- It is recommended to fill all unused PCB area around the module with ground plane, except in case of integrated antenna (no ground plane must be placed in front of the antenna and on the bottom side).
- > The radio module ground pin must be connected to solid ground plane.
- If the ground plane is on the bottom side, a via (Metal hole) must be used in front of each ground pad. Especially J28 and J30 (RF Gnd) pins should be grounded via several holes to be located right next to the pins thus minimizing inductance and preventing mismatch and losses.



Example of GND layout Top View (with and without integrated antenna)



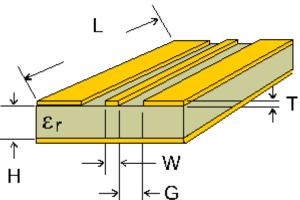
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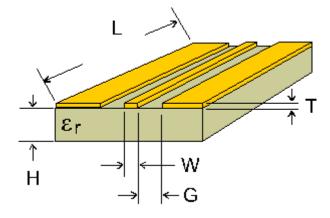
VI.4. Antenna connection on Printed Circuit Boards

Special care must be taken when connecting an antenna or a connector to the module. The RF output impedance is 50 ohms, so the strip between the pad and the antenna or connector must be 50 ohms following the tables below. Ground lines should be connected to the ground plane with as many vias as possible, but not too close to the signal line.



PCB material	PCB thickness H (mm)	Coplanar line W (mm)	Coplanar line G (mm)
FR4	0.8	1	0.3
	1.6	1	0.2

Table 1 : Values for double face PCB with ground plane around and under coplanar wave guide (recommended)



PCB material	PCB thickness H (mm)	Coplanar line W (mm)	Coplanar line G (mm)
ED4	0.8	1	0.22
FR4	1.6	1	0.23

Table 2 : Values for simple face PCB with ground plane around coplanar wave guide
(not recommended)



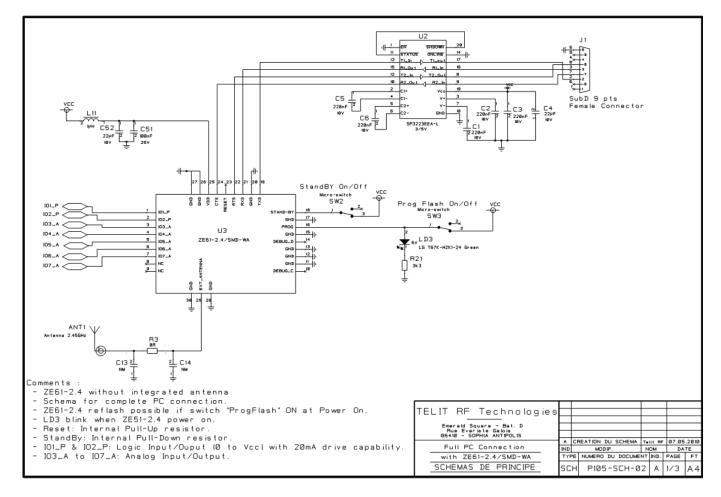
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VI.5. ZE51/61-2.4 interfacing :

Example of a full RS-232 connection between a PC or an Automat (PLC) and ZE51/61-2.4/SMD-WA



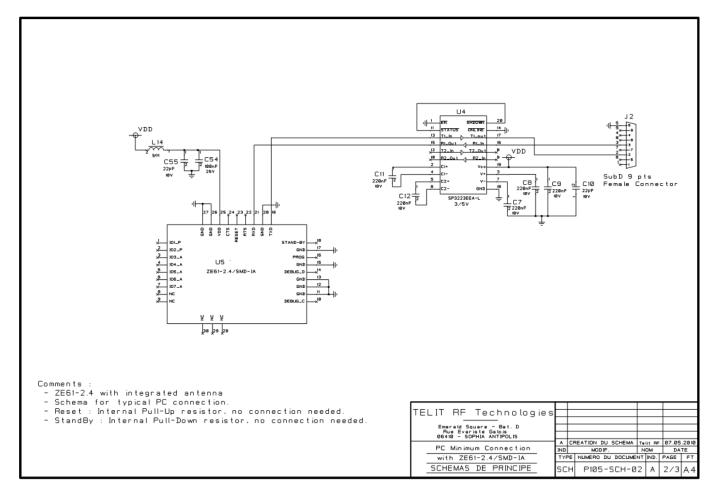


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Example of a minimum PC connection with ZE51/61-2.4/SMD-IA .



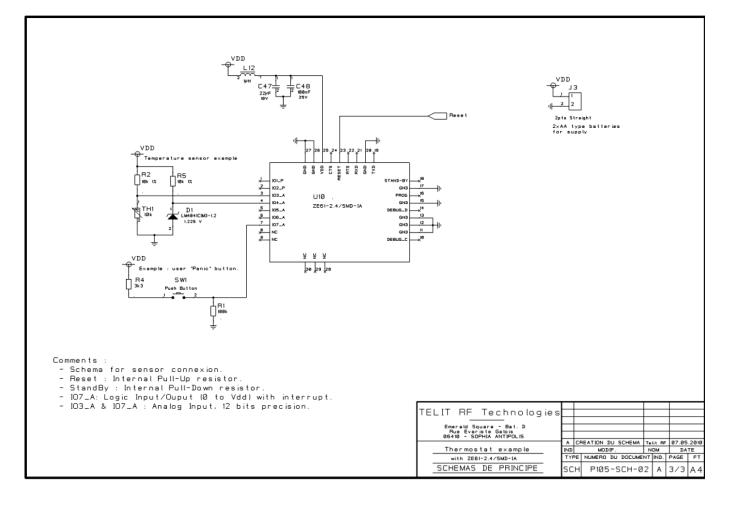


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Example for sensor connection with **ZE51/61-2.4/SMD-IA**.





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CHAPTER VII.

ANTENNA CONSIDERATIONS

VII.1. Antenna recommendations

ZE51/61-2.4 performances when used in a product are strongly dependent on the antenna type and its location. Particular cautions are required on the following points:

- Use a good and efficient antenna designed for the 2.4 GHz band. \geq
- Antenna must be fixed in such a location that electronic noise cannot affect the performances. (Outside \geq location is ideal if available).
- Antenna directivity must be low (Omni directional antenna is usually the best choice). \geq

Recommended antenna specifications:

- Frequency Band : 2440MHz +/- 100MHz \triangleright
- Radiation Pattern : Omni directional \triangleright
- Nominal Impedance: 50 Ω \triangleright
- VSWR: 1.5:1 max. \triangleright
- Gain: 0dBi \triangleright
- Polarization: Vertical \triangleright



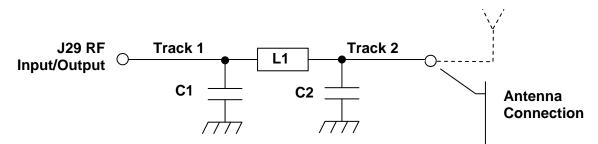
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VII.2. Antenna matching

Impedance matching can be required to deliver the maximum possible power from the module to the antenna and vice versa. This is typically accomplished by inserting a matching network into a circuit between the source and the load.

This matching network must be established as close as possible to the ZE51/61 module. Here after an example of matching network between a ZE51/61-2.4 module and an antenna.



Symbols	Reference	Package	Value	Comments
L1	Coil	0603 or 0402	-	These values should be measured and optimized with a Network Analyzer. If no impedance matching is necessary,
C1, C2	Capacitor	0603 or 0402	-	replace L1 by a 0 Ohm resistor, and let C1 and C2 not mounted.
Track 1, Track 2	Coplanar Waveguide	 Track 1 length (as short as possible) Track 2 length (as short as possible) 		
Via	Ideally, ground vias and the RF output Via will have : drill of 0,35 mm pad of 0,75 mm			
Antenna connection	Coaxial cable Pad: Hot point: 2*2mm Ground pad:2*4mm Or a specific SMA connector can be used.			

See the layouts §VI.3 to have an idea of the antenna matching implantation :

• Antenna connection via a SMA connector (Top View)



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VII.3. Antenna types

The following are the antenna examples that may be suitable for ZE51/61-2.4/SMD-WA applications. We distinguish two types of antenna:

- > External antenna (antenna is mounted outside of the device)
- > Embeddable antenna (antenna is integrated inside the device)

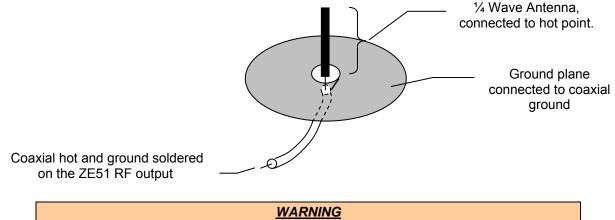
VII.4. External antenna

External antenna is recommended when the range performance is primordial. For example, for base stations and access points, where a better antenna gain may be required.

1/4 Wave Monopole antenna:

The ¹/₄ Wave antenna is 3 cm long @ 2.4 Ghz. Shorter compensated antennas could be used as long as they are adapted to 2.4 GHz frequency.

Best range may be achieved if the ¼ Wave antenna is placed perpendicular in the middle of a solid ground plane measuring at least 5 cm radius. In this case, the antenna should be connected to the module via some 50 ohm characteristic impedance coaxial cable.



The metallic plane must be ideally under the antenna (balanced radiation). Never short-circuit the hot and cold pins!

The installation directives are the following:

- Solder the coaxial cable on the hot and ground pad antenna (of the ZE51/61-2.4 module.)
- > Fix the antenna on a metallic plane or on a metallic box with the metallic screw provided with the antenna.
- If the ZE51/61-2.4 module is integrated in a plastic box, use a metal tape (copper) glued on the plastic side under the antenna.



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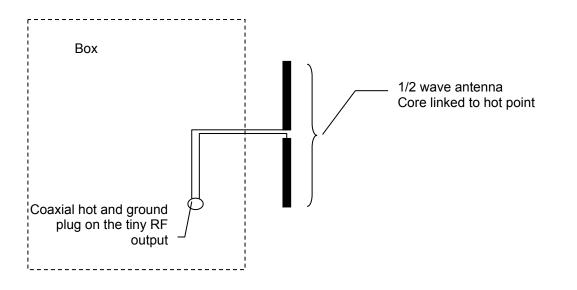
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Half Wave Dipole antenna:

The ½ Wave Dipole antenna is around 6 cm long. In a ½ Wave Dipole antenna the metallic plane is replaced by a second ¼ Wave antenna balancing the radiation.

Half wave monopole antenna typically offers a ground-independent design with favorable gain, excellent radiation pattern. It has a high impedance and requires an impedance-matching circuit (See paragraph IX.3)



<u>WARNING</u> It is recommended to place the ½ wave dipole antenna away from all metallic object, which will detuned it. Particularity it is not recommended to place this type of antenna directly on a metallic box, but the antenna can be deported away through a 50 Ohm coaxial cable.



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VII.5. Embeddable antennas

In this section you will find antennas designed to be directly attached to ZE51/61-2.4/SMD-WA module, inside the product casing. These antennas are only used in application where security, cosmetics, size or environmental issues make an external antenna impractical. This type of antenna is used when the integration factor becomes primordial (for mobile and handheld devices) to the range performances.

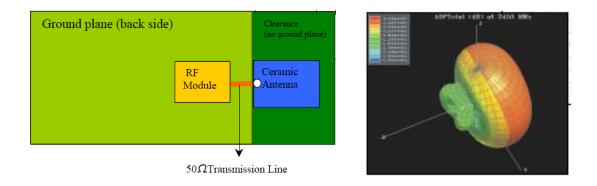
The basic recommendations are:

- > The radio module must not be placed in a metallic casing or close to metallic devices.
- > The internal antenna must be far from noisy electronic.

Ceramic antenna:

Ceramic antenna is a SMD component to be mounted directly on the PCB. It is designed so that it resonates and be 50 Ohms at the desired frequency. But we recommended to place an impedance-matching circuit (See paragraph VII.2).

The place under and around the ceramic antenna must be free of any track or ground plane. (refer to the antenna constructor requirements). It usually has a hemispherical radiation pattern has described below.



Miniaturized antenna:

This type of antenna features a through-hole feedline to directly attach it to the PCB. This antenna acts like a ¹/₄ wave antenna so that a minimum ground plane is required.



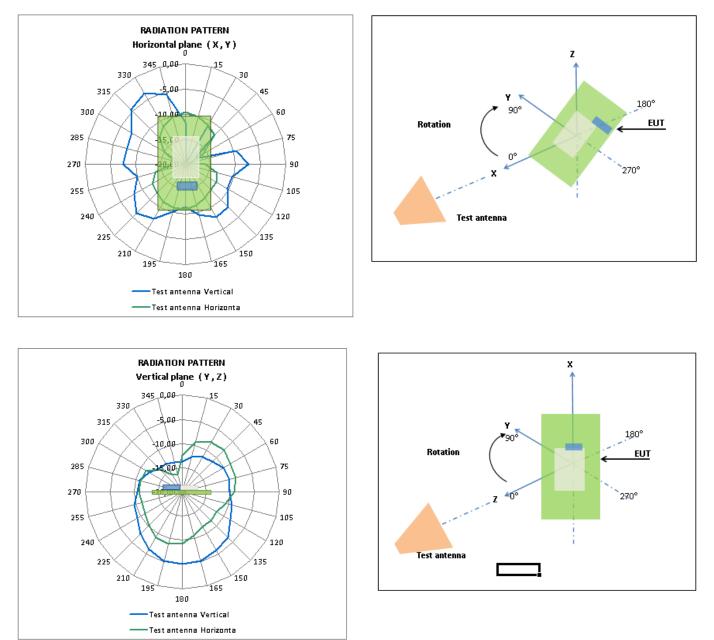
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ZE51/61-2.4/SMD-IA: Integrated antenna:

ZE51/61-2.4 module is available with an integrated chip antenna, allowing very compact integration for small space application.



Radiation Pattern of ZE51-2.4/DIP board

It is very important to avoid ground plane around and below the antenna, so ZE51/61-2.4/SMD-IA must be implemented as described in paragraph VI.3 and schematics VI.5.



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VIII.1. Declaration of Conformity



Radio module for ZigBee[™] application in 2.4GHz ISM band

to which this declaration relates is in conformity with all the essential requirements of the European Directive 1999/05/EC (R&TTE).

The conformity with the essential requirements of the European Directive 1999/05/EC has been verified against the following harmonized standards:

RF spectrum efficiency (R&TTE art. 3.2)	EN 300440 -1 Version 1.5.1
EMC (R&TTE art. 3.1b)	EN 301489 -3 Version 1.4.1
Electrical Safety and Health protection (R&TTE art. 3.1a)	EN 60950 -1/A11 and EN 50371

Restrictions :

CE marking applies only to End Products. Because this equipment is only a subassembly, compliance tests have been realized with Telit terminal. Manufacturer of End Products, based on such a solution, has to insure full conformity to be able to CE label marking.

The technical documentation relevant to the above equipment will be held at:

Rue Evarist Galois 06410 BIOT FRANCE

Biot, 06th April 2010

<Xavier TATOPOULOS - R&D Manager>



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DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

We,

Telit RF Technologies

Of:

Rue Evarist Galois 06410 BIOT FRANCE

declare under our sole responsibility that the product:

ZE61-2.4 module

Radio module for ZigBee[™] application in 2.4GHz ISM band

to which this declaration relates is in conformity with all the essential requirements of the European Directive 1999/05/EC (R&TTE).

The conformity with the essential requirements of the European Directive 1999/05/EC has been verified against the following harmonized standards:

RF spectrum efficiency (R&TTE art. 3.2)	EN 300440 -1 Version 1.5.1	
EMC (R&TTE art. 3.1b)	EN 301489 -3 Version 1.4.1	
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The technical documentation relevant to the above equipment will be held at:

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Biot, 07th March 2011

<Xavier TATOPOULOS - R&D Manager>



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VIII.2. Conformity Assessment Issues FCC/IC

Modules ZE51/61 are FCC/IC approved as modules to be installed in other devices. If the final product after integration is intended for portable use, a new application and FCC/IC is required.

FCC Notice

The FCC notifies users that any changes or modifications made to this device that are not expressly approved by Telit Communications S.P.A. may void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

Wireless notice:

This product emits radio frequency energy, but the radiated output power of this device is far below the FCC radio frequency exposure limits. This equipment complies with FCC RF radiation exposure limits forth for an uncontrolled environment. Nevertheless, the device should be used in such a manner that the potential for human contact with the antenna during normal operation is minimized.

IC Notice

This Class B digital apparatus complies with Canadian ICES-003, RSS-Gen and RSS-210.

Cet appareil numérique de la classe B est conforme à la norme NMB-003, CNR-Gen et CNR-210 du Canada

This radio transmitter ID: 5131A-ZE51 has been approved by Industry Canada to operate with the antenna types listed below with the maximum permissible gain and required antenna impedance for each antenna type indicated. Antenna types not included in this list, having a gain greater than the maximum gain indicated for that type, are strictly prohibited for use with this device.

Le présent émetteur radio ID: 5131A-ZE51 a été approuvé par Industrie Canada pour fonctionner avec les types d'antenne énumérés ci-dessous et ayant un gain admissible maximal et l'impédance requise pour chaque type d'antenne. Les types d'antenne non inclus dans cette liste, ou dont le gain est supérieur au gain maximal indiqué, sont strictement interdits pour l'exploitation de l'émetteur.

	Fractus Micro Reach Xtend [™] Chip antenna	Taoglas Dipole Stub
Antenna gain	2 dBi	5 dBi
Antenna impedance	50 Ω	50 Ω

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Wireless notice

This device complies with Industry Canada licence-exempt RSS standard(s). Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference, including interference that may cause undesired operation of the device.

Le présent appareil est conforme aux CNR d'Industrie Canada applicables aux appareils radio exempts de licence. L'exploitation est autorisée aux deux conditions suivantes : (1) l'appareil ne doit pas produire de brouillage, et (2) l'utilisateur de l'appareil doit accepter tout brouillage radioélectrique subi, même si le brouillage est susceptible d'en compromettre le fonctionnement.

Label recommendations

If neither FCC ID nor IC ID is visible when the module is installed inside another device, then the outside of the device into which the module is installed will display a label referring to the enclosed module by labelling the host device in this manner: "Contains FCC ID: RI7ZE51 and IC ID: 5131A -ZE51"

VIII.3. Examples of propagation attenuation

Factor	433 MHz	868 MHz	2.4 GHz
Facior	Attenuation	Attenuation	Attenuation
Open office	0 dB	0 dB	0 dB
Window	< 1 dB	1 – 2 dB	3 dB
Thin wall (plaster)	3 dB	3 – 4 dB	5 – 8 dB
Medium wall (wood)	4 – 6 dB	5 – 8 dB	10 – 12 dB
Thick wall (concrete)	5 – 8 dB	9 – 11 dB	15 – 20 dB
Armoured wall (reinforced concrete)	10 – 12 dB	12 – 15 dB	20 – 25 dB
Floor or ceiling	5 – 8 dB	9 – 11 dB	15 – 20 dB
Armoured floor or ceiling	10 – 12 dB	12 – 15 dB	20 – 25 dB
Rain and/or Fog	20 – 25 dB	25 – 30 dB	?? *

* = Attenuations increase along with the frequency. In some cases, it is therefore difficult to determine loss and attenuation value.

Note = The table above is only indicative. The real values will depend on the installation environment itself.



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