



WE310F5-I/P Module Hardware User Guide

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APPLICABILITY TABLE

PRODUCTS

■ ■ WE310F5-I

■ ■ WE310F5-P

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1. INTRODUCTION

1.1. Scope

The aim of this document is to describe some of the hardware solutions useful for developing a product with the Telit WE310F5-I/P Wi-Fi/BLE module.

1.2. Audience

This document is intended for Telit customers, who are integrators, about to implement their applications using our WE310F5-I/P modules.

1.3. Contact Information, Support

For general contact, technical support services, technical questions and report documentation errors contact Telit Technical Support at:

- TS-EMEA@telit.com
- TS-AMERICAS@telit.com
- TS-APAC@telit.com
- TS-SRD@telit.com

Alternatively, use:

<http://www.telit.com/support>

For detailed information about where you can buy the Telit modules or for recommendations on accessories and components visit:

<http://www.telit.com>

Our aim is to make this guide as helpful as possible. Keep us informed of your comments and suggestions for improvements.

Telit appreciates feedback from the users of our information.

1.4. Text Conventions



Danger – This information **MUST** be followed, or catastrophic equipment failure or bodily injury may occur.



Caution or Warning – Alerts the user to important points about integrating the module, if these points are not followed, the module and end user equipment may fail or malfunction.



Tip or Information – Provides advice and suggestions that may be useful when integrating the module.

All dates are in ISO 8601 format, i.e. 2019-01-08.

1.5. Related Documents

- WE310F5-I/P AT Command Reference Guide
- WE310F5-I/P EVB Hardware User Guide

2. PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

2.1. Overview

The WE310F5-I/P is a module with single band Wi-Fi/BLE (5.0) 2.4GHz combo module that provides an easy and cost-effective way to the users to add wireless connectivity to their products. This module is available in two different form factors the antenna version named WE310F5-I with 15mmx18mm dimensions and an on-board multilayer antenna and the WE310F5-P with 13.1mmX14.3mm with antenna PAD. The two versions share the same Pinout and are P2P compatible.

The following figure shows the WE310F5-I and WE310F5-P

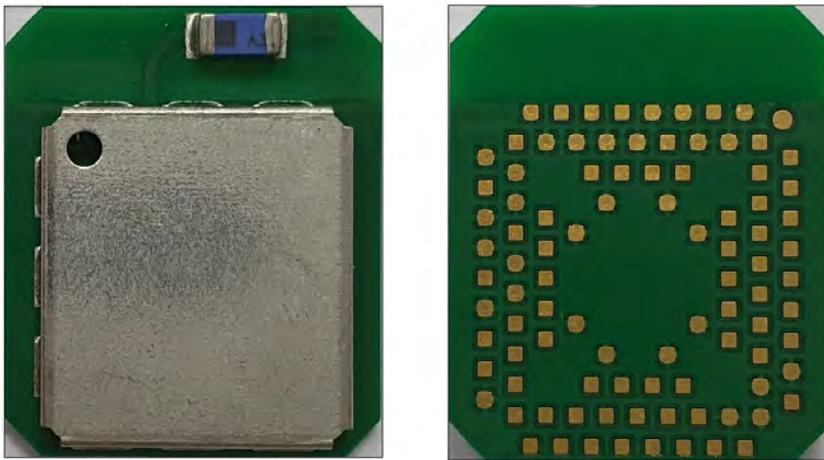


Figure 1: WE310F5-I 15mm*18mm

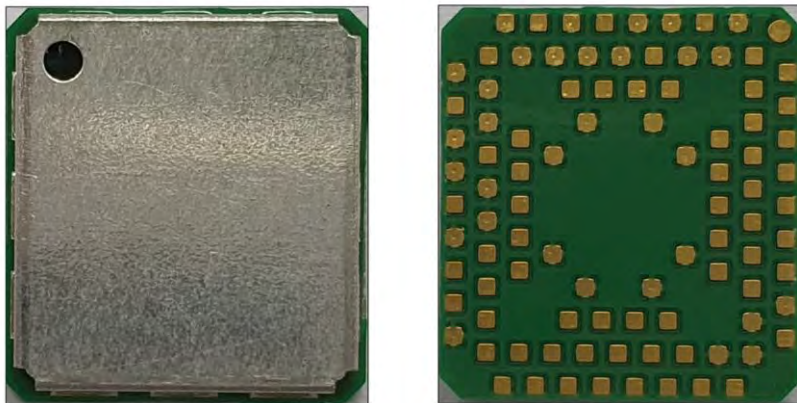


Figure 2: WE310F5-P 13.1mm*14.3mm

**NOTE:**

(EN) The integration of the WE310F5-I/P module within user application shall be done according to the design rules described in this manual.

(IT) L'integrazione del modulo cellulare WE310F5-I/P all'interno dell'applicazione dell'utente dovrà rispettare le indicazioni progettuali descritte in questo manuale.

(DE) Die Integration des WE310F5-I/P Mobilfunk-Moduls in ein Gerät muß gemäß der in diesem Dokument beschriebenen Konstruktionsregeln erfolgen.

(SL) Integracija WE310F5-I/P modula v uporabniški aplikaciji bo morala upoštevati projektna navodila, opisana v tem priročniku.

(SP) La utilización del modulo WE310F5-I/P debe ser conforme a los usos para los cuales ha sido diseñado descritos en este manual del usuario.

(FR) L'intégration du module cellulaire WE310F5-I/P dans l'application de l'utilisateur sera faite selon les règles de conception décrites dans ce manuel.

(HE) האינטגרציה של המודול הסלולרי WE310F5-I/P עם המוצר. האינטגרציה המפורטת במסמך זה בתהליך האינטגרציה של המודול הסלולרי.

2.2. Block Diagram

The following figure shows a high-level block diagram of WE310F5-I/P module and its major functional blocks

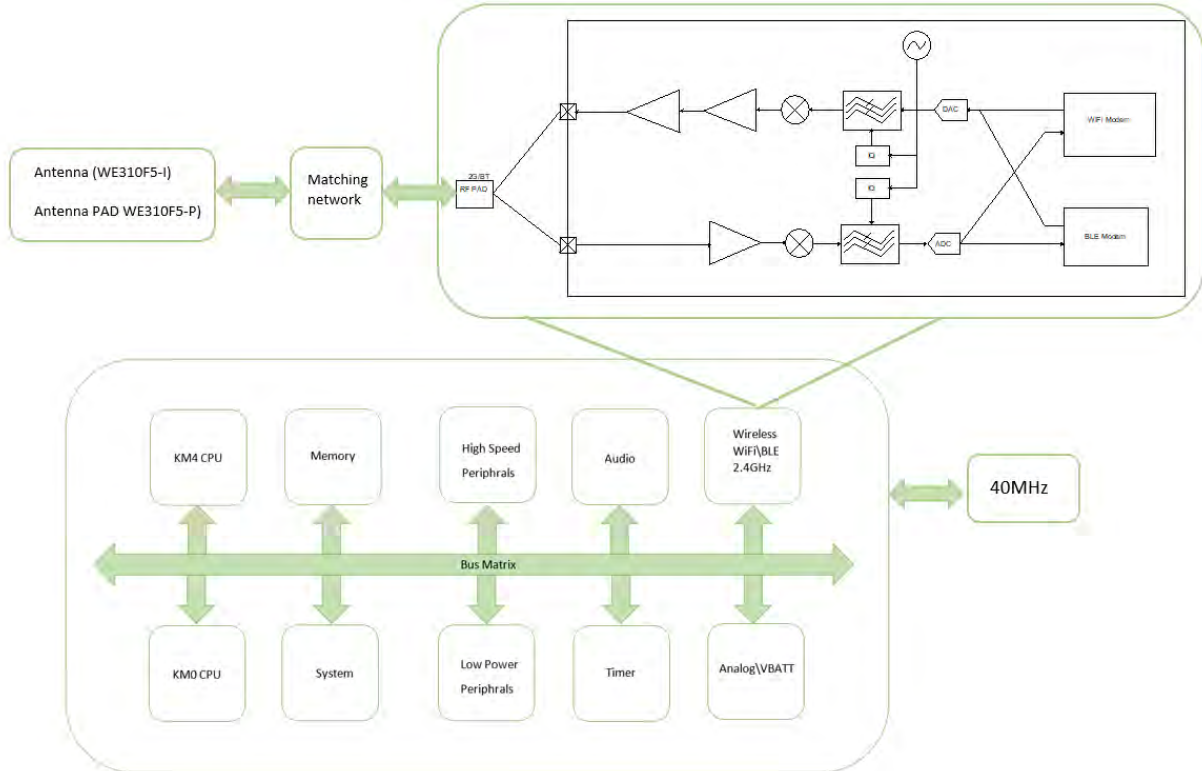


Figure 3: WE310F5-I/P Block Diagram

3. FEATURES

3.1. Main Features

1. Highly integrated single chip with low power single band (2.4GHz) Wireless LAN (WLAN) and Bluetooth Low Energy (BLE5.0) communication controller.
2. Dedicated ArmV8-M Cortex-M33 (KM4) processor + low power Armv8-M Cortex-M23 (KM0) WLAN (802.11 b/g/n) MAC, an 1T1R capable WLAN, and Bluetooth.
3. FLASH Memory 4Mbytes(32Mbits)
4. 456Kb RAM
5. Retention SRAM 156Kb

Item	Description
WiFi	802.11 b/g/n 1X1 2.4GHz 20MHz/40MHz Channel width Data rates up to MCS7 Low power architecture Low Power Tx/Rx for short range application Low Power beacon listen mode Low power Rx mode Very low power suspend mode (DLPS) Built-in PA Internal PTA interface for arbitrating data transmission between WiFi and Internal Bluetooth or external 2.4G devices
BT BLE	BLE 5.0 Both central and peripheral modes High power mode (8dBm, shares the same PA with WiFi) Internal Co-existence mechanism between Wi-Fi and BT to share the same antenna
Temperature Range	Operating: -40°C ~ 85°C Junction: -40°C ~ 105°C Storage: -55°C ~ 125°C

Table 1: Feature Description Table

The WE310F5-I/P module supports the following peripherals Interfaces.

Item	Peripherals	Comment
UART	UART0	Low Power Mode Wakeup
	AUX_UART	LOG UART/Low power mode wakeup (no Flow control))
SPI	SPI0	Master/Slave Clock up to 50 MHz
I²C	HS_I ² C	Standard/fast/high speed mode (up to 3.33Mbps)
SDIO	1-Bit SDIO mode	Maximum Clock 50 MHz
PWM	HS_PWM8/	
	LP_PWM2	
DVI	I ² S	Sampling rates: 8kHz ~ 176.4kHz
		Mono, stereo, and 5.1 channel.
		Sample size for Mono: 16-bit, 32-bit
		Sample size for Stereo & 5.1 channel: 16-bit, 24-bit 32 bit.
		PCM not supported
WAKEUP		Wake up from deep sleep
USB		USB 2.0 device
ADC	12-bit SAR ADC	Single ended input
		Range: 0~3.3V
RTC		12- or 24-hour format (seconds, minutes, hours, days)
		Daylight saving compensation
		Register write protection

Table 2: Peripherals Interfaces

3.2. Bootloader

The bootloader sits in internal NOR flash. The firmware can be flashed only through AUX_UART. To program the firmware to module, TX_AUX (pin Y10) must be LOW before power on or reset.

3.3. ESD Characteristics

The ESD characteristics of the WE310F5-I/P modules are showed in the table 7

ESD	V
Human Body Model (HBM)	±2000
Charge Device Model	± 500

Table 3: ESD Characteristics of WE310F5-I/P modules

3.4. SAR ADC Characteristics

The SAR ADC characteristics of WE310F5-I/P modules are shown in table 8

Parameter	Condition	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
Temperature		-40	25	125	C°
Resolution	Bypass mode		12		Bits
	Resistor driver mode		12		Bits
Clock Source	From digital			1000	kHz
DC Offset Error	Cover VBAT=1.62~3.63V		2		LSB

Table 4: SAR ADC characteristics

4. PINS ALLOCATION

4.1. Pin-out

All IO's are in LVTTTL 3.3V logic.

Pin	Signal	I/O	Function	Comment	Pull-down Restriction
Primary serial port (HW Flow Control)					
Y16	RXD0	I	Serial data output (RXD) to DTE		>1K
AA15	TXD0	O	Serial data input (TXD) from DTE		>1K
Y18	CTS0	I	Output for Clear to send signal (CTS) to DTE		>1K
AA17	RTS0	O	Input for Request to send signal (RTS) from DTE		>1K
USB					
U19	USB_D+	I/O	USB differential Data (+)		>1K
V18	USB_D-	I/O	USB differential Data (-)		>1K
Auxiliary Serial Port					
Y10	TX_AUX	O	Auxiliary DEBUG UART (TX Data to DTE)		>1K
AA9	RX_AUX	I	Auxiliary DEBUG UART (RX Data to DTE)		>1K
DIGITAL IO					

V11	IO1/I2C_SCL	I/O	Configurable GPIO_01		
V13	IO2/I2C_SDA	I/O	Configurable GPIO_02		
D7	IO3/SD_CMD	I/O	Configurable GPIO_03		
D9	IO4/SD_CLK	I/O	Configurable GPIO_04	I2S_MCLK	
D11	IO5/SD_D0	I/O	Configurable GPIO_05		
D13	IO6	I/O	Configurable GPIO_06		
SPI					
AA5	SPI_MOSI	I/O	MOSI		
Y6	SPI_CS	I/O	Chip Select		>1K
AA7	SPI_CLK	I/O	Clock		>1K
Y8	SPI_MISO	I/O	MISO		>1K
ADC and DAC					
B18	ADC	I	Analog to Digital Converter Input	0V ~ 3.3V	>1K
R16	DAC	O	PWM output		
RF					
A5	WIFI/BT ANTENNA	I/O	RF pad (50 ohm) on P variant		
Miscellaneous					
N16	ON*	I	RESET pin	Active low	
L16	WAKEUP	I	WAKEUP Module from sleep		>1K

Audio				
C1	DVI_WA0	O	I2S Frame Sync	
D2	DVI_RX	O	I2S RX	
E1	DVI_TX	I	I2S TX	
F2	DVI_CLK	I	I2S CLK	
Power Supply				
W1	VBATT_3V3	-	Main power supply 3.3V	Power
AA3	VBATT_3V3	-	Main power supply 3.3V	Power
A3	GND	-	RF Ground	Power
A7	GND	-	RF Ground	Power
A9	GND	-	RF Ground	Power
A13	GND	-	RF Ground	Power
A17	GND	-	RF Ground	Power
B4	GND	-	RF Ground	Power
B6	GND	-	RF Ground	Power
B10	GND	-	RF Ground	Power
B12	GND	-	RF Ground	Power
B14	GND	-	RF Ground	Power
B16	GND	-	RF Ground	Power
C19	GND	-	RF Ground	Power

D18	GND	-	RF Ground	Power
F8	GND	-	Thermal Ground	Power
F12	GND	-	Thermal Ground	Power
F18	GND	-	Thermal Ground	Power
G19	GND	-	Thermal Ground	Power
H6	GND	-	Thermal Ground	Power
H14	GND	-	Thermal Ground	Power
J19	GND	-	Thermal Ground	Power
K18	GND	-	Thermal Ground	Power
M18	GND	-	Thermal Ground	Power
N19	GND	-	Thermal Ground	Power
P6	GND	-	Thermal Ground	Power
P14	GND	-	Thermal Ground	Power
T8	GND	-	Thermal Ground	Power
T12	GND	-	Thermal Ground	Power
U1	GND	-	Power Ground	Power
V2	GND	-	Power Ground	Power
W19	GND	-	Power Ground	Power
Y2	GND	-	Power Ground	Power
Y4	GND	-	Power Ground	Power

Debug Port (SWD)			
J4	SWD_CLK	SWD_CLK	
L4	SWD_DATA	SWD_DATA	Bootstrap pin. LOW for SWD
RESERVED			
A1	RESERVED	-	RESERVED
A11	RESERVED	-	RESERVED
A15	RESERVED	-	RESERVED
B2	RESERVED	-	RESERVED
B8	RESERVED	-	RESERVED
E19	RESERVED	-	RESERVED
G1	RESERVED	-	RESERVED
G4	RESERVED	-	RESERVED
G16	RESERVED	-	RESERVED
H2	RESERVED	-	RESERVED
H18	RESERVED	-	RESERVED
J1	RESERVED	-	RESERVED
J16	RESERVED	-	RESERVED
K2	RESERVED	-	RESERVED
L1	RESERVED	-	RESERVED

L19	RESERVED	-	RESERVED
M2	RESERVED	-	RESERVED
N1	RESERVED	-	RESERVED
N4	RESERVED	-	RESERVED
P2	RESERVED	-	RESERVED
P18	RESERVED	-	RESERVED
R1	RESERVED	-	RESERVED
R4	RESERVED	-	RESERVED
R19	RESERVED	-	RESERVED
T2	RESERVED	-	RESERVED
T18	RESERVED	-	RESERVED
V7	RESERVED	-	RESERVED
V9	RESERVED	-	RESERVED
Y12	RESERVED	-	RESERVED
Y14	RESERVED	-	RESERVED
AA11	RESERVED	-	RESERVED
AA13	RESERVED	-	RESERVED

Table 5: Pinout Table

Note: Reserved Pins must not be connected.

5. POWER SUPPLY

5.1. Power Supply Requirements

The WE310F5-I/P can be directly supplied by a 3.3V power supply source capable of at least 500mA or higher.

The voltage supply to all the required parts of the chipset is provided by an embedded switching regulator.

Power Supply	Minimum	Typical	Maximum
Main Power ratings	3.0 V	3.3V	3.6 V

Table 6: Power Supply requirements

5.2. Logic Levels

Levels with VIO = 3.3V	Min	Typical	Max
V _{IH} Input high level	2.0V	-	-
V _{IL} Input low level	-	-	0.8V
V _{OH} Output high level	2.4V	-	-
V _{OL} Output low level	-	-	0.4V
I _{T+} Schmitt-trigger High Level	1.78V	1.87V	1.97V
I _{T-} Schmitt-trigger Low Level	1.36V	1.45V	1.56V
I _{LL} input-Leakage Current	-10μA	+/-1μA	10μA

Table 7: Input/output Levels

5.3. Power Up and Shutdown Sequences

Module power up and shutdown sequences are shown below:

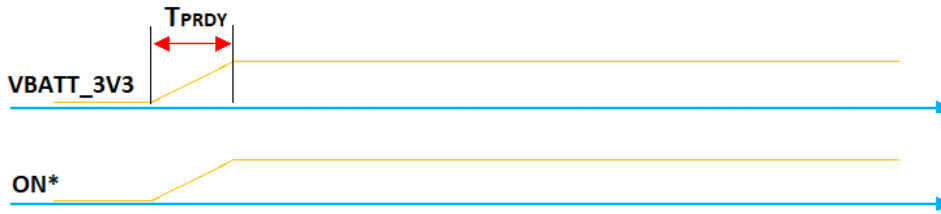


Figure 4: Power UP Sequence

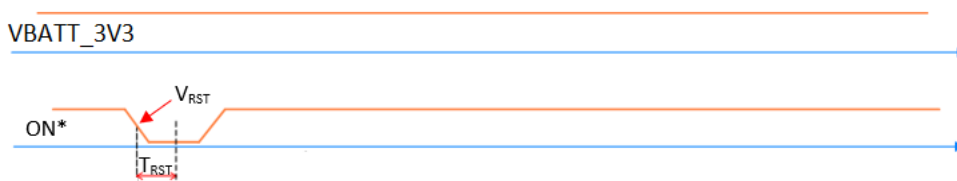


Figure 5: Shutdown Sequence

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
T _{PRDY}	VDD_IO ready time	0.6	0.6	1	ms
V _{RST}	Shutdown occurs after ON* lower than this voltage	0	0	0.5*VBATT_3V3	V
T _{RST}	The required time when ON* lower than V _{RST}	10	10	-	μs

Table 8: Timing Specification of -Power up/shutdown sequence

6. RF SPECIFICATION

6.1. Wi-Fi Tx Power

Wi-Fi Transmit power at RF pad at 25 °C @3.3V.

Wi-Fi CH 6 WE310F5-I/P*	Modulation	Data Rates	RF Output (dBm)
b	BPSK	1 Mbps	18.0
	QPSK	2 Mbps	18.0
	CCK	5.5 Mbps	18.0
	CCK	11 Mbps	18.0
g	BPSK	6 Mbps	18.0
	BPSK	9 Mbps	17.0
	QPSK	12 Mbps	17.0
	QPSK	18 Mbps	16.5
	16 QAM	24 Mbps	16.5
	16 QAM	36 Mbps	16.0
	64 QAM	48 Mbps	16.0
	64 QAM	54 Mbps	16.0
n	BPSK	MCS0_20	17.0
	QPSK	MCS1_20	16.0
	QPSK	MCS2_20	16.0
	16 QAM	MCS3_20	15.5
	16 QAM	MCS4_20	15.5
	64 QAM	MCS5_20	15.0
	64 QAM	MCS6_20	15.0
	64 QAM	MCS7_20	15.0
	BPSK	MCS0_40	16.0
n	QPSK	MCS1_40	15.0

Wi-Fi CH 6 WE310F5-I/P*	Modulation	Data Rates	RF Output (dBm)
	QPSK	MCS2_40	15.0
	16 QAM	MCS3_40	14.5
	16 QAM	MCS4_40	14.5
	64 QAM	MCS5_40	14.0
	64 QAM	MCS6_40	14.0
	64 QAM	MCS7_40	14.0

Table 9: WLAN Tx power

* For P version remove the antenna and apply a pigtail to the hot pad.

6.2. BLE Tx Power

BLE transmit power with at RF Pad at 25 °C.

Packet Type	Output Power (dBm)
LE 1M	8
LE 2M	8

Table 10: BLE Tx Power

* For P version remove the antenna and apply a pigtail to the hot pad.

6.3. Wi-Fi Rx Sensitivity

Wi-Fi Rx sensitivity at RF pad @ 25 °C.

Wi-Fi (CH 6)	Modulation	Data Rates	Sensibility (dBm)
b	BPSK	1 Mbps	-97
	QPSK	2 Mbps	-93
	CCK	5.5 Mbps	-92
	CCK	11 Mbps	-89

Wi-Fi (CH 6)	Modulation	Data Rates	Sensibility (dBm)
g	BPSK	6 Mbps	-92
	BPSK	9 Mbps	-91
	QPSK	12 Mbps	-90
	QPSK	18 Mbps	-87
	16 QAM	24 Mbps	-84
	16 QAM	36 Mbps	-81
	64 QAM	48 Mbps	-76
	64 QAM	54 Mbps	-75
n	BPSK	MCS0_20	-92
	QPSK	MCS1_20	-89
	QPSK	MCS2_20	-87
	16 QAM	MCS3_20	-84
	16 QAM	MCS4_20	-80
	64 QAM	MCS5_20	-76
	64 QAM	MCS6_20	-74
	64 QAM	MCS7_20	-72

Table 11: Wi-Fi Rx Sensitivity

6.4. BLE Rx Sensitivity

BLE Rx sensitivity tested at RF pad @ 25 °C.

Packet Type	Rx sensibility (dBm)
LE 1M	-97
LE 2M	-95

Table 12: BLE Rx Sensitivity

6.5. General Purpose I/O

The module has 6 GPIO's which can be configured as Input/output. They also have Alternate Functions.

GPIO Number	Alternate Function1 - I2C	Alternate Function2 - 1bit mode SDIO
IO1	I2C_SCL (I2C Clock)	SD_CMD (SD Command)
IO2	I2C_SDA (I2C Data)	SD_CLK (SD Clock)
IO3		SD_D0 (SD Data 0)
IO4	I2S_MCLK (I2S MCLK)	
IO5		
IO6		

Table 13: GPIO Pinmux Table

6.6. Power Consumption

6.6.1. Power Consumption

Power Consumption	Typical Average (mA)
Standby	0,02
Idle (Radio OFF, UART ON)	14,3
Deep Sleep (Radio OFF)	1,43
DTIM=1	1,15
DTIM=3	0,597
DTIM=10	0,203
BLE RX (peak current, connected to BT NW)	53
BLE TX (at 8dBm Tx @1Mbps)	109
Wi-Fi RX (continuous)	58

Table 14: Module power consumption in different states

6.6.2. WLAN Continuous Tx Power consumption

Wi-Fi 2G4 / CH 6 Standard 802.11x	Modulation	Data Rates	RF Output (dBm)	Current mA@3.3V
b	BPSK	1 Mbps	18.0	265
b	QPSK	2 Mbps	18.0	261
b	CCK	5.5 Mbps	18.0	256
b	CCK	11 Mbps	18.0	248
g	BPSK	6 Mbps	18.0	245
g	BPSK	9 Mbps	17.0	239
g	QPSK	12 Mbps	17.0	225
g	QPSK	18 Mbps	16.5	212
g	16 QAM	24 Mbps	16.5	205
g	16 QAM	36 Mbps	16.0	185
g	64 QAM	48 Mbps	16.0	177
g	64 QAM	54 Mbps	16.0	173
n	BPSK	MCS0_20	17.0	231
n	QPSK	MCS1_20	16.0	209
n	QPSK	MCS2_20	17.0	201
n	16 QAM	MCS3_20	15.5	191
n	16 QAM	MCS4_20	15.5	181
n	64 QAM	MCS5_20	15.0	169
n	64 QAM	MCS6_20	15.0	165
n	64 QAM	MCS7_20	15.0	163
n	BPSK	MCS0_40	16.0	209
n	QPSK	MCS1_40	15.0	188
n	QPSK	MCS2_40	15.0	178
n	16QAM	MCS3_40	14.5	167

n	16QAM	MCS4_40	14.5	155
n	64QAM	MCS5_40	14.0	146
n	64QUAM	MCS6_40	14.0	142
n	64QAM	MCS7_40	14.0	139

Table 15: WLAN Tx Power Consumption

Caution:



The equipment must be supplied by an external limited power source in compliance with the clause 2.5 of the standard EN 60950-1.

6.7. Pads Layout

The Pads layout for both (WE310F5-I and WE310F5-P) the versions of the module is the same, the only difference is the dimension of the RAW PCB due to the on-board antenna on the WE310F5-I version of the module

Following figure shows the pads layout configuration for the module:

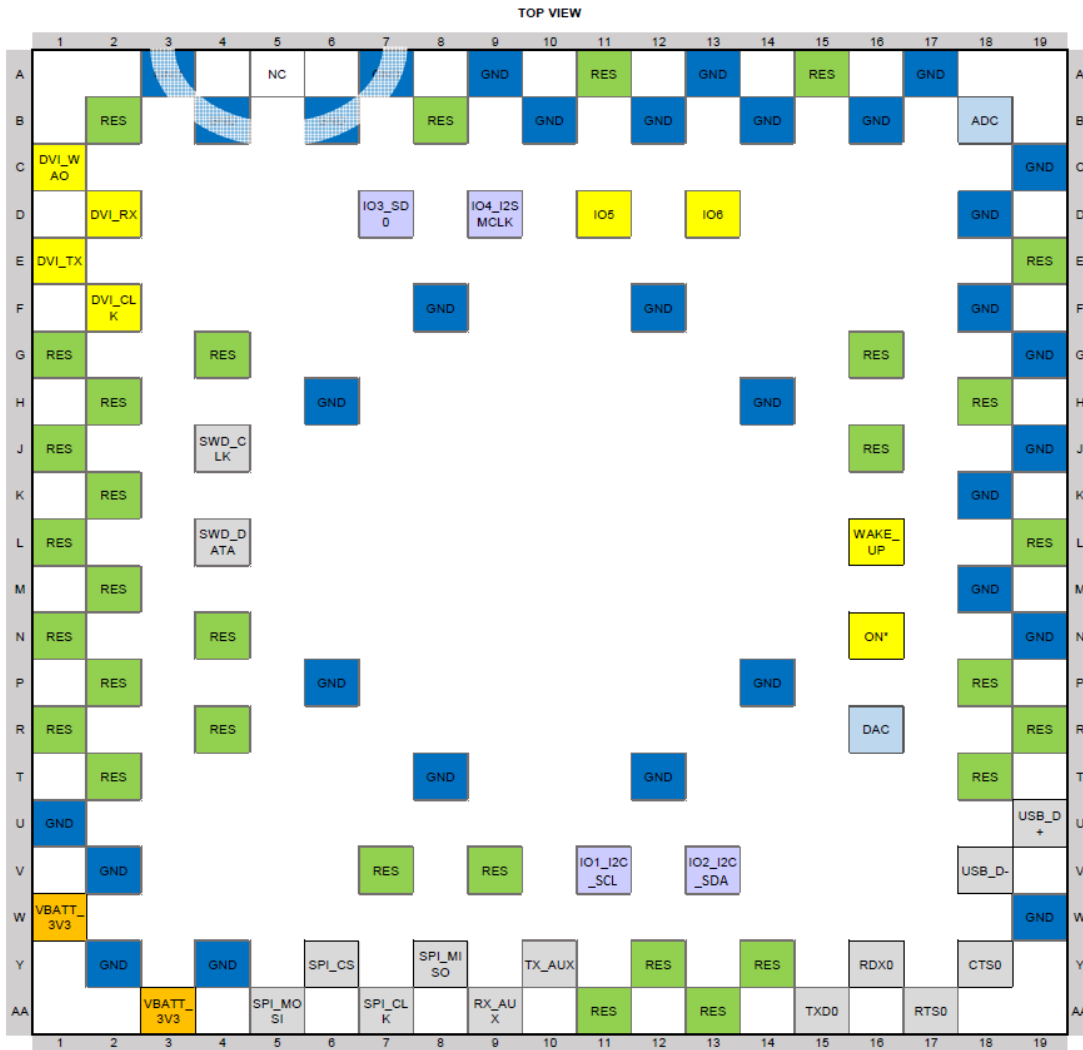


Figure 6: Pads Layout Top View – WE310F5-I

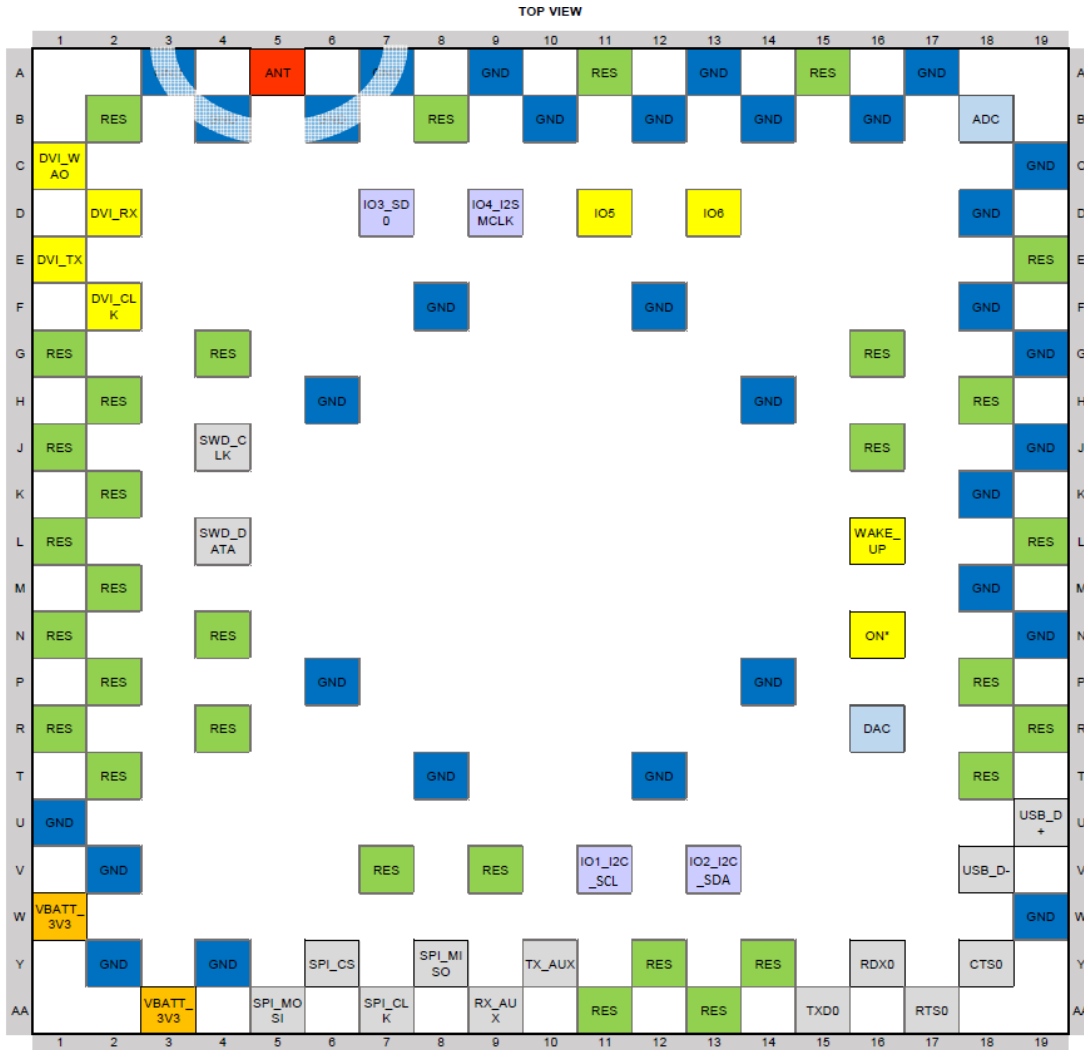


Figure 7: Pads Layout Top View – WE310F5-P

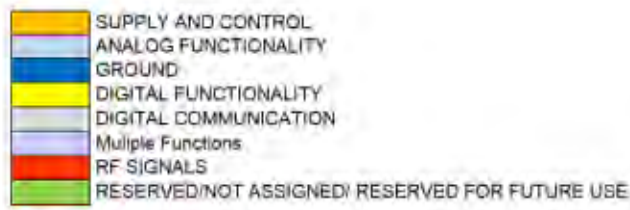


Figure 8: Pinout Legend Color

7. DESIGN GUIDELINES

7.1. General Digital Interface Recommendations

A voltage translator must be used if the components is interfacing with Telit components have digital signals with higher I/O interface voltage than the WE310F5-I/P module.

Using voltage translator components in your design makes the system ready for operation at the full VIO voltage range, 3.3V to system I/O voltage. However, using resistor divider and/or emitter follower circuits, as voltage translators does not protect the module against latch-up. Furthermore, you cannot guarantee a constant voltage on the divider net.

The use of open collector buffers or bi-directional voltage level translators with unidirectional signals is correct, but they suffer of some RF noise and they are dependent on Pull-Up/Downs in the two sides of the voltage translator.

Some translators operate with different power ranges in the two sides: pay attention to the direction in this case.

In general, we recommend unidirectional level shifters but if bi-directional buffers are preferred, please considering those that requires external PU/PD instead having embedded PU/PD circuitry. Some brands that we recommend:

Texas Instruments TXS series

NXS NVT200x series

If the system includes cellular module, consider adding some bypass capacitors to the supply lines of the voltage level translators to provide a protection from RF signal.

For bypass use 33pF for 0402 package or 56pF when are you going to use 0201. For example, SN74AVC2T245, SN74AVC4T774 or SN74LVC2T45, for 5V signals.

Moreover, while using level shifters for better testability, it is recommended to use those having OE pins. Test pulling the "EN" lines of the level shifts with the addition of a 10K resistor to GND or VCC, depending on level shifter used. This will create access points that would put shifts in tri-state and can be conveniently used for testing and firmware updates originating from external serial ports such as a PC.

It is recommended to connect the WE310F5-I/P ON* (N16 pin) to control the Enable pin of the level shifter, in this way a tri-state will be guarantee during BOOT.

7.2. Power supply design guidelines

We recommend adding an external EMI filter to improve the quality of the power supply especially when the module will be embedded with other technologies, (i.e. Cellular). The pi-greca filter composed by ferrite bead and 10pF capacitors (C2,C3) is used to provide an high impedance value for high frequency signals, while the 100uF and 22uF capacitors (C1,C5 and C4) are used to bypass low frequencies from switching regulator circuit and to provide a supply tank for high current absorption.

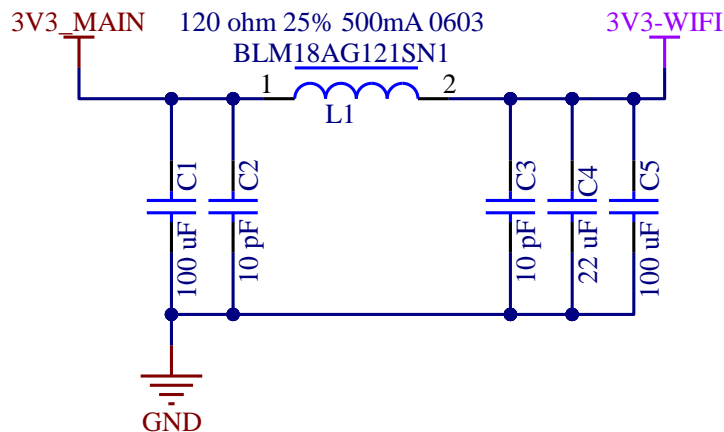


Figure 9: EMI Filter Example

Figure above shows an example circuit with the minimum allowable capacitor values.



WARNING:

Abrupt Power Cut may corrupt modem's memory.

Use it only when no other option, like RESET or Power Shutdown, is not available.

7.3. Bypass Capacitors

To improve the harmonic filtering, we recommend adding bypass capacitors, close to:

- Power Sources and signals on input-output connectors
- At power supply output PADs
- At component's power supply input PADs (even if shielded)
- Diodes in forward conduction, like LEDs, on anode and/or cathodes if not directly tied to a power net
- Transistor bases, mainly for bipolar ones, phototransistors and opto-isolator
- Analog microphone pads
- Operational Amplifiers Inputs and supplies.

The bypass capacitors should have a self-resonant frequency close to the frequency generated on your board or on transmitted from the boards that will operate in the same environment in which your board operates.

For example, to effectively filter the Wi-Fi RF bands, these small signal capacitors must have a self-resonant (SRF) at about 2.4GHz. Example capacitor values, depending on manufacture and its mechanical dimensions should be around 10pF, in general by reducing the packaging size you will need to increase the capacitance value. Please check carefully the datasheet to find the proper component suitable for this purpose.

Another example is for GSM, in general you can use 33pF 0402 or 56pF 0201

7.4. Antenna Guidelines

The WE310F5-I has an embedded ceramic antenna on board. To preserve the bandwidth, keep attention to not place any copper or mechanic component in front or close to ceramic antenna.

We recommend module placement as shown in the figure below:

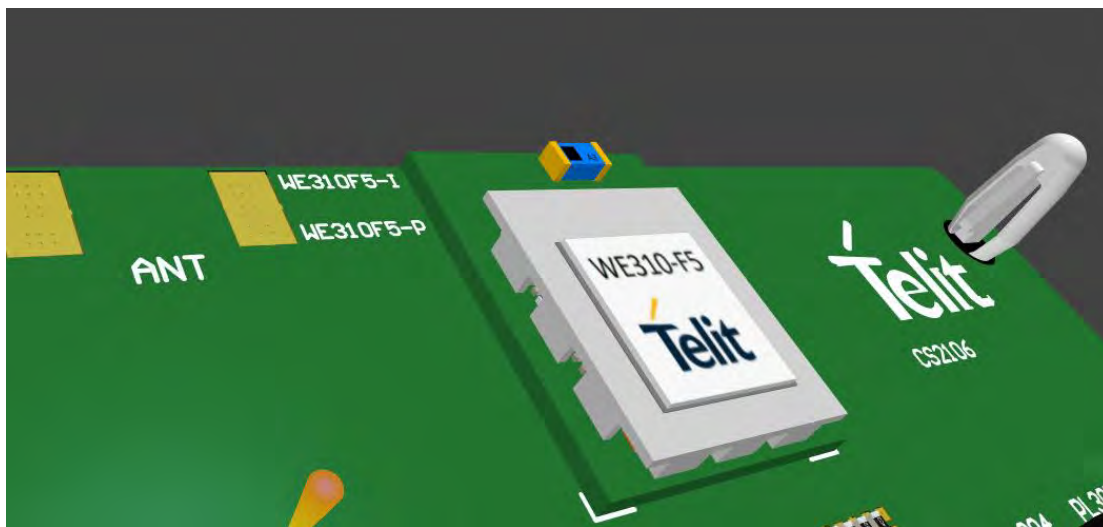


Figure 10: WE310F5-I Placement Example

For WE310F5-I version the antenna is placed directly on the board, so you will need to leave a copper keep-out area as shown in below:

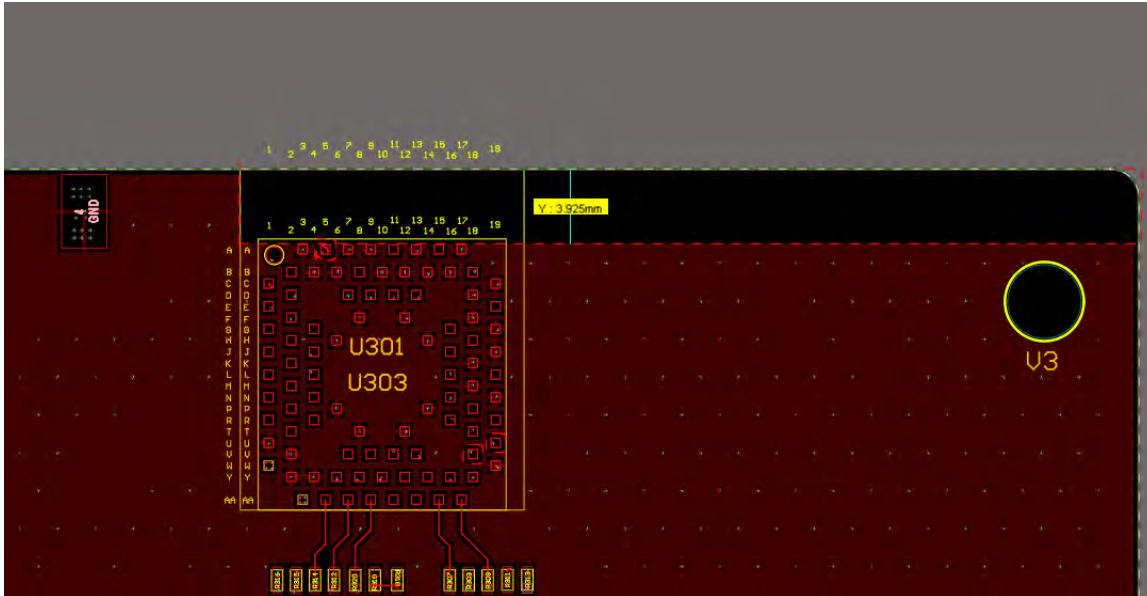


Figure 11: WE310F5-I Placement Example showing no copper in any layer of the board.

For WE310F5-P you will need to use an external antenna connected to the antenna pad of the module, such as SMA connector as shown in figure below.

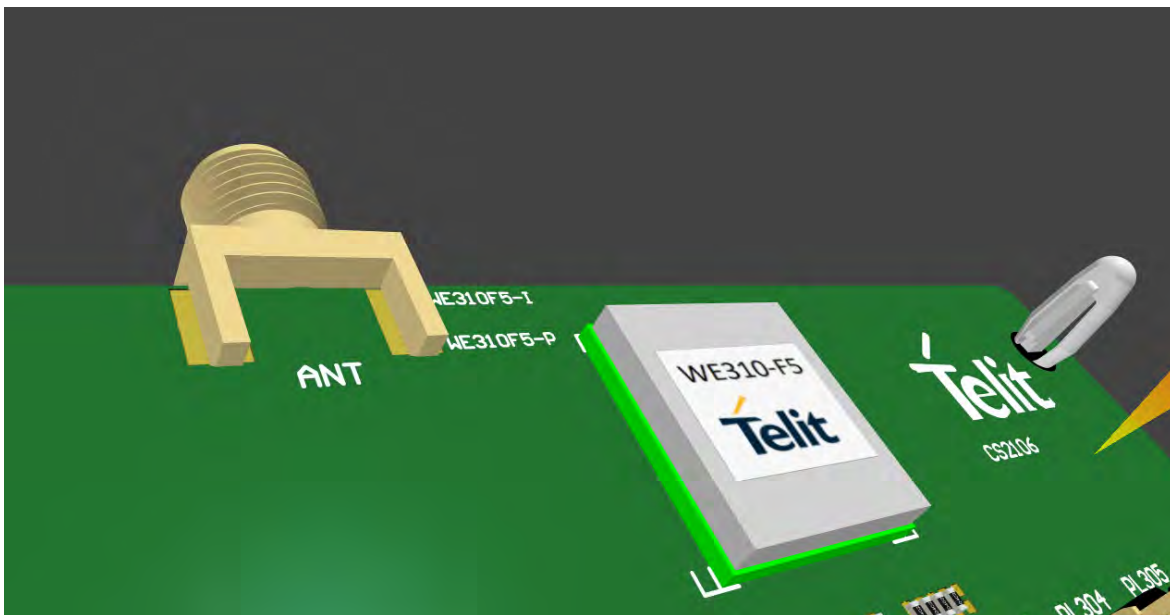


Figure 12: WE310F5-P Placement Example

In this case considering the position of the external antenna with respect to other boards is very important. the conductive planes close to the antenna can modify the impedance seen by the antenna or detune it.

- The WE310F5-P module provides a 50Ω antenna pad, which needs to be routed to the antenna connector (or the integrated antenna) with a transmission line
- Please keep as close as possible to 50Ω impedance in the RF track, including the RF Pad.
- To avoid step impedance, try to track RF trace as much equal as possible to the pad with of the matching components

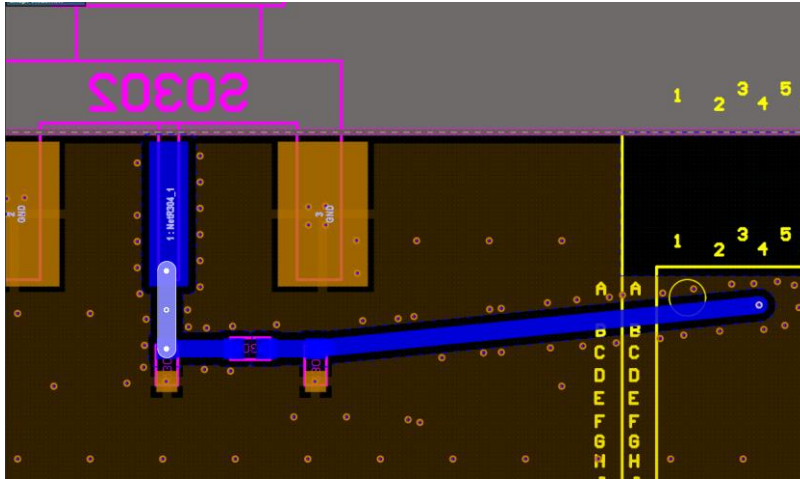


Figure 13: RF Track Example

- To have a good impedance control consider using a Grounded coplanar waveguide structure (G-CPW) line.

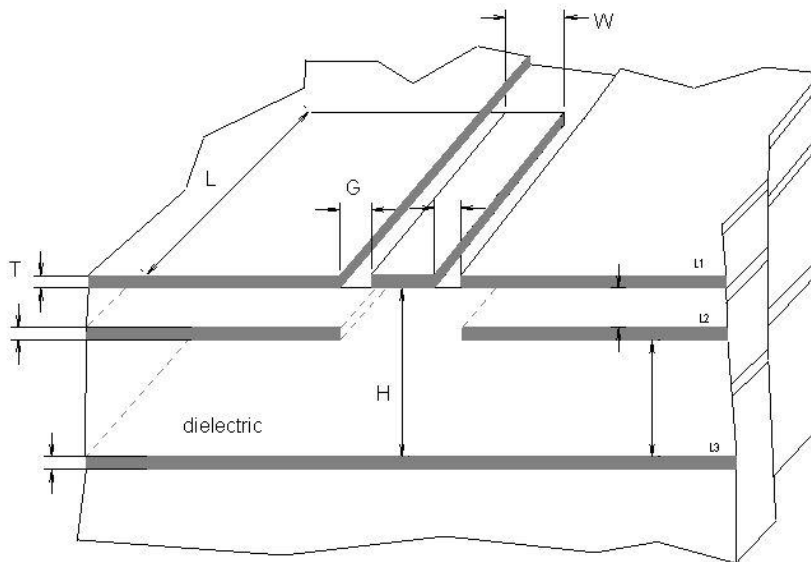


Figure 14: Coplanar Waveguide Dimensioning Example

The final dimensions depend on the use of stack-up. While the WE310F5-I is already tuned to the embedded antenna, the WE310F5-P version needs to be tuned in relationship to the stack-up used.

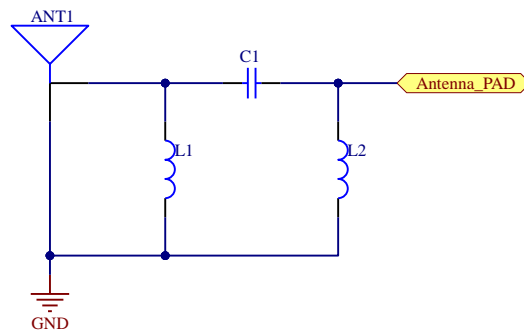


Figure 15: Minimal RF Matching Network Circuitry

A possible network topology is seen in the above figure and it consist of three passive components.

To reuse Telit's FCC certification for our module, the antenna on the application board shall have a gain equal or lower to the one recommended by Telit, the separation distance between the user and/or bystander and the device's radiating element must be greater than 20cm and no other radiating element must be present inside the application closer than 20cm to our antennas. However, a separate test for any other radiating element could be necessary.

For external antenna, it is recommended to use xxx antenna from xxx which is a WLAN, complete with antenna characteristics.

7.5. Audio considerations

The digital audio data interface supports I2S. Since, many external processors and applications have fast transient signals, it is recommended to add an RC filter on all DVI lines ($R \sim 22\Omega$ and $C \sim 10\text{nF}$). If the DVI lines, I2S, are run on external layers it is possible that RF will disturb the lines, to resolve this, add in parallel, to 10nF, another capacitor of about 10pF to 33pF.

7.6. Other General Design Considerations

Since, components and PCBs are getting smaller while component's density increases, another problem that becomes important is the heat dissipation.

For that reason, pay special attention to the PCB stack up and component placement. The following PCB design rules will help RF immunity and improve heat dissipation.

1. Use at least a six layers PCB technology.
2. Layer2 and Layer4 should be mainly ground.
3. On top of Layer1 and at the bottom of Layer6, place mainly ground plane interrupted just by component pads and RF antenna tracks.
4. Minimum tracks connecting Layer3 to Layer5. This is done to avoid ground interruption and its heat dissipation.
5. Use Layer3 and Layer5 only for signals, where power lines are wider tracks and surrounded by ground to reduce the risk of crosstalk with other signals.

6. Use one layer for horizontal lines only, and the another one for vertical lines. Fill the remaining empty space with ground.
7. Use several vias to connect all ground planes and areas in all layers with possible through hole drills.
8. Place warmer components on the PCB side facing up and do not place anything near them, leaving space for air.
9. If it is a closed application, consider opening holes on top and bottom of the cover for ventilation.

It is recommended to use 4 layers only, if the number of interconnection gives you the possibility to route them on layer2 and layer3 in a way that power lines and signals lines do not intersect, and the module is operating continuously so the heat dissipation is not a must. All the rest suggestion described above must be fulfilling.

The audio, USB, and ADC lines must be routed avoiding intersection with any other signal.

Top and Bottom layers should be mainly a ground plane interrupted just by component's pads, vias and RF tracks. Connect all ground areas avoiding isolated island with several vias. In this way, the signal tracks are more protected from picking up RF due to the Faraday-Cage effect. Long exposed tracks can easily pick-up RF power and especially in your case with many RF power sources you can generate high frequency intermodulation harmonics that the same exposed tracks can then irradiate very efficiently.

The PCB outline should be surrounded by GND vias interconnected from TOP to Bottom. We also recommend filling the free space in inner layers with ground.

Pay attention to interconnect all the ground areas or planes to guarantee a strong equipotential node. Remove dead copper areas and net antennas tracks or vias.

It is recommended to bury in inner layers:

- 1) analog or digital audio lines,
- 2) memory address and data bus, f
- 3) fast digital signals like SPI or SDIO, clocks, quartz,
- 4) USB and long serial.

The following figure shows an example of fast signals track routing. In this example the tracks are routed in an inner layer and surrounded by GND and GND vias to be shielded. If possible, try to shield with GND areas the above and below areas.

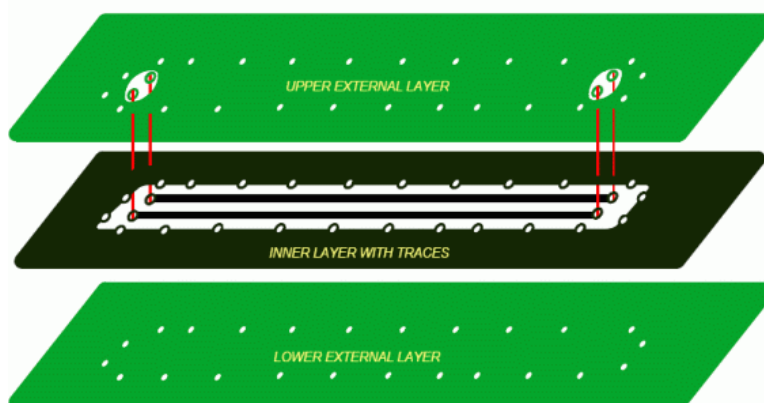


Figure 16: Layout Example for FAST Digital Lines

Lines to resolve this, add in parallel, to 10nF, another capacitor of about 10pF to 33pF.

8. MECHANICAL DESIGN

8.1. WE310F5-I

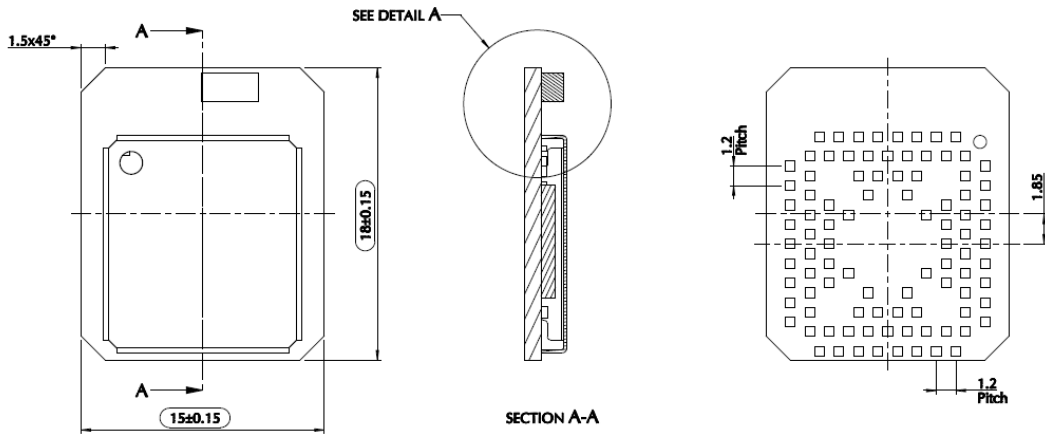


Figure 17: WE310F5-I mechanical design

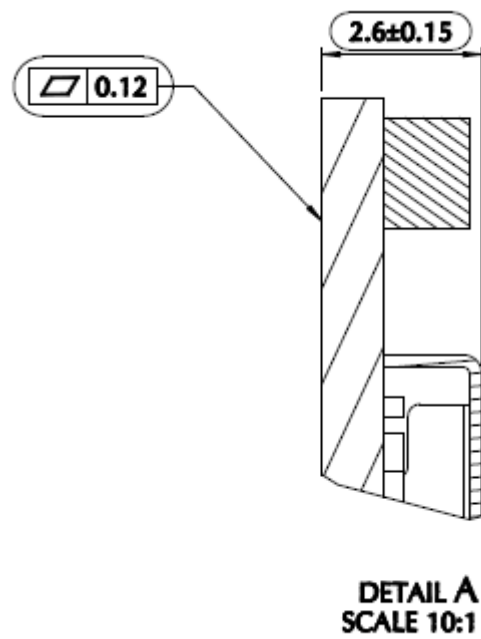


Figure 18: WE310F5-I Side View detail

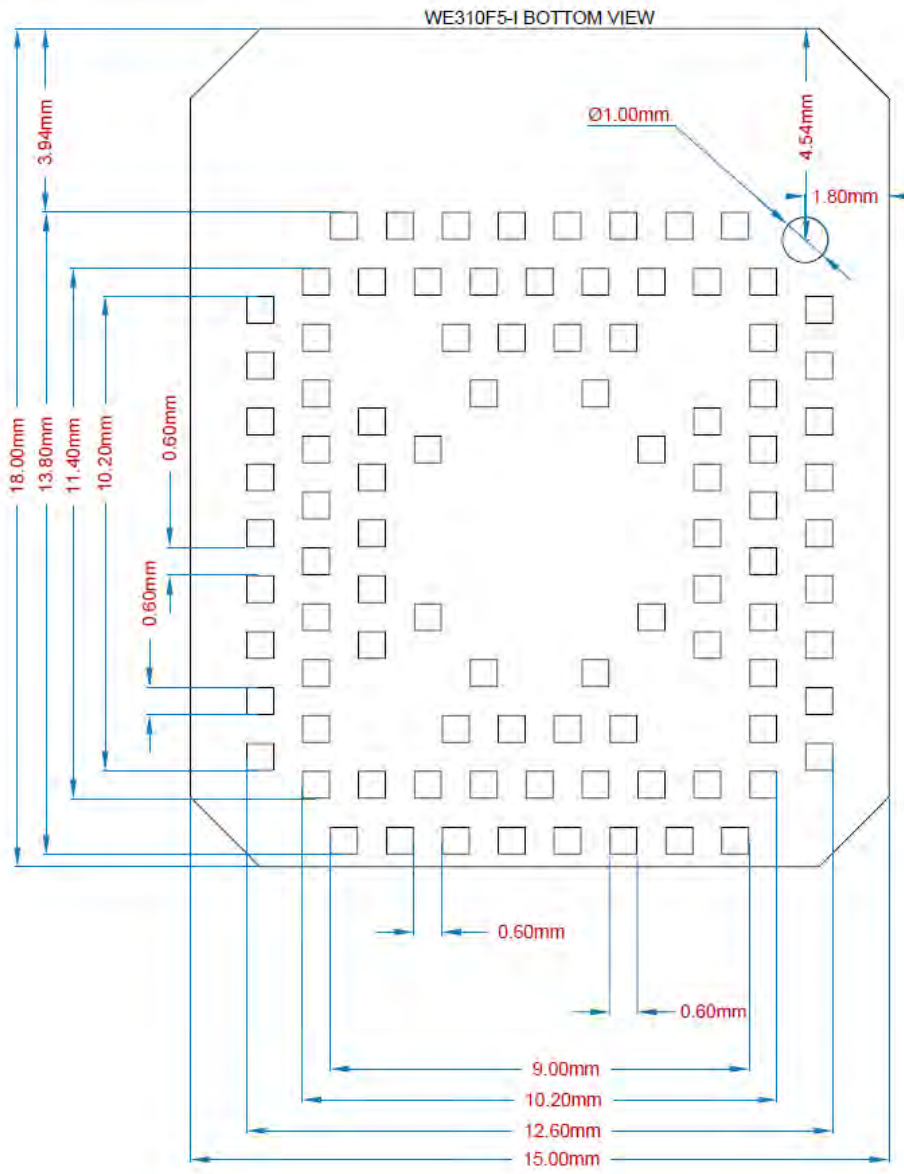


Figure 19: WE310F5-I Bottom View

8.2. WE310F5-P

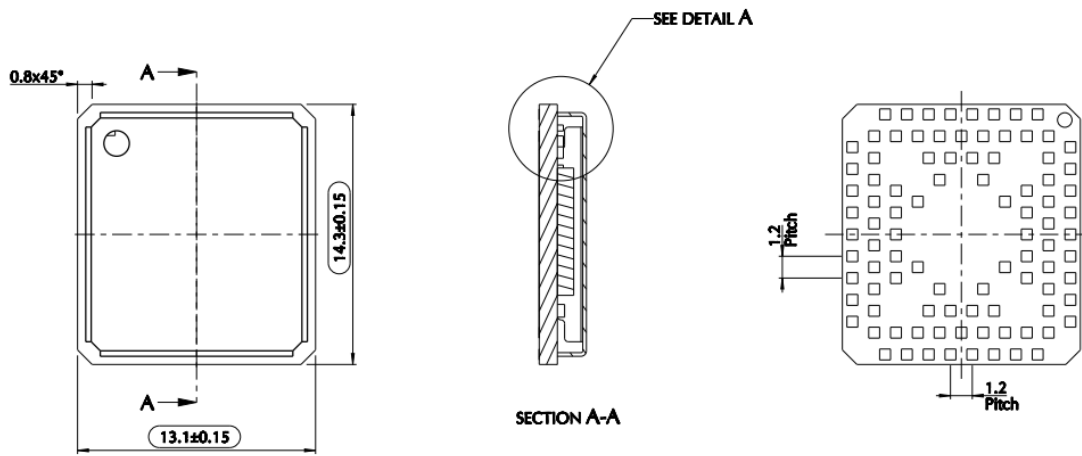


Figure 20: WE310F5-P mechanical design

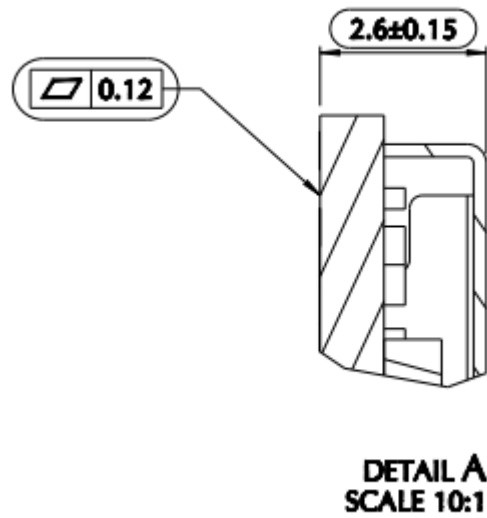


Figure 21: WE310F5-P side view detail

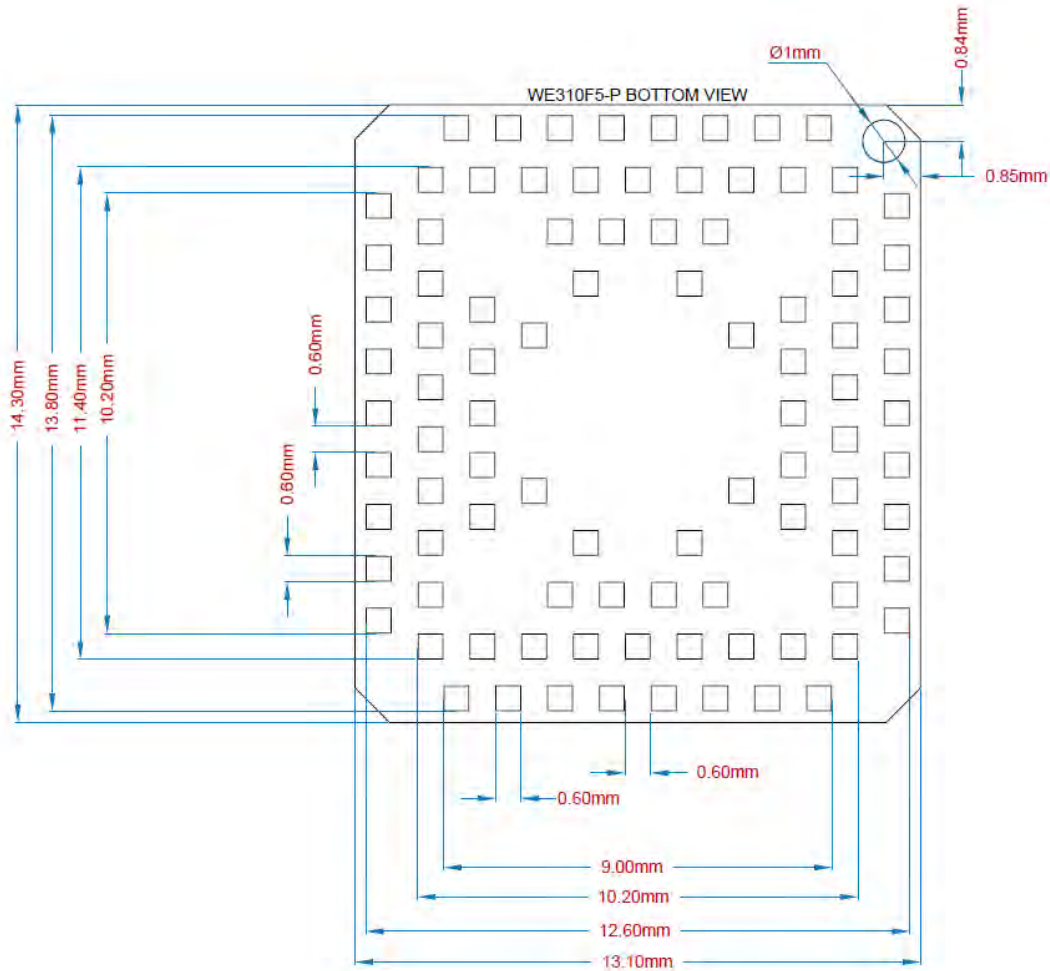


Figure 22: WE310F5-P Bottom View

8.3. PCB Pad Design

For the solder pads, it is recommended to use Non-Solder Mask Defined pad (NSMD) on the PCB.

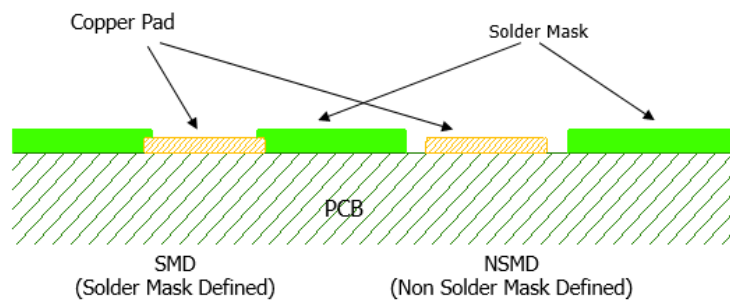


Figure 23: SMD and NSMD Pad

8.4. PCB Pad Dimensions

It is not recommended to place via or micro-via not covered by solder resist in an area of 0.3 mm around the pads unless it carries the same signal of the pad itself as shown below.

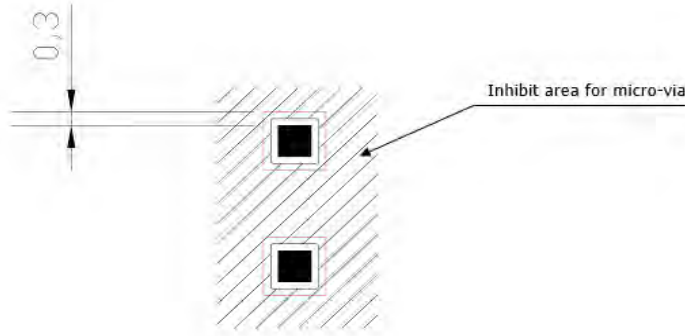


Figure 24: Inhibit Area for Not Solder Covered Vias

The holes in pad are allowed only for blind holes and not for through holes. Table 16: shows the recommended PCB pad surfaces

Finish	Layer thickness [µm]	Properties
Electro-less Ni / Immersion Au	3 –7 / 0.03 – 0.15	Good solderability protection, high shear force values

Table 16: PCB Finishing Recommendation

The PCB must be able to resist the higher temperatures which can occurs during the lead-free process. This issue should be discussed with the PCB-supplier. Generally, the wettability of tin-lead solder paste on the described surface plating is better compared to lead-free solder paste.

It is not necessary to panel the application PCB. However, it is recommended to use milled contours and predrilled board breakouts; scoring or v-cut solutions are NOT recommended.

8.5. Stencil

Stencil’s apertures layout can be the same as the recommended footprint (1:1). It is recommended to use a stencil foil with thickness ≥ 120 µm.

8.6. Solder Paste

Lead free	
Solder paste	Sn/Ag/Cu

Table 17: Recommended Solder Paste Type

To avoid or minimize the cleaning efforts after assembly, it is recommended to use a “no clean” solder paste.

8.7. Solder Reflow

Figure 25: and Table 18: shows the recommended solder reflow profile.

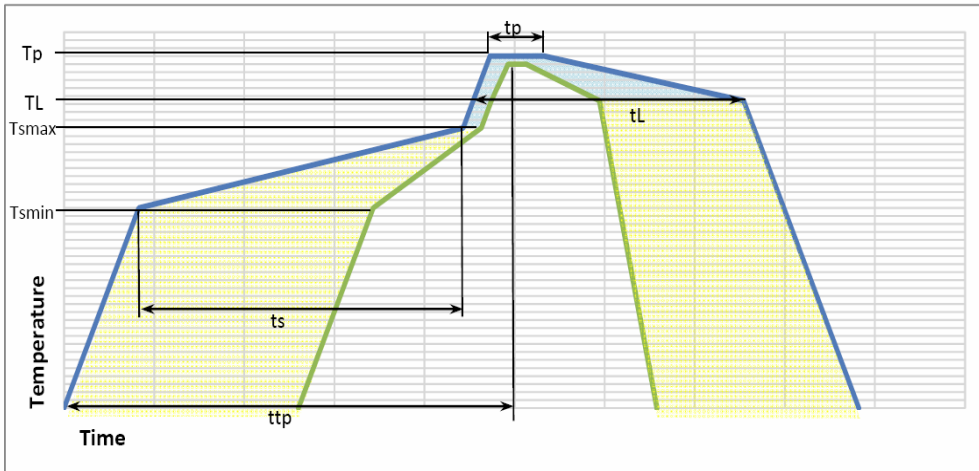


Figure 25: Solder Reflow Profile

Profile Feature	Pb-Free Assembly
Average ramp-up rate (T_L to T_p)	3 °C/second max.
Preheat <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Temperature Min. (T_{smin}) • Temperature Max. (T_{smax}) • Time (min to max) (t_s) 	150 °C 200 °C 60-180 seconds
T_{smax} to T_L <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ramp-up rate 	3 °C/second max
Time maintained above: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Temperature (T_L) • Time (t_L) 	217 °C 60-150 seconds
Peak temperature (T_p)	245 +0/-5 °C
Time within 5 °C of actual peak temperature (t_p)	10-30 seconds
Ramp-down rate	6 °C/second max.

Profile Feature	Pb-Free Assembly
Time 25 °C to peak temperature	8 minutes max.

Table 18: Solder Reflow Table



All temperatures refer to topside of the package, measured on the package body surface.



WARNING:

The WE310F5-I/P module withstands only one reflow process.

The above solder reflow profile represents the typical SAC reflow limits and does not guarantee adequate adherence of the module to the customer application throughout the temperature range. Customer must optimize the reflow profile depending on the overall system considering such factors as thermal mass and warpage.

9. PACKAGING

9.1. Tray

The WE310F5-I/P modules are packaged on trays of 50 pieces each when small quantities are required (i.e. for test and evaluation purposes).

These trays are not designed for use in SMT processes for pick and place handling.

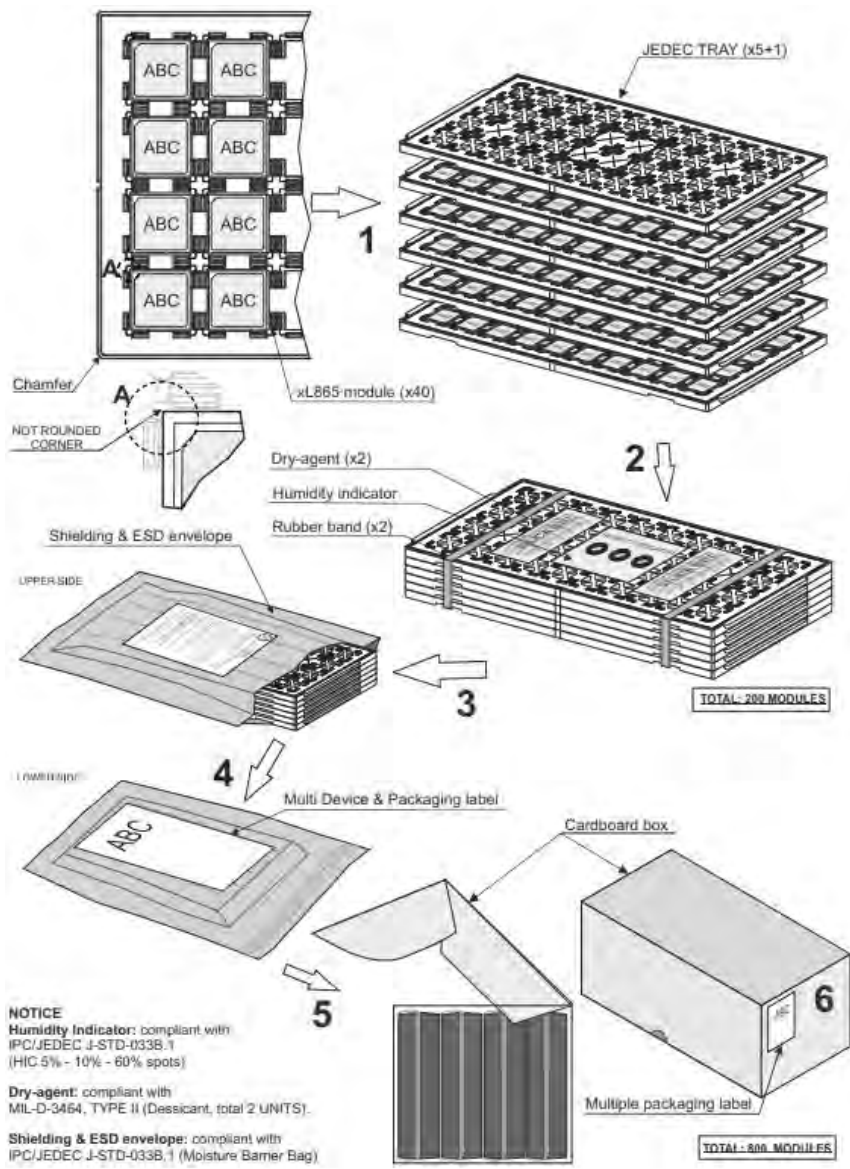


Figure 26: WE310F5-I/P Packaging example (to replace with the final one and add the WE310F5-P figure)

WARNING:



The maximum temperature for these trays shall not exceed 65°C.

9.2. Moisture Sensitivity

The WE310F5-I/P module is classified as a LEVEL 3 moisture sensitive device in accordance with IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020.

Moreover, the customer must take care of the following conditions:

- a) The shelf life of the product inside the dry bag is 12 months starting from the bag seal date, when stored in a non-condensing atmospheric environment of $< 40^{\circ}\text{C}$ and $< 90\%$ relative humidity (RH).
- b) Environmental condition during the production: $\leq 30^{\circ}\text{C}$ / 60% RH according to IPC/JEDEC J-STD-033B.
- c) The maximum time between the opening of the sealed bag and the reflow process must be 168 hours, if condition b) "IPC/JEDEC J-STD-033B paragraph §5.2" is respected.
- d) Baking is required if conditions b) or c) are not respected
- e) Baking is required if the humidity indicator inside the bag indicates 10% RH or more.

10. CONFORMITY ASSESSMENT ISSUES

10.1. FCC/IC Regulatory Notices

Hereby, Telit Communications S.p.A declares that the WE310 F5-I/P Module is following Directive 2014/53/EU.

The full text of the EU declaration of conformity is available at the following internet address: <http://www.telit.com/red>

11. FCC/IC COMPLIANCE

Modification statement

Telit has not approved any changes or modifications to this device by the user. Any changes or modifications could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

Telit n'approuve aucune modification apportée à l'appareil par l'utilisateur, quelle qu'en soit la nature. Tout changement ou modification peuvent annuler le droit d'utilisation de l'appareil par l'utilisateur.

Interference statement

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules and Industry Canada licence-exempt RSS standard(s). Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- (1) this device may not cause interference, and
- (2) this device must accept any interference, including interference that may cause undesired operation of the device.

Le présent appareil est conforme aux CNR d'Industrie Canada applicables aux appareils radio exempts de licence. L'exploitation est autorisée aux deux conditions suivantes :

- (1) l'appareil ne doit pas produire de brouillage, et*
- (2) l'utilisateur de l'appareil doit accepter tout brouillage radioélectrique subi, même si le brouillage est susceptible d'en compromettre le fonctionnement.*

Wireless notice

This device complies with FCC/ISED radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment and meets the FCC radio frequency (RF) Exposure Guidelines and RSS-102 of the ISED radio frequency (RF) Exposure rules. This transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter. The antenna should be installed and operated with minimum distance of 20 cm between the radiator and your body.

Le présent appareil est conforme à l'exposition aux radiations FCC / ISED définies pour un environnement non contrôlé et répond aux directives d'exposition de la fréquence de la FCC radiofréquence (RF) et RSS-102 de la fréquence radio (RF) ISED règles d'exposition. L'émetteur ne doit pas être colocalisé ni fonctionner conjointement avec à autre antenne ou autre émetteur. L'antenne doit être installée de façon à garder une distance minimale de 20 centimètres entre la source de rayonnements et votre corps.

FCC Class B digital device notice

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation.

This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to

radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

CAN ICES-3 (B) / NMB-3 (B)

This Class B digital apparatus complies with Canadian ICES-003.

Cet appareil numérique de classe B est conforme à la norme canadienne ICES-003.

List of applicable FCC rules

Parts 15C, 2.1091

Limited module procedures

N/A

Trace antenna designs

See 7.4 Antenna design

Antennas

This radio transmitter has been approved by FCC and ISED to operate with the antenna types listed below with the maximum permissible gain indicated. Antenna types not included in this list, having a gain greater than the maximum gain indicated for that type, are strictly prohibited for use with this device.

Type Max Gain

Omnidirectional 2.3dBi@2.4GHz band

Le présent émetteur radio a été approuvé par ISDE pour fonctionner avec les types d'antenne énumérés ci-dessous et ayant un gain admissible maximal. Les types d'antenne non inclus dans cette liste, et dont le gain est supérieur au gain maximal indiqué, sont strictement interdits pour l'exploitation de l'émetteur.

Type Gain maximal

Omnidirectional 2.3dBi@2.4GHz band

Label and compliance information

The product has FCC ID and ISED label on the device itself. Also, the OEM host end product manufacturer will be informed to display a label referring to the enclosed module. The exterior label will read as follows:

Contains TX FCC ID: RI7WE310F5

Contains IC: 5131A-WE310F5

Information on test modes and additional testing requirements

The module has been evaluated in mobile stand-alone conditions. For different operational conditions from a stand-alone modular transmitter in a host (multiple, simultaneously transmitting modules or other transmitters in a host), additional testing may be required (collocation, retesting...).

If this module is intended for use in a portable device, you are responsible for separate approval to satisfy the SAR requirements of FCC Part 2.1093 and IC RSS-102.

Additional testing, Part 15 Subpart B disclaimer

The modular transmitter is only FCC authorized for the specific rule parts (i.e., FCC transmitter rules) listed on the grant, and that the host product manufacturer is responsible for compliance to any other FCC rules that apply to the host not covered by the modular transmitter grant of certification. If the grantee markets their product as being Part 15 Subpart B compliant (when it also contains unintentional-radiator digital circuitry), then the grantee shall provide a notice stating that the final host product still requires Part 15 Subpart B compliance testing with the modular transmitter installed. The end product with an embedded module may also need to pass the FCC Part 15 unintentional emission testing requirements and be properly authorized per FCC Part 15.

12. SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

12.1. Read Carefully

Be sure the use of this product is allowed in the country and in the environment required. The use of this product may be dangerous and must be avoided in the following areas:

- Where it can interfere with other electronic devices in environments such as hospitals, airports, aircrafts, etc.
- Where there is risk of explosion such as gasoline stations, oil refineries, etc. It is the responsibility of the user to enforce the country regulation and the specific environment regulation.

Do not disassemble the product; any mark of tampering will compromise the warranty validity. We recommend following the instructions of the hardware user guides for correct wiring of the product. The product must be supplied with a stabilized voltage source and the wiring must be conformed to the security and fire prevention regulations. The product must be handled with care, avoiding any contact with the pins because electrostatic discharges may damage the product itself. Same cautions must be taken for the SIM, checking carefully the instruction for its use. Do not insert or remove the SIM when the product is in power saving mode.

The system integrator is responsible for the functioning of the final product; therefore, care must be taken to the external components of the module, as well as any project or installation issue, because the risk of disturbing the GSM network or external devices or having impact on the security. Should there be any doubt, please refer to the technical documentation and the regulations in force. Every module must be equipped with a proper antenna with specific characteristics. The antenna must be installed with care to avoid any interference with other electronic devices and must guarantee a minimum distance from the body (20 cm). In case this requirement cannot be satisfied, the system integrator must assess the final product against the SAR regulation.

The European Community provides some Directives for the electronic equipment introduced on the market. All the relevant information is available on the European Community website:

<http://ec.europa.eu/enterprise/sectors/rtte/documents/>

The text of the Directive 99/05 regarding telecommunication equipment is available, while the applicable Directives (Low Voltage and EMC) are available at:

<http://ec.europa.eu/enterprise/sectors/electrical/>

13. ACRONYMS

TTSC	Telit Technical Support Centre
USB	Universal Serial Bus
HS	High Speed
UART	Universal Asynchronous Receiver Transmitter
BLE	Bluetooth low energy
WLAN	Wireless LAN
SPI	Serial Peripheral Interface
ADC	Analog – Digital Converter
DAC	Digital – Analog Converter
PWM	Pulse Width Modulation
I/O	Input Output
GPIO	General Purpose Input Output
CMOS	Complementary Metal – Oxide Semiconductor
MOSI	Master Output – Slave Input
MISO	Master Input – Slave Output
CLK	Clock
RTC	Real Time Clock

PCB Printed Circuit Board

ESR Equivalent Series Resistance

14. DOCUMENT HISTORY

Revision	Date	Changes
0	2020-05-27	First issue.
1	2020-06-29	Update of SD card, Clock and Memory specification.
3	2020-09-04	Pinout and some figures.
4	2020-09-04	Pinout table fixed on debug port.
5	2020-09-14	Pinout Figure 6 and Figure 7 updated.
6	2020-09-30	Pinout Figure 6 and Figure 7 updated (removed R-KEY)
7	2020-10-09	Updated Figures 20 and 23, added ESD and SAR ADC characteristics, some general improvements, removed Preliminary Watermark.
8	2020-13-11	Updated WiFi Transmit Power table (Table n°9), and WLAN Continuous TX power Consumption table (Table n°15) after some software optimizations.
9	2020-03-12	Updated Power consumption Table 14.

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SUPPORT INQUIRIES

Link to www.telit.com and contact our technical support team for any questions related to technical issues.

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