

FCC LISTED, REGISTRATION NUMBER: 905266

IC LISTED REGISTRATION NUMBER IC 4621A-1

AT4 wireless, S.A.

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TEST REPORT

REFERENCE STANDARD:

USA FCC Part 15.247, 15.109

CANADA RSS-210, RSS-Gen

Radio Frequency Devices. Operation within the bands 902 - 928 MHz, 2400 -2483.5 MHz, and 5725 - 5850 MHz.

Licence-Exempt Radio Apparatus (All Frequency Bands): Category I Equipment.

General Requirements and Information for the Certification of Radio Apparatus.

NIE....: 35405RRF.003 Approved by A. Llamas / RF Lab. Manager (name / position & signature): Elaboration date: 2012-07-25 Identification of item tested: CAR KIT CELLULAR/GPS/BLUETOOTH Telit Roadstar Brand name: Model and/or type reference: RoadStar 850/1900 RoadStar 900/2100 Serial number: IMEI: 354508040017778, 354508040017497 Other identification of the product: Commercial name: TELIT ROADSTAR HW version: Rev2 SW version: U2.J.02.01 FCC ID: RI7ROADSTAR IC: 5131A-ROADSTAR Features: Car Kit Cellular/Gps/Bluetooth. Bluetooth 2.1+EDR, 12 Vdc power supplied. Description: Car Kit Cellular/Gps/Bluetooth TELIT COMMUNICATION S.P.A. Applicant: Address :: Via Stazione di Prosecco 5/B 34010 Sgonico, Trieste - Italy CIF/NIF/Passport....: 03711600266 Contact person: Gianmarco Melosu Telephone / Fax: +39.070.46.03.246 / +39.070.46.03.250 e-mail:: Gianmarco.melosu@telit.com Test samples supplier: Same as applicant Manufacturer: Same as applicant



Test method requested:	: See Standard				
Standard:	: USA FCC Part 15.247 10-01-09 Edition: Operation within the bands 902 - 928 MHz, 2400 -2483.5 MHz, and 5725 - 5850 MHz.				
	USA FCC Part 15.109: Receiver radiated emission.				
	CANADA RSS-210 Issue 8 (December 2010).				
	CANADA RSS-Gen Issue 3 (December 2010).				
	FCC part 15.247 and Filing and Measurement Guidelines for Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum System DA 00-705 Released March 30, 2000.				
	ANSI C63.10-2009: American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices.				
Test procedure:	PERF	010			
Non-standardized test method:	N/A				
Used instrumentation:		lucted Measurements			
	Conc	nucled Weasurements			
		Smootmum analysem Agilent DCA	Last Cal. date	Cal. due date	
	1.	Spectrum analyser Agilent PSA E4440A	2012/02	2014/02	
	2.	DC power supply R&S NGPE 40/40	2011/11	2014/11	
	Radiated Measurements				
			Last Cal. date	Cal. due date	
	1.	Semianechoic Absorber Lined Chamber IR 11. BS	N.A.	N.A.	
	2.	Control Chamber IR 12.BC	N.A.	N.A.	
	3.	Hybrid Bilog antenna Sunol Sciences Corporation JB6	2011/05	2014/05	
	4.	Antenna mast EM 1072 NMT	N.A.	N.A.	
	5.	Rotating table EM 1084-4. ON	N.A.	N.A.	
	6.	Double-ridge Guide Horn antenna 1-18 GHz HP 11966E	2011/05	2014/05	
	7.	Double-ridge Guide Horn antenna 18- 40 GHz Agilent 119665J	2011/09	2014/09	
	8.	EMI Test Receiver R&S ESIB26	2011/11	2013/11	
	9.	RF pre-amplifier Miteq JS4-12002600-30-5A.	2010/07	2012/07	
	10.	Multi Device Controller EMCO 2090	N.A.	N.A.	
	11.	Spectrum Analyzer Agilent E4440A	2012/02	2014/02	
	12.	RF pre-amplifier Miteq AFS5-04001300-15-10P-6.	2010/07	2012/07	
	13.	RF pre-amplifier Schaffner CPA	2011/06	2013/06	

Report template No. FDT08_13

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Competences and guarantees

AT4 wireless is a laboratory with a measurement facility in compliance with the requirements of Section 2.948 of the FCC rules and has been added to the list of facilities whose measurements data will be accepted in conjuction with applications for Certification under Parts 15 or 18 of the Commission's Rules. Registration Number: 905266.

AT4 wireless is a laboratory with a measurement site in compliance with the requirements of RSS 212, Issue 1 (Provisional) and has been added to the list of filed sites of the Canadian Certification and Engineering Bureau. Reference File Number: IC 4621A-1.

In order to assure the traceability to other national and international laboratories, AT4 wireless has a calibration and maintenance programme for its measurement equipment.

AT4 wireless guarantees the reliability of the data presented in this report, which is the result of the measurements and the tests performed to the item under test on the date and under the conditions stated on the report and, it is based on the knowledge and technical facilities available at AT4 wireless at the time of performance of the test.

AT4 wireless is liable to the client for the maintenance of the confidentiality of all information related to the item under test and the results of the test.

General conditions

- 1. This report is only referred to the item that has undergone the test.
- 2. This report does not constitute or imply on its own an approval of the product by the Certification Bodies or competent Authorities.
- 3. This document is only valid if complete; no partial reproduction can be made without previous written permission of AT4 wireless.
- 4. This test report cannot be used partially or in full for publicity and/or promotional purposes without previous written permission of AT4 wireless and the Accreditation Bodies.

Uncertainty

Uncertainty (factor k=2) was calculated according to the AT4 wireless internal document:

PODT000: Procedimiento para el cálculo de incertidumbres de medida.



Usage of samples

Samples undergoing test have been selected by: the client.

Sample M/01 is composed of the following elements:

Control Nº	Description	Model	Serial Nº	Date of reception
35405B/02	Car Kit Phone	RoadStar 900/2100	IMEI: 354508040017778	30/01/2012
35405B/09	Cellular antenna			30/01/2012
35405B/14	Power supply cable			30/01/2012
35405B/24	GPS antenna			10/02/2012

Sample M/02 is composed of the following elements:

Control Nº	Description	<u>Model</u>	Serial Nº	Date of reception
35405B/15	Car Kit Phone with antenna connector	RoadStar 900/2100	IMEI: 354508040017497	10/02/2012
35405B/14	Power supply cable			30/01/2012

- Sample M/01 has undergone following test(s).
 All radiated tests indicated in appendix A.
- 2. Sample M/02 has undergone following test(s). All conducted tests indicated in appendix A.

Testing period

The performed test started on 2012-03-09 and finished on 2012-04-20.

The tests have been performed at AT4 wireless.



Environmental conditions

In the control chamber, the following limits were not exceeded during the test:

Temperature	Min. = 21.3 °C
	Max. = $23.3 ^{\circ}$ C
Relative humidity	Min. = 44.2 %
	Max. = 46.8 %
Shielding effectiveness	> 100 dB
Electric insulation	$> 10 \text{ k}\Omega$
Reference resistance to earth	< 0,5 Ω

In the semianechoic chamber (21 meters x 11 meters x 8 meters), the following limits were not exceeded during the test.

Temperature	Min. = 20.2 °C
_	Max. = $22.1 ^{\circ}\text{C}$
Relative humidity	Min. = 41 %
	Max. = 43 %
Air pressure	Min. = 1019 mbar
	Max. = 1019 mbar
Shielding effectiveness	> 100 dB
Electric insulation	$> 10 \text{ k}\Omega$
Reference resistance to earth	< 0,5 Ω
Normal site attenuation (NSA)	< ±4 dB at 10 m distance between item
	under test and receiver antenna, (30 MHz to
	1000 MHz)
Field homogeneity	More than 75% of illuminated surface is
	between 0 and 6 dB (26 MHz to 1000
	MHz).

In the chamber for conducted measurements the following limits were not exceeded during the test:

Temperature	Min. = 23.7 °C	
_	Max. = 25.5 °C	
Relative humidity	Min. = 26.8 %	
	Max. = 28.8 %	
Air pressure	Min. = 1019 mbar	
	Max. = 1019 mbar	
Shielding effectiveness	> 100 dB	
Electric insulation	$> 10 \text{ k}\Omega$	
Reference resistance to earth	$< 0.5 \Omega$	



Summary

Considering the results of the performed test according to standard USA FCC Parts 15.247 and 15.109 / Canada RSS-210, the item under test is **IN COMPLIANCE** with the requested specifications specified in the standard.

NOTE: The results presented in this Test Report apply only to the particular item under test established in page 1 of this document, as presented for test on the date(s) shown in section, "USAGE OF SAMPLES, TESTING PERIOD AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS".

Remarks and comments

The only difference between model names RoadStar 850/1900 and RoadStar 900/2100 is the embedded precertified 2G/3G module. The RoadStar 850/1900 integrates a pre-certified module HE863-NAR (FCC ID: RI7HE863NA, IC: 5131A-HE863NA) and the RoadStar 900/2100 integrates a pre-certified module HE863-EUR (FCC ID: RI7HE863EU). This change does not affect to the Bluetooth functionality.

Testing verdicts	
Not applicable:	NA
Pass:	P
Fail:	F
Not measured:	NM

FCC PART 15 / RSS-210 PARAGRAPH		VERDICT			
	NA	P	F	NM	
FCC 15.247 Subclause (a) (1). 20 dB Bandwidth and Carrier frequency separation / RSS-210 Clause A8.1 (b)		P			
FCC 15.247 Subclause (a) (1) (iii). Number of hopping channels / RSS-210 Clause A8.1 (d)		P			
FCC 15.247 Subclause (a) (1) (iii). Time of occupancy (Dwell Time) / RSS-210 Clause A8.1 (d)		P			
FCC 15.247 Subclause (b). Maximum peak output power (radiated) and antenna gain / RSS-210, Clause A8.4 (2)		P			
FCC 15.247 Subclause (c). Band-edge of radiated emissions (Transmitter) / RSS-210 Clauses 2.2 & A8.5		P			
FCC 15.247 Subclause (c). Emission limitations conducted (Transmitter) / RSS-210 Clauses 2.2 & A8.5		P			
FCC 15.247 Subclause (c). Emission limitations radiated (Transmitter) / RSS-210 Clauses 2.2 & A8.5		P			
FCC 15.109. Radiated emission limits for receiver / RSS-210 Clause 2.2		P			



APPENDIX A: Test result



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TEST CONDITIONS

Power supply (V):

 $V_{nominal} = 12.0 \text{ Vdc}$

Type of power supply = DC voltage from car battery.

Type of antenna = Integral antenna.

Declared Gain for antenna (maximum) = 2 dBi

TEST FREQUENCIES:

Lowest channel: 2402 MHz Middle channel: 2441 MHz Highest channel: 2480 MHz

The test set-up was made in accordance to the general provisions of ANSI C63.4: 2009.

CONDUCTED MEASUREMENTS

The equipment under test was set up in a shielded room and it is connected to the spectrum analyzer using a low loss RF cable. The reading in the spectrum analyser is corrected taking into account the cable loss.

RADIATED MEASUREMENTS

All radiated tests were performed in a semi-anechoic chamber. The measurement antenna is situated at a distance of 3 m for the frequency range 30 MHz-1000 MHz (30 MHz-1000 MHz Bilog antenna) and at a distance of 1m for the frequency range 1 GHz-25 GHz (1 GHz-18 GHz Double ridge horn antenna and 18 GHz-40 GHz horn antenna).

For radiated emissions in the range 1 GHz-25 GHz that is performed at a distance closer than the specified distance, an inverse proportionality factor of 20 dB per decade is used to normalize the measured data for determining compliance.

The equipment under test was set up on a non-conductive (wooden) platform one meter above the ground plane and the situation and orientation was varied to find the maximum radiated emission. It was also rotated 360° and the antenna height was varied from 1 to 4 meters to find the maximum radiated emission.

Measurements were made in both horizontal and vertical planes of polarization.



FCC Section 15.247 Subclause (a) (1) / RSS-210 Clause A8.1 (b). 20 dB Bandwidth and Carrier frequency separation

SPECIFICATION

Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW.

RESULTS

(See next plots)

Modulation: GFSK

	Lowest frequency	Middle frequency	Highest frequency
	2402 MHz	2441 MHz	2480 MHz
20 dB Spectrum bandwidth (kHz)	928.9	926.9	928.9
Measurement uncertainty (kHz)	±11		

Modulation: Π/4-DQPSK (2Mbps)

	Lowest frequency	Middle frequency	Highest frequency
	2402 MHz	2441 MHz	2480 MHz
20 dB Spectrum bandwidth (kHz)	1221.2	1225.2	1221.2
Measurement uncertainty (kHz)		±11	

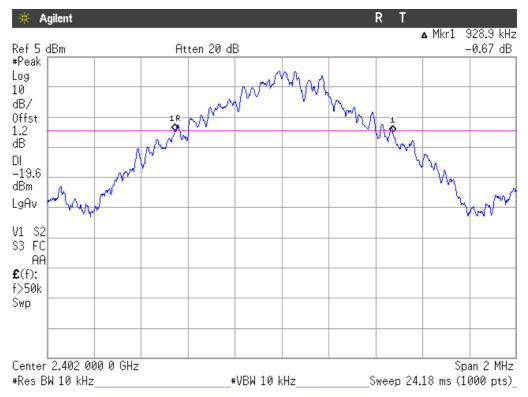
Modulation: 8-DPSK (3Mbps)

	Lowest frequency	Middle frequency	Highest frequency
	2402 MHz	2441 MHz	2480 MHz
20 dB Spectrum bandwidth (kHz)	1259.3	1259.3	1261.3
Measurement uncertainty (kHz)		±11	



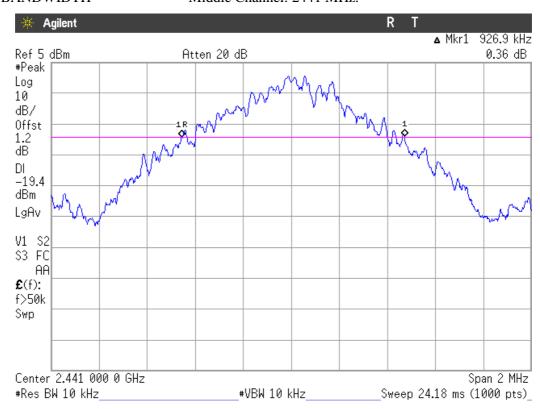
Modulation: GFSK

20 dB BANDWIDTH. Lowest Channel: 2402 MHz.



20 dB BANDWIDTH

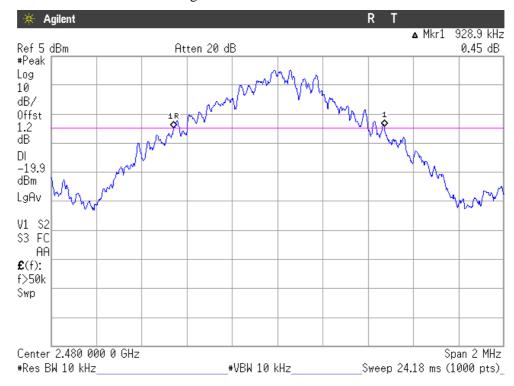
Middle Channel: 2441 MHz.



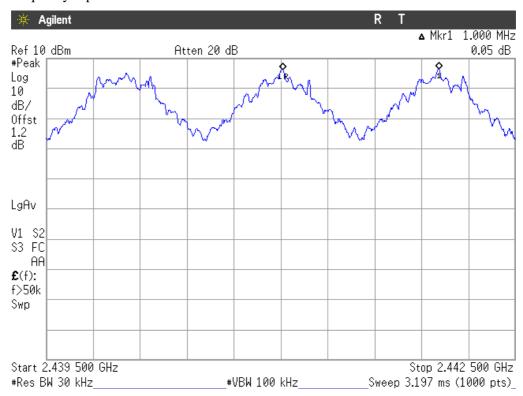


20 dB BANDWIDTH

Highest Channel: 2480 MHz.



Carrier frequency separation

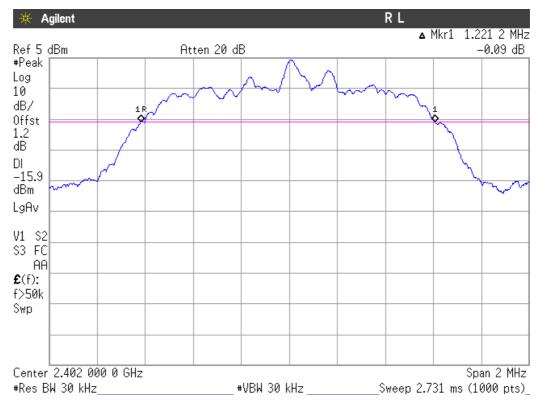


The hopping channel carrier frequencies are separated by a minimum of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel.

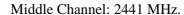


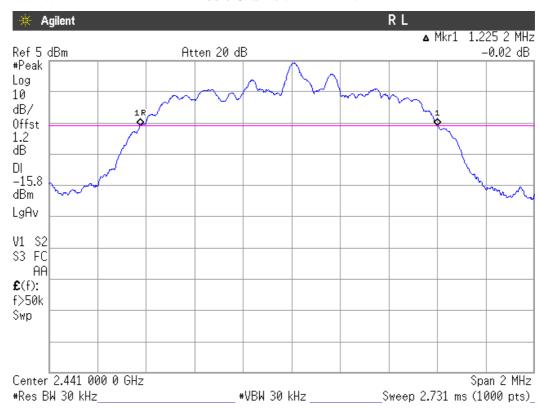
Modulation: Π/4-DQPSK

20 dB BANDWIDTH. Lowest Channel: 2402 MHz.



20 dB BANDWIDTH

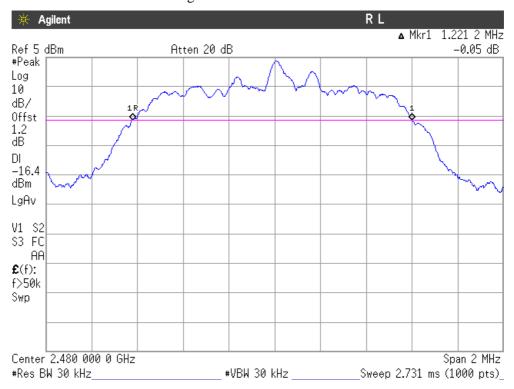




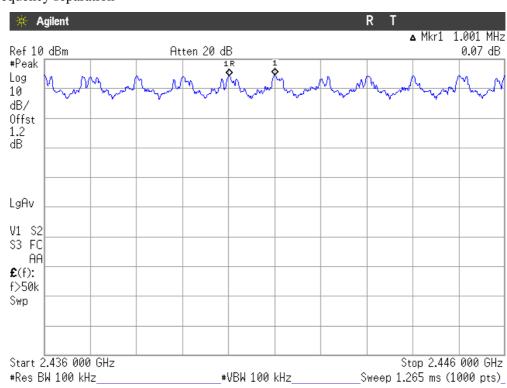


20 dB BANDWIDTH

Highest Channel: 2480 MHz.



Carrier frequency separation



The hopping channel carrier frequencies are separated by a minimum of the two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel



Modulation: 8-DPSK

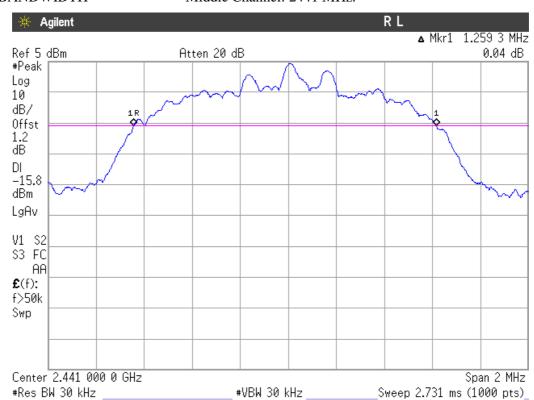
20 dB BANDWIDTH

Lowest Channel: 2402 MHz.



20 dB BANDWIDTH

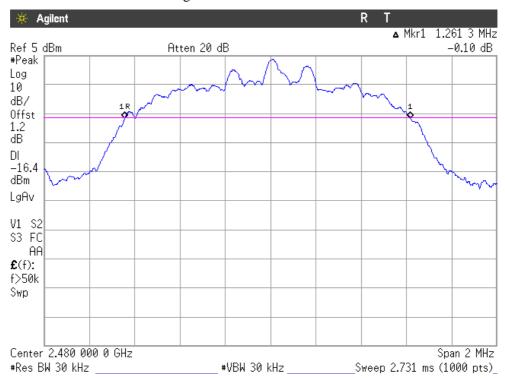
Middle Channel: 2441 MHz.



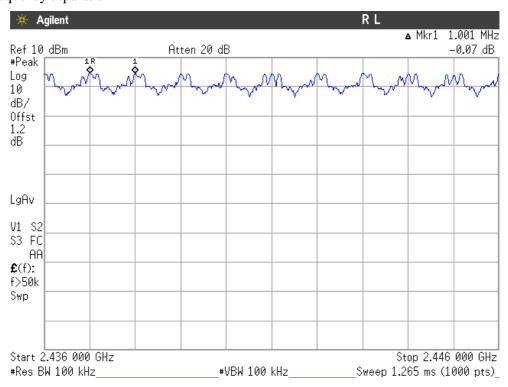


20 dB BANDWIDTH

Highest Channel: 2480 MHz.



Carrier frequency separation



The hopping channel carrier frequencies are separated by a minimum of the two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel.



FCC Section 15.247 Subclause (a) (1) (iii) / RSS-210 Clause A8.1 (d). Number of hopping channels

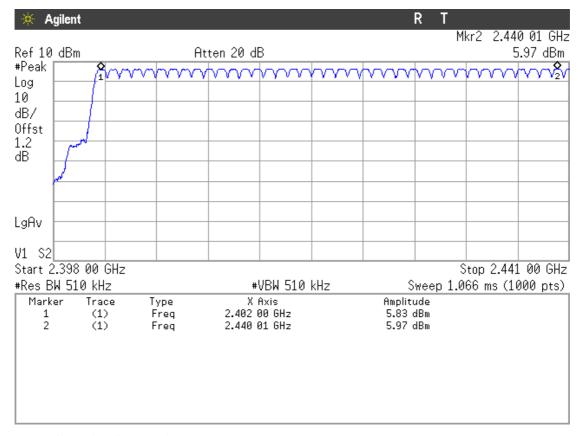
SPECIFICATION

Frequency hopping system in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels.

RESULTS

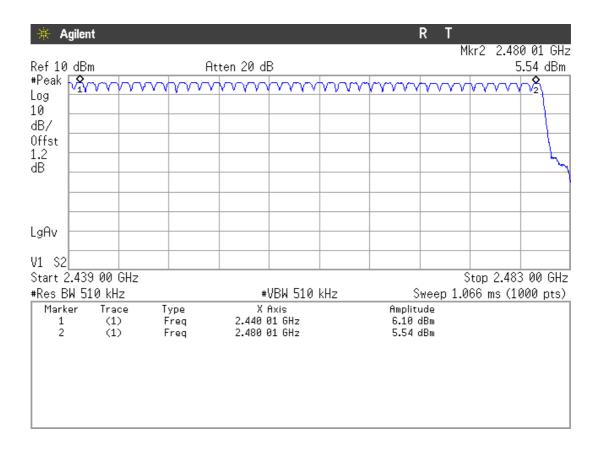
The number of hopping channels is 79 for all three modes (see next plots).

Modulation: GFSK



Number of hopping frequencies: 39



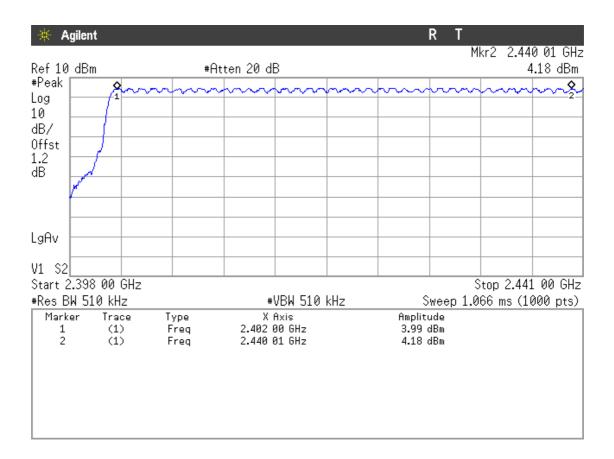


Number of hopping frequencies: 40

Total number of hopping frequencies: 79

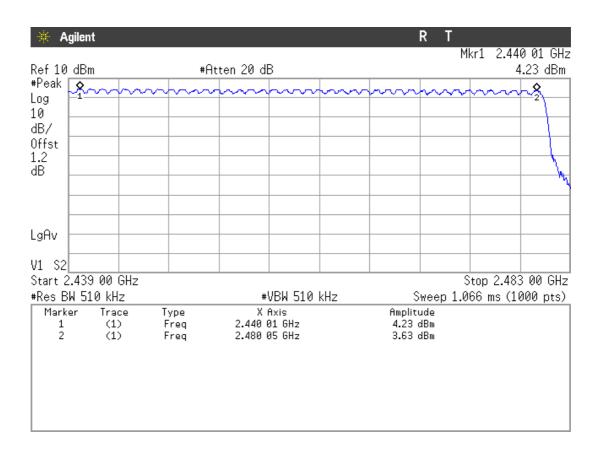


Modulation: Π/4-DQPSK



Number of hopping frequencies: 39



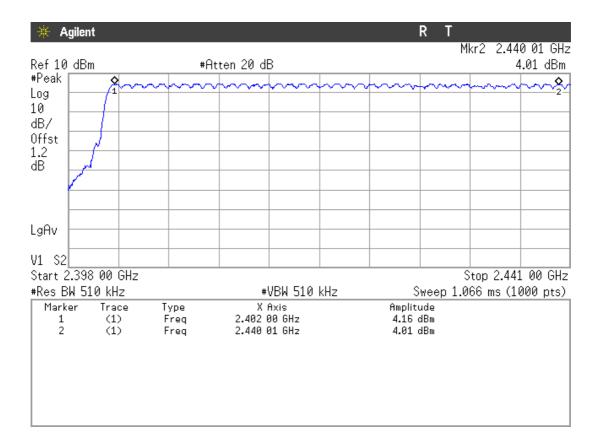


Number of hopping frequencies: 40

Total number of hopping frequencies: 79



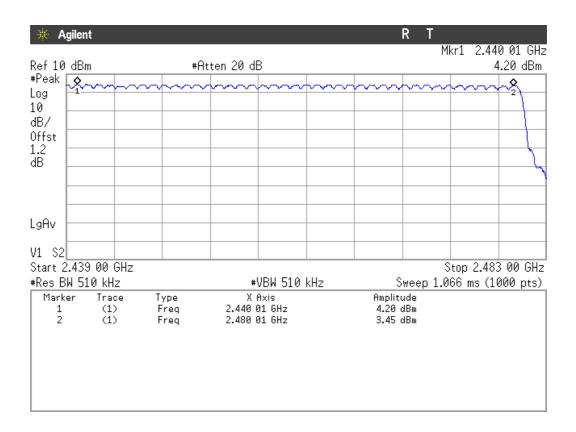
Modulation: 8-DPSK



Number of hopping frequencies: 39



2012-07-25



Number of hopping frequencies: 40

Total number of hopping frequencies: 79



FCC Section 15.247 Subclause (a) (1) (iii) / RSS-210 Clause A8.1 (d). Time of occupancy (Dwell Time)

SPECIFICATION

The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds (400 ms) within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed = $0.4 \times 79 = 31.6$ seconds.

RESULTS

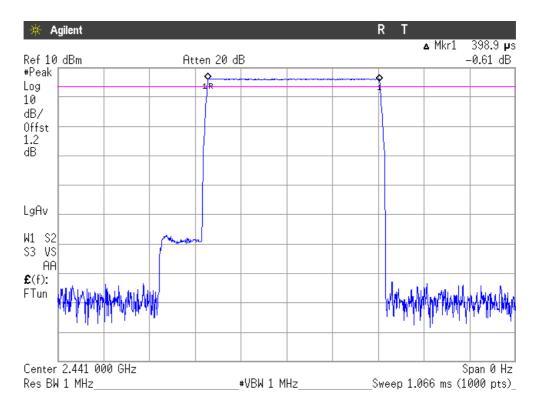
Modulation: GFSK

1. TIME OF OCCUPANCY (DWELL TIME) FOR PACKET TYPE DH1.

The system makes worst case 1600 hops per second or 1 time slot has a length of $625\mu s$ with 79 channels. A DH1 Packet need 1 time slot for transmitting and 1 time slot for receiving. Then the system makes worst case 1600/2 = 800 hops per second with 79 channels. So you have each channel 800/79 = 10.13 times per second and so for a period of $0.4 \times 79 = 31.6$ seconds you have $10.13 \times 31.6 = 320.11$ times of appearance.

Each Tx-time per appearance is 398.9 µs (see next plot).

So we have $320.11 \times 398.9 \,\mu s = 127.69 \,ms$ per 31.6 seconds.

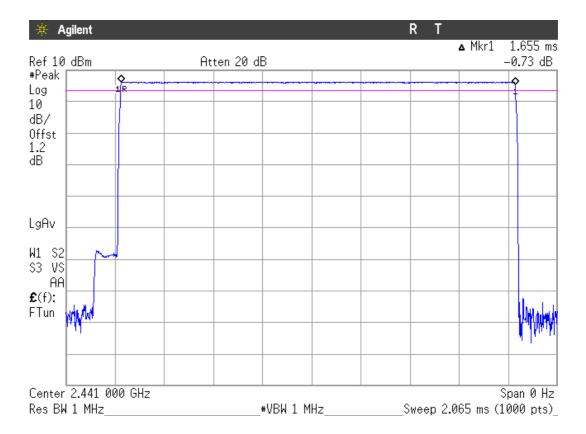




2. TIME OF OCCUPANCY (DWELL TIME) FOR PACKET TYPE DH3.

A DH3 Packet needs 3 time slots for transmitting and 1 time slot for receiving. Then the system makes worst case 1600/4 = 400 hops per second with 79 channels. So you have each channel 400/79 = 5.1 times per second and so for a period of $0.4 \times 79 = 31.6$ seconds you have $5.1 \times 31.6 = 161.16$ times of appearance.

Each Tx-time per appearance is 1.655 ms (see next plot). So we have 161.16×1.655 ms = 266.72 ms per 31.6 seconds.

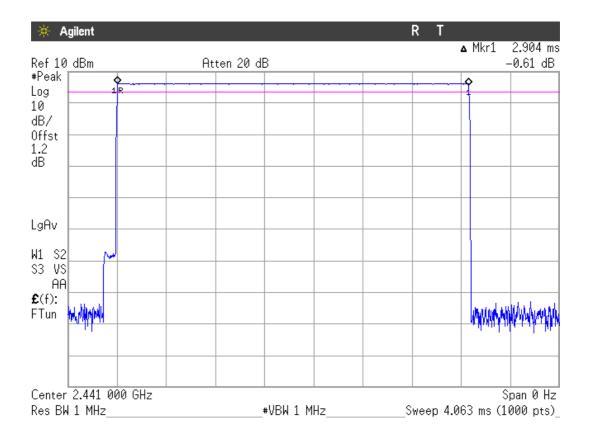




3. TIME OF OCCUPANCY (DWELL TIME) FOR PACKET TYPE DH5.

A DH5 Packet needs 5 time slots for transmitting and 1 time slot for receiving. Then the system makes worst case 1600/6 = 266.67 hops per second with 79 channels. So you have each channel 266.67/79 = 3.37 times per second and so for a period of $0.4 \times 79 = 31.6$ seconds you have $3.37 \times 31.6 = 106.49$ times of appearance.

Each Tx-time per appearance is 2.904 ms (see next plot). So we have $106.49 \times 2.904 \text{ ms} = 309.25 \text{ ms}$ per 31.6 seconds.



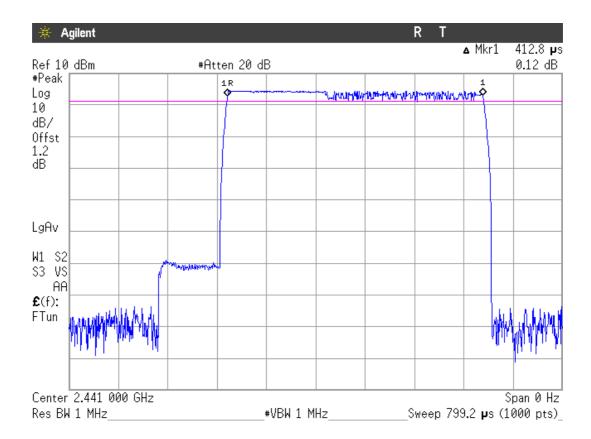


Modulation: Π/4-DQPSK

1. TIME OF OCCUPANCY (DWELL TIME) FOR PACKET TYPE DH1.

The system makes worst case 1600 hops per second or 1 time slot has a length of $625\mu s$ with 79 channels. A DH1 Packet need 1 time slot for transmitting and 1 time slot for receiving. Then the system makes worst case 1600/2 = 800 hops per second with 79 channels. So you have each channel 800/79 = 10.13 times per second and so for a period of $0.4 \times 79 = 31.6$ seconds you have $10.13 \times 31.6 = 320.11$ times of appearance.

Each Tx-time per appearance is 412.8 μ s (see next plot). So we have 320.11 x 412.8 μ s =132.14 ms per 31.6 seconds.

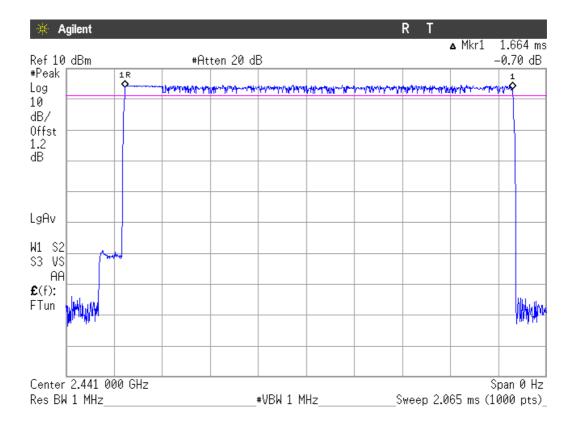




2. TIME OF OCCUPANCY (DWELL TIME) FOR PACKET TYPE DH3.

A DH3 Packet needs 3 time slots for transmitting and 1 time slot for receiving. Then the system makes worst case 1600/4 = 400 hops per second with 79 channels. So you have each channel 400/79 = 5.1 times per second and so for a period of $0.4 \times 79 = 31.6$ seconds you have $5.1 \times 31.6 = 161.16$ times of appearance.

Each Tx-time per appearance is 1.664 ms (see next plot). So we have $161.16 \times 1.664 \text{ ms} = 268.17 \text{ ms}$ per 31.6 seconds.



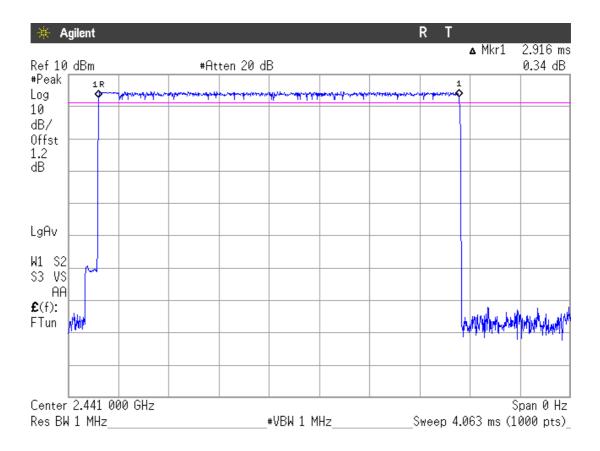


3. TIME OF OCCUPANCY (DWELL TIME) FOR PACKET TYPE DH5.

A DH5 Packet needs 5 time slots for transmitting and 1 time slot for receiving. Then the system makes worst case 1600/6 = 266.67 hops per second with 79 channels. So you have each channel 266.67/79 = 3.37 times per second and so for a period of $0.4 \times 79 = 31.6$ seconds you have $3.37 \times 31.6 = 106.49$ times of appearance.

Each Tx-time per appearance is 2.916 ms (see next plot).

So we have $106.49 \times 2.916 \text{ ms} = 310.52 \text{ ms per } 31.6 \text{ seconds.}$



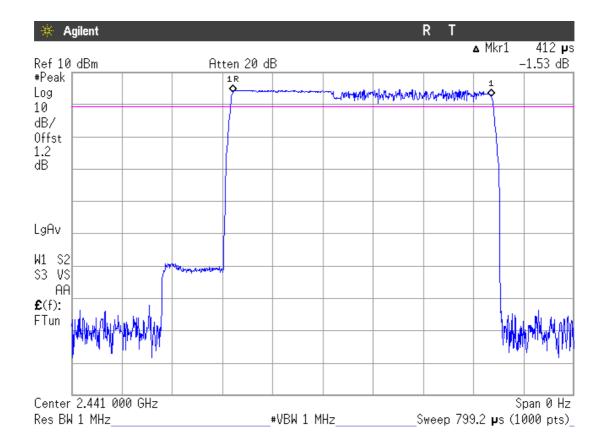


Modulation: 8-DPSK

1. TIME OF OCCUPANCY (DWELL TIME) FOR PACKET TYPE DH1.

The system makes worst case 1600 hops per second or 1 time slot has a length of $625\mu s$ with 79 channels. A DH1 Packet need 1 time slot for transmitting and 1 time slot for receiving. Then the system makes worst case 1600/2 = 800 hops per second with 79 channels. So you have each channel 800/79 = 10.13 times per second and so for a period of $0.4 \times 79 = 31.6$ seconds you have $10.13 \times 31.6 = 320.11$ times of appearance.

Each Tx-time per appearance is 412 μ s (see next plot). So we have 320.11 x 412 μ s =131.88 ms per 31.6 seconds.

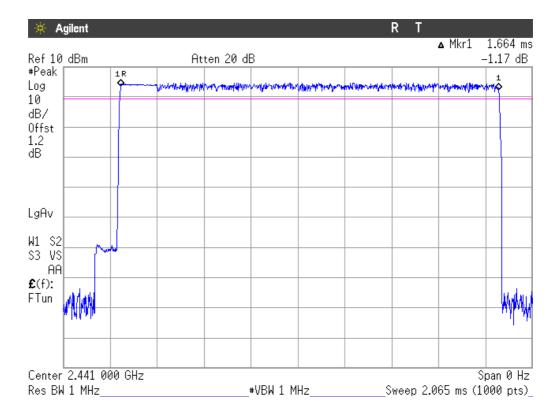




2. TIME OF OCCUPANCY (DWELL TIME) FOR PACKET TYPE DH3.

A DH3 Packet needs 3 time slots for transmitting and 1 time slot for receiving. Then the system makes worst case 1600/4 = 400 hops per second with 79 channels. So you have each channel 400/79 = 5.1 times per second and so for a period of $0.4 \times 79 = 31.6$ seconds you have $5.1 \times 31.6 = 161.16$ times of appearance.

Each Tx-time per appearance is 1.664 ms (see next plot). So we have $161.16 \times 1.664 \text{ ms} = 268.17 \text{ ms}$ per 31.6 seconds.

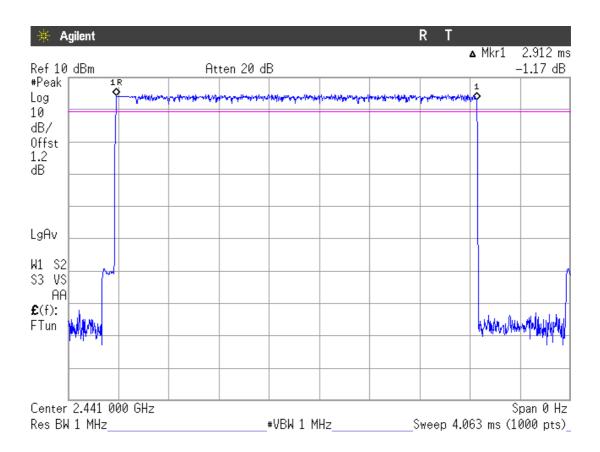




3. TIME OF OCCUPANCY (DWELL TIME) FOR PACKET TYPE DH5.

A DH5 Packet needs 5 time slots for transmitting and 1 time slot for receiving. Then the system makes worst case 1600/6 = 266.67 hops per second with 79 channels. So you have each channel 266.67/79 = 3.37 times per second and so for a period of $0.4 \times 79 = 31.6$ seconds you have $3.37 \times 31.6 = 106.49$ times of appearance.

Each Tx-time per appearance is 2.912 ms (see next plot). So we have $106.49 \times 2.912 \text{ ms} = 310.10 \text{ ms}$ per 31.6 seconds.





FCC Section 15.247 Subclause (b) / RSS-210 Clause A8.4 (2). Maximum peak output power and antenna gain

SPECIFICATION

For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 hopping channels: 1 watt (30 dBm).

RESULTS

MAXIMUM PEAK OUTPUT POWER (CONDUCTED). See next plots.

Modulation: GFSK

	Lowest frequency	Middle frequency	Highest frequency
	2402 MHz	2441 MHz	2480 MHz
Maximum peak power (dBm)	6.21	6.40	6.01
Measurement uncertainty (dB)		±1.5	

The maximum declared antenna gain for this device is 2 dBi, therefore the maximum theoretical peak radiated power (EIRP) in the three measurement channels for this device is 8.40 dBm or 6.92 mW.

The actual peak radiated power (EIRP) was measured for the lowest, middle and highest frequency (see next plots).

Modulation: Π/4-DOPSK (2Mbps)

Modulation: 11/4 DQ1 Six (21/10ps)			
	Lowest frequency	Middle frequency	Highest frequency
	2402 MHz	2441 MHz	2480 MHz
Maximum peak power (dBm)	4.97	4.99	4.44
Measurement uncertainty (dB)		±1.5	

The maximum declared antenna gain for this device is 2 dBi, therefore the maximum theoretical peak radiated power (EIRP) in the three measurement channels for this device is 6.99 dBm or 5.00 mW.

The actual peak radiated power (EIRP) was measured for the lowest, middle and highest frequency (see next plots).

Modulation: 8-DPSK (3Mbps)

	Lowest frequency	Middle frequency	Highest frequency
	2402 MHz	2441 MHz	2480 MHz
Maximum peak power (dBm)	5.26	5.35	4.87
Measurement uncertainty (dB)		±1.5	

The maximum declared antenna gain for this device is 2 dBi, therefore the maximum theoretical peak radiated power (EIRP) in the three measurement channels for this device is 7.35 dBm or 5.43 mW.



The actual peak radiated power (EIRP) was measured for the lowest, middle and highest frequency (see next plots).

MAXIMUM PEAK OUTPUT POWER (RADIATED).

Modulation: GFSK

	Lowest frequency	Middle frequency	Highest frequency
	2402 MHz	2441 MHz	2480 MHz
Maximum EIRP peak power (dBm)	5.55	5.92	4.77
Measurement uncertainty (dB)		±4.0	

Modulation: Π/4-DOPSK (2 Mbps)

Modulation: 11/4 DQ1 SIX (2 Mops)			
	Lowest frequency	Middle frequency	Highest frequency
	2402 MHz	2441 MHz	2480 MHz
Maximum EIRP peak power (dBm)	4.12	4.49	2.97
Measurement uncertainty (dB)		±4.0	

Modulation: 8-DPSK (3Mbps)

Modulation: 6 Di Six (Sixiops)			
	Lowest frequency	Middle frequency	Highest frequency
	2402 MHz	2441 MHz	2480 MHz
Maximum EIRP peak power (dBm)	4.51	4.83	3.41
Measurement uncertainty (dB)		±4.0	

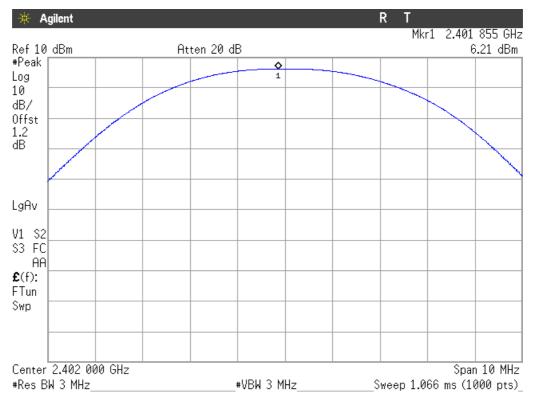
Declared peak gain: 2 dBi

The maximum directional gain of the antenna is less than 6 dBi and therefore the maximum output power is not required to be reduced from the stated values.

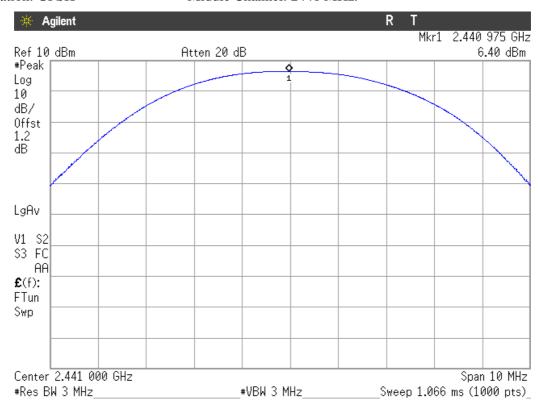


PEAK OUTPUT POWER (CONDUCTED).

Modulation: GFSK Lowest Channel: 2402 MHz.



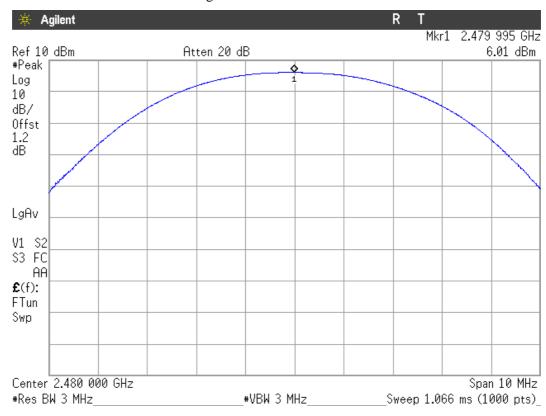
Modulation: GFSK Middle Channel: 2441 MHz.



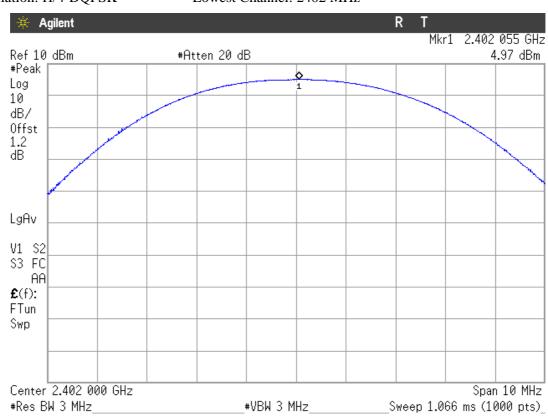


PEAK OUTPUT POWER (CONDUCTED).

Modulation: GFSK Highest Channel: 2480 MHz.



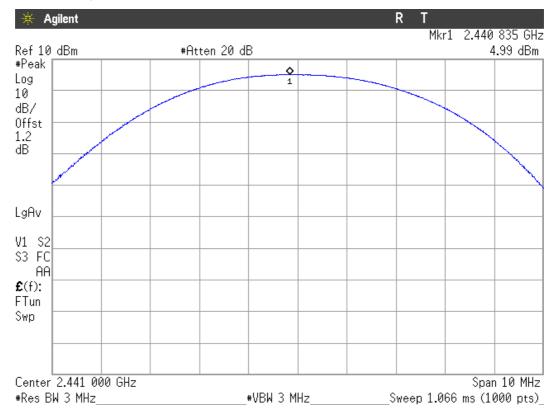
Modulation: Π/4-DQPSK Lowest Channel: 2402 MHz



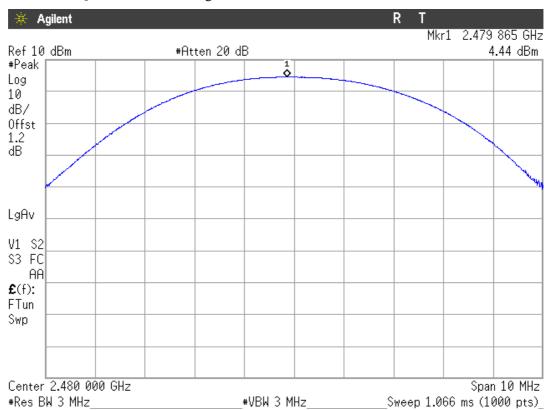


PEAK OUTPUT POWER (CONDUCTED)

Modulation: Π/4-DQPSK Middle Channel: 2441 MHz.



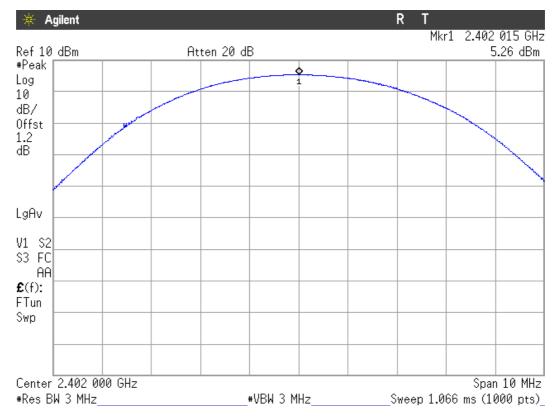
Modulation: Π/4-DQPSK Highest Channel: 2480 MHz.



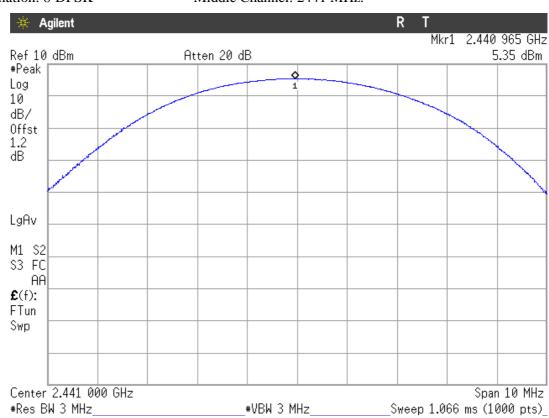


PEAK OUTPUT POWER (CONDUCTED).

Modulation: 8-DPSK Lowest Channel: 2402 MHz



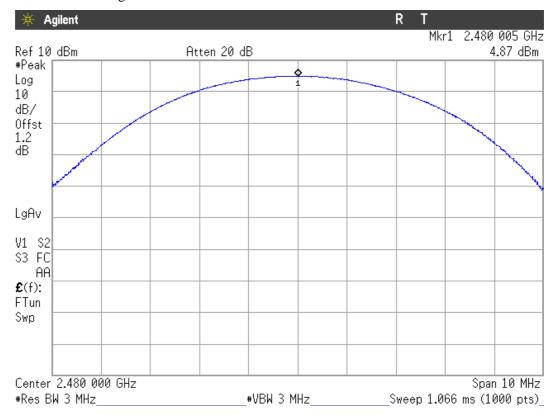
Modulation: 8-DPSK Middle Channel: 2441 MHz.





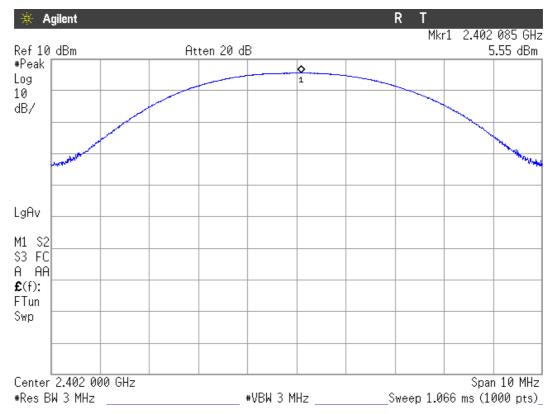
PEAK OUTPUT POWER (CONDUCTED).

Modulation: 8-DPSK Highest Channel: 2480 MHz.

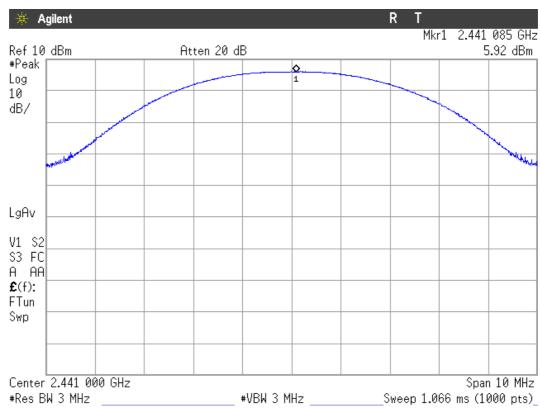




Modulation: GFSK Lowest Channel: 2402 MHz.

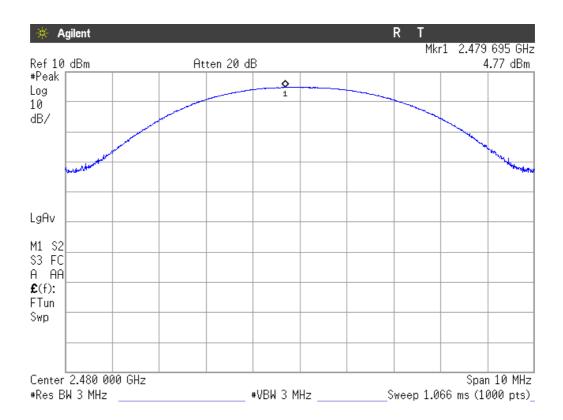


Modulation: GFSK Middle Channel: 2441 MHz.

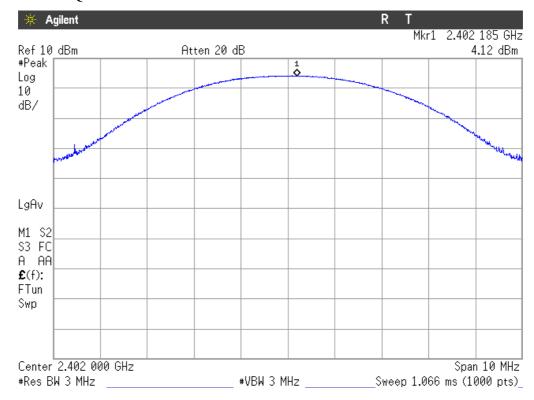




Modulation: GFSK Highest Channel: 2480 MHz.

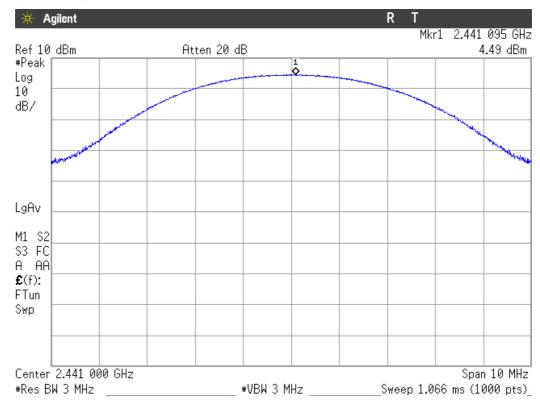


Modulation: Π/4-DQPSK Lowest Channel: 2402 MHz.

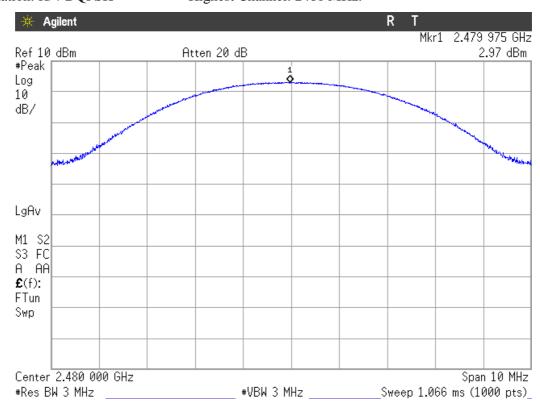




Modulation: Π/4-DQPSK Middle Channel: 2441 MHz.

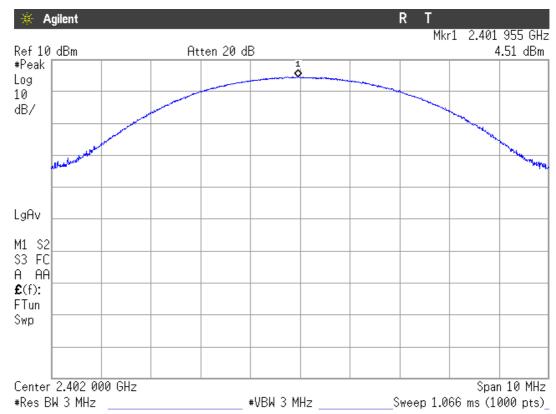


Modulation: Π/4-DQPSK Highest Channel: 2480 MHz.

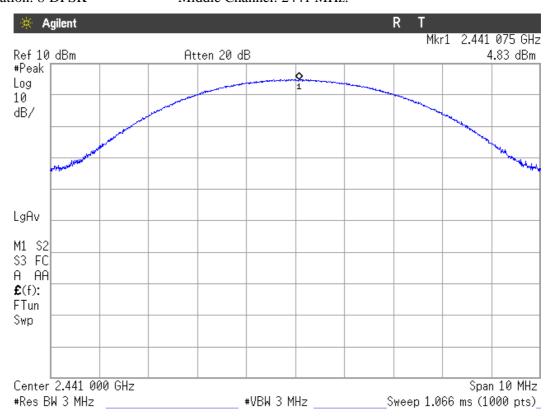




Modulation: 8-DPSK Lowest Channel: 2402 MHz.

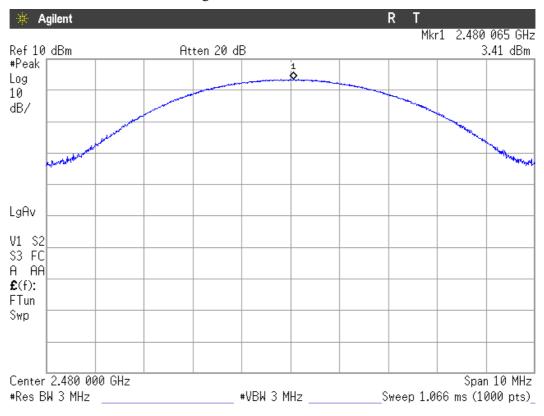


Modulation: 8-DPSK Middle Channel: 2441 MHz.





Modulation: 8-DPSK Highest Channel: 2480 MHz.





FCC Section 15.247 Subclause (d) / RSS-210 Clauses 2.2 & A8.5. Band-edge compliance of conducted emissions (Transmitter)

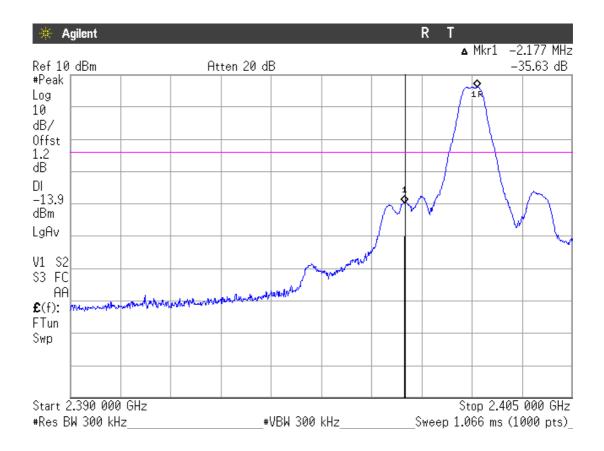
SPECIFICATION

Emissions outside the frequency band in which the intentional radiator is operating shall be at least 20dB below the highest level of the desired power.

RESULTS:

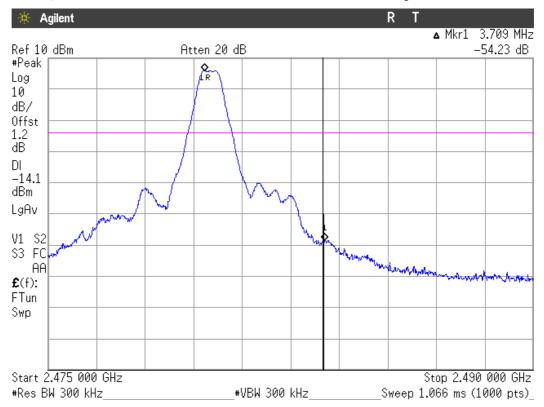
Modulation: GFSK

1. LOW FREQUENCY SECTION 2402 MHz (HOPPING OFF). See next plot.



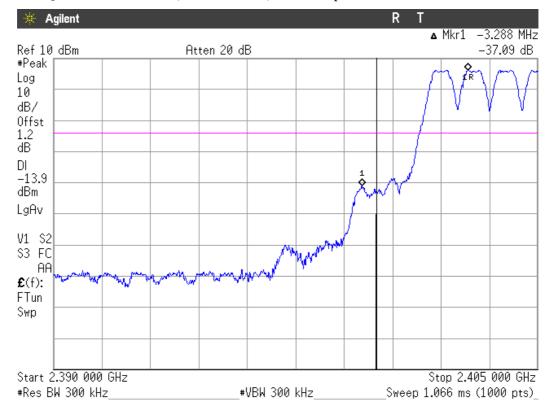


2. HIGH FREQUENCY SECTION 2480 MHz (HOPPING OFF). See next plot.



Verdict: PASS

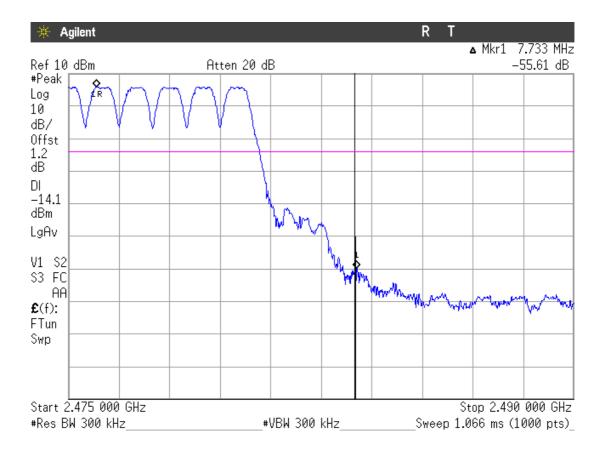
3. LOW FREQUENCY SECTION (HOPPING ON). See next plot.





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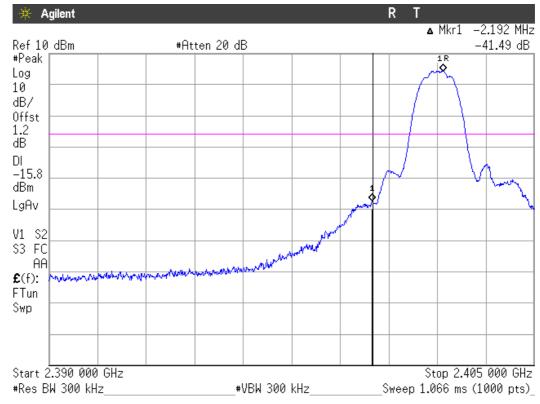
4. HIGH FREQUENCY SECTION (HOPPING ON). See next plot.





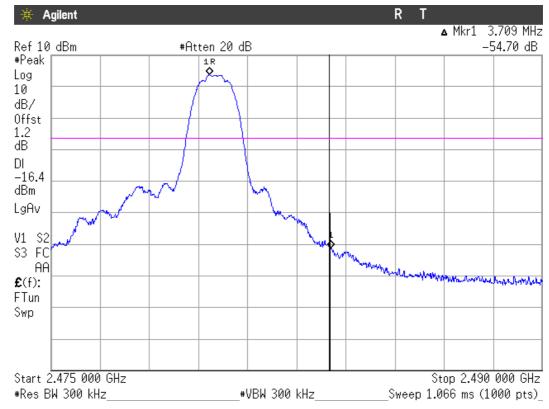
Modulation: Π/4-DQPSK

1. LOW FREQUENCY SECTION 2402 MHz (HOPPING OFF). See next plot.



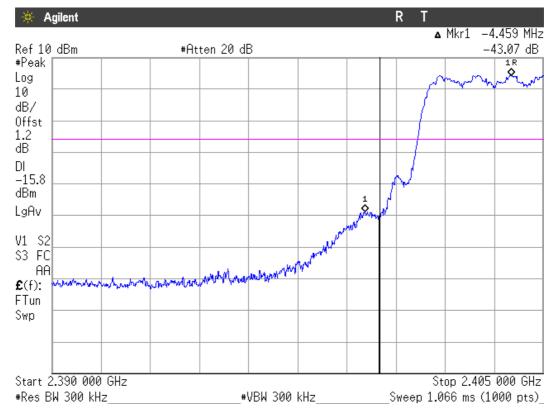
Verdict: PASS

2. HIGH FREQUENCY SECTION 2480 MHz (HOPPING OFF). See next plot.



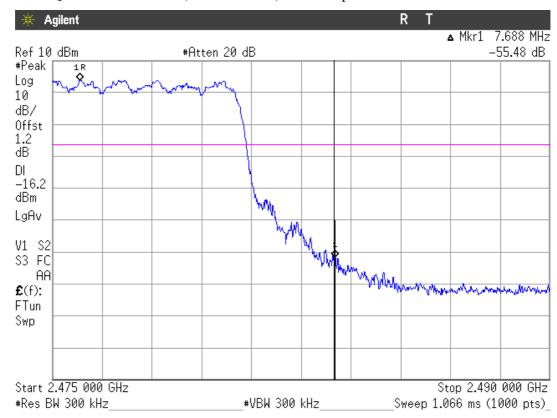


3. LOW FREQUENCY SECTION (HOPPING ON). See next plot.



Verdict: PASS

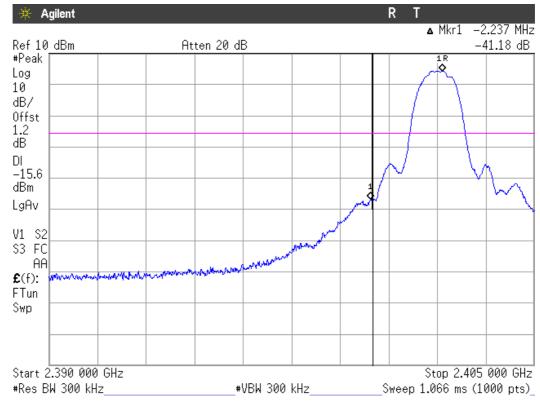
4. HIGH FREQUENCY SECTION (HOPPING ON). See next plot.





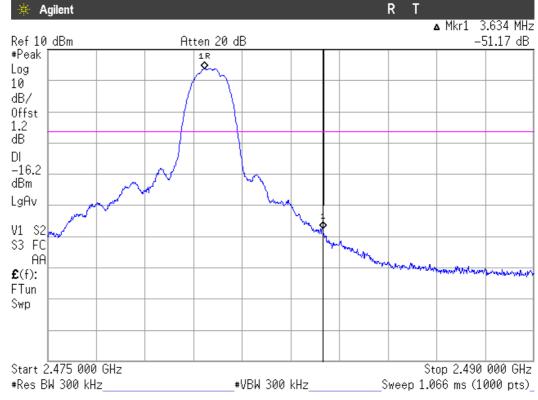
Modulation: 8-DPSK

1. LOW FREQUENCY SECTION 2402 MHz (HOPPING OFF). See next plot.



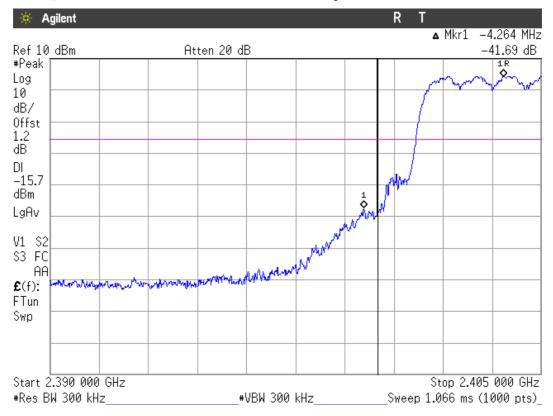
Verdict: PASS

2. HIGH FREQUENCY SECTION 2480 MHz (HOPPING OFF). See next plot.



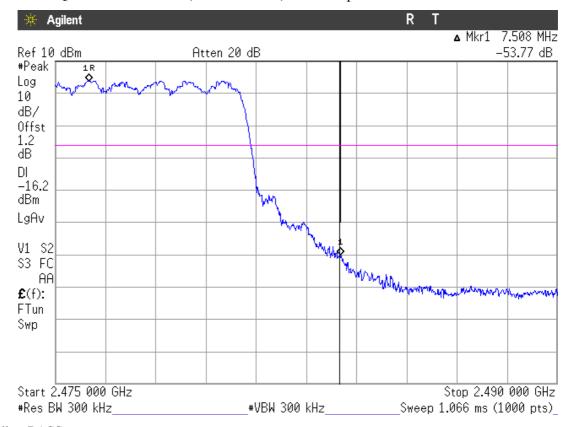


3. LOW FREQUENCY SECTION (HOPPING ON). See next plot.



Verdict: PASS

4. HIGH FREQUENCY SECTION (HOPPING ON). See next plot.





FCC Section 15.247 Subclause (d) / RSS-210 Clauses 2.2 & A8.5. Band-edge compliance of radiated emissions (Transmitter)

SPECIFICATION:

Emissions outside the frequency band in which the intentional radiator is operating shall be at least 20 dB below the highest level of the desired power. Attenuation below the general field strength limits specified in RSS-Gen is not required.

RESULTS:

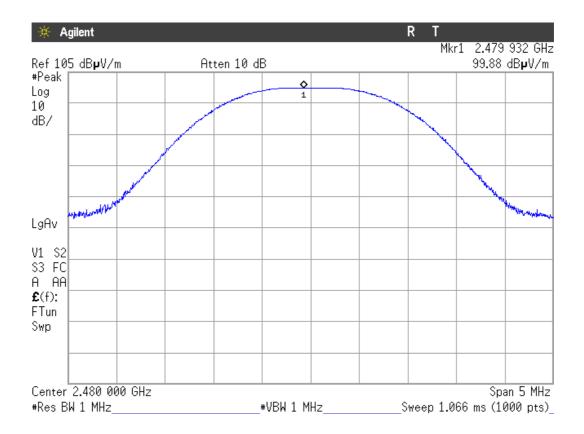
Band-edge compliance of radiated emissions

Maximum peak and average field strength of fundamental emission at 3 m distance

HIGHEST CHANNEL (2480 MHz):

Modulation: GFSK

Maximum field strength at 3 m. Peak value.

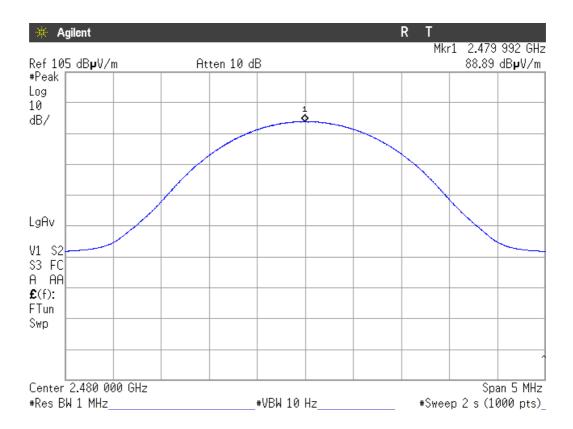


Note: The correction factor is already included in the spectrum analyzer as a transducer factor so that the marker shows directly the field strength level.

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Maximum field strength at 3 m. Average value.

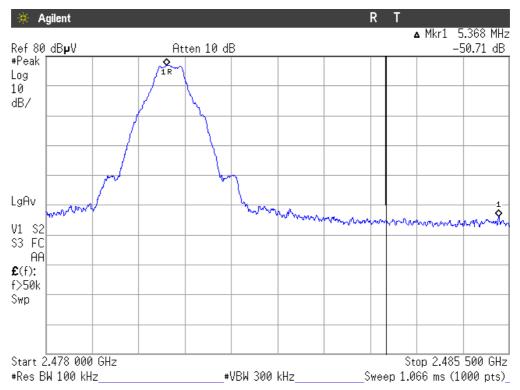


Note: The correction factor is already included in the spectrum analyzer as a transducer factor so that the marker shows directly the field strength level.

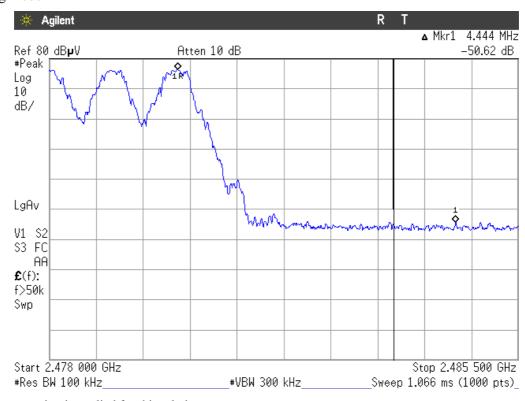


BAND-EDGE COMPLIANCE. RADIATED. Marker-Delta Method.

Single carrier



Hopping mode



Note: No correction is applied for this relative measurement.



Band edge compliance of radiated emissions

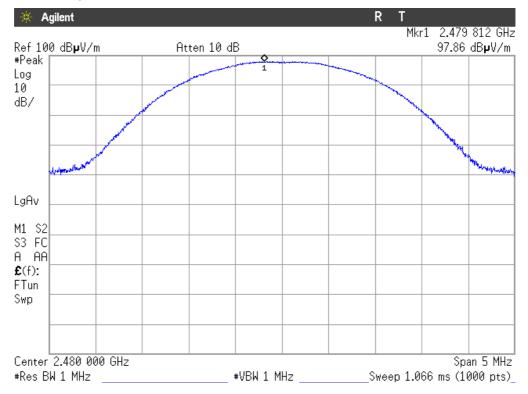
Fundamental max. average value 3 m	Delta value	Calculated value 3 m	Limit
88.89 dBµV/m	50.71 dB (single carrier)	38.18 dBµV/m (single carrier)	54 dBμV/m
	50.62 dB (hopping mode)	38.27 dBµV/m (hopping mode)	

Fundamental max. Peak value 3 m	Delta value	Calculated value 3 m	Limit
99.88 dBµV/m	50.71 dB (single carrier)	49.17 dBμV/m (single carrier)	74 dBμV/m
	50.62 dB (hopping mode)	49.26 dBµV/m (hopping mode)	

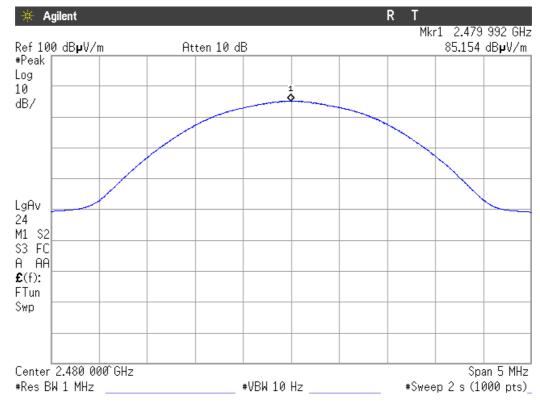


Modulation: Π/4-DQPSK

Maximum field strength at 3 m. Peak value.



Maximum field strength at 3 m. Average value.

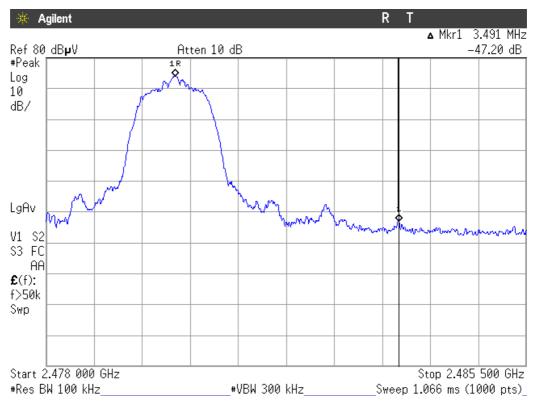


Note: The correction factor is already included in the spectrum analyzer as a transducer factor so that the marker shows directly the field strength level.

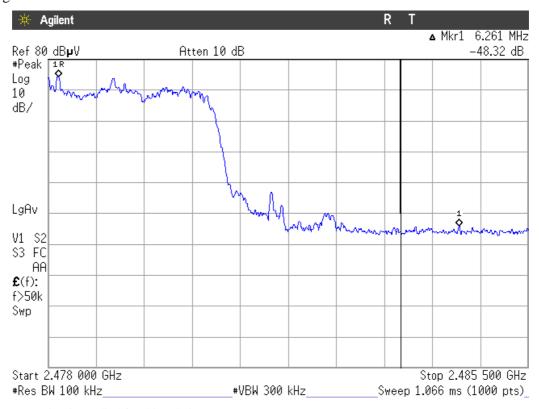


BAND-EDGE COMPLIANCE. RADIATED. Marker-Delta Method.

Single carrier



Hopping mode



Note: No correction is applied for this relative measurement.



Band edge compliance of radiated emissions

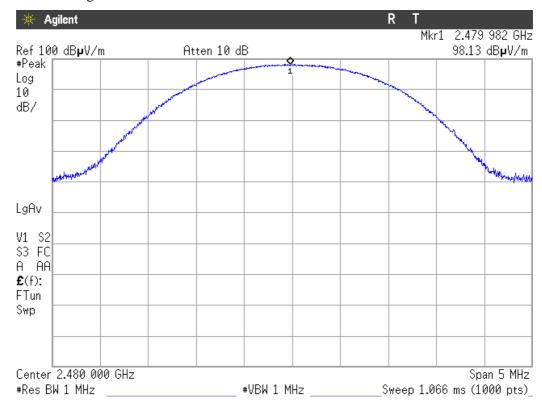
Fundamental max. average value 3 m	Delta value	Calculated value 3 m	Limit
85.15 dBμV/m	47.20 dB (single carrier)	37.95 dBµV/m (single carrier)	54 dBμV/m
	48.32 dB (hopping mode)	36.83 dBµV/m (hopping mode)	

Fundamental max. Peak value 3 m	Delta value	Calculated value 3 m	Limit
97.86 dBµV/m	47.20 dB (single carrier)	50.66 dBµV/m (single carrier)	74 dBμV/m
	48.32 dB (hopping mode)	49.54 dBµV/m (hopping mode)	

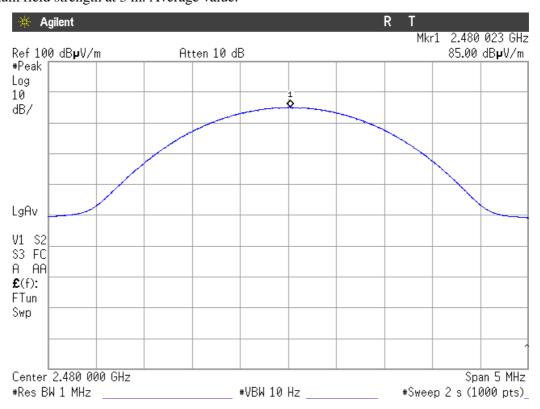


Modulation: 8-DPSK

Maximum field strength at 3 m. Peak value.



Maximum field strength at 3 m. Average value.

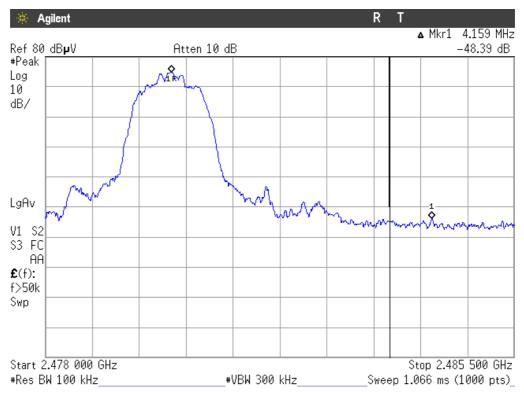


Note: The correction factor is already included in the spectrum analyzer as a transducer factor so that the marker shows directly the field strength level.

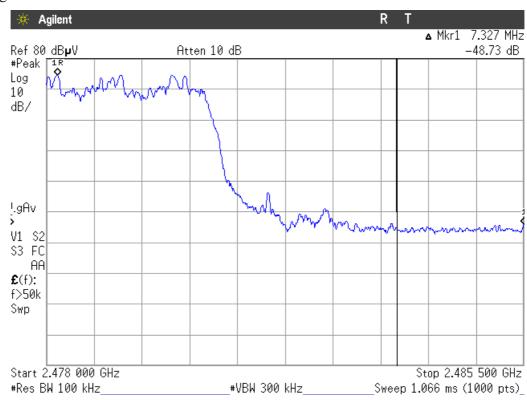


BAND-EDGE COMPLIANCE. RADIATED. Marker-Delta Method.

Single carrier



Hopping mode



Note: No correction is applied for this relative measurement.



Band edge compliance of radiated emissions

Fundamental max. average value 3 m	Delta value	Calculated value 3 m	Limit
85.00 dBμV/m	48.39 dB (single carrier)	36.61 dBµV/m (single carrier)	54 dBµV/m
	48.73 dB (hopping mode)	36.27 dBµV/m (hopping mode)	

Fundamental max. Peak value 3 m	Delta value	Calculated value 3 m	Limit
98.13 dBμV/m	48.39 dB (single carrier)	49.74 dBµV/m (single carrier)	$74 \; dB \mu V/m$
	48.73 dB (hopping mode)	49.40 dBµV/m (hopping mode)	



FCC Section 15.247 Subclause (d) / RSS-210 Clause A8.5. Emission limitations conducted (Transmitter)

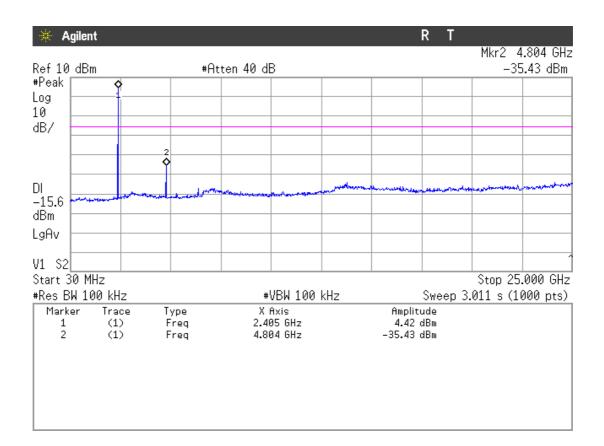
SPECIFICATION

In any 100 kHz bandwidths outside the frequency band in which the intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power.

RESULTS:

Modulation: GFSK

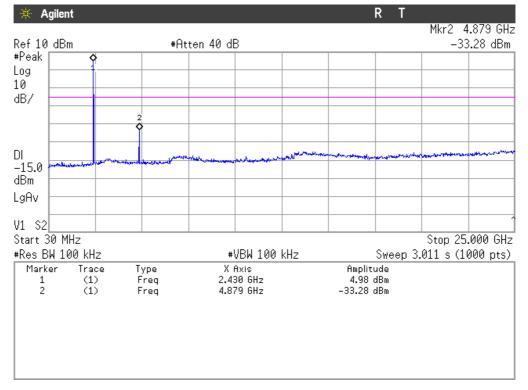
1. LOWEST CHANNEL (2402 MHz): 30 MHz-25 GHz (see next plot).



Note: The peak above the limit is the carrier frequency.



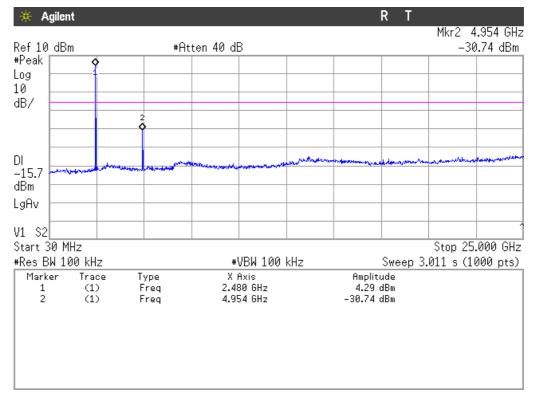
2. MIDDLE CHANNEL (2441 MHz): 30 MHz-25 GHz (see next plot).



Note: The peak above the limits is the carrier frequency.

Verdict: PASS

3. HIGH CHANNEL (2480 MHz): 30 MHz-25 GHz (see next plot).

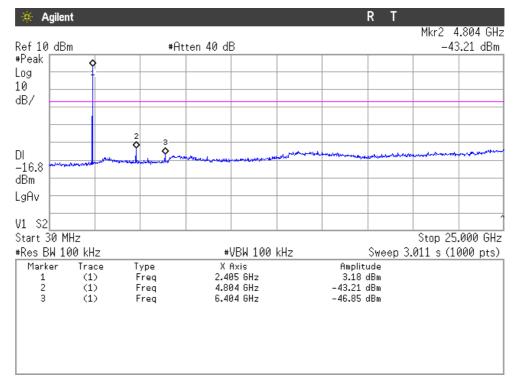


Note: The peak above the limits is the carrier frequency.



Modulation: Π/4-DQPSK

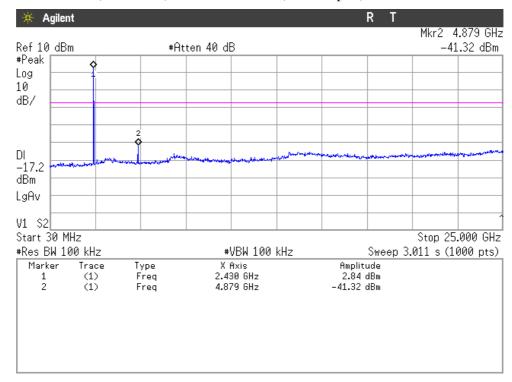
1. LOWEST CHANNEL (2402 MHz): 30 MHz-25 GHz (see next plot).



Note: The peak above the limits is the carrier frequency.

Verdict: PASS

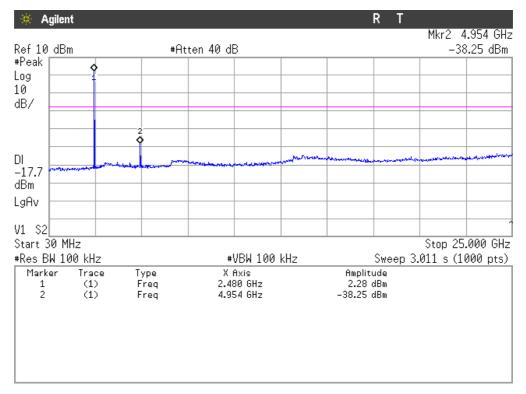
2. MIDDLE CHANNEL (2441 MHz): 30 MHz-25 GHz (see next plot).



Note: The peaks above the limits are the carrier frequencies.



3. HIGH CHANNEL (2480 MHz): 30 MHz-25 GHz (see next plot).

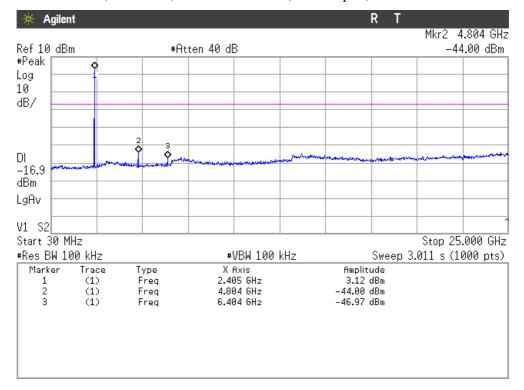


Note: The peak above the limit is the carrier frequency.



Modulation: 8-DPSK

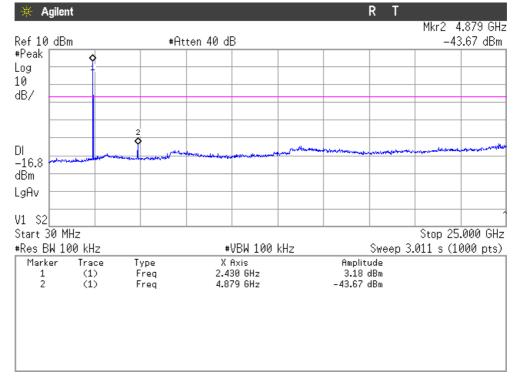
1. LOWEST CHANNEL (2402 MHz): 30 MHz-25 GHz (see next plot).



Note: The peak above the limits is the carrier frequency.

Verdict: PASS

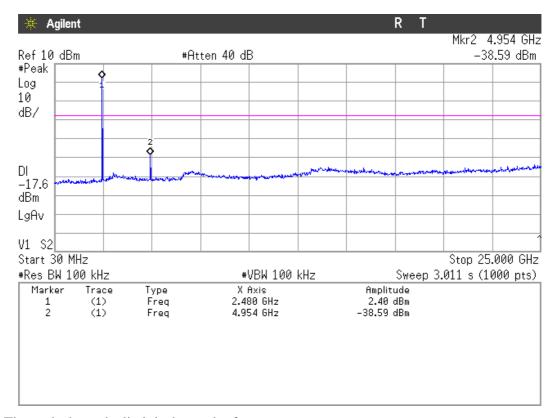
2. MIDDLE CHANNEL (2441 MHz): 30 MHz-25 GHz (see next plot).



Note: The peaks above the limit are the carrier frequencies.



3. HIGH CHANNEL (2480 MHz): 30 MHz-25 GHz (see next plot).



Note: The peak above the limit is the carrier frequency.



FCC Section 15.247 Subclause (d) / RSS-210 Clauses 2.2. & A8.5. Emission limitations radiated (Transmitter)

SPECIFICATION

Radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)):

Frequency Range (MHz)	Field strength (µV/m)	Field strength (dBµV/m)	Measurement distance (m)
0.009-0.490	2400/F(kHz)	-	300
0.490-1.705	24000/F(kHz)	-	300
1.705 - 30.0	30	-	30
30 - 88	100	40	3
88 - 216	150	43.5	3
216 - 960	200	46	3
960 - 25000	500	54	3

The emission limits shown in the above table are based on measurements employing CISPR quasi-peak detector except for the frequency bands 9-90 kHz, 110-490 kHz and above 1000 MHz. Radiated emission limits in these three bands are based on measurements employing an average detector.

For average radiated emission measurements above 1000 MHz, there is also a limit corresponding to 20 dB above the indicated values in the table is specified when measuring with peak detector function.

RESULTS:

The situation and orientation was varied to find the maximum radiated emission. It was also rotated 360° and the antenna height was varied from 1 to 4 meters to find the maximum radiated emission.

Measurements were made in both horizontal and vertical planes of polarization.

All tests were performed in a semi-anechoic chamber at a distance of 3 m for the frequency range 30 MHz-1000 MHz and at distance of 1m for the frequency range 1 GHz-25 GHz.

The field strength is calculated by adding correction factor to the measured level from the spectrum analyzer. This correction factor includes antenna factor, cable loss and pre-amplifiers gain.

The equipment transmits continuously in the selected channel so it is not necessary a duty cycle correction factor.



Frequency range 30 MHz-1000 MHz.

Note: The spurious emissions below 1 GHz do not depend on either the operating channel or the modulation mode selected in the EUT.

Spurious levels operating (radiated) closest to limit.

Spurious frequency (MHz)	Polarization	Detector	Emission Level (dBµV/m)	Measurement Uncertainty (dB)
51.3828	V	Quasi-peak	26.04	±3.8
99.9799	V	Quasi-peak	27.88	±3.8
300.2004	V	Quasi-peak	27.32	±3.8
500.4208	V	Quasi-peak	27.15	±3.8
700.6413	V	Quasi-peak	28.06	±3.8

Frequency range 1 GHz-25 GHz

Modulation: GFSK

1. CHANNEL: LOWEST (2402 MHz).

Spurious frequency (MHz)	Polarization	Detector	Emission Level (dBµV/m)	Measurement Uncertainty (dB)
	Н	Peak	40.86	± 4.0
3203.055	Н	Average	36.11	± 4.0
	Н	Peak	42.21	± 4.0
4005.968	Н	Average	36.33	± 4.0
	Н	Peak	54.81	± 4.0
4803.989	Н	Average	50.85	± 4.0
	Н	Peak	46.17	± 4.0
6408.098	Н	Average	43.33	± 4.0
	Н	Peak	47.95	± 4.0
7206.056	Н	Average	42.53	± 4.0



2. CHANNEL: MIDDLE (2441 MHz).

Spurious frequency (MHz)	Polarization	Detector	Emission Level (dBµV/m)	Measurement Uncertainty (dB)
2271217	Н	Peak	41.04	± 4.0
3254.315	Н	Average	38.34	± 4.0
40.4	Н	Peak	40.23	± 4.0
4067.669	Н	Average	36.3	± 4.0
4004.000	Н	Peak	56.4	± 4.0
4881.993	Н	Average	52.22	± 4.0
1701100	Н	Peak	45.94	± 4.0
6506.698	Н	Average	42.93	± 4.0
	Н	Peak	46.35	± 4.0
7322.914	Н	Average	40.56	± 4.0

3. CHANNEL: HIGHEST (2480 MHz).

Spurious frequency (MHz)	Polarization	Detector	Emission Level (dBµV/m)	Measurement Uncertainty (dB)
220 (200	Н	Peak	39.68	± 4.0
3306.290	Н	Average	36.09	± 4.0
4400 500	Н	Peak	40.93	± 4.0
4132.590	Н	Average	36.07	± 4.0
40.40.00	Н	Peak	57.92	± 4.0
4960.033	Н	Average	53.92	± 4.0
	Н	Peak	44.36	± 4.0
6610.711	Н	Average	40.52	± 4.0
	Н	Peak	46.91	± 4.0
7440.169	Н	Average	39.40	± 4.0



Modulation: $\Pi/4$ -DQPSK

1. CHANNEL: LOWEST (2402 MHz).

Spurious frequency (MHz)	Polarization	Detector	Emission Level (dBµV/m)	Measurement Uncertainty (dB)
2202.024	Н	Peak	39.33	± 4.0
3203.034	Н	Average	36.41	± 4.0
	Н	Peak	41.95	± 4.0
4004.055	Н	Average	37.18	± 4.0
	Н	Peak	49.05	± 4.0
4803.995	Н	Average	44.11	± 4.0
	Н	Peak	46.26	± 4.0
6408.008	Н	Average	42.89	± 4.0

2. CHANNEL: MIDDLE (2441 MHz).

Spurious frequency (MHz)	Polarization	Detector	Emission Level (dBµV/m)	Measurement Uncertainty (dB)
3.25419	Н	Peak	39.97	± 4.0
	Н	Average	35.49	± 4.0
4.067691	Н	Peak	41.72	± 4.0
	Н	Average	36.06	± 4.0
4.88203	Н	Peak	52.05	± 4.0
	Н	Average	49.33	± 4.0
6.50671	Н	Peak	46.40	± 4.0
	Н	Average	43.31	± 4.0



3. CHANNEL: HIGHEST (2480 MHz).

Spurious frequency (MHz)	Polarization	Detector	Emission Level (dBµV/m)	Measurement Uncertainty (dB)
3306.345	Н	Peak	40.59	± 4.0
	Н	Average	34.61	± 4.0
4132.665	Н	Peak	41.12	± 4.0
	Н	Average	35.42	± 4.0
4960.033	Н	Peak	55.86	± 4.0
	Н	Average	51.12	± 4.0
6610.686	Н	Peak	41.02	± 4.0
	Н	Average	40.59	± 4.0

Verdict: PASS

Modulation: 8-DPSK

1. CHANNEL: LOWEST (2402 MHz).

Spurious frequency (MHz)	Polarization	Detector	Emission Level (dBµV/m)	Measurement Uncertainty (dB)
3202.748	Н	Peak	40.99	± 4.0
	Н	Average	36.96	± 4.0
4003.273	Н	Peak	43.22	± 4.0
	Н	Average	37.46	± 4.0
4803.942	Н	Peak	49.58	± 4.0
	Н	Average	43.24	± 4.0
6405.319	Н	Peak	45.91	± 4.0
	Н	Average	42.62	± 4.0



2. CHANNEL: MIDDLE (2441 MHz).

Spurious frequency (MHz)	Polarization	Detector	Emission Level (dBµV/m)	Measurement Uncertainty (dB)
3252.500	Н	Peak	40.01	± 4.0
	Н	Average	35.79	± 4.0
4067.591	Н	Peak	40.88	± 4.0
	Н	Average	35.93	± 4.0
4881.970	Н	Peak	54.55	± 4.0
	Н	Average	48.34	± 4.0
6506.700	Н	Peak	46.55	± 4.0
	Н	Average	43.35	± 4.0

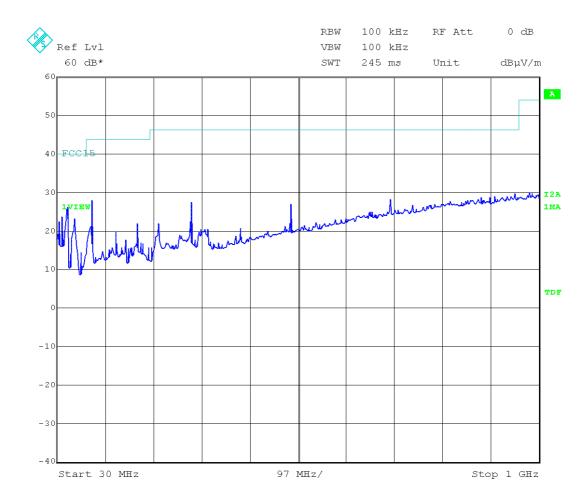
3. CHANNEL: HIGHEST (2480 MHz).

Spurious frequency (MHz)	Polarization	Detector	Emission Level (dBµV/m)	Measurement Uncertainty (dB)
3306.368	Н	Peak	38.64	± 4.0
	Н	Average	34.74	± 4.0
4132.686	Н	Peak	40.60	± 4.0
	Н	Average	35.49	± 4.0
	Н	Peak	55.30	± 4.0
4960.033	Н	Average	50.98	± 4.0
6610.745	Н	Peak	44.70	± 4.0
	Н	Average	41.09	± 4.0

Verdict: PASS



FREQUENCY RANGE 30 MHz-1000 MHz.



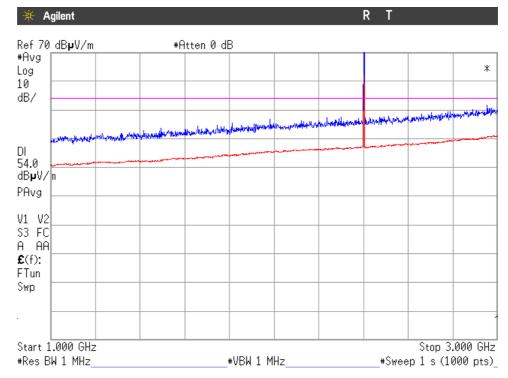
(This plot is valid for all three channels and all modulation modes).



FREQUENCY RANGE 1 GHz to 3 GHz.

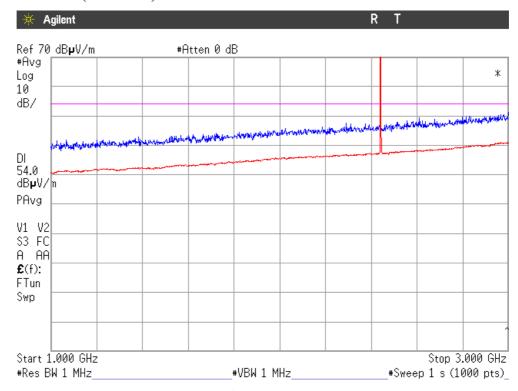
Modulation: GFSK

CHANNEL: Lowest (2402 MHz).



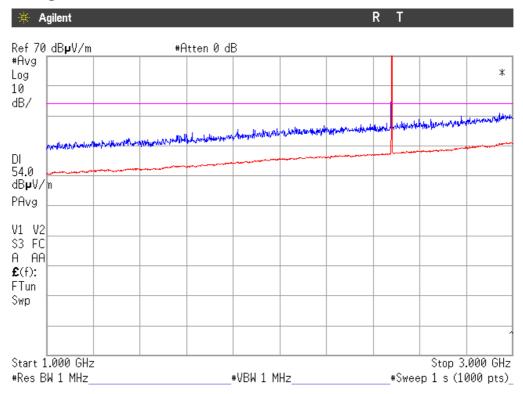
Note: The peak shown in the plot is the carrier frequency.

CHANNEL: Middle (2441 MHz).





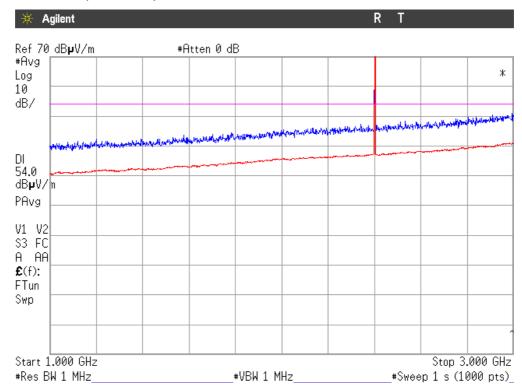
CHANNEL: Highest (2480 MHz).



Note: The peak shown in the plot is the carrier frequency.

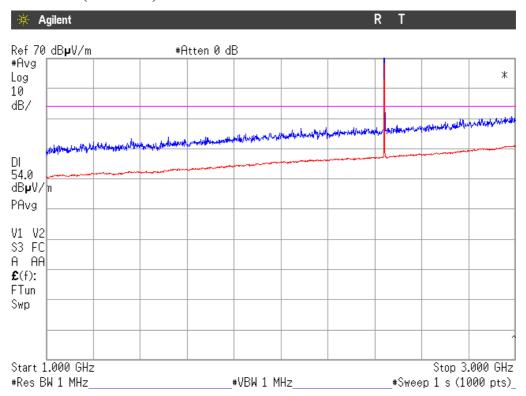
Modulation: Π/4-DQPSK

CHANNEL: Lowest (2402 MHz).



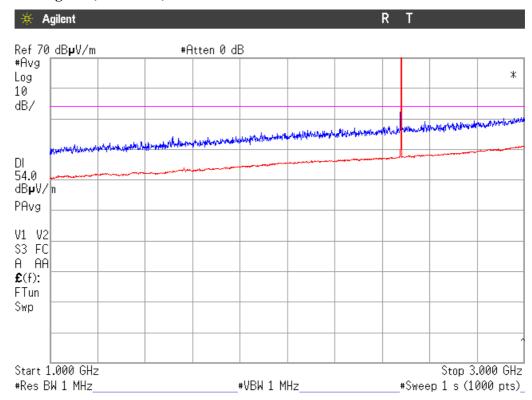


CHANNEL: Middle (2441 MHz).



Note: The peak shown in the plot is the carrier frequency.

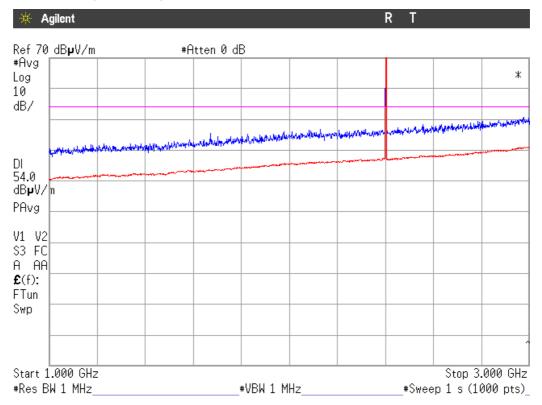
CHANNEL: Highest (2480 MHz).





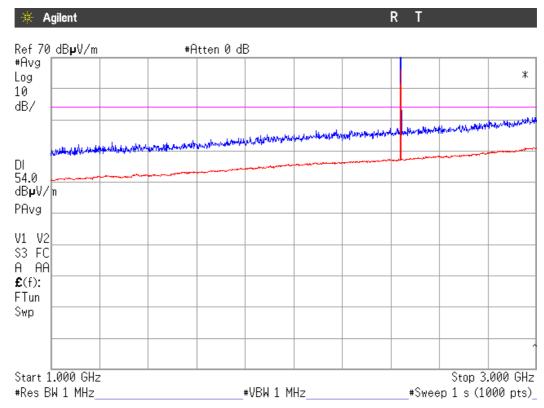
Modulation: 8-DPSK

CHANNEL: Lowest (2402 MHz).



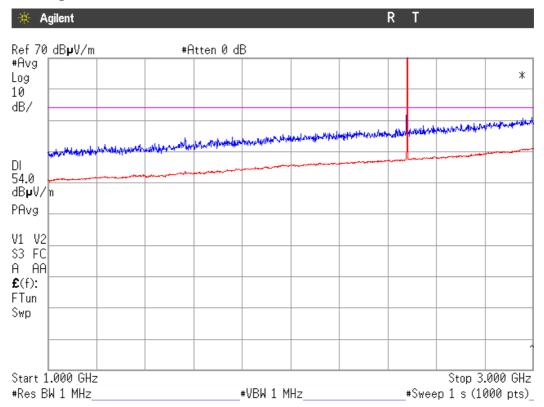
Note: The peak shown in the plot is the carrier frequency.

CHANNEL: Middle (2441 MHz).





CHANNEL: Highest (2480 MHz).

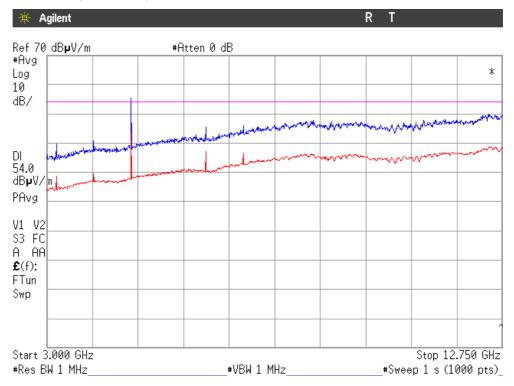




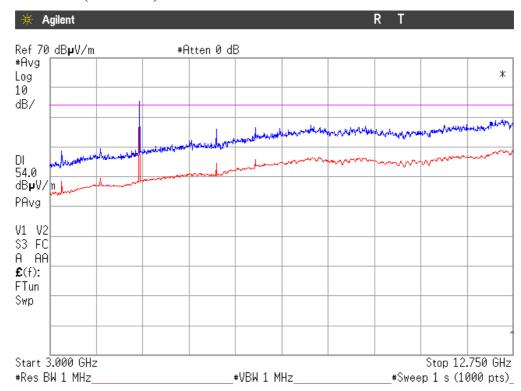
FREQUENCY RANGE 3 GHz to 12.75 GHz.

Modulation: GFSK

CHANNEL: Lowest (2402 MHz).

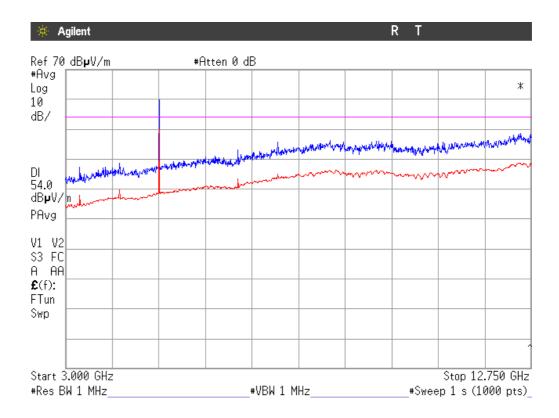


CHANNEL: Middle (2441 MHz).



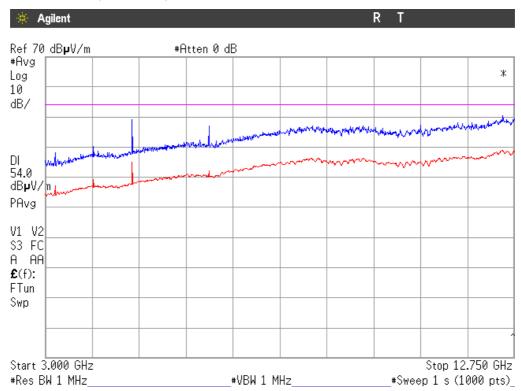


CHANNEL: Highest (2480 MHz).



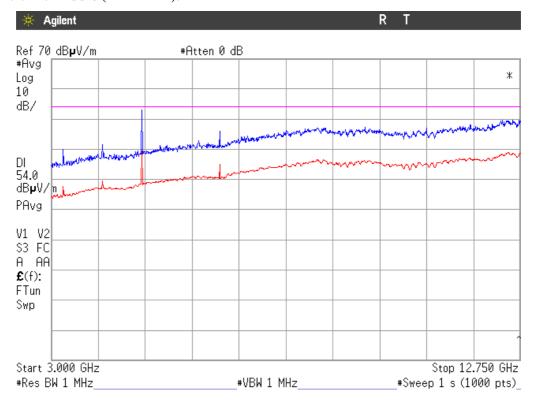
Modulation: Π/4-DQPSK

CHANNEL: Lowest (2402 MHz).

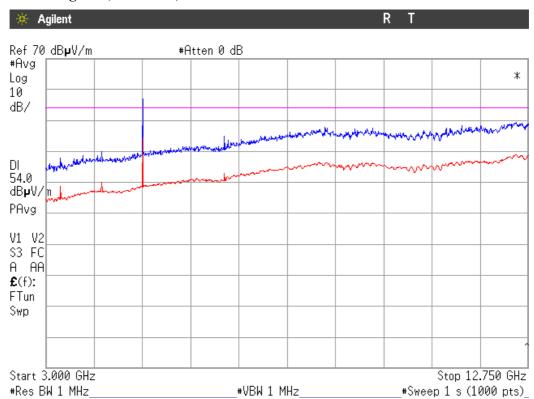




CHANNEL: Middle (2441 MHz).



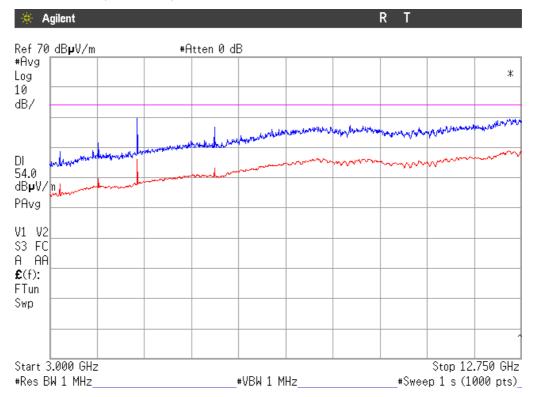
CHANNEL: Highest (2480 MHz).



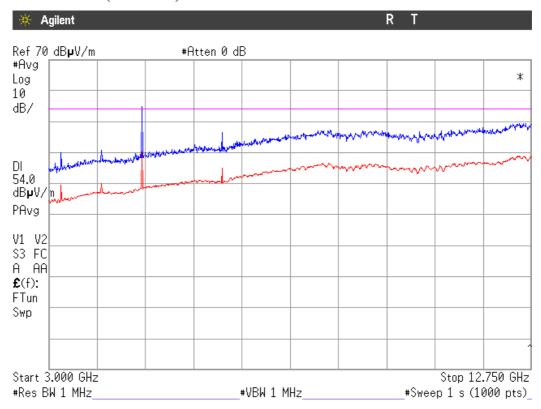


Modulation: 8-DPSK

CHANNEL: Lowest (2402 MHz).

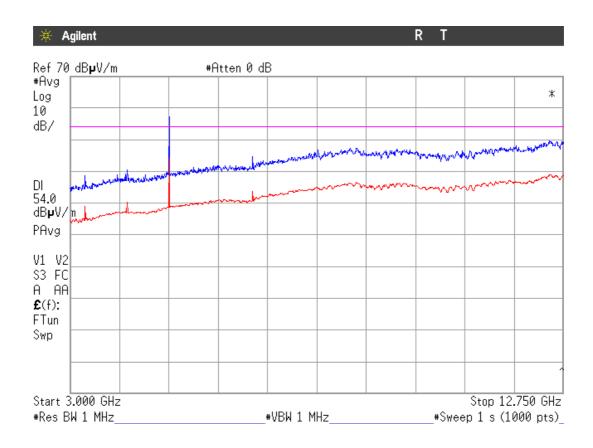


CHANNEL: Middle (2441 MHz).



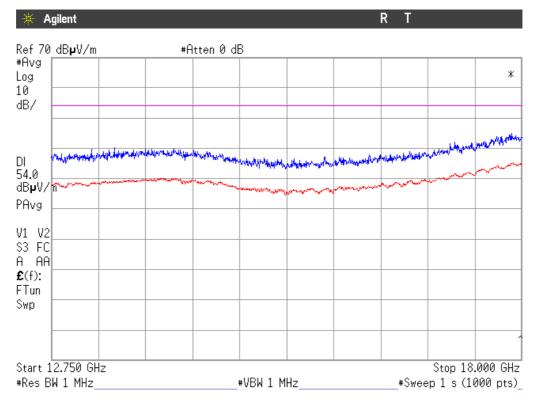


CHANNEL: Highest (2480 MHz).



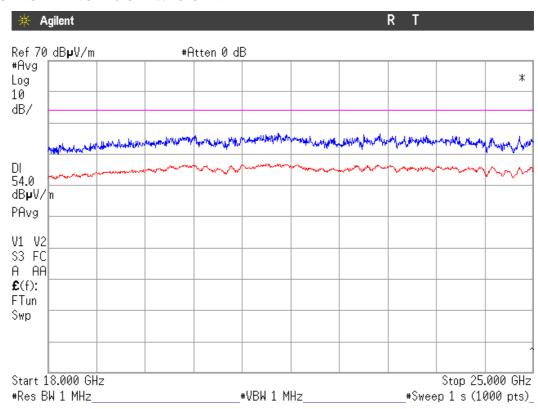


FREQUENCY RANGE 12.75 GHz to 18 GHz.



(This plot is valid for all three channels and all modulation modes).

FREQUENCY RANGE 18 GHz to 25 GHz.

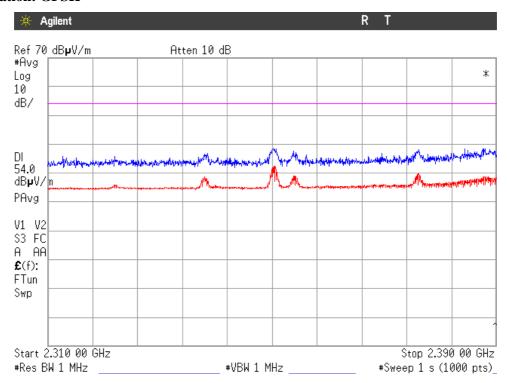


(This plot is valid for all three channels and all modulation modes).

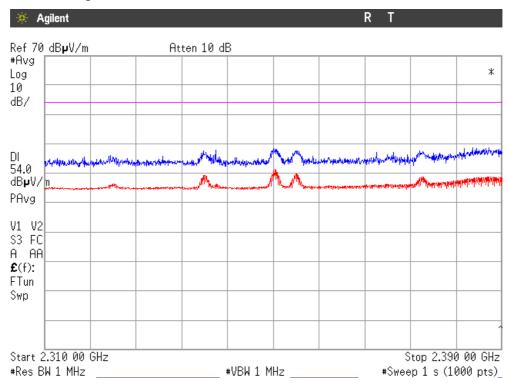


FREQUENCY RANGE 2.31 GHz to 2.39 GHz. (RESTRICTED BAND)

CHANNEL: Lowest Modulation: GFSK

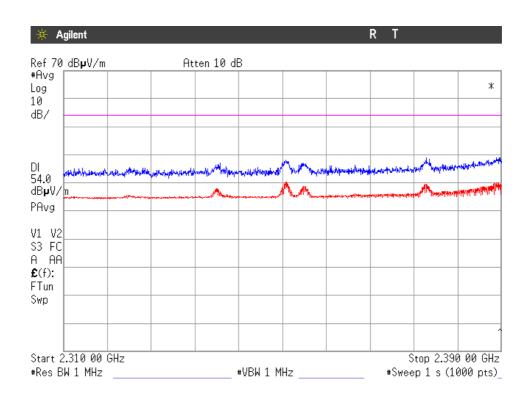


Modulation: Π/4-DQPSK

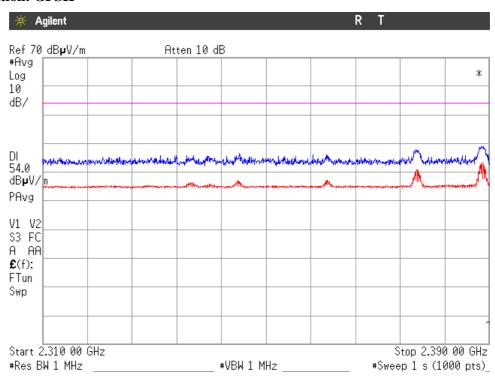




Modulation: 8-DPSK

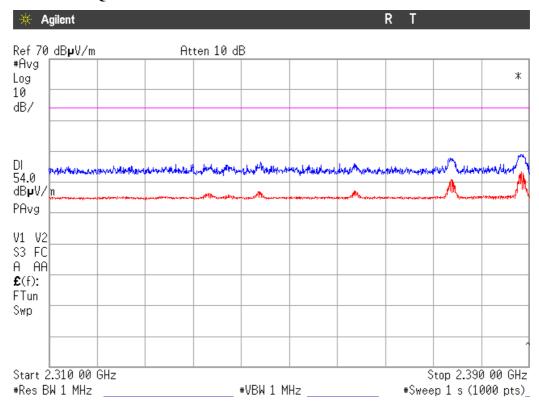


CHANNEL: Middle Modulation: GFSK

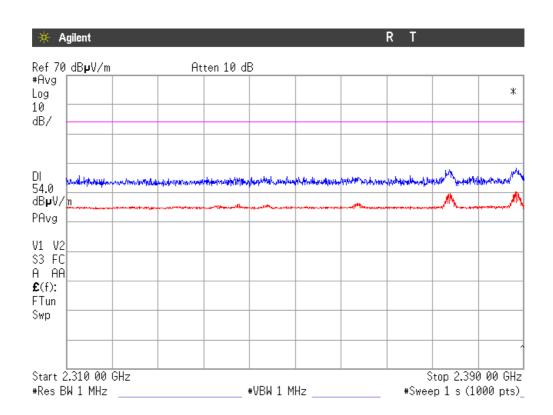




Modulation: Π/4-DQPSK

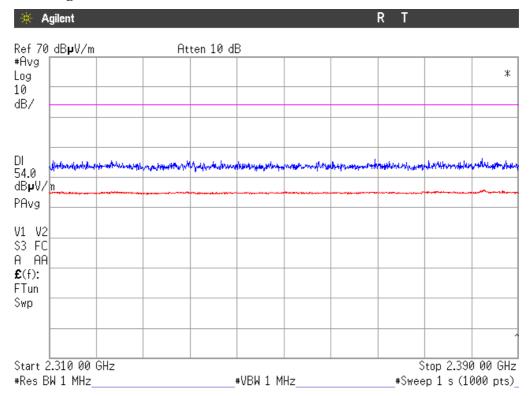


Modulation: 8-DPSK





CHANNEL: Highest

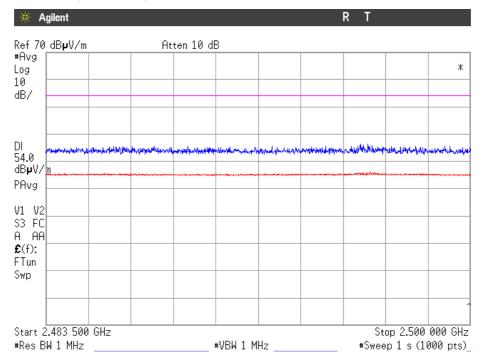


(This plot is valid for all modulation modes).



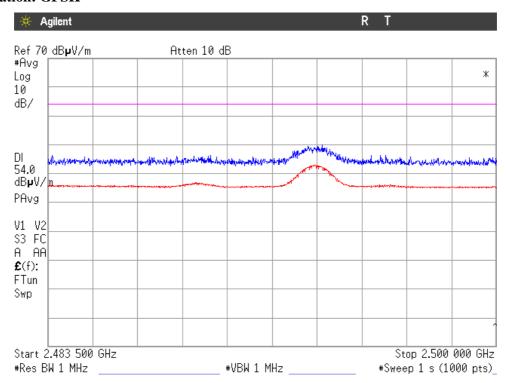
FREQUENCY RANGE 2.4835 GHz to 2.5 GHz. (RESTRICTED BAND)

CHANNEL: Lowest (2402 MHz).



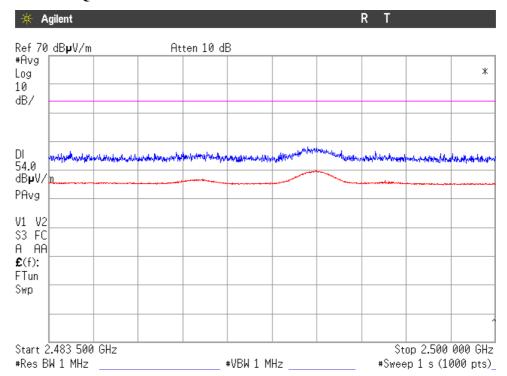
(This plot is valid for all modulation modes).

CHANNEL: Middle Modulation: GFSK

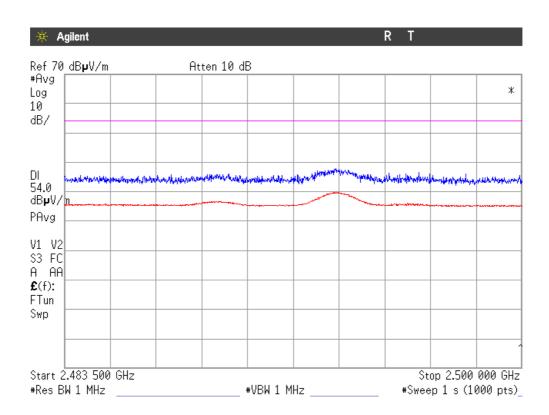




Modulation: Π/4-DQPSK



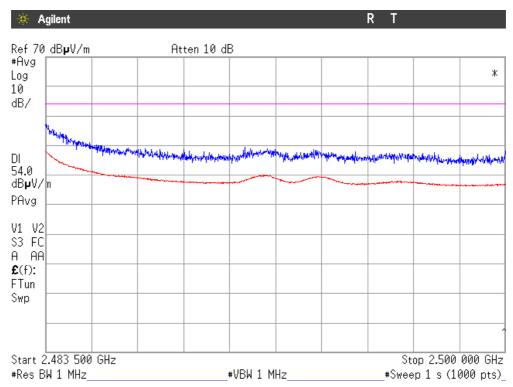
Modulation: 8-DPSK



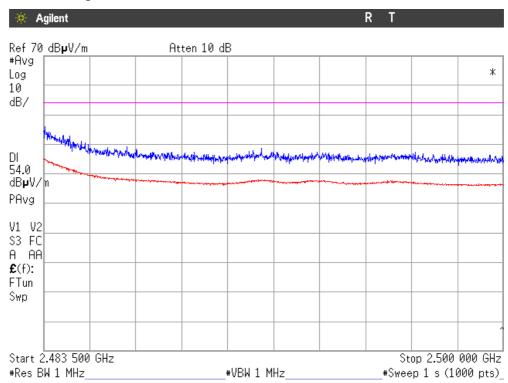


CHANNEL: Highest (2480 MHz).

Modulation: GFSK

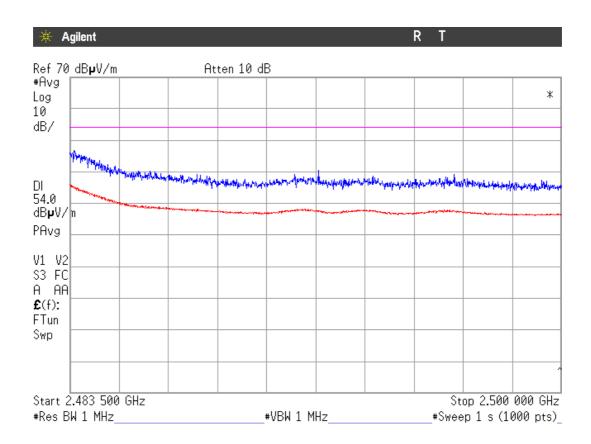


Modulation: Π/4-DQPSK





Modulation: 8-DPSK





FCC Section 15.109 / RSS-210 Clause 2.2. Receiver spurious radiation

SPECIFICATION

The field strength shall not exceed the following values:

Frequency Range (MHz)	Field strength (µV/m)	Field strength (dBµV/m)	Measurement distance (m)
0.009-0.490	2400/F(kHz)	-	300
0.490-1.705	24000/F(kHz)	-	300
1.705 - 30.0	30	-	30
30 - 88	100	40	3
88 - 216	150	43.5	3
216 - 960	200	46	3
960 - 25000	500	54	3

The emission limits shown in the above table are based on measurements employing CISPR quasi-peak detector except for the frequency bands 9-90 kHz, 110-490 kHz and above 1000 MHz. Radiated emission limits in these three bands are based on measurements employing an average detector.

For average radiated emission measurements above 1000 MHz, there is also a limit corresponding to 20 dB above the indicated values in the table is specified when measuring with peak detector function.

RESULTS:

The situation and orientation was varied to find the maximum radiated emission. It was also rotated 360° and the antenna height was varied from 1 to 4 meters to find the maximum radiated emission.

Measurements were made in both horizontal and vertical planes of polarization.

All tests were performed in a semi-anechoic chamber at a distance of 3 m for the frequency range 30 MHz-1000 MHz and at distance of 1m for the frequency range 1 GHz-25 GHz.

The field strength is calculated by adding correction factor to the measured level from the spectrum analyser. This correction factor includes antenna factor, cable loss and pre-amplifiers gain.



Frequency range 30 MHz-1000 MHz.

Note: The spurious emissions below 1 GHz do not depend on the selected receiving channel.

Spurious levels (radiated) closest to limit.

Spurious frequency (MHz)	Polarization	Detector	Emission Level (dBµV/m)	Measurement Uncertainty (dB)
51.3828	V	Quasi-peak	26.54	±3.8
99.9799	V	Quasi-peak	28.38	±3.8
300.2004	V	Quasi-peak	28.53	±3.8
500.4208	V	Quasi-peak	28.05	±3.8
700.6413	V	Quasi-peak	28.29	±3.8

Frequency range 1 GHz-25 GHz.

1. CHANNEL: LOWEST (2402 MHz).

No spurious signals were detected in all the range.

Additionally, no spurious signals were found inside the restricted bands 2310-2390 MHz and 2483.5-2500 MHz.

2. CHANNEL: MIDDLE (2441 MHz).

No spurious signals were found in all the range.

Additionally, no spurious signals were found inside the restricted bands 2310-2390 MHz and 2483.5-2500 MHz.

3. CHANNEL: HIGHEST (2480 MHz).

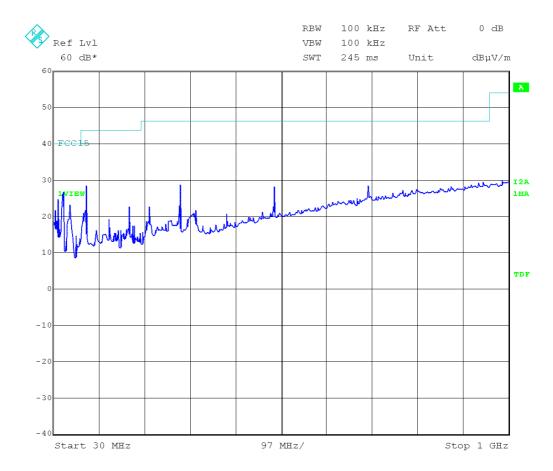
No spurious signals were found in all the range.

Additionally, no spurious signals were found inside the restricted bands 2310-2390 MHz and 2483.5-2500 MHz.

Verdict: PASS.

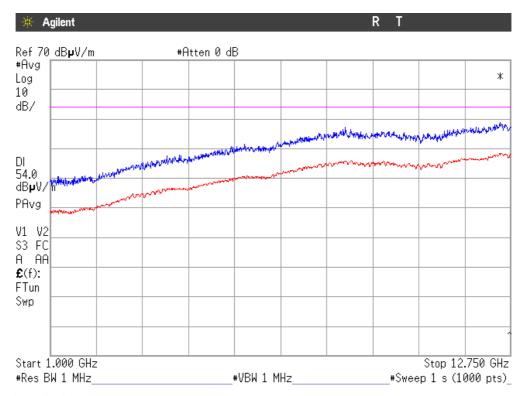


FREQUENCY RANGE 30 MHz-1000 MHz.



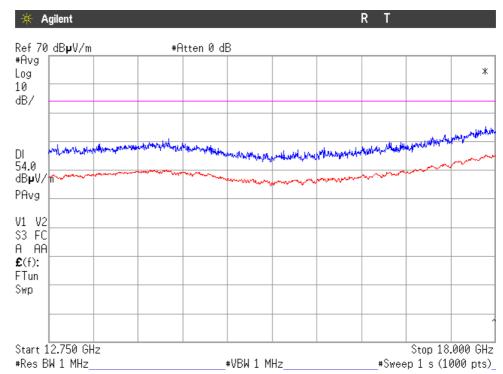


FREQUENCY RANGE 1 GHz-12.75 GHz.



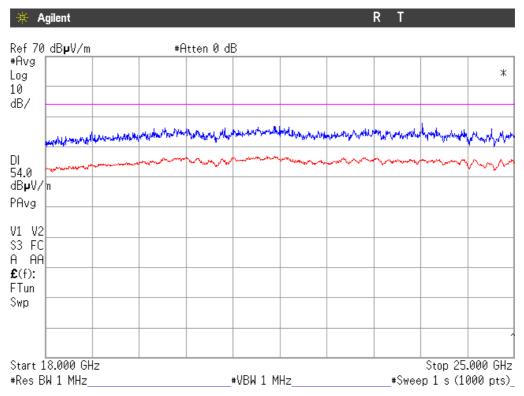
(This plot is valid for all three channels).

FREQUENCY RANGE 12.75 GHz-18 GHz.



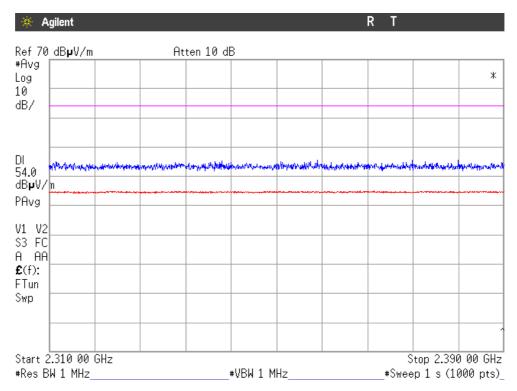


FREQUENCY RANGE 18 GHz-25 GHz.





FREQUENCY RANGE 2.31 GHz to 2.39 GHz. (RESTRICTED BAND)



(This plot is valid for all three channels).

FREQUENCY RANGE 2.4835 GHz to 2.5 GHz. (RESTRICTED BAND)

