



## AT Commands Reference Guide

80000ST10025a Rev. 5 - 09/07/08

This document is related to the following products:

<b>GSM   GPRS</b> <b>GM862-QUAD</b> Modem <b>GM862-QUAD-PY</b> Modem <b>GM862-GPS</b> Modem		<b>GSM   GPRS</b> <b>GE863-QUAD</b> Embedded <b>GE863-PY</b> Embedded <b>GE863-GPS</b> Embedded		<b>GSM   GPRS</b> <b>GT863-PY</b> Terminal	
GM862-QUAD 3 990 250 659 GM862-QUAD-PY 3 990 250 658 GM862-GPS 3 990 250 657 GM862-GPS 3 990 250 689		GE863-QUAD 3 990 250 662 GE863-PY 3 990 250 661 GE863-GPS 3 990 250 660 GE863-GPS 3 990 250 690		GT863-PY 3 990 150 471	
<b>GSM   GPRS</b> <b>GE864-QUAD</b> Embedded <b>GE864-PY</b> Embedded		<b>GSM   GPRS</b> <b>GC864-QUAD</b> Compact <b>GC864-PY</b> Compact		<b>GSM   GPRS</b> <b>GT864-QUAD</b> Terminal <b>GT864-PY</b> Terminal	
GE863-QUAD 3 990 250 651 GE863-PY 3 990 250 650		GC864-QUAD 3 990 250 675 GC864-PY 3 990 250 676 GC864-QUAD with SIM Holder 3 990 250 704		GT864-QUAD 4 990 150 069 GT864-PY 4 990 150 070	
<b>GSM   GPRS</b> <b>GE863-PRO<sup>3</sup></b> Embedded		<b>GSM   GPRS</b> <b>GE864-AUTO</b> Embedded		<b>GSM   GPRS</b> <b>GE863-SIM</b> Embedded	
GE863-PRO <sup>3</sup> 3 990 250 691 GE864-PRO <sup>3</sup> with Linux OS 3 990 250 698		GE864-AUTO 3 990 250 701		GE863-SIM 3 990 250 700	

**SW Version**

**7.03.00 / 7.02.05**





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# 1 INTRODUCTION

## 1.1 Scope Of Document

To describe all AT commands implemented on the Telit wireless modules listed on the page 2.

**NOTE: Telit suggests all the system developers to use always the newer AT Commands Interface Style defined by AT#SELINT=2; and in case you are starting a new design we highly recommend you to use the newer AT Commands Interface Style defined by AT#SELINT=2 which gives you a possibility to include all Telit's new features and also all future implementations.**



## 2 APPLICABLE DOCUMENTS

- a) ETSI GSM 07.07 specification and rules
- b) ETSI GSM 07.05 specification and rules
- c) Hayes standard AT command set



## 3 AT COMMANDS

The Telit wireless module family can be driven via the serial interface using the standard AT commands<sup>1</sup>. The Telit wireless module family is compliant with:

1. Hayes standard AT command set, in order to maintain the compatibility with existing SW programs.
2. ETSI GSM 07.07 specific AT command and GPRS specific commands.
3. ETSI GSM 07.05 specific AT commands for SMS (Short Message Service) and CBS (Cell Broadcast Service)
4. FAX Class 1 compatible commands

Moreover Telit wireless module family supports also Telit proprietary AT commands for special purposes.

In the following is described how to use the AT commands with the Telit wireless module family.

### 3.1 Definitions

The following syntactical definitions apply:

- <CR>** **Carriage return character**, is the command line and result code terminator character, which value, in decimal ASCII between 0 and 255, is specified within parameter **S3**. The default value is 13.
- <LF>** **Linefeed character**, is the character recognised as line feed character. Its value, in decimal ASCII between 0 and 255, is specified within parameter **S4**. The default value is 10. The line feed character is output after carriage return character if verbose result codes are used (**V1** option used ) otherwise, if numeric format result codes are used (**V0** option used) it will not appear in the result codes.
- <...>** Name enclosed in angle brackets is a syntactical element. They do not appear in the command line.
- [...]** Optional subparameter of a command or an optional part of TA information response is enclosed in square brackets. Brackets themselves do not appear in the command line. When subparameter is not given in AT commands which have a Read command, new value equals to its previous value. In AT commands which do not store the values of any of their subparameters, and so have not a Read command, which are called *action type* commands, action should be done on the basis of the recommended default setting of the subparameter.

<sup>1</sup> The AT is an ATTENTION command and is used as a prefix to other parameters in a string. The AT command combined with other parameters can be set up in the communications package or typed in manually as a command line instruction.





## 3.2 AT Command Syntax

The syntax rules followed by Telit implementation of either Hayes AT commands, GSM commands and FAX commands are very similar to those of standard basic and extended AT commands. A special command (**#SELINT**, see §3.5.2.1.1) has been introduced in order to have an AT interface very close to the standard one.

There are two types of extended command:

- **Parameter type commands.** This type of commands may be “set” (to store a value or values for later use), “read” (to determine the current value or values stored), or “tested” (to determine ranges of values supported). Each of them has a test command (trailing =?) to give information about the type of its subparameters; they also have a Read command (trailing ?) to check the current values of subparameters.
- **Action type commands.** This type of command may be “executed” or “tested”.
  - “executed” to invoke a particular function of the equipment, which generally involves more than the simple storage of a value for later use
  - “tested” to determine:
    - (if the command **#SELINT=0** or **#SELINT=1** has been issued, see §3.5.2.1.1)
    - if subparameters are associated with the action, the ranges of subparameters values that are supported; if the command has no subparameters, issuing the correspondent Test command (trailing =?) raises the result code “**ERROR**”.
    - Note: issuing the Read command (trailing ?) causes the command to be executed.
    - (if the command **#SELINT=2** has been issued, see §3.5.2.1.1)
    - whether or not the equipment implements the Action Command (in this case issuing the correspondent Test command - trailing =? - returns the **OK** result code), and, if subparameters are associated with the action, the ranges of subparameters values that are supported.

Action commands don't store the values of any of their possible subparameters.

Moreover:

- (for **#SELINT=0** or **#SELINT=1** only)  
An enhanced test command (trailing =??) has been introduced to maintain backward compatibility for those commands whose subparameters changed the range of possible values from version to version.
- (for **#SELINT=2** only)  
The response to the Test Command (trailing =?) may be changed in the future by Telit to allow the description of new values/functionalities
- (for **#SELINT=2** only)



If all the subparameters of a parameter type command **+CMD** (or **#CMD** or **\$CMD**) are optional, issuing **AT+CMD=<CR>** (or **AT#CMD=<CR>** or **AT\$CMD=<CR>**) causes the **OK** result code to be returned and the previous values of the omitted subparameters to be retained.

### 3.2.1 String Type Parameters

A string, either enclosed between quotes or not, is considered to be a valid string type parameter input. According to V25.ter space characters are ignored on the command line and may be used freely for formatting purposes, unless they are embedded in numeric or quoted string constants; therefore a string containing a space character has to be enclosed between quotes to be considered a valid string type parameter (e.g. typing **AT+COPS=1,0,"A1"** is the same as typing **AT+COPS=1,0,A1**; typing **AT+COPS=1,0,"A BB"** is different from typing **AT+COPS=1,0,A BB**).

When **#SELINT=0** (or **1**) mode is selected, a string not enclosed between quotes is changed in upper case (e.g. **mickey** become **MICKEY**), while a string enclosed between quotes is case sensitive. When **#SELINT=2** mode is selected, a string enclosed between quotes is case sensitive.

A small set of commands requires always to write the input string parameters within quotes: this is explicitly reported in the specific descriptions.

### 3.2.2 Command Lines

A command line is made up of three elements: the **prefix**, the **body** and the **termination character**.

The **command line prefix** consists of the characters "**AT**" or "**at**", or, to repeat the execution of the previous command line, the characters "**A**" or "**a**".

The **termination character** may be selected by a user option (parameter S3), the default being **<CR>**. The basic structures of the command line are:

- **ATCMD1<CR>** where **AT** is the command line prefix, **CMD1** is the body of a **basic command** (nb: the name of the command never begins with the character "+") and **<CR>** is the command line terminator character
- **ATCMD2=10<CR>** where 10 is a subparameter
- **AT+CMD1;+CMD2=, ,10<CR>** These are two examples of **extended commands** (nb: the name of the command always begins with the character "+<sup>2</sup>"). They are delimited with semicolon. In the second command the subparameter is omitted.
- **+CMD1?<CR>** This is a Read command for checking current subparameter values
- **+CMD1=?<CR>** This is a test command for checking possible subparameter values

These commands might be performed in a single command line as shown below:

<sup>2</sup> The set of **proprietary AT commands** differentiates from the standard one because the name of each of them begins with either "@", "#", "\$" or "\*". **Proprietary AT commands** follow the same syntax rules as **extended commands**













Numeric Format	Verbose Format
612	resource used by other instance
<b>Network survey errors:</b> (only if command #SELINT=2 has been issued - see §3.5.2.1.1):	
657	Network survey error (No Carrier)*
658	Network survey error (Busy)*
659	Network survey error (Wrong request)*
660	Network survey error (Aborted)*
<b>SAP related errors:</b> (only if command #SELINT=2 has been issued - see §3.5.2.1.1):	
731	Unspecified
732	Activation command is busy
733	Activation started with CMUX off
734	Activation started on invalid CMUX
736	Remote SIM already active
737	Invalid parameter

\*(values in parentheses are GSM 04.08 cause codes)

### 3.2.2.2 Message Service Failure Result Code - +CMS ERROR: <err>

This is NOT a command, it is the error response to +Cxxx GSM 07.05 commands

Syntax: **+CMS ERROR: <err>**

Parameter: **<err>** - numeric error code. The **<err>** values are reported in the table:

Numeric Format	Meaning
0...127	GSM 04.11 Annex E-2 values
128...255	GSM 03.40 sub clause 9.2.3.22 values
300	ME failure
301	SMS service of ME reserved
302	operation not allowed
303	operation not supported
304	invalid PDU mode parameter
305	invalid text mode parameter
310	SIM not inserted
311	SIM PIN required
312	PH-SIM PIN required
313	SIM failure
314	SIM busy
315	SIM wrong
316	SIM PUK required
317	SIM PIN2 required
318	SIM PUK2 required
320	memory failure
321	invalid memory index
322	memory full
330	SMSC address unknown
331	no network service
332	network time-out
500	unknown error





### 3.2.4 Command Response Time-Out

Every command issued to the Telit modules returns a result response, if response codes are enabled (default). The time needed to process the given command and return the response varies, depending on the command type. Commands that do not interact with the SIM or the network, and involve only internal set up settings or readings, have an immediate response. Commands that interact with the SIM or the network could take many seconds to send a response, depending on SIM configuration (e.g., number of contacts stored in the phonebook, number of stored SMS), or on the network the command may interact with.

In the table below are listed only the commands whose interaction with the SIM or the network could lead to long response timings. When not otherwise specified, timing is referred to set command.

For phonebook and SMS writing and reading related commands, timing is referred to commands issued after phonebook sorting is completed.

For DTMF sending and dialling commands timing is referred to module registered on network (“AT+CREG?” answer is “+CREG: 0,1” or “+CREG: 0,5”).

For Python commands, timing is referred to commands issued with module in idle, flash memory not full and not fragmented, and after the first Python command. The first Python command to be issued causes a system initialization that could last a couple of minutes. Baud rate is fixed at 115200.

Command	Estimated maximum time to get response (Seconds)
+COPS	30 (test command)
+CLCK	15 (SS operation) 5 (FDN enabling/disabling)
+CLAC	5
+CPWD	15 (SS operation) 5 (PIN modification)
+CLIP	15 (read command)
+CLIR	15 (read command)
+CCFC	15
+CCWA	15
+CHLD	30
+CPIN	5
+CPBS	5 (FDN enabling/disabling)
+CPBR	5 (single reading) 15 (complete reading of a 250 records full phonebook)
+CPBF	10 (string present in a 250 records full phonebook) 5(string not present)
+CPBW	5
+CACM	5
+CAMP	5
+CPUC	5



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Command	Estimated maximum time to get response (Seconds)
+VTS	20 (transmission of full "1234567890*#ABCD" string with no delay between tones, default duration)
+CSCA	5 (read and set commands)
+CSAS	5
+CRES	5
+CMGS	60 after CTRL-Z; 1 to get '>' prompt
+CMSS	60 after CTRL-Z; 1 to get '>' prompt
+CMGW	5 after CTRL-Z; 1 to get '>' prompt
+CMGD	5 (single SMS cancellation) 25 (cancellation of 50 SMS)
+CMGR	5
+CMGL	20 (full listing of 50 SMS)
+CGACT	5
+CGATT	10
D	30 (voice call) Timeout set with ATS7 (data call)
A	30 (voice call) Timeout set with ATS7 (data call)
H	30
+CHUP	5
+COPN	10
+CPOL	10 (set command; read command of 84 records)
+CRSM	5
+FRH	Timeout set with ATS7
+FTH	Timeout set with ATS7
+FRM	Timeout set with ATS7
+FTM	Timeout set with ATS7
+FRS	Timeout set with the command itself
+FTS	Timeout set with the command itself
#MBN	10
#TONE	5 (if no duration specified)
#ADC	5
#EMAILD	20
#EMAILACT	150
#SEMAIL	170 (context activation + DNS resolution)
#MSCCLASS	15
#SPN	5
#STSR	10
#CCID	5
#GPRS	150
#SKTD	140 (DNS resolution + timeout set with AT#SKTCT)







Command	Estimated maximum time to get response (Seconds)
	complete scan
#CSURVPC	10 to start data output; 120 seconds to complete scan
#LSCRIPT	10 (40 files, 10 Kbyte each)
#REBOOT	5
#RSCRIPT	30 seconds for a 100 Kbyte file  30 seconds timeout and ERROR message if no bytes are received on the serial line
#WSCRIPT	35 seconds for a 100 Kbyte file  30 seconds timeout and ERROR message if no bytes are sent on the serial line and the file has not been completely sent
#DSCRIPT	120
\$GPSAI	5
\$GPSPAR	5

### 3.2.5 Command Issuing Timing

The chain Command -> Response shall always be respected and a new command must not be issued before the module has terminated all the sending of its response result code (whatever it may be).

This applies especially to applications that “sense” the **OK** text and therefore may send the next command before the complete code **<CR><LF>OK<CR><LF>** is sent by the module.

It is advisable anyway to wait for at least 20ms between the end of the reception of the response and the issue of the next AT command.

If the response codes are disabled and therefore the module does not report any response to the command, then at least the 20ms pause time shall be respected.

During command mode, due to hardware limitations, under severe CPU load the serial port can loose some characters if placed in autobauding at high speeds. Therefore if you encounter this problem fix the baud rate with **+IPR** command.







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#SLED  
stored by #SLEDSAV<sup>10</sup> command

#VAUX  
stored by #VAUXSAV<sup>11</sup> command

#USERID	#PASSW	#PKTSZ
#DSTO	#SKTTO	#SKTSET#SKTCT

stored by #SKTSAV command and automatically restored at startup; factory default values are restored by #SKTRST command

#ESMTP	#EADDR	#EUSER
#EPASSW		

stored by #ESAV command and automatically restored at startup; factory default values are restored by #ERST command.

\$GPSP	\$GPSD	\$GPSAT
\$GPSAP	\$GPSS	\$GPSCON

stored by \$GPSSAV command and automatically restored at startup; factory default values are restored by \$GPSRST command

<sup>10</sup> Valid for #SELINT=2 only.

<sup>11</sup> Valid for #SELINT=2 only.







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&K	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Flow Control	45
&S	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Data Set Ready (DSR) Control	46
\R	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Ring (RI) Control	46
+IPR	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Fixed DTE Interface Rate	47
+IFC	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	DTE-Modem Local Flow Control	48
+ILRR	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	DTE-Modem Local Rate Reporting	49
+ICF	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	DTE-Modem Character Framing	49
<b>Hayes AT Commands - Call Control</b>											
D	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Dial	50
T	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Tone Dial	54
P	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Pulse Dial	55
A	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Answer	55
H	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Disconnect	55
O	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Return To On Line Mode	55
&G	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Guard Tone	56
&Q	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Sync/Async Mode	56
<b>Hayes AT Commands - Modulation Control</b>											
+MS	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Modulation Selection	56
%E	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Line Quality Monitor And Auto Retrain Or Fallback/Fallforward	57
<b>Hayes AT Commands - Compression Control</b>											
+DS	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Data Compression	57
+DR	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Data Compression Reporting	57
<b>Hayes AT Commands - Break Control</b>											
\B	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Transmit Break To Remote	58
\K	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Break Handling	58
\N	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Operating Mode	58
<b>Hayes AT Commands - S Parameters</b>											
S0	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Number Of Rings To Auto Answer	59
S1	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Ring Counter	60
S2	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Escape Character	60
S3	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Command Line Termination Character	61
S4	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Response Formatting Character	62
S5	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Command Line Editing Character	63
S7	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Connection Completion Time-Out	63
S12	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Escape Prompt Delay	64
S25	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Delay To DTR Off	65
S30	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Disconnect Inactivity Timer	66
S38	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Delay Before Forced Hang Up	66
<b>ETSI GSM 07.07 - General</b>											
+CGMI	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Request Manufacturer Identification	68
+CGMM	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Request Model Identification	68
+CGMR	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Request Revision Identification	68
+CGSN	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Request Product Serial Number Identification	69
+CSCS	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Select TE Character Set	69
+CIMI	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Request International Mobile Subscriber Identity (IMSI)	70
+CMUX	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Multiplexing Mode	70
+WS46	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	PCCA STD-101 Select Wireless Network	71
<b>ETSI GSM 07.07 - Call Control</b>											
+CHUP	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Hang Up Call	71
+CBST	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Select Bearer Service Type	71
+CRLP	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Radio Link Protocol	73
+CR	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Service Reporting Control	74
+CEER	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Extended Error Report	75
+CRC	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Cellular Result Codes	76
+CSNS	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Single Numbering Scheme	77



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+CVHU	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Voice Hang Up Control	77
<b>ETSI GSM 07.07 - Network Service Handling</b>											
+CNUM	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Subscriber Number	78
+COPN	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Read Operator Names	79
+CREG	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Network Registration Report	80
+COPS	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Operator Selection	83
+CLCK	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Facility Lock/Unlock	87
@CLCK	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Facility Improved Lock/Unlock	89
+CPWD	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Change Facility Password	91
+CLIP	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Calling Line Identification Presentation	92
+CLIR	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Calling Line Identification Restriction	95
+CCFC	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Call Forwarding Number And Conditions	96
+CCWA	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Call Waiting	97
+CHLD	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Call Holding Services	101
+CUSD	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Unstructured Supplementary Service Data	102
+CAOC	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Advice Of Charge	104
+CLCC	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	List Current Calls	106
+CSSN	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	SS Notification	108
+CCUG	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Closed User Group Supplementary Service Control	110
+CPOL	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Preferred Operator List	111
<b>ETSI GSM 07.07 - Mobile Equipment Control</b>											
+CPAS	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Phone Activity Status	111
+CFUN	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Set Phone Functionality	112
+CPIN	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Enter PIN	114
+CSQ	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Signal Quality	120
+CIND	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Indicator Control	121
+CMER	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Mobile Equipment Event Reporting	123
+CPBS	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Select Phonebook Memory Storage	123
+CPBR	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Read Phonebook Entries	125
+CPBF	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Find Phonebook Entries	128
+CPBW	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Write Phonebook Entry	129
+CCLK	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Clock Management	131
+CALA	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Alarm Management	133
+CRSM	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Restricted SIM Access	137
+CALM	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Alert Sound Mode	138
+CRSL	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Ringer Sound Level	139
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\$GPSPS			•			•				Set the GPS Module In Power Saving Mode	426
\$GPSWK			•			•				Wake Up GPS From Power Saving Mode	427
\$GPSSAV			•			•				Save GPS Parameters Configuration	427
\$GPSRST			•			•				Restore Default GPS Parameters	427
\$GPSMODE			•			•				GPS Controller Disabled at Start-up With Charger Inserted	428
<b>Custom AT Commands - SAP</b>											
#RSEN	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Remote SIM Enable	428
<b>Custom AT Commands – Telefonica OpenGate M2M</b>											
#OGCFG	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	OG Protocol Parameters Configuration	430
#OGPLATCFG	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	OG Platform Parameters Configuration	430
#OGBEGINMSG	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	OG Total Message Creation Start	430
#OGBEGINOGMSG	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	OGMessage Creation Start	430
#OGADDPAR	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	OGMessage Parameter Insertion	430
#OGBEGINARRY	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	OGMessage Array Insertion Start	430
#OGADDARRY	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	OGMessage Array Parameter Insertion	430
#OGENDARRAY	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	OGMessage Array Parameter Insertion End	430
#OGENDOGMSG	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	OGMessage Creation End	430
#OGABORTMSG	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Message Creation Abort	430
#OGENDMSG	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Message Creation End	430
#OGSENDMSG	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Send OG Total Message	430
#OGMSGSTATUS	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Get Pending OGMessage's Status	430
#OGRETOGMSG	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Decode Received OGMessage	430
#OGERASEALL	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Erase OGMessage's Status List	430
#OGMSG	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	OGMessage Received Indication	430
#OGMSGTOUT	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	OGMessage Sending Timeout Indication	430

<sup>13</sup> Python is a registered trademark of the Python Software Foundation.

<sup>14</sup> Available for the GPS products with the following Order-Num.: 3990250689 and 3990250690



## 3.5 AT Commands References

### 3.5.1 Command Line General Format

#### 3.5.1.1 Command Line Prefixes

##### 3.5.1.1.1 Starting A Command Line - AT

AT - Starting A Command Line		SELINT 0 / 1 / 2
AT	The prefix <b>AT</b> , or <b>at</b> , is a two-character abbreviation ( <b>ATtention</b> ), always used to start a command line to be sent from TE to TA	
Reference	GSM 07.07	

##### 3.5.1.1.2 Last Command Automatic Repetition - A/

A/ - Last Command Automatic Repetition		SELINT 0 / 1 / 2
A/	<p>If the prefix <b>A/</b> or <b>a/</b> is issued, the MODULE immediately execute once again the body of the preceding command line. No editing is possible and no termination character is necessary. A command line may be repeated multiple times through this mechanism, if desired.</p> <p>If <b>A/</b> is issued before any command line has been executed, the preceding command line is assumed to have been empty (that results in an <b>OK</b> result code).</p> <p>Note: this command works only at fixed IPR.</p> <p>Note: the custom command <b>#/</b> has been defined: it causes the last command to be executed again too; but it doesn't need a fixed IPR.</p>	
Reference	V25ter	



## 3.5.2 General Configuration Commands

### 3.5.2.1 AT Interface Backward Compatibility

There are some slight modifications amongst the AT interfaces of Telit products. In order to keep backward compatibility and on the same time to give the opportunity to the customer to get competitor compatibility, Telit modules offer the specific command **#SELINT** to switch the behaviour of the device and its AT command interface. It is up to the user to select the AT interface he prefers.

The following table shows which AT commands interface can be applied and is default for the specific product:

Product	#SELINT=0	#SELINT=1	#SELINT=2
GM862-QUAD (3990250659)	•(default)	•	•
GM862-QUAD-PY (3990250658)	•	•(default)	•
GM862-GPS (3990250657) (3990250689)	•	•	•(default)
GE863-QUAD (3990250662)	•	•(default)	•
GE863-PY (3990250661)	•	•(default)	•
GE863-SIM (3990250700)	•	•(default)	•
GE863-GPS (3990250660) (3990250690)	•	•	•(default)
GE863-PRO <sup>3</sup> (3990250698) (3990250691)			•(default)
GE864-QUAD (3990250648)	•	•	•(default)
GE864-PY (3990250650)	•	•	•(default)
GE864-AUTO (3990250701)			•(default)
GC864-QUAD (3990250675)	•	•	•(default)
GC864-PY (3990250676)	•	•	•(default)











<b>+FCLASS - Select Active Service Class</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1 / 2</b>
	0 - data 1 - fax class 1 8 - voice	
<b>AT+FCLASS?</b>	Read command returns the current configuration value of the parameter <b>&lt;n&gt;</b> .	
<b>AT+FCLASS=?</b>	Test command returns all supported values of the parameters <b>&lt;n&gt;</b> .	
Reference	GSM 07.07	

### 3.5.3.1.4 Default Reset Basic Profile Designation - &Y

<b>&amp;Y - Default Reset Basic Profile Designation</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1 / 2</b>
<b>AT&amp;Y[&lt;n&gt;]</b>	<p>Execution command defines the basic profiles which will be loaded on startup.</p> <p>Parameter: <b>&lt;n&gt;</b> 0..1 - profile (default is 0): the wireless module is able to store 2 complete configurations (see <b>&amp;W</b>).</p> <p>Note: differently from command <b>Z&lt;n&gt;</b>, which loads just once the desired profile, the one chosen through command <b>&amp;Y</b> will be loaded on every startup.</p> <p>Note: if parameter is omitted, the command has the same behaviour as <b>AT&amp;Y0</b></p>	

### 3.5.3.1.5 Default Reset Full Profile Designation - &P

<b>&amp;P - Default Reset Full Profile Designation</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1 / 2</b>
<b>AT&amp;P[&lt;n&gt;]</b>	<p>Execution command defines which full profile will be loaded on startup.</p> <p>Parameter: <b>&lt;n&gt;</b> 0..1 – profile number: the wireless module is able to store 2 full configurations (see command <b>&amp;W</b>).</p> <p>Note: differently from command <b>Z&lt;n&gt;</b>, which loads just once the desired profile, the one chosen through command <b>&amp;P</b> will be loaded on every startup.</p> <p>Note: if parameter is omitted, the command has the same behaviour as <b>AT&amp;P0</b></p>	
Reference	Telit Specifications	





<b>+GMI - Manufacturer Identification</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1 / 2</b>
<b>AT+GMI</b>	Execution command returns the manufacturer identification.  Note: this is one of the commands whose output differs depending on the last <b>#SELINT</b> setting.	
Reference	V.25ter	

### 3.5.3.1.10 Model Identification - +GMM

<b>+GMM - Model Identification</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1 / 2</b>
<b>AT+GMM</b>	Execution command returns the model identification.	
Reference	V.25ter	

### 3.5.3.1.11 Revision Identification - +GMR

<b>+GMR - Revision Identification</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1 / 2</b>
<b>AT+GMR</b>	Execution command returns the software revision identification.	
Reference	V.25ter	

### 3.5.3.1.12 Capabilities List - +GCAP

<b>+GCAP - Capabilities List</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1 / 2</b>
<b>AT+GCAP</b>	Execution command returns the equipment supported command set list. Where: <b>+CGSM</b> : GSM ETSI command set <b>+FCLASS</b> : Fax command set <b>+DS</b> : Data Service common modem command set <b>+MS</b> : Mobile Specific command set	
Reference	V.25ter	

### 3.5.3.1.13 Serial Number - +GSN

<b>+GSN - Serial Number</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1 / 2</b>
<b>AT+GSN</b>	Execution command returns the device board serial number.  Note: The number returned is not the IMSI, it is only the board number	
Reference	V.25ter	

### 3.5.3.1.14 Display Current Base Configuration And Profile - &V

<b>&amp;V - Display Current Base Configuration And Profile</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1 / 2</b>
<b>AT&amp;V</b>	Execution command returns some of the base configuration parameters settings.  Note: this is one of the commands whose output differs depending on the last <b>#SELINT</b> setting.	



<b>&amp;V - Display Current Base Configuration And Profile</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1 / 2</b>
<p>Note: the row of information about <b>CTS (C106) OPTIONS</b> is in the output of <b>&amp;V</b> only for compatibility reasons and represents only a dummy value.</p>		

### 3.5.3.1.15 Display Current Configuration And Profile - &V0

<b>&amp;V0 - Display Current Configuration And Profile</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1 / 2</b>
<b>AT&amp;V0</b>	<p>Execution command returns all the configuration parameters settings.</p> <p>Note: this command is the same as <b>&amp;V</b>, it is included only for backwards compatibility.</p> <p>Note: this is one of the commands whose output differs depending on the last <b>#SELINT</b> setting.</p> <p>Note: the row of information about <b>CTS (C106) OPTIONS</b> is in the output of <b>&amp;V0</b> only for compatibility reasons and represents only a dummy value.</p>	

### 3.5.3.1.16 S Registers Display - &V1

<b>&amp;V1 - S Registers Display</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1 / 2</b>
<b>AT&amp;V1</b>	<p>Execution command returns the value of the <b>S</b> registers in decimal and hexadecimal value in the format:</p> <pre> REG  DEC          HEX &lt;reg0&gt;&lt;dec&gt;      &lt;hex&gt; &lt;reg1&gt;&lt;dec&gt;      &lt;hex&gt; ... </pre> <p>where  <b>&lt;regn&gt;</b> - <b>S</b> register number  000..005  007  012  025  038  <b>&lt;dec&gt;</b> - current value in decimal notation  <b>&lt;hex&gt;</b> - current value in hexadecimal notation</p>	

### 3.5.3.1.17 Extended S Registers Display - &V3

<b>&amp;V3 - Extended S Registers Display</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1 / 2</b>
<b>AT&amp;V3</b>	<p>Execution command returns the value of the <b>S</b> registers in decimal and hexadecimal value in the format:</p> <pre> REG  DEC          HEX &lt;reg0&gt; &lt;dec&gt;      &lt;hex&gt; </pre>	







<b>%L - Line Signal Level</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1 / 2</b>
<b>AT%L</b>	It has no effect and is included only for backward compatibility with landline modems	

### 3.5.3.1.22 Line Quality - %Q

<b>%Q - Line Quality</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1 / 2</b>
<b>AT%Q</b>	It has no effect and is included only for backward compatibility with landline modems	

### 3.5.3.1.23 Speaker Loudness - L

<b>L - Speaker Loudness</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1 / 2</b>
<b>ATL&lt;n&gt;</b>	It has no effect and is included only for backward compatibility with landline modems	

### 3.5.3.1.24 Speaker Mode - M

<b>M - Speaker Mode</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1 / 2</b>
<b>ATM&lt;n&gt;</b>	It has no effect and is included only for backward compatibility with landline modems	

## 3.5.3.2 DTE - Modem Interface Control

### 3.5.3.2.1 Command Echo - E

<b>E - Command Echo</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1 / 2</b>
<b>ATE&lt;n&gt;</b>	<p>Set command enables/disables the command echo.</p> <p>Parameter: <b>&lt;n&gt;</b> 0 - disables command echo 1 - enables command echo (factory default) , hence command sent to the device are echoed back to the <b>DTE</b> before the response is given.</p> <p>Note: if parameter is omitted, the command has the same behaviour of <b>ATE0</b></p>	
Reference	V25ter	

### 3.5.3.2.2 Quiet Result Codes - Q

<b>Q - Quiet Result Codes</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1</b>
<b>ATQ&lt;n&gt;</b>	<p>Set command enables or disables the result codes.</p> <p>Parameter:</p>	







<b>X - Extended Result Codes</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1 / 2</b>
	<b>ATX0</b>	
Note	For complete control on <b>CONNECT</b> response message see also <b>+DR</b> command.	
Reference	V25ter	

### 3.5.3.2.5 Identification Information - I

<b>I - Identification Information</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1 / 2</b>
<b>ATI[&lt;n&gt;]</b>	<p>Execution command returns one or more lines of information text followed by a result code.</p> <p>Parameter: <b>&lt;n&gt;</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0 - numerical identifier</li> <li>1 - module checksum</li> <li>2 - checksum check result</li> <li>3 - manufacturer</li> <li>4 - product name</li> <li>5 - DOB version</li> </ul> <p>Note: this is one of the commands whose output differs depending on the last <b>#SELINT</b> setting.</p> <p>Note: if parameter is omitted, the command has the same behaviour of <b>ATI0</b></p>	
Reference	V25ter	

### 3.5.3.2.6 Data Carrier Detect (DCD) Control - &C

<b>&amp;C - Data Carrier Detect (DCD) Control</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1 / 2</b>
<b>AT&amp;C[&lt;n&gt;]</b>	<p>Set command controls the RS232 <b>DCD</b> output behaviour.</p> <p>Parameter: <b>&lt;n&gt;</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0 - <b>DCD</b> remains <b>high</b> always.</li> <li>1 - <b>DCD</b> follows the Carrier detect status: if carrier is detected <b>DCD</b> is high, otherwise <b>DCD</b> is <b>low</b>. (factory default)</li> <li>2 - <b>DCD off</b> while disconnecting</li> </ul> <p>Note: if parameter is omitted, the command has the same behaviour of <b>AT&amp;C0</b></p>	
Reference	V25ter	

### 3.5.3.2.7 Data Terminal Ready (DTR) Control - &D

<b>&amp;D - Data Terminal Ready (DTR) Control</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1</b>
---	--	---------------------





&D - Data Terminal Ready (DTR) Control	SELINT 0 / 1
<p><b>AT&amp;D[&lt;n&gt;]</b></p>	<p>Set command controls the Module behaviour to the RS232 <b>DTR</b> transitions.</p> <p>Parameter: <b>&lt;n&gt;</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0 - device ignores <b>DTR</b> transitions (factory default)</li> <li>1 - when the MODULE is connected, the <b>High to Low</b> transition of <b>DTR</b> pin sets the device in command mode, the current connection is NOT closed</li> <li>2 - when the MODULE is connected , the <b>High to Low</b> transition of <b>DTR</b> pin sets the device in command mode and the current connection is closed</li> <li>3 - device ignores <b>DTR</b> transitions</li> <li>4 - <b>C108/1</b> operation is disabled</li> <li>5 - <b>C108/1</b> operation is enabled; same behaviour as for <b>&lt;n&gt;=2</b></li> </ul> <p>Note: if a connection has been set up issuing either <b>#SKTD</b> or <b>#SKTOP</b>, then <b>AT&amp;D1</b> has the same effect as <b>AT&amp;D2</b>.</p> <p>Note: if <b>AT&amp;D2</b> has been issued and the <b>DTR</b> has been tied <b>low</b>, autoanswering is inhibited and it is possible to answer only issuing command <b>ATA</b>.</p> <p>Note: if parameter is omitted, the command has the same behaviour as <b>AT&amp;D0</b></p>
Reference	V25ter

&D - Data Terminal Ready (DTR) Control	SELINT 2
<p><b>AT&amp;D[&lt;n&gt;]</b></p>	<p>Set command controls the Module behaviour to the RS232 <b>DTR</b> transitions.</p> <p>Parameter: <b>&lt;n&gt;</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0 - device ignores <b>DTR</b> transitions (factory default); if <b>+CVHU</b> current setting is <b>different from 2</b> then every setting <b>AT&amp;D0</b> is equivalent to <b>AT&amp;D5</b></li> <li>1 - when the MODULE is connected, the <b>High to Low</b> transition of <b>DTR</b> pin sets the device in command mode, the current connection is NOT closed; if <b>+CVHU</b> current setting is <b>different from 2</b> then issuing <b>AT&amp;D1</b> is equivalent to <b>AT&amp;D5</b></li> <li>2 - when the MODULE is connected , the <b>High to Low</b> transition of <b>DTR</b> pin sets the device in command mode and the current connection is closed; if <b>+CVHU</b> current setting is <b>different from 2</b> then issuing <b>AT&amp;D2</b> is equivalent to <b>AT&amp;D5</b></li> <li>3 - device ignores <b>DTR</b> transitions; if <b>+CVHU</b> current setting is <b>different from 2</b> then issuing <b>AT&amp;D3</b> is equivalent to <b>AT&amp;D5</b></li> <li>4 - <b>C108/1</b> operation is disabled; if <b>+CVHU</b> current setting is <b>different from 2</b> then issuing <b>AT&amp;D4</b> is equivalent to <b>AT&amp;D5</b></li> <li>5 - <b>C108/1</b> operation is enabled; same behaviour as for <b>&lt;n&gt;=2</b></li> </ul> <p>Note: if a connection has been set up issuing either <b>#SKTD</b> or <b>#SKTOP</b>,</p>



&D - Data Terminal Ready (DTR) Control		SELINT 2
	<p>then <b>AT&amp;D1</b> has the same effect as <b>AT&amp;D2</b>.</p> <p>Note: if <b>AT&amp;D2</b> has been issued and the <b>DTR</b> has been tied <b>Low</b>, autoanswering is inhibited and it is possible to answer only issuing command <b>ATA</b>.</p> <p>Note: if parameter is omitted, the command has the same behaviour of <b>AT&amp;D0</b></p>	
Reference	V25ter	

### 3.5.3.2.8 Standard Flow Control - \Q

\Q - Standard Flow Control		SELINT 0 / 1 / 2
<b>AT\Q[&lt;n&gt;]</b>	<p>Set command controls the RS232 flow control behaviour.</p> <p>Parameter: <b>&lt;n&gt;</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0 - no flow control</li> <li>1 - software bi-directional with filtering (<b>XON/XOFF</b>)</li> <li>2 - hardware mono-directional flow control (only <b>CTS</b> active)</li> <li>3 - hardware bi-directional flow control (both <b>RTS/CTS</b> active) (factory default)</li> </ul> <p>Note: if parameter is omitted, the command has the same behaviour as <b>AT\Q0</b></p> <p>Note: Hardware flow control (<b>AT\Q3</b>) is not active in command mode.</p> <p>Note: <b>\Q's</b> settings are functionally a subset of <b>&amp;K's</b> ones.</p>	
Reference	V25ter	

### 3.5.3.2.9 Flow Control - &K

&K - Flow Control		SELINT 0 / 1 / 2
<b>AT&amp;K[&lt;n&gt;]</b>	<p>Set command controls the RS232 flow control behaviour.</p> <p>Parameter: <b>&lt;n&gt;</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0 - no flow control</li> <li>1 - hardware mono-directional flow control (only <b>CTS</b> active)</li> <li>2 - software mono-directional flow control (<b>XON/XOFF</b>)</li> <li>3 - hardware bi-directional flow control (both <b>RTS/CTS</b> active) (factory default)</li> <li>4 - software bi-directional with filtering (<b>XON/XOFF</b>)</li> <li>5 - pass through: software bi-directional without filtering (<b>XON/XOFF</b>)</li> <li>6 - both hardware bi-directional flow control (both <b>RTS/CTS</b> active) and</li> </ul>	



&K - Flow Control	SELINT 0 / 1 / 2
	<p>software bi-directional flow control (<b>XON/XOFF</b>) with filtering</p> <p>Note: if parameter is omitted, the command has the same behaviour as <b>AT&amp;K0</b></p> <p>Note: <b>&amp;K</b> has no Read Command. To verify the current setting of <b>&amp;K</b>, simply check the settings of the active profile issuing <b>AT&amp;V</b>.</p> <p>Note: Hardware flow control (<b>AT&amp;K3</b>) is not active in command mode.</p>

### 3.5.3.2.10 Data Set Ready (DSR) Control - &S

&S - Data Set Ready (DSR) Control	SELINT 0 / 1 / 2
<p><b>AT&amp;S[&lt;n&gt;]</b></p>	<p>Set command controls the RS232 <b>DSR</b> pin behaviour.</p> <p>Parameter: &lt;n&gt; 0 - always <b>High</b> 1 - follows the GSM traffic channel indication. 2 - <b>High</b> when connected 3 - <b>High</b> when device is ready to receive commands (factory default).</p> <p>Note: if option 1 is selected then <b>DSR</b> is tied <b>High</b> when the device receives from the network the GSM traffic channel indication.</p> <p>Note: in power saving mode the <b>DSR</b> pin is always tied <b>Low</b>.</p> <p>Note: if parameter is omitted, the command has the same behaviour of <b>AT&amp;S0</b></p> <p>Note: If Selint=2 is selected, and option 1 and 2 are active, <b>DSR</b> will not tied <b>High</b> in case of GSM voice connection</p>

### 3.5.3.2.11 Ring (RI) Control - \R

\R - Ring (RI) Control	SELINT 0 / 1 / 2
<p><b>AT\R[&lt;n&gt;]</b></p>	<p>Set command controls the <b>RING</b> output pin behaviour.</p> <p>Parameter: &lt;n&gt; 0 - <b>RING</b> on during ringing and further connection 1 - <b>RING</b> on during ringing (factory default) 2 - <b>RING</b> follows the ring signal</p> <p>Note: to check the ring option status use the <b>&amp;V</b> command.</p> <p>Note: if parameter is omitted, the command has the same behaviour of</p>



<b>IR - Ring (RI) Control</b>	<b>SELINT 0 / 1 / 2</b>
ATIR0	

### 3.5.3.2.12 Fixed DTE Interface Rate - +IPR

<b>+IPR - Fixed DTE Interface Rate</b>	<b>SELINT 0 / 1</b>
<b>AT+IPR=&lt;rate&gt;</b>	<p>Set command specifies the <b>DTE</b> speed at which the device accepts commands during command mode operations; it may be used to fix the <b>DTE-DCE</b> interface speed.</p> <p>Parameter: <b>&lt;rate&gt;</b> 0 ..300 1200 2400 4800 9600 19200 38400 57600 115200</p> <p>If <b>&lt;rate&gt;</b> is set to 0, then automatic speed detection is enabled and also character format (see <b>+ICF</b>) is set to auto-detect. (default) If <b>&lt;rate&gt;</b> is specified and not 0, <b>DTE-DCE</b> speed is fixed at that speed, hence no speed auto-detection (autobauding) is enabled.</p> <p>Note: While in autobauding mode the 300 baud rate is not supported.</p>
<b>AT+IPR?</b>	Read command returns the current value of <b>+IPR</b> parameter.
<b>AT+IPR=?</b>	Test command returns the supported serial port speed list.
Reference	V25ter

<b>+IPR - Fixed DTE Interface Rate</b>	<b>SELINT 2</b>
<b>AT+IPR=&lt;rate&gt;</b>	<p>Set command specifies the <b>DTE</b> speed at which the device accepts commands during command mode operations; it may be used to fix the <b>DTE-DCE</b> interface speed.</p> <p>Parameter: <b>&lt;rate&gt;</b> 0 ..300 1200 2400 4800 9600 19200</p>



<b>+IPR - Fixed DTE Interface Rate</b>		<b>SELINT 2</b>
	38400 57600 115200  If <b>&lt;rate&gt;</b> is set to 0, then automatic speed detection is enabled and also character format (see <b>+ICF</b> ) is set to auto-detect. (default)  If <b>&lt;rate&gt;</b> is specified and not 0, <b>DTE-DCE</b> speed is fixed at that speed, hence no speed auto-detection (autobauding) is enabled.  Note: While in autobauding mode the 300 baud rate is not supported.	
<b>AT+IPR?</b>	Read command returns the current value of <b>+IPR</b> parameter.	
<b>AT+IPR=?</b>	Test command returns the list of supported autodetectable <b>&lt;rate&gt;</b> values and the list of fixed-only <b>&lt;rate&gt;</b> values in the format:  <b>+IPR:</b> (list of supported autodetectable <b>&lt;rate&gt;</b> values), (list of fixed-only <b>&lt;rate&gt;</b> values)	
Reference	V25ter	

### 3.5.3.2.13 DTE-Modem Local Flow Control - +IFC

<b>+IFC - DTE-Modem Local Flow Control</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1 / 2</b>
<b>AT+IFC=&lt;by_te&gt;, &lt;by_ta&gt;</b>	Set command selects the flow control behaviour of the serial port in both directions: from <b>DTE to modem (&lt;by_ta&gt; option)</b> and from <b>modem to DTE (&lt;by_te&gt;)</b>  Parameters: <b>&lt;by_te&gt;</b> - flow control option for the data received by <b>DTE</b> 0 - flow control None 1 - <b>XON/XOFF</b> filtered 2 - <b>C105 (RTS)</b> (factory default) 3 - <b>XON/XOFF</b> not filtered <b>&lt;by_ta&gt;</b> - flow control option for the data sent by <b>modem</b> 0 - flow control None 1 - <b>XON/XOFF</b> 2 - <b>C106 (CTS)</b> (factory default)  Note: Hardware flow control ( <b>AT+IFC=2,2</b> ) is not active in command mode.  Note: This command is equivalent to <b>&amp;K</b> command.	
<b>AT+IFC?</b>	Read command returns active flow control settings.  Note: If flow control behavior has been set with <b>AT&amp;Kn</b> command with the parameter that is not allowed by <b>AT+IFC</b> the read command <b>AT+IFC?</b> will return:  <b>+IFC: 0,0</b>	





<b>+IFC - DTE-Modem Local Flow Control</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1 / 2</b>
<b>AT+IFC=?</b>	Test command returns all supported values of the parameters <b>&lt;by_te&gt;</b> and <b>&lt;by_ta&gt;</b> .	
Reference	V25ter	

### 3.5.3.2.14 DTE-Modem Local Rate Reporting - +ILRR

<b>+ILRR - DTE-Modem Local Rate Reporting</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1 / 2</b>
<b>AT+ILRR=&lt;n&gt;</b>	Set command controls whether or not the <b>+ILRR: &lt;rate&gt;</b> information text is transmitted from the <b>modem</b> (module) to the <b>DTE</b> . Parameter: <b>&lt;n&gt;</b> 0 - local port speed rate reporting disabled (factory default) 1 - local port speed rate reporting enabled  Note: If <b>AT+IPR=0</b> (in autobauding) local port speed reported will be 0.  Note: this information if enabled is sent upon connection.	
<b>AT+ILRR?</b>	Read command returns active setting of <b>&lt;n&gt;</b> .	
<b>AT+ILRR=?</b>	Test command returns all supported values of the parameter <b>&lt;n&gt;</b>	
Reference	V25ter	

### 3.5.3.2.15 DTE-Modem Character Framing - +ICF

<b>+ICF - DTE-Modem Character Framing</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1 / 2</b>
<b>AT+ICF=&lt;format&gt; [,&lt;parity&gt;]</b>	Set command defines the asynchronous character framing to be used when autobauding is disabled.  Parameters: <b>&lt;format&gt;</b> - determines the number of bits in the data bits, the presence of a parity bit, and the number of stop bits in the start-stop frame. 0 - autodetection 1 - 8 Data, 2 Stop 2 - 8 Data, 1 Parity, 1 Stop 3 - 8 Data, 1 Stop 5 - 7 Data, 1 Parity, 1 Stop <b>&lt;parity&gt;</b> - determines how the parity bit is generated and checked, if present; setting this subparameter is mandatory and has a meaning only if <b>&lt;format&gt;</b> subparameter is either 2 or 5. 0 - Odd 1 - Even	
<b>AT+ICF?</b>	Read command returns current settings for subparameters <b>&lt;format&gt;</b> and <b>&lt;parity&gt;</b> . If current setting of subparameter <b>&lt;format&gt;</b> is neither 2 nor 5, the current setting of subparameter <b>&lt;parity&gt;</b> will always be represented as 0.	
<b>AT+ICF=?</b>	Test command returns the ranges of values for the parameters <b>&lt;format&gt;</b> and <b>&lt;parity&gt;</b>	
Reference	V25ter	



<b>+ICF - DTE-Modem Character Framing</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1 / 2</b>
Example	<pre> Auto detect AT+ICF = 0 OK  8N2 AT+ICF = 1 OK  8O1 AT+ICF = 2,0 OK  8E1 AT+ICF = 2,1 OK  8N1 AT+ICF = 3 OK  7O1 AT+ICF = 5,0 OK  7E1 AT+ICF = 5,1 OK </pre>	

### 3.5.3.3 Call Control

#### 3.5.3.3.1 Dial - D

<b>D - Dial</b>	<b>SELINT 0 / 1</b>
<b>ATD&lt;number&gt;[;]</b>	<p>Execution command starts a call to the phone number given as parameter. If ";" is present, a VOICE call to the given number is performed, regardless of the current value of the connection mode set by <b>+FCLASS</b> command.</p> <p>Parameter: <b>&lt;number&gt;</b> - phone number to be dialed</p> <p>Note: type of call (data, fax or voice) depends on last <b>+FCLASS</b> setting.</p> <p>Note: the numbers accepted are 0-9 and *,#, "A", "B", "C", "D", "+".</p> <p>Note: for backwards compatibility with landline modems modifiers "T", "P",</p>



D – Dial	SELINT 0 / 1
<b>ATD&lt;str&gt;[;]</b>	<p>"R", ",", "W", "!", "@" are accepted but have no effect.</p> <p>Issues a call to phone number which corresponding alphanumeric field is <b>&lt;str&gt;</b>; all available memories will be searched for the correct entry.</p> <p>If ";" is present a <b>voice</b> call is performed.</p> <p>Parameter: <b>&lt;str&gt;</b> - alphanumeric field corresponding to phone number; it must be enclosed in quotation marks.</p> <p>Note: parameter <b>&lt;str&gt;</b> is case sensitive.</p> <p>Note: used character set should be the one selected with command Select TE character set <b>+CSCS</b>.</p>
<b>ATD&lt;mem&gt;&lt;n&gt;[;]</b>	<p>Issues a call to phone number in phonebook memory storage <b>&lt;mem&gt;</b>, entry location <b>&lt;n&gt;</b> (available memories may be queried with <b>AT+CPBS=?</b>).</p> <p>If ";" is present a <b>voice</b> call is performed.</p> <p>Parameters: <b>&lt;mem&gt;</b> - phonebook memory storage; it must not be enclosed in quotation marks. SM - SIM phonebook FD - SIM fixed dialling-phonebook LD - SIM last-dialling-phonebook MC - device missed (unanswered received) calls list RC - ME received calls list</p> <p><b>&lt;n&gt;</b> - entry location; it should be in the range of locations available in the memory used.</p>
<b>ATD&lt;n&gt;[;]</b>	<p>Issues a call to phone number in entry location <b>&lt;n&gt;</b> of the active phonebook memory storage (see <b>+CPBS</b>).</p> <p>If ";" is present a <b>voice</b> call is performed.</p> <p>Parameter: <b>&lt;n&gt;</b> - active phonebook memory storage entry location; it should be in the range of locations available in the active phonebook memory storage.</p>
<b>ATDL</b>	<p>Issues a call to the last number dialed.</p>
<b>ATDS=&lt;nr&gt;[;]</b>	<p>Issues a call to the number stored in the MODULE internal phonebook position number <b>&lt;nr&gt;</b>.</p> <p>If ";" is present a VOICE call is performed.</p> <p>Parameter: <b>&lt;nr&gt;</b> - internal phonebook position to be called (See either <b>&amp;N</b> and <b>&amp;Z</b>)</p>
<b>ATD&lt;number&gt;I[;]</b> <b>ATD&lt;number&gt;i[;]</b>	<p>Issues a call overwriting the CLIR supplementary service subscription default value for this call</p> <p>If ";" is present a VOICE call is performed.</p>



<b>D – Dial</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1</b>
	<p>I - invocation, restrict CLI presentation i - suppression, allow CLI presentation</p>	
<p><b>ATD&lt;number&gt;G[;]</b> <b>ATD&lt;number&gt;g[;]</b></p>	<p>Issues a call checking the CUG supplementary service information for the current call. Refer to <b>+CCUG</b> command. If “;” is present a VOICE call is performed.</p>	
<p><b>ATD*&lt;gprs_sc&gt;</b> <b>[*&lt;addr&gt;][*&lt;L2P&gt;]</b> <b>[*&lt;cid&gt;]]#</b></p>	<p>This command is specific of GPRS functionality and causes the MT to perform whatever actions are necessary to establish communication between the TE and the external PDN.</p> <p>Parameters:</p> <p><b>&lt;gprs_sc&gt;</b> - GPRS Service Code, a digit string (value 99) which identifies a request to use the GPRS</p> <p><b>&lt;addr&gt;</b> - string that identifies the called party in the address space applicable to the PDP.</p> <p><b>&lt;L2P&gt;</b> - a string which indicates the layer 2 protocol to be used (see <b>+CGDATA</b> command). For communications software that does not support arbitrary characters in the dial string, the following numeric equivalents shall be used:</p> <p>1 - PPP</p> <p><b>&lt;cid&gt;</b> - a digit which specifies a particular PDP context definition (see <b>+CGDCONT</b> command).</p>	
Example	<p><i>To dial a number in SIM phonebook entry 6:</i> ATD&gt;SM6 OK</p> <p><i>To have a voice call to the 6-th entry of active phonebook:</i> ATD&gt;6; OK</p> <p><i>To call the entry with alphanumeric field “Name”:</i> ATD&gt;“Name”; OK</p>	
Reference	V25ter.	

<b>D – Dial</b>		<b>SELINT 2</b>
<p><b>ATD&lt;number&gt;[;]</b></p>	<p>Execution command starts a call to the phone number given as parameter. If “;” is present, a <b>voice</b> call to the given number is performed, regardless of the current value of the connection mode set by <b>+FCLASS</b> command.</p> <p>Parameter:</p> <p><b>&lt;number&gt;</b> - phone number to be dialed</p> <p>Note: type of call (<b>data</b>, <b>fax</b> or <b>voice</b>) depends on last <b>+FCLASS</b> setting.</p>	



D – Dial	SELINT 2
	<p>Note: the numbers accepted are 0-9 and *,#, "A", "B", "C", "D", "+".</p> <p>Note: for backwards compatibility with landline modems modifiers "T", "P", "R", " ", "W", "!", "@ are accepted but have no effect.</p>
<b>ATD&gt;&lt;str&gt;[;]</b>	<p>Issues a call to phone number which corresponding alphanumeric field is <b>&lt;str&gt;</b>; all available memories will be searched for the correct entry.</p> <p>If ";" is present a <b>voice</b> call is performed.</p> <p>Parameter: <b>&lt;str&gt;</b> - alphanumeric field corresponding to phone number; it must be enclosed in quotation marks.</p> <p>Note: parameter <b>&lt;str&gt;</b> is case sensitive.</p> <p>Note: used character set should be the one selected with <b>+CSCS</b>.</p>
<b>ATD&gt;&lt;mem&gt;&lt;n&gt;[;]</b>	<p>Issues a call to phone number in phonebook memory storage <b>&lt;mem&gt;</b>, entry location <b>&lt;n&gt;</b> (available memories may be queried with <b>AT+CPBS=?</b>).</p> <p>If ";" is present a <b>voice</b> call is performed.</p> <p>Parameters: <b>&lt;mem&gt;</b> - phonebook memory storage; it must not be enclosed in quotation marks. SM - SIM phonebook FD - SIM fixed dialling-phonebook LD - SIM last-dialling-phonebook MC - device missed (unanswered received) calls list RC - ME received calls list MB - mailbox numbers stored on SIM, if this service is provided by the SIM (see <b>#MBN</b>).</p> <p><b>&lt;n&gt;</b> - entry location; it should be in the range of locations available in the memory used.</p>
<b>ATD&gt;&lt;n&gt;[;]</b>	<p>Issues a call to phone number in entry location <b>&lt;n&gt;</b> of the active phonebook memory storage (see <b>+CPBS</b>).</p> <p>If ";" is present a <b>voice</b> call is performed.</p> <p>Parameter: <b>&lt;n&gt;</b> - active phonebook memory storage entry location; it should be in the range of locations available in the active phonebook memory storage.</p>
<b>ATDL</b>	<p>Issues a call to the last number dialed.</p>
<b>ATDS=&lt;nr&gt;[;]</b>	<p>Issues a call to the number stored in the MODULE internal phonebook position number <b>&lt;nr&gt;</b>.</p> <p>If ";" is present a <b>voice</b> call is performed.</p> <p>Parameter: <b>&lt;nr&gt;</b> - internal phonebook position to be called (See commands <b>&amp;N</b> and</p>













<b>+DR - Data Compression Reporting</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1 / 2</b>
<b>AT+DR?</b>	Read command returns current value of <n>.	
<b>AT+DR=?</b>	Test command returns all supported values of the parameter <n>	
Reference	V25ter	

### 3.5.3.6 Break Control

#### 3.5.3.6.1 Transmit Break To Remote - \B

<b>\B - Transmit Break To Remote</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1 / 2</b>
<b>AT\b</b>	Execution command has no effect and is included only for backward compatibility with landline modems	

#### 3.5.3.6.2 Break Handling - \K

<b>\K - Break Handling</b>		<b>SELINT 0</b>
<b>ATK&lt;n&gt;</b>	Execution command has no effect and is included only for backward compatibility with landline modems	
	Parameter: <n> 1..5	

<b>\K - Break Handling</b>		<b>SELINT 1 / 2</b>
<b>ATK[&lt;n&gt;]</b>	Execution command has no effect and is included only for backward compatibility with landline modems	
	Parameter: <n> 0..5	

#### 3.5.3.6.3 Operating Mode - \N

<b>\N - Operating Mode</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1 / 2</b>
<b>ATN[&lt;n&gt;]</b>	Set command set the connection element to be used when data calls are originated (see <b>+CBST</b> ).	
	Parameter: <n> 0 - transparent 1..6 - non-transparent	
	Note: issuing <b>ATN&lt;CR&gt;</b> is the same as <b>ATN0&lt;CR&gt;</b>	





### 3.5.3.7 S Parameters

Basic commands that begin with the letter “S” are known as “**S-Parameters**”. The number following the “S” indicates the “parameter number” being referenced. If the number is not recognized as a valid parameter number, an **ERROR** result code is issued.

If no value is given for the subparameter of an **S-Parameter**, an **ERROR** result code will be issued and the stored value left unchanged.

Note: what follows is a special way to select and set an **S-parameter**:

- ATSn<CR>** selects *n* as current parameter number. If the value of *n* is in the range (0, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 10, 12, 25, 30, 38), this command establishes **Sn** as last selected parameter. Every value out of this range and less than 256 can be used but has no meaning and is maintained only for backward compatibility with landline modems.
- AT=<value><CR>** or **ATS=<value><CR>** set the contents of the selected **S-parameter**

Example:

**ATS7<CR>**                                      establishes **S7** as last selected parameter.  
**AT=40<CR>**                                    sets the content of **S7** to 40  
**ATS=15<CR>**                                  sets the content of **S7** to 15.

- AT?** returns the current value of the last **S-parameter** accessed

Reference	V25ter and RC56D/RC336D
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#### 3.5.3.7.1 Number Of Rings To Auto Answer - S0

S0 - Number Of Rings To Auto Answer		SELINT 0 / 1
<b>ATS0[=&lt;n&gt;]</b>	Set command sets the number of rings required before device automatically answers an incoming call.  Parameter: <b>&lt;n&gt;</b> - number of rings 0 - auto answer disabled (factory default) 1..255 - number of rings required before automatic answer.	
<b>ATS0?</b>	Read command returns the current value of <b>S0</b> parameter.	
<b>ATS0=?</b>	Test command returns the range for <b>&lt;n&gt;</b> without command echo and parenthesis.	
Note	For either Read and Test command the format of the numbers in output is always 3 digits, left-filled with 0s	
Reference	V25ter	



<b>S0 - Number Of Rings To Auto Answer</b>		<b>SELINT 2</b>
<b>ATS0=[&lt;n&gt;]</b>	Set command sets the number of rings required before device automatically answers an incoming call.  Parameter: <n> - number of rings 0 - auto answer disabled (factory default) 1..255 - number of rings required before automatic answer.	
<b>ATS0?</b>	Read command returns the current value of <b>S0</b> parameter.	
Reference	V25ter	

### 3.5.3.7.2 Ring Counter - S1

<b>S1 - Ring Counter</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1</b>
<b>ATS1</b>	<b>S1</b> is incremented each time the device detects the ring signal of an incoming call. <b>S1</b> is cleared as soon as no ring occur.  Note: the form <b>ATS1</b> has no effect.	
<b>ATS1?</b>	Read command returns the value of <b>S1</b> ring counter.	
<b>ATS1=?</b>	Test command returns the range of values for <b>S1</b> ring counter without command echo and parenthesis.	
Note	For either Read and Test command the format of the numbers in output is always 3 digits, left-filled with 0s	

<b>S1 - Ring Counter</b>		<b>SELINT 2</b>
<b>ATS1</b>	<b>S1</b> is incremented each time the device detects the ring signal of an incoming call. <b>S1</b> is cleared as soon as no ring occur.  Note: the form <b>ATS1</b> has no effect.	
<b>ATS1?</b>	Read command returns the value of this parameter.	

### 3.5.3.7.3 Escape Character - S2

<b>S2 - Escape Character</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1</b>
<b>ATS2=[&lt;char&gt;]</b>	Set command sets the ASCII character to be used as escape character.  Parameter: <char> - escape character decimal ASCII 0..255 - factory default value is 43 (+).  Note: the escape sequence consists of three escape characters preceded and followed by <i>n</i> ms of idle (see <b>S12</b> to set <i>n</i> ).	
<b>ATS2?</b>	Read command returns the current value of <b>S2</b> parameter.	
<b>ATS2=?</b>	Test command returns the range for <char> without command echo and parenthesis	
Note	For either Read and Test command the format of the numbers in output is always 3 digits, left-filled with 0s	



<b>S2 - Escape Character</b>		<b>SELINT 2</b>
<b>ATS2=[&lt;char&gt;]</b>	<p>Set command sets the ASCII character to be used as escape character.</p> <p>Parameter:  <b>&lt;char&gt;</b> - escape character decimal ASCII            0..255 - factory default value is 43 (+).</p> <p>Note: the escape sequence consists of three escape characters preceded and followed by <i>n</i> ms of idle (see <b>S12</b> to set <i>n</i>).</p>	
<b>ATS2?</b>	<p>Read command returns the current value of <b>S2</b> parameter.</p> <p>Note: the format of the numbers in output is always 3 digits, left-filled with 0s</p>	

### 3.5.3.7.4 Command Line Termination Character - S3

<b>S3 - Command Line Termination Character</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1</b>
<b>ATS3=[&lt;char&gt;]</b>	<p>Set command sets the value of the character either recognized by the device as command line terminator and generated by the device as part of the header, trailer, and terminator for result codes and information text, along with <b>S4</b> parameter.</p> <p>Parameter:  <b>&lt;char&gt;</b> - command line termination character (decimal ASCII)            0..127 - factory default value is 13 (ASCII <b>CR</b>)</p> <p>Note: the "previous" value of <b>S3</b> is used to determine the command line termination character for entering the command line containing the <b>S3</b> setting command. However the result code issued shall use the "new" value of <b>S3</b> (as set during the processing of the command line).</p>	
<b>ATS3?</b>	Read command returns the current value of <b>S3</b> parameter.	
<b>ATS3=?</b>	Test command returns the range for <b>&lt;char&gt;</b> without command echo and parenthesis.	
Note	For either Read and Test command the format of the numbers in output is always 3 digits, left-filled with 0s	
Reference	V25ter	

<b>S3 - Command Line Termination Character</b>		<b>SELINT 2</b>
<b>ATS3=[&lt;char&gt;]</b>	<p>Set command sets the value of the character either recognized by the device as command line terminator and generated by the device as part of the header, trailer, and terminator for result codes and information text, along with <b>S4</b> parameter.</p> <p>Parameter:  <b>&lt;char&gt;</b> - command line termination character (decimal ASCII)            0..127 - factory default value is 13 (ASCII <b>&lt;CR&gt;</b>)</p>	



S3 - Command Line Termination Character		SELINT 2
	Note: the “previous” value of <b>S3</b> is used to determine the command line termination character for entering the command line containing the <b>S3</b> setting command. However the result code issued shall use the “new” value of <b>S3</b> (as set during the processing of the command line)	
ATS3?	Read command returns the current value of <b>S3</b> parameter.  Note: the format of the numbers in output is always 3 digits, left-filled with 0s	
Reference	V25ter	

### 3.5.3.7.5 Response Formatting Character - S4

S4 - Response Formatting Character		SELINT 0 / 1
ATS4[=<char>]	Set command sets the value of the character generated by the device as part of the header, trailer, and terminator for result codes and information text, along with the <b>S3</b> parameter.  Parameter: <b>&lt;char&gt;</b> - response formatting character (decimal ASCII) 0..127 - factory default value is 10 (ASCII LF)  Note: if the value of <b>S4</b> is changed in a command line the result code issued in response of that command line will use the new value of <b>S4</b> .	
ATS4?	Read command returns the current value of <b>S4</b> parameter.	
ATS4=?	Test command returns the range for <b>&lt;char&gt;</b> without command echo and parenthesis	
Note	For either Read and Test command the format of the numbers in output is always 3 digits, left-filled with 0s	
Reference	V25ter	

S4 - Response Formatting Character		SELINT 2
ATS4=[<char>]	Set command sets the value of the character generated by the device as part of the header, trailer, and terminator for result codes and information text, along with the <b>S3</b> parameter.  Parameter: <b>&lt;char&gt;</b> - response formatting character (decimal ASCII) 0..127 - factory default value is 10 (ASCII LF)  Note: if the value of <b>S4</b> is changed in a command line the result code issued in response of that command line will use the new value of <b>S4</b> .	
ATS4?	Read command returns the current value of <b>S4</b> parameter.  Note: the format of the numbers in output is always 3 digits, left-filled with 0s	
Reference	V25ter	





### 3.5.3.7.6 Command Line Editing Character - S5

<b>S5 - Command Line Editing Character</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1</b>
<b>ATS5[=&lt;char&gt;]</b>	Set command sets the value of the character recognized by the device as a request to delete from the command line the immediately preceding character.  Parameter: <b>&lt;char&gt;</b> - command line editing character (decimal ASCII) 0..127 - factory default value is 8 (ASCII <b>BS</b> ).	
<b>ATS5?</b>	Read command returns the current value of <b>S5</b> parameter.	
<b>ATS5=?</b>	Test command returns the range for <b>&lt;char&gt;</b> without command echo and parenthesis.	
Note	For either Read and Test command the format of the numbers in output is always 3 digits, left-filled with 0s	
Reference	V25ter	

<b>S5 - Command Line Editing Character</b>		<b>SELINT 2</b>
<b>ATS5[=&lt;char&gt;]</b>	Set command sets the value of the character recognized by the device as a request to delete from the command line the immediately preceding character.  Parameter: <b>&lt;char&gt;</b> - command line editing character (decimal ASCII) 0..127 - factory default value is 8 (ASCII <b>BS</b> )	
<b>ATS5?</b>	Read command returns the current value of <b>S5</b> parameter.  Note: the format of the numbers in output is always 3 digits, left-filled with 0s	
Reference	V25ter	

### 3.5.3.7.7 Connection Completion Time-Out - S7

<b>S7 - Connection Completion Time-Out</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1</b>
<b>ATS7[=&lt;tout&gt;]</b>	Set command sets the amount of time, in seconds, that the device shall allow between either answering a call (automatically or by <b>A</b> command) or completion of signalling of call addressing information to network (dialling), and establishment of a connection with the remote device.  Parameter: <b>&lt;tout&gt;</b> - number of seconds 1..255 - factory default value is 60.	
<b>ATS7?</b>	Read command returns the current value of <b>S7</b> parameter.	
<b>ATS7=?</b>	Test command returns the range for <b>&lt;tout&gt;</b> without command echo and parenthesis.	
Note	For either Read and Test command the format of the numbers in output is always 3 digits, left-filled with 0s	
Reference	V25ter	





<b>S7 - Connection Completion Time-Out</b>		<b>SELINT 2</b>
<b>ATS7=[&lt;tout&gt;]</b>	Set command sets the amount of time, in seconds, that the device shall allow between either answering a call (automatically or by <b>A</b> command) or completion of signalling of call addressing information to network (dialling), and establishment of a connection with the remote device.  Parameter: <b>&lt;tout&gt;</b> - number of seconds 1..255 - factory default value is 60	
<b>ATS7?</b>	Read command returns the current value of <b>S7</b> parameter.  Note: the format of the numbers in output is always 3 digits, left-filled with 0s	
Reference	V25ter	

### 3.5.3.7.1 – Carrier Off With Firm Time - S10

<b>S10 –Carrier Off With Firm Time</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1 / 2</b>
<b>ATS10</b>	Execution command has no effect and is included only for backward compatibility with landline modems	

### 3.5.3.7.2 Escape Prompt Delay - S12

<b>S12 - Escape Prompt Delay</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1</b>
<b>ATS12=[&lt;time&gt;]</b>	Set command sets: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1) the minimum period, before receipt of the first character of the three escape character sequence, during which no other character has to be detected in order to accept it as valid first character;</li> <li>2) the maximum period allowed between receipt of first, or second, character of the three escape character sequence and receipt of the next;</li> <li>3) the minimum period, after receipt of the last character of the three escape character sequence, during which no other character has to be detected in order to accept the escape sequence as a valid one.</li> </ol> Parameter: <b>&lt;time&gt;</b> - expressed in fiftieth of a second 20..255 - factory default value is 50.  Note: after <b>CONNECT</b> result code it is possible to accept the first character of the three escape character sequence without having to wait for a minimum period to be passed.	
<b>ATS12?</b>	Read command returns the current value of <b>S12</b> parameter.	
<b>ATS12=?</b>	Test command returns the range for <b>&lt;time&gt;</b> without command echo and parenthesis.	
Note	For either Read and Test command the format of the numbers in output is always 3 digits, left-filled with 0s	



<b>S12 - Escape Prompt Delay</b>		<b>SELINT 2</b>
<b>ATS12=[&lt;time&gt;]</b>	<p>Set command sets:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1) the minimum period, before receipt of the first character of the three escape character sequence, during which no other character has to be detected in order to accept it as valid first character;</li> <li>2) the maximum period allowed between receipt of first or second character of the three escape character sequence and receipt of the next;</li> <li>3) the minimum period, after receipt of the last character of the three escape character sequence, during which no other character has to be detected in order to accept the escape sequence as a valid one.</li> </ol> <p>Parameter: &lt;time&gt; - expressed in fiftieth of a second 20..255 - factory default value is 50.</p> <p>Note: the minimum period <b>S12</b> has to pass after <b>CONNECT</b> result code too, before a received character is accepted as valid first character of the three escape character sequence.</p>	
<b>ATS12?</b>	<p>Read command returns the current value of <b>S12</b> parameter.</p> <p>Note: the format of the numbers in output is always 3 digits, left-filled with 0s</p>	

### 3.5.3.7.3 Delay To DTR Off - S25

<b>S25 - Delay To DTR Off</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1</b>
<b>ATS25=[&lt;time&gt;]</b>	<p>Set command defines the amount of time, in hundredths of second, that the device will ignore the <b>DTR</b> for taking the action specified by command <b>&amp;D</b>.</p> <p>Parameter: &lt;time&gt; - expressed in hundredths of a second 0..255 - factory default value is 5.</p> <p>Note: the delay is effective only if its value is greater than 5.</p>	
<b>ATS25?</b>	Read command returns the current value of <b>S25</b> parameter.	
<b>ATS25=?</b>	<p>Test command returns the range for &lt;time&gt; without command echo and parenthesis.</p> <p>Note: the output depends on the choice made through <b>#SELINT</b> command.</p>	
Note	For either Read and Test command the format of the numbers in output is always 3 digits, left-filled with 0s	

<b>S25 -Delay To DTR Off</b>		<b>SELINT 2</b>
<b>ATS25=[&lt;time&gt;]</b>	Set command defines the amount of time, in hundredths of second, that the device will ignore the <b>DTR</b> for taking the action specified by command <b>&amp;D</b> .	



<b>S25 -Delay To DTR Off</b>		<b>SELINT 2</b>
	Parameter: <b>&lt;time&gt;</b> - expressed in hundredths of a second 0..255 - factory default value is 5.  Note: the delay is effective only if its value is greater than 5.	
<b>ATS25?</b>	Read command returns the current value of <b>S25 parameter</b> .  Note: the format of the numbers in output is always 3 digits, left-filled with 0s	

### 3.5.3.7.4 Disconnect Inactivity Timer - S30

<b>S30 - Disconnect Inactivity Timer</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1</b>
<b>ATS30[=&lt;tout&gt;]</b>	Set command defines the inactivity time-out in minutes. The device disconnects if no characters are exchanged for a time period of at least <b>&lt;tout&gt;</b> minutes.  Parameter: <b>&lt;tout&gt;</b> - expressed in minutes 0 - disabled, disconnection due to inactivity is disabled (factory default). 1..255 - inactivity time-out value.	
<b>ATS30?</b>	Read command returns the current value of <b>S30 parameter</b> .	
<b>ATS30=?</b>	Test command returns the range for <b>&lt;tout&gt;</b> without command echo and parenthesis.  Note: the output depends on the choice made through <b>#SELINT</b> command.	
Note	For either Read and Test command the format of the numbers in output is always 3 digits, left-filled with 0s	

<b>S30 -Disconnect Inactivity Timer</b>		<b>SELINT 2</b>
<b>ATS30=[&lt;tout&gt;]</b>	Set command defines the inactivity time-out in minutes. The device disconnects if no characters are exchanged for a time period of at least <b>&lt;tout&gt;</b> minutes.  Parameter: <b>&lt;tout&gt;</b> - expressed in minutes 0 - disabled, disconnection due to inactivity is disabled (factory default). 1..127 - inactivity time-out value	
<b>ATS30?</b>	Read command returns the current value of <b>S30 parameter</b> .  Note: the format of the numbers in output is always 3 digits, left-filled with 0s	

### 3.5.3.7.5 Delay Before Forced Hang Up - S38

<b>S38 -Delay Before Forced Hang Up</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1</b>
<b>ATS38[=&lt;delay&gt;]</b>	Set command sets the delay, in seconds, between the device's receipt of H	



<b>S38 -Delay Before Forced Hang Up</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1</b>
	<p>command (or <b>ON-to-OFF</b> transition of <b>DTR</b> if device is programmed to follow the signal) and the disconnect operation.</p> <p>Parameter:  <b>&lt;delay&gt;</b> - expressed in seconds            0..254 - the device will wait <b>&lt;delay&gt;</b> seconds for the remote device to acknowledge all data in the device buffer before disconnecting (factory default value is 20).            255 - the device doesn't time-out and continues to deliver data in the buffer until the connection is lost or the data is delivered.</p> <p>Note: <b>&lt;delay&gt;</b> parameter can be used to ensure that data in device buffer is sent before device disconnects.</p>	
<b>ATS38?</b>	Read command returns the current value of <b>S38</b> parameter.	
<b>ATS38=?</b>	Test command returns the range of supported values for <b>&lt;delay&gt;</b> without command echo and parenthesis.	
Note	For either Read and Test command the format of the numbers in output is always 3 digits, left-filled with 0s	

<b>S38 -Delay Before Forced Hang Up</b>		<b>SELINT 2</b>
<b>ATS38=[&lt;delay&gt;]</b>	<p>Set command sets the delay, in seconds, between the device's receipt of <b>H</b> command (or <b>ON-to-OFF</b> transition of <b>DTR</b>) and the disconnect operation.</p> <p>Parameter:  <b>&lt;delay&gt;</b> - acknowledge timer in units of seconds            0..254 - the device will wait <b>&lt;delay&gt;</b> seconds for the remote device to acknowledge all data in the device buffer before disconnecting (factory default value is 20).            255 - the device doesn't time-out and continues to attempt to deliver data in the buffer until the connection is lost or the data is delivered.</p> <p>Note: <b>&lt;delay&gt;</b> parameter can be used to ensure that data in device buffer is sent before device disconnects.</p>	
<b>ATS38?</b>	<p>Read command returns the current value of <b>S38</b> parameter.</p> <p>Note: the format of the numbers in output is always 3 digits, left-filled with 0s</p>	



### 3.5.4 ETSI GSM 07.07 AT Commands

#### 3.5.4.1 General

##### 3.5.4.1.1 Request Manufacturer Identification - +CGMI

<b>+CGMI - Request Manufacturer Identification</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1</b>
<b>AT+CGMI</b>	Execution command returns the device manufacturer identification code without command echo. The output depends on the choice made through #SELINT command.	
<b>AT+CGMI?</b>	Read command has the same behaviour as Execution command	
Reference	GSM 07.07	

<b>+CGMI - Request Manufacturer Identification</b>		<b>SELINT 2</b>
<b>AT+CGMI</b>	Execution command returns the device manufacturer identification code without command echo. The output depends on the choice made through #SELINT command.	
<b>AT+CGMI=?</b>	Test command returns <b>OK</b> result code.	
Reference	GSM 07.07	

##### 3.5.4.1.2 Request Model Identification - +CGMM

<b>+CGMM - Request Model Identification</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1</b>
<b>AT+CGMM</b>	Execution command returns the device model identification code without command echo.	
Reference	GSM 07.07	

<b>+CGMM - Request Model Identification</b>		<b>SELINT 2</b>
<b>AT+CGMM</b>	Execution command returns the device model identification code without command echo.	
<b>AT+CGMM=?</b>	Test command returns <b>OK</b> result code.	
Reference	GSM 07.07	

##### 3.5.4.1.3 Request Revision Identification - +CGMR

<b>+CGMR - Request Revision Identification</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1</b>
<b>AT+CGMR</b>	Execution command returns device software revision number without command echo.	
<b>AT+CGMR?</b>	Read command has the same behaviour as Execution command	
Reference	GSM 07.07	

<b>+CGMR - Request Revision Identification</b>		<b>SELINT 2</b>
<b>AT+CGMR</b>	Execution command returns device software revision number without command echo.	
<b>AT+CGMR=?</b>	Test command returns <b>OK</b> result code.	









<b>+CMUX - Multiplexing Mode</b>		<b>SELINT 2</b>
	starts. If no CMUX control channel is established before this inactivity timer expires the engine returns to <b>AT Command Mode</b>	
	Note: all the CMUX protocol parameter are fixed as defined in GSM07.10 and cannot be changed.	
	Note: the maximum frame size is fixed: <b>N1=128</b>	
<b>AT+CMUX?</b>	Read command returns the current value of <b>&lt;mode&gt;</b> and <b>&lt;subset&gt;</b> parameters, in the format:  <b>+CMUX: &lt;mode&gt;, &lt;subset&gt;</b>	
<b>AT+CMUX=?</b>	Test command returns the range of supported values for parameters <b>&lt;mode&gt;</b> and <b>&lt;subset&gt;</b> .	
Reference	GSM 07.07, GSM 07.10	

### 3.5.4.1.8 PCCA STD-101 Select Wireless Network - +WS46

<b>+WS46 - PCCA STD-101 Select Wireless Network</b>		<b>SELINT 2</b>
<b>AT+WS46=&lt;n&gt;</b>	Set command selects the cellular network (Wireless Data Service, WDS) to operate with the <b>TA</b> (WDS-Side Stack Selection).  Parameter: <b>&lt;n&gt;</b> - integer type, it is the WDS-Side Stack to be used by the <b>TA</b> . 12 - GSM digital cellular	
<b>AT+WS46?</b>	Read command reports the currently selected cellular network, in the format:  <b>+ WS46: &lt;n&gt;</b>	
<b>AT+WS46=?</b>	Test command reports the range for the parameter <b>&lt;n&gt;</b> .	
Reference	GSM 07.07	

## 3.5.4.2 Call Control

### 3.5.4.2.1 Hang Up Call - +CHUP

<b>+CHUP - Hang Up Call</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1 / 2</b>
<b>AT+CHUP</b>	Execution command cancels all active and held calls, also if a multi-party session is running.	
<b>AT+CHUP=?</b>	Test command returns the <b>OK</b> result code	
Reference	GSM 07.07	

### 3.5.4.2.2 Select Bearer Service Type - +CBST

<b>+CBST - Select Bearer Service Type</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1</b>
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<b>+CBST - Select Bearer Service Type</b>		<b>SELINT 2</b>
<p>[&lt;speed&gt; [,&lt;name&gt; [,&lt;ce&gt;]]]</p>	<p>the connection element &lt;ce&gt; to be used when data calls are originated. This setting is also used during mobile terminated data call setup, in case of single numbering scheme calls (refer +CSNS).</p> <p>Parameters:  <b>&lt;speed&gt;</b> - data rate            0 - autobauding (automatic selection of the speed, factory default)            1 - 300 bps (V.21)            2 - 1200 bps (V.22)            3 - 1200/75 bps (V.23)            4 - 2400 bps (V.22bis)            6 - 4800 bps (V.32)            7 - 9600 bps (V.32)            14 - 14400 bps (V.34)            65 - 300 bps (V.110)            66 - 1200 bps (V.110)            68 - 2400 bps (V.110 or X.31 flag stuffing)            70 - 4800 bps (V.110 or X.31 flag stuffing)            71 - 9600 bps (V.110 or X.31 flag stuffing)            75 - 14400 bps (V110 or X.31 flag stuffing)  <b>&lt;name&gt;</b> - bearer service name            0 - data circuit asynchronous (factory default)  <b>&lt;ce&gt;</b> - connection element            0 - transparent            1 - non transparent (default)</p> <p>Note: the settings  <b>AT+CBST=0,0,0</b>  <b>AT+CBST=14,0,0</b>  <b>AT+CBST=75,0,0</b>            are not supported.</p> <p>Note: the following settings are recommended  <b>AT+CBST=71,0,1</b> for mobile-to-mobile calls  <b>AT+CBST=7,0,1</b> for mobile-to-fix calls</p>	
<b>AT+CBST?</b>	Read command returns current value of the parameters <speed>, <name> and <ce>	
<b>AT+CBST=?</b>	Test command returns the supported range of values for the parameters.	
Reference	GSM 07.07	

### 3.5.4.2.3 Radio Link Protocol - +CRLP

<b>+CRLP - Radio Link Protocol</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1 / 2</b>
<p><b>AT+CRLP=[&lt;iws&gt; [,&lt;mws&gt;[,&lt;T1&gt; [,&lt;N2&gt;[,&lt;ver&gt;]]]]]</b></p>	<p>Set command sets Radio Link Protocol (RLP) parameters used when non-transparent data calls are originated</p>	





<b>+CRLP - Radio Link Protocol</b>	<b>SELINT 0 / 1 / 2</b>
	Parameters: <b>&lt;iws&gt;</b> - IWF window Dimension 1..61 - factory default value is 61  <b>&lt;mws&gt;</b> - MS window Dimension 1..61 - default value is 61  <b>&lt;T1&gt;</b> - acknowledge timer (10 ms units). 39..255 - default value is 78  <b>&lt;N2&gt;</b> - retransmission attempts 1..255 - default value is 6  <b>&lt;ver&gt;</b> - protocol version 0
<b>AT+CRLP?</b>	Read command returns the current value of the RLP protocol parameters.
<b>AT+CRLP=?</b>	Test command returns supported range of values of the RLP protocol parameters.
Reference	GSM 07.07

### 3.5.4.2.4 Service Reporting Control - +CR

<b>+CR - Service Reporting Control</b>	<b>SELINT 0 / 1 / 2</b>
<b>AT+CR=[&lt;mode&gt;]</b>	Set command controls whether or not intermediate result code <b>+CR</b> is returned from <b>TA</b> to <b>TE</b> .  Parameter: <b>&lt;mode&gt;</b> 0 - disables <b>+CR</b> reporting (factory default) 1 - enables <b>+CR</b> reporting: the intermediate result code is transmitted at the point during connect negotiation at which the <b>TA</b> has determined which speed and quality of service will be used, before any error control or data compression reports are transmitted, and before the intermediate result code <b>CONNECT</b> is transmitted. Its format is:  <b>+CR: &lt;serv&gt;</b>  where: <b>&lt;serv&gt;</b> ASYNC - asynchronous transparent SYNC - synchronous transparent REL ASYNC - asynchronous non-transparent REL SYNC - synchronous non-transparent.  Note: this command replaces V.25ter [14] command Modulation Reporting Control ( <b>+MR</b> ), which is not appropriate for use with a GSM terminal.
<b>AT+CR?</b>	Read command returns whether or not intermediate result code <b>+CR</b> is



<b>+CR - Service Reporting Control</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1 / 2</b>
	enabled, in the format:	
	<b>+CR: &lt;mode&gt;</b>	
<b>AT+CR=?</b>	Test command returns the supported range of values of parameter <mode>.	
Reference	GSM 07.07	

### 3.5.4.2.5 Extended Error Report - +CEER

<b>+CEER - Extended Error Report</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1</b>
<b>AT+CEER</b>	Execution command returns one or more lines of information text <report> offering the TA user an extended error report, in the format:  <b>+CEER: &lt;report&gt;</b>  This report regards some error condition that may occur: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>the failure in the last unsuccessful call setup (originating or answering)</li> <li>the last call release</li> <li>the last unsuccessful GPRS attach or unsuccessful PDP context activation,</li> <li>the last GPRS detach or PDP context deactivation.</li> </ul> <p>Note: if none of the previous conditions has occurred since power up then <b>"No error"</b> condition is reported</p>	
<b>AT+CEER?</b>	Read command reports a information text regarding some error condition that may occur	
<b>AT+CEER=?</b>	Test command returns <b>OK</b> result code.	
Reference	GSM 07.07, GSM 04.08	

<b>+CEER - Extended Error Report</b>		<b>SELINT 2</b>
<b>AT+CEER</b>	Execution command returns one or more lines of information text <report> offering the TA user an extended error report, in the format:  <b>+CEER: &lt;report&gt;</b>  This report regards some error condition that may occur: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>the failure in the last unsuccessful call setup (originating or answering)</li> <li>the last call release</li> <li>the last unsuccessful GPRS attach or unsuccessful PDP context activation,</li> <li>the last GPRS detach or PDP context deactivation.</li> </ul> <p>Note: if none of the previous conditions has occurred since power up then <b>"Normal, unspecified"</b> condition is reported</p>	



<b>+CEER - Extended Error Report</b>		<b>SELINT 2</b>
<b>AT+CEER=?</b>	Test command returns <b>OK</b> result code.	
Reference	GSM 07.07, GSM 04.08	

### 3.5.4.2.6 Cellular Result Codes - +CRC

<b>+CRC - Cellular Result Codes</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1</b>
<b>AT+CRC=&lt;mode&gt;</b>	<p>Set command controls whether or not the extended format of incoming call indication is used.</p> <p>Parameter: <b>&lt;mode&gt;</b> 0 - disables extended format reporting (factory default) 1 - enables extended format reporting</p> <p>When enabled, an incoming call is indicated to the <b>TE</b> with unsolicited result code:</p> <p><b>+CRING:&lt;type&gt;</b></p> <p>instead of the normal <b>RING</b>.</p> <p>where <b>&lt;type&gt;</b> - call type: DATA FAX - facsimile (TS 62) VOICE - normal voice (TS 11)</p>	
<b>AT+CRC?</b>	Read command returns current value of the parameter <b>&lt;mode&gt;</b> .	
<b>AT+CRC=?</b>	Test command returns supported values of the parameter <b>&lt;mode&gt;</b> .	
Reference	GSM 07.07	

<b>+CRC - Cellular Result Codes</b>		<b>SELINT 2</b>
<b>AT+CRC=[&lt;mode&gt;]</b>	<p>Set command controls whether or not the extended format of incoming call indication is used.</p> <p>Parameter: <b>&lt;mode&gt;</b> 0 - disables extended format reporting (factory default) 1 - enables extended format reporting:</p> <p>When enabled, an incoming call is indicated to the <b>TE</b> with unsolicited result code</p> <p><b>+CRING: &lt;type&gt;</b></p> <p>instead of the normal <b>RING</b>.</p>	



<b>+CRC - Cellular Result Codes</b>		<b>SELINT 2</b>
	where <b>&lt;type&gt;</b> - call type: ASYNC - asynchronous transparent data SYNC - synchronous transparent data REL ASYNC - asynchronous non-transparent data REL SYNC - synchronous non-transparent data FAX - facsimile (TS 62) VOICE - normal voice (TS 11)	
<b>AT+CRC?</b>	Read command returns current value of the parameter <b>&lt;mode&gt;</b> .	
<b>AT+CRC=?</b>	Test command returns supported values of the parameter <b>&lt;mode&gt;</b> .	
Reference	GSM 07.07	

### 3.5.4.2.7 Single Numbering Scheme - +CSNS

<b>+CSNS - Single Numbering Scheme</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1 / 2</b>
<b>AT+CSNS=[&lt;mode&gt;]</b>	Set command selects the bearer to be used when mobile terminated single numbering scheme call is established. Parameter values set with <b>+CBST</b> command shall be used when <b>&lt;mode&gt;</b> equals to a data service.  Parameter: <b>&lt;mode&gt;</b> 0 - voice (factory default) 2 - fax (TS 62) 4 - data  Note: if <b>+CBST</b> parameter is set to a value that is not applicable to single numbering calls, ME/TA shall map the value to the closest valid one. E.g. if user has set <b>&lt;speed&gt;=71</b> , <b>&lt;name&gt;=0</b> and <b>&lt;ce&gt;=1</b> (non-transparent asynchronous 9600 bps V.110 ISDN connection) for mobile originated calls, ME/TA shall map the values into non-transparent asynchronous 9600 bps V.32 modem connection when single numbering scheme call is answered.	
<b>AT+CSNS?</b>	Read command returns current value of the parameter <b>&lt;mode&gt;</b> .	
<b>AT+CSNS=?</b>	Test command returns supported values of parameter <b>&lt;mode&gt;</b> .	
Reference	GSM 07.07	

### 3.5.4.2.8 Voice Hang Up Control - +CVHU

<b>+CVHU - Voice Hang Up Control</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1</b>
<b>AT+CVHU=[&lt;mode&gt;]</b>	Set command selects whether <b>ATH</b> or "drop DTR" shall cause a voice connection to be disconnected or not.  Parameter: <b>&lt;mode&gt;</b> 0 - "Drop DTR" ignored but <b>OK</b> result code given. <b>ATH</b> disconnects. 1 - "Drop DTR" and <b>ATH</b> ignored but <b>OK</b> result code given. 2 - "Drop DTR" behaviour according to <b>&amp;D</b> setting. <b>ATH</b> disconnects	



<b>+CVHU - Voice Hang Up Control</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1</b>
	(factory default).	
	Note: if parameter <b>&lt;mode&gt;</b> is omitted the behaviour of Set command is the same as Read command.	
<b>AT+CVHU?</b>	Read command reports the current value of the <b>&lt;mode&gt;</b> parameter, <b>+CVHU: &lt;mode&gt;</b>	
<b>AT+CVHU=?</b>	Test command reports the range of supported values for parameter <b>&lt;mode&gt;</b>	

<b>+CVHU - Voice Hang Up Control</b>		<b>SELINT 2</b>
<b>AT+CVHU= [&lt;mode&gt;]</b>	Set command selects whether <b>ATH</b> or " <b>drop DTR</b> " shall cause a voice connection to be disconnected or not.  Parameter: <b>&lt;mode&gt;</b> 0 - " <b>Drop DTR</b> " ignored but <b>OK</b> result code given. <b>ATH</b> disconnects. 1 - " <b>Drop DTR</b> " and <b>ATH</b> ignored but <b>OK</b> result code given. 2 - " <b>Drop DTR</b> " behaviour according to <b>&amp;D</b> setting. <b>ATH</b> disconnects (factory default).	
<b>AT+CVHU?</b>	Read command reports the current value of the <b>&lt;mode&gt;</b> parameter, in the format:  <b>+CVHU: &lt;mode&gt;</b>	
<b>AT+CVHU=?</b>	Test command reports the range of supported values for parameter <b>&lt;mode&gt;</b>	

### 3.5.4.3 Network Service Handling

#### 3.5.4.3.1 Subscriber Number - **+CNUM**

<b>+CNUM - Subscriber Number</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1</b>
<b>AT+CNUM</b>	Execution command returns the MSISDN (if the phone number of the device has been stored in the SIM card) in the format:  <b>+CNUM: &lt;number&gt;,&lt;type&gt;</b>  where <b>&lt;number&gt;</b> - string containing the phone number in the format <b>&lt;type&gt;</b> <b>&lt;type&gt;</b> - type of number: 129 - national numbering scheme 145 - international numbering scheme (contains the character "+").	
Reference	GSM 07.07	

<b>+CNUM - Subscriber Number</b>		<b>SELINT 2</b>
<b>AT+CNUM</b>		
	If the ENS functionality has not been	







<b>+COPN - Read Operator Names</b>		<b>SELINT 2</b>
<b>AT+COPN</b>	<p>Execution command returns the list of operator names from the <b>ME</b> in the format:</p> <p><b>+COPN: &lt;numeric1&gt;,&lt;alpha1&gt;[&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;</b> <b>+COPN: &lt;numeric2&gt;,&lt;alpha2&gt;[...]]</b></p> <p>where:</p> <p><b>&lt;numericn&gt;</b> - string type, operator in numeric format (see <b>+COPS</b>) <b>&lt;alphan&gt;</b> - string type, operator in long alphanumeric format (see <b>+COPS</b>)</p> <p>Note: each operator code <b>&lt;numericn&gt;</b> that has an alphanumeric equivalent <b>&lt;alphan&gt;</b> in the ME memory is returned</p>	
<b>AT+COPN=?</b>	Test command returns the <b>OK</b> result code	
Reference	GSM 07.07	

### 3.5.4.3.3 Network Registration Report - +CREG

<b>+CREG - Network Registration Report</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1</b>
<b>AT+CREG[=&lt;mode&gt;]]</b>	<p>Set command enables/disables network registration reports depending on the parameter <b>&lt;mode&gt;</b>.</p> <p>Parameter:</p> <p><b>&lt;mode&gt;</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0 - disable network registration unsolicited result code (factory default)</li> <li>1 - enable network registration unsolicited result code</li> <li>2 - enable network registration unsolicited result code with network Cell identification data</li> </ul> <p>If <b>&lt;mode&gt;=1</b>, network registration result code reports:</p> <p><b>+CREG: &lt;stat&gt;</b></p> <p>where</p> <p><b>&lt;stat&gt;</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0 - not registered, ME is not currently searching a new operator to register to</li> <li>1 - registered, home network</li> <li>2 - not registered, but ME is currently searching a new operator to register to</li> <li>3 - registration denied</li> <li>4 - unknown</li> <li>5 - registered, roaming</li> </ul> <p>If <b>&lt;mode&gt;=2</b>, network registration result code reports:</p> <p><b>+CREG: &lt;stat&gt;[,&lt;Lac&gt;,&lt;Ci&gt;]</b></p> <p>where:</p>	



<b>+CREG - Network Registration Report</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1</b>
	<p>&lt;Lac&gt; - Local Area Code for the currently registered on cell &lt;Ci&gt; - Cell Id for the currently registered on cell</p> <p>Note: &lt;Lac&gt; and &lt;Ci&gt; are reported only if &lt;mode&gt;=2 and the mobile is registered on some network cell.</p> <p>Note: issuing <b>AT+CREG&lt;CR&gt;</b> is the same as issuing the Read command.</p> <p>Note: issuing <b>AT+CREG=&lt;CR&gt;</b> is the same as issuing the command <b>AT+CREG=0&lt;CR&gt;</b>.</p>	
<b>AT+CREG?</b>	<p>Read command reports the &lt;mode&gt; and &lt;stat&gt; parameter values in the format:</p> <p><b>+CREG: &lt;mode&gt;,&lt;stat&gt;[,&lt;Lac&gt;,&lt;Ci&gt;]</b></p> <p>Note: &lt;Lac&gt; and &lt;Ci&gt; are reported only if &lt;mode&gt;=2 and the mobile is registered on some network cell.</p>	
<b>AT+CREG=?</b>	Test command returns the range of supported <mode>	
Example	<pre>AT OK at+creg? +CREG: 0,2  OK (the MODULE is in network searching state) at+creg? +CREG: 0,2  OK at+creg? +CREG: 0,2  OK at+creg? +CREG: 0,2  OK at+creg? +CREG: 0,1  OK (the MODULE is registered ) at+creg? +CREG: 0,1  OK</pre>	
Reference	GSM 07.07	

<b>+CREG - Network Registration Report</b>		<b>SELINT 2</b>
<b>AT+CREG=</b>	Set command enables/disables network registration reports depending on	





+CREG - Network Registration Report		SELINT 2
	<p>(the MODULE is in network searching state)</p> <pre>at+creg? +CREG: 0,2  OK at+creg? +CREG: 0,2  OK at+creg? +CREG: 0,2  OK at+creg? +CREG: 0,1  OK (the MODULE is registered) at+creg? +CREG: 0,1  OK</pre>	
Reference	GSM 07.07	
Note	<p>There are situations in which the presentation of the <b>URC</b> controlled by <b>+CREG</b> is slightly different from ETSI specifications: e.g. it is possible to have an excessive presentation of the <b>URC +CREG: 4</b>. We identified this behaviour and decided to maintain it as default for backward compatibility issues. It is indeed possible to avoid it simply issuing <b>AT#REGMODE=1</b> (see <b>#REGMODE</b>): this puts the <b>Operation Mode of Registration Status Commands</b> in '<b>Enhanced Registration Operation Mode</b>' which is more formal.</p>	

### 3.5.4.3.4 Operator Selection - +COPS

+COPS - Operator Selection		SELINT 0 / 1
<b>AT+COPS[= &lt;mode&gt; [,&lt;format&gt; [,&lt;oper&gt;]]]</b>	<p>Set command forces an attempt to select and register the GSM network operator.</p> <p><b>&lt;mode&gt;</b> parameter defines whether the operator selection is done automatically or it is forced by this command to operator <b>&lt;oper&gt;</b>. The operator <b>&lt;oper&gt;</b> shall be given in format <b>&lt;format&gt;</b>.</p> <p>The behaviour of <b>+COPS</b> command depends on the last <b>#COPSMODE</b> setting.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>(#COPSMODE=0)</b></p> <p>Parameters: <b>&lt;mode&gt;</b> 0 - automatic choice (the parameter <b>&lt;oper&gt;</b> will be ignored) (factory</p>	







<b>+COPS - Operator Selection</b>	<b>SELINT 0 / 1</b>
	<p>Note: issuing <b>AT+COPS&lt;CR&gt;</b> is the same as issuing the Read command.</p> <p>Note: issuing <b>AT+COPS=&lt;CR&gt;</b> is the same as issuing the command <b>AT+COPS=0&lt;CR&gt;</b>.</p>
<b>AT+COPS?</b>	<p>Read command returns current value of <b>&lt;mode&gt;</b>,<b>&lt;format&gt;</b> and <b>&lt;oper&gt;</b> in format <b>&lt;format&gt;</b>; if no operator is selected, <b>&lt;format&gt;</b> and <b>&lt;oper&gt;</b> are omitted</p> <p><b>+COPS: &lt;mode&gt;[, &lt;format&gt;, &lt;oper&gt;]</b></p>
<b>AT+COPS=?</b>	<p>Test command returns a list of quadruplets, each representing an operator present in the network.</p> <p>The behaviour of Test command depends on the last <b>#COPSMODE</b> setting.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>(#COPSMODE=0)</b></p> <p>The command outputs as many rows as the number of quadruplets, each of them in the format:</p> <p><b>+COPS: (&lt;stat&gt; ,&lt;oper (in &lt;format&gt;=0)&gt; ,"" ,&lt;oper (in &lt;format&gt;=2)&gt;)</b></p> <p>where  <b>&lt;stat&gt;</b> - operator availability            0 - unknown            1 - available            2 - current            3 - forbidden</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>(#COPSMODE=1)</b></p> <p>The quadruplets in the list are separated by commas:</p> <p><b>+COPS: [list of supported (&lt;stat&gt; ,&lt;oper (in &lt;format&gt;=0)&gt; ,&lt;oper (in &lt;format&gt;=2)&gt; )s][, ,(list of supported &lt;mode&gt;s), (list of supported&lt;format&gt;s)]</b></p> <p>where  <b>&lt;stat&gt;</b> - operator availability            0 - unknown            1 - available            2 - current            3 - forbidden</p> <p>Note: since with this command a network scan is done, this command may require some seconds before the output is given.</p> <p>Note: The value of parameter <b>&lt;oper&gt;</b> (in <b>&lt;format&gt;=0</b>) is the same as the</p>





+COPS - Operator Selection		SELINT 0 / 1
	1 - available 2 - current 3 - forbidden  Note: since with this command a network scan is done, this command may require some seconds before the output is given.	
Reference	GSM 07.07	

### 3.5.4.3.5 Facility Lock/Unlock - +CLCK

+CLCK - Facility Lock/Unlock		SELINT 0 / 1
<b>AT+CLCK=</b> <b>&lt;fac&gt;,&lt;mode&gt;</b> <b>[,&lt;passwd&gt;</b> <b>[,&lt;class&gt;]]</b>	<p>Execution command is used to lock or unlock a <b>ME</b> o a network facility.</p> <p>Parameters:</p> <p><b>&lt;fac&gt;</b> - facility            "SC" - SIM (PIN request) (device asks SIM password at power-up and when this lock command issued)            "AO"- BAOB (Barr All Outgoing Calls)            "OI" - BOIC (Barr Outgoing International Calls)            "OX" - BOIC-exHC (Barr Outgoing International Calls except to Home Country)            "AI" - BAIC (Barr All Incoming Calls)            "IR" - BIC-Roam (Barr Incoming Calls when Roaming outside the home country)            "AB" - All Barring services (applicable only for <b>&lt;mode&gt;=0</b>)            "AG" - All outGoing barring services (applicable only for <b>&lt;mode&gt;=0</b>)            "AC" - All inComing barring services (applicable only for <b>&lt;mode&gt;=0</b>)            "FD" - SIM fixed dialling memory feature (if PIN2 authentication has not been done during the current session, PIN2 is required as <b>&lt;passwd&gt;</b>)            "PN" - network Personalisation            "PU" - network subset Personalisation</p> <p><b>&lt;mode&gt;</b> - defines the operation to be done on the facility            0 - unlock facility            1 - lock facility            2 - query status</p> <p><b>&lt;passwd&gt;</b> - shall be the same as password specified for the facility from the <b>DTE</b> user interface or with command Change Password <b>+CPWD</b></p> <p><b>&lt;class&gt;</b> - sum of integers each representing a class of information (default is 7)            1- voice (telephony)            2 - data (refers to all bearer services)            4 - fax (facsimile services)</p>	



<b>+CLCK - Facility Lock/Unlock</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1</b>
	<p>8 - short message service 16 - data circuit sync 32 - data circuit async 64 - dedicated packet access 128 - dedicated PAD access</p> <p>Note: when <b>&lt;mode&gt;=2</b> and command successful, it returns:</p> <p><b>+CLCK: &lt;status&gt;</b></p> <p>where <b>&lt;status&gt;</b> - current status of the facility 0 - not active 1 - active</p>	
<b>AT+CLCK=?</b>	Test command reports all the facility supported by the device.	
Reference	GSM 07.07	
Note	The improving command <b>@CLCK</b> has been defined.	

<b>+CLCK - Facility Lock/Unlock</b>		<b>SELINT 2</b>
<p><b>AT+CLCK= &lt;fac&gt;,&lt;mode&gt; [,&lt;passwd&gt; [,&lt;class&gt;]]</b></p>	<p>Execution command is used to lock or unlock a <b>ME</b> o a network facility.</p> <p>Parameters: <b>&lt;fac&gt;</b> - facility "PS" - PH-SIM (lock PHone to SIM card) MT asks password when other than current SIM card inserted; MT may remember certain amount of previously used cards thus not requiring password when they are inserted "PF" - lock PHone to the very First inserted SIM card (MT asks password when other than the first SIM card is inserted) "SC" - SIM (PIN request) (device asks SIM password at power-up and when this lock command issued) "AO"- BAOC (Barr All Outgoing Calls) "OI" - BOIC (Barr Outgoing International Calls) "OX" - BOIC-exHC (Barr Outgoing International Calls except to Home Country) "AI" - BAIC (Barr All Incoming Calls) "IR" - BIC-Roam (Barr Incoming Calls when Roaming outside the home country) "AB" - All Barring services (applicable only for <b>&lt;mode&gt;=0</b>) "AG" - All outGoing barring services (applicable only for <b>&lt;mode&gt;=0</b>) "AC" - All inComing barring services (applicable only for <b>&lt;mode&gt;=0</b>) "FD" - SIM fixed dialling memory feature (if PIN2 authentication has not been done during the current session, PIN2 is required as <b>&lt;passwd&gt;</b>) "PN" - network Personalisation "PU" - network subset Personalisation "PP" - service Provider Personalization "PC" - Corporate Personalization</p>	





<b>+CLCK - Facility Lock/Unlock</b>	<b>SELINT 2</b>
	<p><b>&lt;mode&gt;</b> - defines the operation to be done on the facility            0 - unlock facility            1 - lock facility            2 - query status</p> <p><b>&lt;passwd&gt;</b> - shall be the same as password specified for the facility from the DTE user interface or with command Change Password <b>+CPWD</b></p> <p><b>&lt;class&gt;</b> - sum of integers each representing a class of information (default is 7)            1 - voice (telephony)            2 - data (refers to all bearer services)            4 - fax (facsimile services)            8 - short message service            16 - data circuit sync            32 - data circuit async            64 - dedicated packet access            128 - dedicated PAD access</p> <p>Note: when <b>&lt;mode&gt;=2</b> and command successful, it returns:  <b>+CLCK: &lt;status&gt;[,&lt;class1&gt;[&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;+CLCK: &lt;status&gt;,&lt;class2&gt;[...]]</b></p> <p>where  <b>&lt;status&gt;</b> - the current status of the facility            0 - not active            1 - active  <b>&lt;classn&gt;</b> - class of information of the facility</p>
<b>AT+CLCK=?</b>	Test command reports all the facilities supported by the device.
Reference	GSM 07.07
Example	<p><i>Querying such a facility returns an output on three rows, the first for voice, the second for data, the third for fax:</i></p> <pre>AT+CLCK="AO",2 +CLCK: &lt;status&gt;,1 +CLCK: &lt;status&gt;,2 +CLCK: &lt;status&gt;,4</pre>

### 3.5.4.3.6 Facility Improved Lock/Unlock - @CLCK

<b>@CLCK - Facility Improved Lock/Unlock</b>	<b>SELINT 0 / 1</b>
<b>AT@CLCK=</b> <b>&lt;fac&gt;,&lt;mode&gt;</b> <b>[,&lt;passwd&gt;</b> <b>[,&lt;class&gt;]]</b>	<p>Execution command is used to lock or unlock a <b>ME</b> o a network facility.</p> <p>Parameters:  <b>&lt;fac&gt;</b> - facility            "SC" - SIM (PIN request) (device asks SIM password at power-up and when this lock command issued)</p>









<b>+CLIP - Calling Line Identification Presentation</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1</b>
	<p><b>&lt;CLI_validity&gt;</b>            0 - CLI valid            1 - CLI has been withheld by the originator.            2 - CLI is not available due to interworking problems or limitation or originating network.</p> <p>Note: in the <b>+CLIP:</b> response they are currently not reported either the <b>subaddress</b> information (it's always "" after the 2<sup>nd</sup> comma) and the <b>subaddress type</b> information (it's always <b>128</b> after the 3<sup>rd</sup> comma)</p> <p>Note: issuing <b>AT+CLIP&lt;CR&gt;</b> is the same as issuing the Read command.</p> <p>Note: issuing <b>AT+CLIP=&lt;CR&gt;</b> is the same as issuing the command <b>AT+CLIP=0&lt;CR&gt;</b>.</p>	
<b>AT+CLIP?</b>	<p>Read command returns the presentation status of the CLI in the format:</p> <p><b>+CLIP: &lt;n&gt;,&lt;m&gt;</b></p> <p>where:  <b>&lt;n&gt;</b>            0 - CLI presentation disabled            1 - CLI presentation enabled</p> <p><b>&lt;m&gt;</b> - status of the CLIP service on the GSM network            0 - CLIP not provisioned            1 - CLIP provisioned            2 - unknown (e.g. no network is present )</p> <p>Note: This command issues a status request to the network, hence it may take a few seconds to give the answer due to the time needed to exchange data with it.</p>	
<b>AT+CLIP=?</b>	Test command returns the supported values of the parameter <b>&lt;n&gt;</b>	
Reference	GSM 07.07	
Note	The command changes only the report behaviour of the device, it does not change CLI supplementary service setting on the network.	

<b>+CLIP - Calling Line Identification Presentation</b>		<b>SELINT 2</b>
<b>AT+CLIP=[&lt;n&gt;]</b>	<p>Set command enables/disables the presentation of the CLI (Calling Line Identity) at the <b>TE</b>. This command refers to the GSM supplementary service CLIP (Calling Line Identification Presentation) that enables a called subscriber to get the CLI of the calling party when receiving a mobile terminated call.</p> <p>Parameters:  <b>&lt;n&gt;</b></p>	





<b>+CLIP - Calling Line Identification Presentation</b>	<b>SELINT 2</b>
	<p>0 - disables CLI indication (factory default) 1 - enables CLI indication</p> <p>If enabled the device reports after each RING the response:</p> <p><b>+CLIP: &lt;number&gt;,&lt;type&gt;,"",128,&lt;alpha&gt;,&lt;CLI_validity&gt;</b></p> <p>where:</p> <p><b>&lt;number&gt;</b> - string type phone number of format specified by <b>&lt;type&gt;</b>  <b>&lt;type&gt;</b> - type of address octet in integer format            128 - both the type of number and the numbering plan are unknown            129 - unknown type of number and ISDN/Telephony numbering plan            145 - international type of number and ISDN/Telephony numbering plan (contains the character "+")  <b>&lt;alpha&gt;</b> - string type; alphanumeric representation of <b>&lt;number&gt;</b> corresponding to the entry found in phonebook; used character set should be the one selected with command Select <b>TE</b> character set <b>+CSCS</b>.  <b>&lt;CLI_validity&gt;</b>            0 - CLI valid            1 - CLI has been withheld by the originator.            2 - CLI is not available due to interworking problems or limitation or originating network.</p> <p>Note: in the <b>+CLIP:</b> response they are currently not reported either the <b>subaddress</b> information (it's always "" after the 2<sup>nd</sup> comma) and the <b>subaddress type</b> information (it's always 128 after the 3<sup>rd</sup> comma)</p>
<b>AT+CLIP?</b>	<p>Read command returns the presentation status of the CLI in the format:</p> <p><b>+CLIP: &lt;n&gt;,&lt;m&gt;</b></p> <p>where:</p> <p><b>&lt;n&gt;</b>            0 - CLI presentation disabled            1 - CLI presentation enabled  <b>&lt;m&gt;</b> - status of the CLIP service on the GSM network            0 - CLIP not provisioned            1 - CLIP provisioned            2 - unknown (e.g. no network is present )</p> <p>Note: This command issues a status request to the network, hence it may take a few seconds to give the answer due to the time needed to exchange data with it.</p>
<b>AT+CLIP=?</b>	Test command returns the supported values of parameter <b>&lt;n&gt;</b>
Reference	GSM 07.07
Note	The command changes only the report behaviour of the device, it does not change CLI supplementary service setting on the network.



### 3.5.4.3.9 Calling Line Identification Restriction - +CLIR

<b>+CLIR - Calling Line Identification Restriction</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1</b>
<b>AT+CLIR=[&lt;n&gt;]]</b>	<p>Set command overrides the CLIR subscription when temporary mode is provisioned as a default adjustment for all following outgoing calls. This adjustment can be revoked by using the opposite command.</p> <p>This command refers to CLIR-service (GSM 02.81) that allows a calling subscriber to enable or disable the presentation of the CLI to the called party when originating a call.</p> <p>Parameter:  <b>&lt;n&gt;</b> - facility status on the Mobile            0 - CLIR facility according to CLIR service network status            1 - CLIR facility active (CLI not sent)            2 - CLIR facility not active (CLI sent)</p> <p>Note: issuing <b>AT+CLIR&lt;CR&gt;</b> is the same as issuing the Read command.</p> <p>Note: issuing <b>AT+CLIR=&lt;CR&gt;</b> is the same as issuing the command <b>AT+CLIR=0&lt;CR&gt;</b>.</p>	
<b>AT+CLIR?</b>	<p>Read command gives the default adjustment for all outgoing calls (<b>&lt;n&gt;</b>) and also triggers an interrogation of the provision status of the CLIR service (<b>&lt;m&gt;</b>), where</p> <p><b>&lt;n&gt;</b> - facility status on the Mobile            0 - CLIR facility according to CLIR service network status            1 - CLIR facility active (CLI not sent)            2 - CLIR facility not active (CLI sent)</p> <p><b>&lt;m&gt;</b> - facility status on the Network            0 - CLIR service not provisioned            1 - CLIR service provisioned permanently            2 - unknown (e.g. no network present, etc.)            3 - CLI temporary mode presentation restricted            4 - CLI temporary mode presentation allowed</p>	
<b>AT+CLIR=?</b>	Test command reports the supported values of parameter <b>&lt;n&gt;</b> .	
Reference	GSM 07.07	
Note	This command sets the default behaviour of the device in outgoing calls.	

<b>+CLIR - Calling Line Identification Restriction</b>		<b>SELINT 2</b>
<b>AT+CLIR=[&lt;n&gt;]</b>	<p>Set command overrides the CLIR subscription when temporary mode is provisioned as a default adjustment for all following outgoing calls. This adjustment can be revoked by using the opposite command. This command refers to CLIR-service (GSM 02.81) that allows a calling subscriber to enable or disable the presentation of the CLI to the called party when originating a call.</p>	



+CLIR - Calling Line Identification Restriction		SELINT 2
	Parameter: <b>&lt;n&gt;</b> - facility status on the Mobile 0 - CLIR facility according to CLIR service network status 1 - CLIR facility active (CLI not sent) 2 - CLIR facility not active (CLI sent)	
<b>AT+CLIR?</b>	Read command gives the default adjustment for all outgoing calls ( <b>&lt;n&gt;</b> ) and also triggers an interrogation of the provision status of the CLIR service ( <b>&lt;m&gt;</b> ), where <b>&lt;n&gt;</b> - facility status on the Mobile 0 - CLIR facility according to CLIR service network status 1 - CLIR facility active (CLI not sent) 2 - CLIR facility not active (CLI sent)  <b>&lt;m&gt;</b> - facility status on the Network 0 - CLIR service not provisioned 1 - CLIR service provisioned permanently 2 - unknown (e.g. no network present, etc.) 3 - CLI temporary mode presentation restricted 4 - CLI temporary mode presentation allowed	
<b>AT+CLIR=?</b>	Test command reports the supported values of parameter <b>&lt;n&gt;</b> .	
Reference	GSM 07.07	
Note	This command sets the default behaviour of the device in outgoing calls.	

### 3.5.4.3.10 Call Forwarding Number And Conditions - +CCFC

+CCFC - Call Forwarding Number And Condition		SELINT 0 / 1 / 2
<b>AT+CCFC=</b> <b>&lt;reason&gt;</b> , <b>&lt;cmd&gt;</b> [, <b>&lt;number&gt;</b> ], <b>&lt;type&gt;</b> [, <b>&lt;class&gt;</b> <b>[,,&lt;time&gt;]]]</b>	Execution command controls the call forwarding supplementary service. Registration, erasure, activation, deactivation, and status query are supported.  Parameters: <b>&lt;reason&gt;</b> 0 - unconditional 1 - mobile busy 2 - no reply 3 - not reachable 4 - all calls (not with query command) 5 - all conditional calls (not with query command)  <b>&lt;cmd&gt;</b> 0 - disable 1 - enable 2 - query status 3 - registration 4 - erasure	



<b>+CCFC - Call Forwarding Number And Condition</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1 / 2</b>
	<p><b>&lt;number&gt;</b> - string type phone number of forwarding address in format specified by <b>&lt;type&gt;</b> parameter</p> <p><b>&lt;type&gt;</b> - type of address octet in integer format : 129 - national numbering scheme 145 - international numbering scheme (contains the character "+")</p> <p><b>&lt;class&gt;</b> - sum of integers each representing a class of information which the command refers to; default 7 (voice + data + fax) 1 - voice (telephony) 2 - data 4 - fax (facsimile services) 8 - short message service 16 - data circuit sync 32 - data circuit async 64 - dedicated packet access 128 - dedicated PAD access</p> <p><b>&lt;time&gt;</b> - time in <i>seconds</i> to wait before call is forwarded; it is valid only when <b>&lt;reason&gt;</b> "no reply" is enabled (<b>&lt;cmd&gt;</b>=1) or queried (<b>&lt;cmd&gt;</b>=2) 1..30 - automatically rounded to a multiple of 5 seconds (default is 20)</p> <p>Note: when <b>&lt;cmd&gt;</b>=2 and command successful, it returns:</p> <p><b>+CCFC: &lt;status&gt;,&lt;class1&gt;[,&lt;number&gt;,&lt;type&gt;[,,,&lt;time&gt;]]][&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;</b> <b>+CCFC: &lt;status&gt;,&lt;class2&gt;[,&lt;number&gt;,&lt;type&gt;[,,,&lt;time&gt;]] [ ... ]</b></p> <p>where: <b>&lt;status&gt;</b> - current status of the network service 0 - not active 1 - active <b>&lt;classn&gt;</b> - same as <b>&lt;class&gt;</b> <b>&lt;time&gt;</b> - it is returned only when <b>&lt;reason&gt;</b>=2 ("no reply") and <b>&lt;cmd&gt;</b>=2.</p> <p>The other parameters are as seen before.</p>	
<b>AT+CCFC=?</b>	Test command reports supported values for the parameter <b>&lt;reason&gt;</b> .	
Reference	GSM 07.07	
Note	When querying the status of a network service ( <b>&lt;cmd&gt;</b> =2) the response line for 'not active' case ( <b>&lt;status&gt;</b> =0) should be returned only if service is not active for any <b>&lt;class&gt;</b> .	

### 3.5.4.3.11 Call Waiting - +CCWA

<b>+CCWA - Call Waiting</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1</b>
<b>AT+CCWA[= [&lt;n&gt;[,&lt;cmd&gt; [,&lt;class&gt;]]]]</b>	Set command allows the control of the call waiting supplementary service. Activation, deactivation, and status query are supported.	



<b>+CCWA - Call Waiting</b>	<b>SELINT 0 / 1</b>
<p>Parameters:</p> <p><b>&lt;n&gt;</b> - enables/disables the presentation of an unsolicited result code:            0 - disable            1 - enable</p> <p><b>&lt;cmd&gt;</b> - enables/disables or queries the service at network level:            0 - disable            1 - enable            2 - query status</p> <p><b>&lt;class&gt;</b> - is a sum of integers each representing a class of information which the command refers to; default is 7 (<b>voice + data + fax</b>)            1 - voice (telephony)            2 - data            4 - fax (facsimile services)            8 - short message service            16 - data circuit sync            32 - data circuit async            64 - dedicated packet access            128 - dedicated PAD access</p> <p>Note: the response to the query command is in the format:</p> <p><b>+CCWA: &lt;status&gt;,&lt;class1&gt;[&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;</b>  <b>+CCWA: &lt;status&gt;,&lt;class2&gt;[ ... ]]</b></p> <p>where</p> <p><b>&lt;status&gt;</b> represents the status of the service:            0 - inactive            1 - active</p> <p><b>&lt;classn&gt;</b> - same as <b>&lt;class&gt;</b></p> <p>Note: the unsolicited result code enabled by parameter <b>&lt;n&gt;</b> is in the format:</p> <p><b>+CCWA: &lt;number&gt;,&lt;type&gt;,&lt;class&gt;,&lt;alpha&gt;,&lt;cli_validity&gt;</b></p> <p>where</p> <p><b>&lt;number&gt;</b> - string type phone number of calling address in format specified by <b>&lt;type&gt;</b></p> <p><b>&lt;type&gt;</b> - type of address in integer format</p> <p><b>&lt;class&gt;</b> - see before</p> <p><b>&lt;alpha&gt;</b> - string type; alphanumeric representation of <b>&lt;number&gt;</b> corresponding to the entry found in phonebook; used character set should be the one selected with <b>+CSCS</b>.</p> <p><b>&lt;cli_validity&gt;</b>            0 - CLI valid            1 - CLI has been withheld by the originator            2 - CLI is not available due to interworking problems or limitations of</p>	











<b>+CHLD - Call Holding Services</b>		<b>SELINT 2</b>
	<p>1 - releases all active calls (if any exist), and accepts the other (held or waiting) call</p> <p>1X - releases a specific active call X</p> <p>2 - places all active calls (if any exist) on hold and accepts the other (held or waiting) call.</p> <p>2X - places all active calls on hold except call X with which communication shall be supported (only from version D).</p> <p>3 - adds an held call to the conversation</p> <p>4 - connects the two calls and disconnects the subscriber from both calls (Explicit Call Transfer (ECT))</p> <p>Note: "X" is the numbering (starting with 1) of the call given by the sequence of setting up or receiving the calls (active, held or waiting) as seen by the served subscriber. Calls hold their number until they are released. New calls take the lowest available number.</p> <p>Note: where both a held and a waiting call exist, the above procedures apply to the waiting call (i.e. not to the held call) in conflicting situation.</p>	
<b>AT+CHLD=?</b>	<p>Test command returns the list of supported <b>&lt;n&gt;s</b>.</p> <p><b>+CHLD: (0,1,1X,2,2X,3,4)</b></p>	
Reference	GSM 07.07	
Note	ONLY for VOICE calls	

### 3.5.4.3.13 Unstructured Supplementary Service Data - +CUSD

<b>+CUSD - Unstructured Supplementary Service Data</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1</b>
<b>AT+CUSD=[&lt;n&gt;[,&lt;str&gt;[,&lt;dc&gt;]]]</b>	<p>Set command allows control of the Unstructured Supplementary Service Data (USSD [GSM 02.90]).</p> <p>Parameters:</p> <p><b>&lt;n&gt;</b> - is used to disable/enable the presentation of an unsolicited result code.</p> <p>0 - disable the result code presentation in the <b>DTA</b></p> <p>1 - enable the result code presentation in the <b>DTA</b></p> <p><b>&lt;str&gt;</b> - USSD-string (when <b>&lt;str&gt;</b> parameter is not given, network is not interrogated)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- If <b>&lt;dc&gt;</b> indicates that GSM338 default alphabet is used <b>ME/TA</b> converts GSM alphabet into current TE character set (see <b>+CSCS</b>)</li> <li>- If <b>&lt;dc&gt;</b> indicates that 8-bit data coding scheme is used: <b>ME/TA</b> converts each 8-bit octet into two IRA character long hexadecimal number; e.g. octet with integer value 42 is presented to <b>TE</b> as two characters 2A (IRA 50 and 65).</li> </ul> <p><b>&lt;dc&gt;</b> - GSM 3.38 Cell Broadcast Data Coding Scheme in integer format (default is 0).</p>	









<b>+CUSD - Unstructured Supplementary Service Data</b>	<b>SELINT 2</b>
	<p>converts GSM alphabet into current TE character set (see <b>+CSCS</b>).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- If <b>&lt;dc&gt;</b> indicates that 8-bit data coding scheme is used: <b>ME/TA</b> converts each 8-bit octet into two IRA character long hexadecimal number; e.g. octet with integer value 42 is presented to TE as two characters 2A (IRA 50 and 65).</li> </ul> <p><b>&lt;dc&gt;</b> - GSM 3.38 Cell Broadcast Data Coding Scheme in integer format (default is 0).</p> <p>Note: the unsolicited result code enabled by parameter <b>&lt;n&gt;</b> is in the format:</p> <p><b>+CUSD: &lt;m&gt;[,&lt;str&gt;,&lt;dc&gt;]</b> to the TE</p> <p>where: <b>&lt;m&gt;</b>:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0 - no further user action required (network initiated USSD-Notify, or no further information needed after mobile initiated operation).</li> <li>1 - further user action required (network initiated USSD-Request, or further information needed after mobile initiated operation)</li> <li>2 - USSD terminated by the network</li> <li>3 - other local client has responded</li> <li>4 - operation not supported</li> <li>5 - network time out</li> </ul>
<b>AT+CUSD?</b>	Read command reports the current value of the parameter <b>&lt;n&gt;</b>
<b>AT+CUSD=?</b>	Test command reports the supported values for the parameter <b>&lt;n&gt;</b>
Reference	GSM 07.07
Note	Only mobile initiated operations are supported

### 3.5.4.3.14 Advice Of Charge - **+CAOC**

<b>+CAOC - Advice Of Charge</b>	<b>SELINT 0 / 1</b>
<b>AT+CAOC[=&lt;mode&gt;]</b>	<p>Set command refers to the Advice of Charge supplementary services that enable subscriber to get information about the cost of calls; the command also includes the possibility to enable an unsolicited event reporting of the Current Call Meter (CCM) information.</p> <p>Parameter: <b>&lt;mode&gt;</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0 - query CCM value</li> <li>1 - disables unsolicited CCM reporting</li> <li>2 - enables unsolicited CCM reporting</li> </ul> <p>Note: the unsolicited result code enabled by parameter <b>&lt;mode&gt;</b> is in the format:</p>



<b>+CAOC - Advice Of Charge</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1</b>
	<p><b>+CCCM: &lt;ccm&gt;</b></p> <p>where:  <b>&lt;ccm&gt;</b> - current call meter in home units, string type: three bytes of the CCM value in hexadecimal format (e.g. "00001E" indicates decimal value 30)</p> <p>Note: the unsolicited result code <b>+CCCM</b> is sent when the CCM value changes, but not more than every 10 seconds.</p> <p>Note: issuing <b>AT+CAOC&lt;CR&gt;</b> is the same as issuing the Read command.</p> <p>Note: issuing <b>AT+CAOC=&lt;CR&gt;</b> is the same as issuing the command <b>AT+CAOC=0&lt;CR&gt;</b>.</p>	
<b>AT+CAOC?</b>	<p>Read command reports the value of parameter <b>&lt;mode&gt;</b> in the format:</p> <p><b>+CAOC: &lt;mode&gt;</b></p>	
<b>AT+CAOC=?</b>	<p>Test command reports the supported values for <b>&lt;mode&gt;</b> parameter.</p> <p>Note: the representation format doesn't match the v.25ter §5.7.3 "Information text formats for test commands". The output is:</p> <p><b>+CAOC: 0, 1, 2</b></p>	
Reference	GSM 07.07	
Note	<b>+CAOC</b> command returns an estimate of the cost of the current call only, produced by the MS and based on the information provided by either AoCI or AOCC supplementary services; it is not stored in the SIM.	

<b>+CAOC - Advice Of Charge</b>		<b>SELINT 2</b>
<b>AT+CAOC=&lt;mode&gt;</b>	<p>Set command refers to the Advice of Charge supplementary services that enable subscriber to get information about the cost of calls; the command also includes the possibility to enable an unsolicited event reporting of the Current Call Meter (CCM) information.</p> <p>Parameter:  <b>&lt;mode&gt;</b>            0 - query CCM value            1 - disables unsolicited CCM reporting            2 - enables unsolicited CCM reporting</p> <p>Note: the unsolicited result code enabled by parameter <b>&lt;mode&gt;</b> is in the format:</p> <p><b>+CCCM: &lt;ccm&gt;</b></p> <p>where:  <b>&lt;ccm&gt;</b> - current call meter in home units, string type: three bytes of the</p>	



<b>+CAOC - Advice Of Charge</b>		<b>SELINT 2</b>
	CCM value in hexadecimal format (e.g. "00001E" indicates decimal value 30)	
	Note: the unsolicited result code <b>+CCCM</b> is sent when the CCM value changes, but not more than every 10 seconds.	
<b>AT+CAOC?</b>	Read command reports the value of parameter <b>&lt;mode&gt;</b> in the format:  <b>+CAOC: &lt;mode&gt;</b>	
<b>AT+CAOC=?</b>	Test command reports the supported values for <b>&lt;mode&gt;</b> parameter.	
Reference	GSM 07.07	
Note	<b>+CAOC</b> command returns an estimate of the cost of the current call only, produced by the MS and based on the information provided by either AoCI or AOCC supplementary services; it is not stored in the SIM.	

### 3.5.4.3.15 List Current Calls - +CLCC

<b>+CLCC - List Current Calls</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1</b>
<b>AT+CLCC</b>	<p>Execution command returns the list of current calls and their characteristics in the format:</p> <p><b>[+CLCC:&lt;id1&gt;,&lt;dir&gt;,&lt;stat&gt;,&lt;mode&gt;,&lt;mpty&gt;,&lt;number&gt;,&lt;type&gt;</b>  <b>[&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;+CLCC:&lt;id2&gt;,&lt;dir&gt;,&lt;stat&gt;,&lt;mode&gt;,&lt;mpty&gt;,&lt;number&gt;,&lt;type&gt;</b>  <b>e&gt;[...]]]</b></p> <p>where:</p> <p><b>&lt;idn&gt;</b> - call identification number</p> <p><b>&lt;dir&gt;</b> - call direction            0 - mobile originated call            1 - mobile terminated call</p> <p><b>&lt;stat&gt;</b> - state of the call            0 - active            1 - held            2 - dialling (<b>MO</b> call)            3 - alerting (<b>MO</b> call)            4 - incoming (<b>MT</b> call)            5 - waiting (<b>MT</b> call)</p> <p><b>&lt;mode&gt;</b> - call type            0 - voice            1 - data            2 - fax            9 - unknown</p> <p><b>&lt;mpty&gt;</b> - multiparty call flag            0 - call is not one of multiparty (conference) call parties</p>	





<b>+CLCC - List Current Calls</b>		<b>SELINT 2</b>
	Note: If no call is active then only <b>OK</b> message is sent. This command is useful in conjunction with command <b>+CHLD</b> to know the various call status for call holding.	
<b>AT+CLCC=?</b>	Test command returns the <b>OK</b> result code	
Reference	GSM 07.07	

### 3.5.4.3.16 SS Notification - +CSSN

<b>+CSSN - SS Notification</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1</b>
<b>AT+CSSN=[ [&lt;n&gt;[,&lt;m&gt;]]]</b>	<p>It refers to supplementary service related network initiated notifications. Set command enables/disables the presentation of notification result codes from <b>TA</b> to <b>TE</b>.</p> <p>Parameters:</p> <p><b>&lt;n&gt;</b> - sets the <b>+CSSI</b> result code presentation status            0 - disable            1 - enable</p> <p><b>&lt;m&gt;</b> - sets the <b>+CSSU</b> result code presentation status            0 - disable            1 - enable</p> <p>When <b>&lt;n&gt;=1</b> and a supplementary service notification is received after a mobile originated call setup, an unsolicited code:</p> <p><b>+CSSI: &lt;code1&gt;</b></p> <p>is sent to <b>TE</b> before any other <b>MO</b> call setup result codes, where:  <b>&lt;code1&gt;</b>:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1 - some of the conditional call forwarding are active</li> <li>2 - call has been forwarded</li> <li>3 - call is waiting</li> <li>5 - outgoing calls are barred</li> <li>6 - incoming calls are barred</li> </ul> <p>When <b>&lt;m&gt;=1</b> and a supplementary service notification is received during a mobile terminated call setup or during a call, an unsolicited result code</p> <p><b>+CSSU: &lt;code2&gt;</b></p> <p>is sent to <b>TE</b>, where:  <b>&lt;code2&gt;</b>:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0 - this is a forwarded call (<b>MT</b> call setup)</li> <li>2 - call has been put on hold (during a voice call)</li> <li>3 - call has been retrieved (during a voice call)</li> </ul>	







<b>+CSSN - SS Notification</b>		<b>SELINT 2</b>
	<m>.	
Reference	GSM 07.07	

### 3.5.4.3.17 Closed User Group Supplementary Service Control - +CCUG

<b>+CCUG - Closed User Group Supplementary Service Control</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1</b>
<b>AT+CCUG=[&lt;n&gt;[,&lt;index&gt;[,&lt;info&gt;]]]</b>	<p>Set command allows control of the Closed User Group supplementary service [GSM 02.85].</p> <p>Parameters:</p> <p><b>&lt;n&gt;</b>            0 - disable CUG temporary mode (factory default).            1 - enable CUG temporary mode: it enables to control the CUG information on the air interface as a default adjustment for all following outgoing calls.</p> <p><b>&lt;index&gt;</b>            0..9 - CUG index            10 - no index (preferential CUG taken from subscriber data) (default)</p> <p><b>&lt;info&gt;</b>            0 - no information (default)            1 - suppress Outgoing Access (OA)            2 - suppress preferential CUG            3 - suppress OA and preferential CUG</p> <p>Note: issuing <b>AT+CCUG&lt;CR&gt;</b> is the same as issuing the Read command.</p> <p>Note: issuing <b>AT+CCUG=&lt;CR&gt;</b> is the same as issuing the command <b>AT+CCUG=0&lt;CR&gt;</b>.</p>	
<b>AT+CCUG?</b>	Read command reports the current value of the parameters	
<b>AT+CCUG=?</b>	Test command reports the supported range of values for the parameters <b>&lt;n&gt;</b> , <b>&lt;index&gt;</b> , <b>&lt;info&gt;</b>	
Reference	GSM 07.07	

<b>+CCUG - Closed User Group Supplementary Service Control</b>		<b>SELINT 2</b>
<b>AT+CCUG=[&lt;n&gt;[,&lt;index&gt;[,&lt;info&gt;]]]</b>	<p>Set command allows control of the Closed User Group supplementary service [GSM 02.85].</p> <p>Parameters:</p> <p><b>&lt;n&gt;</b>            0 - disable CUG temporary mode (factory default).            1 - enable CUG temporary mode: it enables to control the CUG information on the air interface as a default adjustment for all following outgoing calls.</p>	



<b>+CCUG - Closed User Group Supplementary Service Control</b>		<b>SELINT 2</b>
	<p><b>&lt;index&gt;</b> 0..9 - CUG index 10 - no index (preferential CUG taken from subscriber data) (default)</p> <p><b>&lt;info&gt;</b> 0 - no information (default) 1 - suppress Outgoing Access (OA) 2 - suppress preferential CUG 3 - suppress OA and preferential CUG</p>	
<b>AT+CCUG?</b>	Read command reports the current value of the parameters	
<b>AT+CCUG=?</b>	Test command returns the <b>OK</b> result code	
Reference	GSM 07.07	

### 3.5.4.3.18 Preferred Operator List - +CPOL

<b>+CPOL - Preferred Operator List</b>		<b>SELINT 2</b>
<p><b>AT+CPOL=</b> <b>[&lt;index&gt;][,&lt;format&gt;</b> <b>[,&lt;oper&gt;]]</b></p>	<p>Execution command writes an entry in the SIM list of preferred operators.</p> <p>Parameters: <b>&lt;index&gt;</b> - integer type; the order number of operator in the SIM preferred operator list 1..n <b>&lt;format&gt;</b> 2 - numeric <b>&lt;oper&gt;</b> <b>&lt;oper&gt;</b> - string type</p> <p>Note: if <b>&lt;index&gt;</b> is given but <b>&lt;oper&gt;</b> is left out, entry is deleted. If <b>&lt;oper&gt;</b> is given but <b>&lt;index&gt;</b> is left out, <b>&lt;oper&gt;</b> is put in the next free location. If only <b>&lt;format&gt;</b> is given, the format of the <b>&lt;oper&gt;</b> in the read command is changed.</p>	
<b>AT+CPOL?</b>	Read command returns all used entries from the SIM list of preferred operators.	
<b>AT+CPOL=?</b>	Test command returns the whole <b>&lt;index&gt;</b> range supported by the SIM and the range for the parameter <b>&lt;format&gt;</b>	
Reference	GSM 07.07	

## 3.5.4.4 Mobile Equipment Control

### 3.5.4.4.1 Phone Activity Status - +CPAS

<b>+CPAS - Phone Activity Status</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1</b>
<b>AT+CPAS</b>	<p>Execution command reports the device status in the form:</p> <p><b>+CPAS: &lt;pas&gt;</b></p> <p>Where:</p>	





<b>+CFUN - Set Phone Functionality</b>	<b>SELINT 0 / 1</b>
<b>AT+CFUN=&lt;fun&gt;</b>	<p>Set command selects the level of functionality in the <b>ME</b>.</p> <p>Parameter:  <b>&lt;fun&gt;</b> - is the power saving function mode            0 - minimum functionality, NON-CYCLIC SLEEP mode: in this mode, the AT interface is not accessible. Consequently, once you have set <b>&lt;fun&gt;</b> level 0, do not send further characters. Otherwise these characters remain in the input buffer and may delay the output of an unsolicited result code. The first wake-up event stops power saving and takes the ME back to full functionality level <b>&lt;fun&gt;=1</b>.            1 - mobile full functionality with power saving disabled (factory default)            2 - disable TX            4 - disable either TX and RX            5 - mobile full functionality with power saving enabled</p> <p>Note: issuing <b>AT+CFUN=4</b> actually causes the module to perform either a network deregistration and a SIM deactivation.</p> <p>Note: if power saving enabled, it reduces the power consumption during the idle time, thus allowing a longer standby time with a given battery capacity.</p> <p>Note: to place the module in power saving mode, set the <b>&lt;fun&gt;</b> parameter at value = 5 and the line <b>DTR</b> (RS232) must be set to <b>OFF</b>. Once in power saving, the <b>CTS</b> line switch to the <b>OFF</b> status to signal that the module is really in power saving condition.            During the power saving condition, before sending any AT command on the serial line, the <b>DTR</b> must be enabled and it must be waited for the <b>CTS</b> (RS232) line to go in <b>ON</b> status.            Until the <b>DTR</b> line is <b>ON</b>, the module will not return back in the power saving condition.</p> <p>Note: the power saving function does not affect the network behavior of the MODULE, even during the power save condition the module remains registered on the network and reachable for incoming calls or SMS. If a call arrives during the power save, then the module will wake up and proceed normally with the unsolicited incoming call code</p>
<b>AT+CFUN?</b>	Read command reports the current level of functionality.
<b>AT+CFUN=?</b>	<p>Test command returns the list of supported values for <b>&lt;fun&gt;</b></p> <p>For compatibility with previous versions, Test command returns <b>+CFUN: (1, 5)</b></p> <p>An enhanced version of Test command has been defined: <b>AT+CFUN=??</b>, that provides the complete range of values for <b>&lt;fun&gt;</b>.</p>
<b>AT+CFUN=??</b>	Enhanced test command returns the list of supported values for <b>&lt;fun&gt;</b>
Reference	GSM 07.07





+CFUN - Set Phone Functionality	SELINT 2
<p><b>AT+CFUN=</b> <b>[&lt;fun&gt;[,&lt;rst&gt;]]</b></p>	<p>Set command selects the level of functionality in the ME.</p> <p>Parameters:</p> <p><b>&lt;fun&gt;</b> - is the power saving function mode            0 - minimum functionality, NON-CYCLIC SLEEP mode: in this mode, the AT interface is not accessible. Consequently, once you have set <b>&lt;fun&gt;</b> level 0, do not send further characters. Otherwise these characters remain in the input buffer and may delay the output of an unsolicited result code. The first wake-up event stops power saving and takes the ME back to full functionality level <b>&lt;fun&gt;=1</b>.            1 - mobile full functionality with power saving disabled (factory default)            2 - disable TX            4 - disable both TX and RX            5 - mobile full functionality with power saving enabled</p> <p><b>&lt;rst&gt;</b> - reset flag            0 - do not reset the ME before setting it to <b>&lt;fun&gt;</b> functionality level</p> <p>Note: issuing <b>AT+CFUN=4[,0]</b> actually causes the module to perform either a network deregistration and a SIM deactivation.</p> <p>Note: if power saving enabled, it reduces the power consumption during the idle time, thus allowing a longer standby time with a given battery capacity.</p> <p>Note: to place the module in power saving mode, set the <b>&lt;fun&gt;</b> parameter at value = 5 and the line <b>DTR</b> (RS232) must be set to <b>OFF</b>. Once in power saving, the <b>CTS</b> line switch to the <b>OFF</b> status to signal that the module is really in power saving condition.            During the power saving condition, before sending any <b>AT</b> command on the serial line, the <b>DTR</b> must be enabled and it must be waited for the <b>CTS</b> (RS232) line to go in <b>ON</b> status.            Until the <b>DTR</b> line is <b>ON</b>, the module will not return back in the power saving condition.</p> <p>Note: the power saving function does not affect the network behavior of the MODULE, even during the power save condition the module remains registered on the network and reachable for incoming calls or SMS. If a call incomes during the power save, then the module will wake up and proceed normally with the unsolicited incoming call code</p>
<p><b>AT+CFUN?</b></p>	<p>Read command reports the current setting of <b>&lt;fun&gt;</b>.</p>
<p><b>AT+CFUN=?</b></p>	<p>Test command returns the list of supported values for <b>&lt;fun&gt;</b> and <b>&lt;rst&gt;</b>.</p>
<p>Reference</p>	<p>GSM 07.07</p>

### 3.5.4.4.3 Enter PIN - +CPIN

+CPIN - Enter PIN	SELINT 0 / 1
<p><b>AT+CPIN[=&lt;pin&gt;</b> <b>[,&lt;newpin&gt;]]</b></p>	<p>Set command sends to the device a password which is necessary before it can be operated (SIM PIN, SIM PUK, PH-SIM PIN, etc.).</p>



+CPIN - Enter PIN	SELINT 0 / 1
	<p>If the PIN required is SIM PUK or SIM PUK2, the <b>&lt;newpin&gt;</b> is required. This second pin, <b>&lt;newpin&gt;</b>, will replace the old pin in the SIM. The command may be used to change the SIM PIN by sending it with both parameters <b>&lt;pin&gt;</b> and <b>&lt;newpin&gt;</b> when PIN request is pending; if no PIN request is pending the command will return an error code and to change the PIN the command <b>+CPWD</b> must be used instead.</p> <p>Parameters:  <b>&lt;pin&gt;</b> - string type value  <b>&lt;newpin&gt;</b> - string type value.</p> <p>To check the status of the PIN request use the command <b>AT+CPIN?</b></p> <p>Note: If all parameters are omitted then the behaviour of Set command is the same as Read command.</p>
<p><b>AT+CPIN?</b></p>	<p>Read command reports the PIN/PUK/PUK2 request status of the device in the form:</p> <p><b>+CPIN:&lt;code&gt;</b>  where:  <b>&lt;code&gt;</b> - PIN/PUK/PUK2 request status code  READY - ME is not pending for any password  SIM PIN - ME is waiting SIM PIN to be given  SIM PUK - ME is waiting SIM PUK to be given  PH-SIM PIN - ME is waiting phone-to-SIM card password to be given  PH-FSIM PIN - ME is waiting phone-to-very first SIM card password to be given  PH-FSIM PUK - ME is waiting phone-to-very first SIM card unblocking password to be given  SIM PIN2 - ME is waiting SIM PIN2 to be given; this <b>&lt;code&gt;</b> is returned only when the last executed command resulted in PIN2 authentication failure (i.e. <b>+CME ERROR: 17</b>)  SIM PUK2 - ME is waiting SIM PUK2 to be given; this <b>&lt;code&gt;</b> is returned only when the last executed command resulted in PUK2 authentication failure (i.e. <b>+CME ERROR: 18</b>)  PH-NET PIN - ME is waiting network personalization password to be given  PH-NET PUK - ME is waiting network personalization unblocking password to be given  PH-NETSUB PIN - ME is waiting network subset personalization password to be given  PH-NETSUB PUK - ME is waiting network subset personalization unblocking password to be given  PH-SP PIN - ME is waiting service provider personalization password to be given  PH-SP PUK - ME is waiting service provider personalization unblocking password to be given  PH-CORP PIN - ME is waiting corporate personalization password to be</p>



+CPIN - Enter PIN		SELINT 0 / 1																																																																																																								
	<p style="text-align: center;">given</p> <p style="text-align: center;">PH-CORP PUK - ME is waiting corporate personalization unblocking password to be given</p> <p>Note: Pin pending status at startup depends on PIN facility setting, to change or query the default power up setting use either the <b>AT+CLCK=SC,&lt;mode&gt;, &lt;pin&gt;</b> command or the <b>AT@CLCK=SC,&lt;mode&gt;, &lt;pin&gt;</b> command.</p>																																																																																																									
Example	<pre>AT+CME=1 OK AT+CPIN? +CME ERROR: 10      error: you have to insert the SIM AT+CPIN? +CPIN: READY       you inserted the SIM and device is not                     waiting for PIN to be given  OK</pre>																																																																																																									
Note	<p>What follows is a list of the commands which are accepted when ME is pending SIM PIN or SIM PUK</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse; text-align: center;"> <tbody> <tr><td>A</td><td>#GPIO</td><td>#CSURVB</td><td>+CPIN</td></tr> <tr><td>D</td><td>#ADC</td><td>#CSURVBC</td><td>+CSQ</td></tr> <tr><td>H</td><td>#DAC</td><td>#CSURVF</td><td>+CLK</td></tr> <tr><td>O</td><td>#VAUX</td><td>#CSURVNL</td><td>+CALA</td></tr> <tr><td>E</td><td>#CBC</td><td>#CSURVEXT</td><td>+CRSM</td></tr> <tr><td>I</td><td>#AUTOATT</td><td>#JDR</td><td>+CALM</td></tr> <tr><td>L</td><td>#MONI</td><td>#WSCRIPT</td><td>+CRSL</td></tr> <tr><td>M</td><td>#SERVINFO</td><td>#ESCRIP</td><td>+CLVL</td></tr> <tr><td>P</td><td>#COPSMODE</td><td>#RSCRIPT</td><td>+CMUT</td></tr> <tr><td>Q</td><td>#QSS</td><td>#LSCRIPT</td><td>+CME</td></tr> <tr><td>S</td><td>#DIALMODE</td><td>#DSCRIPT</td><td>+CGREG</td></tr> <tr><td>T</td><td>#ACAL</td><td>#REBOOT</td><td>+CBC</td></tr> <tr><td>V</td><td>#ACALEXT</td><td>#STARTMODESCR</td><td>+CSDH</td></tr> <tr><td>X</td><td>#CODEC</td><td>#EXECSCR</td><td>+CNMI</td></tr> <tr><td>Z</td><td>#SHFEC</td><td></td><td>+FMI</td></tr> <tr><td>&amp;C</td><td>#HFMICG</td><td>#PLMNMODE</td><td>+FMM</td></tr> <tr><td>&amp;D</td><td>#HSMICG</td><td>+FCLASS</td><td>+FMR</td></tr> <tr><td>&amp;F</td><td>#SHFSD</td><td>+GCAP</td><td>+FTS</td></tr> <tr><td>&amp;K</td><td>#BND</td><td>+GCI</td><td>+FRS</td></tr> <tr><td>&amp;N</td><td>#AUTOBND</td><td>+IPR</td><td>+FTM</td></tr> <tr><td>&amp;P</td><td>#RTCSTAT</td><td>+IFC</td><td>+FRM</td></tr> <tr><td>&amp;S</td><td>#USERID</td><td>+ILRR</td><td>+FTH</td></tr> <tr><td>&amp;V</td><td>#PASSW</td><td>+ICF</td><td>+FRH</td></tr> <tr><td>&amp;W</td><td>#PKTSZ</td><td>+MS</td><td>+FLO</td></tr> <tr><td>&amp;Y</td><td>#DSTO</td><td>+DS</td><td>+FPR</td></tr> <tr><td>&amp;Z</td><td>#SKTTO</td><td>+DR</td><td>+FDD</td></tr> </tbody> </table>		A	#GPIO	#CSURVB	+CPIN	D	#ADC	#CSURVBC	+CSQ	H	#DAC	#CSURVF	+CLK	O	#VAUX	#CSURVNL	+CALA	E	#CBC	#CSURVEXT	+CRSM	I	#AUTOATT	#JDR	+CALM	L	#MONI	#WSCRIPT	+CRSL	M	#SERVINFO	#ESCRIP	+CLVL	P	#COPSMODE	#RSCRIPT	+CMUT	Q	#QSS	#LSCRIPT	+CME	S	#DIALMODE	#DSCRIPT	+CGREG	T	#ACAL	#REBOOT	+CBC	V	#ACALEXT	#STARTMODESCR	+CSDH	X	#CODEC	#EXECSCR	+CNMI	Z	#SHFEC		+FMI	&C	#HFMICG	#PLMNMODE	+FMM	&D	#HSMICG	+FCLASS	+FMR	&F	#SHFSD	+GCAP	+FTS	&K	#BND	+GCI	+FRS	&N	#AUTOBND	+IPR	+FTM	&P	#RTCSTAT	+IFC	+FRM	&S	#USERID	+ILRR	+FTH	&V	#PASSW	+ICF	+FRH	&W	#PKTSZ	+MS	+FLO	&Y	#DSTO	+DS	+FPR	&Z	#SKTTO	+DR	+FDD
A	#GPIO	#CSURVB	+CPIN																																																																																																							
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L	#MONI	#WSCRIPT	+CRSL																																																																																																							
M	#SERVINFO	#ESCRIP	+CLVL																																																																																																							
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&Y	#DSTO	+DS	+FPR																																																																																																							
&Z	#SKTTO	+DR	+FDD																																																																																																							











<b>+CPIN - Enter PIN</b>	<b>SELINT 2</b>			
Note	What follows is a list of the commands which are accepted when ME is pending SIM PIN or SIM PUK			
	A	#DAC	#CSURVNLF	+CPIN
	D	#VAUX	#CSURVEXT	+CSQ
	H	#VAUXSAV	#JDR	+CIND
	O	#CBC	#WSCRIPT	+CMER
	E	#AUTOATT	#ESCRIP	+CCLK
	I	#MONI	#RSCRIPT	+CALA
	L	#SERVINFO	#LSCRIPT	+CALD
	M	#QSS	#DSCRIPT	+CRSM
	P	#DIALMODE	#REBOOT	+CALM
	Q	#ACAL	#CMUXSCR	+CRSL
	S	#ACALEXT	#STARTMODESCR	+CLVL
	T	#CODEC	#EXECSCR	+CMUT
	V	#SHFEC	#RSEN	+CLAC
	X	#HFMICG	#CCID	+CMEE
	Z	#HSMICG		+CGREG
	&C	#SHFSD	#PLMNMODE	+CBC
	&D	#BND	#V24CFG	+CSDH
	&F	#AUTOBND	#V24	+CNMI
	&K	#RTCSTAT	+FCLASS	+FMI
	&N	#USERID	+GCAP	+FMM
	&P	#PASSW	+GCI	+FMR
	&S	#PKTSZ	+IPR	+FTS
	&V	#DSTO	+IFC	+FRS
	&W	#SKTTO	+ILRR	+FTM
	&Y	#SKTSET	+ICF	+FRM
	&Z	#SKTOP	+MS	+FTH
	%E	#SKTCT	+DS	+FRH
	%L	#SKTSAV	+DR	+FLO
	%Q	#SKTRST	+CGMI	+FPR
	\Q	#SPKMUT	+CGMM	+FDD
	\R	#ESMTP	+CGMR	\$GPSP
	\V	#EADDR	+GMI	\$GPSPS
	#SELINT	#EUSER	+GMM	\$GPSR
	#CGMI	#EPASSW	+GMR	\$GPSD
	#CGMM	#SEMAIL	+CGSN	\$GPSSW
	#CGMR	#EMAILD	+GSN	\$GPSAT
	#CGSN	#ESAV	+CMUX	\$GPSAV
	#CAP	#ERST	+CHUP	\$GPSAI
	#SRS	#EMAILMSG	+CRLP	\$GPSAP
	#SRP	#CSURV	+CR	\$GPSS
	#STM	#CSURVC	+CRC	\$GPSNMUN
	#PCT	#CSURVU	+CSNS	\$GPSACP





<b>+CSQ - Signal Quality</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1</b>
	Note: although <b>+CSQ</b> is an execution command without parameters, ETSI 07.07 requires the Test command to be defined.	
Reference	GSM 07.07	
		<b>SELINT 2</b>
<b>AT+CSQ</b>	<p>Execution command reports received signal quality indicators in the form:</p> <p><b>+CSQ: &lt;rssi&gt;,&lt;ber&gt;</b>            where  <b>&lt;rssi&gt;</b> - received signal strength indication            0 - (-113) dBm or less            1 - (-111) dBm            2..30 - (-109)dBm..(-53)dBm / 2 dBm per step            31 - (-51)dBm or greater            99 - not known or not detectable  <b>&lt;ber&gt;</b> - bit error rate (in percent)            0 - less than 0.2%            1 - 0.2% to 0.4%            2 - 0.4% to 0.8%            3 - 0.8% to 1.6%            4 - 1.6% to 3.2%            5 - 3.2% to 6.4%            6 - 6.4% to 12.8%            7 - more than 12.8%            99 - not known or not detectable</p> <p>Note: this command should be used instead of the <b>%Q</b> and <b>%L</b> commands, since GSM relevant parameters are the radio link ones and no line is present, hence <b>%Q</b> and <b>%L</b> have no meaning.</p>	
<b>AT+CSQ=?</b>	<p>Test command returns the supported range of values of the parameters <b>&lt;rssi&gt;</b> and <b>&lt;ber&gt;</b>.</p> <p>Note: although <b>+CSQ</b> is an execution command without parameters, ETSI 07.07 requires the Test command to be defined.</p>	
Reference	GSM 07.07	

### 3.5.4.4.5 Indicator Control - **+CIND**

<b>+CIND - Indicator Control</b>		<b>SELINT 2</b>
<b>AT+CIND=</b> <b>[&lt;state&gt;</b> <b>[,&lt;state&gt;[,...]]]</b>	<p>Set command is used to control the registration state of ME indicators, in order to automatically send the <b>+CIEV</b> URC, whenever the value of the associated indicator changes. The supported indicators (<b>&lt;descr&gt;</b>) and their order appear from test command <b>AT+CIND=?</b></p> <p>Parameter:  <b>&lt;state&gt;</b> - registration state            0 - the indicator is deregistered; there's no unsolicited result code (<b>+CIEV</b></p>	











<b>+CPBS - Select Phonebook Memory Storage</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1</b>
	the same number the read command will return only the last call	
<b>AT+CPBS=?</b>	Test command returns the supported range of values for the parameters <b>&lt;storage&gt;</b> .  Note: the presentation format of the Test command output is the set of available values for <b>&lt;storage&gt;</b> , each of them enclosed in parenthesis:  <b>+CPBS: ("SM"),("FD"),("LD"),("MC"),("RC")</b>	
Reference	GSM 07.07	

<b>+CPBS - Select Phonebook Memory Storage</b>		<b>SELINT 2</b>
<b>AT+CPBS= &lt;storage&gt;</b>	Set command selects phonebook memory storage <b>&lt;storage&gt;</b> , which will be used by other phonebook commands.  Parameter: <b>&lt;storage&gt;</b> "SM" - SIM phonebook "FD" - SIM fixed dialling-phonebook (only phase 2/2+ SIM) "LD" - SIM last-dialling-phonebook ( <b>+CPBF</b> is not applicable for this storage) "MC" - device missed (unanswered received) calls list ( <b>+CPBF</b> is not applicable for this storage) "RC" - ME received calls list ( <b>+CPBF</b> is not applicable for this storage). "MB" - mailbox numbers stored on SIM; it is possible to select this storage only if the <b>mailbox</b> service is provided by the SIM (see <b>#MBN</b> ).	
<b>AT+CPBS?</b>	Read command returns the actual values of the parameter <b>&lt;storage&gt;</b> , the number of occupied records <b>&lt;used&gt;</b> and the maximum index number <b>&lt;total&gt;</b> , in the format:  <b>+CPBS: &lt;storage&gt;,&lt;used&gt;,&lt;total&gt;</b>  Note: For <b>&lt;storage&gt;="MC"</b> : if there are more than one missed calls from the same number the read command will return only the last call	
<b>AT+CPBS=?</b>	Test command returns the supported range of values for the parameters <b>&lt;storage&gt;</b> .	
Reference	GSM 07.07	

### 3.5.4.4.8 Read Phonebook Entries - +CPBR

<b>+CPBR - Read Phonebook Entries</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1</b>
<b>AT+CPBR= &lt;index1&gt; [,&lt;index2&gt;]</b>	Execution command returns phonebook entries in location number range <b>&lt;index1&gt;..&lt;index2&gt;</b> from the current phonebook memory storage selected with <b>+CPBS</b> . If <b>&lt;index2&gt;</b> is omitted, only location <b>&lt;index1&gt;</b> is returned.  Parameters: <b>&lt;index1&gt;</b> - integer type value in the range of location numbers of	



<b>+CPBR - Read Phonebook Entries</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1</b>
	<p>phonebook memory</p> <p><b>&lt;index2&gt;</b> - integer type value in the range of location numbers of phonebook memory</p> <p>The response format is:  <b>+CPBR: &lt;index&gt;,&lt;number&gt;,&lt;type&gt;,&lt;text&gt;</b></p> <p>where:  <b>&lt;index&gt;</b> - the current position number of the PB index (to see the range of values use <b>+CPBR=?</b>)  <b>&lt;number&gt;</b> - string type phone number in format <b>&lt;type&gt;</b>  <b>&lt;type&gt;</b> - type of phone number octet in integer format            129 - national numbering scheme            145 - international numbering scheme (contains the character "+")  <b>&lt;text&gt;</b> - the alphanumeric text associated to the number; used character set should be the one selected with command <b>+CSCS</b>.</p> <p>Note: if "MC" is the current selected phonebook memory storage, all the missed calls coming from the same number will be saved as one missed call and <b>+CPBR</b> will show just one line of information.</p> <p>Note: If all queried locations are empty (but available), no information text lines will be returned, while if listing fails in an <b>ME</b> error, <b>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</b> is returned.</p>	
<b>AT+CPBR=?</b>	<p>Test command returns the supported range of values of the parameters in the form:</p> <p><b>+CPBR: (&lt;minIndex&gt; - &lt;maxIndex&gt;),&lt;nlength&gt;,&lt;tlength&gt;</b></p> <p>where:  <b>&lt;minIndex&gt;</b> - the minimum <b>&lt;index&gt;</b> number, integer type  <b>&lt;maxIndex&gt;</b> - the maximum <b>&lt;index&gt;</b> number, integer type  <b>&lt;nlength&gt;</b> - maximum <b>&lt;number&gt;</b> field length, integer type  <b>&lt;tlength&gt;</b> - maximum <b>&lt;name&gt;</b> field length, integer type</p>	
Note	Remember to select the PB storage with <b>+CPBS</b> command before issuing PB commands.	
Reference	GSM 07.07	

<b>+CPBR - Read Phonebook Entries</b>		<b>SELINT 2</b>
<b>AT+CPBR=&lt;index1&gt;[,&lt;index2&gt;]</b>	<p>Execution command returns phonebook entries in location number range <b>&lt;index1&gt;..&lt;index2&gt;</b> from the current phonebook memory storage selected with <b>+CPBS</b>. If <b>&lt;index2&gt;</b> is omitted, only location <b>&lt;index1&gt;</b> is returned.</p> <p>Parameters:  <b>&lt;index1&gt;</b> - integer type, value in the range of location numbers of the currently selected phonebook memory storage (see <b>+CPBS</b>).  <b>&lt;index2&gt;</b> - integer type, value in the range of location numbers of the</p>	







### 3.5.4.4.9 Find Phonebook Entries - +CPBF

<b>+CPBF - Find Phonebook Entries</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1</b>
<b>AT+CPBF= &lt;findtext&gt;</b>	<p>Execution command returns phonebook entries (from the current phonebook memory storage selected with +CPBS) which alphanumeric field start with string &lt;findtext&gt;.</p> <p>Parameter: &lt;findtext&gt; - string type, it is NOT case sensitive; used character set should be the one selected with command +CSCS.</p> <p>The command returns a report in the form:</p> <p><b>+CPBF: &lt;index1&gt;,&lt;number&gt;,&lt;type&gt;,&lt;text&gt;[...]&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;</b>  <b>+CPBF: &lt;indexn&gt;,&lt;number&gt;,&lt;type&gt;,&lt;text&gt;]</b></p> <p>where &lt;indexn&gt;, &lt;number&gt;, &lt;type&gt;, and &lt;text&gt; have the same meaning as in the command +CPBR report.</p> <p>Note: +CPBF is not applicable if the current selected storage (see +CPBS) is either "MC", either "RC" or "LD".</p> <p>Note: if no PB records satisfy the search criteria then an <b>ERROR</b> message is reported.</p>	
<b>AT+CPBF=?</b>	<p>Test command reports the maximum lengths of &lt;number&gt; and &lt;text&gt; fields.</p> <p><b>+CPBF: [&lt;max_number_length&gt;],[&lt;max_text_length&gt;]</b></p>	
Note	Remember to select the PB storage with +CPBS command before issuing PB commands.	
Reference	GSM 07.07	

<b>+CPBF - Find Phonebook Entries</b>		<b>SELINT 2</b>
<b>AT+CPBF= &lt;findtext&gt;</b>	<p>Execution command returns phonebook entries (from the current phonebook memory storage selected with +CPBS) which alphanumeric field start with string &lt;findtext&gt;.</p> <p>Parameter: &lt;findtext&gt; - string type; used character set should be the one selected with command +CSCS.</p> <p>The command returns a report in the form:</p> <p><b>[+CPBF: &lt;index1&gt;,&lt;number&gt;,&lt;type&gt;,&lt;text&gt;[&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;</b>  <b>+CPBF: &lt;index2&gt;,&lt;number&gt;,&lt;type&gt;,&lt;text&gt;[...]]]</b></p> <p>where:          &lt;indexn&gt; - the location number of the phonebook entry          &lt;number&gt; - string type phone number of format &lt;type&gt;</p>	







+CPBW - Write Phonebook Entry		SELINT 0 / 1
	<p><b>&lt;text&gt;</b> - the text associated to the number, string type; used character set should be the one selected with command <b>+CSCS</b>.</p> <p>Note: If record number <b>&lt;index&gt;</b> already exists, it will be overwritten.</p> <p>Note: if only <b>&lt;index&gt;</b> is given, the record number <b>&lt;index&gt;</b> is deleted.</p> <p>Note: if <b>&lt;index&gt;</b> is omitted or <b>&lt;index&gt;=0</b>, the number <b>&lt;number&gt;</b> is stored in the first free phonebook location. (example <code>at+cpbw=0,2,129,"Testo"</code> and <code>at+cpbw=,2,129,"Testo"</code>)</p> <p>Note: omission of all the subparameters causes an <b>ERROR</b> result code.</p>	
<b>AT+CPBW=?</b>	<p>Test command returns location range supported by the current storage as a compound value, the maximum length of <b>&lt;number&gt;</b> field, supported number format of the storage and maximum length of <b>&lt;text&gt;</b> field. The format is:</p> <p><b>+CPBW: (list of supported &lt;index&gt;s),&lt;nlength&gt;, (list of supported &lt;type&gt;s),&lt;tlength&gt;</b></p> <p>where:</p> <p><b>&lt;nlength&gt;</b> - integer type value indicating the maximum length of field <b>&lt;number&gt;</b></p> <p><b>&lt;tlength&gt;</b> - integer type value indicating the maximum length of field <b>&lt;text&gt;</b></p>	
Reference	GSM 07.07	
Note	Remember to select the PB storage with <b>+CPBS</b> command before issuing PB commands.	

+CPBW - Write Phonebook Entry		SELINT 2
<b>AT+CPBW=</b> <b>[&lt;index&gt;]</b> <b>[,&lt;number&gt;</b> <b>[,&lt;type&gt;</b> <b>[,&lt;text&gt;]]]</b>	<p>Execution command writes phonebook entry in location number <b>&lt;index&gt;</b> in the current phonebook memory storage selected with <b>+CPBS</b>.</p> <p>Parameters:</p> <p><b>&lt;index&gt;</b> - integer type, value in the range of location numbers of the currently selected phonebook memory storage (see <b>+CPBS</b>).</p> <p><b>&lt;number&gt;</b> - string type, phone number in the format <b>&lt;type&gt;</b></p> <p><b>&lt;type&gt;</b> - the type of number  129 - national numbering scheme  145 - international numbering scheme (contains the character "+")</p> <p><b>&lt;text&gt;</b> - the text associated to the number, string type; used character set should be the one selected with command <b>+CSCS</b>.</p> <p>Note: If record number <b>&lt;index&gt;</b> already exists, it will be overwritten.</p>	





<b>+CCLK - Clock Management</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1</b>
	<p>yy - year (two last digits are mandatory), range is 00..99            MM - month (two last digits are mandatory), range is 01..12            dd - day (two last digits are mandatory), range is 01..31 (if the month MM has less than 31 days, the clock will be set for the next month)            hh - hour (two last digits are mandatory), range is 00..23            mm - minute (two last digits are mandatory), range is 00..59            ss - seconds (two last digits are mandatory), range is 00..59            ±zz - time zone (indicates the difference, expressed in quarter of an hour, between the local time and GMT; two last digits are mandatory), range is -47..+48</p> <p>Note: If the parameter is omitted the behavior of Set command is the same as Read command.</p>	
<b>AT+CCLK?</b>	<p>Read command returns the current setting of the real-time clock, in the format <b>&lt;time&gt;</b>.</p> <p>Note: the three last characters of <b>&lt;time&gt;</b> are not returned by <b>+CCLK?</b> because the <b>ME</b> doesn't support time zone information.</p>	
<b>AT+CCLK=?</b>	Test command returns the <b>OK</b> result code.	
Example	<pre>AT+CCLK="02/09/07,22:30:00+00" OK AT+CCLK? +CCLK: 02/09/07,22:30:25 OK</pre>	
Reference	GSM 07.07	

<b>+CCLK - Clock Management</b>		<b>SELINT 2</b>
<b>AT+CCLK=&lt;time&gt;</b>	<p>Set command sets the real-time clock of the <b>ME</b>.</p> <p>Parameter:  <b>&lt;time&gt;</b> - current time as quoted string in the format:            "yy/MM/dd,hh:mm:ss±zz"</p> <p>yy - year (two last digits are mandatory), range is 00..99            MM - month (two last digits are mandatory), range is 01..12            dd - day (two last digits are mandatory), range is 01..31 (if the month MM has less than 31 days, the clock will be set for the next month)            hh - hour (two last digits are mandatory), range is 00..23            mm - minute (two last digits are mandatory), range is 00..59            ss - seconds (two last digits are mandatory), range is 00..59            ±zz - time zone (indicates the difference, expressed in quarter of an hour, between the local time and GMT; two last digits are mandatory), range is -47..+48</p>	
<b>AT+CCLK?</b>	<p>Read command returns the current setting of the real-time clock, in the format <b>&lt;time&gt;</b>.</p> <p>Note: the three last characters of <b>&lt;time&gt;</b>, i.e. the time zone information, are</p>	





<b>+CCLK - Clock Management</b>		<b>SELINT 2</b>
	returned by <b>+CCLK?</b> only if the <b>#NITZ</b> URC 'extended' format has been enabled (see <b>#NITZ</b> ).	
<b>AT+CCLK=?</b>	Test command returns the <b>OK</b> result code.	
Example	<pre>AT+CCLK="02/09/07,22:30:00+00" OK AT+CCLK? +CCLK: 02/09/07,22:30:25 OK</pre>	
Reference	GSM 07.07	

### 3.5.4.4.12 Alarm Management - **+CALA**

<b>+CALA - Alarm Management</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1</b>
<b>AT+CALA[= &lt;time&gt;[,&lt;n&gt;[,&lt;type&gt; [,&lt;text&gt;[,&lt;recurr&gt; [,&lt;silent&gt;]]]]]</b>	<p>Set command stores in the internal Real Time Clock an alarm time with respective settings. It is possible to set up a recurrent alarm for one or more days in the week. Currently just one alarm can be set.</p> <p>When the RTC time reaches the alarm time then the alarm starts, the behaviour of the MODULE depends upon the setting <b>&lt;type&gt;</b> and if the device was already <b>ON</b> at the moment when the alarm time had come.</p> <p>Parameters:</p> <p><b>&lt;time&gt;</b> - current alarm time as quoted string            "" - (empty string) deletes the current alarm and resets all the <b>+CALA</b> parameters to the "factory default" configuration            "hh:mm:ss±zz" - format to be used only when issuing <b>+CALA</b> with parameter <b>&lt;recurr&gt;</b> too.            "yy/MM/dd, hh:mm:ss±zz" - generic format: it's the same as defined for <b>+CCLK</b> (see)</p> <p><b>&lt;n&gt;</b> - index of the alarm            0 - The only value supported is 0.</p> <p><b>&lt;type&gt;</b> - alarm behaviour type            0 - reserved for other equipment use.            1 - the MODULE simply wakes up fully operative as if the <b>ON/OFF</b> button had been pressed. If the device is already <b>ON</b> at the alarm time, then it does nothing (default).            2 - the MODULE wakes up in "alarm mode" if at the alarm time it was off, otherwise it remains fully operative. In both cases the MODULE issues an unsolicited code every 3s:</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>+CALA: &lt;text&gt;</b></p> <p style="text-align: center;">where <b>&lt;text&gt;</b> is the <b>+CALA</b> optional parameter previously set.</p> <p>The device keeps on sending the unsolicited code every 3s until a</p>	





<b>+CALA - Alarm Management</b>	<b>SELINT 0 / 1</b>
	<p><b>#WAKE</b> or <b>#SHDN</b> command is received or a 90 seconds timer expires. If the device is in "alarm mode" and it does not receive the <b>#WAKE</b> command within 90 seconds then it shuts down.</p> <p>3 - the MODULE wakes up in "alarm mode" if at the alarm time it was off, otherwise it remains fully operative. In both cases the MODULE starts playing the alarm tone on the selected path for the ringer (see <b>#SRP</b>) The device keeps on playing the alarm tone until a <b>#WAKE</b> or <b>#SHDN</b> command is received or a 90 seconds timer expires. If the device is in "alarm mode" and it does not receive the <b>#WAKE</b> command within 90s then it shuts down.</p> <p>4 - the MODULE wakes up in "alarm mode" if at the alarm time it was off, otherwise it remains fully operative. In both cases the MODULE brings the pin <b>GPIO6</b> high, provided its <b>&lt;direction&gt;</b> has been set to alarm output, and keeps it in this state until a <b>#WAKE</b> or <b>#SHDN</b> command is received or a 90 seconds timer expires. If the device is in "alarm mode" and it does not receive the <b>#WAKE</b> command within 90s then it shuts down.</p> <p>5 - the MODULE will make both the actions as for <b>&lt;type&gt;=2</b> and <b>&lt;type&gt;=3</b>.</p> <p>6 - the MODULE will make both the actions as for <b>&lt;type&gt;=2</b> and <b>&lt;type&gt;=4</b>.</p> <p>7 - the MODULE will make both the actions as for <b>&lt;type&gt;=3</b> and <b>&lt;type&gt;=4</b>.</p> <p><b>&lt;text&gt;</b> - unsolicited alarm code text string. It has meaning only if <b>&lt;type&gt;</b> is equal to 2 or 5 or 6.</p> <p><b>&lt;recurr&gt;</b> - string type value indicating day of week for the alarm in one of the following formats:            “&lt;1..7&gt;[,&lt;1..7&gt;[, ... ]]” - it sets a recurrent alarm for one or more days in the week; the digits 1 to 7 corresponds to the days in the week (Monday is 1).            “0” - it sets a recurrent alarm for all days in the week.</p> <p><b>&lt;silent&gt;</b> - integer type indicating if the alarm is silent or not.            0 - the alarm will not be silent;            1 - the alarm will be silent.</p> <p>During the "alarm mode" the device will not make any network scan and will not register to any network and therefore is not able to dial or receive any call or SMS, the only commands that can be issued to the MODULE in this state are the <b>#WAKE</b> and <b>#SHDN</b>, every other command must not be issued during this state.</p> <p>Note: If the parameter is omitted the behavior of Set command is the same as Read command.</p>
<b>AT+CALA?</b>	<p>Read command returns the list of current active alarm settings in the ME, in the format:</p> <p><b>[+CALA: &lt;time&gt;,&lt;n&gt;,&lt;type&gt;,&lt;text&gt;,&lt;recurr&gt;,&lt;silent&gt;]</b></p>



+CALA - Alarm Management		SELINT 0 / 1
	Note: if no alarm is present a <CR><LF> is issued.	
AT+CALA=?	<p>Test command returns the list of supported index values (currently just 0), alarm types and maximum length of the text to be displayed, in the format:</p> <p><b>+CALA: (list of supported &lt;n&gt;s),(list of supported &lt;type&gt;s),&lt;tlength&gt;</b></p> <p>where:            &lt;n&gt; and &lt;type&gt; as before            &lt;tlength&gt; - maximum &lt;text&gt; field length, integer type</p> <p>Note: an enhanced version of Test command has been defined, <b>AT+CALA=??</b>, providing the range of available values for &lt;rlenght&gt; and &lt;silent&gt; too.</p>	
AT+CALA=??	<p>Test command returns the list of supported index values (currently just 0), alarm types, maximum length of the text to be displayed, maximum length of &lt;recurr&gt; and supported &lt;silent&gt;s, in the format:</p> <p><b>+CALA: (list of supported &lt;n&gt;s),(list of supported &lt;type&gt;s),&lt;tlength&gt;, &lt;rlenght&gt;,(list of supported &lt;silent&gt;s)</b></p> <p>where:            &lt;n&gt;, &lt;type&gt;, &lt;tlength&gt; and &lt;silent&gt; as before            &lt;rlenght&gt; - maximum &lt;recurr&gt; field length, integer type</p>	
Example	AT+CALA="02/09/07,23:30:00+00" OK	
Reference	ETSI 07.07, ETSI 27.007	

+CALA - Alarm Management		SELINT 2
AT+CALA= <time>[,<n>[,<type> [,<text>[,<recurr> [,<silent>]]]]]	<p>Set command stores in the internal Real Time Clock an alarm time with respective settings. It is possible to set up a recurrent alarm for one or more days in the week. Currently just one alarm can be set.</p> <p>When the RTC time reaches the alarm time then the alarm starts, the behaviour of the MODULE depends upon the setting &lt;type&gt; and if the device was already ON at the moment when the alarm time had come.</p> <p>Parameters:            &lt;time&gt; - current alarm time as quoted string            "" - (empty string) deletes the current alarm and resets all the +CALA parameters to the "factory default" configuration            "hh:mm:ss±zz" - format to be used only when issuing +CALA with parameter &lt;recurr&gt; too.            "yy/MM/dd,hh:mm:ss±zz" - generic format: it's the same as defined for +CCLK (see)            &lt;n&gt; - index of the alarm</p>	

















<b>+CRSL - Ringer Sound Level</b>		<b>SELINT 1</b>
	Note: an enhanced version of Test command has been defined: <b>AT+CRSL=??.</b>	
<b>AT+CRSL=??</b>	Enhanced Test command returns the complete range of supported values for the parameter <b>&lt;mode&gt;</b> :  <b>+CRSL: (0-4)</b>	
Reference	GSM 07.07	

<b>+CRSL - Ringer Sound Level</b>		<b>SELINT 2</b>
<b>AT+CRSL=&lt;level&gt;</b>	Set command is used to select the incoming call ringer sound level of the device.  Parameter: <b>&lt;level&gt;</b> - ringer sound level 0 - Off 1 - low 2 - middle 3 - high 4 - progressive	
<b>AT+CRSL?</b>	Read command reports the current <b>&lt;level&gt;</b> setting of the call ringer in the format: <b>+CRSL: &lt;level&gt;</b>	
<b>AT+CRSL=?</b>	Test command reports <b>&lt;level&gt;</b> supported values as compound value.  <b>+CRSL: (0-4)</b>	
Reference	GSM 07.07	

### 3.5.4.4.16 Loudspeaker Volume Level - +CLVL

<b>+CLVL - Loudspeaker Volume Level</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1</b>
<b>AT+CLVL[=&lt;level&gt;]</b>	Set command is used to select the volume of the internal loudspeaker audio output of the device.  Parameter: <b>&lt;level&gt;</b> - loudspeaker volume 0.. <i>max</i> - the value of <i>max</i> can be read by issuing the Test command <b>AT+CLVL=?</b>  Note: If the parameter is omitted the behavior of Set command is the same as Read command.	
<b>AT+CLVL?</b>	Read command reports the current <b>&lt;level&gt;</b> setting of the loudspeaker volume in the format:  <b>+CLVL: &lt;level&gt;</b>	
<b>AT+CLVL=?</b>	Test command reports <b>&lt;level&gt;</b> supported values range in the format:	



<b>+CLVL - Loudspeaker Volume Level</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1</b>
	<b>+CLVL: (0-max)</b>	
Reference	GSM 07.07	

<b>+CLVL - Loudspeaker Volume Level</b>		<b>SELINT 2</b>
<b>AT+CLVL=&lt;level&gt;</b>	Set command is used to select the volume of the internal loudspeaker audio output of the device.  Parameter: <b>&lt;level&gt;</b> - loudspeaker volume 0..max - the value of max can be read by issuing the Test command <b>AT+CLVL=?</b>	
<b>AT+CLVL?</b>	Read command reports the current <b>&lt;level&gt;</b> setting of the loudspeaker volume in the format: <b>+CLVL: &lt;level&gt;</b>	
<b>AT+CLVL=?</b>	Test command reports <b>&lt;level&gt;</b> supported values range in the format:  <b>+CLVL: (0-max)</b>	
Reference	GSM 07.07	

### 3.5.4.4.17 Microphone Mute Control - +CMUT

<b>+CMUT - Microphone Mute Control</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1</b>
<b>AT+CMUT[=[&lt;n&gt;]]</b>	Set command enables/disables the muting of the microphone audio line during a voice call.  Parameter: <b>&lt;n&gt;</b> 0 - mute off, microphone active (factory default) 1 - mute on, microphone muted.  Note: this command mutes/activates both microphone audio paths, internal mic and external mic.  Note: issuing <b>AT+CMUT&lt;CR&gt;</b> is the same as issuing the Read command.  Note: issuing <b>AT+CMUT=&lt;CR&gt;</b> is the same as issuing the command <b>AT+CMUT=0&lt;CR&gt;</b> .	
<b>AT+CMUT?</b>	Read command reports whether the muting of the microphone audio line during a voice call is enabled or not, in the format:  <b>+CMUT: &lt;n&gt;</b>	
<b>AT+CMUT=?</b>	Test command reports the supported values for <b>&lt;n&gt;</b> parameter.	
Reference	GSM 07.07	

<b>+CMUT - Microphone Mute Control</b>		<b>SELINT 2</b>
<b>AT+CMUT=&lt;n&gt;</b>	Set command enables/disables the muting of the microphone audio line	







<b>+CACM - Accumulated Call Meter</b>		<b>SELINT 2</b>
	Parameter: <pwd> - to access this command PIN2; if PIN2 has been already input once after startup, it is required no more	
<b>AT+CACM?</b>	Read command reports the current value of the SIM ACM in the format:  <b>+CACM: &lt;acm&gt;</b>  where: <acm> - accumulated call meter in home units, string type: three bytes of the ACM value in hexadecimal format (e.g. "00001E" indicates decimal value 30)  Note: the value <acm> is in home units; price per unit and currency are defined with command <b>+CPUC</b>	
<b>AT+CACM=?</b>	Test command returns the <b>OK</b> result code	
Reference	GSM 07.07	

### 3.5.4.4.19 Accumulated Call Meter Maximum - +CAMM

<b>+CAMM - Accumulated Call Meter Maximum</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1</b>
<b>AT+CAMM[= &lt;acmmax&gt; [,&lt;pwd&gt;]]</b>	Set command sets the Advice of Charge related Accumulated Call Meter Maximum Value stored in SIM (ACMmax). This value represents the maximum number of home units allowed to be consumed by the subscriber. When ACM reaches <acmmax> value further calls are prohibited.  Parameter: <acmmax> - ACMmax value, integer type: it is the maximum number of home units allowed to be consumed by the subscriber. <pwd> - PIN2; if PIN2 has been already input once after startup, it is required no more  Note: <acmmax>=0 value disables the feature.  Note: if the parameters are omitted the behavior of Set command is the same as Read command.	
<b>AT+CAMM?</b>	Read command reports the ACMmax value stored in SIM in the format:  <b>+CAMM : &lt;acmm&gt;</b>  where: <acmm> - ACMmax value in home units, string type: three bytes of the ACMmax value in hexadecimal format (e.g. "00001E" indicates decimal value 30)	
Reference	GSM 07.07	







### 3.5.4.4.23 Read ICCID (Integrated Circuit Card Identification) - +CCID

<b>+CCID - Read ICCID (Integrated Circuit Card Identification)</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1</b>
<b>AT+CCID</b>	Execution command reads on SIM the ICCID (card identification number that provides a unique identification number for the SIM)	
<b>AT+ CCID?</b>	Read command has the same effect as Execution command.	
<b>AT+CCID=?</b>	Test command reports <b>OK</b> .	

## 3.5.4.5 Mobile Equipment Errors

### 3.5.4.5.1 Report Mobile Equipment Error - +CMEE

<b>+CMEE - Report Mobile Equipment Error</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1</b>
<b>AT+CMEE=[&lt;n&gt;]</b>	<p>Set command enables/disables the report of result code:</p> <p><b>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</b></p> <p>as an indication of an error relating to the <b>+Cxxx</b> commands issued. When enabled, device related errors cause the <b>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</b> final result code instead of the default <b>ERROR</b> final result code. <b>ERROR</b> is anyway returned normally when the error message is related to syntax, invalid parameters, or <b>DTE</b> functionality.</p> <p>Parameter:  <b>&lt;n&gt;</b> - enable flag            0 - disable <b>+CME ERROR:&lt;err&gt;</b> reports, use only <b>ERROR</b> report.            1 - enable <b>+CME ERROR:&lt;err&gt;</b> reports, with <b>&lt;err&gt;</b> in numeric format            2 - enable <b>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</b> reports, with <b>&lt;err&gt;</b> in verbose format</p> <p>Note: issuing <b>AT+CMEE&lt;CR&gt;</b> is the same as issuing the Read command.</p> <p>Note: issuing <b>AT+CMEE=&lt;CR&gt;</b> is the same as issuing the command <b>AT+CMEE=0&lt;CR&gt;</b>.</p>	
<b>AT+CMEE?</b>	<p>Read command returns the current value of subparameter <b>&lt;n&gt;</b></p> <p><b>+CMEE: &lt;n&gt;</b></p>	
<b>AT+CMEE=?</b>	<p>Test command returns the range of values for subparameter <b>&lt;n&gt;</b> in the format:</p> <p><b>+CMEE: 0, 1, 2</b></p> <p>Note: the representation format of the Test command output is not included in parenthesis.</p>	
Note	<b>+CMEE</b> has no effect on the final result code <b>+CMS</b>	
Reference	GSM 07.07	





















+CGREG - GPRS Network Registration Status		SELINT 2
	<p><b>&lt;stat&gt;</b> - registration status</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0 - not registered, terminal is not currently searching a new operator to register to</li> <li>1 - registered, home network</li> <li>2 - not registered, but terminal is currently searching a new operator to register to</li> <li>3 - registration denied</li> <li>4 - unknown</li> <li>5 - registered, roaming</li> </ul> <p>2 - enable network registration and location information unsolicited result code; if there is a change of the network cell, it is issued the unsolicited result code:</p> <p><b>+CGREG: &lt;stat&gt;[,&lt;lac&gt;,&lt;ci&gt;]</b></p> <p>where:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>&lt;stat&gt;</b> - registration status (see above for values)</li> <li><b>&lt;lac&gt;</b> - location area code in hexadecimal format (e.g. "00C3" equals 195 in decimal)</li> <li><b>&lt;ci&gt;</b> - cell ID in hexadecimal format.</li> </ul>	
<b>AT+CGREG?</b>	Read command returns the status of result code presentation mode <b>&lt;n&gt;</b> and the integer <b>&lt;stat&gt;</b> which shows whether the network has currently indicated the registration of the terminal in the format:  <b>+CGREG: &lt;n&gt;,&lt;stat&gt;</b>	
<b>AT+CGREG=?</b>	Test command returns supported values for parameter <b>&lt;n&gt;</b>	
Reference	GSM 07.07	
Note	There are situations in which the presentation of the <b>URC</b> controlled by <b>+CGREG</b> is slightly different from ETSI specifications. We identified this behaviour and decided to maintain it as default for backward compatibility issues. It is indeed possible to avoid it simply issuing <b>AT#REGMODE=1</b> (see <b>#REGMODE</b> ): this puts the <b>Operation Mode of Registration Status Commands</b> in ' <b>Enhanced Registration Operation Mode</b> ' which is more formal.	

### 3.5.4.7.5 Define PDP Context - +CGDCONT

+CGDCONT - Define PDP Context		SELINT 0 / 1
<b>AT+CGDCONT[=[            [&lt;cid&gt;            [,&lt;PDP_type&gt;            [,&lt;APN&gt;            [,&lt;PDP_addr&gt;            [,&lt;d_comp&gt;            [,&lt;h_comp&gt;            [,&lt;pd1&gt;            [,...[,pdN]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]         </b>	Set command specifies PDP context parameter values for a PDP context identified by the (local) context identification parameter, <b>&lt;cid&gt;</b>  Parameters: <b>&lt;cid&gt;</b> - (PDP Context Identifier) numeric parameter which specifies a particular PDP context definition. 1.. <i>max</i> - where the value of <i>max</i> is returned by the Test command <b>&lt;PDP_type&gt;</b> - (Packet Data Protocol type) a string parameter which specifies the type of packet data protocol	









<b>+CGQMIN - Quality Of Service Profile (Minimum Acceptable)</b>	<b>SELINT 0 / 1</b>
<p><b>AT+CGQMIN=[ &lt;cid&gt; [,&lt;precedence&gt; [,&lt;delay&gt; [,&lt;reliability&gt; [,&lt;peak&gt; [,&lt;mean&gt;]]]]]]]</b></p>	<p>Set command allows to specify a minimum acceptable profile which is checked by the terminal against the negotiated profile returned in the Activate PDP Context Accept message.</p> <p>Parameters:  <b>&lt;cid&gt;</b> - PDP context identification (see <b>+CGDCONT</b>).  <b>&lt;precedence&gt;</b> - precedence class  <b>&lt;delay&gt;</b> - delay class  <b>&lt;reliability&gt;</b> - reliability class  <b>&lt;peak&gt;</b> - peak throughput class  <b>&lt;mean&gt;</b> - mean throughput class</p> <p>If a value is omitted for a particular class then this class is not checked.</p> <p>Note: a special form of the Set command, <b>+CGQMIN=&lt;cid&gt;</b> causes the requested profile for context number <b>&lt;cid&gt;</b> to become undefined.</p> <p>Note: issuing <b>AT+CGQMIN&lt;CR&gt;</b> is the same as issuing the Read command.</p> <p>Note: issuing <b>AT+CGQMIN=&lt;CR&gt;</b> returns the <b>OK</b> result code.</p>
<p><b>AT+CGQMIN?</b></p>	<p>Read command returns the current settings for each defined context in the format:</p> <p><b>+CGQMIN: &lt;cid&gt;,&lt;precedence&gt;,&lt;delay&gt;,&lt;reliability&gt;,&lt;peak&gt;,&lt;mean&gt;&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;[&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;+CGQMIN: &lt;cid&gt;,&lt;precedence&gt;,&lt;delay&gt;,&lt;reliability&gt;,&lt;peak&gt;,&lt;mean&gt;&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;[...]]</b></p> <p>If no PDP context has been defined, it has no effect and <b>OK</b> result code is returned.</p>
<p><b>AT+CGQMIN=?</b></p>	<p>Test command returns as a compound value the type of the current PDP context and the supported values for the subparameters in the format:</p> <p><b>+CGQMIN: &lt;PDP_Type&gt;,(list of supported &lt;precedence&gt;s), (list of supported &lt;delay&gt;s),(list of supported &lt;reliability&gt;s), (list of supported &lt;peak&gt;s),(list of supported &lt;mean&gt;s)</b></p> <p>Note: only the "IP" PDP_Type is currently supported.</p>
<p>Example</p>	<pre>AT+CGQMIN=1,0,0,3,0,0 OK AT+CGQMIN? +CGQMIN: 1,0,0,5,0,0  OK AT+CGQMIN=? +CGQMIN: "IP", (0-3), (0-4), (0-5), (0-9), (0-19,31)</pre>

















<b>+CGPADDR - Show PDP Address</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1</b>
	referred to by <b>&lt;cid&gt;</b> ; if no address is available the empty string ("") is represented as <b>&lt;PDP_addr&gt;</b>	
<b>AT+CGPADDR=?</b>	Test command returns a list of defined <b>&lt;cid&gt;</b> s.	
Example	<pre>AT#GPRS=1 +IP: xxx.yyy.zzz.www  OK AT+CGPADDR=1 +CGPADDR: 1, "xxx.yyy.zzz.www"  OK AT+CGPADDR=? +CGPADDR: (1)  OK</pre>	
Reference	GSM 07.07	

<b>+CGPADDR - Show PDP Address</b>		<b>SELINT 2</b>
<b>AT+CGPADDR=[&lt;cid&gt;[,&lt;cid&gt;[,...]]]</b>	<p>Execution command returns a list of PDP addresses for the specified context identifiers in the format:</p> <p><b>+CGPADDR: &lt;cid&gt;,&lt;PDP_addr&gt;[&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;+CGPADDR: &lt;cid&gt;,&lt;PDP_addr&gt;[...]]</b></p> <p>Parameters:</p> <p><b>&lt;cid&gt;</b> - a numeric parameter which specifies a particular PDP context definition (see <b>+CGDCONT</b> command). If no <b>&lt;cid&gt;</b> is specified, the addresses for all defined contexts are returned.</p> <p><b>&lt;PDP_addr&gt;</b> - a string that identifies the terminal in the address space applicable to the PDP. The address may be static or dynamic. For a static address, it will be the one set by the <b>+CGDCONT</b> command when the context was defined. For a dynamic address it will be the one assigned during the last PDP context activation that used the context definition referred to by <b>&lt;cid&gt;</b>; if no address is available the empty string ("") is represented as <b>&lt;PDP_addr&gt;</b></p>	
<b>AT+CGPADDR=?</b>	Test command returns a list of defined <b>&lt;cid&gt;</b> s.	
Example	<pre>AT#GPRS=1 +IP: xxx.yyy.zzz.www  OK AT+CGPADDR=1 +CGPADDR: 1, "xxx.yyy.zzz.www"  OK</pre>	









+ CBC - Battery Charge		SELINT 2
	Test command to be defined.	
Example	AT+CBC +CBC: 0,75 OK	
Note	The <b>ME</b> does not make differences between being powered by a battery or by a power supply on the <b>VBATT</b> pins, so it is not possible to distinguish between these two cases.	
Reference	GSM 07.07	



















<b>+CMGF - Message Format</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1</b>
	Parameter: <b>&lt;mode&gt;</b> 0 - PDU mode, as defined in GSM 3.40 and GSM 3.41 (factory default) 1 - text mode  Note: issuing <b>AT+CMGF&lt;CR&gt;</b> is the same as issuing the Read command.  Note: issuing <b>AT+CMGF=&lt;CR&gt;</b> is the same as issuing the command <b>AT+CMGF=0&lt;CR&gt;</b> .	
<b>AT+CMGF?</b>	Read command reports the current value of the parameter <b>&lt;mode&gt;</b> .	
<b>AT+CMGF=?</b>	Test command reports the supported value of <b>&lt;mode&gt;</b> parameter.	
Reference	GSM 07.05	

<b>+CMGF - Message Format</b>		<b>SELINT 2</b>
<b>AT+CMGF=[&lt;mode&gt;]</b>	Set command selects the format of messages used with send, list, read and write commands.  Parameter: <b>&lt;mode&gt;</b> 0 - PDU mode, as defined in GSM 3.40 and GSM 3.41 (factory default) 1 - text mode	
<b>AT+CMGF?</b>	Read command reports the current value of the parameter <b>&lt;mode&gt;</b> .	
<b>AT+CMGF=?</b>	Test command reports the supported value of <b>&lt;mode&gt;</b> parameter.	
Reference	GSM 07.05	

### 3.5.5.2 Message Configuration

#### 3.5.5.2.1 Service Center Address - +CSCA

<b>+CSCA - Service Center Address</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1</b>
<b>AT+CSCA=[&lt;number&gt;[,&lt;type&gt;]]</b>	Set command sets the Service Center Address to be used for mobile originated SMS transmissions.  Parameter: <b>&lt;number&gt;</b> - SC phone number in the format defined by <b>&lt;type&gt;</b> <b>&lt;type&gt;</b> - the type of number 129 - national numbering scheme 145 - international numbering scheme (contains the character "+")  Note: to use the SM service, is mandatory to set a Service Center Address at which service requests will be directed.  Note: in Text mode, this setting is used by send and write commands; in	















+CSMP - Set Text Mode Parameters		SELINT 2
O D E = 1  # S M S M O D E = 1  # S M S M O D E = 1  # S M S M O D E = 1		<p><b>bit[7]</b>: Status Report Request, 1-bit field indicating the MS is requesting a status report (default is [0]);            [0] - MS is not requesting a status report            [1] - MS is requesting a status report</p> <p><b>&lt;vp&gt;</b> - depending on <b>&lt;fo&gt;</b> setting:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>if <b>&lt;fo&gt;</b> asks for a <i>Not Present</i> Validity Period, <b>&lt;vp&gt;</b> can be any type and it will be not considered;</li> <li>if <b>&lt;fo&gt;</b> asks for a Validity Period in <i>relative format</i>, <b>&lt;vp&gt;</b> shall be integer type (default 167, i.e. 24 hours);              0..143 - (<b>&lt;vp&gt;</b> + 1) x 5 minutes              144..167 - 12 hours + ((<b>&lt;vp&gt;</b> - 143) x 30 minutes)              168..196 - (<b>&lt;vp&gt;</b> - 166) x 1 day              197..255 - (<b>&lt;vp&gt;</b> - 192) x 1 week</li> <li>if <b>&lt;fo&gt;</b> asks for a Validity Period in <i>absolute format</i>, <b>&lt;vp&gt;</b> shall be quoted time-string type (see <b>+CCLK</b>)</li> <li>if <b>&lt;fo&gt;</b> asks for a Validity Period in <i>enhanced format</i>, <b>&lt;vp&gt;</b> shall be the quoted hexadecimal representation (string type) of 7 octets, as follows:             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>the first octet is the <b>Validity Period Functionality Indicator</b>, indicating the way in which the other 6 octets are used; let's consider its bit field description:                 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>bit[7]</b>: extension bit                      [0] - there are no more VP Functionality Indicator extension octets to follow</li> <li><b>bit[6]</b>: Single Shot SM;                      [0] - the SC is not required to make up to one delivery attempt                      [1] - the SC is required to make up to one delivery attempt</li> <li><b>bit[5]bit[4]bit[3]</b>: reserved                      [000]</li> <li><b>bit[2]bit[1]bit[0]</b>: Validity Period Format                      [000] - No Validity Period specified                      [001] - Validity Period specified as for the relative format. The following octet contains the VP value as described before; all the other octets are 0's.                      [010] - Validity Period is relative in integer representation. The following octet contains the VP value in the range 0 to 255, representing 0 to 255 seconds; all the other octets are 0's.                      [011] - Validity Period is relative in semi-octet representation. The following 3 octets contain the relative time in Hours, Minutes and Seconds, giving the length of the validity period counted from when the SMS-SUBMIT is received by the SC; all the other octets are 0's.</li> </ul> </li> </ul> </li> </ol> <p><b>&lt;pid&gt;</b> - GSM 03.40 TP-Protocol-Identifier in integer format.</p>















<b>+CSAS - Save Settings</b>		<b>SELINT 2</b>
	are always saved to NVM, regardless the value of <b>&lt;profile&gt;</b> .  Note: If parameter is omitted the settings are saved in the non volatile memory.	
<b>AT+CSAS=?</b>	Test command returns the possible range of values for the parameter <b>&lt;profile&gt;</b> .	
Reference	GSM 07.05	

### 3.5.5.2.6 Restore Settings - +CRES

<b>+CRES - Restore Settings</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1</b>
<b>AT+CRES [=&lt;profile&gt;]</b>	Execution command restores message service settings saved by <b>+CSCA</b> command from either NVM or SIM.  Parameter: <b>&lt;profile&gt;</b> 0 - it restores message service settings from NVM. 1..n - it restores message service settings from SIM. The value of n depends on the SIM and its max is 3.  Note: certain settings may not be supported by the SIM and therefore they are always restored from NVM, regardless the value of <b>&lt;profile&gt;</b> .  Note: If parameter is omitted the command restores message service settings from NVM.	
<b>AT+CRES?</b>	Read command has the same effect as Execution command with parameter omitted.	
<b>AT+CRES=?</b>	Test command returns the possible range of values for the parameter <b>&lt;profile&gt;</b> .	
Reference	GSM 07.05	

<b>+CRES - Restore Settings</b>		<b>SELINT 2</b>
<b>AT+CRES [=&lt;profile&gt;]</b>	Execution command restores message service settings saved by <b>+CSAS</b> command from either NVM or SIM.  Parameter: <b>&lt;profile&gt;</b> 0 - it restores message service settings from NVM. 1..n - it restores message service settings from SIM. The value of n depends on the SIM and its max is 3.  Note: certain settings may not be supported by the SIM and therefore they are always restored from NVM, regardless the value of <b>&lt;profile&gt;</b> .  Note: If parameter is omitted the command restores message service	





+CNMI - New Message Indications To Terminal Equipment	SELINT 0 / 1
<p>&lt;length&gt; - PDU length &lt;pdu&gt; - PDU message</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>(TEXT Mode)</b></p> <p><b>+CMT:</b>&lt;oa&gt;,,&lt;scts&gt;[,&lt;toa&gt;,&lt;fo&gt;,&lt;pid&gt;,&lt;dcs&gt;,&lt;sca&gt;,&lt;tosca&gt;,&lt;length&gt;]&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;&lt;data&gt; (the information written in italics will be present depending on <b>+CSDH</b> last setting) where:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>&lt;oa&gt; - originating address, string type converted in the currently selected character set (see <b>+CSCS</b>)</li> <li>&lt;scts&gt; - arrival time of the message to the SC</li> <li>&lt;toa&gt;, &lt;tosca&gt; - type of number &lt;oa&gt; or &lt;sca&gt;: 129 - number in national format 145 - number in international format (contains the "+")</li> <li>&lt;fo&gt; - first octet of GSM 03.40</li> <li>&lt;pid&gt; - Protocol Identifier</li> <li>&lt;dcs&gt; - Data Coding Scheme</li> <li>&lt;sca&gt; - Service Centre address, string type, converted in the currently selected character set (see <b>+CSCS</b>)</li> <li>&lt;length&gt; - text length</li> <li>&lt;data&gt; - TP-User-Data</li> </ul> <p>Class 2 messages and messages in the message waiting indication group (stored message) result in indication as defined in <b>&lt;mt&gt;=1</b>. 3 - Class 3 SMS-DELIVERs are routed directly to <b>TE</b> using unsolicited result codes defined in <b>&lt;mt&gt;=2</b>. Messages of other data coding schemes result in indication as defined in <b>&lt;mt&gt;=1</b>.</p> <p><b>&lt;bm&gt;</b> - broadcast reporting option 0 - Cell Broadcast Messages are not sent to the <b>DTE</b> 2 - New Cell Broadcast Messages are sent to the <b>DTE</b> with the unsolicited result code:</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>(PDU Mode)</b></p> <p><b>+CBM:</b> &lt;length&gt;&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;&lt;PDU&gt; where: &lt;length&gt; - PDU length &lt;PDU&gt; - message PDU</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>(TEXT Mode)</b></p> <p><b>+CBM:</b>&lt;sn&gt;,&lt;mid&gt;,&lt;dcs&gt;,&lt;pag&gt;,&lt;pags&gt;&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;&lt;data&gt; where: &lt;sn&gt; - message serial number &lt;mid&gt; - message ID &lt;dcs&gt; - Data Coding Scheme &lt;pag&gt; - page number &lt;pags&gt; - total number of pages of the message</p>	



+CNMI - New Message Indications To Terminal Equipment	SELINT 0 / 1
	<p><b>&lt;data&gt;</b> - CBM Content of Message</p> <p><b>&lt;ds&gt;</b> - SMS-STATUS-REPORTs reporting option            0 - status report receiving is not reported to the <b>DTE</b>            1 - the status report is sent to the <b>DTE</b> with the following unsolicited result code:</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>(PDU Mode)</b></p> <p><b>+CDS: &lt;length&gt;&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;&lt;PDU&gt;</b>            where:  <b>&lt;length&gt;</b> - PDU length  <b>&lt;PDU&gt;</b> - message PDU</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>(TEXT Mode)</b></p> <p><b>+CDS: &lt;fo&gt;,&lt;mr&gt;,,,&lt;scts&gt;,&lt;dt&gt;,&lt;st&gt;</b>            where:  <b>&lt;fo&gt;</b> - first octet of the message PDU  <b>&lt;mr&gt;</b> - message reference number  <b>&lt;scts&gt;</b> - arrival time of the message to the SC  <b>&lt;dt&gt;</b> - sending time of the message  <b>&lt;st&gt;</b> - message status as coded in the PDU</p> <p>2 - if a status report is stored, then the following unsolicited result code is sent:  <b>+CDSI: &lt;memr&gt;,&lt;index&gt;</b>            where:  <b>&lt;memr&gt;</b> - memory storage where the new message is stored            "SM"  <b>&lt;index&gt;</b> - location on the memory where SM is stored</p> <p><b>&lt;bfr&gt;</b> - buffered result codes handling method:            0 - <b>TA</b> buffer of unsolicited result codes defined within this command is flushed to the <b>TE</b> when <b>&lt;mode&gt;=1..3</b> is entered (<b>OK</b> response shall be given before flushing the codes)            1 - <b>TA</b> buffer of unsolicited result codes defined within this command is cleared when <b>&lt;mode&gt;=1..3</b> is entered.</p> <p>Note: issuing <b>AT+CNMI&lt;CR&gt;</b> is the same as issuing the Read command.</p> <p>Note: issuing <b>AT+CNMI=&lt;CR&gt;</b> is the same as issuing the command <b>AT+CNMI=0&lt;CR&gt;</b>.</p>
<b>AT+CNMI?</b>	Read command returns the current parameter settings for <b>+CNMI</b> command in the form:  <b>+CNMI: &lt;mode&gt;,&lt;mt&gt;,&lt;bm&gt;,&lt;ds&gt;,&lt;bfr&gt;</b>
<b>AT+CNMI=?</b>	Test command reports the supported range of values for the <b>+CNMI</b> command parameters.



































+CMGL - List Messages		SELINT 2
M S M O D E = 0  # S M S M O D E = 0  # S M S M O D E = 0  # S M S M O D E = 0		<p> <b>&lt;index&gt;</b> - message position in the storage  <b>&lt;stat&gt;</b> - message status  <b>&lt;oa/da&gt;</b> - originator/destination address, string type , represented in the currently selected character set (see <b>+CSCS</b>)  <b>&lt;alpha&gt;</b> - string type alphanumeric representation of <b>&lt;da&gt;</b> or <b>&lt;oa&gt;</b>, corresponding to an entry found in the phonebook; used character set is the one selected with command <b>+CSCS</b>.  <b>&lt;scts&gt;</b> - TP-Service Centre Time Stamp in Time String Format  <b>&lt;toa/oda&gt;</b> - type of number <b>&lt;oa/da&gt;</b>            129 - number in national format            145 - number in international format (contains the "+")  <b>&lt;length&gt;</b> - text length  <b>&lt;data&gt;</b> - TP-User-Data           <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• If <b>&lt;dcs&gt;</b> indicates that GSM03.38 default alphabet is used , each character of GSM alphabet will be converted into current TE character set (see <b>+CSCS</b>)</li> <li>• If <b>&lt;dcs&gt;</b> indicates that 8-bit or UCS2 data coding scheme is used, each 8-bit octet will be converted into two IRA character long hexadecimal number (e.g. octet 0x2A will be converted as two characters 0x32 0x41)</li> </ul> <p>If there is at least one message delivery confirm to be listed the representation format is:</p> <p> <b>+CMGL: &lt;index&gt;,&lt;stat&gt;,&lt;fo&gt;,&lt;mr&gt;,,,&lt;scts&gt;,&lt;dt&gt;,&lt;st&gt;[&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;</b>  <b>+CMGL: &lt;index&gt;,&lt;stat&gt;,&lt;fo&gt;,&lt;mr&gt;,&lt;ra&gt;,&lt;tora&gt;,&lt;scts&gt;,&lt;dt&gt;,&lt;st&gt;</b>  <b>[...]</b> </p> <p>where</p> <p> <b>&lt;index&gt;</b> - message position in the storage  <b>&lt;stat&gt;</b> - message status  <b>&lt;fo&gt;</b> - first octet of the message PDU  <b>&lt;mr&gt;</b> - message reference number; GSM 03.40 TP-Message-Reference in integer format  <b>&lt;scts&gt;</b> - arrival time of the message to the SC  <b>&lt;dt&gt;</b> - sending time of the message  <b>&lt;st&gt;</b> - message status as coded in the PDU           </p> <p>Note: If parameter is omitted the command returns the list of sms with <b>"REC UNREAD"</b> status.</p> <p>Note: the order in which the messages are reported by <b>+CMGL</b> is the same order in which these messages have been processed by the module</p> </p>
	<b>AT+CMGL=?</b>	Test command returns a list of supported <b>&lt;stat&gt;</b> s
	Reference	GSM 07.05, GSM 03.40











<b>@CMGL - List Messages Improved</b>	<b>SELINT 0</b>
	<p>Parameter:  <b>&lt;stat&gt;</b>            "REC UNREAD" - new message            "REC READ" - read message            "STO UNSENT" - stored message not yet sent            "STO SENT" - stored message already sent            "ALL" - all messages.</p> <p>Each message to be listed is represented in the format (the information written in italics will be present depending on <b>+CSDH</b> last setting):</p> <p><b>@CMGL: &lt;index&gt;,&lt;stat&gt;,&lt;oa/da&gt;,,[,&lt;toa/toda&gt;,&lt;length&gt;]</b>  <b>&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt; &lt;data&gt;</b></p> <p>where  <b>&lt;index&gt;</b> - message position in the storage  <b>&lt;stat&gt;</b> - message status  <b>&lt;oa/da&gt;</b> - originator/destination address, string type, represented in the currently selected character set (see <b>+CSCS</b>)  <b>&lt;toa/toda&gt;</b> - type of number <b>&lt;oa/da&gt;</b>            129 - number in national format            145 - number in international format (contains the "+")  <b>&lt;length&gt;</b> - text length  <b>&lt;data&gt;</b> - TP-User-Data</p> <p>Each message delivery confirm is represented in the format:</p> <p><b>@CMGL: &lt;index&gt;,&lt;stat&gt;,&lt;fo&gt;,&lt;mr&gt;,,,&lt;scts&gt;,&lt;dt&gt;,&lt;st&gt;</b></p> <p>where  <b>&lt;index&gt;</b> - message position in the storage  <b>&lt;stat&gt;</b> - message status  <b>&lt;fo&gt;</b> - first octet of the message PDU  <b>&lt;mr&gt;</b> - message reference number  <b>&lt;scts&gt;</b> - arrival time of the message to the SC  <b>&lt;dt&gt;</b> - sending time of the message  <b>&lt;st&gt;</b> - message status as coded in the PDU</p> <p>Note: The command differs from the <b>+CMGL</b> because at the end of the listing a <b>&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;</b> is put before the <b>OK</b> result code.</p> <p>Note: If parameter is omitted the command returns the list of sms with "REC UNREAD" status.</p>
<b>AT@CMGL?</b>	Read command has the same effect as Execution command with parameter omitted
<b>AT@CMGL=?</b>	Test command returns a list of supported <b>&lt;stat&gt;s</b>





@CMGL - List Messages Improved		SELINT 0
Note	<p>If Text Mode (<b>+CMGF=1</b>) the Test command output is not included in parenthesis</p> <p><b>AT@CMGL=?</b> <b>@CMGL: "REC UNREAD","REC READ","STO UNSENT", "STO SENT","ALL"</b></p>	
Reference	GSM 07.05	

@CMGL - List Messages Improved		SELINT 1
<p><b>AT@CMGL</b> <b>[=&lt;stat&gt;]</b></p>	<p>Execution command reports the list of all the messages with status value <b>&lt;stat&gt;</b> stored into <b>&lt;memr&gt;</b> message storage (<b>&lt;memr&gt;</b> is the message storage for read and delete SMS as last settings of command <b>+CPMS</b>).</p> <p>The parameter type and the command output depend on the last settings of command <b>+CMGF</b> (message format to be used)</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>(PDU Mode)</b></p> <p>Parameter: <b>&lt;stat&gt;</b> 0 - new message 1 - read message 2 - stored message not yet sent 3 - stored message already sent 4 - all messages.</p> <p>Each message to be listed is represented in the format:</p> <p><b>@CMGL: &lt;index&gt;,&lt;stat&gt;,&lt;length&gt;&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;&lt;pdu&gt;</b></p> <p>where <b>&lt;index&gt;</b> - message position in the memory storage list. <b>&lt;stat&gt;</b> - status of the message <b>&lt;length&gt;</b> - length of the PDU in bytes <b>&lt;pdu&gt;</b> - message in PDU format according to GSM 3.40</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>(Text Mode)</b></p> <p>Parameter: <b>&lt;stat&gt;</b> "REC UNREAD" - new message "REC READ" - read message "STO UNSENT" - stored message not yet sent "STO SENT" - stored message already sent "ALL" - all messages.</p> <p>Each message to be listed is represented in the format:</p> <p><b>@CMGL: &lt;index&gt;,&lt;stat&gt;,&lt;oa/da&gt;[,,,&lt;tooa/toda&gt;,&lt;length&gt;]</b></p>	



@CMGL - List Messages Improved		SELINT 1
	<p>&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt; &lt;data&gt;</p> <p>where            &lt;index&gt; - message position in the storage            &lt;stat&gt; - message status            &lt;oa/da&gt; - originator/destination address, string type, represented in the currently selected character set (see +CSCS)            &lt;tooa/toda&gt; - type of number &lt;oa/da&gt;              129 - number in national format              145 - number in international format (contains the "+")            &lt;length&gt; - text length            &lt;data&gt; - TP-User-Data</p> <p>Each message delivery confirm is represented in the format:</p> <p><b>@CMGL: &lt;index&gt;,&lt;stat&gt;,&lt;fo&gt;,&lt;mr&gt;,,,&lt;scts&gt;,&lt;dt&gt;,&lt;st&gt;</b></p> <p>where            &lt;index&gt; - message position in the storage            &lt;stat&gt; - message status            &lt;fo&gt; - first octet of the message PDU            &lt;mr&gt; - message reference number            &lt;scts&gt; - arrival time of the message to the SC            &lt;dt&gt; - sending time of the message            &lt;st&gt; - message status as coded in the PDU</p> <p>Note: The command differs from the +CMGL because at the end of the listing a &lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt; is put before the OK result code.</p> <p>Note: If parameter is omitted the command returns the list of sms with "REC UNREAD" status.</p>	
AT@CMGL?	Read command has the same effect as Execution command with parameter omitted	
AT@CMGL=?	Test command returns a list of supported <stat>s	
Note	<p>If Text Mode (+CMGF=1) the Test command output is not included in parenthesis</p> <p><b>AT@CMGL=?</b>  <b>@CMGL: "REC UNREAD","REC READ","STO UNSENT", "STO SENT","ALL"</b></p>	
Reference	GSM 07.05	

### 3.5.5.3.4 Read Message - +CMGR

+CMGR - Read Message		SELINT 0 / 1
AT+CMGR= <index>	Execution command reports the message with location value <index> from <memr> message storage (<memr> is the message storage for read and	



+CMGR - Read Message	SELINT 0 / 1
<p>delete SMS as last settings of command <b>+CPMS</b>).</p> <p>Parameter: <b>&lt;index&gt;</b> - message index.</p> <p>The output depends on the last settings of command <b>+CMGF</b> (message format to be used)</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>(PDU Mode)</b></p> <p>The output has the following format:</p> <p><b>+CMGR: &lt;stat&gt;,&lt;length&gt;&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;&lt;pdu&gt;</b></p> <p>where <b>&lt;stat&gt;</b> - status of the message            0 - new message            1 - read message            2 - stored message not yet sent            3 - stored message already sent  <b>&lt;length&gt;</b> - length of the PDU in bytes.  <b>&lt;pdu&gt;</b> - message in PDU format according to GSM 3.40.</p> <p>The status of the message and entire message data unit <b>&lt;pdu&gt;</b> is returned.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>(Text Mode)</b></p> <p>Output format for received messages (the information written in italics will be present depending on <b>+CSDH</b> last setting):</p> <p><b>+CMGR: &lt;stat&gt;,&lt;oa&gt;,,&lt;scts&gt; [<i>,&lt;tooa&gt;,&lt;fo&gt;,&lt;pid&gt;,&lt;dcs&gt;,&lt;sca&gt;,&lt;tosca&gt;,&lt;length&gt;</i>]<i>&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;&lt;data&gt;</i></b></p> <p>Output format for either sent or unsent messages:  <b>+CMGR: &lt;stat&gt;,&lt;da&gt;,[<i>,&lt;toda&gt;,&lt;fo&gt;,&lt;pid&gt;,&lt;dcs&gt;,&lt;sca&gt;,&lt;tosca&gt;,&lt;length&gt;</i>]<i>&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;&lt;data&gt;</i></b></p> <p>Output format for message delivery confirm:  <b>+CMGR: &lt;stat&gt;,&lt;fo&gt;,&lt;mr&gt;,,<i>&lt;scts&gt;,&lt;dt&gt;,&lt;st&gt;</i></b></p> <p>where:  <b>&lt;stat&gt;</b> - status of the message            "REC UNREAD" - new received message unread            "REC READ" - received message read            "STO UNSENT" - message stored not yet sent            "STO SENT" - message stored already sent  <b>&lt;fo&gt;</b> - first octet of the message PDU  <b>&lt;mr&gt;</b> - message reference number</p>	



<b>+CMGR - Read Message</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1</b>
	<p>&lt;scts&gt; - arrival time of the message to the SC            &lt;dt&gt; - sending time of the message            &lt;st&gt; - message status as coded in the PDU            &lt;pid&gt; - Protocol Identifier            &lt;dcs&gt; - Data Coding Scheme            &lt;oa&gt; - Originator address, string type represented in the currently selected character set (see <b>+CSCS</b>)            &lt;da&gt; - Destination address, string type represented in the currently selected character set (see <b>+CSCS</b>)            &lt;sca&gt; - Service Centre number            &lt;toa&gt;, &lt;tda &gt;, &lt;tosca&gt; - type of number &lt;oa&gt;, &lt;da&gt;, &lt;sca&gt;            129 - number in national format            145 - number in international format (contains the "+")            &lt;length&gt; - text length            &lt;data&gt; - TP-User_data</p> <p>Note: in both cases if status of the message is 'received unread', status in the storage changes to 'received read'.</p> <p>Note: an error result code is sent on empty record &lt;index&gt;.</p>	
<b>AT+CMGR=?</b>	Test command returns the <b>OK</b> result code.	
Note	The improving command <b>@CMGR</b> has been defined	
Reference	GSM 07.05	

<b>+CMGR - Read Message</b>		<b>SELINT 2</b>
<p><i>Note: the behaviour of command <b>+CMGR</b> differs depending on whether or not the improved SMS commands operation mode has been enabled (see <b>#SMSMODE</b>)</i></p>		
<b>(#SMSMODE=0)</b>		
# S M S M O D E = 0	<b>AT+CMGR= &lt;index&gt;</b>	<p>Execution command reports the message with location value &lt;index&gt; from &lt;memr&gt; message storage (&lt;memr&gt; is the message storage for read and delete SMs as last settings of command <b>+CPMS</b>).</p> <p>Parameter:            &lt;index&gt; - message index.</p> <p>The output depends on the last settings of command <b>+CMGF</b> (message format to be used)</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>(PDU Mode)</b></p> <p>If there is a message in location &lt;index&gt;, the output has the following format:</p> <p><b>+CMGR: &lt;stat&gt;,&lt;alpha&gt;,&lt;length&gt;&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;&lt;pdu&gt;</b></p> <p>where</p>
# S M S		



+CMGR - Read Message		SELINT 2
M O D E = 0  # S M S M O D E = 0  # S M S M O D E = 0  # S M S M O D E = 0		<p><b>&lt;stat&gt;</b> - status of the message            0 - new message            1 - read message            2 - stored message not yet sent            3 - stored message already sent</p> <p><b>&lt;alpha&gt;</b> - string type alphanumeric representation of <b>&lt;da&gt;</b> or <b>&lt;oa&gt;</b>, corresponding to an entry found in the phonebook; used character set is the one selected with command <b>+CSCS</b>.</p> <p><b>&lt;length&gt;</b> - length of the PDU in bytes.  <b>&lt;pdu&gt;</b> - message in PDU format according to GSM 3.40.</p> <p>The status of the message and entire message data unit <b>&lt;pdu&gt;</b> is returned.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>(Text Mode)</b></p> <p>If there is a <b>Received</b> message in location <b>&lt;index&gt;</b> the output format is (the information written in <i>italics</i> will be present depending on <b>+CSDH</b> last setting):  <b>+CMGR: &lt;stat&gt;,&lt;oa&gt;,&lt;alpha&gt;,&lt;scts&gt;[,&lt;tooa&gt;,&lt;fo&gt;,&lt;pid&gt;,&lt;dcsc&gt;,&lt;sca&gt;,&lt;tosca&gt;,&lt;length&gt;]&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;&lt;data&gt;</b></p> <p>If there is either a <b>Sent</b> or an <b>Unsent</b> message in location <b>&lt;index&gt;</b> the output format is:  <b>+CMGR: &lt;stat&gt;,&lt;da&gt;,&lt;alpha&gt;[,&lt;toda&gt;,&lt;fo&gt;,&lt;pid&gt;,&lt;dcsc&gt;,&lt;vp&gt;,&lt;sca&gt;,&lt;tosca&gt;,&lt;length&gt;]&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;&lt;data&gt;</b></p> <p>If there is a <b>Message Delivery Confirm</b> in location <b>&lt;index&gt;</b> the output format is:  <b>+CMGR: &lt;stat&gt;,&lt;fo&gt;,&lt;mr&gt;,,,&lt;scts&gt;,&lt;dt&gt;,&lt;st&gt;</b></p> <p>where:</p> <p><b>&lt;stat&gt;</b> - status of the message            "REC UNREAD" - new received message unread            "REC READ" - received message read            "STO UNSENT" - message stored not yet sent            "STO SENT" - message stored already sent</p> <p><b>&lt;fo&gt;</b> - first octet of the message PDU  <b>&lt;mr&gt;</b> - message reference number; GSM 03.40 TP-Message-Reference in integer format  <b>&lt;scts&gt;</b> - arrival time of the message to the SC  <b>&lt;dt&gt;</b> - sending time of the message  <b>&lt;st&gt;</b> - message status as coded in the PDU  <b>&lt;pid&gt;</b> - Protocol Identifier  <b>&lt;dcsc&gt;</b> - Data Coding Scheme  <b>&lt;vp&gt;</b> - Validity period; only the integer format is supported  <b>&lt;oa&gt;</b> - Originator address, string type represented in the currently selected character set (see <b>+CSCS</b>)</p>







+CMGR - Read Message		SELINT 2
D E = 1  # S M S M O D E = 1  # S M S M O D E = 1  # S M S M O D E = 1  #	1 - read message 2 - stored message not yet sent 3 - stored message already sent  <b>&lt;alpha&gt;</b> - string type alphanumeric representation of <b>&lt;da&gt;</b> or <b>&lt;oa&gt;</b> , corresponding to an entry found in the phonebook; used character set is the one selected with command <b>+CSCS</b> .  <b>&lt;length&gt;</b> - length of the PDU in bytes.  <b>&lt;pdu&gt;</b> - message in PDU format according to GSM 3.40.  The status of the message and entire message data unit <b>&lt;pdu&gt;</b> is returned.  <p style="text-align: center;"><b>(Text Mode)</b></p> If there is a <b>Received</b> message in location <b>&lt;index&gt;</b> the output format is (the information written in <i>italics</i> will be present depending on <b>+CSDH</b> last setting): <b>+CMGR: &lt;stat&gt;,&lt;oa&gt;,&lt;alpha&gt;,&lt;scts&gt;[,&lt;tooa&gt;,&lt;fo&gt;,&lt;pid&gt;,&lt;dc&lt;sup&gt;s&lt;/sup&gt;&gt;,&lt;sca&gt;,&lt;tosca&gt;,&lt;length&gt;]&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;&lt;data&gt;</b>  If there is either a <b>Sent</b> or an <b>Unsent</b> message in location <b>&lt;index&gt;</b> the output format is: <b>+CMGR: &lt;stat&gt;,&lt;da&gt;,&lt;alpha&gt;[,&lt;toda&gt;,&lt;fo&gt;,&lt;pid&gt;,&lt;dc&lt;sup&gt;s&lt;/sup&gt;&gt;,[&lt;vp&gt;],&lt;sca&gt;,&lt;tosca&gt;,&lt;length&gt;]&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;&lt;data&gt;</b>  If there is a <b>Message Delivery Confirm</b> in location <b>&lt;index&gt;</b> the output format is: <b>+CMGR: &lt;stat&gt;,&lt;fo&gt;,&lt;mr&gt;,&lt;ra&gt;,&lt;tora&gt;,&lt;scts&gt;,&lt;dt&gt;,&lt;st&gt;</b>  where: <b>&lt;stat&gt;</b> - status of the message "REC UNREAD" - new received message unread "REC READ" - received message read "STO UNSENT" - message stored not yet sent "STO SENT" - message stored already sent <b>&lt;fo&gt;</b> - first octet of the message PDU <b>&lt;mr&gt;</b> - message reference number; GSM 03.40 TP-Message-Reference in integer format <b>&lt;ra&gt;</b> - recipient address, string type, represented in the currently selected character set (see <b>+CSCS</b> ) <b>&lt;tora&gt;</b> - type of number <b>&lt;ra&gt;</b> <b>&lt;scts&gt;</b> - arrival time of the message to the SC <b>&lt;dt&gt;</b> - sending time of the message <b>&lt;st&gt;</b> - message status as coded in the PDU <b>&lt;pid&gt;</b> - Protocol Identifier <b>&lt;dc&lt;sup&gt;s&lt;/sup&gt;&gt;</b> - Data Coding Scheme <b>&lt;vp&gt;</b> - Validity Period; its format depends on SMS-SUBMIT <b>&lt;fo&gt;</b> setting (see <b>+CSMP</b> ):	





**@CMGR - Read Message Improved**

**SELINT 0**

**(PDU Mode)**

The output has the following format:

**@CMGR: <stat>,<length><CR><LF><pdu>**

where

**<stat>** - status of the message

0 - new message

1 - read message

2 - stored message not yet sent

3 - stored message already sent

**<length>** - length of the PDU in bytes.

**<pdu>** - message in PDU format according to GSM 3.40.

The status of the message and entire message data unit **<pdu>** is returned.

**(Text Mode)**

Output format for received messages (the information written in italics will be present depending on **+CSDH** last setting):

**@CMGR: <stat>,<oa>,,<scts> [,<toa>,<fo>,<pid>,<dcs>,<sca>,<tosca>,<length>]<CR><LF><text>**

Output format for either sent or unsent messages:

**@CMGR: <stat>,<da>,<[,<toda>,<fo>,<pid>,<dcs>,,<sca>,<tosca>,<length>]<CR><LF><text>**

Output format for message delivery confirm:

**@CMGR: <stat>,<fo>,<mr>,,,<scts>,<dt>,<st>**

where:

**<stat>** - status of the message

"REC UNREAD" - new received message unread

"REC READ" - received message read

"STO UNSENT" - message stored not yet sent

"STO SENT" - message stored already sent

**<fo>** - first octet of the message PDU

**<mr>** - message reference number

**<scts>** - arrival time of the message to the SC

**<dt>** - sending time of the message

**<st>** - message status as coded in the PDU

**<pid>** - Protocol Identifier

**<dcs>** - Data Coding Scheme

**<oa>** - Originator address, string type represented in the currently selected character set (see **+CSCS**)





@CMGR - Read Message Improved		SELINT 0
	<p>&lt;da&gt; - Destination address, string type represented in the currently selected character set (see +CSCS)</p> <p>&lt;sca&gt; - Service Centre number</p> <p>&lt;toa&gt;, &lt;oda&gt;, &lt;osca&gt; - type of number &lt;oa&gt;, &lt;da&gt;, &lt;sca&gt; 129 - number in national format 145 - number in international format (contains the "+")</p> <p>&lt;length&gt; - text length</p> <p>&lt;text&gt; - message text</p> <p>Note: the command differs from the +CMGR because after the message &lt;pdu&gt; or &lt;text&gt; a &lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt; is put before the OK result code.</p> <p>Note: in both cases if status of the message is 'received unread', status in the storage changes to 'received read'.</p> <p>Note: an error result code is sent on empty record &lt;index&gt;.</p>	
AT@CMGR=?	Test command has no effect; the answer is OK	
Reference	GSM 07.05	

@CMGR - Read Message Improved		SELINT 1
<p>AT@CMGR= &lt;index&gt;</p>	<p>Execution command reports the message with location value &lt;index&gt; from &lt;memr&gt; message storage (&lt;memr&gt; is the message storage for read and delete SMS as last settings of command +CPMS).</p> <p>Parameter: &lt;index&gt; - message index.</p> <p>The output depends on the last settings of command +CMGF (message format to be used)</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>(PDU Mode)</b></p> <p>The output has the following format:</p> <p><b>@CMGR: &lt;stat&gt;,&lt;length&gt;&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;&lt;pdu&gt;</b></p> <p>where</p> <p>&lt;stat&gt; - status of the message 0 - new message 1 - read message 2 - stored message not yet sent 3 - stored message already sent</p> <p>&lt;length&gt; - length of the PDU in bytes. &lt;pdu&gt; - message in PDU format according to GSM 3.40.</p> <p>The status of the message and entire message data unit &lt;pdu&gt; is returned.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>(Text Mode)</b></p>	







### 3.5.5.4 Message Sending And Writing

#### 3.5.5.4.1 Send Message - +CMGS

<b>+CMGS - Send Message</b>	<b>SELINT 0 / 1</b>
<p>(PDU Mode) <b>AT+CMGS=</b> <b>&lt;length&gt;</b></p>	<p>(PDU Mode)</p> <p>Execution command sends to the network a message.</p> <p>Parameter: <b>&lt;length&gt;</b> - length of the PDU to be sent in bytes (excluding the SMSC address octets). 7..164</p> <p>After command line is terminated with <b>&lt;CR&gt;</b>, the device responds sending a four character sequence prompt: <b>&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;&lt;greater_than&gt;&lt;space&gt;</b> (IRA 13, 10, 62, 32)</p> <p>and waits for the specified number of bytes.</p> <p>Note: the <b>DCD</b> signal shall be in <b>ON</b> state while PDU is given.</p> <p>Note: the echoing of given characters back from the TA is controlled by echo command <b>E</b></p> <p>Note: the <b>PDU</b> shall be hexadecimal format (each octet of the <b>PDU</b> is given as two IRA character long hexadecimal number) and given in one line.</p> <p>Note: when the length octet of the SMSC address (given in the <b>PDU</b>) equals zero, the SMSC address set with command <b>+CSCA</b> is used; in this case the SMSC Type-of-Address octet shall not be present in the <b>PDU</b>.</p> <p>To send the message issue <b>Ctrl-Z</b> char (0x1A hex). To exit without sending the message issue <b>ESC</b> char (0x1B hex).</p> <p>If message is successfully sent to the network, then the result is sent in the format: <b>+CMGS: &lt;mr&gt;</b></p> <p>where <b>&lt;mr&gt;</b> - message reference number.</p> <p>Note: if message sending fails for some reason, an error code is reported.</p> <p>Note: care must be taken to ensure that during the command execution, which may take several seconds, no other SIM interacting commands are issued.</p>
(Text Mode)	(Text Mode)



<b>+CMGS - Send Message</b>	<b>SELINT 0 / 1</b>
<p><b>AT+CMGS=&lt;da&gt; [,&lt;toda&gt;]</b></p>	<p>Execution command sends to the network a message.</p> <p>Parameters:  <b>&lt;da&gt;</b> - destination address, string type.  <b>&lt;toda&gt;</b> - type of destination address            129 - number in national format            145 - number in international format (contains the "+")</p> <p>After command line is terminated with <b>&lt;CR&gt;</b>, the device responds sending a four character sequence prompt:</p> <p><b>&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;&lt;greater_than&gt;&lt;space&gt;</b> (IRA 13, 10, 62, 32)</p> <p>After this prompt text can be entered; the entered text should be formatted as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- if current <b>&lt;dcs&gt;</b> (see <b>+CSMP</b>) indicates that GSM03.38 default alphabet is used and current <b>&lt;fo&gt;</b> (see <b>+CSMP</b>) indicates that GSM 03.40 TP-User-Data-Header-Indication is not set, then ME/TA converts the entered text into GSM alphabet, according to GSM 07.05, Annex A; <b>backspace</b> can be used to delete last character and <b>carriage returns</b> can be used.</li> <li>- if current <b>&lt;dcs&gt;</b> (see <b>+CSMP</b>) indicates that 8-bit or UCS2 data coding scheme is used or current <b>&lt;fo&gt;</b> (see <b>+CSMP</b>) indicates that GSM 03.40 TP-User-Data-Header-Indication is set, the entered text should consist of two IRA character long hexadecimal numbers which ME/TA converts into 8-bit octet (e.g. the 'asterisk' will be entered as <b>2A (IRA50 and IRA65)</b> and this will be converted to an octet with integer value <b>0x2A</b>)</li> </ul> <p>Note: the <b>DCD</b> signal shall be in <b>ON</b> state while text is entered.</p> <p>Note: the echoing of entered characters back from the TA is controlled by echo command <b>E</b></p> <p>To send the message issue <b>Ctrl-Z</b> char (0x1A hex).            To exit without sending the message issue <b>ESC</b> char (0x1B hex).</p> <p>If message is successfully sent to the network, then the result is sent in the format:</p> <p><b>+CMGS: &lt;mr&gt;</b>            where  <b>&lt;mr&gt;</b> - message reference number.</p> <p>Note: if message sending fails for some reason, an error code is reported.</p> <p>Note: care must be taken to ensure that during the command execution, which may take several seconds, no other SIM interacting commands are</p>



<b>+CMGS - Send Message</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1</b>
	issued.	
	Note: it is possible to send a concatenation of at most 10 SMS; the maximum number of chars depends on the <b>&lt;dcs&gt;</b> : 1530 chars if GSM 03.38 default alphabet is used, 1340 chars if 8-bit is used, 670 chars if UCS2 is used	
Note	To avoid malfunctions is suggested to wait for the <b>+CMGS: &lt;mr&gt;</b> or <b>+CMS ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</b> response before issuing further commands.	
Reference	GSM 07.05	

<b>+CMGS - Send Message</b>		<b>SELINT 2</b>
<i>Note: the behaviour of command <b>+CMGS</b> differs depending on whether or not the improved SMS commands operation mode has been enabled (see <b>#SMSMODE</b>)</i>		
<b>(#SMSMODE=0)</b>		
<b># S M S M O D E = 0</b>  <b># S M S M O D E = 0</b>  <b># S M S M</b>	<i>(PDU Mode)</i> <b>AT+CMGS= &lt;length&gt;</b>	<b>(PDU Mode)</b> Execution command sends to the network a message.  Parameter: <b>&lt;length&gt;</b> - length of the PDU to be sent in bytes (excluding the SMSC address octets). 7..164  After command line is terminated with <b>&lt;CR&gt;</b> , the device responds sending a four character sequence prompt:  <b>&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;&lt;greater_than&gt;&lt;space&gt;</b> (IRA 13, 10, 62, 32)  and waits for the specified number of bytes.  Note: the <b>DCD</b> signal shall be in <b>ON</b> state while PDU is given.  Note: the echoing of given characters back from the TA is controlled by echo command <b>E</b>  Note: the <b>PDU</b> shall be hexadecimal format (each octet of the <b>PDU</b> is given as two IRA character long hexadecimal number) and given in one line.  Note: when the length octet of the SMSC address (given in the <b>PDU</b> ) equals zero, the SMSC address set with command <b>+CSCA</b> is used; in this case the SMSC Type-of-Address octet shall not be present in the <b>PDU</b> .  To send the message issue <b>Ctrl-Z</b> char ( <b>0x1A</b> hex). To exit without sending the message issue <b>ESC</b> char ( <b>0x1B</b> hex).









+CMGS - Send Message		SELINT 2
# S M S M O D E = 0		<p>Note: the <b>DCD</b> signal shall be in <b>ON</b> state while text is entered.</p> <p>Note: the echoing of entered characters back from the TA is controlled by echo command <b>E</b></p> <p>To send the message issue <b>Ctrl-Z</b> char (<b>0x1A</b> hex). To exit without sending the message issue <b>ESC</b> char (<b>0x1B</b> hex).</p> <p>If message is successfully sent to the network, then the result is sent in the format:</p> <p><b>+CMGS: &lt;mr&gt;</b></p> <p>where <b>&lt;mr&gt;</b> - message reference number; GSM 03.40 TP-Message-Reference in integer format.</p> <p>Note: if message sending fails for some reason, an error code is reported.</p> <p>Note: care must be taken to ensure that during the command execution, which may take several seconds, no other SIM interacting commands are issued.</p> <p>Note: it is possible to send a concatenation of at most 10 SMS; the maximum number of chars depends on the <b>&lt;dcs&gt;</b>: 1530 chars if GSM 03.38 default alphabet is used, 1340 chars if 8-bit is used, 670 chars if UCS2 is used.</p>
	<b>AT+CMGS=?</b>	Test command returns the <b>OK</b> result code.
	Note	To avoid malfunctions is suggested to wait for the <b>+CMGS: &lt;mr&gt;</b> or <b>+CMS ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</b> response before issuing further commands.
	Reference	GSM 07.05
<b>(#SMSMODE=1)</b>		
# S M S M O D E = 1	(PDU Mode) <b>AT+CMGS= &lt;length&gt;</b>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>(PDU Mode)</b></p> <p>Execution command sends to the network a message.</p> <p>Parameter: <b>&lt;length&gt;</b> - length of the PDU to be sent in bytes (excluding the SMSC address octets). 7..164</p> <p>After command line is terminated with <b>&lt;CR&gt;</b>, the device responds sending a four character sequence prompt:</p>



+CMGS - Send Message		SELINT 2
# S M S M O D E = 1		<p>&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;&lt;greater_than&gt;&lt;space&gt; (IRA 13, 10, 62, 32)</p> <p>and waits for the specified number of bytes.</p> <p>Note: the <b>DCD</b> signal shall be in <b>ON</b> state while PDU is given.</p> <p>Note: the echoing of given characters back from the TA is controlled by echo command <b>E</b></p> <p>Note: the <b>PDU</b> shall be hexadecimal format (each octet of the <b>PDU</b> is given as two IRA character long hexadecimal number) and given in one line.</p> <p>Note: when the length octet of the SMSC address (given in the <b>PDU</b>) equals zero, the SMSC address set with command <b>+CSCA</b> is used; in this case the SMSC Type-of-Address octet shall not be present in the <b>PDU</b>.</p> <p>To send the message issue <b>Ctrl-Z</b> char (<b>0x1A</b> hex). To exit without sending the message issue <b>ESC</b> char (<b>0x1B</b> hex).</p> <p>If message is successfully sent to the network, then the result is sent in the format:</p> <p><b>+CMGS: &lt;mr&gt;</b></p> <p>where <b>&lt;mr&gt;</b> - message reference number; GSM 03.40 TP-Message-Reference in integer format.</p> <p>Note: if message sending fails for some reason, an error code is reported.</p> <p>Note: care must be taken to ensure that during the command execution, which may take several seconds, no other SIM interacting commands are issued.</p>
# S M S M O D E = 1	<p>(Text Mode) <b>AT+CMGS=&lt;da&gt;</b> <b>[,&lt;toda&gt;]</b></p>	<p align="center"><b>(Text Mode)</b></p> <p>Execution command sends to the network a message.</p> <p>Parameters: <b>&lt;da&gt;</b> - destination address, string type represented in the currently selected character set (see <b>+CSCS</b>). <b>&lt;toda&gt;</b> - type of destination address 129 - number in national format 145 - number in international format (contains the "+")</p> <p>After command line is terminated with <b>&lt;CR&gt;</b>, the device responds</p>
# S M S M O		



<b>+CMGS - Send Message</b>	<b>SELINT 2</b>
DE = 1  # S M S M O D E = 1  # S M S M O D E = 1  # S M S M O D E = 1	sending a four character sequence prompt:  <CR><LF><greater_than><space> (IRA 13, 10, 62, 32)  After this prompt text can be entered; the entered text should be formatted as follows:  - if current <dc> (see +CSMP) indicates that GSM03.38 default alphabet is used and current <fo> (see +CSMP) indicates that GSM 03.40 TP-User-Data-Header-Indication is not set, then ME/TA converts the entered text into GSM alphabet, according to GSM 07.05, Annex A; <b>backspace</b> can be used to delete last character and <b>carriage returns</b> can be used; after every <CR> entered by the user the sequence <CR><LF><greater_than><space> is sent to the TE. - if current <dc> (see +CSMP) indicates that 8-bit or UCS2 data coding scheme is used or current <fo> (see +CSMP) indicates that GSM 03.40 TP-User-Data-Header-Indication is set, the entered text should consist of two IRA character long hexadecimal numbers which ME/TA converts into 8-bit octet (e.g. the <b>'asterisk'</b> will be entered as <b>2A (IRA50 and IRA65)</b> and this will be converted to an octet with integer value <b>0x2A)</b>  Note: the <b>DCD</b> signal shall be in <b>ON</b> state while text is entered.  Note: the echoing of entered characters back from the TA is controlled by echo command <b>E</b>  To send the message issue <b>Ctrl-Z</b> char ( <b>0x1A</b> hex). To exit without sending the message issue <b>ESC</b> char ( <b>0x1B</b> hex).  If message is successfully sent to the network, then the result is sent in the format:  <b>+CMGS: &lt;mr&gt;</b>  where <mr> - message reference number; GSM 03.40 TP-Message-Reference in integer format.  Note: if message sending fails for some reason, an error code is reported.  Note: care must be taken to ensure that during the command execution, which may take several seconds, no other SIM interacting commands are issued.



+CMGS - Send Message		SELINT 2
	Note: it is possible to send a concatenation of at most 10 SMS; the maximum number of chars depends on the <b>&lt;dc&gt;</b> : 1520 chars if GSM 03.38 default alphabet is used, 1330 chars if 8-bit is used, 660 chars if UCS2 is used. If entered text is longer than this maximum value an error is raised	
<b>AT+CMGS=?</b>	Test command returns the <b>OK</b> result code.	
Note	To avoid malfunctions is suggested to wait for the <b>+CMGS: &lt;mr&gt;</b> or <b>+CMS ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</b> response before issuing further commands.	
Reference	GSM 07.05	

### 3.5.5.4.2 Send Message From Storage - +CMSS

+CMSS - Send Message From Storage		SELINT 0 / 1
<b>AT+CMSS=</b> <b>&lt;index&gt;[,&lt;da&gt;</b> <b>[,&lt;toda&gt;]]</b>	<p>Execution command sends to the network a message which is already stored in the <b>&lt;memw&gt;</b> storage (see <b>+CPMS</b>) at the location <b>&lt;index&gt;</b>.</p> <p>Parameters:</p> <p><b>&lt;index&gt;</b> - location value in the message storage <b>&lt;memw&gt;</b> of the message to send</p> <p><b>&lt;da&gt;</b> - destination address, string type represented in the currently selected character set (see <b>+CSCS</b>); if it is given it shall be used instead of the one stored with the message.</p> <p><b>&lt;toda&gt;</b> - type of destination address 129 - number in national format 145 - number in international format (contains the "+")</p> <p>If message is successfully sent to the network then the result is sent in the format:</p> <p><b>+CMSS: &lt;mr&gt;</b> where: <b>&lt;mr&gt;</b> - message reference number.</p> <p>If message sending fails for some reason, an error code is reported:</p> <p><b>+CMS ERROR:&lt;err&gt;</b></p> <p>Note: to store a message in the <b>&lt;memw&gt;</b> storage see command <b>+CMGW</b>.</p> <p>Note: care must be taken to ensure that during the command execution, which may take several seconds, no other SIM interacting commands are issued.</p>	
Note	To avoid malfunctions is suggested to wait for the <b>+CMSS: &lt;mr&gt;</b> or <b>+CMS ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</b> response before issuing further commands.	
Reference	GSM 07.05	



<b>+CMSS - Send Message From Storage</b>		<b>SELINT 2</b>
<b>AT+CMSS=</b> <b>&lt;index&gt;[,&lt;da&gt;</b> <b>[,&lt;toda&gt;]]</b>	<p>Execution command sends to the network a message which is already stored in the <b>&lt;memw&gt;</b> storage (see <b>+CPMS</b>) at the location <b>&lt;index&gt;</b>.</p> <p>Parameters:</p> <p><b>&lt;index&gt;</b> - location value in the message storage <b>&lt;memw&gt;</b> of the message to send</p> <p><b>&lt;da&gt;</b> - destination address, string type represented in the currently selected character set (see <b>+CSCS</b>); if it is given it shall be used instead of the one stored with the message.</p> <p><b>&lt;toda&gt;</b> - type of destination address            129 - number in national format            145 - number in international format (contains the "+")</p> <p>If message is successfully sent to the network then the result is sent in the format:</p> <p><b>+CMSS: &lt;mr&gt;</b>            where:  <b>&lt;mr&gt;</b> - message reference number.</p> <p>If message sending fails for some reason, an error code is reported:</p> <p><b>+CMS ERROR:&lt;err&gt;</b></p> <p>Note: to store a message in the <b>&lt;memw&gt;</b> storage see command <b>+CMGW</b>.</p> <p>Note: care must be taken to ensure that during the command execution, which may take several seconds, no other <b>SIM</b> interacting commands are issued.</p>	
<b>AT+CMSS=?</b>	Test command returns the <b>OK</b> result code.	
Note	To avoid malfunctions is suggested to wait for the <b>+CMSS: &lt;mr&gt;</b> or <b>+CMS ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</b> response before issuing further commands.	
Reference	GSM 07.05	

### 3.5.5.4.3 Write Message To Memory - +CMGW

<b>+CMGW - Write Message To Memory</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1</b>
<i>(PDU Mode)</i> <b>AT+CMGW=</b> <b>&lt;length&gt;</b> <b>[,&lt;stat&gt;]</b>	<p><i>(PDU Mode)</i></p> <p>Execution command writes in the <b>&lt;memw&gt;</b> memory storage a new message.</p> <p>Parameter:</p> <p><b>&lt;length&gt;</b> - length in bytes of the PDU to be written.            7..164</p> <p><b>&lt;stat&gt;</b> - message status.            0 - new message            1 - read message</p>	









+CMGW - Write Message To Memory		SELINT 2
M O D E = 0  # S M S M O D E = 0  # S M S M O D E = 0  # S M S M O D E = 0	<p>Parameter:</p> <p><b>&lt;length&gt;</b> - length in bytes of the PDU to be written. 7..164</p> <p><b>&lt;stat&gt;</b> - message status. 0 - new message 1 - read message 2 - stored message not yet sent (default) 3 - stored message already sent</p> <p>The device responds to the command with the prompt '&gt;' and waits for the specified number of bytes.</p> <p>To write the message issue <b>Ctrl-Z</b> char (<b>0x1A</b> hex). To exit without writing the message issue <b>ESC</b> char (<b>0x1B</b> hex).</p> <p>If message is successfully written in the memory, then the result is sent in the format:</p> <p><b>+CMGW: &lt;index&gt;</b></p> <p>where:</p> <p><b>&lt;index&gt;</b> - message location index in the memory <b>&lt;memw&gt;</b>.</p> <p>If message storing fails for some reason, an error code is reported.</p> <p>Note: care must be taken to ensure that during the command execution, no other SIM interacting commands are issued.</p>	
	<p><i>(Text Mode)</i> <b>AT+CMGW[=&lt;da&gt; [,&lt;toda&gt; [,&lt;stat&gt;]]]</b></p>	<p><i>(Text Mode)</i></p> <p>Execution command writes in the <b>&lt;memw&gt;</b> memory storage a new message.</p> <p>Parameters:</p> <p><b>&lt;da&gt;</b> - destination address, string type represented in the currently selected character set (see <b>+CSCS</b>).</p> <p><b>&lt;toda&gt;</b> - type of destination address. 129 - number in national format 145 - number in international format (contains the "+")</p> <p><b>&lt;stat&gt;</b> - message status. "REC UNREAD" - new received message unread "REC READ" - received message read "STO UNSENT" - message stored not yet sent (default) "STO SENT" - message stored already sent</p> <p>After command line is terminated with <b>&lt;CR&gt;</b>, the device responds sending a four character sequence prompt:</p>



+CMGW - Write Message To Memory		SELINT 2
<p># S M S M O D E = 0</p> <p># S M S M O D E = 0</p> <p># S M S M O D E = 0</p>	<p>&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;&lt;greater_than&gt;&lt;space&gt; (IRA 13, 10, 62, 32)</p> <p>After this prompt text can be entered; the entered text should be formatted as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- if current <b>&lt;dcs&gt;</b> (see <b>+CSMP</b>) indicates that GSM03.38 default alphabet is used and current <b>&lt;fo&gt;</b> (see <b>+CSMP</b>) indicates that GSM 03.40 TP-User-Data-Header-Indication is not set, then ME/TA converts the entered text into GSM alphabet, according to GSM 07.05, Annex A; <b>backspace</b> can be used to delete last character and <b>carriage returns</b> can be used.</li> <li>- if current <b>&lt;dcs&gt;</b> (see <b>+CSMP</b>) indicates that 8-bit or UCS2 data coding scheme is used or current <b>&lt;fo&gt;</b> (see <b>+CSMP</b>) indicates that GSM 03.40 TP-User-Data-Header-Indication is set, the entered text should consist of two IRA character long hexadecimal numbers which ME/TA converts into 8-bit octet (e.g. the <b>'asterisk'</b> will be entered as <b>2A (IRA50 and IRA65)</b> and this will be converted to an octet with integer value <b>0x2A</b>)</li> </ul> <p>Note: the <b>DCD</b> signal shall be in ON state while text is entered.</p> <p>Note: the echoing of entered characters back from the TA is controlled by echo command <b>E</b></p> <p>To write the message issue <b>Ctrl-Z</b> char (<b>0x1A</b> hex).</p> <p>To exit without writing the message issue <b>ESC</b> char (<b>0x1B</b> hex).</p> <p>If message is successfully written in the memory, then the result is sent in the format:</p> <p><b>+CMGW: &lt;index&gt;</b> where: <b>&lt;index&gt;</b> - message location index in the memory <b>&lt;memw&gt;</b>.</p> <p>If message storing fails for some reason, an error code is reported.</p> <p>Note: care must be taken to ensure that during the command execution, no other SIM interacting commands are issued.</p> <p>Note: it is possible to save a concatenation of at most 10 SMs; the maximum number of chars depends on the <b>&lt;dcs&gt;</b>: 1530 chars if GSM 03.38 default alphabet is used, 1340 chars if 8-bit is used, 670 chars if UCS2 is used.</p>	
<b>AT+CMGW=?</b>	Test command returns the <b>OK</b> result code.	
Reference	GSM 07.05	
Note	To avoid malfunctions is suggested to wait for the <b>+CMGW: &lt;index&gt;</b>	





<b>+CMGW - Write Message To Memory</b>		<b>SELINT 2</b>
or <b>+CMS ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</b> response before issuing further commands.		
<b>(#SMSMODE=1)</b>		
<b># S M S M O D E = 1</b>	<i>(PDU Mode)</i> <b>AT+CMGW= &lt;length&gt; [,&lt;stat&gt;]</b>	<b>(PDU Mode)</b> Execution command writes in the <b>&lt;memw&gt;</b> memory storage a new message.  Parameter: <b>&lt;length&gt;</b> - length in bytes of the PDU to be written. 7..164 <b>&lt;stat&gt;</b> - message status. 0 - new message 1 - read message 2 - stored message not yet sent (default) 3 - stored message already sent  The device responds to the command with the prompt '>' and waits for the specified number of bytes.  To write the message issue <b>Ctrl-Z</b> char ( <b>0x1A</b> hex). To exit without writing the message issue <b>ESC</b> char ( <b>0x1B</b> hex).  If message is successfully written in the memory, then the result is sent in the format:  <b>+CMGW: &lt;index&gt;</b>  where: <b>&lt;index&gt;</b> - message location index in the memory <b>&lt;memw&gt;</b> .  If message storing fails for some reason, an error code is reported.  Note: care must be taken to ensure that during the command execution, no other SIM interacting commands are issued.
<b># S M S M O D E = 1</b>	<i>(Text Mode)</i> <b>AT+CMGW[=&lt;da&gt; [,&lt;toda&gt; [,&lt;stat&gt;]]]</b>	<b>(Text Mode)</b> Execution command writes in the <b>&lt;memw&gt;</b> memory storage a new message.  Parameters: <b>&lt;da&gt;</b> - destination address, string type represented in the currently selected character set (see <b>+CSCS</b> ). <b>&lt;toda&gt;</b> - type of destination address. 129 - number in national format 145 - number in international format (contains the "+") <b>&lt;stat&gt;</b> - message status. "REC UNREAD" - new received message unread
<b># S M S M</b>		





+CMGW - Write Message To Memory		SELINT 2
O D E = 1  # S M S M O D E = 1  # S M S M O D E = 1  # S M S M O D E = 1		<p>"REC READ" - received message read "STO UNSENT" - message stored not yet sent (default) "STO SENT" - message stored already sent</p> <p>After command line is terminated with <b>&lt;CR&gt;</b>, the device responds sending a four character sequence prompt:</p> <p><b>&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;&lt;greater_than&gt;&lt;space&gt;</b> (IRA 13, 10, 62, 32)</p> <p>After this prompt text can be entered; the entered text should be formatted as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- if current <b>&lt;dcs&gt;</b> (see <b>+CSMP</b>) indicates that GSM03.38 default alphabet is used and current <b>&lt;fo&gt;</b> (see <b>+CSMP</b>) indicates that GSM 03.40 TP-User-Data-Header-Indication is not set, then ME/TA converts the entered text into GSM alphabet, according to GSM 07.05, Annex A; <b>backspace</b> can be used to delete last character and <b>carriage returns</b> can be used; after every <b>&lt;CR&gt;</b> entered by the user the sequence <b>&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;&lt;greater_than&gt;&lt;space&gt;</b> is sent to the TE.</li> <li>- if current <b>&lt;dcs&gt;</b> (see <b>+CSMP</b>) indicates that 8-bit or UCS2 data coding scheme is used or current <b>&lt;fo&gt;</b> (see <b>+CSMP</b>) indicates that GSM 03.40 TP-User-Data-Header-Indication is set, the entered text should consist of two IRA character long hexadecimal numbers which ME/TA converts into 8-bit octet (e.g. the <b>'asterisk'</b> will be entered as <b>2A</b> (IRA50 and IRA65) and this will be converted to an octet with integer value <b>0x2A</b>)</li> </ul> <p>Note: the <b>DCD</b> signal shall be in ON state while text is entered.</p> <p>Note: the echoing of entered characters back from the TA is controlled by echo command <b>E</b></p> <p>To write the message issue <b>Ctrl-Z</b> char (<b>0x1A</b> hex).</p> <p>To exit without writing the message issue <b>ESC</b> char (<b>0x1B</b> hex).</p> <p>If message is successfully written in the memory, then the result is sent in the format:</p> <p><b>+CMGW: &lt;index&gt;</b> where: <b>&lt;index&gt;</b> - message location index in the memory <b>&lt;memw&gt;</b>.</p> <p>If message storing fails for some reason, an error code is reported.</p> <p>Note: care must be taken to ensure that during the command</p>



<b>+CMGW - Write Message To Memory</b>		<b>SELINT 2</b>
		<p>execution, no other SIM interacting commands are issued.</p> <p>Note: it is possible to save a concatenation of at most 10 SMS; the maximum number of chars depends on the <b>&lt;dcs&gt;</b>: 1530 chars if GSM 03.38 default alphabet is used, 1340 chars if 8-bit is used, 670 chars if UCS2 is used. If entered text is longer than this maximum value an error is raised</p>
<b>AT+CMGW=?</b>		Test command returns the <b>OK</b> result code.
Reference		GSM 07.05
Note		To avoid malfunctions is suggested to wait for the <b>+CMGW: &lt;index&gt;</b> or <b>+CMS ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</b> response before issuing further commands.

### 3.5.5.4 Delete Message - +CMGD

<b>+CMGD - Delete Message</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1</b>
<b>AT+CMGD=</b> <b>&lt;index&gt;</b> <b>[,&lt;delflag&gt;]</b>		<p>Execution command deletes from memory <b>&lt;memr&gt;</b> the message(s).</p> <p>Parameter:</p> <p><b>&lt;index&gt;</b> - message index in the selected storage <b>&lt;memr&gt;</b> that can have values form 1 to N, where N depends on the available space (see <b>+CPMS</b>)</p> <p><b>&lt;delflag&gt;</b> - an integer indicating multiple message deletion request.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0 (or omitted) - delete message specified in <b>&lt;index&gt;</b></li> <li>1 - delete all read messages from <b>&lt;memr&gt;</b> storage, leaving unread messages and stored mobile originated messages (whether sent or not) untouched</li> <li>2 - delete all read messages from <b>&lt;memr&gt;</b> storage and sent mobile originated messages, leaving unread messages and unsent mobile originated messages untouched</li> <li>3 - delete all read messages from <b>&lt;memr&gt;</b> storage, sent and unsent mobile originated messages, leaving unread messages untouched</li> <li>4 - delete all messages from <b>&lt;memr&gt;</b> storage.</li> </ul> <p>Note: if <b>&lt;delflag&gt;</b> is present and not set to 0 then <b>&lt;index&gt;</b> is ignored and ME shall follow the rules for <b>&lt;delflag&gt;</b> shown above.</p> <p>Note: if the location to be deleted is empty, an error message is reported.</p>
<b>AT+CMGD=?</b>		<p>Test command shows the valid memory locations and optionally the supported values of <b>&lt;delflag&gt;</b>.</p> <p><b>+CMGD: (list of supported &lt;index&gt;s)[,(list of supported &lt;delflag&gt;s)]</b></p>
Example		<p>AT+CMGD=?</p> <p>+CMGD: (1,2,3,6,7,17,18,19,20,37,38,39,47), (0-4)</p> <p>OK</p>
Reference		GSM 07.05







## 3.5.6 FAX Class 1 AT Commands

### 3.5.6.1 General Configuration

#### 3.5.6.1.1 Manufacturer ID - +FMI

<b>+FMI - Manufacturer ID</b>		<b>SELINT 0</b>
<b>AT+FMI?</b>	Read command reports the manufacturer ID. The output depends on the choice made through <b>#SELINT</b> command.	
Example	AT+FMI? Telit_Mobile_Terminals OK	
Reference	ITU T.31 and TIA/EIA-578-A specifications	

<b>+FMI - Manufacturer ID</b>		<b>SELINT 1 / 2</b>
<b>AT+FMI?</b>	Read command reports the manufacturer ID. The output depends on the choice made through <b>#SELINT</b> command.	
Example	AT+FMI? Telit OK	
Reference	ITU T.31 and TIA/EIA-578-A specifications	

#### 3.5.6.1.2 Model ID - +FMM

<b>+FMM - Model ID</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1 / 2</b>
<b>AT+FMM?</b>	Read command reports the model ID	
Reference	ITU T.31 and TIA/EIA-578-A specifications	

#### 3.5.6.1.3 Revision ID - +FMR

<b>+FMR - Revision ID</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1 / 2</b>
<b>AT+FMR?</b>	Read command reports the software revision ID	
Reference	ITU T.31 and TIA/EIA-578-A specifications	

### 3.5.6.2 Transmission/Reception Control

#### 3.5.6.2.1 Stop Transmission And Pause - +FTS

<b>+FTS - Stop Transmission And Pause</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1 / 2</b>
<b>AT+FTS=&lt;time&gt;</b>	Execution command causes the modem to terminate a transmission and wait for <b>&lt;time&gt;</b> 10ms intervals before responding with <b>OK</b> result.	
	Parameter:	













### 3.5.7 Custom AT Commands

#### 3.5.7.1 General Configuration AT Commands

##### 3.5.7.1.1 Network Selection Menu Availability - +PACSP

<b>+PACSP - Network Selection Menu Availability</b>		<b>SELINT 2</b>
<b>AT+PACSP?</b>	Read command returns the current value of the <b>&lt;mode&gt;</b> parameter in the format:  <b>+PACSP&lt;mode&gt;</b>  where: <b>&lt;mode&gt;</b> - PLMN mode bit (in CSP file on the SIM) 0 - restriction of menu option for manual PLMN selection. 1 - no restriction of menu option for Manual PLMN selection.	
<b>AT+PACSP=?</b>	Test command returns the <b>OK</b> result code.	
Note	The command is available only if the ENS functionality has been previously enabled (see <b>#ENS</b> )	

##### 3.5.7.1.2 Manufacturer Identification - #CGMI

<b>#CGMI - Manufacturer Identification</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1</b>
<b>AT#CGMI</b>	Execution command returns the device manufacturer identification code with command echo. The output depends on the choice made through <b>#SELINT</b> command.	
<b>AT#CGMI?</b>	Read command has the same effect as the Execution command	

  

<b>#CGMI - Manufacturer Identification</b>		<b>SELINT 2</b>
<b>AT#CGMI</b>	Execution command returns the device manufacturer identification code with command echo. The output depends on the choice made through <b>#SELINT</b> command.	
<b>AT#CGMI=?</b>	Test command returns the <b>OK</b> result code.	

##### 3.5.7.1.3 Model Identification - #CGMM

<b>#CGMM - Model Identification</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1</b>
<b>AT#CGMM</b>	Execution command returns the device model identification code with command echo.	
<b>AT#CGMM?</b>	Read command has the same effect as the Execution command	

  

<b>#CGMM - Model Identification</b>		<b>SELINT 2</b>
<b>AT#CGMM</b>	Execution command returns the device model identification code with command echo.	





<b>#CGMM - Model Identification</b>		<b>SELINT 2</b>
<b>AT#CGMM=?</b>	Test command returns the <b>OK</b> result code.	

### 3.5.7.1.4 Revision Identification - #CGMR

<b>#CGMR - Revision Identification</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1</b>
<b>AT#CGMR</b>	Execution command returns device software revision number with command echo.	
<b>AT#CGMR?</b>	Read command has the same effect as the Execution command	

<b>#CGMR - Revision Identification</b>		<b>SELINT 2</b>
<b>AT#CGMR</b>	Execution command returns device software revision number with command echo.	
<b>AT#CGMR=?</b>	Test command returns the <b>OK</b> result code.	

### 3.5.7.1.5 Product Serial Number Identification - #CGSN

<b>#CGSN - Product Serial Number Identification</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1</b>
<b>AT#CGSN</b>	Execution command returns the product serial number, identified as the IMEI of the mobile, with command echo.	
<b>AT#CGSN?</b>	Read command has the same effect as the Execution command	

<b>#CGSN - Product Serial Number Identification</b>		<b>SELINT 2</b>
<b>AT#CGSN</b>	Execution command returns the product serial number, identified as the IMEI of the mobile, with command echo.	
<b>AT#CGSN=?</b>	Test command returns the <b>OK</b> result code.	

### 3.5.7.1.6 International Mobile Subscriber Identity (IMSI) - #CIMI

<b>#CIMI - International Mobile Subscriber Identity (IMSI)</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1</b>
<b>AT#CIMI</b>	Execution command returns the international mobile subscriber identity, identified as the IMSI number, with command echo.	
<b>AT#CIMI?</b>	Read command has the same effect as the Execution command	

<b>#CIMI - International Mobile Subscriber Identity (IMSI)</b>		<b>SELINT 2</b>
<b>AT#CIMI</b>	Execution command returns the international mobile subscriber identity, identified as the IMSI number, with command echo.	
<b>AT#CIMI=?</b>	Test command returns the <b>OK</b> result code.	

### 3.5.7.1.7 Read ICCID (Integrated Circuit Card Identification) - #CCID

<b>#CCID - Read ICCID</b>		<b>SELINT 2</b>
<b>AT#CCID</b>	Execution command reads on SIM the ICCID (card identification number that provides a unique identification number for the SIM)	
<b>AT#CCID=?</b>	Test command returns the <b>OK</b> result code.	





#CEER – Extended numeric error report		SELINT 2
26	Non selected user clearing	
27	Destination out of order	
28	Invalid number format (incomplete number)	
29	Facility rejected	
30	Response to STATUS ENQUIRY	
31	Normal, unspecified	
34	No circuit/channel available	
38	Network out of order	
41	Temporary failure	
42	Switching equipment congestion	
43	Access information discarded	
44	Requested circuit/channel not available	
47	Resources unavailable, unspecified	
49	Quality of service unavailable	
50	Requested facility not subscribed	
55	Incoming calls barred with in the CUG	
57	Bearer capability not authorized	
58	Bearer capability not presently available	
63	Service or option not available, unspecified	
65	Bearer service not implemented	
68	ACM equal to or greater than ACMmax	
69	Requested facility not implemented	
70	Only restricted digital information bearer capability is available	
79	Service or option not implemented, unspecified	
81	Invalid transaction identifier value	
87	User not member of CUG	
88	Incompatible destination	
91	Invalid transit network selection	
95	Semantically incorrect message	
96	Invalid mandatory information	
97	Message type non-existent or not implemented	
98	Message type not compatible with protocol state	
99	Information element non-existent or not implemented	
100	Conditional IE error	
101	Message not compatible with protocol state	
102	Recovery on timer expiry	
111	Protocol error, unspecified	
127	Interworking, unspecified	
<b>GPRS related errors</b>		
224	MS requested detach	
225	NWK requested detach	
226	Unsuccessful attach cause NO SERVICE	
227	Unsuccessful attach cause NO ACCESS	
228	Unsuccessful attach cause GPRS SERVICE REFUSED	



#CEER – Extended numeric error report		SELINT 2
	229	PDP deactivation requested by NWK
	230	PDP deactivation cause LLC link activation Failed
	231	PDP deactivation cause NWK reactivation with same TI
	232	PDP deactivation cause GMM abort
	233	PDP deactivation cause LLC or SMDCP failure
	234	PDP unsuccessful activation cause GMM error
	235	PDP unsuccessful activation cause NWK reject
	236	PDP unsuccessful activation cause NO NSAPI available
	237	PDP unsuccessful activation cause SM refuse
	238	PDP unsuccessful activation cause MMI ignore
	239	PDP unsuccessful activation cause Nb Max Session Reach
<b>Other custom values</b>		
	240	FDN is active and number is not in FDN
	241	Call operation not allowed
	252	Call barring on outgoing calls
	253	Call barring on incoming calls
	254	Call impossible
	255	Lower layer failure
<b>AT#CEER=?</b>	Test command returns <b>OK</b> result code.	
Reference	GSM 04.08	

### 3.5.7.1.10 Change Audio Path - #CAP

#CAP - Change Audio Path	SELINT 0 / 1
<b>AT#CAP=[&lt;n&gt;]</b>	<p>Set command switches the active audio path depending on parameter &lt;n&gt;</p> <p>Parameter: &lt;n&gt; - audio path</p> <p>0 - audio path follows the <b>AXE</b> input (factory default):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• if <b>AXE</b> is low, handsfree is enabled;</li> <li>• if <b>AXE</b> is high, internal path is enabled</li> </ul> <p>1 - enables handsfree external mic/ear audio path 2 - enables internal mic/ear audio path</p> <p>Note: The audio path are mutually exclusive, enabling one disables the other.</p> <p>Note: when changing the audio path, the volume level is set at the previously stored value for that audio path (see <b>+CLVL</b>).</p> <p>Note: issuing <b>AT#CAP&lt;CR&gt;</b> is the same as issuing the Read command.</p> <p>Note: issuing <b>AT#CAP=&lt;CR&gt;</b> is the same as issuing the command <b>AT#CAP=0&lt;CR&gt;</b>.</p>



#CAP - Change Audio Path		SELINT 0 / 1
AT#CAP?	Read command reports the active audio path in the format:  #CAP: <n>.	
AT#CAP=?	Test command reports the supported values for the parameter <n>.	

#CAP - Change Audio Path		SELINT2
AT#CAP=[<n>]	Set command switches the active audio path depending on parameter <n>  Parameter: <n> - audio path 0 - audio path follows the <b>AXE</b> input (factory default): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• if <b>AXE</b> is low, handsfree is enabled;</li> <li>• if <b>AXE</b> is high, internal path is enabled</li> </ul> 1 - enables handsfree external mic/ear audio path 2 - enables internal mic/ear audio path  Note: The audio path are mutually exclusive, enabling one disables the other.  Note: when changing the audio path, the volume level is set at the previously stored value for that audio path (see <b>+CLVL</b> ).	
AT#CAP?	Read command reports the active audio path in the format:  #CAP: <n>.	
AT#CAP=?	Test command reports the supported values for the parameter <n>.	

### 3.5.7.1.11 Select Ringer Sound - #SRS

#SRS - Select Ringer Sound		SELINT 0 / 1
AT#SRS[= <n>,<tout>]	Set command sets the ringer sound.  Parameters: <n> - ringing tone 0 - current ringing tone 1..max - ringing tone number, where max can be read by issuing the Test command <b>AT#SRS=?</b> . <tout> - ringing tone playing time-out in seconds. 0 - ringer is stopped (if present) and current ringer sound is set. 1..60 - ringer sound playing for <tout> seconds and, if <n> > 0, ringer sound <n> is set as default ringer sound.  Note: when the command is issued with <n> > 0 and <tout> > 0, the <n> ringing tone is played for <tout> seconds and stored as default ringing tone.  Note: if command is issued with <n> > 0 and <tout> = 0, the playing of the ringing is stopped (if present) and <n> ringing tone is set as current.	







#SRS - Select Ringer Sound		SELINT 2
	Note: If all parameters are omitted then the behaviour of Set command is the same as Read command	
<b>AT#SRS?</b>	Read command reports current selected ringing and its status in the form:  <b>#SRS: &lt;n&gt;,&lt;status&gt;</b>  where: <n> - ringing tone number 1..max <status> - ringing status 0 - selected but not playing 1 - currently playing	
<b>AT#SRS=?</b>	Test command reports the supported values for the parameters <n> and <tout>	

### 3.5.7.1.12 Select Ringer Path - #SRP

#SRP - Select Ringer Path		SELINT 0 / 1
<b>AT#SRP[=&lt;n&gt;]]</b>	Set command selects the ringer path towards whom sending ringer sounds and all signalling tones.  Parameter: <n> - ringer path number 0 - sound output towards current selected audio path (see command #CAP) 1 - sound output towards handsfree 2 - sound output towards handset 3 - sound output towards Buzzer Output pin GPIO7  Note: In order to use the Buzzer Output an external circuitry must be added to drive it properly from the GPIO7 pin, furthermore the GPIO7 pin direction must be set to Buzzer output (Alternate function); see command #GPIO.  Note: issuing <b>AT#SRP&lt;CR&gt;</b> is the same as issuing the Read command.  Note: issuing <b>AT#SRP=&lt;CR&gt;</b> is the same as issuing the command <b>AT#SRP=0&lt;CR&gt;</b> .	
<b>AT#SRP?</b>	Read command reports the selected ringer path in the format:  <b>#SRP: &lt;n&gt;.</b>	
<b>AT#SRP=?</b>	Test command reports the supported values for the parameter <n>.	
Example	<pre>AT#SRP=? #SRP: (0-3)  OK</pre>	



#SRP - Select Ringer Path		SELINT 0 / 1
	AT#SRP=3 OK	
#SRP - Select Ringer Path		SELINT 2
<b>AT#SRP=[&lt;n&gt;]</b>	<p>Set command selects the ringer path towards whom sending ringer sounds and all signalling tones.</p> <p>Parameter:  <b>&lt;n&gt;</b> - ringer path number            0 - sound output towards current selected audio path (see command <b>#CAP</b>)            1 - sound output towards handsfree            2 - sound output towards handset            3 - sound output towards Buzzer Output pin GPIO7</p> <p>Note: In order to use the Buzzer Output an external circuitry must be added to drive it properly from the GPIO7 pin, furthermore the GPIO7 pin direction must be set to Buzzer output (Alternate function); see command <b>#GPIO</b>.</p>	
<b>AT#SRP?</b>	<p>Read command reports the selected ringer path in the format:</p> <p><b>#SRP: &lt;n&gt;</b>.</p>	
<b>AT#SRP=?</b>	Test command reports the supported values for the parameter <b>&lt;n&gt;</b> .	
Example	AT#SRP=? #SRP: (0-3)  OK AT#SRP=3 OK	

### 3.5.7.1.13 Signaling Tones Mode - #STM

#STM - Signaling Tones Mode		SELINT 0 / 1
<b>AT#STM</b> <b>[=&lt;mode&gt;]</b>	<p>Set command enables/disables the signaling tones output on the audio path selected with <b>#SRP</b> command</p> <p>Parameter:  <b>&lt;mode&gt;</b> - signaling tones status            0 - signaling tones disabled            1 - signaling tones enabled</p> <p>Note: <b>AT#STM=0</b> has the same effect as <b>AT+CALM=2</b>; <b>AT#STM=1</b> has the same effect as <b>AT+CALM=0</b>.</p> <p>Note: If parameter is omitted then the behaviour of Set command is the same as Read command</p>	
<b>AT#STM?</b>	Read command reports whether the current signaling tones status is	



<b>#STM - Signaling Tones Mode</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1</b>
	enabled or not, in the format:  <b>#STM: &lt;mode&gt;</b>	
<b>AT#STM=?</b>	Test command reports supported range of values for parameter <b>&lt;mode&gt;</b> .	

<b>#STM - Signaling Tones Mode</b>		<b>SELINT 2</b>
<b>AT#STM= [&lt;mode&gt;]</b>	Set command enables/disables the signaling tones output on the audio path selected with <b>#SRP</b> command  Parameter: <b>&lt;mode&gt;</b> - signaling tones status 0 - signaling tones disabled 1 - signaling tones enabled 2 - all tones disabled  Note: <b>AT#STM=0</b> has the same effect as <b>AT+CALM=2</b> ; <b>AT#STM=1</b> has the same effect as <b>AT+CALM=0</b> .	
<b>AT#STM?</b>	Read command reports whether the current signaling tones status is enabled or not, in the format:  <b>#STM: &lt;mode&gt;</b>	
<b>AT#STM=?</b>	Test command reports supported range of values for parameter <b>&lt;mode&gt;</b> .	

### 3.5.7.1.14 Tone Playback - #TONE

<b>#TONE - Tone Playback</b>		<b>SELINT 2</b>
<b>AT#TONE=&lt;tone&gt; [,&lt;duration&gt;]</b>	Execution command allows the reproduction of DTMF tones, standard free tone, standard busy tone and a set of user defined tones for a certain time.  Parameters: <b>&lt;tone&gt;</b> - ASCII characters, range is ((0-9),#,*,(A-D),(G-L),Y,Z); - (0-9), #, *,(A-D): DTMF tone - (G-L): User Defined Tones - Y: free tone - Z: busy tone <b>&lt;duration&gt;</b> - Duration of current tone in 1/10 of Sec. 1..300 - tenth of seconds (default is 30)	
<b>AT#TONE=?</b>	Test command returns the supported range of values for parameters <b>&lt;tone&gt;</b> and <b>&lt;duration&gt;</b> .	

### 3.5.7.1.15 Tone Classes Volume

<b>#TSVOL - Tone Classes Volume</b>		<b>SELINT 2</b>
<b>AT#TSVOL=</b>	Set command is used to select the volume mode for one or more tone	



#TSVOL – Tone Classes Volume	SELINT 2
<p>&lt;class&gt;, &lt;mode&gt; [,&lt;volume&gt;]</p>	<p>classes.</p> <p>Parameters:</p> <p><b>&lt;class&gt;</b> -sum of integers each representing a class of tones which the command refers to</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1 - GSM tones</li> <li>2 - ringer tones</li> <li>4 - alarm tones</li> <li>8 - signaling tones</li> <li>16 - DTMF tones</li> <li>32 - SIM Toolkit tones</li> <li>64 - user defined tones</li> <li>128 - reserved</li> <li>255 - all classes</li> </ul> <p><b>&lt;mode&gt;</b> - it indicates which volume e're using for the classes of tones represented by <b>&lt;class&gt;</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0 - we're using default volume</li> <li>1 - we're using the volume <b>&lt;volume&gt;</b>.</li> </ul> <p><b>&lt;volume&gt;</b> - volume to be applied to the set of classes of tones represented by <b>&lt;class&gt;</b>; it is mandatory if <b>&lt;mode&gt;</b> is <b>1</b>.</p> <p>0..<i>max</i> - the value of <i>max</i> can be read issuing the Test command <b>AT#TSVOL=?</b></p>
<p>AT#TSVOL?</p>	<p>Read command returns for each class of tones the last setting of <b>&lt;mode&gt;</b> and, if <b>&lt;mode&gt;</b> is not <b>0</b>, of <b>&lt;volume&gt;</b> too, in the format:</p> <p><b># TSVOL: 1,&lt;mode1&gt;[,&lt;volume1&gt;]&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;</b> ... <b>#TSVOL: 64,&lt;mode64&gt;[,&lt;volume64&gt;]</b></p> <p>Note: no info is returned for class 128.</p>
<p>AT#TSVOL=?</p>	<p>Test command returns the supported range of values of parameters <b>&lt;class&gt;</b>, <b>&lt;mode&gt;</b> and <b>&lt;volume&gt;</b>.</p>
<p>Example</p>	<pre>at#scfg=84,1,5 OK at#scfg? #TSVOL: 1,0 # TSVOL: 2,0 # TSVOL: 4,1,5 # TSVOL: 8,0 # TSVOL: 16,1,5 # TSVOL: 32,0</pre>









### 3.5.7.1.20 Software Shut Down - #SHDN

#SHDN - Software Shutdown		SELINT 0 / 1
AT#SHDN	<p>Execution command causes device detach from the network and shut down. Before definitive shut down an <b>OK</b> response is returned.</p> <p>Note: after the issuing of this command any previous activity is terminated and the device will not respond to any further command.</p> <p>Note: to turn it on again Hardware pin ON/OFF must be tied <b>low</b>.</p>	
AT#SHDN?	Read command has the same behaviour as Execution command.	

#SHDN - Software Shutdown		SELINT 2
AT#SHDN	<p>Execution command causes device detach from the network and shut down. Before definitive shut down an <b>OK</b> response is returned.</p> <p>Note: after the issuing of this command any previous activity is terminated and the device will not respond to any further command.</p> <p>Note: to turn it on again Hardware pin ON/OFF must be tied <b>low</b>.</p>	
AT#SHDN=?	Test command returns the OK result code.	

### 3.5.7.1.21 Extended Reset - #Z

#Z – Extended reset		SELINT 2
AT#Z=<profile>	<p>Set command loads both base section and extended section of the specified user profile stored with AT&amp;P.</p> <p>Parameter <b>&lt;profile&gt;</b> 0 – user profile 0 1 – user profile 1</p>	
AT#Z=?	Test command tests for command existence.	

### 3.5.7.1.22 Wake From Alarm Mode - #WAKE

#WAKE - Wake From Alarm Mode		SELINT 0 / 1
AT#WAKE[= <opmode>]	<p>Execution command stops any eventually present alarm activity and, if the module is in <b>alarm mode</b>, it exits the <b>alarm mode</b> and enters the <b>normal operating mode</b>.</p> <p>Parameter: <b>&lt;opmode&gt;</b> - operating mode; any input is possible: no control is made on the <b>&lt;opmode&gt;</b> value, although it is mandatory to have it; the module exits the <b>alarm mode</b>, enters the <b>normal operating mode</b>, any alarm</p>	



#WAKE - Wake From Alarm Mode	SELINT 0 / 1
	<p>activity is stopped (e.g. alarm tone playing) and an <b>OK</b> result code is returned.</p> <p>Note: if parameter is omitted, the command returns the <b>operating status</b> of the device in the format:</p> <p><b>#WAKE: &lt;status&gt;</b></p> <p>where: <b>&lt;status&gt;</b> 0 - normal operating mode 1 - alarm mode or normal operating mode with some alarm activity.</p> <p>Note: the <b>alarm mode</b> is indicated by status <b>ON</b> of hardware pin <b>CTS</b> and by status <b>ON</b> of pin <b>DSR</b>, the <b>power saving</b> status is indicated by a <b>CTS - OFF</b> and <b>DSR - OFF</b> status; the <b>normal operating status</b> is indicated by <b>DSR - ON</b>.</p> <p>Note: during the <b>alarm mode</b> the device will not make any network scan and will not register to any network and therefore is not able to dial or receive any call or SM, the only commands that can be issued to the <b>MODULE</b> in this state are the <b>#WAKE</b> and <b>#SHDN</b>, every other command must not be issued during this state.</p>
<b>AT#WAKE?</b>	Read command has the same effect as Execution command when parameter is omitted.

#WAKE - Wake From Alarm Mode	SELINT 2
<b>AT#WAKE=</b> <b>[&lt;opmode&gt;]</b>	<p>Execution command stops any eventually present alarm activity and, if the module is in <b>alarm mode</b>, it exits the <b>alarm mode</b> and enters the <b>normal operating mode</b>.</p> <p>Parameter: <b>&lt;opmode&gt;</b> - operating mode 0 - normal operating mode; the module exits the <b>alarm mode</b>, enters the <b>normal operating mode</b>, any alarm activity is stopped (e.g. alarm tone playing) and an <b>OK</b> result code is returned.</p> <p>Note: the <b>alarm mode</b> is indicated by status <b>ON</b> of hardware pin <b>CTS</b> and by status <b>ON</b> of pin <b>DSR</b>; the <b>power saving</b> status is indicated by a <b>CTS - OFF</b> and <b>DSR - OFF</b> status; the <b>normal operating status</b> is indicated by <b>DSR - ON</b>.</p> <p>Note: during the <b>alarm mode</b> the device will not make any network scan and will not register to any network and therefore is not able to dial or receive any call or SM, the only commands that can be issued to the <b>MODULE</b> in this state are the <b>#WAKE</b> and <b>#SHDN</b>, every other command must not be issued during this state.</p>





#WAKE - Wake From Alarm Mode		SELINT 2
AT#WAKE?	<p>Read command returns the <b>operating status</b> of the device in the format:</p> <p><b>#WAKE: &lt;status&gt;</b></p> <p>where:</p> <p><b>&lt;status&gt;</b></p> <p>0 - normal operating mode</p> <p>1 - alarm mode or normal operating mode with some alarm activity.</p>	

### 3.5.7.1.23 Query Temperature Overflow - #QTEMP

#QTEMP - Query Temperature Overflow		SELINT 0 / 1
AT#QTEMP [=<mode>]	<p>Set command has currently no effect. The interpretation of parameter <b>&lt;mode&gt;</b> is currently not implemented.</p> <p>Note: if parameter <b>&lt;mode&gt;</b> is omitted the behaviour of Set command is the same as Read command</p> <p>Note: Only <b>&lt;mode&gt;=0</b> is accepted.</p>	
AT#QTEMP?	<p>Read command queries the device internal temperature sensor for over temperature and reports the result in the format:</p> <p><b>#QTEMP: &lt;temp&gt;</b></p> <p>where</p> <p><b>&lt;temp&gt;</b> - over temperature indicator</p> <p>0 - the device temperature is in the <i>working range</i></p> <p>1 - the device temperature is out of the <i>working range</i></p> <p>Note: typical <i>temperature working range</i> is (-10°C..+55°C); anyway you are strongly recommended to consult the "Hardware User Guide" to verify the real temperature working range of your module</p>	
#QTEMP=?	<p>Test command reports supported range of values for parameter <b>&lt;mode&gt;</b>.</p>	
Note	<p>The device should not be operated out of its <i>temperature working range</i>; if temperature is out of range proper functioning of the device is not ensured.</p>	

#QTEMP - Query Temperature Overflow		SELINT 2
AT#QTEMP= [<mode>]	<p>Set command has currently no effect. The interpretation of parameter <b>&lt;mode&gt;</b> is currently not implemented: any value assigned to it will simply have no effect.</p>	
AT#QTEMP?	<p>Read command queries the device internal temperature sensor for over temperature and reports the result in the format:</p> <p><b>#QTEMP: &lt;temp&gt;</b></p> <p>where</p>	





#QTEMP - Query Temperature Overflow	SELINT 2
	<p><b>&lt;temp&gt;</b> - over temperature indicator            0 - the device temperature is in the <i>working range</i>            1 - the device temperature is out of the <i>working range</i></p> <p>Note: typical <i>temperature working range</i> is (-10°C..+55°C); anyway you are strongly recommended to consult the "Hardware User Guide" to verify the real temperature working range of your module</p>
#QTEMP=?	Test command reports supported range of values for parameter <b>&lt;mode&gt;</b> .
Note	The device should not be operated out of its <i>temperature working range</i> , elsewhere proper functioning of the device is not ensured.

### 3.5.7.1.24 Temperature Monitor - #TEMPMON

#TEMPMON - Temperature Monitor	SELINT 2
<p><b>AT#TEMPMON=</b>  <b>&lt;mod&gt;</b>  <b>[,&lt;urcmode&gt;</b>  <b>[,&lt;action&gt;</b>  <b>[,&lt;hyst_time&gt;</b>  <b>[,&lt;GPIO&gt;]]]]</b></p>	<p>Set command sets the behaviour of the module internal temperature monitor.</p> <p>Parameters:</p> <p><b>&lt;mod&gt;</b>            0 - sets the command parameters.            1 - triggers the measurement of the module internal temperature, reporting the result in the format:</p> <p><b>#TEMPMEAS: &lt;level&gt;,&lt;value&gt;</b></p> <p>where:  <b>&lt;level&gt;</b> - threshold level            -2 - extreme temperature lower bound (see Note)            -1 - operating temperature lower bound (see Note)            0 - normal temperature            1 - operating temperature upper bound (see Note)            2 - extreme temperature upper bound (see Note)</p> <p><b>&lt;value&gt;</b> - actual temperature expressed in Celsius degrees.</p> <p><b>Setting of the following optional parameters has meaning only if &lt;mod&gt;=0</b></p> <p><b>&lt;urcmode&gt;</b> - URC presentation mode.            0 - it disables the presentation of the temperature monitor URC            1 - it enables the presentation of the temperature monitor URC, whenever the module internal temperature reaches either operating or extreme levels; the unsolicited message is in the format:</p>



	<p><b>#TEMPMEAS: &lt;level&gt;,&lt;value&gt;</b></p> <p>where: &lt;level&gt; and &lt;value&gt; are as before</p> <p><b>&lt;action&gt;</b> - sum of integers, each representing an action to be done whenever the module internal temperature reaches either operating or extreme levels (default is 0). If &lt;action&gt; is not zero, it is mandatory to set the <b>&lt;hyst_time&gt;</b> parameter too.</p> <p>0..7 - as a sum of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0 - no action</li> <li>1 - automatic shut-down when the temperature is beyond the extreme bounds</li> <li>2 - RF TX circuits automatically disabled (using <b>+CFUN=2</b>) when operating temperature bounds are reached. When the temperature is back to normal the module is brought back to the previous state, before RF TX disabled.</li> <li>4 - the output pin <b>&lt;GPIO&gt;</b> is tied HIGH when operating temperature bounds are reached; when the temperature is back to normal the output pin <b>&lt;GPIO&gt;</b> is tied LOW. If this <b>&lt;action&gt;</b> is required, it is mandatory to set the <b>&lt;GPIO&gt;</b> parameter too.</li> </ul> <p><b>&lt;hyst_time&gt;</b> - hysteresis time: all the actions happen only if the extreme or operating bounds are maintained at least for this period. This parameter is needed and required if <b>&lt;action&gt;</b> is not zero.</p> <p>0..255 - time in seconds</p> <p><b>&lt;GPIO&gt;</b> - GPIO number. valid range is "any output pin" (see "Hardware User's Guide"). This parameter is needed and required only if <b>&lt;action&gt;=4</b> is required.</p> <p>Note: the URC presentation mode <b>&lt;urcmode&gt;</b> is related to the current multiplexed instance only (see <b>+cmux</b>); last <b>&lt;urcmode&gt;</b> settings are saved for every instance as extended profile parameters, thus it is possible to restore them either if the multiplexer control channel is released and set up, back and forth.</p> <p>Note: last <b>&lt;action&gt;</b>, <b>&lt;hyst_time&gt;</b> and <b>&lt;GPIO&gt;</b> settings are saved in NVM too, but they are not related to the current multiplexed instance only (see <b>+cmux</b>).</p>
<p><b>AT#TEMPMON?</b></p>	<p>Read command reports the current parameter settings for <b>#TEMPMON</b> command in the format:</p> <p><b>#TEMPMON: &lt;urcmode&gt;,&lt;action&gt;[,&lt;hyst_time&gt;[,&lt;GPIO&gt;]]</b></p>
<p><b>AT#TEMPMON=?</b></p>	<p>Test command reports the supported range of values for parameters <b>&lt;mod&gt;</b>, <b>&lt;urcmode&gt;</b>, <b>&lt;action&gt;</b>, <b>&lt;hyst_time&gt;</b> and <b>&lt;GPIO&gt;</b></p>
<p>Note</p>	<p>In the following table typical temperature bounds are represented; anyway you are strongly recommended to consult the "Hardware User Guide" to</p>



	<p>verify the real temperature bounds for your module.</p> <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <tr> <td>Extreme Temperature Lower Bound<sup>(*)</sup></td> <td>-30°C</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Operating Temperature Lower Bound<sup>(*)</sup></td> <td>-10°C</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Operating Temperature</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Operating Temperature Upper Bound<sup>(*)</sup></td> <td>+55°C</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Extreme Temperature Upper Bound<sup>(*)</sup></td> <td>+80°C</td> </tr> </table> <p style="text-align: center;">(*) Due to temperature measurement uncertainty there is a tolerance of +/-2°C</p>	Extreme Temperature Lower Bound <sup>(*)</sup>	-30°C	Operating Temperature Lower Bound <sup>(*)</sup>	-10°C	Operating Temperature		Operating Temperature Upper Bound <sup>(*)</sup>	+55°C	Extreme Temperature Upper Bound <sup>(*)</sup>	+80°C
Extreme Temperature Lower Bound <sup>(*)</sup>	-30°C										
Operating Temperature Lower Bound <sup>(*)</sup>	-10°C										
Operating Temperature											
Operating Temperature Upper Bound <sup>(*)</sup>	+55°C										
Extreme Temperature Upper Bound <sup>(*)</sup>	+80°C										

### 3.5.7.1.25 Set General Purpose Output - #SGPO

#SGPO - Set General Purpose Output	SELINT 0 / 1
<b>AT#SGPO=[&lt;stat&gt;]</b>	<p>Set command sets the value of the general purpose output pin <b>GPIO2</b>.</p> <p>Parameter: <b>&lt;stat&gt;</b> 0 - output pin cleared to 0 (<b>Low</b>) 1 - output pin set to 1 (<b>High</b>)</p> <p>Note: the <b>GPIO2</b> is an OPEN COLLECTOR output, the command sets the transistor base level, hence the open collector output is negated: <b>AT#SGPO=0</b> sets the open collector output <b>High</b> <b>AT#SGPO=1</b> sets the open collector output <b>Low</b> A pull up resistor is required on pin <b>GPIO2</b>.</p> <p>Note: issuing <b>AT#SGPO&lt;CR&gt;</b> is the same as issuing the Read command.</p> <p>Note: issuing <b>AT#SGPO=&lt;CR&gt;</b> is the same as issuing the command <b>AT#SGPO=0&lt;CR&gt;</b>.</p>
<b>AT#SGPO?</b>	<p>Read command reports the <b>#SGPO</b> command setting, hence the opposite status of the open collector pin in the format:</p> <p><b>#SGPO: &lt;stat&gt;</b>.</p>
<b>AT#SGPO=?</b>	<p>Test command reports the supported range of values of parameter <b>&lt;stat&gt;</b>.</p>
<b>Note</b>	<p>This command is meaningful only for GM862 family</p>

### 3.5.7.1.26 General Purpose Input - #GGPI

#GGPI - General Purpose Input	SELINT 0 / 1
<b>AT#GGPI=[&lt;dir&gt;]</b>	<p>Set command sets the general purpose input pin <b>GPIO1</b>.</p> <p>Parameter:</p>



#GGPI - General Purpose Input	SELINT 0 / 1
	<p><b>&lt;dir&gt;</b> - auxiliary input GPIO1 setting 0 - the Read command <b>AT#GGPI?</b> reports the logic input level read from GPIO1 pin.</p> <p>Note: The device has an insulated input pin (the input goes the base of an internal decoupling transistor) which can be used as a logic general purpose input. This command sets the read behaviour for this pin, since only direct read report is supported, the issue of this command is not needed. In future uses the behavior of the read input may be more complex.</p> <p>Note: If parameter is omitted then the behaviour of Set command is the same as Read command</p>
<b>AT#GGPI?</b>	<p>Read command reports the read value for the input pin GPIO1, in the format:</p> <p><b>#GGPI: &lt;dir&gt;,&lt;stat&gt;</b></p> <p>where <b>&lt;dir&gt;</b> - direction setting (see <b>#GGPI=&lt;dir&gt;</b> ) <b>&lt;stat&gt;</b> - logic value read from pin GPIO1</p> <p>Note: Since the reading is done after the insulating transistor, the reported value is the opposite of the logic status of the GPIO1 input pin.</p>
<b>AT#GGPI=?</b>	Test command reports supported range of values for parameter <b>&lt;dir&gt;</b> .
<b>Note</b>	This command is meaningful only for GM862 family

### 3.5.7.1.27 General Purpose Input/Output Pin Control - #GPIO

#GPIO - General Purpose Input/Output Pin Control	SELINT 0 / 1
<b>AT#GPIO[=&lt;pin&gt;, &lt;mode&gt;[,&lt;dir&gt;]]</b>	<p>Execution command sets the value of the general purpose output pin <b>GPIO&lt;pin&gt;</b> according to <b>&lt;dir&gt;</b> and <b>&lt;mode&gt;</b> parameter. Not all configuration for the three parameters are valid.</p> <p>Parameters:</p> <p><b>&lt;pin&gt;</b> - GPIO pin number; supported range is from 1 to a value that depends on the hardware.</p> <p><b>&lt;mode&gt;</b> - its meaning depends on <b>&lt;dir&gt;</b> setting:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0 - no meaning if <b>&lt;dir&gt;=0</b> - INPUT <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- output pin cleared to 0 (<b>Low</b>) if <b>&lt;dir&gt;=1</b> - OUTPUT</li> <li>- no meaning if <b>&lt;dir&gt;=2</b> - ALTERNATE FUNCTION</li> </ul> </li> <li>1 - no meaning if <b>&lt;dir&gt;=0</b> - INPUT <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- output pin set to 1 (<b>High</b>) if <b>&lt;dir&gt;=1</b> - OUTPUT</li> <li>- no meaning if <b>&lt;dir&gt;=2</b> - ALTERNATE FUNCTION</li> </ul> </li> <li>2 - Reports the read value from the input pin if <b>&lt;dir&gt;=0</b> - INPUT <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Reports the read value from the input pin if <b>&lt;dir&gt;=1</b> - OUTPUT</li> <li>- Reports a no meaning value if <b>&lt;dir&gt;=2</b> - ALTERNATE FUNCTION</li> </ul> </li> </ul> <p><b>&lt;dir&gt;</b> - GPIO pin direction</p>





#GPIO - General Purpose Input/Output Pin Control	SELINT 0 / 1
	<p>0 - pin direction is INPUT 1 - pin direction is OUTPUT 2 - pin direction is ALTERNATE FUNCTION (see Note).</p> <p>Note: when <b>&lt;mode&gt;=2</b> (and <b>&lt;dir&gt;</b> is omitted) the command reports the direction and value of pin <b>GPIO&lt;pin&gt;</b> in the format:</p> <p><b>#GPIO: &lt;dir&gt;,&lt;stat&gt;</b> where <b>&lt;dir&gt;</b> - current direction setting for the <b>GPIO&lt;pin&gt;</b> <b>&lt;stat&gt;</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• logic value read from pin <b>GPIO&lt;pin&gt;</b> in the case the pin <b>&lt;dir&gt;</b> is set to input;</li> <li>• logic value present in output of the pin <b>GPIO&lt;pin&gt;</b> in the case the pin <b>&lt;dir&gt;</b> is currently set to output;</li> <li>• no meaning value for the pin <b>GPIO&lt;pin&gt;</b> in the case the pin <b>&lt;dir&gt;</b> is set to alternate function.</li> </ul> <p>Note: if all parameters are omitted the command reports the read direction and value of all <b>GPIO</b> pin, int the format:</p> <p><b>#GPIO: &lt;dir&gt;,&lt;stat&gt;[&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;#GPIO: &lt;dir&gt;,&lt;stat&gt;[...]]</b></p> <p>Note: "ALTERNATE FUNCTION" value is valid only for following pins:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>GPIO4</b> - alternate function is "RF Transmission Control"</li> <li>• <b>GPIO5</b> - alternate function is "RF Transmission Monitor"</li> <li>• <b>GPIO6</b> - alternate function is "Alarm Output" (see <b>+CALA</b>)</li> <li>• <b>GPIO7</b> - alternate function is "Buzzer Output" (see <b>#SRP</b>)</li> </ul> <p>Note: while using the pins in the alternate function, the GPIO read/write access to that pin is not accessible and shall be avoided.</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 10px; margin: 10px 0;"> <p style="text-align: center;"><i>For GM862 family products only</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>GPIO1</b> is input only and <b>GPIO2</b> is output only.</li> <li>• since the <b>GPIO1</b> reading is done after an insulating transistor, the reported value is the opposite of the logic status of the <b>GPIO1</b> input pin</li> </ul> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <b>GPIO2</b> is an OPEN COLLECTOR output, the command sets the transistor base level, hence the open collector output is negated</li> </ol> </div>
<b>AT#GPIO?</b>	Read command has the same effect as Execution command when all parameters are omitted.
<b>AT#GPIO=?</b>	Test command reports the supported range of values of the command parameters <b>&lt;pin&gt;</b> , <b>&lt;mode&gt;</b> and <b>&lt;dir&gt;</b> .







#GPIO - General Purpose Input/Output Pin Control	SELINT 2
	<p>pin &lt;dir&gt; is currently set to output;</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>no meaning value for the pin <b>GPIO&lt;pin&gt;</b> in the case the pin &lt;dir&gt; is set to alternate function.</li> </ul> <p>Note: "ALTERNATE FUNCTION" value is valid only for following pins:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>GPIO4</b> - alternate function is "RF Transmission Control"</li> <li><b>GPIO5</b> - alternate function is "RF Transmission Monitor"</li> <li><b>GPIO6</b> - alternate function is "Alarm Output" (see <b>+CALA</b>)</li> <li><b>GPIO7</b> - alternate function is "Buzzer Output" (see <b>#SRP</b>)</li> </ul> <p>Note: while using the pins in the alternate function, the GPIO read/write access to that pin is not accessible and shall be avoided.</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 10px; margin: 10px 0;"> <p style="text-align: center;"><i>For GM862 family products only</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>GPIO1</b> is input only and <b>GPIO2</b> is output only.</li> <li>since the <b>GPIO1</b> reading is done after an insulating transistor, the reported value is the opposite of the logic status of the <b>GPIO1</b> input pin</li> </ul> <p>2. <b>GPIO2</b> is an OPEN COLLECTOR output, the command sets the transistor base level, hence the open collector output is negated</p> </div>
<p><b>AT#GPIO?</b></p>	<p>Read command reports the read direction and value of all <b>GPIO</b> pins, in the format:</p> <p><b>#GPIO: &lt;dir&gt;,&lt;stat&gt;[&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;#GPIO: &lt;dir&gt;,&lt;stat&gt;[...]]</b></p> <p>where  <b>&lt;dir&gt;</b> - as seen before  <b>&lt;stat&gt;</b> - as seen before</p>
<p><b>AT#GPIO=?</b></p>	<p>Test command reports the supported range of values of the command parameters <b>&lt;pin&gt;</b>, <b>&lt;mode&gt;</b> and <b>&lt;dir&gt;</b>.</p>
<p>Example</p>	<pre>AT#GPIO=3,0,1 OK AT#GPIO=3,2 #GPIO: 1,0 OK AT#GPIO=4,1,1 OK AT#GPIO=5,0,0 OK AT#GPIO=6,2 #GPIO: 0,1 OK</pre>







#E2SMSRI - SMS Ring Indicator		SELINT 0 / 1
	Note: as seen before, the value $\langle n \rangle = 0$ means that the <b>RI</b> pin response to an incoming SM is disabled.	
AT#E2SMSRI=?	Reports the range of supported values for parameter $\langle n \rangle$	

#E2SMSRI - SMS Ring Indicator		SELINT 2
AT#E2SMSRI= [ $\langle n \rangle$ ]	<p>Set command enables/disables the Ring Indicator pin response to an incoming SMS message. If enabled, a negative going pulse is generated on receipt of an incoming SMS message. The duration of this pulse is determined by the value of <math>\langle n \rangle</math>.</p> <p>Parameter:  <math>\langle n \rangle</math> - <b>RI</b> enabling            0 - disables <b>RI</b> pin response for incoming SMS messages (factory default)            50..1150 - enables <b>RI</b> pin response for incoming SMS messages. The value of <math>\langle n \rangle</math> is the duration in ms of the pulse generated on receipt of an incoming SM.</p> <p>Note: if <b>+CNMI=3,1</b> command is issued and the module is in a GPRS connection, a 100 ms break signal is sent and a 1 sec. pulse is generated on <b>RI</b> pin, no matter if the <b>RI</b> pin response is either enabled or not.</p>	
AT#E2SMSRI?	<p>Read command reports the duration in ms of the pulse generated on receipt of an incoming SM, in the format:</p> <p><b>#E2SMSRI: <math>\langle n \rangle</math></b></p> <p>Note: as seen before, the value <math>\langle n \rangle = 0</math> means that the <b>RI</b> pin response to an incoming SM is disabled.</p>	
AT#E2SMSRI=?	Reports the range of supported values for parameter $\langle n \rangle$	

### 3.5.7.1.32 Analog/Digital Converter Input - #ADC

#ADC - Analog/Digital Converter Input		SELINT 0 / 1
AT#ADC[= $\langle adc \rangle$ , $\langle mode \rangle$ [, $\langle dir \rangle$ ]]	<p>Execution command reads pin<math>\langle adc \rangle</math> voltage, converted by ADC, and outputs it in the format:</p> <p><b>#ADC: <math>\langle value \rangle</math></b></p> <p>where:  <math>\langle value \rangle</math> - pin<math>\langle adc \rangle</math> voltage, expressed in mV</p> <p>Parameters:  <math>\langle adc \rangle</math> - index of pin            1 - available for GM862-QUAD, GM862-QUAD-PY, GM862-GPS, GE863-QUAD, GE863-PY, GE863-GPS, GE864-QUAD, GE864-PY, GC864-QUAD and GC864-PY</p>	





#ADC - Analog/Digital Converter Input	SELINT 0 / 1
	<p>2 - available only for GE863-QUAD, GE863-PY, GE864-QUAD, GE864-PY, GC864-QUAD and GC864-PY 3 - available only for GE863-QUAD, GE863-PY, GE864-QUAD, GE864-PY, GC864-QUAD and GC864-PY</p> <p>&lt;mode&gt; - required action 2 - query ADC value &lt;dir&gt; - direction; its interpretation is currently not implemented 0 - no effect.</p> <p>If all parameters are omitted the command reports all pins voltage, converted by ADC, in the format:</p> <p><b>#ADC: &lt;value&gt;[&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;#ADC: &lt;value&gt;[...]]</b></p> <p>Note: The command returns the last valid measure.</p>
<b>AT#ADC?</b>	Read command has the same effect as Execution command when all parameters are omitted.
<b>AT#ADC=?</b>	Test command reports the supported range of values of the command parameters <adc>, <mode> and <dir>.

#ADC - Read Analog/Digital Converter input	SELINT 2
<p><b>AT#ADC=</b> <b>[&lt;adc&gt;,&lt;mode&gt;</b> <b>[,&lt;dir&gt;]]</b></p>	<p>Execution command reads pin&lt;adc&gt; voltage, converted by ADC, and outputs it in the format:</p> <p><b>#ADC: &lt;value&gt;</b></p> <p>where: &lt;value&gt; - pin&lt;adc&gt; voltage, expressed in mV</p> <p>Parameters: &lt;adc&gt; - index of pin 1 - available for GM862-QUAD, GM862-QUAD-PY, GM862-GPS, GE863-QUAD, GE863-PY, GE863-GPS, GE864-QUAD, GE864-PY, GC864-QUAD and GC864-PY 2 - available only for GE863-QUAD, GE863-PY, GE864-QUAD, GE864-PY, GC864-QUAD and GC864-PY 3 - available only for GE863-QUAD, GE863-PY, GE864-QUAD, GE864-PY, GC864-QUAD and GC864-PY</p> <p>&lt;mode&gt; - required action 2 - query ADC value &lt;dir&gt; - direction; its interpretation is currently not implemented 0 - no effect.</p> <p>Note: The command returns the last valid measure.</p>
<b>AT#ADC?</b>	Read command reports all pins voltage, converted by ADC, in the format:



<b>#ADC - Read Analog/Digital Converter input</b>		<b>SELINT 2</b>
	#ADC: <value>[<CR><LF>#ADC: <value>[...]]	
AT#ADC=?	Test command reports the supported range of values of the command parameters <adc>, <mode> and <dir>.	

### 3.5.7.1.33 Digital/Analog Converter Control - #DAC

<b>#DAC - Digital/Analog Converter Control</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1</b>
AT#DAC[= <enable> [,<value>]]	<p>Set command enables/disables the <b>DAC_OUT</b> pin.</p> <p>Parameters:</p> <p><b>&lt;enable&gt;</b> - enables/disables DAC output.  0 - disables pin; it is in high impedance status (factory default)  1 - enables pin; the corresponding output is driven</p> <p><b>&lt;value&gt;</b> - scale factor of the integrated output voltage; it must be present if <b>&lt;enable&gt;=1</b>  0..1023 - 10 bit precision</p> <p>Note: <b>integrated output voltage = MAX_VOLTAGE * value / 1023</b></p> <p>Note: if all parameters are omitted then the behaviour of Set command is the same as the Read command.</p>	
AT#DAC?	<p>Read command reports whether the <b>DAC_OUT</b> pin is currently enabled or not, along with the integrated output voltage scale factor, in the format:</p> <p><b>#DAC: &lt;enable&gt;,&lt;value&gt;</b></p>	
AT#DAC=?	<p>Test command reports the range for the parameters <b>&lt;enable&gt;</b> and <b>&lt;value&gt;</b>.</p>	
Example	<p><i>Enable the DAC out and set its integrated output to the 50% of the max value:</i></p> <pre>AT#DAC=1,511 OK</pre> <p><i>Disable the DAC out:</i></p> <pre>AT#DAC=0 OK</pre>	
Note	<p>With this command the DAC frequency is selected internally.  D/A converter must not be used during POWERSAVING.</p> <p><b>DAC_OUT</b> line must be integrated (for example with a low band pass filter) in order to obtain an analog voltage.  For a more in depth description of the integration filter refer to the hardware user guide.</p>	

<b>#DAC - Digital/Analog Converter Control</b>	<b>SELINT 2</b>
--	-----------------



#DAC - Digital/Analog Converter Control		SELINT 2
<b>AT#DAC=</b> <b>[&lt;enable&gt;</b> <b>[,&lt;value&gt;]]</b>	Set command enables/disables the <b>DAC_OUT</b> pin.  Parameters: <b>&lt;enable&gt;</b> - enables/disables DAC output. 0 - disables pin; it is in high impedance status (factory default) 1 - enables pin; the corresponding output is driven <b>&lt;value&gt;</b> - scale factor of the integrated output voltage; it must be present if <b>&lt;enable&gt;=1</b> 0..1023 - 10 bit precision  Note: <b>integrated output voltage = MAX_VOLTAGE * value / 1023</b>	
<b>AT#DAC?</b>	Read command reports whether the <b>DAC_OUT</b> pin is currently enabled or not, along with the integrated output voltage scale factor, in the format:  <b>#DAC: &lt;enable&gt;,&lt;value&gt;</b>	
<b>AT#DAC=?</b>	Test command reports the range for the parameters <b>&lt;enable&gt;</b> and <b>&lt;value&gt;</b> .	
Example	<i>Enable the DAC out and set its integrated output to the 50% of the max value:</i>  AT#DAC=1,511 OK  <i>Disable the DAC out:</i> AT#DAC=0 OK	
Note	With this command the DAC frequency is selected internally. D/A converter must not be used during POWERSAVING.  <b>DAC_OUT</b> line must be integrated (for example with a low band pass filter) in order to obtain an analog voltage. For a more in depth description of the integration filter refer to the hardware user guide.	

### 3.5.7.1.34 Auxiliary Voltage Output Control - #VAUX

#VAUX- Auxiliary Voltage Output Control		SELINT 0 / 1
<b>AT#VAUX[=&lt;n&gt;,&lt;stat&gt;]</b>	Set command enables/disables the Auxiliary Voltage pins output.  Parameters: <b>&lt;n&gt;</b> - <b>VAUX</b> pin index 1 - there is currently just one <b>VAUX</b> pin <b>&lt;stat&gt;</b> 0 - output off 1 - output on 2 - query current value of <b>VAUX</b> pin	





#VAUX- Auxiliary Voltage Output Control		SELINT 2
	enabled or not, in the format:  <b>#VAUX: &lt;value&gt;</b>	
<b>AT#VAUX=?</b>	Test command reports the supported range of values for parameters <n>, <stat>.	

### 3.5.7.1.35 Auxiliary Voltage Output Save - #VAUXSAV

#VAUXSAV - Auxiliary Voltage Output Save		SELINT 2
<b>AT#VAUXSAV</b>	Execution command saves the actual state of #VAUX pin to NVM. The state will be reload at power-up.	
<b>AT#VAUXSAV=?</b>	Test command returns the OK result code.	

### 3.5.7.1.36 V24 Output Pins Configuration - #V24CFG

#V24CFG - V24 Output Pins Configuration		SELINT 2
<b>AT#V24CFG=&lt;pin&gt;, &lt;mode&gt;</b>	Set command sets the AT commands serial port interface output pins mode.  Parameters: <b>&lt;pin&gt;</b> - AT commands serial port interface hardware pin: 0 - <b>DCD</b> (Data Carrier Detect) 1 - <b>CTS</b> (Clear To Send) 2 - <b>RI</b> (Ring Indicator) 3 - <b>DSR</b> (Data Set Ready) <b>&lt;mode&gt;</b> - AT commands serial port interface hardware pins mode: 0 - AT commands serial port mode: output pins are controlled by serial port device driver. (default) 1 - GPIO mode: output pins are directly controlled by #V24 command only.	
<b>AT#V24CFG?</b>	Read command returns actual mode for all the pins (either output and input) in the format:  <b>#V24CFG: &lt;pin1&gt;,&lt;mode1&gt;[&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;</b> <b>#V24CFG: &lt;pin2&gt;,&lt;mode2&gt;[...]]</b>  Where: <b>&lt;pinn&gt;</b> - AT command serial port interface HW pin <b>&lt;moden&gt;</b> - AT commands serial port interface hardware pin mode	
<b>AT#V24CFG=?</b>	Test command reports supported range of values for parameters <pin> and <mode>.	

### 3.5.7.1.37 V24 Output Pins Control - #V24

#V24 - V24 Output Pins Control		SELINT 2
<b>AT#V24=&lt;pin&gt; [,&lt;state&gt;]</b>	Set command sets the AT commands serial port interface output pins state.  Parameters:	





#V24 - V24 Output Pins Control	SELINT 2
	<p><b>&lt;pin&gt;</b> - AT commands serial port interface hardware pin:            0 - <b>DCD</b> (Data Carrier Detect)            1 - <b>CTS</b> (Clear To Send)            2 - <b>RI</b> (Ring Indicator)            3 - <b>DSR</b> (Data Set Ready)            4 - <b>DTR</b> (Data Terminal Ready). This is not an output pin: we maintain this value only for backward compatibility, but trying to set its state raises the result code <b>"ERROR"</b>            5 - <b>RTS</b> (Request To Send). This is not an output pin: we maintain this value only for backward compatibility, but trying to set its state raises the result code <b>"ERROR"</b></p> <p><b>&lt;state&gt;</b> - State of AT commands serial port interface output hardware pins(0, 1, 2, 3) when pin is in GPIO mode (see <b>#V24CFG</b>):            0 - Low            1 - High</p> <p>Note: if <b>&lt;state&gt;</b> is omitted the command returns the actual state of the pin <b>&lt;pin&gt;</b>.</p>
AT#V24?	<p>Read command returns actual state for all the pins (either output and input) in the format:</p> <p><b>#V24: &lt;pin1&gt;,&lt;state1&gt;[&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;</b>  <b>#V24: &lt;pin2&gt;,&lt;state2&gt;[...]]</b></p> <p>where  <b>&lt;pinn&gt;</b> - AT command serial port interface HW pin  <b>&lt;staten&gt;</b> - AT commands serial port interface hardware pin state</p>
AT#V24=?	<p>Test command reports supported range of values for parameters <b>&lt;pin&gt;</b> and <b>&lt;state&gt;</b>.</p>

### 3.5.7.1.38 AXE Pin Reading - #AXE

#AXE - AXE Pin Reading	SELINT 2
AT#AXE	<p>Execution command causes the ME to return the current state of <b>AXE</b> pin in the format:</p> <p><b>#AXE: &lt;state&gt;</b></p> <p>where:  <b>&lt;state&gt;</b>            0 - Low            ..1 - High</p>
AT#AXE=?	<p>Test command returns the <b>OK</b> result code.</p>







#AUTOATT - Auto-Attach Property		SELINT 2
	command <b>#AUTOATT=1</b> has been issued (and at every following startup) the terminal will automatically try to attach to the GPRS service.	
<b>AT#AUTOATT?</b>	Read command reports whether the auto-attach property is currently enabled or not, in the format:  <b>#AUTOATT: &lt;auto&gt;</b>	
<b>AT#AUTOATT=?</b>	Test command reports available values for parameter <b>&lt;auto&gt;</b> .	

### 3.5.7.1.42 Multislot Class Control - #MSCCLASS

#MSCCLASS - Multislot Class Control		SELINT 0 / 1
<b>AT#MSCCLASS=[&lt;class&gt;, &lt;autoattach&gt;]</b>	Set command sets the multislot class  Parameters: <b>&lt;class&gt;</b> - multislot class; take care: class 7 is not supported. 1..6 - GPRS class 8..10 - GPRS class <b>&lt;autoattach&gt;</b> 0 - the new multislot class is enabled only at the next detach/attach or after a reboot. 1 - the new multislot class is enabled immediately, automatically forcing a detach / attach procedure.  Note: the <b>&lt;class&gt;</b> range for former GM862 family products is 1..8, excluding class 7.  Note: if all parameters are omitted the behaviour of set command is the same as read command.	
<b>AT#MSCCLASS?</b>	Read command reports the current value of the multislot class in the format:  <b>#MSCCLASS: &lt;class&gt;</b>	
<b>AT#MSCCLASS=?</b>	Test command reports the range of available values for parameter <b>&lt;class&gt;</b> .	

#MSCCLASS - Multislot Class Control		SELINT 2
<b>AT#MSCCLASS=[&lt;class&gt;, &lt;autoattach&gt;]</b>	Set command sets the multislot class  Parameters: <b>&lt;class&gt;</b> - multislot class; take care: class 7 is not supported. 1..6 - GPRS class 8..10 - GPRS class <b>&lt;autoattach&gt;</b> 0 - the new multislot class is enabled only at the next detach/attach or after a reboot. 1 - the new multislot class is enabled immediately, automatically forcing a detach / attach procedure.	



#MSCLASS - Multislot Class Control		SELINT 2
	Note: the <class> range for former GM862 family products is 1..8, excluding class 7.	
AT#MSCLASS?	Read command reports the current value of the multislot class in the format: <b>#MSCLASS: &lt;class&gt;</b>	
AT#MSCLASS=?	Test command reports the range of available values for both parameters <class> and <autoattach>.	

### 3.5.7.1.43 Cell Monitor - #MONI

#MONI - Cell Monitor	SELINT 0 / 1
AT#MONI[= [<number>]]	<p><b>#MONI</b> is both a set and an execution command.</p> <p>Set command sets one cell out of seven, in a neighbour of the serving cell including it, from which extract GSM-related information.</p> <p>Parameter: <b>&lt;number&gt;</b> 0..6 - it is the ordinal number of a cell, in a neighbour of the serving cell (default 0, serving cell). 7 - it is a special request to obtain GSM-related informations from the whole set of seven cells in the neighbour of the serving cell.</p> <p>Note: issuing <b>AT#MONI&lt;CR&gt;</b> is the same as issuing the Read command.</p> <p>Note: issuing <b>AT#MONI=&lt;CR&gt;</b> is the same as issuing the command <b>AT#MONI=0&lt;CR&gt;</b>.</p>
AT#MONI?	<p>Execution command reports GSM-related informations for selected cell and dedicated channel (if exists).</p> <p>a) When extracting data for the serving cell and the network name is known the format is: <b>#MONI: &lt;netname&gt; BSIC:&lt;bsic&gt; RxQual:&lt;qual&gt; LAC:&lt;lac&gt; Id:&lt;id&gt; ARFCN:&lt;arfcn&gt; PWR:&lt;dBm&gt; dBm TA: &lt;timadv&gt;</b></p> <p>b) When the network name is unknown, the format is: <b>#MONI: Cc:&lt;cc&gt; Nc:&lt;nc&gt; BSIC:&lt;bsic&gt; RxQual:&lt;qual&gt; LAC:&lt;lac&gt; Id:&lt;id&gt; ARFCN:&lt;arfcn&gt; PWR:&lt;dBm&gt; dBm TA: &lt;timadv&gt;</b></p> <p>c) When extracting data for an adjacent cell, the format is: <b>#MONI: Adj Cell&lt;n&gt; [LAC:&lt;lac&gt; Id:&lt;id&gt;] ARFCN:&lt;arfcn&gt; PWR:&lt;dBm&gt; dBm</b></p> <p>where: <b>&lt;netname&gt;</b> - name of network operator</p>









#MONI - Cell Monitor	SELINT 2
	<p>Set command sets one cell out of seven, in a neighbour of the serving cell including it, from which extract GSM-related information.</p> <p>Parameter:</p> <p><b>&lt;number&gt;</b>            0..6 - it is the ordinal number of the cell, in a neighbour of the serving cell (default 0, serving cell).            7 - it is a special request to obtain GSM-related information from the whole set of seven cells in the neighbour of the serving cell.</p> <p>Execution command (<b>AT#MONI&lt;CR&gt;</b>) reports GSM-related information for selected cell and dedicated channel (if exists).</p> <p>2. If the last setting done by <b>#MONI</b> is in the range <b>[0..6]</b>, the output format is as follows:</p> <p>d) When extracting data for the serving cell and the network name is known the format is:  <b>#MONI: &lt;netname&gt; BSIC:&lt;bsic&gt; RxQual:&lt;qual&gt; LAC:&lt;lac&gt; Id:&lt;id&gt; ARFCN:&lt;arfcn&gt; PWR:&lt;dBm&gt; dBm TA: &lt;timadv&gt;</b></p> <p>e) When the network name is unknown, the format is:  <b>#MONI: Cc:&lt;cc&gt; Nc:&lt;nc&gt; BSIC:&lt;bsic&gt; RxQual:&lt;qual&gt; LAC:&lt;lac&gt; Id:&lt;id&gt; ARFCN:&lt;arfcn&gt; PWR:&lt;dBm&gt; dBm TA: &lt;timadv&gt;</b></p> <p>f) When extracting data for an adjacent cell, the format is:  <b>#MONI: Adj Cell&lt;n&gt; [LAC:&lt;lac&gt; Id:&lt;id&gt;] ARFCN:&lt;arfcn&gt; PWR:&lt;dBm&gt; dBm</b></p> <p>where:  <b>&lt;netname&gt;</b> - name of network operator  <b>&lt;cc&gt;</b> - country code  <b>&lt;nc&gt;</b> - network operator code  <b>&lt;n&gt;</b> - progressive number of adjacent cell  <b>&lt;bsic&gt;</b> - base station identification code  <b>&lt;qual&gt;</b> - quality of reception            0..7  <b>&lt;lac&gt;</b> - localization area code  <b>&lt;id&gt;</b> - cell identifier  <b>&lt;arfcn&gt;</b> - assigned radio channel  <b>&lt;dBm&gt;</b> - received signal strength in dBm  <b>&lt;timadv&gt;</b> - timing advance</p> <p>Note: TA: <b>&lt;timadv&gt;</b> is reported only for the serving cell.</p> <p>3. If the last setting done by <b>#MONI</b> is <b>7</b>, the execution command produces a table-like formatted output, as follows:</p>



#MONI - Cell Monitor	SELINT 2
	<p>a. First row reports the identifying name of the 'columns' <b>#MONI: Cell BSIC LAC CellId ARFCN Power C1 C2 TA RxQual PLMN&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;</b></p> <p>b. Second row reports a complete set of GSM-related information for the serving cell: <b>#MONI: S: &lt;bsic&gt; &lt;lac&gt; &lt;id&gt; &lt;arfcn&gt; &lt;dBm&gt; &lt;C1value&gt; &lt;C2value&gt; &lt;timadv&gt; &lt;qual&gt; &lt;netname&gt;&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;</b></p> <p>c. 3<sup>rd</sup> to 8<sup>th</sup> rows report a reduced set of GSM-related information for the cells in the neighbours: <b>#MONI: N&lt;n&gt; &lt;bsic&gt; &lt;lac&gt; &lt;id&gt; &lt;arfcn&gt; &lt;dBm&gt; &lt;C1value&gt; &lt;C2value&gt;[&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;]</b></p> <p>where: <b>&lt;C1value&gt;</b> - C1 reselection parameter <b>&lt;C2value&gt;</b> - C2 reselection parameter <i>other parameters as before</i></p>
AT#MONI=?	<p>Test command reports the maximum number of cells, in a neighbour of the serving cell excluding it, from which we can extract GSM-related informations, along with the ordinal number of the current selected cell, in the format:</p> <p><b>#MONI: (&lt;MaxCellNo&gt;,&lt;CellSet&gt;)</b></p> <p>where: <b>&lt;MaxCellNo&gt;</b> - maximum number of cells, in a neighbour of the serving cell and excluding it, from which we can extract GSM-related informations. This value is always <b>6</b>. <b>&lt;CellSet&gt;</b> - the last setting done with command <b>#MONI</b>.</p>
Example	<p><i>Set command selects the cell 0</i> at#moni=0 OK</p> <p><i>Execution command reports GSM-related information for cell 0</i> at#moni #MONI: I WIND BSIC:70 RxQual:0 LAC:55FA Id:1D23 ARFCN:736 PWR:-83dbm TA:1 OK</p> <p><i>Set command selects the special request to obtain GSM-related information from the whole set of seven cells in the neighbour of the serving cell</i> at#moni=7 OK</p> <p><i>Execution command reports the requested information in</i></p>



#MONI - Cell Monitor	SELINT 2
	<p><i>table-like format</i></p> <pre>at#moni #MONI: Cell BSIC LAC CellId ARFCN Power C1 C2 TA RxQual PLMN #MONI: S 70 55FA 1D23 736 -83dbm 19 33 1 0 I WIND #MONI: N1 75 55FA 1297 983 -78dbm 26 20 #MONI: N2 72 55FA 1289 976 -82dbm 22 16 #MONI: N3 70 55FA 1D15 749 -92dbm 10 18 #MONI: N4 72 55FA 1D0D 751 -92dbm 10 18 #MONI: N5 75 55FA 1296 978 -95dbm 9 3 #MONI: N6 70 55FA 1D77 756 -99dbm 3 11</pre> <p>OK</p>
Note	<p>The refresh time of the measures is preset to 3 sec. The timing advance value is meaningful only during calls or GPRS transfers active.</p>

### 3.5.7.1.44 Serving Cell Information - #SERVINFO

#SERVINFO - Serving Cell Information	SELINT 0 / 1
AT#SERVINFO	<p>Execution command reports information about serving cell, in the format:</p> <pre>#SERVINFO: &lt;B-ARFCN&gt;,&lt;dBM&gt;,&lt;NetNameAsc&gt;,&lt;NetCode&gt;,&lt;BSIC&gt;,&lt;LAC&gt;,&lt;TA&gt;,&lt;GPRS&gt;[,&lt;PB-ARFCN&gt;],[&lt;NOM&gt;],[&lt;RAC&gt;],[&lt;PAT&gt;]</pre> <p>where:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>&lt;B-ARFCN&gt; - BCCH ARFCN of the serving cell</li> <li>&lt;dBM&gt; - received signal strength in dBm</li> <li>&lt;NetNameAsc&gt; - operator name, quoted string type</li> <li>&lt;NetCode&gt; - country code and operator code, hexadecimal representation</li> <li>&lt;BSIC&gt; - Base Station Identification Code</li> <li>&lt;LAC&gt; - Localization Area Code</li> <li>&lt;TA&gt; - Time Advance: it's available only if a GSM or GPRS is running</li> <li>&lt;GPRS&gt; - GPRS supported in the cell <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0 - not supported</li> <li>1 - supported</li> </ul> </li> </ul> <p>The following information will be present only if GPRS is supported in the cell</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>&lt;PB-ARFCN&gt; - PBCCH ARFCN of the serving cell; it'll be printed only if PBCCH is supported by the cell, otherwise the label "hopping" will be printed</li> <li>&lt;NOM&gt; - Network Operation Mode <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>.. "I"</li> <li>"II"</li> <li>.. "III"</li> </ul> </li> <li>&lt;RAC&gt; - Routing Area ColoUr Code</li> <li>&lt;PAT&gt; - Priority Access Threshold</li> </ul>





<b>#SERVINFO - Serving Cell Information</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1</b>
	..0 ..3..6	
<b>AT#SERVINFO?</b>	Read command has the same effect as Execution command	

<b>#SERVINFO - Serving Cell Information</b>		<b>SELINT 2</b>
<b>AT#SERVINFO</b>	<p>Execution command reports information about serving cell, in the format:</p> <p><b>#SERVINFO: &lt;B-ARFCN&gt;,&lt;dBM&gt;,&lt;NetNameAsc&gt;,&lt;NetCode&gt;,&lt;BSIC&gt;,&lt;LAC&gt;,&lt;TA&gt;,&lt;GPRS&gt;[,&lt;PB-ARFCN&gt;],[&lt;NOM&gt;],&lt;RAC&gt;,[&lt;PAT&gt;]</b></p> <p>where:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>&lt;B-ARFCN&gt;</b> - BCCH ARFCN of the serving cell</li> <li><b>&lt;dBM&gt;</b> - received signal strength in dBm</li> <li><b>&lt;NetNameAsc&gt;</b> - operator name, quoted string type</li> <li><b>&lt;NetCode&gt;</b> - country code and operator code, hexadecimal representation</li> <li><b>&lt;BSIC&gt;</b> - Base Station Identification Code</li> <li><b>&lt;LAC&gt;</b> - Localization Area Code</li> <li><b>&lt;TA&gt;</b> - Time Advance: it's available only if a GSM or GPRS is running</li> <li><b>&lt;GPRS&gt;</b> - GPRS supported in the cell <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0 - not supported</li> <li>1 - supported</li> </ul> </li> </ul> <p>The following information will be present only if GPRS is supported in the cell</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>&lt;PB-ARFCN&gt;</b> - PBCCH ARFCN of the serving cell; it'll be printed only if PBCCH is supported by the cell, otherwise the label "<b>hopping</b>" will be printed</li> <li><b>&lt;NOM&gt;</b> - Network Operation Mode <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>.."I"</li> <li>"II"</li> <li>.."III"</li> </ul> </li> <li><b>&lt;RAC&gt;</b> - Routing Area Colour Code</li> <li><b>&lt;PAT&gt;</b> - Priority Access Threshold <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>..0</li> <li>..3..6</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	

### 3.5.7.1.45 +COPS Mode - #COPSMODE

<b>#COPSMODE - +COPS Mode</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1</b>
<b>AT#COPSMODE</b> <b>[=&lt;mode&gt;]</b>	<p>Set command sets the behaviour of <b>+COPS</b> command (see <b>+COPS</b>).</p> <p>Parameter:</p> <p><b>&lt;mode&gt;</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0 - <b>+COPS</b> behaviour like former GM862 family products (default)</li> </ul>	





#QSS - Query SIM Status		SELINT 2
<b>AT#QSS=</b> [<mode>]	<p>Set command enables/disables the Query SIM Status unsolicited indication in the ME.</p> <p>Parameter:  <b>&lt;mode&gt;</b> - type of notification            0 - disabled (factory default); it's possible only to query the current SIM status through Read command <b>AT#QSS?</b>            1 - enabled; the ME informs at every SIM status change through the following basic unsolicited indication:</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>#QSS: &lt;status&gt;</b></p> <p>where:  <b>&lt;status&gt;</b> - current SIM status            0 - SIM NOT INSERTED            1 - SIM INSERTED</p> <p>2 - enabled; the ME informs at every SIM status change through the following unsolicited indication:</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>#QSS: &lt;status&gt;</b></p> <p>where:  <b>&lt;status&gt;</b> - current SIM status            0 - SIM NOT INSERTED            1 - SIM INSERTED            2 - SIM INSERTED and PIN UNLOCKED            3 - SIM INSERTED and READY (SMS and Phonebook access are possible).</p>	
<b>AT#QSS?</b>	<p>Read command reports whether the unsolicited indication <b>#QSS</b> is currently enabled or not, along with the SIM status, in the format:</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>#QSS: &lt;mode&gt;,&lt;status&gt;</b>            (&lt;mode&gt; and &lt;status&gt; are described above)</p>	
<b>AT#QSS=?</b>	<p>Test command returns the supported range of values for parameter <b>&lt;mode&gt;</b>.</p>	

### 3.5.7.1.47 ATD Dialing Mode - #DIALMODE

#DIALMODE - ATD Dialing Mode		SELINT 0 / 1
<b>AT#DIALMODE[=</b> <mode>]	<p>Set command sets <b>ATD</b> modality.</p> <p>Parameter:  <b>&lt;mode&gt;</b>            0 - (voice call only) <b>OK</b> result code is received as soon as it starts remotely ringing (factory default)</p>	









<b>#ACAL - Automatic Call</b>		<b>SELINT 2</b>
Note	See <b>&amp;Z</b> to write and <b>&amp;N</b> to read the number on module internal phonebook.	

### 3.5.7.1.49 Extended Automatic Call - #ACALEXT

<b>#ACALEXT - Extended Automatic Call</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1 / 2</b>
<b>AT#ACALEXT= &lt;mode&gt;,&lt;index&gt;</b>	<p>Set command enables/disables the extended automatic call function.</p> <p>Parameters:</p> <p><b>&lt;mode&gt;</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0 - disables the automatic call function (factory default)</li> <li>1 - enables the automatic call function from "ME" phonebook.</li> <li>2 - enables the automatic call function from "SM" phonebook.</li> </ul> <p><b>&lt;index&gt;</b> - it indicates a position in the currently selected phonebook.</p> <p>If the extended automatic call function is enabled and <b>&amp;D2</b> has been issued, the transition <b>OFF/ON</b> of <b>DTR</b> causes an automatic call to the number stored in position <b>&lt;index&gt;</b> in the selected phonebook.</p> <p>Note: type of call depends on the last issue of command <b>+FCLASS</b>.</p>	
<b>AT#ACALEXT?</b>	<p>Read command reports either whether the automatic call function is currently enabled or not, and the last <b>&lt;index&gt;</b> setting in the format:</p> <p><b>#ACALEXT: &lt;mode&gt;,&lt;index&gt;</b></p>	
<b>AT#ACALEXT=?</b>	<p>The range of available positions in a phonebook depends on the selected phonebook. This is the reason why the test command returns three ranges of values: the first for parameter <b>&lt;mode&gt;</b>, the second for parameter <b>&lt;index&gt;</b> when "ME" is the chosen phonebook, the third for parameter <b>&lt;index&gt;</b> when "SM" is the chosen phonebook.</p>	
Note	<p>Issuing <b>#ACALEXT</b> causes the <b>#ACAL &lt;mode&gt;</b> to be changed. Issuing <b>AT#ACAL=1</b> causes the <b>#ACALEXT &lt;index&gt;</b> to be set to default. It is recommended to NOT use contemporaneously either <b>#ACALEXT</b> and <b>#ACAL</b></p>	
Note	See <b>&amp;Z</b> to write and <b>&amp;N</b> to read the number on module internal phonebook.	

### 3.5.7.1.50 Extended Call Monitoring - #ECAM

<b>#ECAM - Extended Call Monitoring</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1</b>
<b>AT#ECAM[= [&lt;onoff&gt;]]</b>	<p>This command enables/disables the call monitoring function in the <b>ME</b>.</p> <p>Parameter:</p> <p><b>&lt;onoff&gt;</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0 - disables call monitoring function (factory default)</li> <li>1 - enables call monitoring function; the <b>ME</b> informs about call events, such as incoming call, connected, hang up etc. using the following unsolicited indication:</li> </ul>	





#ECAM - Extended Call Monitoring	SELINT 2
	<p>where</p> <p><b>&lt;ccid&gt;</b> - call ID</p> <p><b>&lt;ccstatus&gt;</b> - call status</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0 - idle</li> <li>1 - calling (MO)</li> <li>2 - connecting (MO)</li> <li>3 - active</li> <li>4 - hold</li> <li>5 - waiting (MT)</li> <li>6 - alerting (MT)</li> <li>7 - busy</li> </ul> <p><b>&lt;calltype&gt;</b> - call type</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1 - voice</li> <li>2 - data</li> </ul> <p><b>&lt;number&gt;</b> - called number (valid only for <b>&lt;ccstatus&gt;=1</b>)</p> <p><b>&lt;type&gt;</b> - type of <b>&lt;number&gt;</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>129 - national number</li> <li>145 - international number</li> </ul> <p>Note: the unsolicited indication is sent along with usual codes (<b>OK, NO CARRIER, BUSY...</b>).</p>
<b>AT#ECAM?</b>	<p>Read command reports whether the extended call monitoring function is currently enabled or not, in the format:</p> <p><b>#ECAM: &lt;onoff&gt;</b></p>
<b>AT#ECAM=?</b>	<p>Test command returns the list of supported values for <b>&lt;onoff&gt;</b></p>

### 3.5.7.1.51 SMS Overflow - #SMOV

#SMOV - SMS Overflow	SELINT 0 / 1
<b>AT#SMOV[=&lt;mode&gt;]</b>	<p>Set command enables/disables the SMS overflow signalling function.</p> <p>Parameter:</p> <p><b>&lt;mode&gt;</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0 - disables SMS overflow signaling function(factory default)</li> <li>1 - enables SMS overflow signalling function; when the maximum storage capacity has reached, the following network initiated notification is send:</li> </ul> <p><b>#SMOV: &lt;memo&gt;</b></p> <p>Note: issuing <b>AT#SMOV&lt;CR&gt;</b> is the same as issuing the Read command.</p> <p>Note: issuing <b>AT#SMOV=&lt;CR&gt;</b> is the same as issuing the command <b>AT#SMOV=0&lt;CR&gt;</b>.</p>
<b>AT#SMOV?</b>	<p>Read command reports whether the SMS overflow signalling function is</p>



#SMOV - SMS Overflow	SELINT 0 / 1
	currently enabled or not, in the format:  <b>#SMOV: &lt;mode&gt;</b>
<b>AT#SMOV=?</b>	Test command returns the supported range of values of parameter <mode>.

#SMOV - SMS Overflow	SELINT 2
<b>AT#SMOV=</b> <b>[&lt;mode&gt;]</b>	Set command enables/disables the SMS overflow signalling function.  Parameter: <b>&lt;mode&gt;</b> 0 - disables SMS overflow signaling function (factory default) 1 - enables SMS overflow signalling function; when the maximum storage capacity has reached, the following network initiated notification is send:  <b>#SMOV: &lt;memo&gt;</b>
<b>AT#SMOV?</b>	Read command reports whether the SMS overflow signalling function is currently enabled or not, in the format:  <b>#SMOV: &lt;mode&gt;</b>
<b>AT#SMOV=?</b>	Test command returns the supported range of values of parameter <mode>.

### 3.5.7.1.52 Mailbox Numbers - #MBN

#MBN - Mailbox Numbers	SELINT 2
<b>AT#MBN</b>	Execution command returns the mailbox numbers stored on SIM, if this service is provided by the SIM.  The response format is: <b>[#MBN: &lt;index&gt;,&lt;number&gt;,&lt;type&gt;[,&lt;text&gt;][,&lt;mboxtype&gt;]][&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;</b> <b>#MBN: &lt;index&gt;,&lt;number&gt;,&lt;type&gt;[,&lt;text&gt;][,&lt;mboxtype&gt;][...]]</b>  where: <b>&lt;index&gt;</b> - record number <b>&lt;number&gt;</b> - string type mailbox number in the format <b>&lt;type&gt;</b> <b>&lt;type&gt;</b> - type of mailbox number octet in integer format 129 - national numbering scheme 145 - international numbering scheme (contains the character "+") <b>&lt;text&gt;</b> - the alphanumeric text associated to the number; used character set should be the one selected with command <b>+CSCS</b> <b>&lt;mboxtype&gt;</b> - the message waiting group type of the mailbox, if available: "VOICE" - voice "FAX" - fax "EMAIL" - electronic mail "OTHER" - other  Note: if all queried locations are empty (but available), no information text



<b>#MBN - Mailbox Numbers</b>	<b>SELINT 2</b>
	lines will be returned.
<b>AT#MBN=?</b>	Test command returns the <b>OK</b> result code.

### 3.5.7.1.53 Message Waiting Indication - #MWI

<b>#MWI - Message Waiting Indication</b>	<b>SELINT 2</b>
<b>AT#MWI=&lt;enable&gt;</b>	<p>Set command enables/disables the presentation of the <b>message waiting indicator</b> URC.</p> <p>Parameter: <b>&lt;enable&gt;</b> 0 - disable the presentation of the <b>#MWI</b> URC 1 - enable the presentation of the <b>#MWI</b> URC each time a new message waiting indicator is received from the network and, at startup, the presentation of the status of the <b>message waiting indicators</b>, as they are currently stored on SIM..</p> <p>The URC format is:</p> <p><b>#MWI: &lt;status&gt;,&lt;indicator&gt;[,&lt;count&gt;]</b></p> <p>where: <b>&lt;status&gt;</b> 0 - clear: it has been deleted one of the messages related to the indicator <b>&lt;indicator&gt;</b>. 1 - set: there's a new waiting message related to the indicator <b>&lt;indicator&gt;</b></p> <p><b>&lt;indicator&gt;</b> 1 - either Line 1 (CPHS context) or Voice (3GPP context) 2 - Line 2 (CPHS context only) 3 - Fax 4 - E-mail 5 - Other</p> <p><b>&lt;count&gt;</b> - message counter: network information reporting the number of pending messages related to the message waiting indicator <b>&lt;indicator&gt;</b>.</p> <p>The presentation at startup of the <b>message waiting indicators</b> status, as they are currently stored on SIM, is as follows:</p> <p><b>#MWI: &lt;status&gt;[,&lt;indicator&gt;[,&lt;count&gt;]][&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;</b> <b>#MWI: &lt;status&gt;,&lt;indicator&gt;[,&lt;count&gt;][...]]]</b></p> <p>where: <b>&lt;status&gt;</b> 0 - no waiting message indicator is currently set: if this the case no other information is reported</p>







#CODEC - Audio Codec		SELINT 0 / 1
AT#CODEC?	Read command returns current audio codec mode in the format: <b>#CODEC: &lt;codec&gt;</b>	
AT#CODEC=?	Test command returns the range of available values for parameter <b>&lt;codec&gt;</b>	
Example	AT#CODEC=14 OK  <i>sets the codec modes HR (4), EFR (2) and AMR-FR (8)</i>	

#CODEC - Audio Codec		SELINT 2
AT#CODEC= [<codec>]	Set command sets the audio codec mode.  Parameter: <b>&lt;codec&gt;</b> 0 - all the codec modes are enabled (factory default) 1..31 - sum of integers each representing a specific codec mode:  1 - <b>FR</b> , full rate mode enabled 2 - <b>EFR</b> , enhanced full rate mode enabled 4 - <b>HR</b> , half rate mode enabled 8 - <b>AMR-FR</b> , AMR full rate mode enabled 16 - <b>AMR-HR</b> , AMR half rate mode enabled  Note: the full rate mode is added by default to any setting in the SETUP message (as specified in ETSI 04.08).  Note: the setting 0 is equivalent to the setting 31.  Note: The codec setting is saved in the profile parameters.	
AT#CODEC?	Read command returns current audio codec mode in the format: <b>#CODEC: &lt;codec&gt;</b>	
AT#CODEC=?	Test command returns the range of available values for parameter <b>&lt;codec&gt;</b>	
Example	AT#CODEC=14 OK  <i>sets the codec modes HR (4), EFR (2) and AMR-FR (8)</i>	

### 3.5.7.1.55 Handsfree Echo Canceller - #SHFEC

#SHFEC - Handsfree Echo Canceller		SELINT 0 / 1
AT#SHFEC[= [<mode>]]	Set command enables/disables the echo canceller function on audio handsfree output.	



































#AUTOBND - Automatic Band Selection		SELINT 0 / 1
	90 seconds through available bands until a GSM cell is found.  Note: if parameter <value> is omitted the behaviour of Set command is the same as Read command.	
AT#AUTOBND?	Read command returns whether the automatic band selection is enabled or not in the format:  <b>#AUTOBND: &lt;value&gt;</b>	
AT#AUTOBND=?	Test command returns the range of supported values for parameter <value>.	

#AUTOBND - Automatic Band Selection		SELINT 2
AT#AUTOBND=[<value>]	Set command enables/disables the automatic band selection at power-on.  Parameter: <b>&lt;value&gt;</b> : 0 - disables automatic band selection at <i>next</i> power-up (factory default) 1 - enables automatic band selection at <i>next</i> power-up; the automatic band selection stops as soon as a GSM cell is found. 2 - enables automatic band selection in four bands (at 850/1900 and 900/1800); differently from previous settings it takes <i>immediate</i> effect  Note: necessary condition to <i>effectively</i> have automatic band selection at next power-up (due to either <b>AT#AUTOBND=1</b> or <b>AT#AUTOBND=2</b> ) is that <b>AT+COPS=0</b> has to be previously issued  Note: if automatic band selection is enabled the band changes every about 90 seconds through available bands until a GSM cell is found.  Note: if the current setting is different from <b>AT#AUTOBND=2</b> and we're issuing <b>AT#ENS=1</b> , at <i>first next</i> power-up after the ENS functionality has been activated (see <b>#ENS</b> ) the automatic band selection ( <b>AT#AUTOBND=1</b> ) is enabled.	
AT#AUTOBND?	Read command returns whether the automatic band selection is enabled or not in the form:  <b>#AUTOBND: &lt;value&gt;</b>	
AT#AUTOBND=?	Test command returns the range of supported values for parameter <value>.	

### 3.5.7.1.77 Skip Escape Sequence - #SKIPESC

#SKIPESC - Skip Escape Sequence		SELINT 0 / 1
AT#SKIPESC[=[<mode>]]	Set command enables/disables skipping the escape sequence +++ while transmitting during a data connection.	









#GPPPCFG - PPP-GPRS Parameters Configuration		SELINT 2
	<p>1 - active mode, the module starts autonomously the LCP negotiation immediately after the CONNECT message</p> <p>Note: if <b>&lt;hostIPAddress&gt;="0.0.0.0"</b> (factory default) the <b>Host IP Address</b> assigned to the host application is the previous remote IP Address obtained by the Network.</p>	
AT# GPPPCFG?	<p>Read command reports the current PPP-GPRS connection parameters in the format:</p> <p><b>#GPPPCFG: &lt;hostIPAddress&gt;,&lt;LCPTimeout&gt;,&lt;PPPmode&gt;</b></p>	
AT# GPPPCFG=?	<p>Test command returns the range of supported values for parameter <b>&lt;LCPTimeout&gt;</b> and <b>&lt;PPPmode&gt;</b>, in the format:</p> <p><b>#PPPCFG: "",(10-600),(0,1)</b></p>	

### 3.5.7.1.81 RTC Status - #RTCSTAT

#RTCSTAT - RTC Status		SELINT 0 / 1
AT#RTCSTAT[= <status>]	<p>Set command resets the RTC status flag.</p> <p>Parameter: <b>&lt;status&gt;</b> 0 - Set RTC Status to <b>RTC HW OK</b></p> <p>Note: the initial value of RTC status flag is <b>RTC HW Error</b> and it doesn't change until a command <b>AT#RTCSTAT=0</b> is issued.</p> <p>Note: if a power failure occurs and the buffer battery is down the RTC status flag is set to <b>1</b>. It doesn't change until command <b>AT#RTCSTAT=0</b> is issued.</p> <p>Note: if parameter <b>&lt;status&gt;</b> is omitted the behaviour of Set command is the same as Read command.</p>	
AT#RTCSTAT?	<p>Read command reports the current value of RTC status flag, in the format:</p> <p><b>#RTCSTAT: &lt;status&gt;</b></p>	
AT#RTCSTAT=?	<p>Test command returns the range of supported values for parameter <b>&lt;status&gt;</b></p>	

#RTCSTAT - RTC Status	SELINT 2
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	<p><b>&lt;mode&gt;</b> - SIM Detection mode</p> <p>0 - ignore SIMIN pin and simulate the status 'SIM Not Inserted'</p> <p>1 - ignore SIMIN pin and simulate the status 'SIM Inserted'</p> <p>2 - automatic SIM detection through SIMIN Pin (default)</p>
<b>AT#SIMDET?</b>	<p>Read command returns the currently selected Sim Detection Mode in the format:</p> <p><b>#SIMDET: &lt;mode&gt;,&lt;simin&gt;</b></p> <p><b>where:</b></p> <p><b>&lt;mode&gt;</b> - SIM Detection mode, as before</p> <p><b>&lt;simin&gt;</b> - SIMIN pin real status</p> <p>0 - SIM inserted</p> <p>1 - SIM not inserted</p>
<b>AT#SIMDET=?</b>	<p>Test command reports the supported range of values for parameter <b>&lt;mode&gt;</b></p>

### 3.5.7.1.84 SIM Enhanced Speed - #ENHSIM

#ENHSIM - SIM Enhanced Speed	SELINT 2
<b>AT#ENHSIM=&lt;mod&gt;</b>	<p>Set command activates or deactivates the Sim Enhanced Speed Functionality.</p> <p>Parameter:</p> <p><b>&lt;mod&gt;</b></p> <p>0 - Not Active (default)</p> <p>1 - BRF is (F=512 D=8)</p> <p><i>(For BRF definition refer to ISO-7816-3)</i></p> <p>Note: value <b>&lt;mod&gt;</b> is saved in NVM and will be used since next module startup or new SIM insertion.</p> <p>Note: module will use the slowest speed between the one programmed and the one supported by the SIM.</p>
<b>AT#ENHSIM?</b>	<p>Read command returns whether the Sim Enhanced Speed Functionality is currently activated or not, in the format:</p> <p><b>#ENHSIM: &lt;mod&gt;</b></p>
<b>AT#ENHSIM=?</b>	<p>Test command reports the supported range of values for parameter <b>&lt;mod&gt;</b>.</p>
Reference	GSM 11.11, ISO-7816-3
Note	It is strongly suggested to verify which is the maximum speed supported by the final application





	<p>context</p> <p>0</p> <p>&lt;P_type&gt; - protocol type; a string parameter which specifies the type of protocol</p> <p>"IP" - Internet Protocol</p> <p>&lt;CSD_num&gt; - phone number of the internet service provider</p> <p>Note: issuing <b>#CGDCONT=0</b> causes the values for context number <b>0</b> to become undefined.</p>
<b>AT#GSMCONT?</b>	<p>Read command returns the current settings for the GSM context, if defined, in the format:</p> <p><b>+CGDCONT: &lt;cid&gt;,&lt;P_type&gt;,&lt;CSD_num&gt;</b></p>
<b>AT#GSMCONT=?</b>	<p>Test command returns the supported range of values for all the parameters.</p>

### 3.5.7.1.88 Show Address - #CGPADDR

<b>#CGPADDR - Show Address</b>	<b>SELINT 2</b>
<p><b>AT#CGPADDR=</b> <b>[&lt;cid&gt;,&lt;cid&gt;</b> <b>[,...]]]</b></p>	<p>Execution command returns either the IP address for the GSM context (if specified) and/or a list of PDP addresses for the specified PDP context identifiers</p> <p>Parameters:</p> <p><b>&lt;cid&gt;</b> - context identifier</p> <p>0 - specifies the GSM context (see <b>+GSMCONT</b>).</p> <p>1..5 - numeric parameter which specifies a particular PDP context definition (see <b>+CGDCONT</b> command).</p> <p>Note: if no <b>&lt;cid&gt;</b> is specified, the addresses for all <b>defined</b> contexts are returned.</p> <p>Note: issuing the command with more than 6 parameters raises an error.</p> <p>Note: the command returns only one row of information for every specified <b>&lt;cid&gt;</b>, even if the same <b>&lt;cid&gt;</b> is present more than once.</p> <p>The command returns a row of information for every specified <b>&lt;cid&gt;</b> whose context has been already defined. No row is returned for a <b>&lt;cid&gt;</b> whose context has not been defined yet. Response format is:</p> <p><b>#CGPADDR: &lt;cid&gt;,&lt;address&gt;[&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;</b> <b>#CGPADDR: &lt;cid&gt;,&lt;address&gt;[...]]]</b></p> <p>where:</p> <p><b>&lt;cid&gt;</b> - context identifier, as before</p> <p><b>&lt;address&gt;</b> - its meaning depends on the value of <b>&lt;cid&gt;</b></p> <p>a) if <b>&lt;cid&gt;</b> is the (only) GSM context identifier (<b>&lt;cid&gt;=0</b>) it is</p>





	<p>the dynamic address assigned during the GSM context activation.</p> <p>b) if <b>&lt;cid&gt;</b> is a PDP context identifier (<b>&lt;cid&gt;</b> in (1..5)) it is a string that identifies the terminal in the address space applicable to the PDP. The address may be static or dynamic. For a static address, it will be the one set by the <b>+CGDCONT</b> command when the context was defined. For a dynamic address it will be the one assigned during the last PDP context activation that used the context definition referred to by <b>&lt;cid&gt;</b>.</p> <p>Note: if no address is available the empty string ("") is represented as <b>&lt;address&gt;</b>.</p>
<b>AT#CGPADDR=?</b>	Test command returns a list of defined <b>&lt;cid&gt;</b> s.
Example	<pre>AT#SGACT=0,1 +IP: xxx.yyy.zzz.www  OK AT#CGPADDR=0 +CGPADDR: 0,"xxx.yyy.zzz.www"  OK AT#CGPADDR=? +CGPADDR: (0)  OK</pre>

### 3.5.7.1.89 Network Scan Timer - #NWSCANTMR

#NWSCANTMR - Network Scan Timer		SELINT 2
<b>AT#NWSCANTMR=&lt;tmr&gt;</b>	<p>Set command sets the Network Scan Timer that is used by the module to schedule the next network search when it is without network coverage (no signal).</p> <p>Parameter:  <b>&lt;tmr&gt;</b> - timer value in units of seconds            5 3600 - time in seconds (default 5 secs.)</p>	
<b>AT#NWSCANTMR</b>	<p>Execution command reports time, in seconds, when the next scan activity will be executed. The format is:</p> <p><b>#NWSCANTMREXP: &lt;time&gt;</b></p> <p>Note: if <b>&lt;time&gt;</b> is zero it means that the timer is not running</p>	
<b>AT#NWSCANTMR?</b>	<p>Read command reports the current parameter setting for <b>#NWSCANTMR</b> command in the format:</p>	







#SI - Socket Info	SELINT 2
	<p>the value <b>&lt;ack_waiting&gt;</b> is always 0 for UDP connections.</p> <p>Note: issuing <b>#SI&lt;CR&gt;</b> causes getting information about data traffic of all the sockets; the response format is:</p> <p><b>#SI: &lt;connId1&gt;,&lt;sent1&gt;,&lt;received1&gt;,&lt;buff_in1&gt;,&lt;ack_waiting1&gt;&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;</b></p> <p>...</p> <p><b>#SI: &lt;connId6&gt;,&lt;sent6&gt;,&lt;received6&gt;,&lt;buff_in6&gt;,&lt;ack_waiting6&gt;</b></p>
<b>AT#SI=?</b>	Test command reports the range for parameter <b>&lt;connId&gt;</b> .
Example	<pre>AT#SI #SI: 1,123,400,10,50 #SI: 2,0,100,0,0 #SI: 3,589,100,10,100 #SI: 4,0,0,0,0 #SI: 5,0,0,0,0 #SI: 6,0,98,60,0  OK  Sockets 1,2,3,6 are opened with some data traffic. For example socket 1 has 123 bytes sent, 400 bytes received, 10 byte waiting to be read and 50 bytes waiting to be acknowledged from the remote side.  AT#SI=1  #SI: 1,123,400,10,50  OK  We have information only about socket number 1</pre>

### 3.5.7.3.3 Context Activation - #SGACT

#SGACT - Context Activation	SELINT 2
<b>AT#SGACT=&lt;cid&gt;,&lt;stat&gt;[,&lt;userId&gt;,&lt;pwd&gt;]</b>	<p>Execution command is used to activate or deactivate either the GSM context or the specified PDP context.</p> <p>Parameters:</p> <p><b>&lt;cid&gt;</b> - PDP context identifier  0 - specifies the GSM context  1..5 - numeric parameter which specifies a particular PDP context definition</p> <p><b>&lt;stat&gt;</b>  0 - deactivate the context  1 - activate the context</p>







### 3.5.7.3.5 Socket Configuration - #SCFG

#SCFG - Socket Configuration	SELINT 2
<b>AT#SCFG=</b> <b>&lt;connId&gt;,&lt;cid&gt;,&lt;pktSz&gt;,&lt;maxTo&gt;,&lt;connTo&gt;,&lt;txTo&gt;</b>	Set command sets the socket configuration parameters.  Parameters: <b>&lt;connId&gt;</b> - socket connection identifier 1..6 <b>&lt;cid&gt;</b> - PDP context identifier 0 - specifies the GSM context 1..5 - numeric parameter which specifies a particular PDP context definition <b>&lt;pktSz&gt;</b> - packet size to be used by the TCP/UDP/IP stack for data sending. 0 - automatically chosen by the device. 1..1500 - packet size in bytes. <b>&lt;maxTo&gt;</b> - exchange timeout (or socket inactivity timeout); if there's no data exchange within this timeout period the connection is closed. 0 - no timeout 1..65535 - timeout value in seconds (default 90 s.) <b>&lt;connTo&gt;</b> - connection timeout; if we can't establish a connection to the remote within this timeout period, an error is raised. 10..1200 - timeout value in hundreds of milliseconds (default 600) <b>&lt;txTo&gt;</b> - data sending timeout; after this period data are sent also if they're less than max packet size. 0 - no timeout 1..255 - timeout value in hundreds of milliseconds (default 50)  Note: these values are automatically saved in NVM.
<b>AT#SCFG?</b>	Read command returns the current socket configuration parameters values for all the six sockets, in the format:  <b>#SCFG: &lt;connId1&gt;,&lt;cid1&gt;,&lt;pktsz1&gt;,&lt;maxTo1&gt;,&lt;connTo1&gt;,&lt;txTo1&gt;</b> <b>&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;</b>  ... <b>#SCFG: &lt;connId6&gt;,&lt;cid6&gt;,&lt;pktsz6&gt;,&lt;maxTo6&gt;,&lt;connTo6&gt;,&lt;txTo6&gt;</b> <b>&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;</b>
<b>AT#SCFG=?</b>	Test command returns the range of supported values for all the subparameters.
Example	<pre>at#scfg? #SCFG: 1,1,300,90,600,50 #SCFG: 2,2,300,90,600,50 #SCFG: 3,2,250,90,600,50 #SCFG: 4,1,300,90,600,50 #SCFG: 5,1,300,90,600,50</pre>

















### 3.5.7.4 FTP AT Commands

#### 3.5.7.4.1 FTP Time-Out - #FTPTO

#FTPTO - FTP Time-Out		SELINT 0 / 1
<b>AT#FTPTO[= &lt;tout&gt;]</b>	<p>Set command sets the time-out used when opening either the FTP control channel or the FTP traffic channel.</p> <p>Parameter: <b>&lt;tout&gt;</b> - time-out in 100 ms units 100..5000 - hundreds of ms (factory default is 100)</p> <p>Note: The parameter is not saved in NVM.</p> <p>Note: if parameter <b>&lt;tout&gt;</b> is omitted the behaviour of Set command is the same as Read command.</p>	
<b>AT#FTPTO?</b>	<p>Read command returns the current FTP operations time-out, in the format:</p> <p><b>#FTPTO: &lt;tout&gt;</b></p>	
<b>AT#FTPTO=?</b>	<p>Test command returns the range of supported values for parameter <b>&lt;tout&gt;</b></p>	

#FTPTO - FTP Time-Out		SELINT 2
<b>AT#FTPTO= [&lt;tout&gt;]</b>	<p>Set command sets the time-out used when opening either the FTP control channel or the FTP traffic channel.</p> <p>Parameter: <b>&lt;tout&gt;</b> - time-out in 100 ms units 100..5000 - hundreds of ms (factory default is 100)</p> <p>Note: The parameter is not saved in NVM.</p>	
<b>AT#FTPTO?</b>	<p>Read command returns the current FTP operations time-out, in the format:</p> <p><b>#FTPTO: &lt;tout&gt;</b></p>	
<b>AT#FTPTO=?</b>	<p>Test command returns the range of supported values for parameter <b>&lt;tout&gt;</b></p>	

#### 3.5.7.4.2 FTP Open - #FTPOPEN

#FTPOPEN - FTP Open		SELINT 0 / 1
<b>AT#FTPOPEN= &lt;server:port&gt;, &lt;username&gt;, &lt;password&gt;, &lt;mode&gt;</b>	<p>Execution command opens an FTP connection toward the FTP server.</p> <p>Parameters: <b>&lt;server:port&gt;</b> - string type, address and port of FTP server (factory default port 21). <b>&lt;username&gt;</b> - string type, authentication user identification string for FTP. <b>&lt;password&gt;</b> - string type, authentication password for FTP. <b>&lt;mode&gt;</b> 0 - active mode (default)</p>	









<b>#FTPGET - FTP Get</b>	<b>SELINT 2</b>
	<p>The file is received on the serial port.</p> <p>Parameter: <b>&lt;filename&gt;</b> - file name, string type.</p> <p>Note: The command causes an <b>ERROR</b> result code to be returned in case no FTP connection has been opened yet.</p> <p>Note: Command closure should always be handled by application. In order to avoid download stall situations a timeout should be implemented by the application.</p>
<b>AT#FTPGET=?</b>	Test command returns the OK result code.

### 3.5.7.4.6 FTP Type - #FTPTYPE

<b>#FTPTYPE - FTP Type</b>	<b>SELINT 0 / 1</b>
<b>AT#FTPTYPE[=&lt;type&gt;]</b>	<p>Set command, issued during an FTP connection, sets the file transfer type.</p> <p>Parameter: <b>&lt;type&gt;</b> - file transfer type: 0 - binary 1 - ascii</p> <p>Note: The command causes an <b>ERROR</b> result code to be returned if no FTP connection has been opened yet.</p> <p>Note: If the parameter is omitted then the behaviour of Set command is the same of Read command.</p>
<b>#FTPTYPE?</b>	<p>Read command returns the current file transfer type, in the format:</p> <p><b>#FTPTYPE: &lt;type&gt;</b></p>
<b>#FTPTYPE=?</b>	<p>Test command returns the range of available values for parameter <b>&lt;type&gt;</b>:</p> <p><b>#FTPTYPE: (0,1)</b></p>

<b>#FTPTYPE - FTP Type</b>	<b>SELINT 2</b>
<b>AT#FTPTYPE=[&lt;type&gt;]</b>	<p>Set command, issued during an FTP connection, sets the file transfer type.</p> <p>Parameter: <b>&lt;type&gt;</b> - file transfer type: 0 - binary 1 - ascii</p> <p>Note: The command causes an <b>ERROR</b> result code to be returned if no FTP connection has been opened yet.</p>
<b>#FTPTYPE?</b>	Read command returns the current file transfer type, in the format:





<b>#FTPPWD - FTP Print Working Directory</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1</b>
	Note: The command causes an <b>ERROR</b> result code to be returned if no FTP connection has been opened yet.	

<b>#FTPPWD - FTP Print Working Directory</b>		<b>SELINT 2</b>
<b>AT#FTPPWD</b>	Execution command, issued during an FTP connection, shows the current working directory on FTP server.  Note: The command causes an <b>ERROR</b> result code to be returned if no FTP connection has been opened yet.	
<b>AT#FTPPWD=?</b>	Test command returns the <b>OK</b> result code.	

### 3.5.7.4.10 FTP Change Working Directory - #FTPCWD

<b>#FTPCWD - FTP Change Working Directory</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1</b>
<b>AT#FTPCWD=&lt;dirname&gt;</b>	Execution command, issued during an FTP connection, changes the working directory on FTP server.  Parameter: <b>&lt;dirname&gt;</b> - string type, it's the name of the new working directory.  Note: The command causes an <b>ERROR</b> result code to be returned if no FTP connection has been opened yet.	

<b>#FTPCWD - FTP Change Working Directory</b>		<b>SELINT 2</b>
<b>AT#FTPCWD=[&lt;dirname&gt;]</b>	Execution command, issued during an FTP connection, changes the working directory on FTP server.  Parameter: <b>&lt;dirname&gt;</b> - string type, it's the name of the new working directory.  Note: The command causes an <b>ERROR</b> result code to be returned if no FTP connection has been opened yet.	
<b>AT#FTPCWD=?</b>	Test command returns the <b>OK</b> result code.	

### 3.5.7.4.11 FTP List - #FTPLIST

<b>#FTPLIST - FTP List</b>	<b>SELINT 0 / 1</b>
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<b>#PKTSZ - Packet Size</b>	<b>SELINT 0 / 1</b>
#PKTSZ: 300 ->value automatically chosen by device	
OK	

<b>#PKTSZ - Packet Size</b>	<b>SELINT 2</b>
<b>AT#PKTSZ=[&lt;size&gt;]</b>	Set command sets the default packet size to be used by the TCP/UDP/IP stack for data sending.  Parameter: <b>&lt;size&gt;</b> - packet size in bytes 0 - automatically chosen by the device 1..1500 - packet size in bytes (factory default is 300)  Note: this command is not allowed for sockets associated to a GSM context (see <b>#SCFG</b> ).
<b>AT#PKTSZ?</b>	Read command reports the current packet size value.  Note: after issuing command <b>AT#PKTSZ=0</b> , the Read command reports the value automatically chosen by the device.
<b>AT#PKTSZ=?</b>	Test command returns the allowed values for the parameter <b>&lt;size&gt;</b> .
Example	AT#PKTSZ=100 OK AT#PKTSZ? #PKTSZ: 100  OK AT#PKTSZ=0 OK AT#PKTSZ? #PKTSZ: 300 ->value automatically chosen by device  OK

### 3.5.7.5.4 Data Sending Time-Out - #DSTO

<b>#DSTO - Data Sending Time-Out</b>	<b>SELINT 0 / 1</b>
<b>AT#DSTO[=[&lt;tout&gt;]]</b>	Set command sets the maximum time that the module awaits before sending anyway a packet whose size is less than the default one.  Parameter: <b>&lt;tout&gt;</b> - packet sending time-out in 100ms units (factory default is 50) 0 - no time-out, wait forever for packets to be completed before send. 1..255 hundreds of ms  Note: In order to avoid low performance issues, it is suggested to set the data sending time-out to a value greater than 5.















<b>#SKTOP - Socket Open</b>		<b>SELINT 2</b>
	..GPRS context activation, authentication and socket open.. CONNECT	
Note	This command is obsolete. It's suggested to use the couple <b>#SGACT</b> and <b>#SO</b> instead of it.	

### 3.5.7.5.8 Query DNS - #QDNS

<b>#QDNS - Query DNS</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1</b>
<b>AT#QDNS=</b> <b>&lt;host name&gt;</b>	<p>Execution command executes a DNS query to solve the host name into an IP address.</p> <p>Parameter: <b>&lt;host name&gt;</b> - host name, string type.</p> <p>If the DNS query is successful then the IP address will be reported in the result code, as follows:</p> <p><b>#QDNS: &lt;host name&gt;,&lt;IP address&gt;</b></p> <p>where <b>&lt;host name&gt;</b> - string type <b>&lt;IP address&gt;</b> - string type, in the format "xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx"</p> <p>Note: the command has to activate the GPRS context if it was not previously activated. In this case the context is deactivated after the DNS query.</p>	
Note	This command requires that the authentication parameters are correctly set and that the GPRS network is present.	
Note	Issuing command <b>#QDNS</b> will overwrite <b>&lt;remote addr&gt;</b> setting for command <b>#SKTSET</b> .	

<b>#QDNS - Query DNS</b>		<b>SELINT 2</b>
<b>AT#QDNS=</b> <b>[&lt;host name&gt;]</b>	<p>Execution command executes a DNS query to solve the host name into an IP address.</p> <p>Parameter: <b>&lt;host name&gt;</b> - host name, string type.</p> <p>If the DNS query is successful then the IP address will be reported in the result code, as follows:</p> <p><b>#QDNS: &lt;host name&gt;,&lt;IP address&gt;</b></p> <p>where <b>&lt;host name&gt;</b> - string type</p>	



#QDNS - Query DNS	SELINT 2
	<p>&lt;IP address&gt; - string type, in the format “xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx”</p> <p>Note: the command has to activate the GPRS context if it was not previously activated. In this case the context is deactivated after the DNS query. It also works with GSM context, but the GSM context has to be activated before.</p>
AT#QDNS=?	Test command returns the <b>OK</b> result code.
Note	This command requires that the authentication parameters are correctly set and that the GPRS network is present (or GSM, if GSM context is used).
Note	Issuing command <b>#QDNS</b> will overwrite <remote addr> setting for command <b>#SKTSET</b> .

### 3.5.7.5.9 DNS Response Caching - #CACHEDNS

#CACHEDNS – DNS Response Caching	SELINT 2
<p>AT#CACHEDNS= [&lt;mode&gt;]</p>	<p>Set command enables caching a mapping of domain names to IP addresses, as does a resolver library.</p> <p>Parameter: <b>&lt;mode&gt;</b> 0 - caching disabled; it cleans the cache too 1 - caching enabled</p> <p>Note: the validity period of each cached entry (i.e. how long a DNS response remains valid) is determined by a value called the <b>Time To Live (TTL)</b>, set by the administrator of the DNS server handing out the response.</p> <p>Note: it is recommended to clean the cache, if command <b>+CCLK</b> has been issued while the DNS Response Caching was enabled.</p>
AT#CACHEDNS?	<p>Read command reports whether the DNS Response Caching is currently enabled or not, in the format:</p> <p><b>#CACHEDNS: &lt;mode&gt;</b></p>
AT#CACHEDNS=?	<p>Test command returns the currently cached mapping along with the range of available values for parameter <b>&lt;mode&gt;</b>, in the format:</p> <p><b>#CACHEDNS: [&lt;hostn1&gt;,&lt;IPaddr1&gt;,[...,&lt;hostnn&gt;,&lt;IPaddrn&gt;]](0,1)</b></p> <p>where: <b>&lt;hostnn&gt;</b> - hostname, string type <b>&lt;IPaddrn&gt;</b> - IP address, string type, in the format “xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx”</p>

### 3.5.7.5.10 Manual DNS Selection - #DNS











### 3.5.7.5.13 Socket Parameters Reset - #SKTRST

#SKTRST - Socket Parameters Reset		SELINT 0 / 1
<b>AT#SKTRST</b>	<p>Execution command resets the socket parameters to the “factory default” configuration and stores them in the NVM of the device.</p> <p>The socket parameters to reset are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- User ID</li> <li>- Password</li> <li>- Packet Size</li> <li>- Socket Inactivity Time-Out</li> <li>- Data Sending Time-Out</li> <li>- Socket Type</li> <li>- Remote Port</li> <li>- Remote Address</li> <li>- TCP Connection Time-Out</li> </ul>	
Example	<pre>AT#SKTRST OK socket parameters have been reset</pre>	

#SKTRST - Socket Parameters Reset		SELINT 2
<b>AT#SKTRST</b>	<p>Execution command resets the socket parameters to the “factory default” configuration and stores them in the NVM of the device.</p> <p>The socket parameters to reset are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- User ID</li> <li>- Password</li> <li>- Packet Size</li> <li>- Socket Inactivity Time-Out</li> <li>- Data Sending Time-Out</li> <li>- Socket Type</li> <li>- Remote Port</li> <li>- Remote Address</li> <li>- TCP Connection Time-Out</li> </ul>	
<b>AT#SKTRST=?</b>	Test command returns the <b>OK</b> result code.	
Example	<pre>AT#SKTRST OK socket parameters have been reset</pre>	

### 3.5.7.5.14 GPRS Context Activation - #GPRS

#GPRS - GPRS Context Activation		SELINT 0 / 1
<b>AT#GPRS[= [&lt;mode&gt;]]</b>	<p>Execution command deactivates/activates the GPRS context, eventually proceeding with the authentication with the parameters given with <b>#PASSW</b> and <b>#USERID</b>.</p> <p>Parameter: <b>&lt;mode&gt;</b> - GPRS context activation mode</p>	























#SKTL - Socket Listen	SELINT 2
	<p>device.</p> <p>When the connection is established the <b>CONNECT</b> indication is given and the modem goes into data transfer mode.</p> <p>On connection close or when context is closed with <b>#GPRS=0</b> the socket is closed and no listen is anymore active.</p> <p>If the context is closed by the network while in listening, the socket is closed, no listen is anymore active and an unsolicited code is reported:</p> <p><b>#SKTL: ABORTED</b></p> <p>Note: this command is not allowed for sockets associated to a GSM context (see <b>#SCFG</b>).</p>
<p><b>AT#SKTL?</b></p>	<p>Read command returns the current socket listening <b>status</b> and the last settings of parameters <b>&lt;input port&gt;</b> and <b>&lt;closure type&gt;</b>, in the format:</p> <p><b>#SKTL: &lt;status&gt;,&lt;input port&gt;,&lt;closure type&gt;</b></p> <p>Where</p> <p><b>&lt;status&gt;</b> - socket listening status</p> <p>0 - socket not listening</p> <p>1 - socket listening</p>
<p><b>AT#SKTL=?</b></p>	<p>Test command returns the allowed values for parameters <b>&lt;mode&gt;</b>, <b>&lt;socket type&gt;</b>, <b>&lt;input port&gt;</b> and <b>&lt;closure type&gt;</b>.</p>
<p>Example</p>	<p><i>Activate GPRS</i></p> <pre>AT#GPRS=1 +IP: ###.###.###.###</pre> <p>OK</p> <p><i>Start listening</i></p> <pre>AT#SKTL=1,0,1024</pre> <p>OK</p> <p>or</p> <pre>AT#SKTL=1,0,1024,255</pre> <p>OK</p> <p><i>Receive connection requests</i></p> <pre>+CONN FROM: 192.164.2.1 CONNECT</pre> <p><i>exchange data with the remote host</i></p> <p><i>send escape sequence</i></p> <pre>+++ NO CARRIER Now listen is not anymore active</pre>





@SKTL - Socket Listen Improved	SELINT 0 / 1
	<p>When the connection is established the <b>CONNECT</b> indication is given and the modem goes into data transfer mode.</p> <p>On connection close or when context is closed with <b>#GPRS=0</b> the socket is closed and no listen is anymore active.</p> <p>If the context is closed by the network while in listening, the socket is closed, no listen is anymore active and an unsolicited code is reported:</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>@SKTL: ABORTED</b></p> <p>Note: if all parameters are omitted the command returns the current socket listening <b>status</b> and the last settings of parameters <b>&lt;socket type&gt;</b>, <b>&lt;input port&gt;</b> and <b>&lt;closure type&gt;</b>, in the format:</p> <p><b>@SKTL: &lt;status&gt;,&lt;socket type&gt;,&lt;input port&gt;,&lt;closure type&gt;</b> Where <b>&lt;status&gt;</b> - socket listening status 0 - socket not listening 1 - socket listening</p>
<p><b>AT@SKTL?</b></p>	<p>Read command has the same effect as Execution command when parameters are omitted.</p>
<p><b>AT@SKTL=?</b></p>	<p>Test command returns the allowed values for parameters <b>&lt;mode&gt;</b>, <b>&lt;socket type&gt;</b>, <b>&lt;input port&gt;</b> and <b>&lt;closure type&gt;</b>.</p>
<p>Example</p>	<pre> Activate GPRS AT#GPRS=1 +IP: ###.###.###.###  OK Start listening AT@SKTL=1,0,1024 OK or AT@SKTL=1,0,1024,255 OK  Receive connection requests +CONN FROM: 192.164.2.1 CONNECT  exchange data with the remote host  send escape sequence +++ NO CARRIER Now listen is not anymore active </pre>



@SKTL - Socket Listen Improved		SELINT 0 / 1
	<pre>to stop listening AT@SKTL=0,0,1024, 255 OK</pre>	
Note	<p>The main difference between this command and the <b>#SKTD</b> is that <b>@SKTL</b> does not contact any peer, nor does any interaction with the GPRS context status, leaving it <b>ON</b> or <b>OFF</b> according to the <b>#GPRS</b> setting, therefore when the connection made with <b>@SKTL</b> is closed the context (and hence the local IP address) is maintained.</p>	

### 3.5.7.5.18 Socket Listen Ring Indicator - #E2SLRI

#E2SLRI - Socket Listen Ring Indicator		SELINT 0 / 1 / 2
<b>AT#E2SLRI=[&lt;n&gt;]</b>	<p>Set command enables/disables the Ring Indicator pin response to a Socket Listen connect and, if enabled, the duration of the negative going pulse generated on receipt of connect.</p> <p>Parameter:  <b>&lt;n&gt;</b> - <b>RI</b> enabling            0 - <b>RI</b> disabled for Socket Listen connect (factory default)            50..1150 - <b>RI</b> enabled for Socket Listen connect; a negative going pulse is generated on receipt of connect and <b>&lt;n&gt;</b> is the duration in ms of this pulse.</p>	
<b>AT#E2SLRI?</b>	<p>Read command reports whether the Ring Indicator pin response to a Socket Listen connect is currently enabled or not, in the format:</p> <p><b>#E2SLRI: &lt;n&gt;</b></p>	
<b>AT#E2SLRI=?</b>	<p>Test command returns the allowed values for parameter <b>&lt;status&gt;</b>.</p>	

### 3.5.7.5.19 Firewall Setup - #FRWL

#FRWL - Firewall Setup		SELINT 0 / 1
<b>AT#FRWL=[&lt;action&gt;, &lt;ip_addr&gt;, &lt;net_mask&gt;]</b>	<p>Execution command controls the internal firewall settings.</p> <p>Parameters:  <b>&lt;action&gt;</b> - command action            0 - remove selected chain            1 - add an <b>ACCEPT</b> chain            2 - remove all chains (<b>DROP</b> everything); <b>&lt;ip_addr&gt;</b> and <b>&lt;net_mask&gt;</b> has no meaning in this case.  <b>&lt;ip_addr&gt;</b> - remote address to be added into the <b>ACCEPT</b> chain; string type, it can be any valid IP address in the format: xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx  <b>&lt;net_mask&gt;</b> - mask to be applied on the <b>&lt;ip_addr&gt;</b>; string type, it can be any valid IP address mask in the format: xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx</p> <p>Command returns <b>OK</b> result code if successful.</p>	























#EUSER - E-mail Authentication User Name		SELINT 0 / 1
	<b>#EUSER: &lt;e-user&gt;</b>	
<b>AT#EUSER=?</b>	Test command returns the maximum allowed length of the string parameter <b>&lt;e-user&gt;</b> .	
Example	AT#EUSER="myE-Name" OK AT#EUSER? #EUSER: "myE-Name"  OK	
Note	It is a different user field than the one used for GPRS authentication (see <b>#USERID</b> ).	

#EUSER - E-mail Authentication User Name		SELINT 2
<b>AT#EUSER=[&lt;e-user&gt;]</b>	Set command sets the user identification string to be used during the authentication step of the SMTP.  Parameter: <b>&lt;e-user&gt;</b> - e-mail authentication User ID, string type. - any string value up to max length reported in the Test command. (factory default is the empty string "")  Note: if no authentication is required then the <b>&lt;e-user&gt;</b> parameter shall be empty "".	
<b>AT#EUSER?</b>	Read command reports the current user identification string, in the format:  <b>#EUSER: &lt;e-user&gt;</b>	
<b>AT#EUSER=?</b>	Test command returns the maximum allowed length of the string parameter <b>&lt;e-user&gt;</b> .	
Example	AT#EUSER="myE-Name" OK AT#EUSER? #EUSER: "myE-Name"  OK	
Note	It is a different user field than the one used for GPRS authentication (see <b>#USERID</b> ).	

### 3.5.7.6.4 E-mail Authentication Password - #EPASSW

#EPASSW - E-mail Authentication Password		SELINT 0 / 1
<b>AT#EPASSW=&lt;e-pwd&gt;</b>	Set command sets the password string to be used during the authentication step of the SMTP.  Parameter: <b>&lt;e-pwd&gt;</b> - e-mail authentication password, string type. - any string value up to max length reported in the Test command.	























### 3.5.7.6.10 SMTP Read Message - #EMAILMSG

#EMAILMSG - SMTP Read Message		SELINT 0 / 1
AT#EMAILMSG	Execution command returns the last response from SMTP server.	
AT#EMAILMSG?	Read command has the same behaviour as Execution command.	

  

#EMAILMSG - SMTP Read Message		SELINT 2
AT#EMAILMSG	Execution command returns the last response from SMTP server.	
AT#EMAILMSG=?	Test command returns the <b>OK</b> result code.	

### 3.5.7.7 Easy Scan® Extension AT Commands

Note: it is strongly suggested to issue all the Easy Scan® Extension AT commands with **NO SIM** inserted, to avoid a potential conflict with normal module operations, such as “incoming call”, “periodic location update”, “periodic routing area update” and so on.

#### 3.5.7.7.1 Network Survey - #CSURV

#CSURV - Network Survey		SELINT 0 / 1
<b>AT#CSURV</b> [=<s>,<e>]	Execution command allows to perform a quick survey through channels belonging to the band selected by last <b>#BND</b> command issue, starting from channel <s> to channel <e>. If parameters are omitted, a full band scan is performed.	
<b>AT*CSURV</b> [=<s>,<e>] <i>(both syntax are possible)</i>	Parameters: <s> - starting channel <e> - ending channel	
	After issuing the command the device responds with the string:  <b>Network survey started...</b>	
	and, after a while, a list of informations, one for each received carrier, is reported, each of them in the format:	
	<b>(For BCCH-Carrier)</b>	
	<b>arfcn: &lt;arfcn&gt; bsic: &lt;bsic&gt; rxLev: &lt;rxLev&gt; ber: &lt;ber&gt; mcc: &lt;mcc&gt;            mnc: &lt;mnc&gt; lac: &lt;lac&gt; cellId: &lt;cellId&gt; cellStatus: &lt;cellStatus&gt;            numArfcn: &lt;numArfcn&gt; arfcn: [&lt;arfcn1&gt; ..&lt;arfcn64&gt;]]            [numChannels: &lt;numChannels&gt; array: [&lt;ba1&gt; ..&lt;ba32&gt;]] [pbcch:            &lt;pbcch&gt; [nom: &lt;nom&gt; rac: &lt;rac&gt; spgc: &lt;spgc&gt; pat: &lt;pat&gt; nco: &lt;nco&gt;            t3168: &lt;t3168&gt; t3192: &lt;t3192&gt; drxmax: &lt;drxmax&gt; ctrlAck: &lt;ctrlAck&gt;            bsCVmax: &lt;bsCVmax&gt; alpha: &lt;alpha&gt; pcMeasCh: &lt;pcMeasCh&gt;]]]         </b>	





#CSURV - Network Survey	SELINT 0 / 1
<p>2 3</p> <p>&lt;rac&gt; - routing area code 0..255 -</p> <p>&lt;spgc&gt; - SPLIT_PG_CYCLE support ..0 - SPLIT_PG_CYCLE is not supported on CCCH on this cell ..1 - SPLIT_PG_CYCLE is supported on CCCH on this cell</p> <p>&lt;pat&gt; - priority access threshold 0 - 3..6 -</p> <p>&lt;nco&gt; - network control order 0..2 -</p> <p>&lt;t3168&gt; - timer 3168 &lt;t3192&gt; - timer 3192 &lt;drxmax&gt; - discontinuous reception max time (in seconds) &lt;ctrlAck&gt; - packed control ack &lt;bsCVmax&gt; - blocked sequenc countdown max value &lt;alpha&gt; - alpha parameter for power control &lt;pcMeasCh&gt; - type of channel which shall be used for downlink measurements for power control 0 - BCCH 1 - PDCH</p> <p style="text-align: center;">(For non BCCH-Carrier)</p> <p>arfcn: &lt;arfcn&gt; rxLev: &lt;rxLev&gt;</p> <p>where: &lt;arfcn&gt; - RF channel &lt;rxLev&gt; - reception level (in dBm)</p> <p>Lastly, the #CSURV output ends in two ways, depending on the last #CSURVF setting:</p> <p style="text-align: center;">if #CSURVF=0 or #CSURVF=1</p> <p>The output ends with the string:</p> <p><b>Network survey ended</b></p> <p style="text-align: center;">if #CSURVF=2</p> <p>the output ends with the string:</p> <p><b>Network survey ended (Carrier: &lt;NoARFCN&gt; BCCh: &lt;NoBCCh&gt;)</b></p> <p>where &lt;NoARFCN&gt; - number of scanned frequencies &lt;NoBCCH&gt; - number of found BCCh</p>	



#CSURV - Network Survey		SELINT 0 / 1
AT#CSURV?	Read command has the same behaviour as Execution command with parameters omitted.	
AT*CSURV?		
Example	<pre>AT#CSURV  Network survey started...  arfcn: 48 bsic: 24 rxLev: -52 ber: 0.00 mcc: 610 mnc: 1 lac: 33281 cellId: 3648 cellStatus: CELL_SUITABLE numArfcn: 2 arfcn: 30 48 numChannels: 5 array: 14 19 22 48 82  arfcn: 14 rxLev: 8  Network survey ended  OK</pre>	
Note	The command is executed within max. 2 minutes.	

#CSURV - Network Survey		SELINT 2
<b>AT#CSURV[= [&lt;s&gt;,&lt;e&gt;]]</b>  <b>AT*CSURV[= [&lt;s&gt;,&lt;e&gt;]]</b> <i>(both syntax are possible; the second syntax is maintained only for backward compatibility and will not be present in future versions)</i>	<p>Execution command allows to perform a quick survey through channels belonging to the band selected by last #BND command issue, starting from channel &lt;s&gt; to channel &lt;e&gt;. Issuing <b>AT#CSURV&lt;CR&gt;</b>, a full band scan is performed.</p> <p>Parameters:            &lt;s&gt; - starting channel            &lt;e&gt; - ending channel</p> <p>After issuing the command the device responds with the string:  <b>Network survey started...</b></p> <p>and, after a while, a list of informations, one for each received carrier, is reported, each of them in the format:</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>(For BCCH-Carrier)</b></p> <pre>arfcn: &lt;arfcn&gt; bsic: &lt;bsic&gt; rxLev: &lt;rxLev&gt; ber: &lt;ber&gt; mcc: &lt;mcc&gt; mnc: &lt;mnc&gt; lac: &lt;lac&gt; cellId: &lt;cellId&gt; cellStatus: &lt;cellStatus&gt; numArfcn: &lt;numArfcn&gt; arfcn: [&lt;arfcn1&gt; ..[ &lt;arfcn64&gt;]] [numChannels: &lt;numChannels&gt; array: [&lt;ba1&gt; ..[&lt;ba32&gt;]] [pbcch: &lt;pbcch&gt; [nom: &lt;nom&gt; rac: &lt;rac&gt; spgc: &lt;spgc&gt; pat: &lt;pat&gt; nco: &lt;nco&gt; t3168: &lt;t3168&gt; t3192: &lt;t3192&gt; drxmax: &lt;drxmax&gt; ctrlAck: &lt;ctrlAck&gt; bsCVmax: &lt;bsCVmax&gt; alpha: &lt;alpha&gt; pcMeasCh: &lt;pcMeasCh&gt;]]]</pre>	









#CSURV - Network Survey		SELINT 2
	<p>if #CSURVF=2 the output ends with the string:</p> <p><b>Network survey ended (Carrier: &lt;NoARFCN&gt; BCCh: &lt;NoBCCh&gt;)</b></p> <p>where  <b>&lt;NoARFCN&gt;</b> - number of scanned frequencies  <b>&lt;NoBCCH&gt;</b> - number of found BCCh</p>	
Example	<pre>AT#CSURV  Network survey started...  arfcn: 48 bsic: 24 rxLev: -52 ber: 0.00 mcc: 610 mnc: 1 lac: 33281 cellId: 3648 cellStatus: CELL_SUITABLE numArfcn: 2 arfcn: 30 48 numChannels: 5 array: 14 19 22 48 82  arfcn: 14 rxLev: 8  Network survey ended  OK</pre>	
Note	The command is executed within max. 2 minute.	

### 3.5.7.7.2 Network Survey (Numeric Format) - #CSURVC

#CSURVC - Network Survey (Numeric Format)		SELINT 0 / 1
<p><b>AT#CSURVC</b> [=&lt;s&gt;,&lt;e&gt;]</p> <p><b>AT*CSURVC</b> [=&lt;s&gt;,&lt;e&gt;] (both syntax are possible)</p>	<p>Execution command allows to perform a quick survey through channels belonging to the band selected by last #BND command issue, starting from channel &lt;s&gt; to channel &lt;e&gt;. If parameters are omitted, a full band scan is performed.</p> <p>Parameters:  <b>&lt;s&gt;</b> - starting channel  <b>&lt;e&gt;</b> - ending channel</p> <p>After issuing the command the device responds with the string:</p> <p><b>Network survey started...</b></p> <p>and, after a while, a list of informations, one for each received carrier, is reported, each of them in the format:</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>(For BCCH-Carrier)</b></p> <p><b>&lt;arfcn&gt;,&lt;bsic&gt;,&lt;rxLev&gt;,&lt;ber&gt;,&lt;mcc&gt;,&lt;mnc&gt;,&lt;lac&gt;,&lt;cellId&gt;,&lt;</b></p>	











#CSURVC - Network Survey (Numeric Format)	SELINT 2
	<p>number, else it is a 4-digits hexadecimal number</p> <p><b>&lt;cellId&gt;</b> - cell identifier; if <b>#CSURVF</b> last setting is 0, <b>&lt;cellId&gt;</b> is a decimal number, else it is a 4-digits hexadecimal number</p> <p><b>&lt;cellStatus&gt;</b> - string type; it is the cell status</p> <p>..0 - C0 is a suitable cell (CELL_SUITABLE).</p> <p>1 - the cell is low priority based on the received system information (CELL_LOW_PRIORITY).</p> <p>2 - the cell is forbidden (CELL_FORBIDDEN).</p> <p>3 - the cell is barred based on the received system information (CELL_BARRED).</p> <p>4 - the cell <b>&lt;rxLev&gt;</b> is low (CELL_LOW_LEVEL).</p> <p>5 - none of the above e.g. exclusion timer running, no BCCH available...etc.. (CELL_OTHER).</p> <p><b>&lt;numArfcn&gt;</b> - decimal number; it is the number of valid channels in the Cell Channel Description</p> <p><b>&lt;arfcn&gt;</b> - decimal number; it is the arfcn of a valid channel in the Cell Channel Description (<i>n</i> is in the range <b>1..&lt;numArfcn&gt;</b>)</p> <p><b>&lt;numChannels&gt;</b> - decimal number; it is the number of valid channels in the BCCH Allocation list; the output of this information for non-serving cells depends on last <b>#CSURVEXT</b> setting:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>if <b>#CSURVEXT=0</b> this information is displayed only for serving cell</li> <li>if <b>#CSURVEXT=1 or 2</b> this information is displayed also for every valid scanned BCCH carrier.</li> </ol> <p><b>&lt;ban&gt;</b> - decimal number; it is the arfcn of a valid channel in the BA list (<i>n</i> is in the range <b>1..&lt;numChannels&gt;</b>); the output of this information for non-serving cells depends on last <b>#CSURVEXT</b> setting:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>if <b>#CSURVEXT=0</b> this information is displayed only for serving cell</li> <li>if <b>#CSURVEXT=1 or 2</b> this information is displayed also for every valid scanned BCCH carrier.</li> </ol> <p><i>(The following informations will be printed only if GPRS is supported in the cell)</i></p> <p><b>&lt;pbccch&gt;</b> - packet broadcast control channel</p> <p>0 - pbccch not activated on the cell</p> <p>1 - pbccch activated on the cell</p> <p><b>&lt;nom&gt;</b> - network operation mode</p> <p>1</p> <p>2</p> <p>3</p> <p><b>&lt;rac&gt;</b> - routing area code</p> <p>0..255 -</p> <p><b>&lt;spgc&gt;</b> - SPLIT_PG_CYCLE support</p> <p>..0 - SPLIT_PG_CYCLE is not supported on CCCH on this cell</p> <p>..1 - SPLIT_PG_CYCLE is supported on CCCH on this cell</p> <p><b>&lt;pat&gt;</b> - priority access threshold</p>



#CSURVC - Network Survey (Numeric Format)	SELINT 2
	<p>0 - 3..6 - &lt;nco&gt; - network control order 0..2 - &lt;t3168&gt; - timer 3168 &lt;t3192&gt; - timer 3192 &lt;drxmax&gt; - discontinuous reception max time (in seconds) &lt;ctrlAck&gt; - packed control ack &lt;bsCVmax&gt; - blocked sequenc countdown max value &lt;alpha&gt; - alpha parameter for power control &lt;pcMeasCh&gt; - type of channel which shall be used for downlink measurements for power control 0 - BCCH 1 - PDCH</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>(For non BCCH-Carrier)</b></p> <p>&lt;arfcn&gt;,&lt;rxLev&gt;</p> <p>where: &lt;arfcn&gt; - decimal number; it is the RF channel &lt;rxLev&gt; - decimal number; it is the reception level (in dBm)</p> <p>The last information from #CSURVC depends on the last #CSURVF setting:</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>#CSURVF=0 or #CSURVF=1</b></p> <p>The output ends with the string: <b>Network survey ended</b></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>#CSURVF=2</b></p> <p>the output ends with the string: <b>Network survey ended (Carrier: &lt;NoARFCN&gt; BCCh: &lt;NoBCCh&gt;)</b> where &lt;NoARFCN&gt; - number of scanned frequencies &lt;NoBCCh&gt; - number of found BCCh</p>
Example	<p>AT#CSURVC</p> <p>Network survey started...</p> <p>48,24,-52,0.00,610,1,33281,3648,0,2,30 48,5,14 19 22 48 82</p> <p>14,8</p>





#CSURVU - Network Survey Of User Defined Channels		SELINT 2
<p>[,&lt;ch10&gt;]]]] (both syntax are possible; the second syntax is maintained only for backward compatibility and will not be present in future versions)</p>	<p>Parameters: &lt;chn&gt; - channel number (arfcn)</p>	
<p>Example</p>	<pre>AT#CSURVU=59,110  Network survey started...  arfcn: 59 bsic: 16 rxLev: -76 ber: 0.00 mcc: 546 mnc: 1 lac: 54717 cellId: 21093 cellStatus: CELL_SUITABLE numArfcn 2 arfcn: 36 59  arfcn: 110 rxLev: -107  Network survey ended  OK</pre>	
<p>Note</p>	<p>The command is executed within max. 2 minute.</p>	

### 3.5.7.7.4 Network Survey Of User Defined Channels (Numeric Format) - #CSURVUC

#CSURVUC - Network Survey Of User Defined Channels (Numeric Format)		SELINT 0 / 1
<p>AT#CSURVUC=[&lt;ch1&gt;,&lt;ch2&gt;[,...[,&lt;ch10&gt;]]]]</p> <p>AT*CSURVUC=[&lt;ch1&gt;,&lt;ch2&gt;[,...[,&lt;ch10&gt;]]]] (both syntax are possible)</p>	<p>Execution command allows to perform a quick survey through the given channels. The range of available channels depends on the last #BND issue.</p> <p>The result format is like command #CSURVC.</p> <p>Parameters: &lt;chn&gt; - channel number (arfcn)</p> <p>Note: issuing AT#CSURVUC=&lt;CR&gt; is the same as issuing the command AT#CSURVUC=0&lt;CR&gt;.</p>	
<p>Example</p>	<pre>AT#CSURVUC=59,110  Network survey started...  59,16,-76,0.00,546,1,54717,21093,0,2,36 59</pre>	







### 3.5.7.7.5 BCCH Network Survey - #CSURVB

#CSURVB - BCCH Network Survey		SELINT 0 / 1
AT#CSURVB=<n>	<p>Execution command performs a quick network survey through <b>M</b> (maximum number of available frequencies depending on last selected band) channels. The survey stops as soon as &lt;n&gt; BCCH carriers are found.</p> <p>The result format is like command #CSURV.</p> <p>Parameter: &lt;n&gt; - number of desired BCCH carriers 1..M</p>	
AT#CSURVB=?	<p>Test command reports the range of values for parameter &lt;n&gt; in the format:</p> <p>(1-M)</p> <p>where <b>M</b> is the maximum number of available frequencies depending on last selected band.</p>	

#CSURVB - BCCH Network Survey		SELINT 2
AT#CSURVB=[<n>]	<p>Execution command performs a quick network survey through <b>M</b> (maximum number of available frequencies depending on last selected band) channels. The survey stops as soon as &lt;n&gt; BCCH carriers are found.</p> <p>The result format is like command #CSURV.</p> <p>Parameter: &lt;n&gt; - number of desired BCCH carriers 1..M</p>	
AT#CSURVB=?	<p>Test command reports the range of values for parameter &lt;n&gt; in the format:</p> <p>(1-M)</p> <p>where <b>M</b> is the maximum number of available frequencies depending on last selected band.</p>	

### 3.5.7.7.6 BCCH Network Survey (Numeric Format) - #CSURVBC

#CSURVBC - BCCH Network Survey (Numeric Format)		SELINT 0 / 1
AT#CSURVBC=<n>	<p>Execution command performs a quick network survey through <b>M</b> (maximum number of available frequencies depending on last selected band) channels. The survey stops as soon as &lt;n&gt; BCCH carriers are found.</p> <p>The result is given in numeric format and is like command #CSURVC.</p> <p>Parameter: &lt;n&gt; - number of desired BCCH carriers 1..M</p>	













#STIA - SIM Toolkit Interface Activation	SELINT 2
<p><b>AT#STIA=</b> <b>[&lt;mode&gt;</b> <b>[,&lt;timeout&gt;]]</b></p>	<p>Set command is used to activate the SAT sending of unsolicited indications when a <b>proactive command</b> is received from SIM.</p> <p>Parameters:</p> <p><b>&lt;mode&gt;</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0 - disable SAT (no <b>&lt;timeout&gt;</b> required, if given will be ignored)</li> <li>1 - enable SAT without unsolicited indication <b>#STN</b></li> <li>2 - enable SAT and extended unsolicited indication <b>#STN</b> (see <b>#STGI</b>)</li> <li>3 - enable SAT and reduced unsolicited indication <b>#STN</b> (see <b>#STGI</b>)</li> </ul> <p><b>&lt;timeout&gt;</b> - time-out for user responses</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1..255 - time-out in minutes (default 10). Any ongoing (but unanswered) <b>proactive command</b> will be aborted automatically after <b>&lt;timeout&gt;</b> minutes. In this case, the terminal response is either "ME currently unable to process command", or if applicable, "No response from user". In addition an unsolicited indication will be sent to the external application:</li> </ul> <p><b>#STN: &lt;cmdTerminateValue&gt;</b></p> <p>where:</p> <p><b>&lt;cmdTerminateValue&gt;</b> is defined as <b>&lt;cmdType&gt; + terminate offset</b>; the terminate offset equals 100.</p> <p>Note: every time the SIM application issues a <b>proactive command</b> that requires user interaction an unsolicited code will be sent, if enabled with <b>#STIA</b> command, as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• if <b>&lt;mode&gt;</b> parameter of <b>#STIA</b> command has been set to 3 (reduced unsolicited indication) an unsolicited indication will be sent, indicating the type of <b>proactive command</b> issued by the SIM:</li> </ul> <p><b>#STN: &lt;cmdType&gt;</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• if <b>&lt;mode&gt;</b> parameter of <b>#STIA</b> command has been set to 2 (extended unsolicited indication) the format of the unsolicited indication depends on the specific command:</li> </ul> <p style="text-align: center;"><i>if &lt;cmdType&gt;=1 (REFRESH)</i></p> <p>an unsolicited notification will be sent to the user:</p> <p><b>#STN: &lt;cmdType&gt;,&lt;refresh type&gt;</b></p> <p>where:</p> <p><b>&lt;refresh type&gt;</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0 - SIM Initialization and Full File Change Notification;</li> </ul>



#STIA - SIM Toolkit Interface Activation	SELINT 2
	<p>1 - File Change Notification; 2 - SIM Initialization and File Change Notification; 3 - SIM Initialization; 4 - SIM Reset</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin: 10px 0;"> <p>In this case neither <b>#STGI</b> nor <b>#STSR</b> commands are required:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>AT#STGI</b> is accepted anyway.</li> <li>• <b>AT#STSR=&lt;cmdType&gt;,0</b> will answer <b>OK</b> but do nothing.</li> </ul> </div> <p style="text-align: center;"> <i>if &lt;cmdType&gt;=17 (SEND SS)</i>  <i>if &lt;cmdType&gt;=19 (SEND SHORT MESSAGE)</i>  <i>if &lt;cmdType&gt;=20 (SEND DTMF)</i>  <i>if &lt;cmdType&gt;=32 (PLAY TONE)</i> </p> <p>an unsolicited notification will be sent if allowed by SIM (see GSM 11.14):</p> <p><b>#STN: &lt;cmdType&gt;[,&lt;text&gt;]</b></p> <p>where: <b>&lt;text&gt;</b> - (optional) text to be displayed to user</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin: 10px 0;"> <p>In these cases neither <b>#STGI</b> nor <b>#STSR</b> commands are required:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>AT#STGI</b> is accepted anyway.</li> <li>• <b>AT#STSR=&lt;cmdType&gt;,0</b> will answer <b>OK</b> but do nothing.</li> </ul> </div> <p>In case of SEND SHORT MESSAGE (&lt;cmdType&gt;=19) command if sending to network fails an unsolicited notification will be sent</p> <p><b>#STN: 119</b></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><i>if &lt;cmdType&gt;=33 (DISPLAY TEXT)</i></p> <p>an unsolicited notification will be sent if allowed by SIM (see GSM 11.14):</p> <p><b>#STN: &lt;cmdType&gt;,&lt;cmdDetails&gt;[,&lt;text&gt;]</b></p> <p>where: <b>&lt;cmdDetails&gt;</b> - unsigned Integer used as a bit field. 0..255 - used as a bit field: <b>bit 1:</b> 0 - normal priority 1 - high priority</p>



#STIA - SIM Toolkit Interface Activation	SELINT 2
<p><b>bits 2 to 7:</b> reserved for future use  <b>bit 8:</b>            0 - clear message after a delay            1 - wait for user to clear message  <b>&lt;text&gt;</b> - (optional) text to be displayed to user</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin: 10px 0;"> <p>In this case:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>if <b>&lt;cmdDetails&gt;/bit8</b> is <b>0</b> neither <b>#STGI</b> nor <b>#STSR</b> commands are required:               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>AT#STGI</b> is accepted anyway.</li> <li><b>AT#STSR=&lt;cmdType&gt;,0</b> will answer <b>OK</b> but do nothing.</li> </ul> </li> <li>If <b>&lt;cmdDetails&gt;/bit8</b> is <b>1</b> <b>#STSR</b> command is required</li> </ol> </div> <p style="text-align: center;"><i>if &lt;cmdType&gt;=18 (SEND USSD)</i></p> <p>an unsolicited notification will be sent to the user:</p> <p><b>#STN: &lt;cmdType&gt;[,&lt;text&gt;]</b></p> <p>where:  <b>&lt;text&gt;</b> - optional text string sent by SIM</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin: 10px 0;"> <p>In this case:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>AT#STSR=18,20</b> can be sent to end USSD transaction.</li> <li><b>AT#STGI</b> is accepted anyway.</li> <li><b>AT#STSR=&lt;cmdType&gt;,0</b> will answer <b>OK</b> but do nothing.</li> </ul> </div> <p>All other commands:</p> <p>the unsolicited indication will report just the proactive command type:</p> <p><b>#STN: &lt;cmdType&gt;</b></p> <p>Note: if the <b>call control</b> or <b>SMS control facility in the SIM</b> is activated, when the customer application makes an outgoing call, or sends an SS or USSD, or an SMS, the following <b>#STN</b> unsolicited indication could be sent, according to GSM 11.14, to indicate whether the outgoing call has been accepted, rejected or modified by the SIM, or if the SMS service centre address or destination has been changed:</p> <p><b>#STN: &lt;cmdTerminateValue&gt;,&lt;Result&gt;[,&lt;TextInfo&gt;[,&lt;Number&gt;[,&lt;MODestAddr&gt;]]]</b></p>	







#STIA - SIM Toolkit Interface Activation		SELINT 2
	SMS messages with command <b>+CNMI</b> .	
<b>AT#STIA=?</b>	Test command returns the range of available values for the parameters <b>&lt;mode&gt;</b> and <b>&lt;timeout&gt;</b> .	
Note	Just one instance at a time, the one which first issued <b>AT#STIA=n</b> (with <b>n</b> different from zero), is allowed to issue SAT commands, and this is valid till the same instance issues <b>AT#STIA=0</b> . After power cycle another instance can enable SAT.	
Note	A typical SAT session on AT interface starts after an <b>#STN: 37</b> unsolicited code is received, if enabled(see above). At that point usually an <b>AT#STGI=37</b> command is issued (see <b>#STGI</b> ), and after the SAT main menu has been displayed on TE an <b>AT#STSR=37,0,x</b> command is issued to select an item in the menu (see <b>#STSR</b> ).	

### 3.5.7.8.2 SIM Toolkit Get Information - #STGI

#STGI - SIM Toolkit Get Information		SELINT 2
<b>AT#STGI=</b> <b>[&lt;cmdType&gt;]</b>	<p><b>#STGI</b> set command is used to request the parameters of a <b>proactive command</b> from the ME.</p> <p>Parameter:  <b>&lt;cmdType&gt;</b> - <b>proactive command</b> ID according to GSM 11.14 (decimal); these are only those command types that use the AT interface; SAT commands which are not using the AT interface (not MMI related SAT commands, e.g. PROVIDE LOCAL INFORMATION) are executed without sending any indication to the user</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1 - REFRESH</li> <li>16 - SET UP CALL</li> <li>17 - SEND SS</li> <li>18 - SEND USSD</li> <li>19 - SEND SHORT MESSAGE</li> <li>20 - SEND DTMF</li> <li>32 - PLAY TONE</li> <li>33 - DISPLAY TEXT</li> <li>34 - GET INKEY</li> <li>35 - GET INPUT</li> <li>36 - SELECT ITEM</li> <li>37 - SET UP MENU</li> </ul> <p>Requested command parameters are sent using an <b>#STGI</b> indication:</p> <p><b>#STGI: &lt;parameters&gt;</b></p> <p>where <b>&lt;parameters&gt;</b> depends upon the ongoing <b>proactive command</b> as follows:</p>	





#STGI - SIM Toolkit Get Information	SELINT 2
<p><b>&lt;cmdDetails&gt;</b> - unsigned Integer used as a bit field.            0..255 - used as a bit field:  <b>bit 1:</b>            0 - normal priority            1 - high priority  <b>bits 2 to 7:</b> reserved for future use  <b>bit 8:</b>            0 - clear message after a delay            1 - wait for user to clear message  <b>&lt;text&gt;</b> - text to be displayed to user</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><i>if &lt;cmdType&gt;=34 (GET INKEY)</i></p> <p><b>#STGI: &lt;cmdType&gt;,&lt;commandDetails&gt;,&lt;text&gt;</b></p> <p>where:  <b>&lt;commandDetails&gt;</b> - unsigned Integer used as a bit field.            0..255 - used as a bit field:  <b>bit 1:</b>            0 - Digits only (0-9, *, # and +)            1 - Alphabet set;  <b>bit 2:</b>            0 - SMS default alphabet (GSM character set)            1 - UCS2 alphabet  <b>bit 3:</b>            0 - Character sets defined by bit 1 and bit 2 are enabled            1 - Character sets defined by bit 1 and bit 2 are disabled and the "Yes/No" response is requested  <b>bits 4 to 7:</b>            0  <b>bit 8:</b>            0 - No help information available            1 - Help information available  <b>&lt;text&gt;</b> - String as prompt for text.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><i>if &lt;cmdType&gt;=35 (GET INPUT)</i></p> <p><b>#STGI: &lt;cmdType&gt;,&lt;commandDetails&gt;,&lt;text&gt;,&lt;responseMin&gt;,&lt;responseMax&gt;[,&lt;defaultText&gt;]</b></p> <p>where:  <b>&lt;commandDetails&gt;</b> - unsigned Integer used as a bit field.            0..255 - used as a bit field:  <b>bit 1:</b>            0 - Digits only (0-9, *, #, and +)</p>	







































#RSCRIPT - Read Script	SELINT 0 / 1
	<p><i>settings it's possible that the prompt overrides the above line; then the script is displayed, immediately after the prompt</i></p> <pre>&lt;&lt;&lt;import MDM  MDM.send('AT\r',10) Ans=MDM.receive(20) OK</pre>

#RSCRIPT - Read Script	SELINT 2
<b>AT#RSCRIPT=</b> <b>[&lt;script_name&gt;]</b>	<p>Execution command reports the content of file <b>&lt;script_name&gt;</b>.</p> <p>Parameter:  <b>&lt;script_name&gt;</b> - file name, string type (max 16 chars, case sensitive).</p> <p>The device shall prompt a five character sequence <b>&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;&lt;less_than&gt;&lt;less_than&gt;&lt;less_than&gt;</b> (<b>IRA 13, 10, 60, 60, 60</b>) followed by the file content.</p> <p>Note: if the file <b>&lt;script_name&gt;</b> was saved with the hidden attribute, then an empty file is reported with the <b>OK</b> result code.</p> <p>Note: If the file <b>&lt;script_name&gt;</b> is not present an error code is reported.</p>
<b>Example</b>	<pre>AT#RSCRIPT="First.py "</pre> <p><i>hereafter receive the prompt; then the script is displayed, immediately after the prompt</i></p> <pre>&lt;&lt;&lt;import MDM  MDM.send('AT\r',10) Ans=MDM.receive(20) OK</pre>

### 3.5.7.10.6 List Script Names - #LSCRIPT

#LSCRIPT - List Script Names	SELINT 0 / 1
<b>AT#LSCRIPT</b>	<p>Execution command reports either the list of file names for the files currently stored in the Easy Script® related NVM and the available free NVM memory in the format:</p> <pre>[#LSCRIPT: &lt;script_name1&gt; &lt;size1&gt;... [&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;#LSCRIPT: &lt;script_namen&gt; &lt;sizen&gt;]] &lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;#LSCRIPT: free bytes: &lt;free_NVM&gt;</pre> <p>where:</p>



#LSCRIPT - List Script Names		SELINT 0 / 1
	<p><b>&lt;script-namen&gt;</b> - file name, quoted string type (max 16 chars, case sensitive)</p> <p><b>&lt;size&gt;</b> - size of script in bytes</p> <p><b>&lt;free_NVM&gt;</b> - size of available NVM memory in bytes</p>	
<b>AT#LSCRIPT?</b>	Read command has the same behavior of Execution command.	
Example	<pre>AT#LSCRIPT #LSCRIPT: First.py 51  #LSCRIPT: Second.py 178  #LSCRIPT: Third.py 95  #LSCRIPT: free bytes: 20000  OK</pre>	

#LSCRIPT - List Script Names		SELINT 2
<b>AT#LSCRIPT</b>	<p>Execution command reports either the list of file names for the files currently stored in the Easy Script® related NVM and the available free NVM memory in the format:</p> <p><b>[#LSCRIPT: &lt;script_name1&gt;,&lt;size1&gt;... [&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;#LSCRIPT: &lt;script_namen&gt;,&lt;size&gt;]] &lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;#LSCRIPT: free bytes: &lt;free_NVM&gt;</b></p> <p>where:</p> <p><b>&lt;script-namen&gt;</b> - file name, quoted string type (max 16 chars, case sensitive)</p> <p><b>&lt;size&gt;</b> - size of script in bytes</p> <p><b>&lt;free_NVM&gt;</b> - size of available NVM memory in bytes</p>	
<b>AT#LSCRIPT=?</b>	Test command returns <b>OK</b> result code.	
Example	<pre>AT#LSCRIPT #LSCRIPT: "First.py",51 #LSCRIPT: "Second.py",178 #LSCRIPT: "Third.py",95 #LSCRIPT: free bytes: 20000  OK</pre>	

### 3.5.7.10.7 Delete Script - #DSCRIPT

#DSCRIPT - Delete Script		SELINT 0 / 1
<b>AT#DSCRIPT= &lt;script_name&gt;</b>	<p>Execution command deletes a file from Easy Script® related NVM memory.</p> <p>Parameter:</p> <p><b>&lt;script_name&gt;</b> - name of the file to delete, string type (max 16 chars, case</p>	



<b>#DSCRIPT - Delete Script</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1</b>
	sensitive)	
	Note: if the file <b>&lt;script_name&gt;</b> is not present an error code is reported.	
Example	AT#DSCRIPT="Third.py" OK	

<b>#DSCRIPT - Delete Script</b>		<b>SELINT 2</b>
<b>AT#DSCRIPT=</b> <b>[&lt;script_name&gt;]</b>	Execution command deletes a file from Easy Script® related NVM memory.	
	Parameter:	
	<b>&lt;script_name&gt;</b> - name of the file to delete, string type (max 16 chars, case sensitive)	
	Note: if the file <b>&lt;script_name&gt;</b> is not present an error code is reported.	
Example	AT#DSCRIPT="Third.py" OK	

### 3.5.7.10.8 Reboot - #REBOOT

<b>#REBOOT - Reboot</b>		<b>SELINT 0 / 1</b>
<b>AT#REBOOT</b>	Execution command reboots immediately the unit.	
	It can be used to reboot the system after a remote update of the script in order to have the new one running.	
<b>AT#REBOOT?</b>	Read command has the same behavior of Execution command.	
Example	AT#REBOOT  ... Module Reboots ...	
Note	This command does not return result codes.	

<b>#REBOOT - Reboot</b>		<b>SELINT 2</b>
<b>AT#REBOOT</b>	Execution command reboots immediately the unit.	
	It can be used to reboot the system after a remote update of the script in order to have the new one running.	
Example	AT#REBOOT  ... Module Reboots ...	
Note	This command does not return result codes.	

### 3.5.7.10.9 CMUX Interface Enable - #CMUXSCR

<b>#CMUXSCR - CMUX Interface Enable</b>		<b>SELINT 2</b>
<b>AT#CMUXSCR=</b>	Set command enables/disables the GSM 07.10 multiplexing protocol control	













\$GPSAP - GPS Antenna Protection		SELINT 0 / 1 / 2
<b>&lt;value&gt;]</b>	<p>current consumption of GPS antenna. The protection disables the GPS antenna supply voltage.</p> <p>Parameters:  <b>&lt;set&gt;</b>            0 - deactivate current antenna protection (default)            1 - activate current antenna protection  <b>&lt;value&gt;</b> - the antenna current limit value in mA            0..200</p> <p>If parameter <b>&lt;set&gt;=0</b> parameter <b>&lt;value&gt;</b> has no meaning and can be omitted.</p> <p>Note: the new setting is stored through <b>\$GPSSAV</b></p>	
<b>AT\$GPSAP?</b>	<p>Read command reports the current activation status of antenna automatic protection and the current antenna limit value, in the format:</p> <p><b>\$GPSAP: &lt;set&gt;,&lt;value&gt;</b></p>	
<b>AT\$GPSAP=?</b>	<p>Test command reports the range of supported values for parameters <b>&lt;set&gt;</b> and <b>&lt;value&gt;</b></p>	
Example	<pre>AT\$GPSAP=0 OK Note : no SW control on antenna status (HW current limitation only)  AT\$GPSAP=1,25 OK activate current antenna protection with related current limit  AT\$GPSAP? \$GPSAP:1,50 OK Antenna protection activated with 50mA limit</pre>	
Note	<p>The module is already provided of an Hardware protection for the high current consumption that is automatically activated if the consumption exceeds 50mA</p>	

### 3.5.7.11.9 GPS NMEA Serial Port Speed - \$GPSS

\$GPSS - GPS Serial Port Speed		SELINT 0 / 1 / 2
<b>AT\$GPSS=&lt;speed&gt;</b>	<p>Set command allows to select the speed of the NMEA serial port.</p> <p>Parameter:  <b>&lt;speed&gt;</b>            4800 - (default)            9600</p>	







\$GPSNMUN - Unsolicited NMEA Data Configuration		SELINT 0 / 1 / 2
	is currently enabled or not, along with the NMEA sentences availability status, in the format:  <b>\$GPSNMUN:&lt;enable&gt;,&lt;GGA&gt;,&lt;GLL&gt;,&lt;GSA&gt;,&lt;GSV&gt;,&lt;RMC&gt;,&lt;VTG &gt;</b>	
<b>AT\$GPSNMUN=?</b>	Test command returns the supported range of values for parameters <b>&lt;enable&gt;,&lt;GGA&gt;,&lt;GLL&gt;,&lt;GSA&gt;,&lt;GSV&gt;,&lt;RMC&gt;,&lt;VTG &gt;</b>	
Example	<pre>AT\$GPSNMUN=1,0,0,1,0,0,0 OK These sets the GSA as available sentence in the unsolicited message  AT\$GPSNMUN=0 OK Turn-off the unsolicited mode  AT\$GPSNMUN? \$GPSNMUN: 1,0,0,1,0,0,0 OK Give the current frame selected (GSA)  The unsolicited message will be: \$GPSNMUN: \$GPGSA,A,3,23,20,24,07,13,04,02,,,,,,,,,2.4,1.6,1.8*3C</pre>	
Reference	NMEA 01803 Specifications	
Note	<p><i>The command is available in "Controlled Mode" only</i></p> <p><i>The available NMEA Sentences are depending on the GPS receiver used</i></p> <p><i>In GE863-GPS and GM862-GPS the fields PDOP and VDOP are not available</i></p> <p><i>Use NMEA serial port instead if full DOP info are needed</i></p>	

### 3.5.7.11.11 Get Acquired Position - \$GPSACP

\$GPSACP - Get Acquired Position		SELINT 0 / 1 / 2
<b>AT\$GPSACP</b>	<p>Execution command returns information about the last GPS position in the format:</p> <p><b>\$GPSACP: &lt;UTC&gt;,&lt;latitude&gt;,&lt;longitude&gt;,&lt;hdop&gt;,&lt;altitude&gt;,&lt;fix&gt;,&lt;cog&gt;,&lt;spkm&gt;,&lt;spkn&gt;,&lt;date&gt;,&lt;nsat&gt;</b></p> <p>where:  <b>&lt;UTC&gt;</b> - UTC time (hhmmss.sss) referred to GGA sentence  <b>&lt;latitude&gt;</b> - format is ddmm.mmmm N/S (referred to GGA sentence)            where:            dd - degrees            00..90</p>	



\$GPSACP - Get Acquired Position		SELINT 0 / 1 / 2
	<p>mm.mmmm - minutes 00.0000..59.9999 N/S: North / South <b>&lt;longitude&gt;</b> - format is dddmm.mmmm E/W (referred to GGA sentence) where: ddd - degrees 000..180 mm.mmmm - minutes 00.0000..59.9999 E/W: East / West <b>&lt;hdop&gt;</b> - x.x - Horizontal Dilution of Precision (referred to GGA sentence) <b>&lt;altitude&gt;</b> - xxxx.x Altitude - mean-sea-level (geoid) in meters (referred to GGA sentence) <b>&lt;fix&gt;</b> - 0 - Invalid Fix 2 - 2D fix 3 - 3D fix <b>&lt;cog&gt;</b> - ddd.mm - Course over Ground (degrees, True) (referred to VTG sentence) where: ddd - degrees 000..360 mm - minutes 00..59 <b>&lt;spkm&gt;</b> - xxxx.x Speed over ground (Km/hr) (referred to VTG sentence) <b>&lt;spkn&gt;</b> - xxxx.x- Speed over ground (knots) (referred to VTG sentence) <b>&lt;date&gt;</b> - ddmmyy Date of Fix (referred to RMC sentence) where: dd - day 01..31 mm - month 01..12 yy - year 00..99 - 2000 to 2099 <b>&lt;nsat&gt;</b> - nn - Total number of satellites in use (referred to GGA sentence) 00..12</p>	
<b>AT\$GPSACP?</b>	Read command has the same meaning as the Execution command	
<b>AT\$GPSACP=?</b>	Test command returns the <b>OK</b> result code	
Example	<pre>AT\$GPSACP \$GPSACP:080220.479,4542.82691N,01344.26820E,259.07,3,2.1 ,0.1,0.0,0.0,270705,09 OK</pre>	

### 3.5.7.11.12 Direct Access to GPS Module - \$GPSCON

\$GPSCON - Direct Access to GPS Module		SELINT 0 / 1 / 2
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## 4 List of acronyms

<b>ARFCN</b>	Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number
<b>AT</b>	Attention command
<b>BA</b>	BCCH Allocation
<b>BCCH</b>	Broadcast Control Channel
<b>CA</b>	Cell Allocation
<b>CBM</b>	Cell Broadcast Message
<b>CBS</b>	Cell Broadcast Service
<b>CCM</b>	Current Call Meter
<b>CLIR</b>	Calling Line Identification Restriction
<b>CTS</b>	Clear To Send
<b>CUG</b>	Closed User Group
<b>DCD</b>	Data Carrier Detect
<b>DCE</b>	Data Communication Equipment
<b>DCS</b>	Digital Cellular System
<b>DGPS</b>	Differential GPS, the use of GPS measurements, which are differentially corrected
<b>DNS</b>	Domain Name System
<b>DSR</b>	Data Set Ready
<b>DTE</b>	Data Terminal Equipment
<b>DTMF</b>	Dual Tone Multi Frequency
<b>DTR</b>	Data Terminal Ready
<b>GGA</b>	GPS Fix data
<b>GLL</b>	Geographic Position – Latitude/Longitude
<b>GLONASS</b>	Global positioning system maintained by the Russian Space Forces
<b>GMT</b>	Greenwich Mean Time
<b>GNSS</b>	Any single or combined satellite navigation system (GPS, GLONASS and combined GPS/GLONASS)
<b>GPRS</b>	Global Packet Radio Service
<b>GPS</b>	Global Positioning System
<b>GSA</b>	GPS DOP and Active satellites
<b>GSM</b>	Global System Mobile
<b>GSV</b>	GPS satellites in view
<b>HDLC</b>	High Level Data Link Control
<b>HDOP</b>	Horizontal Dilution of Precision
<b>IMEI</b>	International Mobile Equipment Identity
<b>IMSI</b>	International Mobile Subscriber Identity
<b>IP</b>	Internet Protocol
<b>IRA</b>	International Reference Alphabet
<b>IWF</b>	Interworking Function
<b>MO</b>	Mobile Originated









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			#TTY	#CPUMODE	#GSMCONT	
			#CGPADDR	#NWSCANTMR	#OSC32KHZ	
			#CACHEDNS	#DNS	#ICMP	
			#TCPMAXDAT	#TCPREASS	#SSCTRACE	

