FCC SAR Test Report

APPLICANT : IEI Integration Corp.

EQUIPMENT: Tablet PC

BRAND NAME : iEi

MODEL NAME : TRN-3200T

FCC ID : RFH-TRN3200T

STANDARD : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)

ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992

IEEE 1528-2013

We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the procedures and had been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Reviewed by: Eric Huang / Deputy Manager

Este man?

Approved by: Jones Tsai / Manager

lac-MRA



Report No.: FA690221-01

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

No.52, Hwa Ya 1st Rd., Hwa Ya Technology Park, Kwei-Shan District, Taoyuan City, Taiwan (R.O.C.)

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 / FAX: 886-3-328-4978

FCC ID: RFH-TRN3200T

Issued Date : Nov. 03, 2017

Page 1 of 28 Form version. : 160427

SPORTON LAB. FCC SAR Test Report

Table of Contents

1. Statement of Compliance	
2. Administration Data	
3. Guidance Applied	
4. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information	5
4.1 General Information	5
5. RF Exposure Limits	6
5.1 Uncontrolled Environment	6
5.2 Controlled Environment	6
6. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)	
6.1 Introduction	7
6.2 SAR Definition	7
7. System Description and Setup	8
7.1 E-Field Probe	9
7.2 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)	9
7.3 Phantom	
7.4 Device Holder	11
8. Measurement Procedures	12
8.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation	12
8.2 Power Reference Measurement	13
8.3 Area Scan	13
8.4 Zoom Scan	14
8.5 Volume Scan Procedures	14
8.6 Power Drift Monitoring	14
9. Test Equipment List	15
10. System Verification	16
10.1 Tissue Simulating Liquids	16
10.2 Tissue Verification	
10.3 System Performance Check Results	18
11. RF Exposure Positions	
11.1 SAR Testing for Tablet	18
12. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)	19
13. Bluetooth Exclusions Applied	22
14. Antenna Location	23
15. SAR Test Results	24
15.1 Body SAR	24
16. Uncertainty Assessment	25
17. References	28
Appendix A. Plots of System Performance Check	
Appendix B. Plots of High SAR Measurement	
Appendix C. DASY Calibration Certificate	
Appendix D. Test Setup Photos	

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 / FAX: 886-3-328-4978

FCC ID: RFH-TRN3200T

Report No. : FA690221-01

Revision History

REPORT NO.	VERSION	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE
KEI OKI NO.	VERGIOIN	DESSKII HON	1000ED DATE
FA690221-01	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	Nov. 03, 2017

Page 3 of 28

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 / FAX: 886-3-328-4978

FCC ID: RFH-TRN3200T

Issued Date: Nov. 03, 2017 Form version.: 160427

Report No. : FA690221-01

1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for IEI Integration Corp., Tablet PC, TRN-3200T, are as follows.

Report No. : FA690221-01

		Highest SAR Summary
Equipment Class	Frequency Band	Body (Separation 0mm)
		1g SAR (W/kg)
DTS	2.4GHz WLAN	0.35
NII	5GHz WLAN	0.37
Date of Testing:		2017/10/20 ~ 2017/10/21

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and FCC KDB publications

2. Administration Data

Testing Laboratory		
Test Site SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.		
Test Site Location	No.52, Hwa Ya 1st Rd., Hwa Ya Technology Park, Kwei-Shan District, Taoyuan City, Taiwan (R.O.C.) TEL: +886-3-327-3456 FAX: +886-3-328-4978	

Applicant		
Company Name IEI Integration Corp.		
Address No.29, Zhongxing Rd., Xizhi Dist., New Taipei City 221. Taiwan (R.O.C)		

Manufacturer Manufacturer			
Company Name IEI Integration Corp.			
Address No.29, Zhongxing Rd., Xizhi Dist., New Taipei City 221. Taiwan (R.O.C)			

FCC ID : RFH-TRN3200T Page 4 of 28 Form version. : 160427

3. Guidance Applied

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

Report No.: FA690221-01

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- IEEE 1528-2013
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r02
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02
- FCC KDB 616217 D04 SAR for laptop and tablets v01r02

4. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information

4.1 General Information

Product Feature & Specification		
Equipment Name	Tablet PC	
Brand Name	iEi	
Model Name	TRN-3200T	
FCC ID	RFH-TRN3200T	
Wireless Technology and Frequency Range	WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz WLAN 5.2GHz Band: 5180 MHz ~ 5240 MHz WLAN 5.3GHz Band: 5260 MHz ~ 5320 MHz WLAN 5.5GHz Band: 5500 MHz ~ 5700 MHz WLAN 5.8GHz Band: 5745 MHz ~ 5825 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz	
Mode	802.11a/b/g/n/ac HT20/HT40/VHT20/VHT40/VHT80 Bluetooth BR/EDR/LE	
HW Version	2	
SW Version	1.00	
EUT Stage	Production Unit	
Remark:		

- This device does not support simultaneous transmission at the same time.
- Variant report to include verification of worst case found in the original report (FCC ID: RFH-TRN3200T, Sporton Report No. FA690221) performed testing

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 / FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Nov. 03, 2017 Form version.: 160427 FCC ID: RFH-TRN3200T Page 5 of 28

5. RF Exposure Limits

5.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

Report No.: FA690221-01

5.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

1. Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

FCC ID : RFH-TRN3200T Page 6 of 28 Form version. : 160427

6. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

6.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

Report No.: FA690221-01

6.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (p). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

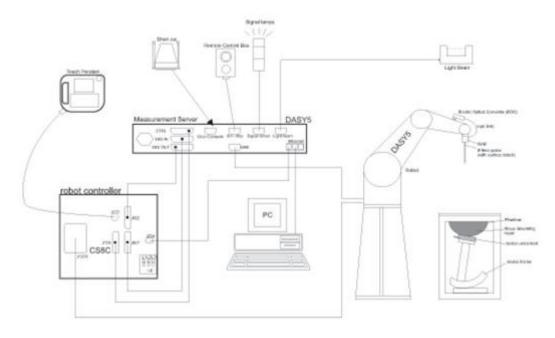
Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 / FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Nov. 03, 2017

FCC ID: RFH-TRN3200T Page 7 of 28 Form version.: 160427

7. System Description and Setup

The DASY system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



Report No.: FA690221-01

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing,
 AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps,
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

7.1 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

<ES3DV3 Probe>

Construction	Symmetric design with triangular core Interleaved sensors Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)	
Frequency	10 MHz – 4 GHz;	
	Linearity: ±0.2 dB (30 MHz – 4 GHz)	
Directivity	±0.2 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis)	
	±0.3 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	5 μW/g – >100 mW/g;	
	Linearity: ±0.2 dB	
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm)	3
	Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (body: 12 mm)	
	Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 3.0 mm	



Report No.: FA690221-01

<EX3DV4 Probe>

Construction	Symmetric design with triangular core	
	Built-in shielding against static charges	
	PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic	
	solvents, e.g., DGBE)	
Frequency	10 MHz – >6 GHz	
	Linearity: ±0.2 dB (30 MHz – 6 GHz)	
Directivity	±0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis)	
	±0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g – >100 mW/g	
	Linearity: ±0.2 dB (noise: typically <1 µW/g)	
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm)	
	Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (body: 12 mm)	
	Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1	
	mm	



7.2 <u>Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)</u>

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



Fig 5.1 Photo of DAE

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 / FAX: 886-3-328-4978

FCC ID: RFH-TRN3200T

Issued Date: Nov. 03, 2017

Page 9 of 28 Form version. : 160427

7.3 Phantom

<SAM Twin Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm; Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm	
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters	
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm; Height: adjustable feet	7 5
Measurement Areas	Left Hand, Right Hand, Flat Phantom	

Report No.: FA690221-01

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

<ELI Phantom>

\LLIT Hantom>		
Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%)	
Filling Volume	Approx. 30 liters	
Dimensions	Major ellipse axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm	

The ELI phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with standard and all known tissue simulating liquids.

7.4 Device Holder

<Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitter>

In combination with the Twin SAM V5.0/V5.0c or ELI phantoms, the Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters enables rotation of the mounted transmitter device to specified spherical coordinates. At the heads, the rotation axis is at the ear opening. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC 62209-1, IEEE 1528, FCC, or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat). And upgrade kit to Mounting Device to enable easy mounting of wider devices like big smart-phones, e-books, small tablets, etc. It holds devices with width up to 140 mm.





Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters

Mounting Device Adaptor for Wide-Phones

<Mounting Device for Laptops and other Body-Worn Transmitters>

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the mounting device in place of the phone positioned. The extension is fully compatible with the SAM Twin and ELI phantoms.



Mounting Device for Laptops

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 / FAX: 886-3-328-4978

FCC ID: RFH-TRN3200T Page 11 of 28

Issued Date: Nov. 03, 2017 Form version.: 160427

Report No.: FA690221-01

8. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

<Conducted power measurement>

(a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.

Report No.: FA690221-01

- Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power

<SAR measurement>

- Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power
- Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band (e)
- Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- Power reference measurement (a)
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- Power drift measurement

8.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and (b) measurement parameters)
- Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume (c)
- Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid (d)
- Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface (e)
- Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC. TEL: 886-3-327-3456 / FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Nov. 03, 2017 Form version. : 160427

Page 12 of 28

8.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

8.3 Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0 is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
	\leq 2 GHz: \leq 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: \leq 12 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \le 12 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \le 10 \text{ mm}$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}	When the x or y dimension of measurement plane orientation the measurement resolution of x or y dimension of the test of measurement point on the test	on, is smaller than the above, must be \leq the corresponding levice with at least one

Page 13 of 28

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 / FAX: 886-3-328-4978

FCC ID: RFH-TRN3200T

Issued Date: Nov. 03, 2017

Report No.: FA690221-01

Form version. : 160427

8.4 Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube shoes base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

Report No.: FA690221-01

Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Zoom} , Δy_{Zoom}			\leq 2 GHz: \leq 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: \leq 5 mm [*]	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$
	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$		≤ 5 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz: } \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 2 \text{ mm}$
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded	Δz _{Zoom} (1): between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz: } \le 2.5 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 2 \text{ mm}$
	$\begin{array}{c} \text{grid} \\ \Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n \geq 1): \\ \text{between subsequent} \\ \text{points} \end{array}$		≤ 1.5·Δz	Z _{Oom} (n-1)
Minimum zoom scan volume x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm	

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

8.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

8.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 / FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Nov. 03, 2017

FCC ID : RFH-TRN3200T Page 14 of 28 Form version. : 160427

When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is $\leq 1.4 \text{ W/kg}$, $\leq 8 \text{ mm}$, $\leq 7 \text{ mm}$ and $\leq 5 \text{ mm}$ zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

9. Test Equipment List

Manufacture	Name of Emilian and	Tour o /M o shot	Carriel Number	Calib	ration	
Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Cal.	Due Date	
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	735	Dec. 23, 2016	Dec. 22, 2017	
SPEAG	5GHz System Validation Kit	D5GHzV2	1040	Jul. 13, 2017	Jul. 12, 2018	
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE3	577	Sep. 25, 2017	Sep. 24, 2018	
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	916	Dec. 15, 2016	Dec. 14, 2017	
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3931	Sep. 29, 2017	Sep. 28, 2018	
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3801	Jul. 13, 2017	Jul. 12, 2018	
WonDer	Thermometer	WD-5016	TM281-1	Mar. 17, 2017	Mar. 16, 2018	
WonDer	Thermometer	WD-5016	TM281-2	Mar. 17, 2017	Mar. 16, 2018	
SPEAG	Device Holder	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Anritsu	Signal Generator	MG3710A	6201502524	Dec. 09, 2016	Dec. 08, 2017	
Agilent	ENA Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46104758	Aug. 24, 2017	Aug. 23, 2018	
SPEAG	Dielectric Probe Kit	DAK-3.5	1146	Jul. 18, 2017	Jul. 17, 2018	
LINE SEIKI	Digital Thermometer	LKMelectronic	DTM3000SPEZIAL	Sep. 06, 2017	Sep. 05, 2018	
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1438002	Dec. 06, 2016	Dec. 05, 2017	
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	1339195	Dec. 06, 2016	Dec. 05, 2017	
Anritsu	Spectrum Analyzer	MS2830A	6201396378	Jun. 26, 2017	Jun. 25, 2018	
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZVE-8G+	D120604	Mar. 09, 2017	Mar. 08, 2018	
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZHL-42W+	QA1344002	Mar. 09, 2017	Mar. 08, 2018	
AR	Power Amplifier	5S1G4	0325228	Jul. 06, 2017	Jul. 05, 2018	
ATM	Dual Directional Coupler	C122H-10	P610410z-02	Note 1		
Woken	Attenuator 1	WK0602-XX	N/A	No	Note 1	
PE	Attenuator 2	PE7005-10	N/A	No	te 1	
PE	Attenuator 3	PE7005- 3	N/A	Note 1		

Report No.: FA690221-01

General Note:

1. Prior to system verification and validation, the path loss from the signal generator to the system check source and the power meter, which includes the amplifier, cable, attenuator and directional coupler, was measured by the network analyzer. The reading of the power meter was offset by the path loss difference between the path to the power meter and the path to the system check source to monitor the actual power level fed to the system check source.

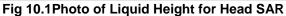
FCC ID: RFH-TRN3200T Page 15 of 28 Form version.: 160427

10. System Verification

10.1 Tissue Simulating Liquids

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with DASY, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 10.1. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 10.2.







Report No. : FA690221-01

Fig 10.2 Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 / FAX: 886-3-328-4978

FCC ID: RFH-TRN3200T Page 16 of 28

Issued Date: Nov. 03, 2017 Form version.: 160427



10.2 Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target

Report No. : FA690221-01

tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Sugar (%)	Cellulose (%)	Salt (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (εr)
				For Head				
750	41.1	57.0	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.89	41.9
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5
900	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.97	41.5
1800, 1900, 2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.40	40.0
2450	55.0	0	0	0	0	45.0	1.80	39.2
2600	54.8	0	0	0.1	0	45.1	1.96	39.0
				For Body				
750	51.7	47.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.96	55.5
835	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.97	55.2
900	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	1.05	55.0
1800, 1900, 2000	70.2	0	0	0.4	0	29.4	1.52	53.3
2450	68.6	0	0	0	0	31.4	1.95	52.7
2600	68.1	0	0	0.1	0	31.8	2.16	52.5

Simulating Liquid for 5GHz, Manufactured by SPEAG

Ingredients	(% by weight)
Water	64~78%
Mineral oil	11~18%
Emulsifiers	9~15%
Additives and Salt	2~3%

<Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results>

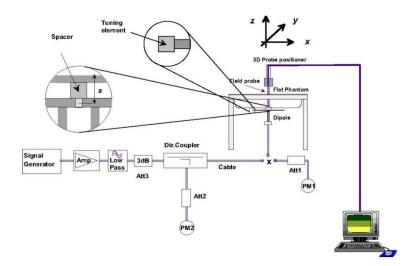
Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Liquid Temp. (℃)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ε _r)	Conductivity Target (σ)	Permittivity Target (ε _r)	Delta (σ) (%)	Delta (ε _r) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
2450	MSL	22.3	2.011	54.812	1.95	52.70	3.13	4.01	±5	2017/10/21
5200	MSL	22.7	5.096	46.987	5.30	49.00	-3.85	-4.11	±5	2017/10/20
5600	MSL	22.7	5.595	46.371	5.77	48.50	-3.03	-4.39	±5	2017/10/20
5800	MSL	22.7	5.861	46.077	6.00	48.20	-2.32	-4.40	±5	2017/10/20

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC. TEL: 886-3-327-3456 / FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued Date: Nov. 03, 2017 FCC ID: RFH-TRN3200T Page 17 of 28 Form version. : 160427

10.3 System Performance Check Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 1g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 1g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2017/10/21	2450	MSL	250	D2450V2-735	EX3DV4 - SN3931	DAE3 Sn577	12.60	50.60	50.40	-0.40
2017/10/20	5200	MSL	100	D5GHzV2-1040	EX3DV4 - SN3801	DAE4 Sn916	7.78	74.20	77.80	4.85
2017/10/20	5600	MSL	100	D5GHzV2-1040	EX3DV4 - SN3801	DAE4 Sn916	8.20	80.00	82.00	2.50
2017/10/20	5800	MSL	100	D5GHzV2-1040	EX3DV4 - SN3801	DAE4 Sn916	7.24	76.90	72.40	-5.85





Report No.: FA690221-01

Fig 8.3.1 System Performance Check Setup

Fig 8.3.2 Setup Photo

11. RF Exposure Positions

11.1 SAR Testing for Tablet

This device can be used also in full sized tablet exposure conditions, due to its size. Per FCC KDB 616217, the back surface and edges of the tablet should be tested for SAR compliance with the tablet touching the phantom. The SAR exclusion threshold in KDB 447498 D01v06 can be applied to determine SAR test exclusion for adjacent edge configurations. The closest distance from the antenna to an adjacent tablet edge is used to determine if SAR testing is required for the adjacent edges, with the adjacent edge positioned against the phantom and the edge containing the antenna positioned perpendicular to the phantom.

FCC ID: RFH-TRN3200T Page 18 of 28 Form version.: 160427

12. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)

<WLAN Conducted Power>

General Note:

- DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to the required SAR procedures. SAR is measured in the initial test position using the 802.11 transmission mode configuration required by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration(s) according to the OFDM procedures.18 The initial test position procedure is described in the following:
 - a. When the reported SAR of the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other test positions in that exposure configuration and 802.11 transmission mode combinations within the frequency band or aggregated band.

Report No.: FA690221-01

- b. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
- c. For all positions/configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.

<2.4GHz WLAN>

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
		1	2412	15.80	16.00	
	802.11b 1Mbps	6	2437	15.77	16.00	100.00
		11	2462	15.68	16.00	
		1	2412	13.90	14.00	
2.4GHz WLAN	802.11g 6Mbps	6	2437	13.75	14.00	100.00
		11	2462	13.66	14.00	
		1	2412	12.87	13.00	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	6	2437	12.68	13.00	100.00
	me ee	11	2462	12.60	13.00	
		3	2422	12.60	13.00	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	6	2437	12.62	13.00	100.00
	550	9	2452	12.50	13.00	

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

FCC ID : RFH-TRN3200T Page 19 of 28 Form version. : 160427

<5GHz WLAN>

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
		36	5180	12.84	13.00	
	802.11a 6Mbps	40	5200	12.80	13.00	100.00
	602.11a 61VIDPS	44	5220	12.74	13.00	100.00
		48	5240	12.98	13.00	
		36	5180	11.86	12.00	
	802.11n-HT20	40	5200	11.78	12.00	100.00
	MCS0	44	5220	11.95	12.00	100.00
5.2GHz WLAN		48	5240	11.95	12.00	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	38	5190	11.91	12.00	100.00
		46	5230	11.60	12.00	100.00
		36	5180	11.87	12.00	
	802.11ac-VHT20	40	5200	11.80	12.00	100.00
	MCS0	44	5220	11.99	12.00	100.00
		48	5240	11.97	12.00	
	802.11ac-VHT40	38	5190	11.98	12.00	100.00
	MCS0	46	5230	11.93	12.00	100.00
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	42	5210	9.97	10.00	100.00

Report No. : FA690221-01

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
		52	5260	12.90	13.00	
	802.11a 6Mbps	56	5280	12.88	13.00	100.00
	602.11a 61VIDPS	60	5300	12.82	13.00	100.00
		64	5320	12.60	13.00	
		52	5260	11.70	12.00	
	802.11n-HT20	56	5280	11.62	12.00	100.00
	MCS0	60	5300	11.66	12.00	
5.3GHz WLAN		64	5320	11.86	12.00	
	802.11n-HT40	54	5270	11.68	12.00	100.00
	MCS0	62	5310	11.84	12.00	100.00
		52	5260	11.89	12.00	
	802.11ac-VHT20	56	5280	11.63	12.00	100.00
	MCS0	60	5300	11.70	12.00	100.00
		64	5320	11.87	12.00	
	802.11ac-VHT40	54	5270	11.91	12.00	100.00
	MCS0	62	5310	11.90	12.00	100.00
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	58	5290	9.65	10.00	100.00

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 / FAX: 886-3-328-4978

Issued Date: Nov. 03, 2017 Form version. : 160427 FCC ID: RFH-TRN3200T

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %	
		100	5500	12.88	13.00	400.00	
	902 110 6Mbps	116	5580	12.60	13.00		
	802.11a 6Mbps	132	5660	12.79	13.00	100.00	
		140	5700	12.56	13.00		
		100	5500	11.95	12.00		
	802.11n-HT20	116	5580	11.92	12.00	100.00	
	MCS0	132	5660	11.88	12.00		
<u> </u>		140	5700	11.93	12.00		
5.5GHz WLAN	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	102	5510	11.86	12.00	100.00	
		110	5550	11.84	12.00		
		134	5670	11.80	12.00		
		100	5500	11.96	12.00		
	802.11ac-VHT20	116	5580	11.95	12.00	100.00	
	MCS0	132	5660	11.89	12.00	100.00	
		140	5700	11.90	12.00		
		102	5510	11.92	12.00		
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	110	5550	11.90	12.00	100.00	
	111000	134	5670	11.86	12.00		
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	106	5530	9.61	10.00	100.00	

Report No. : FA690221-01

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %	
		149	5745	12.73	13.00		
	802.11a MCS0	157	5785	12.67	13.00	100.00	
		165	5825	12.75	13.00		
		149	5745	11.67	12.00	100.00	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	157	5785	11.70	12.00		
5.8GHz WLAN		165	5825	11.70	12.00		
	802.11n-HT40	151	5755	11.48	12.00	100.00	
	MCS0	159	5795	11.40	12.00	100.00	
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	149	5745	11.60	12.00		
		157	5785	11.72	12.00	100.00	
	iii oo	165	5825	11.73	12.00		
	802.11ac-VHT40	151	5755	11.60	12.00	100.00	
	MCS0	159	5795	11.58	12.00	100.00	
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	155	5775	9.99	10.00	100.00	

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 / FAX: 886-3-328-4978

Issued Date: Nov. 03, 2017 Form version. : 160427 FCC ID: RFH-TRN3200T Page 21 of 28

13. Bluetooth Exclusions Applied

Mode Band	Average po	Average power(dBm)					
Mode Band	BR/EDR	LE					
2.4GHz Bluetooth	6	6.5					

Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at *test separation distances* ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR

Report No.: FA690221-01

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation

• The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Bluetooth Max Power (dBm)	Separation Distance (mm)	Frequency (GHz)	exclusion thresholds
6.5	< 5	2.48	1.26

Note:

Per KDB 447498 D01v06, when the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion. The test exclusion threshold is 1.26 which is <= 3, SAR testing is not required.

14. Antenna Location

Edge1



Edge3 Front View

Report No. : FA690221-01

The separation distance for antenna to edge:

Antenna	To Edge1 (mm)	To Edge2 (mm)	To Edge3 (mm)	To Edge4 (mm)
2.4GHz WLAN Antenna	25.7	309.6	173.9	5
5GHz WLAN Antenna	5	194.2	212	102.6

Note: The device not supports simultaneous transmission at the same time.

15. SAR Test Results

General Note:

- 1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
 - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.

Report No.: FA690221-01

- b. For SAR testing of WLAN signal with 100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/(duty cycle)"
- c. For WLAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)* Duty Cycle scaling factor * Tune-up scaling factor
- 2. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the *reported* 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
 - · ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
 - · ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
 - · ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
- 3. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/kg.
- 4. Variant report to include verification of worst case found in the original report (FCC ID: RFH-TRN3200T, Sporton Report No. FA690221) performed testing.

15.1 Body SAR

<WLAN SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)		Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
01	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Edge 4	0mm	1	2412	15.80	16.00	1.047	100	1.000	0.14	0.334	0.350
02	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Edge 1	0mm	48	5240	12.98	13.00	1.005	100	1.000	0.17	0.242	0.243
03	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Edge 1	0mm	100	5500	12.88	13.00	1.028	100	1.000	0.17	0.311	0.320
04	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Edge 1	0mm	165	5825	12.75	13.00	1.059	100	1.000	0.13	0.348	0.369

Test Engineer: Galen Zhang and Kurt Liu

16. <u>Uncertainty Assessment</u>

The component of uncertainly may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainly by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type An evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance.

Report No.: FA690221-01

A Type A evaluation of standard uncertainty may be based on any valid statistical method for treating data. This includes calculating the standard deviation of the mean of a series of independent observations; using the method of least squares to fit a curve to the data in order to estimate the parameter of the curve and their standard deviations; or carrying out an analysis of variance in order to identify and quantify random effects in certain kinds of measurement.

A type B evaluation of standard uncertainty is typically based on scientific judgment using all of the relevant information available. These may include previous measurement data, experience, and knowledge of the behavior and properties of relevant materials and instruments, manufacture's specification, data provided in calibration reports and uncertainties assigned to reference data taken from handbooks. Broadly speaking, the uncertainty is either obtained from an outdoor source or obtained from an assumed distribution, such as the normal distribution, rectangular or triangular distributions indicated in table below.

Uncertainty Distributions	Normal	Rectangular	Triangular	U-Shape
Multi-plying Factor ^(a)	1/k ^(b)	1/√3	1/√6	1/√2

- (a) standard uncertainty is determined as the product of the multiplying factor and the estimated range of variations in the measured quantity
- (b) κ is the coverage factor

Standard Uncertainty for Assumed Distribution

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances.

Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. Typically, the coverage factor ranges from 2 to 3. Using a coverage factor allows the true value of a measured quantity to be specified with a defined probability within the specified uncertainty range. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is shown in the following tables.

SPORTON LAB. FCC SAR Test Report

Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability	Divisor	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Standard Uncertainty (1g) (±%)	Standard Uncertainty (10g) (±%)
Measurement System							
Probe Calibration	6.00	N	1	1	1	6.0	6.0
Axial Isotropy	4.70	R	1.732	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.60	R	1.732	0.7	0.7	3.9	3.9
Boundary Effects	1.00	R	1.732	1	1	0.6	0.6
Linearity	4.70	R	1.732	1	1	2.7	2.7
System Detection Limits	1.00	R	1.732	1	1	0.6	0.6
Modulation Response	4.68	R	1.732	1	1	2.7	2.7
Readout Electronics	0.30	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3
Response Time	0.00	R	1.732	1	1	0.0	0.0
Integration Time	2.60	R	1.732	1	1	1.5	1.5
RF Ambient Noise	3.00	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7
RF Ambient Reflections	3.00	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7
Probe Positioner	0.40	R	1.732	1	1	0.2	0.2
Probe Positioning	2.90	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7
Max. SAR Eval.	2.00	R	1.732	1	1	1.2	1.2
Test Sample Related							
Device Positioning	3.03	N	1	1	1	3.0	3.0
Device Holder	3.60	N	1	1	1	3.6	3.6
Power Drift	5.00	R	1.732	1	1	2.9	2.9
Power Scaling	0.00	R	1.732	1	1	0.0	0.0
Phantom and Setup							
Phantom Uncertainty	6.10	R	1.732	1	1	3.5	3.5
SAR correction	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.84	0.0	0.0
Liquid Conductivity Repeatability	0.03	N	1	0.78	0.71	0.0	0.0
Liquid Conductivity (target)	5.00	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	2.3	2.0
Liquid Conductivity (mea.)	2.50	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	1.1	1.0
Temp. unc Conductivity	3.68	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	1.7	1.5
Liquid Permittivity Repeatability	0.02	N	1	0.23	0.26	0.0	0.0
Liquid Permittivity (target)	5.00	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.7	0.8
Liquid Permittivity (mea.)	2.50	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.3	0.4
Temp. unc Permittivity	0.84	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.1	0.1
Col	nbined Std. Ur	ncertainty				11.6%	11.6%
Co	K=2	K=2					
Exp	oanded STD Ur	ncertainty				23.2%	23.1%

Uncertainty Budget for frequency range 300 MHz to 3 GHz

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 / FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Issued
FCC ID: RFH-TRN3200T Page 26 of 28 Form ve

Issued Date: Nov. 03, 2017 Form version.: 160427

Report No. : FA690221-01

SPORTON LAB. FCC SAR Test Report

Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%) Probability		Divisor	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Standard Uncertainty (1g) (±%)	Standard Uncertainty (10g) (±%)	
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration	6.55	N	1	1	1	6.6	6.6	
Axial Isotropy	4.70	R	1.732	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9	
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.60	R	1.732	0.7	0.7	3.9	3.9	
Boundary Effects	2.00	R	1.732	1	1	1.2	1.2	
Linearity	4.70	R	1.732	1	1	2.7	2.7	
System Detection Limits	1.00	R	1.732	1	1	0.6	0.6	
Modulation Response	4.68	R	1.732	1	1	2.7	2.7	
Readout Electronics	0.30	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	
Response Time	0.00	R	1.732	1	1	0.0	0.0	
Integration Time	2.60	R	1.732	1	1	1.5	1.5	
RF Ambient Noise	3.00	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7	
RF Ambient Reflections	3.00	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7	
Probe Positioner	0.40	R	1.732	1	1	0.2	0.2	
Probe Positioning	6.70	R	1.732	1	1	3.9	3.9	
Max. SAR Eval.	4.00	R	1.732	1	1	2.3	2.3	
Test Sample Related								
Device Positioning	3.03	N	1	1	1	3.0	3.0	
Device Holder	3.60	N	1	1	1	3.6	3.6	
Power Drift	5.00	R	1.732	1	1	2.9	2.9	
Power Scaling	0.00	R	1.732	1	1	0.0	0.0	
Phantom and Setup								
Phantom Uncertainty	6.60	R	1.732	1	1	3.8	3.8	
SAR correction	0.00	R	1.732	1	0.84	0.0	0.0	
Liquid Conductivity Repeatability	0.03	N	1	0.78	0.71	0.0	0.0	
Liquid Conductivity (target)	5.00	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	2.3	2.0	
Liquid Conductivity (mea.)	2.50	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	1.1	1.0	
Temp. unc Conductivity	3.68	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	1.7	1.5	
Liquid Permittivity Repeatability	0.02	N	1	0.23	0.26	0.0	0.0	
Liquid Permittivity (target)	5.00	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.7	0.8	
Liquid Permittivity (mea.)	2.50	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.3	0.4	
Temp. unc Permittivity	0.84	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.1	0.1	
Coi	nbined Std. Ur	ncertainty				12.7%	12.6%	
Co	Coverage Factor for 95 %							
Exp	oanded STD Ur	ncertainty				25.4%	25.3%	

Uncertainty Budget for frequency range 3 GHz to 6 GHz

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 / FAX: 886-3-328-4978
FCC ID: RFH-TRN3200T Page 27 of 28

Issued Date : Nov. 03, 2017 Form version. : 160427

Report No. : FA690221-01

17. References

[1] FCC 47 CFR Part 2 "Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations"

Report No.: FA690221-01

- [2] ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992, "IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz", September 1992
- [3] IEEE Std. 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", Sep 2013
- [4] SPEAG DASY System Handbook
- [5] FCC KDB 248227 D01 v02r02, "SAR Guidance for IEEE 802.11 (WiFi) Transmitters", Oct 2015.
- [6] FCC KDB 447498 D01 v06, "Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies", Oct 2015
- [7] FCC KDB 616217 D04 v01r02, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for Laptop, Notebook, Netbook and Tablet Computers", Oct 2015
- [8] FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz", Aug 2015.
- [9] FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r02, "RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations" Oct 2015.