



7.4. PEAK OUTPUT POWER

7.4.1. LIMITS

The maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following:

1. According to §15.247(b)(3), for systems using digital modulation in the bands of 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz: 1 Watt.
2. According to §15.247(b)(4), the conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (b) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi. Except as shown in paragraph (c) of this section, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

7.4.2. TEST INSTRUMENTS

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Last Calibration	Calibration Due
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4446A	US44300399	03/01/2014	03/01/2015
Power Meter	Anritsu	ML2495A	1204003	03/01/2014	03/01/2015
Power Sensor	Anritsu	MA2411B	1126150	03/01/2014	03/01/2015

7.4.3. TEST PROCEDURES (please refer to measurement standard)

9.1.1 RBW ≥ DTS bandwidth

This procedure shall be used when the measurement instrument has available a resolution bandwidth that is greater than the *DTS bandwidth*.

- a) Set the RBW ≥ *DTS bandwidth*.
- b) Set VBW ≥ 3 RBW.
- c) Set span ≥ 3 x RBW
- d) Sweep time = auto couple.
- e) Detector = peak.
- f) Trace mode = max hold.
- g) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- h) Use peak marker function to determine the peak amplitude level.



9.1.2 Integrated band power method

This procedure may be used when the maximum available RBW of the measurement instrument is less than the *DTS bandwidth*.

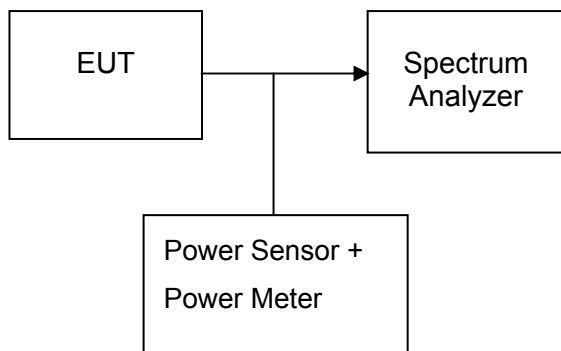
- a) Set the RBW = 1 MHz.
- b) Set the VBW ≥ 3 RBW
- c) Set the span $\geq 1.5 \times$ DTS bandwidth.
- d) Detector = peak.
- e) Sweep time = auto couple.
- f) Trace mode = max hold.
- g) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- h) Use the instrument's band/channel power measurement function with the band limits set equal to the DTS bandwidth edges (for some instruments, this may require a manual override to select peak detector). If the instrument does not have a band power function, sum the spectrum levels (in linear power units) at intervals equal to the RBW extending across the DTS bandwidth.

9.1.3 PKPM1 Peak power meter method

The maximum peak conducted output power may be measured using a broadband peak RF power meter. The power meter shall have a video bandwidth that is greater than or equal to the DTS bandwidth and shall utilize a fast-responding diode detector.



7.4.4. TEST SETUP



7.4.5. TEST RESULTS

No non-compliance noted

Test Data

Test mode: IEEE 802.11b

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (W)	Limit (W)	Result
Low	2412	19.17	0.08260	1	PASS
Mid	2437	19.89	0.09750		PASS
High	2462	19.42	0.08750		PASS

Test mode: IEEE 802.11g

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (W)	Limit (W)	Result
Low	2412	24.43	0.27733	1	PASS
Mid	2437	24.55	0.28510		PASS
High	2462	24.49	0.28119		PASS

Test mode: IEEE 802.11n HT20 MHz

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (W)	Limit (W)	Result
Low	2412	23.13	0.20559	1	PASS
Mid	2437	23.36	0.21677		PASS
High	2462	23.03	0.20091		PASS

Test mode: IEEE 802.11n HT40 MHz

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (W)	Limit (W)	Result
Low	2422	23.23	0.21038	1	PASS
Mid	2437	23.37	0.21727		PASS
High	2452	22.92	0.19588		PASS



7.5. BAND EDGES MEASUREMENT

7.5.1. LIMITS

According to §15.247(d), in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency bands in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in 15.209(a) (see Section 15.205(c)).

7.5.2. TEST INSTRUMENTS

Radiated Emission Test Site 966(2)					
Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Model Number	Serial Number	Last Calibration	Due Calibration
PSA Series Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4446A	US44300399	03/01/2014	03/01/2015
EMI TEST RECEIVER	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	ESCI	100783	03/09/2014	03/08/2015
Amplifier	MITEQ	AM-1604-3000	1123808	03/18/2015	03/18/2015
High Noise Amplifier	Agilent	8449B	3008A01838	03/18/2015	03/18/2015
Board-Band Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBHA 9170	9170-497	07/10/2013	07/09/2014
Bilog Antenna	SCHAFFNER	CBL6143	5082	03/01/2014	03/01/2015
Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA9120	D286	03/01/2014	03/01/2015
Loop Antenna	COM-POWER	AL-130	121044	09/27/2013	09/26/2014
Turn Table	N/A	N/A	N/A	N.C.R	N.C.R
Controller	Sunol Sciences	SC104V	022310-1	N.C.R	N.C.R
Controller	CT	N/A	N/A	N.C.R	N.C.R
Temp. / Humidity Meter	Anymetre	JR913	N/A	02/28/2014	02/28/2015
Antenna Tower	SUNOL	TLT2	N/A	N.C.R	N.C.R
Test S/W	FARAD	LZ-RF / CCS-SZ-3A2			

NOTE: 1. The calibration interval of the above test instruments is 12 months and the calibrations are traceable to NML/ROC and NIST/USA.

2. The FCC Site Registration number is 101879.

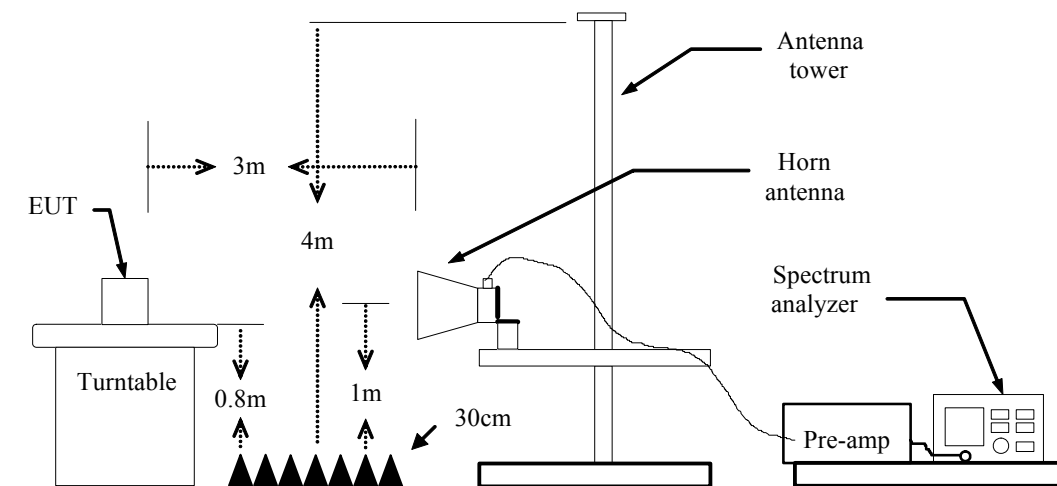
3. N.C.R = No Calibration Required.



7.5.3. TEST PROCEDURES (please refer to measurement standard)

1. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 0.8m above the ground plane.
2. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
3. EUT is set 3m away from the receiving antenna, which is varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emission.
4. Set the spectrum analyzer in the following setting in order to capture the lower and upper band-edges of the emission:
 - (a) PEAK: RBW=VBW=1MHz / Sweep=AUTO
 - (b) AVERAGE: RBW=1MHz / VBW=10Hz / Sweep=AUTO
5. Repeat the procedures until all the PEAK and AVERAGE versus POLARIZATION are

7.5.4. TEST SETUP



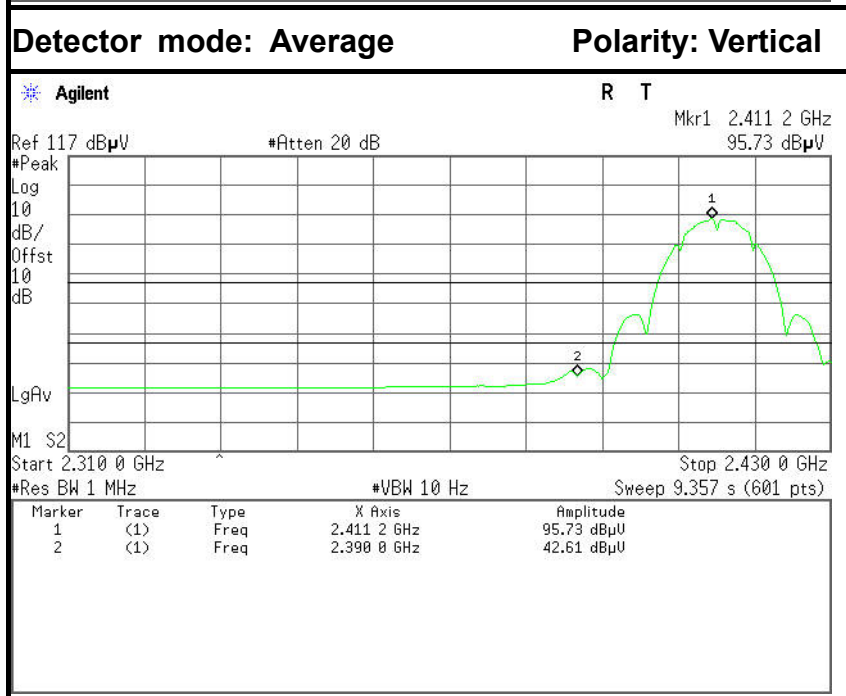
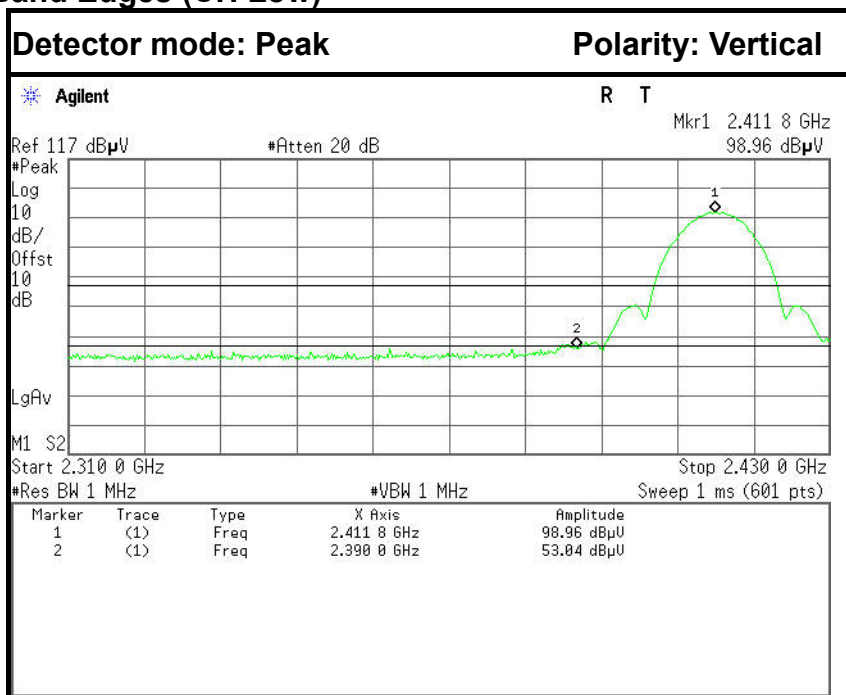


7.5.5. TEST RESULTS

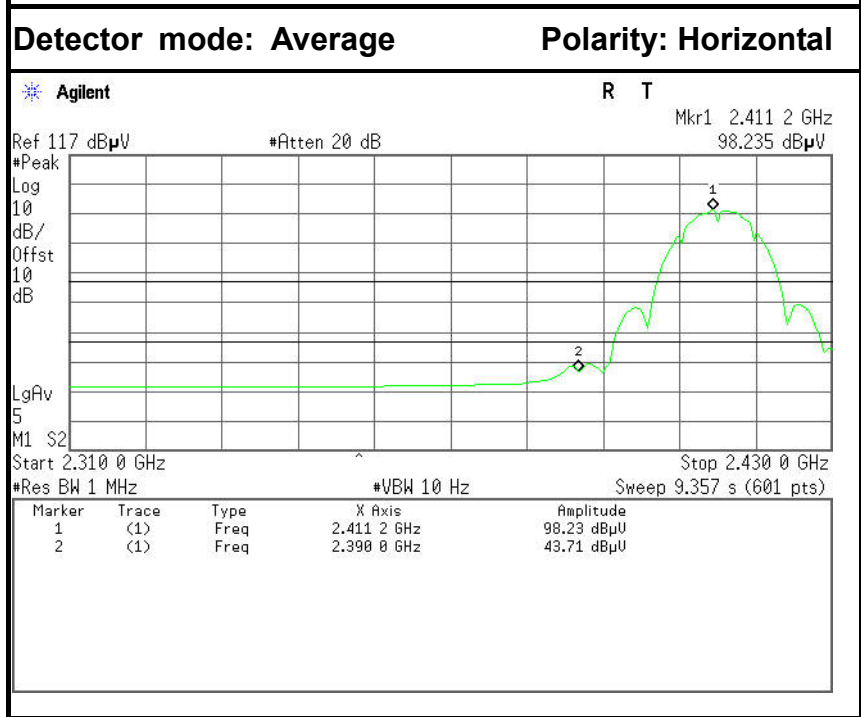
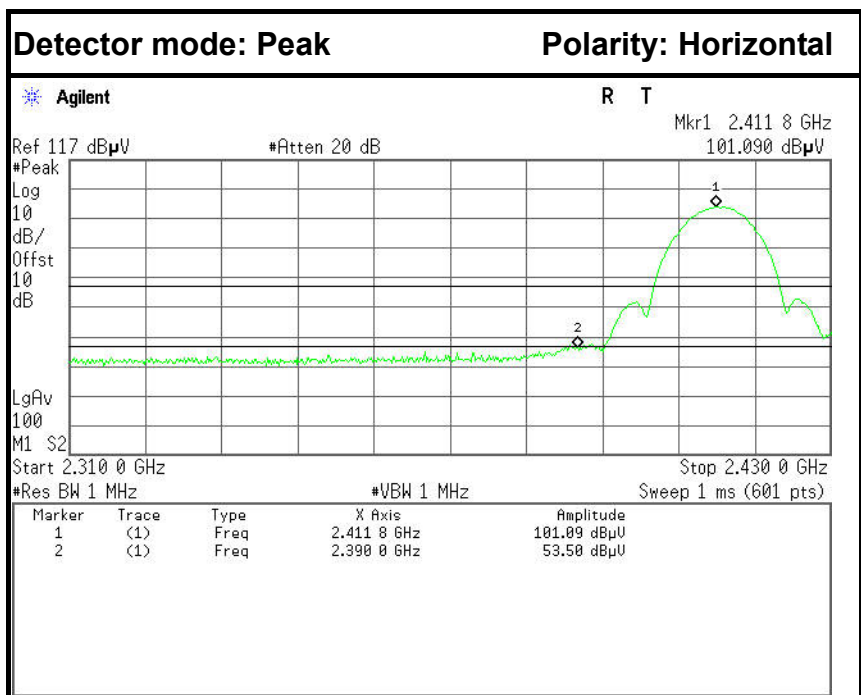
Test Plot

IEEE 802.11b mode

Band Edges (CH Low)



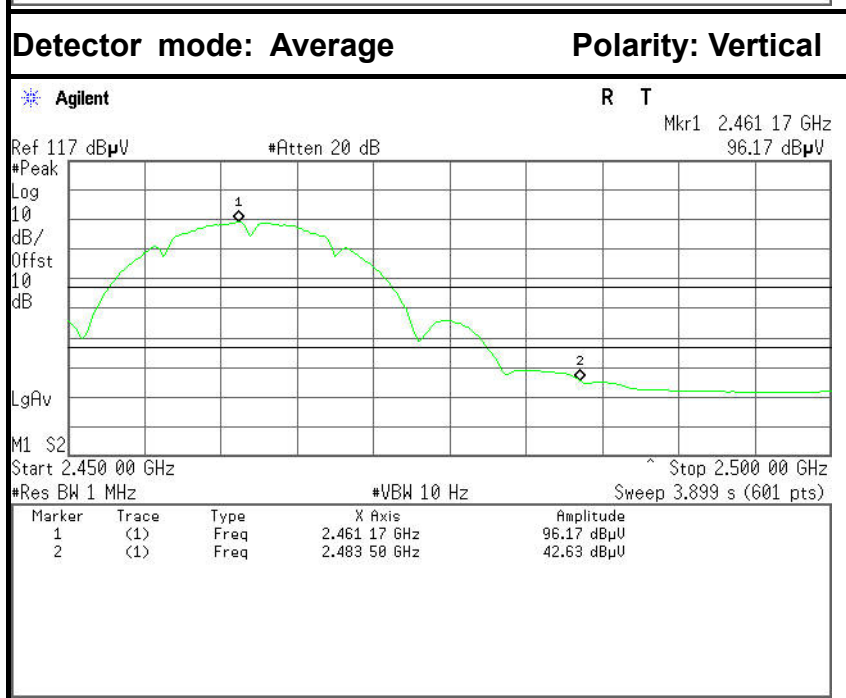
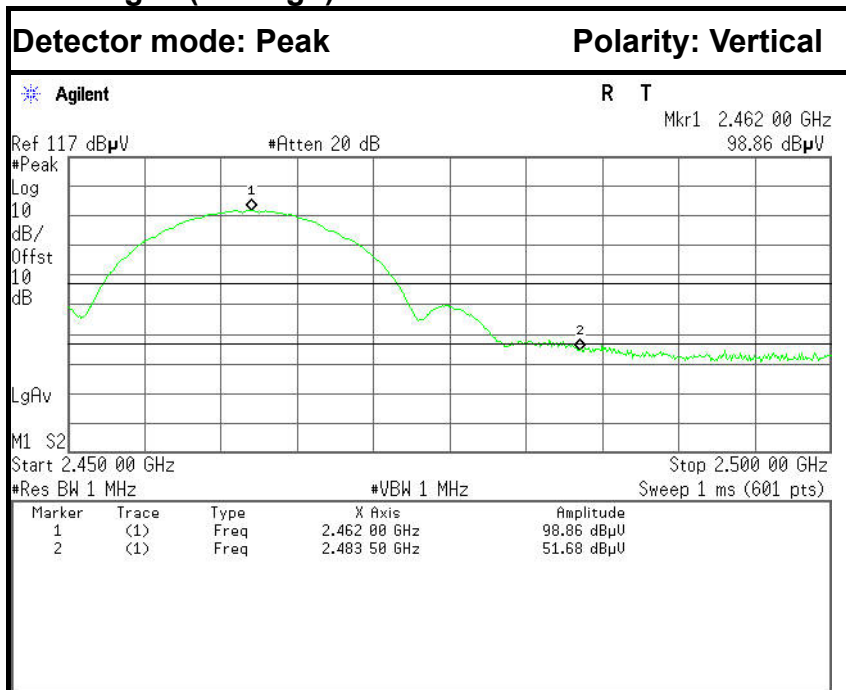
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Corrected (dB)	Result (dBuV)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Antenna Pole
1	2390.0000	46.44	-6.60	53.04	74.00	-20.96	Peak	Vertical
2	2390.0000	36.01	-6.60	42.61	54.00	-11.39	Average	Vertical



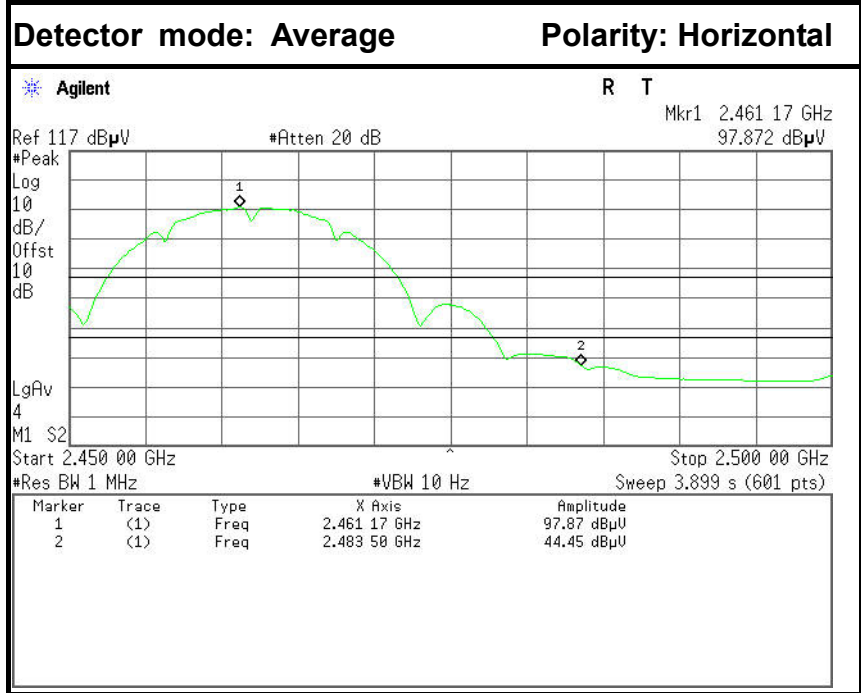
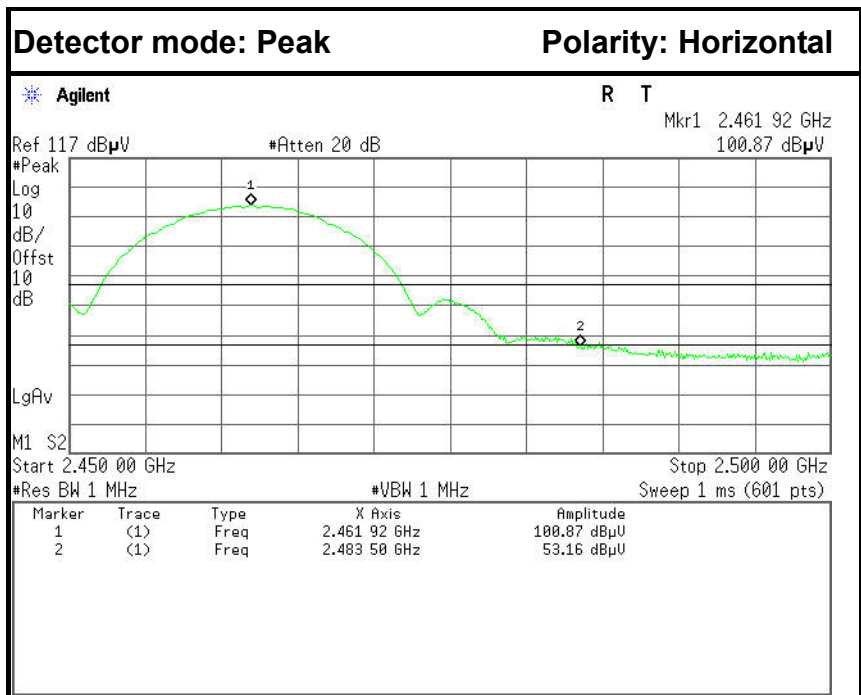
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Corrected (dB)	Result (dBuV)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Antenna Pole
1	2390.0000	46.90	-6.60	53.50	74.00	-20.50	Peak	Horizontal
2	2390.0000	37.11	-6.60	43.71	54.00	-10.29	Average	Horizontal



Band Edges (CH High)



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Corrected (dB)	Result (dBuV)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Antenna Pole
1	2483.5000	45.44	-6.24	51.68	74.00	-22.32	Peak	Vertical
2	2483.5000	36.39	-6.24	42.63	54.00	-11.37	Average	Vertical

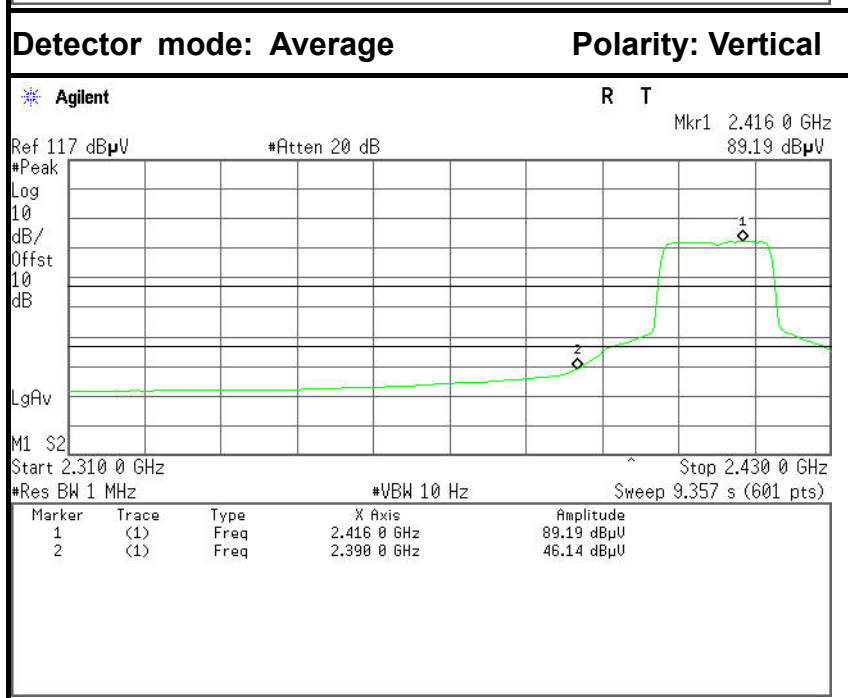
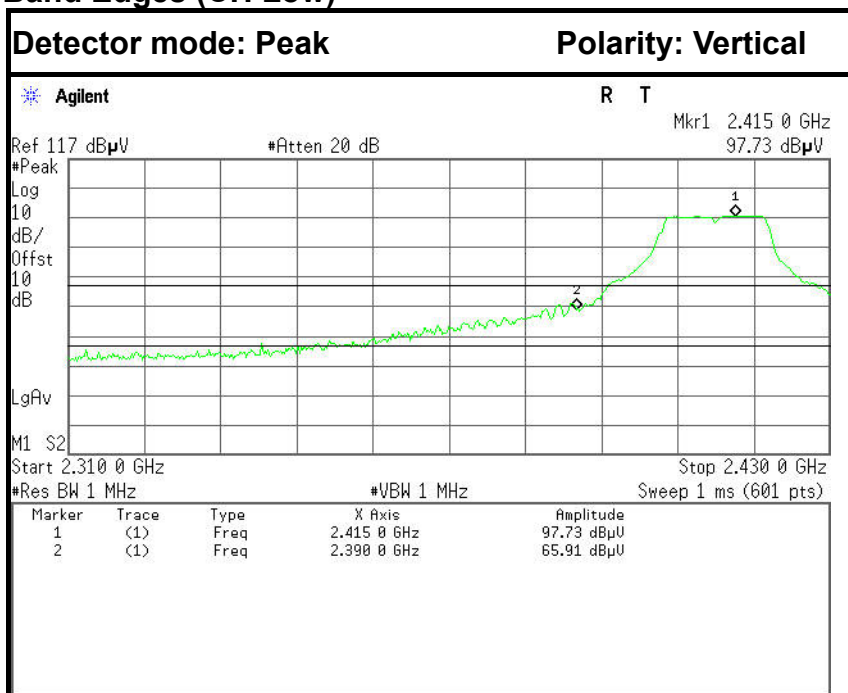


No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBµV)	Corrected (dB)	Result (dBµV)	Limit (dBµV)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Antenna Pole
1	2483.5000	46.92	-6.24	53.16	74.00	-20.84	Peak	Horizontal
2	2483.5000	38.21	-6.24	44.45	54.00	-9.55	Average	Horizontal

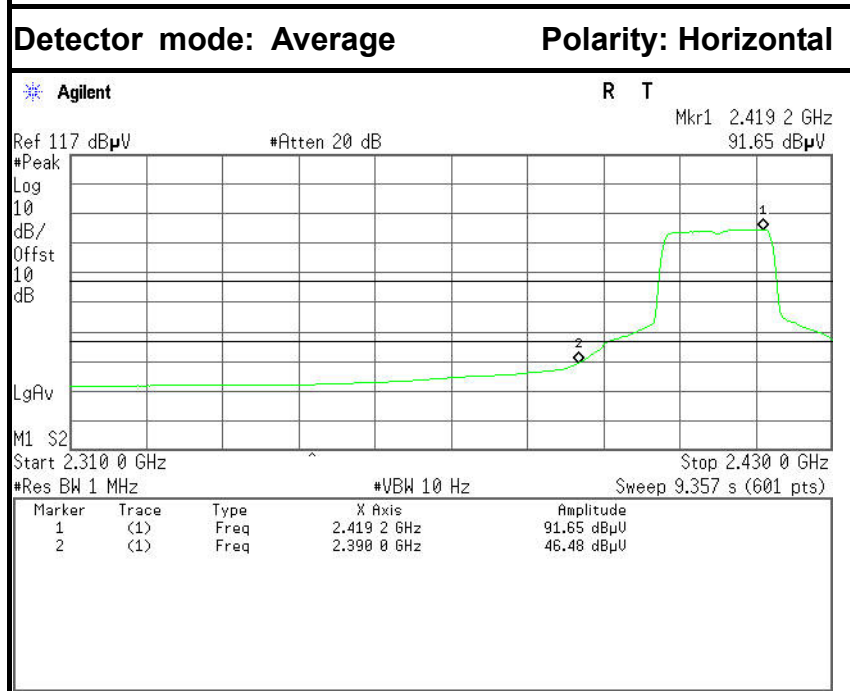
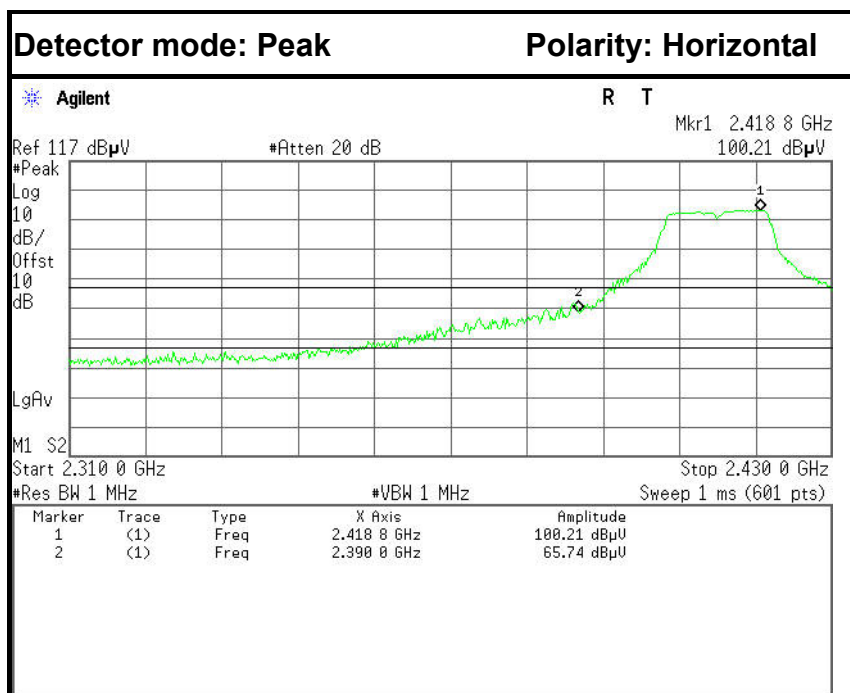


IEEE 802.11g mode

Band Edges (CH Low)



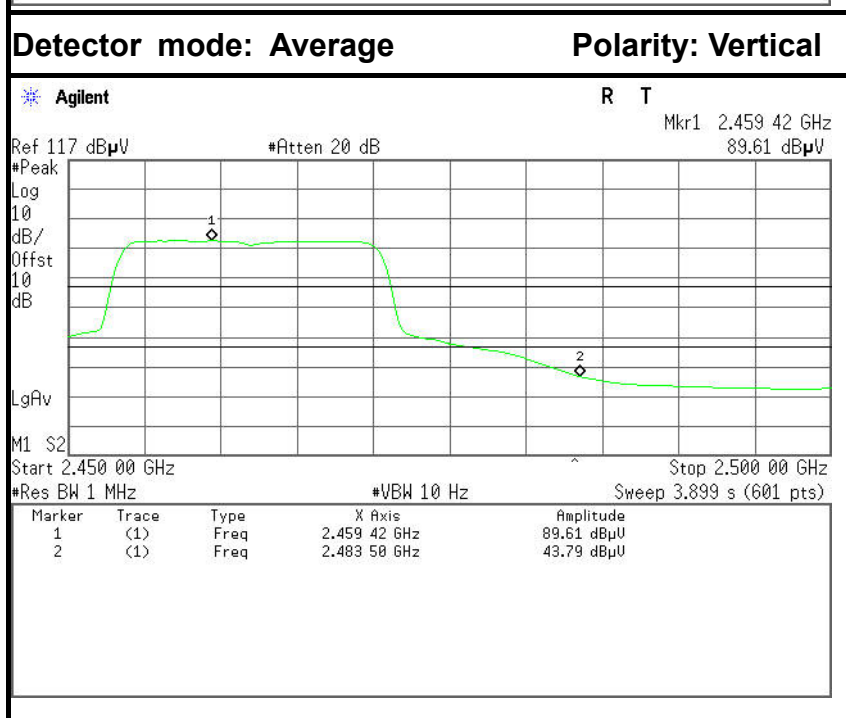
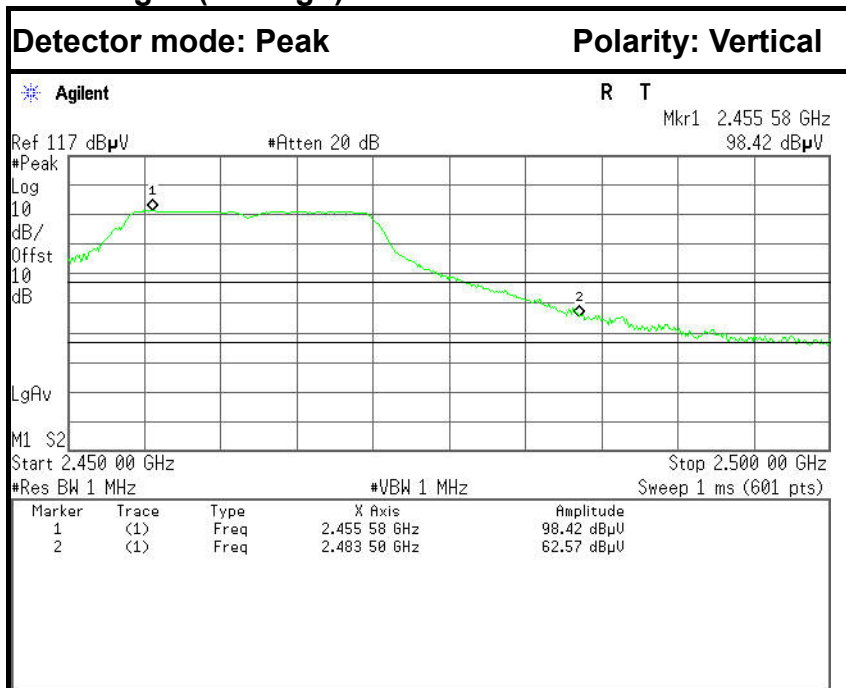
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBμV)	Corrected (dB)	Result (dBμV)	Limit (dBμV)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Antenna Pole
1	2390.0000	59.31	-6.60	65.91	74.00	-8.09	Peak	Vertical
2	2390.0000	39.54	-6.60	46.14	54.00	-7.86	Average	Vertical



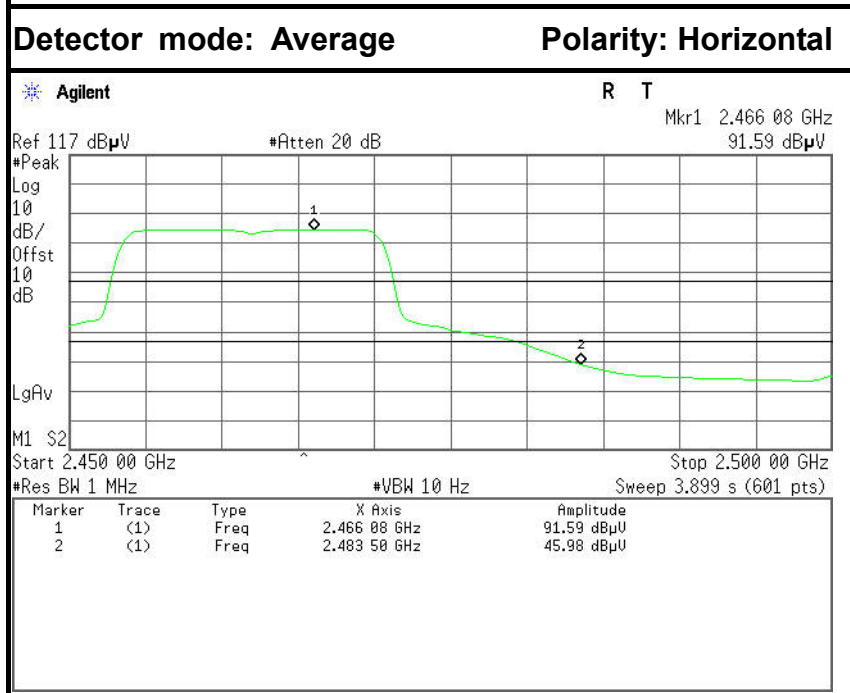
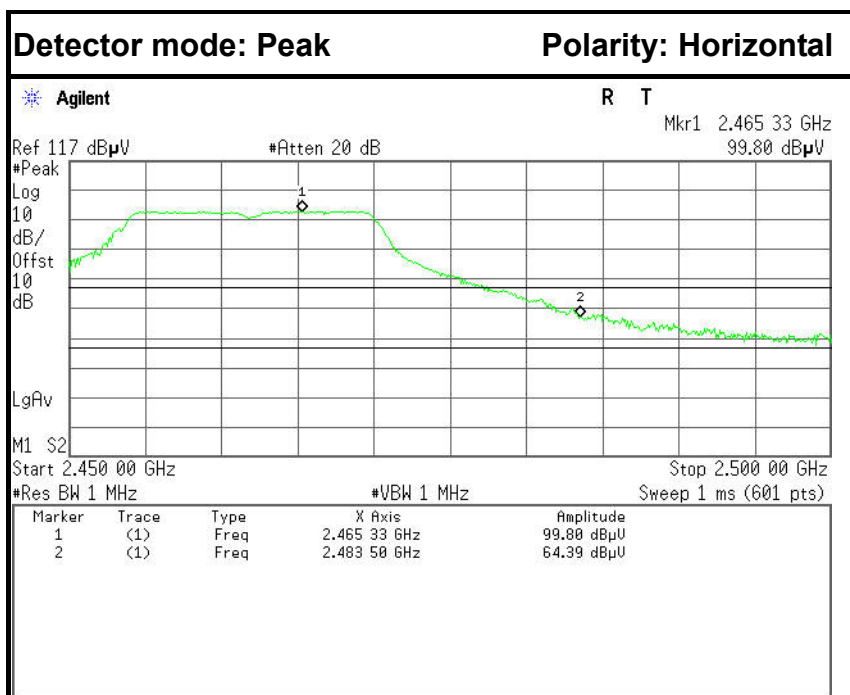
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Corrected (dB)	Result (dBuV)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Antenna Pole
1	2390.0000	59.14	-6.60	65.74	74.00	-8.26	Peak	Horizontal
2	2390.0000	39.88	-6.60	46.48	54.00	-7.52	Average	Horizontal



Band Edges (CH High)



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBµV)	Corrected (dB)	Result (dBµV)	Limit (dBµV)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Antenna Pole
1	2483.5000	56.33	-6.24	62.57	74.00	-11.43	Peak	Vertical
2	2483.5000	37.55	-6.24	43.79	54.00	-10.21	Average	Vertical

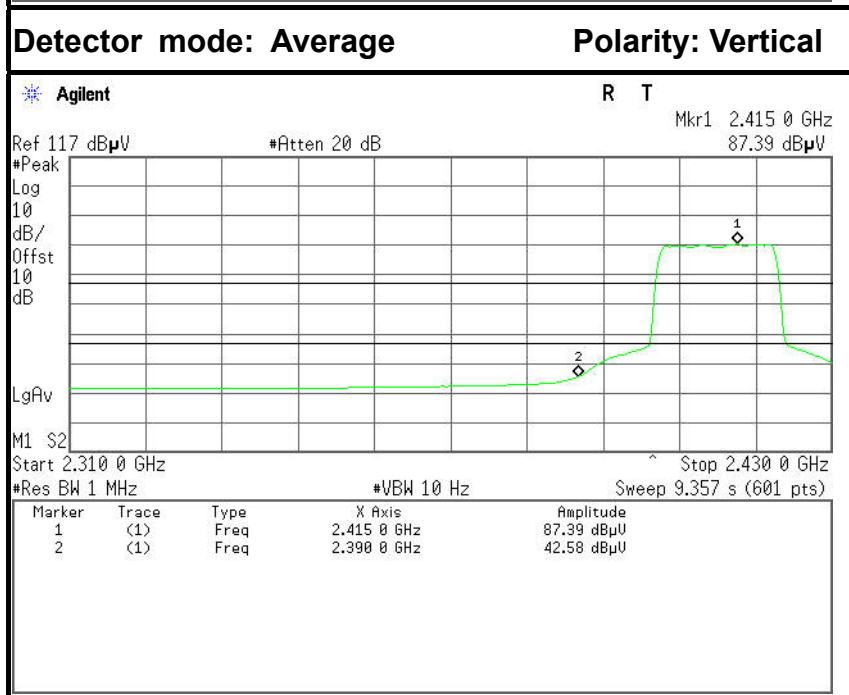
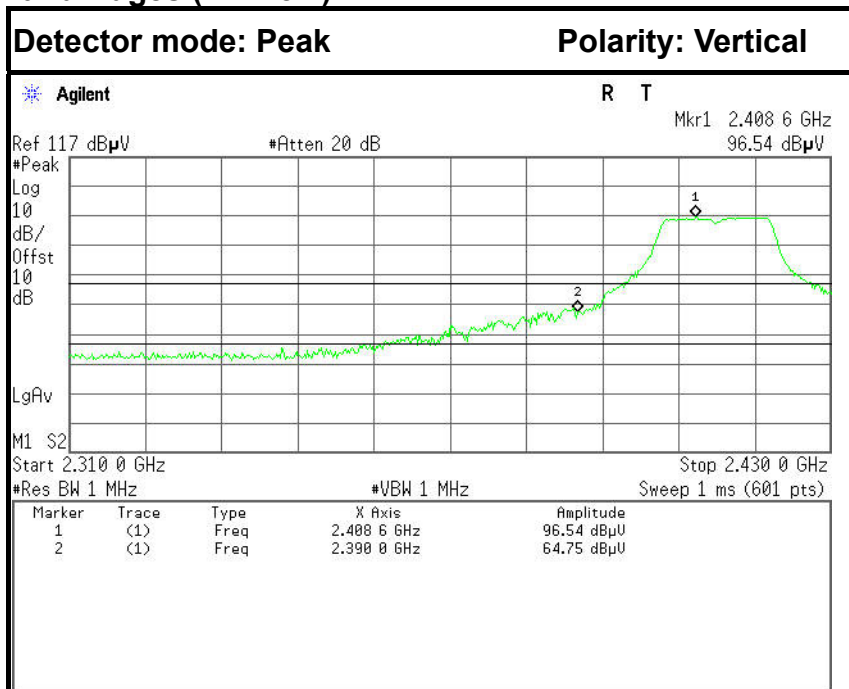


No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Corrected (dB)	Result (dBuV)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Antenna Pole
1	2483.5000	58.15	-6.24	64.39	74.00	-9.61	Peak	Horizontal
2	2483.5000	39.74	-6.24	45.98	54.00	-8.02	Average	Horizontal

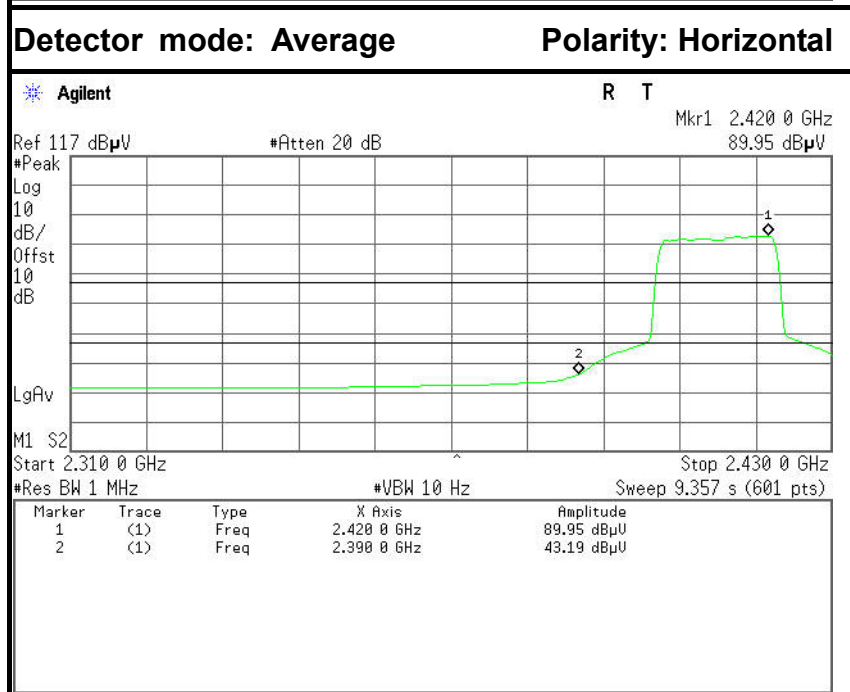
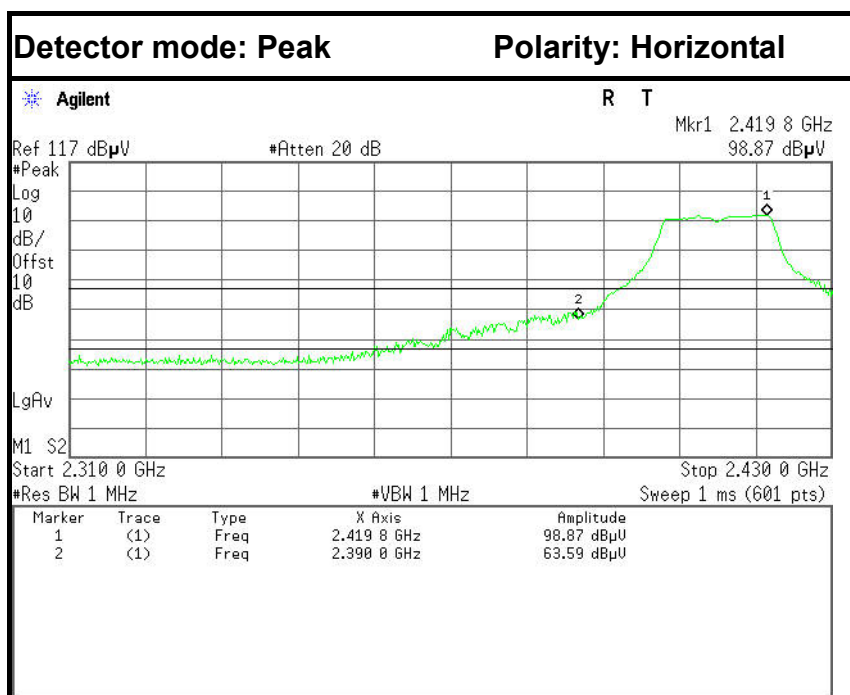


IEEE 802.11n HT20 MHz mode

Band Edges (CH Low)



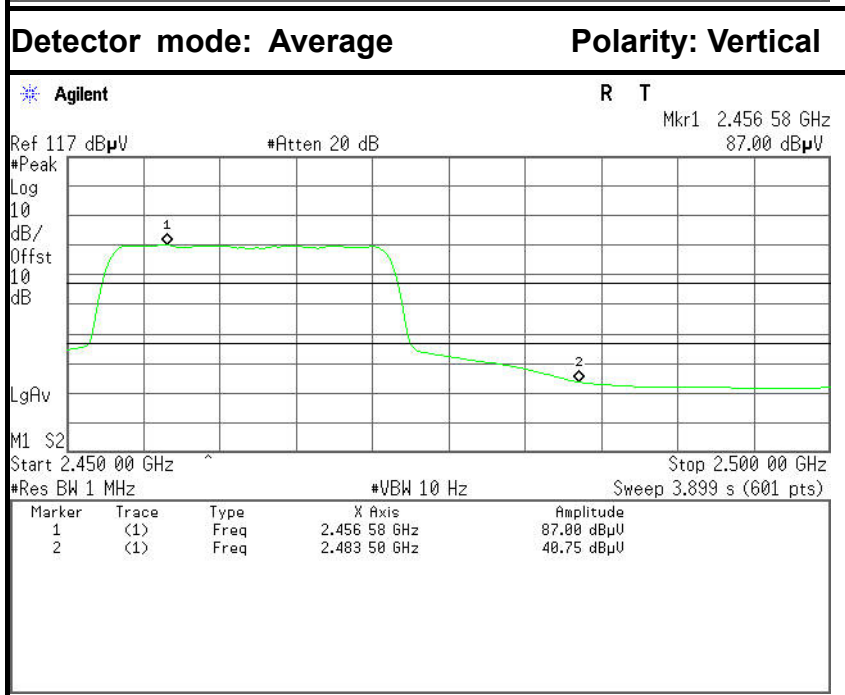
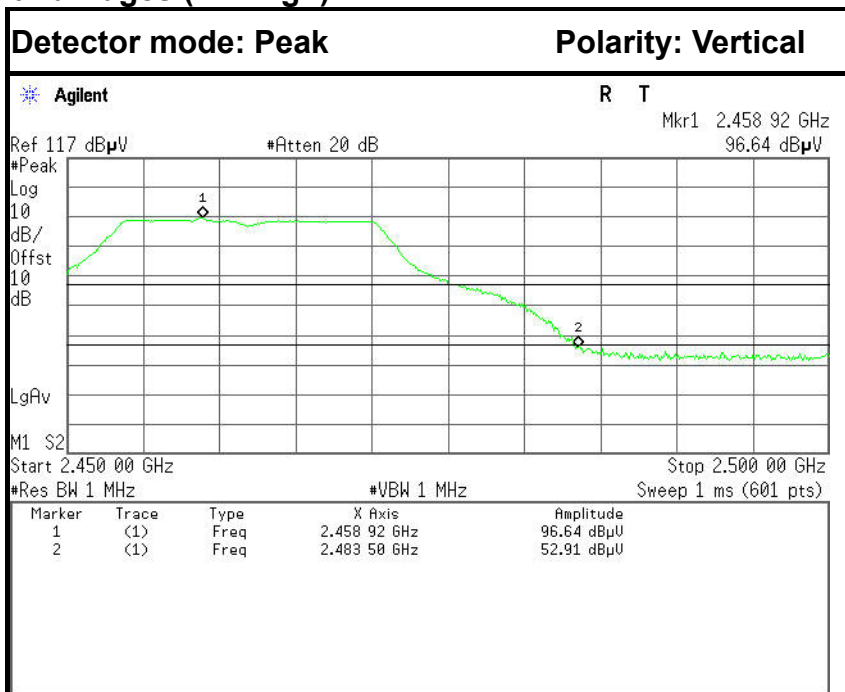
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Corrected (dB)	Result (dBuV)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Antenna Pole
1	2390.0000	58.15	-6.60	64.75	74.00	-9.25	Peak	Vertical
2	2390.0000	35.98	-6.60	42.58	54.00	-11.42	Average	Vertical



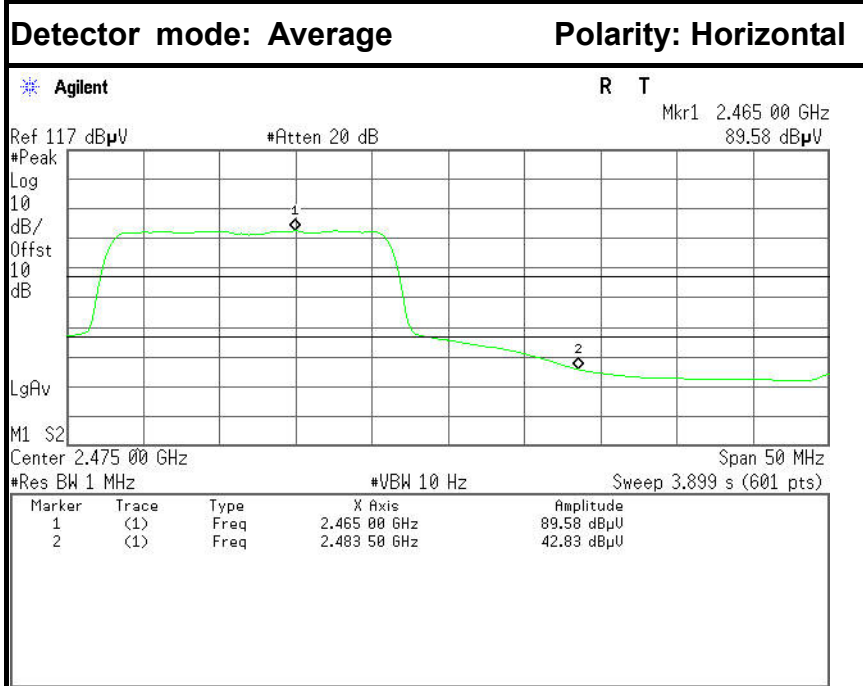
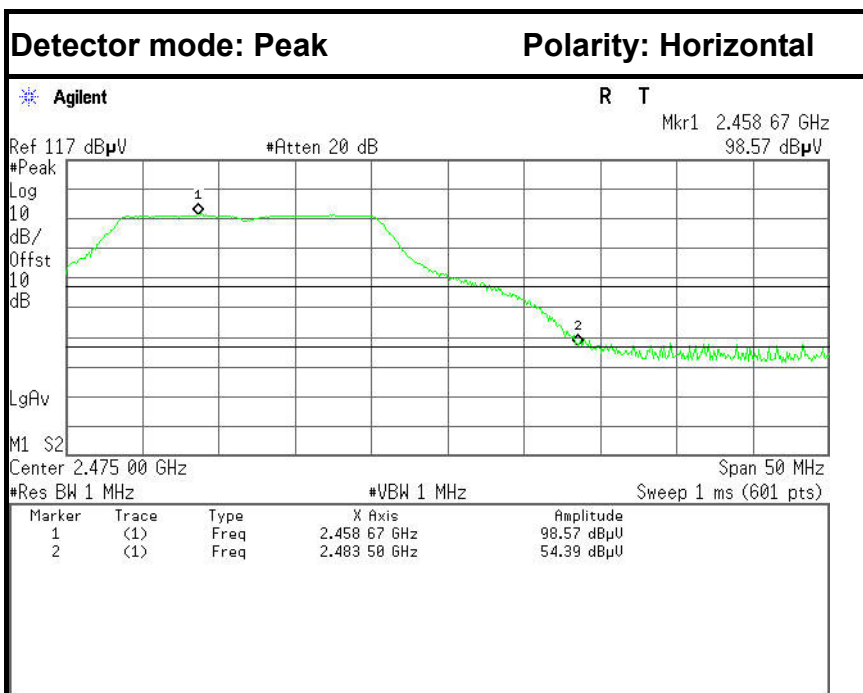
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Corrected (dB)	Result (dBuV)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Antenna Pole
1	2390.0000	56.99	-6.60	63.59	74.00	-10.41	Peak	Horizontal
2	2390.0000	36.59	-6.60	43.19	54.00	-10.81	Average	Horizontal



Band Edges (CH High)



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Corrected (dB)	Result (dBuV)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Antenna Pole
1	2483.5000	46.67	-6.24	52.91	74.00	-21.09	Peak	Vertical
2	2483.5000	34.51	-6.24	40.75	54.00	-13.25	Average	Vertical

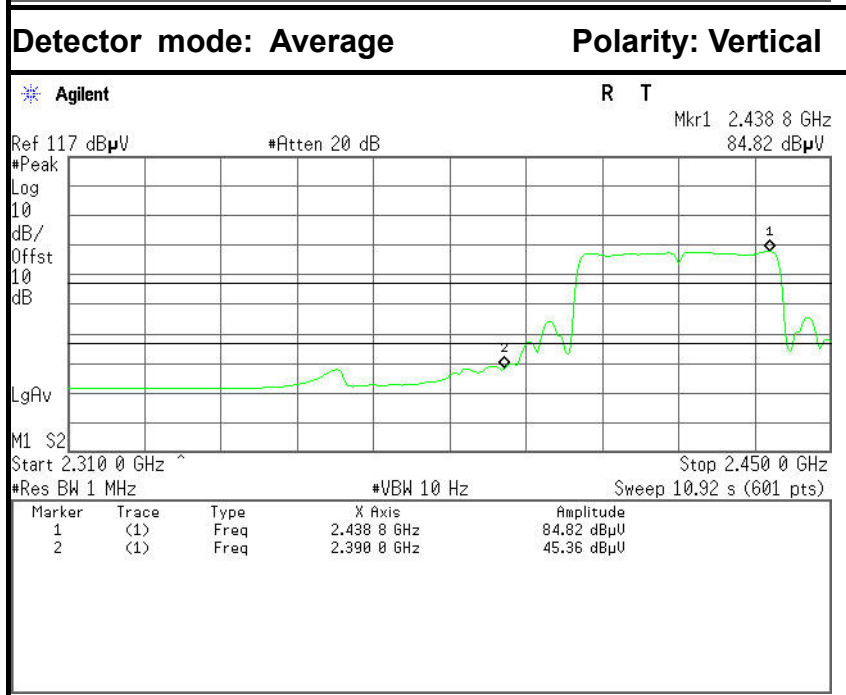
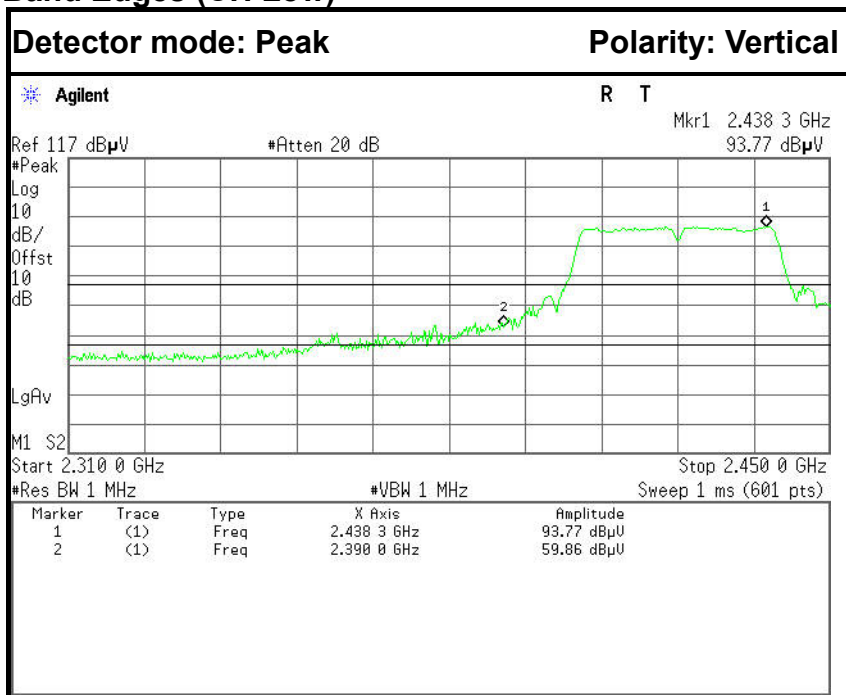


No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dB μ V)	Corrected (dB)	Result (dB μ V)	Limit (dB μ V)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Antenna Pole
1	2483.5000	48.15	-6.24	54.39	74.00	-19.61	Peak	Horizontal
2	2483.5000	36.59	-6.24	42.83	54.00	-11.17	Average	Horizontal

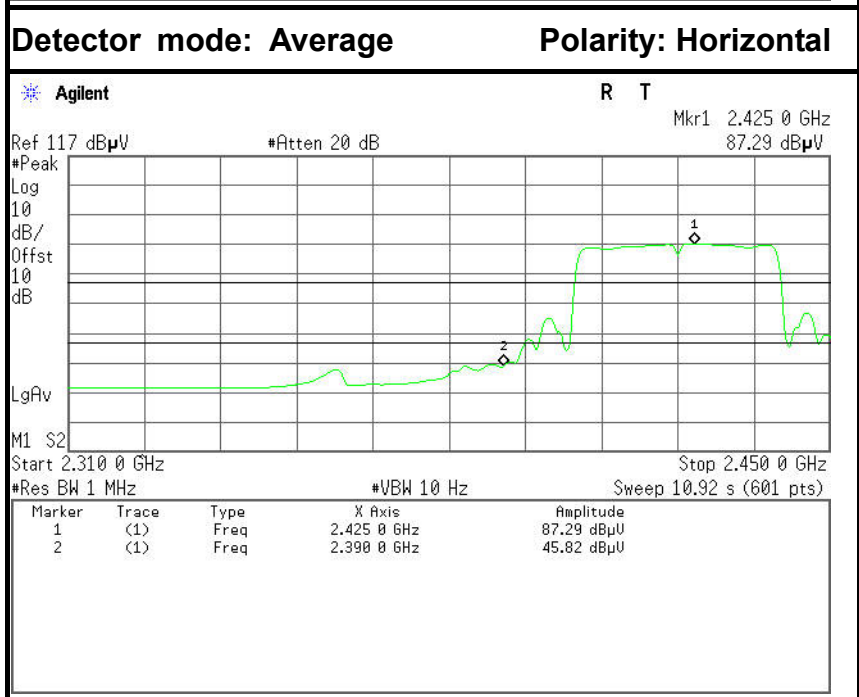
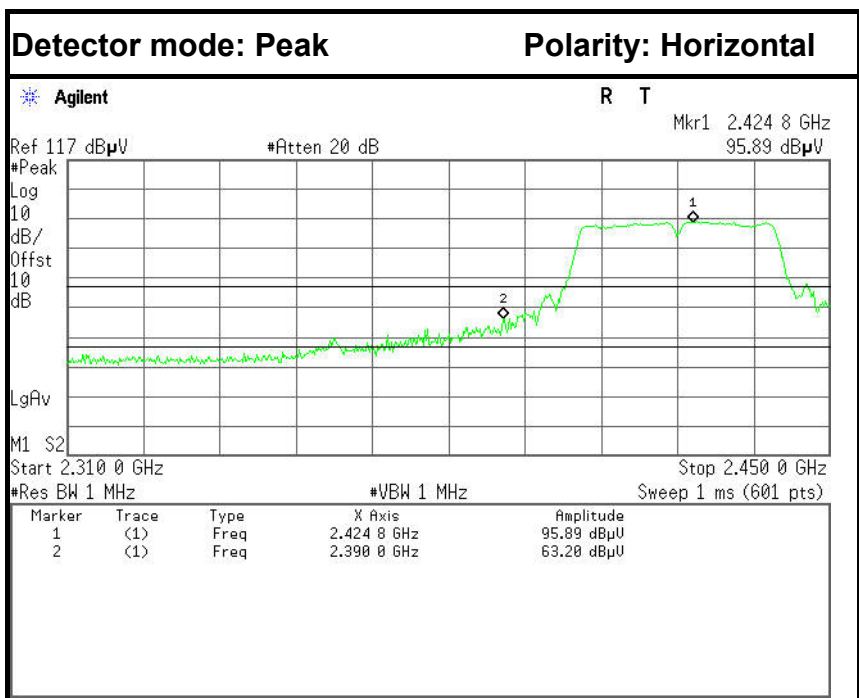


IEEE 802.11n HT40 MHz mode

Band Edges (CH Low)



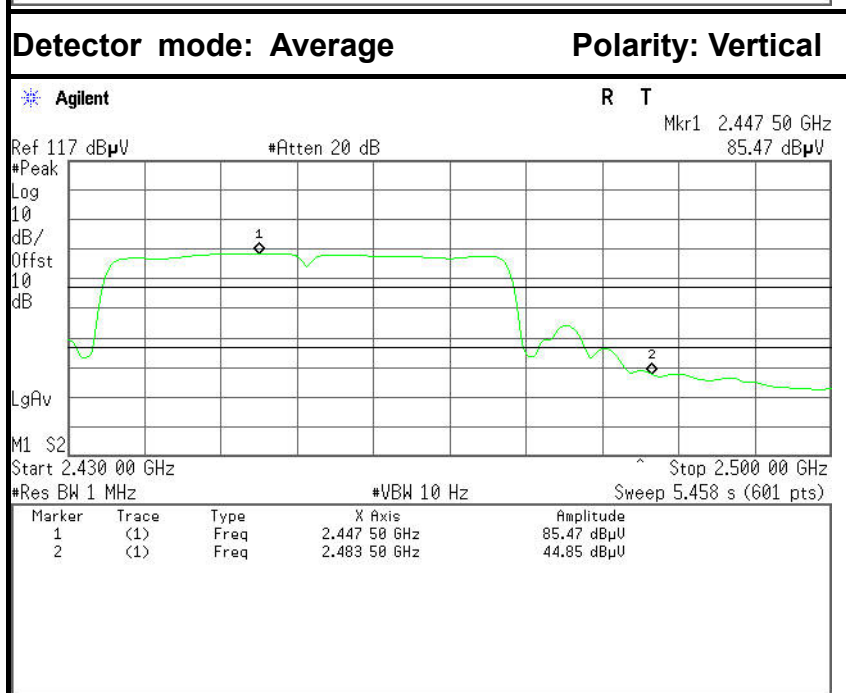
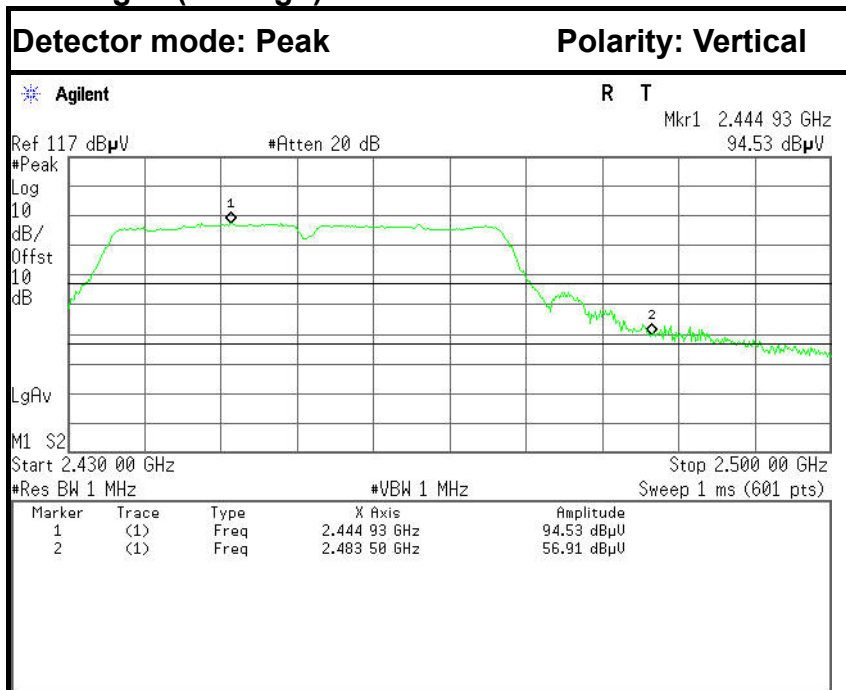
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBµV)	Corrected (dB)	Result (dBµV)	Limit (dBµV)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Antenna Pole
1	2390.0000	53.26	-6.60	59.86	74.00	-14.14	Peak	Vertical
2	2390.0000	38.76	-6.60	45.36	54.00	-8.64	Average	Vertical



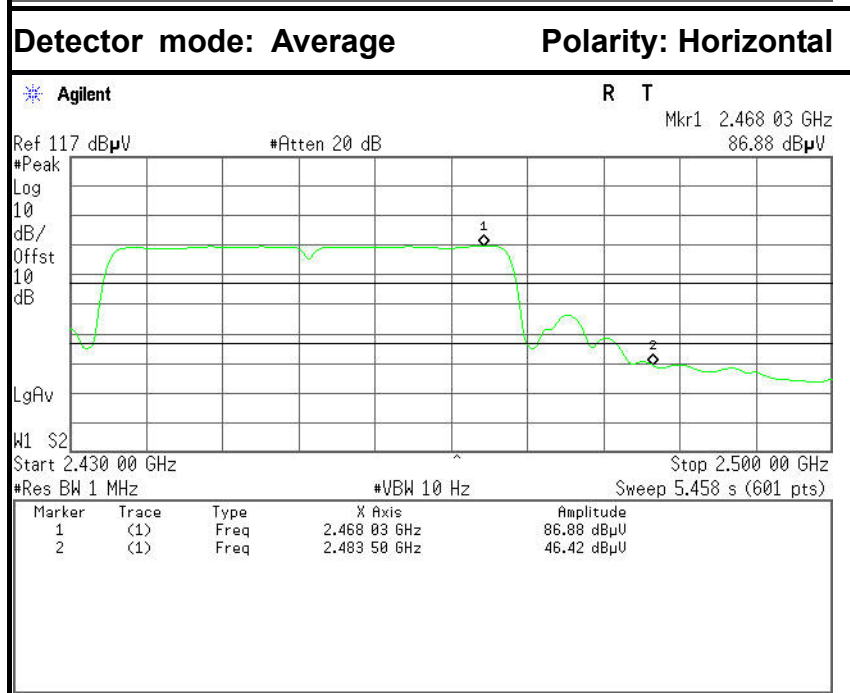
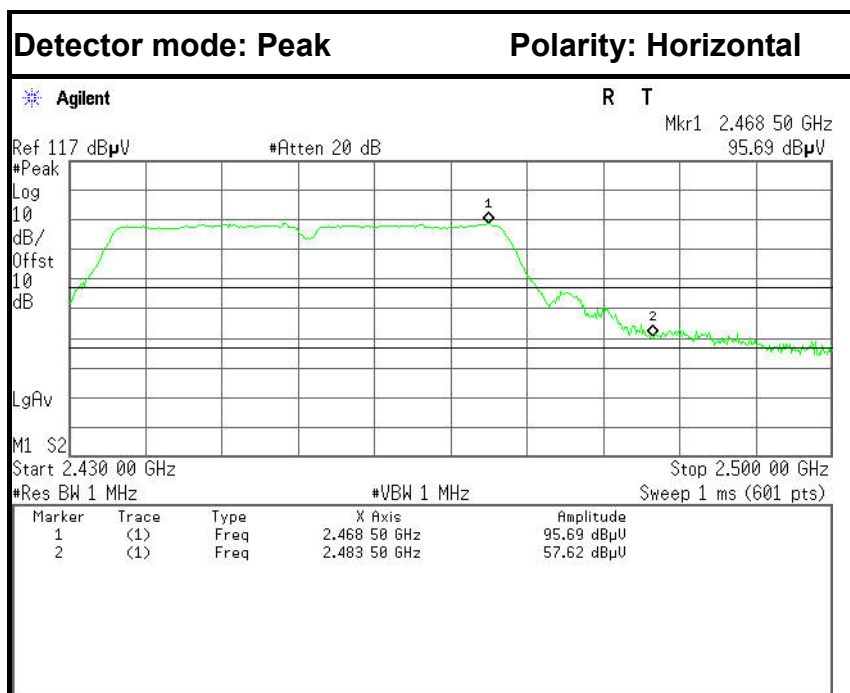
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Corrected (dB)	Result (dBuV)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Antenna Pole
1	2390.0000	56.60	-6.60	63.20	74.00	-10.80	Peak	Horizontal
2	2390.0000	39.22	-6.60	45.82	54.00	-8.18	Average	Horizontal



Band Edges (CH High)



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBμV)	Corrected (dB)	Result (dBμV)	Limit (dBμV)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Antenna Pole
1	2483.5000	50.67	-6.24	56.91	74.00	-17.09	Peak	Vertical
2	2483.5000	38.61	-6.24	44.85	54.00	-9.15	Average	Vertical



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Corrected (dB)	Result (dBuV)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Antenna Pole
1	2483.5000	51.38	-6.24	57.62	74.00	-16.38	Peak	Horizontal
2	2483.5000	40.18	-6.24	46.42	54.00	-7.58	Average	Horizontal



7.6. PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY MEASUREMENT

7.6.1. LIMITS

According to §15.247(e), for digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.

According to §15.247(f), the digital modulation operation of the hybrid system, with the frequency hopping turned off, shall comply with the power density requirements of paragraph (d) of this section.

7.6.2. TEST INSTRUMENTS

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Last Calibration	Calibration Due
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9010A	MY52221469	10/25/2013	10/24/2014

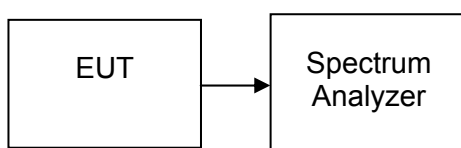
7.6.3. TEST PROCEDURES (please refer to measurement standard)

§15.247(e) specifies a conducted power spectral density (PSD) limit of 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band segment within the fundamental EBW during any time interval of continuous transmission. The same method as used to determine the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density (i.e., if peak-detected fundamental power was measured then use the peak PSD procedure and if average fundamental power was measured then use the average PSD procedure).

10.2 Method PKPSD (peak PSD)

1. Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
2. Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.
3. Set the RBW to: $3 \text{ kHz} \leq \text{RBW} \leq 100 \text{ kHz}$.
4. Set the VBW $\geq 3 \times \text{RBW}$.
5. Detector = peak.
6. Sweep time = auto couple.
7. Trace mode = max hold.
8. Allow trace to fully stabilize.
9. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.
10. If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 kHz) and repeat.

7.6.4. TEST SETUP





7.6.5. TEST RESULTS

No non-compliance noted

Test Data

Test mode: IEEE 802.11b

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	PPSD (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Test Result
Low	2412	-8.53	8	PASS
Mid	2437	-8.57		PASS
High	2462	-7.66		PASS

Test mode: IEEE 802.11g

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	PPSD (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Test Result
Low	2412	-9.33	8	PASS
Mid	2437	-9.01		PASS
High	2462	-8.54		PASS

Test mode: IEEE 802.11n HT20 MHz

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	PPSD (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Test Result
Low	2412	-9.50	8	PASS
Mid	2437	-9.06		PASS
High	2462	-8.64		PASS

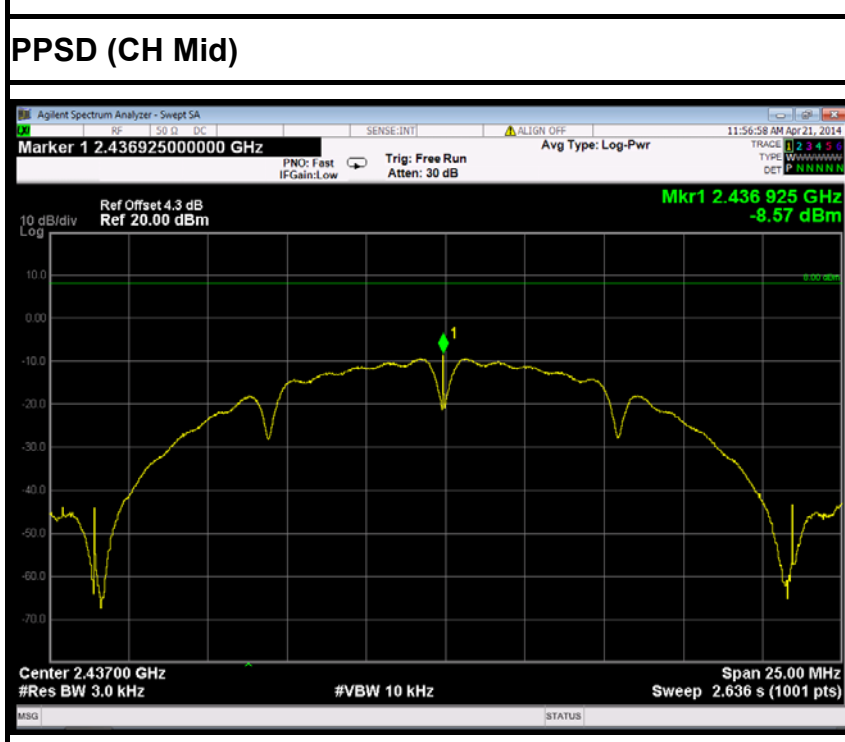
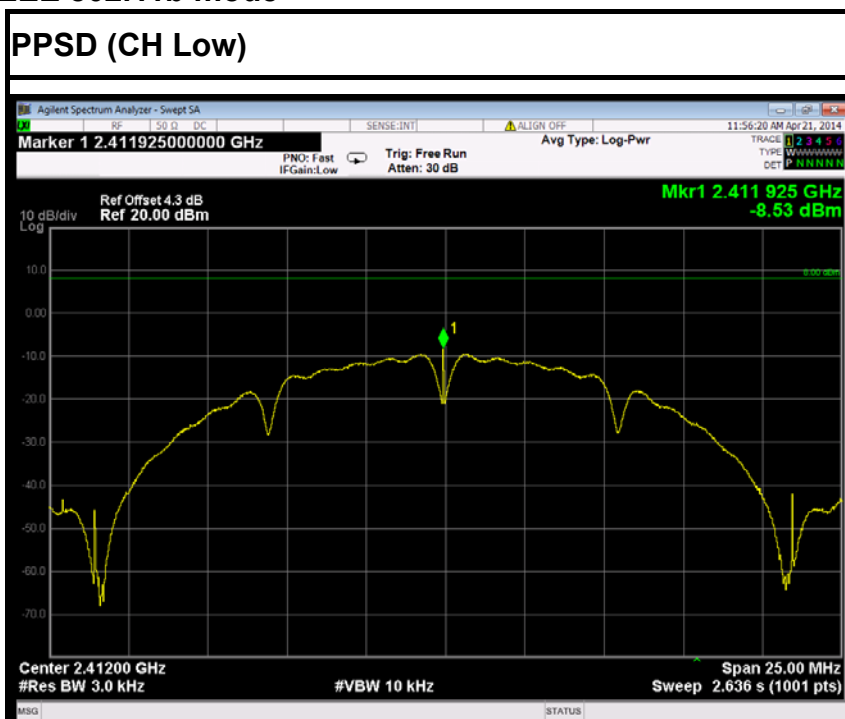
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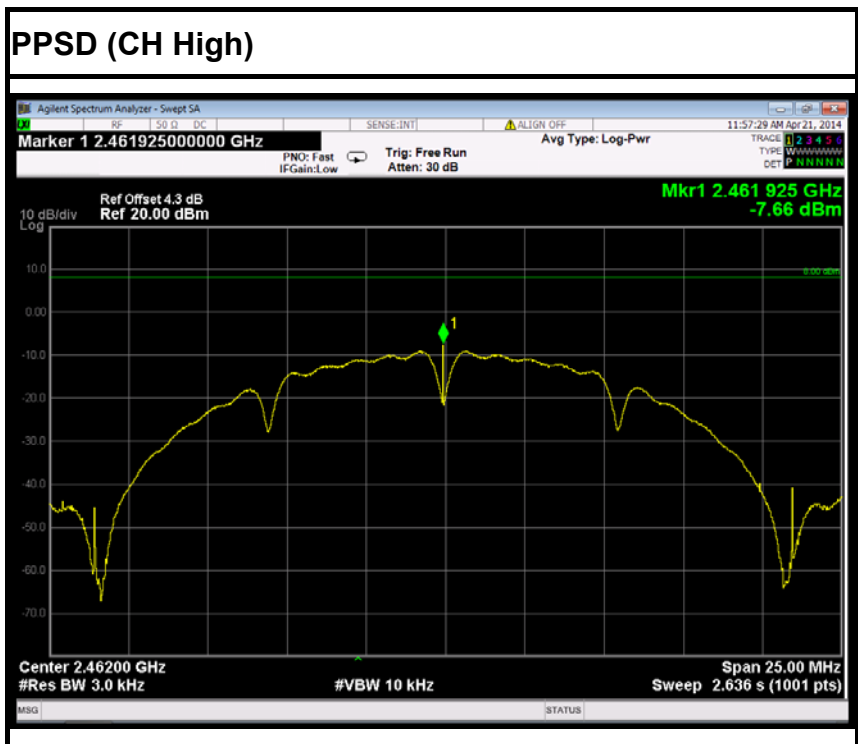
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	PPSD (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Test Result
Low	2422	-9.49	8	PASS
Mid	2437	-9.26		PASS
High	2452	-9.06		PASS



Test Plot

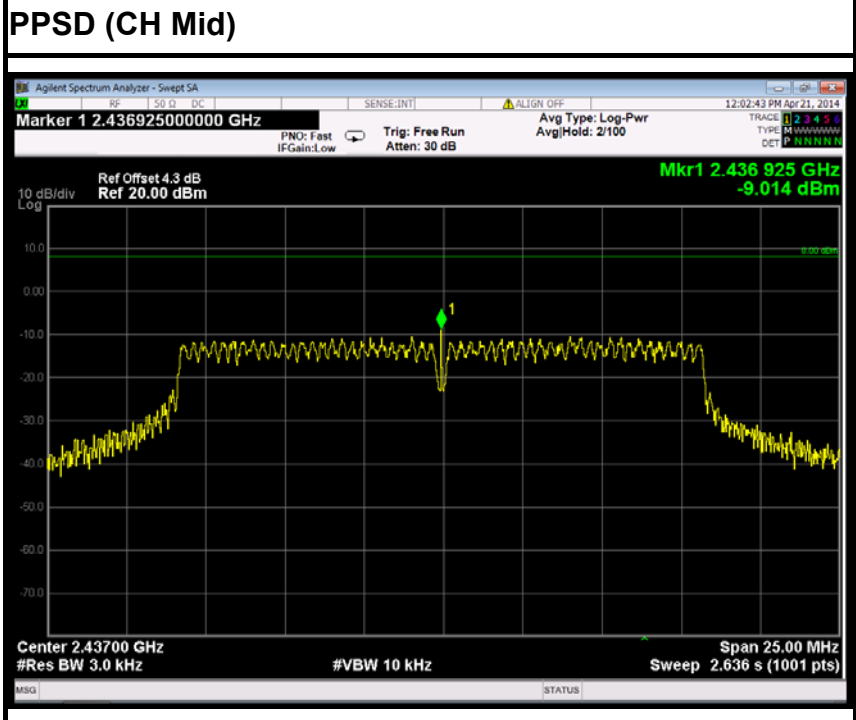
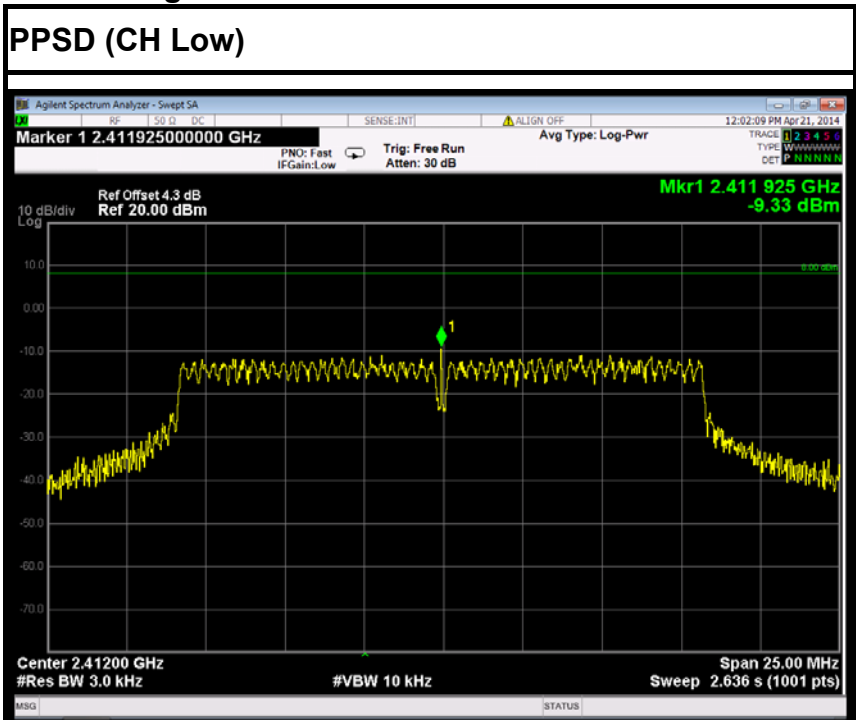
IEEE 802.11b mode

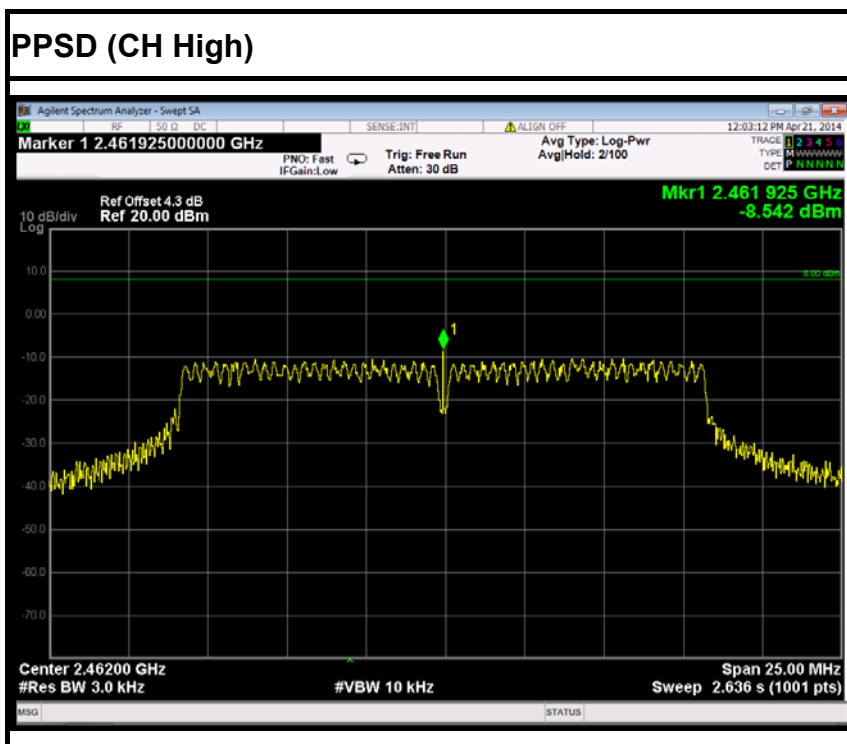






IEEE 802.11g mode

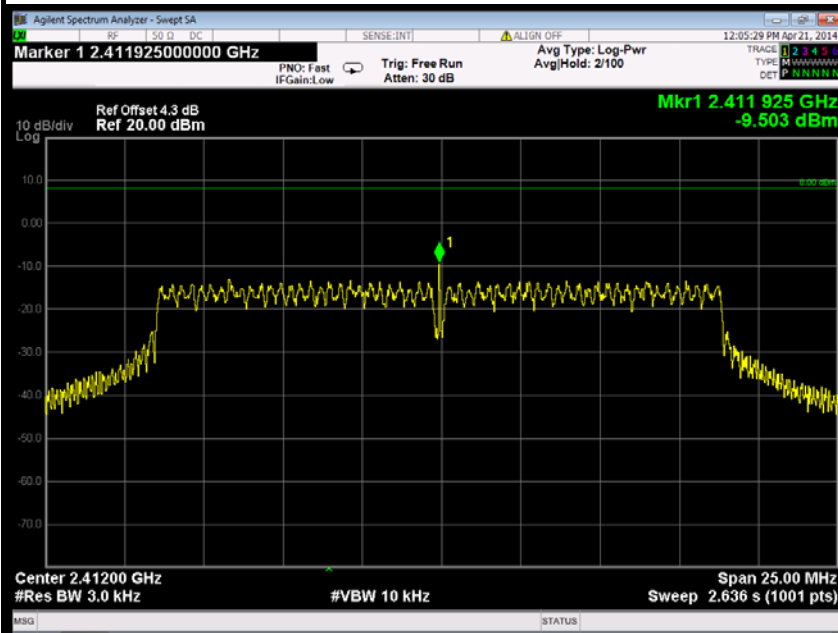




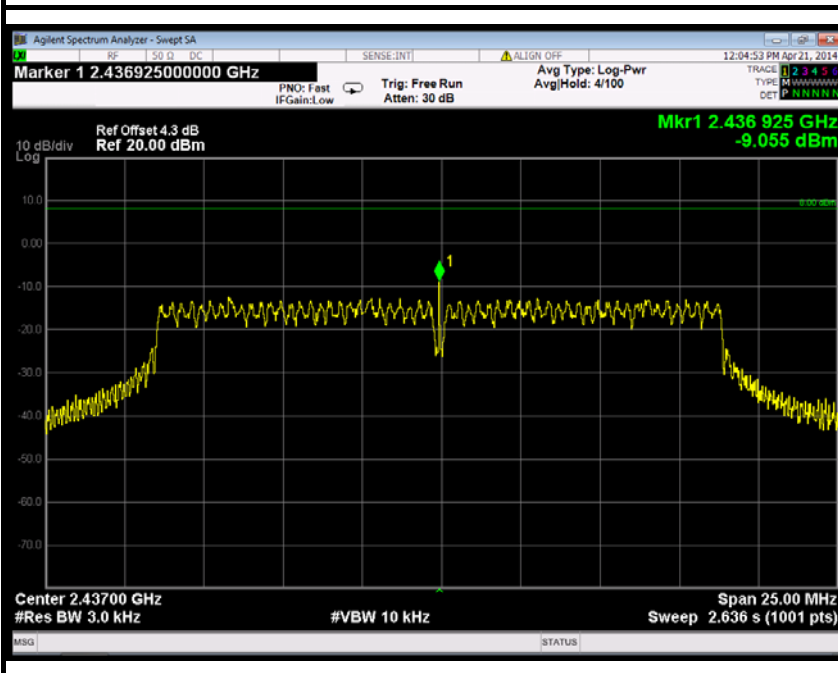


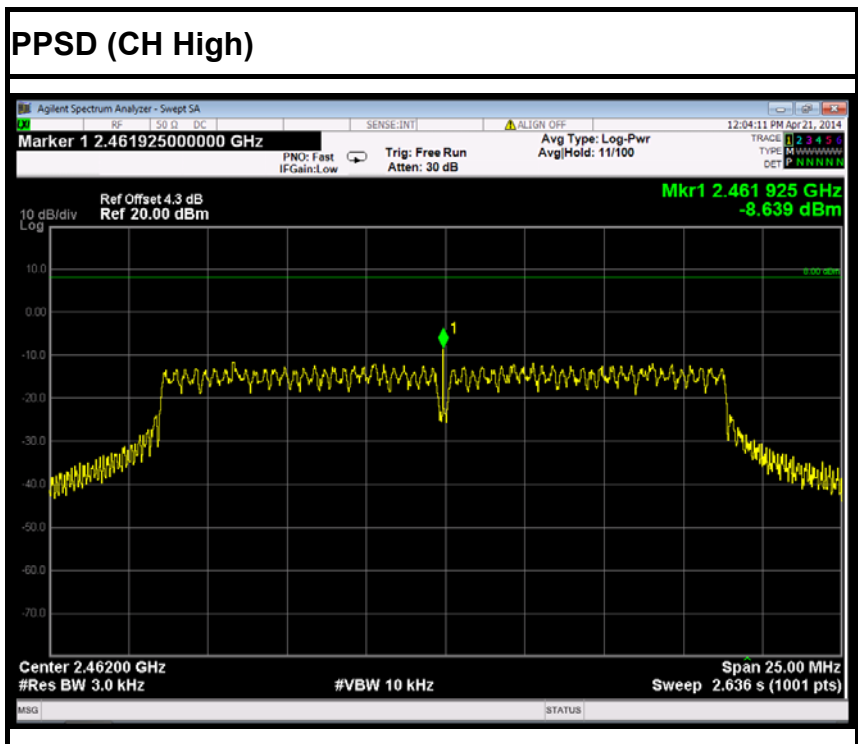
IEEE 802.11n HT20 MHz mode

PPSD (CH Low)



PPSD (CH Mid)

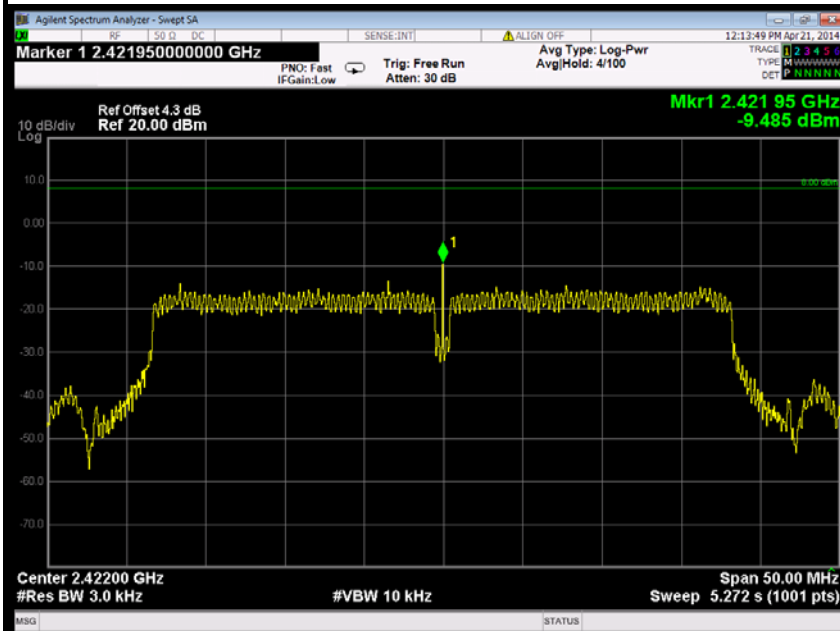






IEEE 802.11n HT40 MHz mode

PPSD (CH Low)



PPSD (CH Mid)

