

February 8, 2011

Firetide 140 Knowles Drive Los Gatos, CA 95032

Dear Bharath Channakeshava,

Enclosed is the EMC Wireless test report for compliance testing of the Firetide, HotPoint 4100 and FWB-102 as tested to the requirements of Title 47 of the CFR, Ch. 1 (10-1-06 ed.), Part 15, Subpart B, ICES-003, Issue 4 February 2004 for a Class B Digital Device and FCC Part 15 Subpart C, RSS-210, Issue 7, June 2007 for Intentional Radiators.

Thank you for using the services of MET Laboratories, Inc. If you have any questions regarding these results or if MET can be of further service to you, please feel free to contact me.

Sincerely yours, MET LABORATORIES, INC.

Jennifer Warnell Documentation Department

Reference: (\Firetide\EMCS81960A-FCC247 Rev. 1)

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#### Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria Test Report

for the

Firetide HotPoint 4100 and FWB-102

**Tested under** the FCC Certification Rules contained in Title 47 of the CFR, Parts 15 Subpart B & ICES-003 for Class B Digital Devices & 15.247 Subpart C & RSS-210, Issue 7, June 2007 for Intentional Radiators

#### MET Report: EMCS81960A-FCC247 Rev. 1

February 8, 2011

**Prepared For:** 

Firetide 140 Knowles Drive Los Gatos, CA 95032

> Prepared By: MET Laboratories, Inc. 3162 Belick St. Santa Clara, CA 95054



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Tested under the FCC Certification Rules contained in Title 47 of the CFR, Parts 15 Subpart B & ICES-003 for Class B Digital Devices & 15.247 Subpart C & RSS-210, Issue 7, June 2007 for Intentional Radiators

Minh Ly, Project Engineer Electromagnetic Compatibility Lab

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Jennifer Warnell Documentation Department

**Engineering Statement:** The measurements shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures indicated, and the emissions from this equipment were found to be within the limits applicable. I assume full responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of these measurements, and for the qualifications of all persons taking them. It is further stated that upon the basis of the measurements made, the equipment tested is capable of operation in accordance with the requirements of the FCC Rules Parts 15B, 15.247 and Industry Canada standards ICES-003, Issue 4 February 2004, RSS-210, Issue 7, June 2007 under normal use and maintenance.

Shawn McMillen, Wireless Manager, Electromagnetic Compatibility Lab



#### **Report Status Sheet**

Revision	Report Date	Reason for Revision	
Ø	February 17, 2010	Initial Issue.	
1	February 8, 2011	Revised to reflect engineer corrections and add additional model number.	



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	Alternating Current
	Antenna Correction Factor
	Calibration
	Measurement Distance
dB I	Decibels
dBμA I	Decibels above one microamp
•	Decibels above one microvolt
dBμA/m I	Decibels above one microamp per meter
dBµV/m I	Decibels above one microvolt per meter
DC I	Direct Current µ
E	Electric Field
DSL	Digital Subscriber Line
ESD	Electrostatic Discharge
EUT	Equipment Under Test
f	Frequency
FCC	Federal Communications Commission
GRP	Ground Reference Plane
H	Magnetic Field
HCP I	Horizontal Coupling Plane
Hz	Hertz
IEC	International Electrotechnical Commission
kHz	kilohertz
kPa k	kilopascal
kV	kilovolt
LISN	Line Impedance Stabilization Network
MHz	Megahertz
μ <b>H</b> r	microhenry
μ	microfarad
μs r	microseconds
NEBS	Network Equipment-Building System
	Pulse Repetition Frequency
	Radio Frequency
RMS	Root-Mean-Square
	Traveling Wave Tube
	Volts per meter
	Vertical Coupling Plane

#### List of Terms and Abbreviations



## I. Executive Summary



#### A. Purpose of Test

An EMC evaluation was performed to determine compliance of the Firetide HotPoint 4100 and FWB-102, with the requirements of Part 15, §15.247. All references are to the most current version of Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations in effect. In accordance with §2.1033, the following data is presented in support of the Certification of the HotPoint 4100 and FWB-102. Firetide should retain a copy of this document which should be kept on file for at least two years after the manufacturing of the HotPoint 4100 and FWB-102, has been **permanently** discontinued.

#### **B.** Executive Summary

The following tests were conducted on a sample of the equipment for the purpose of demonstrating compliance with Part 15, §15.247, in accordance with Firetide, purchase order number 2532. All tests were conducted using measurement procedure ANSI C63.4-2003.

FCC Reference 47 CFR Part 15.247:2005	IC Reference RSS-210 Issue 7: 2007	<b>Description</b> Complian	
47 CFR Part 15.107 (a)	RSS-210 Issue 7: 2007	Conducted Emission Limits for a Class B Digital Device	Compliant
47 CFR Part 15.109 (a)	RSS-210 Issue 7: 2007	Radiated Emission Limits for a Class B Digital Device	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.203	N/A	Antenna Requirement	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.207(a)	RSS-210(7.2.2)	Conducted Emission Voltage	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(a)(1)	RSS-210(A8.1)	Occupied Bandwidth Compliant	
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(b)	RSS-210(A8.4)	RF Output Power	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.209, §15.247(d)	RSS-210(A8.5)	Radiated Spurious Emissions Compliant	
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.205	RSS-210(A8.5)	Emissions at Restricted Band	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.209, §15.247(d)	RSS-210(A8.5)	Conducted Spurious Emissions	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15; §15.247(e)	RSS-210(A8.3)	Power Spectral Density Compliant	
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(i)	RSS-Gen(5.5)	Maximum Permissible Exposure Compliant	
N/A	RSS-Gen(4.8)	Receiver Spurious Emissions Compliant	

 Table 1. Executive Summary of EMC Part 15.247 ComplianceTesting



## **II.** Equipment Configuration



#### A. Overview

MET Laboratories, Inc. was contracted by Firetide to perform testing on the HotPoint 4100 and FWB-102, under Firetide's purchase order number 2532.

This document describes the test setups, test methods, required test equipment, and the test limit criteria used to perform compliance testing of the Firetide, HotPoint 4100 and FWB-102.

Model(s) Tested:	HotPoint 4100		
Model(s) Covered:	HotPoint 4100 and FWB-102		
	Primary Power: 115VAC	, 100mA	
	FCC ID: REP-4100-1 IC ID: 4988A-4100		
EUT	Type of Modulations:	DSSS, OFDM	
Specifications:	Equipment Code:	DTS	
	Peak RF Output Power:	: 26.53dBm (2.4GHz); 29.57dBm (5GHz)	
	EUT Frequency Ranges: 2412-2462MHz; 5745-5825MHz		
Analysis:	The results obtained relate only to the item(s) tested.		
	Temperature: 15-35° C		
Environmental Test Conditions:	Relative Humidity: 30-60%		
	Barometric Pressure: 860-1060 mbar		
Evaluated by:	Minh Ly		
Report Date(s):	February 8, 2011		

The results obtained relate only to the item(s) tested.

 Table 2. EUT Summary Table



#### **B.** References

CFR 47, Part 15, Subpart CFederal Communication Commission, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 15: General Rules and Regulations, Allocation, Assignment, an Radio Frequencies		
RSS-210, Issue 7, June 2007	Low-power Licence-exempt Radiocommunications Devices (All Frequency Bands): Category I Equipment	
CFR 47, Part 15, Subpart B	Electromagnetic Compatibility: Criteria for Radio Frequency Devices	
ICES-003, Issue 4 February 2004	Electromagnetic Compatibility: Criteria for Radio Frequency Devices	
ANSI C63.4:2003 Methods and Measurements of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical And Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz		
ANSI/NCSL Z540-1-1994 Calibration Laboratories and Measuring and Test Equipment - General Requirements		
ANSI/ISO/IEC 17025:2000 General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories		

#### Table 3. References

#### C. Test Site

All testing was performed at MET Laboratories, Inc., 3162 Belick St., Santa Clara, CA 95054. All equipment used in making physical determinations is accurate and bears recent traceability to the National Institute of Standards and Technology.

Radiated Emissions measurements were performed in a 10 meter semi-anechoic chamber (equivalent to an Open Area Test Site). In accordance with §2.948(a)(3), a complete site description is contained at MET Laboratories.

#### **D. Description of Test Sample**

The Firetide HotPoint 4100 and FWB-102, Equipment Under Test (EUT), is an Indoor Wireless Access Point (802.11 a/g modes) with diversity (I.E Two antenna ports)



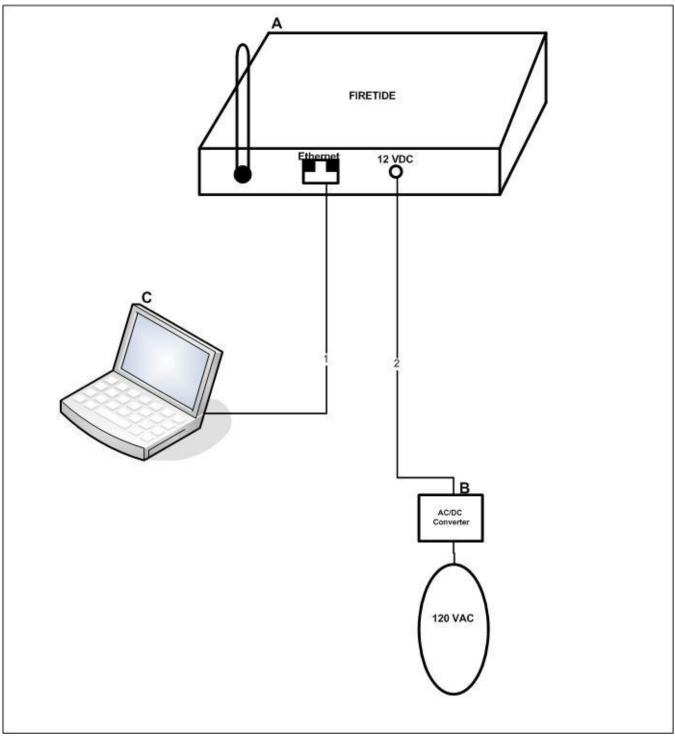


Figure 1. Block Diagram of Test Configuration



#### E. Equipment Configuration

The EUT was set up as outlined in Figure 1, Block Diagram of Test Setup. All cards, racks, etc., incorporated as part of the EUT is included in the following list.

Name / Description	Model Number	Serial Number
Hot Client 4100 AP	4100	M12150705000591
AC/DC Power Supply (PHIHONG)	PSA-18R-12oP	N/A

#### Table 4. Equipment Configuration

#### F. Support Equipment

Support equipment necessary for the operation and testing of the EUT is included in the following list.

Ref. ID	Name / Description	Name / Description         Manufacturer         Model Number		Serial Number	
С	Laptop	DELL	D500	CN-044212-48643	
	2.4GHz Dipole	Wha Yu	C812-510010	N/A	
	4.9 -5.8GHz Dipole Wha Yu C812-510012		N/A		

 Table 5. Support Equipment

#### G. Ports and Cabling Information

Ref. ID	Port name on EUT	Cable Description or reason for no cable	Qty.	Length (m)	Shielded (Y/N)	Termination Box ID & Port ID
А	DC PWR	PWR Cord From AC/DC Brick	1	1	No	
В	Ethernet	RJ45	1	3	No	Laptop

 Table 6. Ports and Cabling Information



#### H. Mode of Operation

EUT is controlled via a laptop computer. EUT has atheros ART firmware loaded.

#### I. Method of Monitoring EUT Operation

IP Connectivity. EUT has a fixed IP address of 192.168.1.20

#### J. Modifications

#### a) Modifications to EUT

The following modifications were made for Radiated Emissions testing: Added 0.47 uF at C29 to fix 30M to 300MHz range. Added 33 pF at C9 and C18 to fix 500M and 541MHz

#### b) Modifications to Test Standard

No modifications were made to the test standard.

#### K. Disposition of EUT

The test sample including all support equipment submitted to the Electro-Magnetic Compatibility Lab for testing was returned to Firetide upon completion of testing.



### **III.Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria** for Unintentional Radiators



#### **Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Unintentional Radiators**

#### § 15.107 Conducted Emissions Limits

## **Test Requirement(s): 15.107 (a)** Except for Class A digital devices, for equipment that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in Table 7. Compliance with this provision shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminals.

**15.107** (b) For a Class A digital device that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in Table 7. Compliance with this provision shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminals. The lower limit applies at the band edges.

**15.207(a)**, Except as shown in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section\*, charging, AC adapters or battery eliminators the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the Table 7, as measured using a 50  $\mu$ H/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequencies ranges.

Frequency range	Class A Cond (dB)		*Class B Conducted Limits (dBµV)		
(MHz)	Quasi-Peak	Average	Quasi-Peak	Average	
* 0.15- 0.45	79	66	66 - 56	56 - 46	
0.45 - 0.5	79	66	56	46	
0.5 - 30	73	60	60	50	

Note 1 — The lower limit shall apply at the transition frequencies.

Note 2 — The limit decreases linearly with the logarithm if the frequency in the range 0.15 MHz to 0.5 MHz. \* -- Limits per Subsection 15.207(a).

#### Table 7. Conducted Limits for Radio Frequency Devices calculated from FCC Part 15Subsections 15.107(a) (b) and 15.207(a)

**Test Results:** The EUT was found compliant with the Class A requirement(s) of this section. Measured emissions were below applicable limits.

Test Engineer(s): Minh Ly

Test Date(s): October 23, 2007



#### Conducted Emissions - Voltage, AC Power, Phase Line (110 VAC, 60 Hz)

FREQ. (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV) QP	Limit (dBuV) QP	Results QP	Margin (dB) QP	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV) AVG	Limit (dBuV) AVG	Results AVG	Margin (dB) AVG
0.21	42.04	63.21	PASS	-21.17	38.43	53.21	PASS	-14.78
0.28	35.9	60.82	PASS	-24.92	31.48	50.82	PASS	-19.34
3.55	28.72	56	PASS	-27.28	22.37	46	PASS	-23.63

 Table 8. Conducted Emissions - Voltage, AC Power, Phase Line (110 VAC, 60 Hz)

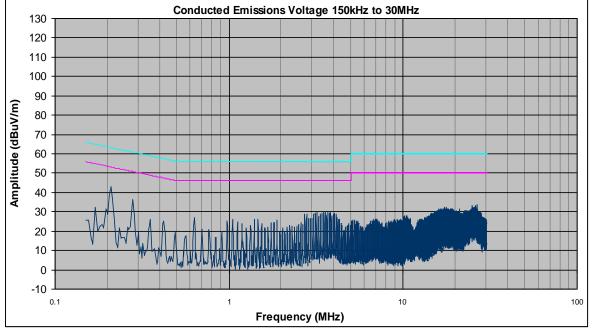
#### Conducted Emissions - Voltage, AC Power, Neutral Line (110 VAC, 60 Hz)

FREQ. (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV) QP	Limit (dBuV) QP	Results QP	Margin (dB) QP	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV) AVG	Limit (dBuV) AVG	Results AVG	Margin (dB) AVG
0.21	42.29	63.21	PASS	-20.92	38.58	53.21	PASS	-14.63
0.28	37.42	60.82	PASS	-23.4	34.1	50.82	PASS	-16.72
3.135	29.78	56	PASS	-26.22	20.98	46	PASS	-25.02

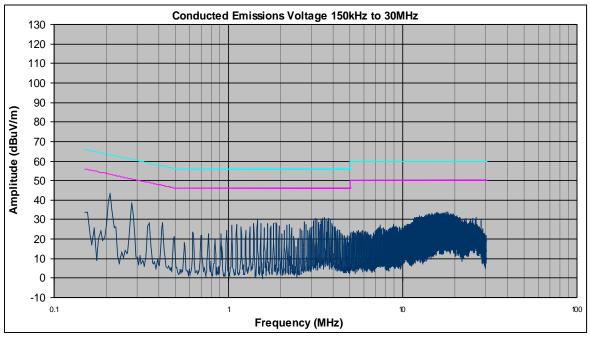
 Table 9. Conducted Emissions - Voltage, AC Power, Neutral Line (110 VAC, 60 Hz)



#### Conducted Emissions - Voltage, Worst Case Emissions, AC Power, (110 VAC, 60 Hz)



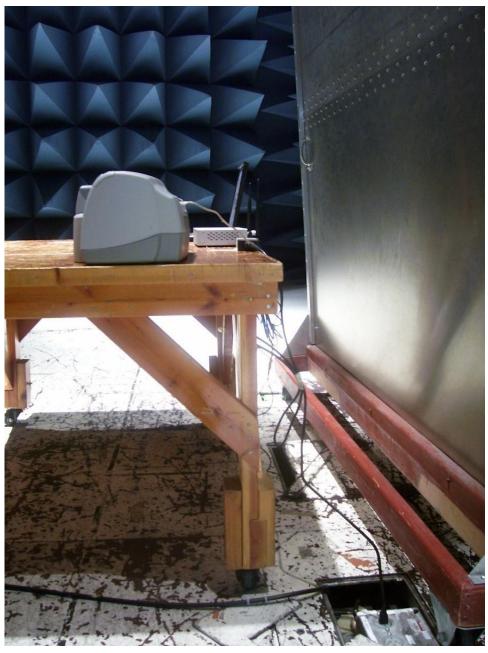




**Conducted Emission, Neutral Line Plots** 



#### **Conducted Emission Limits Test Setup**



Photograph 1. Conducted Emissions, Test Setup



#### **Radiated Emission Limits**

#### § 15.109 Radiated Emissions Limits

## **Test Requirement(s):** 15.109 (a) Except for Class A digital devices, the field strength of radiated emissions from unintentional radiators at a distance of 3 meters shall not exceed the Class B limits expressed in Table 10.

**15.109** (b) The field strength of radiated emissions from a Class A digital device, as determined at a distance of 10 meters, shall not exceed the Class A limits expressed in Table 10.

	Field Strengt	h (dBµV/m)
Frequency (MHz)	§15.109 (b), Class A Limit (dBμV) @ 10m	§15.109 (a),Class Β Limit (dBμV) @ 3m
30 - 88	39.00	40.00
88 - 216	43.50	43.50
216 - 960	46.40	46.00
Above 960	49.50	54.00

 Table 10. Radiated Emissions Limits calculated from FCC Part 15, §15.109 (a) (b)

**Test Procedures:** The EUT was placed on a 0.8m-high wooden table inside a semi-anechoic chamber. The method of testing and test conditions of ANSI C63.4 were used. An antenna was located 10 m from the EUT on an adjustable mast. A pre-scan was first performed in order to find prominent radiated emissions. For final emissions measurements at each frequency of interest, the EUT was rotated and the antenna height was varied between 1 m and 4 m in order to maximize the emission. Measurements in both horizontal and vertical polarities were made and the data was recorded. Unless otherwise specified, measurements were made using a quasi-peak detector with a 120 kHz bandwidth.

**Test Results:** The EUT was found Compliant with the Class B requirement(s) of this section. Measured emissions were below applicable limits

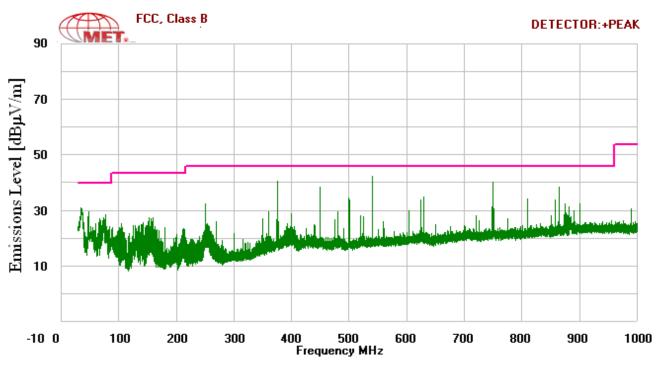
- Test Engineer(s): Caroline Reynolds
- Test Date(s): January 7, 2008



Frequency (MHz)	Antenna Polarity	EUT Azimuth (Degrees)	Antenna Height (cm)	Uncorrected Amplitude (dBµV)	ACF (dB/m)	CBL (dB)	Corrected Amplitude (dBµV)	Limit (dBµV)	Margin (dB)
77.04	V	360	100	20.05	5.926	0.539	26.515	40	-13.485
375.02	Н	69	100	21.55	16.1	1.13	38.78	46	-7.22
449.98	V	83	100	19.43	16.799	1.075	37.304	46	-8.696
539.98	V	154	203	18.02	18.4	1.4	37.82	46	-8.18
750	Н	263	100	16.91	21.7	1.43	40.04	46	-5.96
865.02	V	58	122	15.03	21.9	1.553	38.483	46	-7.517

#### **Radiated Emissions Limits Test Results, Class B**

Table 11. Radiated Emissions Limits Test Results, 30 MHz - 1 GHz



Radiated Emissions Limits Test Results, 30 MHz – 1 GHz, Class B

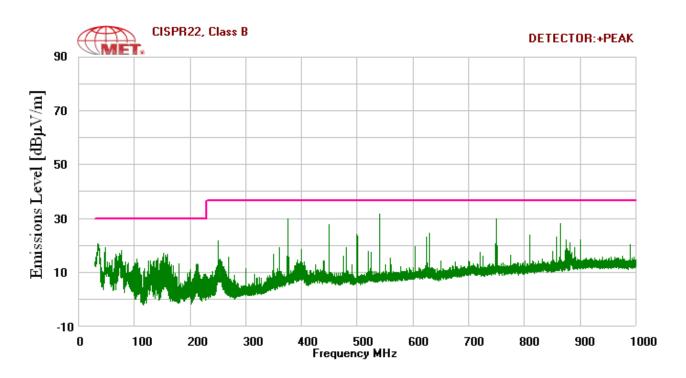


Frequency (MHz)	Antenna Polarity	EUT Azimuth (Degrees)	Antenna Height (cm)	Uncorrected Amplitude (dBµV)	ACF (dB/m)	Pre Amp Gain (dB)	CBL (dB)	DCF (dB)	Corrected Amplitude (dBµV)	Limit (dBµV)	Margin (dB)
539.98	V	154	203	18.02	18.4	0	1.4	-10.46	27.36	37	-9.64
449.98	V	83	100	19.43	16.799	0	1.075	-10.46	26.844	37	-10.156
865.02	V	58	122	15.03	21.9	0	1.553	-10.46	28.023	37	-8.977
77.04	V	360	100	20.05	5.926	0	0.539	-10.46	16.055	30	-13.945
375.02	Н	69	100	21.55	16.1	0	1.13	-10.46	28.32	37	-8.68
750	Н	263	100	16.91	21.7	0	1.43	-10.46	29.58	37	-7.42

#### Radiated Emissions Limits Test Results, Class B

#### Table 12. Radiated Emissions Limits, Test Results, ICES-003 Limits

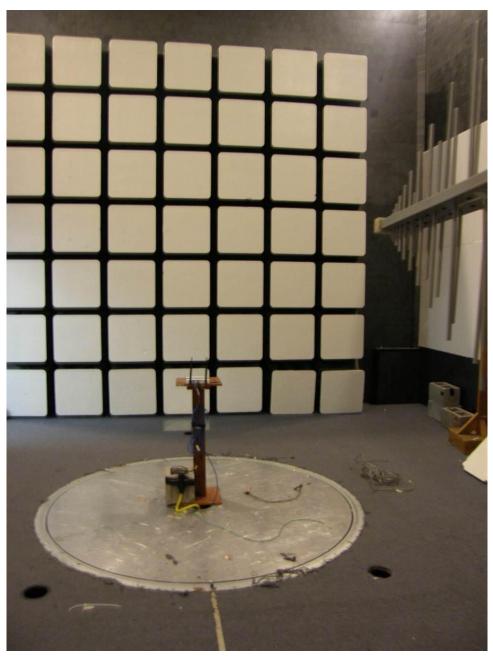
Note 1: The EUT was tested at 3 m.



Plot 1. Radiated Emissions, 30MHz - 1GHz ICES-003 Limits



#### **Radiated Emission Limits Test Setup**



Photograph 2. Radiated Emission, Test Setup 30MHz – 1GHz



# IV. Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators



#### **Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators**

#### § 15.203 Antenna Requirement

**Test Requirement:** § 15.203: An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.

The structure and application of the EUT were analyzed to determine compliance with Section 15.203 of the Rules. Section 15.203 states that the subject device must meet at least one of the following criteria:

- a.) Antenna must be permanently attached to the unit.
- b.) Antenna must use a unique type of connector to attach to the EUT.

c.) Unit must be professionally installed. Installer shall be responsible for verifying that the correct antenna is employed with the unit.

**Results:** The EUT as tested meets the criteria of this rule by virtue of having professionally installed. The EUT is therefore compliant with §15.203.

Gain	Frequency	Туре	Model	Manufacturer
5dBi	2.4GHz	Omni	C812-510010	Wha Yu
8dBi	2.4GHz	Panel	HG2409P	HyperLink Technologies
5dBi	5.8GHz	Omni	C812-510012	Wha Yu

#### Table 13. Antenna List

**Test Engineer(s):** Minh Ly



#### **Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators**

#### § 15.207 Conducted Emissions Limits

**Test Requirement(s):** § 15.207 (a): For an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50  $\mu$ H/50  $\Omega$  line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

Frequency range	§ 15.207(a), Cond	ucted Limit (dBµV)		
(MHz)	Quasi-Peak	Average		
* 0.15- 0.45	66 - 56	56 - 46		
0.45 - 0.5	56	46		
0.5 - 30	60	50		

Table 14. Conducted Limits for Intentional Radiators from FCC Part 15 § 15.207(a)

**Test Procedure:** The EUT was placed on a 0.8 m-high wooden table inside a semi-anechoic chamber. The EUT was situated such that the back of the EUT was 0.4 m from one wall of the vertical ground plane, and the remaining sides of the EUT were no closer than 0.8 m from any other conductive surface. The EUT was powered from a 50  $\Omega/50 \mu$ H Line Impedance Stabilization Network (LISN). The EMC receiver scanned the frequency range from 150 kHz to 30 MHz. Conducted Emissions measurements were made in accordance with ANSI C63.4-1992 "Methods and Measurements of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9kHz to 40 GHz". The measurements were performed over the frequency range of 0.15 MHz to 30 MHz using a 50  $\Omega/50 \mu$ H LISN as the input transducer to an EMC/field intensity meter. The tests were conducted in a RF-shielded enclosure.

- **Test Results:** The EUT was found compliant with the requirement(s) of this section. Measured emissions were below applicable limits.
- Test Engineer(s): Minh Ly
- Test Date(s): October 23, 2007



#### Conducted Emissions - Voltage, AC Power, (110 VAC, 60 Hz)

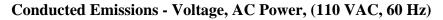
FREQ. (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV) QP	Limit (dBuV) QP	Results QP	Margin (dB) QP	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV) AVG	Limit (dBuV) AVG	Results AVG	Margin (dB) AVG
0.21	43.54	63.21	PASS	-19.67	39.65	53.21	PASS	-13.56
1.81	23.8	56	PASS	-32.2	17.34	46	PASS	-28.66
3.835	29.21	56	PASS	-26.79	25.5	46	PASS	-20.5

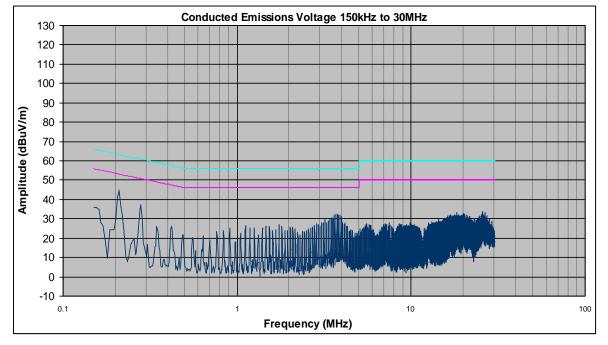
Table 15. Conducted Emissions Test Results, Phase Line

FREQ. (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV) QP	Limit (dBuV) QP	Results QP	Margin (dB) QP	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV) AVG	Limit (dBuV) AVG	Results AVG	Margin (dB) AVG
0.21	44.02	63.21	PASS	-19.19	40.41	53.21	PASS	-12.8
0.28	36.83	60.82	PASS	-23.99	32.87	50.82	PASS	-17.95
3.765	31.89	56	PASS	-24.11	25.59	46	PASS	-20.41

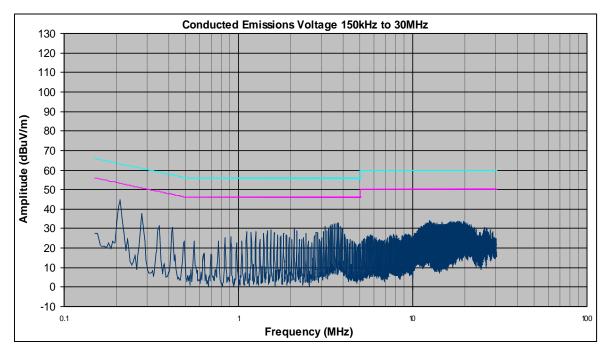
 Table 16. Conducted Emissions Test Results, Neutral Line







Plot 2. Conducted Emissions, Phase Line Plot



Plot 3. Conducted Emissions, Neutral Line Plot



#### **Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators**

#### § 15.247(a) 6 dB and 99% Bandwidth

Test Requirements:	<b>§ 15.247(a):</b> Operation under the provisions of this section is limited to frequency hopping and digitally modulated intentional radiators that comply with the following provisions:		
	For systems using digital modulation techniques, the EUT may operate in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz and 5725-5850 MHz bands. The minimum 6dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.		
Test Procedure:	The transmitter was on and transmitting at the highest output power. The bandwidth of the fundamental frequency was measured with the spectrum analyzer using a RBW approximately 1% of the total emission bandwidth, VBW > RBW. The 6 dB Bandwidth was measured and recorded. The measurements were performed on the low, mid and high channels.		
Test Results	The EUT was compliant with § 15.247 (a).		
	The 6 dB and 99% Bandwidth was determined from the plots on the following pages.		
Test Engineer(s):	Shawn McMillen & Minh Ly		
Test Date(s):	January 26, February 20, 2007 & October 29, 2009		
_			



Block Diagram 1. Occupied Bandwidth Test Setup



#### **Occupied Bandwidth Test Results**

802.11b mode					
Carrier Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Measured 6 dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Measured 99% Bandwidth (MHz)		
Low	2412	12.17	15.4550		
Mid	2437	12.42	15.5681		
High	2462	12.83	15.7510		

#### Table 17. 802.11b Occupied Bandwidth Test Results

802.11g mode					
Carrier Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Measured 6 dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Measured 99% Bandwidth (MHz)		
Low	2412	16.75	16.5773		
Mid	2437	16.92	16.4022		
High	2462	16.83	16.4542		

 Table 18.
 802.11g Occupied Bandwidth Test Results

802.11a mode					
Carrier Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Measured 6 dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Measured 99% Bandwidth (MHz)		
Low	5745	16.03	22.54		
Mid	5785	16.31	21.73		
High	5825	16.02	19.85		

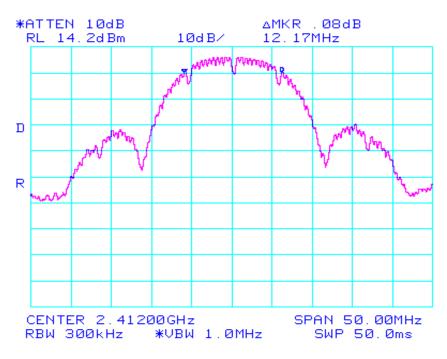
 Table 19.
 802.11a Occupied Bandwidth Test Results



#### Occupied Bandwidth Test Results - 802.11b Mode



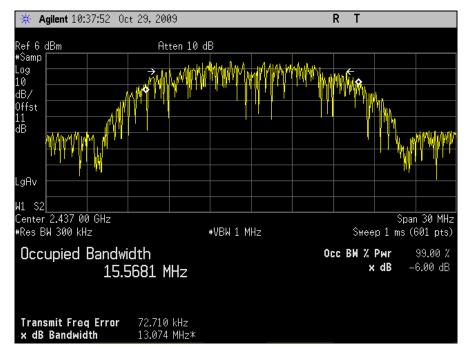
Plot 4. 802.11b Low Channel Occupied Band Width 99%.



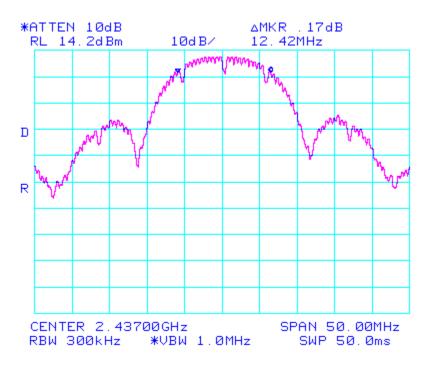
Plot 5. 802.11b Low Channel Occupied Band Width.



#### **Occupied Bandwidth Test Results – 802.11b Mode**



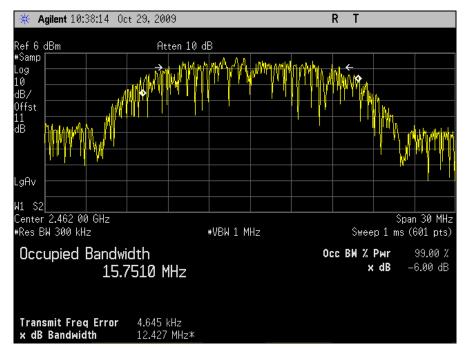
Plot 6. 802.11b Mid Channel Occupied Band Width 99%



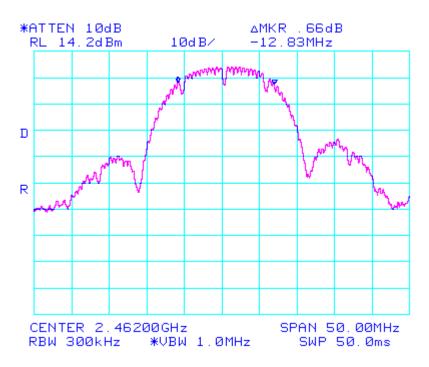




#### **Occupied Bandwidth Test Results – 802.11b Mode**



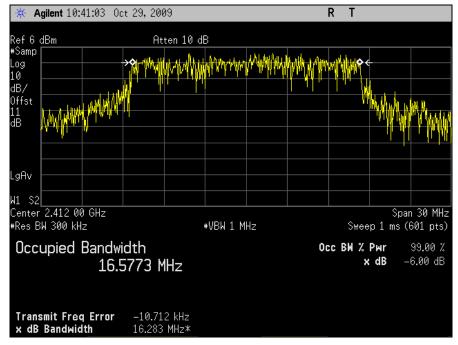
Plot 8. 802.11b High Channel Occupied Band Width 99%



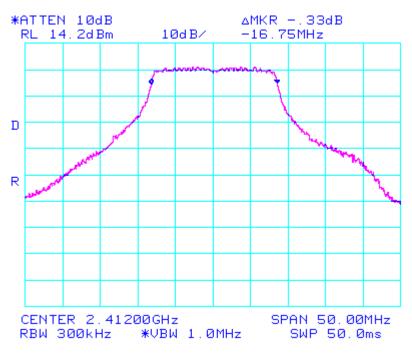
Plot 9. 802.11b High Channel Occupied Band Width



## **Occupied Bandwidth Test Results – 802.11g Mode**



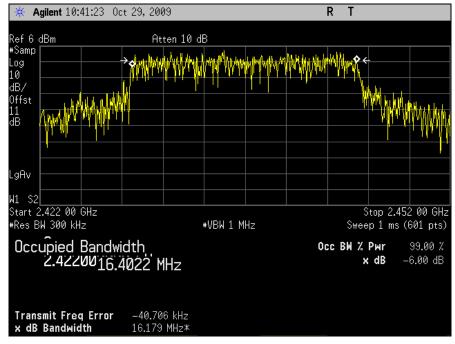
Plot 10. 802.11g Low Channel Occupied Band Width 99%



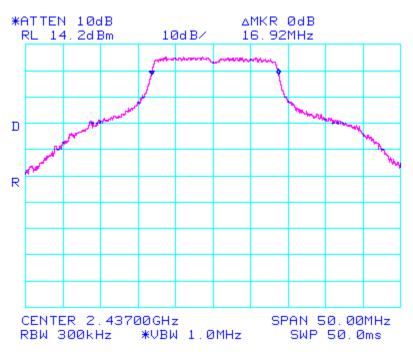
Plot 11. 802.11g Low Channel Occupied Band Width



## Occupied Bandwidth Test Results - 802.11g Mode



Plot 12. 802.11g Mid Channel Occupied Band Width 99%



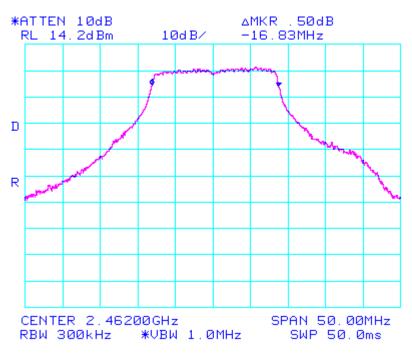
Plot 13. 802.11g Mid Channel Occupied Band Width



## **Occupied Bandwidth Test Results – 802.11g Mode**



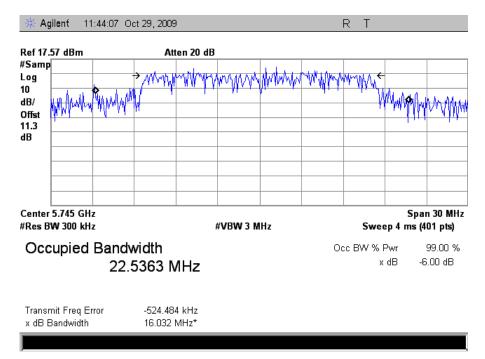
Plot 14. 802.11g High Channel Occupied Band Width 99%



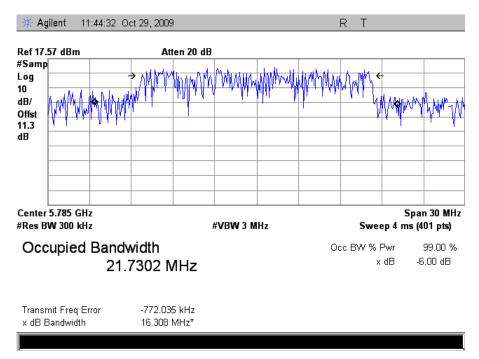
Plot 15. 802.11g High Channel Occupied Band Width



## Occupied Bandwidth Test Results - 802.11a Mode



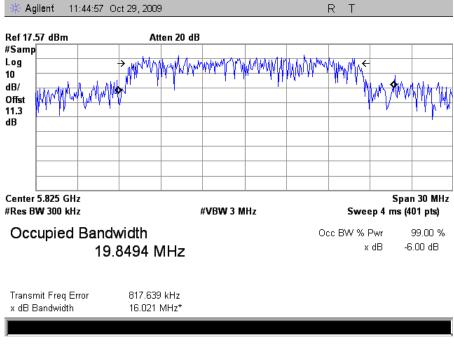
Plot 16. 802.11a, Low Channel Occupied Band Width



Plot 17. 802.11a, Mid Channel Occupied Band Width



## **Occupied Bandwidth Test Results – 802.11a Mode**



Plot 18. 802.11a, High Channel Occupied Band Width



#### **Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators**

#### § 15.247(b) Peak Power Output and RF Exposure

Test Requirements:

**§15.247(b):** The maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following:

Digital Transmission Systems (MHz)	Output Limit (Watts)
902-928	1.000
2400–2483.5	1.000
5725-5850	1.000

 Table 20. Output Power Requirements from §15.247

**§15.247(c):** if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used the peak output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in the Table 20, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

Systems operating in the 2400 - 2483.5 MHz band may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi provided the maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator is reduced by 1 dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

Systems operating in the 5725 - 5850 MHz band that are used exclusively for fixed, point-topoint operations may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter peak output power.

Fixed, point-to-point operation excludes the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple co-located intentional radiators transmitting the same information. The operator of the spread spectrum intentional radiator or, if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer is responsible for ensuring that the system is used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations. The instruction manual furnished with the intentional radiator shall contain language in the installation instructions informing the operator and the installer of this responsibility.

**Test Procedure:** The transmitter was connected to a calibrated spectrum analyzer. The EUT was measured at the low, mid and high channels of each band at the maximum power level.

- Test Results: The EUT was compliant with the Peak Power Output limits of §15.247(b).
- **Test Engineer(s):** Shawn McMillen & Minh Ly
- **Test Date(s):** February 20, 2007 & November 2, 2009



## **Peak Power Output Test Results**

802.11b								
Carrier	Frequency	Measured Peak Output Power						
Channel	(MHz)	dBm						
Low	2412	24.33						
Mid	2437	23.95						
High	2462	23.74						

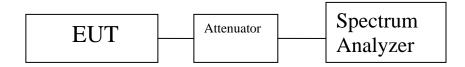
 Table 21.
 802.11b
 Peak Output
 Power
 Test Results

802.11g								
Carrier	Frequency	Measured Peak Output Power						
Channel	(MHz)	dBm						
Low	2412	22.78						
Mid	2437	26.53						
High	2462	22.41						

 Table 22.
 802.11g
 Peak Output
 Power
 Test
 Results

802.11a								
Carrier	Measured Peak Output Power							
Channel	(MHz)	dBm						
Low	5745	25.52						
Mid	5785	29.57						
High	5825	28.40						

 Table 23.
 802.11a
 Peak Output Power Test Results



Block Diagram 2. Peak Power Output Test Setup



## **Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators**

#### § 15.247(b) RF Exposure

RF Exposure Requirements:	<b>§1.1307(b)(1) and §1.1307(b)(2):</b> Systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess of the Commission's guidelines.
RF Radiation Exposure Limit:	<b>§1.1310:</b> As specified in this section, the Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE)

**F Radiation Exposure Limit:** §1.1310: As specified in this section, the Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) Limit shall be used to evaluate the environmental impact of human exposure to radiofrequency (RF) radiation as specified in Sec. 1.1307(b), except in the case of portable devices which shall be evaluated according to the provisions of Sec. 2.1093 of this chapter.

MPE Limit Calculation: EUT's operating frequencies @ 2412-2462 MHz; highest conducted power = 26.5dBm (peak) therefore, Limit for Uncontrolled exposure: 1 mW/cm<sup>2</sup> or 10 W/m<sup>2</sup>

EUT maximum antenna gain = 5 dBi (Omni Antenna)

Equation from page 18 of OET 65, Edition 97-01

 $S = PG / 4\pi R^2$  or  $R = \int PG / 4\pi S$ 

where, S = Power Density (1 mW/cm<sup>2</sup>) P = Power Input to antenna (446.7mW)G = Antenna Gain (3.16 numeric)

 $S = (446.7*3.16/4*3.14*20^2) = (1411.5/5024) = 0.28 \text{ mW/cm}^2$ 

MPE Limit Calculation: EUT's operating frequencies @ 2412-2462 MHz; highest conducted power = 26.5dBm (peak) therefore, Limit for Uncontrolled exposure: 1 mW/cm<sup>2</sup> or 10 W/m<sup>2</sup>

EUT maximum antenna gain = 8 dBi (Panel Antenna)

Equation from page 18 of OET 65, Edition 97-01

 $S = PG / 4\pi R^2 \qquad \text{or} \qquad R = \int PG / 4\pi S$ 

where,  $S = Power Density (1 mW/cm^2)$ 

P = Power Input to antenna (446.7mW) G = Antenna Gain (3.16 numeric)

 $S = (446.7*6.30/4*3.14*20^2) = (2818.383/5024) = 0.56 \text{ mW/cm}^2$ 



MPE Limit Calculation: EUT's operating frequencies @ 5745-5825MHz; highest conducted power = 29.57dBm (peak) therefore, Limit for Uncontrolled exposure: 1 mW/cm<sup>2</sup> or 10 W/m<sup>2</sup>

EUT maximum antenna gain = 5 dBi (Omni Antenna)

where, S = Power Density (1 mW/cm<sup>2</sup>) P = Power Input to antenna (905.7326mW)G = Antenna Gain (3.16 numeric)

 $S = (905.7*3.16/4*3.14*20^2) = (2864.178/5024) = 0.57 \text{ mW/cm}^2$ 



## **Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators**

#### § 15.247(d) Radiated Spurious Emissions Requirements and Band Edge

Test Requirements: §15.247(d); §15.205: Emissions outside the frequency band.

**§15.247(d):** In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in § 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in § 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in § 15.209(a).

**§15.205(a):** Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz	
0.090-0.110	16.42–16.423	399.9–410	4.5–5.15	
<sup>1</sup> 0.495–0.505	16.69475-16.69525	608–614	5.35-5.46	
2.1735–2.1905	16.80425-16.80475	960–1240	7.25–7.75	
4.125-4.128	25.5–25.67	1300–1427	8.025-8.5	
4.17725-4.17775	37.5–38.25	1435–1626.5	9.0–9.2	
4.20725-4.20775	73–74.6	1645.5–1646.5	9.3–9.5	
6.215-6.218	74.8–75.2	1660–1710	10.6–12.7	
6.26775–6.26825	108–121.94	1718.8–1722.2	13.25–13.4	
6.31175–6.31225	123–138	2200–2300	14.47–14.5	
8.291-8.294	149.9–150.05	2310-2390	15.35–16.2	
8.362-8.366	156.52475-156.52525	2483.5-2500	17.7–21.4	
8.37625-8.38675	156.7–156.9	2655–2900	22.01-23.12	
8.41425-8.41475	162.0125–167.17	3260-3267	23.6–24.0	
12.29–12.293	167.72–173.2	3332–3339	31.2–31.8	
12.51975-12.52025	240–285	3345.8–3358 36.	43–36.5	
12.57675-12.57725	322–335.4	3600-4400	( <sup>2</sup> )	

#### Table 24. Restricted Bands of Operation

<sup>1</sup> Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490 - 0.510 MHz.

<sup>2</sup> Above 38.6

# **Test Requirement(s): § 15.209 (a):** Except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in Table 25.

Frequency (MHz)	§ 15.209(a),Radiated Emission Limits (dBµV) @ 3m
30 - 88	40.00
88 - 216	43.50
216 - 960	46.00
Above 960	54.00

Table 25. Radiated Emissions Limits Calculated from FCC Part 15, § 15.209 (a)

**Test Procedures:** The transmitter was turned. Measurements were performed of the low, mid and high Channels. The EUT was rotated orthogonally through all three axes. Plots shown are corrected for both antenna correction factor and distance and compared to a 3 m limit like. Only noise floor was measured above 18 GHz.

- **Test Results:** The EUT was compliant with the Radiated Spurious Emission limits of § 15.247(d).
- **Test Engineer(s):** Shawn McMillen & Minh Ly
- **Test Date(s):** February 14, 2007, November 2, 2007 & October 30, 2009



## § 15.247(d) Harmonic Emissions Requirements – Radiated (802.11b – 5dBi Omni Antenna)

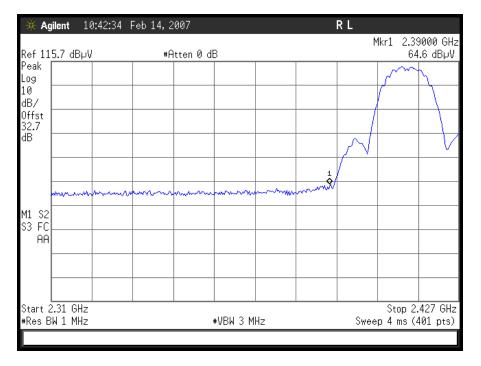
Frequency (MHz)	Receive Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Uncorrected Field strength (dBµV)@ 3m	Preamp (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB)	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Field Strength @ 3m (dBµV)	Limit @ 3m (dBµV)	Margin (dB)	Measurement Type
4824	V	45.5	35.1	33.5	5.2	49.1	74	24.9	pk
4824	V	35.2	35.1	33.5	5.2	38.8	54	15.2	avg
7236	V	50.2	35.1	37.0	6.5	58.6	74	15.4	pk
7236	V	42.4	35.1	37.0	6.5	50.8	54	3.2	avg
9648	V	45.2	35.6	38.5	7.8	55.9	74	18.1	pk
		•		Low Channel	2414MHz				•
Frequency (MHz)	Receive Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Uncorrected Field strength (dBµV)@ 3m	Preamp (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB)	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Field Strength @ 3m (dBµV)	Limit @ 3m (dBµV)	Margin (dB)	Measurement Type
4874	V	44.6	35.1	33.5	5.2	48.2	74	25.8	pk
4874	V	33.0	35.1	33.5	5.2	36.6	54	17.4	avg
7311	V	48.7	35.1	37.0	6.5	57.1	74	16.9	pk
7311	V	40.5	35.1	37.0	6.5	48.9	54	5.1	avg
9748	V	47.1	35.6	38.5	7.8	57.8	74	16.2	pk
				Mid Chann	nel 2445				•
Frequency (MHz)	Receive Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Uncorrected Field strength (dBµV)@ 3m	Preamp (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB)	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Field Strength @ 3m (dBµV)	Limit @ 3m (dBµV)	Margin (dB)	Measurement Type
4924	V	44.4	35.1	33.5	5.2	48.0	74	26.0	pk
4924	V	32.6	35.1	33.5	5.2	36.2	54	17.8	avg
7386	V	47.9	35.1	37.0	6.5	56.3	74	17.7	pk
7386	V	31.1	35.1	37.0	6.5	39.5	54	14.5	avg
9848	V	45.3	35.6	38.5	7.8	56.0	74	18.0	pk
	•			High Channel	2460MHz		•	•	

Table 26. 802.11b Radiated Harmonics Test Results (5dBi Omni Antenna)

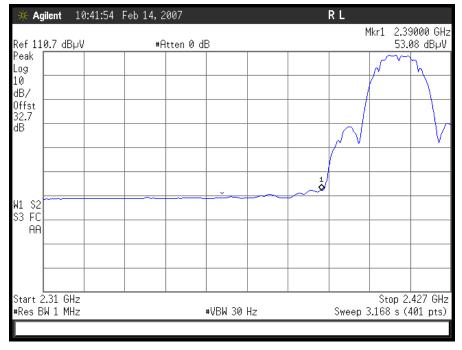
Note: All other emissions were measured at the noise floor of the spectrum analyzer



## Radiated Restricted Band Test Results (802.11b – 5dBi Omni Antenna)



Plot 19. 802.11/b radiated restricted band 2310- 2427 MHz Peak (5dBi Omni Antenna)



Plot 20. 802.11/b radiated restricted band 2310- 2427 MHz Avg (5dBi Omni Antenna)



#### **₩ Agilent** 10:47:07 Feb 14, 2007 RL Mkr1 2.48758 GHz Ref 110.7 dBµV 63.01 dBµV #Atten 0 dB Peak Log 10 dB/ Offst 32.7 dB M1 S2 S3 FC AA Start 2.45 GHz Stop 2.5 GHz #Res BW 1 MHz #VBW 3 MHz Sweep 4 ms (401 pts)

## Radiated Restricted Band Test Results (802.11b – 5dBi Omni Antenna)

Plot 21. 802.11/b radiated restricted band 2450 – 2500MHz Peak (5dBi Omni Antenna)



Plot 22. 802.11/b radiated restricted band 2450 – 2500MHz Avg (5dBi Omni Antenna)



## § 15.247(d) Harmonic Emissions Requirements – Radiated (802.11b – 8dBi Panel Antenna)

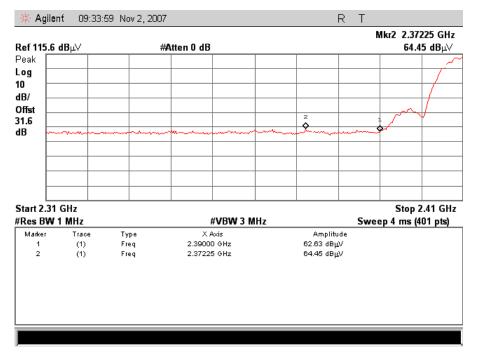
Frequency (MHz)	Receive Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Uncorrected Field strength (dBµV)@ 3m	Preamp (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB)	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Field Strength @ 3m (dBµV)	Limit @ 3m (dBµV)	Margin (dB)	Measurement Type
4824	V	44.24	34.8	33.2	5.2	47.9	74	26.1	pk
4824	V	33.42	34.8	33.2	5.2	37.0	54	17.0	avg
7236	V	40.79	35.0	35.7	6.5	48.0	74	26.0	pk
7236	V	30.96	35.0	35.7	6.5	38.2	54	15.9	avg
9648	V	40.6	35.0	37.7	7.8	51.1	74	22.9	pk
	•		]	Low Channel	2412MHz		•	•	
Frequency (MHz)	Receive Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Uncorrected Field strength (dBµV)@ 3m	Preamp (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB)	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Field Strength @ 3m (dBµV)	Limit @ 3m (dBµV)	Margin (dB)	Measurement Type
4874	V	43.05	34.8	33.5	5.2	47.0	74	27.0	pk
4874	V	31.51	34.8	33.5	5.2	35.4	54	18.6	avg
7311	V	42.99	35.0	36.0	6.5	50.5	74	23.6	pk
7311	V	30.12	35.0	36.0	6.5	37.6	54	16.4	avg
9748	V	43.13	35.6	38.0	7.8	53.4	74	20.6	pk
				Mid Chanı	nel 2437				
Frequency (MHz)	Receive Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Uncorrected Field strength (dBµV)@ 3m	Preamp (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB)	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Field Strength @ 3m (dBµV)	Limit @ 3m (dBµV)	Margin (dB)	Measurement Type
4924	V	42.25	34.7	33.5	5.2	46.2	74	27.8	pk
4924	V	30.19	34.7	33.5	5.2	34.2	54	19.8	avg
7386	V	43.37	35.0	36.0	6.5	50.9	74	23.1	pk
7386	V	30.43	35.0	36.0	6.5	37.9	54	16.1	avg
9848	V	44.38	35.6	38.0	7.8	54.6	74	19.4	pk
			]	High Channel	2462MHz				

Table 27. 802.11b Radiated Harmonics Test Results (8dBi Panel Antenna)

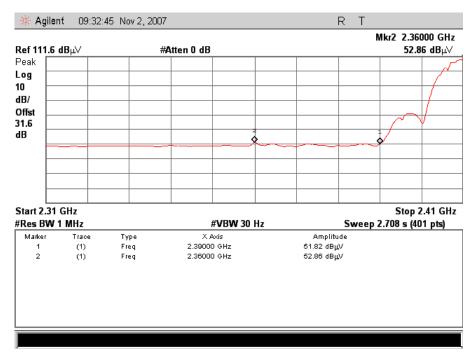
Note: All other emissions were measured at the noise floor of the spectrum analyzer



## Radiated Restricted Band Test Results (802.11b – 8dBi Panel Antenna)



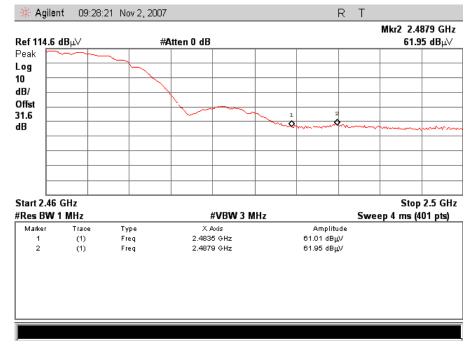
Plot 23. 802.11/b radiated restricted band 2310- 2410 MHz Peak (8dBi Panel Antenna)



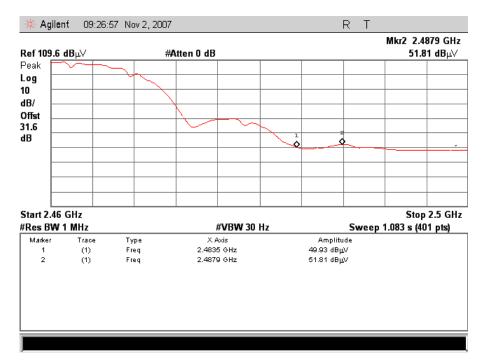
Plot 24. 802.11/b radiated restricted band 2310- 2410 MHz Avg (8dBi Panel Antenna)



## Radiated Restricted Band Test Results (802.11b – 8dBi Panel Antenna)



Plot 25. 802.11/b radiated restricted band 2460 – 2500MHz Peak (8dBi Panel Antenna)



Plot 26. 802.11/b radiated restricted band 2460 – 2500MHz Avg (8dBi Panel Antenna)



## § 15.247(d) Harmonic Emissions Requirements – Radiated (802.11g – 5dBi Omni Antenna)

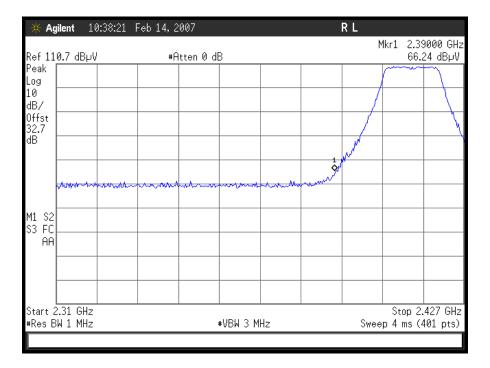
Frequency (MHz)	Receive Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Uncorrected Field strength (dBµV)@ 3m	Preamp (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB)	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Field Strength @ 3m (dBµV)	Limit @ 3m (dBµV)	Margin (dB)	Measurement Type
4824	V	45.4	35.1	33.5	5.2	49.0	74	25.0	pk
4824	V	32.2	35.1	33.5	5.2	35.8	54	18.2	avg
7236	V	45.8	35.1	37.0	6.5	54.2	74	19.8	pk
7236	V	34.3	35.1	37.0	6.5	42.7	54	11.3	avg
9648	V	44.3	35.6	38.5	7.8	55.0	74	19.0	pk
				Low Channel	2414MHz				
Frequency (MHz)	Receive Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Uncorrected Field strength (dBµV)@ 3m	Preamp (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB)	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Field Strength @ 3m (dBµV)	Limit @ 3m (dBµV)	Margin (dB)	Measurement Type
4874	V	43.6	35.1	33.5	5.2	47.2	74	26.8	pk
4874	V	32.1	35.1	33.5	5.2	35.7	54	18.3	avg
7311	V	45.9	35.1	37.0	6.5	54.3	74	19.7	pk
7311	V	32.6	35.1	37.0	6.5	41.0	54	13.0	avg
9748	V	45.9	35.6	38.5	7.8	56.6	74	17.4	pk
				Mid Chan	nel 2445				
Frequency (MHz)	Receive Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Uncorrected Field strength (dBµV)@ 3m	Preamp (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB)	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Field Strength @ 3m (dBµV)	Limit @ 3m (dBµV)	Margin (dB)	Measurement Type
4924	V	43.7	35.1	33.5	5.2	47.3	74	26.7	pk
4924	V	32.3	35.1	33.5	5.2	35.9	54	18.1	avg
7386	V	45.0	35.1	37.0	6.5	53.4	74	20.6	pk
7386	V	33.4	35.1	37.0	6.5	41.8	54	12.2	avg
9848	V	45.7	35.6	38.5	7.8	56.4	74	17.6	pk
	-			High Channe	2460MHz		•	•	

Table 28. 802.11g Radiated Harmonics Test Results (5dBi Omni Antenna)

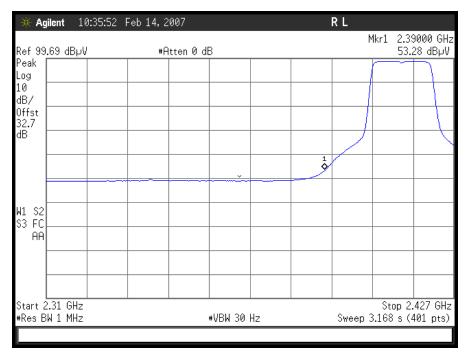
Note: All other emissions were measured at the noise floor of the spectrum analyzer.



## Radiated Restricted Band Test Results (802.11g – 5dBi Omni Antenna)



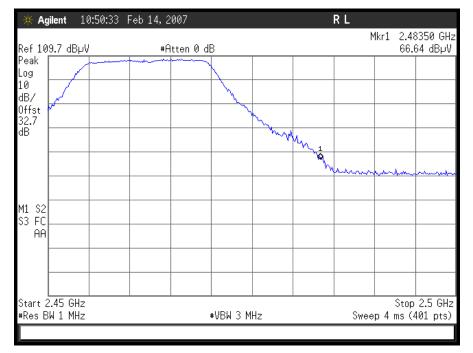
Plot 27. 802.11/g radiated restricted band 2310- 2427 MHz Peak (5dBi Omni Antenna)



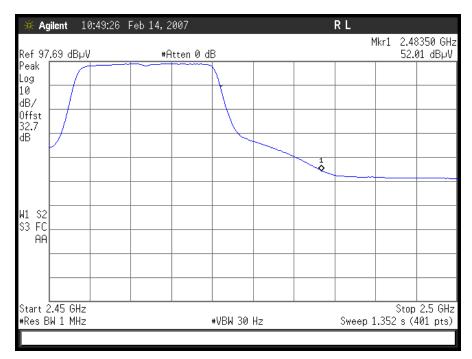
Plot 28. 802.11/g radiated restricted band 2310- 2427 MHz Avg (5dBi Omni Antenna)



## Radiated Restricted Band Test Results (802.11g – 5dBi Omni Antenna)



Plot 29. 802.11/g radiated restricted band 2450 – 2500MHz Peak (5dBi Omni Antenna)



Plot 30. 802.11/g radiated restricted band 2450 – 2500MHz Avg (5dBi Omni Antenna)



## § 15.247(d) Harmonic Emissions Requirements – Radiated (802.11g – 8dBi Panel Antenna)

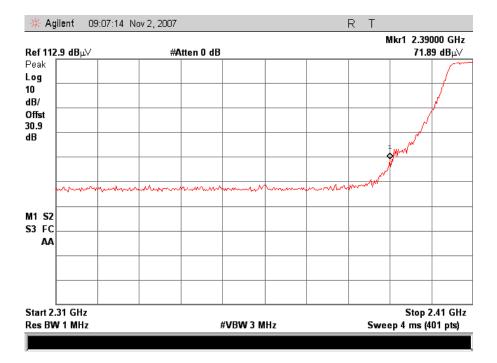
Frequency (MHz)	Receive Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Uncorrected Field strength (dBµV)@ 3m	Preamp (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB)	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Field Strength @ 3m (dBµV)	Limit @ 3m (dBµV)	Margin (dB)	Measurement Type
4824	V	42.62	34.8	33.2	5.2	46.3	74	27.7	pk
4824	V	30.6	34.8	33.2	5.2	34.2	54	19.8	avg
7236	V	47.05	35.0	35.7	6.5	54.2	74	19.8	pk
7236	V	30.92	35.0	35.7	6.5	38.1	54	15.9	avg
9648	V	44.24	35.0	37.7	7.8	54.7	74	19.3	pk
				Low Channel	2412MHz		•	•	
Frequency (MHz)	Receive Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Uncorrected Field strength (dBµV)@ 3m	Preamp (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB)	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Field Strength @ 3m (dBµV)	Limit @ 3m (dBµV)	Margin (dB)	Measurement Type
4874	V	43.98	34.8	33.5	5.2	47.9	74	26.1	pk
4874	V	30.54	34.8	33.5	5.2	34.4	54	19.6	avg
7311	V	47.71	35.0	36.0	6.5	55.2	74	18.8	pk
7311	V	30.46	35.0	36.0	6.5	38.0	54	16.0	avg
9748	V	43.35	35.6	38.0	7.8	53.6	74	20.4	pk
	-			Mid Chanr	nel 2437				·
Frequency (MHz)	Receive Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Uncorrected Field strength (dBµV)@ 3m	Preamp (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB)	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Field Strength @ 3m (dBµV)	Limit @ 3m (dBµV)	Margin (dB)	Measurement Type
4924	V	42.03	34.7	33.5	5.2	46.0	74	28.0	pk
4924	V	30.42	34.7	33.5	5.2	34.4	54	19.6	avg
7386	V	42.82	35.0	36.0	6.5	50.3	74	23.7	pk
7386	V	31.07	35.0	36.0	6.5	38.5	54	15.5	avg
9848	V	42.1	35.6	38.0	7.8	52.3	74	21.7	pk
		1		High Channel	2462MHz		1	1	

Table 29. 802.11g Radiated Harmonics Test Results (8dBi Panel Antenna)

Note: All other emissions were measured at the noise floor of the spectrum analyzer



## Radiated Restricted Band Test Results (802.11g – 8dBi Panel Antenna)



Plot 31. 802.11/g radiated restricted band 2310- 2410 MHz Peak (8dBi Panel Antenna)



Plot 32. 802.11/g radiated restricted band 2310- 2410 MHz Avg (8dBi Panel Antenna)



## Radiated Restricted Band Test Results (802.11g – 8dBi Panel Antenna)



Plot 33. 802.11/g radiated restricted band 2460 – 2500MHz Peak (8dBi Panel Antenna)



Plot 34. 802.11/g radiated restricted band 2460 – 2500MHz Avg (8dBi Panel Antenna)



## § 15.247(d) Harmonic Emissions Requirements – Radiated (802.11a – 5dBi Omni Antenna)

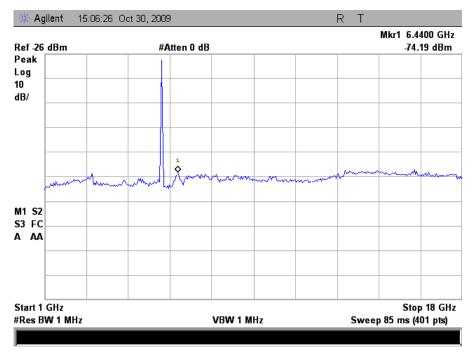
Freq. (GHz)	Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Raw Amp. @ 3 m (Peak) / (Avg)	P.Amp (dB)	Ant. Cor. Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	EUT Field Strength Final Amp. (dBµV/m)	Limit Detector Peak / Avg	Limit @ 3 m (dBµV/m)	Delta (dB)
11.49	V	49.44	34.86	39.79	8.11	62.48	Peak	74	-11.52
11.49	V	40.04	34.86	39.79	8.11	53.08	Avg	54	-0.92
17.235	V	43.53	34.01	42.82	10.50	62.83	Peak	74	-11.17
17.235	V	31.46	34.01	42.82	10.50	50.76	Avg	54	-3.24
				Low	Channel 574	5MHz			
Freq. (GHz)	Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Raw Amp. @ 3 m (Peak) / (Avg)	P.Amp (dB)	Ant. Cor. Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	EUT Field Strength Final Amp. (dBµV/m)	Limit Detector Peak / Avg	Limit @ 3 m (dBµV/m)	Delta (dB)
11.57	V	51.3	34.91	39.88	8.28	64.55	Peak	74	-9.45
11.57	V	40.53	34.91	39.88	8.28	53.78	Avg	54	-0.22
17.355	V	41.96	33.93	43.15	10.50	61.68	Peak	74	-12.32
17.355	V	31.66	33.93	43.15	10.50	51.38	Avg	54	-2.62
				Mid	Channel 5785	MHz			
Freq. (GHz)	Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Raw Amp. @ 3 m (Peak) / (Avg)	P.Amp (dB)	Ant. Cor. Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	EUT Field Strength Final Amp. (dBµV/m)	Limit Detector Peak / Avg	Limit @ 3 m (dBµV/m)	Delta (dB)
11.65	V	43.26	34.96	39.94	8.52	56.76	Peak	74	-17.24
11.65	V	31.9	34.96	39.94	8.52	45.40	Avg	54	-8.60
17.475	V	44.15	33.89	43.59	10.51	64.35	Peak	74	-9.65
17.475	V	32.26	33.89	43.59	10.51	52.46	Avg	54	-1.54
				High	Channel 582	5MHz			

Table 30. 802.11a Radiated Harmonic Test Results (5dBi Omni Antenna)

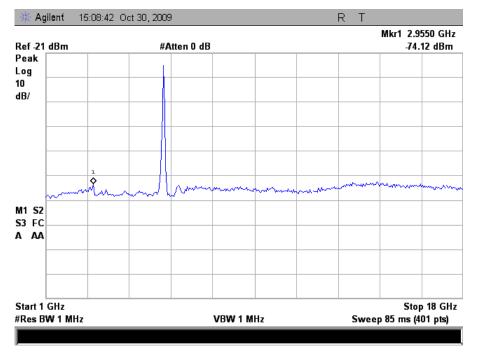
Note: All other emissions were measured at the noise floor of the spectrum analyzer.



#### Radiated Spurious Emissions Test Results, 802.11a Mode



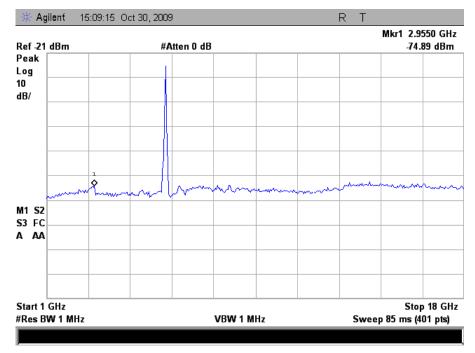
Plot 35. 802.11a Radiated Spurious Emissions, Low Channel



Plot 36. 802.11a Radiated Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel



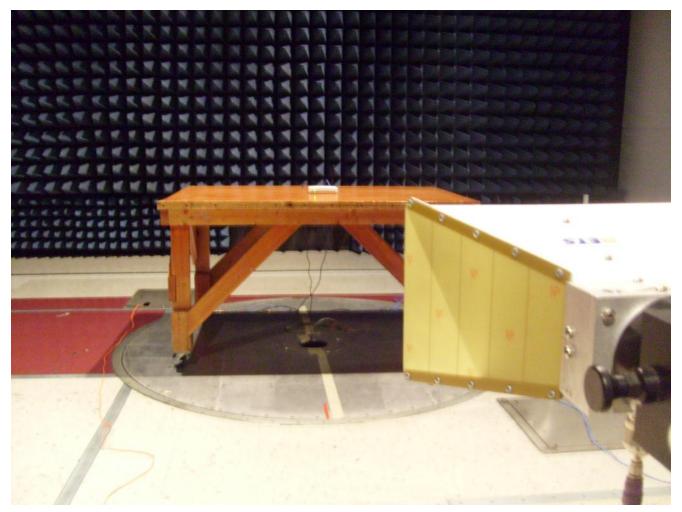
## Radiated Spurious Emissions Test Results, 802.11a Mode



Plot 37. 802.11a Radiated Spurious Emissions, High Channel



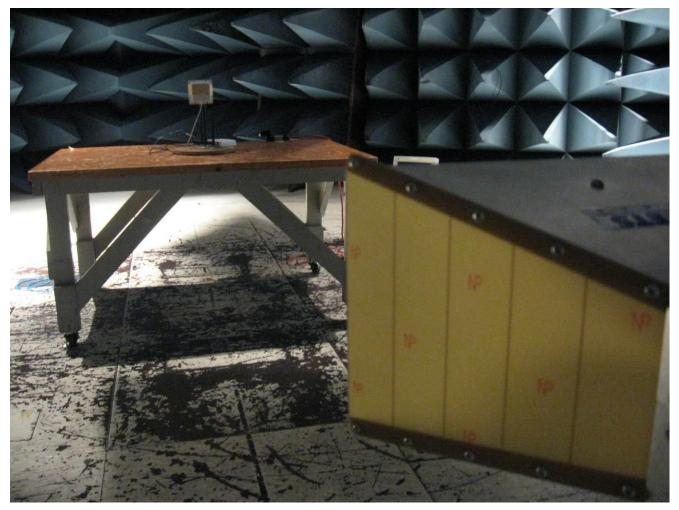
# **Radiated Spurious Emissions Test Photograph**



Photograph 3. Test Equipment and setup for various Radiated Measurements



# **Radiated Spurious Emissions Test Photograph**

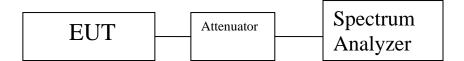


Photograph 4. Test Equipment and setup for various Radiated Measurements (Panel Antenna)



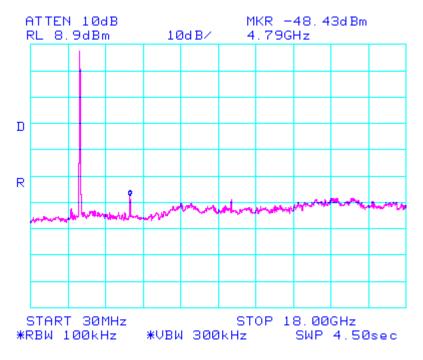
## **Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators**

§ 15.247(d)	<b>RF Conducted Spurious Emissions Requirements and Band Edge</b>
Test Requirement:	<b>15.247(d)</b> In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at leas 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB.
Test Procedure:	For intentional radiators with a digital device portion which operates below 10 GHz, the spectrum was investigated as per $\$15.33(a)(1)$ and $\$15.33(a)(4)$ ; i.e., the lowest RF signal generated or used in the device up to the $10^{th}$ harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or to 40 GHz, whichever is lower.
	Since the EUT had an integral antenna, conducted measurements could not be performed. Measurements needed to be taken radiated. An antenna was located 3 m away from the EUT and plots were taken. The EUT was rotated through all three orthogonal axes. The plots were corrected for both antenna correction factor and cable lost.
	See following pages for detailed test results with RF Conducted Spurious Emissions.
Test Results:	The EUT was compliant with the Conducted Spurious Emission limits of <b>§15.247(d)</b> .
Test Engineer(s):	Shawn McMillen
Test Date(s):	February 21, 2007, March 8, 2007, & October 29, 2009, November 2, 2009

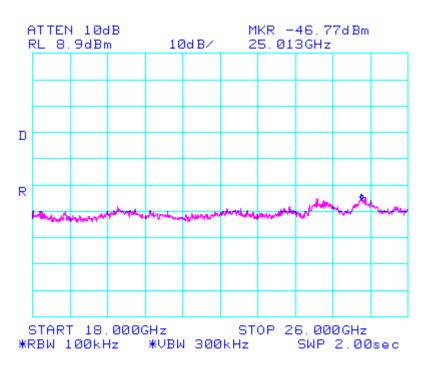


Block Diagram 3. Spurious Conducted Emissions Test Setup



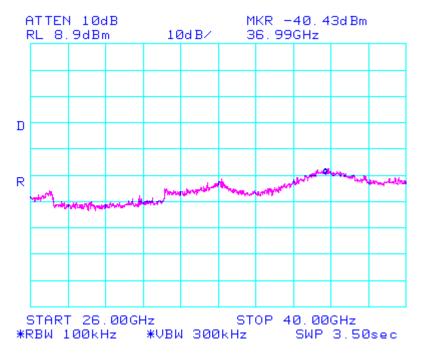


Plot 38. 802.11b Conducted Emissions, Low Channel, 30 MHz - 18 GHz

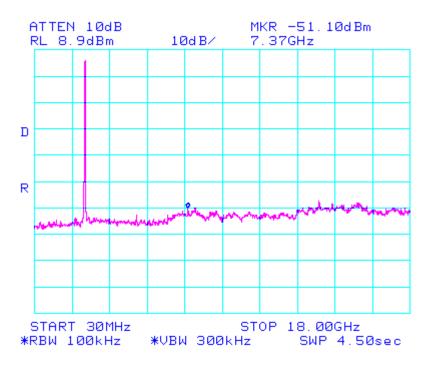


Plot 39. 802.11b Conducted Emissions, Low Channel, 18 GHz – 26 GHz



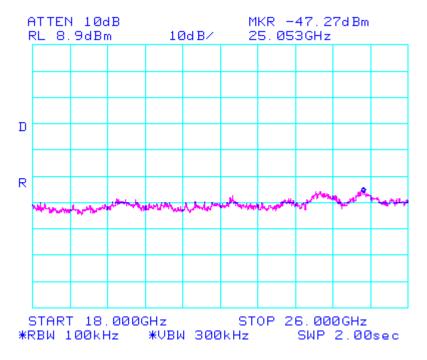


Plot 40. 802.11b Conducted Emissions, Low Channel, 26GHz - 40GHz

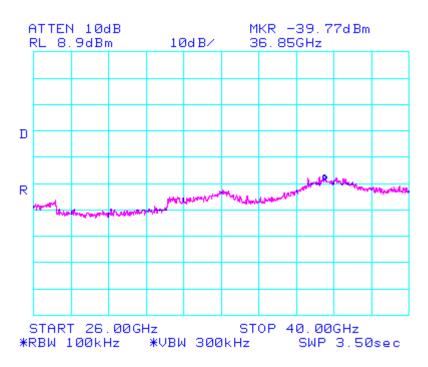


Plot 41. 802.11b Conducted Emissions, High Channel, 30 MHz - 18 GHz



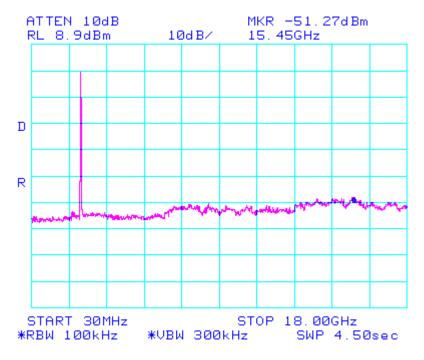


Plot 42. 802.11b Conducted Emissions, High Channel, 18 GHz – 26 GHz

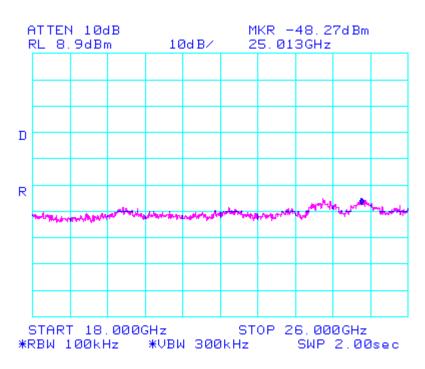


Plot 43. 802.11b Conducted Emissions, High Channel, 26GHz - 40 GHz



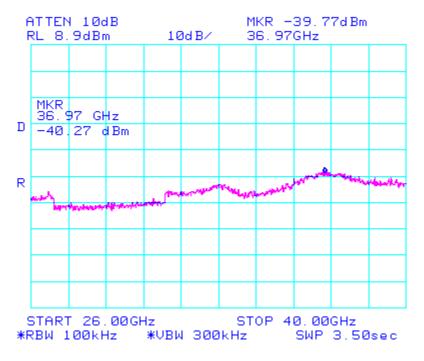


Plot 44. 802.11g Conducted Emissions, Low Channel, 30 MHz - 18 GHz

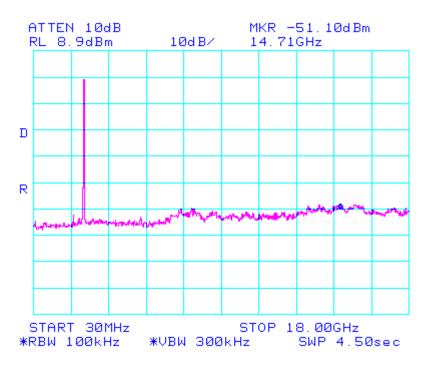


Plot 45. 802.11g Conducted Emissions, Low Channel, 18 GHz – 26 GHz



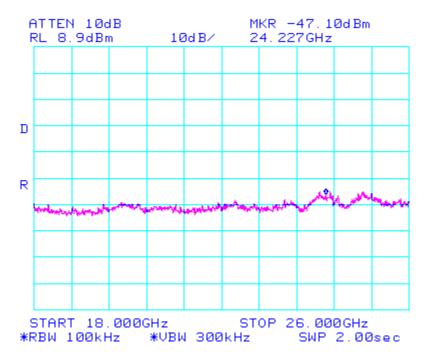


Plot 46. 802.11g Conducted Emissions, Low Channel, 26GHz – 40GHz

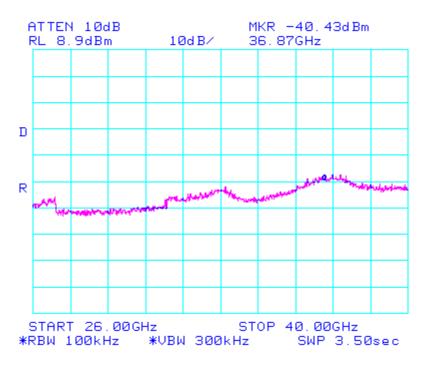


Plot 47. 802.11g Conducted Emissions, High Channel, 30 MHz - 18 GHz



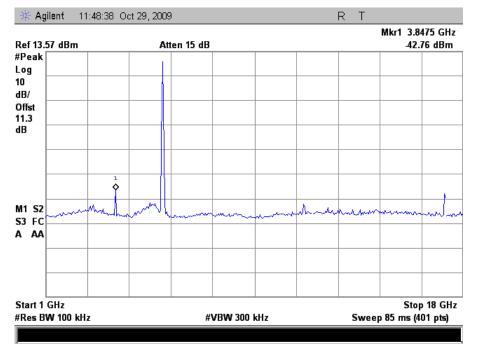


Plot 48. 802.11g Conducted Emissions, High Channel, 18 GHz – 26 GHz

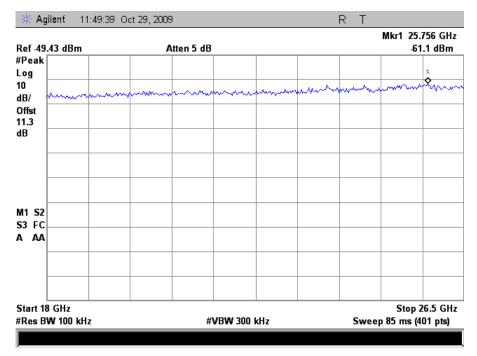


Plot 49. 802.11g Conducted Emissions, High Channel, 26GHz - 40 GHz



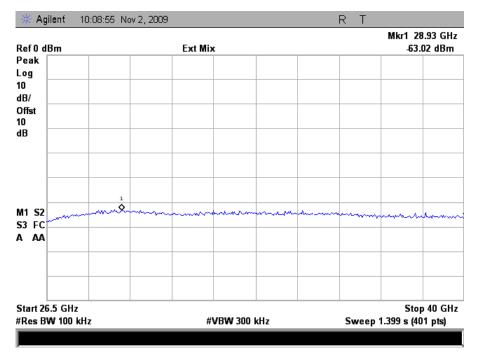


Plot 50. 802.11a Conducted Emissions, Low Channel, 1GHz - 18 GHz

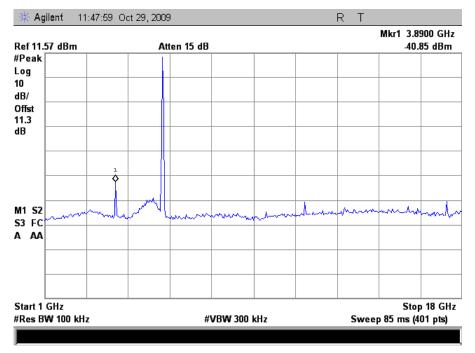


Plot 51. 802.11a Conducted Emissions, Low Channel, 18 GHz – 26.5 GHz



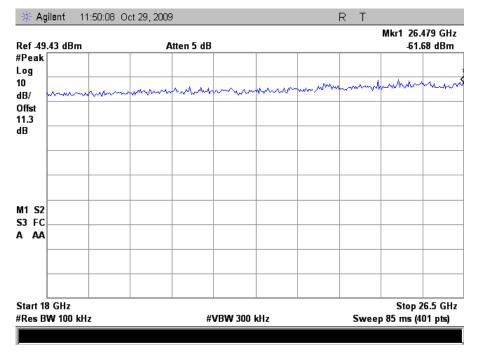


Plot 52. 802.11a Conducted Emissions, Low Channel, 26.5 GHz - 40 GHz

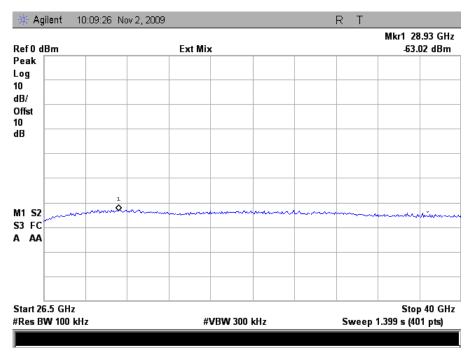


Plot 53. 802.11a Conducted Emissions, Mid Channel, 1GHz – 18 GHz



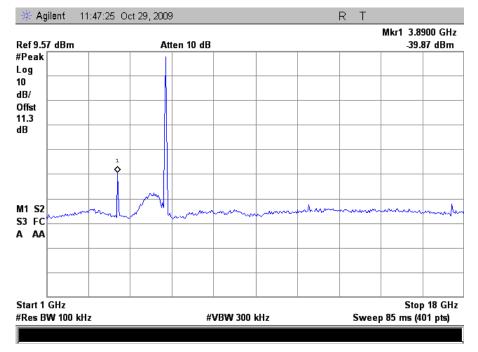


Plot 54. 802.11a Conducted Emissions, Mid Channel, 18 GHz - 26.5 GHz

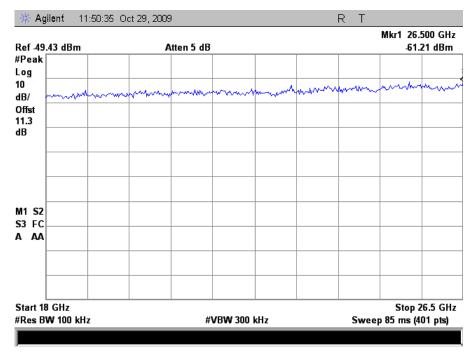


Plot 55. 802.11a Conducted Emissions, Mid Channel, 26.5 GHz – 40 GHz



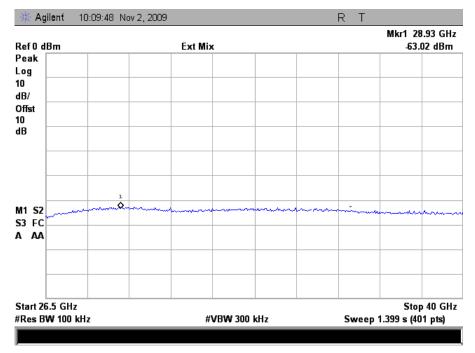


Plot 56. 802.11a Conducted Emissions, High Channel, 1GHz – 18 GHz



Plot 57. 802.11a Conducted Emissions, High Channel, 18 GHz – 26.5 GHz

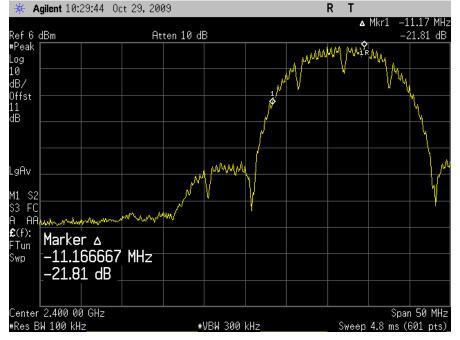




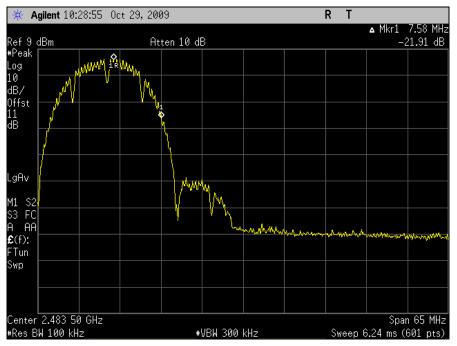
Plot 58. 802.11a Conducted Emissions, High Channel, 26.5 GHz – 40 GHz



# **Conducted Band Edge Test Results**

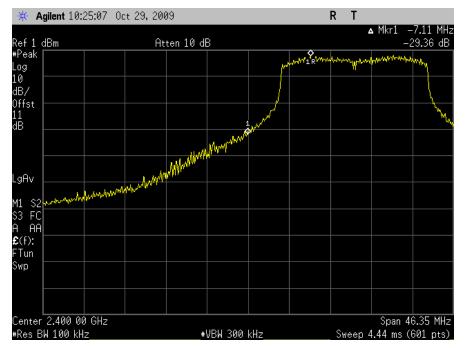


Plot 59. Conducted Band Edge, 802.11b, 2412 MHz

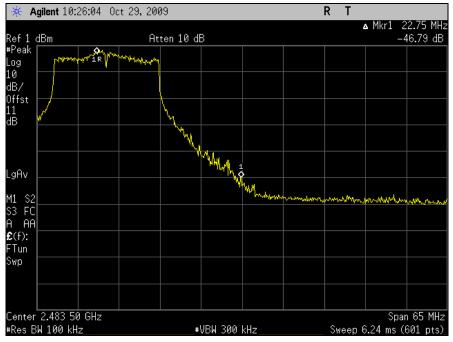


Plot 60. Conducted Band Edge, 802.11b, 2462 MHz



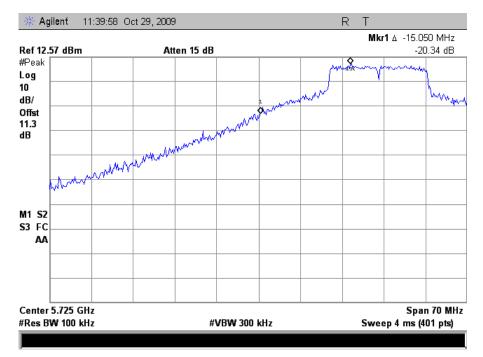


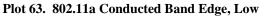
Plot 61. Conducted Band Edge, 802.11g, 2412 MHz

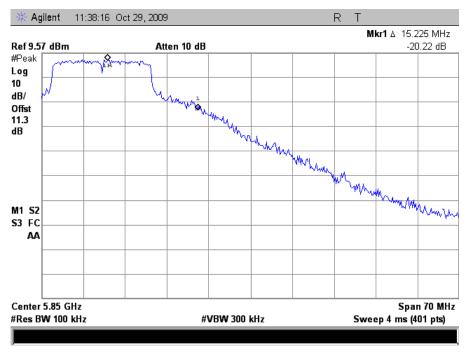


Plot 62. Conducted Band Edge, 802.11g, 2462 MHz









Plot 64. 802.11a Conducted Band Edge, High



**RSS-GEN** 

# **Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators**

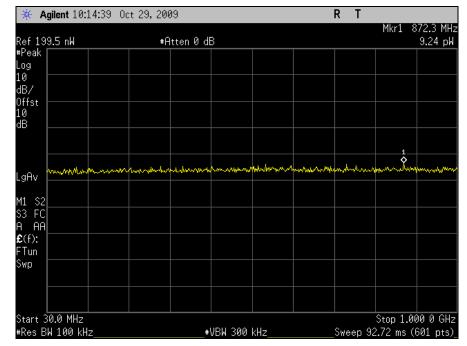
**Receiver Spurious Emissions Requirements** 

	-	-	
<b>Test Requirements:</b>	The following receiver spuriou	us emission limits shall be comp	olied with:
	(a) If a radiated measurement Table 31.	is made, all spurious emissions	s shall comply with the limits of
	Spurious Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (microvolt/m at 3 metres)	]
	30 - 88	100	-
	88 - 216	150	-
	216 - 960	200	
	Above 960	500	
Test Procedures:	terminals shall exceed 2 r MHz, or 5 nanowatts abov The EUT was programmed for antenna port of the EUT. 100	ent is made, no spurious outpu nanowatts per any 4 kHz spurio ve 1 GHz. r receive mode only. Conducte ) kHz resolution bandwidth was	at signals appearing at the antenna bus frequency in the band 30-1000 and measurements were taken at the s used from 30 MHz - 1 GHz and 1 GHz. All plots are corrected for
Test Results:	Equipment is compliant with t	he Receiver Spurious Emissions	s Requirements of RSS-GEN.
Test Engineer(s):	Minh Ly		
Test Date(s):	01/26/11		
		-	



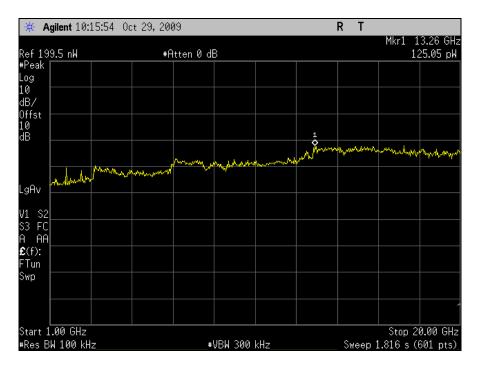






# **Conducted Receiver Spurious Emissions**

Plot 65. Receiver Spurious Emission, 30 MHz - 1 GHz



Plot 66. Receiver Spurious Emission, 1 GHz – 20 GHz

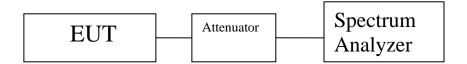


# **Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators**

## § 15.247(e) Peak Power Spectral Density

- **Test Requirements: §15.247(e):** For digitally modulated systems, the peak power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.
- **Test Procedure:** The transmitter was connected directly to a Spectrum Analyzer through an attenuator. The power level was set to the maximum level throughout each of the 100 sweeps of power averaging. The RBW was set to 3 kHz and a VBW set to 9 kHz or greater. The spectrum analyzer was set to an auto sweep time and a peak detector was used. Measurements were carried out at the low, mid and high channels.
- **Test Results:** Equipment complies with the peak power spectral density limits of § **15.247** (e). The peak power spectral density was determined from plots on the following page(s).
- Test Engineer: Shawn McMillen & Minh Ly

**Test Date:** January 26, 2007, February 20, 2007 & October 29, 2009, November 2, 2009



Block Diagram 4. Peak Power Spectral Density Test Setup



802.11b						
Carrier	Frequency	Measured PPSD	Limit	Margin		
Channel	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	( <b>dB</b> )		
Low	2412	-4.80	8	12.80		
Mid	2437	-2.97	8	10.97		
High	2462	-4.27	8	12.27		

## Table 32. 802.11b Power Spectral Density Test Results

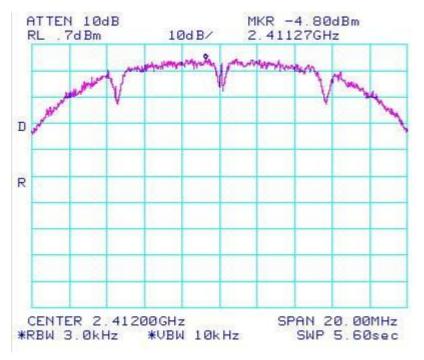
802.11g						
Carrier	Frequency	Measured PPSD	Limit	Margin		
Channel	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	( <b>dB</b> )		
Low	2412	-12.03	8	20.03		
Mid	2437	-3.90	8	11.90		
High	2462	-12.20	8	20.20		

## Table 33. 802.11g Power Spectral Density Test Results

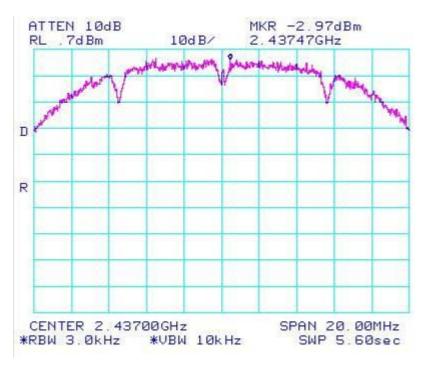
802.11a						
Carrier	Frequency	Measured PPSD	Limit	Margin		
Channel	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	( <b>dB</b> )		
Low	5745	-0.696	8	8.696		
Mid	5785	-2.446	8	10.446		
High	5825	-4.352	8	12.352		

Table 34. 802.11a Power Spectral Density Test Results



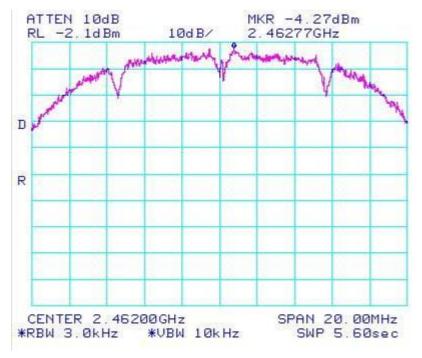


Plot 67. 802.11b Peak Power Spectral Density, Low Channel

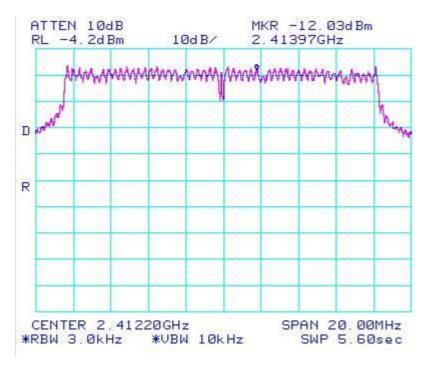


Plot 68. 802.11b Peak Power Spectral Density, Mid Channel



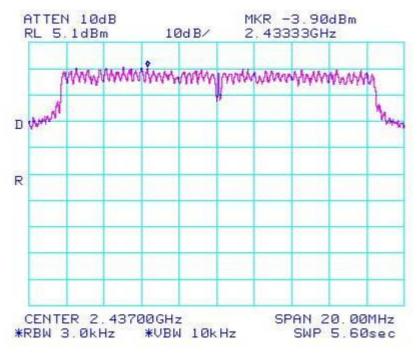


Plot 69. 802.11b Peak Power Spectral Density, High Channel

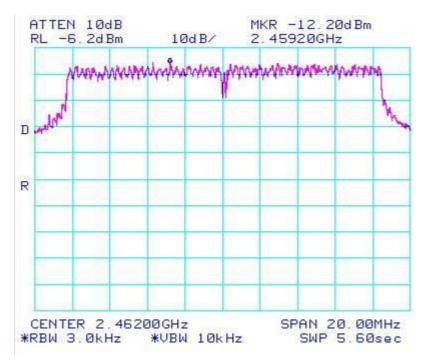


Plot 70. 802.11g Peak Power Spectral Density, Low Channel



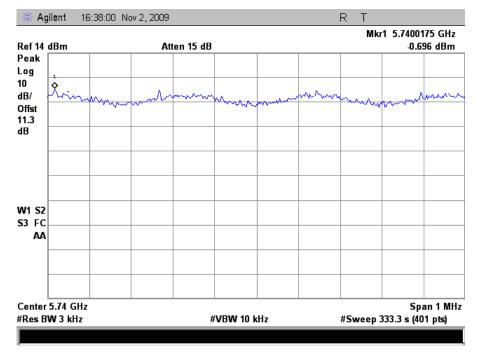


Plot 71. 802.11g Peak Power Spectral Density, Mid Channel

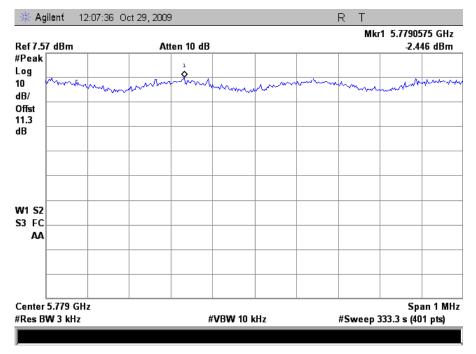


Plot 72. 802.11g Peak Power Spectral Density, High Channel



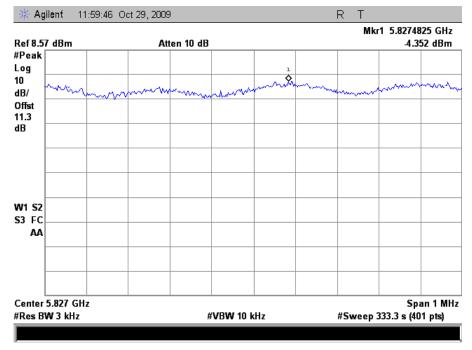


Plot 73. 802.11a Peak Power Spectral Density, Low Channel



Plot 74. 802.11a Peak Power Spectral Density, Mid Channel





Plot 75. 802.11a Peak Power Spectral Density, High Channel



# **IV. Test Equipment**



# **Test Equipment**

Calibrated test equipment utilized during testing was maintained in a current state of calibration per the requirements of ANSI/NCSL Z540-1-1994 and ANSI/ISO/IEC 17025:2000.

10/23/07,, 01/26/07, 02/20/07, 02/21/07, 03/08/2007. 01/08/08,						
MET Asset #	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Last Cal Date	Cal Due Date	
1S2421	EMI RECEIVER	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	ESIB 7	03/27/2007	03/27/2008	
1S2184	BILOG ANTENNA	CHASE	CBL6112A	01/03/2008	01/03/2009	
1S2121	PRE-AMPLIFIER	HEWLETT PACKARD	8449B	10/25/2007	10/25/2008	
1S2198	ANTENNA, HORN	EMCO	3115	08/31/2007	08/31/2008	
1S2202	ANTENNA, HORN, 1 METER	EMCO	3116	04/10/2007	04/10/2010	
N/A	HIGH PASS FILTER	MICRO-TRONICS	HPM13146	SEE NOTE		
1S2263	CHAMBER, 10 METER	RANTEC	N2-14	09/24/2007	09/24/2008	
1S2041	COUPLER, BI DIRECTIONALCOAXIAL	NARDA	N/A	SEE NOTE		
1S2460	Analyzer, Spectrum 9 kHz-40GHz	Agilent	E4407B	07/06/2005	07/06/2008	
1S2430	WIDEBAND POWER METER	ANRITSU COMPANY	ML2488A	03/12/2007	03/12/2008	
1S2432	WIDEBAND POWER SENSOR	ANRITSU COMPANY	MA2491A	03/12/2007	03/12/2008	
1S2034	COUPLER, DIRECTIONAL 1-20 GHz	KRYTAR	101020020	SEE NOTE		
1S2041	COUPLER, BI DIRECTIONALCOAXIAL	NARDA	N/A	SEE NOTE		
1S2128	Harmonic Mixer	Hewlett Packard	11970A	10/26/2006	10/26/2008	
1S2129	Harmonic Mixer	Hewlett Packard	11970K	10/26/2006	10/26/2008	

	Test Dates: 10/29/09, 10/30/09, 11/02/09					
MET Asset #	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Last Cal Date	Cal Due Date	
1S2421	EMI RECEIVER	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	ESIB 7	05/27/2009	05/27/2010	
1S2399	Turntable Controller	Sunol Science	SC99V	SEE 1	NOTE	
1S2512	Transient Limiter	Agilent	11947A	SEE 1	NOTE	
1S2485	BILOG ANTENNA	TESEQ	CBL6112A	03/20/2009	03/20/2010	
1S2121	PRE-AMPLIFIER	HEWLETT PACKARD	8449B	SEE NOTE		
1S2198	ANTENNA, HORN	EMCO	3115	09/03/2009	09/03/2010	
1S2202	ANTENNA, HORN, 1 METER	EMCO	3116	04/10/2007	04/10/2010	
N/A	HIGH PASS FILTER	MICRO-TRONICS	HPM13146	SEE NOTE		
1S2482	CHAMBER, 5 METER	PANASHIELD	641431	11/22/2008	11/22/2009	
1S2041	COUPLER, BI DIRECTIONALCOAXIAL	NARDA	N/A	SEE NOTE		
1S2460	Analyzer, Spectrum 9 kHz-40GHz	Agilent	E4407B	04/14/2009	04/14/2010	
1S2041	COUPLER, BI DIRECTIONALCOAXIAL	NARDA	N/A	SEE NOTE		
1S2520	Thermo-Hygrometer	Fisher Scientific	11-611-7D	11/14/2007	11/14/2009	
1S2128	Harmonic Mixer	Hewlett Packard	11970A	11/22/2008	11/22/2010	
1S2129	Harmonic Mixer	Hewlett Packard	11970K	11/22/2008	11/22/2010	



## Table 35. Test Equipment List – Santa Clara

Note: Functionally tested equipment is verified using calibrated instrumentation at the time of testing.

MET Asset #	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Last Cal Date	Cal Due Date
1U150	EMI Test Receiver	RHODE & SCHWARZ	ESIB7	2/15/07	2/15/08
1U32	Semi- Anechoic Chamber	Lindgren Enclosures	FACT 4	5/8/07	5/8/08
1U170	Biconilog Antenna	EMCO	3142C	7/10/07	7/10/08

 Table 36. Test Equipment List – Union City





## A. Certification Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 2, Subpart I — Marketing of Radio frequency devices:

## § 2.801 Radio-frequency device defined.

As used in this part, a radio-frequency device is any device which in its operation is capable of Emitting radio-frequency energy by radiation, conduction, or other means. Radio- frequency devices include, but are not limited to:

- (a) The various types of radio communication transmitting devices described throughout this chapter.
- (b) The incidental, unintentional and intentional radiators defined in Part 15 of this chapter.
- (c) The industrial, scientific, and medical equipment described in Part 18 of this chapter.
- (d) Any part or component thereof which in use emits radio-frequency energy by radiation, conduction, or other means.

### § 2.803 Marketing of radio frequency devices prior to equipment authorization.

- (a) Except as provided elsewhere in this chapter, no person shall sell or lease, or offer for sale or lease (including advertising for sale or lease), or import, ship or distribute for the purpose of selling or leasing or offering for sale or lease, any radio frequency device unless:
  - (1) In the case of a device subject to certification, such device has been authorized by the Commission in accordance with the rules in this chapter and is properly identified and labeled as required by §2.925 and other relevant sections in this chapter; or
  - (2) In the case of a device that is not required to have a grant of equipment authorization issued by the Commission, but which must comply with the specified technical standards prior to use, such device also complies with all applicable administrative (including verification of the equipment or authorization under a Declaration of Conformity, where required), technical, labeling and identification requirements specified in this chapter.
- (d) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of this section, the offer for sale solely to business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical users (but not an offer for sale to other parties or to end users located in a residential environment) of a radio frequency device that is in the conceptual, developmental, design or preproduction stage is permitted prior to equipment authorization or, for devices not subject to the equipment authorization requirements, prior to a determination of compliance with the applicable technical requirements *provided* that the prospective buyer is advised in writing at the time of the offer for sale that the equipment is subject to the FCC rules and that the equipment will comply with the appropriate rules before delivery to the buyer or to centers of distribution.



- (e)(1) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of this section, prior to equipment authorization or determination of compliance with the applicable technical requirements any radio frequency device may be operated, but not marketed, for the following purposes and under the following conditions:
  - (i) Compliance testing;
  - (ii) Demonstrations at a trade show provided the notice contained in paragraph (c) of this section is displayed in a conspicuous location on, or immediately adjacent to, the device;
  - (iii) Demonstrations at an exhibition conducted at a business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical location, but excluding locations in a residential environment, provided the notice contained in paragraphs (c) or (d) of this section, as appropriate, is displayed in a conspicuous location on, or immediately adjacent to, the device;
  - (iv) Evaluation of product performance and determination of customer acceptability, provided such operation takes place at the manufacturer's facilities during developmental, design or pre-production states; or
  - (v) Evaluation of product performance and determination of customer acceptability where customer acceptability of a radio frequency device cannot be determined at the manufacturer's facilities because of size or unique capability of the device, provided the device is operated at a business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical user's site, but not at a residential site, during the development, design or pre-production stages.
- (e)(2) For the purpose of paragraphs (e)(1)(iv) and (e)(1)(v) of this section, the term *manufacturer's facilities* includes the facilities of the party responsible for compliance with the regulations and the manufacturer's premises, as well as the facilities of other entities working under the authorization of the responsible party in connection with the development and manufacture, but not the marketing, of the equipment.
- (f) For radio frequency devices subject to verification and sold solely to business, commercial, industrial, scientific and medical users (excluding products sold to other parties or for operation in a residential environment), parties responsible for verification of the devices shall have the option of ensuring compliance with the applicable technical specifications of this chapter at each end user's location after installation, provided that the purchase or lease agreement includes a proviso that such a determination of compliance be made and is the responsibility of the party responsible for verification of the equipment.



The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 2, Subpart J — Equipment Authorization Procedures:

#### § 2.901 Basis and Purpose

- (a) In order to carry out its responsibilities under the Communications Act and the various treaties and international regulations, and in order to promote efficient use of the radio spectrum, the Commission has developed technical standards for radio frequency equipment and parts or components thereof. The technical standards applicable to individual types of equipment are found in that part of the rules governing the service wherein the equipment is to be operated.<sup>1</sup> *In addition to the technical standards provided, the rules governing the service may require that such equipment be verified by the manufacturer or importer*, be authorized under a Declaration of Conformity, or receive an equipment authorization from the Commission by one of the following procedures: certification or registration.
- (b) The following sections describe the verification procedure, the procedure for a Declaration of Conformity, and the procedures to be followed in obtaining certification from the Commission and the conditions attendant to such a grant.

## § 2.907 Certification.

- (a) Certification is an equipment authorization issued by the Commission, based on representation and test data submitted by the applicant.
- (b) Certification attaches to all units subsequently marketed by the grantee which are identical (see Section 2.908) to the sample tested except for permissive changes or other variations authorized by the Commission pursuant to Section 2.1043.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In this case, the equipment is subject to the rules of Part 15. More specifically, the equipment falls under Subpart B (of Part 15), which deals with unintentional radiators.



## § 2.948 Description of measurement facilities.

(a) Each party making measurements of equipment that is subject to an equipment authorization under Part 15 or Part 18 of this chapter, regardless of whether the measurements are filed with the Commission or kept on file by the party responsible for compliance of equipment marketed within the U.S. or its possessions, shall compile a description of the measurement facilities employed.

(1) If the measured equipment is subject to the verification procedure, the description of the measurement facilities shall be retained by the party responsible for verification of the equipment.

- (i) If the equipment is verified through measurements performed by an independent laboratory, it is acceptable for the party responsible for verification of the equipment to rely upon the description of the measurement facilities retained by or placed on file with the Commission by that laboratory. In this situation, the party responsible for the verification of the equipment is not required to retain a duplicate copy of the description of the measurement facilities.
- (ii) If the equipment is verified based on measurements performed at the installation site of the equipment, no specific site calibration data is required. It is acceptable to retain the description of the measurement facilities at the site at which the measurements were performed.
- (2) If the equipment is to be authorized by the Commission under the certification procedure, the description of the measurement facilities shall be filed with the Commission's Laboratory in Columbia, Maryland. The data describing the measurement facilities need only be filed once but must be updated as changes are made to the measurement facilities or as otherwise described in this section. At least every three years, the organization responsible for filing the data with the Commission shall certify that the data on file is current.



## Label and User's Manual Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 15, Subpart A — General:

## § 15.19 Labeling requirements.

- (a) In addition to the requirements in Part 2 of this chapter, a device subject to certification or verification shall be labeled as follows:
  - (1) Receivers associated with the operation of a licensed radio service, e.g., FM broadcast under Part 73 of this chapter, land mobile operation under Part 90, etc., shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the condition that this device does not cause harmful interference.

(2) A stand-alone cable input selector switch, shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device is verified to comply with Part 15 of the FCC Rules for use with cable television service.

(3) All other devices shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

- (4) Where a device is constructed in two or more sections connected by wires and marketed together, the statement specified under paragraph (a) of this section is required to be affixed only to the main control unit.
- (5) When the device is so small or for such use that it is not practicable to place the statement specified under paragraph (a) of this section on it, the information required by this paragraph shall be placed in a prominent location in the instruction manual or pamphlet supplied to the user or, alternatively, shall be placed on the container in which the device is marketed. However, the FCC identifier or the unique identifier, as appropriate, must be displayed on the device.

### § 15.21 Information to user.

The users manual or instruction manual for an intentional or unintentional radiator shall caution the user that changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.



The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 15, Subpart B — Unintentional Radiators:

#### § 15.105 Information to the user.

(a) For a Class A digital device or peripheral, the instructions furnished the user shall include the following or similar statement, placed in a prominent location in the text of the manual:

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at own expense.

(b) For a Class B digital device or peripheral, the instructions furnished the user shall include the following or similar statement, placed in a prominent location in the text of the manual:

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a residential environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.



## **ICES-003 Procedural & Labeling Requirements**

From the Industry Canada Electromagnetic Compatibility Advisory Bulletin entitled, "Implementation and Interpretation of the Interference-Causing Equipment Standard for Digital Apparatus, ICES-003" (EMCAB-3, Issue 2, July 1995):

"At present, CISPR 22: 2002 and ICES technical requirements are essentially equivalent. Therefore, if you have CISPR 22: 2002 approval by meeting CISPR Publication 22, the only additional requirements are: to attach a note to the report of the test results for compliance, indicating that these results are deemed satisfactory evidence of compliance with ICES-003 of the Canadian Interference-Causing Equipment Regulations; to maintain these records on file for the requisite five year period; and to provide the device with a notice of compliance in accordance with ICES-003."

### **Procedural Requirements:**

According to Industry Canada's Interference Causing Equipment Standard for Digital Apparatus ICES-003 Issue 4, February 2004:

- Section 6.1: A record of the measurements and results, showing the date that the measurements were completed, shall be retained by the manufacturer or importer for a period of at least five years from the date shown in the record and made available for examination on the request of the Minister.
- Section 6.2: A written notice indicating compliance must accompany each unit of digital apparatus to the end user. The notice shall be in the form of a label that is affixed to the apparatus. Where because of insufficient space or other constraints it is not feasible to affix a label to the apparatus, the notice may be in the form of a statement in the user's manual.

### Labeling Requirements:

The suggested text for the notice, in English and in French, is provided below, from the Annex of ICES-003:

This Class [<sup>2</sup>] digital apparatus complies with Canadian ICES-003.

Cet appareil numérique de la classe [<sup>1</sup>] est conforme à la norme NMB-003 du Canada.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Insert either A or B but not both as appropriate for the equipment requirements.



# **End of Report**