



# FCC CFR47 PART 15 SUBPART E CERTIFICATION

# **TEST REPORT**

# **FOR**

# WIRELESS 802.11a MESH NETWORKED ETHERNET SERVICE POINT

**MODEL NUMBER: 1500R-0101-NAM** 

FCC ID: REP-1500R-1

**REPORT NUMBER: 04U2975-1B** 

**ISSUE DATE: OCTOBER 12, 2004** 

Prepared for FIRETIDE, INC 16795 LARK AVE. , LOS GATOS CA 95032, U.S.A.

*Prepared by* 

COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATION SERVICES 561F MONTEREY ROAD, MORGAN HILL, CA 95037, USA

TEL: (408) 463-0885 FAX: (408) 463-0888



REPORT NO: 04U2975-1B

EUT: Wireless 802.11 a Mesh Networked Ethernet Service Point

DATE: OCTOBER 12, 2004
FCC ID: REP-1500R-1

# **Revision History**

Rev.	Revisions	Revised By
В	Change the antenna gain at 5.2GHz band according to Antenna Spec.	Yan Zheng

# **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

1. TEST RESULT DECLARATION	4
2. EUT DESCRIPTION	5
3. TEST METHODOLOGY	6
4. FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATION	6
5. CALIBRATION AND UNCERTAINTY	7
5.1. MEASURING INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION	7
5.2. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY	7
5.3. TEST AND MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT	8
6. SETUP OF EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST	9
7. APPLICABLE LIMITS AND TEST RESULTS	11
7.1. CHANNEL TESTS FOR THE 5250 TO 5350 MHz BAND	
7.1.1. EMISSION BANDWIDTH	
7.1.2. PEAK POWER	
7.1.3. MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE	
7.1.5. PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY	
7.1.6. PEAK EXCURSION	2.8
7.1.7. CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS	
7.2. CHANNEL TESTS FOR THE 5725 TO 5825 MHz BAND	
7.2.1. EMISSION BANDWIDTH	
7.2.2. PEAK POWER	
7.2.3. MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE	
7.2.4. AVERAGE POWER	48
7.2.5. PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY	49
7.2.6. PEAK EXCURSION	
7.2.7. CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS	58
7.3. RADIATED EMISSIONS	62
7.3.1. TRANSMITTER RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS	62
7.3.2. TRANSMITTER ABOVE 1 GHZ FOR 5250 TO 5350 MHz BAND	
7.3.3. TRANSMITTER ABOVE 1 GHZ FOR 5725 TO 5825 MHz BAND	
7.3.4. WORST-CASE RADIATED EMISSIONS BELOW 1 GHz	83
7.4. POWERLINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS	87
8. SETUP PHOTOS	91

Page 3 of 95

# 1. TEST RESULT DECLARATION

**COMPANY NAME:** Firetide, Inc.

16795 Lark Ave.

Los Gatos, CA 95032, U.S.A.

**EUT DESCRIPTION:** Wireless 802.11 a Mesh Networked Ethernet Service Point

**MODEL:** 1500R-0101-NAM

**DATE TESTED:** OCTOBER 4 -12, 2004

#### APPLICABLE STANDARDS

STANDARD TEST RESULTS

FCC PART 15 SUBPART E NO NON-COMPLIANCE NOTED

Compliance Certification Services, Inc. tested the above equipment in accordance with the requirements set forth in the above standards. The test results show that the equipment tested is capable of demonstrating compliance with the requirements as documented in this report.

**Note**: This document reports conditions under which testing was conducted and results of tests performed. This document may not be altered or revised in any way unless done so by Compliance Certification Services and all revisions are duly noted in the revisions section. Any alteration of this document not carried out by Compliance Certification Services will constitute fraud and shall nullify the document.

Approved & Released For CCS By: Tested By:

YAN ZHENG EMC SUPERVISOR

COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATION SERVICES

VIEN TRAN
EMC TECHNICIAN
COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATION SERVICES

DATE: OCTOBER 12, 2004 FCC ID: REP-1500R-1

Page 4 of 95

# 2. EUT DESCRIPTION

The EUT is Wireless 802.11a Mesh Networked Ethernet Service Point.

The device has a maximum peak conducted output power as follows:

#### 5250 to 5350 MHz Authorized Band

Frequency Range (MHz)	Mode	Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (mW)
5260 - 5320	802.11a	17.13	51.64

#### 5725 to 5825 MHz Authorized Band

Frequency Range (MHz)	Mode	Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (mW)
5745 - 5805	802.11a	15.29	33.81

The radio utilizes an external omni antenna, which has a maximum antenna gain of 3.3dBi at 5.2GHz band and 8dBi at 5.8GHz band.

#### **EUT MODIFICATION:**

- ADDED A FERRITE P/N 0443625006 ON POWER LEAD.
- ADDED A FERRITE P/N 4431164951 ON ANTENNA LEAD.

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with ANSI C63.4/2001, FCC CFR 47 Part 2 and FCC CFR 47 Part 15.

DATE: OCTOBER 12, 2004

FCC ID: REP-1500R-1

# 4. FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATION

3. TEST METHODOLOGY

The test sites and measurement facilities used to collect data are located at 561F Monterey Road, Morgan Hill, California, USA. The sites are constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.4, ANSI C63.7 and CISPR Publication 22. All receiving equipment conforms to CISPR Publication 16-1, "Radio Interference Measuring Apparatus and Measurement Methods."

CCS is accredited by NVLAP, Laboratory Code 200065-0. The full scope of accreditation can be viewed at <a href="http://www.ccsemc.com">http://www.ccsemc.com</a>.



No part of this report may be used to claim or imply product endorsement by NVLAP or any agency of the US Government.

# 5. CALIBRATION AND UNCERTAINTY

# 5.1. MEASURING INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

The measuring equipment utilized to perform the tests documented in this report has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, and is traceable to recognized national standards.

DATE: OCTOBER 12, 2004

FCC ID: REP-1500R-1

#### 5.2. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Where relevant, the following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the apparatus:

PARAMETER	UNCERTAINTY
Radiated Emission, 30 to 200 MHz	+/- 3.3 dB
Radiated Emission, 200 to 1000 MHz	+4.5 / -2.9 dB
Radiated Emission, 1000 to 2000 MHz	+4.5 / -2.9 dB
Power Line Conducted Emission	+/- 2.9 dB

Uncertainty figures are valid to a confidence level of 95%.

# 5.3. TEST AND MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT

The following test and measurement equipment was utilized for the tests documented in this report:

DATE: OCTOBER 12, 2004

FCC ID: REP-1500R-1

TEST EQUIPMENT LIST							
Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Cal Due			
LISN, 10 kHz ~ 30 MHz	FCC	50/250-25-2	4/23/1900	10/13/2004			
LISN, 10 kHz ~ 30 MHz	Solar	8012-50-R-24-BNC	8379443	10/13/05			
Site A Line Stabilizer / Conditioner	Tripplite	LC-1800a	A0051681	CNR			
EMI Test Receiver	R & S	ESHS 20	827129/006	7/17/05			
EMI Receiver, 9 kHz ~ 2.9 GHz	HP	8542E	3942A00286	11/21/04			
RF Filter Section	HP	85420E	3705A00256	11/21/04			
30MHz 2Ghz	Sunol Sciences	JB1 Antenna	A121003	12/22/04			
Antenna, Horn 1 ~ 18 GHz	EMCO	3115	2238	2/4/05			
Antenna, Horn 1 ~ 18 GHz	EMCO	3115	6717	2/4/05			
Amplifier 1-26GHz	MITEQ	NSP2600-SP	924342	4/25/05			
Spectrum Analyzer 20 Hz ~ 44 GHz	Agilent	E4446A	US42070220	4/1/05			
5.47-5.85GHz Reject Filter	Micro-Tronics	BCR13191	1	N/A			

# DATE: OCTOBER 12, 2004 FCC ID: REP-1500R-1

# 6. SETUP OF EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST

# **SUPPORT EQUIPMENT**

PERIPHERAL SUPPORT EQUIPMENT LIST							
Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	FCC ID			
LAPTOP	IBM	600E	N/A	N/A			
POWER BOX	FIRETIDE	N/A	N/A	N/A			
AC ADAPTER	SINO-	SAL-115A_1213V-6	N/A	N/A			
	AMERICAN						
AC ADAPTER	JAMECO	DDU12100	N/A	N/A			
AC ADAPTER	JAMECO	DDU1140100	N/A	N/A			

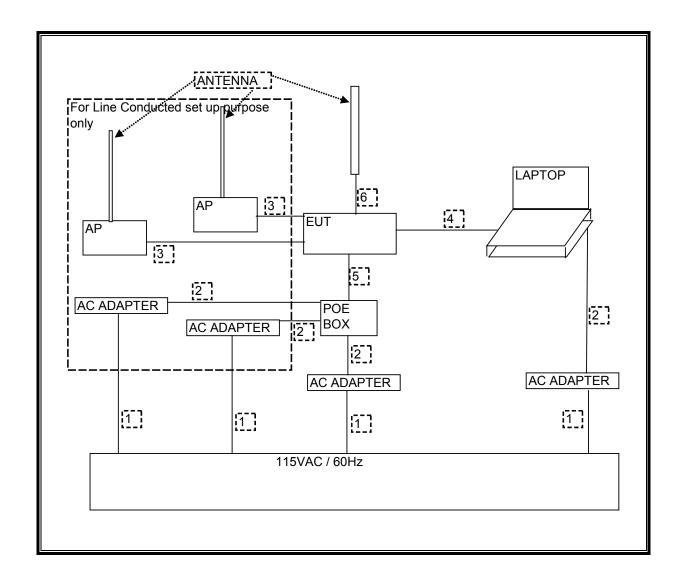
# **I/O CABLES**

	I/O CABLE LIST									
Cable No.	Port	# of Identical Ports	Connector Type	Cable Type	Cable Length	Remarks				
1	AC	4	US115	UNSHIELDED	2m					
2	DC	5	DC	UNSHIELDED	2m					
3	ETHERNET	2	RJ45	SHIELDED	3m					
4	RS323	1	DB9	SHIELDED	1m	From laptop to EUT				
5	TC CABLE	1		UNSHIELDED	.2m					
6	TNC TO N	1		SHIELDED	.5m					

# **TEST SETUP**

The EUT is controlled by the test software via the laptop computer through RS323 Cable. The computer is located off the test site

# **SETUP DIAGRAM FOR TESTS**



Page 10 of 95

# 7. APPLICABLE LIMITS AND TEST RESULTS

# 7.1. CHANNEL TESTS FOR THE 5250 TO 5350 MHz BAND

DATE: OCTOBER 12, 2004

FCC ID: REP-1500R-1

#### 7.1.1. EMISSION BANDWIDTH

#### LIMIT

§15.403 (i) Emission bandwidth. For purposes of this subpart the emission bandwidth shall be determined by measuring the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, that are 26 dB down relative to the maximum level of the modulated carrier. Determination of the emissions bandwidth is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a peak detector function with an instrument resolutions bandwidth approximately equal to 1.0 percent of the emission bandwidth of the device under measurement.

#### **TEST PROCEDURE**

The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer. The RBW is set to 1% to 3% of the 26 dB bandwidth. The VBW is set to 3 times the RBW. The sweep time is coupled.

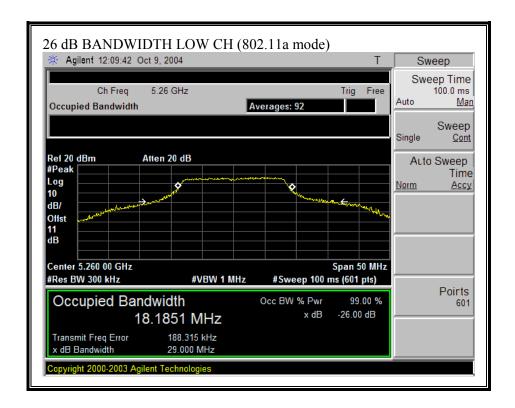
#### **RESULTS**

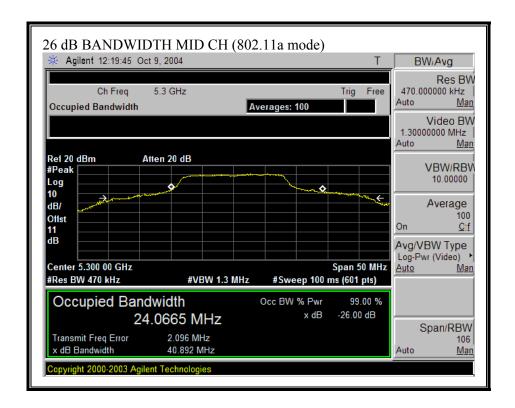
No non-compliance noted:

802.11a Mode

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	B (MHz)	10 Log B (dB)
Low	5260	29.00	14.62
Middle	5300	40.89	16.12
High	5320	38.37	15.84

# 26 dB EMISSION BANDWIDTH (802.11a MODE)







#### 7.1.2. PEAK POWER

#### LIMIT

§15.407 (a) (1) For the band 5.25-5.35 GHz, the peak transmit power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 250 mW or 11 dBm + 10 log B, where B is the 26-dB emission bandwidth in MHz. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the peak transmit power and the peak power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

DATE: OCTOBER 12, 2004

FCC ID: REP-1500R-1

#### **TEST PROCEDURE**

The test is performed in accordance with FCC Public Notice: APPENDIX A Guidelines for Assessing Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (U-NII) Devices – Part 15, Subpart E, August 2002.

The transmitter output operates continuously therefore Method # 1 is used.

# DATE: OCTOBER 12, 2004 FCC ID: REP-1500R-1

# **LIMITS AND RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted:

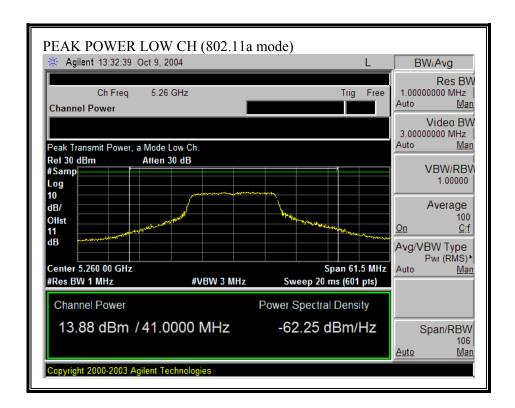
# Limit

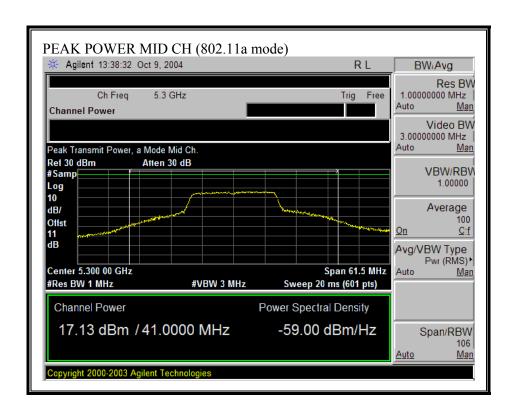
Channel	Frequency	Fixed	В	11 + 10 Log B	Antenna	Limit
		Limit		Limit	Gain	
	(MHz)	(dBm)	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBi)	(dBm)
Low	5260	24	29.00	25.62	3.30	24.00
Mid	5300	24	40.89	27.12	3.30	24.00
High	5320	24	38.37	26.84	3.30	24.00

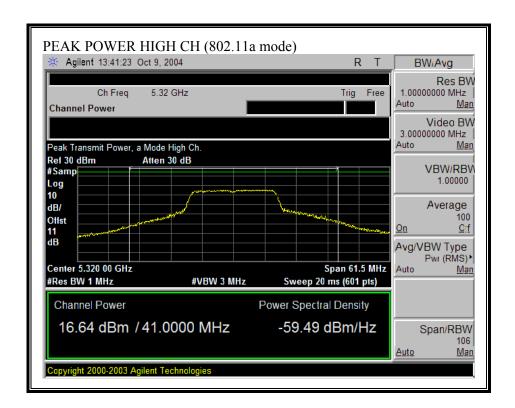
#### Results

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
Low	5260	13.88	24.00	-10.12
Mid	5300	17.13	24.00	-6.87
High	5320	16.64	24.00	-7.36

# PEAK POWER (802.11a MODE)







# DATE: OCTOBER 12, 2004 FCC ID: REP-1500R-1

#### 7.1.3. MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE

#### **LIMITS**

§1.1310 The criteria listed in Table 1 shall be used to evaluate the environmental impact of human exposure to radio-frequency (RF) radiation as specified in §1.1307(b), except in the case of portable devices which shall be evaluated according to the provisions of §2.1093 of this chapter.

TABLE 1-LIMITS FOR MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)

Frequency range (MHz)	Electric field strength (V/m)	Magnetic field strength (A/m)	Power density (mW/cm²)	Averaging time (minutes)
(A) Lim	nits for Occupational	/Controlled Exposu	res	
0.3–3.0 3.0–30 30–300 300–1500 1500–100,000	614 1842/f 61.4	1.63 4.89f 0.163	*(100) *(900/f²) 1.0 f/300 5	6 6 6 6
(B) Limits	for General Populati	on/Uncontrolled Exp	oosure	
0.3–1.34	614 824/f	1.63 2.19/f	*(100) *(180/f²)	30 30

TABLE 1-LIMITS FOR MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)-Continued

Frequency range (MHz)	Electric field strength (V/m)	Magnetic field strength (A/m)	Power density (mW/cm²)	Averaging time (minutes)
30–300	27.5	0.073	0.2 f/1500 1.0	30 30 30

f = frequency in MHz

\* = Plane-wave equivalent power density
NOTE 1 TO TABLE 1: Occupational/controlled limits apply in situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment provided those persons are fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. Limits for occupational/controlled exposure also apply in situations when an individual is transient through a location where occupational/controlled limits apply provided he or she is made aware of the potential for exposure.
NOTE 2 TO TABLE 1: General population/uncontrolled exposures apply in situations in which the general public may be exposed, or in which persons that are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be fully aware of the potential for exposure or can not exercise control over their exposure.

#### **CALCULATIONS**

Given

 $E = \sqrt{(30 * P * G)} / d$ 

and

 $S = E ^2 / 3770$ 

where

E = Field Strength in Volts/meter

P = Power in Watts

G = Numeric antenna gain

d = Distance in meters

S = Power Density in milliwatts/square centimeter

Combining equations and rearranging the terms to express the distance as a function of the remaining variables yields:

$$d = \sqrt{((30 * P * G) / (3770 * S))}$$

Changing to units of Power to mW and Distance to cm, using:

P(mW) = P(W) / 1000 and

d (cm) = 100 \* d (m)

yields

 $d = 100 * \sqrt{((30 * (P / 1000) * G) / (3770 * S))}$ 

 $d = 0.282 * \sqrt{(P * G / S)}$ 

where

d = distance in cm

P = Power in mW

G = Numeric antenna gain

 $S = Power Density in mW/cm^2$ 

Substituting the logarithmic form of power and gain using:

 $P(mW) = 10 ^ (P(dBm) / 10)$  and

 $G (numeric) = 10 ^ (G (dBi) / 10)$ 

yields

 $d = 0.282 * 10 ^ ((P + G) / 20) / \sqrt{S}$ 

where

d = MPE distance in cm

P = Power in dBm

G = Antenna Gain in dBi

 $S = Power Density Limit in mW/cm^2$ 

Equation (1) and the measured peak power is used to calculate the MPE distance.

Equation (1)

# **LIMITS**

From §1.1310 Table 1 (B),  $S = 1.0 \text{ mW/cm}^2$ 

#### **RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted:

Mode	<b>Power Density</b>	Output	Antenna	MPE
	Limit	Power	Gain	Distance
	(mW/cm^2)	(dBm)	(dBi)	(cm)
802.11a	1.0	17.13	3.30	2.96

NOTE: For mobile or fixed location transmitters, the minimum separation distance is 20 cm, even if calculations indicate that the MPE distance would be less.

# DATE: OCTOBER 12, 2004 FCC ID: REP-1500R-1

#### 7.1.4. AVERAGE POWER

#### **AVERAGE POWER LIMIT**

None; for reporting purposes only.

#### **TEST PROCEDURE**

The transmitter output is connected to a power meter.

# **RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted:

The cable assembly insertion loss of 11 dB (including 10 dB pad and 1 dB cable) was entered as an offset in the power meter to allow for direct reading of power.

	(MHz)	(dBm)
Low	5260	13.20
Middle	5300	16.45
High	5320	16.30

#### 7.1.5. PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

#### LIMIT

§15.407 (a) (1) For the band 5.25-5.35 GHz, the peak power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1-MHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the peak transmit power and the peak power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

The maximum antenna gain = 3.3 dBi, therefore there is no reduction due to antenna gain.

# **TEST PROCEDURE**

The test is performed in accordance with FCC Public Notice: APPENDIX A Guidelines for Assessing Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (U-NII) Devices – Part 15, Subpart E, August 2002. PPSD method #2 was used.

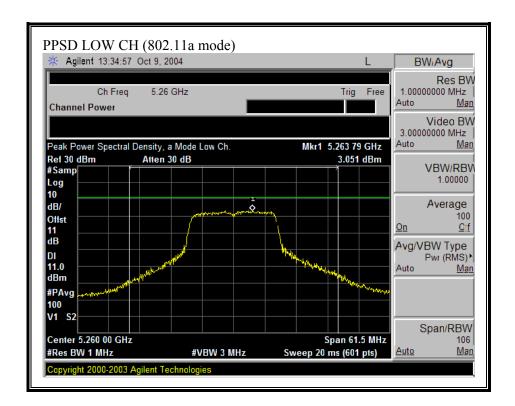
#### **RESULTS**

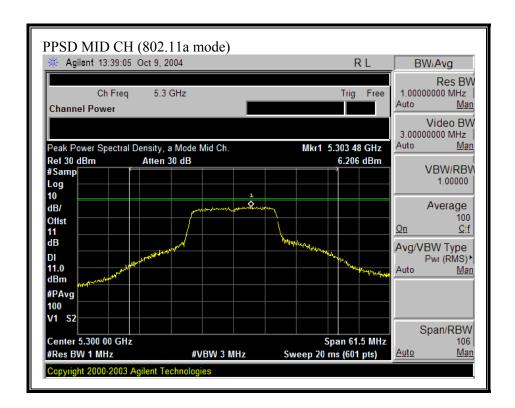
No non-compliance noted:

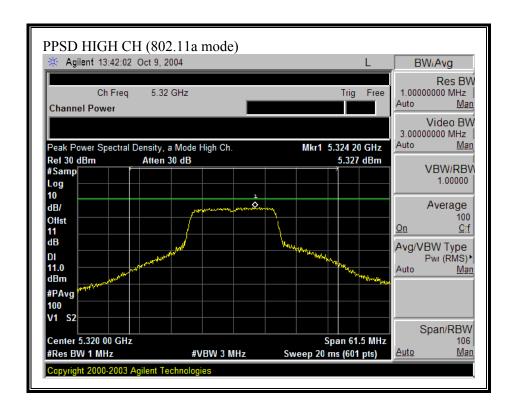
802.11a Mode

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	PPSD (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
Low	5260	3.05	11.00	-7.95
Mid	5300	6.21	11.00	-4.79
High	5320	5.33	11.00	-5.67

# PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY (802.11a MODE)







#### 7.1.6. PEAK EXCURSION

#### LIMIT

§15.407 (a) (6) The ratio of the peak excursion of the modulation envelope (measured using a peak hold function) to the peak transmit power (measured as specified above) shall not exceed 13 dB across any 1 MHz bandwidth or the emission bandwidth whichever is less.

# **TEST PROCEDURE**

The test is performed in accordance with FCC Public Notice: APPENDIX A Guidelines for Assessing Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (U-NII) Devices – Part 15, Subpart E, August 2002.

Since Method # 1 was used for peak power measurements, Method # 1 settings are used for the second PPSD trace.

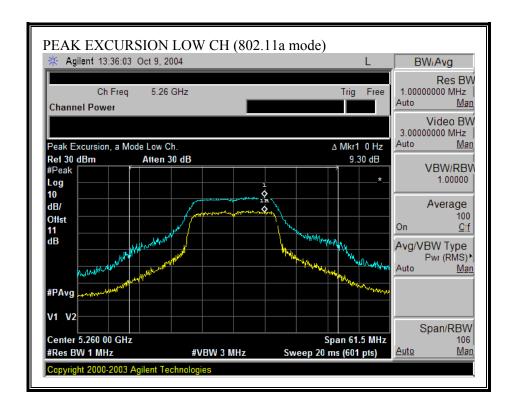
# **RESULTS**

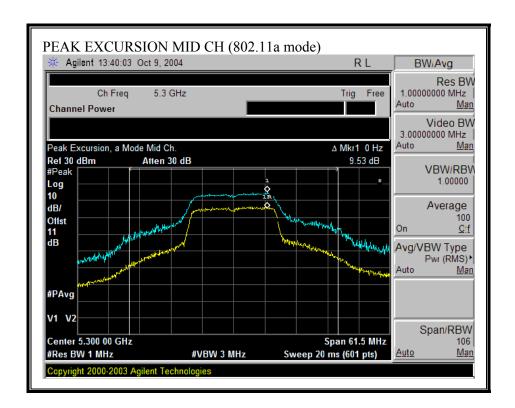
No non-compliance noted:

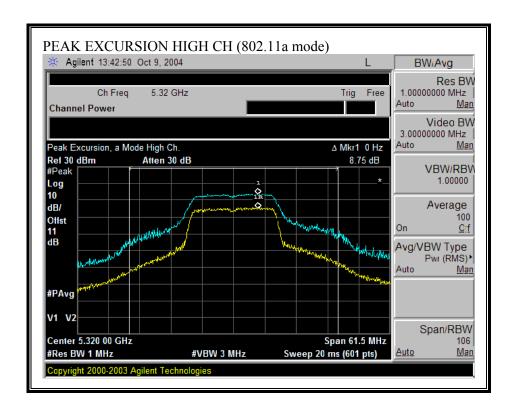
#### 802.11a Mode

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Peak Excursion (dB)	Limit (dB)	Margin (dB)
Low	5260	9.30	13	-3.70
Mid	5300	9.53	13	-3.47
High	5320	8.75	13	-4.25

# PEAK EXCURSION (802.11a MODE)







#### 7.1.7. CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

#### LIMITS

§15.407 (b) (2) For transmitters operating in the 5.25-5.35 GHz band: all emissions outside of the 5.25-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an EIRP of -27dBm / MHz.

DATE: OCTOBER 12, 2004 FCC ID: REP-1500R-1

#### **TEST PROCEDURE**

Conducted RF measurements of the transmitter output are made to confirm that the EUT antenna port conducted emissions meet the specified limit and to identify any spurious signals that require further investigation or measurements on the radiated emissions site.

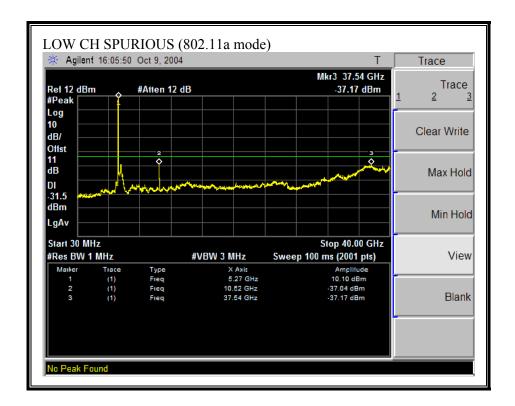
The transmitter output is connected to the spectrum analyzer. The resolution bandwidth is set to 1 MHz. The video bandwidth is set to 1 MHz. Peak detection measurements are compared to the average EIRP limit, adjusted for the maximum antenna gain. If necessary, additional average detection measurements are made.

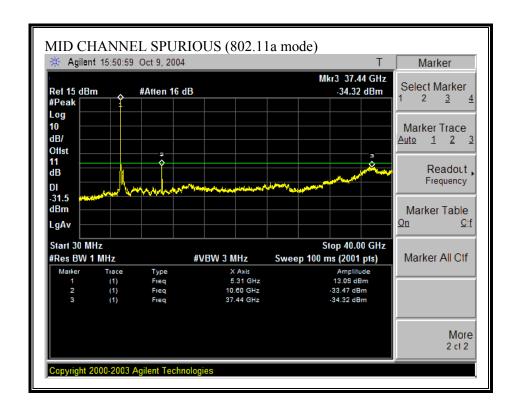
Measurements are made over the 30 MHz to 40 GHz range with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels.

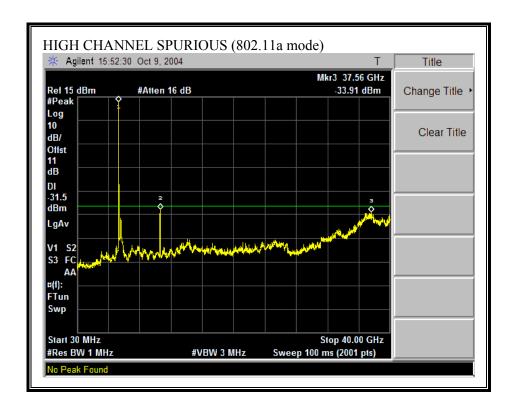
#### **RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted:

# **SPURIOUS EMISSIONS (802.11a MODE)**







# 7.2. CHANNEL TESTS FOR THE 5725 TO 5825 MHz BAND

DATE: OCTOBER 12, 2004

FCC ID: REP-1500R-1

#### 7.2.1. EMISSION BANDWIDTH

#### **LIMIT**

§15.403 (i) Emission bandwidth. For purposes of this subpart the emission bandwidth shall be determined by measuring the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, that are 26 dB down relative to the maximum level of the modulated carrier. Determination of the emissions bandwidth is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a peak detector function with an instrument resolutions bandwidth approximately equal to 1.0 percent of the emission bandwidth of the device under measurement.

#### **TEST PROCEDURE**

The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer. The RBW is set to 1% to 3% of the 26 dB bandwidth. The VBW is set to 3 times the RBW. The sweep time is coupled.

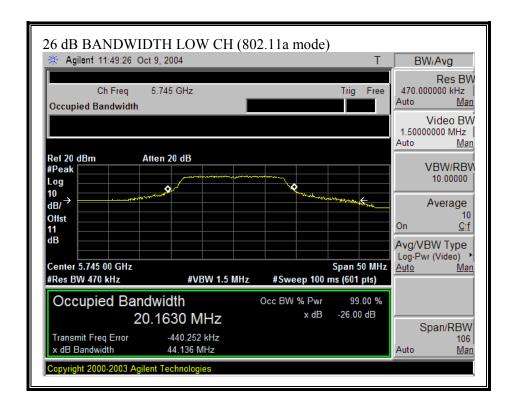
#### **RESULTS**

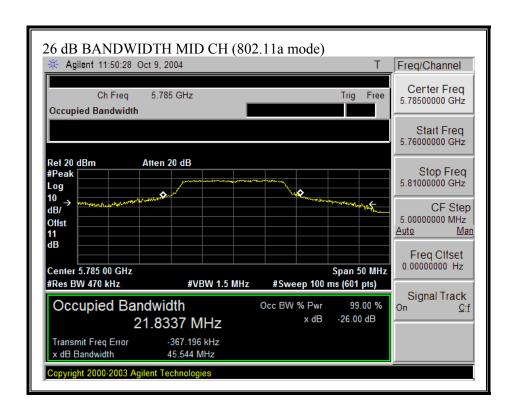
No non-compliance noted:

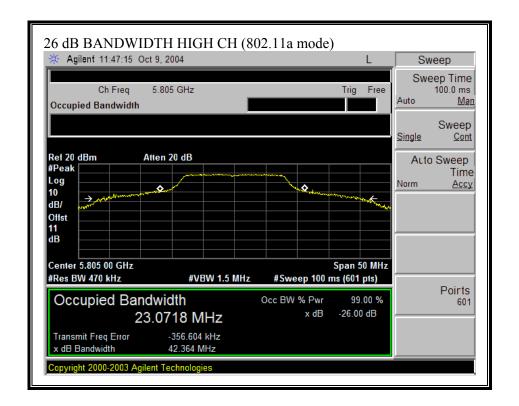
802.11a Mode

002.114.1104.0				
Channel	Frequency	B	10 Log B	
	(MHz)	(MHz)	(dB)	
Low	5745	44.14	16.45	
Middle	5785	45.54	16.58	
High	5805	42.36	16.27	

## 26 dB EMISSION BANDWIDTH (802.11a MODE)







## 7.2.2. PEAK POWER

#### LIMIT

§15.407 (a) (3) For the 5.725–5.825 GHz band, the peak transmit power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 1 W or 17 dBm + 10 log B, where B is the 26-dB emission bandwidth in MHz. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the peak transmit power and the peak power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. However, fixed point-to-point U–NII devices operating in this band may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain up to 23 dBi without any corresponding reduction in the transmitter peak output power or peak power spectral density. For fixed, point-to-point U–NII transmitters that employ a directional antenna gain greater than 23 dBi, a 1 dB reduction in peak transmitter power and peak power spectral density for each 1 dB of antenna gain in excess of 23 dBi would be required. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omni directional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U–NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.

DATE: OCTOBER 12, 2004 FCC ID: REP-1500R-1

#### **TEST PROCEDURE**

The test is performed in accordance with FCC Public Notice: APPENDIX A Guidelines for Assessing Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (U-NII) Devices – Part 15, Subpart E, August 2002.

The transmitter output operates continuously therefore Method # 1 is used.

# DATE: OCTOBER 12, 2004 FCC ID: REP-1500R-1

# **LIMITS AND RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted:

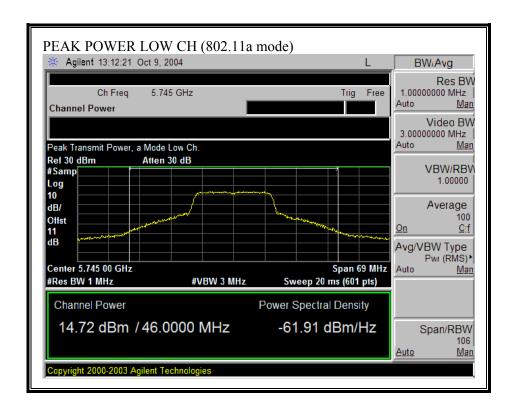
#### Limit

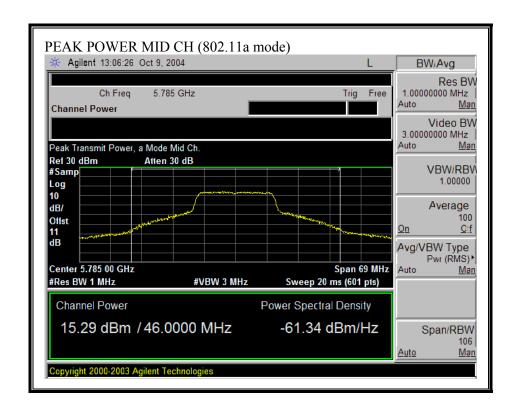
Channel	Frequency	Fixed	В	17 + 10 Log B	Antenna	Limit
		Limit		Limit	Gain	
	(MHz)	(dBm)	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBi)	(dBm)
Low	5745	30	44.14	33.45	8.00	28.00
Mid	5785	30	45.54	33.58	8.00	28.00
High	5805	30	42.36	33.27	8.00	28.00

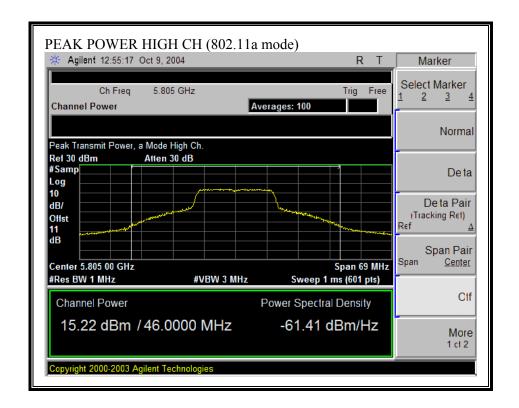
#### Results

Channel	Frequency	Power	Limit	Margin
	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)
Low	5745	14.72	28.00	-13.28
Middle	5785	15.29	28.00	-12.71
High	5805	15.22	28.00	-12.78

## PEAK POWER (802.11a MODE)







## 7.2.3. MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE

#### **LIMITS**

§1.1310 The criteria listed in Table 1 shall be used to evaluate the environmental impact of human exposure to radio-frequency (RF) radiation as specified in §1.1307(b), except in the case of portable devices which shall be evaluated according to the provisions of §2.1093 of this chapter.

TABLE 1-LIMITS FOR MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)

Frequency range (MHz)	Electric field strength (V/m)	Magnetic field strength (A/m)	Power density (mW/cm²)	Averaging time (minutes)
(A) Lim	nits for Occupational	/Controlled Exposu	res	
0.3–3.0 3.0–30 30–300 300–1500 1500–100,000	614 1842/f 61.4	1.63 4.89f 0.163	*(100) *(900/f²) 1.0 f/300 5	6 6 6 6
(B) Limits	for General Populati	on/Uncontrolled Exp	oosure	
0.3–1.34	614 824/f	1.63 2.19/f	*(100) *(180/f²)	30 30

TABLE 1-LIMITS FOR MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)-Continued

Frequency range (MHz)	Electric field strength (V/m)	Magnetic field strength (A/m)	Power density (mW/cm²)	Averaging time (minutes)
30–300 300–1500 1500–100,000	27.5	0.073	0.2 f/1500 1.0	30 30 30

f = frequency in MHz

\* = Plane-wave equivalent power density

NOTE 1 TO TABLE 1: Occupational/controlled limits apply in situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment provided those persons are fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. Limits for occupational/controlled exposure also apply in situations when an individual is transient through a location where occupational/controlled limits apply provided he or she is made aware of the potential for exposure.

NOTE 2 TO TABLE 1: General population/uncontrolled exposures apply in situations in which the general public may be exposed, or in which persons that are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be fully aware of the potential for exposure.

exposure or can not exercise control over their exposure.

## DATE: OCTOBER 12, 2004 FCC ID: REP-1500R-1

#### **CALCULATIONS**

Given

 $E = \sqrt{(30 * P * G)/d}$ 

and

 $S = E ^2 / 3770$ 

where

E = Field Strength in Volts/meter

P = Power in Watts

G = Numeric antenna gain

d = Distance in meters

S = Power Density in milliwatts/square centimeter

Combining equations and rearranging the terms to express the distance as a function of the remaining variables yields:

$$d = \sqrt{((30 * P * G) / (3770 * S))}$$

Changing to units of Power to mW and Distance to cm, using:

P(mW) = P(W) / 1000 and

d (cm) = 100 \* d (m)

yields

 $d = 100 * \sqrt{((30 * (P / 1000) * G) / (3770 * S))}$ 

 $d = 0.282 * \sqrt{(P * G / S)}$ 

where

d = distance in cm

P = Power in mW

G = Numeric antenna gain

 $S = Power Density in mW/cm^2$ 

Substituting the logarithmic form of power and gain using:

 $P(mW) = 10 ^ (P(dBm) / 10)$  and

 $G (numeric) = 10 ^ (G (dBi) / 10)$ 

yields

 $d = 0.282 * 10 ^ (P + G) / 20) / \sqrt{S}$  Equation (1)

where

d = MPE distance in cm

P = Power in dBm

G = Antenna Gain in dBi

 $S = Power Density Limit in mW/cm^2$ 

Equation (1) and the measured peak power is used to calculate the MPE distance.

# **LIMITS**

From  $\S1.1310$  Table 1 (B), S = 1.0 mW/cm<sup>2</sup>

#### **RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted:

Mode	<b>Power Density</b>	Output	Antenna	MPE
	Limit	Power	Gain	Distance
	(mW/cm^2)	(dBm)	(dBi)	(cm)
802.11a	1.0	15.29	8.00	4.12

DATE: OCTOBER 12, 2004

FCC ID: REP-1500R-1

NOTE: For mobile or fixed location transmitters, the minimum separation distance is 20 cm, even if calculations indicate that the MPE distance would be less.

# 7.2.4. AVERAGE POWER

## **AVERAGE POWER LIMIT**

None; for reporting purposes only.

#### **TEST PROCEDURE**

The transmitter output is connected to a power meter.

## **RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted:

The cable assembly insertion loss of 11 dB (including 10 dB pad and 1 dB cable) was entered as an offset in the power meter to allow for direct reading of power.

DATE: OCTOBER 12, 2004

FCC ID: REP-1500R-1

## 802.11a Mode

Channel	Frequency	<b>Average Power</b>
	(MHz)	(dBm)
Low	5745	13.60
Middle	5785	14.60
High	5805	14.80

## 7.2.5. PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

#### LIMIT

§15.407 (a) (3) For the 5.725–5.825 GHz band, the peak power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1-MHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the peak transmit power and the peak power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. However, fixed point-to-point U–NII devices operating in this band may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain up to 23 dBi without any corresponding reduction in the transmitter peak output power or peak power spectral density. For fixed, point-to-point U–NII transmitters that employ a directional antenna gain greater than 23 dBi, a 1 dB reduction in peak transmitter power and peak power spectral density for each 1 dB of antenna gain in excess of 23 dBi would be required. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omni directional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U–NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.

DATE: OCTOBER 12, 2004

FCC ID: REP-1500R-1

The maximum antenna gain = 8 dBi, therefore there is 2dBi reduction due to antenna gain.

#### **TEST PROCEDURE**

The test is performed in accordance with FCC Public Notice: APPENDIX A Guidelines for Assessing Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (U-NII) Devices – Part 15, Subpart E, August 2002. PPSD method #2 was used.

DATE: OCTOBER 12, 2004

FCC ID: REP-1500R-1

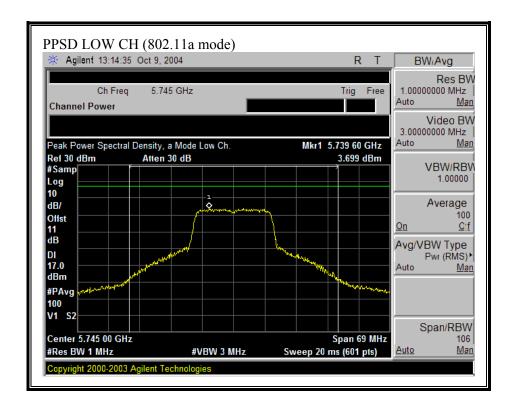
# RESULTS

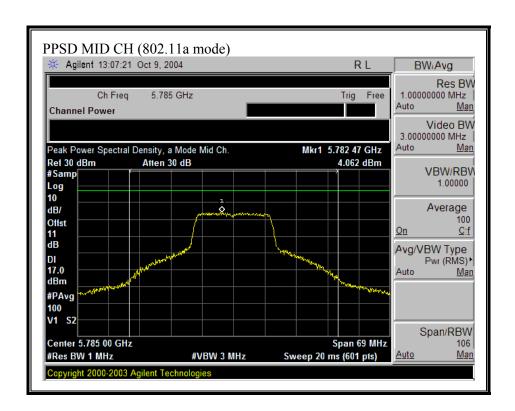
No non-compliance noted:

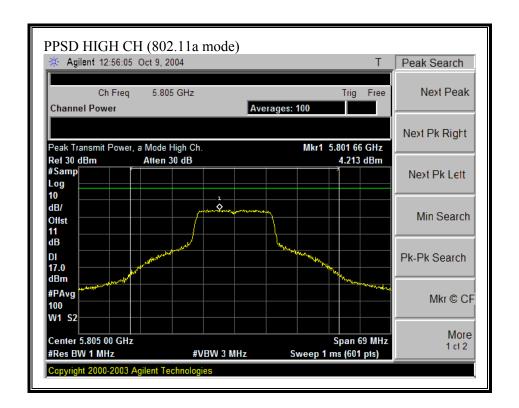
802.11a Mode

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	PPSD (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
Low	5745	3.70	15.00	-11.30
Middle	5785	4.06	15.00	-10.94
High	5805	4.21	15.00	-10.79

## PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY (802.11a MODE)







## DATE: OCTOBER 12, 2004 FCC ID: REP-1500R-1

#### 7.2.6. PEAK EXCURSION

#### LIMIT

§15.407 (a) (6) The ratio of the peak excursion of the modulation envelope (measured using a peak hold function) to the peak transmit power (measured as specified above) shall not exceed 13 dB across any 1 MHz bandwidth or the emission bandwidth whichever is less.

## **TEST PROCEDURE**

The test is performed in accordance with FCC Public Notice: APPENDIX A Guidelines for Assessing Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (U-NII) Devices – Part 15, Subpart E, August 2002.

Since Method # 1 was used for peak power measurements, Method # 1 settings are used for the second PPSD trace.

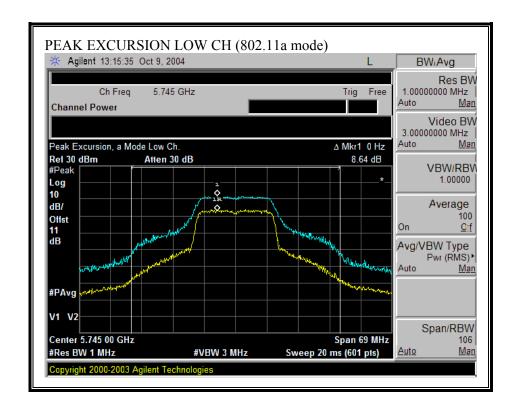
#### **RESULTS**

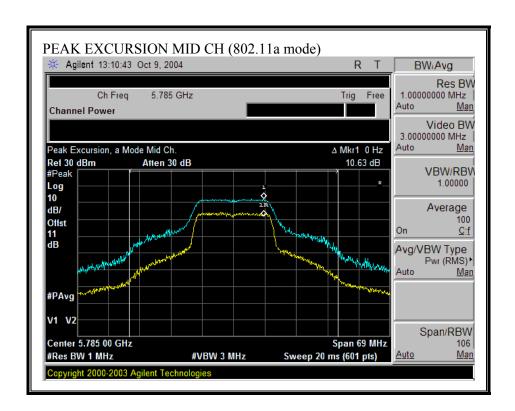
No non-compliance noted:

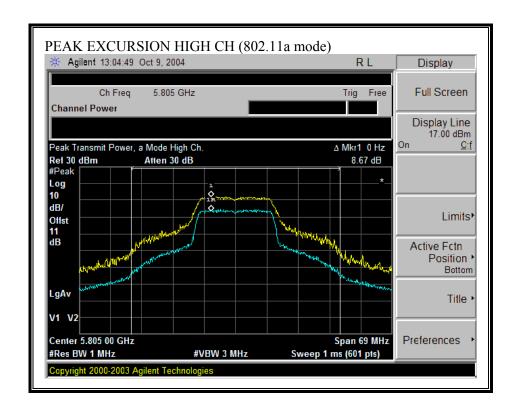
#### 802.11a Mode

Channel	Frequency	Peak Excursion	Limit	Margin
	(MHz)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)
Low	5745	8.64	13	-4.36
Middle	5785	10.63	13	-2.37
High	5805	8.67	13	-4.33

## PEAK EXCURSION (802.11a MODE)







# 7.2.7. CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

#### **LIMITS**

§15.407 (b) (4) For transmitters operating in the 5.725–5.825 GHz band: all emissions within the frequency range from the band edge to 10 MHz above or below the band edge shall not exceed an EIRP of –17 dBm/MHz; for frequencies 10 MHz or greater above or below the band edge, emissions shall not exceed an EIRP of –27 dBm/MHz.

DATE: OCTOBER 12, 2004 FCC ID: REP-1500R-1

#### **TEST PROCEDURE**

Conducted RF measurements of the transmitter output are made to confirm that the EUT antenna port conducted emissions meet the specified limit and to identify any spurious signals that require further investigation or measurements on the radiated emissions site.

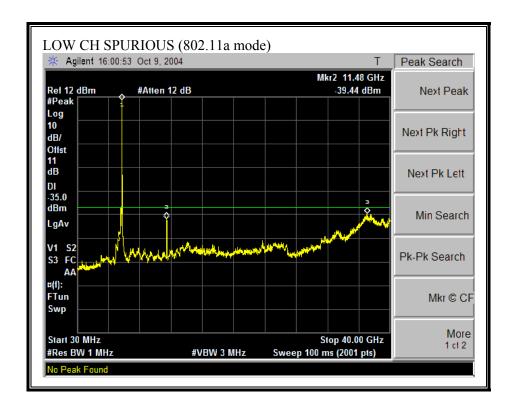
The transmitter output is connected to the spectrum analyzer. The resolution bandwidth is set to 1 MHz. The video bandwidth is set to 1 MHz. Peak detection measurements are compared to the average EIRP limit, adjusted for the maximum antenna gain. If necessary, additional average detection measurements are made

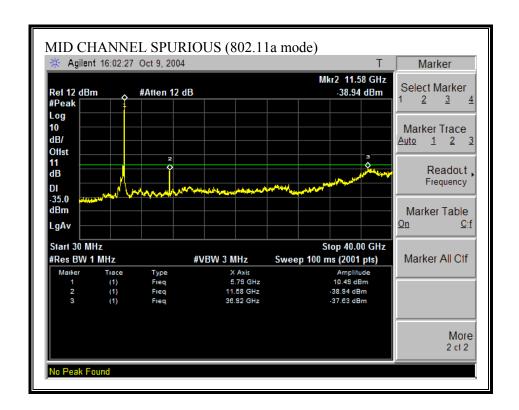
Measurements are made over the 30 MHz to 40 GHz range with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels.

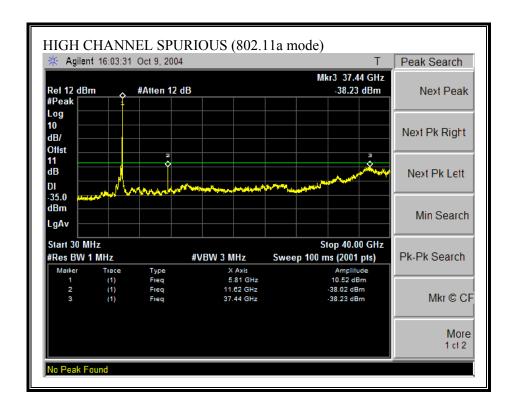
#### **RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted:

## **SPURIOUS EMISSIONS (802.11a MODE)**







# 7.3. RADIATED EMISSIONS

#### 7.3.1. TRANSMITTER RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

#### **LIMITS**

§15.205 (a) Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090 - 0.110	16.42 - 16.423	399.9 - 410	4.5 - 5.15
<sup>1</sup> 0.495 - 0.505	16.69475 - 16.69525	608 - 614	5.35 - 5.46
2.1735 - 2.1905	16.80425 - 16.80475	960 - 1240	7.25 - 7.75
4.125 - 4.128	25.5 - 25.67	1300 - 1427	8.025 - 8.5
4.17725 - 4.17775	37.5 - 38.25	1435 - 1626.5	9.0 - 9.2
4.20725 - 4.20775	73 - 74.6	1645.5 - 1646.5	9.3 - 9.5
6.215 - 6.218	74.8 - 75.2	1660 - 1710	10.6 - 12.7
6.26775 - 6.26825	108 - 121.94	1718.8 - 1722.2	13.25 - 13.4
6.31175 - 6.31225	123 - 138	2200 - 2300	14.47 - 14.5
8.291 - 8.294	149.9 - 150.05	2310 - 2390	15.35 - 16.2
8.362 - 8.366	156.52475 - 156.52525	2483.5 - 2500	17.7 - 21.4
8.37625 - 8.38675	156.7 - 156.9	2655 - 2900	22.01 - 23.12
8.41425 - 8.41475	162.0125 - 167.17	3260 - 3267	23.6 - 24.0
12.29 - 12.293	167.72 - 173.2	3332 - 3339	31.2 - 31.8
12.51975 - 12.52025	240 - 285	3345.8 - 3358	36.43 - 36.5
12.57675 - 12.57725	322 - 335.4	3600 - 4400	$\binom{2}{}$
13.36 - 13.41			·

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490-0.510 MHz.

§15.205 (b) Except as provided in paragraphs (d) and (e), the field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in Section 15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1000 MHz, compliance with the limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1000 MHz, compliance with the emission limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in Section 15.35 apply to these measurements.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Above 38.6

DATE: OCTOBER 12, 2004 FCC ID: REP-1500R-1

§15.209 (a) Except as provided elsewhere in this Subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)
30 - 88	100 **	3
88 - 216	150 **	3
216 - 960	200 **	3
Above 960	500	3

<sup>\*\*</sup> Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this Section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54-72 MHz, 76-88 MHz, 174-216 MHz or 470-806 MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this Part, e.g., Sections 15.231 and 15.241.

<sup>§15.209 (</sup>b) In the emission table above, the tighter limit applies at the band edges.

# TEST PROCEDURE

The EUT is placed on a non-conducting table 80 cm above the ground plane. The antenna to EUT distance is 3 meters. The EUT is configured in accordance with ANSI C63.4. The EUT is set to transmit in a continuous mode.

DATE: OCTOBER 12, 2004

FCC ID: REP-1500R-1

For measurements below 1 GHz the resolution bandwidth is set to 100 kHz for peak detection measurements or 120 kHz for quasi-peak detection measurements. Peak detection is used unless otherwise noted as quasi-peak.

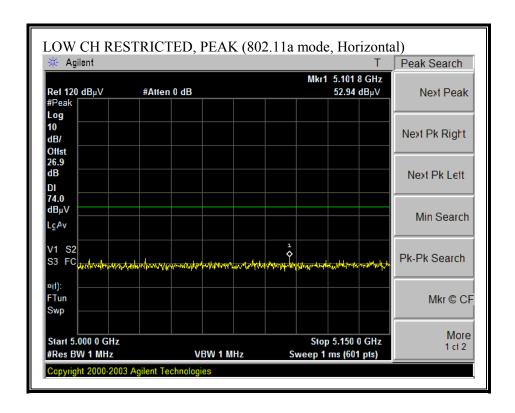
For measurements above 1 GHz the resolution bandwidth is set to 1 MHz, then the video bandwidth is set to 1 MHz for peak measurements and 10 Hz for average measurements.

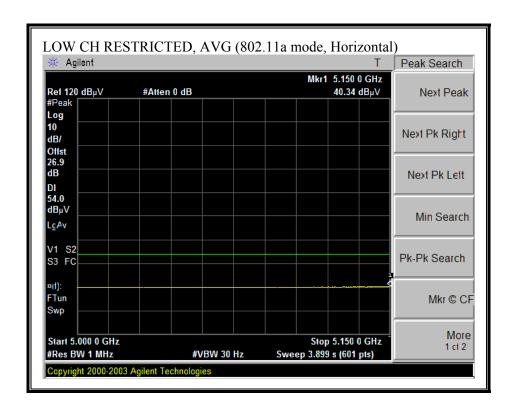
The spectrum from 30 MHz to 40 GHz is investigated with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels in each band.

The frequency range of interest is monitored at a fixed antenna height and EUT azimuth. The EUT is rotated through 360 degrees to maximize emissions received. The antenna is scanned from 1 to 4 meters above the ground plane to further maximize the emission. Measurements are made with the antenna polarized in both the vertical and the horizontal positions.

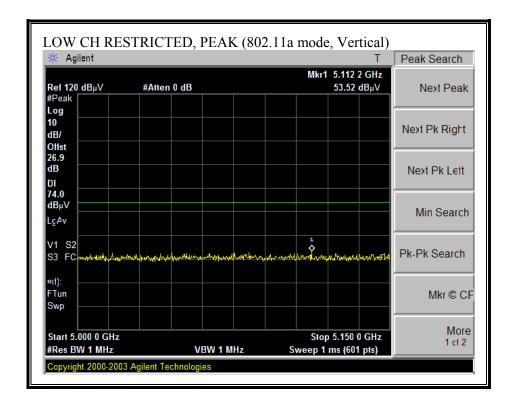
## 7.3.2. TRANSMITTER ABOVE 1 GHZ FOR 5250 TO 5350 MHz BAND

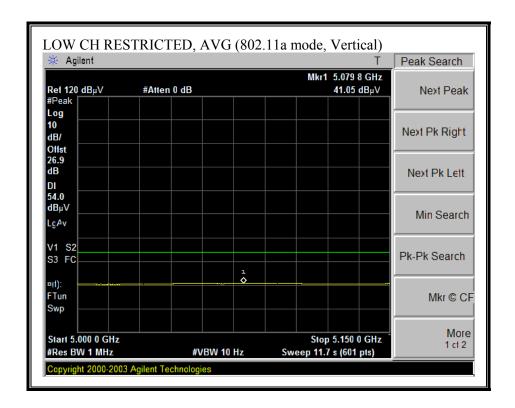
#### RESTRICTED BANDEDGE (802.11a MODE, LOW CHANNEL, HORIZONTAL)



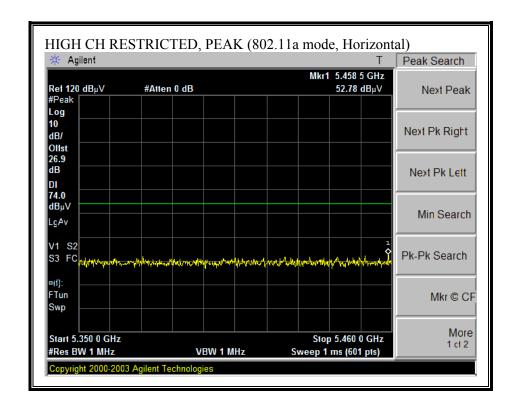


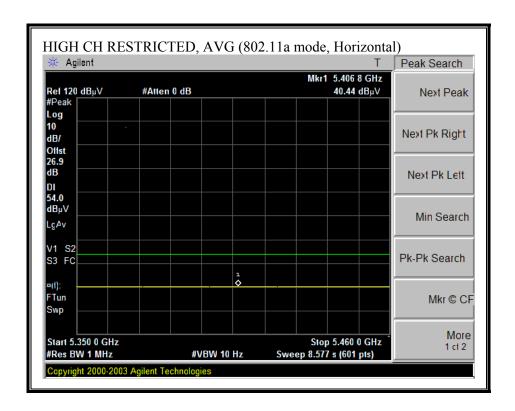
## RESTRICTED BANDEDGE (802.11a MODE, LOW CHANNEL, VERTICAL)



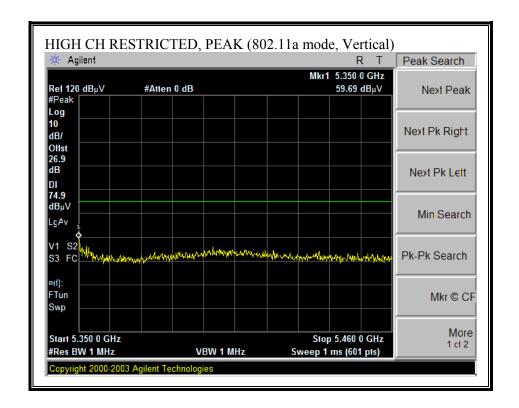


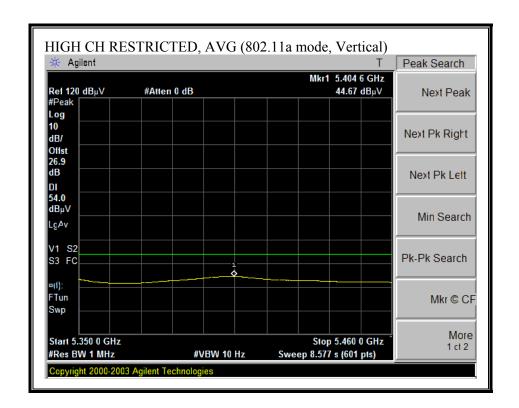
## RESTRICTED BANDEDGE (802.11a MODE, HIGH CHANNEL, HORIZONTAL)



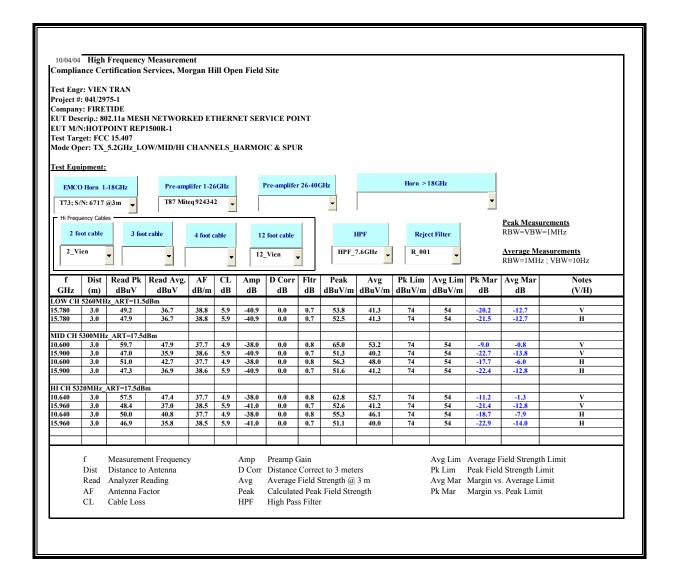


## RESTRICTED BANDEDGE (802.11a MODE, HIGH CHANNEL, VERTICAL)





## **HARMONICS AND SPURIOUS EMISSIONS (802.11a MODE)**



# 7.3.3. TRANSMITTER ABOVE 1 GHZ FOR 5725 TO 5825 MHz BAND

DATE: OCTOBER 12, 2004

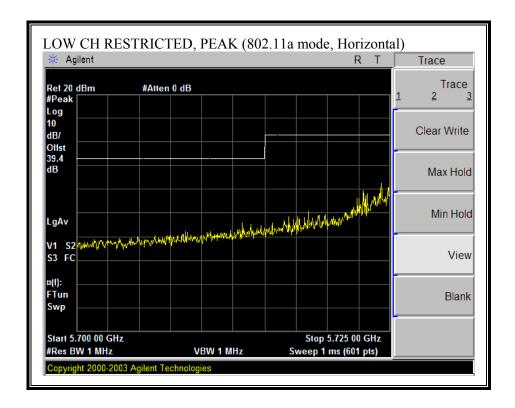
FCC ID: REP-1500R-1

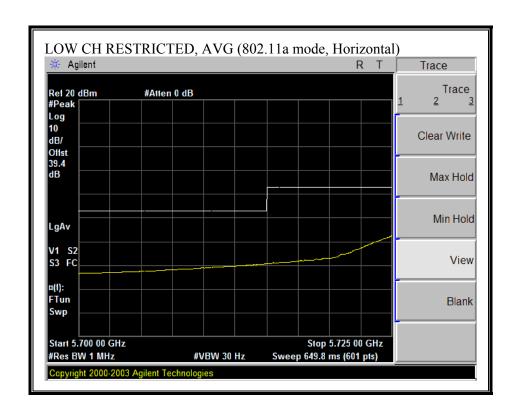
#### **REPORTING NOTES**

The nearby restricted band stops 10 MHz below the authorized band. A single plot is taken to show both restricted band emission levels and out-of-band radiated spurious emission levels at and near the lower authorized bandedge. The out-of-band spurious limits of -7 dBm Peak EIRP and -27 dBm Average EIRP are converted to the equivalent 3 meter field strengths of 88.2 dBuV/m Peak and 68.2 dBuV/m Average, respectively, for reporting purposes.

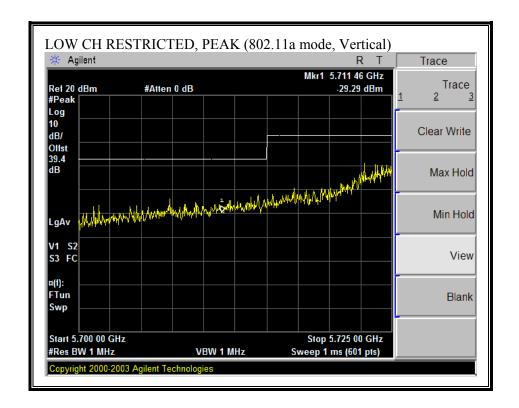
The out-of- band radiated spurious emission levels at and near the upper authorized bandedge are reported as EIRP values.

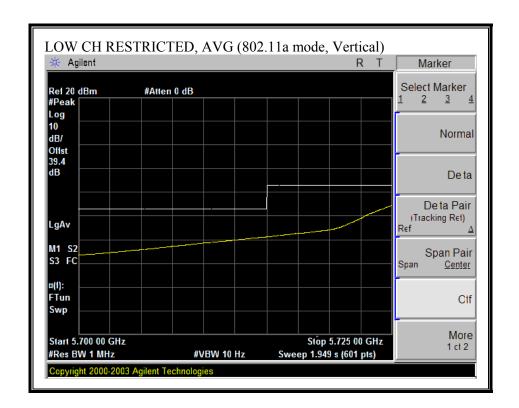
#### RESTRICTED BAND & BANDEDGE (802.11a MODE, LOW CHANNEL, HORIZONTAL)



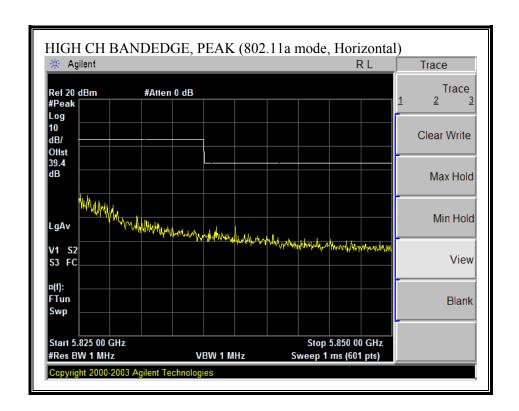


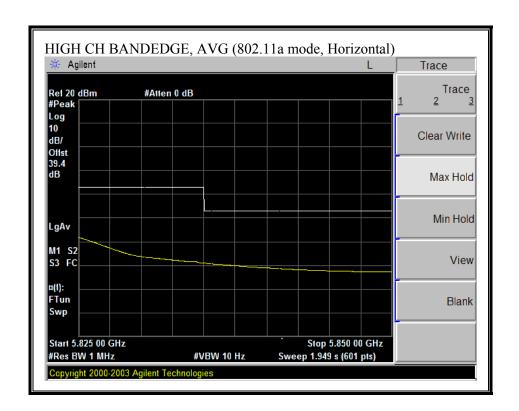
## RESTRICTED BAND & BANDEDGE (802.11a MODE, LOW CHANNEL, VERTICAL)



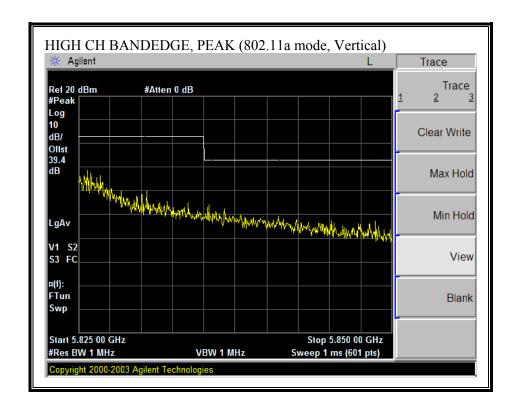


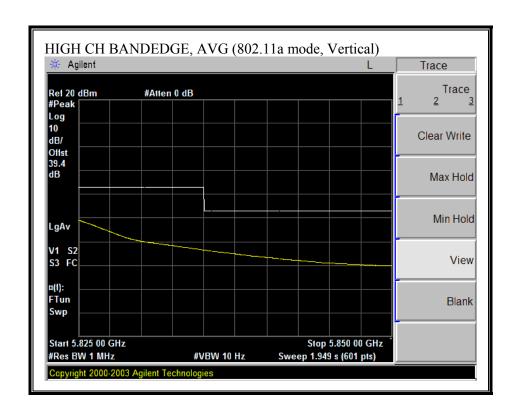
## BANDEDGE (802.11a MODE, HIGH CHANNEL, HORIZONTAL)



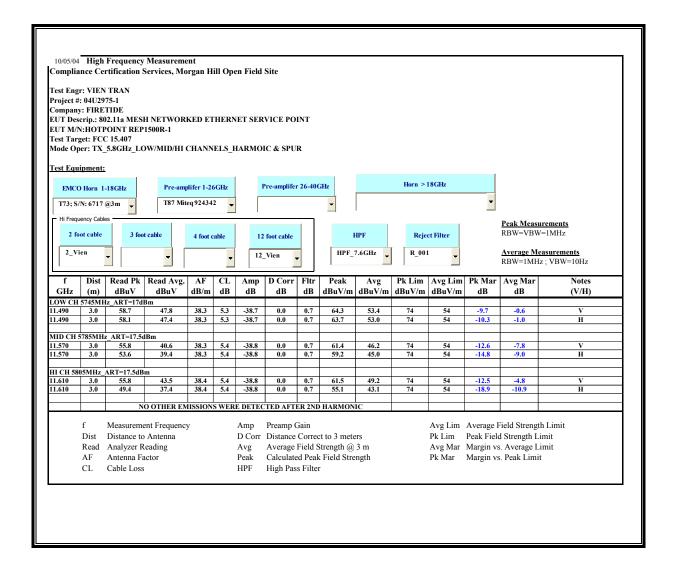


## BANDEDGE (802.11a MODE, HIGH CHANNEL, VERTICAL)



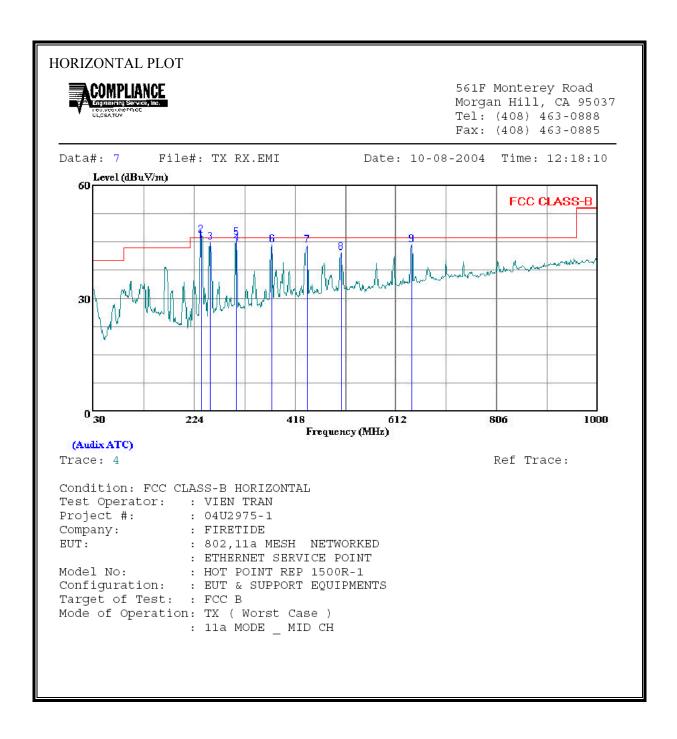


## **HARMONICS AND SPURIOUS EMISSIONS (802.11a MODE)**



## 7.3.4. WORST-CASE RADIATED EMISSIONS BELOW 1 GHz

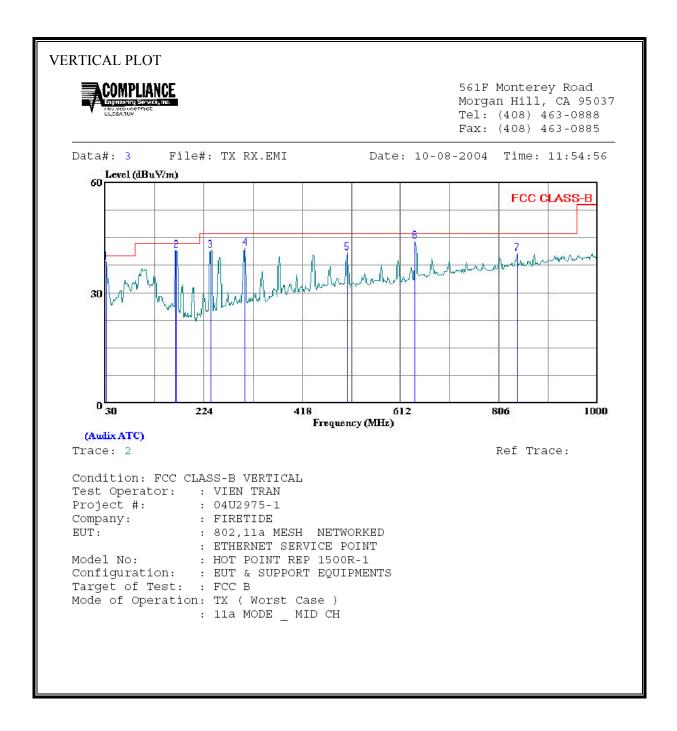
#### SPURIOUS EMISSIONS 30 TO 1000 MHz (WORST-CASE CONFIGURATION, HORIZONTAL)



Page 83 of 95

HORIZONTAL DATA							
	Freq Remark	Read Level Factor	Limit Level Line				
-	MHz	dBuV dE	dBuV/m dBuV/m	dB			
1 2 * 3 4 5 * 6 7	237.580 QP 237.580 Peak 255.040 Peak 305.480 QP 305.480 Peak 373.380 Peak 441.280 Peak	32.75 13.9 30.03 14.7 28.32 16.4 29.72 16.4 26.38 17.9	2 44.75 46.00 0 44.72 46.00 0 46.12 46.00	0.69 0 -1.25 0 -1.28 0 0.12 0 -1.70			
8 9	507.240 Peak 643.040 Peak	21.05 21.0 21.12 23.1	7 42.12 46.00 5 44.27 46.00				

## SPURIOUS EMISSIONS 30 TO 1000 MHz (WORST-CASE CONFIGURATION, VERTICAL)



Page 85 of 95

VERTICAL DATA							
	Freq	Remark	Read Level F	actor	Level	Limit Line	Over Limit
-	MHz		dBuV	dB d	dBuV/m ⟨	dBuV/m	dB
1	30.970	Peak	15.17	23.32	38.49	40.00	-1.51
2	169.680	Peak	27.75	13.88	41.63	43.50	-1.87
3	237.580	Peak	27.63	13.94	41.57	46.00	-4.43
4	305.480	Peak	25.74	16.40	42.14	46.00	-3.86
5	507.240	Peak	19.81	21.07	40.88	46.00	-5.12
6	640.130	Peak	20.86	23.08	43.94	46.00	-2.06
7	841.890	Peak	14.99	25.81	40.80	46.00	-5.20

#### 7.4. POWERLINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

#### **LIMIT**

 $\S15.207$  (a) Except as shown in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section, for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50  $\mu$ H/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal.

DATE: OCTOBER 12, 2004

FCC ID: REP-1500R-1

The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

Frequency of Emission (MHz)	Conducted Limit (dBuV)		
	Quasi-peak	Average	
0.15-0.5	66 to 56 *	56 to 46 *	
0.5-5	56	46	
5-30	60	50	

Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

#### **TEST PROCEDURE**

The EUT is placed on a non-conducting table 40 cm from the vertical ground plane and 80 cm above the horizontal ground plane. The EUT is configured in accordance with ANSI C63.4.

The resolution bandwidth is set to 9 kHz for both peak detection and quasi-peak detection measurements. Peak detection is used unless otherwise noted as quasi-peak.

Line conducted data is recorded for both NEUTRAL and HOT lines.

#### **RESULTS**

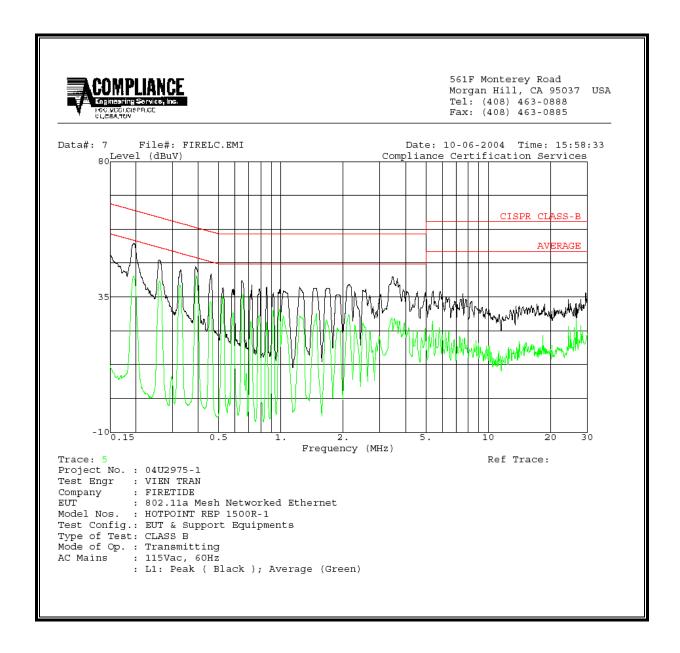
No non-compliance noted:

# **6 WORST EMISSIONS**

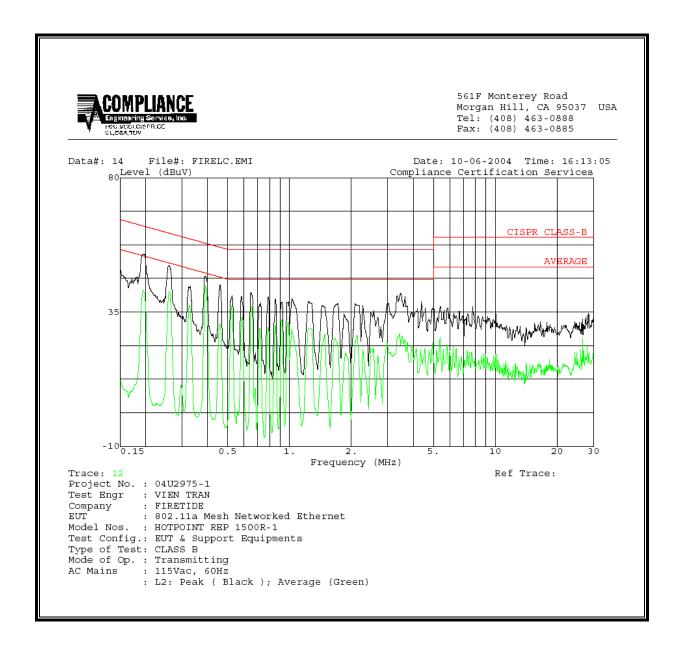
CONDUCTED EMISSIONS DATA (115VAC 60Hz)									
Freq.	Reading		Closs	Limit	EN_B	Margin		Remark	
(MHz)	PK (dBuV)	QP (dBuV)	AV (dBuV)	(dB)	QP	AV	QP (dB)	AV (dB)	L1 / L2
0.20	52.90		41.97	0.00	64.57	54.57	-11.67	-12.60	L1
3.47	41.72		35.95	0.00	56.00	46.00	-14.28	-10.05	L1
5.87	36.69		27.95	0.00	60.00	50.00	-23.31	-22.05	L1
0.20	54.28		42.10	0.00	64.57	54.57	-10.29	-12.47	L2
3.47	41.38		36.90	0.00	56.00	46.00	-14.62	-9.10	L2
5.87	36.70		26.63	0.00	60.00	50.00	-23.30	-23.37	L2
6 Worst I	) Data								

## DATE: OCTOBER 12, 2004 FCC ID: REP-1500R-1

## **LINE 1 RESULTS**

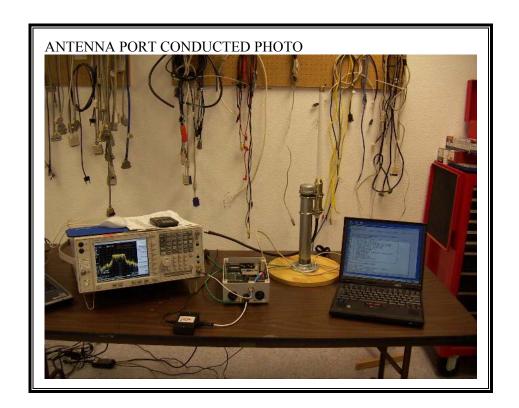


#### **LINE 2 RESULTS**

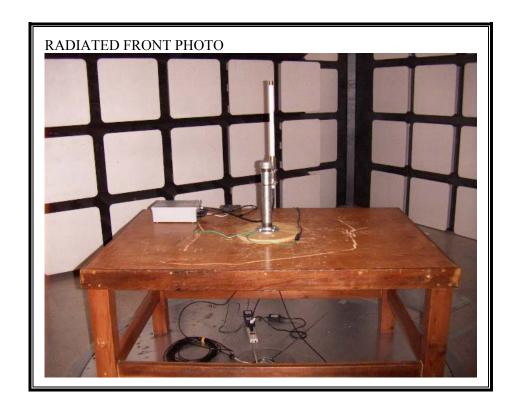


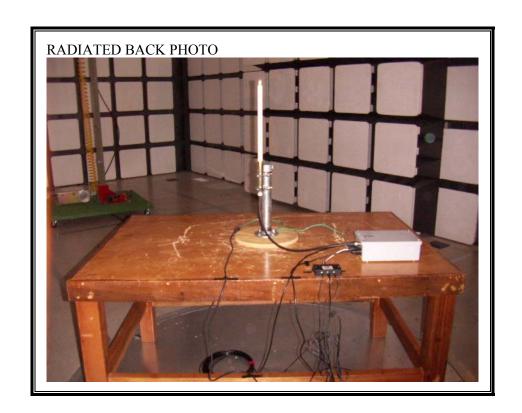
# 8. SETUP PHOTOS

#### ANTENNA PORT CONDUCTED RF MEASUREMENT SETUP

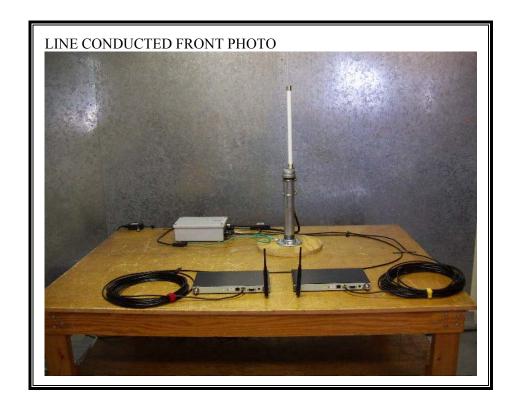


# RADIATED RF MEASUREMENT SETUP





# POWERLINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS MEASUREMENT SETUP





**END OF REPORT**