

FCC DFS TEST REPORT

Applicant	ELO TOUCH SOLUTIONS, INC.
Address	670 N. McCarthy Blvd., Suite 100 Milpitas, CA 95035 USA
Equipment	: Touch All-In-One Computer
Model No.	: ESY15I1D-C
Trade Name	Elo or ElO
FCC ID.	RBWESY15I1DC

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT :

The sample was received on Jun. 28, 2021 and the testing was completed on Sep. 06, 2021 at Cerpass Technology Corp. The test result refers exclusively to the test presented test model / sample. Without written approval of Cerpass Technology Corp., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Approved by:

Larc

Mark Liao / Supervisor

Laboratory Accreditation:

Cerpass Technology Corporation Test Laboratory





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History of this test report

Issue Date	Description
Sep. 20, 2022	Original



1. Summary of Test Procedure and Test Results

1.1. Applicable Standards

ANSI C63.10:2013

FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15 Subpart E §15.407

KDB 789033

KDB 905462

FCC Rule	Description of Test	Result
15.407	Dynamic Frequency Selection	PASS

*The lab has reduced the uncertainty risk factor from test equipment, environment and staff technicians which according to the standard on contract. Therefore, the test result will only be determined by standard requirement.



2. Test Configuration of Equipment under Test

2.1. Feature of Equipment under Test

Frequency Range	nge BT / BLE: 2402MHz~2480MHz 802.11b/g/n: 2412MHz~2462MHz 802.11a/n/ac: 5180MHz~5240MHz, 5260MHz~5320MHz, 5500MHz~5720MHz, 5745MHz~5825MHz		
Modulation Type	BT: GFSK, π/4-DQPSK, 8DPSK BLE: GFSK WLAN: 2.4GHz: 802.11b: CCK, DQPSK, DBPSK 802.11g/n: BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM 5GHz: 802.11n/a: BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM 802.11ac: BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM, 256QAM		
Modulation Technology	DSSS, OFDM, FHSS, DTS		
woodlation rechnology			
Data Rate	BT: GFSK: 1Mbps, π/4-DQPSK: 2Mbps, 8DPSK: 3Mbps BLE: GFSK: 1Mbps WLAN: 2.4GHz: 802.11b: 1, 2, 5.5, 11Mbps 802.11g: 6, 9, 12, 18, 24, 36, 48, 54Mbps 802.11n: MCS0 – MCS15, HT20/40 5GHz: 802.11a: 6, 9, 12, 18, 24, 36, 48, 54Mbps 802.11a: 6, 9, 12, 18, 24, 36, 48, 54Mbps 802.11a: MCS0 – MCS15, HT20/40 802.11ac: MCS0 – MCS9, VHT20/40/80		
Antenna Type	Slot Antenna		
Antenna Gain	For BT / BLE: 2402-2480MHz: ANT A: 2.91dBi For WLAN: 2412MHz~2462MHz: ANT A: 2.91dBi, ANT B: 3.91dBi 5180MHz~5240MHz: ANT A: 2.52dBi, ANT B: 2.01dBi 5260MHz~5320MHz: ANT A: 2.52dBi, ANT B: 2.01dBi 5500MHz~5720MHz: ANT A: 2.68dBi, ANT B: 2.56dBi 5745MHz~5825MHz: ANT A: 1.97dBi, ANT B: 1.92dBi		
Adapter	Brand: Delta Electronics Inc. Model: ADP-65JH HB		
Power Cord	Brand: HONHLIN Model:HL-013+HL-052		
I/O Hub	Brand: Elo Model: KIT, USBC-IO-DONGLE-POWER-BRICK		
Firmware Number	SWEP_sdm660la302_01.061.02.p_01		
Serial Number	KEX-DLCP07		
Note:			

Note:

1. EUT support TPC Function.

2. WLAN and BT can simultaneously transmission.

3. EUT support Client Mode without Radar Detection.

4. For more details, please refer to the User's manual of the EUT.



2.2. Description of Test System

DFS				FCC ID	
Equipment	Brand	Model	Length/Type	Power cord/Length/Type	
Notebook	ASUS	P2430U	N/A	Adapter / 1.8m / NS	
AP	NETGEAR	R7800	N/A	Adapter / 1.5m / NS	PY315200310
RJ45 Cable	N/A	N/A	1.2m / NS	N/A	



2.3. General Information of Test

	Address Taiwan (Tel:+886	Technology Corporation Test Laboratory No.10, Ln. 2, Lianfu St., Luzhu Dist., Taoyuan City 33848, R.O.C.) -3-3226-888 6-3-3226-881			
Test Site	FCC	TW1439, TW1079			
	IC	4934E-1, 4934E-2			
	VCCI	T-2205 for Telecommunication test C-4663 for Conducted emission test R-4218 for Radiated emission test G-10812, G-10813 for radiated disturbance above 1GHz			
Frequency Range Investigated:	Conducted: from 150kHz to 30 MHz Radiation: from 30 MHz to 40,000MHz				
Test Distance:	The test distance of radiated emission from antenna to EUT is 3 M.				

Test Item	Test Site	Test Period	Environmental Conditions	Tested By
DFS	RFDFS01-NK	2021/09/03~2021/09/06	23~26° ℃ / 47~53%	Dian Chen

2.4. Measurement Uncertainty

Measurement Item	Uncertainty
Channel Move Time	±1.4%
Channel Closing Transmission Time	±6.4%
Threshold	±1.7dB



3. Test Equipment and Ancillaries Used for Tests

Test Item	DFS				
Test Site	RFDFS01-NK				
Instrument	Manufacturer	Model No	Serial No	Calibration Date	Valid Date
Horn Antenna	EMCO	3115	31589	2021/04/09	2022/04/08
Horn Antenna	EMCO	3115	31601	2020/10/16	2021/10/15
EXA Signal Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9010A	MY54200207	2021/04/21	2022/04/20
CAX Signal Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9000B	MY57100291	2020/11/10	2021/11/09
MXG-B RF Vector Signal Generator	KEYSIGHT	N5182B	MY53051383	2021/06/30	2022/06/29
N7607B Signal Studio	KEYSIGHT	v3.2.0.0	NA	NA	NA
InServiceMonitorUtility	Theda	v10.0.0.0	NA	NA	NA



4. Antenna Requirements

4.1. Standard Applicable

For intentional device, according to FCC 47 CFR Section 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device.

And according to FCC 47 CFR Section 15.407 (a), if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6dBi are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi.

4.2. Antenna Construction and Directional Gain

Antenna Type	Slot Antenna
Antenna Gain	5260MHz~5320MHz: ANT A: 2.52dBi, ANT B: 2.01dBi 5500MHz~5720MHz: ANT A: 2.68dBi, ANT B: 2.56dBi

For 11a

5260MHz~5320MHz
For Power directional gain= G _{ant} =2.52 dBi
For PSD directional gain = G _{ant} =2.52 dBi
5500MHz~5720MHz
For Power directional gain= G _{ant} = 2.68 dBi
For PSD directional gain = G_{ant} = 2.68 dBi

For 11n/11ac

5260MHz~5320MHz
For Power directional gain= G _{ant} = 2.52 dBi
For PSD directional gain = 10 log[(10 ^{G1/20} + 10 ^{G2/20} + + 10 ^{GN/20}) ² /N _{ANT}]
= 5.28 (dBi)
5500MHz~5720MHz
For Power directional gain= G _{ant} = 2.68 dBi
For PSD directional gain = 10 log[(10 ^{G1/20} + 10 ^{G2/20} + + 10 ^{GN/20}) ² /N _{ANT}]
= 5.63 (dBi)
*MIMO type: Cyclic Delay Diversity (CDD) mode.



5. Dynamic Frequency Selection

5.1. List of Measurement and Examinations

EUT Applicability of DFS requirements and Frequency Range

		Operating Frequency Range		
Operation Mod	е	5250-5350MHz	5470-5725MHz (Support 5600MHz-5650MHz)	
Master				
Client without radar detection	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
Client with radar detection				

DEVICES WITH RADAR DETECTION

MAXIMUM TRANSMIT POWER	VALUE (SEE Note 1 and 2)		
≥ 200 milliwatt	-64 dBm		
EIRP < 200 milliwatt and	-62 dBm		
power spectral density < 10 dBm/MHz			
EIRP < 200 milliwatt that do not meet the	-64 dBm		
power spectral density requirement	04 dBm		
Note 1: This is the level at the input of the receiver assuming a 0 dBi receive antenna.			
Note 2: Throughout these test procedures an additional 1 dB has been added to the amplitude of the			
test transmission waveforms to account for variations in measurement equipment. This will ensure			
that the test signal is at or above the detection threshold level to trigger a DFS response.			
Note3: EIRP is based on the highest antenna gain. For MIMO devices refer to KDB Publication 662911			

Table1: Applicability of DFS requirements prior to use of a channel

	OPERATIONAL MODE		
REQUIREMENT		CLIENT WITHOUT	CLIENT WITH
RADAR	MASTER	RADAR	RADAR
		DETECTION	DETECTION
Non-Occupancy Period	V	Not required	V
DFS Detection Threshold	V	Not required	V
Channel Availability Check Time	V	Not required	Not required
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	V	Not required	V



	OPERATIONAL MODE		
REQUIREMENT RADAR	MASTER	CLIENT WITHOUT RADAR	CLIENT WITH RADAR
		DETECTION	DETECTION
DFS Detection Threshold	V	Not required	V
Channel Closing Transmission Time	V	V	V
Channel Move Time	V	V	V
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	V	Not required	V

Additional requirements for devices with multiple bandwidth modes	Master or Client with radar detection	Client without radar detection	
U-NII Detection Bandwidth and Statistical Performance Check	All BW modes must be tested	Not required	
Channel Move Time and Channel Closing Transmission Time	Test using widest BW mode available	Test using the widest BW mode available for the link	
All other	Any single BW mode	Not required	
Note: Frequencies selected for statistical performance check (Section 7.8.4) should include several frequencies within the radar detection bandwidth and frequencies near the edge of the radar detection bandwidth. For 802.11 devices it is suggested to select frequencies in each of the bonded 20 MHz channels and the channel center frequency.			

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5.2. Test Setup

Setup for Master with injection at the Master

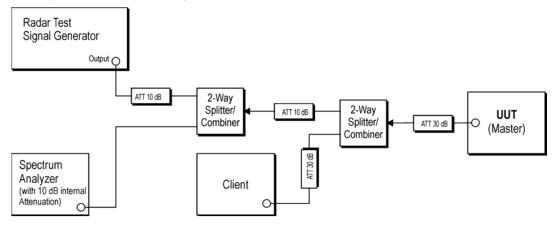


Figure 1: Example Conducted Setup where UUT is a Master and Radar Test Waveforms are injected into the Master

Setup for Client with injection at the Master

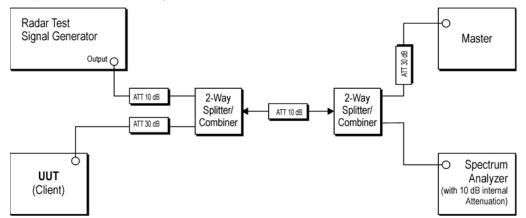
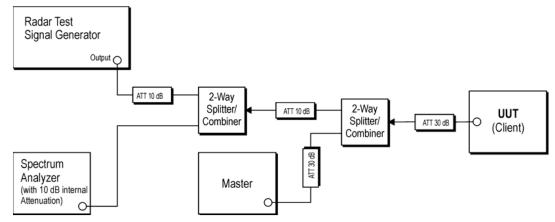


Figure 2: Example Conducted Setup where UUT is a Client and Radar Test Waveforms are injected into the Master





Setup for Client with injection at the Client

Figure 3: Example Conducted Setup where UUT is a Client and Radar Test Waveforms are injected into the Client

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5.3. DFS Detection Threshold

DFS Detection Threshold is the level used by the DFS mechanism to detect radar interference.

5.3.1. Test Limit

Limits Clause 4.7.2.1.2

DFS Detection Thresholds for Master Devices and Client Devices with Radar Detection

MAXIMUM TRANSMIT POWER	VALUE (SEE Note 1 and 2)	
≥ 200 milliwatt	-64 dBm	
EIRP < 200 milliwatt and	-62 dBm	
power spectral density < 10 dBm/MHz	-02 0811	
EIRP < 200 milliwatt that do not meet the	-64 dBm	
power spectral density requirement		
Note 1: This is the level at the input of the receiver assuming a 0 dBi receive antenna.		
Note 2: Throughout these test procedures an additional 1 dB has been added to the amplitude of the		

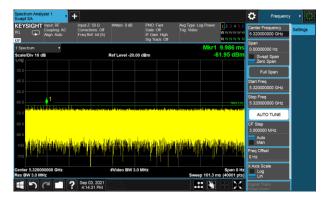
Note 2: Throughout these test procedures an additional 1 dB has been added to the amplitude of the test transmission waveforms to account for variations in measurement equipment. This will ensure that the test signal is at or above the detection threshold level to trigger a DFS response. Note3: EIRP is based on the highest antenna gain. For MIMO devices refer to KDB Publication 662911

	5260MHz~5320MHz
	802.11a: 12.47 dBm
	802.11n HT20: 15.87 dBm
	802.11n HT40: 15.60 dBm
	802.11ac VHT20: 15.88 dBm
	802.11ac VHT40: 15.62 dBm
	802.11ac VHT80: 12.73 dBm
Max. output power	
	5500MHz~5720MHz
	802.11a: 12.50 dBm
	802.11n HT20: 15.76 dBm
	802.11n HT40: 15.60 dBm
	802.11ac VHT20: 15.81 dBm
	802.11ac VHT40: 15.73 dBm
	802.11ac VHT80: 15.86 dBm
Antonno goin (Masi)	5260MHz~5320MHz: ANT A: 2.52dBi, ANT B: 2.01dBi
Antenna gain (Max)	5500MHz~5720MHz: ANT A: 2.68dBi, ANT B: 2.56dBi



5.3.2. Test Result of DFS Detection Threshold

Radar Type 0 Calibration Plot



Radar Type 3 Calibration Plot



Radar Type 1 Calibration Plot

Spectrum Analyzer 1 Swept SA	+					Frequency	- *
KEYSIGHT Input: RF RL Coupling: AC Align: Auto	Input Z: 50 Ω Corrections: Off Freq Ref: Int (S)	#Atten: 0 dB	PNO: Fast Gale: Off IF Gain: High Sig Track: Off	Avg Type: Log-Power Trig: Video	123456 WWWWWWW NNNNNN	Center Frequency 5.320000000 GHz Span	Settings
1 Spectrum v Scale/Div 10 dB Log		Ref Level -20.0) dBm		18.75 ms 1.99 dBm	0.00000000 Hz Swept Span Zero Span	
-30.0						Full Span	
-50.0						Start Freq 5.320000000 GHz Stop Freq	
-60.0 -70.0	habeletili emoga	i ubrielover d	torrate to the factor	n	THE LVL	5.320000000 GHz	
-80.0						CF Step 3.000000 MHz	
	iliyadha hik	illiain 14	İ ran Patis	na tihil menadika Manadakan	Hellinian	Auto Man Freg Offset	
-110 Center 5.320000000 GHz	d tel thidi.					0 Hz X Axis Scale	
Center 5.320000000 GHZ Res BW 3.0 MHz	Sep 03, 2021	#Video BW 3.0	MHZ	Sweep 101.3 n	Span 0 Hz ns (40001 pts)	Lin	
	4:16:06 PM	\square				Signal Track (Span Zoom)	

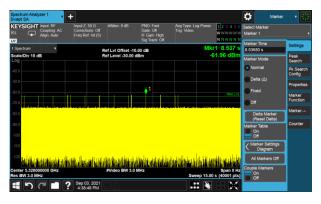
Radar Type 4 Calibration Plot



Radar Type 2 Calibration Plot



Radar Type 5 Calibration Plot





Radar Type 6 Calibration Plot

Spectrum Analyzer 1 Swept SA	+			Frequency	- * 崇
KEYSIGHT Input: RF RL Coupling: AC Align: Auto	Input Z: 50 0 #Atten: 0 dB Corrections: Off Freq Ref: Int (S)	PNO: Fast Gate: Off IF Gain: High Sig Track: Off	Avg Type: Log-Power 12 3 4 5 Trig: Video WWWWW N N N N N	5.320000000 GHz	Settings
1 Spectrum v Scale/Div 10 dB	Ref Lvi Offset Ref Level -22.0		Mkr1 1.333 n -61.95 dB	IS 0.00000000 Hz	
-32.0				Full Span	
-42.0				Start Freq 5.320000000 GHz	
-62.0		have a second	THE LEAST	Stop Freq 5.320000000 GHz	
-72.0 1977 ANY 1487 DAY 14970	a a fan fan min e staar fan it en te staar de fije mee de ferste sta	an fallen stiller fallen fa	and a standard in a subjection of the standard structure of the	AUTO TUNE CF Step	
.92.0 <mark>1</mark>		<mark>h de la esta de la c</mark> ita	hidd and it to stand in t	3.000000 MHz Auto Man	
-112				Freq Offset 0 Hz	
Center 5.320000000 GHz Res BW 3.0 MHz	#Video BW 3	.0 MHz	Span 0 Sweep 10.00 ms (40001 p	Hz Log Lin	
1	? Sep 03, 2021 5:11:59 PM			Signal Track (Span Zoom)	



5.4. Channel Availability Check Time

The Channel Availability Check is defined as the mechanism by which an RLAN device checks a channel for the presence of radar signals.

There shall be no transmissions by the device within the channel being checked during this process. If no radars have been detected, the channel becomes an Available Channel valid for a period of time.

The RLAN shall only start transmissions on Available Channels.

At power-up, the RLAN is assumed to have no Available Channels.

5.4.1. Test Limit

Limits Clause 4.7.2.1.2 Table D.2: DFS requirement values

Parameter	Value
Channel Availability Check	> 60s

5.4.2. Test Result of Channel Availability Check

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5.5. Radar Burst at the Beginning of the Channel Availability Check Time

The steps below define the procedure to verify successful radar detection on the test Channel during a period equal to the Channel Availability Check Time and avoidance of operation on that Channel when a radar Burst with a level equal to the DFS Detection Threshold + 1 dB occurs at the beginning of the Channel Availability Check Time. This is illustrated in **Figure 15**.

- a) The Radar Waveform generator and UUT are connected using the applicable test setup described in the sections on configuration for Conducted Tests or Radiated Tests and the power of the UUT is switched off.
- b) The UUT is powered on at T0. T1 denotes the instant when the UUT has completed its power-up sequence (Tpower_up). The Channel Availability Check Time commences on Chr at instant T1 and will end no sooner than T1 + Tch_avail_check.
- c) A single Burst of one of the Short Pulse Radar Types 0-4 will commence within a 6 second window starting at T1. An additional 1 dB is added to the radar test signal to ensure it is at or above the DFS Detection Threshold, accounting for equipment variations/errors.
- d) Visual indication or measured results on the UUT of successful detection of the radar Burst will be recorded and reported. Observation of Chr for UUT emissions will continue for 2.5 minutes after the radar Burst has been generated.
- e) Verify that during the 2.5 minute measurement window no UUT transmissions occurred on Chr. The Channel Availability Check results will be recorded.

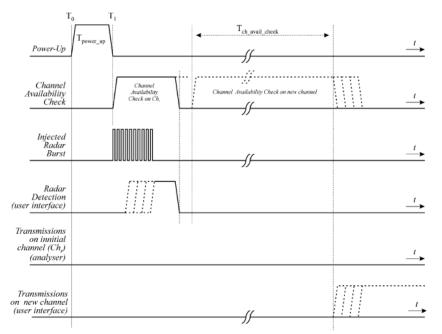


Figure 15: Example of timing for radar testing at the beginning of the Channel Availability Check Time

5.5.1. Test Result of radar burst at the beginning of the Channel Availability Check Time

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5.6. Radar Burst at the End of the Channel Availability Check Time

The steps below define the procedure to verify successful radar detection on the test Channel during a period equal to the Channel Availability Check Time and avoidance of operation on that Channel when a radar Burst with a level equal to the DFS Detection Threshold + 1dB occurs at the end of the Channel Availability Check Time. This is illustrated in **Figure 16**.

- a) The Radar Waveform generator and UUT are connected using the applicable test setup described in the sections for Conducted Tests or Radiated Tests and the power of the UUT is switched off.
- b) The UUT is powered on at T0. T1 denotes the instant when the UUT has completed its power-up sequence (Tpower_up). The Channel Availability Check Time commences on Chr at instant T1 and will end no sooner than T1 + Tch_avail_check.
- c) A single Burst of one of the Short Pulse Radar Types 0-4 will commence within a 6 second window starting at T1 + 54 seconds. An additional 1 dB is added to the radar test signal to ensure it is at or above the DFS Detection Threshold, accounting for equipment variations/errors.
- d) Visual indication or measured results on the UUT of successful detection of the radar Burst will be recorded and reported. Observation of Chr for UUT emissions will continue for 2.5 minutes after the radar Burst has been generated.
- e) Verify that during the 2.5 minute measurement window no UUT transmissions occurred on Chr. The Channel Availability Check results will be recorded.

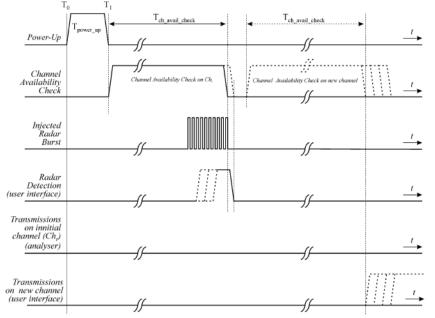


Figure 16: Example of timing for radar testing towards the end of the Channel Availability Check Time

5.6.1. Test Result of radar burst at the end of the Channel Availability Check Time



5.7. U-NII Detection Bandwidth

Additional requirements for devices with	Master or Client with	Client without radar			
multiple bandwidth modes	radar detection	detection			
U-NII Detection Bandwidth and Statistical	All BW modes must be tested	Not required			
Performance Check					
Note: Frequencies selected for statistical performance check (Section 7.8.4) should include several					
frequencies within the radar detection bandwidth and frequencies near the edge of the radar					
detection bandwidth. For 802.11 devices it is suggested to select frequencies in each of the bonded					
20 MHz channels and the channel center frequency.					

5.7.1. Test Limit

Limits Clause 4.7.2.1.2 Table D.2: DFS requirement values

Parameter	Value		
U-NII Detection Bandwidth Minimum 100% of the U-NII 99% transmission			
9	ction Bandwidth detection test, radar type 0 should be used. For imum percentage of detection is 90 percent. Measurements are c.		

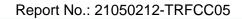
5.7.2. Test Result of U-NII Detection Bandwidth



5.8. Statistical Performance Check

The UUT will select channel by random mode and remember this channel when detect radar signal, so that will select unused channel by random mode.

5.8.1. Test Result of Uniform Spreading





5.9. In-Service Monitoring

The In-Service Monitoring is defined as the process by which an RLAN monitors the Operating Channel for the presence of radar signals.

Additional requirements for devices with multiple bandwidth modes	Master or Client with radar detection	Client without radar detection			
U-NII Detection Bandwidth and Statistical Performance Check	All BW modes must be tested	Not required			
Channel Move Time and Channel Closing Transmission Time	Test using widest BW mode available	Test using the widest BW mode available for the link			
All other	Any single BW mode	Not required			
Note: Frequencies selected for statistical performance check (Section 7.8.4) should include several frequencies within the radar detection bandwidth and frequencies near the edge of the radar detection bandwidth. For 802.11 devices it is suggested to select frequencies in each of the bonded 20 MHz channels and the channel center frequency.					

5.9.1. Test Limit

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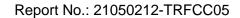
Parameter	Value
Channel Move Time	< 10 s (See Note 1)
Channel Closing Transmission Time	< 200 ms+ an aggregate of 60 milliseconds over remaining 10 second period. (See Notes 1 and Notes 2.)
with Radar Type 0. The measurement Note 2: The Channel Closing Transmission Til beginning of the Channel Move Time plus any facilitate a Channel move (an aggregate of 60	Closing Transmission Time should be performed timing begins at the end of the Radar Type 0 burst. me is comprised of 200 milliseconds starting at the additional intermittent control signals required to milliseconds) during the remainder of the 10 trol signals will not count quiet periods in between

Limits Clause 4.7.2.2.2

The In-Service Monitoring shall be used to continuously monitor an Operating Channel.

The In-Service-Monitoring shall start immediately after the RLAN has started

transmissions on an Operating Channel.

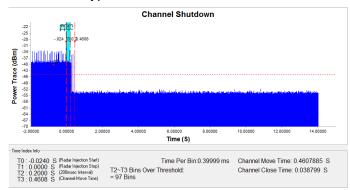




5.9.2. Test Result of In-Service Monitoring

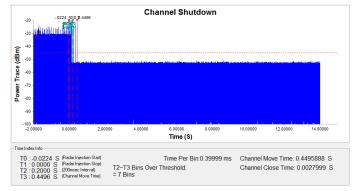
	Value	Limit
Channel Move Time	0.4607885	<10 s
Channel Closing Transmission Time	38.799	< 60 ms

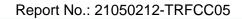
Modulation Type:802.11ac VHT80, ch58@5320MHz



	Value	Limit
Channel Move Time	0.4495888	<10 s
Channel Closing Transmission Time	2.7999	< 60 ms

Modulation Type:802.11ac VHT80, ch106@5500MHz







5.10. Non-Occupancy Period

The Channel Shutdown is defined as the process initiated by the RLAN device immediately after a radar signal has been detected on an Operating Channel.

The master device shall instruct all associated slave devices to stop transmitting on this channel, which they shall do within the Channel Move Time.

Slave devices with a Radar Interference Detection function, shall stop their own transmissions within the Channel Move Time.

The aggregate duration of all transmissions of the RLAN device on this channel during the Channel Move Time shall be limited to the Channel Closing Transmission Time. The aggregate duration of all transmissions shall not include quiet periods in between transmissions.

5.10.1. Test Limit

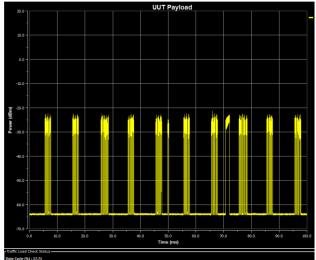
Radar Test Signal	Master (min)	Client (min)	
0	> 30	> 30	

5.10.2. Channel Loading

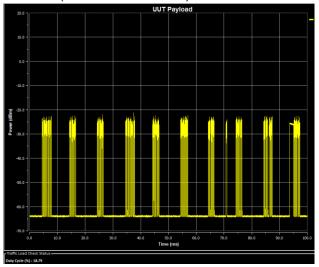
A link is established between the Master. use Iperf Software to simulate data transfer is streamed to generate WLAN traffic.

Timing plots are required with calculations demonstrating a minimum channel loading of approximately 17% or greater. For example, channel loading can be estimated by setting the spectrum analyzer for zero span and approximate the Time On/ (Time On + Off Time). This can be done with any appropriate channel BW and modulation type





Modulation Type:802.11ac VHT80, ch58@5500MHz Time On/ (Time On + Off Time) =18.79%





5.10.3. Test Result of Non-Occupancy Period

Modulation Type:802.11ac VHT80, ch58@5320MHz



Modulation Type:802.11ac VHT80, ch106@5500MHz

Spectrum Analys Swept SA	zer 1	F					Marker	· · · [*
KL 🔸	Input: RF Coupling: AC Align: Auto	Input Z: 50 Ω Corrections: Off Freq Ref: Int (S)	Atten: 10 dB	PNO: Fast Gate: Off IF Gain: Low Sig Track: Off	Avg Type: Log-Powe Trig: Free Run	123456 WWWWWWW	Select Marker Marker 1	•
1 Spectrum	•					kr1 57.80 s	Marker Time 57.8000 s	Settings
Scale/Div 10 dl	B		Ref Level 0.00	dBm		-23.42 dBm	Peak Search	Peak Search
-10.0							Next Peak	Pk Search Config
-20.01							Next Pk Right	Properties
-30.0							Next Pk Left	Marker Function
-50.0							Minimum Peak	Marker→
-60.0							Pk-Pk Search	Counter
-70.0							Marker Delta	
-80.0							Mkr→CF	
-90.0							Mkr→Ref Lvl	
Center 5.50000 Res BW 3.0 MH			Video BW 3.0	MHz	Sweep 2.000	Span 0 Hz) ks (40001 pts)	Continuous Peak Search On	
1 5	?	Sep 06, 2021 3:33:44 PM	DΔ				Off	

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