



12. Radio Frequency Exposure

12.1 Applicable Standards

The measurements shown in this test report were made in accordance with the procedures given in FCC Part 2 (Section 2.1091)

12.2 EUT Specification

| | |
|---|--|
| Frequency band (Operating) | <input type="checkbox"/> WLAN: 2412MHz ~ 2462MHz <input type="checkbox"/> WLAN: 5150MHz ~ 5250MHz <input type="checkbox"/> WLAN: 5250MHz ~ 5350MHz <input type="checkbox"/> WLAN: 5470MHz ~ 5725MHz <input type="checkbox"/> WLAN: 5725MHz ~ 5850MHz <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Bluetooth: 2402MHz ~ 2480MHz |
| Device category | <input type="checkbox"/> Portable (<20cm separation) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Mobile (>20cm separation) |
| Exposure classification | <input type="checkbox"/> Occupational/Controlled exposure <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> General Population/Uncontrolled exposure |
| Antenna diversity | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Single antenna <input type="checkbox"/> Multiple antennas <input type="checkbox"/> Tx diversity <input type="checkbox"/> Rx diversity <input type="checkbox"/> Tx/Rx diversity |
| Evaluation applied | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> MPE Evaluation* <input type="checkbox"/> SAR Evaluation <input type="checkbox"/> N/A |
| Remark: | |
| <ol style="list-style-type: none"> The maximum conducted output power is <u>5.84dBm (3.837 mW)</u> at <u>2480MHz</u> (with <u>2.91dBi antenna gain</u>.) DTS device is not subject to routine RF evaluation; MPE estimate is used to justify the compliance. For mobile or fixed location transmitters, no SAR consideration applied. The maximum power density is 1.0 mW/cm² even if the calculation indicates that the power density would be larger. | |



12.3 Test Results

No non-compliance noted.

12.4 Calculation

$$\text{Given } E = \frac{\sqrt{30 \times P \times G}}{d} \quad \& \quad S = \frac{E^2}{3770}$$

Where E = Field strength in Volts / meter

P = Power in Watts

G = Numeric antenna gain

d = Distance in meters

S = Power density in milliwatts / square centimeter

Combining equations and re-arranging the terms to express the distance as a function of the remaining variables yields:

$$S = \frac{30 \times P \times G}{3770d^2}$$

Changing to units of mW and cm, using:

$$P \text{ (mW)} = P \text{ (W)} / 1000 \text{ and}$$

$$d \text{ (cm)} = d \text{ (m)} / 100$$

Yields

$$S = \frac{30 \times (P/1000) \times G}{3770 \times (d/100)^2} = 0.0796 \times \frac{P \times G}{d^2} \quad \text{Equation 1}$$

Where d = Distance in cm

P = Power in mW

G = Numeric antenna gain

S = Power density in mW / cm²



12.5 Maximum Permissible Exposure

| Channel Frequency (MHz) | Max. Conducted output power (dBm) | Max. Tune up power (dBm) | Antenna Gain (dBi) | Distance (cm) | Power Density (mW/cm ²) | Limit (mW/cm ²) |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|---------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 2402-2480 | 5.84 | 6.34 | 2.91 | 20 | 0.002 | 1 |

-----THE END OF REPORT-----