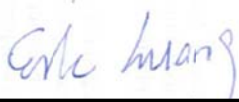


FCC SAR Test Report

APPLICANT : TCT Mobile Limited
EQUIPMENT : GSM Quad-band / UMTS Quad-band / LTE Penta-band mobile phone
BRAND NAME : Alcatel
MODEL NAME : 6039Y
FCC ID : RAD546
STANDARD : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
IEEE 1528-2003

We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (KUNSHAN) INC., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the procedures and had been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (KUNSHAN) INC., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.



Reviewed by: Eric Huang / Deputy Manager



Approved by: Jones Tsai / Manager



SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (KUNSHAN) INC.
No. 3-2, PingXiang Road, Kunshan, Jiangsu Province, P. R. China



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Revision History

REPORT NO.	VERSION	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE
FA511303-01	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	Apr. 27, 2015



1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for TCT Mobile Limited, GSM Quad-band / UMTS Quad-band / LTE Penta-band mobile phone, 6039Y, are as follows.

Table with columns: Equipment Class, Frequency Band, Head (Separation 0mm) 1g SAR (W/kg), Body-worn (Separation 15mm) 1g SAR (W/kg), Wireless Router (Separation 10mm) 1g SAR (W/kg), Highest Simultaneous Transmission 1g SAR (W/kg). Rows include PCE (GSM850, GSM1900, WCDMA Band V, WCDMA Band II, LTE Band 7) and DTS (WLAN 2.4GHz Band).

Note:

- 1. The SAR value list above are all rounded to two decimal digits.
2. a. According to section 16.2, the maximum simultaneous SAR for WWAN+DTS is 1.91W/kg.
b. Per KDB 447498 D01, when the sum of SAR is larger than the limit, SAR test exclusion is determined by the SAR to peak location separation ratio.

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2003.



2. Administration Data

Testing Laboratory	
Test Site	SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (KUNSHAN) INC.
Test Site Location	No. 3-2, PingXiang Road, Kunshan, Jiangsu Province, P. R. China TEL: +86-0512-5790-0158 FAX: +86-0512-5790-0958

Applicant	
Company Name	TCT Mobile Limited
Address	5F, C building, No. 232, Liang Jing Road ZhangJiang High-Tech Park, Pudong Area Shanghai, P.R. China. 201203

Manufacturer	
Company Name	TCT Mobile Limited
Address	5F, C building, No. 232, Liang Jing Road ZhangJiang High-Tech Park, Pudong Area Shanghai, P.R. China. 201203

3. Guidance Standard

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- ANSI/IEEE C95.3-2002
- IEEE 1528-2003
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r03
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r01
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05r02
- FCC KDB 648474 D04 SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets v01r02
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 SAR meas for 802 11abg v01r02
- FCC KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03
- FCC KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r03
- FCC KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode SAR v02

4. Equipment Under Test (EUT)

4.1 General Information

Product Feature & Specification	
Equipment Name	GSM Quad-band / UMTS Quad-band / LTE Penta-band mobile phone
Brand Name	Alcatel
Model Name	6039Y
FCC ID	RAD546
IMEI Code	867025020052393
Wireless Technology and Frequency Range	GSM850: 824.2 MHz ~ 848.8 MHz GSM1900: 1850.2 MHz ~ 1909.8 MHz WCDMA Band V: 826.4 MHz ~ 846.6 MHz WCDMA Band II: 1852.4 MHz ~ 1907.6 MHz LTE Band 7: 2502.5 MHz ~ 2567.5 MHz WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2472 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz NFC : 13.56 MHz
Mode	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • GSM/GPRS/EGPRS • RMC/AMR 12.2Kbps • HSDPA • HSUPA • DC-HSDPA • HSPA+ (uplink 16QAM is not supported) • LTE • 802.11b/g/n HT20 • Bluetooth v3.0+EDR, Bluetooth v4.1 LE • NFC
HW Version	BAB34D000GCX
SW Version	vA5M
GSM / (E)GPRS Dual Transfer mode	Class A – EUT can support Packet Switched and Circuit Switched Network simultaneously.
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype
Remark: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. This device supports VoIP in GPRS, EGPRS, WCDMA and LTE (e.g. 3rd party VoIP), LTE supports VoLTE operation and 802.11n-HT40 is not supported in 2.4GHz WLAN. 2. This device supports GRPS/EGPRS mode up to multi-slot class12 and supports DTM up to multi-slot class11. 3. This device has two sets of receivers and microphone, 1 receiver is located at the top and another one is located at the bottom of the phone. For the next-to-ear voice call the product allows the end user to use the device in the typical calling positions and in the reversed calling position. When the User Interface is in reversed portrait orientation, power reduction is implemented for the scenario that the bottom receiver is placed next-to-ear during the voice call, and SAR compliance was accessed for both orientations. The details of the power reduction mechanism for the reverse call are illustrated in the operational description. 4. When hotspot mode is enabled, power reduction will be activated and limited to LTE Band 7. 	

4.2 Accessories and Support Equipment

Specification of Accessory				
AC Adapter 1	Brand Name	ACE-Tenpao	Model Name	UC11US
	Power Rating	I/P: 100-240Vac, 200mA, O/P: 5Vdc, 1000mA		
	P/N	CBA0058AG0C2		
AC Adapter 2	Brand Name	ACE-Yingju	Model Name	UC11US
	Power Rating	I/P: 100-240Vac, 200mA, O/P: 5Vdc, 1000mA		
	P/N	CBA0058AG0C3		
Battery 1	Brand Name	ALCATEL onetouch	Model Name	TLp020K2
	Power Rating	3.8Vdc, 2000mAh		
	P/N	CAC2000023C2		
Battery 2	Brand Name	ALCATEL onetouch	Model Name	TLp020KJ
	Power Rating	3.8Vdc, 2000mAh		
	P/N	CAC2000025CJ		
USB Cable 1	Brand Name	ACE-Shenhua	Model Name	CDA0000025C1
	Signal Line Type	1.1m shielded without core		
USB Cable 2	Brand Name	ACE-Juwei	Model Name	CDA0000025C2
	Signal Line Type	1.1m shielded without core		
USB Cable 3	Brand Name	ACE-Juwei	Model Name	CDA0000025C8
	Signal Line Type	1.1m shielded without core		
Earphone 1	Brand Name	ACE-JBL	Model Name	CCA0001A10C9
	Signal Line Type	1.2m non-shielded without core		
Earphone 2	Brand Name	ACE-JBL	Model Name	J22C
	Signal Line Type	1.38m non-shielded without core		
Earphone 3	Brand Name	ACE-Lianyun	Model Name	CCB0023A11C2
	Signal Line Type	1.26m non-shielded without core		
Earphone 4	Brand Name	ACE-Lianyun	Model Name	CCB0023A10C2
	Signal Line Type	1.26m non-shielded without core		

4.3 Maximum Tune-up Limit

Mode		Burst Average Power(dBm)			
		GSM850		GSM1900	
		Full power mode	Reduced power mode	Full power mode	Reduced power mode
GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)		32.5	30.0	30.0	26.5
GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)		32.5	30.0	30.0	26.5
GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots)		31.0	27.0	28.0	23.5
GPRS (GMSK, 3 Tx slots)		29.5	25.5	26.0	21.5
GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots)		28.5	24.5	25.0	20.5
EDGE (8PSK, 1 Tx slot)		26.0	25.5	25.5	25.5
EDGE (8PSK, 2 Tx slots)		26.0	25.5	24.5	23.0
EDGE (8PSK, 3 Tx slots)		24.0	24.0	23.0	21.0
EDGE (8PSK, 4 Tx slots)		22.5	22.0	21.5	20.0
DTM 5	GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	31.0	27.0	27.5	23.5
	GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	31.0	27.0	27.5	23.5
DTM 9	GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	31.0	27.0	27.5	23.5
	GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	31.0	27.0	27.5	23.5
DTM11	GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	29.0	25.0	25.5	21.5
	GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots)	29.0	25.0	25.5	21.5
DTM 5	GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	29.5	26.0	27.5	23.5
	EDGE (8PSK, 1 Tx slot)	25.0	24.0	23.5	22.0
DTM 9	GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	30.0	26.0	27.5	23.5
	EDGE (8PSK, 1 Tx slot)	25.0	24.0	23.5	22.0
DTM 11	GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	28.0	24.5	25.5	22.0
	EDGE (8PSK, 2 Tx slots)	23.5	23.5	22.0	20.0

Band / Mode			Average Power (dBm)	
WCDMA	Band V	Full Power Mode	RMC / AMR12.2Kbps	23.50
			HSDPA	22.50
			DC-HSDPA	22.50
			HSUPA	22.50
		Reduced Power Mode	RMC / AMR12.2Kbps	20.50
			HSDPA	20.00
			DC-HSDPA	20.00
			HSUPA	20.00
	Band II	Full Power Mode	RMC / AMR12.2Kbps	23.00
			HSDPA	22.50
			DC-HSDPA	22.50
			HSUPA	22.50
Reduced Power Mode	RMC / AMR12.2Kbps	17.00		
	HSDPA	17.00		
	DC-HSDPA	17.00		
	HSUPA	17.00		

Band / Mode			Average Power (dBm)
LTE	Band 7	Full Power Mode	23.5
		Reduced Power Mode	14.5
		Hotspot Mode	19.5
2.4GHz WLAN	802.11b	Channel 1-11	18.0
		Channel 12-13	12.5
	802.11g	Channel 1-11	13.0
		Channel 12-13	8.0
	802.11n HT20	Channel 1-11	11.0
		Channel 12-13	7.0
Bluetooth v3.0 + EDR			8.0
Bluetooth v4.1 LE			1.5

Remark:

This device employs a “reverse calling” feature based on the orientation of the device such that a call can be made or taken in either portrait orientation (“Normal” and “Upside Down”). When a user answer a voice call or initiate a voice call, the dialer UI orientation is locked and the power reduction mechanism will be activated if it’s locked in the reverse portrait mode. The maximum output power is reduced for a number of wireless technologies, as specified above, for the reverse calling mode, during the voice call the power reduction will never release even the hotspot mode operates simultaneously, and the power reduction will release only when the voice call ends. The details of the implementation are illustrated in the operational description for reverse call.

The device has been tested in voice mode for head SAR exposure compliance in both normal and reduced power mode according to the maximum output power specified in this document.



4.4 General LTE SAR Test and Reporting Considerations

Summarized necessary items addressed in KDB 941225 D05 v02r03								
FCC ID	RAD546							
Equipment Name	GSM Quad-band / UMTS Quad-band / LTE Penta-band mobile phone							
Operating Frequency Range of each LTE transmission band	LTE Band 7: 2502.5 MHz ~ 2567.5 MHz							
Channel Bandwidth	5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz							
uplink modulations used	QPSK, and 16QAM							
LTE Voice / Data requirements	VoLTE is supported							
LTE MPR permanently built-in by design	Table 6.2.3-1: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for Power Class 3							
	Modulation	Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth (RB)						MPR (dB)
		1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	
	QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 1
	16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1
16 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2	
LTE A-MPR	In the base station simulator configuration, Network Setting value is set to NS_01 to disable A-MPR during SAR testing and the LTE SAR tests was transmitting on all TTI frames (Maximum TTI)							
Spectrum plots for RB configuration	A properly configured base station simulator was used for the SAR and power measurement; therefore, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration are not included in the SAR report.							
LTE Release Version	R9							
Power reduction applied to satisfy SAR compliance	Yes, 1. Power reduction is enabled when the User Interface is in the reversed portrait orientation. 2. Hotspot mode reduced power only for LTE Band 7.							
Transmission (H, M, L) channel numbers and frequencies in each LTE band								
LTE Band 7								
	Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	20775	2502.5	20800	2505	20825	2507.5	20850	2510
M	21100	2535	21100	2535	21100	2535	21100	2535
H	21425	2567.5	21400	2565	21375	2562.5	21350	2560

5. RF Exposure Limits

5.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

5.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

6. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

6.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

6.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

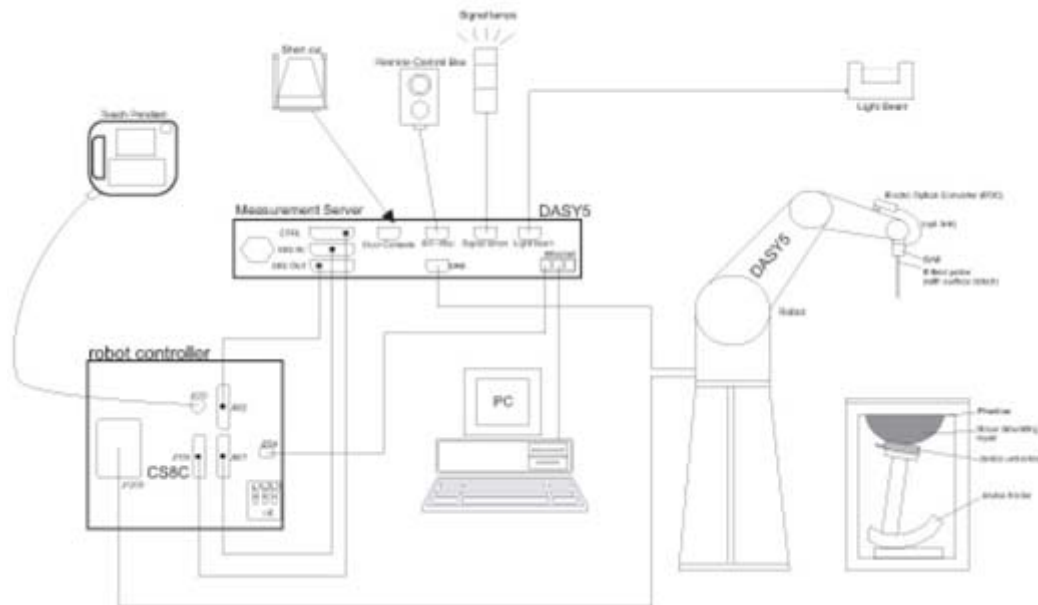
SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

7. System Description and Setup

The DASY system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

8. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

<Conducted power measurement>

- (a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- (b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- (c) For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power

<SAR measurement>

- (a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- (f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

8.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values from the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

8.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

8.3 Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r03 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5$ mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Area}, \Delta y_{Area}$	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be ≤ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	

8.4 Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube shoes base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r03 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

		≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Zoom}, \Delta y_{Zoom}$		≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$	≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm	
	graded grid	$\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)$: between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
		$\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$: between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z	≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm	
Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details. * When zoom scan is required and the <i>reported</i> SAR from the <i>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</i> procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.				

8.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

8.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.



9. Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calibration	
				Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	835MHz System Validation Kit	D835V2	4d091	Nov. 21, 2014	Nov. 20, 2015
SPEAG	1900MHz System Validation Kit	D1900V2	5d118	Nov. 21, 2014	Nov. 20, 2015
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	840	Nov. 19, 2014	Nov. 18, 2015
SPEAG	2600MHz System Validation Kit	D2600V2	1061	Nov. 19, 2014	Nov. 18, 2015
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1210	May 19, 2014	May 18, 2015
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3857	May 23, 2014	May 22, 2015
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	QD 000 P40 CB	TP-1477	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	QD 000 P40 CB	TP-1479	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Phone Positioner	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
Anritsu	Radio communication analyzer	MT8820C	6201091028	Jul. 10, 2014	Jul. 09, 2015
Agilent	Wireless Communication Test Set	E5515C	MY52102706	May 03, 2014	May 02, 2015
Agilent	Wireless Communication Test Set	E5515E	MY53211040	Jun. 12, 2014	Jun. 11, 2015
Agilent	ENA Series Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46111157	May 04, 2014	May 03, 2015
Agilent	Dielectric Probe Kit	85070E	MY44300475	NCR	NCR
R&S	Signal Generator	SMBV100A	258305	Jan. 23, 2015	Jan. 22, 2016
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	0917070	Jan. 23, 2015	Jan. 22, 2016
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1005002	Jan. 23, 2015	Jan. 22, 2016
ARRA	Power Divider	A3200-2	N/A	NA	NA
R&S	CBT BLUETOOTH TESTER	CBT	100783	Aug. 11, 2014	Aug. 10, 2015
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSP40	100319	Oct. 28, 2014	Oct. 27, 2015
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	778D	50422	Note1	
Woken	Attenuator 1	WK0602-XX	N/A	Note1	
PE	Attenuator 2	PE7005-10	N/A	Note1	
PE	Attenuator 3	PE7005-3	N/A	Note1	
AR	Power Amplifier	5S1G4M2	0328767	Note1	
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZVE-3W	162601250	Note1	
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZHL-42W+	13440021344	Note1	

General Note:

1. Prior to system verification and validation, the path loss from the signal generator to the system check source and the power meter, which includes the amplifier, cable, attenuator and directional coupler, was measured by the network analyzer. The reading of the power meter was offset by the path loss difference between the path to the power meter and the path to the system check source to monitor the actual power level fed to the system check source.

10. System Verification

10.1 Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Sugar (%)	Cellulose (%)	Salt (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ϵ_r)
For Head								
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5
1800, 1900, 2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.40	40.0
2450	55.0	0	0	0	0	45.0	1.80	39.2
2600	54.8	0	0	0.1	0	45.1	1.96	39.0
For Body								
835	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.97	55.2
1800, 1900, 2000	70.2	0	0	0.4	0	29.4	1.52	53.3
2450	68.6	0	0	0	0	31.4	1.95	52.7
2600	68.1	0	0	0.1	0	31.8	2.16	52.5

<Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results>

Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ϵ_r)	Conductivity Target (σ)	Permittivity Target (ϵ_r)	Delta (σ) (%)	Delta (ϵ_r) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
835	Head	22.7	0.894	41.382	0.90	41.50	-0.67	-0.28	±5	Feb. 03, 2015
835	Head	22.8	0.893	41.380	0.90	41.50	-0.78	-0.29	±5	Apr. 18, 2015
1900	Head	22.6	1.424	39.075	1.40	40.00	1.71	-2.31	±5	Feb. 06, 2015
1900	Head	22.8	1.393	41.758	1.40	40.00	-0.50	4.40	±5	Apr. 19, 2015
2450	Head	22.7	1.829	40.081	1.80	39.20	1.61	2.25	±5	Apr. 18, 2015
2600	Head	22.6	1.974	38.204	1.96	39.00	0.71	-2.04	±5	Feb. 06, 2015
2600	Head	22.7	1.981	38.254	1.96	39.00	1.07	-1.91	±5	Apr. 18, 2015
835	Body	22.8	0.979	54.083	0.97	55.20	0.93	-2.02	±5	Feb. 08, 2015
835	Body	22.7	0.983	55.166	0.97	55.20	1.34	-0.06	±5	Apr. 19, 2015
1900	Body	22.5	1.550	53.153	1.52	53.30	1.97	-0.28	±5	Feb. 05, 2015
1900	Body	22.7	1.549	53.346	1.52	53.30	1.91	0.09	±5	Apr. 19, 2015
2450	Body	22.8	1.943	50.967	1.95	52.70	-0.36	-3.29	±5	Apr. 18, 2015
2600	Body	22.7	2.165	53.823	2.16	52.50	0.23	2.52	±5	Feb. 05, 2015
2600	Body	22.8	2.209	51.123	2.16	52.50	2.27	-2.62	±5	Apr. 18, 2015

10.2 System Performance Check Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured SAR (W/kg)	Targeted SAR (W/kg)	Normalized SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
Feb. 03, 2015	835	Head	250	4d091	3857	1210	2.33	9.11	9.32	2.31
Apr. 18, 2015	835	Head	250	4d091	3857	1210	2.37	9.11	9.48	4.06
Feb. 06, 2015	1900	Head	250	5d118	3857	1210	10.20	40.10	40.8	1.75
Apr. 19, 2015	1900	Head	250	5d118	3857	1210	9.56	40.10	38.24	-4.64
Apr. 18, 2015	2450	Head	250	840	3857	1210	13.30	52.30	53.2	1.72
Feb. 06, 2015	2600	Head	250	1061	3857	1210	14.00	56.90	56.0	-1.58
Apr. 18, 2015	2600	Head	250	1061	3857	1210	14.00	56.90	56	-1.58
Feb. 08, 2015	835	Body	250	4d091	3857	1210	2.31	9.60	9.24	-3.75
Apr. 19, 2015	835	Body	250	4d091	3857	1210	2.25	9.60	9	-6.25
Feb. 05, 2015	1900	Body	250	5d118	3857	1210	10.40	40.00	41.6	4.00
Apr. 19, 2015	1900	Body	250	5d118	3857	1210	10.50	40.00	42	5.00
Apr. 18, 2015	2450	Body	250	840	3857	1210	12.20	51.00	48.8	-4.31
Feb. 05, 2015	2600	Body	250	1061	3857	1210	13.20	54.90	52.8	-3.83
Apr. 18, 2015	2600	Body	250	1061	3857	1210	13.80	54.90	55.2	0.55

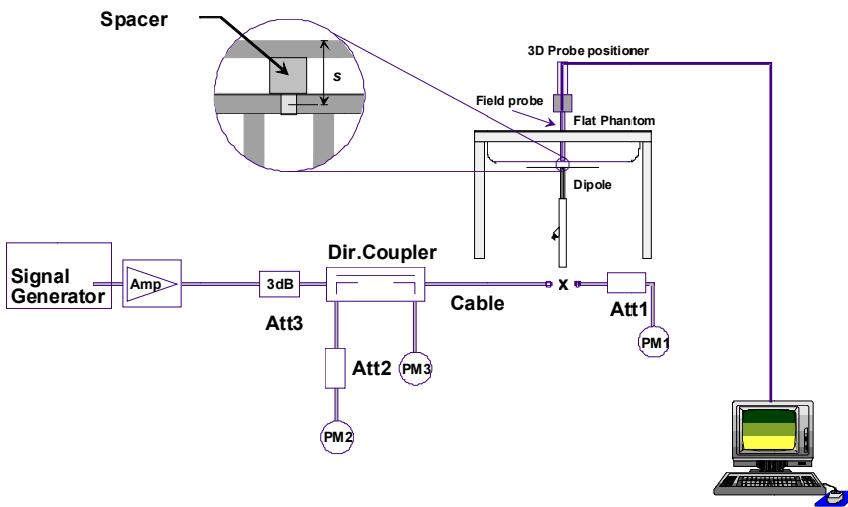


Fig 8.3.1 System Performance Check Setup



Fig 8.3.2 Setup Photo

11. RF Exposure Positions

11.1 Ear and handset reference point

Figure 9.1.1 shows the front, back, and side views of the SAM phantom. The center-of-mouth reference point is labeled “M,” the left ear reference point (ERP) is marked “LE,” and the right ERP is marked “RE.” Each ERP is 15 mm along the B-M (back-mouth) line behind the entrance-to-ear-canal (EEC) point, as shown in Figure 9.1.2 The Reference Plane is defined as passing through the two ear reference points and point M. The line N-F (neck-front), also called the reference pivoting line, is normal to the Reference Plane and perpendicular to both a line passing through RE and LE and the B-M line (see Figure 9.1.3). Both N-F and B-M lines should be marked on the exterior of the phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning. Posterior to the N-F line the ear shape is a flat surface with 6 mm thickness at each ERP, and forward of the N-F line the ear is truncated, as illustrated in Figure 9.1.2. The ear truncation is introduced to preclude the ear lobe from interfering with handset tilt, which could lead to unstable positioning at the cheek.

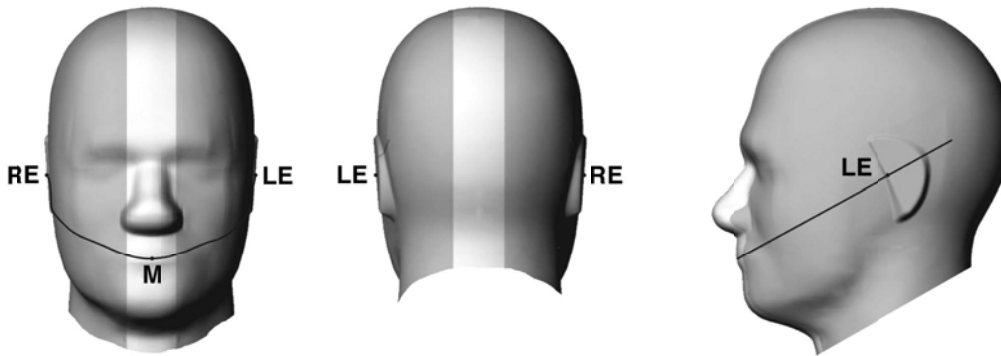


Fig 9.1.1 Front, back, and side views of SAM twin phantom

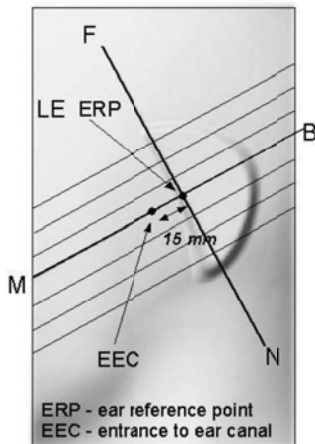


Fig 9.1.2 Close-up side view of phantom showing the ear region.

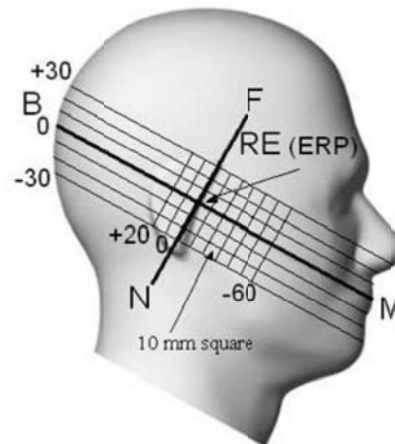


Fig 9.1.3 Side view of the phantom showing relevant markings and seven cross-sectional plane locations

11.2 Definition of the cheek position

1. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
2. Define two imaginary lines on the handset—the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset—the midpoint of the width w_t of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A in Figure 9.2.1 and Figure 9.2.2), and the midpoint of the width w_b of the bottom of the handset (point B). The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output (see Figure 9.2.1). The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset (see Figure 9.2.2), especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly-shaped handsets.
3. Position the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 9.2.3), such that the plane defined by the vertical centerline and the horizontal line of the handset is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.
4. Translate the handset towards the phantom along the line passing through RE and LE until handset point A touches the pinna at the ERP.
5. While maintaining the handset in this plane, rotate it around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline is in the plane normal to the plane containing B-M and N-F lines, i.e., the Reference Plane.
6. Rotate the handset around the vertical centerline until the handset (horizontal line) is parallel to the N-F line.
7. While maintaining the vertical centerline in the Reference Plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the handset contact with the pinna, rotate the handset about the N-F line until any point on the handset is in contact with a phantom point below the pinna on the cheek. See Figure 9.2.3. The actual rotation angles should be documented in the test report.

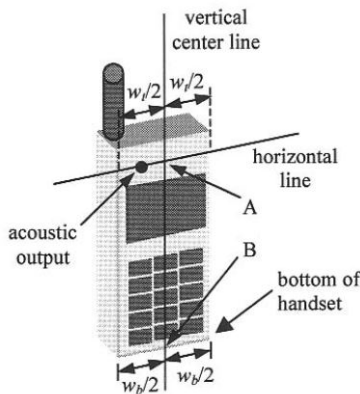


Fig 9.2.1 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—“fixed case”

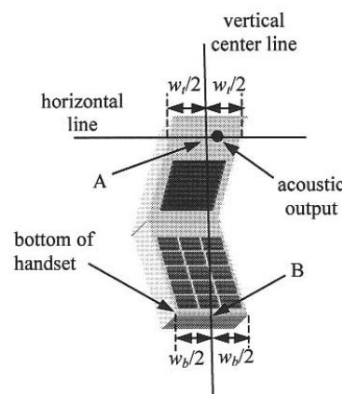


Fig 9.2.2 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—“clam-shell case”

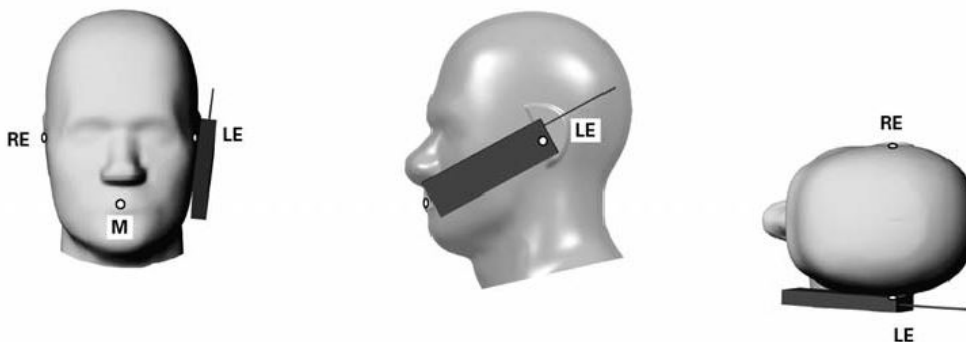


Fig 9.2.3 cheek or touch position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which establish the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

11.3 Definition of the tilt position

1. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
2. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset away from the pinna along the line passing through RE and LE far enough to allow a rotation of the handset away from the cheek by 15°.
3. Rotate the handset around the horizontal line by 15°.
4. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset towards the phantom on the line passing through RE and LE until any part of the handset touches the ear. The tilt position is obtained when the contact point is on the pinna. See Figure 9.3.1. If contact occurs at any location other than the pinna, e.g., the antenna at the back of the phantom head, the angle of the handset should be reduced. In this case, the tilt position is obtained if any point on the handset is in contact with the pinna and a second point

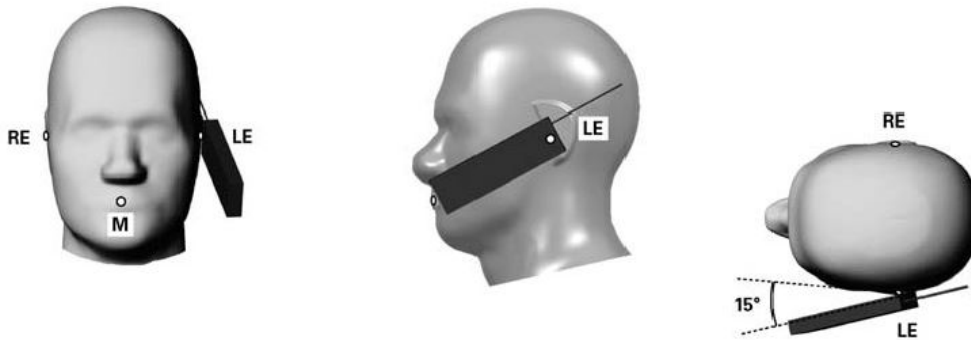


Fig 9.3.1 Tilt position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which define the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

11.4 Body Worn Accessory

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 9.4). Per KDB 648474 D04v01r02, body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB 447498 D01v05r02 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset is < 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a handset attached to the handset.

Accessories for body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are test with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-chip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

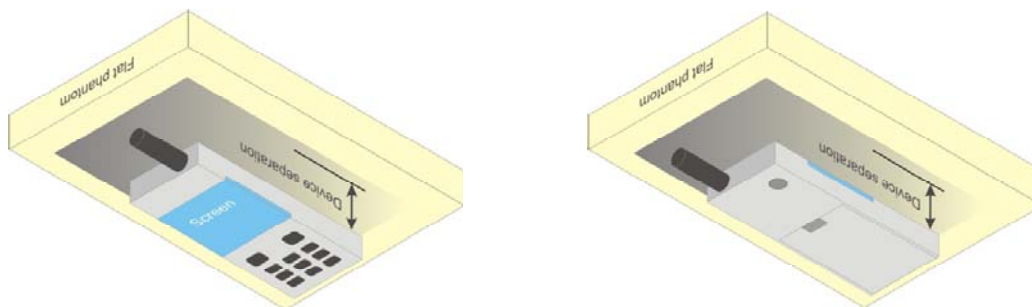


Fig 9.4 Body Worn Position

11.5 Wireless Router

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive user through simultaneous transmission of WIFI simultaneously with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in FCC HDB Publication 941225 D06 v02 where SAR test considerations for handsets (L x W ≥ 9 cm x 5 cm) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10mm from the front, back and edges of the device containing transmitting antennas within 2.5cm of their edges, determined from general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions due to the limitations of the SAR assessment probes. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and spatially summed with the WIFI transmitter according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05r02 publication procedures. The “Portable Hotspot” feature on the handset was NOT activated during SAR assessments, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal at a time.

12. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)

<GSM Conducted Power>

- For DTM multi-slot class mode, the device was linked with base station simulator (Agilent E5515C) and transmit maximum power on maximum number of TX slots, i.e. one CS timeslot, and additional PS timeslots (1 for DTM class 5 and 9, 2 for DTM class 11) in one TDMA frame.
- Agilent E5515C was used to setup the device operated under DTM mode for power measurement and SAR testing. For conducted power, the power of the burst for voice and the power of the bursts for data was reported separately in the table above, and the frame-average power is derived below to determine SAR testing.

$$DTM \text{ frame average power (dBm)} = 10 \cdot \log [\sum (\text{power of each slot, in mW}) / 8]$$

- Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.
- Considering the possibility of e.g. 3rd party VoIP operation for head and body-worn SAR test reduction for GSM, GPRS, EDGE and DTM modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the EUT was set in GPRS (4Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900 at receiver 1, and GPRS (4Tx slots) for GSM850 and GSM Voice for GSM1900 at receiver 2.
- For hotspot SAR test reduction for GPRS, EDGE and DTM modes are determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance, for modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher tune-up with higher measured power configuration should be tested, therefore, the EUT was set in GPRS (4Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900.

<Full Power Mode>:

Band GSM850		Burst Average Power (dBm)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Frame-Average Power (dBm)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
TX Channel		128	189	251		128	189	251	
Frequency (MHz)		824.2	836.4	848.8	(dBm)	824.2	836.4	848.8	
GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)		31.99	32.18	32.39	32.50	22.99	23.18	23.39	23.50
GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) – CS1		31.99	32.20	32.37	32.50	22.99	23.20	23.37	23.50
GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots) – CS1		30.67	30.79	30.53	31.00	24.67	24.79	24.53	25.00
GPRS (GMSK, 3 Tx slots) – CS1		28.87	29.02	29.13	29.50	24.61	24.76	24.87	25.24
GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots) – CS1		27.75	27.86	27.98	28.50	24.75	24.86	24.98	25.50
EDGE (8PSK, 1 Tx slot) – MCS5		25.44	25.47	25.61	26.00	16.44	16.47	16.61	17.00
EDGE (8PSK, 2 Tx slots) – MCS5		25.12	25.17	25.30	26.00	19.12	19.17	19.30	20.00
EDGE (8PSK, 3 Tx slots) – MCS5		23.55	23.59	23.71	24.00	19.29	19.33	19.45	19.74
EDGE (8PSK, 4 Tx slots) – MCS5		21.97	21.99	22.12	22.50	18.97	18.99	19.12	19.50
DTM 5 (2Tx slots)	GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	30.42	30.55	30.32	31.00	24.36	24.48	24.24	24.98
	GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) – CS1	30.35	30.45	30.21	31.00				
DTM 9 (2Tx slots)	GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	30.40	30.49	30.27	31.00	24.34	24.44	24.22	24.98
	GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) – CS1	30.32	30.44	30.22	31.00				
DTM 11 (3Tx slots)	GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	28.52	28.74	28.85	29.00	24.21	24.43	24.52	24.74
	GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots) – CS1	28.44	28.66	28.74	29.00				
DTM 5 (2Tx slots)	GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	29.31	29.35	29.28	29.50	21.54	21.59	21.56	21.79
	EDGE (8PSK, 1 Tx slot) – MCS5	24.60	24.65	24.74	25.00				
DTM 9 (2Tx slots)	GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	29.33	29.36	29.30	30.00	21.55	21.59	21.57	22.16
	EDGE (8PSK, 1 Tx slot) – MCS5	24.57	24.63	24.72	25.00				
DTM 11 (3Tx slots)	GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	27.45	27.49	27.48	28.00	20.74	20.77	20.83	21.30
	EDGE (8PSK, 2 Tx slots) – MCS5	22.92	22.95	23.10	23.50				



Band GSM1900		Burst Average Power (dBm)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Frame-Average Power (dBm)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
TX Channel	512	661	810	512		661	810		
Frequency (MHz)		1850.2	1880	1909.8	(dBm)	1850.2	1880	1909.8	
GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)		29.06	29.20	29.07	30.00	20.06	20.20	20.07	21.00
GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) – CS1		29.05	29.19	29.11	30.00	20.05	20.19	20.11	21.00
GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots) – CS1		27.43	27.28	27.56	28.00	21.43	21.28	21.56	22.00
GPRS (GMSK, 3 Tx slots) – CS1		25.82	25.62	25.80	26.00	21.56	21.36	21.54	21.74
GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots) – CS1		24.63	24.45	24.67	25.00	21.63	21.45	21.67	22.00
EDGE (8PSK, 1 Tx slot) – MCS5		25.12	25.09	25.15	25.50	16.12	16.09	16.15	16.50
EDGE (8PSK, 2 Tx slots) – MCS5		24.06	24.02	24.12	24.50	18.06	18.02	18.12	18.50
EDGE (8PSK, 3 Tx slots) – MCS5		22.54	22.46	22.49	23.00	18.28	18.20	18.23	18.74
EDGE (8PSK, 4 Tx slots) – MCS5		20.93	20.90	20.95	21.50	17.93	17.90	17.95	18.50
DTM 5 (2Tx slots)	GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	26.96	27.11	27.05	27.50	20.92	21.07	21.01	21.48
	GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) – CS1	26.92	27.08	27.02	27.50				
DTM 9 (2Tx slots)	GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	26.89	26.75	26.97	27.50	20.85	20.71	20.94	21.48
	GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) – CS1	26.85	26.72	26.95	27.50				
DTM 11 (3Tx slots)	GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	25.33	25.13	25.29	25.50	21.04	20.84	20.99	21.24
	GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots) – CS1	25.29	25.08	25.23	25.50				
DTM 5 (2Tx slots)	GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	26.93	26.81	27.05	27.50	19.46	19.36	19.56	19.92
	EDGE (8PSK, 1 Tx slot) – MCS5	23.29	23.25	23.34	23.50				
DTM 9 (2Tx slots)	GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	26.89	26.75	26.98	27.50	19.44	19.33	19.51	19.92
	EDGE (8PSK, 1 Tx slot) – MCS5	23.31	23.26	23.35	23.50				
DTM 11 (3Tx slots)	GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	25.31	25.15	25.31	25.50	18.92	18.82	18.94	19.24
	EDGE (8PSK, 2 Tx slots) – MCS5	21.52	21.50	21.56	22.00				

<Reduced Power Mode>:

Band GSM850		Burst Average Power (dBm)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Frame-Average Power (dBm)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
TX Channel	128	189	251	128		189	251		
Frequency (MHz)		824.2	836.4	848.8	(dBm)	824.2	836.4	848.8	
GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)		29.70	29.38	29.50	30.00	20.70	20.38	20.50	21.00
GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) – CS1		29.69	29.37	29.48	30.00	20.69	20.37	20.48	21.00
GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots) – CS1		26.53	26.34	26.45	27.00	20.53	20.34	20.45	21.00
GPRS (GMSK, 3 Tx slots) – CS1		24.90	24.95	24.87	25.50	20.64	20.69	20.61	21.24
GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots) – CS1		23.90	23.89	23.79	24.50	20.90	20.89	20.79	21.50
EDGE (8PSK, 1 Tx slot) – MCS5		25.05	25.09	25.20	25.50	16.05	16.09	16.20	16.50
EDGE (8PSK, 2 Tx slots) – MCS5		25.01	25.07	25.17	25.50	19.01	19.07	19.17	19.50
EDGE (8PSK, 3 Tx slots) – MCS5		23.38	23.40	23.63	24.00	19.12	19.14	19.37	19.74
EDGE (8PSK, 4 Tx slots) – MCS5		21.21	21.31	21.48	22.00	18.21	18.31	18.48	19.00
DTM 5 (2Tx slots)	GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	26.66	26.32	26.35	27.00	20.62	20.28	20.30	20.98
	GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) – CS1	26.62	26.28	26.30	27.00				
DTM 9 (2Tx slots)	GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	26.63	26.30	26.31	27.00	20.59	20.25	20.27	20.98
	GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) – CS1	26.60	26.25	26.27	27.00				
DTM 11 (3Tx slots)	GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	24.88	24.72	24.75	25.00	20.60	20.43	20.46	20.74
	GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots) – CS1	24.85	24.68	24.70	25.00				
DTM 5 (2Tx slots)	GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	25.51	25.20	25.22	26.00	18.61	18.54	18.56	19.09
	EDGE (8PSK, 1 Tx slot) – MCS5	23.52	23.81	23.83	24.00				
DTM 9 (2Tx slots)	GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	25.50	25.18	25.19	26.00	18.59	18.51	18.53	19.09
	EDGE (8PSK, 1 Tx slot) – MCS5	23.50	23.77	23.79	24.00				
DTM 11 (3Tx slots)	GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	23.92	24.13	24.16	24.50	19.00	19.08	19.23	19.60
	EDGE (8PSK, 2 Tx slots) – MCS5	22.88	22.89	23.11	23.50				



Band GSM1900		Burst Average Power (dBm)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Frame-Average Power (dBm)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
TX Channel	512	661	810	512		661	810		
Frequency (MHz)		1850.2	1880	1909.8	1850.2	1880	1909.8		
GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)		26.04	25.80	25.99	26.50	17.04	16.80	16.99	17.50
GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) – CS1		26.03	25.78	25.97	26.50	17.03	16.78	16.97	17.50
GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots) – CS1		23.01	22.88	22.71	23.50	17.01	16.88	16.71	17.50
GPRS (GMSK, 3 Tx slots) – CS1		20.89	20.78	20.70	21.50	16.63	16.52	16.44	17.24
GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots) – CS1		19.78	19.64	19.68	20.50	16.78	16.64	16.68	17.50
EDGE (8PSK, 1 Tx slot) – MCS5		25.11	25.05	25.11	25.50	16.11	16.05	16.11	16.50
EDGE (8PSK, 2 Tx slots) – MCS5		22.61	22.54	22.58	23.00	16.61	16.54	16.58	17.00
EDGE (8PSK, 3 Tx slots) – MCS5		20.57	20.58	20.48	21.00	16.31	16.32	16.22	16.74
EDGE (8PSK, 4 Tx slots) – MCS5		19.44	19.45	19.46	20.00	16.44	16.45	16.46	17.00
DTM 5 (2Tx slots)	GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	23.35	23.22	23.29	23.50	17.30	17.18	17.23	17.48
	GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) – CS1	23.29	23.18	23.22	23.50				
DTM 9 (2Tx slots)	GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	23.28	23.17	23.25	23.50	17.23	17.12	17.22	17.48
	GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) – CS1	23.22	23.12	23.23	23.50				
DTM 11 (3Tx slots)	GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	21.35	21.11	21.22	21.50	17.07	16.81	16.93	17.24
	GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots) – CS1	21.32	21.05	21.18	21.50				
DTM 5 (2Tx slots)	GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	23.32	23.18	23.21	23.50	16.64	16.53	16.55	16.79
	EDGE (8PSK, 1 Tx slot) – MCS5	21.88	21.81	21.83	22.00				
DTM 9 (2Tx slots)	GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	23.29	23.15	23.17	23.50	16.61	16.50	16.52	16.79
	EDGE (8PSK, 1 Tx slot) – MCS5	21.85	21.78	21.80	22.00				
DTM 11 (3Tx slots)	GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	21.75	21.70	21.73	22.00	16.14	16.13	16.08	16.51
	EDGE (8PSK, 2 Tx slots) – MCS5	19.52	19.54	19.43	20.00				

<WCDMA Conducted Power>

1. The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification.
2. The procedures in KDB 941225 D01 are applied for 3GPP Rel. 6 HSPA to configure the device in the required sub-test mode(s) to determine SAR test exclusion.
3. For DC-HSDPA, the device was configured according to the H-Set 12, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) configuration in Table C.8.1.12 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1, with the primary and the secondary serving HS-DSCH Cell enabled during the power measurement.

A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

HSDPA Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
 - i. Set Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters were set according to each
 - ii. Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - iii. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
 - iv. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
 - v. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK)
 - vi. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
 - vii. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
 - viii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
 - ix. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
 - x. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
 - xi. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.10.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{HS} (Note 1, Note 2)	CM (dB) (Note 3)	MPR (dB) (Note 3)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	12/15 (Note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

Note 1: $\Delta_{ACK}, \Delta_{NACK}$ and $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{HS} = 30/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 2: For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C, 5.7A, and the Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA, Δ_{ACK} and $\Delta_{NACK} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{HS} = 30/15 * \beta_c$, and $\Delta_{CQI} = 24/15$ with $\beta_{HS} = 24/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 3: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{HS}/\beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HS-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.

Note 4: For subtest 2 the β_c/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 11/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Setup Configuration

HSUPA Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting * :
 - i. Call Configs = 5.2B, 5.9B, 5.10B, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
 - ii. Set the Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C11.1.3, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - iii. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
 - iv. Set Channel Type = 12.2k + HSPA
 - v. Set UE Target Power
 - vi. Power Ctrl Mode= Alternating bits
 - vii. Set and observe the E-TFCl
 - viii. Confirm that E-TFCl is equal to the target E-TFCl of 75 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCl
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.11.1.3: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{HS} (Note 1)	β_{ec}	β_{ed} (Note 5) (Note 6)	β_{ed} (SF)	β_{ed} (Codes)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2)	AG Index (Note 6)	E-TFCl
1	11/15 (Note 3)	15/15 (Note 3)	64	11/15 (Note 3)	22/15	209/25	1309/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	$\beta_{ed1}: 47/15$ $\beta_{ed2}: 47/15$	4 4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	15/15 (Note 4)	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

Note 1: $\Delta_{ACK}, \Delta_{NACK}$ and $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 2: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15, \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 10/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note 4: For subtest 5 the β_c/β_d ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 14/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note 5: In case of testing by UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to TS25.306 Table 5.1g.

Note 6: β_{ed} can not be set directly, it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

Setup Configuration

DC-HSDPA 3GPP release 8 Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration below
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
 - i. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
 - ii. Set Cell Power = -25 dBm
 - iii. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 12, QPSK)
 - iv. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
 - v. Set Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters were set according to each Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - a). Subtest 1: $\beta_c/\beta_d=2/15$
 - b). Subtest 2: $\beta_c/\beta_d=12/15$
 - c). Subtest 3: $\beta_c/\beta_d=15/8$
 - d). Subtest 4: $\beta_c/\beta_d=15/4$
 - vi. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
 - vii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
 - viii. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
 - ix. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
 - x. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification. A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

C.8.1.12 Fixed Reference Channel Definition H-Set 12

Table C.8.1.12: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 12

Parameter	Unit	Value
Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	kbps	60
Inter-TTI Distance	TTI's	1
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	6
Information Bit Payload (N_{INF})	Bits	120
Number Code Blocks	Blocks	1
Binary Channel Bits Per TTI	Bits	960
Total Available SML's in UE	SML's	19200
Number of SML's per HARQ Proc.	SML's	3200
Coding Rate		0.15
Number of Physical Channel Codes	Codes	1
Modulation		QPSK
Note 1: The RMC is intended to be used for DC-HSDPA mode and both cells shall transmit with identical parameters as listed in the table. Note 2: Maximum number of transmission is limited to 1, i.e., retransmission is not allowed. The redundancy and constellation version 0 shall be used.		

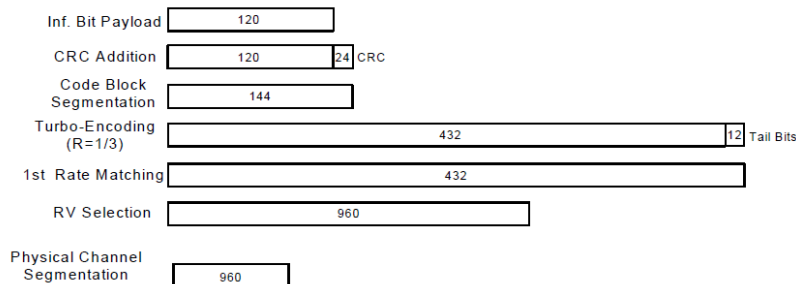


Figure C.8.19: Coding rate for Fixed reference Channel H-Set 12 (QPSK)

Setup Configuration



<WCDMA Conducted Power>

General Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, SAR for Head / Hotspot / Body-worn exposure is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1"s".
2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA.

<Full Power Mode>:

Band			WCDMA Band V			WCDMA Band II		
Tx Channel			4132	4182	4233	9262	9400	9538
Rx Channel			4357	4407	4458	9662	9800	9938
Frequency (MHz)			826.4	836.4	846.6	1852.4	1880	1907.6
MPR (dB)	3GPP Rel 99	AMR 12.2Kbps	22.96	23.06	23.11	22.63	22.64	22.78
	3GPP Rel 99	RMC 12.2Kbps	22.98	23.07	23.12	22.65	22.66	22.79
0	3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-1	22.54	22.53	22.50	22.29	22.33	22.31
0	3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-2	22.54	22.62	22.35	22.23	22.37	22.28
0.5	3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-3	21.97	21.75	22.09	21.67	21.86	21.77
0.5	3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-4	21.93	21.72	22.08	21.63	21.84	21.82
0	3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-1	21.43	21.53	21.58	21.37	21.42	21.48
0	3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-2	21.52	21.60	21.57	21.36	21.41	21.47
0.5	3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-3	21.53	21.60	21.61	21.34	21.38	21.46
0.5	3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-4	21.58	21.64	21.60	21.34	21.39	21.47
0	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-1	22.04	21.79	21.85	21.90	22.04	22.26
2	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-2	21.31	21.27	21.29	20.56	20.71	21.00
1	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-3	21.01	21.51	20.90	21.03	21.18	21.19
2	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-4	21.62	21.48	21.54	21.59	21.75	21.25
0	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-5	21.81	21.82	21.84	21.63	21.69	21.64

<Reduced Power Mode>:

Band			WCDMA Band V			WCDMA Band II		
TX Channel			4132	4182	4233	9262	9400	9538
Rx Channel			4357	4407	4458	9662	9800	9938
Frequency (MHz)			826.4	836.4	846.6	1852.4	1880	1907.6
MPR (dB)	3GPP Rel 99	AMR 12.2Kbps	20.24	20.29	20.32	16.84	16.84	16.83
	3GPP Rel 99	RMC 12.2Kbps	20.26	20.31	20.34	16.86	16.85	16.85
0	3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-1	19.19	19.25	19.32	15.88	15.87	15.88
0	3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-2	19.24	19.28	19.33	15.84	15.84	15.83
0.5	3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-3	18.68	18.80	18.78	15.39	15.38	15.42
0.5	3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-4	18.74	18.80	18.78	15.35	15.43	15.48
0	3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-1	19.65	19.68	19.65	16.66	16.60	16.70
0	3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-2	19.65	19.70	19.64	16.63	16.58	16.72
0.5	3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-3	19.66	19.67	19.61	16.65	16.61	16.69
0.5	3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-4	19.64	19.69	19.60	16.66	16.61	16.71
0	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-1	19.78	19.85	19.96	16.55	16.52	16.42
2	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-2	18.76	19.21	19.17	16.28	16.01	16.34
1	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-3	18.33	18.94	18.75	15.99	15.63	15.94
2	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-4	19.79	19.54	19.40	16.59	16.66	16.54
0	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-5	19.78	19.75	19.88	16.75	16.72	16.70



<LTE Conducted Power>

General Note:

1. Anritsu MT8820C base station simulator was used to setup the connection with EUT; the frequency band, channel bandwidth, RB allocation configuration, modulation type are set in the base station simulator to configure EUT transmitting at maximum power and at different configurations which are requested to be reported to FCC, for conducted power measurement and SAR testing.
2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, when a properly configured base station simulator is used for the SAR and power measurements, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration is not required.
3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
6. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, 16QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is $>$ not $\frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, 16QAM SAR testing is not required.
7. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, Smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is $>$ not $\frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.



<Full Power Mode>

<LTE Band 7>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune up Limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Channel				20850	21100	21350		
Frequency (MHz)				2510	2535	2560		
20	QPSK	1	0	23.10	23.15	23.22	23.5	0
20	QPSK	1	49	23.15	23.38	23.28		
20	QPSK	1	99	22.82	23.26	23.25		
20	QPSK	50	0	22.03	22.36	22.30	22.5	1
20	QPSK	50	24	22.10	21.97	22.20		
20	QPSK	50	49	21.97	22.00	22.28		
20	QPSK	100	0	22.00	22.20	22.18	23.0	0.5
20	16QAM	1	0	22.15	22.77	22.25		
20	16QAM	1	49	22.22	22.61	22.30		
20	16QAM	1	99	21.98	22.70	22.26	21.5	2
20	16QAM	50	0	21.08	21.03	21.16		
20	16QAM	50	24	21.07	20.98	21.08		
20	16QAM	50	49	20.98	20.92	21.10	20.98	21.08
20	16QAM	100	0	20.98	21.08	21.18		
Channel				20825	21100	21375		
Frequency (MHz)				2507.5	2535	2562.5		
15	QPSK	1	0	23.05	23.04	23.28	23.5	0
15	QPSK	1	37	23.12	22.89	23.35		
15	QPSK	1	74	23.10	23.13	23.36		
15	QPSK	36	0	22.10	22.07	22.23	22.5	1
15	QPSK	36	18	22.04	21.93	22.23		
15	QPSK	36	37	22.02	21.86	22.21		
15	QPSK	75	0	22.06	21.97	22.31	23.0	0.5
15	16QAM	1	0	22.43	22.62	22.70		
15	16QAM	1	37	22.02	22.08	22.95		
15	16QAM	1	74	22.49	21.99	22.73	21.5	2
15	16QAM	36	0	20.92	20.86	21.21		
15	16QAM	36	18	20.91	20.70	21.19		
15	16QAM	36	37	20.84	20.72	21.23	20.96	20.94
15	16QAM	75	0	20.96	20.94	21.21		
Channel				20800	21100	21400		
Frequency (MHz)				2505	2535	2565		
10	QPSK	1	0	23.11	22.93	23.24	23.5	0
10	QPSK	1	24	23.05	22.85	23.19		
10	QPSK	1	49	23.05	23.15	23.14		
10	QPSK	25	0	22.10	22.04	22.32	22.5	1
10	QPSK	25	12	22.04	21.89	22.25		
10	QPSK	25	24	21.99	21.89	22.30		
10	QPSK	50	0	22.07	21.99	22.29	23.0	0.5
10	16QAM	1	0	22.16	22.29	22.75		
10	16QAM	1	24	22.54	22.03	22.68		
10	16QAM	1	49	22.59	22.09	22.51	21.13	21.02
10	16QAM	25	0	21.13	21.02	21.37		
10	16QAM	25	12	21.10	20.83	21.17		
10	16QAM	25	24	21.03	20.92	21.28	21.15	20.93
10	16QAM	25	24	21.03	20.92	21.28		
10	16QAM	50	0	21.15	20.93	21.15		



Channel				20775	21100	21425	Tune up Limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				2502.5	2535	2567.5		
5	QPSK	1	0	23.05	22.80	23.16	23.5	0
5	QPSK	1	12	23.08	23.08	23.05		
5	QPSK	1	24	22.80	22.68	23.09		
5	QPSK	12	0	22.08	21.97	22.28	22.5	1
5	QPSK	12	6	22.06	21.96	22.27		
5	QPSK	12	11	22.04	21.89	22.21		
5	QPSK	25	0	22.02	21.95	22.30		
5	16QAM	1	0	22.64	22.83	22.57	23.0	0.5
5	16QAM	1	12	22.30	22.67	22.36		
5	16QAM	1	24	22.26	22.34	22.15		
5	16QAM	12	0	21.07	20.97	21.26	21.5	2
5	16QAM	12	6	21.10	20.88	21.12		
5	16QAM	12	11	21.05	20.91	21.30		
5	16QAM	25	0	21.09	21.23	21.19		



<Reduced Power Mode>

<LTE Band 7>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune up Limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Channel				20850	21100	21350		
Frequency (MHz)				2510	2535	2560		
20	QPSK	1	0	13.84	14.09	14.02	14.5	0
20	QPSK	1	49	13.90	14.28	14.04		
20	QPSK	1	99	13.84	13.92	13.88		
20	QPSK	50	0	13.68	14.00	13.98	14.5	0
20	QPSK	50	24	13.56	13.78	13.91		
20	QPSK	50	49	13.52	13.71	13.81		
20	QPSK	100	0	13.56	13.90	13.89	14.5	0
20	16QAM	1	0	13.94	13.67	13.57		
20	16QAM	1	49	13.69	13.63	13.43		
20	16QAM	1	99	13.81	13.61	13.36	14.5	0
20	16QAM	50	0	13.71	13.84	13.91		
20	16QAM	50	24	13.64	13.72	13.84		
20	16QAM	50	49	13.60	13.65	13.85	14.5	0
20	16QAM	100	0	13.57	13.76	13.95		
Channel				20825	21100	21375		
Frequency (MHz)				2507.5	2535	2562.5		
15	QPSK	1	0	13.71	13.87	13.92	14.5	0
15	QPSK	1	37	13.45	13.64	13.70		
15	QPSK	1	74	13.38	13.70	13.71		
15	QPSK	36	0	13.68	13.92	14.00	14.5	0
15	QPSK	36	18	13.56	13.81	13.95		
15	QPSK	36	37	13.48	13.66	13.85		
15	QPSK	75	0	13.53	13.80	13.81	14.5	0
15	16QAM	1	0	13.77	14.25	14.25		
15	16QAM	1	37	13.72	14.05	14.15		
15	16QAM	1	74	13.71	14.07	14.06	14.5	0
15	16QAM	36	0	13.71	13.87	13.92		
15	16QAM	36	18	13.59	13.74	13.87		
15	16QAM	36	37	13.43	13.60	13.78	14.5	0
15	16QAM	75	0	13.49	13.69	13.79		
Channel				20800	21100	21400		
Frequency (MHz)				2505	2535	2565		
10	QPSK	1	0	13.54	13.89	14.03	14.5	0
10	QPSK	1	24	13.53	13.79	13.94		
10	QPSK	1	49	13.30	13.93	13.81		
10	QPSK	25	0	13.67	13.80	13.94	14.5	0
10	QPSK	25	12	13.54	13.70	13.83		
10	QPSK	25	24	13.56	13.79	13.86		
10	QPSK	50	0	13.56	13.89	13.90	14.5	0
10	16QAM	1	0	14.16	14.23	14.16		
10	16QAM	1	24	14.05	13.93	14.27		
10	16QAM	1	49	14.22	13.97	14.20	14.5	0
10	16QAM	25	0	13.61	13.79	13.93		
10	16QAM	25	12	13.82	13.68	13.78		
10	16QAM	25	24	13.67	13.63	13.87	14.5	0
10	16QAM	50	0	13.54	13.72	13.85		



Channel				20775	21100	21425	Tune up Limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				2502.5	2535	2567.5		
5	QPSK	1	0	13.66	13.72	13.79	14.5	0
5	QPSK	1	12	14.10	13.93	14.27		
5	QPSK	1	24	13.53	13.64	13.64		
5	QPSK	12	0	13.60	13.77	13.83	14.5	0
5	QPSK	12	6	13.59	13.78	13.87		
5	QPSK	12	11	13.58	13.76	13.84		
5	QPSK	25	0	13.64	13.82	13.82		
5	16QAM	1	0	13.95	13.73	14.19	14.5	0
5	16QAM	1	12	14.13	13.74	14.15		
5	16QAM	1	24	13.91	14.19	14.12		
5	16QAM	12	0	13.59	13.84	13.82	14.5	0
5	16QAM	12	6	13.59	13.74	13.82		
5	16QAM	12	11	13.59	13.72	13.80		
5	16QAM	25	0	13.64	13.84	13.91		



<Reduced Power Mode>
For Hotspot

<LTE Band 7>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune up Limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Channel				20850	21100	21350		
Frequency (MHz)				2510	2535	2560		
20	QPSK	1	0	18.67	19.06	19.01	19.5	0
20	QPSK	1	49	18.87	19.14	19.07		
20	QPSK	1	99	18.61	18.93	18.95		
20	QPSK	50	0	17.76	17.96	17.95	18.5	1
20	QPSK	50	24	17.47	17.85	17.84		
20	QPSK	50	49	17.53	17.72	17.72		
20	QPSK	100	0	17.64	17.83	17.82	19.0	0.5
20	16QAM	1	0	17.77	17.96	17.96		
20	16QAM	1	49	17.68	17.95	17.95		
20	16QAM	1	99	17.68	17.95	17.94	17.5	2
20	16QAM	50	0	16.91	17.07	17.02		
20	16QAM	50	24	16.88	17.03	16.92		
20	16QAM	50	49	16.67	16.92	16.89		
20	16QAM	100	0	16.72	17.00	16.91		
Channel				20825	21100	21375	Tune up Limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				2507.5	2535	2562.5		
15	QPSK	1	0	18.89	18.90	19.00	19.5	0
15	QPSK	1	37	18.63	18.92	19.06		
15	QPSK	1	74	18.65	18.84	18.86		
15	QPSK	36	0	17.79	17.94	17.84	18.5	1
15	QPSK	36	18	17.67	17.85	17.76		
15	QPSK	36	37	17.51	17.74	17.68		
15	QPSK	75	0	17.67	17.84	17.76	19.0	0.5
15	16QAM	1	0	18.10	18.49	18.39		
15	16QAM	1	37	17.72	18.54	18.18		
15	16QAM	1	74	17.76	18.28	18.14	17.5	2
15	16QAM	36	0	16.78	16.78	16.83		
15	16QAM	36	18	16.72	16.70	16.83		
15	16QAM	36	37	16.57	16.60	16.82		
15	16QAM	75	0	16.74	16.92	16.84		
Channel				20800	21100	21400	Tune up Limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				2505	2535	2565		
10	QPSK	1	0	18.87	18.94	18.97	19.5	0
10	QPSK	1	24	18.66	19.04	18.99		
10	QPSK	1	49	18.61	18.88	18.98		
10	QPSK	25	0	17.73	17.95	17.90	18.5	1
10	QPSK	25	12	17.69	17.85	17.73		
10	QPSK	25	24	17.71	17.78	17.64		
10	QPSK	50	0	17.75	17.87	17.78	19.0	0.5
10	16QAM	1	0	18.61	18.61	18.41		
10	16QAM	1	24	17.91	18.07	18.16		
10	16QAM	1	49	17.75	17.93	18.29	17.5	2
10	16QAM	25	0	16.70	17.00	16.86		
10	16QAM	25	12	16.55	16.87	16.77		
10	16QAM	25	24	16.76	16.82	16.77		
10	16QAM	50	0	16.71	16.73	16.87		



Channel				20775	21100	21425	Tune up Limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				2502.5	2535	2567.5		
5	QPSK	1	0	18.64	18.94	18.87	19.5	0
5	QPSK	1	12	18.69	18.90	19.00		
5	QPSK	1	24	18.55	18.64	18.52		
5	QPSK	12	0	17.73	17.76	17.85	18.5	1
5	QPSK	12	6	17.73	17.86	17.73		
5	QPSK	12	11	17.70	17.82	17.70		
5	QPSK	25	0	17.77	17.68	17.78		
5	16QAM	1	0	17.85	17.74	17.82	19.0	0.5
5	16QAM	1	12	18.49	17.86	17.87		
5	16QAM	1	24	18.17	17.76	17.80		
5	16QAM	12	0	16.86	16.90	16.82	17.5	2
5	16QAM	12	6	16.75	16.98	16.87		
5	16QAM	12	11	16.73	16.94	16.63		
5	16QAM	25	0	16.81	16.82	16.74		

<WLAN Conducted Power>

General Note:

For 2.4GHz WLAN SAR testing, highest average RF output power channel for the lowest data rate for 802.11b were selected for SAR evaluation. 802.11g/n HT20 were not investigated since the average output powers over all channels and data rates were not more than 0.25 dB higher than the tested channel in the lowest data rate of 802.11b mode.

<2.4GHz WLAN>

WLAN 2.4GHz 802.11b Average Power (dBm)						
Power vs. Channel			Power vs. Data Rate			
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate 1Mbps	Channel	2Mbps	5.5Mbps	11Mbps
CH 01	2412	17.74	CH 11	17.55	17.85	17.81
CH 02	2417	17.67				
CH 06	2437	17.28				
CH 07	2442	17.37				
CH 11	2462	17.88				
CH 12	2467	11.96				
CH 13	2472	11.99				

WLAN 2.4GHz 802.11g Average Power (dBm)										
Power vs. Channel			Power vs. Data Rate							
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate 6Mbps	Channel	9Mbps	12Mbps	18Mbps	24Mbps	36Mbps	48Mbps	54Mbps
CH 01	2412	11.22	CH 11	12.45	12.42	12.46	12.50	12.46	12.53	12.55
CH 02	2417	11.27								
CH 06	2437	12.25								
CH 07	2442	12.37								
CH 11	2462	12.57								
CH 12	2467	7.68								
CH 13	2472	7.72								

WLAN 2.4GHz 802.11n HT20 Average Power (dBm)										
Power vs. Channel			Power vs. MCS Index							
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	MCS Index MCS0	Channel	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7
CH 01	2412	9.38	CH 11	10.58	10.60	10.67	10.63	10.64	10.69	10.80
CH 02	2417	9.71								
CH 06	2437	10.38								
CH 07	2442	10.60								
CH 11	2462	10.85								
CH 12	2467	6.70								
CH 13	2472	6.80								



13. Bluetooth Exclusions Applied

Mode Band	Average power(dBm)	
	Bluetooth v3.0+EDR	Bluetooth v4.1 LE
2.4GHz Bluetooth	8.0	1.5

Note:

Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at *test separation distances* ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR

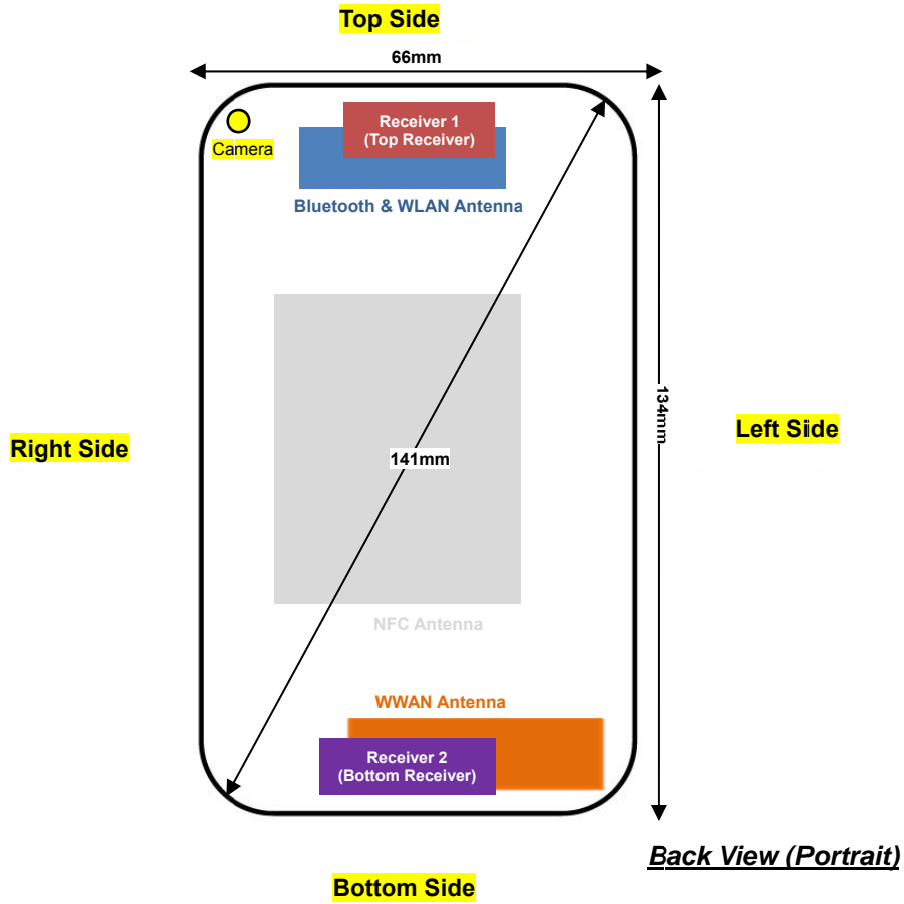
- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

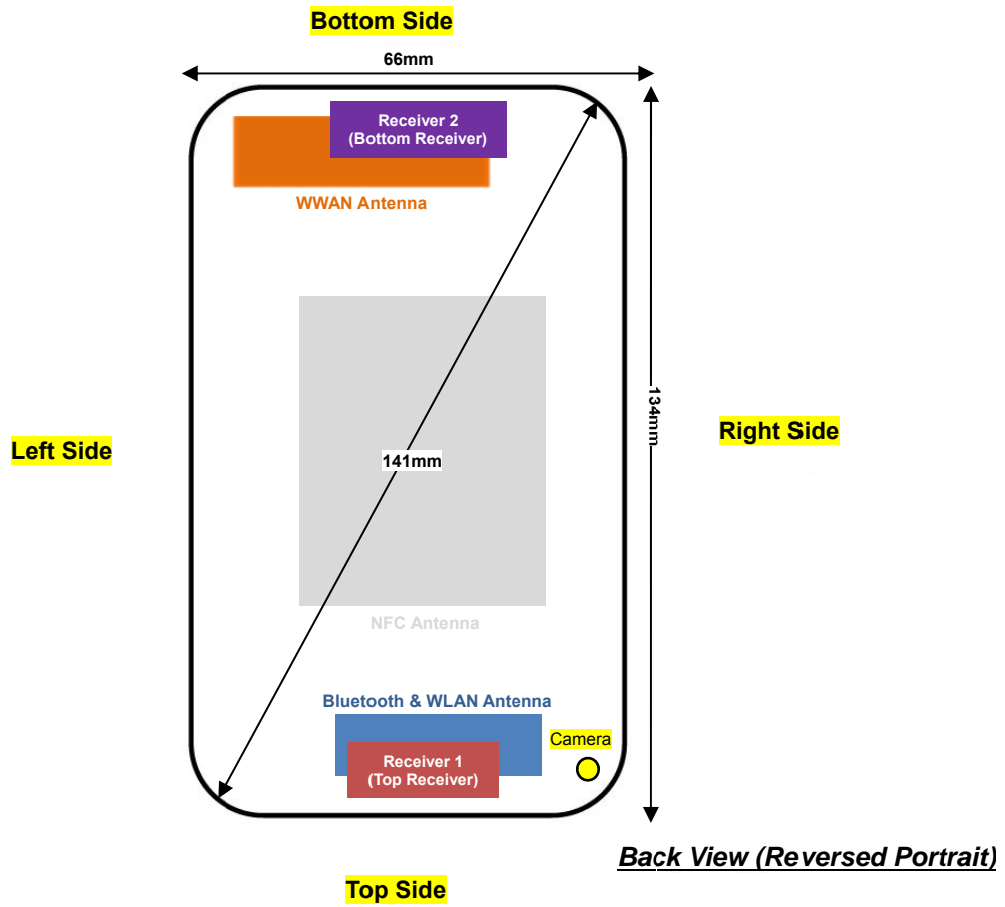
Bluetooth Max Power (dBm)	Separation Distance (mm)	Frequency (GHz)	Exclusion Thresholds
8.0	< 5	2.48	1.9

Note:

Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, when the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion. The test exclusion threshold is 1.9 which is ≤ 3, SAR testing is not required.

14. Antenna Location





Distance of the Antenna to the EUT surface/edge						
Antennas	Back	Front	Top Side	Bottom Side	Right Side	Left Side
WWAN	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	118mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm
BT&WLAN	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	114mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm

Positions for SAR tests; Hotspot mode						
Antennas	Back	Front	Top Side	Bottom Side	Right Side	Left Side
WWAN	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
BT&WLAN	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes

General Note:

Referring to KDB 941225 D06 v02, when the overall device length and width are ≥ 9cm*5cm, the test distance is 10 mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge.

15. SAR Test Results

General Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
 - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.
 - b. For SAR testing of WLAN signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/(duty cycle)"
 - c. For WWAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)*Tune-up Scaling Factor
 - d. For WLAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)* Duty Cycle scaling factor * Tune-up scaling factor
2. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the *reported* 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
 - ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
 - ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
 - ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
3. Per KDB 648474 D04v01r02, when the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory measured without a headset connected to the handset is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR testing with a headset connected to the handset is not required.
4. When hotspot mode is enabled, power reduction will be activated to limit the maximum power of LTE band 7.
5. This device has two sets of receivers and microphone, 1 receiver is located at the top and another one is located at the bottom of the phone. For the next-to-ear voice call the product allows the end user to use the device in the typical calling positions and in the reversed calling position. When the User Interface is in reversed portrait orientation, power reduction is implemented for the scenario that the bottom receiver is placed next-to-ear during the voice call, and SAR compliance was accessed for both orientations. The details of the power reduction mechanism for the reverse call are illustrated in the operational description.

GSM Note:

1. Considering the possibility of e.g. 3rd party VoIP operation for Head and body-worn SAR test reduction for GSM, GPRS, EDGE and DTM modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested.. Therefore, the EUT was set in GPRS (4Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900 at receiver 1, and GPRS (4Tx slots) for GSM850 and GSM Voice for GSM1900 at receiver 2.
2. For Hotspot SAR test reduction for GPRS, EDGE and DTM modes are determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance, for modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher tune-up with higher measured power configuration should be tested, therefore, the EUT was set in GPRS (4Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900.

WCDMA Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, SAR for next to the ear head / Hotspot / Body-worn exposure is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".
2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA.

WLAN Note:

1. This device 2.4 GHz WLAN supports hotspot operation.



LTE Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, 16QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is $>$ not $\frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, 16QAM SAR testing is not required.
5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is $>$ not $\frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required



15.1 Head SAR

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Receiver Enabled	Power Reduction	Battery	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	GPRS(4Tx slots)	Right Cheek	Receiver 1	OFF	1	251	848.8	27.98	28.50	1.127	0.024	0.366	0.413
	GSM850	GPRS(4Tx slots)	Right Tilted	Receiver 1	OFF	1	251	848.8	27.98	28.50	1.127	0.023	0.232	0.262
	GSM850	GPRS(4Tx slots)	Left Cheek	Receiver 1	OFF	1	251	848.8	27.98	28.50	1.127	0.038	0.376	0.424
	GSM850	GPRS(4Tx slots)	Left Tilted	Receiver 1	OFF	1	251	848.8	27.98	28.50	1.127	0.17	0.263	0.296
	GSM850	GPRS(4Tx slots)	Left Cheek	Receiver 1	OFF	2	251	848.8	27.98	28.50	1.127	-0.02	0.331	0.373
	GSM850	GPRS(4Tx slots)	Right Cheek	Receiver 2	ON	1	128	824.2	23.90	24.50	1.148	-0.06	0.892	1.024
	GSM850	GPRS(4Tx slots)	Right Tilted	Receiver 2	ON	1	128	824.2	23.90	24.50	1.148	0.03	0.547	0.628
	GSM850	GPRS(4Tx slots)	Left Cheek	Receiver 2	ON	1	128	824.2	23.90	24.50	1.148	-0.0028	1.030	1.183
	GSM850	GPRS(4Tx slots)	Left Tilted	Receiver 2	ON	1	128	824.2	23.90	24.50	1.148	-0.01	0.635	0.729
	GSM850	GPRS(4Tx slots)	Right Cheek	Receiver 2	ON	1	189	836.4	23.89	24.50	1.151	0.11	0.990	1.139
	GSM850	GPRS(4Tx slots)	Right Cheek	Receiver 2	ON	1	251	848.8	23.79	24.50	1.178	0.06	0.858	1.010
#01	GSM850	GPRS(4Tx slots)	Left Cheek	Receiver 2	ON	1	189	836.4	23.89	24.50	1.151	-0.03	1.100	1.266
	GSM850	GPRS(4Tx slots)	Left Cheek	Receiver 2	ON	1	251	848.8	23.79	24.50	1.178	-0.04	0.948	1.116
	GSM850	GPRS(4Tx slots)	Left Cheek	Receiver 2	ON	2	189	836.4	23.89	24.50	1.151	-0.03	1.05	1.208
	GSM850	GPRS(4Tx slots)	Left Cheek	Receiver 2	ON	2	128	824.2	23.90	24.50	1.148	0.05	1.07	1.229
	GSM850	GPRS(4Tx slots)	Left Cheek	Receiver 2	ON	2	251	848.8	23.79	24.50	1.178	-0.05	1.02	1.201
	GSM1900	GPRS(4Tx slots)	Right Cheek	Receiver 1	OFF	1	810	1909.8	24.67	25.00	1.079	0.029	0.203	0.219
	GSM1900	GPRS(4Tx slots)	Right Tilted	Receiver 1	OFF	1	810	1909.8	24.67	25.00	1.079	0.022	0.104	0.112
	GSM1900	GPRS(4Tx slots)	Left Cheek	Receiver 1	OFF	1	810	1909.8	24.67	25.00	1.079	0.01	0.233	0.251
	GSM1900	GPRS(4Tx slots)	Left Tilted	Receiver 1	OFF	1	810	1909.8	24.67	25.00	1.079	0.07	0.083	0.090
	GSM1900	GPRS(4Tx slots)	Left Cheek	Receiver 1	OFF	2	810	1909.8	24.67	25.00	1.079	-0.025	0.179	0.193
	GSM1900	GSM Voice	Right Cheek	Receiver 2	ON	1	512	1850.2	26.04	26.50	1.112	-0.14	0.395	0.439
	GSM1900	GSM Voice	Right Tilted	Receiver 2	ON	1	512	1850.2	26.04	26.50	1.112	-0.17	0.44	0.489
	GSM1900	GSM Voice	Left Cheek	Receiver 2	ON	1	512	1850.2	26.04	26.50	1.112	0.01	0.579	0.644
#02	GSM1900	GSM Voice	Left Tilted	Receiver 2	ON	1	512	1850.2	26.04	26.50	1.112	0.16	0.58	0.645
	GSM1900	GSM Voice	Left Tilted	Receiver 2	ON	2	512	1850.2	26.04	26.50	1.112	-0.07	0.562	0.625



<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Receiver Enabled	Power Reduction	Battery	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	Receiver 1	OFF	1	4233	846.6	23.12	23.50	1.091	0.12	0.436	0.476
	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	Receiver 1	OFF	1	4233	846.6	23.12	23.50	1.091	0.15	0.255	0.278
	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	Receiver 1	OFF	1	4233	846.6	23.12	23.50	1.091	0.036	0.438	0.478
	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	Receiver 1	OFF	1	4233	846.6	23.12	23.50	1.091	0.15	0.278	0.303
	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	Receiver 1	OFF	2	4233	846.6	23.12	23.50	1.091	-0.06	0.422	0.461
	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	Receiver 2	ON	1	4233	846.6	20.34	20.50	1.038	0.07	0.840	0.872
	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	Receiver 2	ON	1	4233	846.6	20.34	20.50	1.038	0.0064	0.556	0.577
	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	Receiver 2	ON	1	4233	846.6	20.34	20.50	1.038	-0.0084	1.200	1.245
	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	Receiver 2	ON	1	4233	846.6	20.34	20.50	1.038	-0.03	0.570	0.591
#03	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	Receiver 2	ON	1	4132	826.4	20.26	20.50	1.057	-0.03	1.250	1.321
	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	Receiver 2	ON	1	4182	836.4	20.31	20.50	1.045	0.025	0.990	1.034
	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	Receiver 2	ON	1	4132	826.4	20.26	20.50	1.057	0.11	0.820	0.867
	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	Receiver 2	ON	1	4182	836.4	20.31	20.50	1.045	0.01	0.844	0.882
	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	Receiver 2	ON	2	4132	826.4	20.26	20.50	1.057	0.0043	1.17	1.236
	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	Receiver 2	ON	2	4182	836.4	20.31	20.50	1.045	0.0083	1.18	1.233
	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	Receiver 2	ON	2	4233	846.6	20.34	20.50	1.038	-0.03	1.08	1.121
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	Receiver 1	OFF	1	9538	1907.6	22.79	23.00	1.050	0.13	0.343	0.360
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	Receiver 1	OFF	1	9538	1907.6	22.79	23.00	1.050	0.07	0.163	0.171
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	Receiver 1	OFF	1	9538	1907.6	22.79	23.00	1.050	0.12	0.401	0.421
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	Receiver 1	OFF	1	9538	1907.6	22.79	23.00	1.050	0.04	0.147	0.154
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	Receiver 1	OFF	2	9538	1907.6	22.79	23.00	1.050	-0.11	0.295	0.310
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	Receiver 2	ON	1	9262	1852.4	16.86	17.00	1.033	-0.05	0.628	0.649
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	Receiver 2	ON	1	9262	1852.4	16.86	17.00	1.033	-0.15	0.703	0.726
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	Receiver 2	ON	1	9262	1852.4	16.86	17.00	1.033	-0.01	0.910	0.940
#04	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	Receiver 2	ON	1	9262	1852.4	16.86	17.00	1.033	-0.06	0.923	0.953
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	Receiver 2	ON	1	9400	1880	16.85	17.00	1.035	-0.09	0.860	0.890
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	Receiver 2	ON	1	9538	1909.8	16.85	17.00	1.035	-0.10	0.915	0.947
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	Receiver 2	ON	1	9400	1880	16.85	17.00	1.035	-0.11	0.915	0.947
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	Receiver 2	ON	1	9538	1909.8	16.85	17.00	1.035	-0.04	0.920	0.952
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	Receiver 2	ON	2	9262	1852.4	16.86	17.00	1.033	0.04	0.856	0.884
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	Receiver 2	ON	2	9400	1880	16.85	17.00	1.035	-0.06	0.902	0.934
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	Receiver 2	ON	2	9538	1909.8	16.85	17.00	1.035	-0.07	0.912	0.944

<LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Mode	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Receiver Enabled	Power Reduction	Battery	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Cheek	Receiver 1	OFF	1	21100	2535	23.38	23.50	1.028	0.073	0.080	0.082
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Cheek	Receiver 1	OFF	1	21100	2535	22.36	22.50	1.033	0.05	0.063	0.065
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Tilted	Receiver 1	OFF	1	21100	2535	23.38	23.50	1.028	0.17	0.038	0.039
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Tilted	Receiver 1	OFF	1	21100	2535	22.36	22.50	1.033	0.13	0.029	0.030
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Cheek	Receiver 1	OFF	1	21100	2535	23.38	23.50	1.028	0.10	0.119	0.122
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Cheek	Receiver 1	OFF	1	21100	2535	22.36	22.50	1.033	0.12	0.095	0.098
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Tilted	Receiver 1	OFF	1	21100	2535	23.38	23.50	1.028	0.14	0.031	0.032
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Tilted	Receiver 1	OFF	1	21100	2535	22.36	22.50	1.033	0.17	0.024	0.025
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Cheek	Receiver 1	OFF	2	21100	2535	23.38	23.50	1.028	-0.028	0.113	0.116
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Cheek	Receiver 2	ON	1	21100	2535	14.28	14.50	1.052	-0.13	0.535	0.563
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Cheek	Receiver 2	ON	1	21100	2535	14.00	14.50	1.122	-0.15	0.531	0.596
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Tilted	Receiver 2	ON	1	21100	2535	14.28	14.50	1.052	0.0078	0.618	0.650
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Tilted	Receiver 2	ON	1	21100	2535	14.00	14.50	1.122	-0.16	0.609	0.683
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Cheek	Receiver 2	ON	1	21100	2535	14.28	14.50	1.052	0.16	0.764	0.804
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Cheek	Receiver 2	ON	1	21100	2535	14.00	14.50	1.122	-0.16	0.748	0.839



	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Tilted	Receiver 2	ON	1	21100	2535	14.28	14.50	1.052	-0.04	0.835	0.878
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Tilted	Receiver 2	ON	1	21100	2535	14.00	14.50	1.122	-0.05	0.810	0.909
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Cheek	Receiver 2	ON	1	20850	2510	13.90	14.50	1.148	-0.09	0.600	0.689
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Cheek	Receiver 2	ON	1	21350	2560	14.04	14.50	1.112	-0.14	0.883	0.982
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Cheek	Receiver 2	ON	1	20850	2510	13.68	14.50	1.208	-0.08	0.611	0.738
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Cheek	Receiver 2	ON	1	21350	2560	13.98	14.50	1.127	-0.07	0.878	0.990
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	100	0	Left Cheek	Receiver 2	ON	1	21100	2535	13.90	14.50	1.148	-0.022	0.745	0.855
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Tilted	Receiver 2	ON	1	20850	2510	13.90	14.50	1.148	-0.10	0.646	0.742
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Tilted	Receiver 2	ON	1	21350	2560	14.04	14.50	1.112	-0.09	0.944	1.049
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Tilted	Receiver 2	ON	1	20850	2510	13.68	14.50	1.208	-0.08	0.668	0.807
#05	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Tilted	Receiver 2	ON	1	21350	2560	13.98	14.50	1.127	-0.11	0.962	1.084
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	100	0	Left Tilted	Receiver 2	ON	1	21100	2535	13.90	14.50	1.148	-0.10	0.883	1.014
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Tilted	Receiver 2	ON	2	21350	2560	13.98	14.50	1.127	0.03	0.951	1.072
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Tilted	Receiver 2	ON	2	20850	2510	13.68	14.50	1.208	0.02	0.734	0.887
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Tilted	Receiver 2	ON	2	21100	2535	14.00	14.50	1.122	0.0025	0.747	0.838

<DTS WLAN SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Receiver Enabled	Battery	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
#06	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b, 1Mbps	Right Cheek	Receiver 1	1	11	2462	17.88	18.00	1.028	97.62	1.024	0.05	0.282	0.297
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b, 1Mbps	Right Tilted	Receiver 1	1	11	2462	17.88	18.00	1.028	97.62	1.024	0.0019	0.137	0.144
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b, 1Mbps	Left Cheek	Receiver 1	1	11	2462	17.88	18.00	1.028	97.62	1.024	0.07	0.191	0.201
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b, 1Mbps	Left Tilted	Receiver 1	1	11	2462	17.88	18.00	1.028	97.62	1.024	0.0084	0.086	0.091
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b, 1Mbps	Right Cheek	Receiver 1	2	11	2462	17.88	18.00	1.028	97.62	1.024	-0.06	0.258	0.272
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b_1Mbps	Right Cheek	Receiver 2	1	11	2462	17.88	18.00	1.028	97.62	1.024	0.15	0.027	0.028
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b_1Mbps	Right Tilted	Receiver 2	1	11	2462	17.88	18.00	1.028	97.62	1.024	0.16	0.00731	0.008
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b_1Mbps	Left Cheek	Receiver 2	1	11	2462	17.88	18.00	1.028	97.62	1.024	0.02	0.022	0.023
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b_1Mbps	Left Cheek	Receiver 2	1	11	2462	17.88	18.00	1.028	97.62	1.024	0.13	0.013	0.014
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b_1Mbps	Right Cheek	Receiver 2	2	11	2462	17.88	18.00	1.028	97.62	1.024	0.13	0.027	0.028



15.2 Hotspot SAR

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Battery	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	GPRS(4Tx slots)	Front	1	1	251	848.8	27.98	28.50	1.127	-0.04	0.927	1.045
#07	GSM850	GPRS(4Tx slots)	Back	1	1	251	848.8	27.98	28.50	1.127	0.04	1.010	1.138
	GSM850	GPRS(4Tx slots)	Left Side	1	1	251	848.8	27.98	28.50	1.127	0.04	0.820	0.924
	GSM850	GPRS(4Tx slots)	Right Side	1	1	251	848.8	27.98	28.50	1.127	-0.03	0.766	0.863
	GSM850	GPRS(4Tx slots)	Bottom Side	1	1	251	848.8	27.98	28.50	1.127	-0.11	0.223	0.251
	GSM850	GPRS(4Tx slots)	Back	1	1	128	824.2	27.75	28.50	1.189	0.05	0.755	0.897
	GSM850	GPRS(4Tx slots)	Back	1	1	189	836.4	27.86	28.50	1.159	0.05	0.901	1.044
	GSM850	GPRS(4Tx slots)	Left Side	1	1	128	824.2	27.75	28.50	1.189	-0.02	0.641	0.762
	GSM850	GPRS(4Tx slots)	Left Side	1	1	189	836.4	27.86	28.50	1.159	-0.04	0.768	0.890
	GSM850	GPRS(4Tx slots)	Right Side	1	1	128	824.2	27.75	28.50	1.189	0.18	0.541	0.643
	GSM850	GPRS(4Tx slots)	Right Side	1	1	189	836.4	27.86	28.50	1.159	0.09	0.700	0.811
	GSM850	GPRS(4Tx slots)	Front	1	1	128	824.2	27.75	28.50	1.189	-0.01	0.623	0.740
	GSM850	GPRS(4Tx slots)	Front	1	1	189	836.4	27.86	28.50	1.159	-0.04	0.786	0.911
	GSM850	GPRS(4Tx slots)	Back	2	1	251	848.8	27.98	28.50	1.127	0.02	0.991	1.117
	GSM850	GPRS(4Tx slots)	Back	2	1	128	824.2	27.75	28.50	1.189	0.01	0.807	0.959
	GSM850	GPRS(4Tx slots)	Back	2	1	189	836.4	27.86	28.50	1.159	0.02	0.91	1.054
	GSM1900	GPRS(4Tx slots)	Front	1	1	810	1909.8	24.67	25.00	1.079	-0.18	0.567	0.612
	GSM1900	GPRS(4Tx slots)	Back	1	1	810	1909.8	24.67	25.00	1.079	-0.0013	0.521	0.562
	GSM1900	GPRS(4Tx slots)	Left Side	1	1	810	1909.8	24.67	25.00	1.079	0.19	0.137	0.148
	GSM1900	GPRS(4Tx slots)	Right Side	1	1	810	1909.8	24.67	25.00	1.079	0.11	0.077	0.083
#08	GSM1900	GPRS(4Tx slots)	Bottom Side	1	1	810	1909.8	24.67	25.00	1.079	-0.14	0.660	0.712
	GSM1900	GPRS(4Tx slots)	Bottom Side	2	1	810	1909.8	24.67	25.00	1.079	0.00061	0.597	0.644



<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Battery	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2Kbps	Front	1	1	4233	846.6	23.12	23.50	1.091	-0.02	0.561	0.612
#09	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2Kbps	Back	1	1	4233	846.6	23.12	23.50	1.091	0.07	0.621	0.678
	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2Kbps	Left Side	1	1	4233	846.6	23.12	23.50	1.091	-0.16	0.571	0.623
	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2Kbps	Right Side	1	1	4233	846.6	23.12	23.50	1.091	0.01	0.576	0.629
	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	1	1	4233	846.6	23.12	23.50	1.091	-0.10	0.140	0.153
	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2Kbps	Back	2	1	4233	846.6	23.12	23.50	1.091	0.05	0.618	0.675
#10	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Front	1	1	9538	1907.6	22.79	23.00	1.050	0.06	0.996	1.045
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Back	1	1	9538	1907.6	22.79	23.00	1.050	-0.18	0.861	0.904
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Left Side	1	1	9538	1907.6	22.79	23.00	1.050	0.10	0.247	0.259
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Right Side	1	1	9538	1907.6	22.79	23.00	1.050	0.12	0.135	0.142
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	1	1	9538	1907.6	22.79	23.00	1.050	0.16	0.992	1.041
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Back	1	1	9262	1852.4	22.65	23.00	1.084	-0.16	0.856	0.928
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Back	1	1	9400	1880	22.66	23.00	1.081	-0.08	0.875	0.946
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	1	1	9262	1852.4	22.65	23.00	1.084	0.17	0.873	0.946
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	1	1	9400	1880	22.66	23.00	1.081	0.18	0.929	1.005
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Front	1	1	9262	1852.4	22.65	23.00	1.084	-0.09	0.730	0.791
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Front	1	1	9400	1880	22.66	23.00	1.081	-0.05	0.611	0.661
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Front	2	1	9538	1907.6	22.79	23.00	1.050	-0.0091	0.797	0.836
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Front	2	1	9262	1852.4	22.65	23.00	1.084	0.04	0.538	0.583
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Front	2	1	9400	1880	22.66	23.00	1.081	0.01	0.552	0.597

<LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Mode	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Battery	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Front	1	1	21100	2535	19.14	19.50	1.086	0.028	0.564	0.613
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	1	1	21100	2535	17.96	18.50	1.132	-0.07	0.444	0.503
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	1	1	21100	2535	19.14	19.50	1.086	-0.08	0.592	0.643
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	1	1	21100	2535	17.96	18.50	1.132	-0.04	0.452	0.512
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Side	1	1	21100	2535	19.14	19.50	1.086	0.02	0.111	0.121
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Side	1	1	21100	2535	17.96	18.50	1.132	-0.0012	0.084	0.095
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Side	1	1	21100	2535	19.14	19.50	1.086	0.055	0.050	0.054
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Side	1	1	21100	2535	17.96	18.50	1.132	0.06	0.037	0.042
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Bottom Side	1	1	21100	2535	19.14	19.50	1.086	0.14	0.862	0.936
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	1	1	21100	2535	17.96	18.50	1.132	0.10	0.641	0.726
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Bottom Side	1	1	20850	2510	18.87	19.50	1.156	0.12	0.692	0.800
#11	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Bottom Side	1	1	21350	2560	19.07	19.50	1.104	0.0066	0.990	1.093
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	100	0	Bottom Side	1	1	21100	2535	17.83	18.50	1.167	0.11	0.640	0.747
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Bottom Side	2	1	21350	2560	19.07	19.50	1.104	0.14	0.96	1.060
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Bottom Side	2	1	20850	2510	18.87	19.50	1.156	0.12	0.81	0.936
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Bottom Side	2	1	21100	2535	19.14	19.50	1.086	0.17	0.93	1.010



<DTS WLAN SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Battery	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b, 1Mbps	Front	1	1	11	2462	17.88	18.00	1.028	97.62	1.024	-0.03	0.039	0.041
#12	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b, 1Mbps	Back	1	1	11	2462	17.88	18.00	1.028	97.62	1.024	-0.07	0.729	0.767
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b, 1Mbps	Left Side	1	1	11	2462	17.88	18.00	1.028	97.62	1.024	0.05	0.0078	0.008
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b, 1Mbps	Right Side	1	1	11	2462	17.88	18.00	1.028	97.62	1.024	0.01	0.026	0.027
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b, 1Mbps	Top Side	1	1	11	2462	17.88	18.00	1.028	97.62	1.024	0.02	0.047	0.049
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b, 1Mbps	Back	2	1	11	2462	17.88	18.00	1.028	97.62	1.024	0.07	0.722	0.760

15.3 Body Worn Accessory SAR

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Battery	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	GPRS(4Tx slots)	Front	1	1.5	251	848.8	27.98	28.50	1.127	0.03	0.860	0.969
#13	GSM850	GPRS(4Tx slots)	Back	1	1.5	251	848.8	27.98	28.50	1.127	-0.009	0.887	1.000
	GSM850	GPRS(4Tx slots)	Front	1	1.5	128	824.2	27.75	28.50	1.189	0.02	0.595	0.707
	GSM850	GPRS(4Tx slots)	Front	1	1.5	189	836.4	27.86	28.50	1.159	0.04	0.740	0.857
	GSM850	GPRS(4Tx slots)	Back	1	1.5	128	824.2	27.75	28.50	1.189	-0.03	0.669	0.795
	GSM850	GPRS(4Tx slots)	Back	1	1.5	189	836.4	27.86	28.50	1.159	0.01	0.797	0.924
	GSM850	GPRS(4Tx slots)	Back	2	1.5	251	848.8	27.98	28.50	1.127	-0.05	0.834	0.940
	GSM850	GPRS(4Tx slots)	Back	2	1.5	128	824.2	27.75	28.50	1.189	0.03	0.661	0.786
	GSM850	GPRS(4Tx slots)	Back	2	1.5	189	836.4	27.86	28.50	1.159	0.01	0.780	0.904
	GSM1900	GPRS(4Tx slots)	Front	1	1.5	810	1909.8	24.67	25.00	1.079	-0.12	0.266	0.287
#14	GSM1900	GPRS(4Tx slots)	Back	1	1.5	810	1909.8	24.67	25.00	1.079	-0.02	0.375	0.405
	GSM1900	GPRS(4Tx slots)	Back	2	1.5	810	1909.8	24.67	25.00	1.079	-0.09	0.230	0.248

<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Battery	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2Kbps	Front	1	1.5	4233	846.6	23.12	23.50	1.091	0.08	0.523	0.571
#15	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2Kbps	Back	1	1.5	4233	846.6	23.12	23.50	1.091	-0.01	0.555	0.606
	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2Kbps	Back	2	1.5	4233	846.6	23.12	23.50	1.091	0.0074	0.553	0.604
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Front	1	1.5	9538	1907.6	22.79	23.00	1.050	-0.10	0.440	0.462
#16	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Back	1	1.5	9538	1907.6	22.79	23.00	1.050	-0.11	0.458	0.481
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Back	2	1.5	9538	1907.6	22.79	23.00	1.050	-0.033	0.393	0.412

<LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Mode	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Battery	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Front	1	1.5	21100	2535	23.38	23.50	1.028	0.14	0.251	0.258
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	1	1.5	21100	2535	22.36	22.50	1.033	0.17	0.196	0.202
#17	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	1	1.5	21100	2535	23.38	23.50	1.028	0.14	0.321	0.330
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	1	1.5	21100	2535	22.36	22.50	1.033	-0.15	0.240	0.248
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	2	1.5	21100	2535	23.38	23.50	1.028	-0.03	0.316	0.325

<DTS WLAN SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Battery	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b, 1Mbps	Front	1	1.5	11	2462	17.88	18.00	1.028	97.62	1.024	0.03	0.013	0.014
#18	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b, 1Mbps	Back	1	1.5	11	2462	17.88	18.00	1.028	97.62	1.024	-0.06	0.259	0.273
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b, 1Mbps	Back	2	1.5	11	2462	17.88	18.00	1.028	97.62	1.024	-0.16	0.249	0.262



15.4 Repeated SAR Measurement

General Note:

1. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r03, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥ 0.8 W/kg.
2. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r03, if the ratio among the repeated measurement is ≤ 1.2 and the measured SAR < 1.45 W/kg, only one repeated measurement is required.
3. The ratio is the difference in percentage between original and repeated *measured SAR*.
4. All measurement SAR result is scaled-up to account for tune-up tolerance and is compliant.

No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Receiver Enabled	Battery	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Ratio	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
1st	WCDMA V	RMC12.2kbps	Left Cheek	Receiver2	1	4132	826.4	20.26	20.50	1.057	-0.03	1.25	1	1.321
2nd	WCDMA V	RMC12.2kbps	Left Cheek	Receiver2	1	4132	826.4	20.26	20.50	1.057	-0.01	1.22	1.025	1.289

No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Battery	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Ratio	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
1st	WCDMA II	RMC12.2kbps	Front	1	1	9538	1907.6	22.79	23.00	1.050	0.06	0.996	1	1.045
2nd	WCDMA II	RMC12.2kbps	Front	1	1	9538	1907.6	22.79	23.00	1.050	0.01	0.991	1.005	1.040

No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Mode	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Battery	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Ratio	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
1st	LTE Band7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Bottom Side	1	1	21350	2560	19.07	19.50	1.104	0.0066	0.99	1	1.093
2nd	LTE Band7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Bottom Side	1	1	21350	2560	19.07	19.50	1.104	0.001	0.988	1.002	1.091

16. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

No.	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Portable Handset			Note
		Head	Body-worn	Hotspot	
1.	GSM(Voice) + WLAN2.4GHz(data)	Yes	Yes		
2.	WCDMA(Voice) + WLAN2.4GHz(data)	Yes	Yes		
3.	LTE(Voice) + WLAN2.4GHz(data)	Yes	Yes		
4.	GSM(Voice) + Bluetooth(data)	Yes	Yes		
5.	WCDMA((Voice) + Bluetooth(data)	Yes	Yes		
6.	LTE((Voice) + Bluetooth(data)	Yes	Yes		
7.	GPRS/EDGE(Data) + WLAN2.4GHz(data)	Yes	Yes	Yes	2.4GHz Hotspot
8.	WCDMA(Data) + WLAN2.4GHz(data)	Yes	Yes	Yes	2.4GHz Hotspot
9.	LTE(Data) + WLAN2.4GHz(data)	Yes	Yes	Yes	2.4GHz Hotspot
10.	GPRS/EDGE(Data) + Bluetooth(data)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Bluetooth Tethering
11.	WCDMA(Data) + Bluetooth(data)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Bluetooth Tethering
12.	LTE(Data) + Bluetooth(data)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Bluetooth Tethering

General Note:

1. This device supported VoIP in GPRS, EGPRS, WCDMA and LTE (e.g. 3rd party VoIP) and LTE Supports VoLTE operation.
2. WLAN and Bluetooth share the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.
3. EUT will choose GSM, WCDMA and LTE according to the network signal condition; therefore, they will not operate simultaneously at any moment.
4. The reported SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
5. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
 - i) Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg.
 - ii) $SPLSR = (SAR_1 + SAR_2)^{1.5} / (min. separation distance, mm)$, and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of $[(x_1-x_2)^2 + (y_1-y_2)^2 + (z_1-z_2)^2]$, where (x_1, y_1, z_1) and (x_2, y_2, z_2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan.
 - iii) If $SPLSR \leq 0.04$, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.
 - iv) Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the reported multi-band SAR < 1.6W/kg.
6. For simultaneous transmission analysis, Bluetooth SAR is estimated per KDB 447498 D01v05r02 based on the formula below.
 - i) $(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm) \cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)} / x] W/kg$ for test separation distances ≤ 50 mm; where $x = 7.5$ for 1-g SAR, and $x = 18.75$ for 10-g SAR.
 - ii) When the minimum separation distance is < 5mm, the distance is used 5mm to determine SAR test exclusion.
 - iii) 0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0 W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the test separation distances is > 50 mm.

Bluetooth Max Power (dBm)	Exposure Position	Head	Hotspot	Body worn
	Test separation (mm)	0	10	15
8.0	Estimated SAR (W/kg)	0.252	0.126	0.084



16.1 Head Exposure Conditions

<Receiver 1 configuration>

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	WWAN PCE	WLAN DTS	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Case No
			Max. WWAN SAR (W/kg)	Max. WLAN SAR (W/kg)			
GSM	GSM850	Right Cheek	0.413	0.297	0.71		
		Right Tilted	0.262	0.144	0.41		
		Left Cheek	0.424	0.201	0.63		
		Left Tilted	0.296	0.091	0.39		
	GSM1900	Right Cheek	0.219	0.297	0.52		
		Right Tilted	0.112	0.144	0.26		
		Left Cheek	0.251	0.201	0.45		
		Left Tilted	0.090	0.091	0.18		
WCDMA	Band V	Right Cheek	0.476	0.297	0.77		
		Right Tilted	0.278	0.144	0.42		
		Left Cheek	0.478	0.201	0.68		
		Left Tilted	0.303	0.091	0.39		
	Band II	Right Cheek	0.360	0.297	0.66		
		Right Tilted	0.171	0.144	0.32		
		Left Cheek	0.421	0.201	0.62		
		Left Tilted	0.154	0.091	0.25		
LTE	Band 7	Right Cheek	0.082	0.297	0.38		
		Right Tilted	0.039	0.144	0.18		
		Left Cheek	0.122	0.201	0.32		
		Left Tilted	0.032	0.091	0.12		

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	WWAN PCE	Bluetooth DSS	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Case No
			Max. WWAN SAR (W/kg)	Estimated Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)			
GSM	GSM850	Right Cheek	0.413	0.252	0.67		
		Right Tilted	0.262	0.252	0.51		
		Left Cheek	0.424	0.252	0.68		
		Left Tilted	0.296	0.252	0.55		
	GSM1900	Right Cheek	0.219	0.252	0.47		
		Right Tilted	0.112	0.252	0.36		
		Left Cheek	0.251	0.252	0.50		
		Left Tilted	0.090	0.252	0.34		
WCDMA	Band V	Right Cheek	0.476	0.252	0.73		
		Right Tilted	0.278	0.252	0.53		
		Left Cheek	0.478	0.252	0.73		
		Left Tilted	0.303	0.252	0.56		
	Band II	Right Cheek	0.360	0.252	0.61		
		Right Tilted	0.171	0.252	0.42		
		Left Cheek	0.421	0.252	0.67		
		Left Tilted	0.154	0.252	0.41		
LTE	Band 7	Right Cheek	0.082	0.252	0.33		
		Right Tilted	0.039	0.252	0.29		
		Left Cheek	0.122	0.252	0.37		
		Left Tilted	0.032	0.252	0.28		



<Receiver 2 configuration>:

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	WWAN PCE	WLAN DTS	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Case No
			Max. WWAN SAR (W/kg)	Max. WLAN SAR (W/kg)			
GSM	GSM850	Right Cheek	1.139	0.028	1.17		
		Right Tilted	0.628	0.008	0.64		
		Left Cheek	1.266	0.023	1.29		
		Left Tilted	0.729	0.014	0.74		
	GSM1900	Right Cheek	0.439	0.028	0.47		
		Right Tilted	0.489	0.008	0.50		
		Left Cheek	0.644	0.023	0.67		
		Left Tilted	0.645	0.014	0.66		
WCDMA	Band V	Right Cheek	0.882	0.028	0.91		
		Right Tilted	0.577	0.008	0.59		
		Left Cheek	1.321	0.023	1.34		
		Left Tilted	0.591	0.014	0.61		
	Band II	Right Cheek	0.649	0.028	0.68		
		Right Tilted	0.726	0.008	0.73		
		Left Cheek	0.947	0.023	0.97		
		Left Tilted	0.953	0.014	0.97		
LTE	Band 7	Right Cheek	0.596	0.028	0.62		
		Right Tilted	0.683	0.008	0.69		
		Left Cheek	0.990	0.023	1.01		
		Left Tilted	1.084	0.014	1.10		

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	WWAN PCE	Bluetooth DSS	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Case No
			Max. WWAN SAR (W/kg)	Estimated Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)			
GSM	GSM850	Right Cheek	1.139	0.252	1.39		
		Right Tilted	0.628	0.252	0.88		
		Left Cheek	1.266	0.252	1.52		
		Left Tilted	0.729	0.252	0.98		
	GSM1900	Right Cheek	0.439	0.252	0.69		
		Right Tilted	0.489	0.252	0.74		
		Left Cheek	0.644	0.252	0.90		
		Left Tilted	0.645	0.252	0.90		
WCDMA	Band V	Right Cheek	0.882	0.252	1.13		
		Right Tilted	0.577	0.252	0.83		
		Left Cheek	1.321	0.252	1.57		
		Left Tilted	0.591	0.252	0.84		
	Band II	Right Cheek	0.649	0.252	0.90		
		Right Tilted	0.726	0.252	0.98		
		Left Cheek	0.947	0.252	1.20		
		Left Tilted	0.953	0.252	1.21		
LTE	Band 7	Right Cheek	0.596	0.252	0.85		
		Right Tilted	0.683	0.252	0.94		
		Left Cheek	0.990	0.252	1.24		
		Left Tilted	1.084	0.252	1.34		



16.2 Hotspot Exposure Conditions

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	WWAN PCE	WLAN DTS	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Case No
			Max. WWAN SAR (W/kg)	Max. WLAN SAR (W/kg)			
GSM	GSM850	Front	1.045	0.041	1.09		
		Back	1.138	0.767	1.91	0.04	#01
		Left Side	0.924	0.008	0.93		
		Right Side	0.863	0.027	0.89		
		Top Side		0.049	0.05		
		Bottom Side	0.251		0.25		
	GSM1900	Front	0.612	0.041	0.65		
		Back	0.562	0.767	1.33		
		Left Side	0.148	0.008	0.16		
		Right Side	0.083	0.027	0.11		
		Top Side		0.049	0.05		
WCDMA	Band V	Front	0.612	0.041	0.65		
		Back	0.678	0.767	1.45		
		Left Side	0.623	0.008	0.63		
		Right Side	0.629	0.027	0.66		
		Top Side		0.049	0.05		
		Bottom Side	0.153		0.15		
	Band II	Front	1.045	0.041	1.09		
		Back	0.946	0.767	1.71	0.02	#02
		Left Side	0.259	0.008	0.27		
		Right Side	0.142	0.027	0.17		
		Top Side		0.049	0.05		
		Bottom Side	1.041		1.04		
LTE	Band 7	Front	0.613	0.041	0.65		
		Back	0.643	0.767	1.41		
		Left Side	0.121	0.008	0.13		
		Right Side	0.054	0.027	0.08		
		Top Side		0.049	0.05		
		Bottom Side	1.093		1.09		



WWAN Band		Exposure Position	WWAN PCE	Bluetooth DSS	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Case No
			Max. WWAN SAR (W/kg)	Estimated Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)			
GSM	GSM850	Front	1.045	0.126	1.17		
		Back	1.138	0.126	1.26		
		Left Side	0.924	0.126	1.05		
		Right Side	0.863	0.126	0.99		
		Top Side		0.126	0.13		
		Bottom Side	0.251		0.25		
	GSM1900	Front	0.612	0.126	0.74		
		Back	0.562	0.126	0.69		
		Left Side	0.148	0.126	0.27		
		Right Side	0.083	0.126	0.21		
		Top Side		0.126	0.13		
	Bottom Side	0.712		0.71			
WCDMA	Band V	Front	0.612	0.126	0.74		
		Back	0.678	0.126	0.80		
		Left Side	0.623	0.126	0.75		
		Right Side	0.629	0.126	0.76		
		Top Side		0.126	0.13		
		Bottom Side	0.153		0.15		
	Band II	Front	1.045	0.126	1.17		
		Back	0.946	0.126	1.07		
		Left Side	0.259	0.126	0.39		
		Right Side	0.142	0.126	0.27		
		Top Side		0.126	0.13		
		Bottom Side	1.041		1.04		
LTE	Band 7	Front	0.613	0.126	0.74		
		Back	0.643	0.126	0.77		
		Left Side	0.121	0.126	0.25		
		Right Side	0.054	0.126	0.18		
		Top Side		0.126	0.13		
		Bottom Side	1.093		1.09		



16.3 Body-Worn Accessory Exposure Conditions

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	WWAN PCE	WLAN DTS	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Case No
			Max. WWAN SAR (W/kg)	Max. WLAN SAR (W/kg)			
GSM	GSM850	Front	0.969	0.014	0.98		
		Back	1.000	0.273	1.27		
	GSM1900	Front	0.287	0.014	0.30		
		Back	0.405	0.273	0.68		
WCDMA	Band V	Front	0.571	0.014	0.59		
		Back	0.606	0.273	0.88		
	Band II	Front	0.462	0.014	0.48		
		Back	0.481	0.273	0.75		
LTE	Band 7	Front	0.258	0.014	0.27		
		Back	0.330	0.273	0.60		

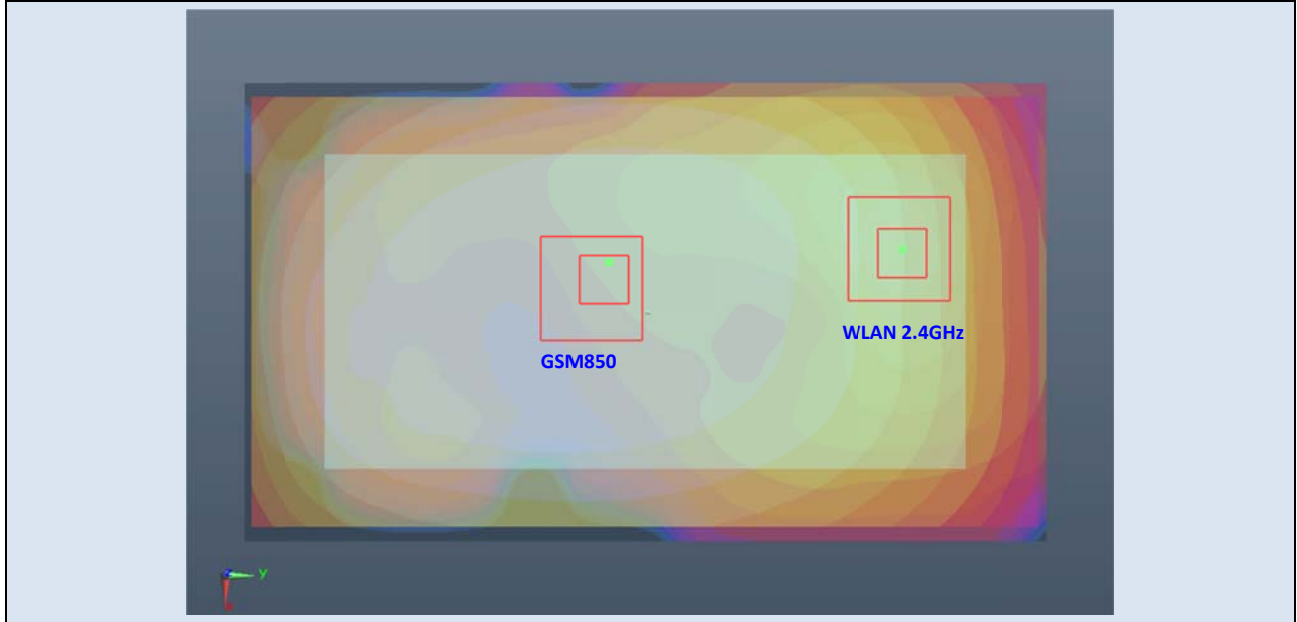
WWAN Band		Exposure Position	WWAN PCE	Bluetooth DSS	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Case No
			Max. WWAN SAR (W/kg)	Estimated Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)			
GSM	GSM850	Front	0.969	0.084	1.05		
		Back	1.000	0.084	1.08		
	GSM1900	Front	0.287	0.084	0.37		
		Back	0.405	0.084	0.49		
WCDMA	Band V	Front	0.571	0.084	0.66		
		Back	0.606	0.084	0.69		
	Band II	Front	0.462	0.084	0.55		
		Back	0.481	0.084	0.57		
LTE	Band 7	Front	0.258	0.084	0.34		
		Back	0.330	0.084	0.41		

16.4 SPLSR Evaluation and Analysis

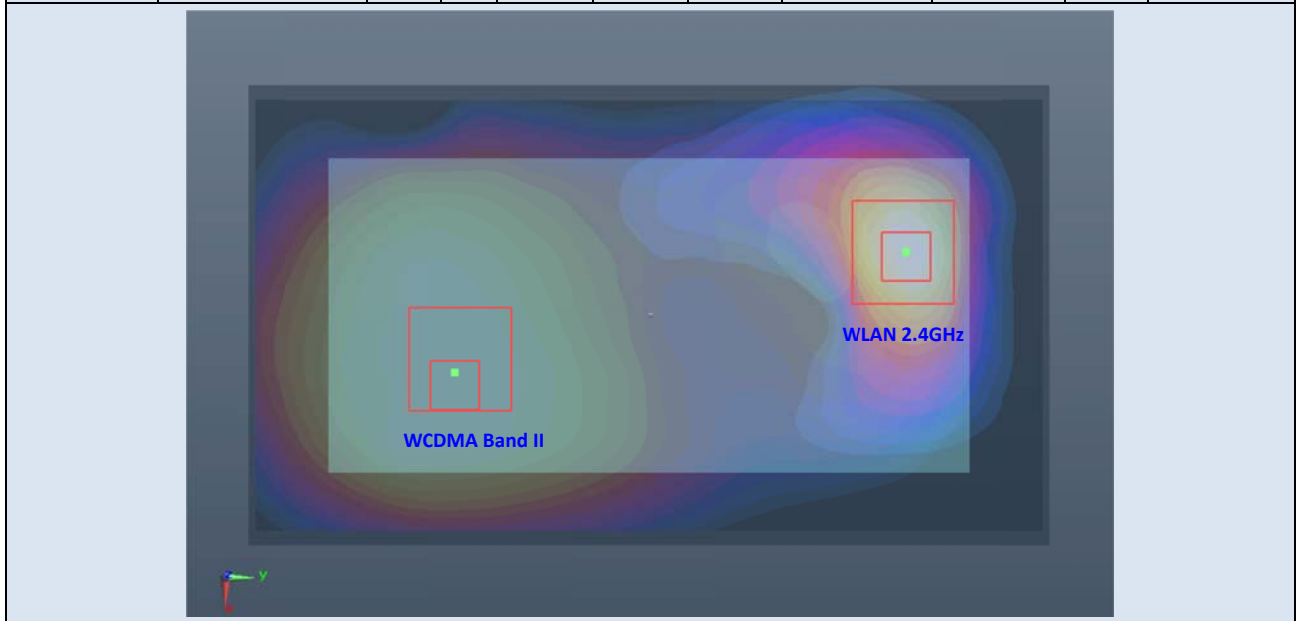
General Note:

$SPLSR = (SAR_1 + SAR_2)^{1.5} / (\text{min. separation distance, mm})$. If $SPLSR \leq 0.04$, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary

Case No #1 Position	Band	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (cm)	SAR peak location (m)			3D distance (mm)	Pair SAR sum (W/kg)	SPLSR	Simultaneous SAR
				X	Y	Z				
Back	GSM850	1.138	1	-0.0275	-0.0075	-0.206	61.6	1.91	0.04	Not required
	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.767	1	-0.0302	0.054	-0.205				



Case No #2 Position	Band	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (cm)	SAR peak location (m)			3D distance (mm)	Pair SAR sum (W/kg)	SPLSR	Simultaneous SAR
				X	Y	Z				
Back	WCDMA Band II	0.946	1	0.003	-0.0405	-0.206	100.2	1.71	0.02	Not required
	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.767	1	-0.0302	0.054	-0.205				



Test Engineer : Frank Qiao

17. Uncertainty Assessment

The component of uncertainty may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainty by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type A evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance.

A Type A evaluation of standard uncertainty may be based on any valid statistical method for treating data. This includes calculating the standard deviation of the mean of a series of independent observations; using the method of least squares to fit a curve to the data in order to estimate the parameter of the curve and their standard deviations; or carrying out an analysis of variance in order to identify and quantify random effects in certain kinds of measurement.

A type B evaluation of standard uncertainty is typically based on scientific judgment using all of the relevant information available. These may include previous measurement data, experience, and knowledge of the behavior and properties of relevant materials and instruments, manufacture’s specification, data provided in calibration reports and uncertainties assigned to reference data taken from handbooks. Broadly speaking, the uncertainty is either obtained from an outdoor source or obtained from an assumed distribution, such as the normal distribution, rectangular or triangular distributions indicated in table below.

Uncertainty Distributions	Normal	Rectangular	Triangular	U-Shape
Multi-plying Factor ^(a)	1/k ^(b)	1/√3	1/√6	1/√2

(a) standard uncertainty is determined as the product of the multiplying factor and the estimated range of variations in the measured quantity

(b) κ is the coverage factor

Table 17.1. Standard Uncertainty for Assumed Distribution

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual “root-sum-squares” (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances.

Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. Typically, the coverage factor ranges from 2 to 3. Using a coverage factor allows the true value of a measured quantity to be specified with a defined probability within the specified uncertainty range. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is shown in the following tables.

Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	Standard Uncertainty (1g)	Standard Uncertainty (10g)
Measurement System							
Probe Calibration	6.0	Normal	1	1	1	± 6.0 %	± 6.0 %
Axial Isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	± 1.9 %	± 1.9 %
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	± 3.9 %	± 3.9 %
Boundary Effects	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %
Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.7 %	± 2.7 %
System Detection Limits	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1	1	1	± 0.3 %	± 0.3 %
Response Time	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.5 %	± 0.5 %
Integration Time	2.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.5 %	± 1.5 %
RF Ambient Noise	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %
RF Ambient Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %
Probe Positioner	0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.2 %	± 0.2 %
Probe Positioning	2.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %
Max. SAR Eval.	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %
Test Sample Related							
Device Positioning	2.9	Normal	1	1	1	± 2.9 %	± 2.9 %
Device Holder	3.6	Normal	1	1	1	± 3.6 %	± 3.6 %
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.9 %	± 2.9 %
Phantom and Setup							
Phantom Uncertainty	4.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.3 %	± 2.3 %
Liquid Conductivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.64	0.43	± 1.8 %	± 1.2 %
Liquid Conductivity (Meas.)	2.5	Normal	1	0.64	0.43	± 1.6 %	± 1.1 %
Liquid Permittivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.6	0.49	± 1.7 %	± 1.4 %
Liquid Permittivity (Meas.)	2.5	Normal	1	0.6	0.49	± 1.5 %	± 1.2 %
Combined Standard Uncertainty						± 11.0 %	± 10.8 %
Coverage Factor for 95 %						K=2	
Expanded Uncertainty						± 22.0 %	± 21.5 %

Table 17.2. Uncertainty Budget for frequency range 300 MHz to 3 GHz



18. References

- [1] FCC 47 CFR Part 2 "Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations"
- [2] ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992, "IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz", September 1992.
- [3] ANSI/IEEE C95.3-2002, IEEE Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields - RF and Microwave, New York: IEEE, December 2002.
- [4] IEEE Std. 1528-2003, "Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- [5] SPEAG DASY System Handbook
- [6] FCC KDB 248227 D01 v01r02, "SAR Measurement Procedures for 802.11 a/b/g Transmitters", May 2007
- [7] FCC KDB 447498 D01 v05r02, "Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies", Feb 2014
- [8] FCC KDB 648474 D04 v01r02, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets", Dec 2013.
- [9] FCC KDB 941225 D01 v03, "3G SAR MEAUREMENT PROCEDURES", Oct 2014
- [10] FCC KDB 941225 D05 v02r03, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for LTE Devices", Dec 2013
- [11] FCC KDB 941225 D06 v02, "SAR Evaluation Procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless Router Capabilities", Oct 2014.
- [12] FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r03, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz", Feb 2014.
- [13] FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r01, "RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations" May 2013.



Appendix A. Plots of System Performance Check

The plots are shown as follows.



Appendix B. Plots of High SAR Measurement

The plots are shown as follows.



Appendix C. DASYS Calibration Certificate

The DASYS calibration certificates are shown as follows.