

SAR TEST REPORT

No. I15Z40307-SEM01

For

TCT Mobile Limited

HSUPA/HSDPA/UMTS triband/GSM quadband mobile phone

Model Name: A460G

With

Hardware Version: HVN04

Software Version: v4A59

FCC ID: RAD540

Issued Date: 2015-03-09



Note:

The test results in this test report re late only to the d evices specified in this report. This report shall not be reproduced except in full without the written approval of CTTL.

Test Laboratory:

CTTL, Telecommunication Technology Labs, Academy of Telecommunication Research, MIIT No. 51 Shouxiang Science Building, Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, P. R. China100191 Tel:+86(0)10-62304633-2512,Fax:+86(0)10-62304633-2504

Email:cttl terminals@catr.cn, website:www.chinattl.com



REPORT HISTORY

Report Number	Revision	Issue Date	Description
I15Z40307-SEM01	Rev.0	2015-03-09	Initial creation of test report



TABLE OF CONTENT

1 TEST LABORATORY	5
1.1 TESTING LOCATION	5
1.2 Testing Environment	5
1.3 Project Data	
1.4 Signature	5
2 STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE	6
3 CLIENT INFORMATION	8
3.1 APPLICANT INFORMATION	8
3.2 Manufacturer Information	8
4 EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST (EUT) AND ANCILLARY EQUIPMENT (AE)	9
4.1 About EUT	9
4.2 Internal Identification of EUT used during the test	9
4.3 Internal Identification of AE used during the test	9
5 TEST METHODOLOGY	10
5.1 APPLICABLE LIMIT REGULATIONS	10
5.2 APPLICABLE MEASUREMENT STANDARDS	10
6 SPECIFIC ABSORPTION RATE (SAR)	11
6.1 Introduction	11
6.2 SAR DEFINITION	11
7 TISSUE SIMULATING LIQUIDS	12
7.1 TARGETS FOR TISSUE SIMULATING LIQUID	12
7.2 DIELECTRIC PERFORMANCE	12
8 SYSTEM VERIFICATION	17
8.1 System Setup	17
8.2 System Verification	18
9 MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES	19
9.1 Tests to be performed	19
9.2 GENERAL MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE	20
9.3 WCDMA MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES FOR SAR	
9.4 BLUETOOTH & WI-FI MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES FOR SAR	
9.5 Power Drift	23
10 AREA SCAN BASED 1-G SAR	23
10.1 REQUIREMENT OF KDB.	23
10.2 FAST SAR ALGORITHMS	23
11 CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER	24



11.1 MANU	FACTURING TOLERANCE	24
11.2 GSM	MEASUREMENT RESULT	27
11.3 WCD	MA MEASUREMENT RESULT	28
11.4 WI-FI	AND BT MEASUREMENT RESULT	28
12 SIMULT	ANEOUS TX SAR CONSIDERATIONS	30
12.1 Intro	DUCTION	30
	SMIT ANTENNA SEPARATION DISTANCES	
12.3 STANI	DALONE SAR TEST EXCLUSION CONSIDERATIONS	31
13 EVALU	ATION OF SIMULTANEOUS	32
14 SAR TE	ST RESULT	33
14.1 THE E	VALUATION OF MULTI-BATTERIES	33
14.2 SAR F	RESULTS FOR FAST SAR	34
14.3 SAR F	RESULTS FOR STANDARD PROCEDURE	38
15 SAR MI	EASUREMENT VARIABILITY	41
16 MEASU	REMENT UNCERTAINTY	43
17 MAIN T	EST INSTRUMENTS	47
ANNEX A	GRAPH RESULTS	48
ANNEX B	SYSTEMVERIFICATION RESULTS	72
ANNEX C	SAR MEASUREMENT SETUP	81
ANNEX D	POSITION OF THE WIRELESS DEVICE IN RELATION TO THE PHANTOM	87
ANNEX E	EQUIVALENT MEDIA RECIPES	90
ANNEX F	SYSTEM VALIDATION	91
ANNEX G	PROBE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE	92
ANNEX H	DI POLE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE	.103
ANNEX I	A CCREDITATION CERTIFICATE	.135



1 Test Laboratory

1.1 Testing Location

Company Name:	CTTL(Shouxiang)
Address:	No. 51 Shouxiang Science Building, Xueyuan Road, Haidian District,
	Beijing, P. R. China100191

1.2 Testing Environment

Temperature:	18°C~25°C,
Relative humidity:	30%~ 70%
Ground system resistance:	< 0.5 Ω
Ambient noise & Reflection:	< 0.012 W/kg

1.3 Project Data

Project Leader:	Qi Dianyuan
Test Engineer:	Lin Xiaojun
Testing Start Date:	February 14, 2015
Testing End Date:	February 17, 2015

1.4 Signature

Lin Xiaojun

(Prepared this test report)

Qi Dianyuan

(Reviewed this test report)

Xiao Li

Deputy Director of the laboratory

(Approved this test report)



2 Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of SAR found during testing for TCT Mobile Limited HSUPA/HSDPA/UMTS triband/GSM quadband mobile phone A460G are as follows:

Table 2.1: Highest Reported SAR(1g)

Exposure Configuration	Technology Band	Highest Reported SAR 1g(W/Kg)	Equipment Class
	GSM 850	0.87	
	PCS 1900	0.47	
Head	UMTS FDD 5	0.90	PCE
(Separation Distance 0mm)	UMTS FDD 4	1.21	
	UMTS FDD 2	1.11	
	WLAN 2.4 GHz	0.38	DTS
	GSM 850	1.05	
	PCS 1900	0.68	
Body-worn	UMTS FDD 5	1.07	PCE
(Separation Distance 10mm)	UMTS FDD 4	1.02	
	UMTS FDD 2	1.18	
	WLAN 2.4 GHz	0.07	DTS

The SAR values found for the Mobile Phone are below the maximum recommended levels of 1.6 W/Kg as averaged over any 1g tissue according to the ANSI C95.1-1999.

For body worn operation, this device has been tested and meets FCC RF exposure guidelines when used with any accessory that contains no metal and which provides a minimum separation distance of 10 mm between this device and the body of the user. Use of other accessories may not ensure compliance with FCC RF exposure guidelines.

The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain uniform power output.

The measurement together with the test system set-up is described in annex C of this test report. A detailed description of the equipment under test can be found in chapter 4 of this test report. The highest reported SAR value is obtained at the case of **(Table 2.1)**, and the values are: **1.21 W/kg(1g)**.



Table 2.2: The sum of reported SAR values for main antenna and WiFi

	Position	Main antenna	WiFi	Sum	
Highest reported	Right hand, Touch cheek	1.21	0.38	1.59	
SAR value for Head	ragin hana, rodon oncer	1.21	0.00	1.55	
Highest reported	Rear	1.18	0.07	1.25	
SAR value for Body	Real	1.10	0.07	1.25	

Table 2.3: The sum of reported SAR values for main antenna and Bluetooth

	Position	Main antenna	BT*	Sum	
Highest reported	Right hand, Touch cheek	1.21	0.29	1.50	
SAR value for Head	,				
Highest reported	Rear	1.18	0.15	1.33	
SAR value for Body	Real	1.10	0.15	1.55	

BT* - Estimated SAR for Bluetooth (see the table 13.3)

According to the above tables, the highest sum of reported SAR values is **1.59 W/kg (1g)**. The detail for simultaneous transmission consideration is described in chapter 13.



3 Client Information

3.1 Applicant Information

Company Name:	TCT Mobile Limited
Address (Deat	5F, C building, No. 232, Liang Jing Road ZhangJiang High-Tech Park,
Address /Post:	Pudong Area Shanghai, P.R. China. 201203
City:	Shanghai
Postal Code:	201203
Country:	P.R.China
Contact:	Gong Zhizhou
Email:	zhizhou.gong@jrdcom.com
Telephone:	0086-21- 51798260
Fax:	0086-21-61460602

3.2 Manufacturer Information

Company Name:	TCT Mobile Limited
Address (Deat	5F, C building, No. 232, Liang Jing Road ZhangJiang High-Tech Park,
Address /Post:	Pudong Area Shanghai, P.R. China. 201203
City:	Shanghai
Postal Code:	201203
Country:	P.R.China
Contact:	Gong Zhizhou
Email:	zhizhou.gong@jrdcom.com
Telephone:	0086-21- 51798260
Fax:	0086-21-61460602



4 Equipment Under Test (EUT) and Ancillary Equipment (AE)

4.1 About EUT

Description:	HSUPA/HSDPA/UMTS triband/GSM quadband mobile phone
Model name:	A460G
Operating mode(s):	GSM 850/900/1800/1900, WCDMA 850/1700/1900, BT, WiFi
	825 – 848.8 MHz (GSM 850)
	1850.2 – 1910 MHz (GSM 1900)
Tooted Ty Fraguency	826.4–846.6 MHz (WCDMA850 Band V)
Tested Tx Frequency:	1712.4 – 1752.6 MHz (WCDMA 1700 Band IV)
	1852.4-1907.6 MHz (WCDMA1900 Band II)
	2412 – 2462 MHz (Wi-Fi 2.4G)
GPRS/EGPRS Multislot Class:	10
GPRS capability Class:	В
Test device Production information:	Production unit
Device type:	Portable device
Antenna type:	Integrated antenna
Hotspot mode:	1

4.2 Internal Identification of EUT used during the test

EUT ID*	IMEI	HW	SW Version
EUT1	014350000000615	HVN04	v4A59
EUT2	014350000000805	HVN04	v4A59
EUT3	014350000003312	HVN04	v4A59

^{*}EUT ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.

Note: It is performed to test SAR with the EUT1&2 and conducted power with the EUT3.

4.3 Internal Identification of AE used during the test

AE ID*	Description	Model	SN	Manufacturer
AE1	Battery	CAB1400002C1	/	BYD
AE2	Battery	CAB1400002C2	1	SCUD

^{*}AE ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.



5 TEST METHODOLOGY

5.1 Applicable Limit Regulations

ANSI C95.1:1999 IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz.

It specifies the maximum exposure limit of **1.6 W/kg** as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue for portable devices being used within 20 cm of the user in the uncontrolled environment.

5.2 Applicable Measurement Standards

IEEE 1528:2003 Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques.

KDB 447498 D01: General RF Exposure Guidance v05r02 Mobile and Portable Devices RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies.

KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r02: SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets.

KDB 941225 D01 SAR test for 3G devices v03: SAR Measurement Procedures for 3G Devices

KDB 248227 D01 SAR meas for 802 11 a b g v01r02 : SAR measurement procedures for 802.112abg transmitters.

KDB 865664 D01SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r03: SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r01: RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations



6 Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

6.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a bi ological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

6.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ) . The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt}(\frac{dW}{dm}) = \frac{d}{dt}(\frac{dW}{\rho dv})$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be either related to the temperature elevation in tissue by

$$SAR = c(\frac{\delta T}{\delta t})$$

Where: C is the specific head capacity, δT is the temperature rise and δt is the exposure duration, or related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

However for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement is typically applied.



7 Tissue Simulating Liquids

7.1 Targets for tissue simulating liquid

Table 7.1: Targets for tissue simulating liquid

				•	
Frequency(MHz)	Liquid Type	Conductivity(σ)	± 5% Range	Permittivity(ε)	± 5% Range
835	Head	0.90	0.86~0.95	41.5	39.4~43.6
835	Body	0.97	0.92~1.02	55.2	52.4~58.0
1750	Head	1.37	1.30~1.44	40.08	38.1~42.1
1750	Body	1.49	1.42~1.56	53.4	50.7~56.1
1900	Head	1.40	1.33~1.47	40.0	38.0~42.0
1900	Body	1.52	1.44~1.60	53.3	50.6~56.0
2450	Head	1.80	1.71~1.89	39.2	37.2~41.2
2450	Body	1.95	1.85~2.05	52.7	50.1~55.3

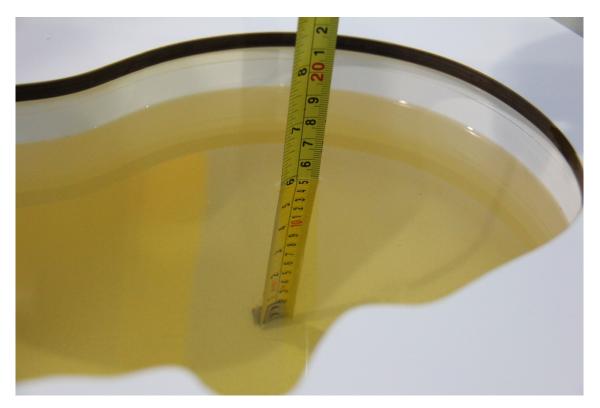
7.2 Dielectric Performance

Table 7.2: Dielectric Performance of Tissue Simulating Liquid

Measurement Date	Type	Eroguanov	Permittivity	Drift	Conductivity	Drift
(yyyy-mm-dd)	Type	Frequency	3	(%)	σ (S/m)	(%)
2015-02-15	Head	835 MHz	43.07	3.78	0.927	3.00
2015-02-15	Body	835 MHz	55.62	0.76	0.978	0.82
0045 00 44	Head	1750 MHz	40.88	2.00	1.383	0.95
2015-02-14	Body	1750 MHz	51.7	-3.18	1.452	-2.55
2015 02 16	Head	1900 MHz	39.48	-1.30	1.392	-0.57
2015-02-16	Body	1900 MHz	54.51	2.27	1.51	-0.66
2045 02 47	Head	2450 MHz	38.79	-1.05	1.819	1.06
2015-02-17	Body	2450 MHz	51.65	-1.99	1.984	1.74

Note: The liquid temperature is 22.0°C





Picture 7-1 Liquid depth in the Head Phantom (835MHz)

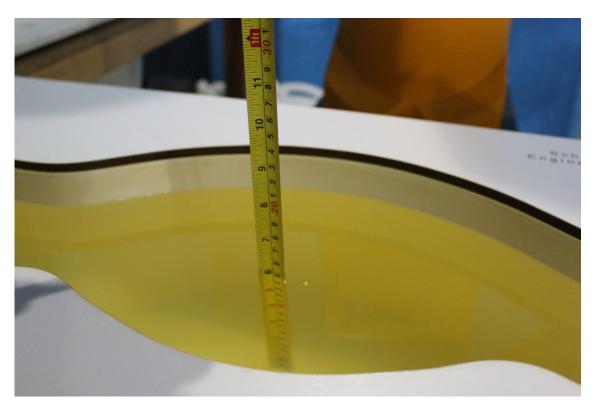


Picture 7-2 Liquid depth in the Flat Phantom (835MHz)





Picture 7-3 Liquid depth in the Head Phantom (1750 MHz)

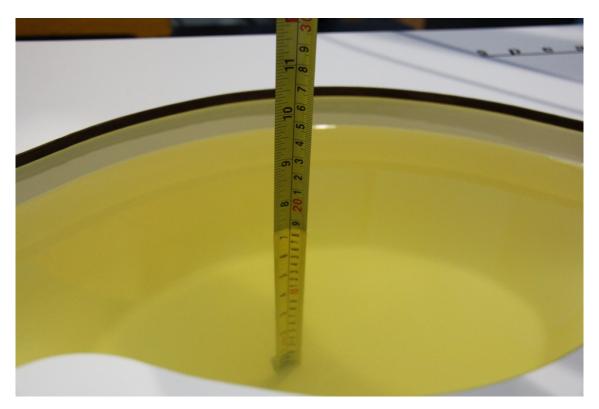


Picture 7-4 Liquid depth in the Flat Phantom (1750MHz)



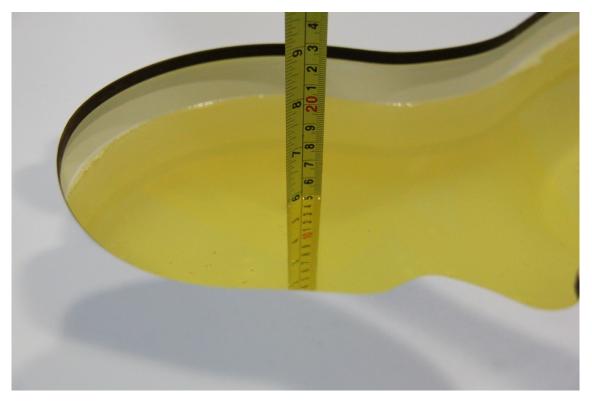


Picture 7-5 Liquid depth in the Head Phantom (1900 MHz)



Picture 7-6 Liquid depth in the Flat Phantom (1900MHz)





Picture 7-7 Liquid depth in the Head Phantom (2450MHz)



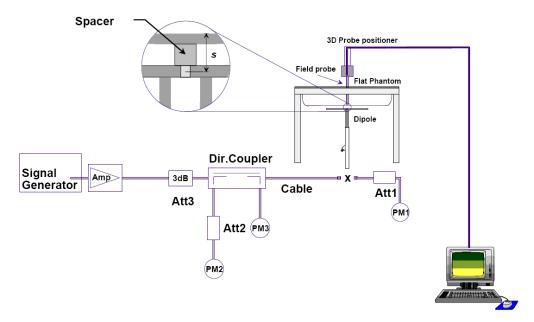
Picture 7-8 Liquid depth in the Flat Phantom (2450MHz)



8 System verification

8.1 System Setup

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the DUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave that comes from a signal generator. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The equipment setup is shown below:



Picture 8.1 System Setup for System Evaluation



Picture 8.2 Photo of Dipole Setup



8.2 System Verification

SAR system verification is required to confirm measurement accuracy, according to the tissue dielectric media, probe calibration points and other system operating parameters required for measuring the SAR of a test device. The system verification must be performed for each frequency band and within the valid range of each probe calibration point required for testing the device.

The system verification results are required that the area scan estimated 1-g SAR is within 3% of the zoom scan 1-g SAR. The details are presented in annex B.

Table 8.1: System Verification of Head

Measurement		Target val	ue (W/kg)	Measured value(W/kg)		Deviation		
Date	Frequency	10 g	1 g	10 g	1 g	10 g	1 g	
(yyyy-mm-dd)		Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	
2015-2-15	835 MHz	6.17	9.43	6.24	9.52	1.13%	0.95%	
2015-2-14	1750 MHz	19.7	36.9	19.28	36.24	-2.13%	-1.79%	
2015-2-16	1900 MHz	21.1	40.6	20.60	39.28	-2.37%	-3.25%	
2015-2-17	2450 MHz	24.7	53.2	25.16	53.60	1.86%	0.75%	

Table 8.2: System Verification of Body

Measurement		Target val	ue (W/kg)	Measured value (W/kg)		Deviation		
Date	Frequency	10 g	1 g	10 g	1 g	10 g	1 g	
(yyyy-mm-dd)		Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	
2015-2-15	835 MHz	6.33	9.55	6.24	9.36	-1.42%	-1.99%	
2015-2-14	1750 MHz	20.3	37.7	20.60	38.04	1.48%	0.90%	
2015-2-16	1900 MHz	21.4	40.4	21.80	41.20	1.87%	1.98%	
2015-2-17	2450 MHz	23.9	51.3	23.00	49.60	-3.77%	-3.31%	



9 Measurement Procedures

9.1 Tests to be performed

In order to determine the highest value of the peak spatial-average SAR of a handset, all device positions, configurations and operational modes shall be tested for each frequency band according to steps 1 to 3 below. A flowchart of the test process is shown in picture 9.1.

Step 1: The tests described in 9.2 shall be performed at the channel that is closest to the centre of the transmit frequency band (f_c) for:

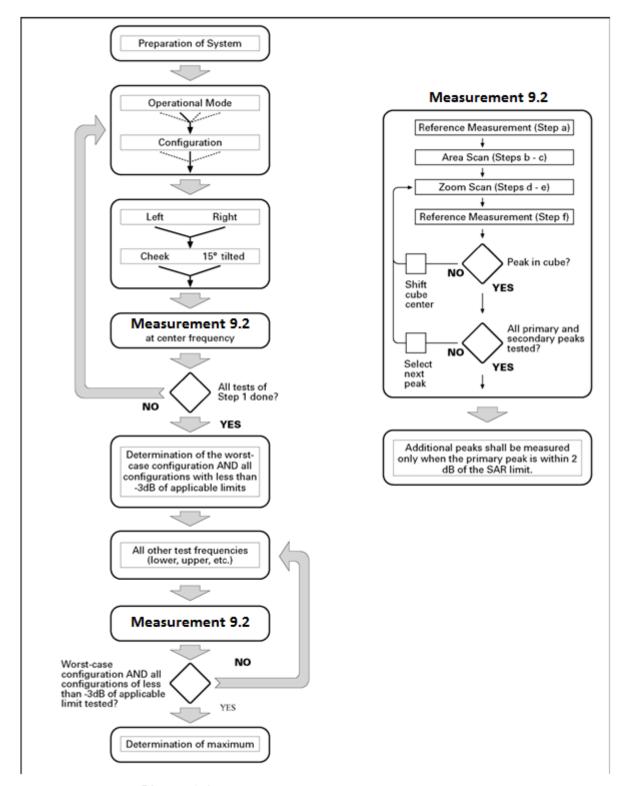
- a) all device positions (cheek and tilt, for both left and right sides of the SAM phantom, as described in annex D),
- b) all configurations for each device position in a), e.g., antenna extended and retracted, and c) all operational modes, e.g., analogue and digital, for each device position in a) and configuration in b) in each frequency band.

If more than three frequencies need to be tested according to 11.1 (i.e., $N_c >$ 3), then all frequencies, configurations and modes shall be tested for all of the above test conditions.

Step 2: For the condition providing highest peak spatial-average SAR determined in Step 1,perform all tests described in 9.2 at all other test frequencies, i.e., lowest and highest frequencies. In addition, for all other conditions (device position, configuration and operational mode) where the peak spatial-average SAR value determined in Step 1 is within 3dB of the applicable SAR limit, it is recommended that all other test frequencies shall be tested as well.

Step 3: Examine all data to determine the highest value of the peak spatial-average SAR found in Steps 1 to 2.





Picture 9.1 Block diagram of the tests to be performed

9.2 General Measurement Procedure

The area and zoom scan resolutions specified in the table below must be applied to the SAR measurements and fully documented in SAR reports to qualify for TCB approval. Probe boundary effect error compensation is required for measurements with the probe tip closer than half a probe



tip diameter to the phantom surface. Both the probe tip diameter and sensor offset distance must satisfy measurement protocols; to ensure probe boundary effect errors are minimized and the higher fields closest to the phantom surface can be correctly measured and extrapolated to the phantom surface for computing 1-g SAR. Tolerances of the post-processing algorithms must be verified by the test laboratory for the scan resolutions used in the SAR measurements, according to the reference distribution functions specified in IEEE Std 1528-2003. The results should be documented as part of the system validation records and may be requested to support test results when all the measurement parameters in the following table are not satisfied.

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from (geometric center of pro		-	5 ± 1 mm	½-δ·ln(2) ± 0.5 mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location			30°±1°	20° ± 1°
			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
Maximum area scan spa	tial resoluti	on: Δx _{Area} , Δy _{Area}	When the x or y dimension of to measurement plane orientation, measurement resolution must b dimension of the test device wit point on the test device.	is smaller than the above, the e the corresponding x or y
Maximum zoom scan sp	atial resolu	tion: Δx_{Zoom} , Δy_{Zoom}	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*
	uniform g	zrid: ∆z _{Zoom} (n)	≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface		Δz _{Zoom} (1): between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	grid	Δz _{Zoom} (n>1): between subsequent points	≤ 1.5·Δz	Zoom(n-1)
Minimum zoom scan	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

9.3 WCDMA Measurement Procedures for SAR

The following procedures are applicable to WCDMA handsets operating under 3GPP Release99, Release 5 and Release 6. The default test configuration is to measure SAR with an established radio link between the DUT and a communication test set using a 12.2kbps RMC (reference measurement channel) configured in Test Loop Mode 1. SAR is selectively confirmed for other

When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.



physical channel configurations (DPCCH & DPDCH_n), HSDPA and HSPA (HSUPA/HSDPA) modes according to output power, exposure conditions and device operating capabilities. Both uplink and downlink should be configured with the same RMC or AMR, when required. SAR for Release 5 HSDPA and Release 6 HSPA are measured using the applicable FRC (fixed reference channel) and E-DCH reference channel configurations. Maximum output power is verified according to applicable versions of 3GPP TS 34.121 and SAR must be measured according to these maximum output conditions. When Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) is not implemented according to Cubic Metric (CM) requirements for Release 6 HSPA, the following procedures do not apply.

For Release 5 HSDPA Data Devices:

Sub-test	$oldsymbol{eta}_c$	$oldsymbol{eta}_d$	β_d (SF)	$oldsymbol{eta}_c$ / $oldsymbol{eta}_d$	$oldsymbol{eta}_{hs}$	CM/dB
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0
2	12/15	15/15	64	12/15	24/25	1.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1. 5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1. 5

For Release 6 HSPA Data Devices

Sub-	$oldsymbol{eta_c}$	$oldsymbol{eta_d}$	eta_d	$oldsymbol{eta_c}$ / $oldsymbol{eta_d}$	$oldsymbol{eta_{hs}}$	$oldsymbol{eta_{ec}}$	$oldsymbol{eta}_{ed}$	eta_{ed}	$oldsymbol{eta_{ed}}$ (codes)	CM (dB)	MPR (dB)	AG Index	E-TFCI
1	11/15	15/15	64	11/15	22/15	209/225	1039/225	4	1	3. 0	3. 0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	12/15	4	1	3. 0	3. 0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	eta_{ed1} :47/15 eta_{ed2} :47/15	4	2	3.0	3. 0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	4/15	56/75	4	1	3. 0	3. 0	17	71
5	15/15	15/15	64	15/15	24/15	30/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	1.0	21	81

9.4 Bluetooth & Wi-Fi Measurement Procedures for SAR

Normal network operating configurations are not suitable for measuring the SAR of 802.11 transmitters in general. Unpredictable fluctuations in network traffic and antenna diversity conditions can introduce undesirable variations in SAR results. The SAR for these devices should be measured using chipset based test mode software to ensure that the results are consistent and reliable.

Chipset based test mode software is hardware dependent and generally varies among manufacturers. The device operating parameters established in a test mode for SAR measurements must be identical to those programmed in production units, including output power levels, amplifier gain settings and other RF performance tuning parameters. The test frequencies should correspond to actual channel frequencies defined for domestic use. SAR for devices with switched diversity should be measured with only one antenna transmitting at a time during each SAR measurement, according to a fixed modulation and data rate. The same data pattern should be used for all measurements.



9.5 Power Drift

To control the output power stability during the SAR test, DASY4 system calculates the power drift by measuring the E-field at the same location at the beginning and at the end of the measurement for each test position. These drift values can be found in Table 14.2 to Table 14.29 labeled as: (Power Drift [dB]). This ensures that the power drift during one measurement is within 5%.

10 Area Scan Based 1-g SAR

10.1 Requirement of KDB

According to the KDB447498 D01 v05, when the implementation is based the specific polynomial fit algorithm as presented at the 29th Bioelectromagnetics Society meeting (2007) and the estimated 1-gSAR is \leq 1.2 W/kg, a zoom scan measurement is not required provided it is also not needed for any other purpose; for example, if the peak SAR location required for simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion can be determined accurately by the SAR system or manually to discriminate between distinctive peaks and scattered noisy SAR distributions from area scans.

There must not be any warning or alert messages due to various measurement concerns identified by the SAR system; for example, noise in measurements, peaks too close to scan boundary, peaks are too sharp, spatial resolution and uncertainty issues etc. The SAR system verification must also demonstrate that the area scan estimated 1-g SAR is within 3% of the zoom scan 1-g SAR (See Annex B). When all the SAR results for each exposure condition in a frequency band and wireless mode are based on estimated 1-g SAR, the 1-g SAR for the highest SAR configuration must be determined by a zoom scan.

10.2 Fast SAR Algorithms

The approach is based on the area scan measurement applying a frequency dependent attenuation parameter. This attenuation parameter was empirically determined by analyzing a large number of phones. The MOTOROLA FAST SAR was developed and validated by the MOTOROLA Research Group in Ft. Lauderdale.

In the initial study, an approximation algorithm based on Linear fit was developed. The accuracy of the algorithm has been demonstrated across a broad frequency range (136-2450 MHz)and for both 1- and 10-g averaged SAR using a sample of 264 SAR measurements from 55wireless handsets. For the sample size studied, the root-mean-squared errors of the algorithmare 1.2% and 5.8% for 1- and 10-g averaged SAR, respectively. The paper describing the algorithm in detail is expected to be published in August 2004 within the Special Issue of Transactions on MTT.

In the second step, the same research group optimized the fitting algorithm to an Polynomial fit whereby the frequency validity was extended to cover the range 30-6000MHz. Details ofthis study can be found in the BEMS 2007 Proceedings.

Both algorithms are implemented in DASY software.



11 Conducted Output Power

11.1 Manufacturing tolerance

Table 11.1: GSM Speech

		oom operen	
	GSI	M 850	
Channel	Channel 251	Channel 190	Channel 128
Target (dBm)	32.3	32.3	32.3
Tune-up(dBm)	33.3	33.3	33.3
	GSN	1 1900	
Channel	Channel 810	Channel 661	Channel 512
Target (dBm)	29.3	29.3	29.3
Tune-up(dBm)	30.3	30.3	30.3

Table 11.2: GPRS and EGPRS

	I	DIE 11.2. GPRS and E	-01 10	
		GSM 850 GPRS (GM	ISK)	
	Channel	251	190	128
1 Txslot	Target (dBm)	32.3	32.3	32.3
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Tune-up(dBm)	33.3	33.3	33.3
2 Txslots	Target (dBm)	29.5	29.5	29.5
2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Tune-up(dBm)	30.5	30.5	30.5
		GSM 850 EGPRS (GN	MSK)	
	Channel	251	190	128
1 Txslot	Target (dBm)	32.3	32.3	32.3
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Tune-up(dBm)	33.3	33.3	33.3
2 Txslots	Target (dBm)	29.5	29.5	29.5
2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Tune-up(dBm)	30.5	30.5	30.5
		GSM 1900 GPRS (GN	/ISK)	
	Channel	810	661	512
1 Txslot	Target (dBm)	29.3	29.3	29.3
1 1 8 5 10 1	Tune-up(dBm)	30.3	30.3	30.3
2 Txslots	Target (dBm)	27	27	27
2 1 351015	Tune-up(dBm)	28	28	28
	(GSM 1900 EGPRS (G	MSK)	
	Channel	810	661	512
1 Txslot	Target (dBm)	29.3	29.3	29.3
1 1 1 1 20101	Tune-up(dBm)	30.3	30.3	30.3
2 Txslots	Target (dBm)	27	27	27
2 1 721012	Tune-up(dBm)	28	28	28



Table 11.3: WCDMA

	14/OD14		
	WCDM	A 850 CS	
Channel	Channel 4233	Channel 4182	Channel 4132
Target (dBm)	23	23	23
Tune-up(dBm)	24	24	24
1	HSUPA (s	ub-test 1~4)	
Channel	Channel 4233	Channel 4182	Channel 4132
Target (dBm)	20	20	20
Tune-up(dBm)	21	21	21
	HSUPA	(sub-test 5)	
Channel	Channel 4233	Channel 4182	Channel 4132
Target (dBm)	21.9	21.9	21.9
Tune-up(dBm)	22.9	22.9	22.9
	WCDMA	1700 CS	
Channel	Channel 1513	Channel 1412	Channel 1312
Target (dBm)	22	22	22
Tune-up(dBm)	23	23	23
	HSUPA (s	ub-test 1~4)	
Channel	Channel 1513	Channel 1412	Channel 1312
Target (dBm)	20	20	20
Tune-up(dBm)	21	21	21
	HSUPA	(sub-test 5)	
Channel	Channel 1513	Channel 1412	Channel 1312
Target (dBm)	21.8	21.8	21.8
Tune-up(dBm)	22.8	22.8	22.8
	WCDMA	1900 CS	
Channel	Channel 9538	Channel 9400	Channel 9262
Target (dBm)	23	23	23
Tune-up(dBm)	24	24	24
	HSUPA (s	ub-test 1~4)	
Channel	Channel 9538	Channel 9400	Channel 9262
Target (dBm)	20.1	20.1	20.1
Tune-up(dBm)	21.1	21.1	21.1
1	HSUPA (sub-test 5)	•
Channel	Channel 9538	Channel 9400	Channel 9262
Target (dBm)	21.9	21.9	21.9
Tune-up(dBm)	22.9	22.9	22.9

Table 11.4: Bluetooth

Channel	Channel 0	Channel 39	Channel 78
Target (dBm)	7.5	7.5	7.5
Tune-up(dBm)	8.5	8.5	8.5



Table 11.5: WiFi

Mode	Target (dBm)	Tune-up(dBm)
802.11b	16.5	17.5
802.11g 6Mbps~18Mbps	15.5	16.5
802.11g 24Mbps~36Mbps	15	16
802.11g 48Mbps~54Mbps	14	15
802.11n (20M) MCS0~MCS1	14.5	15.5
802.11n (20M) MCS2~MCS4	14	15
802.11n (20M) MCS5~MCS7	13	14
802.11n (40M) MCS0~MCS1	11.5	12.5
802.11n (40M) MCS2~MCS4	9.5	10.5
802.11n (40M) MCS5~MCS7	8	9



11.2 GSM Measurement result

During the process of testing, the EUT was controlled via Agilent Digital Radio Communication tester (E5515C) to ensure the maximum power transmission and proper modulation. This result contains conducted output power for the EUT. In all cases, the measured peak output power should be greater and within 5% than EMI measurement.

Table 11.6: The conducted power measurement results for GSM850/1900

		Conducted Power (dBm)			
GSM	Channal 251/949 9MHz)	Channal 129/924 2MHz)			
850MHz	Channel 251(848.8MHz)	Channel 190(836.6MHz)	Channel 128(824.2MHz)		
OSOWII IZ	32.64	32.64 32.58			
CCM		Conducted Power(dBm)			
GSM	Channel 810(1909.8MHz)	Channel 661(1880MHz)	Channel 512(1850.2MHz)		
1900MHz	29.49	29.46	29.33		

Table 11.7: The conducted power measurement results for GPRS and EGPRS

GSM 850	Measu	red Power	(dBm)	calculation	Avera	ged Power	(dBm)
GPRS (GMSK)	251	190	128		251	190	128
1 Txslot	32.63	32.58	32.62	-9.03dB	23.60	23.55	23.59
2 Txslots	29.82	29.76	29.80	-6.02dB	23.80	23.74	23.78
GSM 850	Measu	red Power	(dBm)	calculation	Avera	ged Power	(dBm)
EGPRS (GMSK)	251	190	128		251	190	128
1 Txslot	32.63	32.58	32.62	-9.03dB	23.60	23.55	23.59
2 Txslots	29.82	29.76	29.81	-6.02dB	23.80	23.74	23.79
PCS1900	Measu	red Power	(dBm)	calculation	Averaged Power (dBm)		
GPRS (GMSK)	810	661	512		810	661	512
1 Txslot	29.49	29.45	29.33	-9.03dB	20.46	20.42	20.30
2 Txslots	27.17	27.12	27.03	-6.02dB	21.15	21.10	21.01
PCS1900	Measu	red Power	(dBm)	calculation	Avera	ged Power	(dBm)
EGPRS (GMSK)	810	661	512		810	661	512
1 Txslot	29.49	29.46	29.33	-9.03dB	20.46	20.43	20.30
2 Txslots	27.18	27.13	27.04	-6.02dB	21.16	21.11	21.02

NOTES:

To average the power, the division factor is as follows:

1TX-slot = 1 transmit time slot out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/1) => -9.03dB

2TX-slots = 2 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/2) => -6.02dB

3TX-slots = 3 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/3) => -4.26dB

4TX-slots = 4 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/4) => -3.01dB

According to the conducted power as above, the body measurements are performed with 2Txslots for GPRS and EGPRS.

Note: According to the KDB941225 D03, "when SAR tests for EDGE or EGPRS mode is necessary, GMSK modulation should be used".

¹⁾ Division Factors



11.3 WCDMA Measurement result

Table 11.8: The conducted Power for WCDMA

	Table 11.8: The conducted Power for WCDMA							
Item	band		FDDV result					
item	ARFCN	4233(846.6MHz)	4182(836.4MHz)	4132(826.4MHz)				
WCDMA	١	23.24	23.10	22.94				
	1	20.3	20.1	20.1				
	2	20.2	20.1	20.1				
HSUPA	3	20.3	20.1	20.1				
	4	19.8	19.6	19.6				
	5	22.2	22.2	22.1				
140	band		FDDIV result					
Item	ARFCN	1513 (1752.6MHz)	1412 (1732.4MHz)	1312 (1712.4MHz)				
WCDMA	١	22.72	22.56	22.75				
	1	19.6	19.7	19.6				
	2	19.6	19.7	19.6				
HSUPA	3	19.6	19.8	19.6				
	4	19.1	19.2	19.1				
	5	21.6	21.7	21.6				
ltem	band		FDDII result					
itein	ARFCN	9538(1907.6MHz)	9400(1880MHz)	9262(1852.4MHz)				
WCDMA	١	23.03	22.65	22.83				
	1	19.9	19.8	19.9				
	2	19.9	19.8	19.8				
HSUPA	3	19.9	19.8	19.8				
	4	19.4	19.3	19.3				
	5	21.8	21.7	21.8				

11.4 Wi-Fi and BT Measurement result

The output power of BT antenna is as following:

Mode	Conducted Power (dBm)					
ivioue	Channel 0 (2402MHz)	Channel 39 (2441MHz)	Channel 78(2480MHz)			
GFSK	7.7	7.86	7.82			

The average conducted power for Wi-Fi is as following: 802.11b (dBm)

Channel\data rate	1Mbps	2Mbps	5.5Mbps	11Mbps
1	17.11	1	1	1
6	17.28	17.16	17.03	16.62
11	17.23	/	/	/



802.11g (dBm)

Channel\data rate	6Mbps	9Mbps	12Mbps	18Mbps	24Mbps	36Mbps	48Mbps	54Mbps
1	16.00	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
6	16.00	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
11	16.40	16.18	16.00	15.66	15.27	14.76	14.31	14.14

802.11n (dBm) - HT20 (2.4G)

Channel\data rate	MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7
1	14.92	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
6	15.14	/	/	/	/	/	/	1
11	15.47	14.80	14.71	14.09	13.57	13.18	13.00	12.83

802.11n (dBm) - HT40 (2.4G)

Channel\data rate	MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7
3	11.21	/	/	/	1	/	1	/
6	11.35	/	/	/	1	/	1	/
9	11.52	10.76	9.91	9.51	8.87	8.40	8.17	8.07

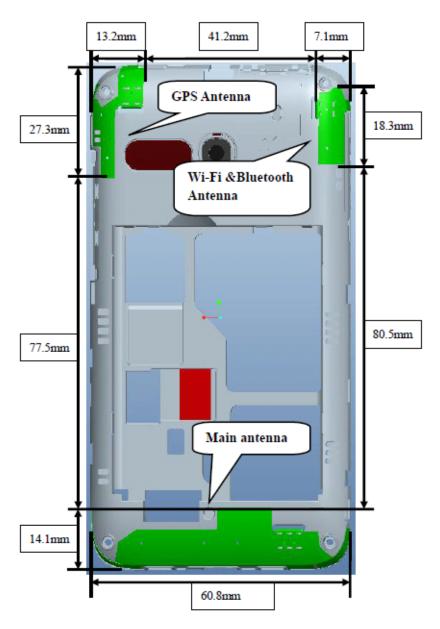


12 Simultaneous TX SAR Considerations

12.1 Introduction

The following procedures adopted from "FCC SAR Considerations for Cell Phones with Multiple Transmitters" are applicable to handsets with built-in unlicensed transmitters such as 802.11 a/b/g and Bluetooth devices which may simultaneously transmit with the licensed transmitter. For this device, the BT and Wi-Fi can transmit simultaneous with other transmitters.

12.2 Transmit Antenna Separation Distances



Picture 12.1 Antenna Locations



12.3 Standalone SAR Test Exclusion Considerations

Standalone 1-g head or body SAR evaluation by measurement or numerical simulation is not required when the corresponding SAR Exclusion Threshold condition, listed below, is satisfied. The 1-g SAR test exclusion threshold for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$ for 1-g SAR, where

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Table 12.1: Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations

Band/Mode	F(GHz)	Position	SAR test exclusion	RF output power		SAR test exclusion
			threshold(mW)	dBm	mW	
Pluotooth	2.441	Head	9.60	7.86	6.11	Yes
Bluetooth		Body	19.20	7.86	6.11	Yes
2.4GHz WLAN 802.11 b	2.45	Head	9.58	17.28	53.46	No
2.40 Z.40 Z.41 Z.		Body	19.17	17.28	53.46	No



13 Evaluation of Simultaneous

Table 13.1: The sum of reported SAR values for main antenna and WiFi

	Position	Main antenna	WiFi	Sum
Highest reported SAR value for Head	Right hand, Touch cheek	1.21	0.38	1.59
Highest reported SAR value for Body	Rear	1.18	0.07	1.25

Table 13.2: The sum of reported SAR values for main antenna and Bluetooth

	Position	Main antenna	BT*	Sum	
Highest reported	Right hand, Touch cheek	1.21	0.29	1.50	
SAR value for Head	ragnit hand, roden encek	1.21	0.25	1.00	
Highest reported	Rear	1.18	0.15	4 22	
SAR value for Body	Real	1.10	0.15	1.33	

BT* - Estimated SAR for Bluetooth (see the table 13.3)

Table 13.3: Estimated SAR for Bluetooth

Position	F (GHz)	Diotonos (mm)	Upper limi	Estimated _{1g}	
Position	r (GHZ)	Distance (mm)	dBm	mW	(W/kg)
Head	2.441	5	8.5	7.08	0.29
Body	2.441	10	8.5	7.08	0.15

^{* -} Maximum possible output power declared by manufacturer

When standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance,mm)]·[$\sqrt{f(GHz)/x}$] W/kg for test separation distances \leq 50 mm; where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR.

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion

Conclusion:

According to the above tables, the sum of reported SAR values is<1.6W/kg. So the simultaneous transmission SAR with volume scans is not required.



14 SAR Test Result

It is performed for all SAR measurements with area scan based 1-g SAR estimation (Fast SAR). A zoom scan measurement is added when the estimated 1-gSAR is the highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination or more than 1.2W/kg.

The calculated SAR is obtained by the following formula:

Reported SAR = Measured SAR $\times 10^{(P_{Target}-P_{Measured})/10}$

Where P_{Target} is the power of manufacturing upper limit;

P_{Measured} is the measured power in chapter 11.

Table 14.1: Duty Cycle

Mode	Duty Cycle
Speech for GSM850/1900	1:8.3
GPRS&EGPRS	1:4
WCDMA & WiFi	1:1

14.1 The evaluation of multi-batteries

We'll perform the head measurement in all bands with the primary battery depending on the evaluation of multi-batteries and retest on highest value point with other batteries. Then, repeat the measurement in the Body test.

Table 14.2: The evaluation of multi-batteries for Head Test

Frequency		Mode/Band	Side	Test	Potton, Typo	SAR(1g)	Power
MHz	Ch.	Mode/Band	Side	Position	Battery Type	(W/kg)	Drift(dB)
1752.6	1513	WCDMA1700	Right	Touch	CAB1400002C1	1.07	-0.08
1752.6	1513	WCDMA1700	Right	Touch	CAB1400002C2	1.13	0.06

Note: According to the values in the above table, the battery, CAB1400002C2, is the primary battery. We'll perform the head measurement with this battery and retest on highest value point with others.

Table 14.3: The evaluation of multi-batteries for Body Test

Freque	ency	Mode/Band	Test	Spacing	Pottony Typo	SAR(1g)	Power
MHz	Ch.	Mode/Ballu	Position	(mm)	Battery Type	(W/kg)	Drift(dB)
1752.6	1513	WCDMA1700	Bottom	10	CAB1400002C1	0.916	-0.02
1752.6	1513	WCDMA1700	Bottom	10	CAB1400002C2	0.960	0.05

Note: According to the values in the above table, the battery, CAB1400002C2, is the primary battery. We'll perform the Body measurement with this battery and retest on highest value point with others.



14.2 SAR results for Fast SAR

Table 14.4: SAR Values (GSM 850 MHz Band - Head) - CAB1400002C2

	Ambient Temperature: 22.1 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.7 °C													
Freque	ency		Test	Figure	Conducted	Max. tune-up	Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported	Power			
		Side	Position	No.	Power	Power (dBm)	SAR(10g)	SAR(10g)	SAR(1g)	SAR(1g)(Drift			
MHz	Ch.		1 OSILIOI1	140.	(dBm)	1 ower (dbill)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	W/kg)	(dB)			
836.6	190	Left	Touch	/	32.58	33.3	0.421	0.50	0.594	0.70	-0.05			
836.6	190	Left	Tilt	/	32.58	33.3	0.245	0.29	0.345	0.41	0.04			
848.8	251	Right	Touch	Fig.1	32.64	33.3	0.564	0.66	0.746	0.87	0.12			
836.6	190	Right	Touch	/	32.58	33.3	0.427	0.50	0.612	0.72	-0.02			
824.2	128	Right	Touch	1	32.62	33.3	0.320	0.37	0.458	0.54	0.09			
836.6	190	Right	Tilt	1	32.58	33.3	0.265	0.31	0.372	0.44	-0.07			

Table 14.5: SAR Values (GSM 850 MHz Band-Body) - CAB1400002C2

	Ambient Temperature: 22.1 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.7 °C													
Frequ	ency	Mode (number of	Test	Figure	Conducted Power	Max. tune-up	Measured SAR(10g)	Reported SAR(10g)	Measured SAR(1g)	Reported SAR(1g)(Power Drift			
MHz	Ch.	timeslots)	Position	No.	(dBm)	Power (dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	W/kg)	(dB)			
836.6	190	GPRS (2)	Front	1	29.76	30.5	0.329	0.39	0.477	0.57	-0.13			
848.8	251	GPRS (2)	Rear	Fig.2	29.82	30.5	0.655	0.77	0.900	1.05	0.00			
836.6	190	GPRS (2)	Rear	1	29.76	30.5	0.534	0.63	0.781	0.93	-0.01			
824.2	128	GPRS (2)	Rear	1	29.80	30.5	0.440	0.52	0.642	0.75	0.01			
836.6	190	GPRS (2)	Left	1	29.76	30.5	0.246	0.29	0.368	0.44	-0.13			
836.6	190	GPRS (2)	Right	/	29.76	30.5	0.275	0.33	0.407	0.48	0.02			
836.6	190	GPRS (2)	Bottom	/	29.76	30.5	0.070	0.08	0.112	0.13	-0.18			
848.8	251	EGPRS (2)	Rear	/	29.82	30.5	0.593	0.69	0.869	1.02	-0.03			

Note: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

Table 14.6: SAR Values (GSM1900 MHz Band - Head) - CAB1400002C2

	Ambient Temperature: 22.0 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.6 °C													
Freque	ency		Test Figure		Conducted Max. tune-up		Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported	Power			
		Side			Power	·	SAR(10g)	SAR(10g)	SAR(1g)	SAR(1g)(Drift			
MHz	Ch.		Position	No.	(dBm)	Power (dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	W/kg)	(dB)			
1909.8	810	Left	Touch	Fig.3	29.49	30.3	0.235	0.28	0.392	0.47	0.15			
1880	661	Left	Touch	1	29.46	30.3	0.219	0.27	0.379	0.46	-0.10			
1850.2	512	Left	Touch	1	29.33	30.3	0.216	0.27	0.374	0.47	0.03			
1880	661	Left	Tilt	/	29.46	30.3	0.071	0.09	0.115	0.14	0.09			
1880	661	Right	Touch	/	29.46	30.3	0.207	0.25	0.355	0.43	0.05			
1880	661	Right	Tilt	/	29.46	30.3	0.077	0.09	0.132	0.16	-0.01			



Table 14.7: SAR Values (GSM 1900 MHz Band-Body) - CAB1400002C2

	Ambient Temperature: 22.0 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.6 °C													
Freque	ency	Mode	Test	Figure	Conducted	Max. tune-up	Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported	Power			
		(number of	Position	No.	Power	Power (dBm)	SAR(10g)	SAR(10g)	SAR(1g)	SAR(1g)(Drift			
MHz	Ch.	timeslots)	Position	NO.	(dBm)	sm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	W/kg)	(dB)			
1880	661	GPRS (2)	Front	1	27.12	28.0	0.267	0.33	0.459	0.56	0.05			
1880	661	GPRS (2)	Rear	1	27.12	28.0	0.281	0.34	0.482	0.59	0.01			
1880	661	GPRS (2)	Left	1	27.12	28.0	0.072	0.09	0.131	0.16	-0.03			
1880	661	GPRS (2)	Right	1	27.12	28.0	0.077	0.09	0.132	0.16	-0.01			
1909.8	810	GPRS (2)	Bottom	1	27.17	28.0	0.295	0.36	0.553	0.67	0.00			
1880	661	GPRS (2)	Bottom	Fig.4	27.12	28.0	0.317	0.39	0.558	0.68	0.04			
1850.2	512	GPRS (2)	Bottom	1	27.03	28.0	0.288	0.36	0.540	0.68	-0.13			
1880	661	EGPRS (2)	Bottom	1	27.13	28.0	0.293	0.36	0.554	0.68	0.03			

Note: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

Table 14.8: SAR Values (WCDMA850 MHz Band - Head) - CAB1400002C2

	Table 14.0. OAK Valacs (WODMACOO MITE Daily - OAD 140000202													
	Ambient Temperature: 22.1 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.7 °C													
Frequency			Test	Figure	Conducted	Max. tune-up	Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported	Power			
		Side	Position	No.	Power	Power (dBm)	SAR(10g)	SAR(10g)	SAR(1g)	SAR(1g)(Drift			
MHz	Ch.		POSITION	NO.	(dBm)	rowei (ubili)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	W/kg)	(dB)			
836.4	4182	Left	Touch	/	23.10	24.0	0.369	0.45	0.521	0.64	-0.04			
836.4	4182	Left	Tilt	/	23.10	24.0	0.249	0.31	0.352	0.43	0.06			
846.6	4233	Right	Touch	1	23.24	24.0	0.452	0.54	0.646	0.77	0.07			
836.4	4182	Right	Touch	/	23.10	24.0	0.408	0.50	0.582	0.72	-0.03			
826.4	4132	Right	Touch	Fig.5	22.94	24.0	0.533	0.68	0.703	0.90	0.04			
836.4	4182	Right	Tilt	/	23.10	24.0	0.242	0.30	0.340	0.42	-0.07			

Table 14.9: SAR Values (WCDMA 850 MHz Band-Body) - CAB1400002C2

	Table 14.3. OAK Values (WODINA 000 MITZ Ballu-Body) - OAB 14000202													
		,	Ambient	Temperatur	e: 22.1 °C	Liquid Temperature: 21.7 °C								
Frequ	iency	Test	Figure	Conducted	Max. tune-up	Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported	Power Drift				
MHz	Ch.	Position	No.	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	SAR(10g) (W/kg)	SAR(10g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g)(W/kg)	(dB)				
836.4	4182	Front	/	23.10	24.0	0.319	0.39	0.461	0.57	-0.05				
846.6	4233	Rear	/	23.24	24.0	0.513	0.61	0.749	0.89	0.00				
836.4	4182	Rear	/	23.10	24.0	0.485	0.60	0.707	0.87	-0.01				
826.4	4132	Rear	Fig.6	22.94	24.0	0.612	0.78	0.842	1.07	-0.01				
836.4	4182	Left	1	23.10	24.0	0.258	0.32	0.384	0.47	-0.02				
836.4	4182	Right	1	23.10	24.0	0.298	0.37	0.441	0.54	-0.08				
836.4	4182	Bottom	1	23.10	24.0	0.075	0.09	0.121	0.15	0.01				

Note: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.



Table 14.10: SAR Values (WCDMA1700 MHz Band - Head) - CAB1400002C2

	Ambient Temperature: 22.1 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.7 °C													
Frequency		Cida	Test	Figure	Conducted	Max. tune-up	Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported	Power			
MHz	Ch.	Side	Position	No.	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	SAR(10g) (W/kg)	SAR(10g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g)(W/kg)	Drift (dB)			
1732.4	1412	Left	Touch	1	22.56	23.0	0.359	0.40	0.630	0.70	-0.05			
1732.4	1412	Left	Tilt	1	22.56	23.0	0.097	0.11	0.178	0.20	-0.15			
1752.6	1513	Right	Touch	Fig.7	22.72	23.0	0.697	0.74	1.13	1.21	0.06			
1732.4	1412	Right	Touch	/	22.56	23.0	0.557	0.62	0.934	1.03	-0.15			
1712.4	1312	Right	Touch	1	22.75	23.0	0.571	0.60	0.951	1.01	0.02			
1732.4	1412	Right	Tilt	1	22.56	23.0	0.085	0.09	0.133	0.15	-0.04			

Table 14.11: SAR Values (WCDMA1700 MHz Band-Body) - CAB1400002C2

Table 14.11. OAK Values (WODMATTOO MITZ Balla-Body) - OAB 14000202											
Ambient Temperature: 22.1 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.7 °C											
Frequency		Test	Figure	Conducted	Max. tune-up	Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported	Power	
				Power		SAR(10g)	SAR(10g)	SAR(1g)	SAR(1g)(Drift	
MHz	Ch.	Position	No.	(dBm)	Power (dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	W/kg)	(dB)	
1752.6	1513	Front	/	22.72	23.0	0.569	0.61	0.933	1.00	-0.02	
1732.4	1412	Front	1	22.56	23.0	0.557	0.62	0.915	1.01	-0.01	
1712.4	1312	Front	/	22.75	23.0	0.468	0.50	0.759	0.80	0.00	
1752.6	1513	Rear	/	22.72	23.0	0.483	0.52	0.787	0.84	-0.05	
1732.4	1412	Rear	/	22.56	23.0	0.537	0.59	0.863	0.96	0.00	
1712.4	1312	Rear	/	22.75	23.0	0.592	0.63	0.940	1.00	-0.04	
1732.4	1412	Left	/	22.56	23.0	0.093	0.10	0.165	0.18	0.03	
1732.4	1412	Right	/	22.56	23.0	0.146	0.16	0.247	0.27	-0.09	
1752.6	1513	Bottom	Fig.8	22.72	23.0	0.525	0.56	0.960	1.02	0.05	
1732.4	1412	Bottom	1	22.56	23.0	0.496	0.55	0.924	1.02	0.01	
1712.4	1312	Bottom	1	22.75	23.0	0.487	0.52	0.896	0.95	0.01	

Note: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

Table 14.12: SAR Values (WCDMA1900 MHz Band - Head) - CAB1400002C2

Ambient Temperature: 22.0 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.6 °C											
Frequency			Test	Figure	Conducted	Max. tune-up	Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported	Power
MHz	Ch.	Side	Position	No.	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	SAR(10g) (W/kg)	SAR(10g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g)(W/kg)	Drift (dB)
1907.6	9538	Left	Touch	1	23.03	24.0	0.418	0.52	0.693	0.87	0.05
1880	9400	Left	Touch	/	22.65	24.0	0.414	0.56	0.684	0.93	-0.02
1852.4	9262	Left	Touch	/	22.83	24.0	0.469	0.61	0.783	1.03	-0.06
1880	9400	Left	Tilt	/	22.65	24.0	0.142	0.19	0.228	0.31	0.16
1907.6	9538	Right	Touch	/	23.03	24.0	0.435	0.54	0.746	0.93	0.11
1880	9400	Right	Touch	/	22.65	24.0	0.430	0.59	0.736	1.00	-0.06
1852.4	9262	Right	Touch	Fig.9	22.83	24.0	0.517	0.68	0.846	1.11	0.10
1880	9400	Right	Tilt	/	22.65	24.0	0.170	0.23	0.291	0.40	0.07



Table 14.13: SAR Values (WCDMA1900 MHz Band-Body) - CAB1400002C2

		А	mbient ⁻	Temperature	: 22.0 °C	Liquid Ter	nperature: 2	21.6 °C		
Freque	ency	Test	Figure	Conducted	Max. tune-up	Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported	Power
				Power	•	SAR(10g)	SAR(10g)	SAR(1g)	SAR(1g)(Drift
MHz	Ch.	Position	No.	(dBm)	Power (dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	W/kg)	(dB)
1907.6	9538	Front	/	23.03	24.0	0.509	0.64	0.870	1.09	0.01
1880	9400	Front	/	22.65	24.0	0.452	0.62	0.748	1.02	0.01
1852.4	9262	Front	/	22.83	24.0	0.468	0.61	0.791	1.04	-0.04
1907.6	9538	Rear	Fig.10	23.03	24.0	0.571	0.71	0.941	1.18	-0.01
1880	9400	Rear	/	22.65	24.0	0.506	0.69	0.868	1.18	0.01
1852.4	9262	Rear	/	22.83	24.0	0.458	0.60	0.798	1.04	-0.01
1880	9400	Left	/	22.65	24.0	0.139	0.19	0.249	0.34	-0.05
1880	9400	Right	/	22.65	24.0	0.092	0.13	0.160	0.22	0.09
1907.6	9538	Bottom	/	23.03	24.0	0.436	0.55	0.802	1.00	-0.04
1880	9400	Bottom	/	22.65	24.0	0.380	0.52	0.694	0.95	0.03
1852.4	9262	Bottom	1	22.83	24.0	0.401	0.52	0.737	0.96	-0.07

Note: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

Table 14.14: SAR Values (Wi-Fi 802.11b - Head) - CAB1400002C2

			Am	bient Ter	nperature: 2	22.0°C I	iquid Temp	erature: 21.	6°C		
Freque	ency		Test	Figure	Conducted	Max. tune-up	Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported	Power
MHz Ch.	Side		No.	Power	· ·	SAR(10g)	SAR(10g)	SAR(1g)	SAR(1g)(Drift	
		Position	INO.	(dBm)	Power (dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	W/kg)	(dB)	
2437	6	Left	Touch	/	17.28	17.5	0.093	0.10	0.171	0.18	0.08
2437	6	Left	Tilt	/	17.28	17.5	0.060	0.06	0.133	0.14	0.15
2437	6	Right	Touch	Fig.11	17.28	17.5	0.180	0.19	0.364	0.38	0.04
2437	6	Right	Tilt	/	17.28	17.5	0.100	0.11	0.198	0.21	-0.10

Table 14.15: SAR Values (Wi-Fi 802.11b - Body) - CAB1400002C2

					`		• ,			
			Ambien	t Temperatu	re: 22.0 °C	Liquid Temperature: 21.6 °C				
Frequ	iency	Test	Figure	Conducted Power	Max. tune-up	Measured SAR(10g)	Reported SAR(10g)	Measured SAR(1g)	Reported SAR(1g)(Power Drift
MHz	Ch.	Position	No.	(dBm)	Power (dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	W/kg)	(dB)
2437	6	Front	/	17.28	17.5	0.030	0.03	0.054	0.06	0.12
2437	6	Rear	Fig.12	17.28	17.5	0.038	0.04	0.068	0.07	-0.18
2437	6	Left	/	17.28	17.5	0.033	0.03	0.064	0.07	0.10
2437	6	Тор	/	17.28	17.5	0.024	0.02	0.044	0.05	0.05

Note1: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.



Table 14.16: SAR Values (WCDMA1700 MHz Band - Head) - CAB1400002C1

			Aml	oient Ter	mperature: 2	.2.1°C L	Liquid Temperature: 21.7 °C				
Freque	ency		Test	Figure	Conducted	Max. tune-up	Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported	Power
		Side	Position		Power	'	SAR(10g)	SAR(10g)	SAR(1g)	SAR(1g)(Drift
MHz	Ch.		Position	No.	(dBm)	Power (dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	W/kg)	(dB)
1752.6	1513	Right	Touch	/	22.72	23.0	0.662	0.71	1.070	1.14	-0.08

Table 14.17: SAR Values (WCDMA1900 MHz Band-Body) - CAB1400002C1

		А	mbient ⁻	Temperature	: 22.0 °C	Liquid Temperature: 21.6 °C					
Freque	ency	Test	Figure	Conducted	Max. tune-up	Measured	Reported	Measured	rured Reported Pov 1g) SAR(1g)(Dr 1g) W/kg) (d	Power	
MHz	Ch.	Position	No.		Power (dBm)	SAR(10g) (W/kg)	SAR(10g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	(0/(Drift (dB)	
1907.6	9538	Rear	1	23.03	24.0	0.545	0.68	0.898	1.12	-0.09	

Note: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

14.3 SAR results for Standard procedure

There is zoom scan measurement to be added for the highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration/band.

Table 14.18: SAR Values (GSM 850 MHz Band - Head) - CAB1400002C2

			Am	bient Te	mperature: 2	22.1 °C	Liquid Temp	erature: 21	.7°C		
Frequency Side Test Figure Conducted Power Max. t					Max. tune-up	Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported	Power	
MHz	Ch.	Side	Position	No.	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	SAR(10g) (W/kg)	SAR(10g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g)(W/kg)	Drift (dB)
848.8	848.8 251 Right Touch Fig.1 32.64						0.564	0.66	0.746	0.87	0.12

Table 14.19: SAR Values (GSM 850 MHz Band-Body) - CAB1400002C2

			Ambie	nt Temp	erature: 22.	1°C Liq	uid Tempera	ture: 21.7°0	C		
Frequ	iency	Mode (number of	Test	Figure	Conducted	Max. tune-up	Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported	Power
MHz	Ch.	(number of timeslots)	Position	No.	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	SAR(10g) (W/kg)	SAR(10g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g)(W/kg)	Drift (dB)
848.8	251	GPRS (2)	Rear	Fig.2	29.82	30.5	0.655	0.77	0.900	1.05	0.00

Note: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

Table 14.20: SAR Values (GSM1900 MHz Band - Head) - CAB1400002C2

			Am	bient Ter	mperature: 2	22.0°C l	_iquid Temp	erature: 21.	6°C				
Freque	ency		Test	Figure	Conducted	Max. tune-up	Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported	Power		
Frequency Side		3.	Power	Power	wer	SAR(10g)	SAR(10g)	SAR(1g)	SAR(1g)(Drift			
MHz	Ch.		Position	No.	(dBm)	Power (dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	W/kg)	(dB)		
1909.8	810	Left	Touch	Fig.3	29.49	30.3	0.235	0.28	0.392	0.47	0.15		



Table 14.21: SAR Values (GSM 1900 MHz Band-Body) - CAB1400002C2

			Ambien	t Tempe	erature: 22.0	°C Liqu	id Tempera	ture: 21.6 °(C		
Freque	encv	Mode	Toot	Figure	Conducted	May tune un	Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported	Power
		(number of	Test	Figure	Power	Max. tune-up	SAR(10g)	SAR(10g)	SAR(1g)	SAR(1g)(Drift
MHz	Ch.	timeslots)	Position	No.	(dBm)	Power (dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	W/kg)	(dB)
1880	1880 661 GPRS (2) Bottom Fig.4 27.					28.0	0.317	0.39	0.558	0.68	0.04

Note: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

Table 14.22: SAR Values (WCDMA850 MHz Band - Head) - CAB1400002C2

			Aml	oient Ter	nperature: 2	2.1°C L	iquid Temp	erature: 21.	.7°C		
Frequency Test Figure Max. tune-up								Reported	Measured	Reported	Power
MHz	Ch.	Side	Position	No.	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	SAR(10g) (W/kg)	SAR(10g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g)(W/kg)	Drift (dB)
826.4	4132	Right	Touch	Fig.5	22.94	24.0	0.533	0.68	0.703	0.90	0.04

Table 14.23: SAR Values (WCDMA 850 MHz Band-Body) - CAB1400002C2

		,	Ambient	Temperatur	e: 22.1 °C	Liquid Ter	nperature: 2	21.7°C			
Fregu	uency	Toot	Figure	Conducted	May tupe up	Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported	Power	
. 104		Test	Figure	Power	Max. tune-up	SAR(10g)	SAR(10g)	SAR(1g)	SAR(1g)(Drift	
MHz	Ch.	Position	No.	(dBm)	Power (dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	W/kg)	(dB)	
826.4	.4 4132 Rear Fig.6 22.94 24.0		24.0	0.612	0.78	0.842	1.07	-0.01			

Note: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

Table 14.24: SAR Values (WCDMA1700 MHz Band - Head) - CAB1400002C2

				0	141400 (110					_	
			Amb	oient Ter	mperature: 2	2.1°C L	iquid Temp	erature: 21.	.7°C		
Freque	ency		Toot	Figure	Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported	Power		
· ·	•	Side	Side Test Position		Power	Max. tune-up	SAR(10g)	SAR(10g)	SAR(1g)	SAR(1g)(Drift
MHz	Ch.		Position	No.	(dBm)	Power (dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	W/kg)	(dB)
1752.6 1513 Right Touch Fig.7 22.72					22.72	23.0	0.697	0.74	1.13	1.21	0.06

Table 14.25: SAR Values (WCDMA1700 MHz Band-Body) - CAB1400002C2

-						•		<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>			
			А	mbient ⁻	Temperature	: 22.1 °C	Liquid Temp	perature: 2	1.7°C		
	Freque			Conducted		Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported	Power	
	1.0940			Figure	Power	Max. tune-up	SAR(10g)	SAR(10g)	SAR(1g)	SAR(1g)(Drift
	MHz	Ch.	Position	No.	(dBm)	Power (dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	W/kg)	(dB)
	1752.6	1513	Bottom	Fig.8	22.72	23.0	0.525	0.56	0.960	1.02	0.05

Note: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.



Table 14.26: SAR Values (WCDMA1900 MHz Band - Head) - CAB1400002C2

Ambient Temperature: 22.0 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.6 °C											
Frequ	uency		Test	Ciguro	Conducted	May tung up	Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported	Power
<u>'</u>		Side		Figure	Power	Max. tune-up	SAR(10g)	SAR(10g)	SAR(1g)	SAR(1g)(Drift
MHz	Ch.		Position	No.	(dBm)	Power (dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	W/kg)	(dB)
1852.4	9262	Right	Touch	Fig.9	22.83	24.0	0.517	0.68	0.846	1.11	0.10

Table 14.27: SAR Values (WCDMA1900 MHz Band-Body) - CAB1400002C2

		А	mbient ⁻	Temperature	Liquid Ter	nperature: 2	21.6°C			
Freque	ency	Test	Figure	Conducted Power	Max. tune-up	Measured SAR(10q)	Reported SAR(10g)	Measured SAR(1q)	Reported SAR(1g)(Power Drift
MHz	Ch.	Position	No.	(dBm)	Power (dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	W/kg)	(dB)
1907.6	9538	Rear	Fig.10	23.03	24.0	0.571	0.71	0.941	1.18	-0.01

Note: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

Table 14.28: SAR Values (Wi-Fi 802.11b - Head) - CAB1400002C2

			Am	bient Ter	nperature: 2	22.0°C l	iquid Tempe	erature: 21.	6°C		
Freque	ency		Test	Eiguro	Conducted	May tupo up	Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported	Power
	<u>, </u>	Side		Figure	Power	Max. tune-up	SAR(10g)	SAR(10g)	SAR(1g)	SAR(1g)(Drift
MHz	Ch.		Position	No.	(dBm)	Power (dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	W/kg)	(dB)
2437	6	Right	Touch	Fig.11	17.28	17.5	0.180	0.19	0.364	0.38	0.04

Table 14.29: SAR Values (Wi-Fi 802.11b - Body) - CAB1400002C2

Ambient Tem					re: 22.0 °C	Liquid Te	mperature:	21.6°C		
Frequency Test Figu		Fig	Conducted		Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported	Power	
	01103		Figure	Power	Max. tune-up	SAR(10g)	SAR(10g)	SAR(1g)	SAR(1g)(Drift
MHz	Ch.	Position	No.	(dBm)	Power (dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	W/kg)	(dB)
2437	6	Rear	Fig.12	17.28	17.5	0.038	0.04	0.068	0.07	-0.18

Note1: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.



15 SAR Measurement Variability

SAR measurement variability must be assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media are required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures should be applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium.

The following procedures are applied to determine if repeated measurements are required.

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

Table 15.1: SAR Measurement Variability for Body GSM850 (1g)

Freque	ency	Test	Spacing	Original	First	The	Second
MHz	Ch.	Position	(mm)	SAR (W/kg)	Repeated SAR (W/kg)	Ratio	Repeated SAR (W/kg)
848.8	251	Rear	10	0.900	0.867	1.04	1

Table 15.2: SAR Measurement Variability for Body WCDMA850 (1g)

Frequ	iency	Toot	Spacing	Original	First	The	Second
MHz	Ch.	- Test Position	Spacing (mm)	SAR (W/kg)	Repeated SAR (W/kg)	Ratio	Repeated SAR (W/kg)
826.4	4132	Rear	10	0.842	0.813	1.04	1

Table 15.3: SAR Measurement Variability for Head WCDMA1700 (1g)

					,		\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
Frequ	ency		Test	Original	First	The	Second
MHz	Ch.	Side	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Repeated SAR (W/kg)	Ratio	Repeated SAR (W/kg)
1752.6	1513	Right	Touch	1.13	1.11	1.02	1

Table 15.4: SAR Measurement Variability for Body WCDMA1700 (1g)

Freque	ency	Test	Spacing	Original	First	The	Second
MHz	Ch.	Position	(mm)	SAR (W/kg)	Repeated SAR (W/kg)	Ratio	Repeated SAR (W/kg)
1752.6	1513	Bottom	10	0.960	0.932	1.03	1



Table 15.5: SAR Measurement Variability for Head WCDMA1900 (1g)

					7		\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
Frequ	ency		Test	Original	First	The	Second
MHz	Ch.	Side	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Repeated SAR (W/kg)	Ratio	Repeated SAR (W/kg)
1852.4	9262	Right	Touch	0.846	0.833	1.02	1

Table 15.6: SAR Measurement Variability for Body WCDMA1900 (1g)

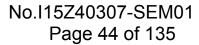
Freque MHz	ency Ch.	Test Position	Spacing (mm)	Original SAR (W/kg)	First Repeated SAR (W/kg)	The Ratio	Second Repeated SAR (W/kg)
1907.6	9538	Rear	10	0.941	0.938	1.00	/



16 Measurement Uncertainty

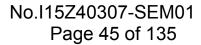
16.1 Measurement Uncertainty for Normal SAR Tests (300MHz~3GHz)

16.1 Measurement Uncertainty for Normal SAR Tests (300MHz~3GHz)										
No.	Error Description	Type	Uncertainty	Probably	Div.	(Ci)	(Ci)	Std.	Std.	Degree
			value	Distribution		1g	10g	Unc.	Unc.	of
								(1g)	(10g)	freedo
<u> </u>										m
Mea	surement system									
1	Probe calibration	В	5.5	N	1	1	1	5.5	5.5	∞
2	Isotropy	В	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9	∞
3	Boundary effect	В	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
4	Linearity	В	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
5	Detection limit	В	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	8
6	Readout electronics	В	0.3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
7	Response time	В	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5	8
8	Integration time	В	2.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.5	1.5	∞
9	RF ambient conditions-noise	В	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0	0	∞
10	RFambient conditions-reflection	В	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0	0	&
11	Probe positioned mech. restrictions	В	0.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.2	0.2	8
12	Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	В	2.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7	8
13	Post-processing	В	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
		I.	Test	sample related	1	U.	ı			
14	Test sample positioning	A	3.3	N	1	1	1	3.3	3.3	71
15	Device holder uncertainty	A	3.4	N	1	1	1	3.4	3.4	5
16	Drift of output power	В	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.9	2.9	8
			Phant	tom and set-u	p					
17	Phantom uncertainty	В	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
18	Liquid conductivity (target)	В	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	8
19	Liquid conductivity (meas.)	A	2.06	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.32	0.89	43
20	Liquid permittivity (target)	В	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
21	Liquid permittivity (meas.)	A	1.6	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.0	0.8	521





(Combined standard uncertainty	$u_c' =$	$\sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{21} c_i^2 u_i^2}$					9.25	9.12	257
_	anded uncertainty fidence interval of	ι	$u_e = 2u_c$					18.5	18.2	
16.	2 Measurement Ui	ncerta	inty for No	rmal SAR	Tests	(3~6	GHz)			
No.	Error Description	Type	Uncertainty value	Probably Distribution	Div.	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Std. Unc. (1g)	Std. Unc. (10g)	Degree of freedo
								(18)	(10g)	m
Mea	surement system									1111
1	Probe calibration	В	6.5	N	1	1	1	6.5	6.5	∞
2	Isotropy	В	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9	∞
3	Boundary effect	В	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.2	1.2	∞
4	Linearity	В	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
5	Detection limit	В	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
6	Readout electronics	В	0.3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
7	Response time	В	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5	∞
8	Integration time	В	2.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.5	1.5	∞
9	RF ambient conditions-noise	В	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0	0	∞
10	RFambient conditions-reflection	В	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0	0	∞
11	Probe positioned mech. restrictions	В	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5	∞
12	Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	В	6.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	3.9	3.9	∞
13	Post-processing	В	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
	<u> </u>	r	Test	sample related	l	1	1	1	r	
14	Test sample positioning	A	3.3	N	1	1	1	3.3	3.3	71
15	Device holder uncertainty	A	3.4	N	1	1	1	3.4	3.4	5
16	Drift of output power	В	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.9	2.9	8
			Phan	tom and set-uj	p					
17	Phantom uncertainty	В	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
18	Liquid conductivity (target)	В	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
19	Liquid conductivity (meas.)	A	2.06	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.32	0.89	43





20	Liquid permittivity (target)	В	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
21	Liquid permittivity (meas.)	A	1.6	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.0	0.8	521
(Combined standard uncertainty		$\sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{21} c_i^2 u_i^2}$					10.8	10.7	257
Expanded uncertainty (confidence interval of 95 %)		ı	$u_e = 2u_c$					21.6	21.4	

16.	3 Measurement Ui	ncerta	inty for Fa	st SAR Tes	ts (30	<u> 1000</u>	z~3G	Hz)		
No.	Error Description	Type	Uncertainty	Probably	Div.	(Ci)	(Ci)	Std.	Std.	Degree
			value	Distribution		1g	10g	Unc.	Unc.	of
								(1g)	(10g)	freedo
										m
Mea	surement system									
1	Probe calibration	В	5.5	N	1	1	1	5.5	5.5	8
2	Isotropy	В	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9	8
3	Boundary effect	В	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	8
4	Linearity	В	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7	8
5	Detection limit	В	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	8
6	Readout electronics	В	0.3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.3	0.3	8
7	Response time	В	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5	8
8	Integration time	В	2.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.5	1.5	8
9	RF ambient conditions-noise	В	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0	0	8
10	RFambient conditions-reflection	В	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0	0	8
11	Probe positioned mech. Restrictions	В	0.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.2	0.2	8
12	Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	В	2.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7	8
13	Post-processing	В	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	8
14	Fast SAR z-Approximation	В	7.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	4.0	4.0	8
			Test	sample related	ì				•	
15	Test sample positioning	A	3.3	N	1	1	1	3.3	3.3	71
16	Device holder uncertainty	A	3.4	N	1	1	1	3.4	3.4	5
17	Drift of output power	В	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.9	2.9	8



	Phantom and set-up												
18	Phantom uncertainty	В	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞			
19	Liquid conductivity (target)	В	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞			
20	Liquid conductivity (meas.)	A	2.06	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.32	0.89	43			
21	Liquid permittivity (target)	В	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞			
22	Liquid permittivity (meas.)	A	1.6	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.0	0.8	521			
(Combined standard uncertainty		$\sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{22} c_i^2 u_i^2}$					10.1	9.95	257			
Expanded uncertainty (confidence interval of 95 %)		ı	$u_e = 2u_c$					20.2	19.9				

16.4 Measurement Uncertainty for Fast SAR Tests (3~6GHz)

No.	Error Description	Type	Uncertainty	Probably	Div.	(Ci)	(Ci)	Std.	Std.	Degree				
			value	Distribution		1g	10g	Unc.	Unc.	of				
								(1g)	(10g)	freedo				
										m				
Meas	Measurement system													
1	Probe calibration	В	6.5	N	1	1	1	6.5	6.5	∞				
2	Isotropy	В	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9	∞				
3	Boundary effect	В	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.2	1.2	∞				
4	Linearity	В	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞				
5	Detection limit	В	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞				
6	Readout electronics	В	0.3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞				
7	Response time	В	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5	∞				
8	Integration time	В	2.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.5	1.5	∞				
9	RF ambient conditions-noise	В	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0	0	∞				
10	RFambient conditions-reflection	В	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0	0	8				
11	Probe positioned mech. Restrictions	В	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5	∞				
12	Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	В	6.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	3.9	3.9	8				
13	Post-processing	В	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞				
14	$ \begin{array}{ccc} Fast & SAR \\ z\text{-}Approximation $	В	14.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	8.1	8.1	8				
			Test s	sample related	l									



15	Test sample positioning	A	3.3	N	1	1	1	3.3	3.3	71			
16	Device holder uncertainty	A	3.4	N	1	1	1	3.4	3.4	5			
17	Drift of output power	В	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞			
	Phantom and set-up												
18	Phantom uncertainty	В	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞			
19	Liquid conductivity (target)	В	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞			
20	Liquid conductivity (meas.)	A	2.06	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.32	0.89	43			
21	Liquid permittivity (target)	В	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4	8			
22	Liquid permittivity (meas.)	A	1.6	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.0	0.8	521			
Combined standard uncertainty		$u_c^{'} =$	$\sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{22} c_i^2 u_i^2}$					13.3	13.2	257			
Expanded uncertainty (confidence interval of 95 %)		l	$u_e = 2u_c$					26.6	26.4				

17 MAIN TEST INSTRUMENTS

Table 17.1: List of Main Instruments

No.	Name	Туре	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Valid Period		
01	Network analyzer	E5071C	MY46110673	February 03, 2015	One year		
02	Power meter	NRVD	102196	Manah 45 0044	0		
03	Power sensor	NRV-Z5	100596	March 15,2014	One year		
04	Signal Generator	E4438C	MY49071430	February 02, 2015	One Year		
05	Amplifier	60S1G4	0331848	No Calibration Requested			
06	BTS	E5515C	MY50263375	January 30, 2015	One year		
07	E-field Probe	SPEAG EX3DV4	3846	September 24, 2014	One year		
80	DAE	SPEAG DAE4	777	September 17, 2014	One year		
09	Dipole Validation Kit	SPEAG D835V2	4d069	August 28, 2014	One year		
10	Dipole Validation Kit	SPEAG D1750V2	1003	August 18, 2014	One year		
11	Dipole Validation Kit	SPEAG D1900V2	5d101	July 23, 2014	One year		
12	Dipole Validation Kit	SPEAG D2450V2	853	July 24, 2014	One year		

END OF REPORT BODY



ANNEX A Graph Results

850 Right Cheek High

Date: 2015-2-15

Electronics: DAE4 Sn777 Medium: Head 850 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 848.8 MHz; $\sigma = 0.942$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 42.874$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.1 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.7 °C

Communication System: GSM 850 Frequency: 848.8 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3846 ConvF(9.18, 9.18, 9.18)

Cheek High/Area Scan (61x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.826 W/kg

Cheek High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.941 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.924 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.746 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.564 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.819 W/kg

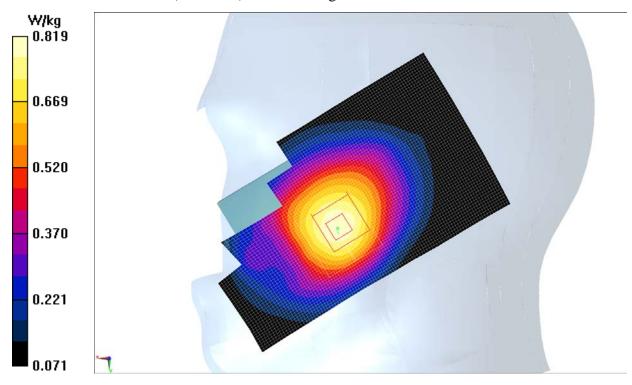


Fig.1 850MHz



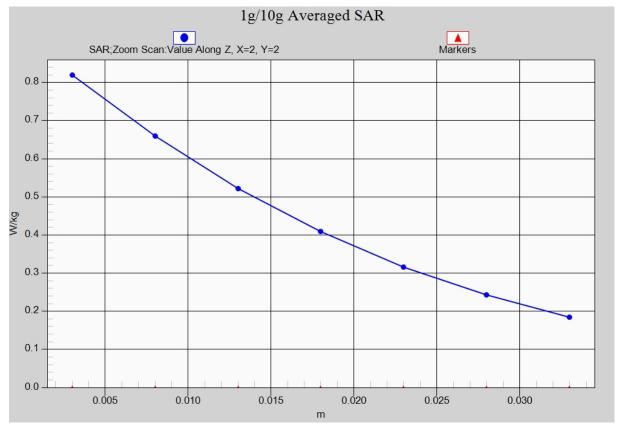


Fig. 1-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (850 MHz)



850 Body Rear High

Date: 2015-2-15

Electronics: DAE4 Sn777 Medium: Body 850 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 848.8 MHz; $\sigma = 0.992$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 55.491$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.1 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.7 °C

Communication System: GSM 850 GPRS Frequency: 848.8 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:4

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3846 ConvF(9.09, 9.09, 9.09)

Rear High/Area Scan (91x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.06 W/kg

Rear High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 29.86 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.21 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.900 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.655 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.05 W/kg

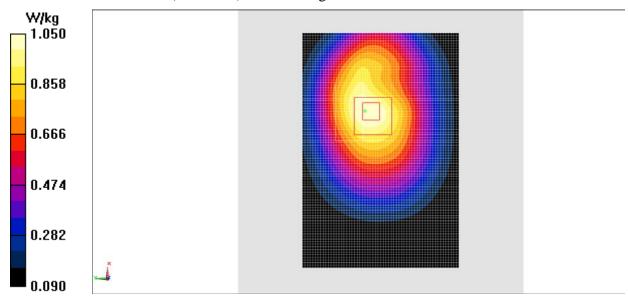


Fig.2 850 MHz



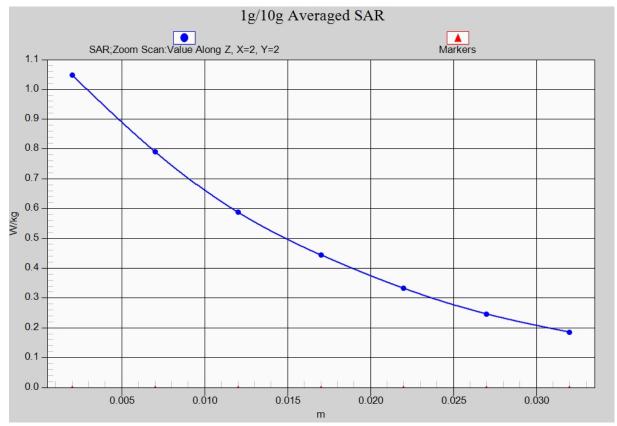


Fig. 2-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (850 MHz)



1900 Left Cheek High

Date: 2015-2-16

Electronics: DAE4 Sn777 Medium: Head 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 1910 MHz; $\sigma = 1.401$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 39.434$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.0 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.6 °C

Communication System: GSM 1900MHz Frequency: 1909.8 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3846 ConvF(7.26, 7.26, 7.26)

Cheek High/Area Scan (61x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.474 W/kg

Cheek High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.359 V/m; Power Drift = 0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.631 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.392 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.235 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.468 W/kg

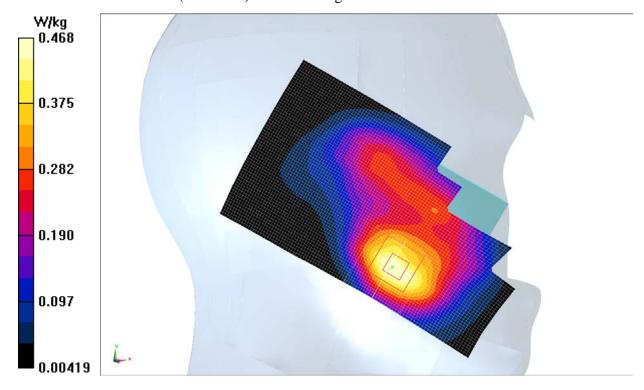


Fig.3 1900 MHz



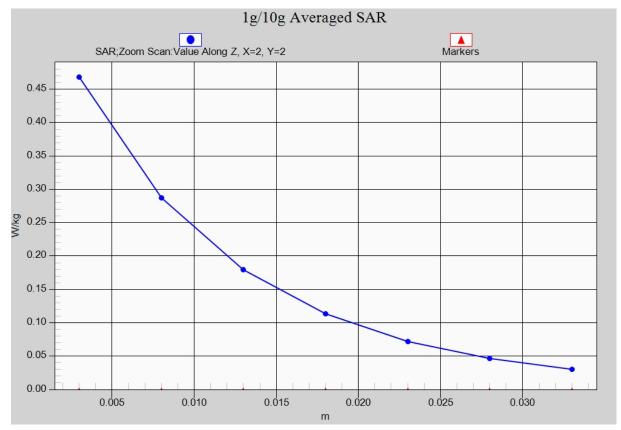


Fig. 3-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (1900 MHz)



1900 Body Bottom Middle

Date: 2015-2-16

Electronics: DAE4 Sn777 Medium: Body 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.491 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 54.568$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.0 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.6 °C

Communication System: GSM 1900MHz GPRS Frequency: 1880 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:4

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3846 ConvF(7.15, 7.15, 7.15)

Bottom Middle/Area Scan (91x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.778 W/kg

Bottom Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 20.38 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.895 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.558 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.317 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.737 W/kg

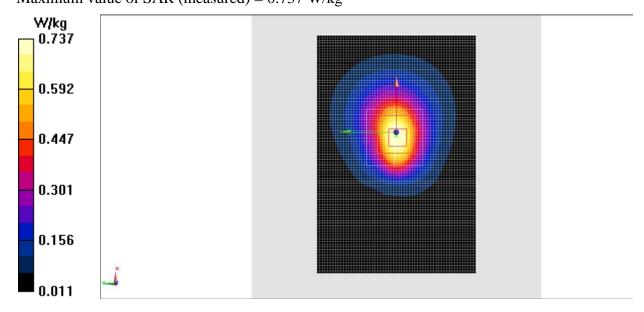


Fig.4 1900 MHz



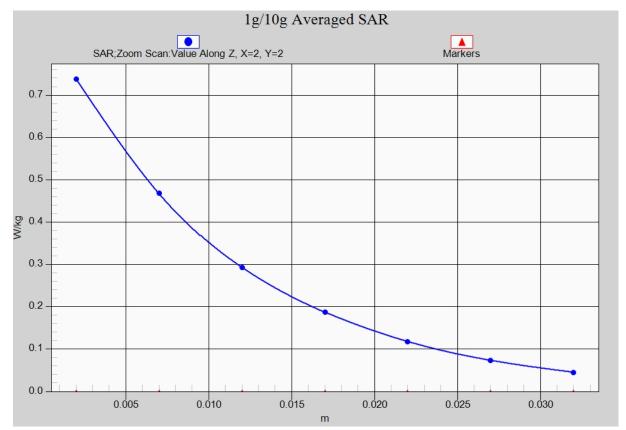


Fig.4-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (1900 MHz)



WCDMA 850 Right Cheek Low

Date: 2015-2-15

Electronics: DAE4 Sn777 Medium: Head 850 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 826.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.919$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 43.194$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 22.1 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.7 °C

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 826.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3846 ConvF(9.18, 9.18, 9.18)

Cheek Low/Area Scan (61x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.772 W/kg

Cheek Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.967 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.868 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.703 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.533 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.763 W/kg

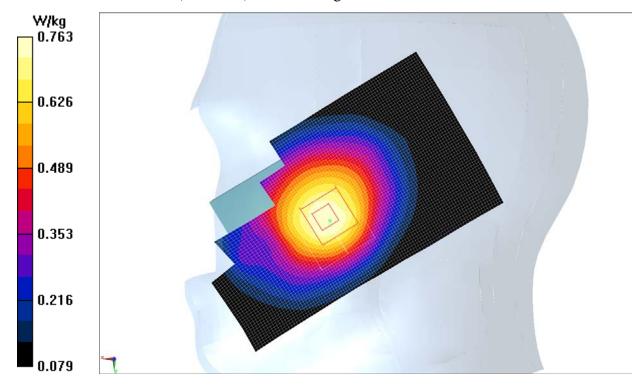


Fig.5 WCDMA 850



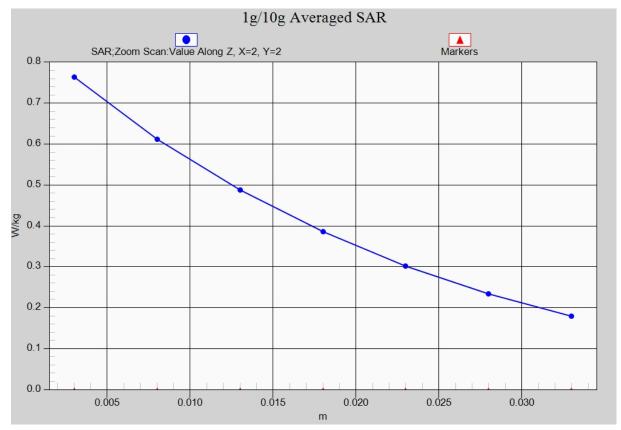


Fig. 5-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (WCDMA 850)



WCDMA 850 Body Rear Low

Date: 2015-2-15

Electronics: DAE4 Sn777 Medium: Body 850 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 826.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.97$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 55.694$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 22.1 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.7 °C

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 826.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3846 ConvF(9.09, 9.09, 9.09)

Rear Low/Area Scan (91x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.991 W/kg

Rear Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 28.07 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.14 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.842 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.612 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.987 W/kg

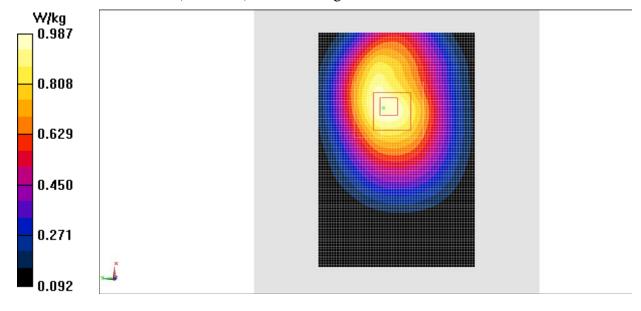


Fig.6 WCDMA 850



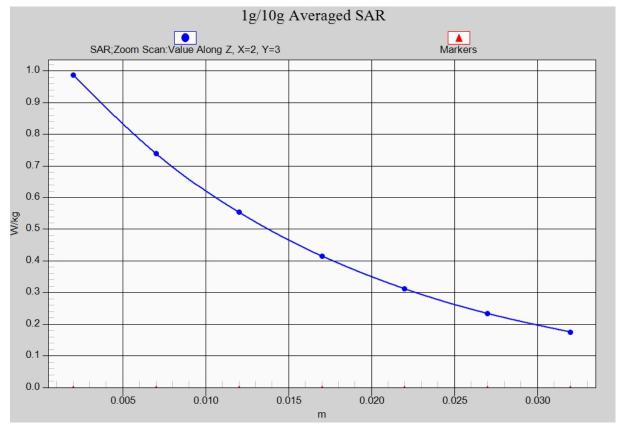


Fig. 6-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (WCDMA850)



WCDMA 1700 Right Cheek High

Date: 2015-2-14

Electronics: DAE4 Sn777 Medium: Head 1750 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1752.6 MHz; $\sigma = 1.386$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 40.876$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 22.1 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.7 °C

Communication System: WCDMA 1700 Frequency: 1752.6 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3846 ConvF(7.64, 7.64, 7.64)

Cheek High/Area Scan (61x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.31 W/kg

Cheek High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.757 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.65 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.13 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.697 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.32 W/kg

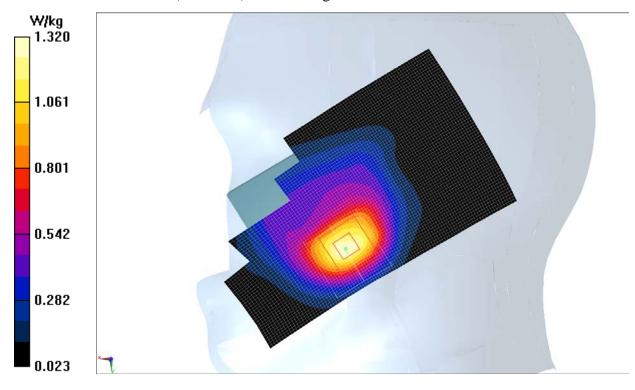


Fig.7 WCDMA1700



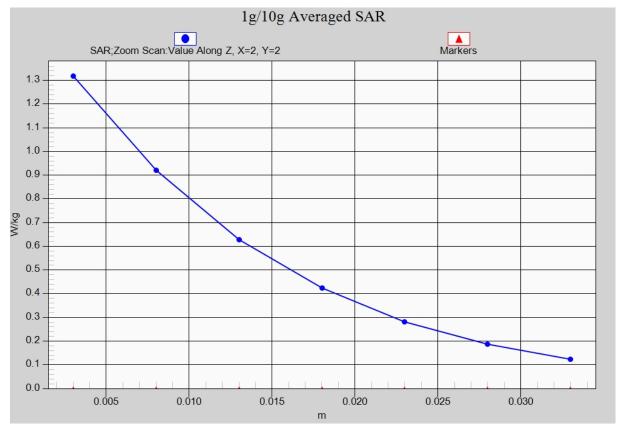


Fig. 7-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (WCDMA1700)



WCDMA 1700 Body Bottom High

Date: 2015-2-14

Electronics: DAE4 Sn777 Medium: Body 1750 MHz

Medium parameters used(interpolated): f = 1752.6 MHz; $\sigma = 1.454$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 51.691$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 22.1 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.7 °C

Communication System: WCDMA 1700 Frequency: 1752.6 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3846 ConvF(7.43, 7.43, 7.43)

Bottom High/Area Scan (91x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.19 W/kg

Bottom High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 26.20 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.60 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.960 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.525 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.16 W/kg

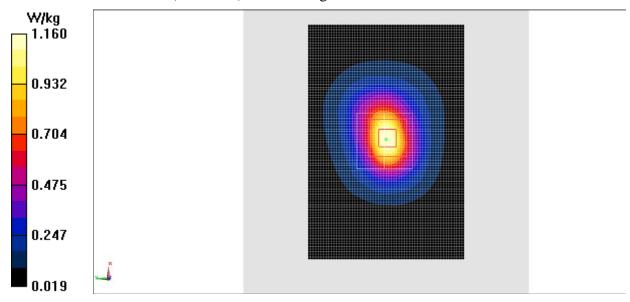


Fig.8 WCDMA1900



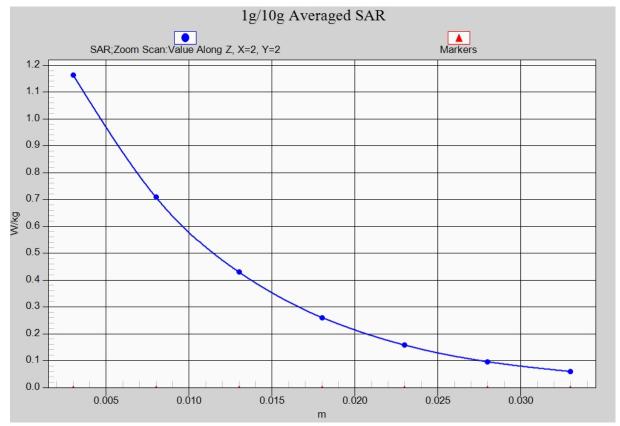


Fig. 8-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (WCDMA1900)



WCDMA 1900 Right Cheek Low

Date: 2015-2-16

Electronics: DAE4 Sn777 Medium: Head 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1852.4 MHz; $\sigma = 1.349$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 39.703$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 22.0 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.6 °C

Communication System: WCDMA 1900 Frequency: 1852.4 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3846 ConvF(7.26, 7.26, 7.26)

Cheek Low/Area Scan (61x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.964 W/kg

Cheek Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.883 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.27 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.846 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.517 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.00 W/kg

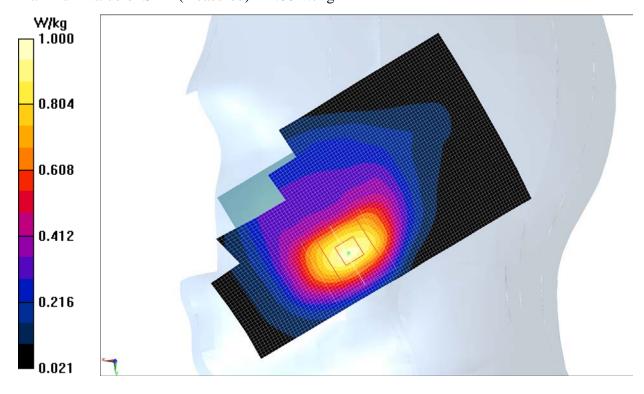


Fig.9 WCDMA1900



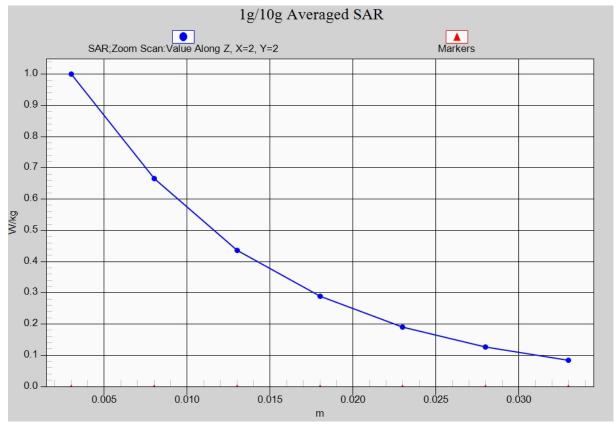


Fig. 9-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (WCDMA1900)



WCDMA 1900 Body Rear High

Date: 2015-2-16

Electronics: DAE4 Sn777 Medium: Body 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1907.6 MHz; $\sigma = 1.518$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 54.491$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 22.0 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.6 °C

Communication System: WCDMA 1900 Frequency: 1907.6 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3846 ConvF(7.15, 7.15, 7.15)

Rear High/Area Scan (91x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.34 W/kg

Rear High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 19.35 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.56 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.941 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.571 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.23 W/kg

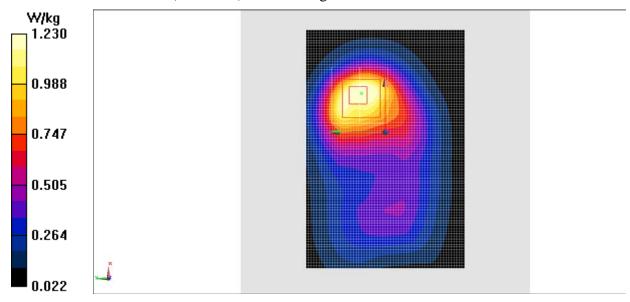


Fig.10 WCDMA1900



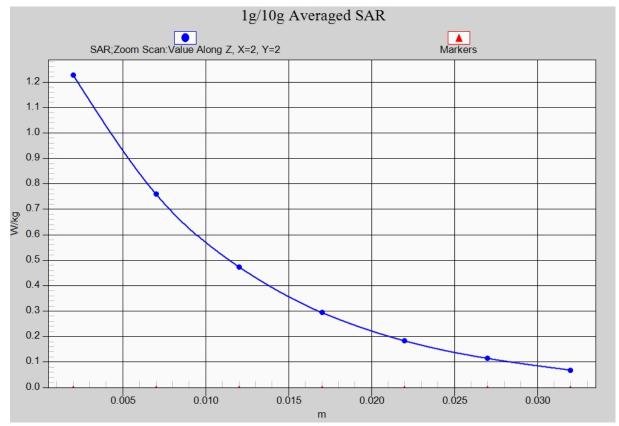


Fig. 10-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (WCDMA1900)



Wifi 802.11b Right Cheek Channel 6

Date: 2015-2-17

Electronics: DAE4 Sn777 Medium: Head 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2437 MHz; $\sigma = 1.805$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 38.842$; $\rho =$

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 22.0°C Liquid Temperature: 21.6°C

Communication System: WLan 2450 Frequency: 2437 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3846 ConvF(6.56, 6.56, 6.56)

Cheek Middle/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.439 W/kg

Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.865 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.757 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.364 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.180 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.407 W/kg

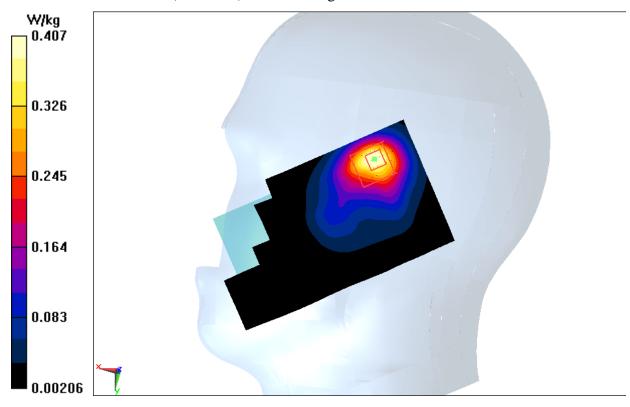


Fig.11 2450 MHz



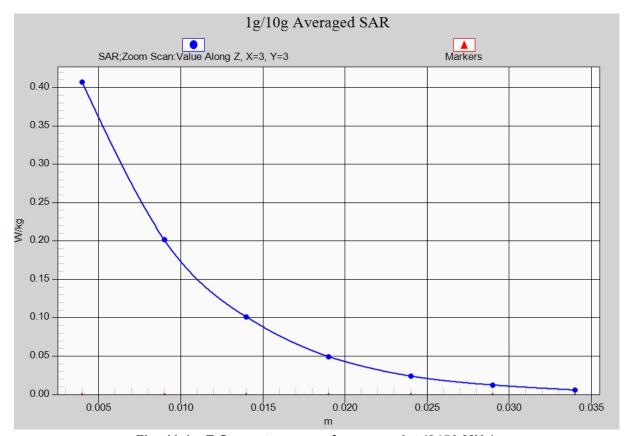


Fig. 11-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (2450 MHz)



Wifi 802.11b Body Rear Channel 6

Date: 2015-2-17

Electronics: DAE4 Sn777 Medium: Body 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2437 MHz; $\sigma = 1.966$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 51.687$; $\rho =$

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 22.0°C Liquid Temperature: 21.6°C

Communication System: WLan 2450 Frequency: 2437 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3846 ConvF(6.90, 6.90, 6.90)

Rear Middle/Area Scan (91x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0813 W/kg

Rear Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.446 V/m; Power Drift = -0.18 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.122 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.068 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.038 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0821 W/kg

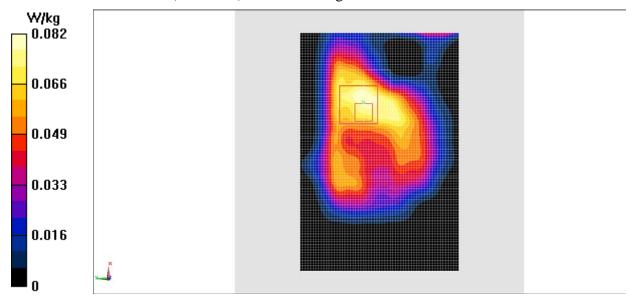


Fig.12 2450 MHz