

# No. 2013SAR00150

#### For

# **TCT Mobile Limited**

# HSUPA/HSDPA/UMTS dualband / GSM quadband mobile phone

**Mode Name: Tigris 3G** 

Marketing Name: 3075A

With

**Hardware Version: PIO** 

**Software Version: A18** 

FCC ID: RAD417

Issued Date: 2013-12-09



#### Note:

The test results in this test report relate only to the devices specified in this report. This report shall not be reproduced except in full without the written approval of TMC Beijing.

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# **Revision Version**

Report Number	Revision	Date	Memo
2013SAR00150	00	2013-12-09	Initial creation of test report



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# 1 Test Laboratory

# 1.1 Testing Location

Company Name:	TMC Beijing, Telecommunication Metrology Center of MIIT
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# **1.2 Testing Environment**

Temperature:	18°C~25 °C,
Relative humidity:	30%~ 70%
Ground system resistance:	< 0.5 Ω
Ambient noise & Reflection:	< 0.012 W/kg

# 1.3 Project Data

Project Leader:	Qi Dianyuan
Test Engineer:	Lin Xiaojun
Testing Start Date:	October 12, 2013
Testing End Date:	November 14, 2013

# 1.4 Signature

Lin Xiaojun

(Prepared this test report)

Qi Dianyuan

(Reviewed this test report)

Xiao Li

Deputy Director of the laboratory (Approved this test report)



W/kg (1g).

# 2 Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for TCT Mobile Limited HSUPA/HSDPA/UMTS dualband / GSM quadband mobile phone Tigris 3G / 3075A are as follows:

Table 2.1: Highest Reported SAR (1g)

Exposure Configuration	Technology Band	Highest Reported SAR	Equipment Class	
		1g (W/Kg)		
	GSM 850	0.63		
Head	PCS 1900	0.55	PCE	
(Separation Distance 0mm)	UMTS FDD 2	0.81	PCE	
(Separation distance offin)	UMTS FDD 5	0.64		
	WLAN 2.4 GHz	0.48	DTS	
	GSM 850	1.04		
Dody ware	PCS 1900	0.89	PCE	
Body-worn (Separation Distance 10mm)	UMTS FDD 2	1.11	POE	
(Separation Distance Tollin)	UMTS FDD 5	0.91		
	WLAN 2.4 GHz	0.34	DTS	

The SAR values found for the Mobile Phone are below the maximum recommended levels of 1.6 W/Kg as averaged over any 1g tissue according to the ANSI C95.1-1999.

For body worn operation, this device has been tested and meets FCC RF exposure guidelines when used with any accessory that contains no metal and which provides a minimum separation distance of 10 mm between this device and the body of the user. Use of other accessories may not ensure compliance with FCC RF exposure guidelines.

The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain uniform power output.

The measurement together with the test system set-up is described in annex C of this test report. A detailed description of the equipment under test can be found in chapter 4 of this test report. The highest reported SAR value is obtained at the case of **(Table 2.1)**, and the values are: **1.11** 



Table 2.2: The sum of reported SAR values for main antenna and WiFi

	Position	Main antenna	WiFi	Sum
Highest reported	Left hand, Touch cheek	0.63	0.48	1.11
SAR value for Head	Right hand, Touch cheek	0.81	0.46	1.27
Highest reported	Rear	1.11	0.34	1.45
SAR value for Body	iveai	1.11	0.54	1.43

Table 2.3: The sum of reported SAR values for main antenna and Bluetooth

	Position	Main antenna	BT*	Sum
Highest reported SAR value for Head	Right hand, Touch cheek	0.81	0.23	1.04
Highest reported SAR value for Body	Rear	1.11	0.12	1.23

BT\* - Estimated SAR for Bluetooth (see the table 13.3)

According to the above tables, the highest sum of reported SAR values is **1.45 W/kg (1g)**. The detail for simultaneous transmission consideration is described in chapter 13.



# **3 Client Information**

# 3.1 Applicant Information

Company Name:	TCT Mobile Limited
Address /Doots	5F, C building, No. 232, Liang Jing Road ZhangJiang High-Tech Park,
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# 3.2 Manufacturer Information

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Email:	zhizhou.gong@tcl.com
Telephone:	0086-21-61460890
Fax:	0086-21-61460602



# 4 Equipment Under Test (EUT) and Ancillary Equipment (AE)

### 4.1 About EUT

	1
Description:	HSUPA/HSDPA/UMTS dualband / GSM quadband mobile phone
Mode Name:	Tigris 3G
Marketing Name:	3075A
Operating mode(s):	GSM 850/900/1800/1900, WCDMA 850/1900/2100, BT, Wi-Fi
	825 – 848.8 MHz (GSM 850)
	1850.2 – 1910 MHz (GSM 1900)
Tested Tx Frequency:	826.4-846.6 MHz (WCDMA850 Band V)
	1852.4-1907.6 MHz (WCDMA1900 Band II)
	2412 – 2462 MHz (Wi-Fi 2.4G)
GPRS/EGPRS Multislot Class:	12
GPRS capability Class:	В
MCDMA Cotogony	HSDPA: 8
WCDMA Category:	HSUPA: 6
	GSM: Rel6
Release Version:	GPRS: Rel5
	UMTS: R6
Test device Production information:	Production unit
Device type:	Portable device
Antenna type:	Integrated antenna
Accessories/Body-worn configurations:	Headset
Hotspot mode:	Support simultaneous transmission of hotspot and voice(or data)
Form factor:	107 mm × 58 mm

# 4.2 Internal Identification of EUT used during the test

EUT ID*	SN or IMEI	HW Version	SW Version
EUT1	01383000000815	PIO	A18
EUT2	01383000001524	PIO	A18

<sup>\*</sup>EUT ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.

Note: It is performed to test SAR with the EUT1 and conducted power with the EUT 2

# 4.3 Internal Identification of AE used during the test

AE ID*	Description	Model	SN	Manufacturer
AE1	Battery	CAB3120000C1	/	BYD
AE2	Battery	CAB3120000C3	/	BAK
AE3	Headset	CCB3160A11C1	/	Juwei
AE4	Headset	CCB3160A11C4	/	Meihao

<sup>\*</sup>AE ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.



### **5 TEST METHODOLOGY**

#### 5.1 Applicable Limit Regulations

**ANSI C95.1–1999:** IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz.

It specifies the maximum exposure limit of **1.6 W/kg** as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue for portable devices being used within 20 cm of the user in the uncontrolled environment.

# 5.2 Applicable Measurement Standards

**IEEE 1528–2003:** Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques.

**KDB447498 D01: General RF Exposure Guidance v05r01:** Mobile and Portable Devices RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies.

KDB648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r01: SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets.

**KDB941225 D06 Hotspot Mode SAR v01r01:** SAR Evaluation Procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless Router Capabilities

KDB248227: SAR measurement procedures for 802.112abg transmitters

KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r01: SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

**KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r01:** RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations



# 6 Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

#### 6.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

#### 6.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density  $(\rho)$ . The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt}(\frac{dW}{dm}) = \frac{d}{dt}(\frac{dW}{\rho dv})$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be either related to the temperature elevation in tissue by

$$SAR = c(\frac{\delta T}{\delta t})$$

Where: C is the specific head capacity,  $\delta T$  is the temperature rise and  $\delta t$  is the exposure duration, or related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where:  $\sigma$  is the conductivity of the tissue,  $\rho$  is the mass density of tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

However for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement is typically applied.



# 7 Tissue Simulating Liquids

# 7.1 Targets for tissue simulating liquid

Table 7.1: Targets for tissue simulating liquid

Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type	Conductivity (σ)	± 5% Range	Permittivity (ε)	± 5% Range
835	Head	0.90	0.86~0.95	41.5	39.4~43.6
835	Body	0.97	0.92~1.02	55.2	52.4~58.0
1900	Head	1.40	1.33~1.47	40.0	38.0~42.0
1900	Body	1.52	1.44~1.60	53.3	50.6~56.0
2450	Head	1.80	1.71~1.89	39.2	37.2~41.2
2450	Body	1.95	1.85~2.05	52.7	50.1~55.3

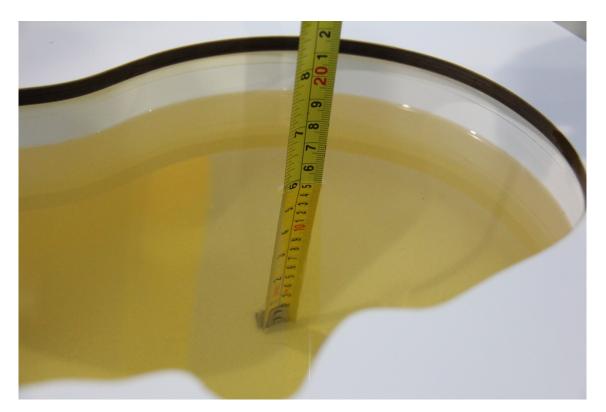
### 7.2 Dielectric Performance

**Table 7.2: Dielectric Performance of Tissue Simulating Liquid** 

Measurement Date	Type	Frequency	Permittivity	Drift	Conductivity	Drift (%)
(yyyy-mm-dd)	,		3	(%)	(%) σ (S/m)	
2013-10-12	Head	835 MHz	41.86	0.87	0.916	1.78
2013-10-12	Body	835 MHz	56.03	1.50	0.964	-0.62
2013-10-13	Head	1900 MHz	40.58	1.45	1.427	1.93
2013-10-13	Body	1900 MHz	52.36	-1.76	1.538	1.18
2012 11 11	Head	2450 MHz	40.01	2.07	1.812	0.67
2013-11-14	Body	2450 MHz	52.37	-0.63	1.958	0.41

Note: The liquid temperature is 22.0 °C



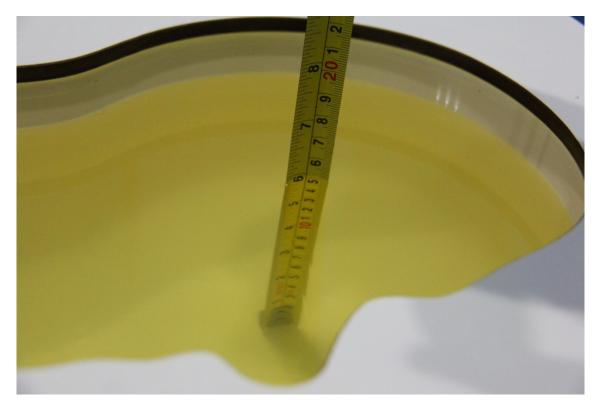


Picture 7-1: Liquid depth in the Head Phantom (835 MHz)



Picture 7-2: Liquid depth in the Flat Phantom (835 MHz)



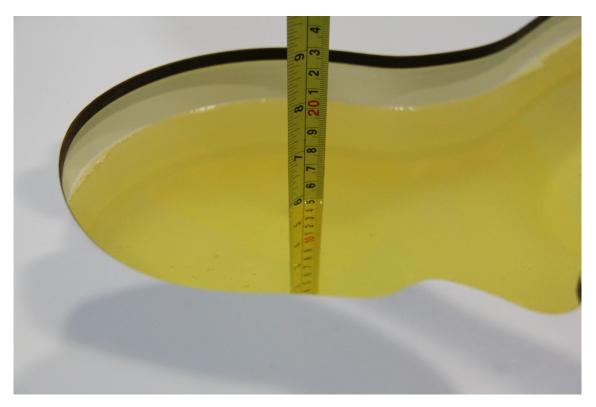


Picture 7-3: Liquid depth in the Head Phantom (1900 MHz)

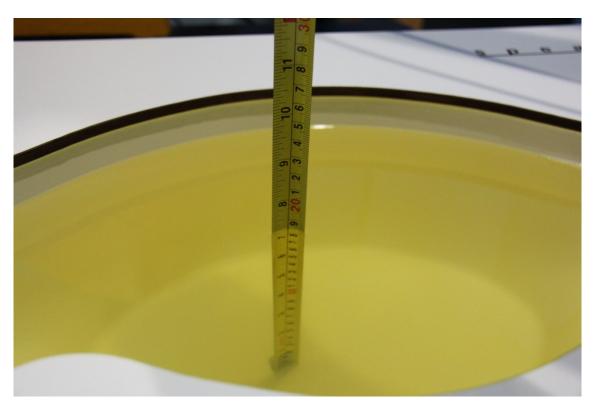


Picture 7-4 Liquid depth in the Flat Phantom (1900MHz)





Picture 7-5 Liquid depth in the Head Phantom (2450MHz)



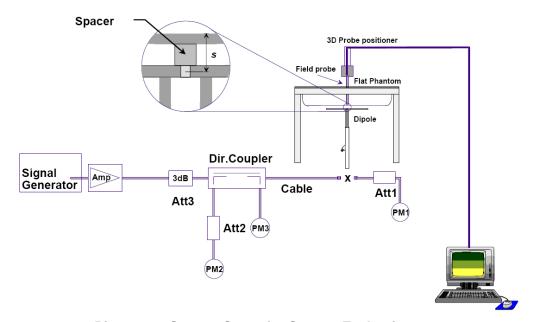
Picture 7-6 Liquid depth in the Flat Phantom (2450MHz)



# 8 System verification

# 8.1 System Setup

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the DUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave that comes from a signal generator. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The equipment setup is shown below:



Picture 8.1 System Setup for System Evaluation



**Picture 8.2 Photo of Dipole Setup** 



# 8.2 System Verification

SAR system verification is required to confirm measurement accuracy, according to the tissue dielectric media, probe calibration points and other system operating parameters required for measuring the SAR of a test device. The system verification must be performed for each frequency band and within the valid range of each probe calibration point required for testing the device.

The system verification results are required that the area scan estimated 1-g SAR is within 3% of the zoom scan 1-g SAR. The details are presented in annex B.

**Table 8.1: System Verification of Head** 

Measurement		Target val	ue (W/kg)	Measured v	Measured value (W/kg)		
Date	Frequency	10 g	1 g	10 g	1 g	10 g	1 g
(yyyy-mm-dd)		Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average
2013-10-12	835 MHz	6.16	9.44	5.96	9.16	-3.25%	-2.97%
2013-10-13	1900 MHz	21.3	40.4	20.96	39.80	-1.60%	-1.49%
2013-11-14	2450 MHz	24.9	53.4	24.52	53.20	-1.53%	-0.37%

**Table 8.2: System Verification of Body** 

Measurement		Target val	ue (W/kg)	Measured value (W/kg) Deviation			ation
Date	Frequency	10 g	1 g	10 g	1 g	10 g	1 g
(yyyy-mm-dd)		Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average
2013-10-12	835 MHz	6.20	9.40	6.28	9.52	1.29%	1.28%
2013-10-13	1900 MHz	21.9	41.3	21.32	40.80	-2.65%	-1.21%
2013-11-14	2450 MHz	23.4	50.4	23.64	52.00	1.03%	3.17%



#### 9 Measurement Procedures

#### 9.1 Tests to be performed

In order to determine the highest value of the peak spatial-average SAR of a handset, all device positions, configurations and operational modes shall be tested for each frequency band according to steps 1 to 3 below. A flowchart of the test process is shown in picture 9.1.

**Step 1**: The tests described in 9.2 shall be performed at the channel that is closest to the centre of the transmit frequency band ( $f_c$ ) for:

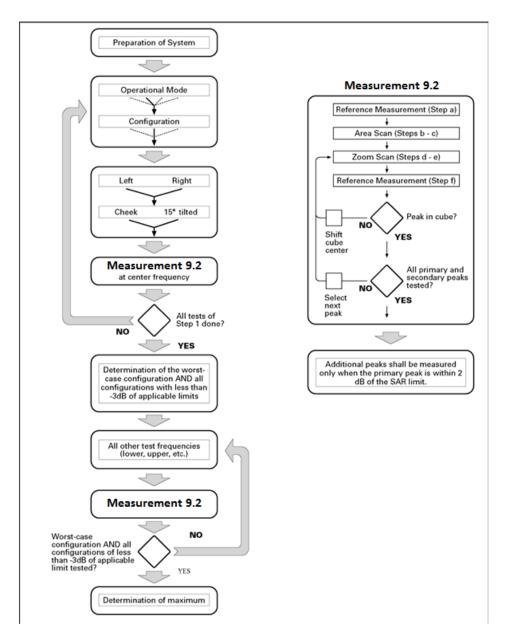
- a) all device positions (cheek and tilt, for both left and right sides of the SAM phantom, as described in annex D),
- b) all configurations for each device position in a), e.g., antenna extended and retracted, and
- c) all operational modes, e.g., analogue and digital, for each device position in a) and configuration in b) in each frequency band.

If more than three frequencies need to be tested according to 11.1 (i.e.,  $N_c > 3$ ), then all frequencies, configurations and modes shall be tested for all of the above test conditions.

**Step 2**: For the condition providing highest peak spatial-average SAR determined in Step 1, perform all tests described in 9.2 at all other test frequencies, i.e., lowest and highest frequencies. In addition, for all other conditions (device position, configuration and operational mode) where the peak spatial-average SAR value determined in Step 1 is within 3 dB of the applicable SAR limit, it is recommended that all other test frequencies shall be tested as well.

**Step 3**: Examine all data to determine the highest value of the peak spatial-average SAR found in Steps 1 to 2.





Picture 9.1 Block diagram of the tests to be performed

#### 9.2 General Measurement Procedure

The area and zoom scan resolutions specified in the table below must be applied to the SAR measurements and fully documented in SAR reports to qualify for TCB approval. Probe boundary effect error compensation is required for measurements with the probe tip closer than half a probe tip diameter to the phantom surface. Both the probe tip diameter and sensor offset distance must satisfy measurement protocols; to ensure probe boundary effect errors are minimized and the higher fields closest to the phantom surface can be correctly measured and extrapolated to the phantom surface for computing 1-g SAR. Tolerances of the post-processing algorithms must be verified by the test laboratory for the scan resolutions used in the SAR measurements, according to the reference distribution functions specified in IEEE Std 1528-2003. The results should be documented as part of the system validation records and may be requested to support test results



when all the measurement parameters in the following table are not satisfied.

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from (geometric center of pro			5 ± 1 mm	½-5-ln(2) ± 0.5 mm
Maximum probe angle f normal at the measurem	•	-	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Area}$ , $\Delta y_{Area}$			When the x or y dimension of the measurement plane orientation, measurement resolution must be dimension of the test device with point on the test device.	is smaller than the above, the e < the corresponding x or y
Maximum zoom scan sp	atial resolu	tion: $\Delta x_{Zoom}$ , $\Delta y_{Zoom}$	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*
	uniform (	grid: Δz <sub>Zoom</sub> (n)	≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded	Δz <sub>Zoom</sub> (1): between 1 <sup>st</sup> two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	grid Δz <sub>Zoom</sub> (n>1): between subsequent points		$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z	1	≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: > 22 mm

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

#### 9.3 WCDMA Measurement Procedures for SAR

The following procedures are applicable to WCDMA handsets operating under 3GPP Release99, Release 5 and Release 6. The default test configuration is to measure SAR with an established radio link between the DUT and a communication test set using a 12.2kbps RMC (reference measurement channel) configured in Test Loop Mode 1. SAR is selectively confirmed for other physical channel configurations (DPCCH & DPDCH<sub>n</sub>), HSDPA and HSPA (HSUPA/HSDPA) modes according to output power, exposure conditions and device operating capabilities. Both uplink and downlink should be configured with the same RMC or AMR, when required. SAR for Release 5 HSDPA and Release 6 HSPA are measured using the applicable FRC (fixed reference channel) and E-DCH reference channel configurations. Maximum output power is verified according to applicable versions of 3GPP TS 34.121 and SAR must be measured according to these maximum output conditions. When Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) is not implemented according to Cubic Metric (CM) requirements for Release 6 HSPA, the following procedures do not apply.

<sup>\*</sup> When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the area scan based I-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.



#### For Release 5 HSDPA Data Devices:

Sub-test	$oldsymbol{eta}_c$	$oldsymbol{eta}_d$	$\beta_d$ (SF)	$oldsymbol{eta}_c$ / $oldsymbol{eta}_d$	$oldsymbol{eta}_{hs}$	CM/dB
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0
2	12/15	15/15	64	12/15	24/25	1. 0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1. 5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1. 5

#### For Release 6 HSPA Data Devices

Sub-	$oldsymbol{eta_c}$	$eta_d$	$eta_d$	$oldsymbol{eta_c}$ / $oldsymbol{eta_d}$	$oldsymbol{eta_{hs}}$	$oldsymbol{eta_{ec}}$	$oldsymbol{eta}_{ed}$	$eta_{ed}$	$oldsymbol{eta_{ed}}$ (codes)	CM (dB)	MPR (dB)	AG Index	E-TFCI
1	11/15	15/15	64	11/15	22/15	209/225	1039/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	12/15	4	1	3. 0	2. 0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	$eta_{ed1}$ :47/15 $eta_{ed2}$ :47/15	4	2	2. 0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	4/15	56/75	4	1	3. 0	2. 0	17	71
5	15/15	15/15	64	15/15	24/15	30/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

#### 9.4 Bluetooth & Wi-Fi Measurement Procedures for SAR

Normal network operating configurations are not suitable for measuring the SAR of 802.11 transmitters in general. Unpredictable fluctuations in network traffic and antenna diversity conditions can introduce undesirable variations in SAR results. The SAR for these devices should be measured using chipset based test mode software to ensure that the results are consistent and reliable.

Chipset based test mode software is hardware dependent and generally varies among manufacturers. The device operating parameters established in a test mode for SAR measurements must be identical to those programmed in production units, including output power levels, amplifier gain settings and other RF performance tuning parameters. The test frequencies should correspond to actual channel frequencies defined for domestic use. SAR for devices with switched diversity should be measured with only one antenna transmitting at a time during each SAR measurement, according to a fixed modulation and data rate. The same data pattern should be used for all measurements.

#### 9.5 Power Drift

To control the output power stability during the SAR test, DASY4 system calculates the power drift by measuring the E-field at the same location at the beginning and at the end of the measurement for each test position. These drift values can be found in Table 14.2 to Table 14.25 labeled as: (Power Drift [dB]). This ensures that the power drift during one measurement is within 5%.



# 10 Area Scan Based 1-g SAR

#### 10.1 Requirement of KDB

According to the KDB447498 D01 v05, when the implementation is based the specific polynomial fit algorithm as presented at the 29th Bioelectromagnetics Society meeting (2007) and the estimated 1-g SAR is  $\leq$  1.2 W/kg, a zoom scan measurement is not required provided it is also not needed for any other purpose; for example, if the peak SAR location required for simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion can be determined accurately by the SAR system or manually to discriminate between distinctive peaks and scattered noisy SAR distributions from area scans.

There must not be any warning or alert messages due to various measurement concerns identified by the SAR system; for example, noise in measurements, peaks too close to scan boundary, peaks are too sharp, spatial resolution and uncertainty issues etc. The SAR system verification must also demonstrate that the area scan estimated 1-g SAR is within 3% of the zoom scan 1-g SAR (See Annex B). When all the SAR results for each exposure condition in a frequency band and wireless mode are based on estimated 1-g SAR, the 1-g SAR for the highest SAR configuration must be determined by a zoom scan.

### 10.2 Fast SAR Algorithms

The approach is based on the area scan measurement applying a frequency dependent attenuation parameter. This attenuation parameter was empirically determined by analyzing a large number of phones. The MOTOROLA FAST SAR was developed and validated by the MOTOROLA Research Group in Ft. Lauderdale.

In the initial study, an approximation algorithm based on Linear fit was developed. The accuracy of the algorithm has been demonstrated across a broad frequency range (136-2450 MHz) and for both 1- and 10-g averaged SAR using a sample of 264 SAR measurements from 55 wireless handsets. For the sample size studied, the root-mean-squared errors of the algorithm are 1.2% and 5.8% for 1- and 10-g averaged SAR, respectively. The paper describing the algorithm in detail is expected to be published in August 2004 within the Special Issue of Transactions on MTT.

In the second step, the same research group optimized the fitting algorithm to an Polynomial fit whereby the frequency validity was extended to cover the range 30-6000MHz. Details of this study can be found in the BEMS 2007 Proceedings.

Both algorithms are implemented in DASY software.



# **11 Conducted Output Power**

# 11.1 Manufacturing tolerance

Table 11.1: GSM Speech

	GSM 850						
Channel	Channel 251	Channel 190	Channel 128				
Target (dBm)	32.3	32.3	32.3				
Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	0.5	0.5	0.5				
	GSM	1 1900					
Channel	Channel 810	Channel 661	Channel 512				
Target (dBm)	29.3	29.3	29.3				
Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	0.5	0.5	0.5				

Table 11.2: GPRS and EGPRS

Table 11.2: GPRS and EGPRS						
		GSM 850 GPRS (GM	/ISK)			
	Channel	251	190	128		
1 Txslot	Target (dBm)	32.3	32.3	32.3		
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	0.5	0.5	0.5		
2 Txslots	Target (dBm)	29.5	29.5	29.5		
2 1 / 31013	Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	0.5	0.5	0.5		
3Txslots	Target (dBm)	28.5	28.5	28.5		
31 851015	Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	0.5	0.5	0.5		
4 Txslots	Target (dBm)	27.0	27.0	27.0		
4 1 / 510(5	Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	0.5	0.5	0.5		
	(	GSM 850 EGPRS (GI	MSK)			
	Channel	251	190	128		
1 Txslot	Target (dBm)	32.3	32.3	32.3		
1 1 XSIOL	Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	0.5	0.5	0.5		
2 Txslots	Target (dBm)	29.5	29.5	29.5		
2 1 1 1010	Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	0.5	0.5	0.5		
3Txslots	Target (dBm)	28.5	28.5	28.5		
31 X51015	Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	0.5	0.5	0.5		
4 Txslots	Target (dBm)	27.0	27.0	27.0		
4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	0.5	0.5	0.5		
		GSM 1900 GPRS (GI	MSK)			
	Channel	810	661	512		
1 Txslot	Target (dBm)	29.3	29.3	29.3		
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	0.5	0.5	0.5		
2 Txslots	Target (dBm)	26.5	26.5	26.5		
Z 1 / 310(3	Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	0.5	0.5	0.5		
3Txslots	Target (dBm)	25.5	25.5	25.5		
31731013	Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	0.5	0.5	0.5		



4 Txslots	Target (dBm)	24.2	24.2	24.2
4 1 XS101S	Tolerance ±(dB)	0.5	0.5	0.5
	C	SSM 1900 EGPRS (G	MSK)	
	Channel	810	661	512
1 Txslot	Target (dBm)	29.3	29.3	29.3
1 1 X SIOL	Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	0.5	0.5	0.5
2 Txslots	Target (dBm)	26.5	26.5	26.5
2 1 851015	Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	0.5	0.5	0.5
3Txslots	Target (dBm)	25.5	25.5	25.5
31 X51015	Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	0.5	0.5	0.5
4 Txslots	Target (dBm)	24.2	24.2	24.2
4 1 351015	Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	0.5	0.5	0.5

# Table 11.3: WCDMA

	Tubic III.	J. 1105 III/ (								
	WCDM	A 850 CS								
Channel	Channel 4233	Channel 4182	Channel 4132							
Target (dBm)	23	23	23							
Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	0.5	0.5	0.5							
HSUPA (sub-test 1)										
Channel	Channel 4233	Channel 4182	Channel 4132							
Target (dBm)	21	21	21							
Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	0.6	0.6	0.6							
	HSUPA (	sub-test 2)								
Channel	Channel 4233	Channel 4182	Channel 4132							
Target (dBm)	20	20	20							
Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	0.6	0.6	0.6							
	HSUPA (	sub-test 3)								
Channel	Channel 4233	Channel 4182	Channel 4132							
Target (dBm)	20.5	20.5	20.5							
Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	0.6	0.6	0.6							
	HSUPA (	sub-test 4)								
Channel	Channel 4233	Channel 4182	Channel 4132							
Target (dBm)	21	21	21							
Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	0.6	0.6	0.6							
	HSUPA (	sub-test 5)								
Channel	Channel 4233	Channel 4182	Channel 4132							
Target (dBm)	23	23	23							
Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	0.6	0.6	0.6							
	WCDMA	1900 CS								
Channel	Channel 9538	Channel 9400	Channel 9262							
Target (dBm)	21.5	22	22							
Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	0.5	0.5	0.5							



HSUPA (sub-test 1)							
Channel	Channel 9538	Channel 9400	Channel 9262				
Target (dBm)	19.7	19.7	19.7				
Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)	0.6	0.6	0.6				
	HSUPA (	sub-test 2)					
Channel	Channel 9538	Channel 9400	Channel 9262				
Target (dBm)	18.5	18.5	18.5				
Tolerance ±(dB)	0.6	0.6	0.6				
	HSUPA (	sub-test 3)					
Channel	Channel 9538	Channel 9400	Channel 9262				
Target (dBm)	19.3	19.3	19.3				
Tolerance ±(dB)	0.6	0.6	0.6				
	HSUPA (	sub-test 4)					
Channel	Channel 9538	Channel 9400	Channel 9262				
Target (dBm)	19.8	19.8	19.8				
Tolerance ±(dB)	0.6	0.6	0.6				
	HSUPA (	sub-test 5)					
Channel	Channel 9538	Channel 9400	Channel 9262				
Target (dBm)	21.7	21.7	21.7				
Tolerance ±(dB)	0.6	0.6	0.6				

### Table 11.4: Bluetooth

Mode	Target (dBm)	Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)
GFSK	6.5	1
EDR2M-4_DQPSK	6.5	1
EDR3M-8DPSK	6.5	1

# Table 11.5: WiFi

Mode	Target (dBm)	Tolerance $\pm$ (dB)
802.11 b (2.4GHz)	18.5	1
802.11 g (2.4GHz)	14	1
802.11 n (2.4GHz HT20) MCS0-MCS3	11	1
802.11 n (2.4GHz HT20) MCS4-MCS7	9.8	1



#### 11.2 GSM Measurement result

During the process of testing, the EUT was controlled via Agilent Digital Radio Communication tester (E5515C) to ensure the maximum power transmission and proper modulation. This result contains conducted output power for the EUT. In all cases, the measured peak output power should be greater and within 5% than EMI measurement.

Table 11.6: The conducted power measurement results for GSM850/1900

GSM	Conducted Power (dBm)						
850MHz	Channel 251(848.8MHz)	Channel 190(836.6MHz)	Channel 128(824.2MHz)				
85010107	32.13	32.15	32.11				
CCM		Conducted Power (dBm)					
GSM	Channel 810(1909.8MHz)	Channel 661(1880MHz)	Channel 512(1850.2MHz)				
1900MHz  -	29.07	29.11	29.18				

Table 11.7: The conducted power measurement results for GPRS and EGPRS

GSM 850	Measu	ured Power	(dBm)	calculation	Averaged Power (dBm)		
GPRS (GMSK)	251	190	128		251	190	128
1 Txslot	32.14	32.16	32.12	-9.03dB	23.11	23.13	23.09
2 Txslots	29.49	29.46	29.39	-6.02dB	23.47	23.44	23.37
3Txslots	28.54	28.53	28.48	-4.26dB	24.28	24.27	24.22
4 Txslots	27.09	27.06	26.98	-3.01dB	24.08	24.05	23.97
GSM 850	Measu	red Power	(dBm)	calculation	Avera	ged Power	(dBm)
EGPRS (GMSK)	251	190	128		251	190	128
1 Txslot	32.12	32.15	32.11	-9.03dB	23.09	23.12	23.08
2 Txslots	29.47	29.44	29.40	-6.02dB	23.45	23.42	23.38
3Txslots	28.55	28.51	28.47	-4.26dB	24.29	24.25	24.21
4 Txslots	27.09	27.07	27.00	-3.01dB	24.08	24.06	23.99
PCS1900	Measu	red Power	(dBm)	calculation	Averaged Power (dBm)		
GPRS (GMSK)	810	661	512		810	661	512
1 Txslot	29.11	29.14	29.21	-9.03dB	20.08	20.11	20.18
2 Txslots	26.45	26.47	26.51	-6.02dB	20.43	20.45	20.49
3Txslots	25.64	25.66	25.67	-4.26dB	21.38	21.40	21.41
4 Txslots	24.21	24.20	24.20	-3.01dB	21.20	21.19	21.19
PCS1900	Measu	red Power	(dBm)	calculation	Avera	ged Power	(dBm)
EGPRS (GMSK)	810	661	512		810	661	512
1 Txslot	29.11	29.15	29.21	-9.03dB	20.08	20.12	20.18
2 Txslots	26.46	26.47	26.52	-6.02dB	20.44	20.45	20.50
3Txslots	25.65	25.67	25.68	-4.26dB	21.39	21.41	21.42
4 Txslots	24.21	24.22	24.21	-3.01dB	21.20	21.21	21.20

NOTES:

To average the power, the division factor is as follows:

1TX-slot = 1 transmit time slot out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/1) => -9.03dB

2TX-slots = 2 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/2) => -6.02dB

<sup>1)</sup> Division Factors



3TX-slots = 3 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/3) => -4.26dB 4TX-slots = 4 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/4) => -3.01dB

According to the conducted power as above, the body measurements are performed with 3Txslots for GPRS and EGPRS.

Note: According to the KDB941225 D03, "when SAR tests for EDGE or EGPRS mode is necessary, GMSK modulation should be used".

#### 11.3 WCDMA Measurement result

Table 11.8: The conducted Power for WCDMA850/1900

	1	The conducted Fowe		<u> </u>		
Item	band		FDDV result			
iteiii	ARFCN	4233 (846.6MHz)	4182 (836.4MHz)	4132 (826.4MHz)		
WCDMA	\	22.71	22.85	22.99		
	1	20.99	20.86	21.17		
	2	20,01	19.85	20.18		
HSUPA	3	20.51	20.36	20.67		
	4	20.98	20.82	21.18		
	5	22.95	22.95 22.80			
ltom	band	FDDII result				
Item	ARFCN	9538 (1907.6MHz)	9400 (1880MHz)	9262 (1852.4MHz)		
WCDMA	١	21.44	21.37	21.68		
	1	19.81	19.53	19.96		
	2	18.00	18.57	18.96		
HSUPA	3	19.30	19.06	19.48		
	4	19.81	19.58	20.00		
	5	21.67	21.52	21.91		

**Note:** HSUPA body SAR for WCDMA850/1900 are not required, because maximum average output power of each RF channel with HSUPA active is not 1/4 dB higher than that measured without HSUPA and the maximum SAR for WCDMA850/1900 are not above 75% of the SAR limit.

#### 11.4 Wi-Fi and BT Measurement result

The output power of BT antenna is as following:

Mode	Conducted Power (dBm)					
iviode	Channel 0 (2402MHz) Channel 39 (2441MHz)		Channel 78 (2480MHz)			
GFSK	6.16	7.17	7.40			
EDR2M-4_DQPSK	5.94	6.94	7.18			
EDR3M-8DPSK	6.13	7.14	7.38			



# The average conducted power for Wi-Fi is as following: 802.11b (dBm)

Channel\data rate	1Mbps	2Mbps	5.5Mbps	11Mbps
1	18.31	18.36	18.46	18.47
6	18.53	18.56	18.67	18.65
11	18.89	18.90	19.11	19.02

# 802.11g (dBm)

Channel\dat	6Mbps	9Mbps	12Mbps	18Mbps	24Mbps	36Mbps	48Mbps	54Mbps
a rate								
1	14.16	14.06	14.05	14.11	13.95	13.92	13.98	13.94
6	14.37	14.35	14.32	14.38	14.23	14.20	14.26	14.24
11	14.76	14.77	14.75	14.81	14.66	14.63	14.68	14.63

# 802.11n (dBm) - HT20 (2.4G)

Channel\data rate	MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7
1	11.21	10.93	10.50	10.25	9.81	9.52	9.34	9.12
6	11.31	11.20	10.94	10.52	10.13	9.82	9.45	9.31
11	11.73	11.11	10.55	10.30	10.44	10.11	9.80	9.40

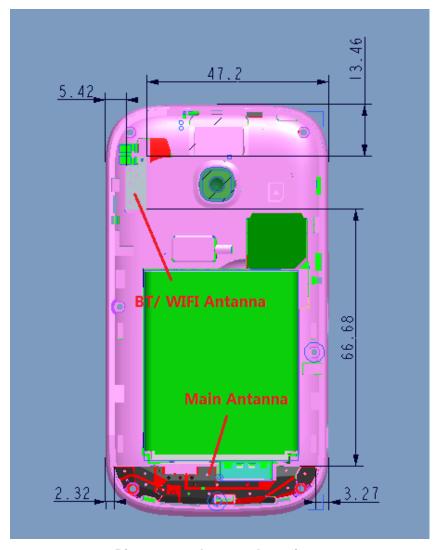


# 12 Simultaneous TX SAR Considerations

#### 12.1 Introduction

The following procedures adopted from "FCC SAR Considerations for Cell Phones with Multiple Transmitters" are applicable to handsets with built-in unlicensed transmitters such as 802.11 a/b/g and Bluetooth devices which may simultaneously transmit with the licensed transmitter. For this device, the BT and Wi-Fi can transmit simultaneous with other transmitters.

# 12.2 Transmit Antenna Separation Distances



**Picture 12.1 Antenna Locations** 



#### 12.3 SAR Measurement Positions

According to the KDB941225 D06 Hot Spot SAR v01, the edges with less than 2.5 cm distance to the antennas need to be tested for SAR.

SAR measurement positions							
Mode Front Rear Left edge Right edge Top edge Bottom edge							
Main antenna	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	
WLAN Yes Yes No Yes Yes No							

#### 12.4 Standalone SAR Test Exclusion Considerations

Standalone 1-g head or body SAR evaluation by measurement or numerical simulation is not required when the corresponding SAR Exclusion Threshold condition, listed below, is satisfied. The 1-g SAR test exclusion threshold for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)]  $\cdot$  [ $\sqrt{f(GHz)}$ ]  $\leq$  3.0 for 1-g SAR, where

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Table 12.1: Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations

Band/Mode	F(GHz)	Position	SAR test exclusion		utput wer	SAR test exclusion
			threshold (mW)	dBm	mW	
Bluetooth	2.441	Head	9.60	7.40	5.50	Yes
Diuelootii	2.441	Body	19.20	7.40	5.50	Yes
2.4GHz WLAN 802.11 b	2.45	Head	9.58	19.19	82.99	No
2.4GHZ WLAN 602.11 D	2.40	Body	19.17	19.19	82.99	No



### 13 Evaluation of Simultaneous

Table 13.1: The sum of reported SAR values for main antenna and WiFi

	Position	Main antenna	WiFi	Sum
Highest reported	Left hand, Touch cheek	0.63	0.48	1.11
SAR value for Head	Right hand, Touch cheek	0.81	0.46	1.27
Highest reported SAR value for Body	Rear	1.11	0.34	1.45

Table 13.2: The sum of reported SAR values for main antenna and Bluetooth

	Position	Main antenna	BT*	Sum
Highest reported SAR value for Head	Right hand, Touch cheek	0.81	0.23	1.04
Highest reported SAR value for Body	Rear	1.11	0.12	1.23

BT\* - Estimated SAR for Bluetooth (see the table 13.3)

Table 13.3: Estimated SAR for Bluetooth

Desition	E (CH-)	Distance (mm)	Upper limi	Estimated <sub>1g</sub>	
Position	F (GHz)	Distance (mm)	dBm	mW	(W/kg)
Head	2.441	5	7.5	5.62	0.23
Body	2.441	10	7.5	5.62	0.12

<sup>\* -</sup> Maximum possible output power declared by manufacturer

When standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]·[ $\sqrt{f(GHz)/x}$ ] W/kg for test separation distances  $\leq$  50 mm; where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR.

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion

#### Conclusion:

According to the above tables, the sum of reported SAR values is < 1.6W/kg. So the simultaneous transmission SAR with volume scans is not required.



### 14 SAR Test Result

It is determined by user manual for the distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom. The distance is 10mm and just applied to the condition of body worn accessory.

It is performed for all SAR measurements with area scan based 1-g SAR estimation (Fast SAR). A zoom scan measurement is added when the estimated 1-g SAR is the highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination or > 1.2W/kg. The calculated SAR is obtained by the following formula:

Reported SAR = Measured SAR  $\times 10^{(P_{Target}-P_{Measured})/10}$ 

Where P<sub>Target</sub> is the power of manufacturing upper limit;

P<sub>Measured</sub> is the measured power in chapter 11.

Table 14.1: Duty Cycle

Mode	Duty Cycle
Speech for GSM850/1900	1:8.3
GPRS&EGPRS for GSM850/1900	1:2.67
WCDMA850/1900 &WiFi	1:1

### 14.1 The evaluation of multi-batteries

We'll perform the head measurement in all bands with the primary battery depending on the evaluation of multi-batteries and retest on highest value point with other batteries. Then, repeat the measurement in the Body test.

Table 14.2: The evaluation of multi-batteries for Head Test

Freque	ency	Mode/Band	Side	Test	Pottory Type	SAR(1g)	Power
MHz	Ch.	IVIOUE/Danu	Side	Position	Battery Type	(W/kg)	Drift(dB)
1852.4	9262	WCDMA1900	Right	Touch	CAB3120000C1	0.614	0.14
1852.4	9262	WCDMA1900	Right	Touch	CAB3120000C3	0.670	-0.13

Note: According to the values in the above table, the battery, CAB3120000C3, is the primary battery. We'll perform the head measurement with this battery and retest on highest value point with others.

Table 14.3: The evaluation of multi-batteries for Body Test

Freque	ency	Mode/Band	Test	Spacing	Pattory Type	SAR(1g)	Power
MHz	Ch.	Mode/Barid	Position	(mm)	Battery Type	(W/kg)	Drift(dB)
824.2	128	GSM 850 Rear		10	CAB3120000C1	0.839	0.07
824.2	128	GSM 850	Rear	10	CAB3120000C3	0.920	-0.02

Note: According to the values in the above table, the battery, CAB3120000C3, is the primary battery. We'll perform the Body measurement with this battery and retest on highest value point with others.



### 14.2 SAR results for Fast SAR

### Table 14.4: SAR Values (GSM 850 MHz Band - Head) - CAB3120000C3

				Ambient	Temperature	: 22.5 °C L	iquid Tempera	ture: 22.0 °C			
Frequ	ency		Test	Figure	Conducted	Max. tune-up	Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported	Power
		Side			Power	· ·	SAR(10g)	SAR(10g)	SAR(1g)	SAR(1g)	Drift
MHz	Ch.		Position	No.	(dBm)	Power (dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(dB)
848.8	251	Left	Touch	/	32.13	32.8	0.353	0.41	0.516	0.60	-0.02
836.6	190	Left	Touch	Fig.1	32.15	32.8	0.409	0.48	0.546	0.63	-0.12
824.2	128	Left	Touch	/	32.11	32.8	0.351	0.41	0.510	0.60	-0.02
848.8	251	Left	Tilt	/	32.13	32.8	0.201	0.23	0.290	0.34	0.02
836.6	190	Left	Tilt	/	32.15	32.8	0.215	0.25	0.309	0.36	0.02
824.2	128	Left	Tilt	/	32.11	32.8	0.198	0.23	0.286	0.34	-0.03
848.8	251	Right	Touch	/	32.13	32.8	0.354	0.41	0.520	0.61	0.01
836.6	190	Right	Touch	/	32.15	32.8	0.400	0.46	0.541	0.63	0.03
824.2	128	Right	Touch	/	32.11	32.8	0.342	0.40	0.501	0.59	-0.09
848.8	251	Right	Tilt	/	32.13	32.8	0.204	0.24	0.296	0.35	-0.04
836.6	190	Right	Tilt	/	32.15	32.8	0.206	0.24	0.300	0.35	-0.04
824.2	128	Right	Tilt	/	32.11	32.8	0.191	0.22	0.276	0.32	0.05

# Table 14.5: SAR Values (GSM 850 MHz Band - Body) -CAB3120000C3

			An	nbient Ter	mperature: 22	.5°C Liqui	d Temperature	e: 22.0 °C			
Frequ	ency	Mode (number of	Test	Figure	Conducted Power	Max. tune-up	Measured SAR(10g)	Reported SAR(10g)	Measured SAR(1g)	Reported SAR(1g)	Power Drift
MHz	Ch.	timeslots)	Position	No.	(dBm)	Power (dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(dB)
836.6	190	GPRS (3)	Front	/	28.53	29	0.389	0.43	0.563	0.63	-0.03
848.8	251	GPRS (3)	Rear	/	28.54	29	0.589	0.65	0.825	0.92	-0.04
836.6	190	GPRS (3)	Rear	/	28.53	29	0.648	0.72	0.911	1.02	-0.11
824.2	128	GPRS (3)	Rear	Fig.2	28.48	29	0.652	0.73	0.920	1.04	-0.02
836.6	190	GPRS (3)	Left	/	28.53	29	0.311	0.35	0.457	0.51	-0.17
836.6	190	GPRS (3)	Right	/	28.53	29	0.293	0.33	0.433	0.48	-0.10
836.6	190	GPRS (3)	Bottom	/	28.53	29	0.055	0.06	0.087	0.10	-0.01
848.8	128	EGPRS (3)	Rear	/	28.47	29	0.630	0.71	0.886	1.00	-0.13
848.8	128	Speech	Rear Headset1	/	32.11	32.8	0.409	0.48	0.602	0.71	0.02
848.8	128	Speech	Rear Headset2	/	32.11	32.8	0.459	0.54	0.669	0.78	0.02

Note1: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

Note2: The Headset1 is CCB3160A11C1, the Headset2 is CCB3160A11C4.

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# Table 14.6: SAR Values (GSM 1900 MHz Band - Head) -CAB3120000C3

				Ambient	Temperature:	22.6 °C L	iquid Tempera	ture: 22.1 °C			
Freque	ency		Test	Figure	Conducted	Max. tune-up	Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported	Power
		Side	Position		Power	_	SAR(10g)	SAR(10g)	SAR(1g)	SAR(1g)	Drift
MHz	Ch.		Position	No.	(dBm)	Power (dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(dB)
1909.8	810	Left	Touch	/	29.07	29.8	0.252	0.30	0.394	0.47	0.02
1880	661	Left	Touch	/	29.11	29.8	0.226	0.26	0.378	0.44	0.04
1850.2	512	Left	Touch	/	29.18	29.8	0.212	0.24	0.353	0.41	-0.12
1909.8	810	Left	Tilt	/	29.07	29.8	0.129	0.15	0.223	0.26	-0.12
1880	661	Left	Tilt	/	29.11	29.8	0.118	0.14	0.202	0.24	-0.04
1850.2	512	Left	Tilt	/	29.18	29.8	0.105	0.12	0.179	0.21	-0.02
1909.8	810	Right	Touch	Fig.3	29.07	29.8	0.288	0.34	0.464	0.55	-0.01
1880	661	Right	Touch	/	29.11	29.8	0.263	0.31	0.453	0.53	0.02
1850.2	512	Right	Touch	/	29.18	29.8	0.246	0.28	0.422	0.49	-0.03
1909.8	810	Right	Tilt	/	29.07	29.8	0.135	0.16	0.237	0.28	-0.02
1880	661	Right	Tilt	/	29.11	29.8	0.127	0.15	0.223	0.26	0.03
1850.2	512	Right	Tilt	/	29.18	29.8	0.110	0.13	0.193	0.22	0.06

# Table 14.7: SAR Values (GSM 1900 MHz Band - Body) -CAB3120000C3

			Ambi	ent Temp	erature: 22.6°	C Liquid T	emperature:	22.1 °C			
Freque	ency	Mode	Test	Figure	Conducted	Max. tune-up	Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported	Power
	1	(number of			Power	-	SAR(10g)	SAR(10g)	SAR(1g)	SAR(1g)	Drift
MHz	Ch.	timeslots)	Position	No.	(dBm)	Power (dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(dB)
1880	661	GPRS (3)	Front	/	25.66	26	0.222	0.24	0.384	0.42	0.04
1909.8	810	GPRS (3)	Rear	Fig.4	25.64	26	0.470	0.51	0.815	0.89	0.11
1880	661	GPRS (3)	Rear	/	25.66	26	0.366	0.40	0.658	0.71	-0.02
1850.2	512	GPRS (3)	Rear	/	25.67	26	0.413	0.45	0.767	0.83	0.05
1880	661	GPRS (3)	Left	/	25.66	26	0.069	0.07	0.120	0.13	0.10
1880	661	GPRS (3)	Right	/	25.66	26	0.103	0.11	0.186	0.20	0.06
1880	661	GPRS (3)	Bottom	/	25.66	26	0.147	0.16	0.268	0.29	0.05
1909.8	810	EGPRS (3)	Rear	/	25.65	26	0.463	0.50	0.799	0.87	0.07
4000.0	040	Chaaah	Bottom	,	20.07	20.0	0.240	0.44	0.004	0.75	0.07
1909.8	810	Speech	Headset1	/	29.07	29.8	0.348	0.41	0.634	0.75	0.07
1000.9	910	Spaceh	Bottom	,	20.07	20.0	0.256	0.42	0.627	0.75	0.06
1909.8 810	Speech	Headset2	,	29.07	29.8	0.356	0.42	0.637	0.75	0.06	

Note1: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

Note2: The Headset1 is CCB3160A11C1, the Headset2 is CCB3160A11C4.



# Table 14.8: SAR Values (WCDMA 850 MHz Band - Head) -CAB3120000C3

				Ambient	Temperature:	22.5 °C Li	quid Tempera	ture: 22.0 °C			
Frequ	iency		Test	Eiguro	Conducted	May tupo up	Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported	Power
		Side		Figure	Power	Max. tune-up	SAR(10g)	SAR(10g)	SAR(1g)	SAR(1g)	Drift
MHz	Ch.		Position	No.	(dBm)	Power (dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(dB)
846.6	4233	Left	Touch	/	22.71	23.5	0.303	0.36	0.443	0.53	-0.13
836.4	4182	Left	Touch	/	22.85	23.5	0.407	0.47	0.543	0.63	0.19
826.4	4132	Left	Touch	/	22.99	23.5	0.317	0.36	0.462	0.52	-0.03
846.6	4233	Left	Tilt	/	22.71	23.5	0.172	0.21	0.250	0.30	0.11
836.4	4182	Left	Tilt	/	22.85	23.5	0.204	0.24	0.296	0.34	-0.07
826.4	4132	Left	Tilt	/	22.99	23.5	0.161	0.18	0.246	0.28	-0.09
846.6	4233	Right	Touch	/	22.71	23.5	0.336	0.40	0.492	0.59	0.06
836.4	4182	Right	Touch	Fig.5	22.85	23.5	0.410	0.48	0.553	0.64	0.03
826.4	4132	Right	Touch	/	22.99	23.5	0.328	0.37	0.480	0.54	-0.02
846.6	4233	Right	Tilt	/	22.71	23.5	0.199	0.24	0.290	0.35	0.04
836.4	4182	Right	Tilt	/	22.85	23.5	0.221	0.26	0.322	0.37	0.00
826.4	4132	Right	Tilt	/	22.99	23.5	0.193	0.22	0.280	0.31	0.03

# Table 14.9: SAR Values (WCDMA 850 MHz Band - Body) -CAB3120000C3

Table 14.5. SAN Values (WCDINA 650 MITZ Ballu - BOUY) -CABS120000CS											
Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.0 °C											
Frequency		Test	Figure	Conducted	Max. tune-up	Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported	Power	
		Position	No.	Power	Power (dBm)	SAR(10g)	SAR(10g)	SAR(1g)	SAR(1g)	Drift	
MHz	Ch.			(dBm)		(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(dB)	
836.4	4182	Front	/	22.85	23.5	0.339	0.39	0.490	0.57	0.02	
846.6	4233	Rear	/	22.71	23.5	0.422	0.51	0.617	0.74	-0.13	
836.4	4182	Rear	Fig.6	22.85	23.5	0.561	0.65	0.785	0.91	0.04	
826.4	4132	Rear	/	22.99	23.5	0.475	0.53	0.695	0.78	0.02	
836.4	4182	Left	/	22.85	23.5	0.277	0.32	0.407	0.47	0.03	
836.4	4182	Right	/	22.85	23.5	0.262	0.30	0.389	0.45	0.00	
836.4	4182	Bottom	/	22.85	23.5	0.056	0.07	0.088	0.10	0.02	
836.4	4182	Rear	/	22.85	23.5	0.459	0.53	0.669	0.78	-0.00	
		Headset1				3.100	3.00			2.00	
836.4	4182	Rear	,	22.85	23.5	0.472	0.55	0.693	0.80	-0.02	
		Headset2	,								

Note1: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

Note2: The Headset1 is CCB3160A11C1, the Headset2 is CCB3160A11C4.



# Table 14.10: SAR Values (WCDMA 1900 MHz Band - Head) -CAB3120000C3

Ambient Temperature: 22.6 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.1 °C											
Frequency			Test	Figuro	Conducted	Max. tune-up	Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported	Power
		Side	Position	Figure No.	Power	Power (dBm)	SAR(10g)	SAR(10g)	SAR(1g)	SAR(1g)	Drift
MHz	Ch.		Position		(dBm)		(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(dB)
1907.6	9538	Left	Touch	/	21.44	22	0.279	0.32	0.461	0.52	0.00
1880	9400	Left	Touch	/	21.37	22	0.260	0.30	0.425	0.49	-0.18
1852.4	9262	Left	Touch	/	21.68	22.5	0.312	0.38	0.467	0.56	0.08
1907.6	9538	Left	Tilt	/	21.44	22	0.152	0.17	0.265	0.30	0.00
1880	9400	Left	Tilt	/	21.37	22	0.135	0.16	0.235	0.27	0.02
1852.4	9262	Left	Tilt	/	21.68	22.5	0.152	0.18	0.261	0.32	-0.02
1907.6	9538	Right	Touch	/	21.44	22	0.382	0.43	0.663	0.75	-0.16
1880	9400	Right	Touch	/	21.37	22	0.372	0.43	0.600	0.69	0.15
1852.4	9262	Right	Touch	Fig.7	21.68	22.5	0.416	0.50	0.670	0.81	-0.13
1907.6	9538	Right	Tilt	/	21.44	22	0.180	0.20	0.311	0.35	-0.09
1880	9400	Right	Tilt	/	21.37	22	0.163	0.19	0.283	0.33	-0.11
1852.4	9262	Right	Tilt	/	21.68	22.5	0.167	0.20	0.289	0.35	-0.11

Table 14.11: SAR Values (WCDMA 1900 MHz Band - Body) -CAB3120000C3

Table 14.11. SAN Values (WCDMA 1900 MITZ Balld - BOdy) -CABS120000CS										
Ambient Temperature: 22.6 °C Liquid Temperature: 22.1 °C										
Frequency		Test	Figure	Conducted	Max. tune-up	Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported	Power
	1	Position	No.	Power	Power (dBm)	SAR(10g)	SAR(10g)	SAR(1g)	SAR(1g)	Drift
MHz	Ch.			(dBm)		(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(dB)
1880	9400	Front	/	21.37	22	0.230	0.27	0.390	0.45	0.03
1907.6	9538	Rear	/	21.44	22	0.482	0.55	0.831	0.95	-0.05
1880	9400	Rear	/	21.37	22	0.460	0.53	0.796	0.92	0.05
1852.4	9262	Rear	Fig.8	21.68	22.5	0.529	0.64	0.918	1.11	0.03
1880	9400	Left	/	21.37	22	0.075	0.09	0.132	0.15	0.02
1880	9400	Right	/	21.37	22	0.100	0.12	0.180	0.21	-0.01
1880	9400	Bottom	/	21.37	22	0.158	0.18	0.273	0.32	-0.09
1852.4	9262	Rear	/	21.68	22.5	0.422	0.52	0.777	0.04	0.11
1002.4		Headset1				0.433	0.52	0.777	0.94	0.11
1852.4	9262	Rear	/	21.68	22.5	0.430	0.52	0.780	0.94	0.11
1032.4		Headset2								

Note1: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

Note2: The Headset1 is CCB3160A11C1, the Headset2 is CCB3160A11C4.



### Table 14.12: SAR Values (Wi-Fi 802.11b - Head) -CAB3120000C3

				Ambient	Temperature:	22.3°C L	iquid Tempera	ture: 21.8 °C			
Freque	ency		Test	Figure	Conducted	Max. tune-up	Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported	Power
NAL 1-	OI-	Side	Position	No.	Power	Power (dBm)	SAR(10g)	SAR(10g)	SAR(1g)	SAR(1g)	Drift
MHz	Ch.				(dBm)	()	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(dB)
2462	11	Left	Touch	Fig.9	18.89	19.5	0.209	0.24	0.420	0.48	-0.15
2462	11	Left	Tilt	/	18.89	19.5	0.147	0.17	0.267	0.31	0.08
2462	11	Right	Touch	/	18.89	19.5	0.221	0.25	0.396	0.46	-0.15
2462	11	Right	Tilt	/	18.89	19.5	0.161	0.19	0.302	0.35	0.03

### Table 14.13: SAR Values (Wi-Fi 802.11b - Body) -CAB3120000C3

			Aml	oient Tempera	ture: 22.3°C	Liquid Temp	erature: 21.8	°C		
Frequency Test  MHz Ch. Position	Toot	Figure	Conducted	May tupo up	Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported	Power	
		Figure	Power	Max. tune-up	SAR(10g)	SAR(10g)	SAR(1g)	SAR(1g)	Drift	
MHz		INO.	(dBm)	Power (dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(dB)	
2462	11	Front	/	18.89	19.5	0.131	0.15	0.228	0.26	-0.12
2462	11	Rear	Fig.10	18.89	19.5	0.153	0.18	0.298	0.34	-0.11
2462	11	Right	/	18.89	19.5	0.083	0.10	0.163	0.19	-0.14
2462	11	Тор		18.89	19.5	0.101	0.12	0.182	0.21	-0.14

Note1: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

### Table 14.14: SAR Values (WCDMA 1900 MHz Band - Head) -CAB3120000C1

					Ambient	Temperature:	22.5 °C Li	quid Tempera	ture: 22.0 °C			
	Frequency  MHz Ch. Side Position				Eiguro	Conducted	May tupo up	Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported	Power
	•		Side		Figure	Power	Max. tune-up	SAR(10g)	SAR(10g)	SAR(1g)	SAR(1g)	Drift
N	ИHz	Ch.		Position	No.	(dBm)	Power (dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(dB)
18	352.4	9262	Right	Touch	/	21.68	22.5	0.382	0.46	0.614	0.74	0.14

### Table 14.15: SAR Values (GSM 850 MHz Band - Body) -CAB3120000C1

			Ambien	nt Temperature	e: 22.6°C l	Liquid Temperature: 22.1 °C				
Frequ	ency	Test	Figure	Conducted	Max. tune-up	Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported	Power
			Power	-	SAR(10g)	SAR(10g)	SAR(1g)	SAR(1g)	Drift	
MHz	Ch.	Position	No.	(dBm)	Power (dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(dB)
824.2	128	Rear	/	28.48	29	0.599	0.68	0.839	0.95	0.07

Note1: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.



# 14.2 SAR results for Standard procedure

There is zoom scan measurement to be added for the highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration/band.

### Table 14.16: SAR Values (GSM 850 MHz Band - Head) - CAB3120000C3

				Ambient	Temperature	: 22.5°C L	iquid Tempera	ture: 22.0°C			
Frequ	ency	0:4-	Test	Figure	Conducted	Max. tune-up	Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported	Power
MHz	Ch.	Side	Position	No.	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	SAR(10g) (W/kg)	SAR(10g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Drift (dB)
836.6	190	Left	Touch	Fig.1	32.15	32.8	0.409	0.48	0.546	0.63	-0.12

#### Table 14.17: SAR Values (GSM 850 MHz Band - Body) -CAB3120000C3

			An	nbient Ter	mperature: 22	.5°C Liqui	d Temperature	e: 22.0 °C			
Test Figure Power (number of MHz Ch. timeslots)  Test Position No. Power (dBm)  Max. tune-up Power (dBm)  No. (dBm)  Max. tune-up Power (dBm)  No. (w/kg)  No. (w/kg)  No. (w/kg)  No. (w/kg)  No. (dBm)									Power		
	ı	(number of			igure No.  Conducted Power (dBm)  Max. tune-up Power (dBm)  Measured SAR(10g) SAI (W/kg)  (V	SAR(10g)	SAR(1g)	SAR(1g)	Drift		
MHz	Ch.	timeslots)	Position	NO.	(dBm)	Power (aBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(dB)
824.2	128	GPRS (3)	Rear	Fig.2	28.48	29	0.652	0.73	0.920	1.04	-0.02

Note1: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

#### Table 14.18: SAR Values (GSM 1900 MHz Band - Head) -CAB3120000C3

	Hz Ch. Side Position No. Power (dBm)				Temperature:	22.6 °C L	iquid Tempera	ture: 22.1 °C			
Freque	ency		Toot	Eiguro	Conducted	May tung up	Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported	Power
•	,	Side		· ·	Power	Max. tune-up	SAR(10g)	SAR(10g)	SAR(1g)	SAR(1g)	Drift
MHz	Ch.		Position	NO.	(dBm)	Power (dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(dB)
1909.8	810	Right	Touch	Fig.3	29.07	29.8	0.288	0.34	0.464	0.55	-0.01

### Table 14.19: SAR Values (GSM 1900 MHz Band - Body) -CAB3120000C3

			Ambi	ent Temp	erature: 22.6°	°C Liquid T	emperature:	22.1 °C			
Frequ	1	Mode (number of	Test Position	Figure No.	Conducted Power	Max. tune-up	Measured SAR(10g)	Reported SAR(10g)	Measured SAR(1g)	Reported SAR(1g)	Power Drift
MHz	Ch.	timeslots)	1 03111011	INO.	(dBm)	1 ower (dBill)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(dB)
1909.8 810 GPRS (3) Rear					25.64	26	0.470	0.51	0.815	0.89	0.11

Note1: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

#### Table 14.20: SAR Values (WCDMA 850 MHz Band - Head) -CAB3120000C3

					•						
				Ambient	Temperature:	22.5 °C Li	quid Tempera	ture: 22.0 °C			·
Frequency  MHz Ch.  Ambient Temperature:  Test Figure Position No.  Conducted Power (dBm)					May tung up	Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported	Power	
		Side				Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	SAR(10g)	SAR(10g)	SAR(1g)	SAR(1g)	Drift
MHz	Ch.		Position	INO.	(dBm)	rowei (abiii)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(dB)
836.4	4182	Right	Touch	Fig.5	22.85	23.5	0.410	0.48	0.553	0.64	0.03



### Table 14.21: SAR Values (WCDMA 850 MHz Band - Body) -CAB3120000C3

	Frequency Test Figure Power No. Power (dBm)  Ambient Temperature: 22.5 °C  Conducted Max. tune-up Power (dBm)						Liquid Temperature: 22.0 °C					
Frequency Test Figure Conducted Power Max. tu						Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported	Power		
	1		· ·	Power	_	SAR(10g)	SAR(10g)	SAR(1g)	SAR(1g)	Drift		
MHz	Ch.	Position	INO.	(dBm)	Power (dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(dB)		
836.4	4182	Rear	Fig.6	22.85	23.5	0.561	0.65	0.785	0.91	0.04		

Note1: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

### Table 14.22: SAR Values (WCDMA 1900 MHz Band - Head) -CAB3120000C3

					Ambient	Temperature:	22.6°C Li	quid Tempera	ture: 22.1 °C			
	Freque	ency		Test	Figure	Conducted	May tune un	Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported	Power
ŀ		,	Side		Figure	Power	Max. tune-up	SAR(10g)	SAR(10g)	SAR(1g)	SAR(1g)	Drift
	MHz	Ch.		Position	No.	(dBm)	Power (dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(dB)
	1852.4	9262	Right	Touch	Fig.7	21.68	22.5	0.416	0.50	0.670	0.81	-0.13

#### Table 14.23: SAR Values (WCDMA 1900 MHz Band - Body) -CAB3120000C3

				` '			<u> </u>			
·			Ambie	nt Temperature	e: 22.6 °C	Liquid Tempe	rature: 22.1°	С		·
Frequ	encv	Taat	F:	Conducted	May tung up	Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported	Power
1.1044	Frequency MHz Ch.	Test	Figure	Power	SAR(10g)	SAR(10g)	SAR(1g)	SAR(1g)	Drift	
MHz	MHz Ch. Position	No.	(dBm) Power (dBm	Power (dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(dB)	
1852.4	9262	Rear	Fig.8	21.68	22.5	0.529	0.64	0.918	1.11	0.03

Note1: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

#### Table 14.24: SAR Values (Wi-Fi 802.11b - Head) -CAB3120000C3

	(											
	Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.8 °C											
	Freque	ency		Test	Figure	Conducted	Max. tune-up	Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported	Power
	•		Side	Position		Power	•	SAR(10g)	SAR(10g)	SAR(1g)	SAR(1g)	Drift
N	ИHz	Ch.		FUSITION	No.	(dBm)	Power (dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(dB)
2	462	11	Left	Touch	Fig.9	18.89	19.5	0.209	0.24	0.420	0.48	-0.15

#### Table 14.25: SAR Values (Wi-Fi 802.11b - Body) -CAB3120000C3

					•					
			Aml	oient Tempera	ture: 22.3°C	Liquid Temperature: 21.8 °C				
Frequency Test		F:	Conducted	May turn un	Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported	Power	
	1		Figure	Power	Max. tune-up	SAR(10g)	SAR(10g)	SAR(1g)	SAR(1g)	Drift
MHz	Ch.	Position	No.	(dBm)	Power (dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(dB)
2462	11	Rear	Fig.10	18.89	19.5	0.153	0.18	0.298	0.34	-0.11

Note1: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.



# 15 SAR Measurement Variability

SAR measurement variability must be assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media are required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures should be applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium.

The following procedures are applied to determine if repeated measurements are required.

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

Table 15.1: SAR Measurement Variability for Body GSM 850 (1g)

Freque MHz	ency Ch.	Test Position	Spacing (mm)	Original SAR (W/kg)	First Repeated SAR (W/kg)	The Ratio	Second Repeated SAR (W/kg)
824.2	128	Rear	10	0.920	0.919	1.00	(VV/Kg)

Table 15.2: SAR Measurement Variability for Body GSM 1900 (1g)

Freque	ency	Test	Spacing	Original	First	The	Second
MHz	Ch.	Position	(mm)	SAR (W/kg)	Repeated SAR (W/kg)	Ratio	Repeated SAR (W/kg)
1909.8	810	Rear	10	0.815	0.811	1.00	1

Table 15.3: SAR Measurement Variability for Body WCDMA 1900 (1g)

Freque MHz	ency Ch.	Test Position	Spacing (mm)	Original SAR (W/kg)	First Repeated SAR (W/kg)	The Ratio	Second Repeated SAR (W/kg)
1852.4	9262	Rear	10	0.918	0.889	1.03	1



# **16 Measurement Uncertainty**

16.1 Measurement Uncertainty for Normal SAR Tests (300MHz~3GHz)

	i weasurement of					1000.	****	<u> </u>	<u>/</u>	
No.	Error Description	Type	Uncertainty	Probably	Div.	(Ci)	(Ci)	Std.	Std.	Degree
			value	Distribution		1g	10g	Unc.	Unc.	of
								(1g)	(10g)	freedo
										m
Meas	surement system									
1	Probe calibration	В	5.5	N	1	1	1	5.5	5.5	∞
2	Isotropy	В	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9	∞
3	Boundary effect	В	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
4	Linearity	В	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
5	Detection limit	В	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
6	Readout electronics	В	0.3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
7	Response time	В	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5	∞
8	Integration time	В	2.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.5	1.5	∞
9	RF ambient conditions-noise	В	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0	0	∞
10	RF ambient conditions-reflection	В	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0	0	∞
11	Probe positioned mech. restrictions	В	0.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.2	0.2	8
12	Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	В	2.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
13	Post-processing	В	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	8
			Test s	sample related	1					
14	Test sample positioning	A	3.3	N	1	1	1	3.3	3.3	71
15	Device holder uncertainty	A	3.4	N	1	1	1	3.4	3.4	5
16	Drift of output power	В	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
			Phant	tom and set-uj	p					
17	Phantom uncertainty	В	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
18	Liquid conductivity (target)	В	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
19	Liquid conductivity (meas.)	A	2.06	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.32	0.89	43
20	Liquid permittivity (target)	В	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
21	Liquid permittivity (meas.)	A	1.6	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.0	0.8	521



(	Combined standard uncertainty	$u_c^{'} =$	$\sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{21} c_i^2 u_i^2}$					9.25	9.12	257
Expa	nded uncertainty									
(conf	fidence interval of	ı	$u_e = 2u_c$					18.5	18.2	
95 %	<u> </u>				<u> </u>					
	2 Measurement U		- I	l			_			
No.	Error Description	Type	Uncertainty	Probably	Div.	(Ci)	(Ci)	Std.	Std.	Degree
			value	Distribution		1g	10g	Unc.	Unc.	of fracds
								(1g)	(10g)	freedo
Mon	curamant exetam									m
1	Probe calibration	В	6.5	N	1	1	1	6.5	6.5	∞
2	Isotropy	В	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9	∞
3	Boundary effect	В	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.2	1.2	∞
4	Linearity	В	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
5	Detection limit	В	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
6	Readout electronics	В	0.3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
7	Response time	В	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5	∞
8	Integration time	В	2.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.5	1.5	∞
9	RF ambient conditions-noise	В	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0	0	∞
10	RF ambient conditions-reflection	В	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0	0	∞
11	Probe positioned mech. restrictions	В	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5	∞
12	Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	В	6.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	3.9	3.9	∞
13	Post-processing	В	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
		l	Test	sample related	1			l		L
14	Test sample positioning	A	3.3	N	1	1	1	3.3	3.3	71
15	Device holder uncertainty	A	3.4	N	1	1	1	3.4	3.4	5
16	Drift of output power	В	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
		I	Phan	tom and set-u	p	l	l	ı	I	
17	Phantom uncertainty	В	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3	$\infty$
18	Liquid conductivity (target)	В	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
19	Liquid conductivity (meas.)	A	2.06	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.32	0.89	43



20	Liquid permittivity (target)	В	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
21	Liquid permittivity (meas.)	A	1.6	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.0	0.8	521
(	Combined standard uncertainty		$\sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{21} c_i^2 u_i^2}$					10.8	10.7	257
(conf	Expanded uncertainty (confidence interval of 95 %)		$u_e = 2u_c$					21.6	21.4	

16.3 Measurement Uncertainty for Fast SAR Tests (300MHz~3GHz)

No.	Error Description	Type	Uncertainty	Probably	Div.	(Ci)	(Ci)	Std.	Std.	Degree		
			value	Distribution		1g	10g	Unc.	Unc.	of		
								(1g)	(10g)	freedo		
										m		
Measurement system												
1 Probe calibration B 5.5 N 1 1 1 5.5 5.5 ∞												
2	Isotropy	В	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9	∞		
3	Boundary effect	В	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞		
4	Linearity	В	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞		
5	Detection limit	В	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞		
6	Readout electronics	В	0.3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞		
7	Response time	В	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5	∞		
8	Integration time	В	2.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.5	1.5	∞		
9	RF ambient conditions-noise	В	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0	0	∞		
10	RF ambient conditions-reflection	В	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0	0	∞		
11	Probe positioned mech. Restrictions	В	0.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.2	0.2	8		
12	Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	В	2.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7	8		
13	Post-processing	В	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	8		
14	Fast SAR z-Approximation	В	7.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	4.0	4.0	8		
			Test s	sample related	l							
15	Test sample positioning	A	3.3	N	1	1	1	3.3	3.3	71		
16	Device holder uncertainty	A	3.4	N	1	1	1	3.4	3.4	5		
17	Drift of output power	В	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞		
			Phant	tom and set-uj	р							



18	Phantom uncertainty	В	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
19	Liquid conductivity (target)	В	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
20	Liquid conductivity (meas.)	A	2.06	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.32	0.89	43
21	Liquid permittivity (target)	В	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4	8
22	Liquid permittivity (meas.)	A	1.6	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.0	0.8	521
(	Combined standard uncertainty		$\sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{22} c_i^2 u_i^2}$					10.1	9.95	257
(conf	Expanded uncertainty (confidence interval of 95 %)		$u_e = 2u_c$					20.2	19.9	

16.4 Measurement Uncertainty for Fast SAR Tests (3~6GHz)

No.	Error Description	Type	Uncertainty	Probably	Div.	(Ci)	(Ci)	Std.	Std.	Degree
			value	Distribution		1g	10g	Unc.	Unc.	of
								(1g)	(10g)	freedo
										m
Meas	surement system									
1	Probe calibration	В	6.5	N	1	1	1	6.5	6.5	∞
2	Isotropy	В	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9	8
3	Boundary effect	В	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.2	1.2	8
4	Linearity	В	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
5	Detection limit	В	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	8
6	Readout electronics	В	0.3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.3	0.3	8
7	Response time	В	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5	∞
8	Integration time	В	2.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.5	1.5	$\infty$
9	RF ambient conditions-noise	В	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0	0	8
10	RF ambient conditions-reflection	В	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0	0	∞
11	Probe positioned mech. Restrictions	В	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5	8
12	Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	В	6.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	3.9	3.9	œ
13	Post-processing	В	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
14	Fast SAR z-Approximation	В	14.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	8.1	8.1	∞
			Test	sample related	l					
15	Test sample	A	3.3	N	1	1	1	3.3	3.3	71



	positioning									
16	Device holder uncertainty	A	3.4	N	1	1	1	3.4	3.4	5
17	Drift of output power	В	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
			Phan	tom and set-uj	p					
18	Phantom uncertainty	В	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
19	Liquid conductivity (target)	В	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
20	Liquid conductivity (meas.)	A	2.06	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.32	0.89	43
21	Liquid permittivity (target)	В	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4	8
22	Liquid permittivity (meas.)	A	1.6	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.0	0.8	521
Combined standard uncertainty		$u_c^{'} =$	$\sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{22} c_i^2 u_i^2}$					13.3	13.2	257
(cont	Expanded uncertainty (confidence interval of 95 %)		$u_e = 2u_c$					26.6	26.4	

# **17 MAIN TEST INSTRUMENTS**

**Table 17.1: List of Main Instruments** 

No.	Name	Туре	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Valid Period
01	Network analyzer	E5071C	MY46110673	February 15, 2013	One year
02	Power meter	NRVD	102196	March 15, 2013	One year
03	Power sensor	NRV-Z5	100596		
04	Signal Generator	E4438C	MY49071430	February 08, 2013	One Year
05	Amplifier	60S1G4	0331848	No Calibration Requested	
06	BTS	E5515C	MY50263375	January 30, 2013	One year
07	E-field Probe	SPEAG EX3DV4	3846	September 03, 2013	One year
08	DAE	SPEAG DAE4	771	November 20, 2012	One year
09	Dipole Validation Kit	SPEAG D835V2	443	August 29, 2013	One year
10	Dipole Validation Kit	SPEAG D1900V2	5d101	July 09, 2013	One year
11	Dipole Validation Kit	SPEAG D2450V2	853	July 08, 2013	One year

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>END OF REPORT BODY\*\*\*



# **ANNEX A Graph Results**

#### 850 Left Cheek Middle

Date: 2013-10-12

Electronics: DAE4 Sn771 Medium: Head 850 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.917$  mho/m;  $\epsilon r = 41.835$ ;  $\rho =$ 

 $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

Communication System: GSM 850 Frequency: 836.6 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3846 ConvF(8.92, 8.92, 8.92)

Cheek Middle/Area Scan (61x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.588 W/kg

Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.549 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.667 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.546 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.409 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.563 W/kg

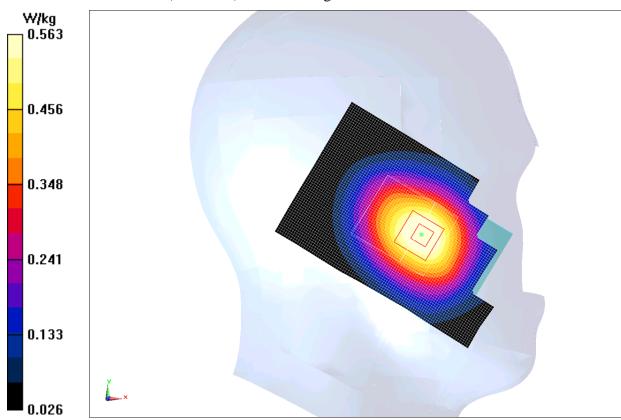


Fig.1 850MHz CH190



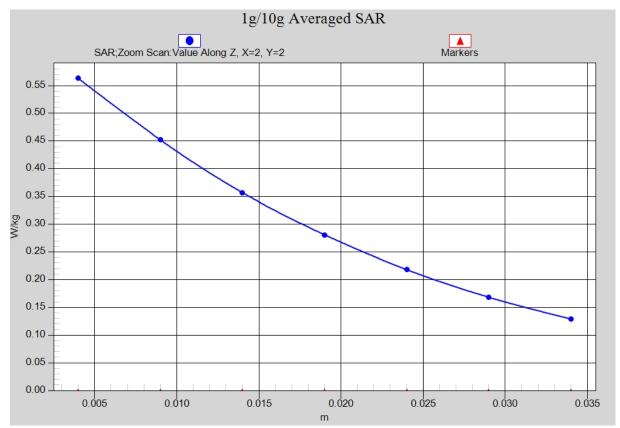


Fig. 1-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (850 MHz CH190)



# 850 Body Rear Low

Date: 2013-10-12

Electronics: DAE4 Sn771 Medium: Body 850 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 825 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.954$  mho/m;  $\varepsilon r = 56.141$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

Communication System: GSM 850 GPRS Frequency: 824.2 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:2.67

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3846 ConvF(8.73, 8.73, 8.73)

**Rear Low/Area Scan (61x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.970 W/kg

Rear Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 25.054 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.24 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.920 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.652 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.983 W/kg

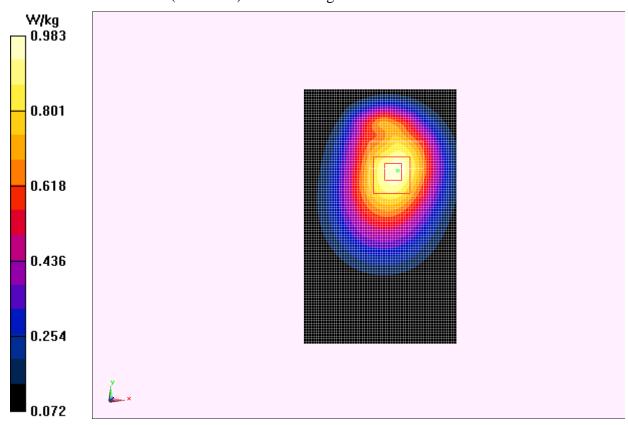


Fig.2 850 MHz CH128



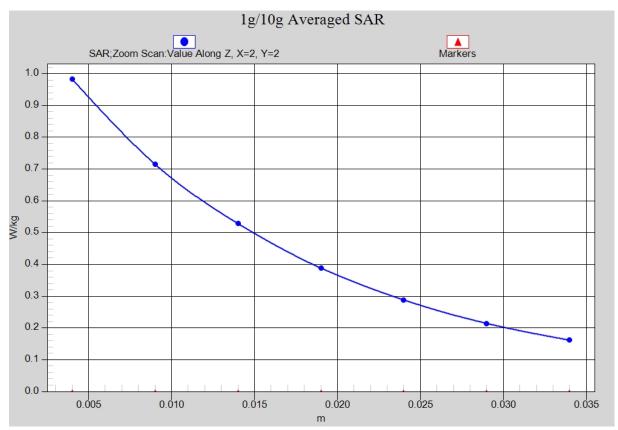


Fig. 2-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (850 MHz CH128)



# **GSM1900 Right Cheek High**

Date: 2013-10-13

Electronics: DAE4 Sn771 Medium: Head 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 1910 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.437 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon r = 40.577$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C Liquid Temperature: 22.1°C

Communication System: GSM 1900MHz Frequency: 1909.8 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3846 ConvF(7.57, 7.57, 7.57)

Cheek High/Area Scan (61x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.517 W/kg

**Cheek High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.772 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.706 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.464 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.288 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.493 W/kg

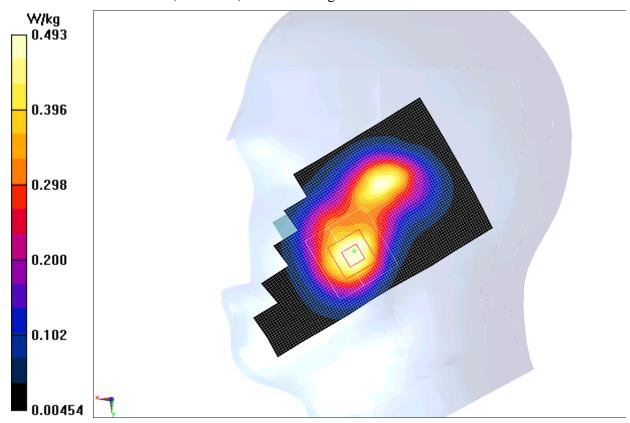


Fig.3 1900 MHz CH810



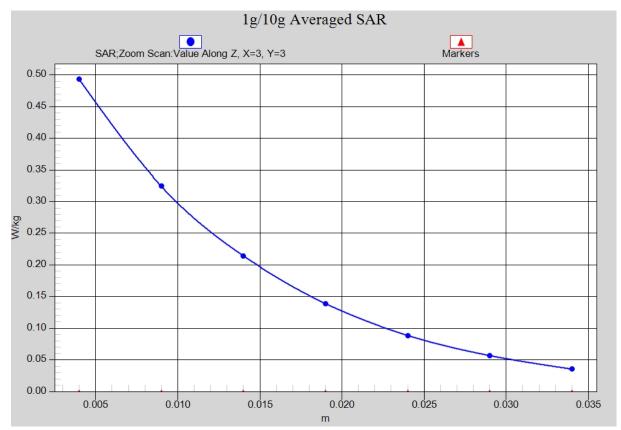


Fig. 3-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (1900 MHz CH810)



# **GSM1900 Body Rear High**

Date: 2013-10-13

Electronics: DAE4 Sn771 Medium: Body 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 1910 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.547 \text{mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon r = 52.348$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C Liquid Temperature: 22.1°C

Communication System: GSM 1900MHz GPRS Frequency: 1909.8 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:2.67

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3846 ConvF(7.03, 7.03, 7.03)

**Rear High/Area Scan (61x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.963 W/kg

Rear High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.219 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.36 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.815 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.470 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.888 W/kg

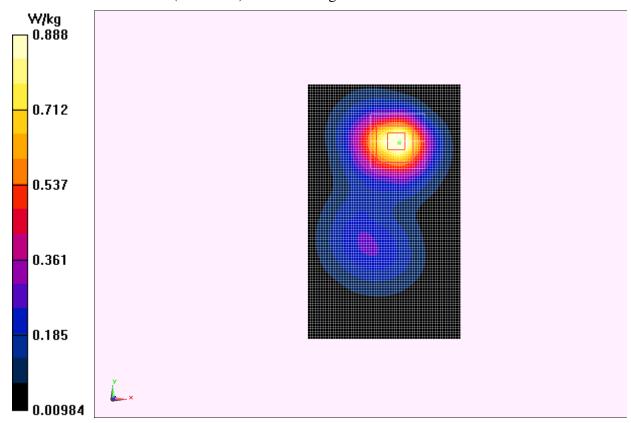


Fig.4 1900 MHz CH810



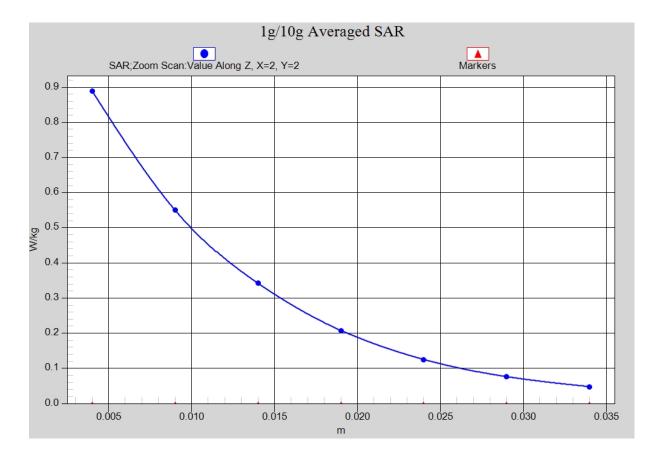


Fig.4-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (1900 MHz CH810)



# WCDMA 850 Right Cheek Middle

Date: 2013-10-12

Electronics: DAE4 Sn771 Medium: Head 850 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.4 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.917$  mho/m;  $\epsilon r = 41.837$ ;  $\rho =$ 

 $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3846 ConvF(8.92, 8.92, 8.92)

Cheek Middle/Area Scan (61x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.579 W/kg

Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.845 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.687 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.553 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.410 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.578 W/kg

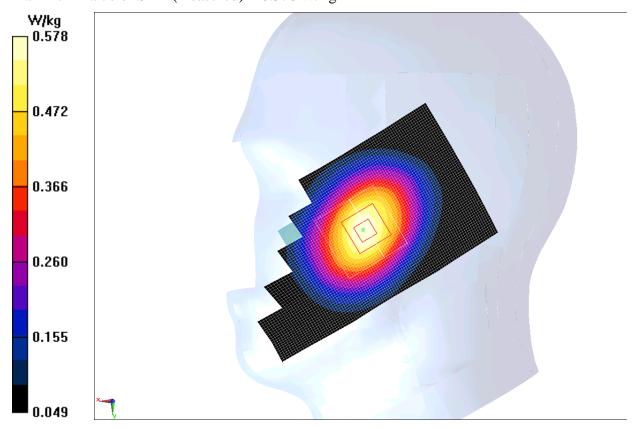


Fig.5 WCDMA 850 CH4182



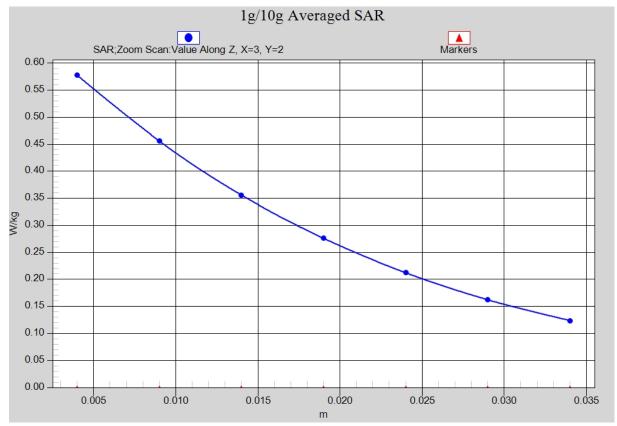


Fig. 5-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (WCDMA 850 CH4182)



# WCDMA 850 Body Rear Middle

Date: 2013-10-12

Electronics: DAE4 Sn771 Medium: Body 850 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.4 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.965$  mho/m;  $\epsilon r = 56.011$ ;  $\rho =$ 

 $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3846 ConvF(8.73, 8.73, 8.73)

Rear Middle/Area Scan (61x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.832 W/kg

Rear Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 26.030 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.05 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.785 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.561 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.836 W/kg

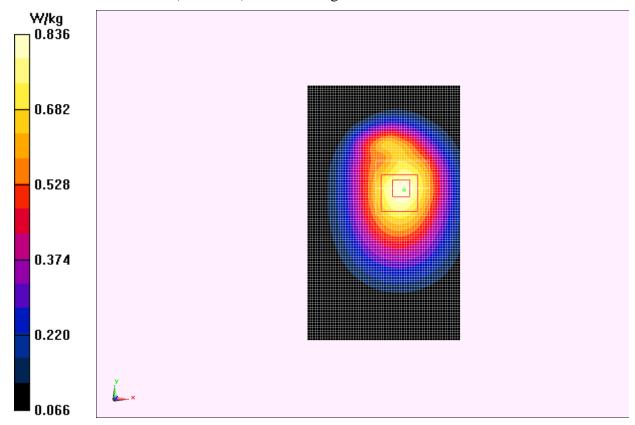


Fig.6 WCDMA 850 CH4182



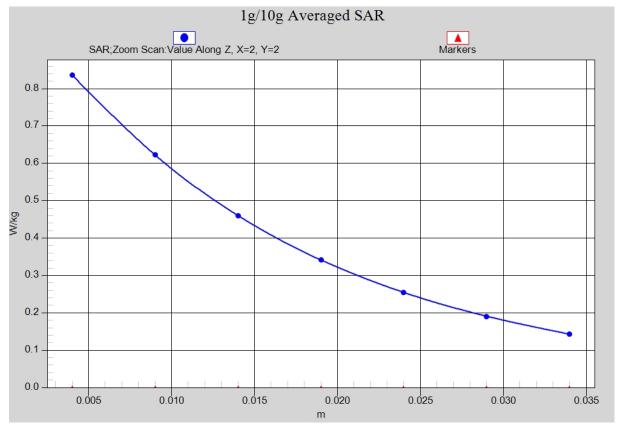


Fig. 6-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (WCDMA850 CH4182)



# WCDMA 1900 Right Cheek Low

Date: 2013-10-13

Electronics: DAE4 Sn771 Medium: Head 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1852.4 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.391$  mho/m;  $\epsilon r = 40.705$ ;  $\rho = 1.391$  mho/m;  $\epsilon r = 40.705$ ;  $\epsilon r = 40.705$ 

 $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C Liquid Temperature: 22.1°C

Communication System: WCDMA 1900 Frequency: 1852.4 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3846 ConvF(7.57, 7.57, 7.57)

Cheek Low/Area Scan (61x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.744 W/kg

Cheek Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.619 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.01 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.670 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.416 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.710 W/kg

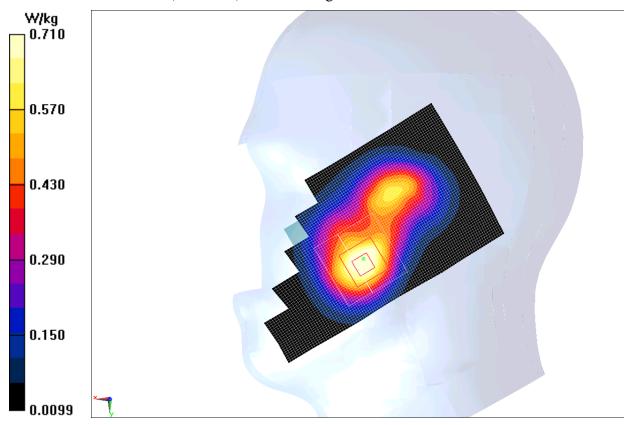


Fig.7 WCDMA1900 CH9262