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No. 2013SAR00168

For

TCT Mobile Limited

HSUPA/HSDPA/UMTS Triband / GSM quadband mobile phone

Mode Name: HERO

Marketing Name: ONE TOUCH 8020A

With

Hardware Version: PIO

Software Version: vBAM

FCC ID: RAD398

Issued Date: 2014-01-15



Note:

The test results in this test report relate only to the devices specified in this report. This report shall not be reproduced except in full without the written approval of TMC Beijing.

Test Laboratory:

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Revision Version

Report Number	Revision	Date	Memo
2013SAR00168	00	2014-01-10	Initial creation of test report
2013SAR00168	01	2014-01-15	 Add the description of ELI4 phantom in the section C4.5 on page 100. Update the standard in section 5.2 on page 12. Add the SAR plots for wireless charging cover in annex A.



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1 Test Laboratory

1.1 Testing Location

Company Name:	TMC Beijing, Telecommunication Metrology Center of MIIT
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Postal Code:	100191
Telephone:	+86-10-62304633
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1.2 Testing Environment

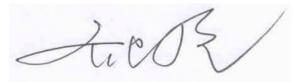
Temperature:	18°C~25 °C,
Relative humidity:	30%~ 70%
Ground system resistance:	< 0.5 Ω
Ambient noise & Reflection:	< 0.012 W/kg

1.3 Project Data

Project Leader:	Qi Dianyuan
Test Engineer:	Lin Xiaojun
Testing Start Date:	December 20, 2013
Testing End Date:	December 24, 2013

1.4 Signature

Lin Xiaojun (Prepared this test report)



Qi Dianyuan (Reviewed this test report)

Xiao Li Deputy Director of the laboratory (Approved this test report)



2 Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for TCT Mobile Limited HSUPA/HSDPA/UMTS Triband / GSM quadband mobile phone HERO / ONE TOUCH 8020A are as follows:

Table 2.1. Highest Reported SAR (19)					
Exposure Configuration	Technology Band	Highest Reported SAR	Equipment Class		
Exposure Configuration	Technology Band	1g (W/Kg)	Equipment Class		
	GSM 850	0.31			
	PCS 1900	0.09	PCE		
Head	UMTS FDD 2	0.16	FCE		
(Separation Distance 0mm)	UMTS FDD 5	0.27			
	WLAN 2.4&5.8 GHz	0.21	DTS		
	WLAN 5 GHz 0.25		UNII		
	GSM 850	1.01			
	PCS 1900	1.27	PCE		
Hotspot	UMTS FDD 2	1.22	PCE		
(Separation Distance 10mm)	UMTS FDD 5	0.62			
	WLAN 2.4&5.8 GHz	0.16	DTS		
	WLAN 5.0 GHz	0.15	UNII		
Body-worn (Separation Distance 15mm)	UMTS FDD 2	1.11	PCE		

Table 2.1: Highest Reported SAR (1g)

Note: When hotspot mode is activated, an automatic RF power reduction is activated and reduces the maximum output RF power level for UMTS FDD 2. So the distance of UMTS FDD 2 is 10mm for AP ON and 15mm for AP OFF.

The SAR values found for the Mobile Phone are below the maximum recommended levels of 1.6 W/Kg as averaged over any 1g tissue according to the ANSI C95.1-1999.

For body worn operation, this device has been tested and meets FCC RF exposure guidelines when used with any accessory that contains no metal and which provides a minimum separation distance of 10mm or 15mm between this device and the body of the user. Use of other accessories may not ensure compliance with FCC RF exposure guidelines.

The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain uniform power output.

The measurement together with the test system set-up is described in annex C of this test report. A detailed description of the equipment under test can be found in chapter 4 of this test report. The highest reported SAR value is obtained at the case of **(Table 2.1)**, and the values are: **1.35 W/kg (1g)**.



	Position	GSM/WCDMA	WiFi (DTS)	Sum1	WiFi (UNII)	Sum2
Movimum reported	Left hand, Touch cheek	0.31	0.09	0.40	0.19	0.50
Maximum reported SAR value for Head	Right hand, Touch cheek	0.22	0.21	0.43	0.23	0.45
SAR value for nead	Right hand, Tilt 15°	0.14	0.18	0.32	0.25	0.39
Maximum reported	Rear 10mm	1.27	0.16	1.43	0.15	1.42
SAR value for Body	rteal IUIIIII	1.27	0.16	1.43	0.15	1.42

Table 2.2: The sum of reported SAR values for main antenna and WiFi

Note1: Sum1 is GSM/WCDMA + WiFi (DTS). Sum2 is GSM/WCDMA + WiFi (UNII).

Table 2.3: The sum of reported SAR values for main antenna and Bluetooth

	Position	Main antenna	BT*	Sum
Highest reported SAR value for Head	Left hand, Touch cheek	0.31	0.21	0.52
Highest reported SAR value for Body	Rear 10mm	1.27	0.10	1.37

BT* - Estimated SAR for Bluetooth (see the table 13.3)

According to the above tables, the highest sum of reported SAR values is **1.43 W/kg (1g)**. The detail for simultaneous transmission consideration is described in chapter 13.

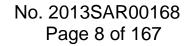
Because the display diagonal dimension is > 15.0cm, the phone is phablet. So it has to be estimated as follow:

According to the KDB648474 D04, when hotspot mode applies, 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR > 1.2 W/kg.

Technology Band	Test Position	Conducted Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Highest Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Highest Reported SAR 1g (W/Kg)	Highest Reported SAR 10g extremity (W/Kg)
GSM 850	Rear	32.90	33.8	0.250	0.31	/
PCS 1900	Rear	28.19	29	1.05	1.27	1.42
UMTS FDD 2 (AP OFF)	Rear	22.86	24	0.851	1.11	/
UMTS FDD 5	Rear	23.28	24	0.528	0.62	/
WLAN 2.4&5.8 GHz	Rear	12.29	13	0.138	0.16	/
WLAN 5.0 GHz	Rear	12.12	13	0.120	0.15	/
UMTS FDD 2 (AP ON)	Rear	20.25	24	1.03	2.44	1.38
	Bottom	20.25	24	0.797	1.89	1.06

Table 2.4: Highest Reported SAR (10g extremity)

According to the above tables, the Highest Reported SAR for 10g extremity is < exposure limits (4.0W/kg).





3 Client Information

3.1 Applicant Information

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3.2 Manufacturer Information

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City:	ShangHai				
Postal Code:	201203				
Country:	P.R.China				
Contact:	Gong Zhizhou				
Email:	zhizhou.gong@jrdcom.com				
Telephone:	0086-21-61460890				
Fax:	0086-21-61460602				



4 Equipment Under Test (EUT) and Ancillary Equipment (AE)

4.1 About EUT

Description:	HSUPA/HSDPA/UMTS Triband / GSM quadband mobile phone
Mode Name:	HERO
Marketing Name:	ONE TOUCH 8020A
Operating mode(s):	GSM 850/900/1800/1900, WCDMA 850/1900/2100
	BT, Wi-Fi (2.4G&5G)
	825 – 848.8 MHz (GSM 850)
	1850.2 – 1910 MHz (GSM 1900)
Tootod Tx Fraguenovi	826.4-846.6 MHz (WCDMA850 Band V)
Tested Tx Frequency:	1852.4–1907.6 MHz (WCDMA1900 Band II)
	2412 – 2462 MHz (Wi-Fi 2.4G)
	5180 – 5825 MHz (Wi-Fi 5G)
GPRS/EGPRS Multislot Class:	12
GPRS capability Class:	В
Test device Production information:	Production unit
Device type:	Portable device
Antenna type:	Integrated antenna
Accessories/Body-worn configurations:	Headset
Hotspot mode:	Support simultaneous transmission of hotspot and voice(or data)
Form factor:	158.5 mm $ imes$ 80.6 mm

4.2 Internal Identification of EUT used during the test

EUT ID*	IMEI	HW Version	SW Version
EUT1	013802001001126	PIO	vBAM
EUT2	013802001001142	PIO	vBAM

*EUT ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.

Note: It is performed to test SAR with the EUT1 and conducted power with the EUT2.

4.3 Internal Identification of AE used during the test

AE ID*	Description	Model	Model SN	
AE1	Battery	CAC3380001C2	/	SCUD
AE2	Headset	CCB3001A15C1	/	Shunda
AE3	Headset	CCB3001A15C2	/	Juwei
AE4	Headset	CCB3001A14C1	/	Shunda
AE5	Headset	CCB3001A14C2	/	Juwei

*AE ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.

Note: AE2 is same as AE4, so they can use the same results. AE3 is same as AE5, so they can use the same results.



4.4 Accessory

There are three kinds of accessory (flip cover) with conductive materials, the details is presented in the below picture 1-1. We'll perform the head measurement in all bands without the accessory and retest on highest value point with the accessory in each band. Then, repeat the measurement in the Body test.

Wireless charging Flipcover CMF

Standard: Bluish Black with Hair Line Brush Texture Size: 156.6x 80.4x2.8(flip)mm 2.8mm deco



LED Flipcover CMF

Bluish Black with Hair Line Brush Texture Size: 156.6x80.4x2.9(flip)mm 2.8mm Deco





Standard Flipcover CMF

Bluish Black with Hair Line Brush Texture Size: 155.6x 80.05x2.2mm flip +2.7mm PU deco



Picture 1-1: Constituents of the flip cover

Note: We use the number 1, 2, 3 to replace the Flip cover name for SAR test results in chapter 15.

- "1" is Wireless charging Flipcover CMF
- "2" is LED Flipcover CMF
- "3" is Standard Flipcover CMF

According to the KDB 648474 D03, because the flip cover 1 support wireless charging, the highest SAR measured without flip cover for each wireless technology, frequency band, operating mode and exposure condition must be repeated using the flip cover 1. The SAR plots are presented in annex A.



5 TEST METHODOLOGY

5.1 Applicable Limit Regulations

ANSI C95.1–1999: IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz.

It specifies the maximum exposure limit of **1.6 W/kg** as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue for portable devices being used within 20 cm of the user in the uncontrolled environment.

5.2 Applicable Measurement Standards

IEEE 1528–2003: Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques.

KDB447498 D01: General RF Exposure Guidance v05r01: Mobile and Portable Devices RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies.

KDB648474 D03 Wireless Chargers Battery Cover v01r02: Evaluation and Approval Considerations for Handsets with Specific Wireless Charging Battery Covers.

KDB648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r01: SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets.

KDB941225 D06 Hotspot Mode SAR v01r01: SAR Evaluation Procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless Router Capabilities

KDB248227: SAR measurement procedures for 802.112abg transmitters

KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r01: SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r01: RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations



6 Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

6.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

6.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ) . The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt}(\frac{dW}{dm}) = \frac{d}{dt}(\frac{dW}{\rho dv})$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be either related to the temperature elevation in tissue by

$$SAR = c(\frac{\delta T}{\delta t})$$

Where: C is the specific head capacity, δT is the temperature rise and δt is the exposure duration, or related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of tissue and *E* is the RMS electrical field strength.

However for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement is typically applied.



7 Tissue Simulating Liquids

7.1 Targets for tissue simulating liquid

Table 7.1: Targets for tissue simulating liquid									
Frequency(MHz)	Liquid Type	Conductivity(o)	± 5% Range	Permittivity(ε)	± 5% Range				
835	Head	0.90	0.86~0.95	41.5	39.4~43.6				
835	Body	0.97	0.92~1.02	55.2	52.4~58.0				
1900	Head	1.40	1.33~1.47	40.0	38.0~42.0				
1900	Body	1.52	1.44~1.60	53.3	50.6~56.0				
2450	Head	1.80	1.71~1.89	39.2	37.2~41.2				
2450	Body	1.95	1.85~2.05	52.7	50.1~55.3				
5200	Head	4.66	4.43~4.89	35.99	34.19~37.79				
5200	Body	5.30	5.04~5.56	49.0	46.6~51.4				
5300	Head	4.76	4.52~5.00	35.87	34.08~37.66				
5300	Body	5.42	5.15~5.69	48.9	46.46~51.34				
5600	Head	5.07	4.82~5.32	35.53	33.75~37.31				
5600	Body	5.77	5.48~6.06	48.5	46.08~50.92				
5800	Head	5.27	5.01~5.53	35.3	33.5~37.1				
5800	Body	6.00	5.70~6.30	48.2	45.8~50.6				

Table 7.1: Targets for tissue simulating liquid

7.2 Dielectric Performance

Measurement Date	Turno	Fraguanay	Permittivity	Drift	Conductivity	Drift
(yyyy-mm-dd)	Туре	Frequency	٤	(%)	σ (S/m)	(%)
2013-12-20	Head	835 MHz	42.06	1.35	0.907	0.78
2013-12-20	Body	835 MHz	55.61	0.74	0.984	1.44
2013-12-21	Head	1900 MHz	39.22	-1.95	1.407	0.50
2013-12-21	Body	1900 MHz	52.23	-2.01	1.513	-0.46
2013-12-22	Head	2450 MHz	39.64	1.12	1.831	1.72
2013-12-22	Body	2450 MHz	52.19	-0.97	1.975	1.28
	Head	5200 MHz	36.69	1.94	4.582	-1.67
	Body	5200 MHz	48.23	-1.57	5.043	-4.85
	Head	5300 MHz	36.47	1.67	4.713	-0.99
2013-12-23	Body	5300 MHz	48.01	-1.82	5.198	-4.10
2013-12-23	Head	5600 MHz	35.83	0.84	5.115	0.89
	Body	5600 MHz	47.36	-2.35	5.674	-1.66
	Head	5800 MHz	35.39	0.25	5.378	2.05
	Body	5800 MHz	46.92	-2.66	6.003	0.05

Note: The liquid temperature is 22.0 $^{\rm o}{\rm C}$

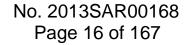




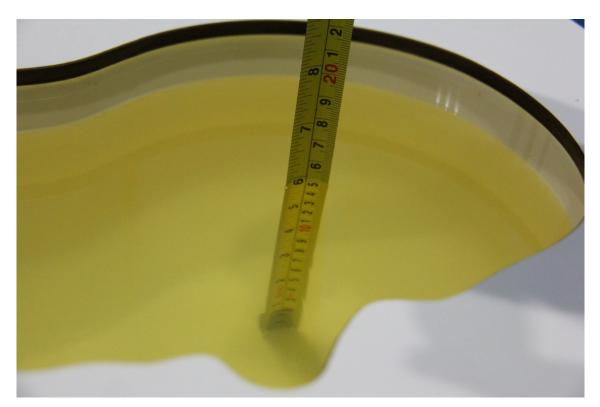
Picture 7-1: Liquid depth in the Head Phantom (835 MHz)



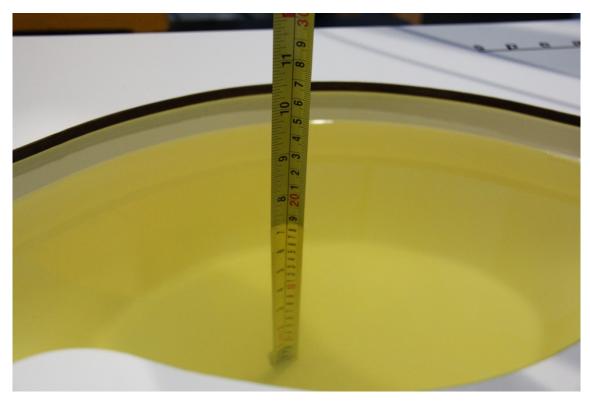
Picture 7-2: Liquid depth in the Flat Phantom (835 MHz)



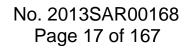




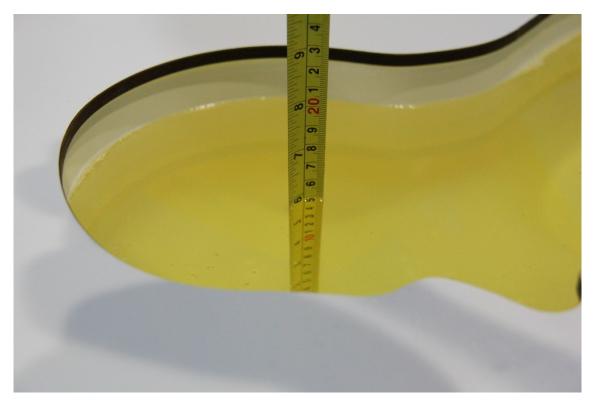
Picture 7-3: Liquid depth in the Head Phantom (1900 MHz)



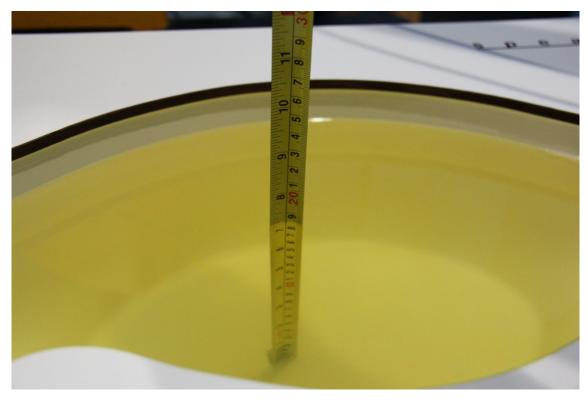
Picture 7-4 Liquid depth in the Flat Phantom (1900MHz)







Picture 7-5 Liquid depth in the Head Phantom (2450MHz)



Picture 7-6 Liquid depth in the Flat Phantom (2450MHz)





Picture 7-7 Liquid depth in the Head Phantom (5GHz)



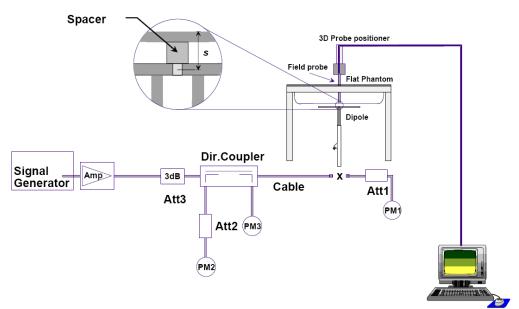
Picture 7-8 Liquid depth in the Flat Phantom (5GHz)



8 System verification

8.1 System Setup

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the DUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave that comes from a signal generator. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The equipment setup is shown below:



Picture 8.1 System Setup for System Evaluation



Picture 8.2 Photo of Dipole Setup



8.2 System Verification

SAR system verification is required to confirm measurement accuracy, according to the tissue dielectric media, probe calibration points and other system operating parameters required for measuring the SAR of a test device. The system verification must be performed for each frequency band and within the valid range of each probe calibration point required for testing the device.

The system verification results are required that the area scan estimated 1-g SAR is within 3% of the zoom scan 1-g SAR. The details are presented in annex B.

Table 0.1. System vernication of head									
Measurement		Target value (W/kg)		Measured	/alue (W/kg)	Deviation			
Date	Frequency	10 g	1 g	10 g	1 g	10 g	1 g		
(yyyy-mm-dd)		Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average		
2013-12-20	835 MHz	6.16	9.44	6.28	9.68	1.95%	2.54%		
2013-12-21	1900 MHz	21.3	40.4	20.76	39.08	-2.54%	-3.27%		
2013-12-22	2450 MHz	24.9	53.4	24.72	52.40	-0.72%	-1.87%		
2013-12-23	5200 MHz	22.8	79.7	23.00	81.10	0.88%	1.76%		
2013-12-23	5300 MHz	23.5	82.1	22.80	80.30	-2.98%	-2.19%		
2013-12-24	5600 MHz	23.5	82.8	23.80	84.20	1.28%	1.69%		
2013-12-24	5800 MHz	22.2	78.2	21.90	77.20	-1.35%	-1.28%		

Table 8.1: System Verification of Head

Table 8.2: System Verification of Body

Measurement		Target val	ue (W/kg)	Measured	/alue (W/kg)	Deviation		
Date	Frequency	10 g	1 g	10 g	1 g	10 g	1 g	
(yyyy-mm-dd)		Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	
2013-12-20	835 MHz	6.20	9.40	6.44	9.76	3.87%	3.83%	
2013-12-21	1900 MHz	21.9	41.3	21.60	40.80	-1.37%	-1.21%	
2013-12-22	2450 MHz	23.4	50.4	24.20	51.60	3.42%	2.38%	
2013-12-23	5200 MHz	21.0	74.9	20.80	73.90	-0.95%	-1.34%	
2013-12-23	5300 MHz	21.4	76.1	20.90	74.20	-2.34%	-2.50%	
2013-12-24	5600 MHz	22.1	79.9	21.40	77.50	-3.17%	-3.00%	
2013-12-24	5800 MHz	20.5	74.5	21.10	75.80	2.93%	1.74%	



9 Measurement Procedures

9.1 Tests to be performed

In order to determine the highest value of the peak spatial-average SAR of a handset, all device positions, configurations and operational modes shall be tested for each frequency band according to steps 1 to 3 below. A flowchart of the test process is shown in picture 9.1.

Step 1: The tests described in 9.2 shall be performed at the channel that is closest to the centre of

the transmit frequency band (f_c) for:

a) all device positions (cheek and tilt, for both left and right sides of the SAM phantom, as described in annex D),

b) all configurations for each device position in a), e.g., antenna extended and retracted, and

c) all operational modes, e.g., analogue and digital, for each device position in a) and configuration in b) in each frequency band.

If more than three frequencies need to be tested according to 11.1 (i.e., N_c > 3), then all

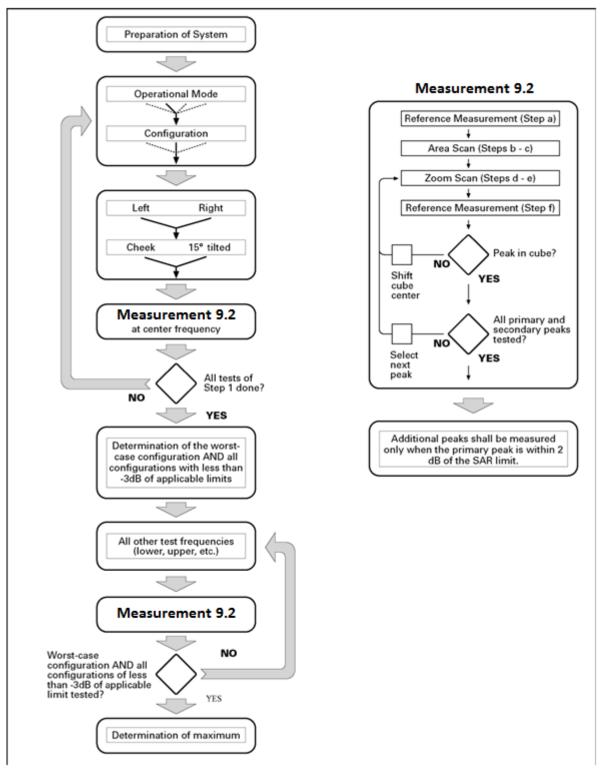
frequencies, configurations and modes shall be tested for all of the above test conditions.

Step 2: For the condition providing highest peak spatial-average SAR determined in Step 1, perform all tests described in 9.2 at all other test frequencies, i.e., lowest and highest frequencies. In addition, for all other conditions (device position, configuration and operational mode) where the peak spatial-average SAR value determined in Step 1 is within 3 dB of the applicable SAR limit, it is recommended that all other test frequencies shall be tested as well.

Step 3: Examine all data to determine the highest value of the peak spatial-average SAR found in Steps 1 to 2.



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Picture 9.1 Block diagram of the tests to be performed



9.2 General Measurement Procedure

The area and zoom scan resolutions specified in the table below must be applied to the SAR measurements and fully documented in SAR reports to qualify for TCB approval. Probe boundary effect error compensation is required for measurements with the probe tip closer than half a probe tip diameter to the phantom surface. Both the probe tip diameter and sensor offset distance must satisfy measurement protocols; to ensure probe boundary effect errors are minimized and the higher fields closest to the phantom surface can be correctly measured and extrapolated to the phantom surface for computing 1-g SAR. Tolerances of the post-processing algorithms must be verified by the test laboratory for the scan resolutions used in the SAR measurements, according to the reference distribution functions specified in IEEE Std 1528-2003. The results should be documented as part of the system validation records and may be requested to support test results when all the measurement parameters in the following table are not satisfied.

			\leq 3 GHz	> 3 GHz	
Maximum distance from (geometric center of pro			5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2}\cdot\delta\cdot\ln(2)\pm0.5~\mathrm{mm}$	
Maximum probe angle f normal at the measurem			30°±1°	20°±1°	
			$\leq 2 \text{ GHz:} \leq 15 \text{ mm}$ $2 - 3 \text{ GHz:} \leq 12 \text{ mm}$	$\begin{array}{l} 3-4 \ GHz :\leq 12 \ mm \\ 4-6 \ GHz :\leq 10 \ mm \end{array}$	
Maximum area scan spa	tial resolutio	on: Δx _{Area} , Δy _{Area}	When the x or y dimension of t measurement plane orientation measurement resolution must b dimension of the test device we point on the test device.	, is smaller than the above, the $e \leq $ the corresponding x or y	
Maximum zoom scan sp	oatial resolut	tion: Δx _{Zoom} , Δy _{Zoom}	$\leq 2 \text{ GHz} \leq 8 \text{ mm}$ 2 - 3 GHz: $\leq 5 \text{ mm}^*$	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz} \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz} \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$	
	uniform g	nid: ∆z _{Zoom} (n)	<u><</u> 5 mm	$\begin{array}{l} 3-4 \ \mathrm{GHz:} \leq 4 \ \mathrm{mm} \\ 4-5 \ \mathrm{GHz:} \leq 3 \ \mathrm{mm} \\ 5-6 \ \mathrm{GHz:} \leq 2 \ \mathrm{mm} \end{array}$	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded	$\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)$: between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	$\begin{array}{l} 3-4 \ \mathrm{GHz:} \leq 3 \ \mathrm{mm} \\ 4-5 \ \mathrm{GHz:} \leq 2.5 \ \mathrm{mm} \\ 5-6 \ \mathrm{GHz:} \leq 2 \ \mathrm{mm} \end{array}$	
surrace	grid ∆z _{Zcom} (n>1): between subsequent points		$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$		
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z	1	≥ 30 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz} \ge 28 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz} \ge 25 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz} \ge 22 \text{ mm}$	

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

* When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.



9.3 WCDMA Measurement Procedures for SAR

The following procedures are applicable to WCDMA handsets operating under 3GPP Release99, Release 5 and Release 6. The default test configuration is to measure SAR with an established radio link between the DUT and a communication test set using a 12.2kbps RMC (reference measurement channel) configured in Test Loop Mode 1. SAR is selectively confirmed for other physical channel configurations (DPCCH & DPDCH_n), HSDPA and HSPA (HSUPA/HSDPA) modes according to output power, exposure conditions and device operating capabilities. Both uplink and downlink should be configured with the same RMC or AMR, when required. SAR for Release 5 HSDPA and Release 6 HSPA are measured using the applicable FRC (fixed reference channel) and E-DCH reference channel configurations. Maximum output power is verified according to applicable versions of 3GPP TS 34.121 and SAR must be measured according to these maximum output conditions. When Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) is not implemented according to Cubic Metric (CM) requirements for Release 6 HSPA, the following procedures do not apply.

Sub-test	$oldsymbol{eta}_{c}$	$oldsymbol{eta}_d$	β_d (SF)	$oldsymbol{eta}_c/oldsymbol{eta}_d$	$eta_{\scriptscriptstyle hs}$	CM/dB
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0
2	12/15	15/15	64	12/15	24/25	1.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5

For Release 5 HSDPA Data Devices:

For Release 6 HSPA Data Devices

Sub- test	eta_{c}	eta_d	eta_d	$oldsymbol{eta}_c$ / $oldsymbol{eta}_d$	$eta_{\scriptscriptstyle hs}$	$eta_{_{ec}}$	$eta_{_{ed}}$	eta_{ed}	eta_{ed}	CM (dB)	MPR (dB)	AG Index	E-TFCI
1	11/15	15/15	64	11/15	22/15	209/225	1039/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	12/15	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	eta_{ed1} :47/15 eta_{ed2} :47/15	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	4/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15	15/15	64	15/15	24/15	30/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81



9.4 Bluetooth & Wi-Fi Measurement Procedures for SAR

Normal network operating configurations are not suitable for measuring the SAR of 802.11 transmitters in general. Unpredictable fluctuations in network traffic and antenna diversity conditions can introduce undesirable variations in SAR results. The SAR for these devices should be measured using chipset based test mode software to ensure that the results are consistent and reliable.

Chipset based test mode software is hardware dependent and generally varies among manufacturers. The device operating parameters established in a test mode for SAR measurements must be identical to those programmed in production units, including output power levels, amplifier gain settings and other RF performance tuning parameters. The test frequencies should correspond to actual channel frequencies defined for domestic use. SAR for devices with switched diversity should be measured with only one antenna transmitting at a time during each SAR measurement, according to a fixed modulation and data rate. The same data pattern should be used for all measurements.

9.5 Power Drift

To control the output power stability during the SAR test, DASY4 system calculates the power drift by measuring the E-field at the same location at the beginning and at the end of the measurement for each test position. These drift values can be found in Table 14.2 to Table 14.38 labeled as: (Power Drift [dB]). This ensures that the power drift during one measurement is within 5%.



10 Area Scan Based 1-g SAR

10.1 Requirement of KDB

According to the KDB447498 D01 v05, when the implementation is based the specific polynomial fit algorithm as presented at the 29th Bioelectromagnetics Society meeting (2007) and the estimated 1-g SAR is \leq 1.2 W/kg, a zoom scan measurement is not required provided it is also not needed for any other purpose; for example, if the peak SAR location required for simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion can be determined accurately by the SAR system or manually to discriminate between distinctive peaks and scattered noisy SAR distributions from area scans.

There must not be any warning or alert messages due to various measurement concerns identified by the SAR system; for example, noise in measurements, peaks too close to scan boundary, peaks are too sharp, spatial resolution and uncertainty issues etc. The SAR system verification must also demonstrate that the area scan estimated 1-g SAR is within 3% of the zoom scan 1-g SAR (See Annex B). When all the SAR results for each exposure condition in a frequency band and wireless mode are based on estimated 1-g SAR, the 1-g SAR for the highest SAR configuration must be determined by a zoom scan.

10.2 Fast SAR Algorithms

The approach is based on the area scan measurement applying a frequency dependent attenuation parameter. This attenuation parameter was empirically determined by analyzing a large number of phones. The MOTOROLA FAST SAR was developed and validated by the MOTOROLA Research Group in Ft. Lauderdale.

In the initial study, an approximation algorithm based on Linear fit was developed. The accuracy of the algorithm has been demonstrated across a broad frequency range (136-2450 MHz) and for both 1- and 10-g averaged SAR using a sample of 264 SAR measurements from 55 wireless handsets. For the sample size studied, the root-mean-squared errors of the algorithm are 1.2% and 5.8% for 1- and 10-g averaged SAR, respectively. The paper describing the algorithm in detail is expected to be published in August 2004 within the Special Issue of Transactions on MTT.

In the second step, the same research group optimized the fitting algorithm to an Polynomial fit whereby the frequency validity was extended to cover the range 30-6000MHz. Details of this study can be found in the BEMS 2007 Proceedings.

Both algorithms are implemented in DASY software.



11 Conducted Output Power

When WLAN Hotspot mode is activated (AP ON), in all operating modes, the conducted output power will be reduced for WCDMA1900. When WLAN Hotspot mode is deactivated (AP OFF), the RF output power level return to their normal RF power level.

11.1 Manufacturing tolerance

When the hotspot mode is ON:

Table 11.1: WCDMA								
WCDMA 1900 CS								
Channel	Channel 9538	Channel 9400	Channel 9262					
Target (dBm)	20.0	20.0	20.0					
Tune-up (dBm)	21.0	21.0	21.0					

When the hotspot mode is OFF:

Table 11.2: GSM Speech						
GSM 850						
Channel	Channel 251	Channel 190	Channel 128			
Target (dBm)	32.8	32.8	32.8			
Tune-up (dBm)	33.8	33.8	33.8			
	GSN	/ 1900				
Channel	Channel 810	Channel 661	Channel 512			
Target (dBm)	29.3	29.3	29.3			
Tune-up (dBm)	30.3	30.3	30.3			
	·		•			

Table 11.3: GPRS and EGPRS

GSM 850 GPRS (GMSK)						
Channel		251	190	128		
1 Txslot	Target (dBm)	32.8	32.8	32.8		
TIXSIOL	Tune-up (dBm)	33.8	33.8	33.8		
2 Txslots	Target (dBm)	31.0	31.0	31.0		
2 1 251015	Tune-up (dBm)	32.0	32.0	32.0		
3 Txslots	Target (dBm)	29.0	29.0	29.0		
5 1 251015	Tune-up (dBm)	30.0	30.0	30.0		
4 Txslots	Target (dBm)	28.0	28.0	28.0		
Tune-up (dBm)		29.0	29.0	29.0		
		GSM 850 EGPRS (GI	MSK)			
	Channel 251 190 128					
1 Txslot	Target (dBm)	32.8	32.8	32.8		
1 1 X SIUL	Tune-up (dBm)	33.8	33.8	33.8		
2 Txslots	Target (dBm)	31.0	31.0	31.0		
2 1 251015	Tune-up (dBm)	32.0	32.0	32.0		
3 Txslots	Target (dBm)	29.0	29.0	29.0		
3 1 2 2 10 2	Tune-up (dBm)	30.0	30.0	30.0		



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4 Txslots	Target (dBm)	28.0	28.0	28.0				
4 1 XSIOLS	Tune-up (dBm)	29.0	29.0	29.0				
GSM 1900 GPRS (GMSK)								
Channel 810 661 512								
1 Txslot	Target (dBm)	29.3	29.3	29.3				
1 1 2 5101	Tune-up (dBm)	30.3	30.3	30.3				
2 Txslots	Target (dBm)	28.0	28.0	28.0				
2 1 2 2 10 2	Tune-up (dBm)	29.0	29.0	29.0				
3 Txslots	Target (dBm)	26.0	26.0	26.0				
5 1 251015	Tune-up (dBm)	27.0	27.0	27.0				
4 Txslots	Target (dBm)	24.0	24.0	24.0				
4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Tune-up (dBm)	25.0	25.0	25.0				
	(GSM 1900 EGPRS (G	MSK)					
	Channel	810	661	512				
1 Txslot	Target (dBm)	29.3	29.3	29.3				
1 1 2 5101	Tune-up (dBm)	30.3	30.3	30.3				
2 Txslots	Target (dBm)	28.0	28.0	28.0				
2 1 2 2 1012	Tune-up (dBm)	29.0	29.0	29.0				
3 Txslots	Target (dBm)	26.0	26.0	26.0				
5 1 2 2 10 2	Tune-up (dBm)	27.0	27.0	27.0				
4 Txslots	Target (dBm)	24.0	24.0	24.0				
4 1 221012	Tune-up (dBm)	25.0	25.0	25.0				

Table 11.4: WCDMA

WCDMA 850 CS							
Channel	Channel 4233	Channel 4182	Channel 4132				
Target (dBm)	23.0	23.0	23.0				
Tune-up (dBm)	24.0	24.0	24.0				
	HSUPA (su	ub-test 1~4)					
Channel	Channel 4233	Channel 4182	Channel 4132				
Target (dBm)	19.0	19.0	19.0				
Tune-up (dBm)	20.0	20.0	20.0				
	HSUPA (sub-test 5)						
Channel	Channel 4233	Channel 4182	Channel 4132				
Target (dBm)	21.0	21.0	21.0				
Tune-up (dBm)	22.0	22.0	22.0				
	HSPA+	(sub-test 1)					
Channel	Channel 4233	Channel 4182	Channel 4132				
Target (dBm)	20.5	20.5	20.5				
Tune-up (dBm)	21.5	21.5	21.5				
	DC-HSDPA	(sub-test 1/2)					
Channel	Channel 4233	Channel 4182	Channel 4132				
Target (dBm)	22.0	22.0	22.0				
Tune-up (dBm)	23.0	23.0	23.0				



	DC-HSDPA	(sub-test 3/4)					
Channel	Channel 4233	Channel 4182	Channel 4132				
Target (dBm)	21.5	21.5	21.5				
Tune-up (dBm)	22.5	22.5	22.5				
WCDMA 1900 CS							
Channel	Channel 9538	Channel 9400	Channel 9262				
Target (dBm)	23.0	23.0	23.0				
Tune-up (dBm)	24.0	24.0	24.0				
	HSUPA (si	ub-test 1~4)					
Channel	Channel 9538	Channel 9400	Channel 9262				
Target (dBm)	18.5	18.5	18.5				
Tune-up (dBm)	19.5	19.5	19.5				
	HSUPA (sub-test 5)					
Channel	Channel 9538	Channel 9400	Channel 9262				
Target (dBm)	20.5	20.5	20.5				
Tune-up (dBm)	21.5	21.5	21.5				
	HSPA+	(sub-test 1)					
Channel	Channel 9538	Channel 9400	Channel 9262				
Target (dBm)	20.5	20.5	20.5				
Tune-up (dBm)	21.5	21.5	21.5				
	DC-HSDPA	(sub-test 1~4)					
Channel	Channel 9538	Channel 9400	Channel 9262				
Target (dBm)	21.5	21.5	21.5				
Tune-up (dBm)	22.5	22.5	22.5				

Table 11.5: Bluetooth

Band	Target (dBm)	Tune-up (dBm)
Bluetooth	6	7

Table 11.6: WiFi

Band	Target (dBm)	Tune-up (dBm)			
802.11b (2.4GHz)	14	15			
802.11g (2.4GHz)	11	12			
802.11n HT20&40 (2.4GHz)	13.5	14.5			
802.11a (5GHz) channel 36-108	12	13			
802.11a (5GHz) channel 112-151	11.5	12.5			
802.11a (5GHz) channel 161-165	12	13			
802.11n HT20 (5GHz) channel 36-108	11.3	12.3			
802.11n HT20 (5GHz) channel 112-165	11	12			
802.11n HT40 (5GHz) channel 38-102	11.3	12.3			
802.11n HT40 (5GHz) channel 110-159	11	12			



11.2 Hotspot

There is power reduction enabled for WCDMA1900. The power reduction is enabled when the user enables hotspot mode via the manufacturer software. The tables below show the measured powers with hotspot.

ltem	band	FDDII result				
nem	ARFCN	9538 (1907.6MHz)	9400 (1880MHz)	9262 (1852.4MHz)		
WCDMA	١	19.98	20.35	20.25		

Table 11.7: The conducted Power for WCDMA

11.3 GSM Measurement result

During the process of testing, the EUT was controlled via Agilent Digital Radio Communication tester (E5515C) to ensure the maximum power transmission and proper modulation. This result contains conducted output power for the EUT. In all cases, the measured peak output power should be greater and within 5% than EMI measurement.

Table 11.8: The conducted power measurement results for GSM850/1900

GSM			
850MHz	Channel 251(848.8MHz)	Channel 190(836.6MHz)	Channel 128(824.2MHz)
8301VITIZ	32.90	32.91	32.88
COM		Conducted Power (dBm)	
GSM 1900MHz	Channel 810(1909.8MHz)	Channel 661(1880MHz)	Channel 512(1850.2MHz)
ISOUMITZ	29.55	29.64	29.54

Table 11.9: The conducted power measurement results for GPRS and EGPRS

GSM 850	Measu	ured Power	(dBm)	calculation	Avera	ged Power	(dBm)
GPRS (GMSK)	251	190	128		251	190	128
1 Txslot	32.89	32.90	32.87	-9.03dB	23.86	23.87	23.84
2 Txslots	31.14	31.16	31.14	-6.02dB	25.12	25.14	25.12
3Txslots	29.33	29.31	29.31	-4.26dB	25.07	25.05	25.05
4 Txslots	28.03	28.05	28.07	-3.01dB	25.02	25.04	25.06
GSM 850	Measured Power (dBm)		calculation	Avera	ged Power	(dBm)	
EGPRS (GMSK)	251	190	128		251	190	128
1 Txslot	32.88	32.90	32.87	-9.03dB	23.85	23.87	23.84
2 Txslots	31.15	31.15	31.13	-6.02dB	25.13	25.13	25.11
3Txslots	29.30	29.31	29.30	-4.26dB	25.04	25.05	25.04
4 Txslots	28.02	28.04	28.06	-3.01dB	25.01	25.03	25.05
PCS1900	Measu	ured Power	(dBm)	calculation	Averaged Power (dBm)		(dBm)
GPRS (GMSK)	810	661	512		810	661	512
1 Txslot	29.57	29.67	29.58	-9.03dB	20.54	20.64	20.55
2 Txslots	28.19	28.02	27.67	-6.02dB	22.17	22.00	21.65
3Txslots	26.34	26.17	25.76	-4.26dB	22.08	21.91	21.50
4 Txslots	24.93	24.72	24.32	-3.01dB	21.92	21.71	21.31



PCS1900	Measured Power (dBm)		calculation	Averaged Power (dBm)		(dBm)	
EGPRS (GMSK)	810	661	512		810	661	512
1 Txslot	29.57	29.66	29.57	-9.03dB	20.54	20.63	20.54
2 Txslots	28.18	28.02	27.67	-6.02dB	22.16	22.00	21.65
3Txslots	26.34	26.16	25.76	-4.26dB	22.08	21.90	21.50
4 Txslots	24.93	24.71	24.32	-3.01dB	21.92	21.70	21.31

NOTES:

1) Division Factors

To average the power, the division factor is as follows:

1TX-slot = 1 transmit time slot out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/1) => -9.03dB

2TX-slots = 2 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/2) => -6.02dB

3TX-slots = 3 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/3) => -4.26dB

4TX-slots = 4 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/4) => -3.01dB

According to the conducted power as above, the body measurements are performed with 2Txslots for GPRS and EGPRS.

Note: According to the KDB941225 D03, "when SAR tests for EDGE or EGPRS mode is necessary, GMSK modulation should be used".

11.4 WCDMA Measurement result

Table 11.10: The conducted Power for WCDMA850/1900

ltem	band		FDDV result			
nem	ARFCN	4233 (846.6MHz)	4182 (836.4MHz)	4132 (826.4MHz)		
WCDMA	١	22.98	23.28	23.27		
HSUPA	1	19.60	19.50	19.50		
	2	19.60	19.50	19.50		
	3	19.60	19.50	19.50		
	4	19.10	18.90	19.00		
	5	21.60	21.60	21.50		
HSPA+	1	20.53	20.69	20.63		
	1	22.15	22.26	22.21		
DC-HSDPA	2	22.12	22.25	22.20		
DC-HSDPA	3	21.66	21.77	21.71		
	4	21.63	21.74	21.69		
lt e ree	band	FDDII result				
Item	ARFCN	9538 (1907.6MHz)	9400 (1880MHz)	9262 (1852.4MHz)		
WCDMA	١	22.41	22.86	22.81		
	1	18.50	19.10	18.90		
	2	18.50	19.00	18.90		
HSUPA	3	18.60	19.10	18.90		
	4	18.00	18.50	18.30		
	5	20.50	21.10	20.90		
HSPA+	1	20.03	20.33	20.26		



DC-HSDPA	1	21.57	21.95	21.83
	2	21.57	21.93	21.79
	3	21.05	21.43	21.27
	4	21.04	21.41	21.25

Note: Rel6/7/8 body SAR for WCDMA850/1900 are not required, because maximum average output power of each RF channel with Rel6/7/8 active is not 1/4 dB higher than that measured without Rel6/7/8.

11.5 Wi-Fi and BT Measurement result

The output power of BT antenna is as following:

Mode	Conducted Power (dBm)						
Mode	Channel 0 (2402MHz)	Channel 39 (2441MHz)	Channel 78 (2480MHz)				
GFSK	6.47	6.19	6.48				
EDR2M-4_DQPSK	5.70	5.46	5.85				
EDR3M-8DPSK	6.07	5.84	6.18				

The average conducted power for Wi-Fi is as following:

802.11b (dBm)

Channel\data rate	1Mbps	2Mbps	5.5Mbps	11Mbps
1	14.11	13.96	13.93	13.76
6	14.21	14.14	14.08	13.88
11	14.04	13.96	14.26	13.70

802.11g (dBm)

Channel\data rate	6Mbps	9Mbps	12Mbps	18Mbps	24Mbps	36Mbps	48Mbps	54Mbps
1	11.64	11.48	11.36	11.12	10.89	10.52	10.20	10.08
6	11.91	11.75	11.63	11.40	11.16	10.81	10.47	10.35
11	11.86	11.72	11.59	11.36	11.64	11.28	10.43	10.30

802.11n (dBm) - HT20 (2.4G)

Channel\data rate	MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7
1	13.64	13.47	13.49	13.93	13.37	13.84	13.85	13.78
6	13.66	13.53	13.57	13.52	13.46	13.41	13.88	13.81
11	13.74	13.61	13.75	13.60	13.55	13.53	13.53	13.56

802.11n (dBm) - HT40 (2.4G)

Channel\data rate	MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7
3	13.90	13.81	13.76	14.13	13.70	13.65	13.69	13.62
6	13.61	14.03	13.98	13.90	13.92	13.87	13.90	13.84
9	13.68	13.68	14.05	14.04	14.05	14.03	14.05	13.97



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802.11a (dBm)

Channel\data rate	6Mbps	9Mbps	12Mbps	18Mbps	24Mbps	36Mbps	48Mbps	54Mbps
36(5180 MHz)	11.68	11.72	12.20	12.08	11.66	11.62	11.64	12.12
40(5200 MHz)	11.94	11.96	12.37	12.46	11.87	12.28	12.33	11.85
44(5220 MHz)	12.11	12.61	12.15	12.69	12.12	12.05	12.61	12.56
48(5240 MHz)	12.87	12.88	12.45	12.97	12.82	12.78	12.85	12.36
52(5260 MHz)	11.72	11.74	11.78	11.81	11.71	11.67	11.73	11.68
56(5280 MHz)	12.12	12.09	12.09	12.12	12.02	11.96	12.02	12.00
60(5300 MHz)	11.56	11.62	11.60	11.67	11.56	11.51	11.58	11.53
64(5320 MHz)	11.73	11.74	11.74	11.77	11.65	11.61	11.65	11.64
100(5500 MHz)	11.44	11.45	11.42	11.96	11.35	11.32	11.34	11.33
104(5520 MHz)	11.24	11.24	11.72	11.27	11.18	11.60	11.19	11.14
108(5540 MHz)	11.28	11.62	11.62	11.66	11.83	11.76	11.46	11.35
112(5560 MHz)	11.43	10.73	11.21	11.24	10.97	10.88	11.06	10.96
116(5580 MHz)	11.39	11.79	11.76	11.80	11.52	11.19	11.61	11.55
132(5660 MHz)	12.29	12.17	12.14	12.15	11.90	12.08	12.00	11.95
136(5680 MHz)	11.67	11.55	11.51	11.51	11.29	11.41	11.36	11.29
140(5700 MHz)	11.58	11.45	11.42	11.44	11.66	11.31	11.24	11.17
149(5745 MHz)	12.00	11.91	11.87	11.71	11.65	11.74	11.68	11.62
153(5765 MHz)	11.95	11.85	11.82	11.64	11.59	11.67	11.61	11.56
157(5785 MHz)	11.82	11.79	11.77	11.60	11.54	11.62	11.58	11.50
161(5805 MHz	12.26	12.23	12.20	12.51	12.45	12.50	12.49	12.43
165(5825 MHz)	12.29	12.26	12.21	12.53	12.50	12.52	12.51	12.47

802.11n (dBm) - HT20 (5G)

Channel\data rate	MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7	
36(5180 MHz)	11.04	10.83	10.85	10.77	11.23	11.21	11.21	11.16	
40(5200 MHz)	11.42	11.27	11.30	11.21	11.13	11.65	11.13	11.60	
44(5220 MHz)	11.74	11.56	11.61	12.03	11.97	11.96	11.96	11.39	
48(5240 MHz)	12.02	11.83	11.86	11.76	11.70	12.21	12.21	12.15	
52(5260 MHz)	10.89	10.74	11.16	11.08	11.03	11.03	11.00	10.97	
56(5280 MHz)	11.33	11.38	11.49	11.40	11.36	11.36	11.35	11.31	
60(5300 MHz)	10.86	10.79	11.09	10.97	10.93	10.93	10.92	10.87	
64(5320 MHz)	11.17	11.17	11.19	11.09	11.05	11.02	11.04	10.98	
100(5500 MHz)	11.25	11.09	11.09	10.99	10.96	10.94	10.94	10.88	
104(5520 MHz)	11.01	10.85	10.85	10.77	10.74	10.74	10.73	10.65	
108(5540 MHz)	10.60	10.44	10.51	10.50	10.43	10.43	10.41	10.71	
112(5560 MHz)	10.13	10.11	10.16	10.15	10.01	10.08	10.09	10.08	
116(5580 MHz)	10.27	10.18	10.72	10.72	10.67	10.63	10.64	10.35	
132(5660 MHz)	11.13	11.00	11.09	11.08	11.00	11.02	11.02	11.16	
136(5680 MHz)	10.49	10.37	10.48	10.46	10.42	10.38	10.38	10.52	
140(5700 MHz)	10.40	10.27	10.38	10.35	10.30	10.29	10.26	10.42	