

SAR TEST REPORT

No. 2013SAR00024

For

TCT Mobile Limited

HSUPA/HSDPA/UMTS Triband / GSM quadband mobile phone

Model name: Diablo A

Marketing name: ONE TOUCH 6030A

With

Hardware Version: PIO

Software Version: vPA9

FCC ID: RAD313

Issued Date: 2013-03-21



Note:

The test results in this test report relate only to the devices specified in this report. This report shall not be reproduced except in full without the written approval of TMC Beijing.

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Revision Version

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2013SAR00024	00	2013-02-26	Initial creation of test report
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TABLE OF CONTENT

1 TEST LABORATORY	5
1.1 TESTING LOCATION	5
1.2 TESTING ENVIRONMENT	5
1.3 PROJECT DATA	
1.4 Signature	5
2 STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE	6
3 CLIENT INFORMATION	7
3.1 APPLICANT INFORMATION	7
3.2 Manufacturer Information	7
4 EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST (EUT) AND ANCILLARY EQUIPMENT (AE)	8
4.1 About EUT	8
4.2 Internal Identification of EUT used during the test	
4.3 Internal Identification of AE used during the test	
5 TEST METHODOLOGY	9
5.1 APPLICABLE LIMIT REGULATIONS	9
5.2 APPLICABLE MEASUREMENT STANDARDS	
6 SPECIFIC ABSORPTION RATE (SAR)	10
6.1 Introduction	
6.2 SAR Definition	
7 TISSUE SIMULATING LIQUIDS	11
7.1 Targets for tissue simulating liquid	11
7.2 DIELECTRIC PERFORMANCE	
8 SYSTEM VERIFICATION	14
8.1 System Setup	14
8.2 System Verification	15
9 MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES	16
9.1 Tests to be performed	16
9.2 GENERAL MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE	
9.3 WCDMA MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES FOR SAR	18
9.4 BLUETOOTH & WI-FI MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES FOR SAR	19
9.5 Power Drift	19
10 AREA SCAN BASED 1-G SAR	20
10.1 REQUIREMENT OF KDB	20
10.2 FAST SAR ALGORITHMS	
44 CONDUCTED OUTDUT DOWED	0.4



11.1 M ANUI	FACTURING TOLERANCE	. 21
11.2 GSM N	MEASUREMENT RESULT	. 23
11.3 WCDN	AA MEASUREMENT RESULT	. 24
11.4 WI-FI	AND BT MEASUREMENT RESULT	. 24
12 SIMULT	ANEOUS TX SAR CONSIDERATIONS	26
12.1 Introi	DUCTION	. 26
	MIT ANTENNA SEPARATION DISTANCES	
	IEASUREMENT POSITIONS	
12.4 STAND	ALONE SAR TEST EXCLUSION CONSIDERATIONS	. 27
13 EVALUA	ATION OF SIMULTANEOUS	28
14 SAR TE	ST RESULT	29
14.1 SAR R	ESULTS FOR FAST SAR	. 29
14.2 SAR R	ESULTS FOR STANDARD PROCEDURE	. 33
15 SAR ME	ASUREMENT VARIABILITY	35
16 MEASU	REMENT UNCERTAINTY	36
	EST INSTRUMENTS	
ANNEX A	GRAPH RESULTS	39
ANNEX B	SYSTEM VERIFICATION RESULTS	57
ANNEX C	SAR MEASUREMENT SETUP	62
ANNEX D	POSITION OF THE WIRELESS DEVICE IN RELATION TO THE PHANTOM	68
ANNEX E	EQUIVALENT MEDIA RECIPES	71
ANNEX F	SYSTEM VALIDATION	72
ANNEX G	PROBE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE	73
ANNEX H	DIPOLE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE	84



1 Test Laboratory

1.1 Testing Location

Company Name: TMC Beijing, Telecommunication Metrology Center of MIIT Address: No 52, Huayuan beilu, Haidian District, Beijing,P.R.China

Postal Code: 100191

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1.2 Testing Environment

Temperature: $18^{\circ}\text{C} \sim 25^{\circ}\text{C}$, Relative humidity: $30\% \sim 70\%$ Ground system resistance: $< 0.5 \ \Omega$ Ambient noise & Reflection: $< 0.012 \ \text{W/kg}$

1.3 Project Data

Project Leader: Qi Dianyuan Test Engineer: Lin Xiaojun

Testing Start Date: January 28, 2013
Testing End Date: January 29, 2013

1.4 Signature

Lin Xiaojun

(Prepared this test report)

Qi Dianyuan

(Reviewed this test report)

Xiao Li

Deputy Director of the laboratory (Approved this test report)



2 Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for TCT Mobile Limited HSUPA/HSDPA/UMTS Triband / GSM quadband mobile phone Diablo A / ONE TOUCH 6030A are as follows:

Table 2.1: Max. Reported SAR (1g)

Band	Position	Reported SAR 1g (W/Kg)
0014.050	Head	0.37
GSM 850	Body	1.11
CSM 1000	Head	0.45
GSM 1900	Body	0.95
WCDMA 850	Head	0.44
WCDIVIA 650	Body	0.70
WCDMA 1900	Head	0.49
VVCDIVIA 1900	Body	0.96

The SAR values found for the Mobile Phone are below the maximum recommended levels of 1.6 W/Kg as averaged over any 1g tissue according to the ANSI C95.1-1999.

For body worn operation, this device has been tested and meets FCC RF exposure guidelines when used with any accessory that contains no metal and which provides a minimum separation distance of 10 mm between this device and the body of the user. Use of other accessories may not ensure compliance with FCC RF exposure guidelines.

The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain uniform power output.

The measurement together with the test system set-up is described in annex C of this test report. A detailed description of the equipment under test can be found in chapter 4 of this test report.

The maximum reported SAR value is obtained at the case of (Table 2.1), and the values are: 1.11 W/kg (1g).

Table 2.2: The sum of reported SAR values for GSM/UMTS and WiFi

	Position	GSM/UMTS	WiFi*	Sum
Maximum reported value for Head	Right hand, Touch cheek	0.49	0.314	0.804
Maximum reported SAR value for Body	Toward Ground	1.11	0.314	1.424

Table 2.3: The sum of reported SAR values for GSM and Bluetooth

	Position	GSM/UMTS	BT*	Sum
Maximum reported	Right hand, Touch cheek	0.49	0.185	0.675
value for Head	Right hand, fouch cheek	0.49	0.165	0.073
Maximum reported	Toward Cround	1.11	0.105	1 205
SAR value for Body	Toward Ground	1.11	0.185	1.295

According to the above tables, the maximum sum of reported SAR values is **1.424 W/kg (1g)**. The detail for simultaneous transmission consideration is described in chapter 13.



3 Client Information

3.1 Applicant Information

Company Name: TCT Mobile Limited

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3.2 Manufacturer Information

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Country: P.R.China
Contact: Gong Zhizhou

Email: zhizhou.gong@jrdcom.com

Telephone: 0086-21-61460890 Fax: 0086-21-61460602



4 Equipment Under Test (EUT) and Ancillary Equipment (AE)

4.1 About EUT

Description:	HSUPA/HSDPA/UMTS Triband / GSM quadband mobile phone
Model name:	Diablo A
Marketing name:	ONE TOUCH 6030A
Operating mode(s):	GSM 850/900/1800/1900, WCDMA 850/1900/2100, BT, WiFi
	825 – 848.8 MHz (GSM 850)
Tootod Ty Fraguency	1850.2 – 1910 MHz (GSM 1900)
Tested Tx Frequency:	826.4-846.6 MHz (WCDMA850 Band V)
	1852.4-1907.6 MHz (WCDMA1900 Band II)
GPRS/EGPRS Multislot Class:	12
GPRS capability Class:	В
WCDMA UE Category:	6
	GSM: R99
Release Version:	GPRS: Rel6
	UMTS: R6
Test device Production information:	Production unit
Device type:	Portable device
Antenna type:	Integrated antenna
Accessories/Body-worn configurations:	Headset
Hotspot mode:	Support simultaneous transmission of hotspot and voice(or data)
Form factor:	13.3cm $ imes$ 6.75 cm

4.2 Internal Identification of EUT used during the test

EUT ID* SN or IMEI HW Version SW Version EUT1 01349500000908 / 013495000002847 PIO vPA9

Note: It is performed to test SAR with the EUT (01349500000908) and conducted power with the EUT (013495000002847).

4.3 Internal Identification of AE used during the test

Manufacturer	SN	Model	Description	AE ID*
SCUD	/	CAC1800000C3	Battery	AE1
Lianyun	/	CCB3001A14C1	Headset	AE2
Juwei	/	CCB3001A14C2	Headset	AE3
Lianyun	/	CCB3001A15C1	Headset	AE4
Juwei	/	CCB3001A15C2	Headset	AE5

^{*}AE ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.

Note: AE2 and AE4 are the same, so they can use the same results. AE3 and AE5 are the same, so they can use the same results.

^{*}EUT ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.



5 TEST METHODOLOGY

5.1 Applicable Limit Regulations

ANSI C95.1–1999: IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz.

It specifies the maximum exposure limit of **1.6 W/kg** as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue for portable devices being used within 20 cm of the user in the uncontrolled environment.

5.2 Applicable Measurement Standards

IEEE 1528–2003: Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques.

OET Bulletin 65 (Edition 97-01) and Supplement C(Edition 01-01): Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits.

KDB447498 D01: General RF Exposure Guidance v05: Mobile and Portable Devices RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies.

KDB648474 D04 SAR Handsets Multi Xmiter and Ant v01: SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets.

865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01: SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01: RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations



6 Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

6.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

6.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ) . The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt}(\frac{dW}{dm}) = \frac{d}{dt}(\frac{dW}{\rho dv})$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be either related to the temperature elevation in tissue by

$$SAR = c(\frac{\delta T}{\delta t})$$

Where: C is the specific head capacity, δT is the temperature rise and δt is the exposure duration, or related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

However for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement is typically applied.



7 Tissue Simulating Liquids

7.1 Targets for tissue simulating liquid

Table 7.1: Targets for tissue simulating liquid

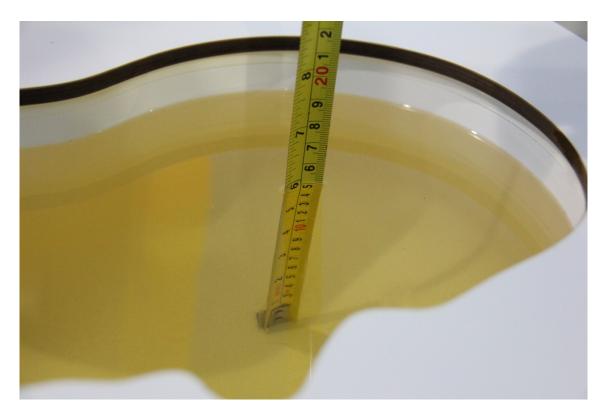
Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type	Conductivity (σ)	± 5% Range	Permittivity (ε)	± 5% Range
835	Head	0.90	0.86~0.95	41.5	39.4~43.6
835	Body	0.97	0.92~1.02	55.2	52.4~58.0
1900	Head	1.40	1.33~1.47	40.0	38.0~42.0
1900	Body	1.52	1.44~1.60	53.3	50.6~56.0

7.2 Dielectric Performance

Table 7.2: Dielectric Performance of Tissue Simulating Liquid

<u> </u>								
Measurement Date (yyyy-mm-dd)	l Type		Permittivity ε	Drift (%)	Conductivity σ (S/m)	Drift (%)		
2012 01 20	Head	835 MHz	40.51	-2.39	0.885	-1.67		
2013-01-28	Body	835 MHz	56.14	1.70	0.981	1.13		
2013-01-29	Head	1900 MHz	39.24	-1.90	1.416	1.14		
	Body	1900 MHz	52.53	-1.44	1.537	1.12		



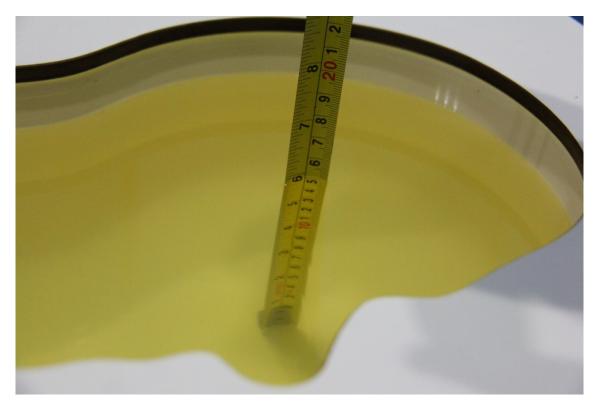


Picture 7-1: Liquid depth in the Head Phantom (835 MHz)



Picture 7-2: Liquid depth in the Flat Phantom (835 MHz)





Picture 7-3: Liquid depth in the Head Phantom (1900 MHz)



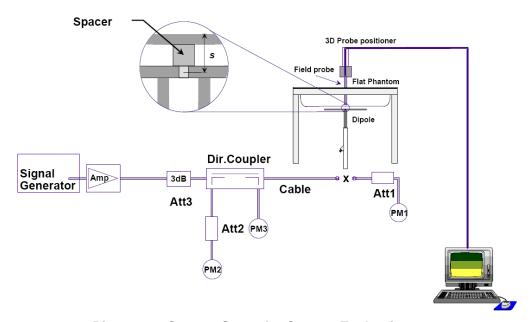
Picture 7-4 Liquid depth in the Flat Phantom (1900MHz)



8 System verification

8.1 System Setup

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the DUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave that comes from a signal generator. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The equipment setup is shown below:



Picture 8.1 System Setup for System Evaluation



Picture 8.2 Photo of Dipole Setup



8.2 System Verification

SAR system verification is required to confirm measurement accuracy, according to the tissue dielectric media, probe calibration points and other system operating parameters required for measuring the SAR of a test device. The system verification must be performed for each frequency band and within the valid range of each probe calibration point required for testing the device.

The system verification results are required that the area scan estimated 1-g SAR is within 3% of the zoom scan 1-g SAR. The details are presented in annex B.

Table 8.1: System Verification of Head

Measurement		Target val	Target value (W/kg)		Measured value (W/kg)		Deviation	
Date	Frequency	10 g	1 g	10 g	1 g	10 g	1 g	
(yyyy-mm-dd)		Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	
2013-01-28	835 MHz	6.07	9.30	6.20	9.48	2.14%	1.94%	
2013-01-29	1900 MHz	20.6	39.1	20.28	38.64	-1.55%	-1.18%	

Table 8.2: System Verification of Body

Measurement		Target value (W/kg)		Measured value (W/kg)		Deviation	
Date	Frequency	10 g	1 g	10 g	1 g	10 g	1 g
(yyyy-mm-dd)		Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average
2013-01-28	835 MHz	6.20	9.36	6.36	9.56	2.58%	2.14%
2013-01-29	1900 MHz	21.3	39.9	21.60	40.40	1.41%	1.25%



9 Measurement Procedures

9.1 Tests to be performed

In order to determine the highest value of the peak spatial-average SAR of a handset, all device positions, configurations and operational modes shall be tested for each frequency band according to steps 1 to 3 below. A flowchart of the test process is shown in Picture 11.1.

Step 1: The tests described in 11.2 shall be performed at the channel that is closest to the centre of the transmit frequency band (f_c) for:

- a) all device positions (cheek and tilt, for both left and right sides of the SAM phantom, as described in Chapter 8),
- b) all configurations for each device position in a), e.g., antenna extended and retracted, and
- c) all operational modes, e.g., analogue and digital, for each device position in a) and configuration in b) in each frequency band.

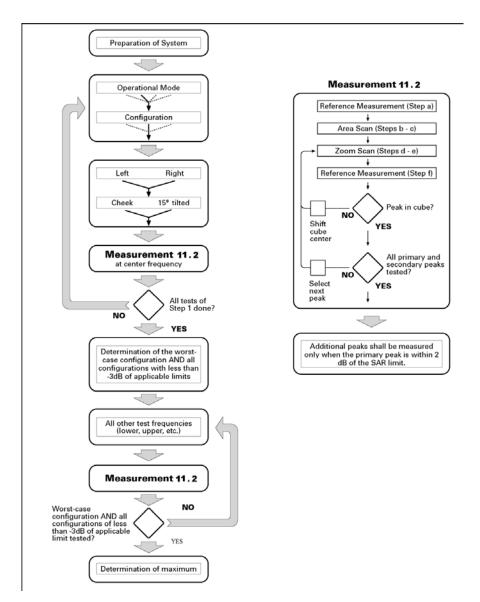
If more than three frequencies need to be tested according to 11.1 (i.e., $N_c >$ 3), then all

frequencies, configurations and modes shall be tested for all of the above test conditions.

Step 2: For the condition providing highest peak spatial-average SAR determined in Step 1, perform all tests described in 11.2 at all other test frequencies, i.e., lowest and highest frequencies. In addition, for all other conditions (device position, configuration and operational mode) where the peak spatial-average SAR value determined in Step 1 is within 3 dB of the applicable SAR limit, it is recommended that all other test frequencies shall be tested as well.

Step 3: Examine all data to determine the highest value of the peak spatial-average SAR found in Steps 1 to 2.





Picture 9.1 Block diagram of the tests to be performed

9.2 General Measurement Procedure

The area and zoom scan resolutions specified in the table below must be applied to the SAR measurements and fully documented in SAR reports to qualify for TCB approval. Probe boundary effect error compensation is required for measurements with the probe tip closer than half a probe tip diameter to the phantom surface. Both the probe tip diameter and sensor offset distance must satisfy measurement protocols; to ensure probe boundary effect errors are minimized and the higher fields closest to the phantom surface can be correctly measured and extrapolated to the phantom surface for computing 1-g SAR. Tolerances of the post-processing algorithms must be verified by the test laboratory for the scan resolutions used in the SAR measurements, according to the reference distribution functions specified in IEEE Std 1528-2003. The results should be documented as part of the system validation records and may be requested to support test results when all the measurement parameters in the following table are not satisfied.



			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz		
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface			5 ± 1 mm	½·δ·ln(2) ± 0.5 mm		
Maximum probe angle f normal at the measurem			30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°		
			\leq 2 GHz: \leq 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: \leq 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm		
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}			When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be ≤ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.			
Maximum zoom scan sp	atial resolu	ion: Δx _{Zoom} , Δy _{Zoom}	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*		
	uniform grid: Δz _{Zoom} (n)		≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm		
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom	graded	Δz _{Zoom} (1): between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm		
	grid $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$: between subsequent points		$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$			
Minimum zoom scan volume	V V 7		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm		

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

9.3 WCDMA Measurement Procedures for SAR

The following procedures are applicable to WCDMA handsets operating under 3GPP Release99, Release 5 and Release 6. The default test configuration is to measure SAR with an established radio link between the DUT and a communication test set using a 12.2kbps RMC (reference measurement channel) configured in Test Loop Mode 1. SAR is selectively confirmed for other physical channel configurations (DPCCH & DPDCH_n), HSDPA and HSPA (HSUPA/HSDPA) modes according to output power, exposure conditions and device operating capabilities. Both uplink and downlink should be configured with the same RMC or AMR, when required. SAR for Release 5 HSDPA and Release 6 HSPA are measured using the applicable FRC (fixed reference channel) and E-DCH reference channel configurations. Maximum output power is verified according to applicable versions of 3GPP TS 34.121 and SAR must be measured according to these maximum output conditions. When Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) is not implemented according to Cubic Metric (CM) requirements for Release 6 HSPA, the following procedures do not apply.

When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.



For Release 5 HSDPA Data Devices:

Sub-test	$oldsymbol{eta}_c$	$oldsymbol{eta_d}$	β_d (SF)	$oldsymbol{eta}_c$ / $oldsymbol{eta}_d$	$oldsymbol{eta}_{hs}$	CM/dB
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0
2	12/15	15/15	64	12/15	24/25	1. 0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1. 5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1. 5

For Release 6 HSPA Data Devices

Sub-	$oldsymbol{eta_c}$	$oldsymbol{eta_d}$	eta_d	$oldsymbol{eta_c}$ / $oldsymbol{eta_d}$	eta_{hs}	$oldsymbol{eta}_{ec}$	$oldsymbol{eta}_{ed}$	eta_{ed}	eta_{ed}	CM (dB)	MPR (dB)	AG Index	E-TFCI
1	11/15	15/15	64	11/15	22/15	209/225	1039/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	12/15	4	1	3.0	2. 0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	eta_{ed1} :47/15 eta_{ed2} :47/15	4	2	2. 0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	4/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2. 0	17	71
5	15/15	15/15	64	15/15	24/15	30/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

9.4 Bluetooth & Wi-Fi Measurement Procedures for SAR

Normal network operating configurations are not suitable for measuring the SAR of 802.11 transmitters in general. Unpredictable fluctuations in network traffic and antenna diversity conditions can introduce undesirable variations in SAR results. The SAR for these devices should be measured using chipset based test mode software to ensure that the results are consistent and reliable.

Chipset based test mode software is hardware dependent and generally varies among manufacturers. The device operating parameters established in a test mode for SAR measurements must be identical to those programmed in production units, including output power levels, amplifier gain settings and other RF performance tuning parameters. The test frequencies should correspond to actual channel frequencies defined for domestic use. SAR for devices with switched diversity should be measured with only one antenna transmitting at a time during each SAR measurement, according to a fixed modulation and data rate. The same data pattern should be used for all measurements.

9.5 Power Drift

To control the output power stability during the SAR test, DASY4 system calculates the power drift by measuring the E-field at the same location at the beginning and at the end of the measurement for each test position. These drift values can be found in Table 14.1 to Table 14.15 labeled as: (Power Drift [dB]). This ensures that the power drift during one measurement is within 5%.



10 Area Scan Based 1-g SAR

10.1 Requirement of KDB

According to the KDB447498 D01 v05, when the implementation is based the specific polynomial fit algorithm as presented at the 29th Bioelectromagnetics Society meeting (2007) and the estimated 1-g SAR is \leq 1.2 W/kg, a zoom scan measurement is not required provided it is also not needed for any other purpose; for example, if the peak SAR location required for simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion can be determined accurately by the SAR system or manually to discriminate between distinctive peaks and scattered noisy SAR distributions from area scans.

There must not be any warning or alert messages due to various measurement concerns identified by the SAR system; for example, noise in measurements, peaks too close to scan boundary, peaks are too sharp, spatial resolution and uncertainty issues etc. The SAR system verification must also demonstrate that the area scan estimated 1-g SAR is within 3% of the zoom scan 1-g SAR (See Annex B). When all the SAR results for each exposure condition in a frequency band and wireless mode are based on estimated 1-g SAR, the 1-g SAR for the highest SAR configuration must be determined by a zoom scan.

10.2 Fast SAR Algorithms

The approach is based on the area scan measurement applying a frequency dependent attenuation parameter. This attenuation parameter was empirically determined by analyzing a large number of phones. The MOTOROLA FAST SAR was developed and validated by the MOTOROLA Research Group in Ft. Lauderdale.

In the initial study, an approximation algorithm based on Linear fit was developed. The accuracy of the algorithm has been demonstrated across a broad frequency range (136-2450 MHz) and for both 1- and 10-g averaged SAR using a sample of 264 SAR measurements from 55 wireless handsets. For the sample size studied, the root-mean-squared errors of the algorithm are 1.2% and 5.8% for 1- and 10-g averaged SAR, respectively. The paper describing the algorithm in detail is expected to be published in August 2004 within the Special Issue of Transactions on MTT.

In the second step, the same research group optimized the fitting algorithm to an Polynomial fit whereby the frequency validity was extended to cover the range 30-6000MHz. Details of this study can be found in the BEMS 2007 Proceedings.

Both algorithms are implemented in DASY software.



11 Conducted Output Power

11.1 Manufacturing tolerance

Table 11.1: GSM Speech

GSM 850							
Channel	Channel 251	Channel 190	Channel 128				
Target (dBm)	32.3	32.3	32.3				
Tolerance \pm (dB)	1	1	1				
	GSM	1 1900					
Channel	Channel 810	Channel 661	Channel 512				
Target (dBm)	29.3	29.3	29.3				
Tolerance \pm (dB)	1	1	1				

Table 11.2: GPRS and EGPRS (GMSK Modulation)

	Table 11.2. G	GSM 850 GPRS		
	Channel	251	190	128
	Target (dBm)	32.3	32.3	32.3
1 Txslot	Tolerance \pm (dB)	1	1	1
	Target (dBm)	31.2	31.2	31.2
2 Txslots	Tolerance \pm (dB)	1	1	1
	Target (dBm)	29.5	29.5	29.5
3Txslots	Tolerance \pm (dB)	1	1	1
4.7.1.4	Target (dBm)	28.7	28.7	28.7
4 Txslots	Tolerance \pm (dB)	1	1	1
		GSM 850 EGPRS	3	
	Channel	251	190	128
4 Tuelet	Target (dBm)	32.3	32.3	32.3
1 Txslot	Tolerance \pm (dB)	1	1	1
2 Tycloto	Target (dBm)	31.2	31.2	31.2
2 Txslots	Tolerance \pm (dB)	1	1	1
3Txslots	Target (dBm)	29.5	29.5	29.5
31 XSIOIS	Tolerance \pm (dB)	1	1	1
4 Txslots	Target (dBm)	28.7	28.7	28.7
4 1 X SIOLS	Tolerance \pm (dB)	1	1	1
		GSM 1900 GPRS	3	
	Channel	810	661	512
1 Txslot	Target (dBm)	29.3	29.3	29.3
1 1 79101	Tolerance \pm (dB)	1	1	1
2 Txslots	Target (dBm)	28.2	28.2	28.2
2 1 / 31013	Tolerance \pm (dB)	1	1	1
3Txslots	Target (dBm)	26.6	26.6	26.6
017000	Tolerance \pm (dB)	1	1	1



4 Txslots	Target (dBm)	25.8	25.8	25.8
4 1 XSIO(S	Tolerance \pm (dB)	1	1	1
		GSM 1900 EGPRS	S	
	Channel	810	661	512
1 Txslot	Target (dBm)	29.3	29.3	29.3
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Tolerance \pm (dB)	1	1	1
2 Txslots	Target (dBm)	28.2	28.2	28.2
2 1 851015	Tolerance \pm (dB)	1	1	1
3Txslots	Target (dBm)	26.6	26.6	26.6
31 XSIOIS	Tolerance \pm (dB)	1	1	1
4 Txslots	Target (dBm)	25.8	25.8	25.8
4 1 7 2 10 12	Tolerance \pm (dB)	1	1	1

Table 11.3: WCDMA

WCDMA 850 CS							
Channel	Channel 4233	Channel 4182	Channel 4132				
Target (dBm)	23	23	23				
Tolerance \pm (dB)	1	1	1				
	WCDMA	A 1900 CS					
Channel	Channel 9538	Channel 9400	Channel 9262				
Target (dBm)	23	23	23				
Tolerance ±(dB)	1	1	1				

Table 11.4: WiFi

Mode	Channel	Target (dBm)	Tolerance \pm (dB)
	1	10.22	1
802.11 b	6	10.56	1
	11	10.77	1

Table 11.5: Bluetooth

Mode	Channel	Target (dBm)	Tolerance \pm (dB)			
	0	7.99	1.5			
GFSK	39	7.82	1.5			
	78	7.93	1.5			
	0	7.70	1.5			
EDR2M-4_DQPSK	39	7.53	1.5			
	78	7.63	1.5			
	0	7.92	1.5			
EDR3M-8DPSK	39	7.82	1.5			
	78	7.96	1.5			



11.2 GSM Measurement result

During the process of testing, the EUT was controlled via Agilent Digital Radio Communication tester (E5515C) to ensure the maximum power transmission and proper modulation. This result contains conducted output power for the EUT. In all cases, the measured peak output power should be greater and within 5% than EMI measurement.

Table 11.6: The conducted power measurement results for GSM850/1900

	•					
GSM		Conducted Power (dBm)				
850MHZ	Channel 251(848.8MHz)	Channel 190(836.6MHz)	Channel 128(824.2MHz)			
850IVIHZ	33.25	33.21	33.15			
CCM	Conducted Power (dBm)					
GSM	Channel 810(1909.8MHz)	Channel 661(1880MHz)	Channel 512(1850.2MHz)			
1900MHZ -	29.53	29.36	29.25			

Table 11.7: The conducted power measurement results for GPRS and EGPRS

	1			1			
GSM 850	Meası	ured Power	(dBm)	calculation	Avera	ged Power	(dBm)
GPRS	251	190	128		251	190	128
1 Txslot	33.24	33.19	33.14	-9.03dB	24.21	24.16	24.11
2 Txslots	32.18	32.07	32.02	-6.02dB	26.16	26.05	26.00
3Txslots	30.16	30.05	29.97	-4.26dB	25.90	25.79	25.71
4 Txslots	29.36	29.24	29.16	-3.01dB	26.35	26.23	26.15
GSM 850	Measu	red Power	(dBm)	calculation	Avera	ged Power	(dBm)
EGPRS	251	190	128		251	190	128
1 Txslot	33.21	33.20	33.12	-9.03dB	24.18	24.17	24.09
2 Txslots	32.11	32.09	32.00	-6.02dB	26.09	26.07	25.98
3Txslots	30.10	30.06	29.96	-4.26dB	25.84	25.80	25.70
4 Txslots	29.33	29.23	29.16	-3.01dB	26.32	26.22	26.15
PCS1900	Meası	red Power	(dBm)	calculation	Averaged Power (dBm)		
GPRS	810	661	512		810	661	512
1 Txslot	29.51	29.33	29.25	-9.03dB	20.48	20.30	20.22
2 Txslots	28.76	28.65	28.67	-6.02dB	22.74	22.63	22.65
3Txslots	26.91	26.76	26.78	-4.26dB	22.65	22.50	22.52
4 Txslots	26.15	25.96	25.99	-3.01dB	23.14	22.95	22.98
PCS1900	Measu	red Power	(dBm)	calculation	Avera	Averaged Power (dBm)	
EGPRS	810	661	512		810	661	512
1 Txslot	29.50	29.35	29.22	-9.03dB	20.47	20.32	20.19
2 Txslots	28.77	28.64	28.65	-6.02dB	22.75	22.62	22.63
3Txslots	26.90	26.75	26.77	-4.26dB	22.64	22.49	22.51
4 Txslots	26.14	25.96	25.99	-3.01dB	23.13	22.95	22.98

NOTES:

To average the power, the division factor is as follows:

1TX-slot = 1 transmit time slot out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/1) => -9.03dB

¹⁾ Division Factors



2TX-slots = 2 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/2) => -6.02dB

3TX-slots = 3 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/3) => -4.26dB

4TX-slots = 4 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/4) => -3.01dB

According to the conducted power as above, the body measurements are performed with 4Txslots for GSM850 and GSM1900.

Note: According to the KDB941225 D03, "when SAR tests for EDGE or EGPRS mode is necessary, GMSK modulation should be used".

11.3 WCDMA Measurement result

Table 11.8: The conducted Power for WCDMA850/1900

	band		FDDV result					
Item	ARFCN	4233 (846.6MHz)	4182 (836.4MHz)	4132 (826.4MHz)				
WCDMA	١	23.78	23.88	23.77				
	1	20.94	20.85	20.75				
	2	19.93	19.85	19.75				
HSUPA	3	20.43	20.34	20.23				
	4	20.93	20.88	20.74				
	5	22.96	22.88	22.73				
Item	band	FDDII result						
item	ARFCN	9538 (1907.6MHz)	9400 (1880MHz)	9262 (1852.4MHz)				
WCDMA	1	23.44	23.56	23.62				
	1	20.72	20.66	20.57				
	2	19.69	19.66	19.60				
HSUPA	3	20.20	20.15	20.06				
	4	20.71	20.66	20.61				
	5	22.67	22.66	22.57				

11.4 Wi-Fi and BT Measurement result

The output power of BT antenna is as following:

Mode	Peak Conducted Power (dBm)						
iviode	Channel 0 (2402MHz)	Channel 39 (2441MHz)	Channel 78 (2480MHz)				
GFSK	7.99	7.82	7.93				
EDR2M-4_DQPSK	7.70	7.53	7.63				
EDR3M-8DPSK	7.92	7.82	7.96				



The average conducted power for Wi-Fi is as following:

802.11b (dBm)

Channel\data rate	1Mbps	2Mbps	5.5Mbps	11Mbps
1	10.56	10.56	10.57	10.58
6	10.26	10.25	10.36	10.85
11	10.58	10.51	10.50	10.53

802.11g (dBm)

Channel\data rate	6Mbps	9Mbps	12Mbps	18Mbps	24Mbps	36Mbps	48Mbps	54Mbps
1	10.63	10.62	10.60	10.62	10.59	10.60	10.64	10.54
6	10.58	10.56	10.55	10.78	10.65	10.60	10.66	10.65
11	10.47	10.45	10.43	10.46	10.34	10.28	10.32	10.27

802.11n (dBm) - HT20

Channel\data rate	MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7
1	10.66	10.62	10.65	10.64	10.63	10.65	10.89	10.83
6	10.65	10.56	10.65	10.63	10.62	10.60	10.61	10.57
11	10.67	10.63	10.67	10.65	10.63	10.62	10.65	10.61

802.11n (dBm) - HT40

Channel\data rate	MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7
3	10.36	10.31	10.30	10.27	10.30	10.24	10.28	10.16
6	10.36	10.35	10.33	10.33	10.34	10.32	10.34	10.30
9	10.45	10.46	10.44	10.43	10.28	10.24	10.26	10.21

The peak conducted power for Wi-Fi is as following:

802.11b (dBm)

Channel\data rate	1Mbps	2Mbps	5.5Mbps	11Mbps
1	14.00	14.22	15.56	16.86
6	/	/	/	16.57
11	/	/	/	16.64

802.11g (dBm)

Channel\data rate	6Mbps	9Mbps	12Mbps	18Mbps	24Mbps	36Mbps	48Mbps	54Mbps
1	18.75	19.22	18.89	18.55	19.35	19.04	19.23	19.36
6	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	19.31
11	1	/	/	/	/	/	/	19.12

802.11n (dBm) - HT20

Channel\data rate	MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7
1	19.23	19.08	19.04	19.25	18.98	19.12	19.21	19.07
6	/	/	/	18.88	/	/	/	/
11	/	/	/	18.99	/	/	/	/

802.11n (dBm) - HT40

Channel\data rate	MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7
3	18.60	18.42	18.46	18.68	18.82	19.15	19.04	18.48
6	/	/	/	/	/	18.33	/	/
9	/	/	/	/	/	18.87	/	/

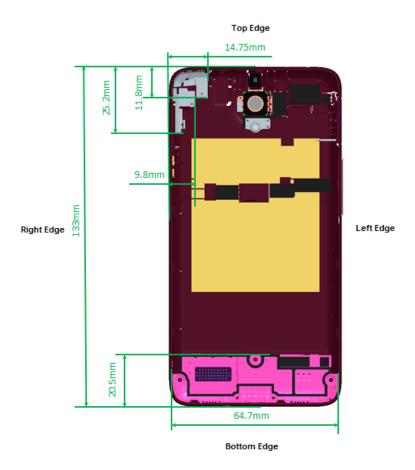


12 Simultaneous TX SAR Considerations

12.1 Introduction

The following procedures adopted from "FCC SAR Considerations for Cell Phones with Multiple Transmitters" are applicable to handsets with built-in unlicensed transmitters such as 802.11 a/b/g and Bluetooth devices which may simultaneously transmit with the licensed transmitter. For this device, the BT and Wi-Fi can transmit simultaneous with other transmitters.

12.2 Transmit Antenna Separation Distances



Picture 12.1 Antenna Locations

12.3 SAR Measurement Positions

According to the KDB941225 D06 Hot Spot SAR v01, the edges with less than 2.5 cm distance to the antennas need to be tested for SAR.

	SAR measurement positions									
Mode Front Rear Left edge Right edge Top edge Bo						Bottom edge				
GSM/UMTS	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes				
WLAN	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No				



12.4 Standalone SAR Test Exclusion Considerations

Standalone 1-g head or body SAR evaluation by measurement or numerical simulation is not required when the corresponding SAR Exclusion Threshold condition, listed below, is satisfied. The 1-g SAR test exclusion threshold for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)] \cdot [$\sqrt{f(GHz)}$] ≤ 3.0 for 1-g SAR, where

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Appendix A

SAR Test Exclusion Thresholds for 100 MHz - 6 GHz and ≤ 50 mm

Approximate SAR Test Exclusion Power Thresholds at Selected Frequencies and Test Separation Distances are illustrated in the following Table.

MHz	5	10	15	20	25	mm
150	39	77	116	155	194	
300	27	55	82	110	137	
450	22	45	67	89	112	
835	16	33	49	66	82	
900	16	32	47	63	79	
1500	12	24	37	49	61	SAR Test Exclusion
1900	11	22	33	44	54	Threshold (mW)
2450	10	19	29	38	48	
3600	8	16	24	32	40	
5200	7	13	20	26	33	
5400	6	13	19	26	32	
5800	6	12	19	25	31	

Picture 12.2 Power Thresholds

Table 12.1: Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations

Band/Mode	F(GHz)	SAR test exclusion	RF outp	ut power	SAR test
Barid/Mode	Г(СП2)	threshold (mW)	dBm	mW	exclusion
Bluetooth	2.441	19	7.99	6.30	Yes
2.4GHz WLAN 802.11 b	2.45	19	10.89	12.27	Yes



13 Evaluation of Simultaneous

Table 13.1: The sum of reported SAR values for GSM/UMTS and WiFi

	Position	GSM/UMTS	WiFi*	Sum
Maximum reported value for Head	Right hand, Touch cheek	0.49	0.314	0.804
Maximum reported SAR value for Body	Toward Ground	1.11	0.314	1.424

WiFi* - Estimated SAR for WiFi (see the table 13.3)

Table 13.2: The sum of reported SAR values for GSM and Bluetooth

	Position	GSM/UMTS	BT*	Sum
Maximum reported value for Head	Right hand, Touch cheek	0.49	0.185	0.675
Maximum reported SAR value for Body	Toward Ground	1.11	0.185	1.295

BT* - Estimated SAR for Bluetooth (see the table 13.4)

Table 13.3: Estimated SAR for WiFi

Mode/Band	F (GHz)	Distance (mm)	Upper limit	Estimated _{1g}	
WOUE/Dallu	r (GHZ)	Distance (IIIII)	dBm	mW	(W/kg)
2.4GHz WLAN 802.11 b	2.45	10	11.77	15.03	0.314

^{* -} Maximum possible output power declared by manufacturer

Table 13.4: Estimated SAR for Bluetooth

Mode/Band	F (GHz)	Distance (mm)	Upper limi	t of power *	Estimated _{1g}
Wode/Barid	r (GHZ)	Distance (IIIIII)	dBm	mW	(W/kg)
Bluetooth	2.441	10	9.49	8.89	0.185

When standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]·[$\sqrt{f(GHz)/x}$] W/kg for test separation distances \leq 50 mm;

where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR.

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion

Conclusion:

According to the above tables, the sum of reported SAR values is < 1.6W/kg. So the simultaneous transmission SAR with volume scans is not required.



14 SAR Test Result

It is determined by user manual for the distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom. The distance is 10mm and just applied to the condition of body worn accessory. It is performed for all SAR measurements with area scan based 1-g SAR estimation (Fast SAR). A zoom scan measurement is added when the estimated 1-g SAR is the highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination or more than 1.2W/kg.

Table 14.1: Duty Cycle

	Duty Cycle
Speech for GSM850/1900	1:8.3
GPRS&EGPRS for GSM850/1900	1:2
WCDMA850/1900	1:1

14.1 SAR results for Fast SAR

Table 14.2: SAR Values (GSM 850 MHz Band - Head)

	Table 14.2: SAR values (GSW 650 MITZ Band - nead)										
Frequ	encv		Test	Figure	Conducted	Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported	Power	
	1	Side	Position	_	Power	SAR(10g)	SAR(10g)	SAR(1g)	SAR(1g)	Drift	
MHz	Ch.		Position	No.	(dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(dB)	
848.8	251	Left	Touch	/	33.25	0.216	0.22	0.316	0.32	-0.10	
836.6	190	Left	Touch	Fig.1	33.21	0.274	0.28	0.363	0.37	-0.04	
824.2	128	Left	Touch	/	33.15	0.205	0.21	0.298	0.31	0.09	
848.8	251	Left	Tilt	/	33.25	0.157	0.16	0.227	0.23	0.03	
836.6	190	Left	Tilt	/	33.21	0.174	0.18	0.251	0.26	0.04	
824.2	128	Left	Tilt	/	33.15	0.139	0.14	0.201	0.21	-0.03	
848.8	251	Right	Touch	/	33.25	0.203	0.21	0.298	0.30	-0.10	
836.6	190	Right	Touch	/	33.21	0.245	0.25	0.327	0.33	0.01	
824.2	128	Right	Touch	/	33.15	0.188	0.19	0.274	0.28	0.19	
848.8	251	Right	Tilt	/	33.25	0.155	0.16	0.225	0.23	0.04	
836.6	190	Right	Tilt	/	33.21	0.181	0.18	0.261	0.27	0.02	
824.2	128	Right	Tilt	/	33.15	0.155	0.16	0.222	0.23	-0.00	

Table 14.3: SAR Values (GSM 850 MHz Band - Body)

Table 14.5. OAK Values (COM 650 MHZ Band - Body)										
Frequ	encv	Mode	Test	Figure	Conducted	Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported	Power
	I	(number of		_	Power	SAR(10g)	SAR(10g)	SAR(1g)	SAR(1g)	Drift
MHz	Ch.	timeslots)	Position	No.	(dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(dB)
836.6	190	GPRS (4)	Phantom	/	29.24	0.374	0.42	0.519	0.58	-0.01
848.8	251	GPRS (4)	Ground	/	29.36	0.603	0.65	0.846	0.91	-0.08
836.6	190	GPRS (4)	Ground	Fig.2	29.24	0.785	0.87	1	1.11	-0.02
824.2	128	GPRS (4)	Ground	/	29.16	0.689	0.78	0.959	1.09	-0.02
836.6	190	GPRS (4)	Left	/	29.24	0.517	0.57	0.748	0.83	-0.04
836.6	190	GPRS (4)	Right	/	29.24	0.307	0.34	0.446	0.50	-0.01
836.6	190	GPRS (4)	Bottom	/	29.24	0.155	0.17	0.263	0.29	-0.03



848.8	251	EGPRS (4)	Ground	/	29.33	0.596	0.65	0.835	0.91	-0.01
836.6	190	EGPRS (4)	Ground	/	29.23	0.716	0.80	0.999	1.11	-0.02
824.2	128	EGPRS (4)	Ground	/	29.16	0.689	0.78	0.957	1.08	-0.00
836.6	190	Speech	Ground (Headset1)	/	33.21	0.423	0.43	0.593	0.61	0.02
836.6	190	Speech	Ground (Headset2)	/	33.21	0.410	0.42	0.573	0.58	0.04

Note1: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

Note2: The type of Headset1 is CCB3001A14C1, the type of Headset2 is CCB3001A14C2.

Table 14.4: SAR Values (GSM 1900 MHz Band - Head)

Freque	ency		Test	Figure	Conducted	Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported	Power
-		Side		•	Power	SAR(10g)	SAR(10g)	SAR(1g)	SAR(1g)	Drift
MHz	Ch.		Position	No.	(dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(dB)
1909.8	810	Left	Touch	/	29.53	0.143	0.17	0.231	0.28	0.11
1880	661	Left	Touch	/	29.36	0.118	0.15	0.206	0.26	0.12
1850.2	512	Left	Touch	/	29.25	0.111	0.14	0.191	0.24	0.06
1909.8	810	Left	Tilt	/	29.53	0.118	0.14	0.218	0.26	0.06
1880	661	Left	Tilt	/	29.36	0.107	0.13	0.191	0.24	-0.03
1850.2	512	Left	Tilt	/	29.25	0.094	0.12	0.166	0.21	0.04
1909.8	810	Right	Touch	/	29.53	0.199	0.24	0.351	0.42	0.06
1880	661	Right	Touch	Fig.3	29.36	0.220	0.27	0.362	0.45	0.06
1850.2	512	Right	Touch	/	29.25	0.184	0.23	0.319	0.41	-0.18
1909.8	810	Right	Tilt	/	29.53	0.098	0.12	0.168	0.20	0.01
1880	661	Right	Tilt	/	29.36	0.098	0.12	0.166	0.21	-0.14
1850.2	512	Right	Tilt	/	29.25	0.089	0.11	0.148	0.19	-0.01

Table 14.5: SAR Values (GSM 1900 MHz Band - Body)

	Table 14.5: SAR Values (GSM 1900 MHz Band - Body)									
Freque	encv	Mode	Test	Figure	Conducted	Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported	Power
	, I	(number of			Power	SAR(10g)	SAR(10g)	SAR(1g)	SAR(1g)	Drift
MHz	Ch.	timeslots)	Position	No.	(dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(dB)
1880	661	GPRS (4)	Phantom	/	25.96	0.355	0.43	0.596	0.72	0.01
1909.8	810	GPRS (4)	Ground	Fig.4	26.15	0.519	0.60	0.796	0.92	0.17
1880	661	GPRS (4)	Ground	Fig.5	25.96	0.503	0.61	0.779	0.95	0.10
1850.2	512	GPRS (4)	Ground	/	25.99	0.493	0.59	0.762	0.92	0.11
1880	661	GPRS (4)	Left	/	25.96	0.110	0.13	0.192	0.23	-0.08
1880	661	GPRS (4)	Right	/	25.96	0.216	0.26	0.389	0.47	-0.04
1880	661	GPRS (4)	Bottom	/	25.96	0.168	0.20	0.290	0.35	0.04
1909.8	810	EGPRS (4)	Ground	/	26.14	0.512	0.60	0.794	0.92	0.14
1909.8	810	Speech	Ground (Headset1)	/	29.53	0.348	0.42	0.596	0.71	-0.03
1909.8	810	Speech	Ground (Headset2)	/	29.53	0.383	0.46	0.635	0.76	0.13

Note1: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

Note2: The type of Headset1 is CCB3001A14C1, the type of Headset2 is CCB3001A14C2.



Table 14.6: SAR Values (WCDMA 850 MHz Band - Head)

Frequ	ency		Test	Figure	Conducted	Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported	Power
	-	Side	Position	No.	Power	SAR(10g)	SAR(10g)	SAR(1g)	SAR(1g)	Drift
MHz	Ch.		POSITION	INO.	(dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(dB)
846.6	4233	Left	Touch	Fig.6	23.78	0.306	0.32	0.414	0.44	-0.17
836.4	4182	Left	Touch	/	23.88	0.216	0.22	0.314	0.32	0.18
826.4	4132	Left	Touch	/	23.77	0.214	0.23	0.311	0.33	0.10
846.6	4233	Left	Tilt	/	23.78	0.193	0.20	0.280	0.29	0.08
836.4	4182	Left	Tilt	/	23.88	0.163	0.17	0.235	0.24	0.06
826.4	4132	Left	Tilt	/	23.77	0.155	0.16	0.223	0.24	0.12
846.6	4233	Right	Touch	/	23.78	0.207	0.22	0.302	0.32	0.08
836.4	4182	Right	Touch	/	23.88	0.210	0.22	0.278	0.29	0.13
826.4	4132	Right	Touch	/	23.77	0.178	0.19	0.259	0.27	0.14
846.6	4233	Right	Tilt	/	23.78	0.172	0.18	0.249	0.26	0.03
836.4	4182	Right	Tilt	/	23.88	0.144	0.15	0.208	0.21	0.08
826.4	4132	Right	Tilt	/	23.77	0.135	0.14	0.195	0.21	0.13

Table 14.7: SAR Values (WCDMA 850 MHz Band - Body)

Table 14.1. OAK Values (WODMA 666 MILE 56							, Dody,		
Frequ	iencv	Test	Figure	Conducted	Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported	Power
			•	Power	SAR(10g)	SAR(10g)	SAR(1g)	SAR(1g)	Drift
MHz	Ch.	Position	No.	(dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(dB)
836.4	4182	Phantom	/	23.88	0.441	0.45	0.639	0.66	0.03
846.6	4233	Ground	Fig.7	23.78	0.521	0.55	0.669	0.70	0.02
836.4	4182	Ground	/	23.88	0.470	0.48	0.656	0.67	0.03
826.4	4132	Ground	/	23.77	0.451	0.48	0.630	0.66	0.02
836.4	4182	Left	/	23.88	0.269	0.28	0.372	0.38	-0.01
836.4	4182	Right	/	23.88	0.289	0.30	0.420	0.43	-0.00
836.4	4182	Bottom	/	23.88	0.071	0.07	0.116	0.12	-0.18
846.6	4233	Ground	1	23.78	0.390	0.41	0.553	0.50	0.01
040.0	4233	(Headset1)	/	23.70	0.390	0.41	0.000	0.58	0.01
846.6	4233	Ground	/	23.78	0.360	0.38	0.587	0.62	-0.04
040.0	4233	(Headset2)	/	23.70	0.360	0.30	0.567	0.02	-0.04

Note1: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

Note2: The type of Headset1 is CCB3001A14C1, the type of Headset2 is CCB3001A14C2.

Table 14.8: SAR Values (WCDMA 1900 MHz Band - Head)

Frequ	ency		Test	Eiguro	Conducted	Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported	Power
	1	Side		Figure	Power	SAR(10g)	SAR(10g)	SAR(1g)	SAR(1g)	Drift
MHz	Ch.		Position	No.	(dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(dB)
1907.6	9538	Left	Touch	/	23.44	0.134	0.15	0.231	0.26	-0.16
1880	9400	Left	Touch	/	23.56	0.160	0.18	0.276	0.31	0.06
1852.4	9262	Left	Touch	/	23.62	0.190	0.21	0.296	0.32	0.11
1907.6	9538	Left	Tilt	/	23.44	0.124	0.14	0.225	0.26	0.01



1880	9400	Left	Tilt	/	23.56	0.160	0.18	0.287	0.32	0.05
1852.4	9262	Left	Tilt	/	23.62	0.158	0.17	0.280	0.31	0.02
1907.6	9538	Right	Touch	/	23.44	0.195	0.22	0.341	0.39	-0.04
1880	9400	Right	Touch	/	23.56	0.241	0.27	0.420	0.46	0.10
1852.4	9262	Right	Touch	Fig.8	23.62	0.276	0.30	0.449	0.49	0.06
1907.6	9538	Right	Tilt	/	23.44	0.099	0.11	0.178	0.20	0.14
1880	9400	Right	Tilt	/	23.56	0.132	0.15	0.236	0.26	0.08
1852.4	9262	Right	Tilt	/	23.62	0.140	0.15	0.247	0.27	0.07

Table 14.9: SAR Values (WCDMA 1900 MHz Band - Body)

Conducted Measured Departed Departed Departed Departed Departed									
Freque	ency	Test	Figure	Conducted	Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported	Power
			•	Power	SAR(10g)	SAR(10g)	SAR(1g)	SAR(1g)	Drift
MHz	Ch.	Position	No.	(dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(dB)
1880	9400	Phantom	/	23.56	0.344	0.38	0.551	0.61	0.14
1907.6	9538	Ground	/	23.44	0.393	0.45	0.643	0.73	-0.02
1880	9400	Ground	/	23.56	0.495	0.55	0.796	0.88	0.05
1852.4	9262	Ground	Fig.9	23.62	0.572	0.62	0.884	0.96	-0.01
1880	9400	Left	/	23.56	0.059	0.07	0.102	0.11	-0.19
1880	9400	Right	/	23.56	0.071	0.08	0.122	0.14	0.04
1880	9400	Bottom	/	23.56	0.187	0.21	0.328	0.36	-0.05
1907.6	9538	Ground	1	23.44	0.340	0.39	0.549	0.62	-0.16
1907.0	9550	(Headset1)	,	23.44	0.540	0.39	0.548	0.02	-0.10
1880	9400	Ground	1	23.56	0.441	0.49	0.713	0.79	-0.17
1000	3400	(Headset1)	/	23.30	0.441	0.49	0.713	0.79	-0.17
1852.4	9262	Ground	/	23.62	0.532	0.58	0.864	0.94	-0.09
1032.4	9202	(Headset1)	,	23.02	0.552	0.56	0.004	0.54	-0.09
1907.6	9538	Ground	/	23.44	0.459	0.52	0.766	0.87	-0.13
1907.0	9550	(Headset2)	/	23.44	0.439	0.52	0.700	0.07	-0.13
1880	9400	Ground	/	23.56	0.457	0.51	0.780	0.86	-0.02
1000	3400	(Headset2)	/	23.30	0.437	0.51	0.700	0.00	-0.02
1852.4	9262	Ground	/	23.62	0.515	0.56	0.875	0.96	-0.17
1002.4	3202	(Headset2)	1	23.02	0.515	0.50	0.073	0.30	20.17

Note1: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

Note2: The type of Headset1 is CCB3001A14C1, the type of Headset2 is CCB3001A14C2.



14.2 SAR results for Standard procedure

There is not zoom scan measurement to be added except the highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration and band, because all SAR values are < 1.2 W/kg.

Table 14.2-1: SAR Values (GSM 850 MHz Band - Head)

Frequ	encv		Test	Eiguro	Conducted	Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported	Power
·	,	Side	Position	Figure No.	Power	SAR(10g)	SAR(10g)	SAR(1g)	SAR(1g)	Drift
MHz	Ch.		Position	INO.	(dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(dB)
836.6	190	Left	Touch	Fig.1	33.21	0.274	0.28	0.363	0.37	-0.04

Table 14.3-1: SAR Values (GSM 850 MHz Band - Body)

Freque	encv	Mode	Test	Figure	Conducted	Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported	Power
	I	(number of		Figure	Power	SAR(10g)	SAR(10g)	SAR(1g)	SAR(1g)	Drift
MHz	Ch.	timeslots)	Position	No.	(dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(dB)
836.6	190	GPRS (4)	Ground	Fig.2	29.24	0.785	0.87	1	1.11	-0.02

Note1: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

Table 14.4-1: SAR Values (GSM 1900 MHz Band - Head)

Freque	encv		Test	Eiguro	Conducted	Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported	Power
	, 	Side		Figure	Power	SAR(10g)	SAR(10g)	SAR(1g)	SAR(1g)	Drift
MHz	Ch.		Position	No.	(dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(dB)
1880	661	Right	Touch	Fig.3	29.36	0.220	0.27	0.362	0.45	0.06

Table 14.5-1: SAR Values (GSM 1900 MHz Band - Body)

				_				, ,		
Freque	ency	Mode	Test	Figure	Conducted	Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported	Power
	-	(number of			Power	SAR(10g)	SAR(10g)	SAR(1g)	SAR(1g)	Drift
MHz	Ch.	timeslots)	Position	No.	(dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(dB)
1909.8	810	GPRS (4)	Ground	Fig.4	26.15	0.519	0.60	0.796	0.92	0.17
1880	661	GPRS (4)	Ground	Fig.5	25.96	0.503	0.61	0.779	0.95	0.10

Note1: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.

Table 14.6-1: SAR Values (WCDMA 850 MHz Band - Head)

			1 4.10.10				= = 44	,		
Frequ	encv		Test	Figure	Conducted	Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported	Power
•		Side	Position	No.	Power	SAR(10g)	SAR(10g)	SAR(1g)	SAR(1g)	Drift
MHz	Ch.		POSITION	INO.	(dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(dB)
846.6	4233	Left	Touch	Fig.6	23.78	0.306	0.32	0.414	0.44	-0.17

Table 14.7-1: SAR Values (WCDMA 850 MHz Band - Body)

					(
Frequ	iencv	Test	Figure	Conducted	Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported	Power
				Power	SAR(10g)	SAR(10g)	SAR(1g)	SAR(1g)	Drift
MHz	Ch.	Position	No.	(dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(dB)
846.6	4233	Ground	Fig.7	23.78	0.521	0.55	0.669	0.70	0.02

Note1: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.



Table 14.8-1: SAR Values (WCDMA 1900 MHz Band - Head)

Frequ	ency		Test	Figure	Conducted	Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported	Power
		Side	Position	No.	Power	SAR(10g)	SAR(10g)	SAR(1g)	SAR(1g)	Drift
MHz	Ch.		POSITION	INO.	(dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(dB)
1852.4	9262	Right	Touch	Fig.8	23.62	0.276	0.30	0.449	0.49	0.06

Table 14.9: SAR Values (WCDMA 1900 MHz Band - Body)

Freque	encv	Test	Figure	Conducted	Measured	Reported	Measured	Reported	Power
				Power	SAR(10g)	SAR(10g)	SAR(1g)	SAR(1g)	Drift
MHz	Ch.	Position	No.	(dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(dB)
1852.4	9262	Ground	Fig.9	23.62	0.572	0.62	0.884	0.96	-0.01

Note1: The distance between the EUT and the phantom bottom is 10mm.



15 SAR Measurement Variability

SAR measurement variability must be assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media are required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures should be applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium.

The following procedures are applied to determine if repeated measurements are required.

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is \geq 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

Table 15.1: SAR Measurement Variability for Body GSM 850 (1g)

Freque	ency	Test	Spacing	Original	First	The	Second
MHz	Ch.	Position	(mm)	SAR (W/kg)	Repeated SAR (W/kg)	Ratio	Repeated SAR (W/kg)
836.6	190	Ground	10	1	0.993	1.01	1

Table 15.2: SAR Measurement Variability for Body WCDMA 1900 (1g)

Frequency		Toot	Specing	Original	First	The	Second	
MHz	Ch.	Test Position	Spacing (mm)	SAR (W/kg)	Repeated SAR (W/kg)	Ratio	Repeated SAR (W/kg)	
1852.4	9262	Ground	10	0.884	0.866	1.02	1	



16 Measurement Uncertainty

16.1 Measurement Uncertainty for Normal SAR Tests

	I Measurement Uncertainty for Normal SAR					lests						
No.	Error Description	Type	Uncertainty	Probably	Div.	(Ci)	(Ci)	Std.	Std.	Degree		
			value	Distribution		1g	10g	Unc.	Unc.	of		
								(1g)	(10g)	freedo		
										m		
Measurement system												
1	Probe calibration	В	5.5	N	1	1	1	5.5	5.5	∞		
2	Isotropy	В	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9	∞		
3	Boundary effect	В	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞		
4	Linearity	В	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞		
5	Detection limit	В	1.0	N	1	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞		
6	Readout electronics	В	0.3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞		
7	Response time	В	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5	∞		
8	Integration time	В	2.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.5	1.5	∞		
9	RF ambient conditions-noise	В	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0	0	∞		
10	RF ambient conditions-reflection	В	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0	0	∞		
11	Probe positioned mech. restrictions	В	0.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.2	0.2	∞		
12	Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	В	2.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞		
13	Post-processing	В	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞		
Test sample related												
14	Test sample positioning	A	3.3	N	1	1	1	3.3	3.3	71		
15	Device holder uncertainty	A	3.4	N	1	1	1	3.4	3.4	5		
16	Drift of output power	В	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞		
			Phant	tom and set-u	p							
17	Phantom uncertainty	В	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞		
18	Liquid conductivity (target)	В	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞		
19	Liquid conductivity (meas.)	A	2.06	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.32	0.89	43		
20	Liquid permittivity (target)	В	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞		
21	Liquid permittivity (meas.)	A	1.6	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.0	0.8	521		



Combined standard uncertainty	$u_{c}' = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{21} c_{i}^{2} u_{i}^{2}}$			9.25	9.12	257
Expanded uncertainty (confidence interval of 95 %)	$u_e = 2u_c$			18.5	18.2	

16.2 Measurement Uncertainty for Fast SAR Tests

No.	2 Measurement Un Error Description	Type	Uncertainty	Probably	Div.	(Ci)	(Ci)	Std.	Std.	Degree
110.	Entor Description	Турс	value	Distribution	Div.	1g	10g	Unc.	Unc.	of
			varue	Distribution		15	105	(1g)	(10g)	freedo
								(15)	(10g)	m
Mea	Measurement system									
1	Probe calibration	В	5.5	N	1	1	1	5.5	5.5	∞
2	Isotropy	В	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9	∞
3	Boundary effect	В	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	~
4	Linearity	В	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
5	Detection limit	В	1.0	N	1	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
6	Readout electronics	В	0.3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.3	0.3	8
7	Response time	В	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5	∞
8	Integration time	В	2.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.5	1.5	∞
9	RF ambient conditions-noise	В	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0	0	8
10	RF ambient conditions-reflection	В	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0	0	8
11	Probe positioned mech. Restrictions	В	0.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.2	0.2	8
12	Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	В	2.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7	8
13	Post-processing	В	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	8
14	Fast SAR z-Approximation	В	7.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	4.0	4.0	8
			Test	sample related	l					
15	Test sample positioning	A	3.3	N	1	1	1	3.3	3.3	71
16	Device holder uncertainty	A	3.4	N	1	1	1	3.4	3.4	5
17	Drift of output power	В	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.9	2.9	8
Phantom and set-up										
18	Phantom uncertainty	В	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3	8
19	Liquid conductivity (target)	В	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	8



20	Liquid conductivity (meas.)	A	2.06	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.32	0.89	43
21	Liquid permittivity (target)	В	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4	8
22	Liquid permittivity (meas.)	A	1.6	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.0	0.8	521
Combined standard uncertainty		$u_c^{'} =$	$\sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{22} c_i^2 u_i^2}$					10.1	9.95	257
Expanded uncertainty (confidence interval of 95 %)		ı	$u_e = 2u_c$					20.2	19.9	

17 MAIN TEST INSTRUMENTS

Table 17.1: List of Main Instruments

No.	Name	Туре	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Valid Period	
01	Network analyzer	E5071C	MY46110673	February 14, 2012	One year	
02	Power meter	NRVD	102083	Contombor 11, 2012	One year	
03	Power sensor	NRV-Z5	100542	September 11, 2012		
04	Signal Generator	E4438C	MY49070393	November 13, 2012	One Year	
05	Amplifier	VTL5400	0505	No Calibration Requested		
06	BTS	E5515C	MY48363198	July 11, 2012	One year	
07	E-field Probe	SPEAG ES3DV3	3149	April 24, 2012	One year	
08	DAE	SPEAG DAE4	771	November 20, 2012	One year	
09	Dipole Validation Kit	SPEAG D835V2	443	May 03, 2012	One year	
10	Dipole Validation Kit	SPEAG D1900V2	541	May 09, 2012	One year	

^{***}END OF REPORT BODY***



ANNEX A Graph Results

850 Left Cheek Middle

Date: 2013-1-28

Electronics: DAE4 Sn771 Medium: Head 835 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.886$ mho/m; $\epsilon r = 40.485$; $\rho =$

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3149 ConvF(6.26, 6.26, 6.26)

Cheek Middle/Area Scan (61x111x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.381 W/kg

Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.376 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.452 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.363 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.274 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.378 W/kg

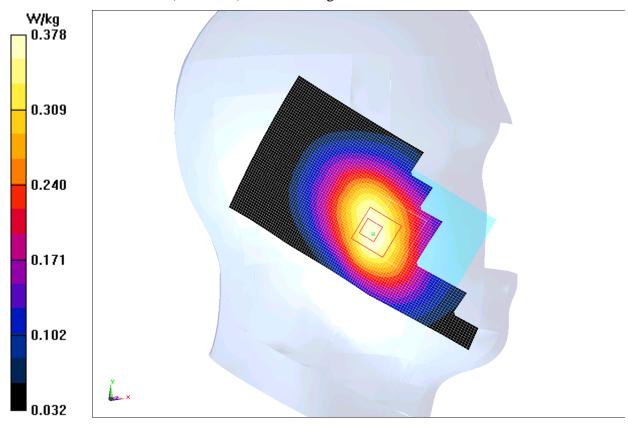


Fig. 1 850 MHz CH190



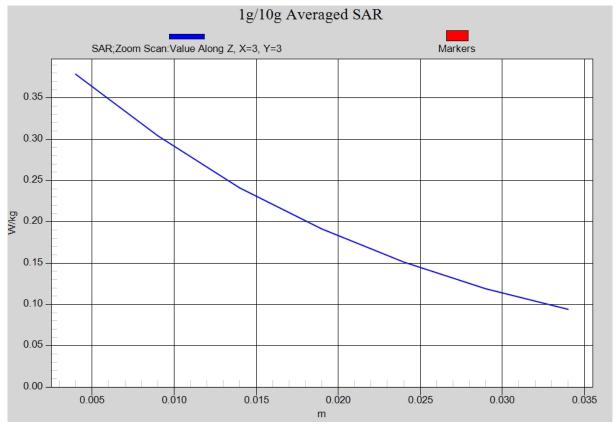


Fig. 1-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (850 MHz CH190)



850 Body Toward Ground Middle with GPRS

Date: 2013-1-28

Electronics: DAE4 Sn771 Medium: Body 835 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.987$ mho/m; $\epsilon r = 56.127$; $\rho =$

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

Communication System: GSM 850 GPRS Frequency: 836.6 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:2

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3149 ConvF(6.14, 6.14, 6.14)

Toward Ground Middle/Area Scan (61x111x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.05 mW/g

Toward Ground Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 28.505 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.195 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 1 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.785 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.05 mW/g

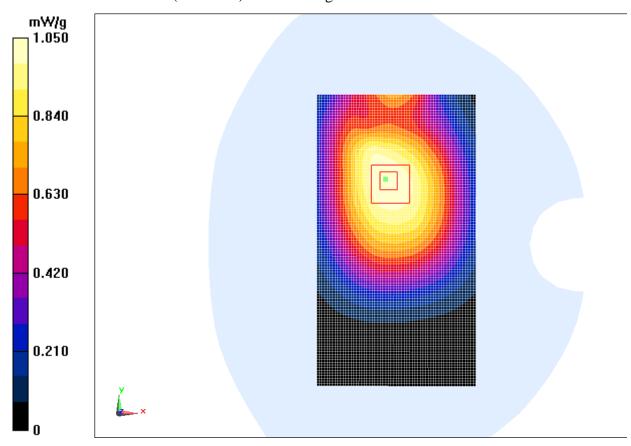


Fig. 2 850 MHz CH190



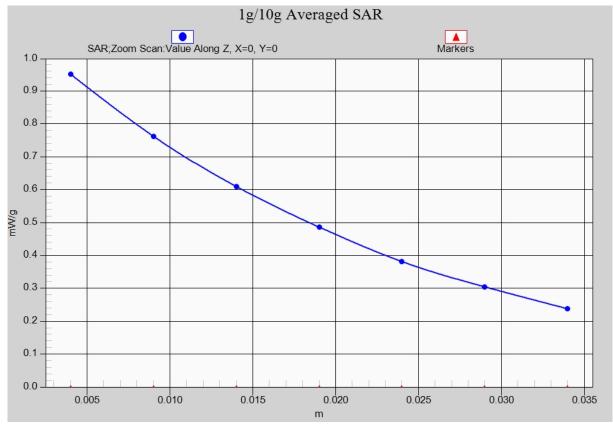


Fig. 2-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (850 MHz CH190)



1900 Right Cheek Middle

Date: 2013-1-29

Electronics: DAE4 Sn771 Medium: Head 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.399 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon r = 39.318$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C Liquid Temperature: 22.1°C

Communication System: GSM 1900MHz Frequency: 1880 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3149 ConvF(5.19, 5.19, 5.19)

Cheek Middle/Area Scan (61x111x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.396 mW/g

Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.547 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.559 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.362 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.220 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.386 mW/g

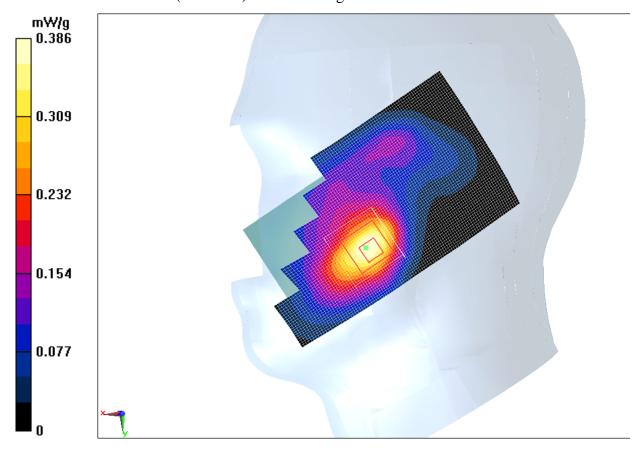


Fig. 3 1900 MHz CH661



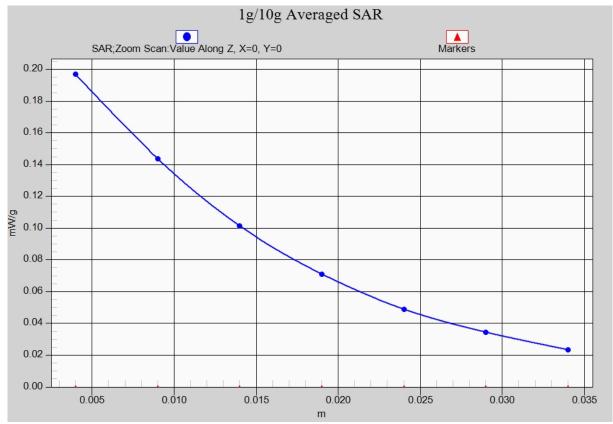


Fig. 3-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (1900 MHz CH661)



1900 Body Toward Ground High with GPRS

Date: 2013-1-29

Electronics: DAE4 Sn771 Medium: Body 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 1910 MHz; $\sigma = 1.547 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon r = 52.491$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C Liquid Temperature: 22.1°C

Communication System: GSM 1900MHz GPRS Frequency: 1909.8 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:2

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3149 ConvF(4.64, 4.64, 4.64)

Toward Ground High/Area Scan (61x111x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.899 mW/g

Toward Ground High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.494 V/m; Power Drift = 0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.200 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.796 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.519 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.850 mW/g

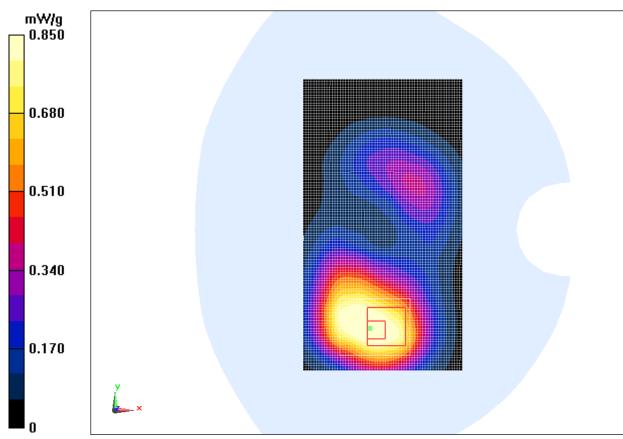


Fig. 4 1900 MHz CH810



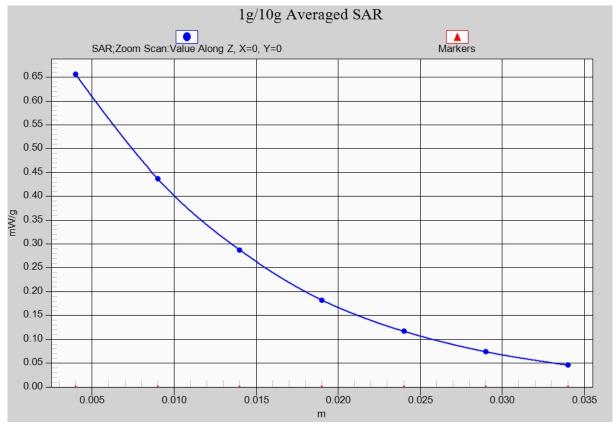


Fig. 4-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (1900 MHz CH810)



1900 Body Toward Ground Middle with GPRS

Date: 2013-1-29

Electronics: DAE4 Sn771 Medium: Body 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.518 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon r = 52.576$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C Liquid Temperature: 22.1°C

Communication System: GSM 1900MHz GPRS Frequency: 1880 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:2

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3149 ConvF(4.64, 4.64, 4.64)

Toward Ground Middle/Area Scan (61x111x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.881 mW/g

Toward Ground Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.708 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.190 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.779 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.503 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.835 mW/g

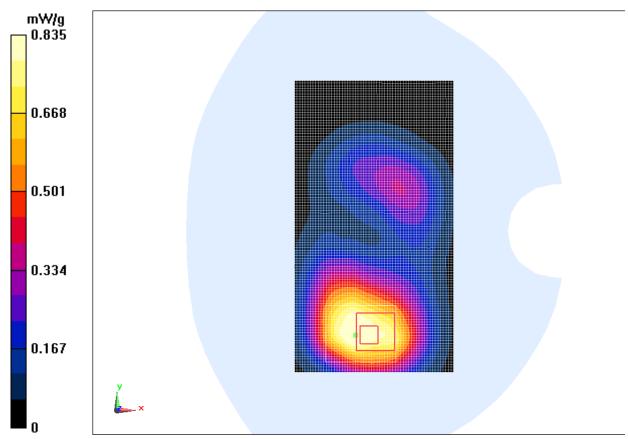


Fig. 5 1900 MHz CH661



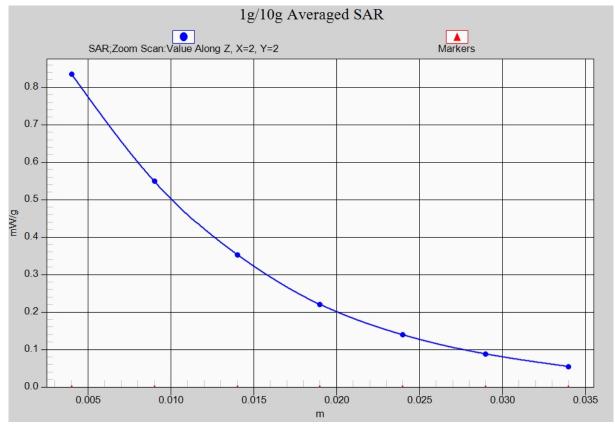


Fig. 5-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (1900 MHz CH661)



WCDMA 850 Left Cheek High

Date: 2013-1-28

Electronics: DAE4 Sn771 Medium: Head 850 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 846.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.896$ mho/m; $\epsilon r = 40.353$; $\rho = 0.896$ mho/m; $\epsilon r = 40.353$; $\epsilon r = 40.353$

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 846.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3149 ConvF(6.26, 6.26, 6.26)

Cheek High/Area Scan (61x111x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.436 W/kg

Cheek High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.834 V/m; Power Drift = -0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.547 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.414 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.306 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.433 W/kg

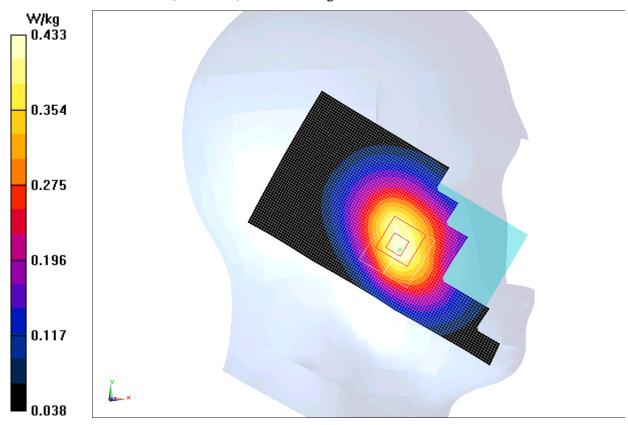


Fig. 6 WCDMA 850 CH4233



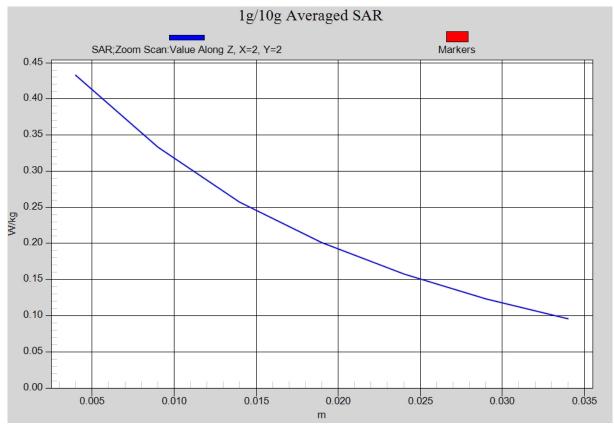


Fig. 6-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (WCDMA 850 CH4233)