

SAR TEST REPORT

HCT CO., LTD



EUT Type:	Cellular/AWS/PCS CDMA/EVDO Phone with Bluetooth/WLAN
FCC ID:	RAD278
Model:	ONE TOUCH 960C
Date of Issue:	May 3 , 2012
Test report No.:	HCTA1204FS05
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Testing has been carried out in accordance with:	RSS-102 Issue 4; Health Canada Safety Code 6 47CFR §2.1093 FCC OET Bulletin 65(Edition 97-01), Supplement C (Edition 01-01) ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 – 1992 IEEE 1528-2003
Test result:	The tested device complies with the requirements in respect of all parameters subject to the test. The test results and statements relate only to the items tested. The test report shall not be reproduced except in full, without written approval of the laboratory.
Signature	<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: flex-end;"> <div style="text-align: center;">  <hr style="width: 100%; border: 0.5px solid black;"/> <p>Report prepared by : Young-Soo Jang Test Engineer of SAR Part</p> </div> <div style="text-align: center;">  <hr style="width: 100%; border: 0.5px solid black;"/> <p>Approved by : Jae-Sang So Manager of SAR Part</p> </div> </div>

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Version

TEST REPORT NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION
HCTA1204FS05	May 3, 2012	First Approval Report
HCTA1204FS05	June 14, 2012	Inclusion for simultaneous transmission condition

1. INTRODUCTION

The FCC has adopted the guidelines for evaluating the environmental effects of radio frequency radiation in ET Docket 93-62 on Aug. 6, 1996 to protect the public and workers from the potential hazards of RF emissions due to FCC-regulated portable devices.

The safety limits used for the environmental evaluation measurements are based on the criteria published by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) in IEEE/ANSI C95.1-2005 Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz. 1992 by the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc., New York, New York 10017. The measurement procedure described in IEEE/ANSI C95.3-1992 Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields - RF and Microwave is used for guidance in measuring SAR due to the RF radiation exposure from the Equipment Under Test (EUT). These criteria for SAR evaluation are similar to those recommended by the National Council on Radiation Protection and Measurements (NCRP) in Biological Effects and Exposure Criteria for Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields," NCRP Report No. 86 NCRP, 1986, Bethesda, MD 20814. SAR is a measure of the rate of energy absorption due to exposure to an RF transmitting source. SAR values have been related to threshold levels for potential biological hazards.

SAR Definition

Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) is defined as the time derivative of the incremental electromagnetic energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dV) of a given density (ρ). It is also defined as the rate of RF energy absorption per unit mass at a point in an absorbing body.

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dU}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dU}{\rho dV} \right)$$

Figure 2. SAR Mathematical Equation

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per Kilogram (W/kg).

where:

$$SAR = \sigma E^2 / \rho$$

- σ = conductivity of the tissue-simulant material (S/m)
- ρ = mass density of the tissue-simulant material (kg/m³)
- E = Total RMS electric field strength (V/m)

NOTE: The primary factors that control rate of energy absorption were found to be the wavelength of the incident field in relations to the dimensions and geometry of the irradiated organism, the orientation of the organism in relation to the polarity of field vectors, the presence of reflecting surfaces, and whether conductive contact is made by the organism with a ground plane.

2. DESCRIPTION OF DEVICE

Environmental evaluation measurements of specific absorption rate (SAR) distributions in emulated human head and body tissues exposed to radio frequency (RF) radiation from wireless portable devices for compliance with the rules and regulations of the U.S. Federal Communications Commission (FCC).

EUT Type:	Cellular/AWS/PCS CDMA/EVDO Phone with Bluetooth/WLAN			
FCC ID:	RAD278			
Model:	ONE TOUCH 960C			
Trade Name	TCT MOBILE LIMITED.	Serial Number(s)	#1	
Application Type	Certification			
Mode(s) of Operation	CDMA835/AWS1700/PCS1900/802.11b/g/n			
Tx Frequency	824.70 – 848.31 MHz (CDMA)/ 1 711.25 – 1 753.75 MHz (AWS CDMA) 1 851.25 – 1 908.75 MHz (PCS CDMA)/ 2402 MHz - 2480 MHz (Bluetooth) 2 412- 2 462 MHz (WLAN)			
Rx Frequency	869.70 – 893.31 MHz (CDMA)/ 2 111.25 – 2 153.75 MHz (AWS CDMA) 1 931.25 – 1 988.75 MHz (PCS CDMA)/ 2402 MHz - 2480 MHz (Bluetooth) 2 412- 2 462 MHz (WLAN)			
FCC Classification	Licensed Portable Transmitter Held to Ear (PCE)			
Production Unit or Identical Prototype	Prototype			
Max SAR	Band	1g SAR (W/kg)		
		Head	Body-worn	Hotspot
	CDMA835	0.650	0.941	0.97
	PCS1900	1.3	0.771	1.2
	AWS1700	1.27	0.812	1.08
	802.11b	0.014	0.16	0.16
Date(s) of Tests	Apr. 13, 2012 ~ May 2, 2012			
Antenna Type	Integral Antenna			
EVDO	Rev.0, A			
Key Features;	Mobile Hotspot support, EVDO Data mode will have power back off, when Hotspot mode is on. (Only exclude 1x voice and WiFi)			

3. DESCRIPTION OF TEST EQUIPMENT

3.1 SAR MEASUREMENT SETUP

These measurements are performed using the DASY4 automated dosimetric assessment system. It is made by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Zurich, Switzerland. It consists of high precision robotics system (Staubli), robot controller, Pentium III computer, near-field probe, probe alignment sensor, and the generic twin phantom containing the brain equivalent material. The robot is a six-axis industrial robot performing precise movements to position the probe to the location (points) of maximum electromagnetic field (EMF) (see Figure.3.1).

A cell controller system contains the power supply, robot controller, teach pendant (Joystick), and remote control, is used to drive the robot motors. The PC consists of the HP Pentium IV 3.0 GHz computer with Windows XP system and SAR Measurement Software DASY4, A/D interface card, monitor, mouse, and keyboard. The Staubli Robot is connected to the cell controller to allow software manipulation of the robot. A data acquisition electronic (DAE) circuit performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (EOC). The EOC performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC plug-in card.

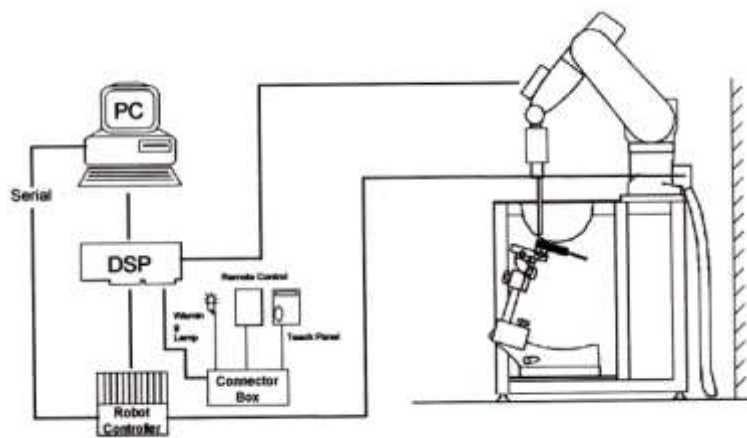


Figure 3.1 HCT SAR Lab. Test Measurement Set-up

The DAE4 consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the PC-card is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information and an optical uplink for commands and clock lines. The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sidewise probe contacts. They are also used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The robot uses its own controller with a built in VME-bus computer. The system is described in detail in.

3.2 DASY4 E-FIELD PROBE SYSTEM

3.2.1 ET3DV6 Probe Specification

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in optical fiber for surface detection System Built-in shielding against static charges
Calibration	In air from 10 MHz to 2.5 GHz In brain and muscle simulating tissue at Frequencies of 450 MHz, 900 MHz and 1.8 GHz (accuracy: 8 %)
Frequency	10 MHz to > 6 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 3 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in brain tissue (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.4 dB in brain tissue (rotation normal probe axis)
Dynamic	5 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g;
Range Linearity:	± 0.2 dB
Surface Detection	± 0.2 mm repeatability in air and clear liquids over diffuse reflecting surfaces.
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm Tip length: 16 mm Body diameter: 12 mm Tip diameter: 6.8 mm Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.7 mm
Application	General dissymmetry up to 3 GHz Compliance tests of mobile phones Fast automatic scanning in arbitrary phantoms



Figure 3.2 Photograph of the probe and the Phantom



Figure 4.2 EX3DV4 E-field Probe

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EX3DV4, designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe is constructed using the thick film technique; with printed resistive lines on ceramic substrates. The probe is equipped with an optical multifiber line ending at the front of the probe tip. It is connected to the EOC box on the robot arm and provides an automatic detection of the phantom surface. Half of the fibers are connected to a pulsed infrared transmitter, the other half to a synchronized receiver. As the probe approaches the surface, the reflection from the surface produces a coupling from the transmitting to the receiving fibers. This reflection increases first during the approach, reaches a maximum and then decreases. If the probe is flatly touching the surface, the coupling is zero. The distance of the coupling maximum to the surface is independent of the surface reflectivity and largely independent of the surface to probe angle. The DASY4 software reads the reflection during a software approach and looks for the maximum using a 2nd order fitting. The approach is stopped at reaching the maximum.

3.3 PROBE CALIBRATION PROCESS

3.3.1 E-Probe Calibration

Each probe is calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with an accuracy better than ± 10 %. The spherical isotropy was evaluated with the proper procedure and found to be better than ± 0.25 dB. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe is tested.

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This is performed in a TEM cell for frequencies bellow 1 GHz, and in a waveguide above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated 360 degrees.

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The measured free space E-field in the medium correlates to temperature rise in a dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

$$SAR = C \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

where:

- Δt = exposure time (30 seconds),
- C = heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),
- ΔT = temperature increase due to RF exposure.

SAR is proportional to $\Delta T / \Delta t$, the initial rate of tissue heating, before thermal diffusion takes place. Now it's possible to quantify the electric field in the simulated tissue by equating the thermally derived SAR to the E- field;

$$SAR = \frac{|E|^2 \cdot \sigma}{\rho}$$

where:

- σ = simulated tissue conductivity,
- ρ = Tissue density (1.25 g/cm³ for brain tissue)

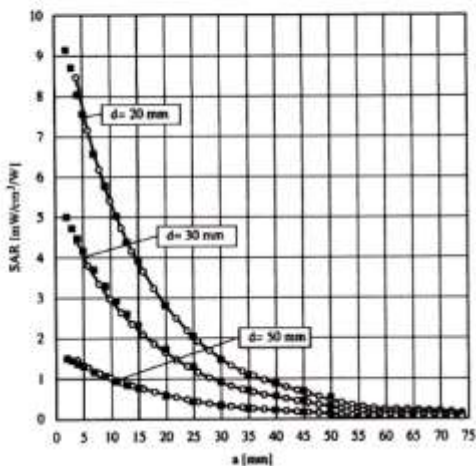


Figure 3.4 E-Field and Temperature measurements at 900 MHz

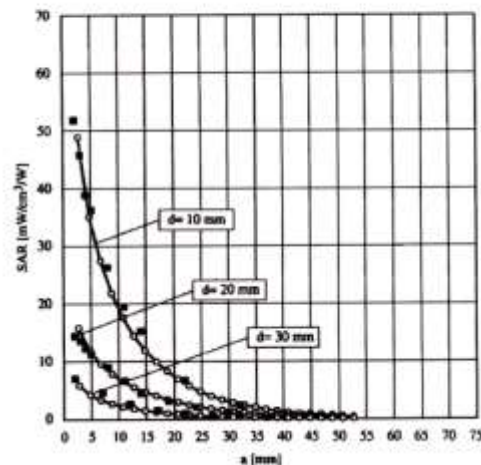


Figure 3.5 E-Field and temperature measurements at 1.8 GHz

3.3.2 Data Extrapolation

The DASY4 software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given like below;

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

with V_i = compensated signal of channel i (i=x,y,z)
 U_i = input signal of channel i (i=x,y,z)
 cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)
 dcp_i = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field probes:

$$E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$$

with V_i = compensated signal of channel i (i = x,y,z)
 $Norm_i$ = sensor sensitivity of channel i (i = x,y,z)
 $\mu V/(V/m)^2$ for E-field probes
 $ConvF$ = sensitivity of enhancement in solution
 E_i = electric field strength of channel i in V/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermetian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1000}$$

with SAR = local specific absorption rate in W/g
 E_{tot} = total field strength in V/m
 σ = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]
 ρ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm³

The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field to be a free space field.

$$P_{pwr} = \frac{E_{tot}^2}{3770}$$

with P_{pwr} = equivalent power density of a plane wave in W/cm²
 E_{tot} = total electric field strength in V/m

3.4 SAM Phantom

The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209-1. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by teaching three points with the robot.



Figure 3.6 SAM Phantom

Shell Thickness	2.0 mm \pm 0.2 mm (6 \pm 0.2 mm at ear point)
Filling Volume	about 25 L
Dimensions	1 000 mm x 500 mm (L x W)

3.5 Device Holder for Transmitters

In combination with the SAM Phantom V 4.0, the Mounting Device (POM) enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter in spherical coordinates whereby the rotation points is the ear opening. The devices can be easily, accurately, and repeatably positioned according to the FCC and CENELEC specifications. The device holder can be locked at different phantom locations (left head, right head, flat phantom).

Note: A simulating human hand is not used due to the complex anatomical and geometrical structure of the hand that may produce an infinite number of configurations. To produce the Worst-case condition (the hand absorbs antenna output power), the hand is omitted during the tests.



Figure 3.7 Device Holder

3.6 Brain & Muscle Simulating Mixture Characterization

The brain and muscle mixtures consist of a viscous gel using hydrox-ethyl cellulose (HEC) gelling agent and saline solution (see Table 3.1). Preservation with a bactericide is added and visual inspection is made to make sure air bubbles are not trapped during the mixing process. The mixture is calibrated to obtain proper dielectric constant (permittivity) and conductivity of the desired tissue. The mixture characterizations used for the brain and muscle tissue simulating liquids are according to the data by C. Gabriel and G. Hartsgrove.

Ingredients (% by weight)	Frequency (MHz)									
	450		835		915		1 900		2 450	
Tissue Type	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Water	38.56	51.16	41.45	52.4	41.05	56.0	54.9	40.4	62.7	73.2
Salt (NaCl)	3.95	1.49	1.45	1.4	1.35	0.76	0.18	0.5	0.5	0.04
Sugar	56.32	46.78	56.0	45.0	56.5	41.76	0.0	58.0	0.0	0.0
HEC	0.98	0.52	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.21	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0
Bactericide	0.19	0.05	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.27	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
Triton X-100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	36.8	0.0
DGBE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	44.92	0.0	0.0	26.7

Salt:	99 % Pure Sodium Chloride	Sugar:	98 % Pure Sucrose
Water:	De-ionized, 16M resistivity	HEC:	Hydroxyethyl Cellulose
DGBE:	99 % Di(ethylene glycol) butyl ether,[2-(2-butoxyethoxy) ethanol]		
Triton X-100(ultra pure):	Polyethylene glycol mono[4-(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutyl)phenyl] ether		

Table 3.1 Composition of the Tissue Equivalent Matter

3.7 SAR TEST EQUIPMENT

Manufacturer	Type / Model	S/N	Calib. Date	Calib.Interval	Calib.Due
SPEAG	SAM Phantom	-	N/A	N/A	N/A
Staubli	Robot RX90L	F01/5K09A1/A/01	N/A	N/A	N/A
Staubli	Robot ControllerCS7MB	F99/5A82A1/C/01	N/A	N/A	N/A
HP	Pavilion t000_puffer	KRJ51201TV	N/A	N/A	N/A
SPEAG	Light Alignment Sensor	265	N/A	N/A	N/A
Staubli	Teach Pendant (Joystick)	D221340.01	N/A	N/A	N/A
SPEAG	DAE4	869	Sep 22, 2011	Annual	Sep 22, 2012
SPEAG	E-Field Probe EX3DV4	3797	July 25, 2011	Annual	July 25, 2012
SPEAG	Validation Dipole D835V2	441	May 16, 2011	Annual	May 16, 2012
SPEAG	Validation Dipole D1800V2	2d007	Apr. 19, 2011	Annual	Apr. 19, 2012
SPEAG	Validation Dipole D1900V2	5d032	July 22, 2011	Annual	July 22, 2012
SPEAG	Validation Dipole D2450V2	743	Aug. 29, 2011	Annual	Aug. 29, 2012
Agilent	Power Meter(F) E4419B	MY41291386	Nov. 04, 2011	Annual	Nov. 04, 2012
Agilent	Power Sensor(G) 8481	MY41090870	Nov. 04, 2011	Annual	Nov. 04, 2012
HP	Dielectric Probe Kit 85070C	00721521	N/A	N/A	N/A
HP	Dual Directional Coupler	16072	Nov. 04, 2011	Annual	Nov. 04, 2012
R&S	Base Station CMU200	110740	July 26, 2011	Annual	July 26, 2012
Agilent	Base Station E5515C	GB44400269	Feb. 10, 2012	Annual	Feb. 10, 2013
HP	Signal Generator E4438C	MY42082646	Nov. 11, 2011	Annual	Nov. 11, 2012
HP	Network Analyzer 8753ES	JP39240221	Apr. 3, 2012	Annual	Apr. 3, 2013
R&S	Base Station CMW500	101901	Aug.5,2011	Annual	Aug. 5,2012

NOTE:

The E-field probe was calibrated by SPEAG, by the waveguide technique procedure. Dipole Validation measurement is performed by HCT Lab. before each test. The brain simulating material is calibrated by HCT using the dielectric probe system and network analyzer to determine the conductivity and permittivity (dielectric constant) of the brain-equivalent material.

4. SAR MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

The evaluation was performed with the following procedure:

1. The SAR value at a fixed location above the ear point was measured and was used as a reference value for assessing the power drop.
2. The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance of 3.9 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head and the horizontal grid spacing was 20 mm x 20 mm. Based on this data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation.
3. Around this point, a volume of 32 mm x 32 mm x 30 mm was assessed by measuring 5 x 5 x 7 points. On this basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated with the following procedure:
 - a. The data at the surface were extrapolated, since the center of the dipoles is 2.7 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.2 mm. The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.
 - b. The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straight-forward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1 g or 10 g) were computed using the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot" condition (in x, y, and z directions. The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were interpolated to calculate the average.
 - c. All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.
4. The SAR value, at the same location as procedure #1, was re-measured. If the value changed by more than 5 %, the evaluation is repeated.

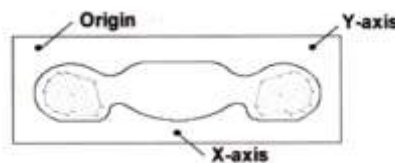


Figure 4.1 SAR Measurement Point in Area Scan

5. DESCRIPTION OF TEST POSITION

5.1 HEAD POSITION

The device was placed in a normal operating position with the Point A on the device, as illustrated in following drawing, aligned with the location of the RE(ERP) on the phantom. With the ear-piece pressed against the head, the vertical center line of the body of the handset was aligned with an imaginary plane consisting of the RE, LE and M. While maintaining these alignments, the body of the handset was gradually moved towards the cheek until any point on the mouth-piece or keypad contacted the cheek. This is a cheek/touch position. For ear/tilt position, while maintain the device aligned with the BM and FN lines, the device was pivot against ERP back for 15° or until the device antenna touch the phantom. Please refer to IEEE 1528-2003 illustration below.

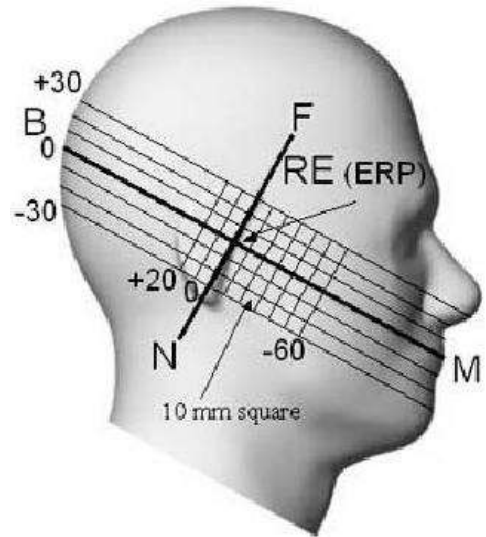


Figure 5.1 Side view of the phantom

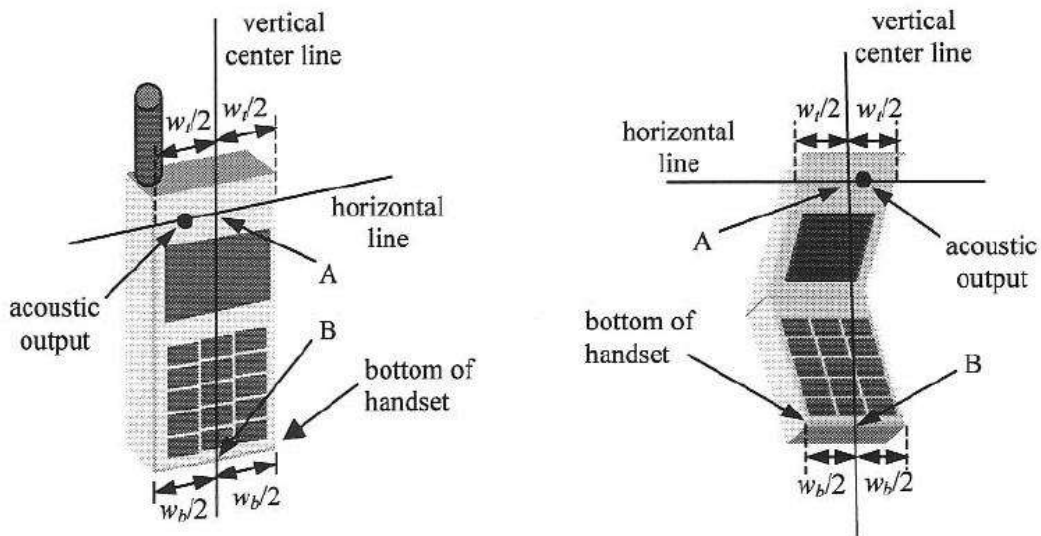


Figure 5.2 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines

5.2 Body Holster/Belt Clip Configurations

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration. A device with a headset output is tested with a headset connected to the device. Body dielectric parameters are used.

Accessories for Body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are tested with each accessory. If multiple accessory share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some Devices intended to be authorized for body-worn use. In this case, a test configuration with a separation distance between the back of the device and the flat phantom is used.

Since this EUT does not supply any body worn accessory to the end user a distance of 2.0 cm from the EUT back surface to the liquid interface is configured for the generic test.

"See the Test SET-UP Photo"

Transmitters that are designed to operate in front of a person's face, as in push-to-talk configurations, are tested for SAR compliance with the front of the device positioned to face the flat phantom. For devices that are carried next to the body such as a shoulder, waist or chest-worn transmitters, SAR compliance is tested with the accessory(ies), including headsets and microphones, attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration.

In all cases SAR measurements are performed to investigate the worst-case positioning. Worstcase positioning is then documented and used to perform Body SAR testing.

6. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Error Description	Tol (± %)	Prob. dist.	Div.	C_i	Standard Uncertainty (± %)	V_{eff}
1. Measurement System						
Probe Calibration	6.00	N	1	1	6.00	∞
Axial Isotropy	4.70	R	1.73	0.7	1.90	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.60	R	1.73	0.7	3.88	∞
Boundary Effects	1.00	R	1.73	1	0.58	∞
Linearity	4.70	R	1.73	1	2.71	∞
System Detection Limits	1.00	R	1.73	1	0.58	∞
Readout Electronics	0.30	N	1.00	1	0.30	∞
Response Time	0.8	R	1.73	1	0.46	∞
Integration Time	2.6	R	1.73	1	1.50	∞
RF Ambient Conditions	3.00	R	1.73	1	1.73	∞
Probe Positioner	0.40	R	1.73	1	0.23	∞
Probe Positioning	2.90	R	1.73	1	1.67	∞
Max SAR Eval	1.00	R	1.73	1	0.58	∞
2. Test Sample Related						
Device Positioning	2.90	N	1.00	1	2.90	145
Device Holder	3.60	N	1.00	1	3.60	5
Power Drift	5.00	R	1.73	1	2.89	∞
3. Phantom and Setup						
Phantom Uncertainty	4.00	R	1.73	1	2.31	∞
Liquid Conductivity(target)	5.00	R	1.73	0.64	1.85	∞
Liquid Conductivity(meas.)	2.07	N	1	0.64	1.32	9
Liquid Permittivity(target)	5.00	R	1.73	0.6	1.73	∞
Liquid Permittivity(meas.)	5.02	N	1	0.6	3.01	9
Combine Standard Uncertainty					11.13	
Coverage Factor for 95 %					$k=2$	
Expanded STD Uncertainty					22.25	

Table 6.1 Uncertainty (800 MHz- 2450 MHz)

7. ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992 RF EXPOSURE LIMITS

HUMAN EXPOSURE	UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT General Population (W/kg) or (mW/g)	CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT Occupational (W/kg) or (mW/g)
SPATIAL PEAK SAR * (Brain)	1.60	8.00
SPATIAL AVERAGE SAR ** (Whole Body)	0.08	0.40
SPATIAL PEAK SAR *** (Hands / Feet / Ankle / Wrist)	4.00	20.00

Table 7.1 Safety Limits for Partial Body Exposure

NOTES:

* The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 g of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

** The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole-body.

*** The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 g of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e.as a result of employment or occupation).

8. SYSTEM VERIFICATION

8.1 Tissue Verification

Freq. [MHz]	Date	Liquid	Liquid Temp.[°C]	Parameters	Target Value	Measured Value	Deviation [%]	Limit [%]
835	Apr.16, 2012	Head	21.1	ϵ_r	41.5	41.6	+ 0.24	± 5
				σ	0.90	0.868	- 3.56	± 5
Body		ϵ_r		55.2	54.9	- 0.54	± 5	
		σ		0.97	1.01	+ 4.12	± 5	
1 800	Apr.13, 2012	Head	21.2	ϵ_r	40.0	40.5	+ 1.25	± 5
				σ	1.40	1.43	+ 2.14	± 5
Body		ϵ_r		53.3	55.1	+ 3.38	± 5	
		σ		1.52	1.51	- 0.66	± 5	
1 900	Apr.29, 2012	Head	21.1	ϵ_r	40.0	39.1	- 2.25	± 5
				σ	1.40	1.39	- 0.71	± 5
Body		ϵ_r		53.3	52.7	- 1.13	± 5	
		σ		1.52	1.54	+ 1.32	± 5	
2 450	May 2, 2012	Head	21.3	ϵ_r	39.7	39.3	- 1.01	± 5
				σ	1.84	1.77	- 3.80	± 5
Body		ϵ_r		52.7	51.5	- 2.28	± 5	
		σ		1.95	1.86	- 4.62	± 5	

The Tissue dielectronic parameters were measured prior to the SAR evaluation using an Agilent 85070C Dielectronic Probe Kit and Agilent Network Analyzer.

8.2 System Validation

Prior to assessment, the system is verified to the $\pm 10\%$ of the specifications at 835 MHz/ 1 800 MHz / 1 900 MHz / 2 450 MHz by using the system validation kit. (Graphic Plots Attached)

Freq. [MHz]	Date	Probe (SN)	Liquid	Amb. Temp. [°C]	Liquid Temp. [°C]	1 W Target SAR _{1g} (SPEAG) (mW/g)	Measured SAR _{1g} (mW/g)	1 W Normalized SAR _{1g} (mW/g)	Deviation [%]	Limit [%]
835	Apr.16, 2012	3797	Head	21.3	21.1	9.34	0.937	9.37	+ 0.32	± 10
			Body			9.45	0.968	9.68	+ 2.43	± 10
1800	Apr.13, 2012		Head	21.4	21.2	39.8	4.12	41.2	+ 3.52	± 10
			Body			37.3	3.81	38.1	+ 2.14	± 10
1 900	Apr.29, 2012		Head	21.3	21.1	39.9	4.12	41.2	+ 3.26	± 10
			Body			40.9	4.09	40.9	0.00	± 10
2 450	May 2, 2012		Head	21.5	21.3	53.8	5.25	52.5	- 2.42	± 10
			Body			51.7	5.12	51.2	- 0.97	± 10

8.3 System Validation Procedure

SAR measurement was prior to assessment, the system is verified to the $\pm 10\%$ of the specifications at each frequency band by using the system validation kit. (Graphic Plots Attached)

- Cabling the system, using the validation kit equipments.
- Generate about 100 mW Input Level from the Signal generator to the Dipole Antenna.
- Dipole Antenna was placed below the Flat phantom.
- The measured one-gram SAR at the surface of the phantom above the dipole feed-point should be within 10 % of the target reference value.
- The results are normalized to 1 W input power.

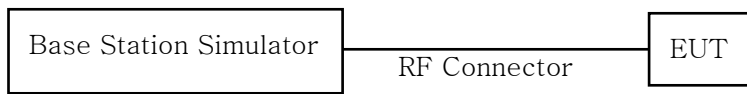
Note;

SAR Verification was performed according to the FCC KDB 450824.

9. RF CONDUCTED POWER MEASUREMENT

Power measurements were performed using a base station simulator under digital average power. The handset was placed into a simulated call using a base station simulator in a shielded chamber. Such test signals offer a consistent means for testing SAR and are recommended for evaluation SAR. SAR measurements were taken with a fully charged battery. In order to verify that the device was tested and maintained at full power, this was configured with the base station simulator. The SAR measurement Software calculates a reference point at the start and end of the test to check for power drifts. If conducted Power deviations of more than 5 % occurred, the tests were repeated.

Conducted output power measurements were performed using a base station simulator under digital average power.



SAR Test for WWAN were performed with a base station simulator Agilent E5515C. Communication between the device and the emulator was established by air link. Set base station emulator to allow DUT to radiate maximum output power during all tests.

9.1 CDMA & EVDO

9.1.1 Output Power Verification

See 3GPP2 C.S0011/TIA-98-E as recommended by "SAR Measurement Procedures for 3G Devices", May 2006. MMaximum output power is verified on the High, Middle and Low channels according to procedures defined in section 4.4.5.2 of 3GPP2 C.S0011/TIA-98-E. SO55 tests were measured with power control bits in "All Up" condition.

1. If the mobile station supports Reverse TCH RC 1 and Forward TCH RC 1, set up a call using Fundamental Channel Test Mode 1 (RC=1/1) with 9 600 bps data rate only.
2. Under RC1, C.S0011 Table 4.4.5.2-1 (Table 9.1) parameters were applied.
3. If the MS supports the RC 3 Reverse FCH, RC3 Reverse SCH0 and demodulation of RC 3, 4, or 5, set up a call using Supplemental Channel Test Mode 3 (RC 3/3) with 9 600 bps Fundamental Channel and 9 600 bps SCH0 data rate Channel and 9 600 bps SCH0 data rate.
4. Under RC3, C.S0011 Table 4.4.5.2-2(Table 9.2) was applied.
5. FCHs were configured at full rate for mMaximum SAR with "All Up" power control bits.

Parameters for Max. Power for RC1

Parameter	Units	Value
I_{or}	dBm/1.23 MHz	-104
$\frac{Pilot E_c}{I_{or}}$	dB	-7
$\frac{Traffic E_c}{I_{or}}$	dB	-7.4

Table. 9.1

Parameters for Max. Power for RC3

Parameter	Units	Value
I_{or}	dBm/1.23 MHz	-86
$\frac{Pilot E_c}{I_{or}}$	dB	-7
$\frac{Traffic E_c}{I_{or}}$	dB	-7.4

Table. 9.2

9.1.2 Head SAR Measurement

SAR for head exposure configurations is measured in RC3 with the DUT configured to transmit at full rate using Loopback Service Option SO55. SAR for RC1 is not required when the mMaximum average output of each channel is less than ¼ dB higher than that measured in RC3. Otherwise, SAR is measured on the mMaximum output channel in RC1 using the exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR for that channel in RC3.

9.1.3 Body SAR Measurement

SAR for body exposure configurations is measured in RC3 with the DUT configured to transmit at full rate on FCH with all other code channels disabled using TDSO / SO32. SAR for multiple code channels (FCH + SCHn) is not required when the mMaximum average output of each RF channel is less than ¼ dB higher than that measured with FCH only. Otherwise, SAR is measured on the mMaximum output channel (FCH + SCHn) with FCH at full rate and SCH0 enabled at 9 600 bps using the exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR for that channel with FCH only. When multiple code channels are enabled, the DUT output may shift by more than 0.5 dB and lead to higher SAR drifts and SCH dropouts.

Body SAR in RC1 is not required when the mMaximum average output of each channel is less than ¼ dB higher than that measured in RC3. Otherwise, SAR is measured on the mMaximum output channel in RC1; with Loopback Service Option SO55, at full rate, using the body exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR for that channel in RC3.

9.1.4 Handsets with EV-DO

For handsets with Ev-Do capabilities, when the mMaximum average output of each channel in Rev. 0 is less than ¼ dB higher than that measured in RC3 (1x RTT), body SAR for Ev-Do is not required. Otherwise, SAR for Rev. 0 is measured on the mMaximum output channel at 153.6 kbps using the body exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR for that channel in RC3. SAR for Rev. A is not required when the mMaximum average output of each channel is less than that measured in Rev. 0 or less than ¼ dB higher than that measured in RC3. Otherwise, SAR is measured on the mMaximum output channel for Rev. A using a Reverse Data Channel payload size of 4 096 bits and a Termination Target of 16 slots defined for Subtype 2 Physical Layer configurations. A Forward Traffic Channel data rate corresponding to the 2-slot version of 307.2 kbps with the ACK Channel transmitting in all slots should be configured in the downlink for both Rev. 0 and Rev. A.

9.1.4.1 EVDO Release 0 (RTAP)

Application Config > Enhanced Test Application Protocol > RTAP

RTAP Rate > 153.6 kbps

Protocol Rev > 0 (1x EVDO)

Power: All Up bits

9.1.4.2 EVDO Release 0 (FTAP)

Application Config > Enhanced Test Application Protocol > FTAP

RTAP Rate > 307.2 kbps

Protocol Rev > 0 (1x EVDO)

Power: All Up bits

9.1.4.3 EVDO Release A (RETAP)

Protocol Rev > A (1x EVDO A)

Application Config > Enhanced Test Application Protocol > RETAP

R-Data Pkt Size > 4096

Power: All Up bits

9.1.4.4 EVDO Release A (FETAP)

Protocol Rev > A (1x EVDO A)

Application Config > Enhanced Test Application Protocol > FETAP

F-Traffic Format > 4 (1024, 2, 128) Canonical (307.2k, QPSK)

Power: All Up bits

Maximum Average Conducted Output Power Measurement (Unit: dBm)

Back-off Inactive

Band	Channel	SO2	SO2	SO55	SO55	TDSO	1xEvDO	1xEvDO	1xEvDO	1xEvDO
		RC1/1 (dBm)	RC3/3 (dBm)	RC1/1 (dBm)	RC3/3 (dBm)	SO32 RC3/3 (dBm)	Rev.0 (FTAP)	Rev.0 (RTAP)	Rev.A (FETAP)	Rev.A (RETAP)
CDMA	1013	25.68	25.7	25.69	25.7	25.7	25.65	25.55	25.67	25.68
	384	25.56	25.57	25.57	25.55	25.59	25.64	25.53	25.64	25.7
	777	25.55	25.54	25.55	25.54	25.56	25.56	25.49	25.6	25.69
AWS	25	25.14	25.14	25.12	25.01	25.15	24.91	24.94	24.98	24.93
	450	24.84	24.89	24.83	24.86	24.89	24.72	24.74	24.73	24.72
	875	24.79	24.8	24.73	24.8	24.79	24.94	25.04	24.93	25.03
PCS	25	24.82	24.84	24.76	24.8	24.81	24.84	24.84	24.84	25.03
	600	24.89	24.87	24.86	24.86	24.88	24.81	24.86	24.8	24.83
	1175	25.19	25.16	25.14	25.1	25.19	25.24	25.11	25.18	25.17

Back-off Active

Band	Channel	SO2	SO2	SO55	SO55	TDSO	1xEvDO	1xEvDO	1xEvDO	1xEvDO
		RC1/1 (dBm)	RC3/3 (dBm)	RC1/1 (dBm)	RC3/3 (dBm)	SO32 RC3/3 (dBm)	Rev.0 (FTAP)	Rev.0 (RTAP)	Rev.A (FETAP)	Rev.A (RETAP)
CDMA	1013	-	-	-	-	-	24.2	24.06	24.19	24.22
	384	-	-	-	-	-	24.18	24.08	24.16	24.23
	777	-	-	-	-	-	24.1	24.07	24.13	24.23
AWS	25	-	-	-	-	-	22.43	22.47	22.49	22.45
	450	-	-	-	-	-	22.34	22.3	22.36	22.3
	875	-	-	-	-	-	22.47	22.59	22.45	22.55
PCS	25	-	-	-	-	-	21.37	21.55	21.43	22.55
	600	-	-	-	-	-	21.34	21.37	21.33	21.44
	1175	-	-	-	-	-	21.68	21.69	21.77	21.81

Back-off Active Measurement power reduction (dB)

Band	Channel	SO2	SO2	SO55	SO55	TDSO	1xEvDO	1xEvDO	1xEvDO	1xEvDO
						SO32	Rev.0	Rev.0	Rev.A	Rev.A
		RC1/1 (dBm)	RC3/3 (dBm)	RC1/1 (dBm)	RC3/3 (dBm)	RC3/3 (dBm)	(FTAP)	(RTAP)	(FETAP)	(RETAP)
CDMA	1013	-	-	-	-	-	1.45	1.49	1.48	1.46
	384	-	-	-	-	-	1.46	1.45	1.48	1.47
	777	-	-	-	-	-	1.46	1.42	1.47	1.46
AWS	25	-	-	-	-	-	2.48	2.47	2.49	2.48
	450	-	-	-	-	-	2.38	2.44	2.37	2.42
	875	-	-	-	-	-	2.47	2.45	2.48	2.48
PCS	25	-	-	-	-	-	3.47	3.29	3.41	2.48
	600	-	-	-	-	-	3.47	3.49	3.47	3.39
	1175	-	-	-	-	-	3.56	3.42	3.41	3.36

Note;

1. When hotspot function is on state, there isn't any change on the transmitter and antenna path. The power level through the antenna path is just backed-off equal to prepared power table. Therefore, the influence of transmitter and antenna path is less than normal state.

2. EVDO835 with 1 dB Back off +/-0.7 dB power tolerance.
 EVDO1700 with 2 dB Back off +/-0.7 dB power tolerance.
 EVDO1900 with 3 dB Back off +/-0.7 dB power tolerance.

3. Only EVDO Data mode will have power back off, when Hotspot mode is on. (exclude 1x voice and WiFi)

4. Please see the separate Power Back-off Description document.

9.2 WiFi

9.2.1 SAR Testing for 802.11a/b/g/n modes

General Device Setup

Normal Network operating configurations are not suitable for measuring the SAR of 802.11 a/b/g transmitters. Unpredictable fluctuations in network traffic and antenna diversity conditions can introduce undesirable variations in SAR results. The SAR for these devices should be measured using chipset based test mode software to ensure the results are consistent and reliable.

Chipset based test mode software is hardware dependent and generally varies among manufacturers. The device operating parameters established in test mode for SAR measurements must be identical to those programmed in production units, including output power levels, amplifier gain settings and other RF performance tuning parameters. The test frequencies should correspond to actual channel frequencies defined for domestic use. SAR for devices with switched diversity should be measured with only one antenna transmitting at a time during each SAR measurement, according to a fixed modulation and data rate. The same data pattern should be used for all measurements.

Frequency Channel Configurations

80.11 a/b/g and 4.9 GHz operating modes are tested independently according to the service requirements in each frequency band. 80.211 b/g modes are tested on channels 1, 6 and 11. 802.11a is tested for UNII operations on channels 36 and 48 in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band; channels 52 and 64 in the 5.25-5.35 GHz band; Channels 104, 116, 124 and 136 in the 5.470-5.725 GHz band; and channels 149 and 161 in the 5.8 GHz band. When 5.8 GHz § 15.247 is also available, channels 149, 157 and 165 should be tested instead of the UNII channels. 4.9 GHz is tested on channels 1, 10 and 5 or 6, whichever has the higher output power, for 5 MHz channels; channels 11,15 and 19 for 10 MHz channels; and channels 21 and 25 for 20 MHz channels.

These are referred to as the “default test channels”. 802.11g mode was evaluated only if the output power was 0.25 dB higher than the 802.11b mode.

Mode	GHz	Channel	Turbo Channel	"Default Test Channels"		
				§15.247		UNII
				802.11b	802.11g	
802.11 b/g	2.412	1		√	∇	
	2.437	6	6	√	∇	
	2.462	11		√	∇	
802.11a	5.18	36				√
	5.20	40	42 (5.21 GHz)			-
	5.22	44				-
	5.24	48	50 (5.25 GHz)			√
	5.26	52				√
	5.28	56	58 (5.29 GHz)			-
	5.30	60				-
	5.32	64				√
	5.500	100	Unknown			-
	5.520	104				√
	5.540	108				-
	5.560	112				-
	5.580	116				√
	5.600	120				-
	5.620	124				√
	5.640	128			-	
	5.660	132			-	
5.680	136			√		
5.700	140			-		
UNII or §15.247	5.745	149		√		√
	5.765	153	152 (5.76 GHz)		-	-
	5.785	157		√		-
	5.805	161	160 (5.80 GHz)		-	√
§15.247	5.825	165		√		

802.11 Test Channels per FCC Requirements

Band	Channel	Mbps (dBm)			
		1	2	5.5	11
IEEE 802.11b	1	15.01	14.96	15.00	14.77
	6	14.90	14.75	14.85	14.62
	11	14.76	14.72	14.84	14.58

Average IEEE 802.11b Conducted output power

Band	Channel	Mbps (dBm)							
		6	9	12	18	24	36	48	54
IEEE 802.11g	1	13.13	13.00	12.78	12.54	12.36	12.82	12.48	12.40
	6	12.95	13.09	12.94	12.66	12.50	12.85	12.47	12.35
	11	12.97	12.94	12.77	12.69	12.51	13.05	12.66	12.44

Average IEEE 802.11g Conducted output power

Band	Channel	Mbps (dBm)							
		6.5	13	20	26	39	52	58	65
IEEE 802.11n (HT-20)	1	10.31	10.25	10.23	10.33	10.25	10.24	10.21	10.20
	6	10.04	10.12	10.12	10.06	10.05	10.14	10.07	10.02
	11	10.13	10.07	9.99	10.00	10.08	10.00	10.03	9.97

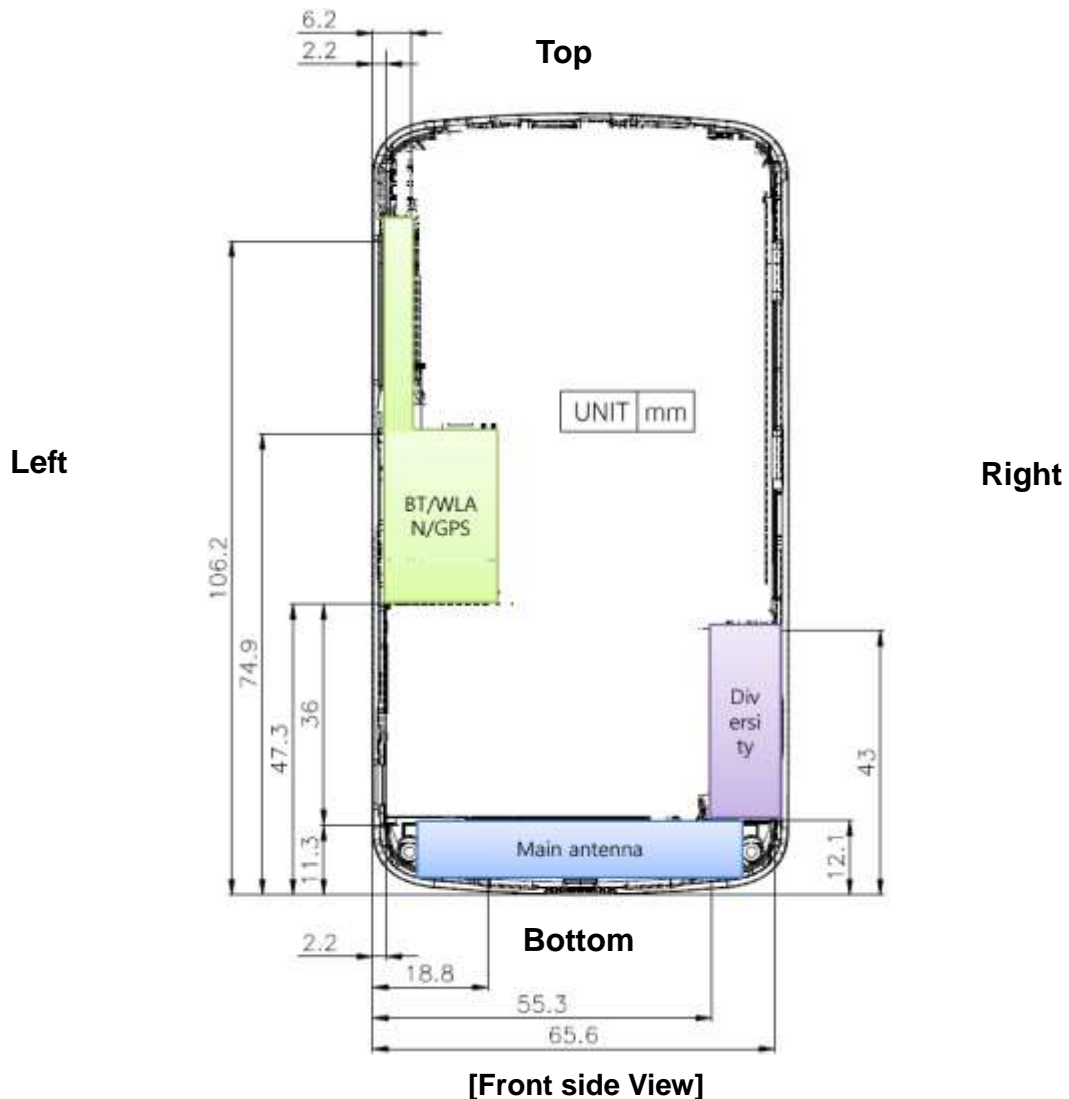
Average IEEE 802.11n Conducted output power

10. SAR Test configuration & Antenna Information

10.1 SAR Test configurations for Mobile Hotspot

Mode	Back	Front	Left	Right	Bottom	Top
835 EVDO	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
1800 EVDO	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
1900 EVDO	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
WLAN	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes

10.2 Antenna and Device Information



Note;

Per KDB 941225 D06 hotspot procedures, we performed the SAR testing at 1 cm from the top & bottom surfaces and also from side edges with a transmitting antenna ≤ 2.5 cm from an edge.

Please see the separate Antenna distance document.

10.3 SAR Test configurations

Head Operation			
Mode	Tx(MHz)	Main ANT	BT/WLAN ANT
CDMA Voice(1xRTT)	835	Yes	No
CDMA Voice(1xRTT)	1900	Yes	No
CDMA Voice(1xRTT)	1800	Yes	No
Wi-Fi(VOIP)	2400	No	Yes
BT	2400	No	No

Body-worn Operation			
Mode	Tx(MHz)	Main ANT	BT/WLAN ANT
CDMA Voice(1xRTT)	835	Yes	No
CDMA Voice(1xRTT)	1900	Yes	No
CDMA Voice(1xRTT)	1800	Yes	No
Wi-Fi	2400	No	Yes
BT	2400	No	No

Wireless Router/ Hotspot Operation			
Separation Distance = 1 cm			
Mode	Tx(MHz)	Main ANT	BT/WLAN ANT
EVDO Data+Wi-Fi	835/2400	Yes	Yes
EVDO Data+Wi-Fi	1800/2400	Yes	Yes
EVDO Data+Wi-Fi	1900/2400	Yes	Yes

11. SAR Evaluation Considerations for Handsets with Multiple Transmitters and Antennas

11.1 SAR Evaluation Considerations

These procedures were followed according to FCC "SAR Evaluation Considerations for Handsets with Multiple Transmitters and Antennas", May 2008. The procedures are applicable to phones with built-in unlicensed transmitters, such as 802.11 a/b/g and Bluetooth devices.

	2.45	5.15 - 5.35	5.47 - 5.85	GHz
P_{Ref}	12	6	5	mW

Device output power should be rounded to the nearest mW to compare with values specified in this

Table. 11.1 Output Power Thresholds for Unlicensed Transmitters

	Individual Transmitter	Simultaneous Transmission
Licensed Transmitters	<u>Routine evaluation required</u>	SAR not required: <u>Unlicensed only</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> when stand-alone 1-g SAR is not required and antenna is ≥ 5 cm from other antennas <u>Licensed & Unlicensed</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> when the sum of the 1-g SAR is < 1.6 W/kg for all simultaneous transmitting antennas when SAR to peak location separation ratio of simultaneous transmitting antenna pair is < 0.3
Unlicensed Transmitters	<p><u>When there is no simultaneous transmission –</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> output ≤ 60f: SAR not required output > 60f: stand-alone SAR required <p><u>When there is simultaneous transmission – Stand-alone SAR not required when</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> output $\leq 2 \cdot P_{Ref}$ and antenna is ≥ 5.0 cm from other antennas output $\leq P_{Ref}$ and antenna is ≥ 2.5 cm from other antennas output $\leq P_{Ref}$ and antenna is < 2.5 cm from other antennas, each with either output power $\leq P_{Ref}$ or 1-g SAR < 1.2 W/kg <p><u>Otherwise stand-alone SAR is required</u></p> <p><u>When stand-alone SAR is required</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> test SAR on highest output channel for each wireless mode and exposure condition if SAR for highest output channel is $> 50\%$ of SAR limit, evaluate all channels according to normal procedures 	<p>SAR required: <u>Licensed & Unlicensed</u> antenna pairs with SAR to peak location separation ratio ≥ 0.3; test is only required for the configuration that results in the highest SAR in stand-alone configuration for each wireless mode and exposure condition</p> <p>Note: simultaneous transmission exposure conditions for head and body can be different for different style phones; therefore, different test requirements may apply</p>
Jaw, Mouth and Nose	<p><u>Flat phantom SAR required</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> when measurement is required in tight regions of SAM and it is not feasible or the results can be questionable due to probe tilt, calibration, positioning and orientation issues position rectangular and clam-shell phones according to flat phantom procedures and conduct SAR measurements for these specific locations 	When simultaneous transmission SAR testing is required, contact the FCC Laboratory for interim guidance.

Table. 11.2 SAR Evaluation Requirements for Cellphones with Multiple Transmitters

Antenna separation distance between Main and BT/WLAN: 36 mm

BT Max. RF output power: 2.06 mW

11.2 SAR Summation Scenario

All Simultaneous case

No.	Capable TX Configuration	Head SAR	Body-worn SAR	Hotspot SAR	Power Reduction (EVDO)	Note
1	CDMA BC0 Voice	O	O	x	x	Stand-alone CDMA BC0 Voice
2	CDMA BC1 Voice	O	O	x	x	Stand-alone CDMA BC1 Voice
3	CDMA BC15 Voice	O	O	x	x	Stand-alone CDMA BC15 Voice
4	Wi-Fi	O	O	x	x	Stand-alone Wi-Fi
5	BT	x	x	x	x	N/A
6	CDMA BC0 EVDO+ Wi-Fi data	x	O	O	x	Wi-Fi Hotspot
7	CDMA BC1 EVDO+ Wi-Fi data	x	O	O	x	Wi-Fi Hotspot
8	CDMA BC15 EVDO+ Wi-Fi data	x	O	O	x	Wi-Fi Hotspot

* BT and WLAN are not simultaneous transmission.

* Hotspot support (EVDO).

Simultaneous Transmission Summation for Held to Ear

Simultaneous TX	configuration	835 CDMA SAR(W/kg)	WIFI SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	Simultaneous TX	configuration	1700 AWS SAR(W/kg)	WIFI SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Head SAR	Left Cheek	0.65	0.032	0.682	Head SAR	Left Cheek	0.969	0.032	1.001
	Left Tilt	0.42	0.00748	0.427		Left Tilt	0.701	0.00748	0.708
	Right Cheek	0.641	0.062	0.703		Right Cheek	1.27	0.062	1.332
	Right Tilt	0.457	0.014	0.471		Right Tilt	0.471	0.014	0.485
Simultaneous TX	configuration	1900 PCS SAR(W/kg)	WIFI SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)					
Head SAR	Left Cheek	0.721	0.032	0.753					
	Left Tilt	0.506	0.00748	0.513					
	Right Cheek	1.3	0.062	1.362					
	Right Tilt	1.23	0.014	1.244					

The above tables represent a held to ear voice call with 2.4 GHz WLAN.

Simultaneous Transmission Summation for Body-Worn (Main 2cm, WLAN 1cm)

Simultaneous TX	configuration	835 CDMA SAR(W/kg)	WIFI SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	Simultaneous TX	configuration	1700 AWS SAR(W/kg)	WIFI SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Body SAR	Back	0.941	0.16	1.101	Body SAR	Back	0.773	0.16	0.933
	Front	0.711	0.016	0.727	Body SAR	Front	0.812	0.016	0.828
Simultaneous TX	configuration	1900 PCS SAR(W/kg)	WIFI SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)					
Body SAR	Back	0.771	0.16	0.931					
	Front	0.755	0.016	0.771					

The above tables represent a body-worn call with 2.4 GHz WLAN.

Simultaneous Transmission Summation for Hotspot (1cm)

Simultaneous TX	configuration	835 CDMA SAR(W/kg)	WIFI SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	Simultaneous TX	configuration	1700 AWS SAR(W/kg)	WIFI SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Body SAR	Back	0.97	0.16	1.130	Body SAR	Back	1.04	0.16	1.200
	Front	0.598	0.016	0.614		Front	0.94	0.016	0.956
	Left	0.742	0.13	0.872		Left	0.22	0.13	0.350
	Right	0.679	-	0.679		Right	0.449	-	0.449
	Bottom	0.137	-	0.137		Bottom	1.08	-	1.080
	Top	-	0.016	-		Top	-	0.016	-
Simultaneous TX	configuration	1900 PCS SAR(W/kg)	WIFI SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)					
Body SAR	Back	0.981	0.16	1.141					
	Front	0.889	0.016	0.905					
	Left	0.185	0.13	0.315					
	Right	0.307	-	0.307					
	Bottom	1.2	-	1.200					
	Top	-	0.016	-					

The above tables represent a portable hotspot condition.

Note;

WLAN Body-Worn SAR : The Rear/Front side hotspot SAR test configurations can be considered for body-worn accessory SAR since it is more conservative condition.

11.3 Simultaneous Transmission Conclusion

The above numerical summed SAR was below the SAR limit. Therefore, the above analysis is sufficient to determine that simultaneous transmission cases will not exceed the SAR limit. No volumetric SAR summation is required per FCC KDB Publication 648474.

The above tables represent the worst-case simultaneous transmission scenarios possibility with this device.

The conducted output power level of the BT transmitter is less than P_{ref} , the BT antenna is more than 2.5 cm from the other antenna, therefore, a stand-alone BT SAR evaluation is not required.

12. SAR TEST DATA SUMMARY

12.1 Measurement Results (CDMA835 Head SAR)

Frequency		Modulation	Conducted Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Battery	Phantom Position	Antenna Type	SAR(mW/g)
MHz	Channel							
836.52	384 (Mid)	CDMA835	25.55	-0.05	Standard	Left Ear	Intenna	0.650
836.52	384 (Mid)	CDMA835	25.55	-0.007	Standard	Left Tilt 15°	Intenna	0.420
836.52	384 (Mid)	CDMA835	25.55	-0.122	Standard	Right Ear	Intenna	0.641
836.52	384 (Mid)	CDMA835	25.55	-0.174	Standard	Right Tilt 15	Intenna	0.457
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992- Safety Limit						Head		
Spatial Peak						1.6 W/kg (mW/g)		
Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population						<small>Averaged over 1 gram</small>		

NOTES:

- 1 The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C [July 2001].
- 2 All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case are reported.
- 3 Measured Depth of Simulating Tissue is 15.0 cm ± 0.2 cm.
- 4 Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plot.
- 5 Battery Type Standard Extended Slim
Batteries are fully charged for all readings.
- 6 Test Signal Call Mode Manual Test cord Base Station Simulator
- 7 Justification for reduced test configurations: per FCC/OET Supplement C (July, 2001), if the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (Left, right, cheek/touch, tilt/ear, extended and retracted) is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s).
- 8 CDMA mode was tested under RC3/SO55.

12. 2 Measurement Results (AWS1700 Head SAR)

Frequency		Modulation	Conducted Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Battery	Phantom Position	Antenna Type	SAR(mW/g)
MHz	Channel							
1 711.25	25(Low)	AWS1700	25.01	-0.014	Standard	Left Ear	Intenna	0.897
1 732.5	450 (Mid)	AWS1700	24.86	0.033	Standard	Left Ear	Intenna	0.981
1 753.75	875(High)	AWS1700	24.8	-0.04	Standard	Left Ear	Intenna	0.969
1 732.5	450 (Mid)	AWS1700	24.86	-0.018	Standard	Left Tilt 15°	Intenna	0.701
1 711.25	25(Low)	AWS1700	25.01	-0.024	Standard	Right Ear	Intenna	1.08
1 732.5	450 (Mid)	AWS1700	24.86	-0.113	Standard	Right Ear	Intenna	1.27
1 753.75	875(High)	AWS1700	24.8	-0.032	Standard	Right Ear	Intenna	1.25
1 732.5	450 (Mid)	AWS1700	24.86	0.045	Standard	Right Tilt 15	Intenna	0.471
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992– Safety Limit						Head		
Spatial Peak						1.6 W/kg (mW/g)		
Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population						<small>Averaged over 1 gram</small>		

NOTES:

- The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C [July 2001].
- All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case are reported.
- Measured Depth of Simulating Tissue is 15.0 cm ± 0.2 cm.
- Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plot.
- Battery Type Standard Extended Slim
Batteries are fully charged for all readings.
- Test Signal Call Mode Manual Test cord Base Station Simulator
- Justification for reduced test configurations: per FCC/OET Supplement C (July, 2001), if the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (Left, right, cheek/touch, tilt/ear, extended and retracted) is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s).
- AWS mode was tested under RC3/SO55.

12.3 Measurement Results (PCS1900 Head SAR)

Frequency		Modulation	Conducted Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Battery	Phantom Position	Antenna Type	SAR(mW/g)
MHz	Channel							
1 880.00	600 (Mid)	PCS1900	24.86	0.003	Standard	Left Ear	Intenna	0.721
1 880.00	600 (Mid)	PCS1900	24.86	0.032	Standard	Left Ear	Intenna	0.506
1 851.25	25 (Low)	PCS1900	24.8	-0.013	Standard	Right Ear	Intenna	1.3
1 880.00	600 (Mid)	PCS1900	24.86	0.011	Standard	Right Ear	Intenna	1.23
1 908.75	1175(High)	PCS1900	25.1	0.050	Standard	Right Ear	Intenna	1.2
1 880.00	600 (Mid)	PCS1900	24.86	0.101	Standard	Right Tilt 15	Intenna	0.481
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992– Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population						Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) <small>Averaged over 1 gram</small>		

NOTES:

- 1 The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C [July 2001].
- 2 All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case are reported.
- 3 Measured Depth of Simulating Tissue is 15.0 cm ± 0.2 cm.
- 4 Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plot.
- 5 Battery Type Standard Extended Slim
Batteries are fully charged for all readings.
- 6 Test Signal Call Mode Manual Test cord Base Station Simulator
- 7 Justification for reduced test configurations: per FCC/OET Supplement C (July, 2001), if the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (Left, right, cheek/touch, tilt/ear, extended and retracted) is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s).
- 8 PCS CDMA mode was tested under RC3/SO55.

12.4 Measurement Results (802.11b/g/n Head)

Frequency		Modulation	Conducted Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Battery	Data Rate	Phantom Position	Antenna Type	SAR(mW/g)
MHz	Channel								
2 412	1 (Low)	802.11b	15.01	-0.117	Standard	1 Mbps	Left Ear	Intenna	0.032
2 412	1 (Low)	802.11b	15.01	-0.019	Standard	1 Mbps	Left Tilt 15°	Intenna	0.00748
2 412	1 (Low)	802.11b	15.01	-0.096	Standard	1 Mbps	Right Ear	Intenna	0.062
2 412	1 (Low)	802.11b	15.01	-0.045	Standard	1 Mbps	Right Tilt 15	Intenna	0.014
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992– Safety Limit							Head		
Spatial Peak							1.6 W/kg (mW/g)		
Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population							<small>Averaged over 1 gram</small>		

NOTES:

- The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C [July 2001].
- All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case are reported.
- Measured Depth of Simulating Tissue is 15.0 cm ± 0.2 cm.
- Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plot.
- Battery Type Standard Extended Slim
Batteries are fully charged for all readings.
- Test Signal Call Mode Manual Test cord Base Station Simulator
- IEEE 802.11g(including 802.11n) SAR testing is required when the conducted powers are equal to or greater than 0.25 dB Than the conducted powers in IEEE 802.11b.
- For 2.4GHz WLAN, Highest average power channel for the lowest data rate was selected for SAR evaluation based on KDB 248227. Other channels are not necessary because 1g-average SAR < 0.8 W/Kg and peak SAR < 1.6W/Kg per KDB 248227.

12.5 Measurement Results (CDMA835 Hotspot SAR)

Frequency		Modulation	Conducted Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Configuration	Separation Distance	SAR(mW/g)
MHz	Channel						
824.70	1013 (Low)	EVDO835	25.55	0.184	Rear	1.0 cm	0.970
836.52	384 (Mid)	EVDO835	25.53	0.117	Rear	1.0 cm	0.858
848.31	777 (High)	EVDO835	25.49	0.107	Rear	1.0 cm	0.919
836.52	384 (Mid)	EVDO835	25.53	0.114	Front	1.0 cm	0.598
836.52	384 (Mid)	EVDO835	25.53	-0.121	left	1.0 cm	0.742
836.52	384 (Mid)	EVDO835	25.53	-0.105	right	1.0 cm	0.679
836.52	384 (Mid)	EVDO835	25.53	0.100	bottom	1.0 cm	0.137

ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 2005 – Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population	Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) <small>Averaged over 1 gram</small>
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NOTES:

- 1 The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C [July 2001].
- 2 All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case are reported.
- 3 Measured Depth of Simulating Tissue is 15.0 cm ± 0.2 cm.
- 4 Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plot.
- 5 Battery Type Standard Extended Slim
 Batteries are fully charged for all readings.
- 6 Test Signal Call Mode Manual Test cord Base Station Simulator
- 7 Test Configuration With Holster Without Holster
- 8 Justification for reduced test configurations: per FCC/OET Supplement C (July, 2001), if the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (Left, right, cheek/touch, tilt/ear, extended and retracted) is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s).
- 9 EVDO SAR was tested under EVDO Rev.0 RTAP.

12.6 Measurement Results (CDMA835 Body-worn SAR)

Frequency		Modulation	Conducted Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Configuration	Separation Distance	SAR(mW/g)
MHz	Channel						
824.70	1013 (Low)	CDMA835	25.7	0.064	Rear	2.0 cm	0.941
836.52	384 (Mid)	CDMA835	25.59	-0.108	Rear	2.0 cm	0.859
848.31	777 (High)	CDMA835	25.56	-0.011	Rear	2.0 cm	0.874
836.52	384 (Mid)	CDMA835	25.59	0.089	Front	2.0 cm	0.711
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992– Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population						Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1 gram	

NOTES:

- The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C [July 2001].
- All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case are reported.
- Measured Depth of Simulating Tissue is 15.0 cm ± 0.2 cm.
- Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plot.
- Battery Type Standard Extended Slim
Batteries are fully charged for all readings.
- Test Signal Call Mode Manual Test cord Base Station Simulator
- Test Configuration With Holster Without Holster
- Body SAR was tested under RC3/SO32 FCH only.
- Justification for reduced test configurations: per FCC/OET Supplement C (July, 2001), if the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (Left, right, cheek/touch, tilt/ear, extended and retracted) is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s).

12.7 Measurement Results (AWS1700 Hotspot SAR)

Frequency		Modulation	Conducted Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Configuration	Separation Distance	SAR(mW/g)
MHz	Channel						
1 711.25	25(Low)	EVDO1700	24.94	-0.03	Rear	1.0 cm	0.920
1 732.5	450 (Mid)	EVDO1700	24.74	-0.114	Rear	1.0 cm	1.04
1 753.75	875(High)	EVDO1700	25.04	0.01	Rear	1.0 cm	1.01
1 711.25	25(Low)	EVDO1700	24.94	0.007	Front	1.0 cm	0.723
1 732.5	450 (Mid)	EVDO1700	24.74	-0.051	Front	1.0 cm	0.928
1 753.75	875(High)	EVDO1700	25.04	-0.002	Front	1.0 cm	0.940
1 732.5	450 (Mid)	EVDO1700	24.74	0.067	left	1.0 cm	0.22
1 732.5	450 (Mid)	EVDO1700	24.74	0.01	right	1.0 cm	0.449
1 711.25	25(Low)	EVDO1700	24.94	-0.007	bottom	1.0 cm	0.875
1 732.5	450 (Mid)	EVDO1700	24.74	0.013	bottom	1.0 cm	1.06
1 753.75	875(High)	EVDO1700	25.04	-0.076	bottom	1.0 cm	1.08

ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 2005 – Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population	Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) <small>Averaged over 1 gram</small>
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NOTES:

- 1 The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C [July 2001].
- 2 All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case are reported.
- 3 Measured Depth of Simulating Tissue is 15.0 cm ± 0.2 cm.
- 4 Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plot.
- 5 Battery Type Standard Extended Slim
 Batteries are fully charged for all readings.
- 6 Test Signal Call Mode Manual Test cord Base Station Simulator
- 7 Test Configuration With Holster Without Holster
- 8 Justification for reduced test configurations: per FCC/OET Supplement C (July, 2001), if the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (Left, right, cheek/touch, tilt/ear, extended and retracted) is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s).
- 9 EVDO SAR was tested under EVDO Rev.0 RTAP.

12.8 Measurement Results (AWS1700 Body-worn SAR)

Frequency		Modulation	Conducted Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Configuration	Separation Distance	SAR(mW/g)
MHz	Channel						
1 732.5	450 (Mid)	AWS1700	24.89	-0.016	Rear	2.0 cm	0.773
1 732.5	450 (Mid)	AWS1700	24.89	0.001	Front	2.0 cm	0.713
1 732.5	450 (Mid)	AWS1700	24.89	0.001	Front	2.0 cm	0.812
1 732.5	450 (Mid)	AWS1700	24.89	0.016	Front	2.0 cm	0.766
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992– Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population						Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1 gram	

NOTES:

- 1 The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C [July 2001].
- 2 All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case are reported.
- 3 Measured Depth of Simulating Tissue is 15.0 cm ± 0.2 cm.
- 4 Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plot.
- 5 Battery Type Standard Extended Slim
Batteries are fully charged for all readings.
- 6 Test Signal Call Mode Manual Test cord Base Station Simulator
- 7 Test Configuration With Holster Without Holster
- 8 Body SAR was tested under RC3/SO32 FCH only.
- 9 Justification for reduced test configurations: per FCC/OET Supplement C (July, 2001), if the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (Left, right, cheek/touch, tilt/ear, extended and retracted) is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s).

12.9 Measurement Results (PCS1900 Hotspot SAR)

Frequency		Modulation	Conducted Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Configuration	Separation Distance	SAR(mW/g)
MHz	Channel						
1 851.25	25 (Low)	EVDO1900	24.84	0.089	Rear	1.0 cm	0.885
1 880.00	600 (Mid)	EVDO1900	24.86	0.06	Rear	1.0 cm	0.981
1 908.75	1175(High)	EVDO1900	25.11	0.054	Rear	1.0 cm	0.948
1 851.25	25 (Low)	EVDO1900	24.84	0.065	Front	1.0 cm	0.889
1 880.00	600 (Mid)	EVDO1900	24.86	-0.05	Front	1.0 cm	0.876
1 908.75	1175(High)	EVDO1900	25.11	0.03	Front	1.0 cm	0.853
1 880.00	600 (Mid)	EVDO1900	24.86	0.11	left	1.0 cm	0.185
1 880.00	600 (Mid)	EVDO1900	24.86	0.112	right	1.0 cm	0.307
1 851.25	25 (Low)	EVDO1900	24.84	0.097	bottom	1.0 cm	1.04
1 880.00	600 (Mid)	EVDO1900	24.86	-0.035	bottom	1.0 cm	1.2
1 908.75	1175(High)	EVDO1900	25.11	-0.099	bottom	1.0 cm	1.1

ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 2005 – Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population	Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) <small>Averaged over 1 gram</small>
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NOTES:

- 1 The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C [July 2001].
- 2 All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case are reported.
- 3 Measured Depth of Simulating Tissue is 15.0 cm ± 0.2 cm.
- 4 Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plot.
- 5 Battery Type Standard Extended Slim
 Batteries are fully charged for all readings.
- 6 Test Signal Call Mode Manual Test cord Base Station Simulator
- 7 Test Configuration With Holster Without Holster
- 8 Justification for reduced test configurations: per FCC/OET Supplement C (July, 2001), if the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (Left, right, cheek/touch, tilt/ear, extended and retracted) is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s).
- 9 EVDO SAR was tested under EVDO Rev.0 RTAP.

12.10 Measurement Results (PCS1900 Body-worn SAR)

Frequency		Modulation	Conducted Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Configuration	Separation Distance	SAR(mW/g)
MHz	Channel						
1 880.00	600 (Mid)	PCS1900	24.88	0.017	Rear	2.0 cm	0.771
1 880.00	600 (Mid)	PCS1900	24.88	0.041	Front	2.0 cm	0.755
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992– Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population						Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1 gram	

NOTES:

- 1 The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C [July 2001].
- 2 All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case are reported.
- 3 Measured Depth of Simulating Tissue is 15.0 cm ± 0.2 cm.
- 4 Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plot.
- 5 Battery Type Standard Extended Slim
Batteries are fully charged for all readings.
- 6 Test Signal Call Mode Manual Test cord Base Station Simulator
- 7 Test Configuration With Holster Without Holster
- 8 Body SAR was tested under RC3/SO32 FCH only.
- 9 Justification for reduced test configurations: per FCC/OET Supplement C (July, 2001), if the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (Left, right, cheek/touch, tilt/ear, extended and retracted) is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s).

12.11 Measurement Results (802.11b Body SAR)

Frequency		Modulation	Conducted Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Configuration	Separation Distance	Data Rate	SAR(mW/g)
MHz	Channel							
2 412	1 (Low)	802.11b	15.01	-0.083	Rear	1.0 cm	1 Mbps	0.160
2 412	1 (Low)	802.11b	15.01	0.09	Front	1.0 cm	1 Mbps	0.016
2 412	1 (Low)	802.11b	15.01	-0.013	left	1.0 cm	1 Mbps	0.13
2 412	1 (Low)	802.11b	15.01	0.059	top	1.0 cm	1 Mbps	0.016
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 2005 – Safety Limit						Body		
Spatial Peak						1.6 W/kg (mW/g)		
Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population						<small>Averaged over 1 gram</small>		

NOTES:

- The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C [July 2001].
- All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case are reported.
- Measured Depth of Simulating Tissue is 15.0 cm ± 0.2 cm.
- Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plot.
- Battery Type Standard with Charger Extended Slim
Batteries are fully charged for all readings.
- Test Signal Call Mode Manual Test code Base Station Simulator
- IEEE 802.11g(including 802.11n) SAR testing is required when the conducted powers are equal to or greater than 0.25 dB Than the conducted powers in IEEE 802.11b.
- For 2.4GHz WLAN, Highest average power channel for the lowest data rate was selected for SAR evaluation based on KDB 248227. Other channels are not necessary because 1g-average SAR < 0.8 W/Kg and peak SAR < 1.6W/Kg per KDB 248227.

13. CONCLUSION

The SAR measurement indicates that the EUT complies with the RF radiation exposure limits of the ANSI/IEEE C95.1 1992.

These measurements are taken to simulate the RF effects exposure under worst-case conditions. Precise laboratory measures were taken to assure repeatability of the tests.

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- [21] SAR Evaluation of Handsets with Multiple Transmitters and Antennas #648474.
- [22] SAR Measurement Procedure for 802.11 a/b/g Transmitters #KDB 248227.

Attachment 1. – SAR Test Plots

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Cellular/AWS/PCS CDMA/EVDO Phone with Bluetooth/WLAN
Liquid Temperature: 21.1 °C
Ambient Temperature: 21.3 °C
Test Date: Apr.16, 2012

DUT: ONE TOUCH 960C; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: CDMA 835MHz FCC; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.52$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.869$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Left Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8
Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(8.93, 8.93, 8.93); Calibrated: 2011-07-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2011-09-22
- Phantom: SAM 835/900 MHz; Type: SAM

Left touch 384/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.705 mW/g

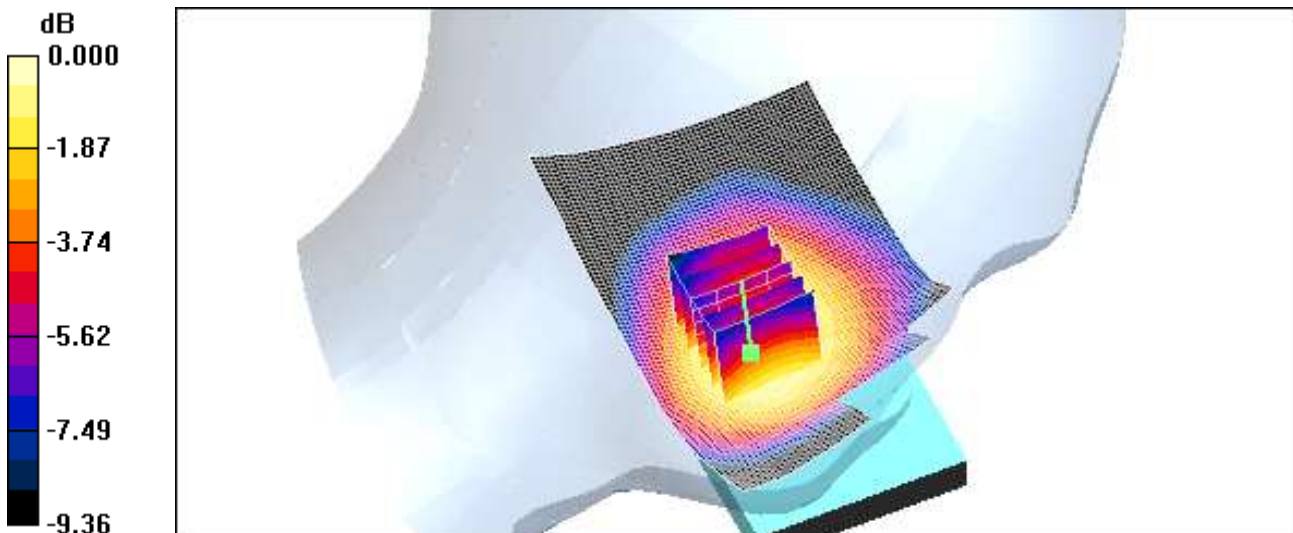
Left touch 384/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.050 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.799 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.650 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.498 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.678 mW/g



0 dB = 0.678mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Cellular/AWS/PCS CDMA/EVDO Phone with Bluetooth/WLAN
Liquid Temperature: 21.1 °C
Ambient Temperature: 21.3 °C
Test Date: Apr.16, 2012

DUT: ONE TOUCH 960C; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: CDMA 835MHz FCC; Frequency: 836.52 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.52$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.869$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Left Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8
Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(8.93, 8.93, 8.93); Calibrated: 2011-07-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2011-09-22
- Phantom: SAM 835/900 MHz; Type: SAM

Left tilt 384/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.442 mW/g

Left tilt 384/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

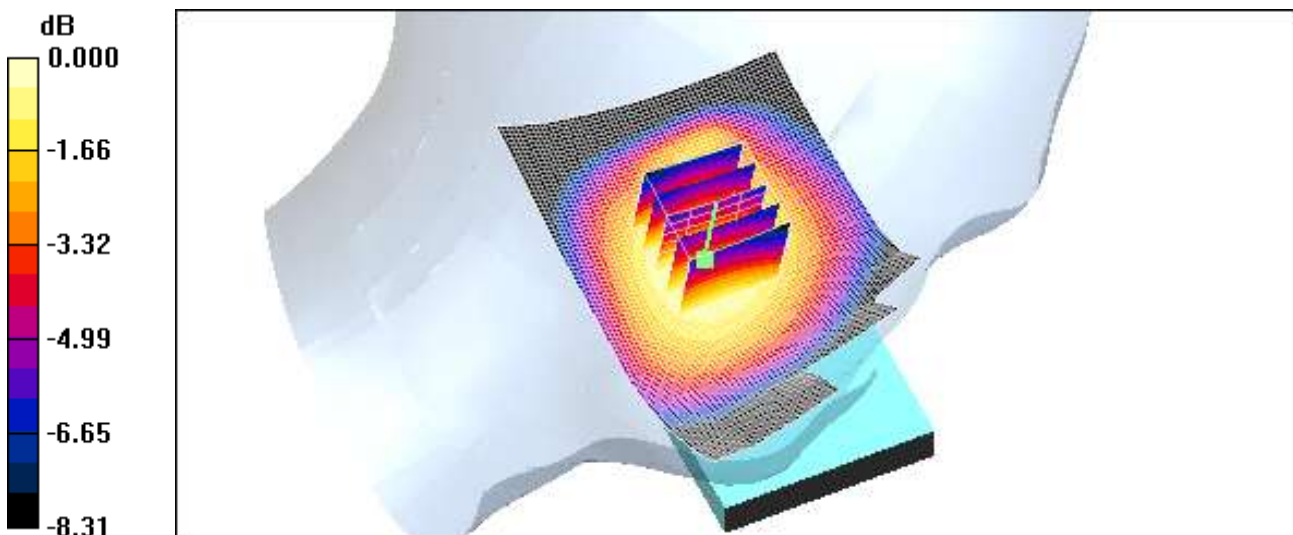
Reference Value = 15.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.007 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.505 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.420 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.324 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.442 mW/g



0 dB = 0.442mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Cellular/AWS/PCS CDMA/EVDO Phone with Bluetooth/WLAN
Liquid Temperature: 21.1 °C
Ambient Temperature: 21.3 °C
Test Date: Apr.16, 2012

DUT: ONE TOUCH 960C; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: CDMA 835MHz FCC; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.52$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.869$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Right Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8
Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(8.93, 8.93, 8.93); Calibrated: 2011-07-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2011-09-22
- Phantom: SAM 835/900 MHz; Type: SAM

Right touch 384/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.668 mW/g

Right touch 384/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

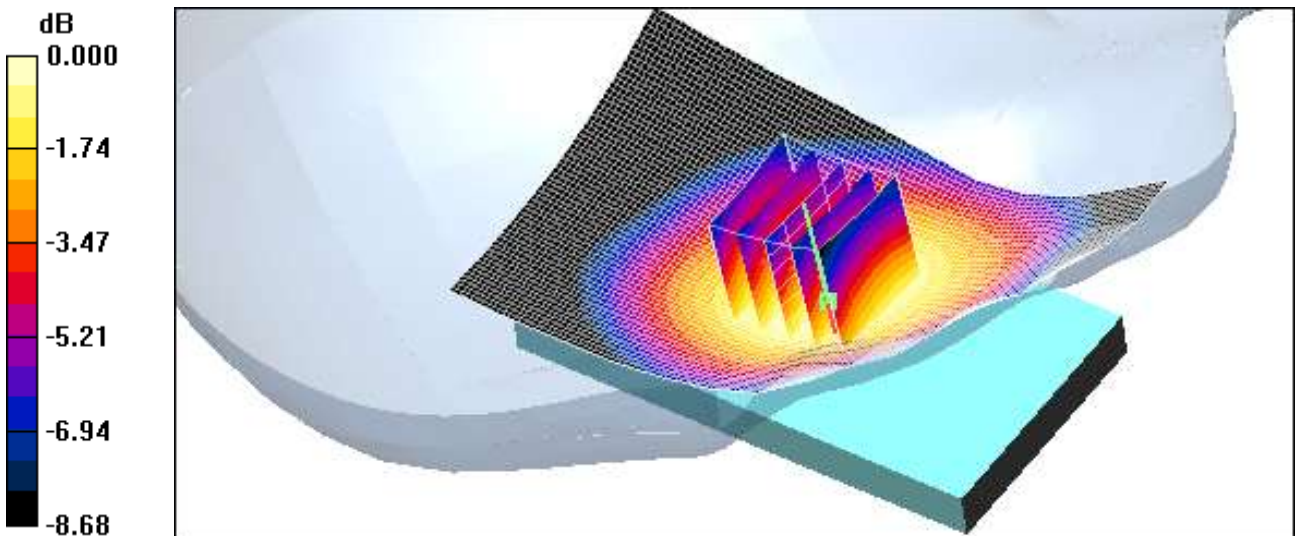
Reference Value = 9.44 V/m; Power Drift = -0.122 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.771 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.641 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.495 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.668 mW/g



0 dB = 0.668mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Cellular/AWS/PCS CDMA/EVDO Phone with Bluetooth/WLAN
Liquid Temperature: 21.1 °C
Ambient Temperature: 21.3 °C
Test Date: Apr.16, 2012

DUT: ONE TOUCH 960C; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: CDMA 835MHz FCC; Frequency: 836.52 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.52$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.869$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Right Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8
Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(8.93, 8.93, 8.93); Calibrated: 2011-07-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2011-09-22
- Phantom: SAM 835/900 MHz; Type: SAM

Right tilt 384/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.481 mW/g

Right tilt 384/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

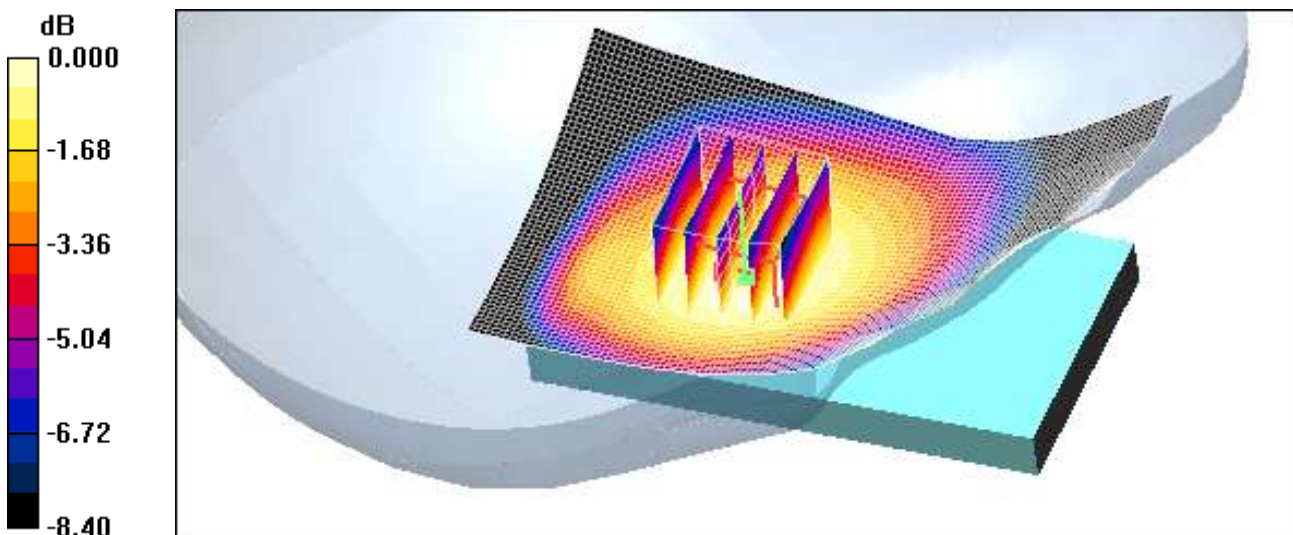
Reference Value = 16.0 V/m; Power Drift = -0.174 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.552 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.457 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.354 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.477 mW/g



0 dB = 0.477mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Cellular/AWS/PCS CDMA/EVDO Phone with Bluetooth/WLAN
Liquid Temperature: 21.2 °C
Ambient Temperature: 21.4 °C
Test Date: Apr.13, 2012

DUT: ONE TOUCH 960C; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: AWS 1700 MHz FCC; Frequency: 1711.25 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1711.25$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.33$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Left Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(7.88, 7.88, 7.88); Calibrated: 2011-07-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2011-09-22
- Phantom: SAM 1800/1900 MHz; Type: SAM

Left touch 25/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.998 mW/g

Left touch 25/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

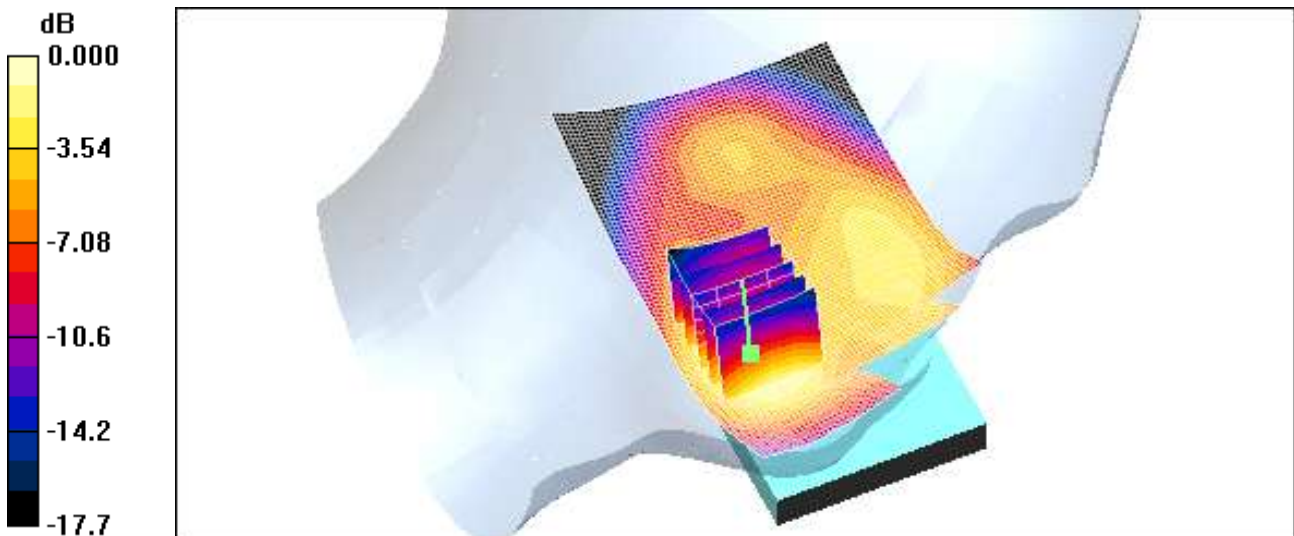
Reference Value = 15.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.014 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.47 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.897 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.531 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.967 mW/g



0 dB = 0.967mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Cellular/AWS/PCS CDMA/EVDO Phone with Bluetooth/WLAN
Liquid Temperature: 21.2 °C
Ambient Temperature: 21.4 °C
Test Date: Apr.13, 2012

DUT: ONE TOUCH 960C; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: AWS 1700 MHz FCC; Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1732.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.35$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Left Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

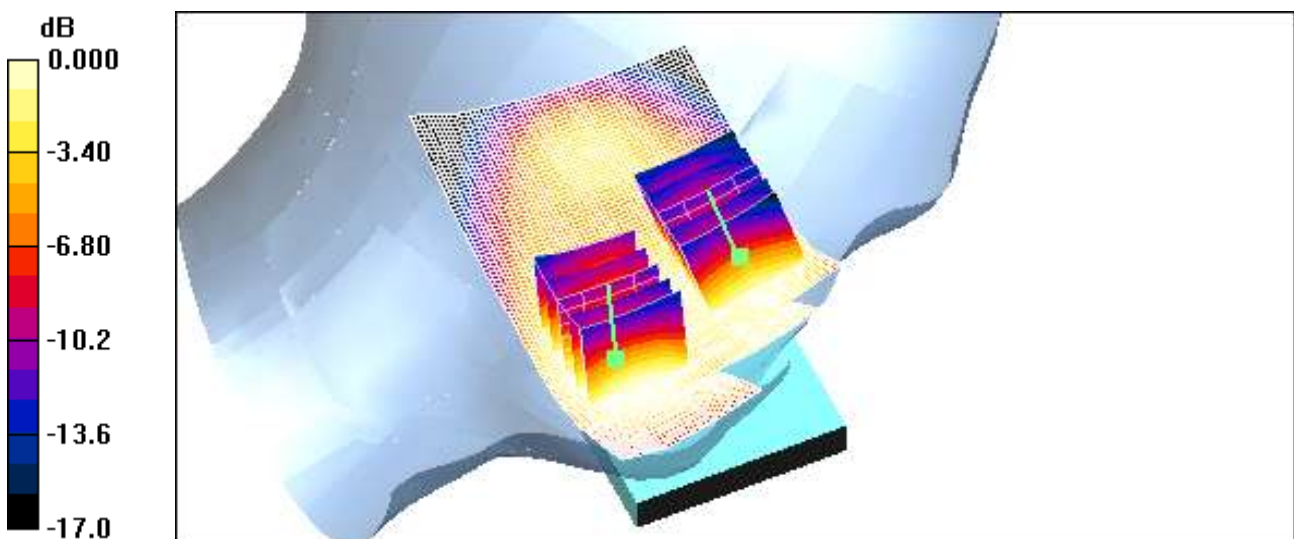
DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(7.88, 7.88, 7.88); Calibrated: 2011-07-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2011-09-22
- Phantom: SAM 1800/1900 MHz; Type: SAM

Left touch 450/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.06 mW/g

Left touch 450/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 16.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.033 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.62 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.981 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.576 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.08 mW/g

Left touch 450/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 16.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.033 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.02 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.609 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.371 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.665 mW/g



Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Cellular/AWS/PCS CDMA/EVDO Phone with Bluetooth/WLAN
Liquid Temperature: 21.2 °C
Ambient Temperature: 21.4 °C
Test Date: Apr.13, 2012

DUT: ONE TOUCH 960C; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: AWS 1700 MHz FCC; Frequency: 1753.75 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1753.75$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.38$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Left Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(7.88, 7.88, 7.88); Calibrated: 2011-07-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2011-09-22
- Phantom: SAM 1800/1900 MHz; Type: SAM

Left touch 875/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.06 mW/g

Left touch 875/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

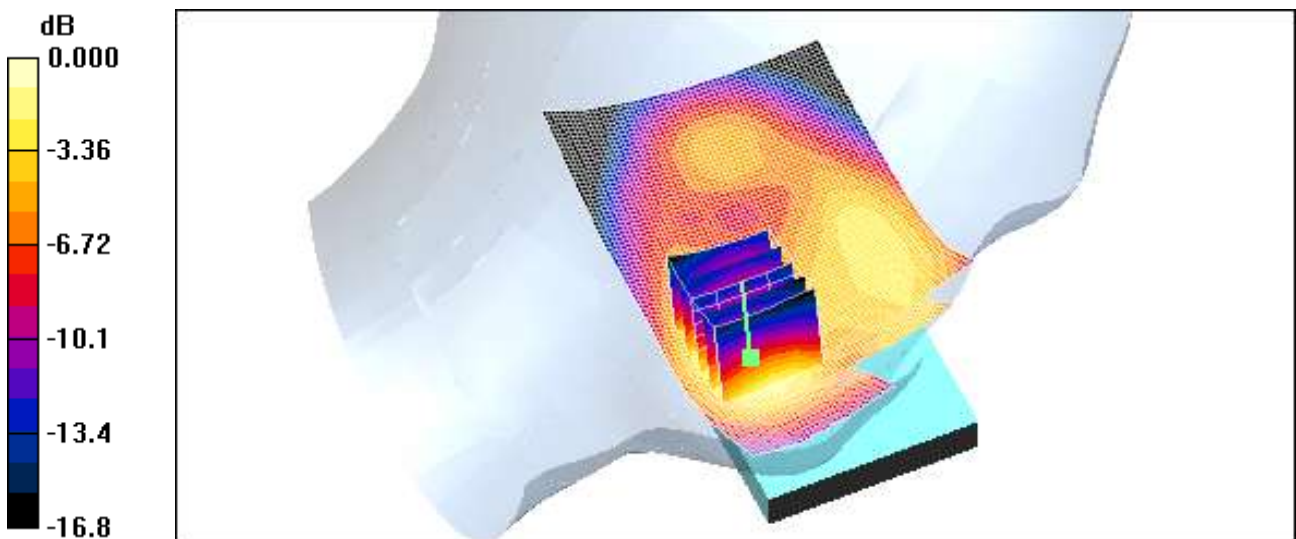
Reference Value = 15.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.040 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.61 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.969 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.564 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.06 mW/g



0 dB = 1.06mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Cellular/AWS/PCS CDMA/EVDO Phone with Bluetooth/WLAN
Liquid Temperature: 21.2 °C
Ambient Temperature: 21.4 °C
Test Date: Apr.13, 2012

DUT: ONE TOUCH 960C; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: AWS 1700 MHz FCC; Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1732.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.35$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Left Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(7.88, 7.88, 7.88); Calibrated: 2011-07-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2011-09-22
- Phantom: SAM 1800/1900 MHz; Type: SAM

Left tilt 450/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.774 mW/g

Left tilt 450/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

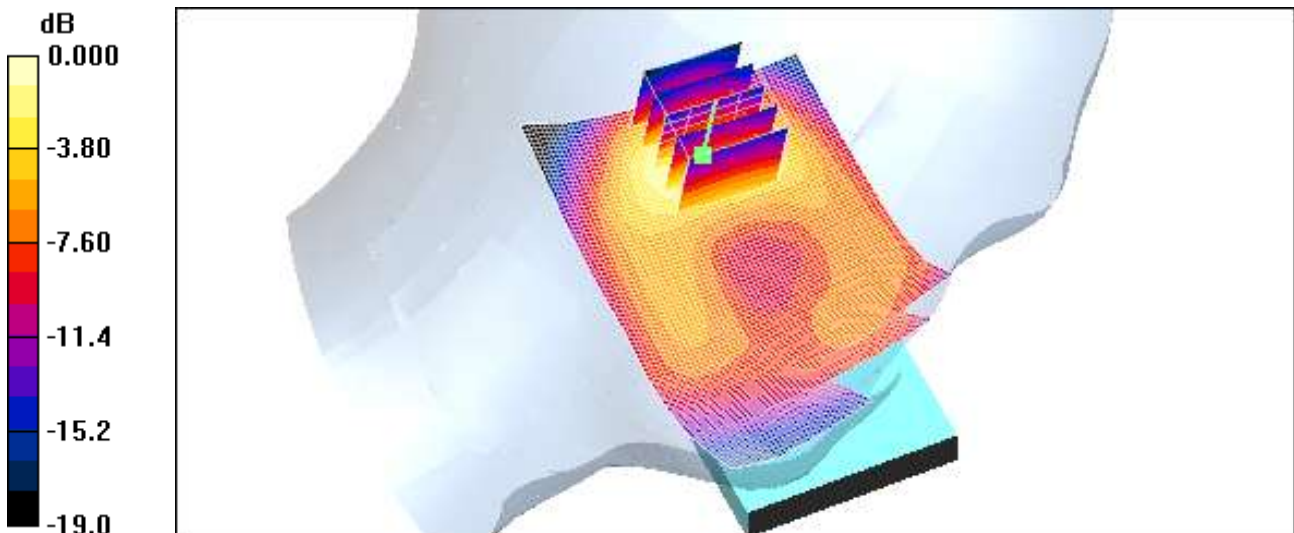
Reference Value = 23.0 V/m; Power Drift = -0.018 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.21 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.701 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.385 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.780 mW/g



0 dB = 0.780mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Cellular/AWS/PCS CDMA/EVDO Phone with Bluetooth/WLAN
Liquid Temperature: 21.2 °C
Ambient Temperature: 21.4 °C
Test Date: Apr.13, 2012

DUT: ONE TOUCH 960C; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: AWS 1700 MHz FCC; Frequency: 1711.25 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1711.25$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.33$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Right Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(7.88, 7.88, 7.88); Calibrated: 2011-07-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2011-09-22
- Phantom: SAM 1800/1900 MHz; Type: SAM

Right touch 25/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.17 mW/g

Right touch 25/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

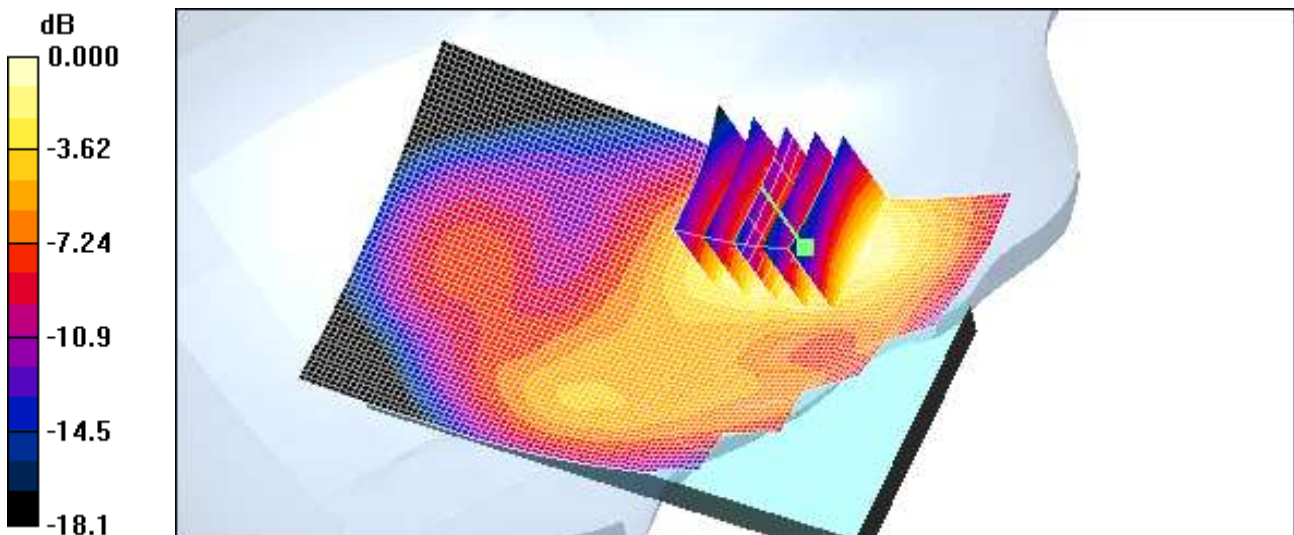
Reference Value = 12.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.024 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.73 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.08 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.635 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.18 mW/g



0 dB = 1.18mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Cellular/AWS/PCS CDMA/EVDO Phone with Bluetooth/WLAN
Liquid Temperature: 21.2 °C
Ambient Temperature: 21.4 °C
Test Date: Apr.13, 2012

DUT: ONE TOUCH 960C; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: AWS 1700 MHz FCC; Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1732.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.35$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Right Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(7.88, 7.88, 7.88); Calibrated: 2011-07-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2011-09-22
- Phantom: SAM 1800/1900 MHz; Type: SAM

Right touch 450/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.39 mW/g

Right touch 450/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

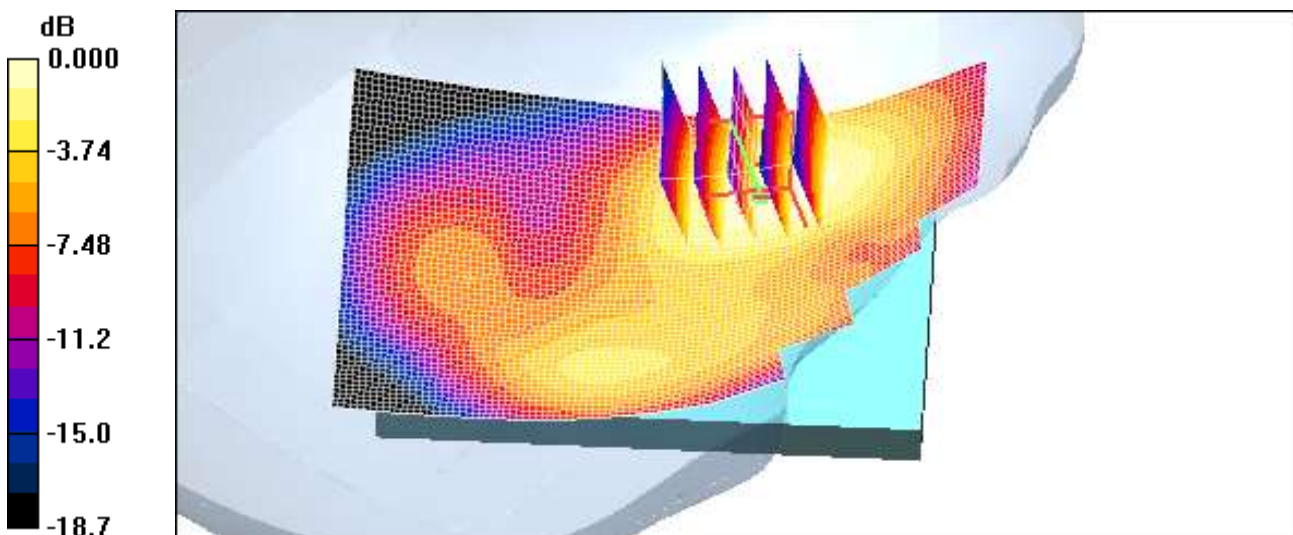
Reference Value = 15.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.113 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.09 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.27 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.741 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.39 mW/g



0 dB = 1.39mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Cellular/AWS/PCS CDMA/EVDO Phone with Bluetooth/WLAN
Liquid Temperature: 21.2 °C
Ambient Temperature: 21.4 °C
Test Date: Apr.13, 2012

DUT: ONE TOUCH 960C; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: AWS 1700 MHz FCC; Frequency: 1753.75 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1753.75$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.38$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Right Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(7.88, 7.88, 7.88); Calibrated: 2011-07-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2011-09-22
- Phantom: SAM 1800/1900 MHz; Type: SAM

Right touch 875/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.36 mW/g

Right touch 875/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

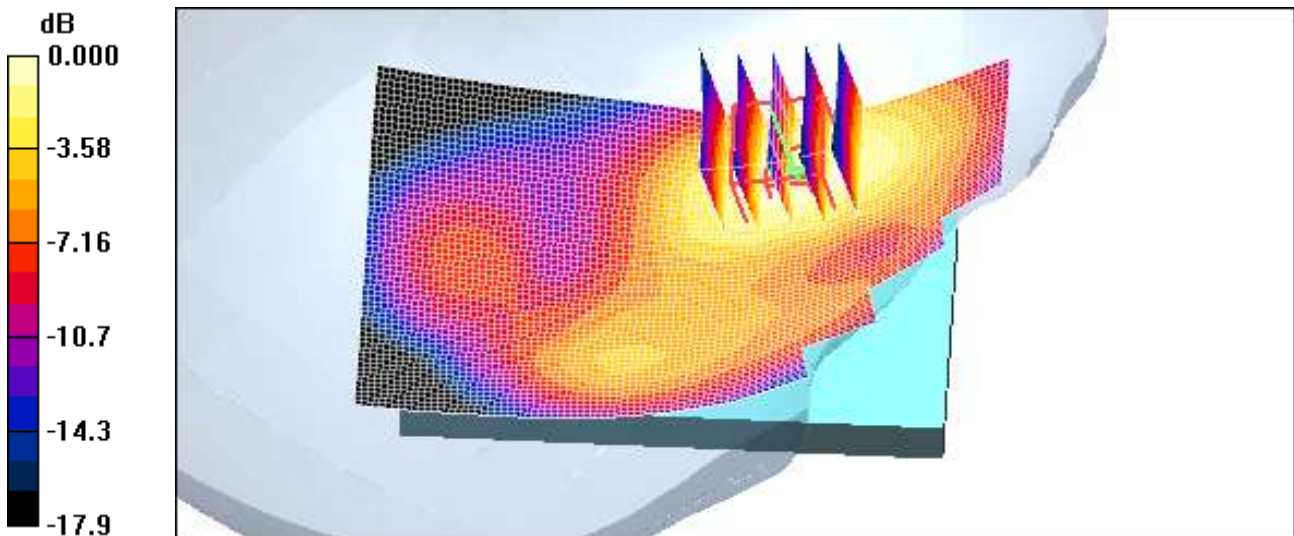
Reference Value = 13.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.032 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.08 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.25 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.717 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.38 mW/g



0 dB = 1.38mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Cellular/AWS/PCS CDMA/EVDO Phone with Bluetooth/WLAN
Liquid Temperature: 21.2 °C
Ambient Temperature: 21.4 °C
Test Date: Apr.13, 2012

DUT: ONE TOUCH 960C; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: AWS 1700 MHz FCC; Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1732.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.35$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Right Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(7.88, 7.88, 7.88); Calibrated: 2011-07-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2011-09-22
- Phantom: SAM 1800/1900 MHz; Type: SAM

Right tilt 450/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.514 mW/g

Right tilt 450/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

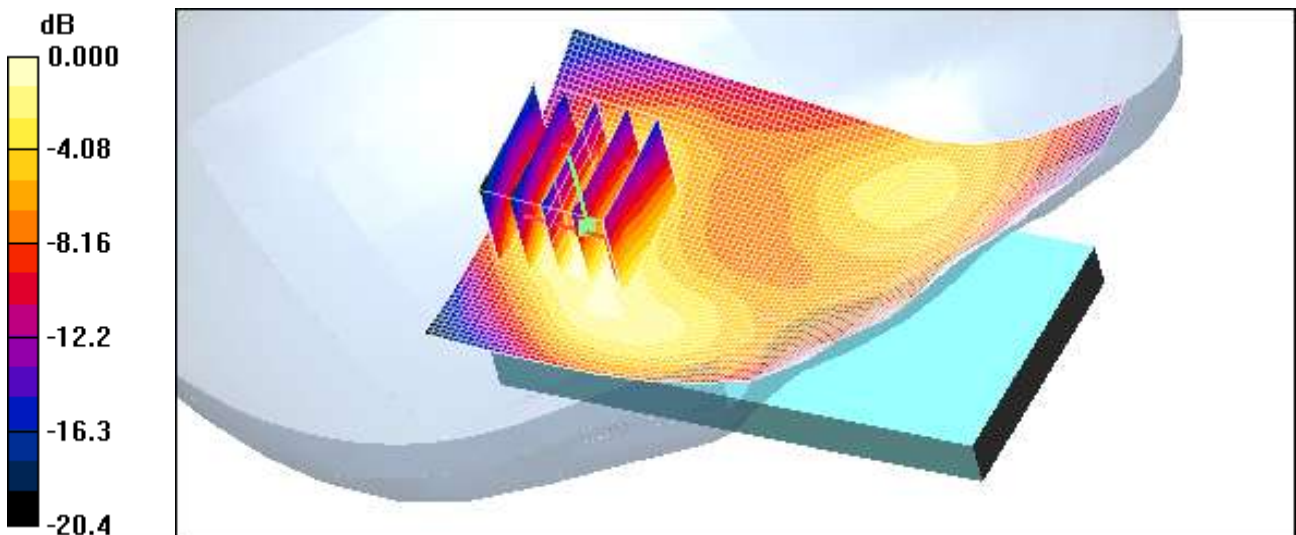
Reference Value = 19.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.045 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.822 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.471 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.263 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.522 mW/g



0 dB = 0.522mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Cellular/AWS/PCS CDMA/EVDO Phone with Bluetooth/WLAN
Liquid Temperature: 21.1 °C
Ambient Temperature: 21.3 °C
Test Date: Apr.29, 2012

DUT: ONE TOUCH 960C; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: PCS 1900MHz FCC; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.37$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Left Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

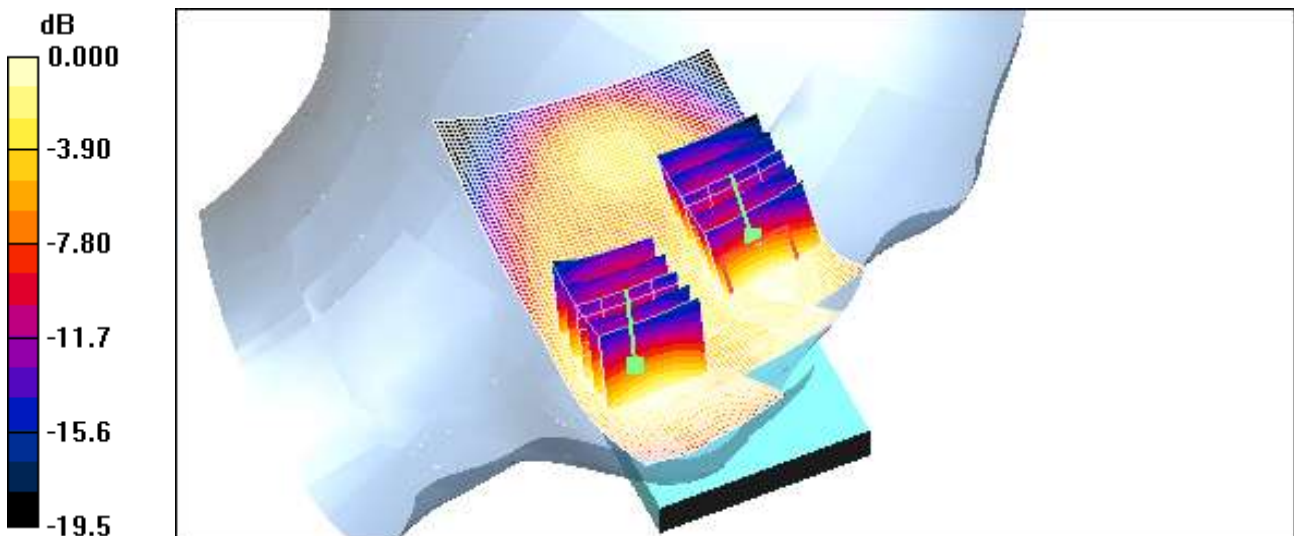
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(7.6, 7.6, 7.6); Calibrated: 2011-07-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2011-09-22
- Phantom: SAM 1800/1900 MHz; Type: SAM

Left touch 600/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.786 mW/g

Left touch 600/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 15.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.000 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.28 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.721 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.403 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.798 mW/g

Left touch 600/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 15.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.003 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.03 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.586 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.335 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.641 mW/g



0 dB = 0.641mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Cellular/AWS/PCS CDMA/EVDO Phone with Bluetooth/WLAN
Liquid Temperature: 21.1 °C
Ambient Temperature: 21.3 °C
Test Date: Apr.29, 2012

DUT: ONE TOUCH 960C; Type: bar; Serial: #1

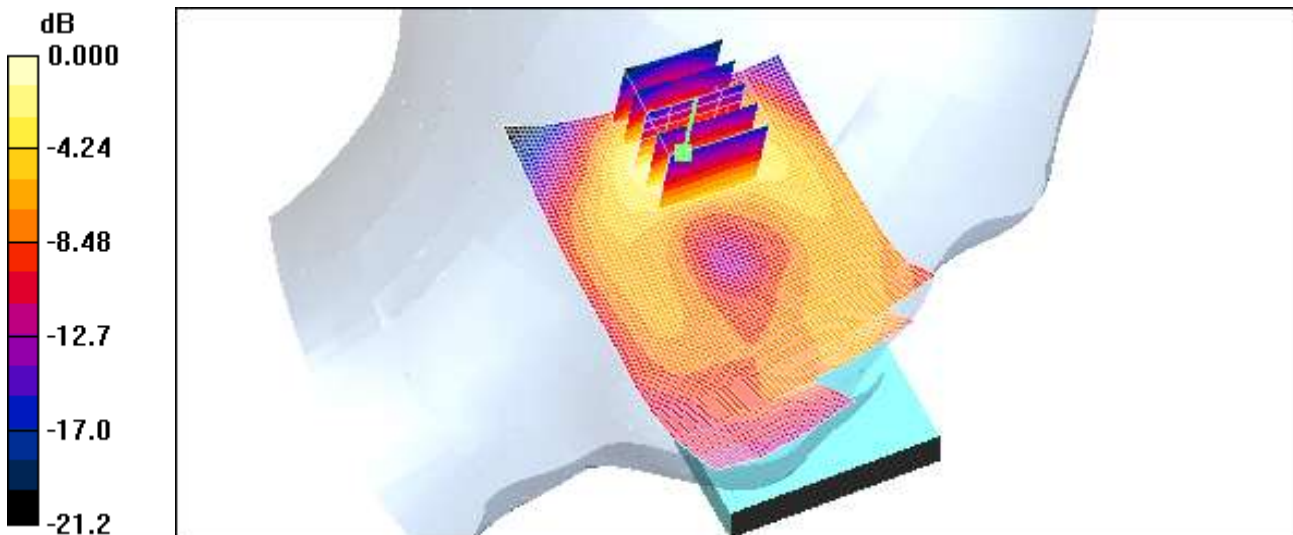
Communication System: PCS 1900MHz FCC; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.37$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Left Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(7.6, 7.6, 7.6); Calibrated: 2011-07-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2011-09-22
- Phantom: SAM 1800/1900 MHz; Type: SAM

Left tilt 600/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.564 mW/g

Left tilt 600/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 19.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.032 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.917 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.506 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.266 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.563 mW/g



0 dB = 0.563mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Cellular/AWS/PCS CDMA/EVDO Phone with Bluetooth/WLAN
Liquid Temperature: 21.1 °C
Ambient Temperature: 21.3 °C
Test Date: Apr.29, 2012

DUT: ONE TOUCH 960C; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: PCS 1900MHz FCC; Frequency: 1851.25 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1851.25$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.34$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Right Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8
Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(7.6, 7.6, 7.6); Calibrated: 2011-07-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2011-09-22
- Phantom: SAM 1800/1900 MHz; Type: SAM

Right touch 25/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.43 mW/g

Right touch 25/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

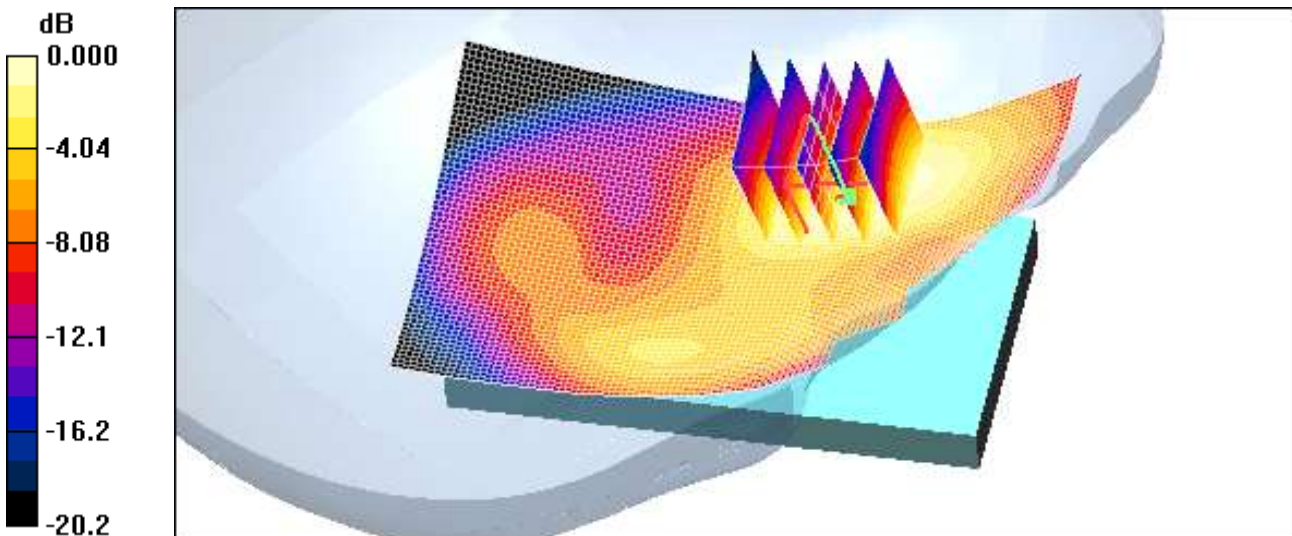
Reference Value = 18.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.013 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.25 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.3 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.733 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.42 mW/g



0 dB = 1.42mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Cellular/AWS/PCS CDMA/EVDO Phone with Bluetooth/WLAN
Liquid Temperature: 21.1 °C
Ambient Temperature: 21.3 °C
Test Date: Apr.29, 2012

DUT: ONE TOUCH 960C; Type: bar; Serial: #1

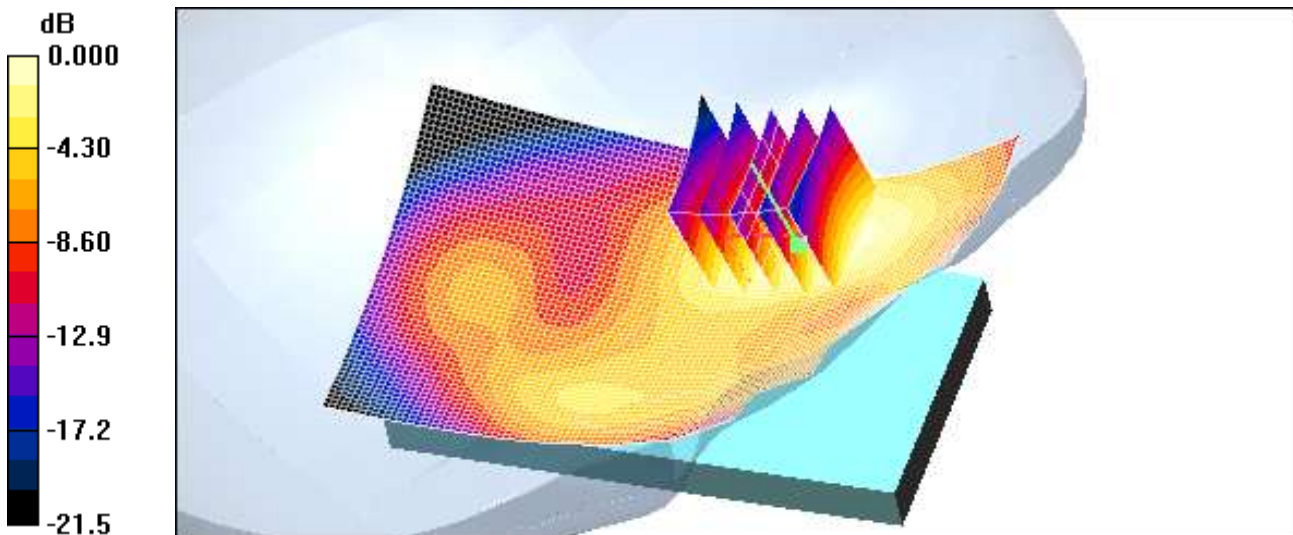
Communication System: PCS 1900MHz FCC; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.37$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Right Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(7.6, 7.6, 7.6); Calibrated: 2011-07-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2011-09-22
- Phantom: SAM 1800/1900 MHz; Type: SAM

Right touch 600/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.36 mW/g

Right touch 600/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 17.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.011 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.15 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.23 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.689 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.34 mW/g



0 dB = 1.34mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Cellular/AWS/PCS CDMA/EVDO Phone with Bluetooth/WLAN
Liquid Temperature: 21.1 °C
Ambient Temperature: 21.3 °C
Test Date: Apr.29, 2012

DUT: ONE TOUCH 960C; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: PCS 1900MHz FCC; Frequency: 1908.75 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1908.75$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.4$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Right Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(7.6, 7.6, 7.6); Calibrated: 2011-07-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2011-09-22
- Phantom: SAM 1800/1900 MHz; Type: SAM

Right touch 1175/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.33 mW/g

Right touch 1175/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

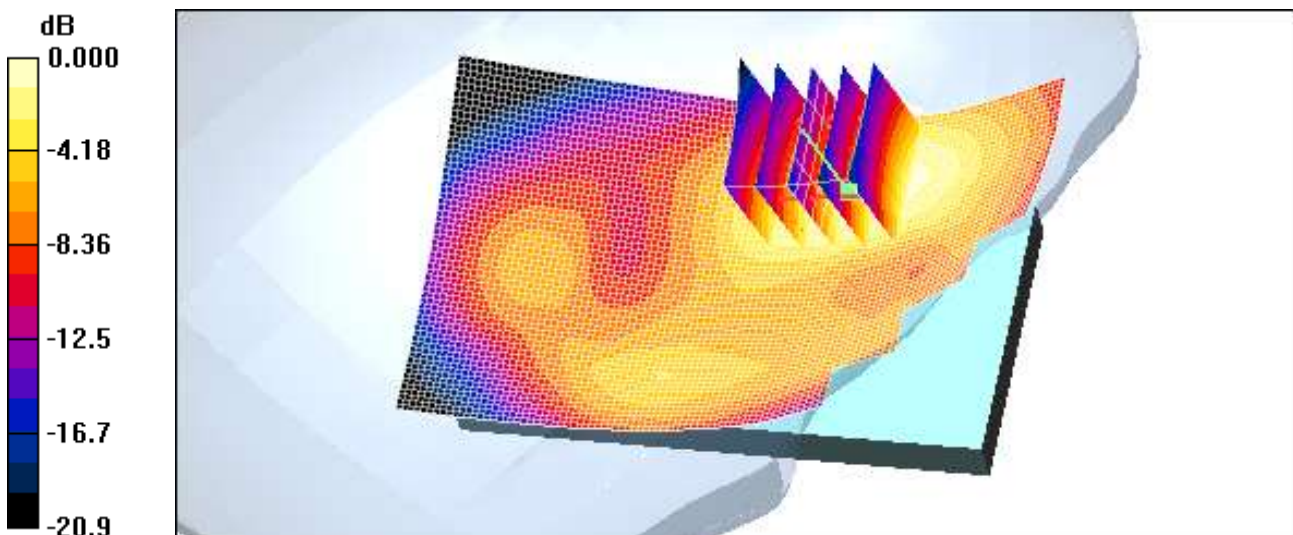
Reference Value = 15.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.050 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.17 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.2 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.659 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.31 mW/g



0 dB = 1.31mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Cellular/AWS/PCS CDMA/EVDO Phone with Bluetooth/WLAN
Liquid Temperature: 21.1 °C
Ambient Temperature: 21.3 °C
Test Date: Apr.29, 2012

DUT: ONE TOUCH 960C; Type: bar; Serial: #1

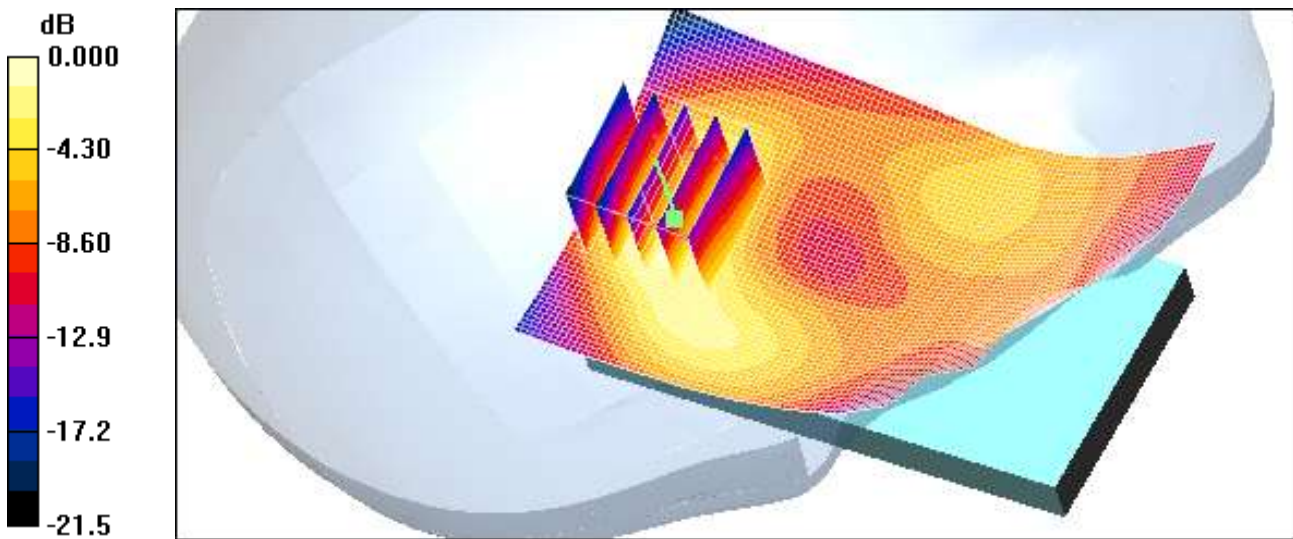
Communication System: PCS 1900MHz FCC; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.37$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Right Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(7.6, 7.6, 7.6); Calibrated: 2011-07-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2011-09-22
- Phantom: SAM 1800/1900 MHz; Type: SAM

Right tilt 600/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.534 mW/g

Right tilt 600/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 19.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.101 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.873 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.481 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.256 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.535 mW/g



0 dB = 0.535mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Cellular/AWS/PCS CDMA/EVDO Phone with Bluetooth/WLAN
Liquid Temperature: 21.1 °C
Ambient Temperature: 21.3 °C
Test Date: May 2, 2012

DUT: ONE TOUCH 960C; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: 2450MHz FCC; Frequency: 2412 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2412$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.73$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Left Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8
Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(6.94, 6.94, 6.94); Calibrated: 2011-07-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2011-09-22
- Phantom: 1800/1900 Phantom; Type: SAM

Left touch 1ch 1Mbps/Area Scan (71x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.032 mW/g

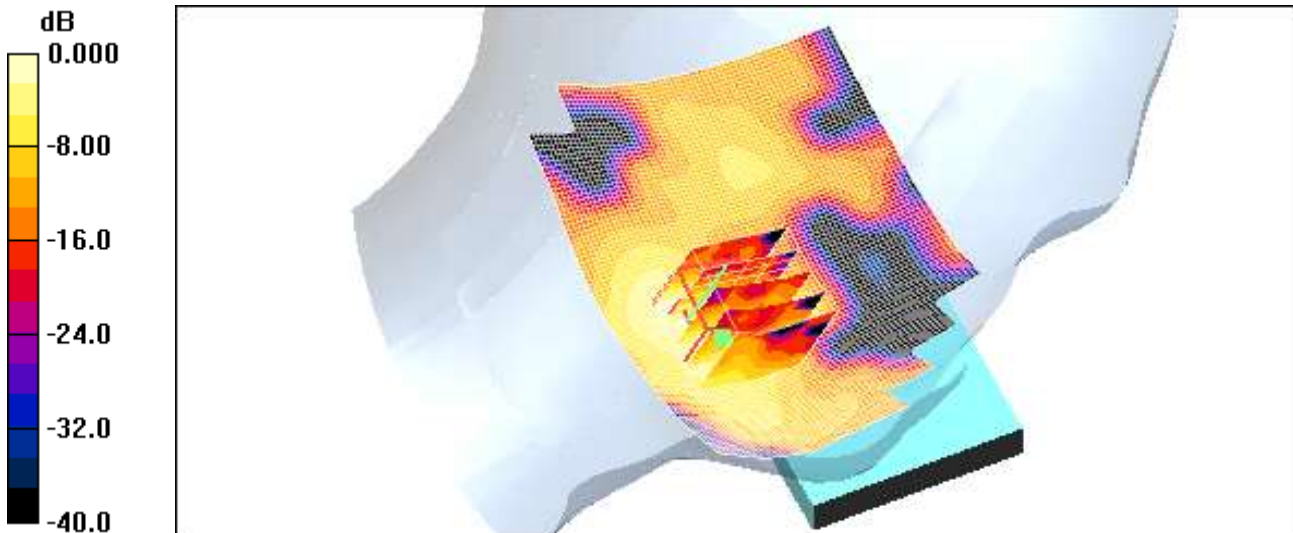
Left touch 1ch 1Mbps/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.63 V/m; Power Drift = -0.117 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.072 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.032 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.014 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.038 mW/g



0 dB = 0.038mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Cellular/AWS/PCS CDMA/EVDO Phone with Bluetooth/WLAN
Liquid Temperature: 21.1 °C
Ambient Temperature: 21.3 °C
Test Date: May 2, 2012

DUT: ONE TOUCH 960C; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: 2450MHz FCC; Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2412$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.73$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Left Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(6.94, 6.94, 6.94); Calibrated: 2011-07-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2011-09-22
- Phantom: 1800/1900 Phantom; Type: SAM

Left tilt 1ch 1Mbps/Area Scan (71x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.010 mW/g

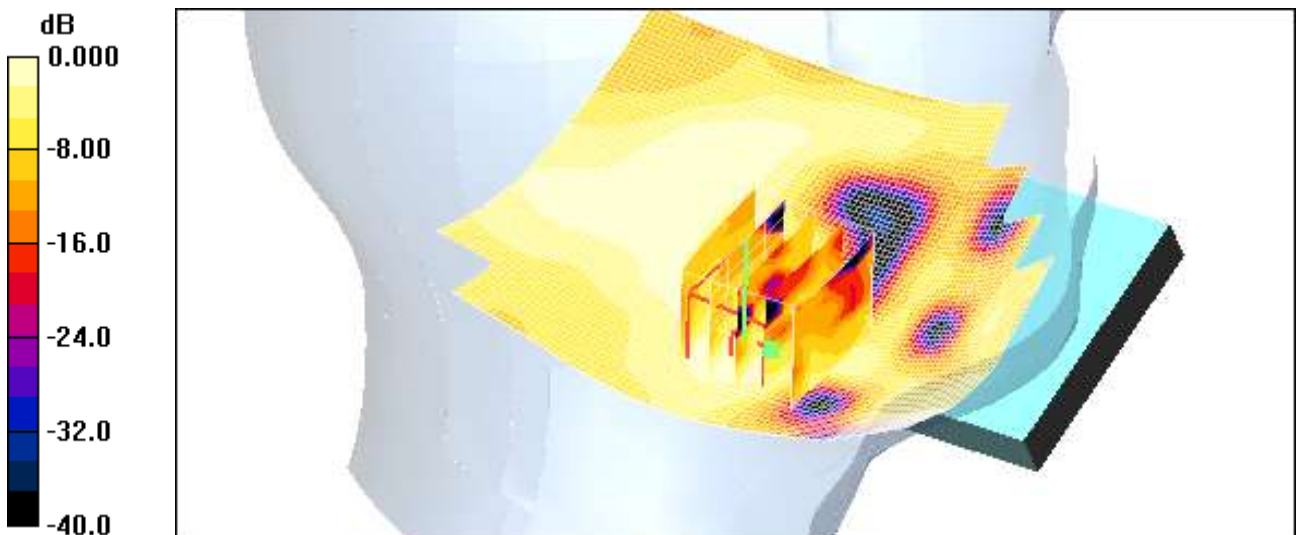
Left tilt 1ch 1Mbps/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.36 V/m; Power Drift = -0.019 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.020 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.00748 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00345 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.008 mW/g



0 dB = 0.008mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Cellular/AWS/PCS CDMA/EVDO Phone with Bluetooth/WLAN
Liquid Temperature: 21.1 °C
Ambient Temperature: 21.3 °C
Test Date: May 2, 2012

DUT: ONE TOUCH 960C; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: 2450MHz FCC; Frequency: 2412 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2412$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.73$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Right Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(6.94, 6.94, 6.94); Calibrated: 2011-07-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2011-09-22
- Phantom: 1800/1900 Phantom; Type: SAM

Right touch 1ch 1Mbps/Area Scan (71x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.075 mW/g

Right touch 1ch 1Mbps/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

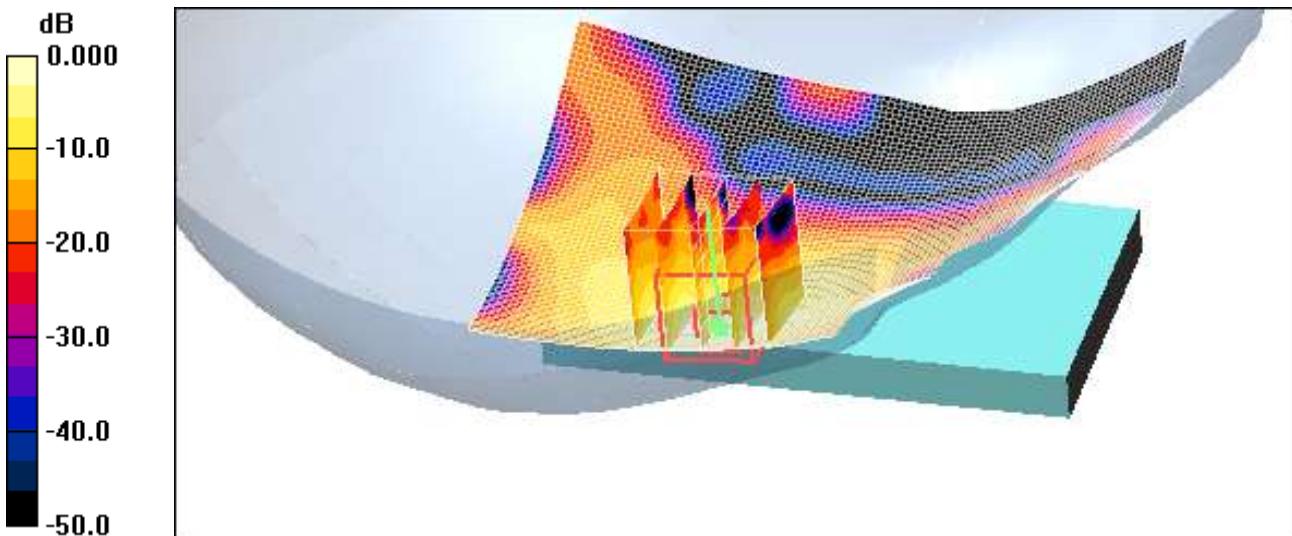
Reference Value = 1.67 V/m; Power Drift = -0.096 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.135 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.062 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.025 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.078 mW/g



0 dB = 0.078mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Cellular/AWS/PCS CDMA/EVDO Phone with Bluetooth/WLAN
Liquid Temperature: 21.1 °C
Ambient Temperature: 21.3 °C
Test Date: May 2, 2012

DUT: ONE TOUCH 960C; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: 2450MHz FCC; Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2412$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.73$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Right Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(6.94, 6.94, 6.94); Calibrated: 2011-07-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2011-09-22
- Phantom: 1800/1900 Phantom; Type: SAM

Right tilt 1ch 1Mbps/Area Scan (71x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.017 mW/g

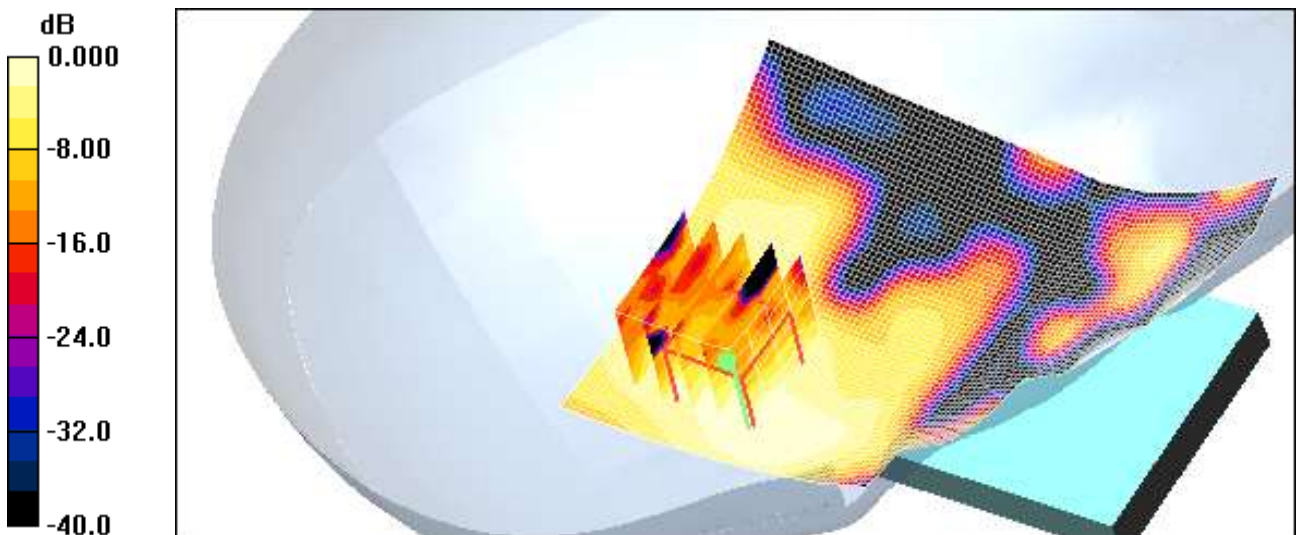
Right tilt 1ch 1Mbps/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.33 V/m; Power Drift = -0.045 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.026 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.014 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00749 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.016 mW/g



0 dB = 0.016mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Cellular/AWS/PCS CDMA/EVDO Phone with Bluetooth/WLAN
Liquid Temperature: 21.1 °C
Ambient Temperature: 21.3 °C
Test Date: Apr.16, 2012
Separation Distance 1.0 cm

DUT: ONE TOUCH 960C; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: CDMA 835MHz FCC; Frequency: 824.7 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 825$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.995$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

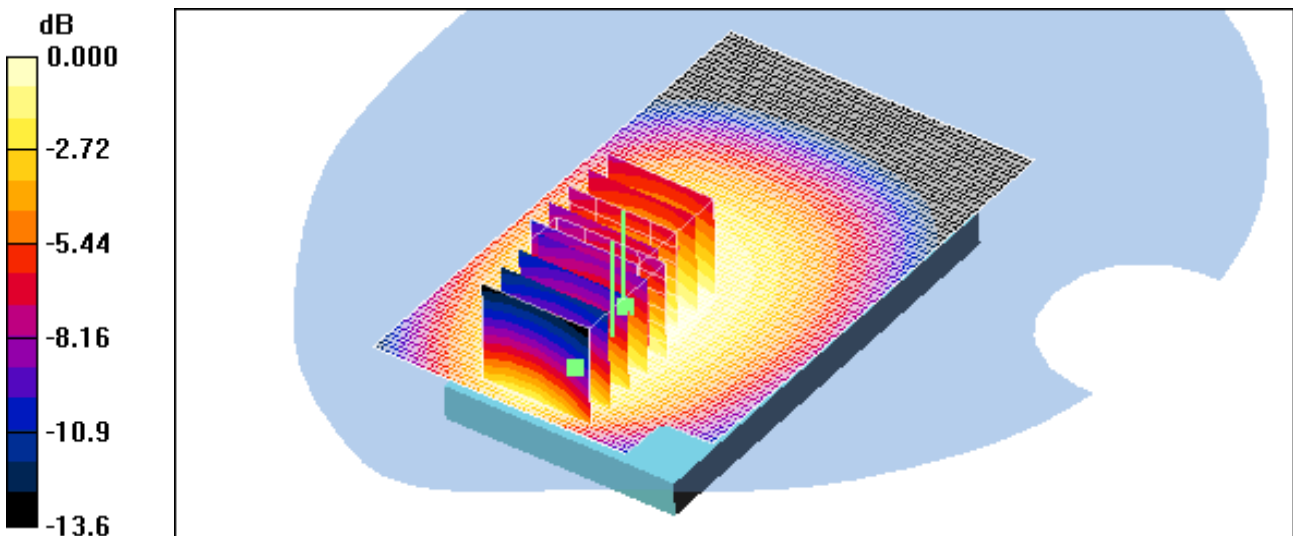
DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(9.14, 9.14, 9.14); Calibrated: 2011-07-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2011-09-22
- Phantom: 835/900 Phantom ; Type: SAM

EVDO Body Rear 1013/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.00 mW/g

EVDO Body Rear 1013/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 13.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.184 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.24 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.970 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.725 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.02 mW/g

EVDO Body Rear 1013/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 13.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.184 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.22 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.846 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.568 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.962 mW/g



0 dB = 0.962mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Cellular/AWS/PCS CDMA/EVDO Phone with Bluetooth/WLAN
Liquid Temperature: 21.1 °C
Ambient Temperature: 21.3 °C
Test Date: Apr.16, 2012
Separation Distance 1.0 cm

DUT: ONE TOUCH 960C; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: CDMA 835MHz FCC; Frequency: 836.52 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.52$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.01$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

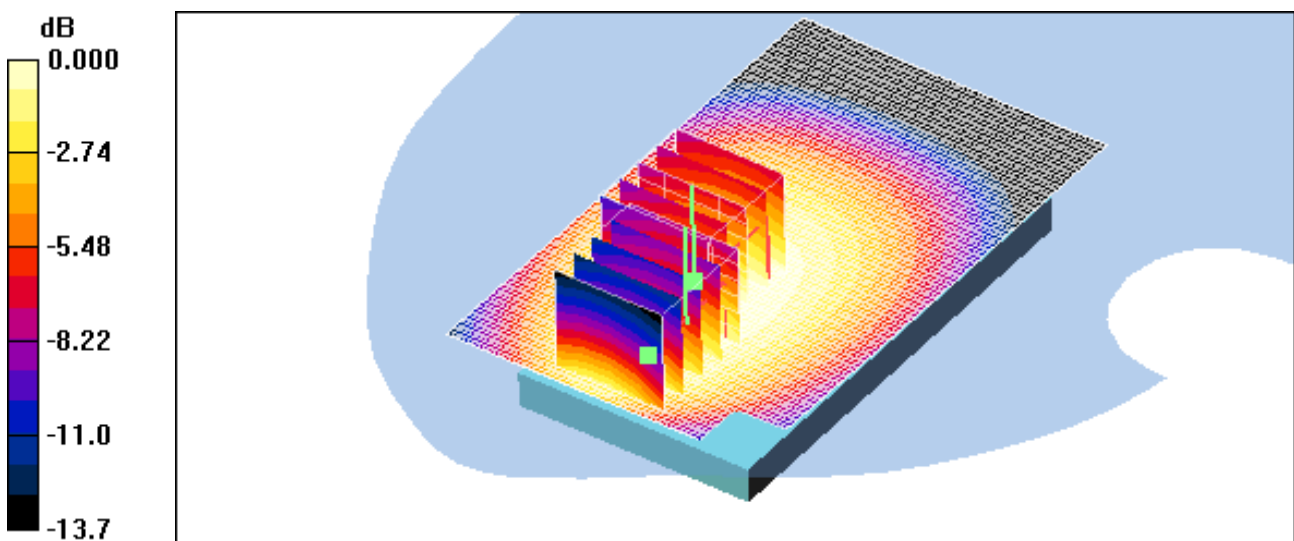
DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(9.14, 9.14, 9.14); Calibrated: 2011-07-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2011-09-22
- Phantom: 835/900 Phantom ; Type: SAM

EVDO Body Rear 384/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.892 mW/g

EVDO Body Rear 384/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 12.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.117 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.10 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.858 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.640 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.902 mW/g

EVDO Body Rear 384/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 12.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.117 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.09 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.726 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.488 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.833 mW/g



0 dB = 0.833mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Cellular/AWS/PCS CDMA/EVDO Phone with Bluetooth/WLAN
Liquid Temperature: 21.1 °C
Ambient Temperature: 21.3 °C
Test Date: Apr.16, 2012
Separation Distance: 1.0 cm

DUT: ONE TOUCH 960C; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: CDMA 835MHz FCC; Frequency: 848.31 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 848.31$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.03$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(9.14, 9.14, 9.14); Calibrated: 2011-07-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2011-09-22
- Phantom: 835/900 Phantom ; Type: SAM

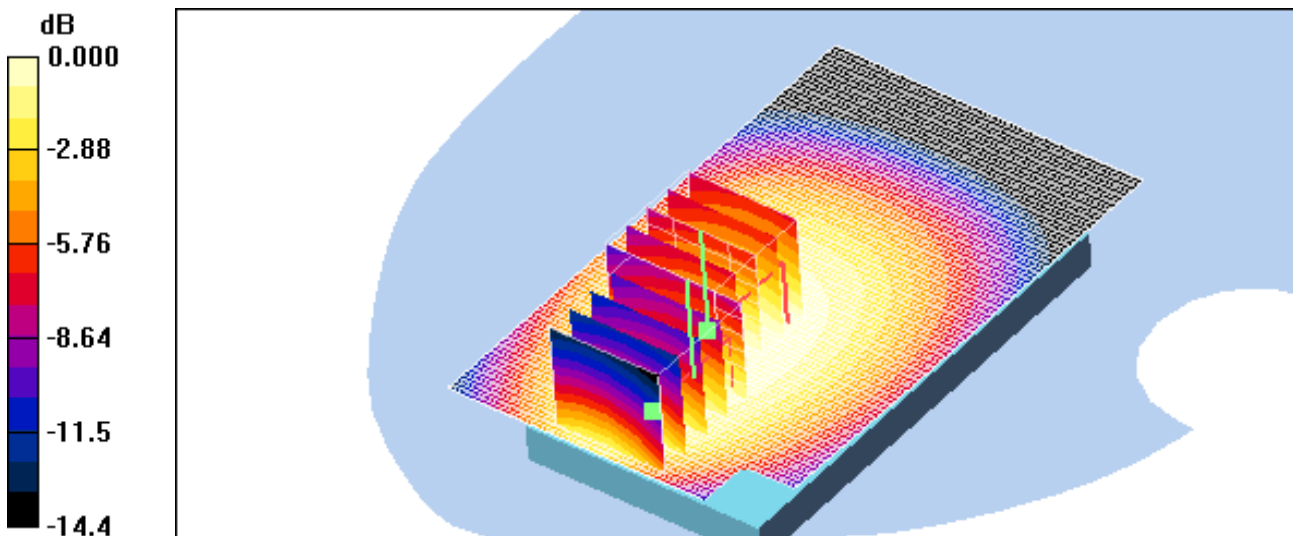
EVDO Body Rear 777/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.947 mW/g

EVDO Body Rear 777/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 13.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.107 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.17 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.919 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.687 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.964 mW/g

EVDO Body Rear 777/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 13.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.107 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.24 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.742 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.504 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.867 mW/g



0 dB = 0.867mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Cellular/AWS/PCS CDMA/EVDO Phone with Bluetooth/WLAN
Liquid Temperature: 21.1 °C
Ambient Temperature: 21.3 °C
Test Date: Apr.16, 2012
Separation Distance: 1.0 cm

DUT: ONE TOUCH 960C; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: CDMA 835MHz FCC; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.52$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.01$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(9.14, 9.14, 9.14); Calibrated: 2011-07-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2011-09-22
- Phantom: 835/900 Phantom ; Type: SAM

EVDO Body Front 384/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.608 mW/g

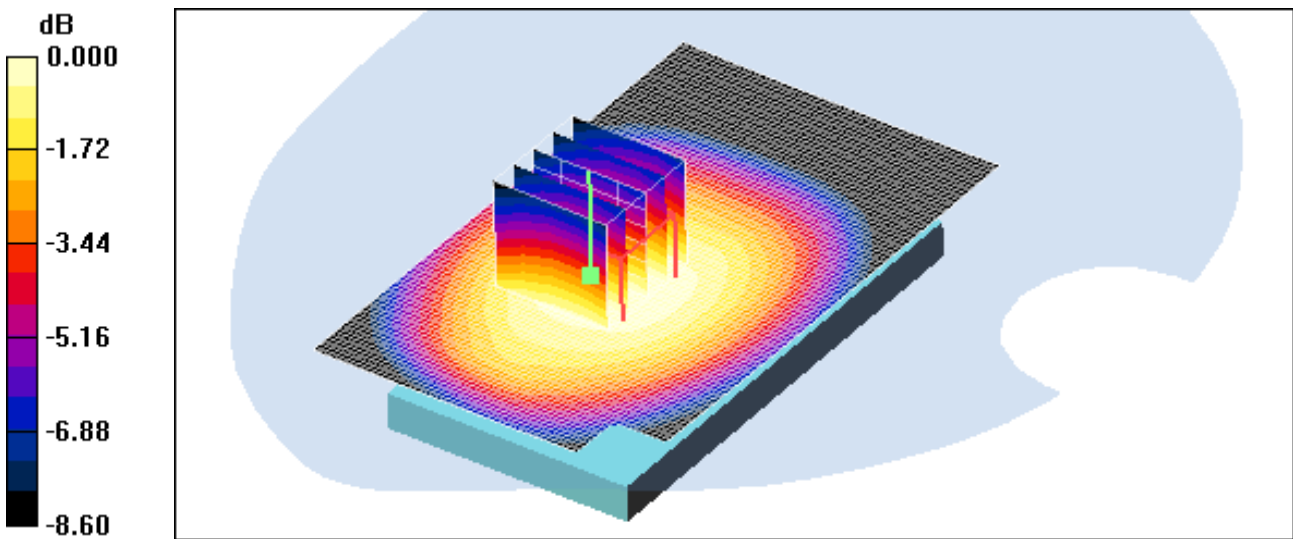
EVDO Body Front 384/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.114 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.748 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.598 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.458 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.622 mW/g



0 dB = 0.622mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Cellular/AWS/PCS CDMA/EVDO Phone with Bluetooth/WLAN
Liquid Temperature: 21.1 °C
Ambient Temperature: 21.3 °C
Test Date: Apr.16, 2012
Separation Distance 1.0 cm

DUT: ONE TOUCH 960C; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: CDMA 835MHz FCC; Frequency: 836.52 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.52$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.01$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(9.14, 9.14, 9.14); Calibrated: 2011-07-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2011-09-22
- Phantom: 835/900 Phantom ; Type: SAM

EVDO Body Left side 384/Area Scan (41x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.778 mW/g

EVDO Body Left side 384/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

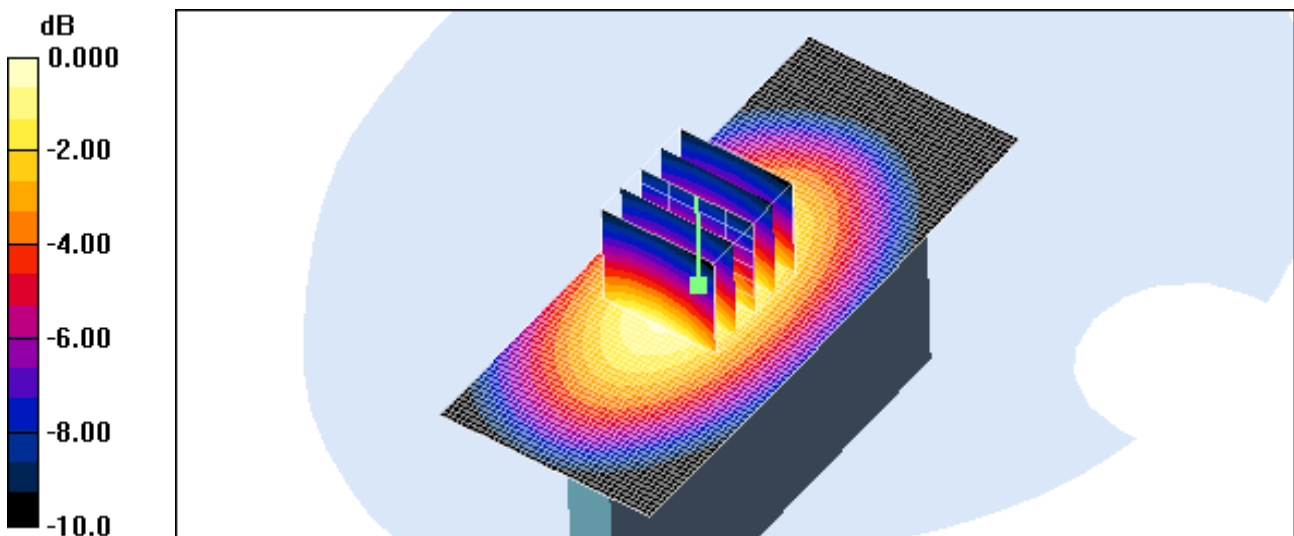
Reference Value = 17.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.121 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.07 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.742 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.500 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.799 mW/g



0 dB = 0.799mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Cellular/AWS/PCS CDMA/EVDO Phone with Bluetooth/WLAN
Liquid Temperature: 21.1 °C
Ambient Temperature: 21.3 °C
Test Date: Apr.16, 2012
Separation Distance 1.0 cm

DUT: ONE TOUCH 960C; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: CDMA 835MHz FCC; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.52$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.01$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(9.14, 9.14, 9.14); Calibrated: 2011-07-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2011-09-22
- Phantom: 835/900 Phantom ; Type: SAM

EVDO Body Right side 384/Area Scan (41x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.729 mW/g

EVDO Body Right side 384/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

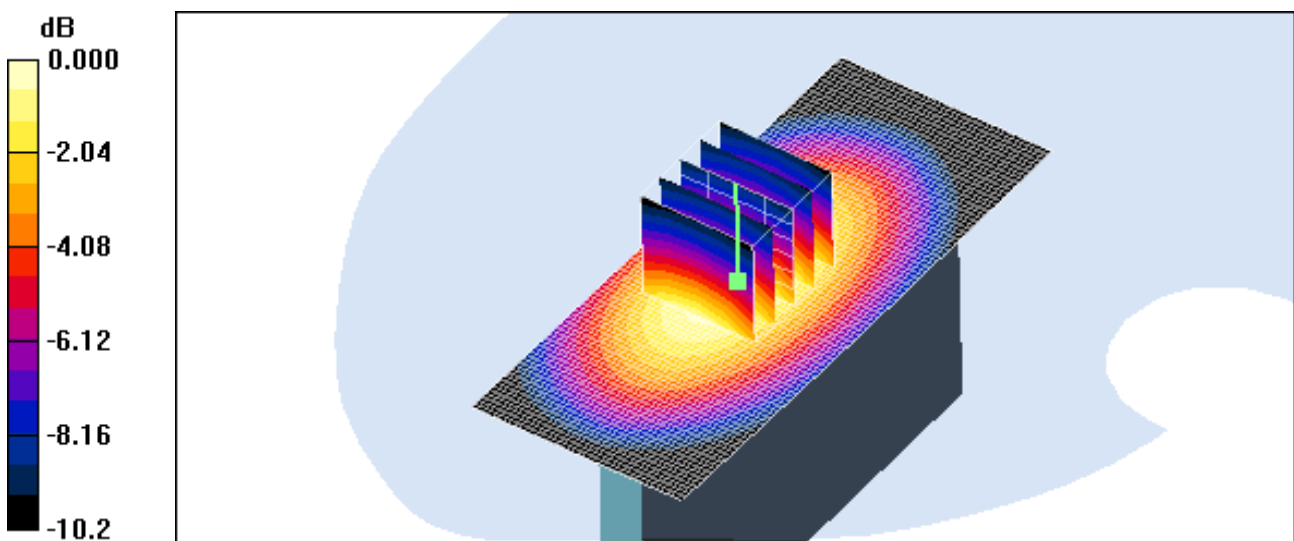
Reference Value = 17.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.105 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.991 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.679 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.454 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.729 mW/g



0 dB = 0.729mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Cellular/AWS/PCS CDMA/EVDO Phone with Bluetooth/WLAN
Liquid Temperature: 21.1 °C
Ambient Temperature: 21.3 °C
Test Date: Apr.16, 2012
Separation Distance 1.0 cm

DUT: ONE TOUCH 960C; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: CDMA 835MHz FCC; Frequency: 836.52 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.52$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.01$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(9.14, 9.14, 9.14); Calibrated: 2011-07-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2011-09-22
- Phantom: 835/900 Phantom ; Type: SAM

EVDO Body Bottom side 384/Area Scan (41x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.159 mW/g

EVDO Body Bottom side 384/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

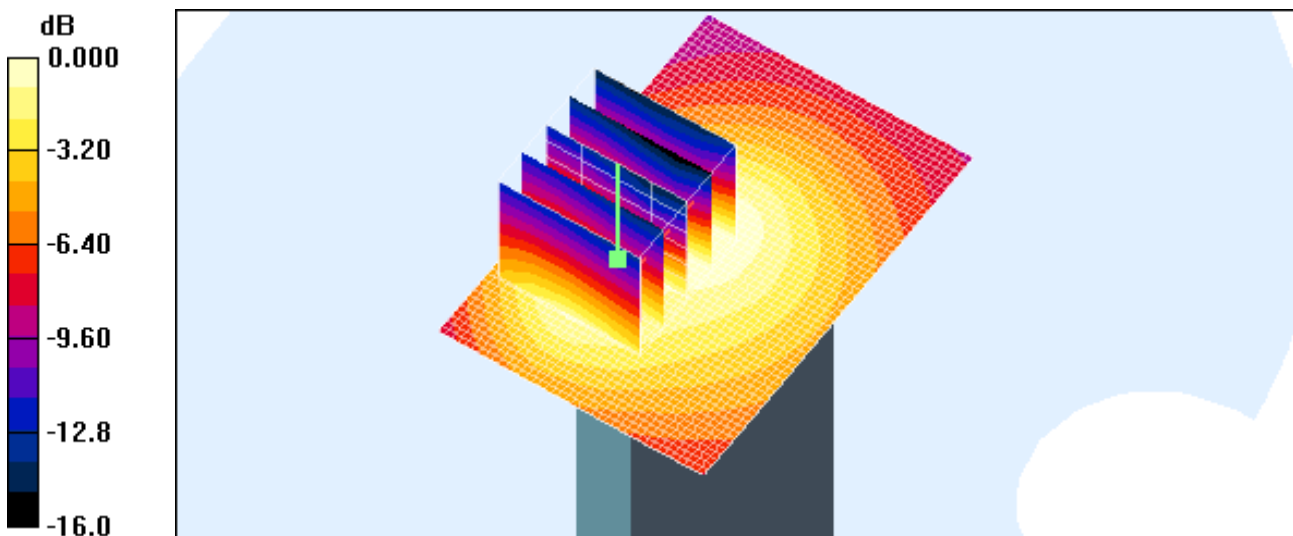
Reference Value = 12.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.100 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.277 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.137 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.079 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.148 mW/g



0 dB = 0.148mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Cellular/AWS/PCS CDMA/EVDO Phone with Bluetooth/WLAN
Liquid Temperature: 21.1 °C
Ambient Temperature: 21.3 °C
Test Date: Apr.16, 2012
Separation Distance: 2.0 cm

DUT: ONE TOUCH 960C; Type: bar; Serial: #1

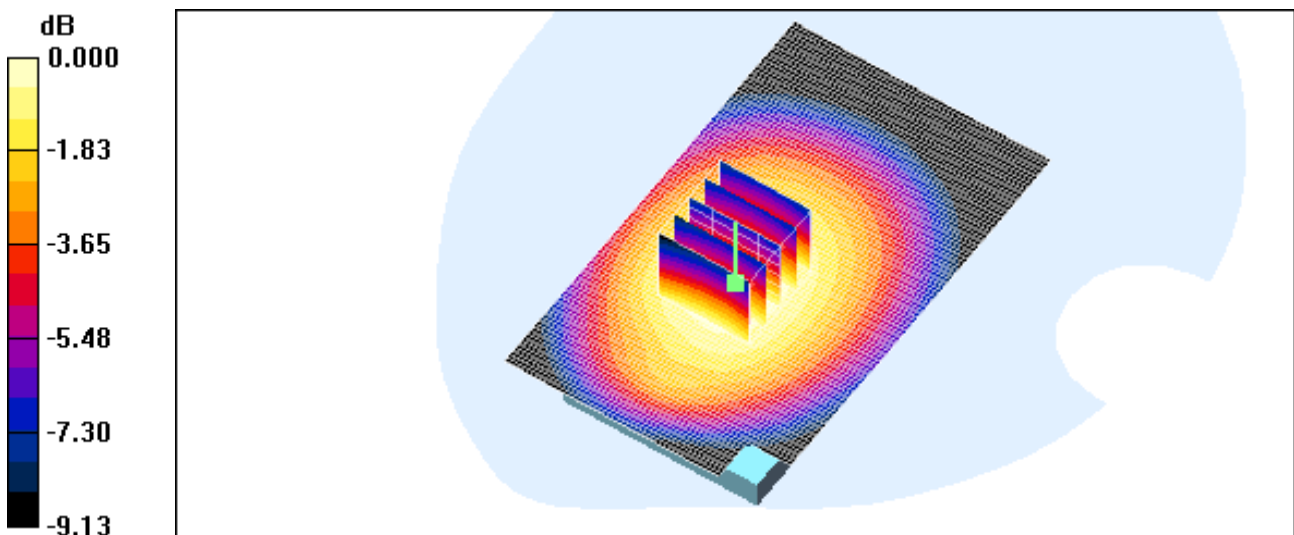
Communication System: CDMA 835MHz FCC; Frequency: 824.7 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 825$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.995$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(9.14, 9.14, 9.14); Calibrated: 2011-07-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2011-09-22
- Phantom: 835/900 Phantom ; Type: SAM

CDMA Body Rear 1013/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.987 mW/g

CDMA Body Rear 1013/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 18.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.064 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.20 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.941 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.703 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.991 mW/g



0 dB = 0.991mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Cellular/AWS/PCS CDMA/EVDO Phone with Bluetooth/WLAN
Liquid Temperature: 21.1 °C
Ambient Temperature: 21.3 °C
Test Date: Apr.16, 2012
Separation Distance 2.0 cm

DUT: ONE TOUCH 960C; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: CDMA 835MHz FCC; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.52$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.01$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(9.14, 9.14, 9.14); Calibrated: 2011-07-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2011-09-22
- Phantom: 835/900 Phantom ; Type: SAM

CDMA Body Rear 384/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.907 mW/g

CDMA Body Rear 384/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

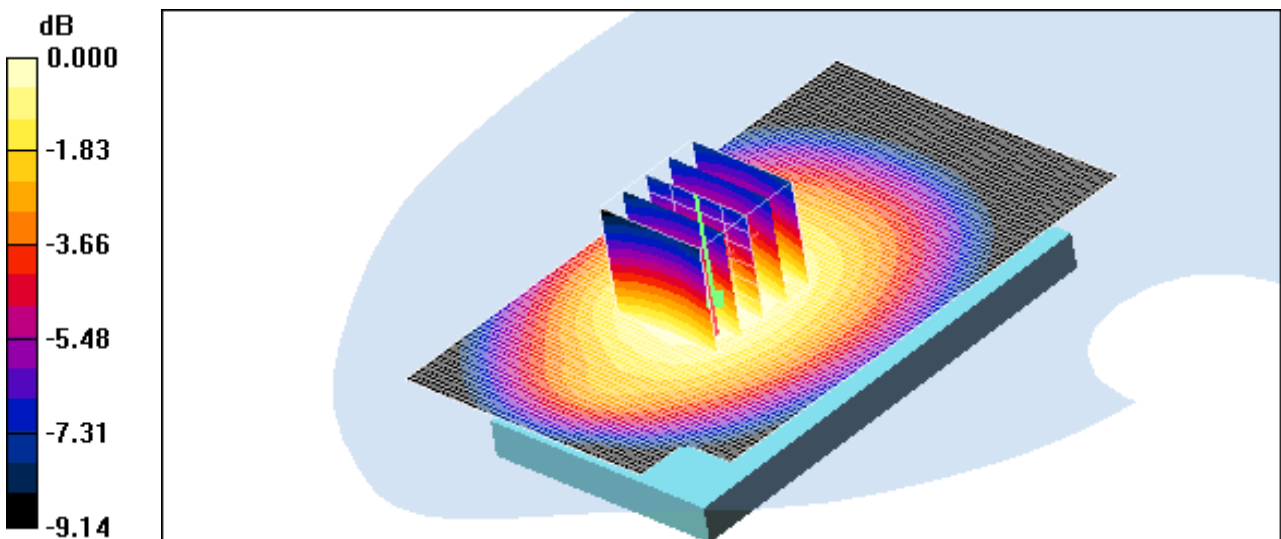
Reference Value = 18.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.108 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.11 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.859 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.639 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.904 mW/g



0 dB = 0.904mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Cellular/AWS/PCS CDMA/EVDO Phone with Bluetooth/WLAN
Liquid Temperature: 21.1 °C
Ambient Temperature: 21.3 °C
Test Date: Apr.16, 2012
Separation Distance 2.0 cm

DUT: ONE TOUCH 960C; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: CDMA 835MHz FCC; Frequency: 848.31 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 848.31$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.03$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(9.14, 9.14, 9.14); Calibrated: 2011-07-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2011-09-22
- Phantom: 835/900 Phantom ; Type: SAM

CDMA Body Rear 777/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.931 mW/g

CDMA Body Rear 777/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

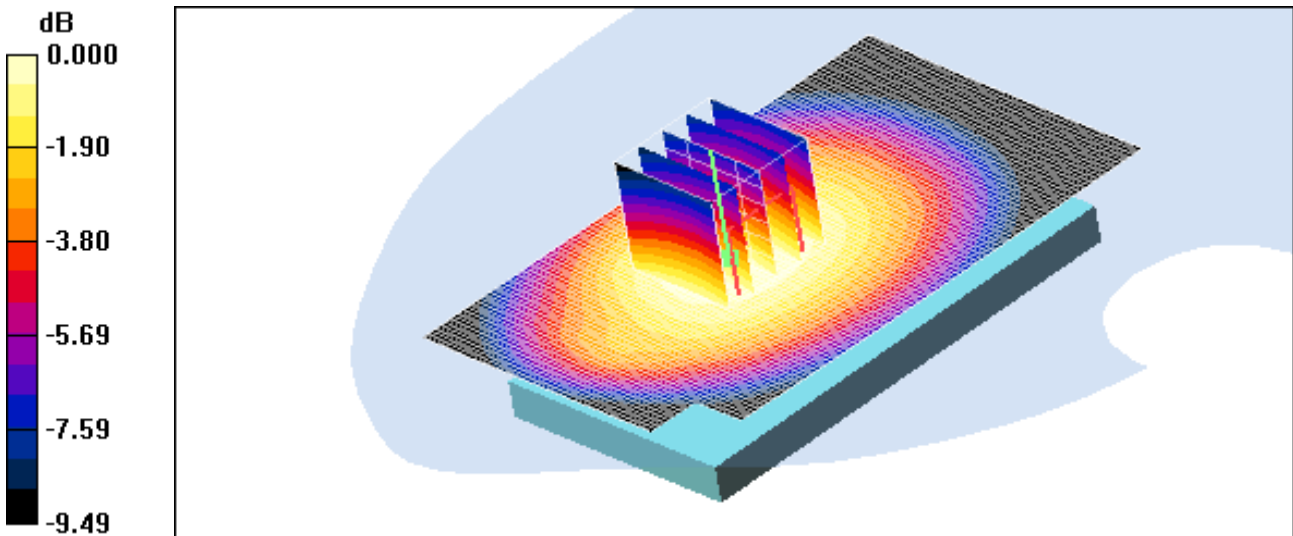
Reference Value = 18.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.011 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.13 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.874 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.648 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.922 mW/g



0 dB = 0.922mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Cellular/AWS/PCS CDMA/EVDO Phone with Bluetooth/WLAN
Liquid Temperature: 21.1 °C
Ambient Temperature: 21.3 °C
Test Date: Apr.16, 2012
Separation Distance 2.0 cm

DUT: Vulcan; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: CDMA 835MHz FCC; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.52$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.01$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(9.14, 9.14, 9.14); Calibrated: 2011-07-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2011-09-22
- Phantom: 800/900 Phantom; Type: SAM

CDMA 1xRTT Body Front 384/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.743 mW/g

CDMA 1xRTT Body Front 384/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

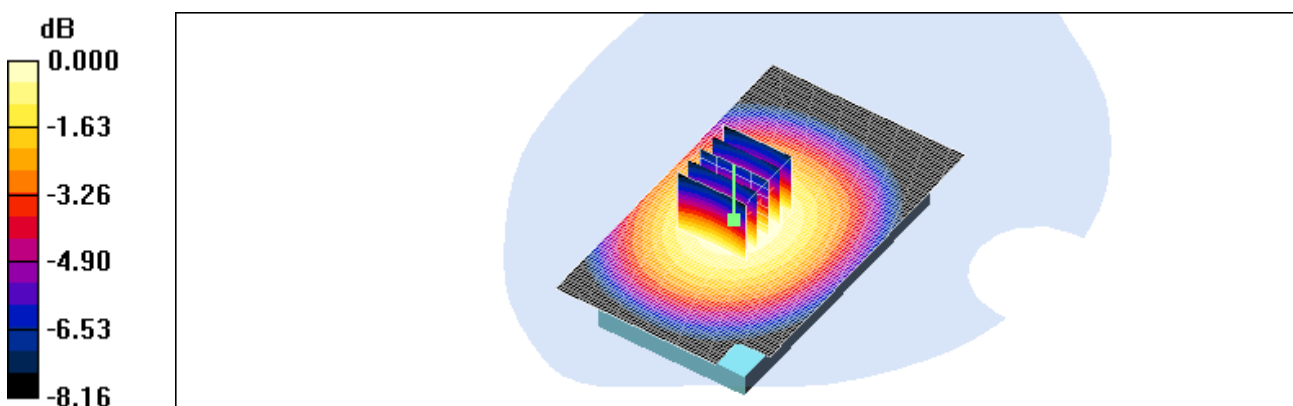
Reference Value = 18.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.089 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.910 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.711 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.533 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.748 mW/g



Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Cellular/AWS/PCS CDMA/EVDO Phone with Bluetooth/WLAN
Liquid Temperature: 21.2 °C
Ambient Temperature: 21.4 °C
Test Date: Apr.13, 2012
Separation Distance: 1.0 cm

DUT: ONE TOUCH 960C; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: AWS 1700 MHz FCC; Frequency: 1711.25 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1711.25$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.43$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(7.69, 7.69, 7.69); Calibrated: 2011-07-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2011-09-22
- Phantom: SAM 1800/1900 MHz; Type: SAM

EVDO Body Rear 25/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.09 mW/g

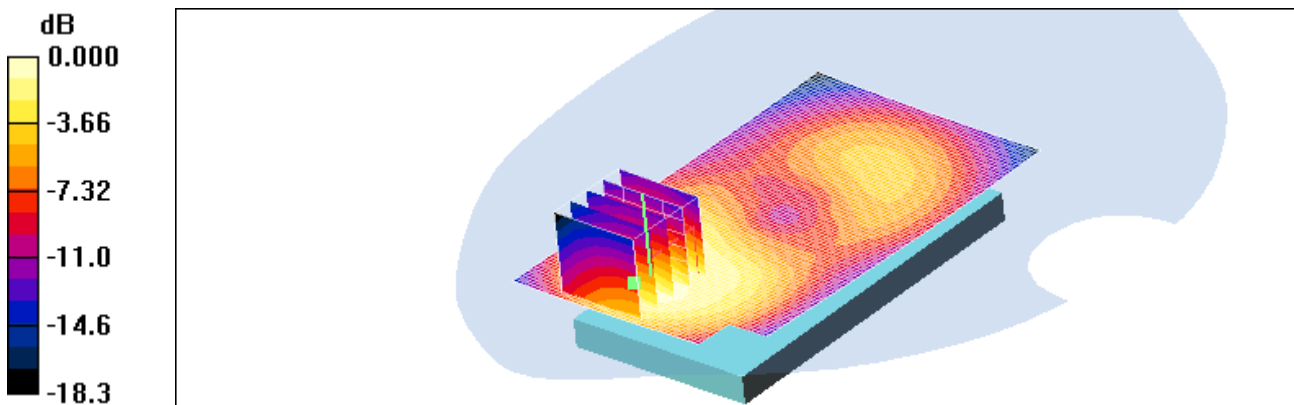
EVDO Body Rear 25/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.030 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.54 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.920 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.551 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.982 mW/g



Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Cellular/AWS/PCS CDMA/EVDO Phone with Bluetooth/WLAN
Liquid Temperature: 21.2 °C
Ambient Temperature: 21.4 °C
Test Date: Apr.13, 2012
Separation Distance 1.0 cm

DUT: ONE TOUCH 960C; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: AWS 1700 MHz FCC; Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1732.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.45$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(7.69, 7.69, 7.69); Calibrated: 2011-07-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2011-09-22
- Phantom: SAM 1800/1900 MHz; Type: SAM

EVDO Body Rear 450/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.23 mW/g

EVDO Body Rear 450/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

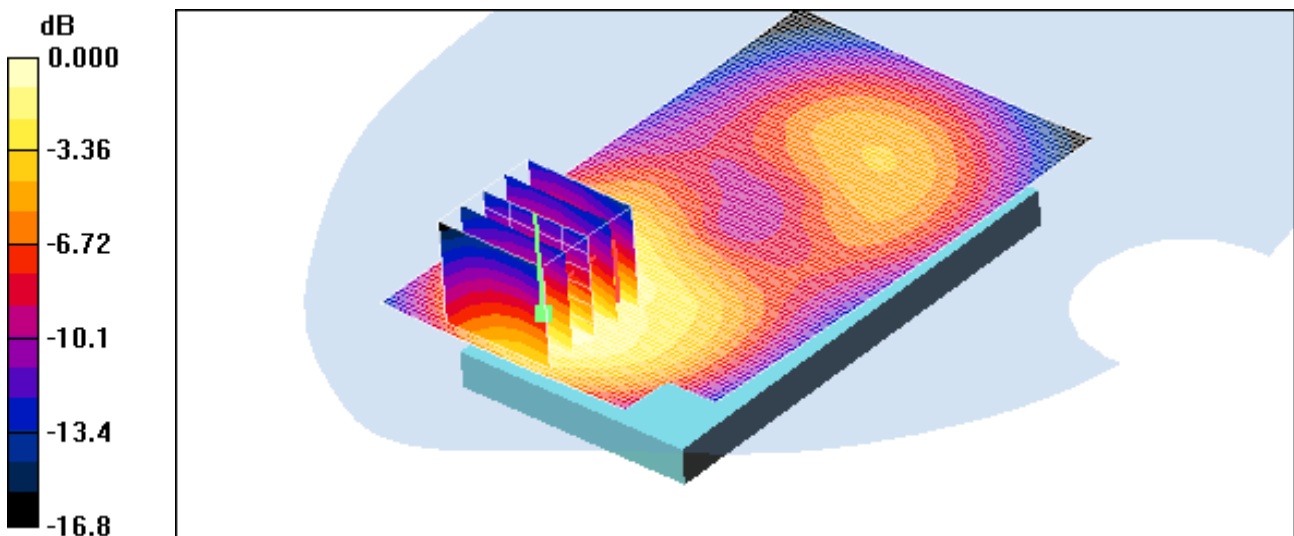
Reference Value = 16.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.114 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.75 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.04 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.618 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.15 mW/g



0 dB = 1.15mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Cellular/AWS/PCS CDMA/EVDO Phone with Bluetooth/WLAN
Liquid Temperature: 21.2 °C
Ambient Temperature: 21.4 °C
Test Date: Apr.13, 2012
Separation Distance 1.0 cm

DUT: ONE TOUCH 960C; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: AWS 1700 MHz FCC; Frequency: 1753.75 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1753.75$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.47$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(7.69, 7.69, 7.69); Calibrated: 2011-07-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2011-09-22
- Phantom: SAM 1800/1900 MHz; Type: SAM

EVDO Body Rear 875/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.13 mW/g

EVDO Body Rear 875/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

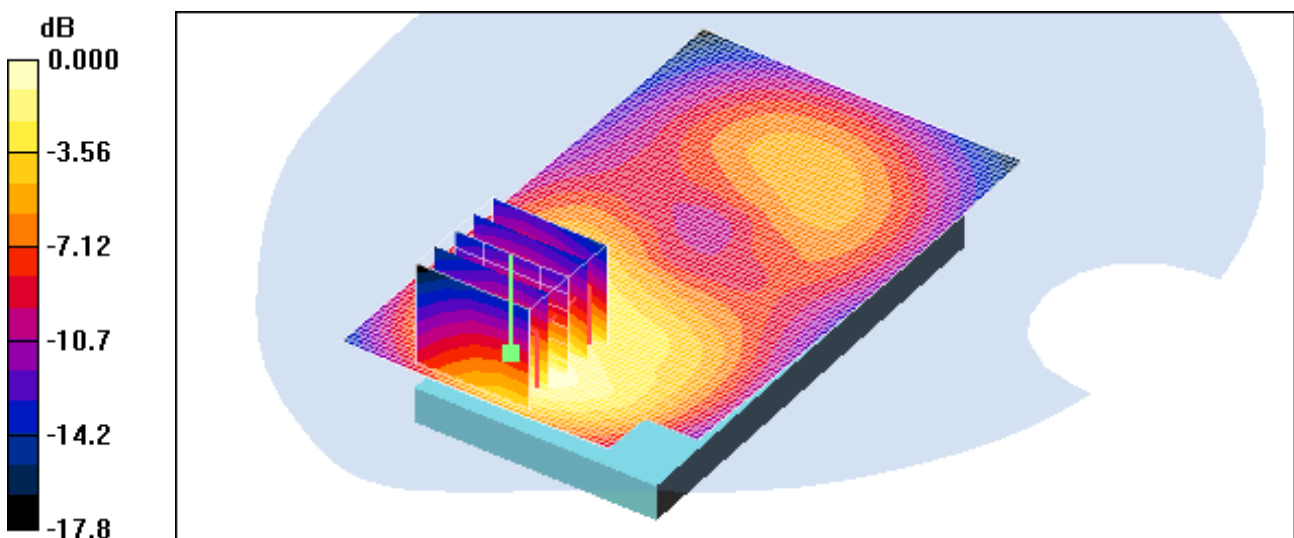
Reference Value = 14.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.010 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.74 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.01 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.582 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.11 mW/g



0 dB = 1.11mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Cellular/AWS/PCS CDMA/EVDO Phone with Bluetooth/WLAN
Liquid Temperature: 21.2 °C
Ambient Temperature: 21.4 °C
Test Date: Apr.13, 2012
Separation Distance 1.0 cm

DUT: ONE TOUCH 960C; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: AWS 1700 MHz FCC; Frequency: 1711.25 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1711.25$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.43$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(7.69, 7.69, 7.69); Calibrated: 2011-07-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2011-09-22
- Phantom: SAM 835/900 MHz; Type: SAM

EVDO Body Front 25/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.822 mW/g

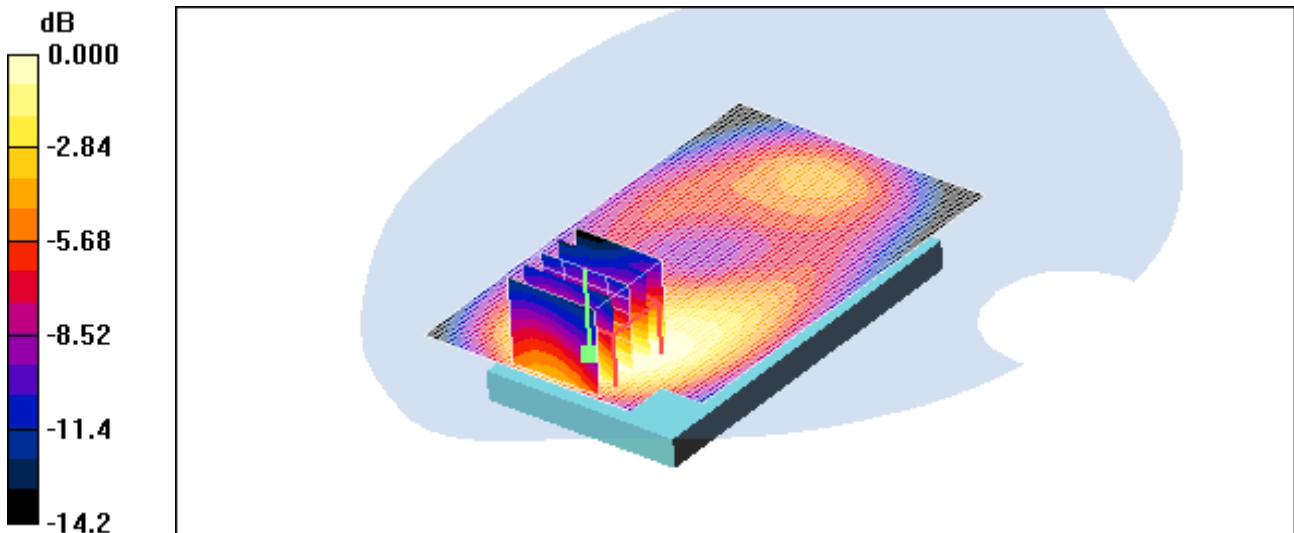
EVDO Body Front 25/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.007 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.12 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.723 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.442 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.781 mW/g



0 dB = 0.781mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Cellular/AWS/PCS CDMA/EVDO Phone with Bluetooth/WLAN
Liquid Temperature: 21.2 °C
Ambient Temperature: 21.4 °C
Test Date: Apr.13, 2012
Separation Distance 1.0 cm

DUT: ONE TOUCH 960C; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: AWS 1700 MHz FCC; Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1732.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.45$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(7.69, 7.69, 7.69); Calibrated: 2011-07-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2011-09-22
- Phantom: SAM 835/900 MHz; Type: SAM

EVDO Body Front 450/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.05 mW/g

EVDO Body Front 450/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

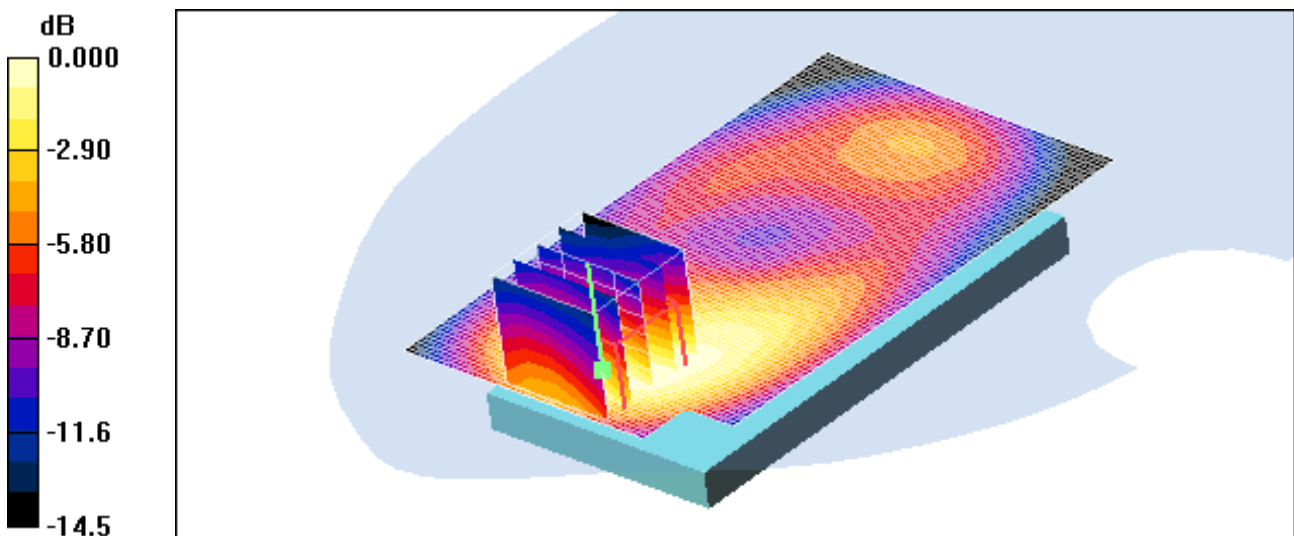
Reference Value = 13.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.051 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.44 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.928 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.558 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.00 mW/g



0 dB = 1.00mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Cellular/AWS/PCS CDMA/EVDO Phone with Bluetooth/WLAN
Liquid Temperature: 21.2 °C
Ambient Temperature: 21.4 °C
Test Date: Apr.13, 2012
Separation Distance 1.0 cm

DUT: ONE TOUCH 960C; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: AWS 1700 MHz FCC; Frequency: 1753.75 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1753.75$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.47$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(7.69, 7.69, 7.69); Calibrated: 2011-07-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2011-09-22
- Phantom: SAM 835/900 MHz; Type: SAM

EVDO Body Front 875/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.05 mW/g

EVDO Body Front 875/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

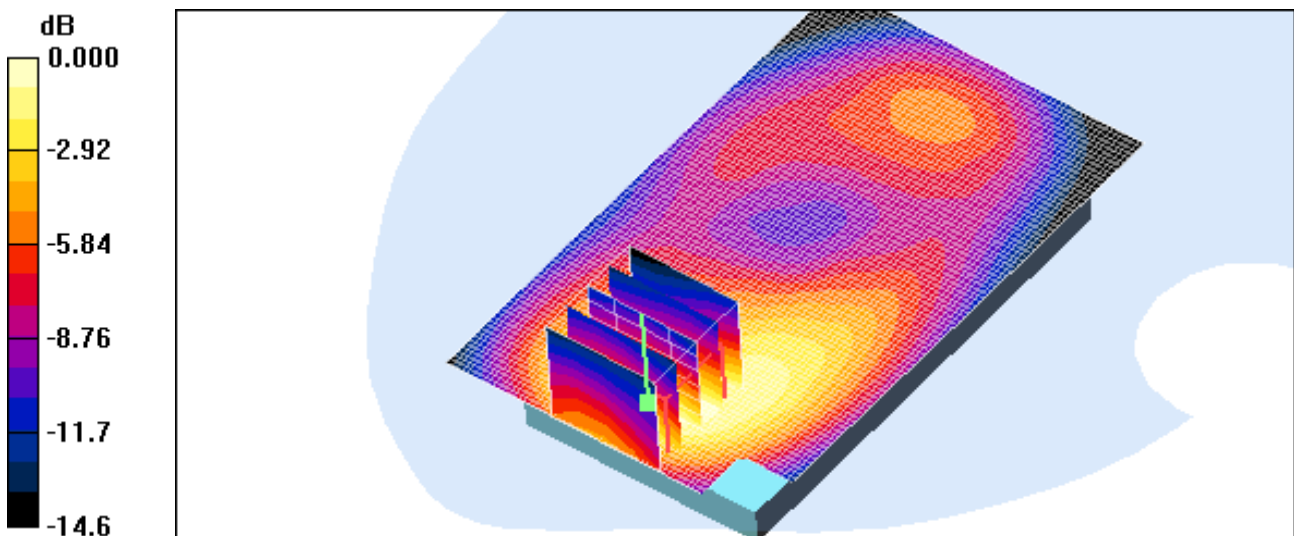
Reference Value = 12.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.002 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.48 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.940 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.558 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.05 mW/g



0 dB = 1.05mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Cellular/AWS/PCS CDMA/EVDO Phone with Bluetooth/WLAN
Liquid Temperature: 21.2 °C
Ambient Temperature: 21.4 °C
Test Date: Apr.13, 2012
Separation Distance 1.0 cm

DUT: ONE TOUCH 960C; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: AWS 1700 MHz FCC; Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1732.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.45$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(7.69, 7.69, 7.69); Calibrated: 2011-07-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2011-09-22
- Phantom: SAM 835/900 MHz; Type: SAM

EVDO Body Left side 450/Area Scan (41x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.263 mW/g

EVDO Body Left side 450/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

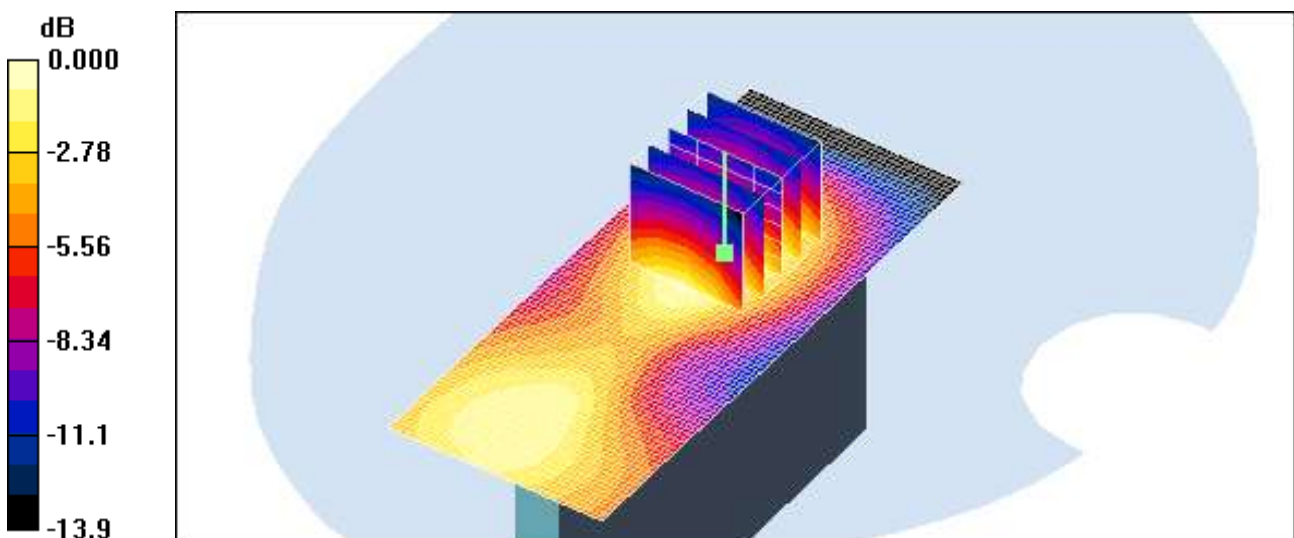
Reference Value = 10.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.067 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.339 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.220 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.136 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.238 mW/g



0 dB = 0.238mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Cellular/AWS/PCS CDMA/EVDO Phone with Bluetooth/WLAN
Liquid Temperature: 21.2 °C
Ambient Temperature: 21.4 °C
Test Date: Apr.13, 2012
Separation Distance 1.0 cm

DUT: ONE TOUCH 960C; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: AWS 1700 MHz FCC; Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1732.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.45$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(7.69, 7.69, 7.69); Calibrated: 2011-07-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2011-09-22
- Phantom: SAM 835/900 MHz; Type: SAM

EVDO Body Right side 450/Area Scan (41x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.484 mW/g

EVDO Body Right side 450/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

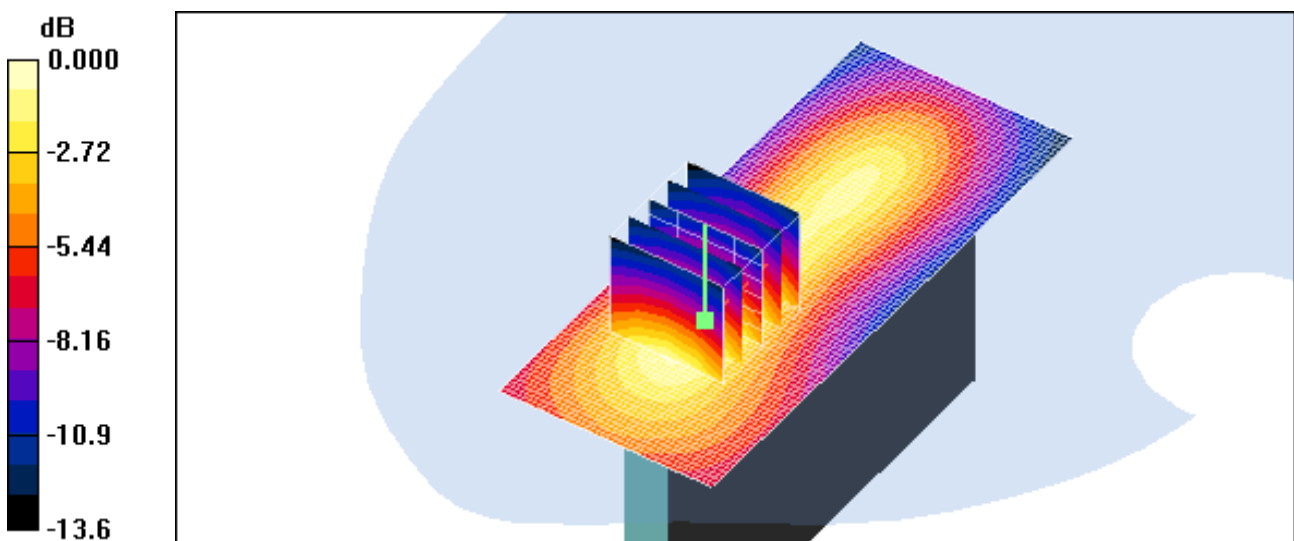
Reference Value = 12.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.703 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.449 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.273 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.490 mW/g



0 dB = 0.490mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Cellular/AWS/PCS CDMA/EVDO Phone with Bluetooth/WLAN
Liquid Temperature: 21.2 °C
Ambient Temperature: 21.4 °C
Test Date: Apr.13, 2012
Separation Distance 1.0 cm

DUT: ONE TOUCH 960C; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: AWS 1700 MHz FCC; Frequency: 1711.25 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1711.25$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.43$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(7.69, 7.69, 7.69); Calibrated: 2011-07-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2011-09-22
- Phantom: SAM 835/900 MHz; Type: SAM

EVDO Body Bottom side 25/Area Scan (41x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.965 mW/g

EVDO Body Bottom side 25/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

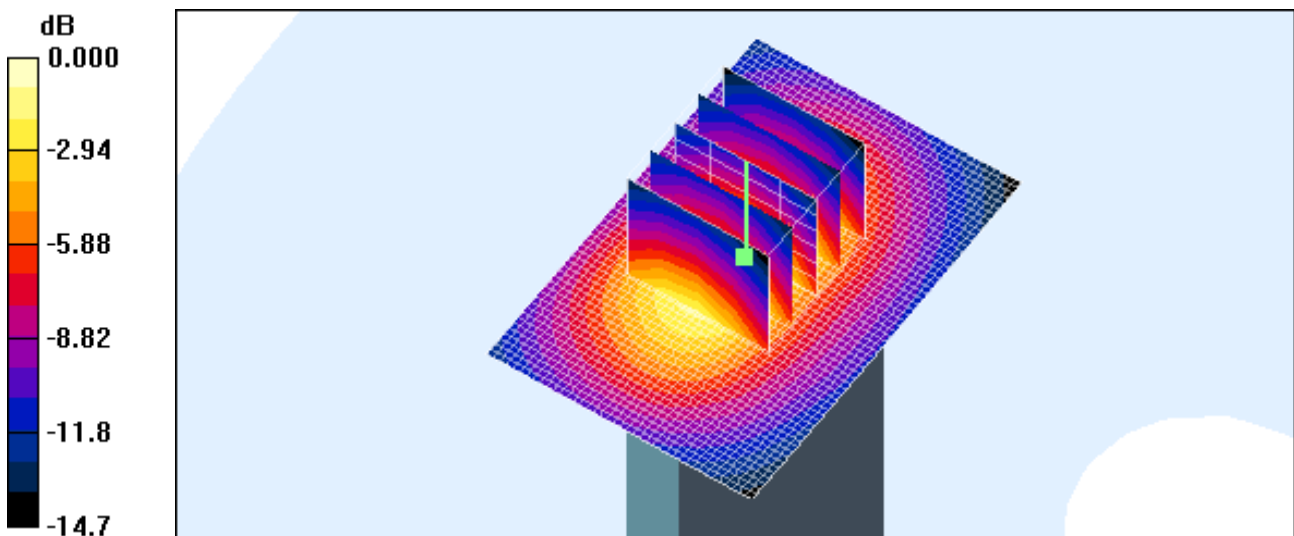
Reference Value = 25.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.007 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.38 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.875 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.504 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.983 mW/g



Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Cellular/AWS/PCS CDMA/EVDO Phone with Bluetooth/WLAN
Liquid Temperature: 21.2 °C
Ambient Temperature: 21.4 °C
Test Date: Apr.13, 2012
Separation Distance 1.0 cm

DUT: ONE TOUCH 960C; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: AWS 1700 MHz FCC; Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1732.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.45$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(7.69, 7.69, 7.69); Calibrated: 2011-07-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2011-09-22
- Phantom: SAM 835/900 MHz; Type: SAM

EVDO Body Bottom side 450/Area Scan (41x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.16 mW/g

EVDO Body Bottom side 450/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

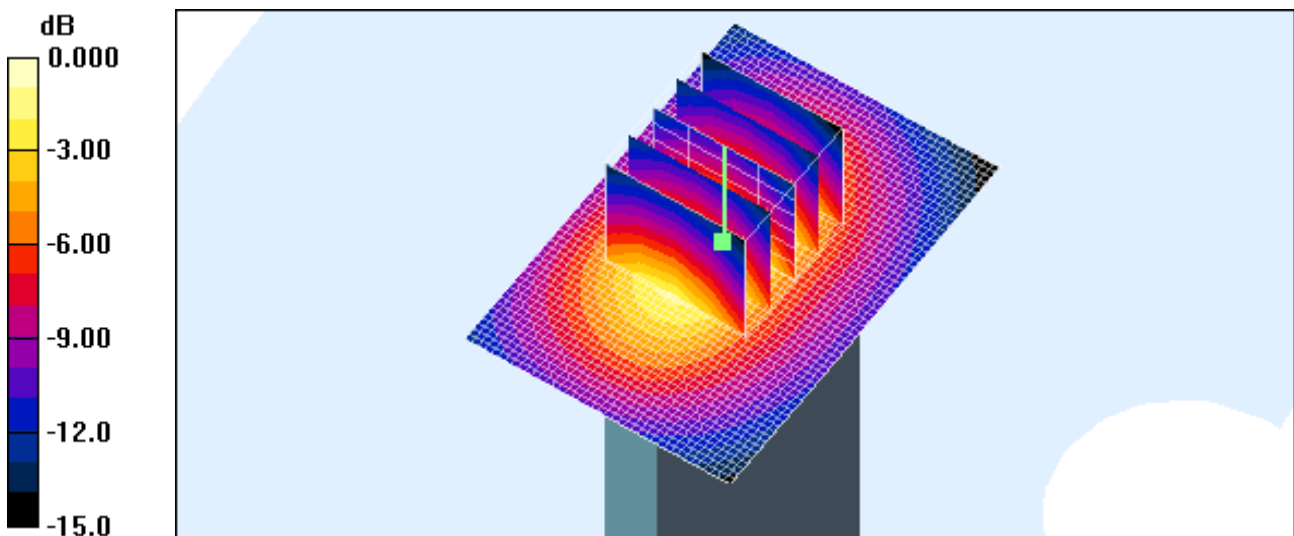
Reference Value = 27.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.013 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.67 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.06 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.605 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.19 mW/g



0 dB = 1.19mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Cellular/AWS/PCS CDMA/EVDO Phone with Bluetooth/WLAN
Liquid Temperature: 21.2 °C
Ambient Temperature: 21.4 °C
Test Date: Apr.13, 2012
Separation Distance 1.0 cm

DUT: ONE TOUCH 960C; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: AWS 1700 MHz FCC; Frequency: 1753.75 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1753.75$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.47$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(7.69, 7.69, 7.69); Calibrated: 2011-07-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2011-09-22
- Phantom: SAM 835/900 MHz; Type: SAM

EVDO Body Bottom side 875/Area Scan (41x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.17 mW/g

EVDO Body Bottom side 875/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

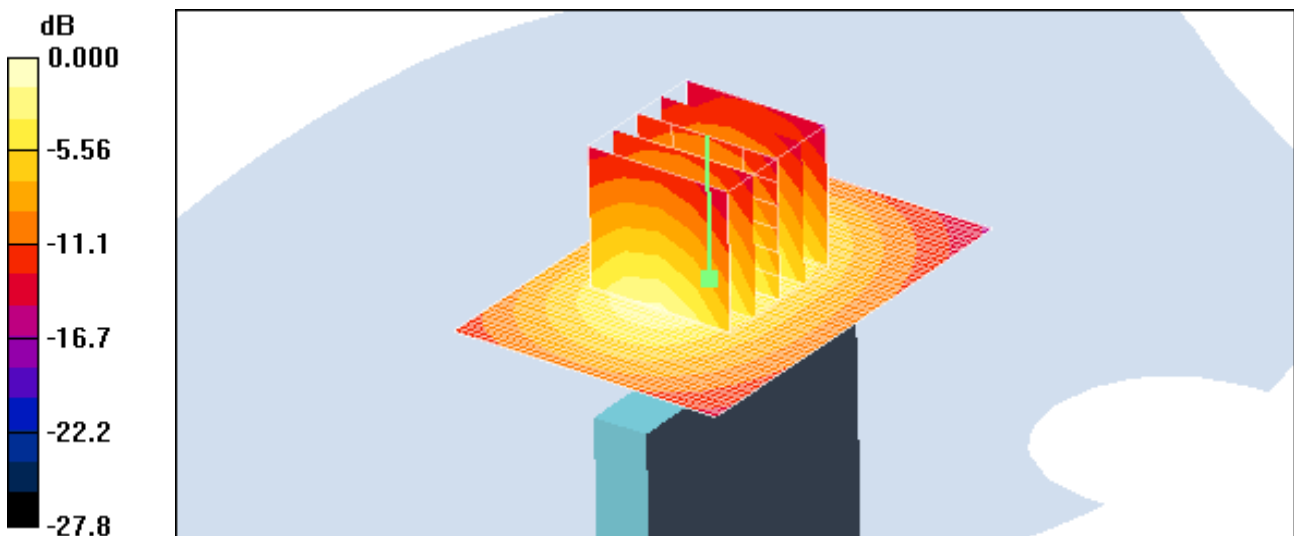
Reference Value = 27.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.076 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.79 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.08 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.622 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.21 mW/g



0 dB = 1.21mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Cellular/AWS/PCS CDMA/EVDO Phone with Bluetooth/WLAN
Liquid Temperature: 21.2 °C
Ambient Temperature: 21.4 °C
Test Date: Apr.13, 2012
Separation Distance 2.0 cm

DUT: ONE TOUCH 960C; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: AWS 1700 MHz FCC; Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1732.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.45$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(7.69, 7.69, 7.69); Calibrated: 2011-07-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2011-09-22
- Phantom: SAM 835/900 MHz; Type: SAM

AWS 1xRTT Body Rear 450/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.867 mW/g

AWS 1xRTT Body Rear 450/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

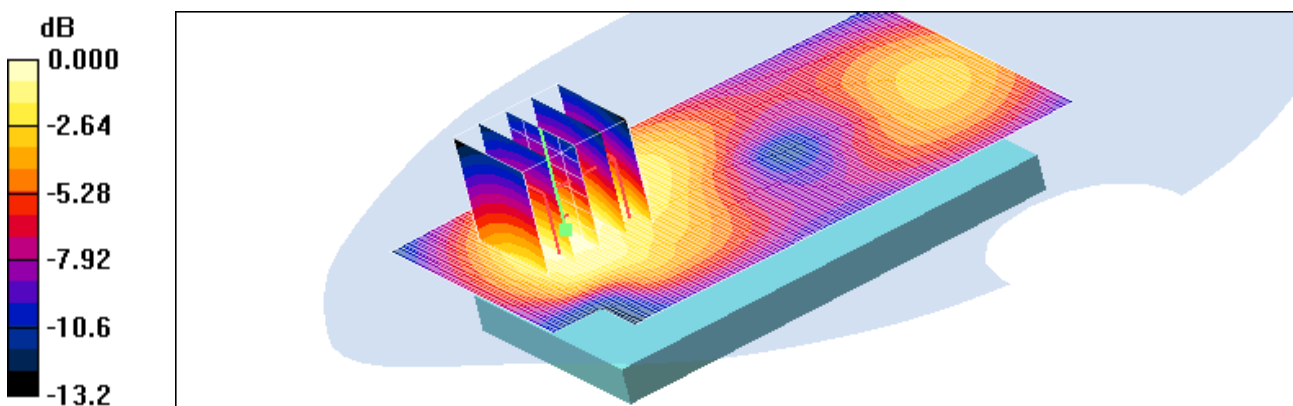
Reference Value = 13.0 V/m; Power Drift = -0.016 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.19 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.773 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.495 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.837 mW/g



0 dB = 0.837mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Cellular/AWS/PCS CDMA/EVDO Phone with Bluetooth/WLAN
Liquid Temperature: 21.2 °C
Ambient Temperature: 21.4 °C
Test Date: Apr.13, 2012
Separation Distance 2.0 cm

DUT: Vulcan; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: AWS 1700 MHz FCC; Frequency: 1711.25 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1711.25$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.43$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(7.69, 7.69, 7.69); Calibrated: 2011-07-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2011-09-22
- Phantom: 1800/1900 Phantom; Type: SAM

AWS 1xRTT Body Front 25/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.773 mW/g

AWS 1xRTT Body Front 25/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

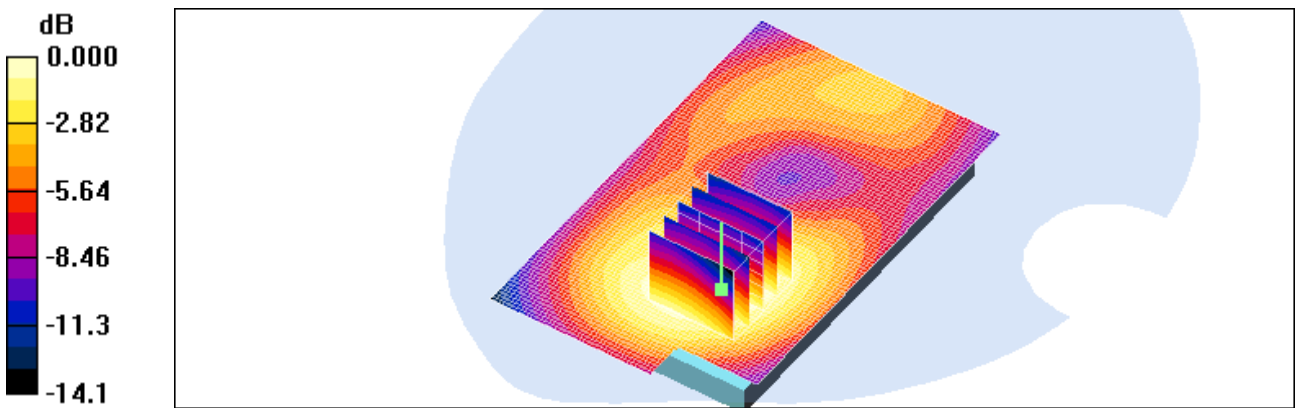
Reference Value = 13.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.001 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.08 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.713 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.465 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.761 mW/g



0 dB = 0.761mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Cellular/AWS/PCS CDMA/EVDO Phone with Bluetooth/WLAN
Liquid Temperature: 21.2 °C
Ambient Temperature: 21.4 °C
Test Date: Apr.13, 2012
Separation Distance 2.0 cm

DUT: Vulcan; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: AWS 1700 MHz FCC; Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1732.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.45$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(7.69, 7.69, 7.69); Calibrated: 2011-07-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2011-09-22
- Phantom: 1800/1900 Phantom; Type: SAM

AWS 1xRTT Body Front 450/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.881 mW/g

AWS 1xRTT Body Front 450/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

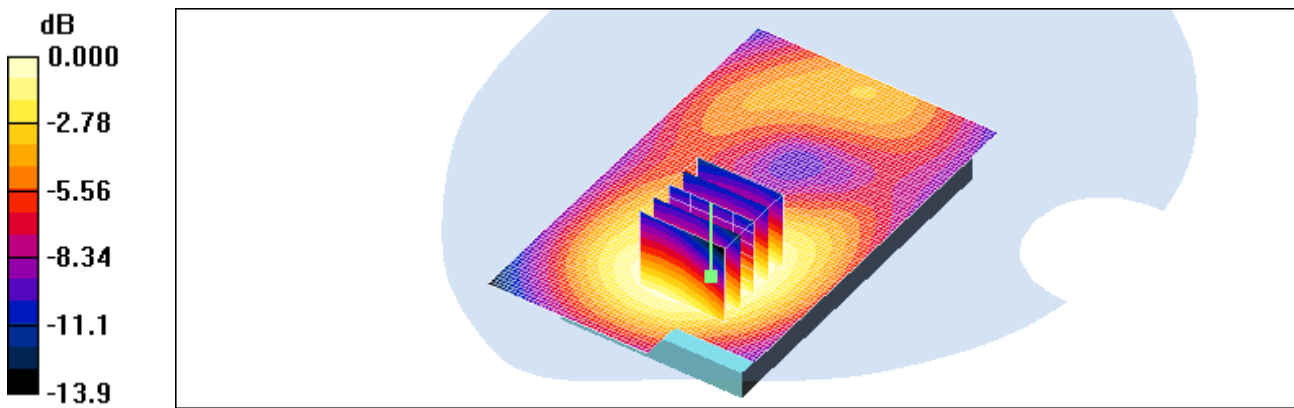
Reference Value = 13.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.001 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.24 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.812 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.532 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.867 mW/g



0 dB = 0.867mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Cellular/AWS/PCS CDMA/EVDO Phone with Bluetooth/WLAN
Liquid Temperature: 21.2 °C
Ambient Temperature: 21.4 °C
Test Date: Apr.13, 2012
Separation Distance 2.0 cm

DUT: Vulcan; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: AWS 1700 MHz FCC; Frequency: 1753.75 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1753.75$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.47$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(7.69, 7.69, 7.69); Calibrated: 2011-07-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2011-09-22
- Phantom: 1800/1900 Phantom; Type: SAM

AWS 1xRTT Body Front 875/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.842 mW/g

AWS 1xRTT Body Front 875/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

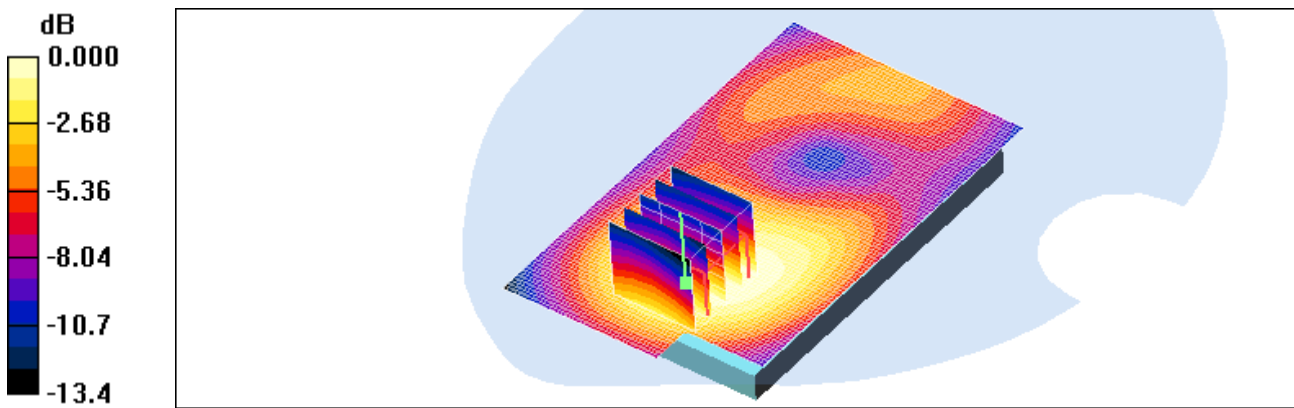
Reference Value = 12.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.016 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.16 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.766 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.499 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.818 mW/g



0 dB = 0.818mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Cellular/AWS/PCS CDMA/EVDO Phone with Bluetooth/WLAN
Liquid Temperature: 21.1 °C
Ambient Temperature: 21.3 °C
Test Date: Apr.29, 2012
Separation Distance 1.0 cm

DUT: ONE TOUCH 960C; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: PCS 1900MHz FCC; Frequency: 1851.25 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1851.25$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.49$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(7.26, 7.26, 7.26); Calibrated: 2011-07-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2011-09-22
- Phantom: SAM 1800/1900 MHz; Type: SAM

EVDO Body Rear 25/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.991 mW/g

EVDO Body Rear 25/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

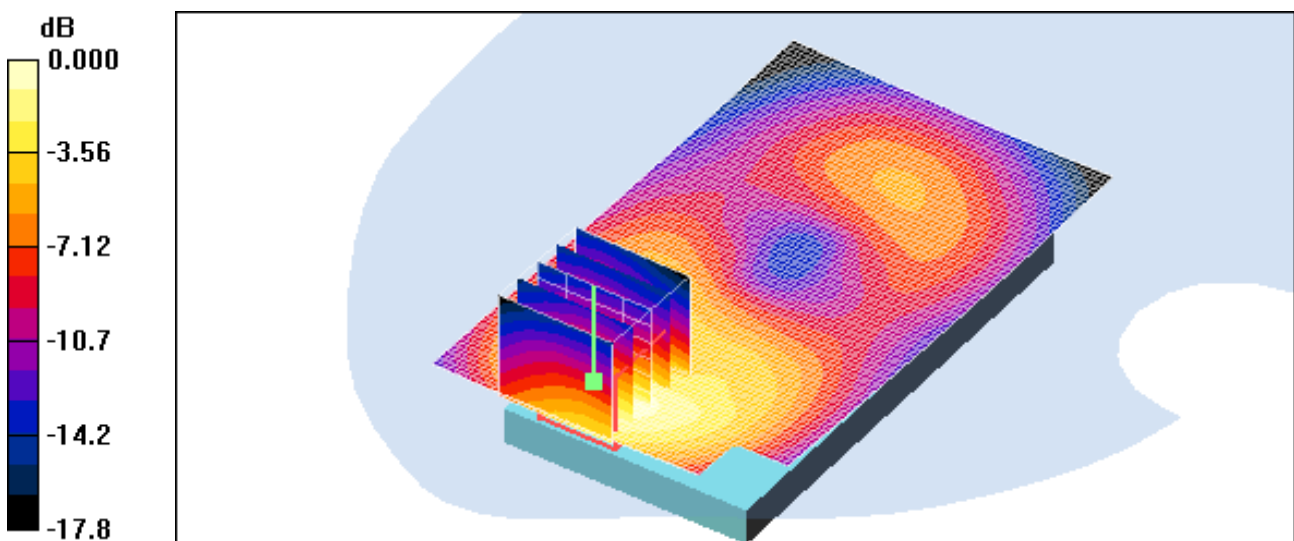
Reference Value = 12.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.089 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.54 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.885 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.491 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.976 mW/g



0 dB = 0.976mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Cellular/AWS/PCS CDMA/EVDO Phone with Bluetooth/WLAN
Liquid Temperature: 21.1 °C
Ambient Temperature: 21.3 °C
Test Date: Apr.29, 2012
Separation Distance 1.0 cm

DUT: ONE TOUCH 960C; Type: bar; Serial: #1

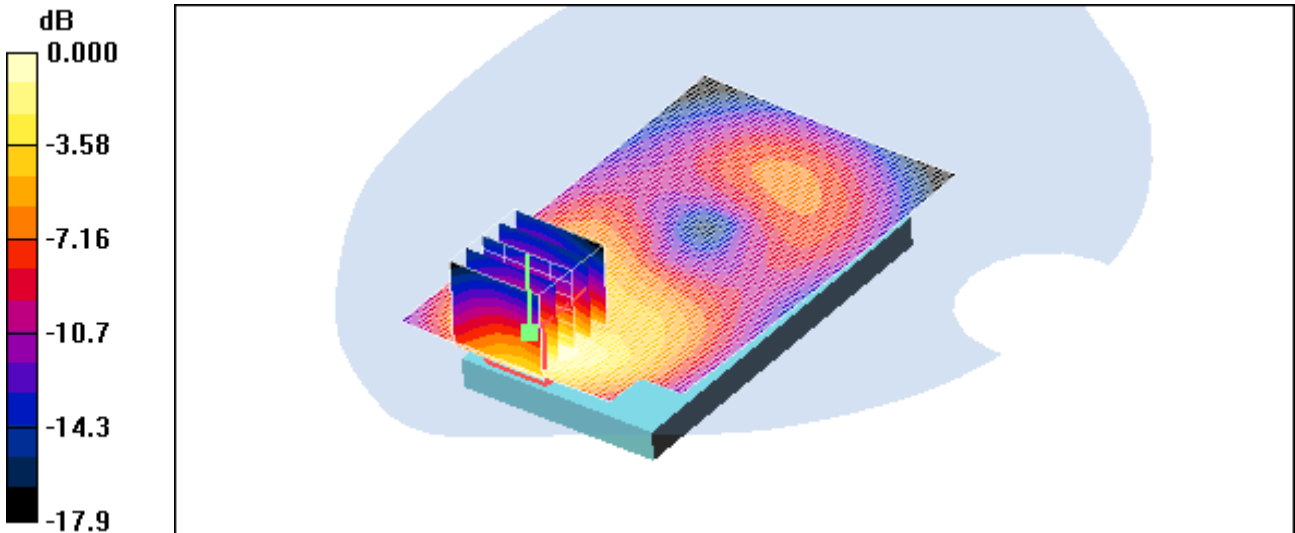
Communication System: PCS 1900MHz FCC; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.52$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(7.26, 7.26, 7.26); Calibrated: 2011-07-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2011-09-22
- Phantom: SAM 1800/1900 MHz; Type: SAM

EVDO Body Rear 600/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.10 mW/g

EVDO Body Rear 600/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 11.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.060 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.75 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.981 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.534 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.07 mW/g



Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Cellular/AWS/PCS CDMA/EVDO Phone with Bluetooth/WLAN
Liquid Temperature: 21.1 °C
Ambient Temperature: 21.3 °C
Test Date: Apr.29, 2012
Separation Distance 1.0 cm

DUT: ONE TOUCH 960C; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: PCS 1900MHz FCC; Frequency: 1908.75 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1908.75$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.55$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(7.26, 7.26, 7.26); Calibrated: 2011-07-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2011-09-22
- Phantom: SAM 1800/1900 MHz; Type: SAM

EVDO Body Rear 1175/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.05 mW/g

EVDO Body Rear 1175/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

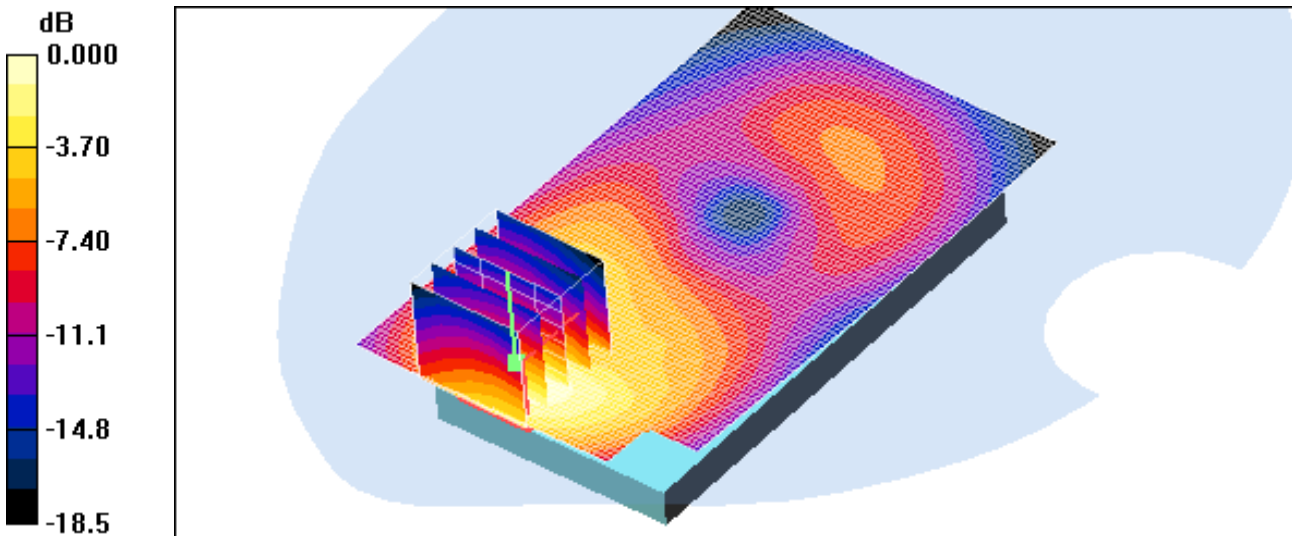
Reference Value = 10.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.054 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.70 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.948 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.511 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.04 mW/g



0 dB = 1.04mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Cellular/AWS/PCS CDMA/EVDO Phone with Bluetooth/WLAN
Liquid Temperature: 21.1 °C
Ambient Temperature: 21.3 °C
Test Date: Apr.29, 2012
Separation Distance 1.0 cm

DUT: ONE TOUCH 960C; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: PCS 1900MHz FCC; Frequency: 1851.25 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1851.25$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.49$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(7.26, 7.26, 7.26); Calibrated: 2011-07-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2011-09-22
- Phantom: SAM 835/900 MHz; Type: SAM

EVDO Body Front 25/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.994 mW/g

EVDO Body Front 25/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

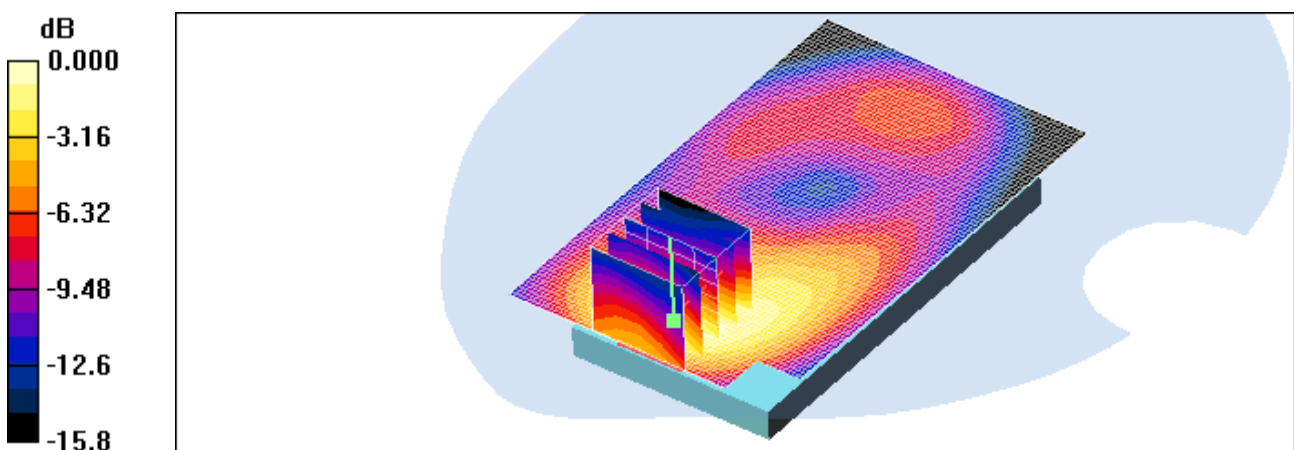
Reference Value = 10.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.065 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.44 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.889 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.507 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.990 mW/g



0 dB = 0.990mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Cellular/AWS/PCS CDMA/EVDO Phone with Bluetooth/WLAN
Liquid Temperature: 21.1 °C
Ambient Temperature: 21.3 °C
Test Date: Apr.29, 2012
Separation Distance 1.0 cm

DUT: ONE TOUCH 960C; Type: bar; Serial: #1

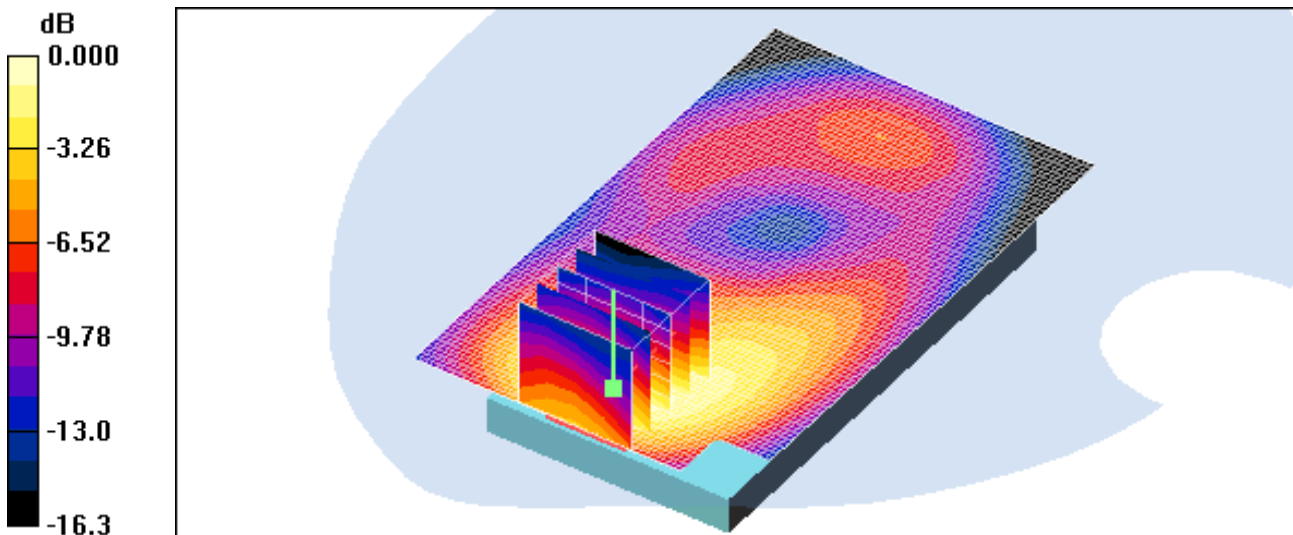
Communication System: PCS 1900MHz FCC; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.52$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(7.26, 7.26, 7.26); Calibrated: 2011-07-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2011-09-22
- Phantom: SAM 835/900 MHz; Type: SAM

EVDO Body Front 600/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.996 mW/g

EVDO Body Front 600/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 9.75 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.44 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.876 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.494 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.977 mW/g



0 dB = 0.977mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Cellular/AWS/PCS CDMA/EVDO Phone with Bluetooth/WLAN
Liquid Temperature: 21.1 °C
Ambient Temperature: 21.3 °C
Test Date: Apr.29, 2012
Separation Distance 1.0 cm

DUT: ONE TOUCH 960C; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: PCS 1900MHz FCC; Frequency: 1908.75 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1908.75$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.55$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(7.26, 7.26, 7.26); Calibrated: 2011-07-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2011-09-22
- Phantom: SAM 835/900 MHz; Type: SAM

EVDO Body Front 1175/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.977 mW/g

EVDO Body Front 1175/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

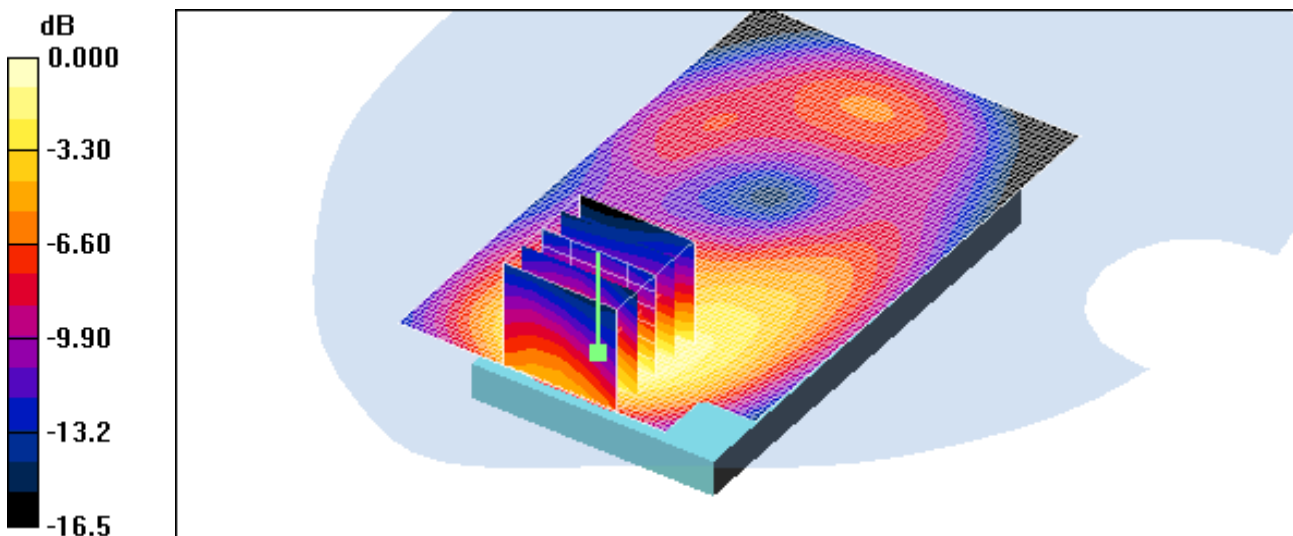
Reference Value = 9.47 V/m; Power Drift = 0.030 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.42 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.853 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.475 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.956 mW/g



0 dB = 0.956mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Cellular/AWS/PCS CDMA/EVDO Phone with Bluetooth/WLAN
Liquid Temperature: 21.1 °C
Ambient Temperature: 21.3 °C
Test Date: Apr.29, 2012
Separation Distance 1.0 cm

DUT: ONE TOUCH 960C; Type: bar; Serial: #1

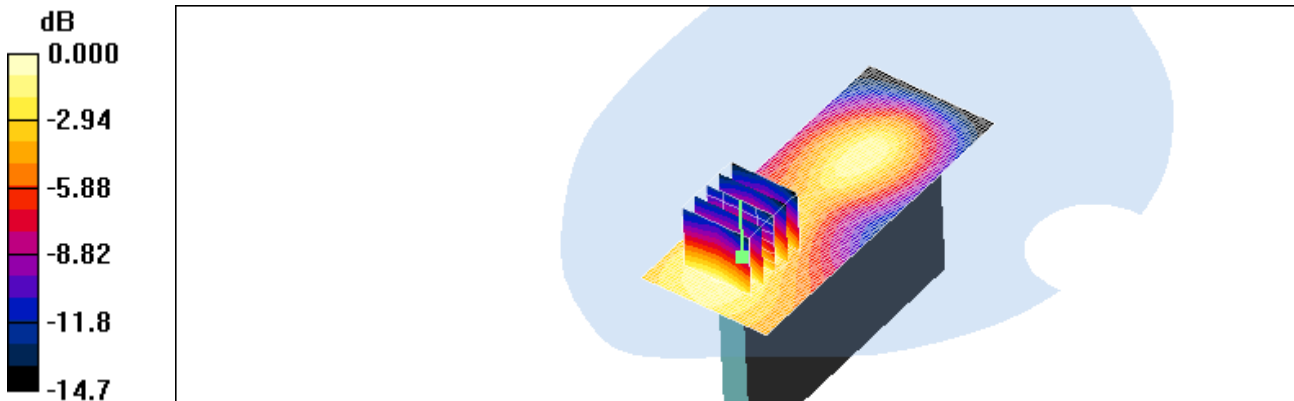
Communication System: PCS 1900MHz FCC; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.52$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(7.26, 7.26, 7.26); Calibrated: 2011-07-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2011-09-22
- Phantom: SAM 835/900 MHz; Type: SAM

EVDO Body Left side 600/Area Scan (41x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.192 mW/g

EVDO Body Left side 600/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 9.20 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.292 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.185 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.112 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.201 mW/g



0 dB = 0.201mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Cellular/AWS/PCS CDMA/EVDO Phone with Bluetooth/WLAN
Liquid Temperature: 21.1 °C
Ambient Temperature: 21.3 °C
Test Date: Apr.29, 2012
Separation Distance 1.0 cm

DUT: ONE TOUCH 960C; Type: bar; Serial: #1

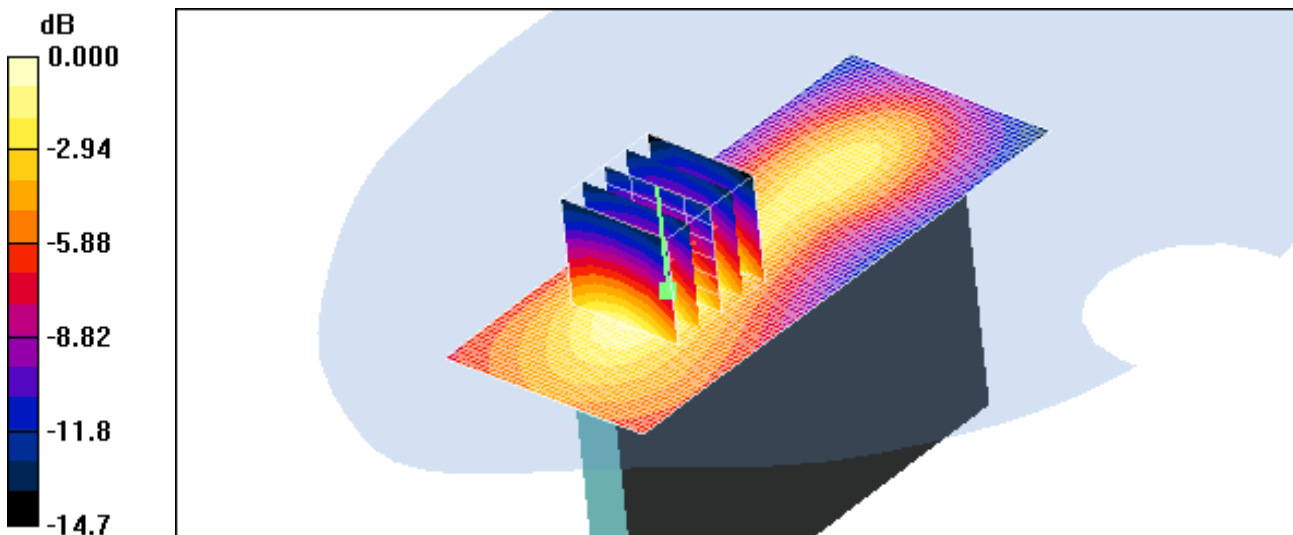
Communication System: PCS 1900MHz FCC; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.52$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(7.26, 7.26, 7.26); Calibrated: 2011-07-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2011-09-22
- Phantom: SAM 835/900 MHz; Type: SAM

EVDO Body Right side 600/Area Scan (41x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.340 mW/g

EVDO Body Right side 600/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 11.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.112 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.497 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.307 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.182 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.335 mW/g



Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Cellular/AWS/PCS CDMA/EVDO Phone with Bluetooth/WLAN
Liquid Temperature: 21.1 °C
Ambient Temperature: 21.3 °C
Test Date: Apr.29, 2012
Separation Distance 1.0 cm

DUT: ONE TOUCH 960C; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: PCS 1900MHz FCC; Frequency: 1851.25 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1851.25$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.49$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(7.26, 7.26, 7.26); Calibrated: 2011-07-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2011-09-22
- Phantom: SAM 835/900 MHz; Type: SAM

EVDO Body Bottom side 25/Area Scan (41x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.17 mW/g

EVDO Body Bottom side 25/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

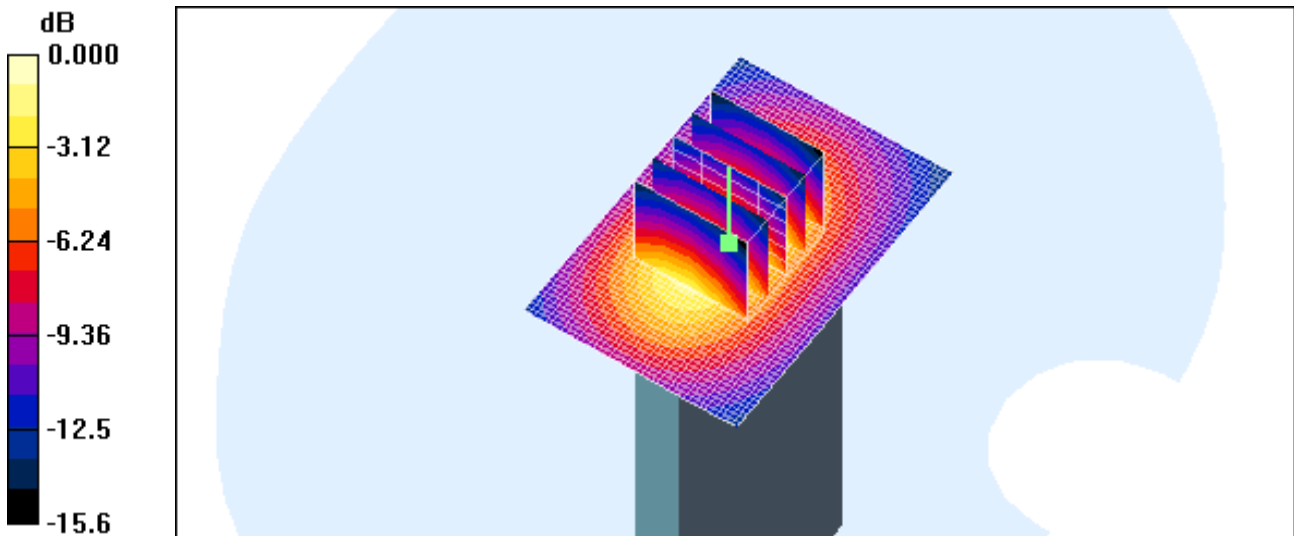
Reference Value = 27.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.097 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.70 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.04 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.589 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.16 mW/g



0 dB = 1.16mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Cellular/AWS/PCS CDMA/EVDO Phone with Bluetooth/WLAN
Liquid Temperature: 21.1 °C
Ambient Temperature: 21.3 °C
Test Date: Apr.29, 2012
Separation Distance 1.0 cm

DUT: ONE TOUCH 960C; Type: bar; Serial: #1

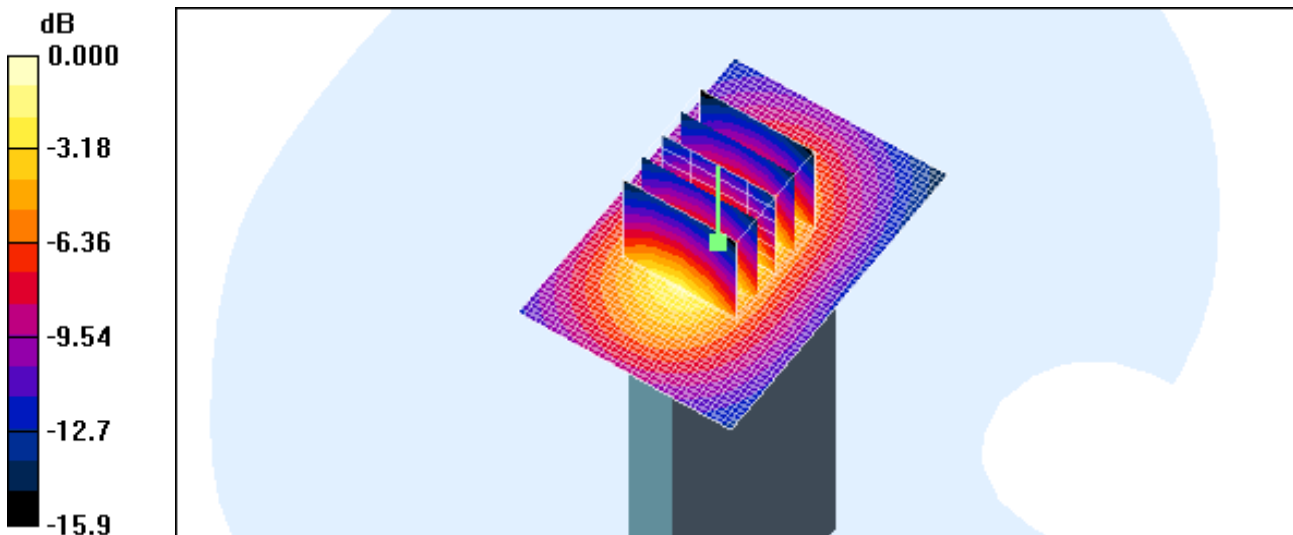
Communication System: PCS 1900MHz FCC; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.52$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(7.26, 7.26, 7.26); Calibrated: 2011-07-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2011-09-22
- Phantom: SAM 835/900 MHz; Type: SAM

EVDO Body Bottom side 600/Area Scan (41x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.33 mW/g

EVDO Body Bottom side 600/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 29.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.035 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.98 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.2 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.671 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.35 mW/g



0 dB = 1.35mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Cellular/AWS/PCS CDMA/EVDO Phone with Bluetooth/WLAN
Liquid Temperature: 21.1 °C
Ambient Temperature: 21.3 °C
Test Date: Apr.29, 2012
Separation Distance 1.0 cm

DUT: ONE TOUCH 960C; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: PCS 1900MHz FCC; Frequency: 1908.75 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1908.75$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.55$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(7.26, 7.26, 7.26); Calibrated: 2011-07-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2011-09-22
- Phantom: SAM 835/900 MHz; Type: SAM

EVDO Body Bottom side 1175/Area Scan (41x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.23 mW/g

EVDO Body Bottom side 1175/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

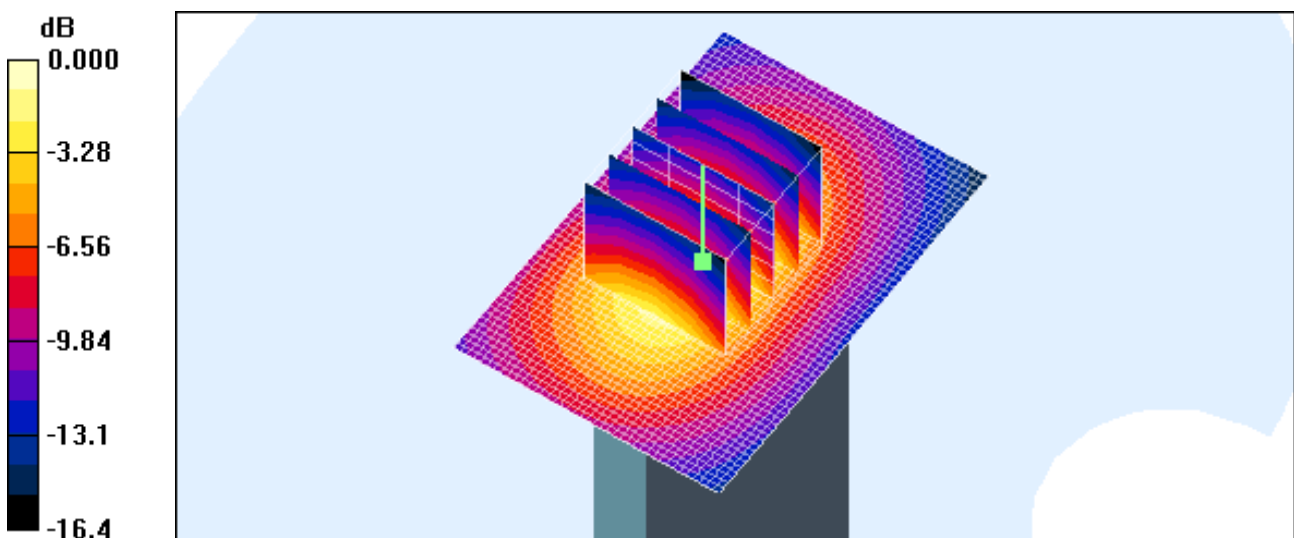
Reference Value = 28.0 V/m; Power Drift = -0.099 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.83 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.1 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.605 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.24 mW/g



0 dB = 1.24mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Cellular/AWS/PCS CDMA/EVDO Phone with Bluetooth/WLAN
Liquid Temperature: 21.1 °C
Ambient Temperature: 21.3 °C
Test Date: Apr.29, 2012
Separation Distance 2.0 cm

DUT: ONE TOUCH 960C; Type: bar; Serial: #1

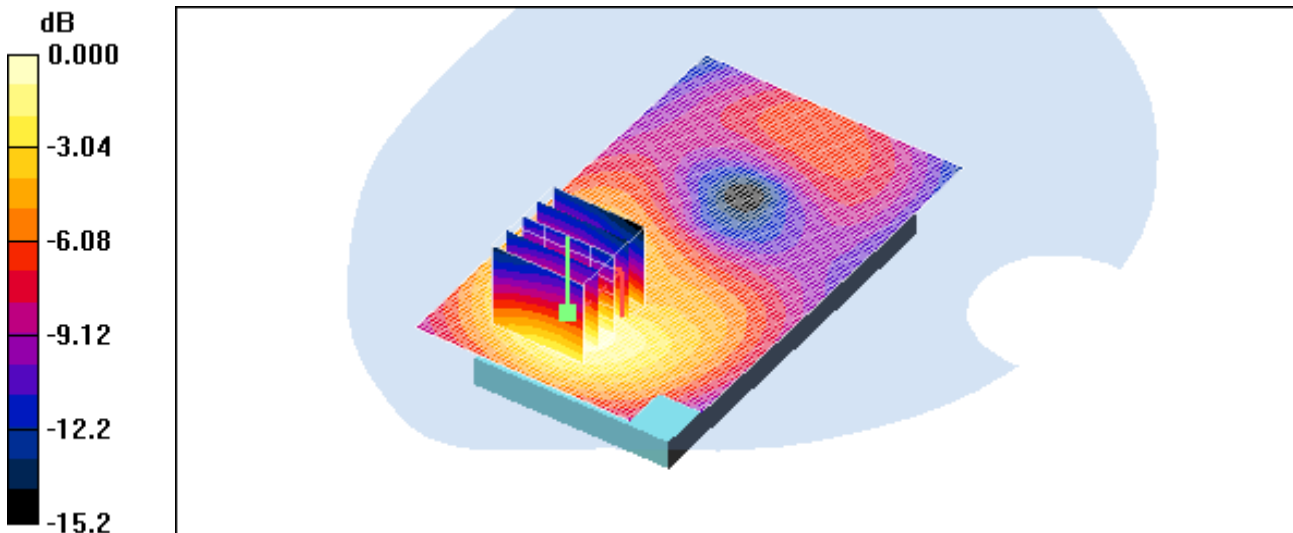
Communication System: PCS 1900MHz FCC; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.52 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(7.26, 7.26, 7.26); Calibrated: 2011-07-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2011-09-22
- Phantom: SAM 835/900 MHz; Type: SAM

PCS1900 1xRTT Body Rear 600/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.860 mW/g

PCS1900 1xRTT Body Rear 600/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 6.72 V/m; Power Drift = 0.017 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.22 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.771 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.470 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.832 mW/g



0 dB = 0.832mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Cellular/AWS/PCS CDMA/EVDO Phone with Bluetooth/WLAN
Liquid Temperature: 21.1 °C
Ambient Temperature: 21.3 °C
Test Date: Apr.29, 2012
Separation Distance 2.0 cm

DUT: Vulcan; Type: bar; Serial: #1

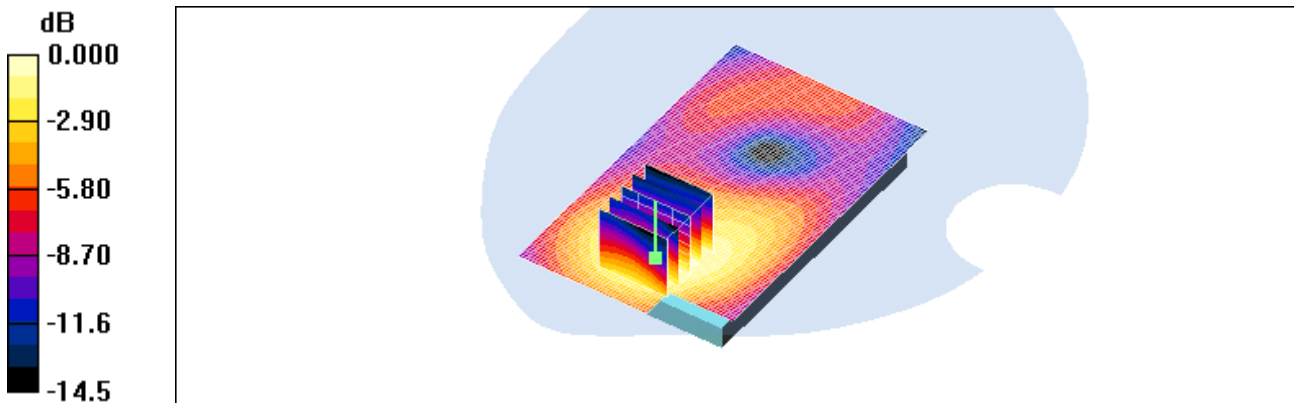
Communication System: PCS 1900MHz FCC; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.52 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(7.26, 7.26, 7.26); Calibrated: 2011-07-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2011-09-22
- Phantom: 1800/1900 Phantom; Type: SAM

PCS1900 1xRTT Body Front 600/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.820 mW/g

PCS1900 1xRTT Body Front 600/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
Reference Value = 9.15 V/m; Power Drift = 0.041 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.19 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.755 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.463 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.831 mW/g



0 dB = 0.831mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Cellular/AWS/PCS CDMA/EVDO Phone with Bluetooth/WLAN
Liquid Temperature: 21.1 °C
Ambient Temperature: 21.3 °C
Test Date: May 2, 2012
Separation Distance 1.0 cm

DUT: ONE TOUCH 960C; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: 2450MHz FCC; Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2412$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.81$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(6.96, 6.96, 6.96); Calibrated: 2011-07-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2011-09-22
- Phantom: 835/900 Phantom ; Type: SAM

802.11b Body Rear 1ch 1Mbps/Area Scan (71x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.189 mW/g

802.11b Body Rear 1ch 1Mbps/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

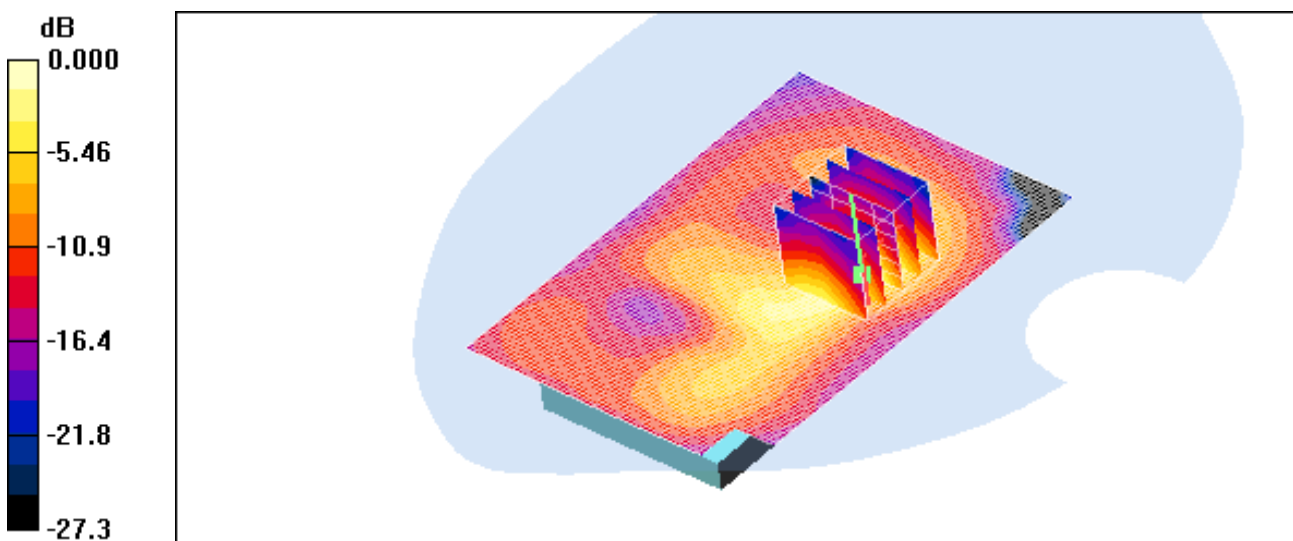
Reference Value = 3.66 V/m; Power Drift = -0.083 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.334 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.160 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.071 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.189 mW/g



Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Cellular/AWS/PCS CDMA/EVDO Phone with Bluetooth/WLAN
Liquid Temperature: 21.1 °C
Ambient Temperature: 21.3 °C
Test Date: May 2, 2012
Separation Distance 1.0 cm

DUT: ONE TOUCH 960C; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: 2450MHz FCC; Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2412$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.81$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(6.96, 6.96, 6.96); Calibrated: 2011-07-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2011-09-22
- Phantom: 835/900 Phantom ; Type: SAM

802.11b Body Front 1ch 1Mbps/Area Scan (71x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.020 mW/g

802.11b Body Front 1ch 1Mbps/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

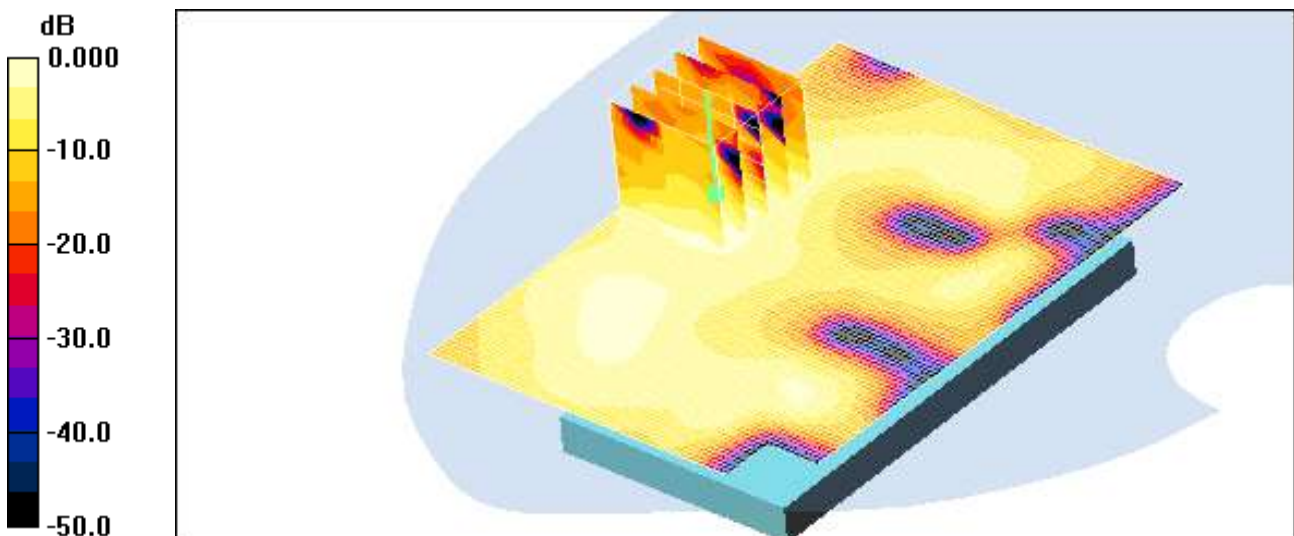
Reference Value = 1.26 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.030 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.016 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00759 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.019 mW/g



Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Cellular/AWS/PCS CDMA/EVDO Phone with Bluetooth/WLAN
Liquid Temperature: 21.1 °C
Ambient Temperature: 21.3 °C
Test Date: May 2, 2012
Separation Distance 1.0 cm

DUT: ONE TOUCH 960C; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: 2450MHz FCC; Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2412$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.81$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(6.96, 6.96, 6.96); Calibrated: 2011-07-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2011-09-22
- Phantom: 835/900 Phantom ; Type: SAM

802.11b Body Left side 1ch 1Mbps/Area Scan (41x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.134 mW/g

802.11b Body Left side 1ch 1Mbps/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

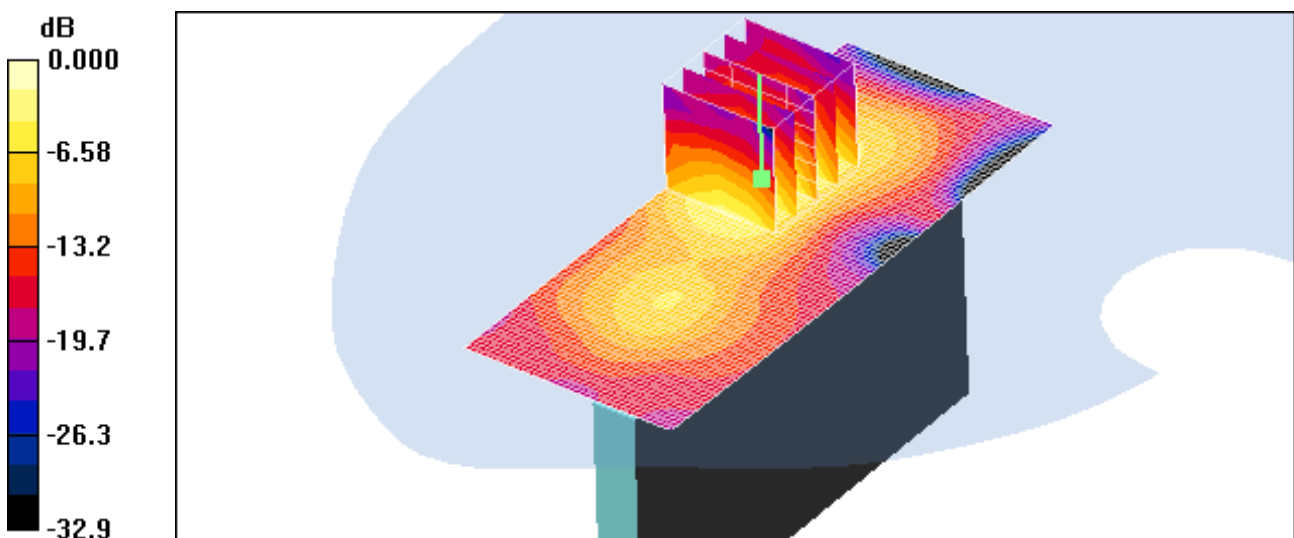
Reference Value = 4.25 V/m; Power Drift = -0.013 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.276 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.130 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.058 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.148 mW/g



Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Cellular/AWS/PCS CDMA/EVDO Phone with Bluetooth/WLAN
Liquid Temperature: 21.1 °C
Ambient Temperature: 21.3 °C
Test Date: May 2, 2012
Separation Distance 1.0 cm

DUT: ONE TOUCH 960C; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: 2450MHz FCC; Frequency: 2412 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2412$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.81$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(6.96, 6.96, 6.96); Calibrated: 2011-07-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2011-09-22
- Phantom: 835/900 Phantom ; Type: SAM

802.11b Body Top side 1ch 1Mbps/Area Scan (41x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.018 mW/g

802.11b Body Top side 1ch 1Mbps/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

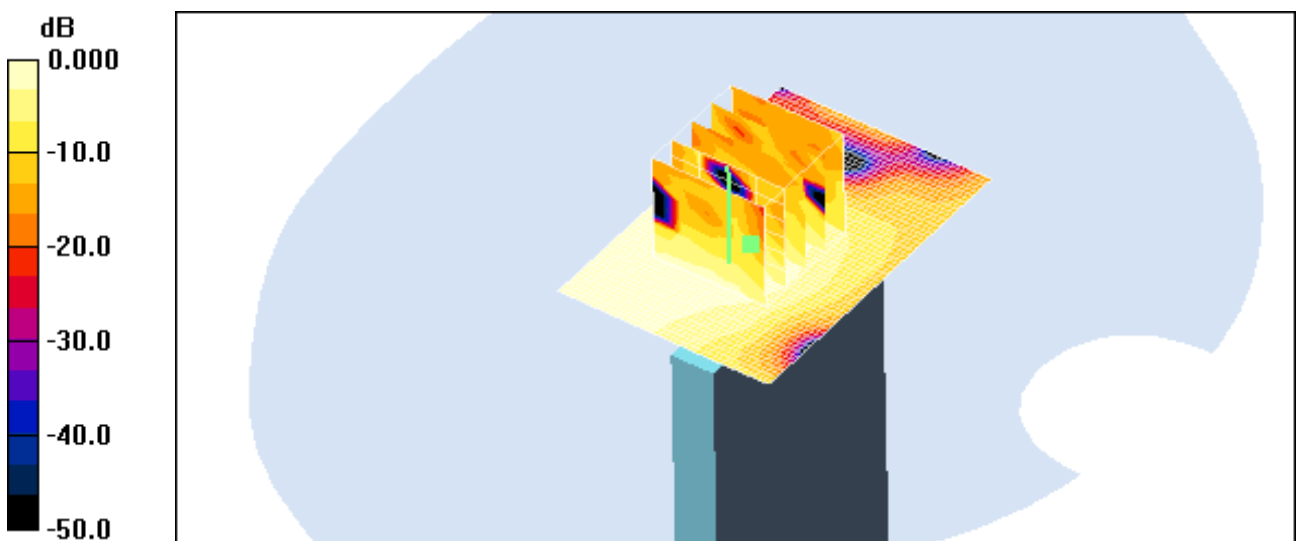
Reference Value = 2.77 V/m; Power Drift = 0.059 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.028 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.016 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.0084 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.018 mW/g



0 dB = 0.018mW/g

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Cellular/AWS/PCS CDMA/EVDO Phone with Bluetooth/WLAN
Liquid Temperature: 21.1 °C
Ambient Temperature: 21.3 °C
Test Date: Apr.16, 2012

DUT: ONE TOUCH 960C; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: CDMA 835MHz FCC; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.52$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.869$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Left Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(8.93, 8.93, 8.93); Calibrated: 2011-07-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2011-09-22
- Phantom: SAM 835/900 MHz; Type: SAM

Left touch 384/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.705 mW/g

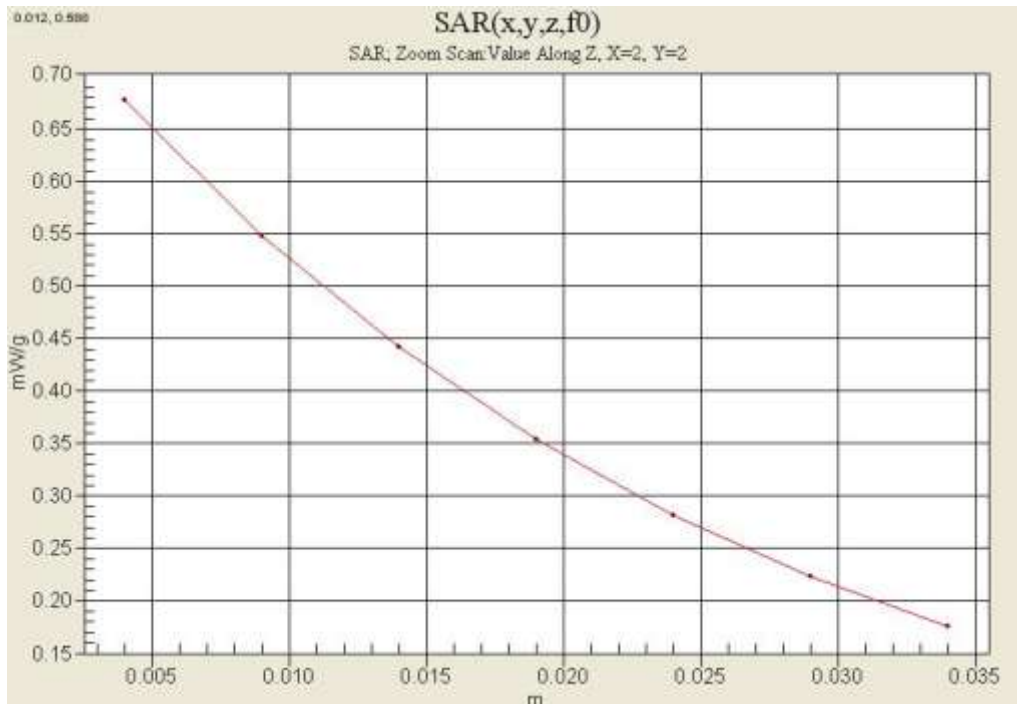
Left touch 384/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.050 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.799 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.650 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.498 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.678 mW/g



Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Cellular/AWS/PCS CDMA/EVDO Phone with Bluetooth/WLAN
Liquid Temperature: 21.1 °C
Ambient Temperature: 21.3 °C
Test Date: Apr.16, 2012

DUT: ONE TOUCH 960C; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: CDMA 835MHz FCC; Frequency: 824.7 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 825$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.995$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

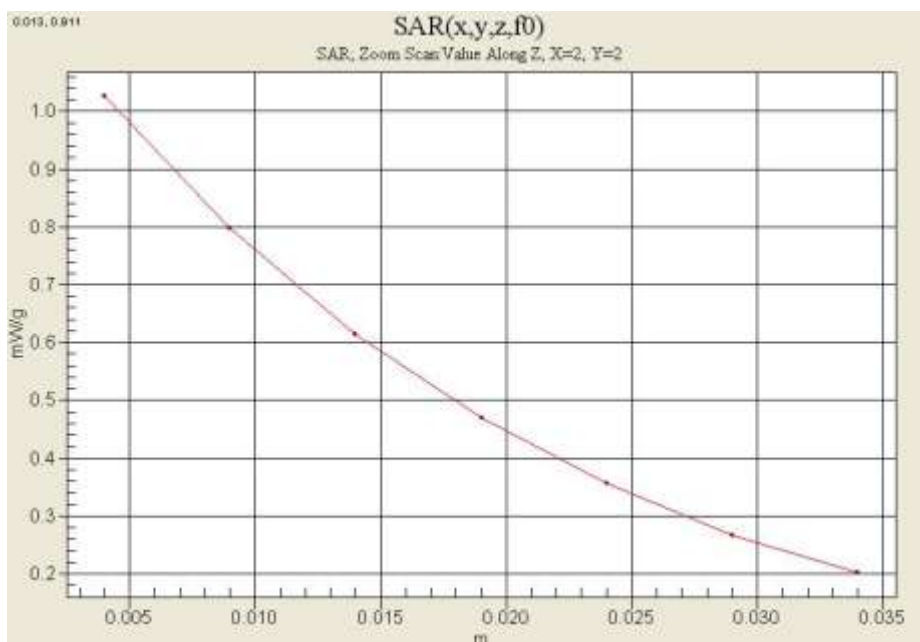
DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(9.14, 9.14, 9.14); Calibrated: 2011-07-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2011-09-22
- Phantom: 835/900 Phantom ; Type: SAM

EVDO Body Rear 1013/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.00 mW/g

EVDO Body Rear 1013/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 13.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.184 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.24 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.970 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.725 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.02 mW/g

EVDO Body Rear 1013/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 13.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.184 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.22 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.846 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.568 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.962 mW/g



Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Cellular/AWS/PCS CDMA/EVDO Phone with Bluetooth/WLAN
Liquid Temperature: 21.2 °C
Ambient Temperature: 21.4 °C
Test Date: Apr.13, 2012

DUT: ONE TOUCH 960C; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: AWS 1700 MHz FCC; Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1732.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.35$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Right Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(7.88, 7.88, 7.88); Calibrated: 2011-07-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2011-09-22
- Phantom: SAM 1800/1900 MHz; Type: SAM

Right touch 450/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.39 mW/g

Right touch 450/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.113 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.09 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.27 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.741 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.39 mW/g



Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Cellular/AWS/PCS CDMA/EVDO Phone with Bluetooth/WLAN
Liquid Temperature: 21.2 °C
Ambient Temperature: 21.4 °C
Test Date: Apr.13, 2012

DUT: ONE TOUCH 960C; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: AWS 1700 MHz FCC; Frequency: 1753.75 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1753.75$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.47$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(7.69, 7.69, 7.69); Calibrated: 2011-07-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2011-09-22
- Phantom: SAM 835/900 MHz; Type: SAM

EVDO Body Bottom side 875/Area Scan (41x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.17 mW/g

EVDO Body Bottom side 875/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 27.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.076 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.79 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.08 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.622 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.21 mW/g



Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Cellular/AWS/PCS CDMA/EVDO Phone with Bluetooth/WLAN
Liquid Temperature: 21.1 °C
Ambient Temperature: 21.3 °C
Test Date: Apr.29, 2012

DUT: ONE TOUCH 960C; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: PCS 1900MHz FCC; Frequency: 1851.25 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1851.25$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.34$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Right Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(7.6, 7.6, 7.6); Calibrated: 2011-07-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2011-09-22
- Phantom: SAM 1800/1900 MHz; Type: SAM

Right touch 25/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.43 mW/g

Right touch 25/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 18.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.013 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.25 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.3 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.733 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.42 mW/g



Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Cellular/AWS/PCS CDMA/EVDO Phone with Bluetooth/WLAN
Liquid Temperature: 21.1 °C
Ambient Temperature: 21.3 °C
Test Date: Apr.29, 2012

DUT: ONE TOUCH 960C; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: PCS 1900MHz FCC; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.52$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(7.26, 7.26, 7.26); Calibrated: 2011-07-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2011-09-22
- Phantom: SAM 835/900 MHz; Type: SAM

EVDO Body Bottom side 600/Area Scan (41x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.33 mW/g

EVDO Body Bottom side 600/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 29.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.035 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.98 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.2 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.671 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.35 mW/g



Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Cellular/AWS/PCS CDMA/EVDO Phone with Bluetooth/WLAN
Liquid Temperature: 21.1 °C
Ambient Temperature: 21.3 °C
Test Date: May 2, 2012

DUT: ONE TOUCH 960C; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: 2450MHz FCC; Frequency: 2412 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2412$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.73$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Right Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(6.94, 6.94, 6.94); Calibrated: 2011-07-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2011-09-22
- Phantom: 1800/1900 Phantom; Type: SAM

Right tilt 1ch 1Mbps/Area Scan (71x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.017 mW/g

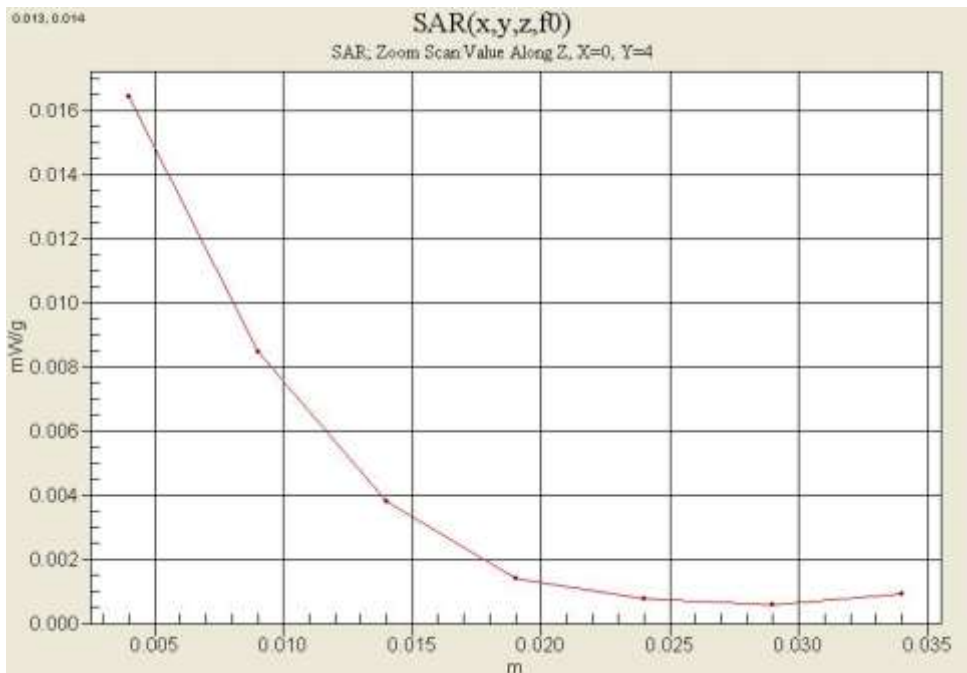
Right tilt 1ch 1Mbps/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.33 V/m; Power Drift = -0.045 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.026 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.014 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00749 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.016 mW/g



Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Cellular/AWS/PCS CDMA/EVDO Phone with Bluetooth/WLAN
Liquid Temperature: 21.1 °C
Ambient Temperature: 21.3 °C
Test Date: May 2, 2012

DUT: ONE TOUCH 960C; Type: bar; Serial: #1

Communication System: 2450MHz FCC; Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2412$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.81$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(6.96, 6.96, 6.96); Calibrated: 2011-07-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2011-09-22
- Phantom: 835/900 Phantom ; Type: SAM

802.11b Body Rear 1ch 1Mbps/Area Scan (71x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.189 mW/g

802.11b Body Rear 1ch 1Mbps/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

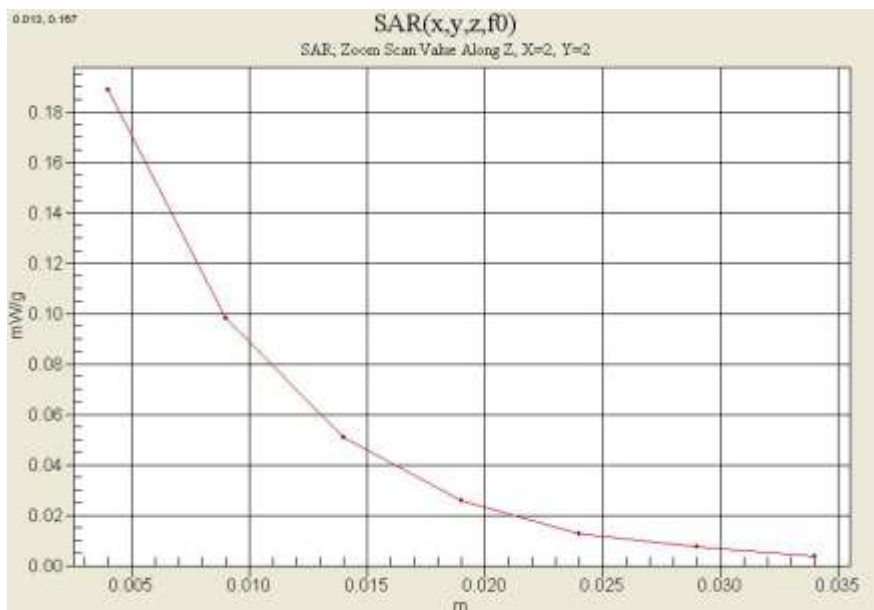
Reference Value = 3.66 V/m; Power Drift = -0.083 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.334 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.160 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.071 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.189 mW/g



Attachment 2. – Dipole Validation Plots

■ Validation Data (835 MHz Head)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
Input Power 100 mW (20 dBm)
Liquid Temp: 21.1 °C
Test Date: Apr. 16, 2012

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 – SN:441

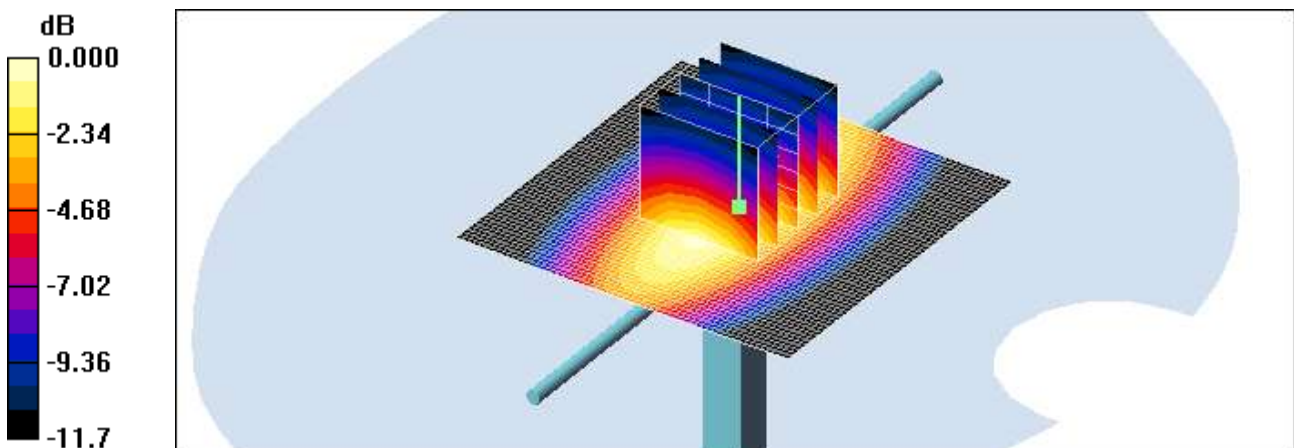
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.868 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.6$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3797; ConvF(8.93, 8.93, 8.93); Calibrated: 2011-07-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2011-09-22
- Phantom: 1800/1900 Phantom; Type: SAM

Validation 835MHz/Area Scan (61x61x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.02 mW/g

Validation 835MHz/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
Reference Value = 34.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.008 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.53 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.937 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.572 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.03 mW/g



0 dB = 1.03mW/g

■ Validation Data (835 MHz Body)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
Input Power 100 mW (20 dBm)
Liquid Temp: 21.1 °C
Test Date: Apr. 16, 2012

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 – SN:441

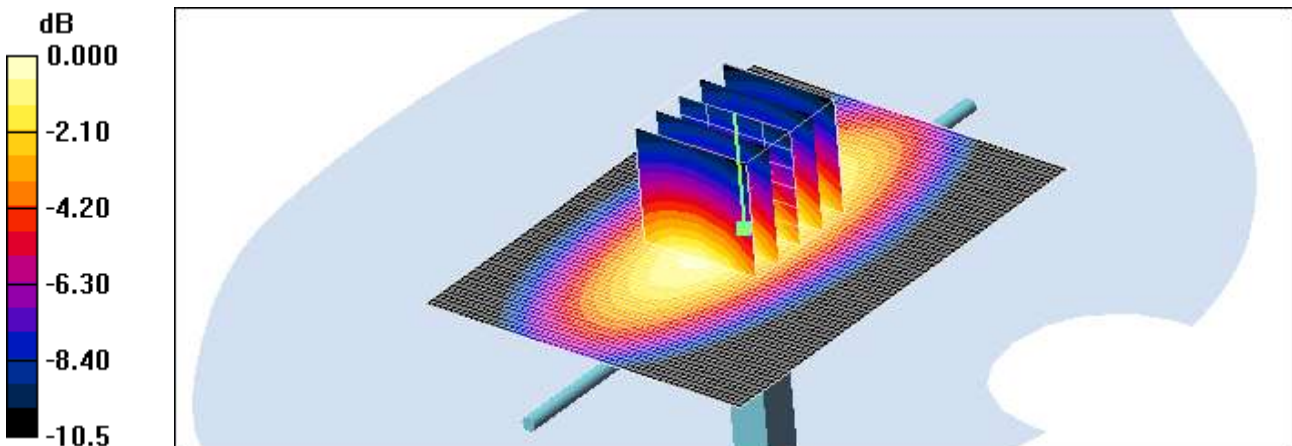
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.01$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3797; ConvF(9.14, 9.14, 9.14); Calibrated: 2011-07-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2011-09-22
- Phantom: 800/900 Phantom; Type: SAM

Validation 835 MHz/Area Scan (61x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.05 mW/g

Validation 835 MHz/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 31.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.005 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.44 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.968 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.634 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.05 mW/g



0 dB = 1.05mW/g

■ Validation Data (1800 MHz Head)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
Input Power: 100 mW (20 dBm)
Liquid Temp: 21.2 °C
Test Date: Apr. 13, 2012

DUT: Dipole 1800 MHz; Type: D1800V2; Serial: D1800V2 – SN:2d007

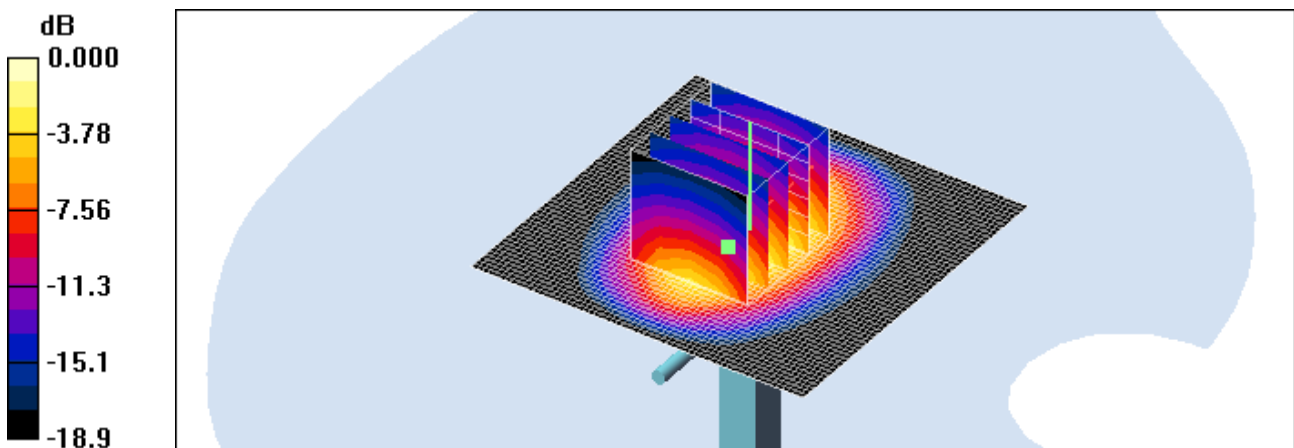
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 1800$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.43$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3797; ConvF(7.88, 7.88, 7.88); Calibrated: 2011-07-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2011-09-22
- Phantom: 1800/1900 Phantom; Type: SAM

Dipole 1800MHz Validation/Area Scan (61x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 4.75 mW/g

Dipole 1800MHz Validation/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 56.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.032 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.70 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 4.12 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.14 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.55 mW/g



0 dB = 4.55mW/g

■ Validation Data (1800 MHz Body)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
Input Power 100 mW (20 dBm)
Liquid Temp: 21.2 °C
Test Date: Apr. 13, 2012

DUT: Dipole 1800 MHz; Type: D1800V2; Serial: D1800V2 – SN:2d007

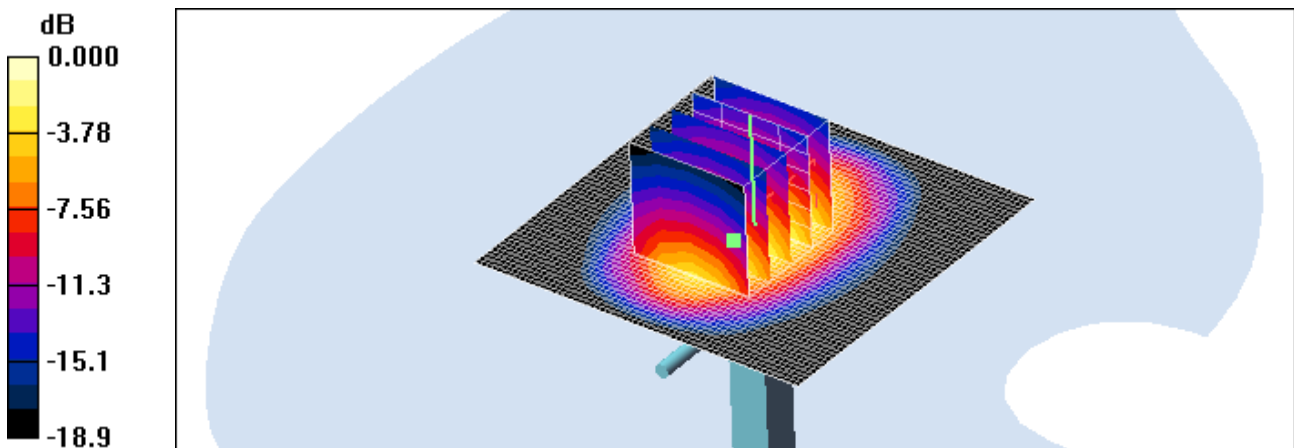
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 1800$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.51$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3797; ConvF(7.69, 7.69, 7.69); Calibrated: 2011-07-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn869; Calibrated: 2011-09-22
- Phantom: 1800/1900 Phantom; Type: SAM

Dipole 1800MHz Validation/Area Scan (61x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 4.39 mW/g

Dipole 1800MHz Validation/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 52.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.051 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.05 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 3.81 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.99 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.22 mW/g



0 dB = 4.22mW/g

■ Validation Data (1900 MHz Head)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
Input Power: 100 mW (20 dBm)
Liquid Temp: 21.1 °C
Test Date: Apr. 29, 2012

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 – SN:5d032

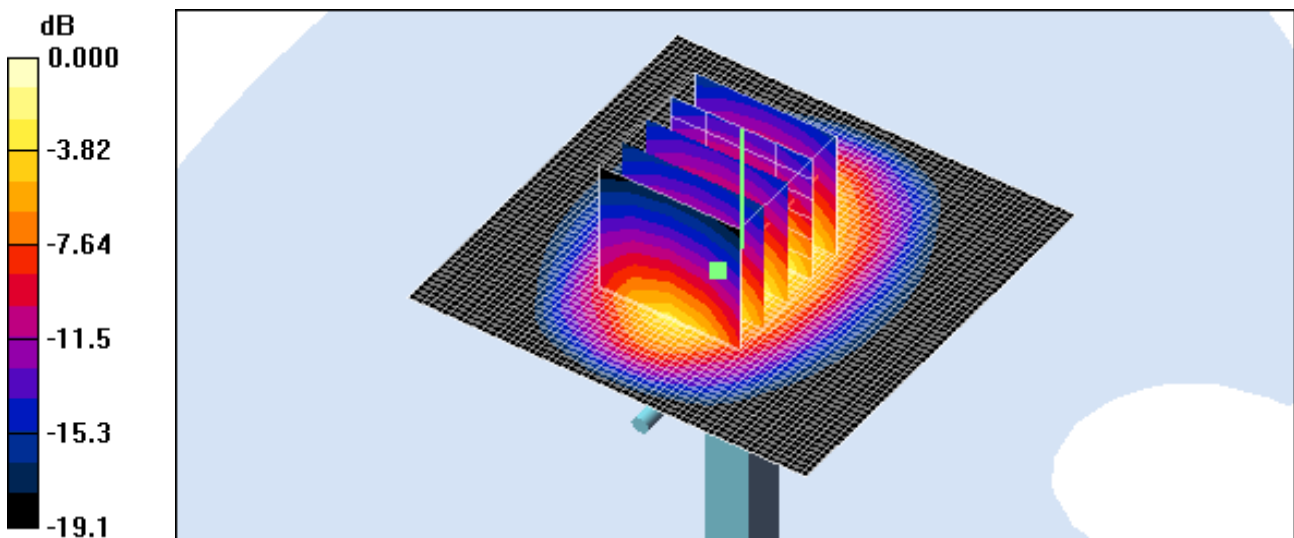
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.39$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3797; ConvF(7.6, 7.6, 7.6); Calibrated: 2011-07-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2011-09-22
- Phantom: 1800/1900 Phantom; Type: SAM

Dipole 1900MHz Validation/Area Scan (61x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 4.75 mW/g

Dipole 1900MHz Validation/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 57.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.006 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.73 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 4.12 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.14 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.56 mW/g



0 dB = 4.56mW/g

■ Validation Data (1900 MHz Body)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
Input Power 100 mW (20 dBm)
Liquid Temp: 21.1 °C
Test Date: Apr. 29, 2012

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 – SN:5d032

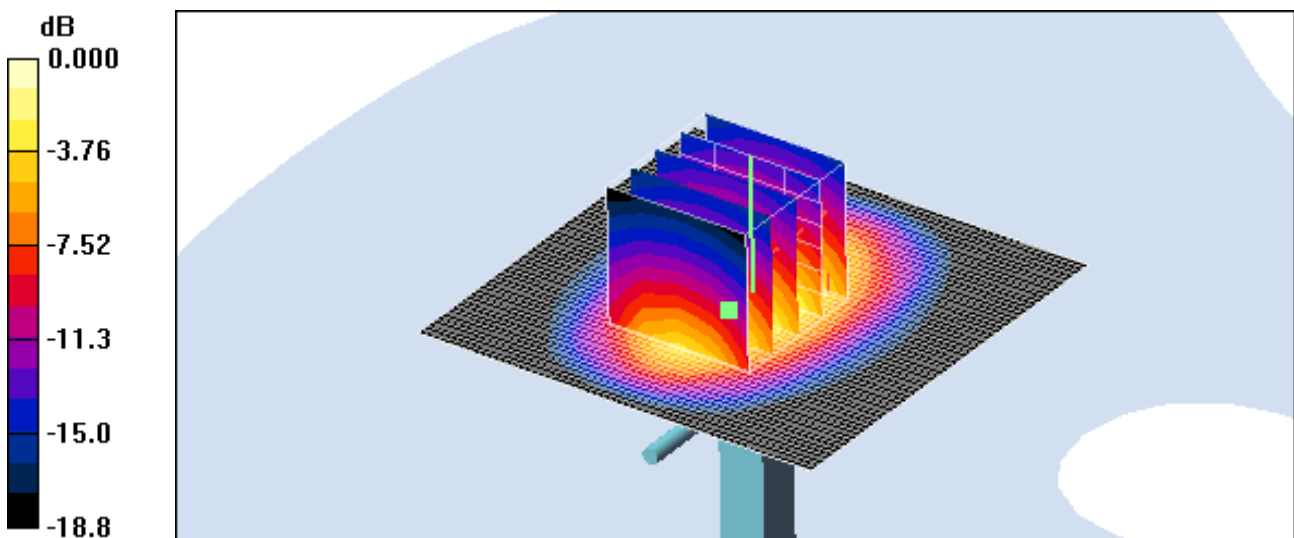
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.54$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3797; ConvF(7.26, 7.26, 7.26); Calibrated: 2011-07-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2011-09-22
- Phantom: 1800/1900 Phantom; Type: SAM

Dipole 1900MHz Validation/Area Scan (61x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 4.71 mW/g

Dipole 1900MHz Validation/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 54.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.051 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.60 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 4.09 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.14 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.53 mW/g



0 dB = 4.53mW/g

Validation Data (2450 MHz Head)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
Input Power 100 mW (20 dBm)
Liquid Temp: 21.1 °C
Test Date: May 2, 2012

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 – SN:743

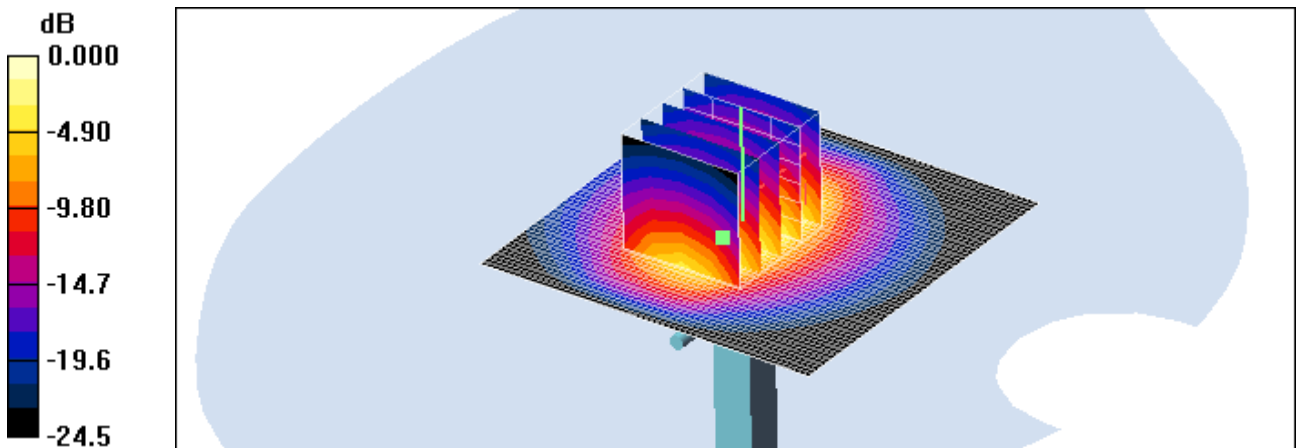
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 2450 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.77 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.3$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3797; ConvF(6.94, 6.94, 6.94); Calibrated: 2011-07-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2011-09-22
- Phantom: 800/900 Phantom; Type: SAM

Validation 2450MHz/Area Scan (61x61x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 6.39 mW/g

Validation 2450MHz/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
Reference Value = 57.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.000 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 11.2 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 5.25 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.45 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.89 mW/g



0 dB = 5.89mW/g

■ Validation Data (2450 MHz Body)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
Input Power 100 mW (20 dBm)
Liquid Temp: 21.1 °C
Test Date: May 2, 2012

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 – SN:743

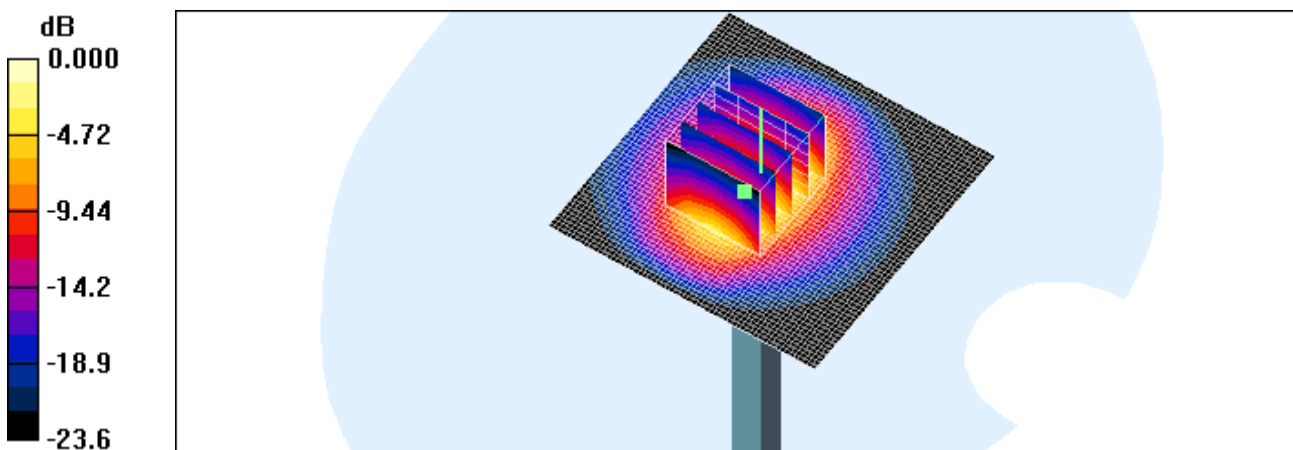
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.86$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3797; ConvF(6.96, 6.96, 6.96); Calibrated: 2011-07-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2011-09-22
- Phantom: 800/900 Phantom; Type: SAM

Validation 2450MHz/Area Scan (61x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 6.09 mW/g

Validation 2450MHz/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 55.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.103 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 10.9 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 5.12 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.4 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.66 mW/g



0 dB = 5.66mW/g

■ Dielectric Parameter (835 MHz Head)

Title ONE TOUCH 960C
SubTitle 835 (Head)
Test Date Apr. 16, 2012

Frequency	e'	e''
800000000.0000	41.9854	18.9609
805000000.0000	41.9778	18.8815
810000000.0000	41.9065	18.8633
815000000.0000	41.8479	18.8098
820000000.0000	41.7853	18.7582
825000000.0000	41.7078	18.7642
830000000.0000	41.6673	18.7286
835000000.0000	41.6151	18.6861
840000000.0000	41.5767	18.6716
845000000.0000	41.5109	18.6494
850000000.0000	41.4686	18.6519
855000000.0000	41.4081	18.6597
860000000.0000	41.3844	18.6314
865000000.0000	41.3625	18.6079
870000000.0000	41.2848	18.6869
875000000.0000	41.2977	18.6735
880000000.0000	41.2248	18.6750
885000000.0000	41.1636	18.6784
890000000.0000	41.1189	18.6670
895000000.0000	41.0674	18.7471
900000000.0000	41.0416	18.7103

■ Dielectric Parameter (835 MHz Body)

Title ONE TOUCH 960C
SubTitle 835 (Body)
Test Date Apr. 16, 2012

Frequency	e'	e''
800000000.0000	54.9459	21.6633
805000000.0000	54.9693	21.6588
810000000.0000	54.9316	21.6250
815000000.0000	54.9147	21.7080
820000000.0000	54.9543	21.6796
825000000.0000	54.9348	21.6726
830000000.0000	54.8994	21.7103
835000000.0000	54.8845	21.7401
840000000.0000	54.8221	21.7430
845000000.0000	54.7663	21.7601
850000000.0000	54.6871	21.7696
855000000.0000	54.5966	21.7452
860000000.0000	54.4599	21.6956
865000000.0000	54.3982	21.6401
870000000.0000	54.2852	21.5887
875000000.0000	54.2031	21.5586
880000000.0000	54.1343	21.4492
885000000.0000	54.1156	21.3852
890000000.0000	54.0882	21.3250
895000000.0000	54.0344	21.2231
900000000.0000	53.9820	21.1635

■ Dielectric Parameter (1800 MHz Head)

Title ONE TOUCH 960C
SubTitle 1800(Head)
Test Date Apr. 13, 2012

Frequency	e'	e''
1700000000.0000	40.9634	14.0030
1710000000.0000	40.8710	14.0216
1720000000.0000	40.8160	14.0312
1730000000.0000	40.7607	14.0539
1740000000.0000	40.6612	14.0529
1750000000.0000	40.5682	14.0863
1760000000.0000	40.5409	14.1119
1770000000.0000	40.5074	14.1663
1780000000.0000	40.4753	14.1948
1790000000.0000	40.4828	14.2301
1800000000.0000	40.4605	14.2401
1810000000.0000	40.4846	14.2584
1820000000.0000	40.4309	14.2692
1830000000.0000	40.3896	14.2632
1840000000.0000	40.2972	14.2866
1850000000.0000	40.2179	14.2993
1860000000.0000	40.1686	14.3331
1870000000.0000	40.0892	14.3893
1880000000.0000	40.0363	14.4654
1890000000.0000	39.9998	14.4886
1900000000.0000	39.9720	14.5094

■ Dielectric Parameter (1800 MHz Body)

Title ONE TOUCH 960C
SubTitle 1800(Body)
Test Date Apr. 13, 2012

Frequency	e'	e''
1700000000.0000	55.2461	15.0340
1710000000.0000	55.2298	15.0462
1720000000.0000	55.1914	15.0610
1730000000.0000	55.1743	15.0562
1740000000.0000	55.1665	15.0767
1750000000.0000	55.1451	15.0677
1760000000.0000	55.1365	15.0627
1770000000.0000	55.1285	15.0329
1780000000.0000	55.1027	15.0296
1790000000.0000	55.0847	15.0413
1800000000.0000	55.0723	15.0461
1810000000.0000	55.0264	15.0636
1820000000.0000	55.0026	15.0796
1830000000.0000	54.9626	15.1084
1840000000.0000	54.9303	15.1233
1850000000.0000	54.9073	15.1257
1860000000.0000	54.8794	15.1454
1870000000.0000	54.8594	15.1461
1880000000.0000	54.8538	15.1431
1890000000.0000	54.8396	15.1330
1900000000.0000	54.8312	15.1194

■ Dielectric Parameter (1900 MHz Head)

Title ONE TOUCH 960C
SubTitle 1900(Head)
Test Date Apr. 29, 2012

Frequency	e'	e''
1800000000.0000	39.4825	12.8542
1810000000.0000	39.4354	12.8931
1820000000.0000	39.3940	12.9045
1830000000.0000	39.3671	12.9523
1840000000.0000	39.3271	12.9719
1850000000.0000	39.3028	13.0149
1860000000.0000	39.2578	13.0319
1870000000.0000	39.2283	13.0482
1880000000.0000	39.1894	13.0854
1890000000.0000	39.1573	13.1035
1900000000.0000	39.1091	13.1407
1910000000.0000	39.0486	13.1565
1920000000.0000	39.0172	13.2068
1930000000.0000	38.9769	13.2276
1940000000.0000	38.9401	13.2610
1950000000.0000	38.9070	13.2892
1960000000.0000	38.8611	13.3140
1970000000.0000	38.8169	13.3438
1980000000.0000	38.7750	13.3577
1990000000.0000	38.7384	13.4001
2000000000.0000	38.7181	13.4434

■ Dielectric Parameter (1900 MHz Body)

Title ONE TOUCH 960C
SubTitle 1900(Body)
Test Date Apr. 29, 2012

Frequency	e'	e''
1800000000.0000	53.0285	14.2032
1810000000.0000	53.0179	14.2672
1820000000.0000	53.0042	14.3083
1830000000.0000	52.9598	14.3909
1840000000.0000	52.9649	14.4193
1850000000.0000	52.9309	14.5041
1860000000.0000	52.8826	14.5291
1870000000.0000	52.8344	14.5399
1880000000.0000	52.7897	14.5807
1890000000.0000	52.7415	14.6033
1900000000.0000	52.6722	14.5769
1910000000.0000	52.6476	14.5898
1920000000.0000	52.5777	14.5870
1930000000.0000	52.5509	14.6173
1940000000.0000	52.5411	14.6755
1950000000.0000	52.4653	14.7305
1960000000.0000	52.4450	14.7846
1970000000.0000	52.4646	14.8592
1980000000.0000	52.4305	14.8943
1990000000.0000	52.4160	14.9363
2000000000.0000	52.4032	14.9480

■ Dielectric Parameter (2450 MHz Head)

Title ONE TOUCH 960C
SubTitle 2450(Head)
Test Date May 2, 2012

Frequency	e'	e''
2400000000.0000	39.3779	12.8550
2405000000.0000	39.3542	12.8847
2410000000.0000	39.3439	12.9085
2415000000.0000	39.3275	12.9229
2420000000.0000	39.3255	12.9300
2425000000.0000	39.3145	12.9436
2430000000.0000	39.2903	12.9449
2435000000.0000	39.2911	12.9578
2440000000.0000	39.2875	12.9739
2445000000.0000	39.2753	12.9747
2450000000.0000	39.2542	12.9665
2455000000.0000	39.2111	12.9706
2460000000.0000	39.1859	12.9745
2465000000.0000	39.1725	12.9868
2470000000.0000	39.1427	12.9914
2475000000.0000	39.1545	12.9996
2480000000.0000	39.1353	13.0203
2485000000.0000	39.1200	13.0480
2490000000.0000	39.1073	13.0904
2495000000.0000	39.0887	13.1414
2500000000.0000	39.0750	13.1826

■ Dielectric Parameter (2450 MHz Body)

Title ONE TOUCH 960C
SubTitle 2450(Body)
Test Date May 2, 2012

Frequency	e'	e''
2400000000.0000	51.7129	13.4942
2405000000.0000	51.6817	13.4885
2410000000.0000	51.6590	13.4983
2415000000.0000	51.6264	13.5058
2420000000.0000	51.6078	13.5182
2425000000.0000	51.5714	13.5310
2430000000.0000	51.5454	13.5605
2435000000.0000	51.5275	13.5873
2440000000.0000	51.5155	13.5921
2445000000.0000	51.4952	13.6076
2450000000.0000	51.4658	13.6273
2455000000.0000	51.4359	13.6405
2460000000.0000	51.4199	13.6585
2465000000.0000	51.4226	13.6676
2470000000.0000	51.3999	13.6797
2475000000.0000	51.3869	13.6645
2480000000.0000	51.3446	13.6724
2485000000.0000	51.3317	13.6798
2490000000.0000	51.3228	13.6671
2495000000.0000	51.2976	13.6760
2500000000.0000	51.2716	13.6783

Attachment 3. – Probe Calibration Data

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

s p e a g

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USAGE OF ORGANIC SOLVENTS WITH SPEAG PRODUCTS

INTRODUCTION

SPEAG offers a wide range of simulating liquids. These liquids are based on various ingredients depending on their frequency range. The below compatibility table shows compatibility of SPEAG products used in conjunction with tissue simulating liquids. Proper treatment and maintenance of all SPEAG products is essential regardless of its compliance status.

COMPATIBILITY TABLE

- Y= fully compatible with the tissue simulating liquid. Long time exposure is not critical.
- P= partially compatible. It is essential to keep the exposure time to a minimum and to rinse and clean the item after exposure to the respective tissue simulating liquid. Continuous exposure will reduce the item life-time drastically and will therefore void any warranty. 100 hours per 7 days maximum exposure.
- R= restricted compatibility with the respective tissue simulating liquid. Short time exposure of less than 4 hours is possible given that the item is thoroughly rinsed and dried after each exposure.
- N= not compatible with the respective tissue simulating liquid. Short time exposure will cause irreparable damage to the item exposed.

SPEAG MSDS Liquid Type Probes & Phantoms	771-SLAAs10yy			772-SLAAs11yy			773-SLAAs12yy			774-SLAAs13yy			775-SLAAs14yy			776-SLAAs15yy			3rd Party Liquids		
	MSL 175 to 185, 195	MSL 450 to 460	MSL 400	MSL 1450 to 1460	MSL 2450	MSL 2450	MSL 3100 - 3100 Broadband	MSL 3500 - 3500 Broadband	MSL 3500 - 3500 Broadband	MSL 5000 Broadband	MSL 5000 Broadband	MSL 5000 Broadband	MSL BB 1.5 to 1.5	MSL BB 1.3	MSL BB 1.2 to 1.2	MSL BB 1.9	Tissue Based Liquids	Acids	Solvents		
Two SAM Phantom V4.0	Y	Y	Y	P	P	P	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N
ELI Oval Phantom V4.0	Y	Y	Y	P	P	P	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N
Flat Phantom V4.4 / V5.x	Y	Y	Y	P	P	P	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N
Whole Body Mannequin	Y	Y	Y	R	R	R	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N
SAM HEAD V4.5	Y	Y	Y	P	P	P	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N
SAM HEAD V4.5 CTIA	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N
SAM HEAD V4.5 BS																					
SAM HEAD V6.0 / 6.1	Y	Y	Y	R	R	R	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N
Probe ER3DV6 / ET1DV6R	Y	Y	Y	P	P	P	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N
Probe ESSDV6 / EX1DV6	Y	Y	Y	P	P	P	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N
Probe HDDV6 and lighter	Y	Y	Y	P	P	P	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N
Probe HU2DV6 / HU1DV6	Y	Y	Y	P	P	P	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N
Probe ET1DV6	Y	Y	Y	R	R	R	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N
Probe T1V3 / T1V3 Lab	Y	Y	Y	R	R	R	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N
PEX 130 / 300 Probe Extension	Y	Y	Y	P	P	P	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N
Probes in PMMA enclosures	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N
ASTM Phantom	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N
ELIT 1.5 / 3.0T Phantom	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N

IMPORTANT NOTE FOR PROBES: The probe shall not be exposed to solvents longer than necessary for the measurements and shall be cleaned daily after use with warm water and stored dry.

IMPORTANT NOTE FOR PHANTOMS: Phantoms shall not be exposed to solvents longer than necessary for the measurement. After use, they shall be washed in the inside with clean water and stored dry. Any damaging of the inner surface must be avoided. Once a week, also the outside of the phantom shell shall be washed with clean water and dried.

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

771-TN-BR-100621-7A

BR

June 2010

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
S Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client HCT (Dymstec)

Certificate No: EX3-3797_Jul11

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object EX3DV4 - SN:3797

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-01.v8, QA CAL-14.v3, QA CAL-23.v4, QA CAL-25.v4
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date: July 25, 2011

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293674	31-Mar-11 (No. 217-01372)	Apr-12
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	31-Mar-11 (No. 217-01372)	Apr-12
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01369)	Apr-12
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5088 (20b)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01367)	Apr-12
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01370)	Apr-12
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	29-Dec-10 (No. ES3-3013_Dec10)	Dec-11
DAE4	SN: 654	3-May-11 (No. DAE4-654_May11)	May-12
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10)	In house check: Oct-11

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	
Approved by:	Niels Kuster	Quality Manager	

Issued: July 25, 2011

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
S Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORM _{x,y,z}	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM _{x,y,z}
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization φ	φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization β	β rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\beta = 0$ is normal to probe axis

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM_{x,y,z}: Assessed for E-field polarization $\beta = 0$ ($f \leq 900$ MHz in TEM-cell; $f > 1800$ MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM_{x,y,z} are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM_{x,y,z} does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)_{x,y,z} = NORM_{x,y,z} * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCP_{x,y,z}: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- A_{x,y,z}; B_{x,y,z}; C_{x,y,z}; VR_{x,y,z}: A, B, C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for $f \leq 800$ MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for $f > 800$ MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM_{x,y,z} * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

EX3DV4 – SN:3797

July 25, 2011

Probe EX3DV4

SN:3797

Manufactured: April 5, 2011
Calibrated: July 25, 2011

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

EX3DV4- SN:3797

July 25, 2011

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3797

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm ($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$) ^A	0.63	0.59	0.57	$\pm 10.1 \%$
DCP (mV) ^B	94.6	95.3	96.6	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name	PAR		A dB	B dB	C dB	VR mV	Unc ^C (k=2)
10000	CW	0.00	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	96.0	$\pm 2.5 \%$
			Y	0.00	0.00	1.00	126.8	
			Z	0.00	0.00	1.00	126.7	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor $k=2$, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of NormX, Y, Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

^B Numerical linearization parameter; uncertainty not required.

^C Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

EX3DV4- SN:3797

July 25, 2011

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3797

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^c	Relative Permittivity ^e	Conductivity (S/m) ^f	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	9.29	9.29	9.29	0.80	0.66	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	8.93	8.93	8.93	0.80	0.67	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	8.83	8.83	8.83	0.80	0.66	± 12.0 %
1450	40.5	1.20	8.30	8.30	8.30	0.59	0.78	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	7.88	7.88	7.88	0.77	0.62	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	7.60	7.60	7.60	0.80	0.60	± 12.0 %
1950	40.0	1.40	7.44	7.44	7.44	0.78	0.61	± 12.0 %
2300	39.5	1.67	7.30	7.30	7.30	0.75	0.62	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	6.94	6.94	6.94	0.74	0.62	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	7.16	7.16	7.16	0.59	0.72	± 12.0 %
5200	36.0	4.66	4.73	4.73	4.73	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5300	35.9	4.76	4.44	4.44	4.44	0.42	1.80	± 13.1 %
5500	35.6	4.96	4.48	4.48	4.48	0.42	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	4.16	4.16	4.16	0.42	1.80	± 13.1 %
5800	35.3	5.27	4.26	4.26	4.26	0.45	1.80	± 13.1 %

^c Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

^e At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

EX3DV4- SN:3797

July 25, 2011

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4- SN:3797

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^c	Relative Permittivity ^e	Conductivity (S/m) ^e	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	9.22	9.22	9.22	0.80	0.70	± 12.0 %
835	55.2	0.97	9.14	9.14	9.14	0.80	0.69	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	7.69	7.69	7.69	0.80	0.66	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	7.26	7.26	7.26	0.80	0.64	± 12.0 %
2300	52.9	1.81	7.18	7.18	7.18	0.80	0.62	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	6.96	6.96	6.96	0.80	0.50	± 12.0 %
2800	52.5	2.16	6.90	6.90	6.90	0.80	0.50	± 12.0 %
5200	49.0	5.30	4.10	4.10	4.10	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5300	48.9	5.42	3.83	3.83	3.83	0.55	1.90	± 13.1 %
5500	48.6	5.65	3.72	3.72	3.72	0.55	1.90	± 13.1 %
5600	48.5	5.77	3.60	3.60	3.60	0.60	1.90	± 13.1 %
5800	48.2	6.00	3.75	3.75	3.75	0.60	1.90	± 13.1 %

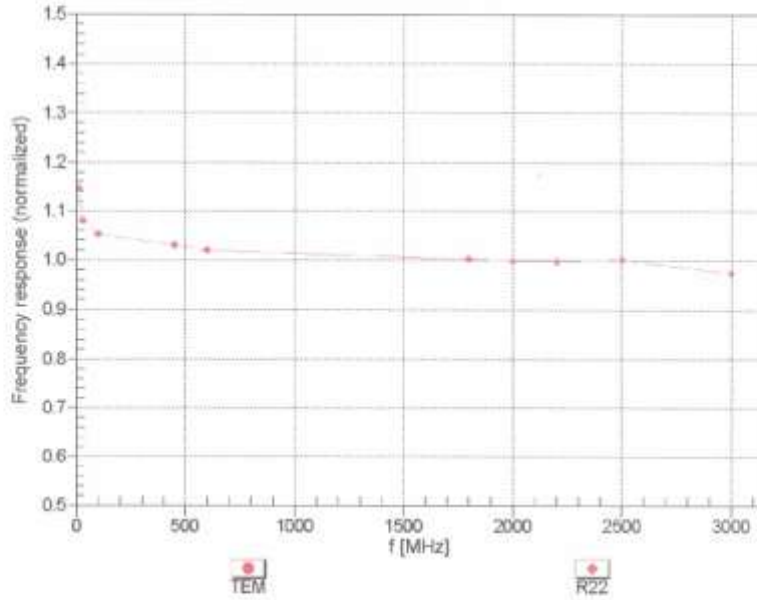
^c Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

^e At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

EX3DV4- SN:3797

July 25, 2011

Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

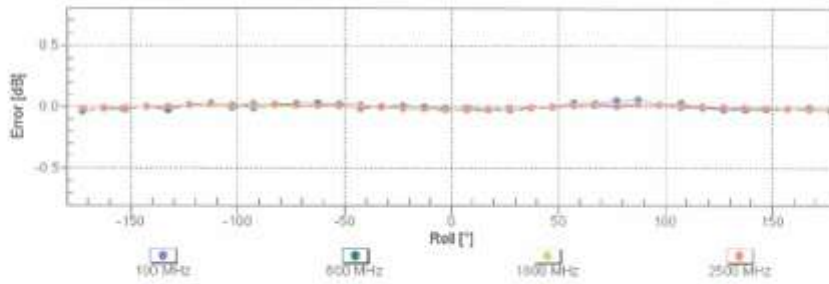
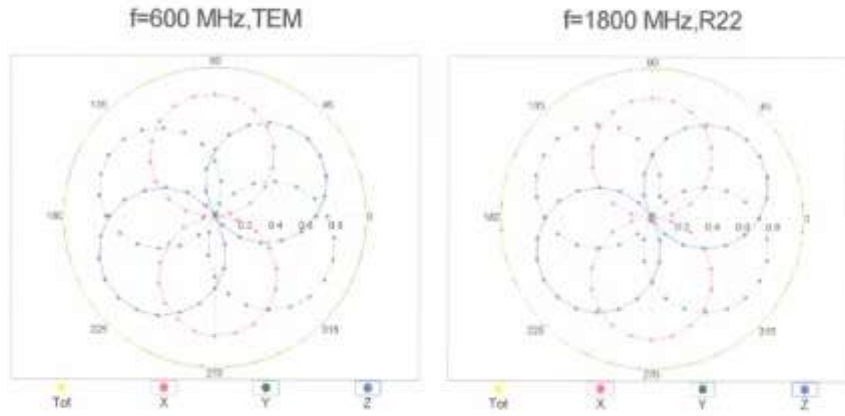


Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 6.3\%$ (k=2)

EX3DV4-SN-3797

July 25, 2011

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\theta = 0^\circ$

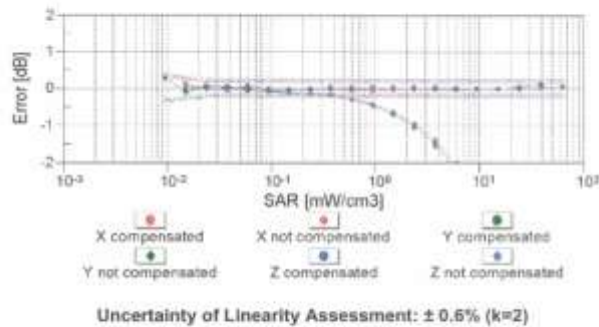
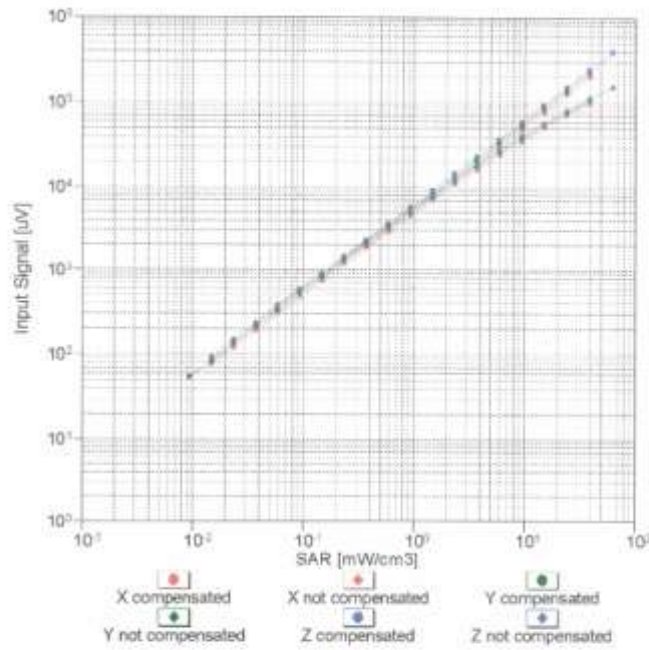


Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 0.5\%$ (k=2)

EX3DV4-SN-3797

July 25, 2011

Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head})
(TEM cell , f = 900 MHz)

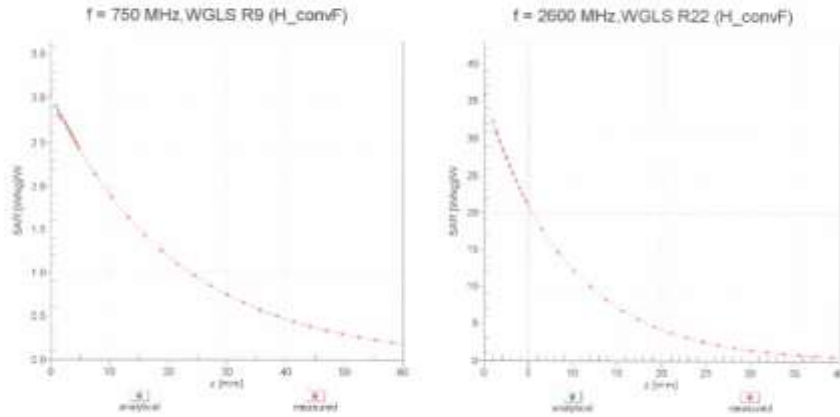


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

EX3DV4-SN:3797

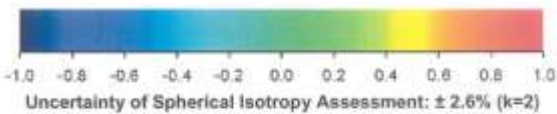
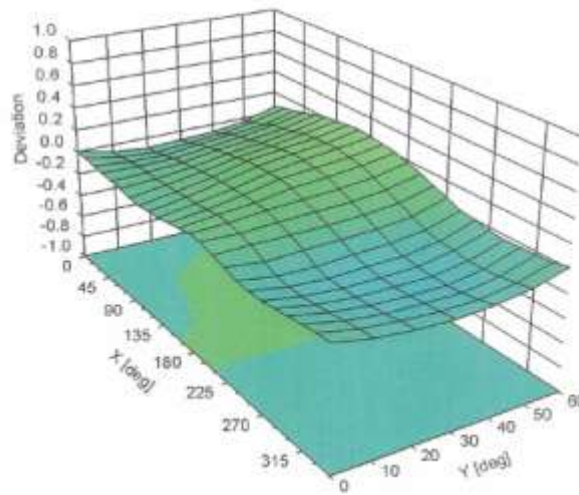
July 25, 2011

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid

Error (ϕ, θ), $f = 900$ MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 2.6\%$ (k=2)

EX3DV4- SN:3797

July 25, 2011

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3797**Other Probe Parameters**

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	Not applicable
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	2 mm

Attachment 4. – Dipole Calibration Data

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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client: **HCT (Dymstec)**

Certificate No: D835V2-441_May11

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object: **D835V2 - SN: 441**

Calibration procedure(s): **QA CAL-05.v8
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz**

Calibration date: **May 16, 2011**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)	Oct-11
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)	Oct-11
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01367)	Apr-12
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01371)	Apr-12
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	29-Apr-11 (No. ES3-3205_Apr11)	Apr-12
DAE4	SN: 601	10-Jun-10 (No. DAE4-601_Jun10)	Jun-11
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10)	In house check: Oct-11

Calibrated by:	Name: Dimce Iliev	Function: Laboratory Technician	Signature:
Approved by:	Name: Katja Pokovic	Function: Technical Manager	Signature:

Issued: May 16, 2011

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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:** The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:** One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:** SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:** SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:** The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.6.2
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.5	0.90 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	40.4 ± 6 %	0.88 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.31 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.34 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.51 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.09 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.2	0.97 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	53.9 ± 6 %	1.00 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.43 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.45 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.60 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.27 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Appendix**Antenna Parameters with Head TSL**

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.2 Ω - 9.8 $\mu\Omega$
Return Loss	- 20.2 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	46.3 Ω - 10.3 $\mu\Omega$
Return Loss	- 18.9 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.374 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	March 09, 2001

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 16.05.2011

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 441Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL900Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.88$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.07, 6.07, 6.07); Calibrated: 29.04.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 10.06.2010
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.6.2 Build (424)
- Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.4.4 Build (2829)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

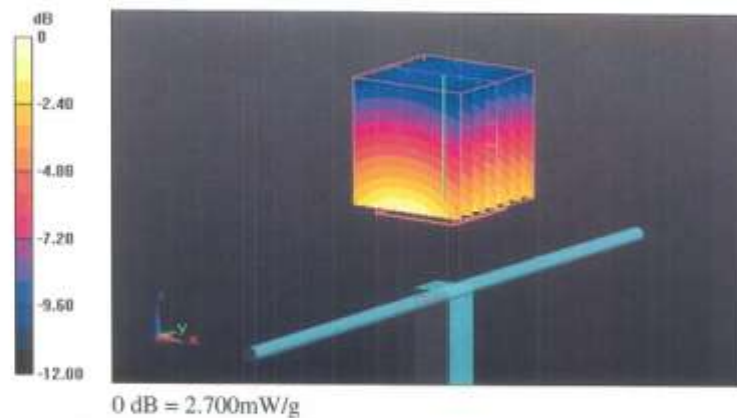
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 57.041 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

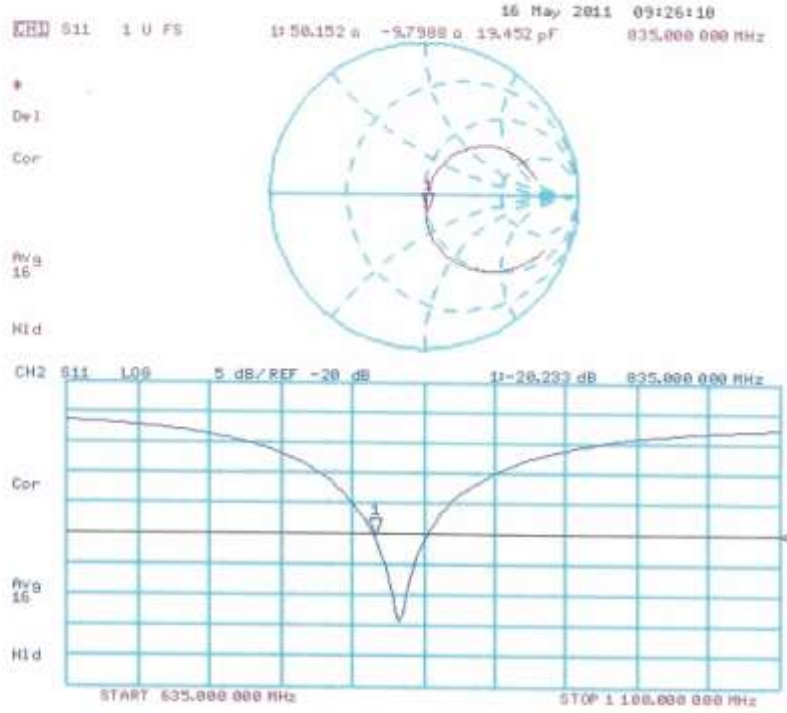
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.442 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.31 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.51 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.703 mW/g



Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 16.05.2011

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:441Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL900Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 1$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.02, 6.02, 6.02); Calibrated: 29.04.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 10.06.2010
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.6.2 Build (424)
- Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.4.4 Build (2829)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

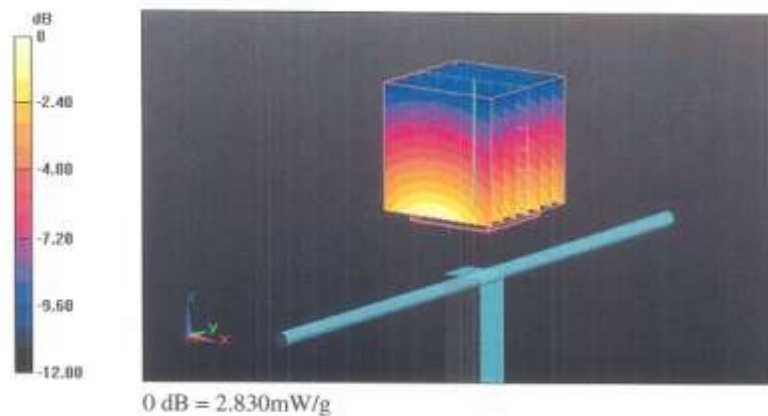
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 55.302 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

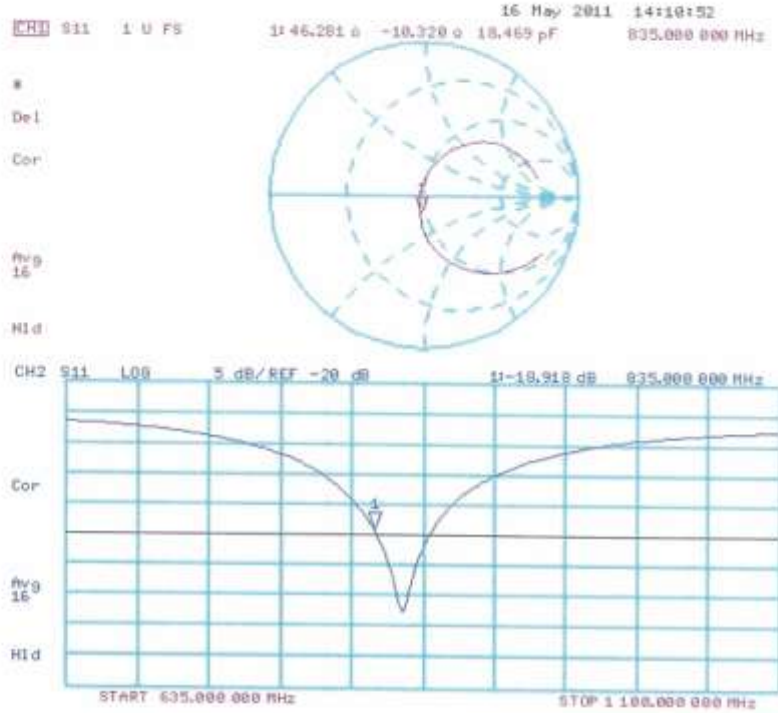
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.553 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.43 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.6 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.833 mW/g



Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **HCT (Dymstec)**

Certificate No: **D1800V2-2d007_Apr11**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE			
Object	D1800V2 - SN: 2d007		
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v8 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits		
Calibration date:	April 19, 2011		
This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.			
All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.			
Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)			
Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480794	06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)	Oct-11
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)	Oct-11
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01368)	Apr-12
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01371)	Apr-12
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	30-Apr-10 (No. ES3-3205_Apr10)	Apr-11
DAE4	SN: 601	10-Jun-10 (No. DAE4-601_Jun10)	Jun-11
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10)	In house check: Oct-11
Calibrated by:	Name Claudio Leubler	Function Laboratory Technician	Signature
Approved by:	Name Katja Pokovic	Function Technical Manager	Signature
			Issued: April 19, 2011
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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:** The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:** One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:** SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:** SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:** The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.6.2
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1800 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.0	1.40 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	39.1 ± 6 %	1.36 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature during test	(21.2 ± 0.2) °C	---	---

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.81 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	39.2 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	39.8 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.15 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	20.6 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	20.7 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	53.3	1.52 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	51.3 ± 6 %	1.47 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature during test	(21.8 ± 0.2) °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.22 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	36.9 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	37.3 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	4.88 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	19.5 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	19.5 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Appendix**Antenna Parameters with Head TSL**

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.6 Ω - 4.0 $j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 28.0 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	44.1 Ω - 7.5 $j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 19.9 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1,203 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	July 23, 2001

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 18.04.2011 14:15:52

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1800 MHz; Type: D1800V2; Serial: D1800V2 - SN:2d007

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL U12 BB

Medium parameters used: $f = 1800$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.36$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(5.05, 5.05, 5.05); Calibrated: 30.04.2010
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 10.06.2010
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.6.2 Build (424)
- Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.4.2 Build (2829)

Pin=250 mW, Cube 0:

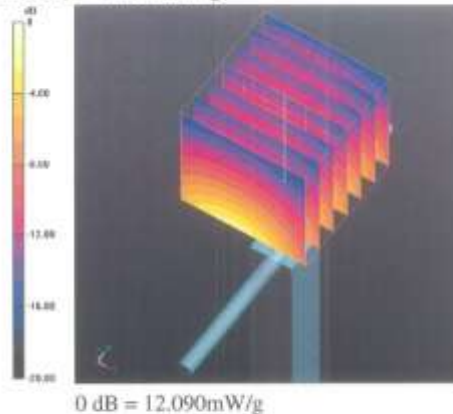
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 97.643 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

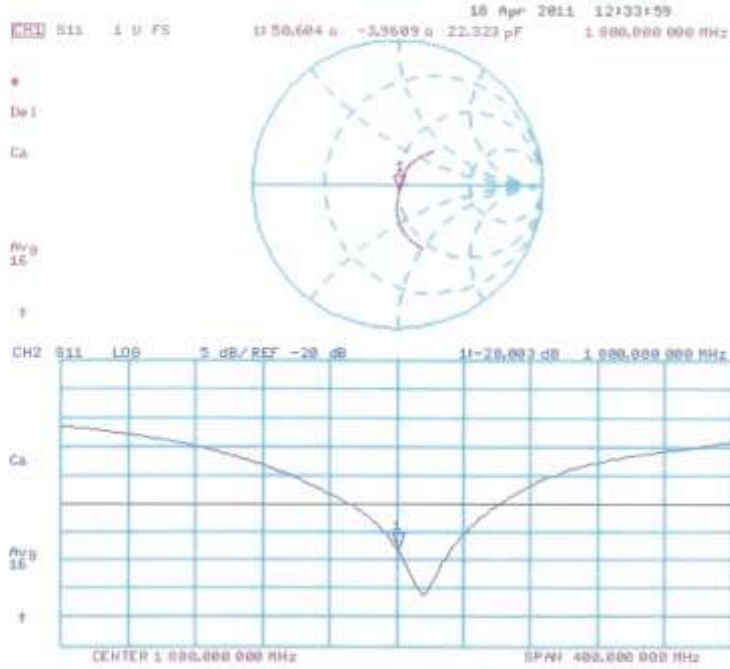
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.931 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.81 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.15 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.091 mW/g



Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date/Time: 19.04.2011 11:42:27

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1800 MHz; Type: D1800V2; Serial: D1800V2 - SN:2d007

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL U12 BB

Medium parameters used: $f = 1800$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.47$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.74, 4.74, 4.74); Calibrated: 30.04.2010
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 10.06.2010
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.6.2 Build (424)
- Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.4.2 Build (2829)

Pin=250 mW, Cube 0:

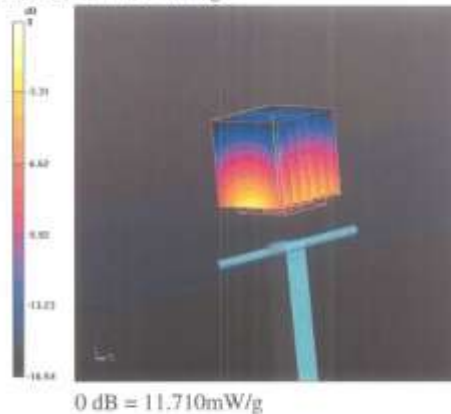
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 94.703 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

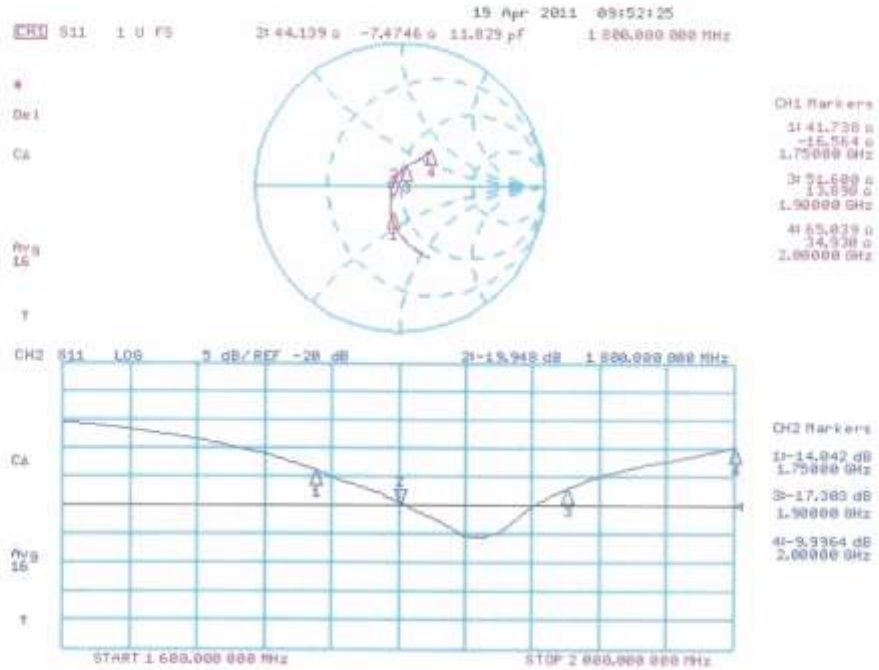
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 15.979 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.22 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.88 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.707 mW/g



Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **HCT (Dymstec)**

Certificate No: **D1900V2-5d032_Jul11**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	D1900V2 - SN: 5d032		
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v8 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz		
Calibration date:	July 22, 2011		
This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.			
All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.			
Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)			
Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)	Oct-11
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)	Oct-11
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01367)	Apr-12
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01371)	Apr-12
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	29-Apr-11 (No. E53-3205_Apr11)	Apr-12
DAE4	SN: 601	04-Jul-11 (No. DAE4-601_Jul11)	Jul-12
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09)	in house check: Oct-11
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	in house check: Oct-11
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10)	in house check: Oct-11
Calibrated by:	Name Dimce Iliev	Function Laboratory Technician	Signature
Approved by:	Name Katja Pokovic	Function Technical Manager	Signature
			Issued: August 2, 2011
This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.			

**Calibration Laboratory of
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Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.6.2
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1900 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.0	1.40 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	39.1 ± 6 %	1.42 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	10.1 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	39.9 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.29 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.0 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	53.3	1.52 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	52.3 ± 6 %	1.53 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	10.3 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	40.9 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.39 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.5 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Appendix**Antenna Parameters with Head TSL**

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.6 Ω + 6.5 j Ω
Return Loss	- 23.3 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.6 Ω + 6.0 j Ω
Return Loss	- 22.9 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.190 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	March 17, 2003

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 20.07.2011

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d032

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.42$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(5.01, 5.01, 5.01); Calibrated: 29.04.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 04.07.2011
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.6.2(482); SEMCAD X 14.4.5(3634)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

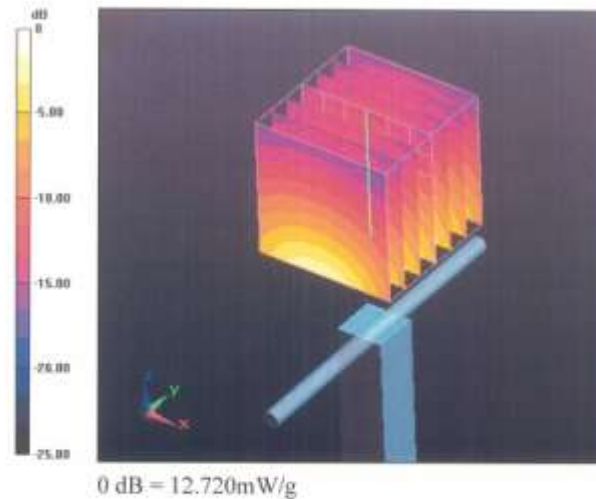
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 98.253 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

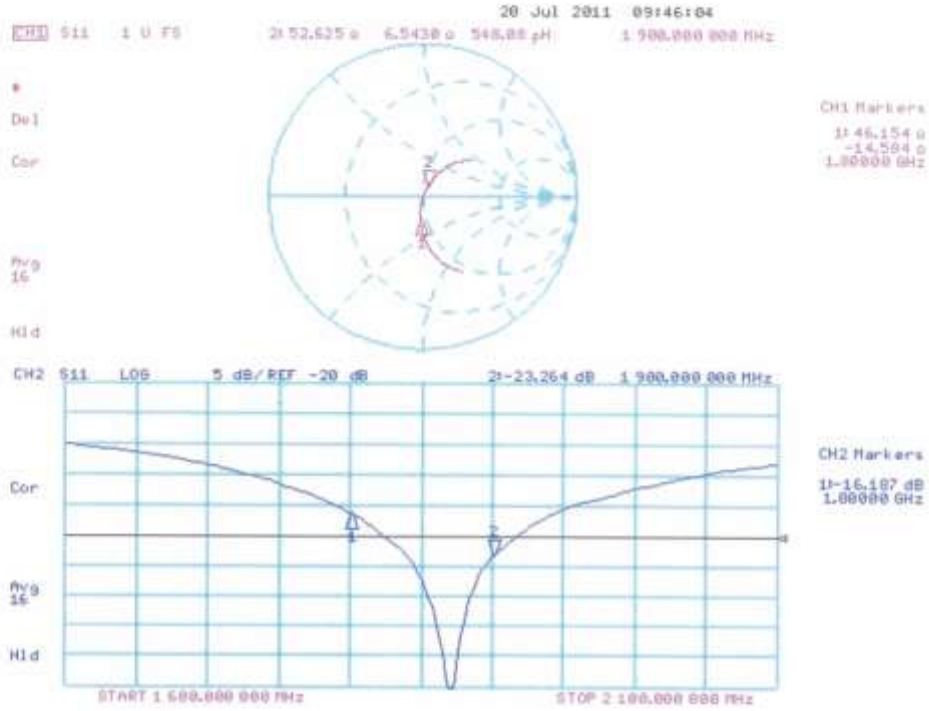
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.469 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.1 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.29 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.721 mW/g



Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 22.07.2011

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d032

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.53$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.62, 4.62, 4.62); Calibrated: 29.04.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 04.07.2011
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.6.2(482); SEMCAD X 14.4.5(3634)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

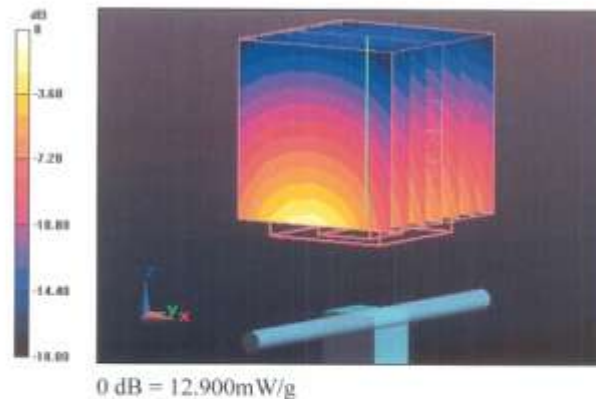
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 95.827 V/m; Power Drift = 0.0078 dB

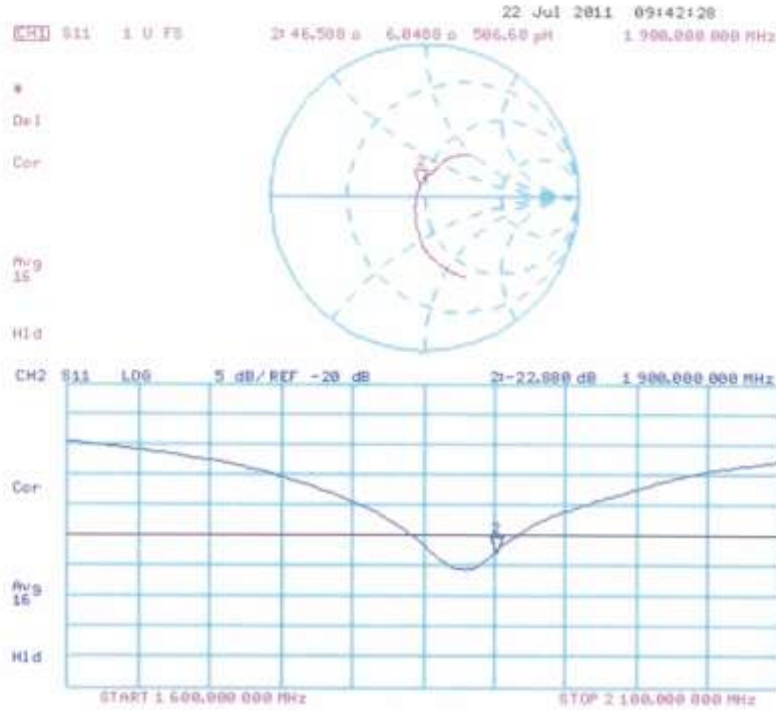
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.111 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.3 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.39 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.898 mW/g



Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client: HCT (Dymstec)

Certificate No: D2450V2-743_Aug11

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object: D2450V2 - SN: 743

Calibration procedure(s): QA CAL-05.v8
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz

Calibration date: August 29, 2011

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility; environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)	Oct-11
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)	Oct-11
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 55086 (20b)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01367)	Apr-12
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01371)	Apr-12
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3206	29-Apr-11 (No. ES3-3205_Apr11)	Apr-12
DAE4	SN: 601	04-Jul-11 (No. DAE4-601_Jul11)	Jul-12
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09)	in house check: Oct-11
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	in house check: Oct-11
Network Analyzer HP: 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10)	in house check: Oct-11

Calibrated by: Name: Dimce Rev, Function: Laboratory Technician, Signature: *[Signature]*

Approved by: Name: Katja Pokovic, Function: Technical Manager, Signature: *[Signature]*

Issued: August 29, 2011

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

- d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.6.2
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	38.4 ± 6 %	1.85 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	---	---

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.7 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	53.8 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.40 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	25.4 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.7	1.95 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	51.8 ± 6 %	2.02 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	---	---

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.2 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	51.7 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.11 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.2 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	55.0 Ω + 4.8 j Ω
Return Loss	- 23.6 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.3 Ω + 5.8 j Ω
Return Loss	- 24.8 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.160 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	December 01, 2003

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 29.08.2011

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 743

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.85$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.45, 4.45, 4.45); Calibrated: 29.04.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 04.07.2011
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.6.2(482); SEMCAD X 14.4.5(3634)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

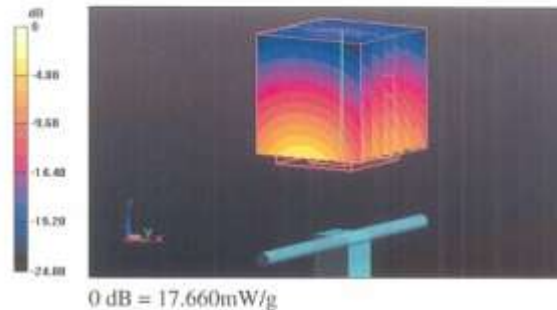
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 101.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

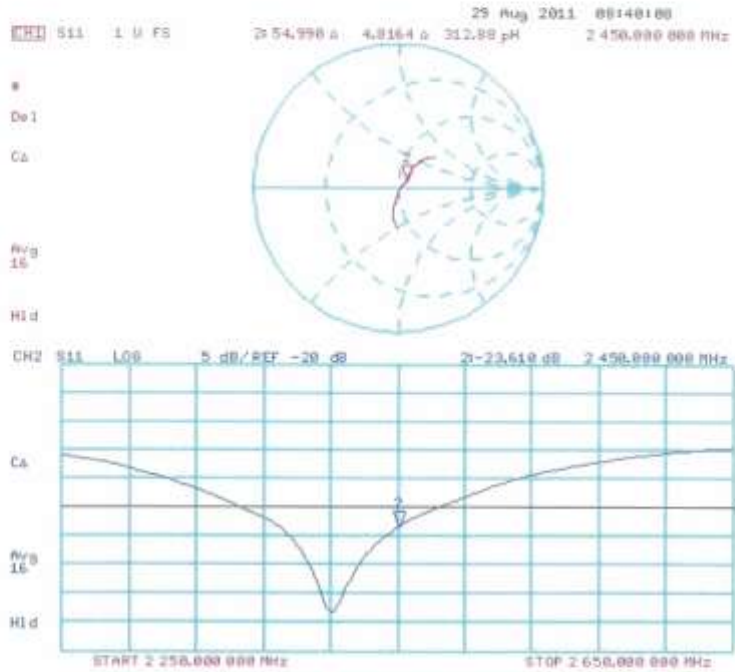
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.291 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.7 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.4 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.657 mW/g



Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 29.08.2011

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 743

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.02$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.26, 4.26, 4.26); Calibrated: 29.04.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 04.07.2011
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.6.2(482); SEMCAD X 14.4.5(3634)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

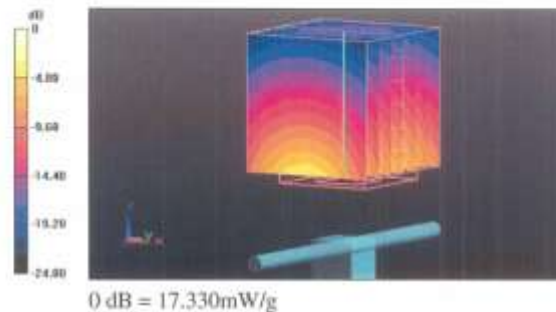
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 95.903 V/m; Power Drift = -0.0051 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.107 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.2 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.11 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.329 mW/g



Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL

