TESTING
No. L2264

OET 65

TEST REPORT

Product Name	GSM dual band mobile phone
Model	Emma music US
Marketing Name	one touch 296A
FCC ID	RAD 262
Client	TCT Mobile Limited

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.

GENERAL SUMMARY

Product Name	GSM dual band mobile phone	**Model**	Emma music US
Report No.	RXA1204-0081SAR	**FCC ID**	RAD 262
Client	TCT Mobile Limited		
Manufacturer	TCT Mobile Limited		
Reference Standard(s)	**IEEE Std C95.1, 1999:** IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz. **IEEE Std 1528™-2003:** IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques. **SUPPLEMENT C Edition 01-01 to OET BULLETIN 65 Edition 97-01 June 2001 including DA 02-1438, published June 2002:** Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields Additional Information for Evaluation Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions.		
Conclusion	This portable wireless equipment has been measured in all cases requested by the relevant standards. Test results in Chapter 7 of this test report are below limits specified in the relevant standards. General Judgment: **Pass** (Stamp) **Date of issue: April 27th, 2012**		
Comment	The test result only responds to the measured sample.		

Approved by _____ Director **Revised by** _____ SAR Manager **Performed by** _____ SAR Engineer

TABLE OF CONTENT

1. General Information

1.1. Notes of the Test Report

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. guarantees the reliability of the data presented in this test report, which is the results of measurements and tests performed for the items under test on the date and under the conditions stated in this test report and is based on the knowledge and technical facilities available at TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. at the time of execution of the test.

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If the electrical report is inconsistent with the printed one, it should be subject to the latter.

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City:	Shanghai
Postal Code:	201203
Country:	P.R. China
Telephone:	0086-21-61460890
Fax:	0086-21-61460602

1.5. Information of EUT

General Information

Device Type:	Portable Device		
Exposure Category:	Uncontrolled Environment / General Population		
State of Sample:	Prototype Unit		
Product Name:	GSM dual band mobile phone		
IMEI:	013123000000732		
Hardware Version:	Proto		
Software Version:	v714		
Antenna Type:	Internal Antenna		
Device Operating Configurations :			
Supporting Mode(s):	GSM 850/GSM 1900; (tested)		
Test Modulation:	(GSM)GMSK		
Device Class:	C		
HSDPA UE Category:	8		
HSUPA UE Category:	6		
Operating Frequency Range(s):	Mode	Tx (MHz)	Rx (MHz)
	GSM 850	824.2 ~ 848.8	869.2 ~ 893.8
	GSM 1900	1850.2 ~ 1909.8	1930.2 ~ 1989.8
Power Class:	GSM 850: 4, tested with power level 5		
	GSM 1900: 1, tested with power level 0		
Test Channel:	128 - 190 - 251	(GSM 850)	(tested)
(Low - Middle - High)	512 - 661 - 810	(GSM 1900)	(tested)

Auxiliary Equipment Details

Name	Model	Manufacturer	S/N
Battery 1	CAB22D0000C1	BYD	B146150B85A
Battery 2	CAB229A000C1	BAK	BAK2010102101758
Battery 3	CAB2170000C1	BYD	B3259605B0A
Battery 4	CAB22B0000C1	BYD	B254060068A
Battery 5	CAB30M0000C2	BAK	BAK2010080500604
Stereo Headset 1	CCB3160A11C1	Juwei	/
Stereo Headset 2	CCB3160A11C4	Meihao	/

Equipment Under Test (EUT) is a GSM dual band mobile phone. The EUT has a GSM antenna that is used for Tx/Rx. The detail about EUT and Lithium Battery is in chapter 1.5 in this report. SAR are tested for GSM 850 and GSM 1900.

The sample under test was selected by the Client.

Components list please refer to documents of the manufacturer.

1.6. The Maximum SAR_{1g} Values

Head SAR Configuration

Mode	Channel	Position	SAR_{1g} (W/kg)
GSM 850	Middle/190	Right, Cheek	**1.190**
GSM 1900	High/810	Right, Cheek	**0.849**

Body Worn Configuration

Mode	Channel	Position	Separation distance	SAR_{1g} (W/kg)
GSM 850	Middle/190	Towards Ground	15mm	**0.726**
GSM 1900	High/810	Towards Ground	15mm	**0.434**

1.7. Test Date

The test performed from April 25, 2012 to April 26, 2012.

2. SAR Measurements System Configuration

2.1. SAR Measurement Set-up

The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- A dosimetric probe, i.e. an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
- A data acquisition electronic (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- A unit to operate the optical surface detector which is connected to the EOC.
- The Electro-Optical Coupler (EOC) performs the conversion from the optical into a digital electric signal of the DAE. The EOC is connected to the DASY5 measurement server.
- The DASY5 measurement server, which performs all real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. A computer operating Windows 2003
- DASY5 software and SEMCAD data evaluation software.
- Remote control with teach panel and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The generic twin phantom enabling the testing of left-hand and right-hand usage.
- The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
- Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- System validation dipoles allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.

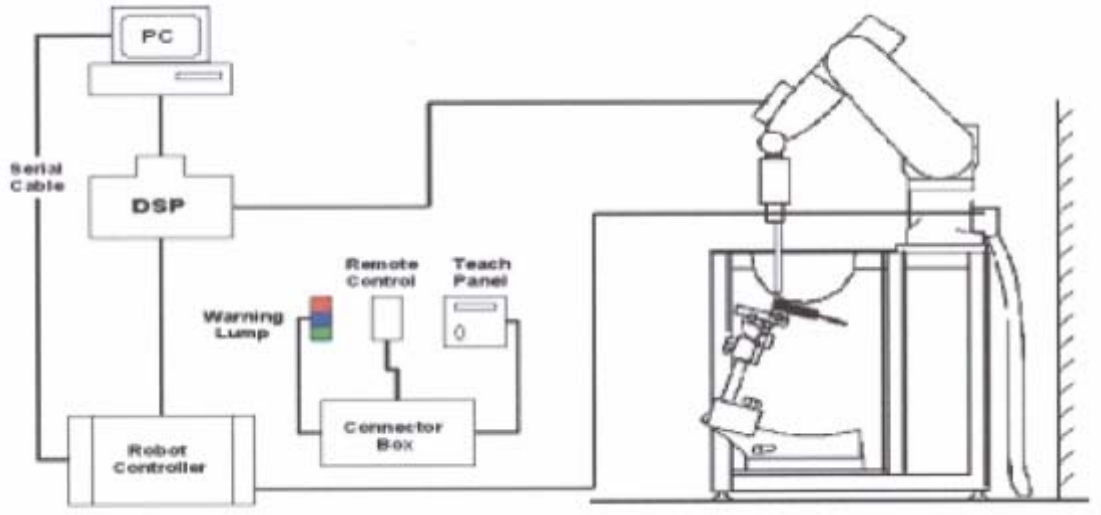

Figure 1 SAR Lab Test Measurement Set-up

2.2. DASY5 E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EX3DV4 (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

2.2.1. EX3DV4 Probe Specification

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Calibration	ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available
Frequency	10 MHz to > 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g to > 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2dB (noise: typically < 1 μW/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only probe which enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.

Figure 2.EX3DV4 E-field Probe

Figure 3. EX3DV4 E-field probe

2.2.2. E-field Probe Calibration

Each probe is calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than ± 10%. The spherical isotropy was evaluated and found to be better than ± 0.25dB. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe are tested.

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This is performed in a TEM cell for frequencies bellow 1 GHz, and in a wave guide above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated 360 degrees.
E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The measured free space E-field in the medium correlates to temperature rise in a dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

$$SAR = C\frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

Where: Δt = Exposure time (30 seconds),
C = Heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),
ΔT = Temperature increase due to RF exposure.
Or

$$SAR = \frac{|E|^2 \sigma}{\rho}$$

Where:
σ = Simulated tissue conductivity,
ρ = Tissue density (kg/m3).

2.3. Other Test Equipment

2.3.1. Device Holder for Transmitters

The DASY device holder is designed to cope with the die rent positions given in the standard.
It has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centers for both scales is the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.
The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the inference of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.

Figure 4 Device Holder

2.3.2. Phantom

The Generic Twin Phantom is constructed of a fiberglass shell integrated in a wooden Figure. The shape of the shell is based on data from an anatomical study designed to determine the maximum exposure in at least 90% of all users. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents the evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot.

Shell Thickness	2±0.1 mm
Filling Volume	Approx. 20 liters
Dimensions	810 x 1000 x 500 mm (H x L x W)
Aailable	Special

Figure 5 Generic Twin Phantom

2.4. Scanning Procedure

The DASY5 installation includes predefined files with recommended procedures for measurements and validation. They are read-only document files and destined as fully defined but unmeasured masks. All test positions (head or body-worn) are tested with the same configuration of test steps differing only in the grid definition for the different test positions.

- The “reference” and “drift” measurements are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the DUT’s output power and should vary max. ± 5 %.

- The “surface check” measurement tests the optical surface detection system of the DASY5 system by repeatedly detecting the surface with the optical and mechanical surface detector and comparing the results. The output gives the detecting heights of both systems, the difference between the two systems and the standard deviation of the detection repeatability. Air bubbles or refraction in the liquid due to separation of the sugar-water mixture gives poor repeatability (above ± 0.1mm). To prevent wrong results tests are only executed when the liquid is free of air bubbles. The difference between the optical surface detection and the actual surface depends on the probe and is specified with each probe. (It does not depend on the surface reflectivity or the probe angle to the surface within ± 30°.)

- Area Scan

  The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values before running a detailed measurement around the hot spot.Before starting the area scan a grid

spacing of 15 mm x 15 mm is set. During the scan the distance of the probe to the phantom remains unchanged.
After finishing area scan, the field maxima within a range of 2 dB will be ascertained.

- Zoom Scan
  Zoom Scans are used to estimate the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The default Zoom Scan is done by 5x5x7 points within a cube whose base is centered around the maxima found in the preceding area scan.

- Spatial Peak Detection
  The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented and can determine values of masses of 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses.The DASY5 system allows evaluations that combine measured data and robot positions, such as:
  • maximum search
  • extrapolation
  • boundary correction
  • peak search for averaged SAR
  During a maximum search, global and local maxima searches are automatically performed in 2-D after each Area Scan measurement with at least 6 measurement points. It is based on the evaluation of the local SAR gradient calculated by the Quadratic Shepard's method. The algorithm will find the global maximum and all local maxima within -2 dB of the global maxima for all SAR distributions.
  Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. Several measurements at different distances are necessary for the extrapolation. Extrapolation routines require at least 10 measurement points in 3-D space. They are used in the Zoom Scan to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The routine uses the modified Quadratic Shepard's method for extrapolation. For a grid using 5x5x7 measurement points with 8mm resolution amounting to175 measurement points, the uncertainty of the extrapolation routines is less than 1% for 1g and 10g cubes.
- A Z-axis scan measures the total SAR value at the x-and y-position of the maximum SAR value found during the cube 5x5x7 scan. The probe is moved away in z-direction from the bottom of the SAM phantom in 5mm steps.

2.5. Data Storage and Evaluation

2.5.1. Data Storage

The DASY5 software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files with the extension ".DA4". The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be re-evaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [mW/g], [mW/cm²], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

2.5.2. Data Evaluation by SEMCAD

The SEMCAD software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters:	- Sensitivity	Normi, a_{i0}, a_{i1}, a_{i2}
	- Conversion factor	$ConvF_i$
	- Diode compression point	Dcp_i
Device parameters:	- Frequency	f
	- Crest factor	cf
Media parameters:	- Conductivity	
	- Density	

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY5 components. In the direct measuring mode of the multimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics.

If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot c f / d c p_i$$

With V_i = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

U_i = input signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)

dcp_i = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field probes: $E_i = (V_i / Norm_i \cdot ConvF)^{1/2}$

H-field probes: $H_i = (V_i)^{1/2} \cdot (a_{i0} + a_{i1} f + a_{i2} f^2) / f$

With V_i = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

$Norm_i$ = sensor sensitivity of channel i (i = x, y, z)
[mV/(V/m)^2] for E-field Probes

$ConvF$ = sensitivity enhancement in solution

a_{ij} = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

f = carrier frequency [GHz]

E_i = electric field strength of channel i in V/m

H_i = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = (E_x^2 + E_Y^2 + E_z^2)^{1/2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = (E_{tot})^2 \cdot \sigma / (\rho \cdot 1000)$$

with SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

E_{tot} = total field strength in V/m

σ = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]

ρ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm^3

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid. The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field to be a free space field.

$$P_{pwe} = E_{tot}^2 / 3770 \quad \text{or} \quad \boldsymbol{P_{pwe} = H_{tot}^2 \cdot 37.7}$$

with P_{pwe} = equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm^2

E_{tot} = total electric field strength in V/m

H_{tot} = total magnetic field strength in A/m

3. Laboratory Environment

Table 1: The Requirements of the Ambient Conditions

Temperature	Min. = 18°C, Max. = 25 °C
Relative humidity	Min. = 30%, Max. = 70%
Ground system resistance	< 0.5 Ω
Ambient noise is checked and found very low and in compliance with requirement of standards. Reflection of surrounding objects is minimized and in compliance with requirement of standards.	

4. Tissue-equivalent Liquid

4.1. Tissue-equivalent Liquid Ingredients

The liquid is consisted of water, salt, Glycol, Sugar, Preventol and Cellulose. The liquid has previously been proven to be suited for worst-case. The table 2 and table 3 show the detail solution. It's satisfying the latest tissue dielectric parameters requirements proposed by the OET 65.

Table 2: Composition of the Head Tissue Equivalent Matter

MIXTURE%	FREQUENCY(Brain) 835MHz
Water	41.45
Sugar	56
Salt	1.45
Preventol	0.1
Cellulose	1.0
Dielectric Parameters Target Value	f=835MHz ε=41.5 σ=0.9

MIXTURE%	FREQUENCY(Brain) 1900MHz
Water	55.242
Glycol monobutyl	44.452
Salt	0.306
Dielectric Parameters Target Value	f=1900MHz ε=40.0 σ=1.40

Table 3: Composition of the Body Tissue Equivalent Matter

MIXTURE%	FREQUENCY(Body) 835MHz
Water	52.5
Sugar	45
Salt	1.4
Preventol	0.1
Cellulose	1.0
Dielectric Parameters Target Value	f=835MHz ε=55.2 σ=0.97

MIXTURE%	FREQUENCY (Body) 1900MHz
Water	69.91
Glycol monobutyl	29.96
Salt	0.13
Dielectric Parameters Target Value	f=1900MHz ε=53.3 σ=1.52

4.2. Tissue-equivalent Liquid Properties

Table 4: Dielectric Performance of Head Tissue Simulating Liquid

Frequency	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Temp ℃
		ε_r	σ(s/m)	
835MHz (head)	Target value ± 5% window	41.50 39.43 — 43.58	0.90 0.86 — 0.95	22.0
	Measurement value 2012-4-25	41.4	0.899	21.5
1900MHz (head)	Target value ±5% window	40.00 38.00 — 42.00	1.40 1.33 — 1.47	22.0
	Measurement value 2012-4-26	40.8	1.41	21.5

Table 5: Dielectric Performance of Body Tissue Simulating Liquid

Frequency	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Temp ℃
		ε_r	σ(s/m)	
835MHz (body)	Target value ±5% window	55.20 52.44 — 57.96	0.97 0.92 — 1.02	22.0
	Measurement value 2012-4-26	54.3	0.986	21.5
1900MHz (body)	Target value ±5% window	53.30 50.64 — 55.97	1.52 1.44 — 1.60	22.0
	Measurement value 2012-4-26	52.1	1.55	21.5

5. System Check

5.1. Description of System Check

The manufacturer calibrates the probes annually. Dielectric parameters of the tissue simulates were measured every day using the dielectric probe kit and the network analyzer. A system check measurement was made following the determination of the dielectric parameters of the simulates, using the dipole validation kit. A power level of 250 mW was supplied to the dipole antenna, which was placed under the flat section of the twin SAM phantom. The system check results (dielectric parameters and SAR values) are given in the table 6 and table 7.

System check results have to be equal or near the values determined during dipole calibration with the relevant liquids and test system (±10 %).

System check is performed regularly on all frequency bands where tests are performed with the DASY5 system.

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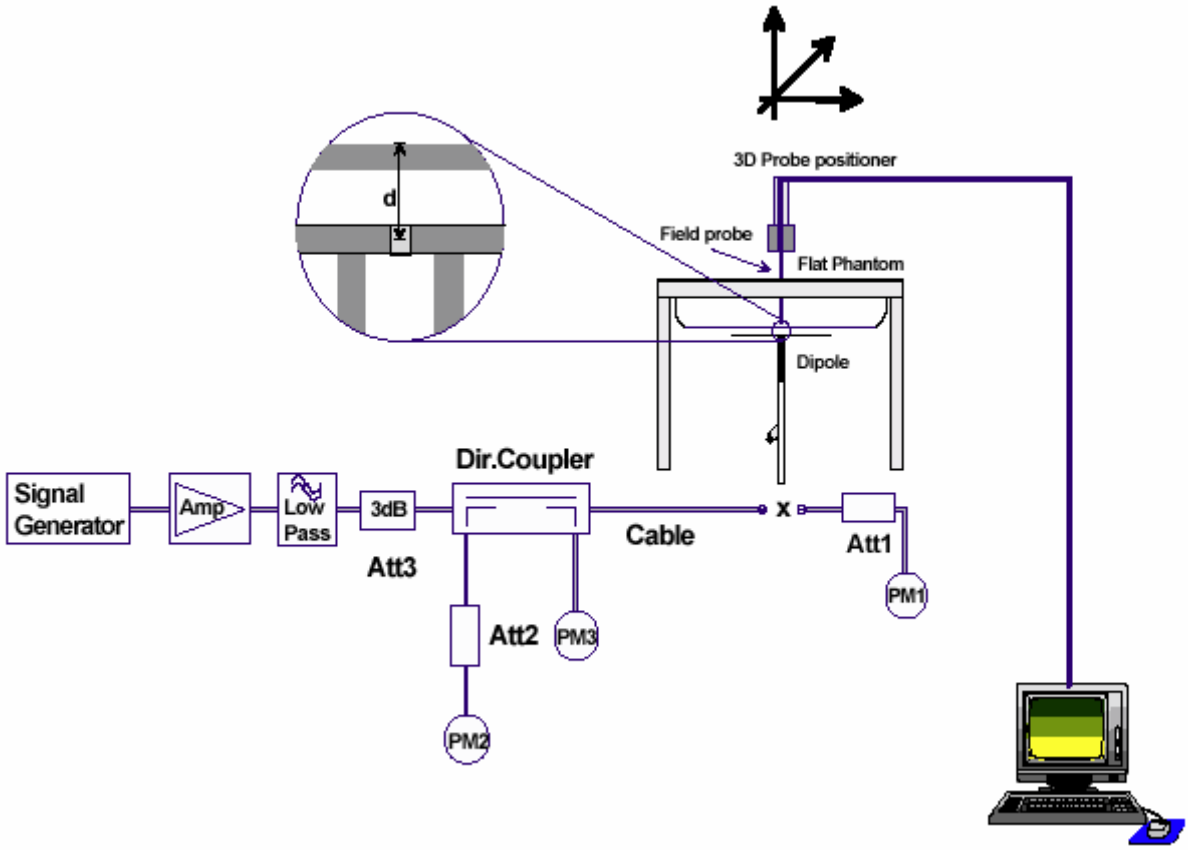


Figure 6 System Check Set-up

5.2. System Check Results

Table 6: System Check in Head Tissue Simulating Liquid

Frequency	Test Date	Dielectric Parameters		Temp	250mW Measured SAR_{1g}	1W Normalized SAR_{1g}	1W Target SAR_{1g} (±10%deviation)
		ε_r	σ(s/m)	(℃)	(W/kg)		
835MHz	2012-4-25	41.4	0.899	21.5	2.43	9.72	9.34 (8.41~10.27)
1900MHz	2012-4-26	40.8	1.41	21.5	9.52	38.08	40.30 (36.27~ 44.33)

Note：1. The graph results see ANNEX B.
2. Target Values derive from the calibration certificate

Table 7: System Check in Body Tissue Simulating Liquid

Frequency	Test Date	Dielectric Parameters		Temp	250mW Measured SAR_{1g}	1W Normalized SAR_{1g}	1W Target SAR_{1g} (±10% deviation)
		ε_r	σ(s/m)	(℃)	(W/kg)		
835MHz	2012-4-26	54.3	0.986	21.5	2.51	10.04	9.46 (8.51~10.41)
1900MHz	2012-4-26	52.1	1.55	21.5	10.3	41.2	41.70 (37.53~45.87)

Note：1. The graph results see ANNEX B.
2. Target Values derive from the calibration certificate

6. Operational Conditions during Test

6.1. General Description of Test Procedures

A communication link is set up with a System Simulator (SS) by air link, and a call is established. The Absolute Radiofrequency Channel Number (ARFCN) is allocated to 128, 190 and 251 in the case of GSM 850, to 512, 661 and 810 in the case of GSM 1900. The EUT is commanded to operate at maximum transmitting power.

Connection to the EUT is established via air interface with E5515C, and the EUT is set to maximum output power by E5515C. The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain uniform power output. The antenna connected to the output of the base station simulator shall be placed at least 50 cm away from the EUT. The signal transmitted by the simulator to the antenna feeding point shall be lower than the output power level of the EUT by at least 30 dB.

6.2. Test Positions

6.2.1. Against Phantom Head

Measurements were made in “cheek” and “tilt” positions on both the left hand and right hand sides of the phantom.

The positions used in the measurements were according to IEEE 1528 - 2003 "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate(SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques".

6.2.2. Body Worn Configuration

Body-worn operating configurations should be tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in normal use configurations. Devices with a headset output should be tested with a headset connected to the device. The distance between the device and the phantom was kept 15mm.

6.3. Test Configuration

6.3.1. GSM Test Configuration

SAR tests for GSM 850 and GSM 1900, a communication link is set up with a System Simulator (SS) by air link. Using E5515C the power lever is set to “5” for GSM 850, set to “0” for GSM 1900.

7. Test Results

7.1. Conducted Power Results

Table 8: Conducted Power Measurement Results

GSM 850	**Burst Conducted Power(dBm)**		
	Channel 128	Channel 190	Channel 251
GSM	32.31	32.32	32.39
GSM 1900	**Burst Conducted Power(dBm)**		
	Channel 512	Channel 661	Channel 810
GSM	29.8	29.81	29.78

7.2. SAR Test Results

7.2.1. GSM 850

Table 9: SAR Values (GSM 850)

Limit of SAR		10 g Average	1 g Average	Power Drift	Graph Results
		2.0 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	± 0.21 dB	
Different Test Position	Channel	Measurement Result(W/kg)		Power Drift (dB)	
		10 g Average	1 g Average		
Test Position of Head with Battery 1					
Left hand, Touch Cheek	High/251	0.809	1.150	0.054	Figure 11
	Middle/190	0.817	1.160	-0.054	Figure 12
	Low/128	0.767	1.090	0.050	Figure 13
Left hand, Tilt 15 Degree	High/251	0.307	0.420	0.058	Figure 14
	Middle/190	0.309	0.420	0.008	Figure 15
	Low/128	0.298	0.404	0.038	Figure 16
Right hand, Touch Cheek	High/251	0.819	1.180	-0.032	Figure 17
	Middle/190	0.830	1.190	-0.005	Figure 18
	Low/128	0.761	1.090	-0.005	Figure 19
Right hand, Tilt 15 Degree	High/251	0.335	0.464	-0.001	Figure 20
	Middle/190	0.343	0.469	0.013	Figure 21
	Low/128	0.320	0.439	0.029	Figure 22
Worst Case Position of Head with Battery 2					
Right hand, Touch Cheek	Middle/190	0.819	1.180	0.040	Figure 23
Worst Case Position of Head with Battery 3					
Right hand, Touch Cheek	Middle/190	0.803	1.160	-0.001	Figure 24
Worst Case Position of Head with Battery 4					
Right hand, Touch Cheek	Middle/190	0.821	1.180	0.052	Figure 25
Worst Case Position of Head with Battery 5					
Right hand, Touch Cheek	Middle/190	0.799	1.150	0.036	Figure 26
Test position of Body with Battery 1 (Distance 15mm)					
Towards Ground	High/251	0.486	0.697	0.019	Figure 27
	Middle/190	0.507	0.726	0.018	Figure 28
	Low/128	0.501	0.716	-0.011	Figure 29
Towards Phantom	High/251	0.403	0.573	-0.079	Figure 30

	Middle/190	0.412	0.588	-0.021	Figure 31
	Low/128	0.396	0.566	-0.005	Figure 32
Worst Case Position of Body with Stereo Headset 1 and Battery 1 (Distance 15mm)					
Towards Ground	Middle/190	0.495	0.703	0.051	Figure 33
Worst Case Position of Body with Stereo Headset 2 and Battery 1 (Distance 15mm)					
Towards Ground	Middle/190	0.486	0.693	0.033	Figure 34
Worst Case Position of Body with Battery 2 (Distance 15mm)					
Towards Ground	Middle/190	0.500	0.715	0.020	Figure 35
Worst Case Position of Body with Battery 3 (Distance 15mm)					
Towards Ground	Middle/190	0.504	0.720	0.005	Figure 36
Worst Case Position of Body with Battery 4 (Distance 15mm)					
Towards Ground	Middle/190	0.501	0.716	0.117	Figure 37
Worst Case Position of Body with Battery 5 (Distance 15mm)					
Towards Ground	Middle/190	0.496	0.710	-0.027	Figure 38
Note: 1.The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.					

7.2.2. GSM 1900

Table 10: SAR Values (GSM 1900)

Limit of SAR		10 g Average	1 g Average	Power Drift	Graph Results
		2.0 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	± 0.21 dB	
Different Test Position	Channel	Measurement Result(W/kg)		Power Drift (dB)	
		10 g Average	1 g Average		
Test Position of Head with Battery 1					
Left hand, Touch Cheek	High/810	0.411(max.cube)	0.682(max.cube)	0.040	Figure 39
	Middle/661	0.389(max.cube)	0.641(max.cube)	-0.012	Figure 40
	Low/512	0.378(max.cube)	0.609(max.cube)	0.056	Figure 41
Left hand, Tilt 15 Degree	High/810	0.245	0.405	0.036	Figure 42
	Middle/661	0.238	0.389	0.086	Figure 43
	Low/512	0.225	0.366	0.028	Figure 44
Right hand, Touch Cheek	High/810	0.499(max.cube)	0.849(max.cube)	-0.061	Figure 45
	Middle/661	0.498(max.cube)	0.841(max.cube)	0.001	Figure 46
	Low/512	0.490(max.cube)	0.817(max.cube)	0.074	Figure 47
Right hand, Tilt 15 Degree	High/810	0.277	0.464	0.015	Figure 48
	Middle/661	0.270	0.449	0.002	Figure 49
	Low/512	0.257	0.424	-0.042	Figure 50
Test position of Body with Battery 1 (Distance 15mm)					
Towards Ground	High/810	0.260	0.434	-0.002	Figure 51
	Middle/661	0.240	0.402	-0.024	Figure 52
	Low/512	0.220	0.368	0.040	Figure 53
Towards Phantom	High/810	0.164	0.261	0.003	Figure 54
	Middle/661	0.161	0.256	0.109	Figure 55
	Low/512	0.157	0.247	0.001	Figure 56
Worst Case Position of Body with Stereo Headset 1 and Battery 1 (Distance 15mm)					
Towards Ground	High/810	0.256	0.426	0.018	Figure 57
Worst Case Position of Body with Stereo Headset 2 and Battery 1 (Distance 15mm)					
Towards Ground	High/810	0.257	0.426	0.015	Figure 58

Note: 1.The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

2. The (max.cube) labeling indicates that during the grid scanning an additional peak was found which was within 2.0dB of the highest peak. The value of the highest cube is given in the table above.

8. Measurement Uncertainty

No.	source	Type	Uncertainty Value (%)	Probability Distribution	k	c_i	Standard ncertainty u_i' (%)	Degree of freedom V_{eff} or v_i
1	System repetivity	A	0.5	N	1	1	0.5	9
Measurement system								
2	-probe calibration	B	6.0	N	1	1	6.0	∞
3	-axial isotropy of the probe	B	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	$\sqrt{0.5}$	1.9	∞
4	- Hemispherical isotropy of the probe	B	9.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	$\sqrt{0.5}$	3.9	∞
6	-boundary effect	B	1.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.1	∞
7	-probe linearity	B	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.7	∞
8	- System detection limits	B	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.6	∞
9	-readout Electronics	B	1.0	N	1	1	1.0	∞
10	-response time	B	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0	∞
11	-integration time	B	4.32	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.5	∞
12	-noise	B	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0	∞
13	-RF Ambient Conditions	B	3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.73	∞
14	-Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	B	0.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.2	∞
15	-Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	B	2.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.7	∞
16	-Extrapolation, interpolation and Integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	B	3.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.3	∞
Test sample Related								
17	-Test Sample Positioning	A	2.9	N	1	1	2.9	71
18	-Device Holder Uncertainty	A	4.1	N	1	1	4.1	5
19	-Output Power Variation - SAR drift measurement	B	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.9	∞
Physical parameter								
20	-phantom	B	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.3	∞

21	-liquid conductivity (deviation from target)	B	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	1.8	∞
22	-liquid conductivity (measurement uncertainty)	B	2.5	N	1	0.64	1.6	9
23	-liquid permittivity (deviation from target)	B	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	1.7	∞
24	-liquid permittivity (measurement uncertainty)	B	2.5	N	1	0.6	1.5	9
Combined standard uncertainty		$u_c^{'} = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{21} c_i^2 u_i^2}$					12.16	
Expanded uncertainty (confidence interval of 95 %)		$u_e = 2u_c$		N		k=2	23.00	

9. Main Test Instruments

Table 11: List of Main Instruments

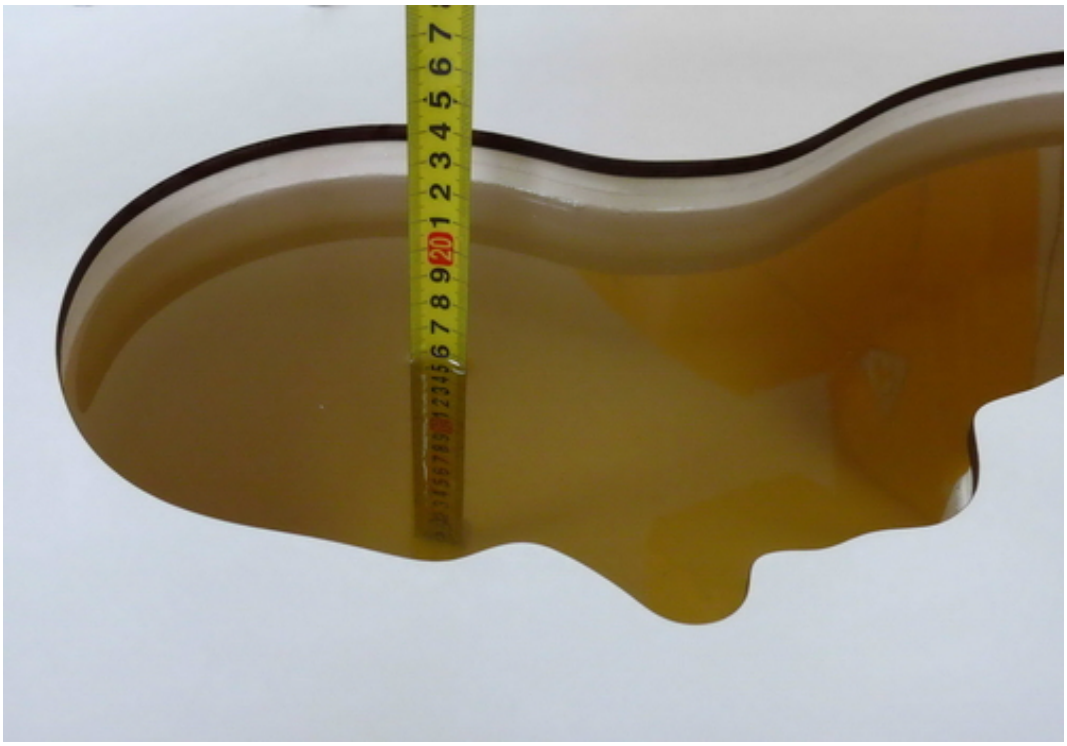
No.	Name	Type	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Valid Period
01	Network analyzer	Agilent 8753E	US37390326	September 12, 2011	One year
02	Dielectric Probe Kit	Agilent 85070E	US44020115	No Calibration Requested	
03	Power meter	Agilent E4417A	GB41291714	March 11, 2012	One year
04	Power sensor	Agilent N8481H	MY50350004	September 25, 2011	One year
05	Power sensor	E9327A	US40441622	September 24, 2011	One year
06	Signal Generator	HP 8341B	2730A00804	September 12, 2011	One year
07	Dual directional coupler	778D-012	50519	April 26, 2012	One year
09	Amplifier	IXA-020	0401	No Calibration Requested	
10	BTS	E5515C	MY48360988	December 2, 2011	One year
11	E-field Probe	EX3DV4	3753	January 4, 2012	One year
12	DAE	DAE4	871	November 22, 2011	One year
13	Validation Kit 835MHz	D835V2	4d020	August 26, 2011	One year
14	Validation Kit 1900MHz	D1900V2	5d060	August 31, 2011	One year
15	Temperature Probe	JM222	AA1009129	March 15, 2012	One year
16	Hygrothermograph	WS-1	64591	September 28, 2011	One year

*******END OF REPORT BODY*******

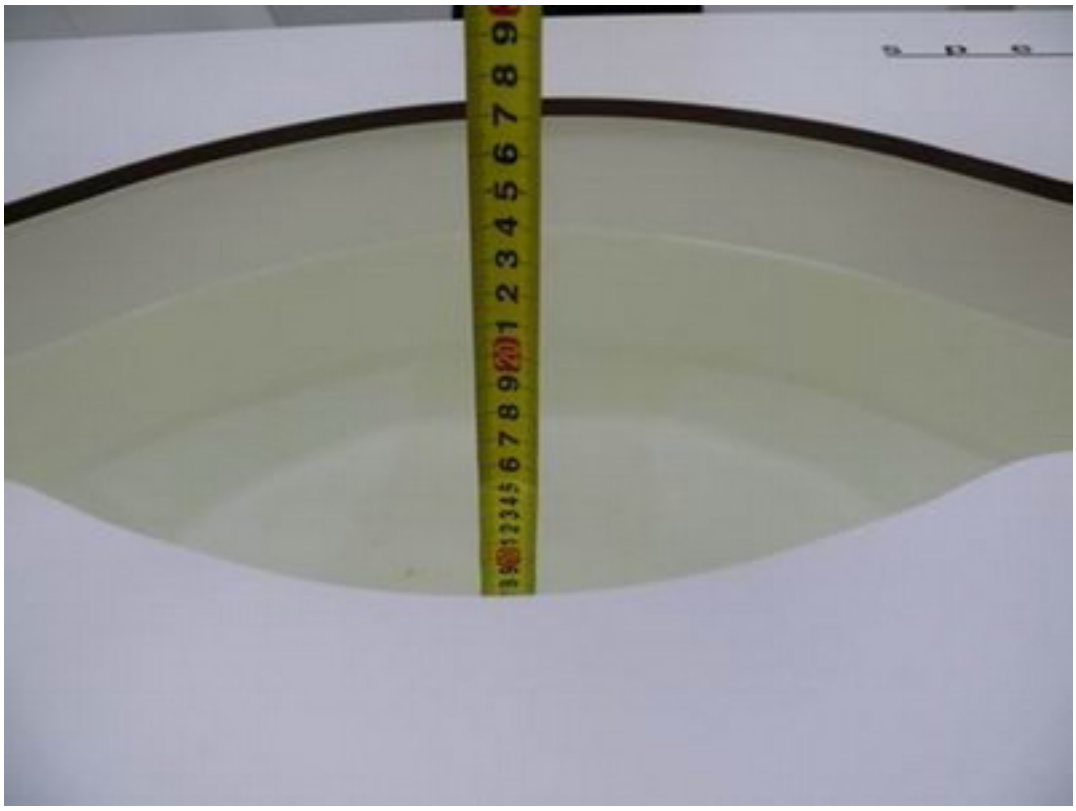
ANNEX A: Test Layout

Picture 1: Specific Absorption Rate Test Layout

Picture 2: Liquid depth in the flat Phantom (835MHz, 15.4cm depth)



Picture 3: Liquid depth in the head Phantom (835MHz, 15.3cm depth)



Picture 4: Liquid depth in the flat Phantom (1900 MHz, 15.2cm depth)

Picture 5: liquid depth in the head Phantom (1900 MHz, 15.3cm depth)

ANNEX B: System Check Results

System Performance Check at 835 MHz Head TSL

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d020

Date/Time: 4/25/2012 5:21:08 PM

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.899 mho/m; ε_r = 41.4; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5℃

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(9.02, 9.02, 9.02); Calibrated: 1/4/2012

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

Head 835 MHz/d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (41x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.65 mW/g

Head 835 MHz/d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 54.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.031 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.59 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.43 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.6 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.62 mW/g

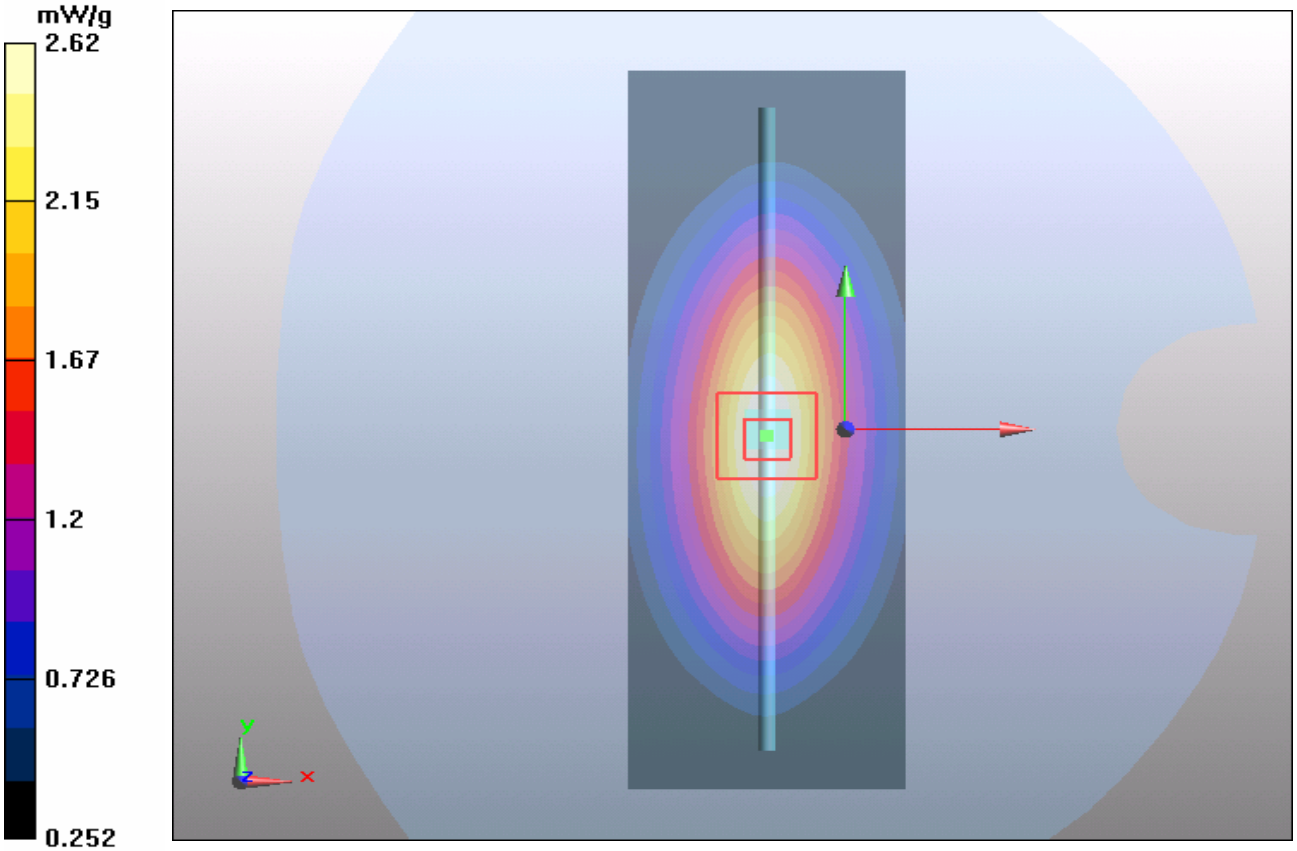


Figure 7 System Performance Check 835MHz 250mW

System Performance Check at 835 MHz Body TSL

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d020

Date/Time: 4/26/2012 4:58:26 PM

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.986 mho/m; ε_r = 54.3; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5℃

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(9.18, 9.18, 9.18); Calibrated: 1/4/2012

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

Body 835 MHz/835 MHZ Dipole/Area Scan (61x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.73 mW/g

Body 835 MHz/835 MHZ Dipole/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 52.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.105 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.71 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.51 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.66 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.7 mW/g

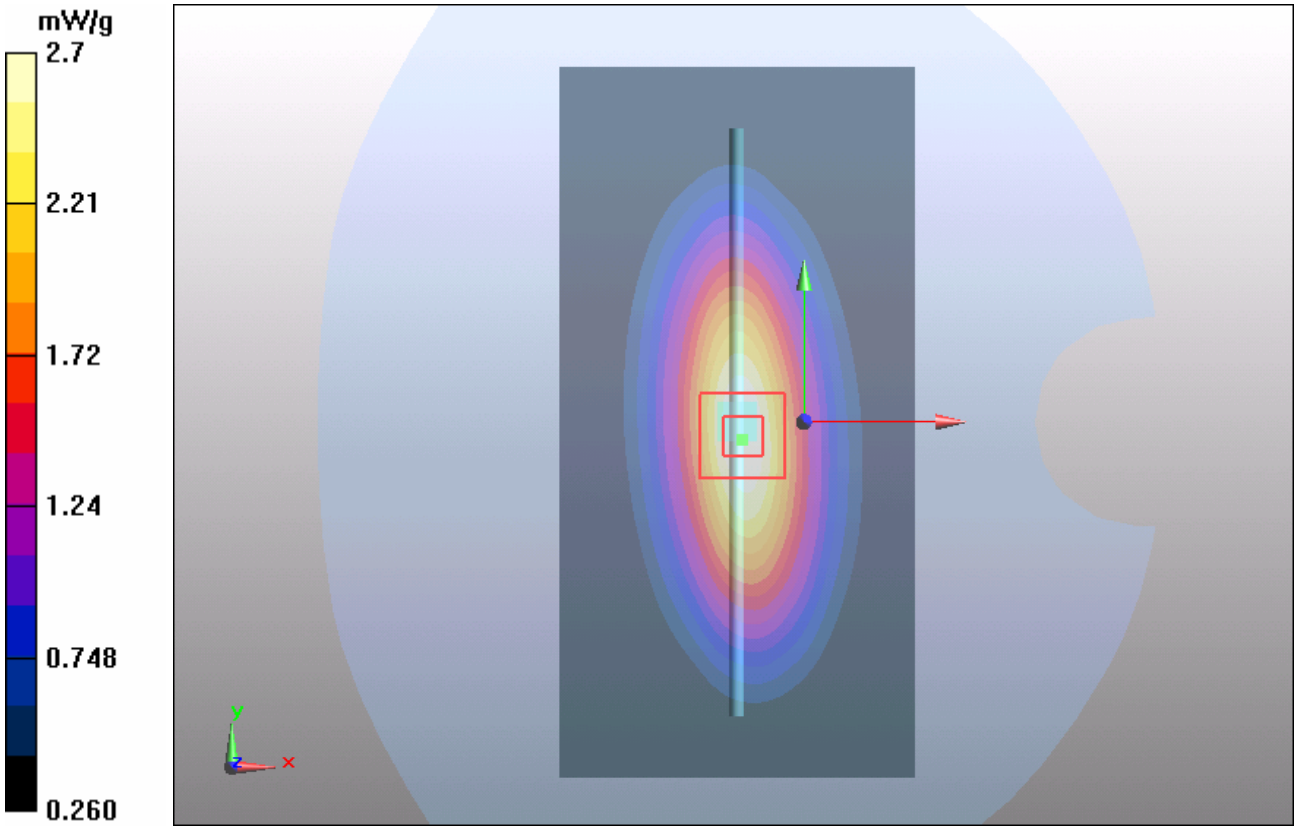


Figure 8 System Performance Check 835MHz 250mW

System Performance Check at 1900 MHz Head TSL

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d060

Date/Time: 4/26/2012 11:57:23 AM

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.41 mho/m; ε_r = 40.8; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5℃

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(8.05, 8.05, 8.05); Calibrated: 1/4/2012

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

Head 1900 MHz/1900 MHZ Dipole/Area Scan (41x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.4 mW/g

Head 1900 MHz/1900 MHZ Dipole/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 87.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.027 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.52 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.99 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.7 mW/g

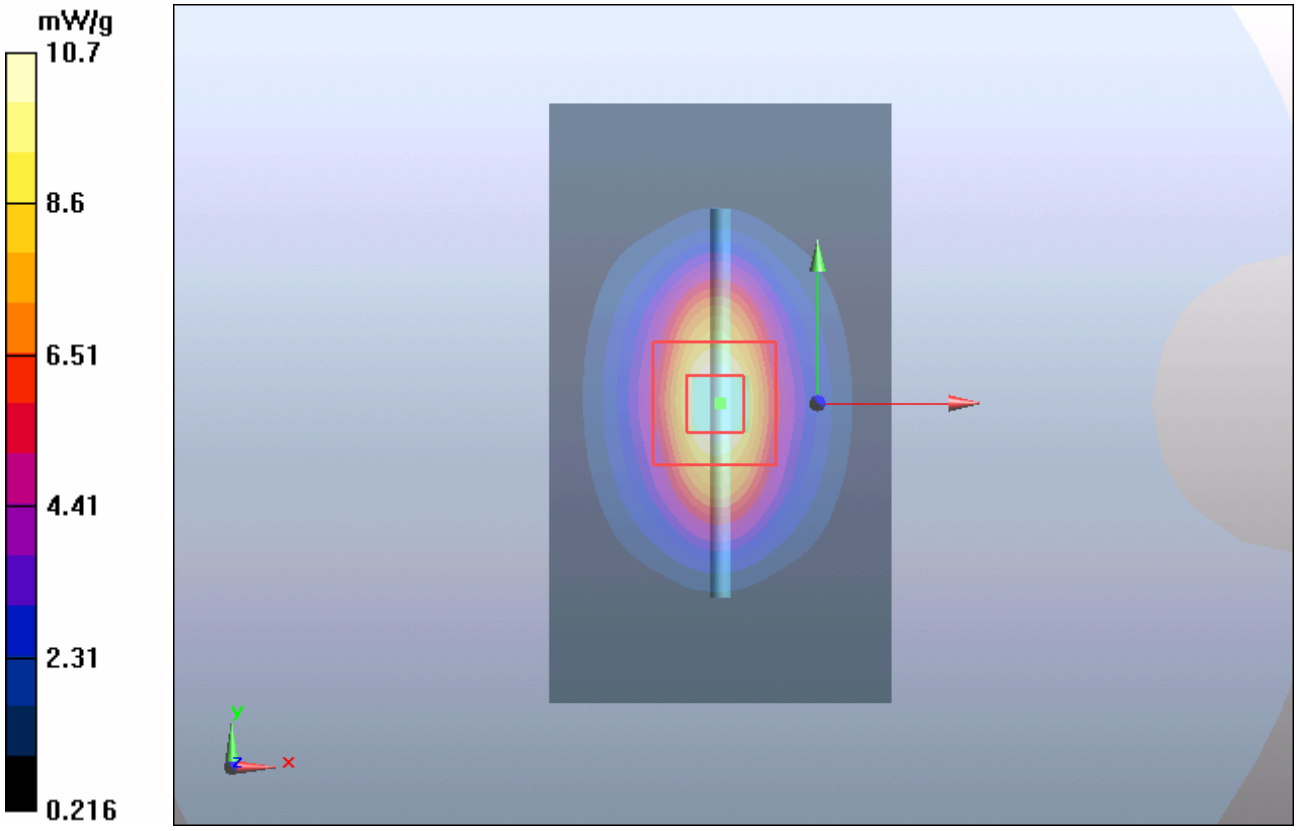


Figure 9 System Performance Check 1900MHz 250mW

System Performance Check at 1900 MHz Body TSL

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d060

Date/Time: 4/26/2012 7:15:32 PM

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.55 mho/m; ε_r = 52.1; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5℃

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(7.57, 7.57, 7.57); Calibrated: 1/4/2012

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

Body 1900 MHz/d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (41x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.4 mW/g

Body 1900 MHz/d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 85.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.053 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.3 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.41 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.6 mW/g

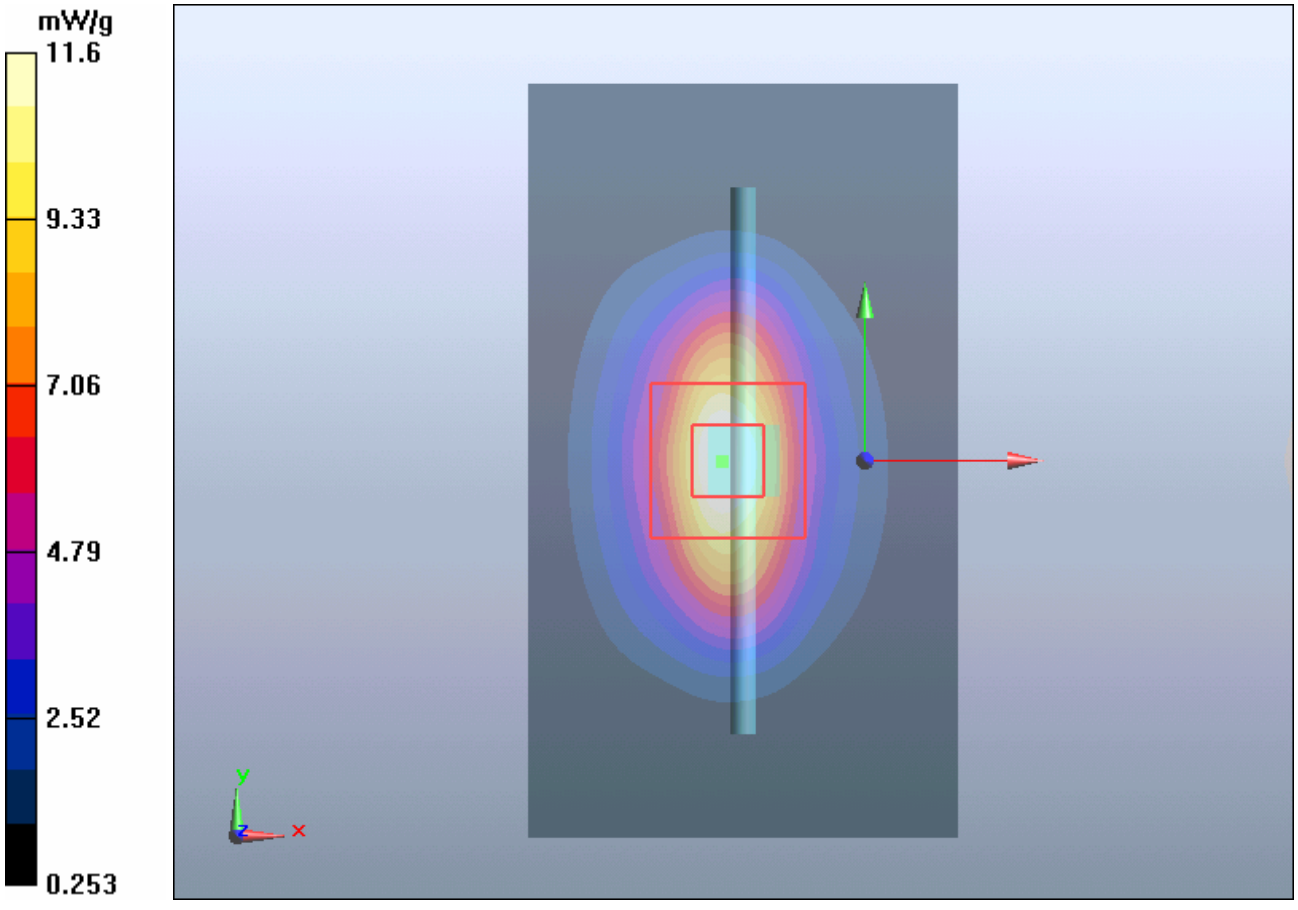


Figure 10 System Performance Check 1900MHz 250mW

ANNEX C: Graph Results

GSM 850 Left Cheek High (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/26/2012 6:52:29 AM
Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 848.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042
Medium parameters used: f = 849 MHz; σ = 0.913 mho/m; ε_r = 41.2; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5℃
Phantom section: Left Section
DASY5 Configuration:
Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(9.02, 9.02, 9.02); Calibrated: 1/4/2012
Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011
Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534
Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 850 Left/Cheek High/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.25 mW/g

GSM 850 Left/Cheek High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 10.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.054 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.55 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.15 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.809 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.22 mW/g

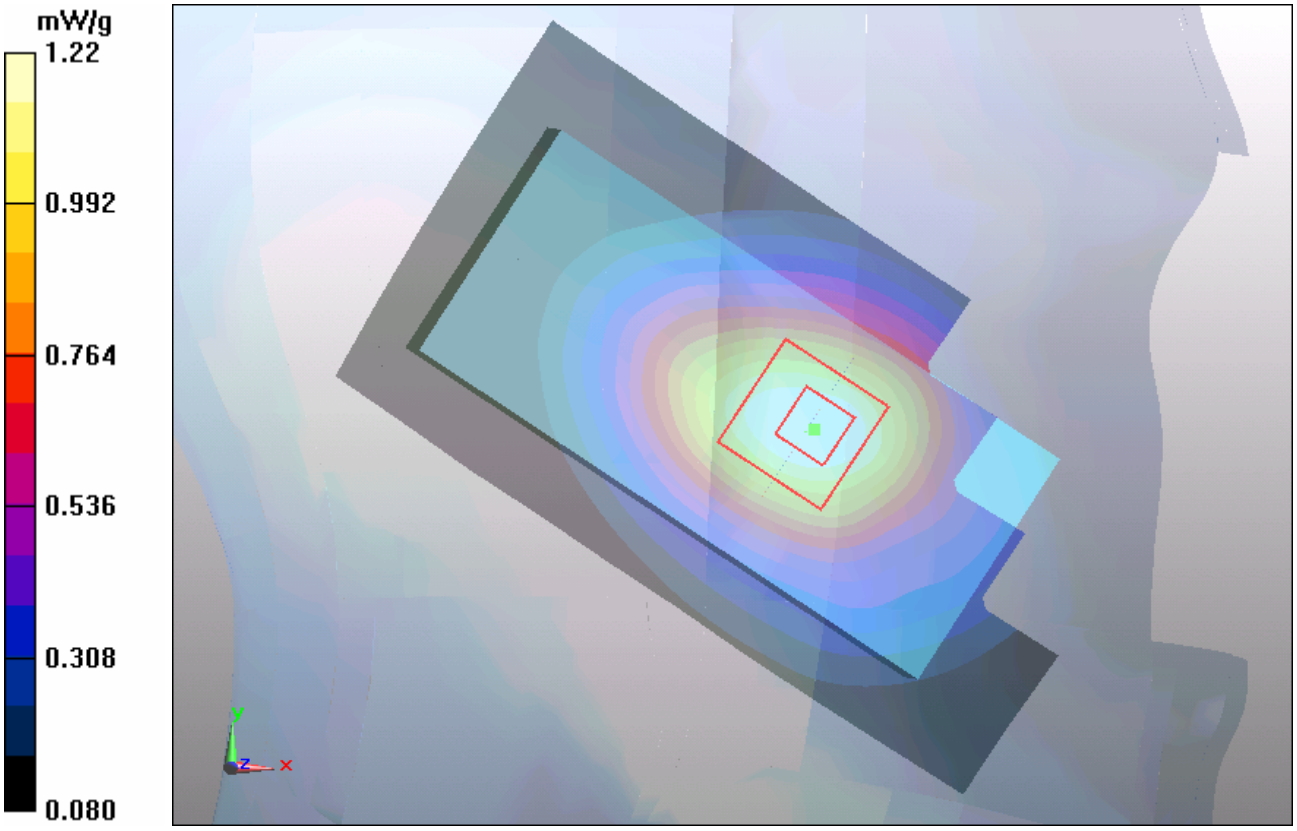


Figure 11 Left Hand Touch Cheek GSM 850 Channel 251

GSM 850 Left Cheek Middle (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/26/2012 6:21:28 AM
Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042
Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; σ = 0.9 mho/m; ε_r = 41.3; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5℃
Phantom section: Left Section
DASY5 Configuration:
Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(9.02, 9.02, 9.02); Calibrated: 1/4/2012
Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011
Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534
Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 850 Left/Cheek Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.27 mW/g

GSM 850 Left/Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 10.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.054 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.58 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.16 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.817 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.23 mW/g

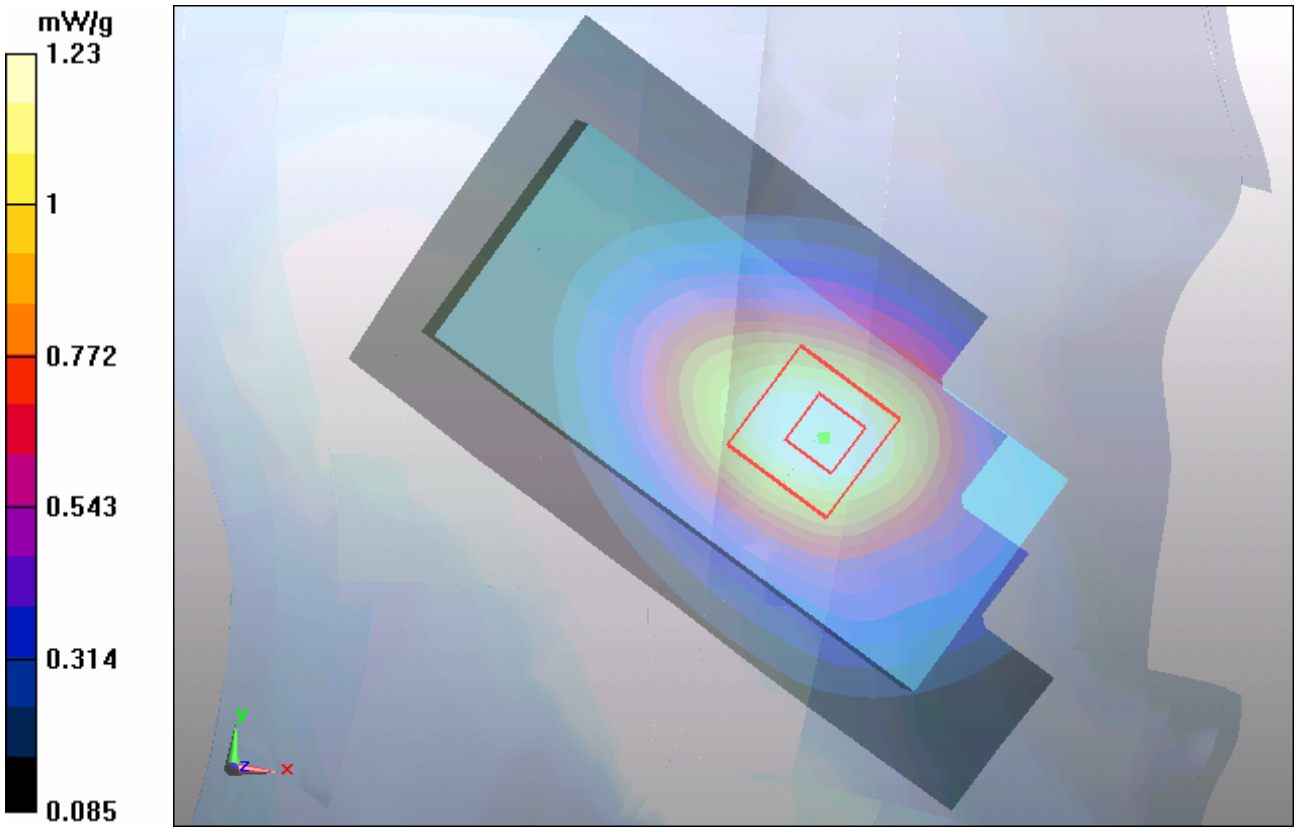


Figure 12 Left Hand Touch Cheek GSM 850 Channel 190

GSM 850 Left Cheek Low (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/26/2012 6:37:49 AM
Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 824.2 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 824.2 MHz; σ = 0.887 mho/m; ε_r = 41.5; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5℃
Phantom section: Left Section
DASY5 Configuration:
Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(9.02, 9.02, 9.02); Calibrated: 1/4/2012
Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011
Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534
Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 850 Left/Cheek Low/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.17 mW/g

GSM 850 Left/Cheek Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 10.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.050 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.46 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.09 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.767 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.16 mW/g

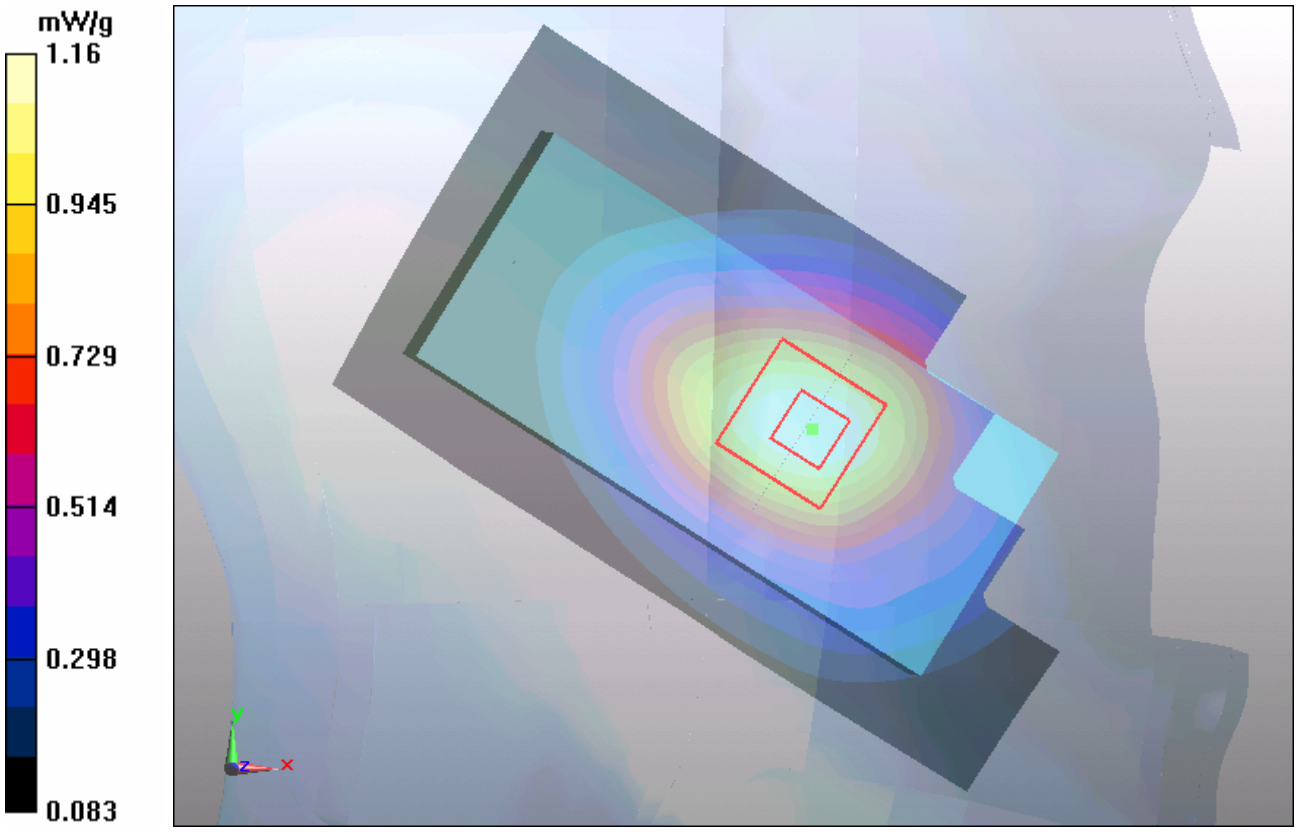


Figure 13 Left Hand Touch Cheek GSM 850 Channel 128

GSM 850 Left Tilt High (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/26/2012 7:08:31 AM
Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 848.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042
Medium parameters used: f = 849 MHz; σ = 0.913 mho/m; ε_r = 41.2; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5℃
Phantom section: Left Section
DASY5 Configuration:
Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(9.02, 9.02, 9.02); Calibrated: 1/4/2012
Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011
Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534
Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 850 Left/Tilt High/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.447 mW/g

GSM 850 Left/Tilt High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 11.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.058 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.544 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.420 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.307 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.444 mW/g

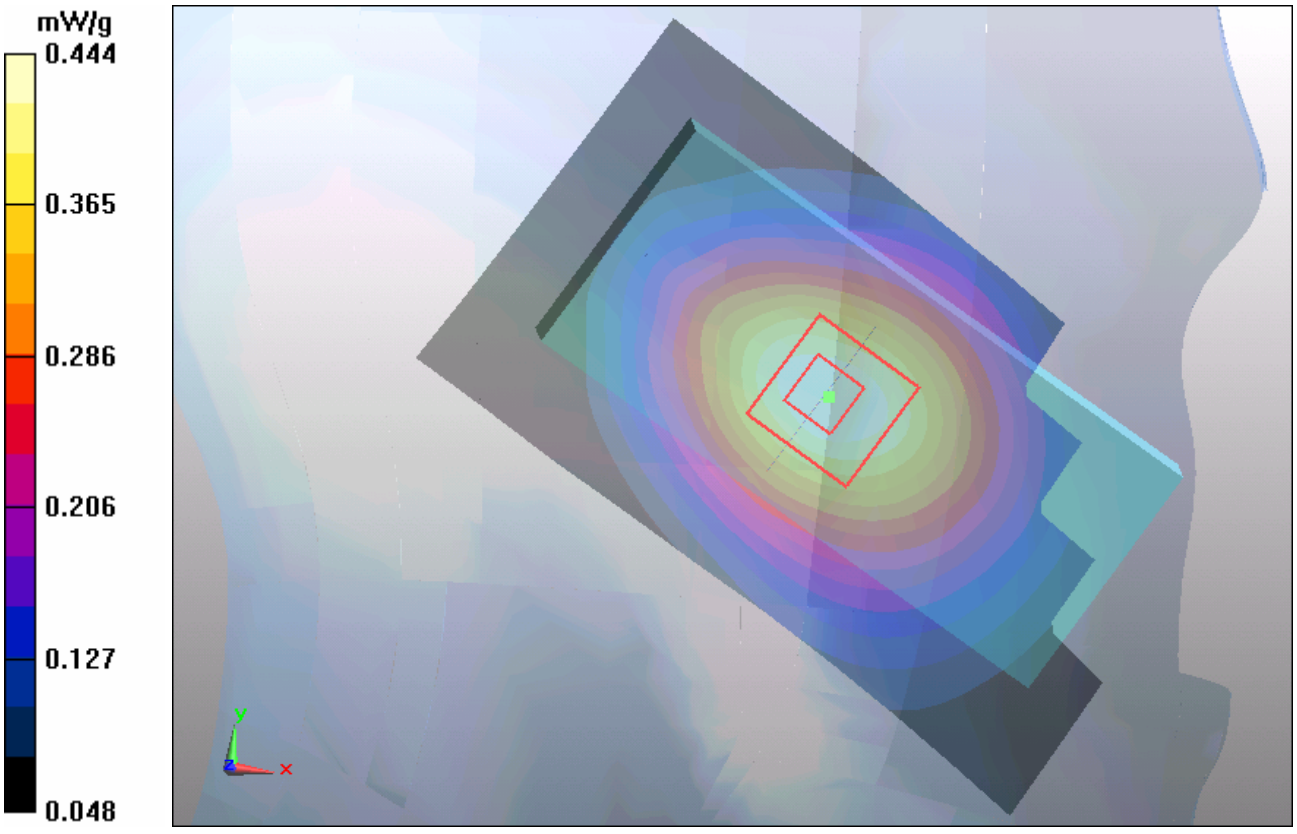


Figure 14 Left Hand Tilt 15° GSM 850 Channel 251

GSM 850 Left Tilt Middle (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/26/2012 7:54:11 AM
Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042
Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; σ = 0.9 mho/m; ε_r = 41.3; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5℃
Phantom section: Left Section
DASY5 Configuration:
Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(9.02, 9.02, 9.02); Calibrated: 1/4/2012
Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011
Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534
Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 850 Left/Tilt Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.445 mW/g

GSM 850 Left/Tilt Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 11.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.008 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.538 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.420 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.309 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.445 mW/g

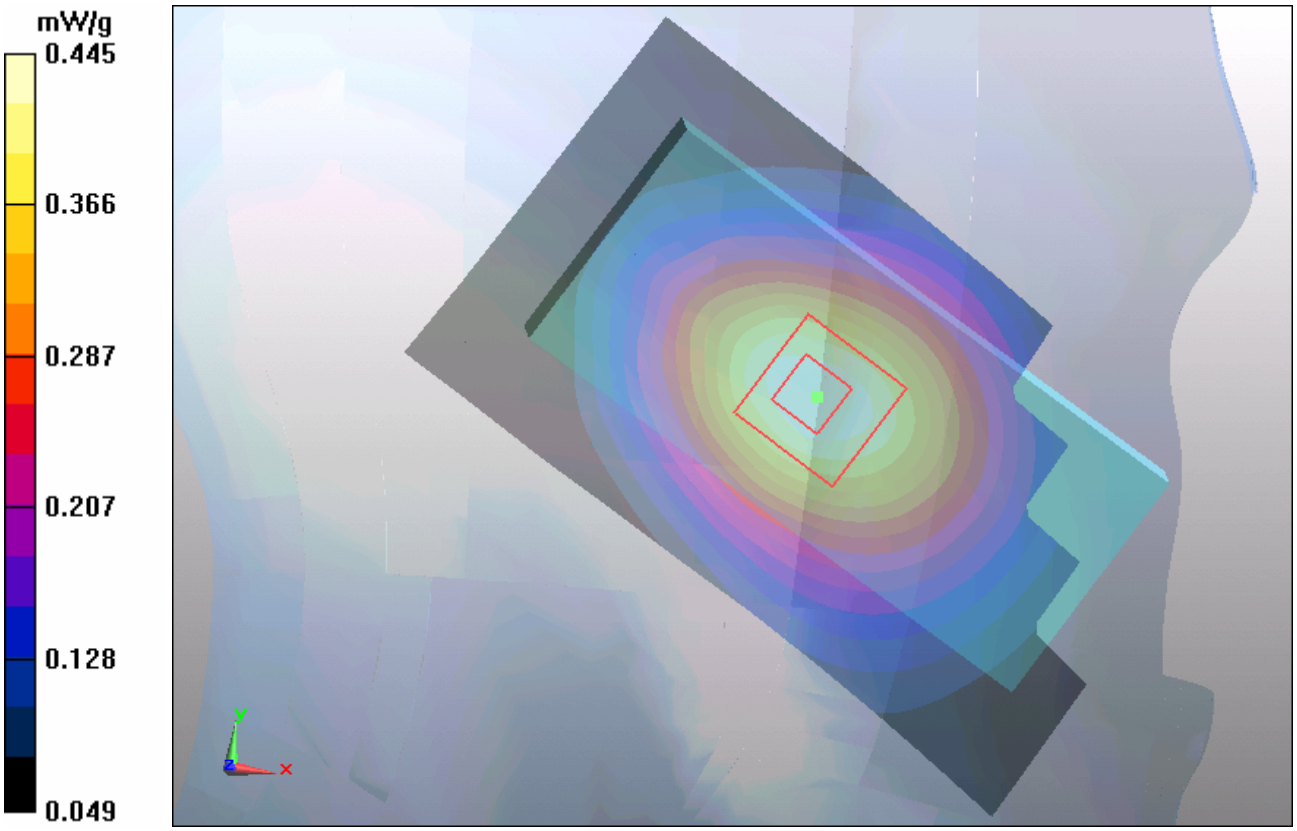


Figure 15 Left Hand Tilt 15° GSM 850 Channel 190

GSM 850 Left Tilt Low (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/26/2012 7:23:11 AM
Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 824.2 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 824.2 MHz; σ = 0.887 mho/m; ε_r = 41.5; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5℃
Phantom section: Left Section
DASY5 Configuration:
Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(9.02, 9.02, 9.02); Calibrated: 1/4/2012
Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011
Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534
Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 850 Left/Tilt Low/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.430 mW/g

GSM 850 Left/Tilt Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 11.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.038 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.517 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.404 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.298 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.428 mW/g

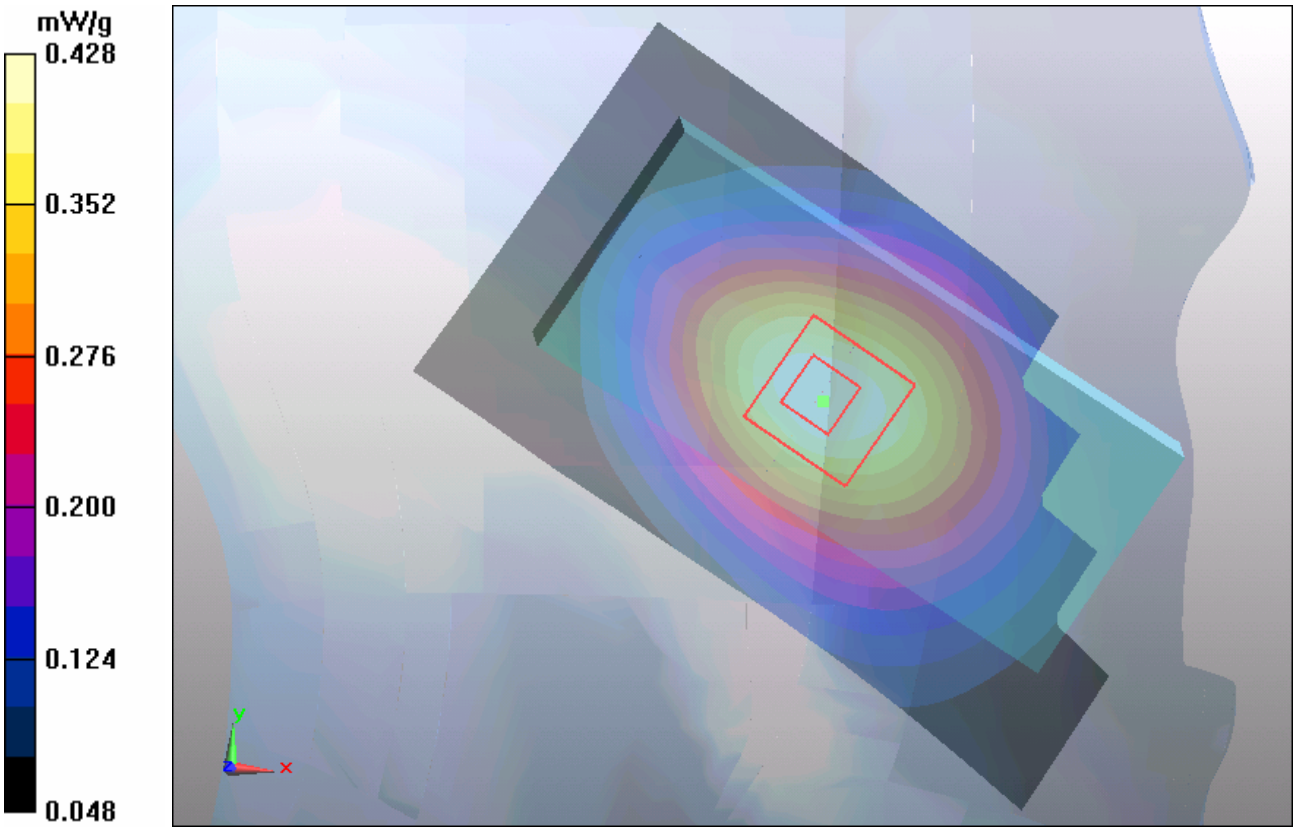


Figure 16 Left Hand Tilt 15° GSM 850 Channel 128

GSM 850 Right Cheek High (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/26/2012 8:46:55 AM
Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 848.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042
Medium parameters used: f = 849 MHz; σ = 0.913 mho/m; ε_r = 41.2; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5℃
Phantom section: Right Section
DASY5 Configuration:
Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(9.02, 9.02, 9.02); Calibrated: 1/4/2012
Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011
Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534
Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 850 Right/Cheek High /Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.27 mW/g

GSM 850 Right/Cheek High /Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 9.89 V/m; Power Drift = -0.032 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.64 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.18 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.819 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.26 mW/g

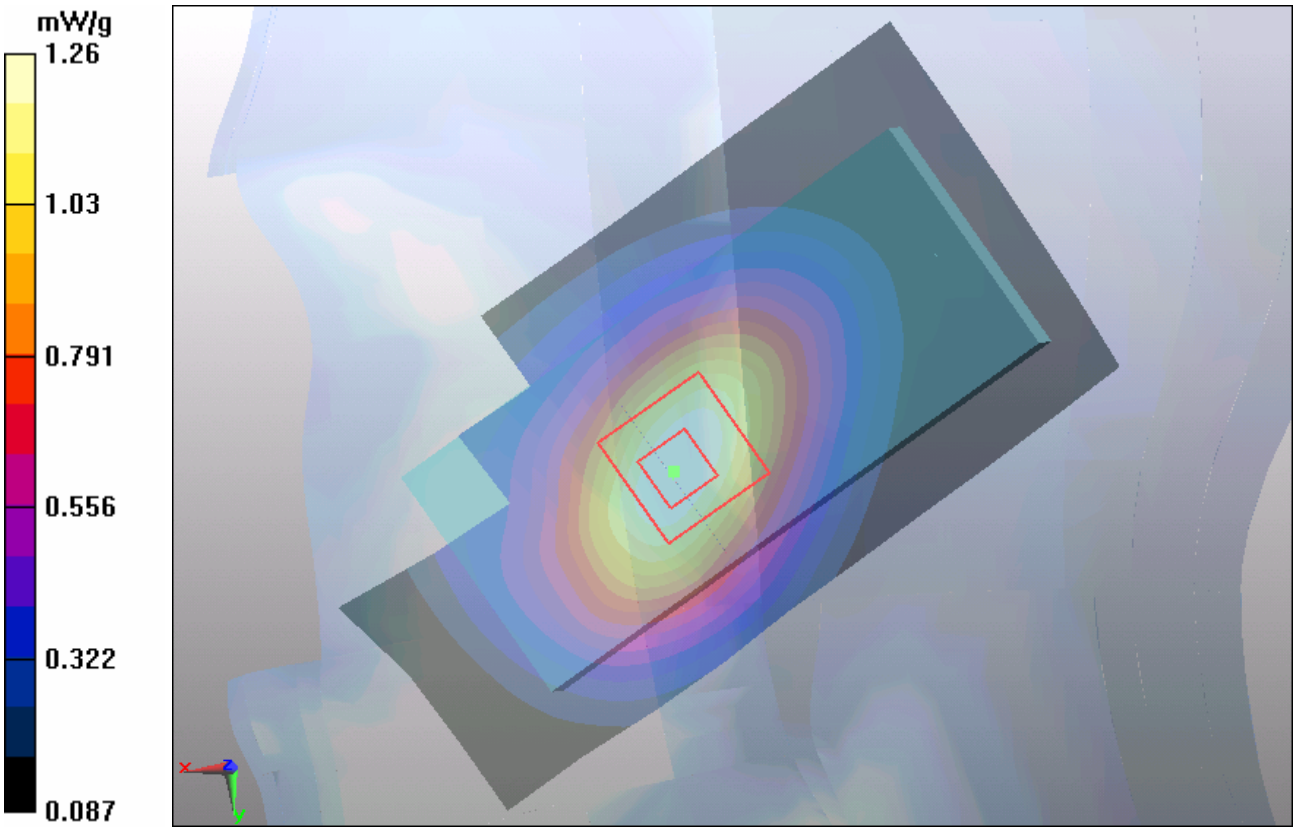


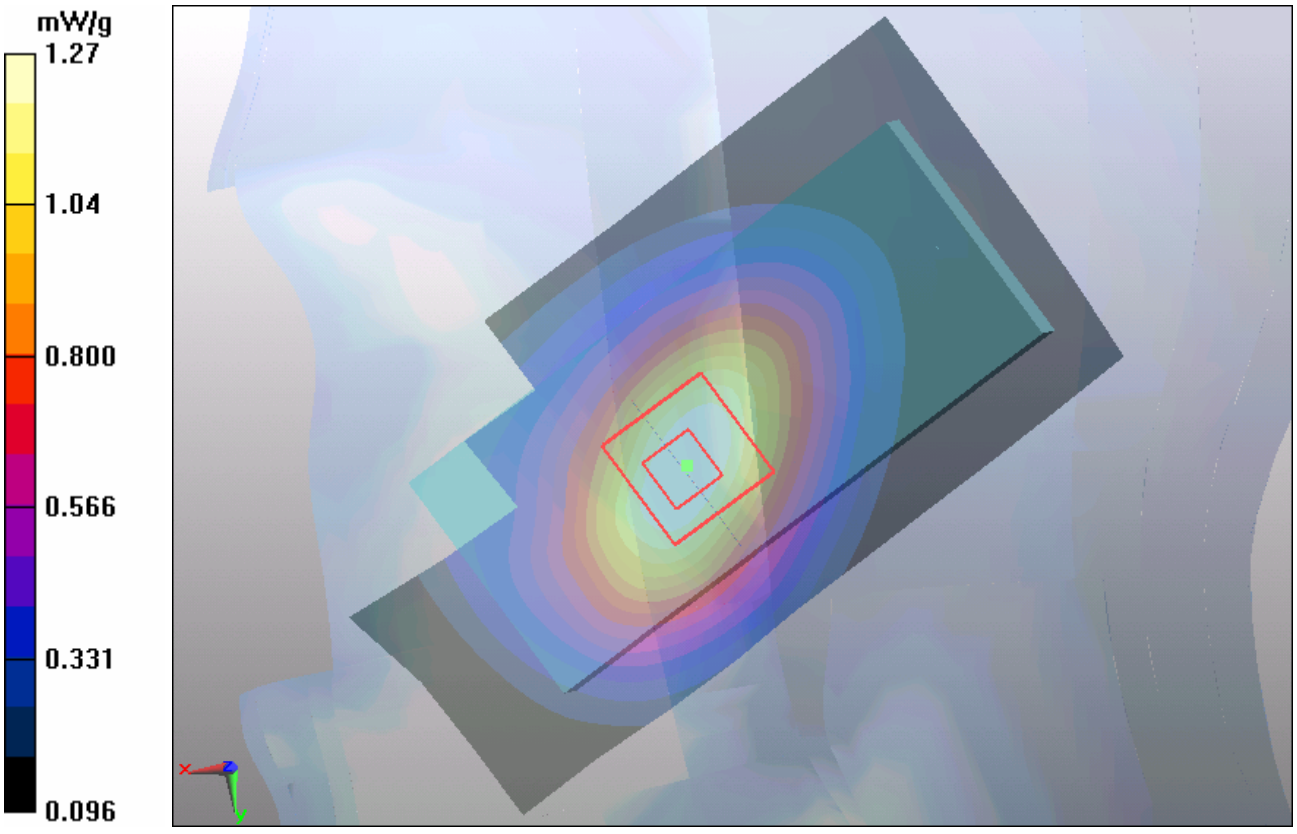
Figure 17 Right Hand Touch Cheek GSM 850 Channel 251

GSM 850 Right Cheek Middle (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/26/2012 8:14:01 AM
Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042
Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; σ = 0.9 mho/m; ε_r = 41.3; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5℃
Phantom section: Right Section
DASY5 Configuration:
Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(9.02, 9.02, 9.02); Calibrated: 1/4/2012
Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011
Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534
Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 850 Right/Cheek Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.3 mW/g

GSM 850 Right/Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 10.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.005 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.64 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.19 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.830 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.27 mW/g



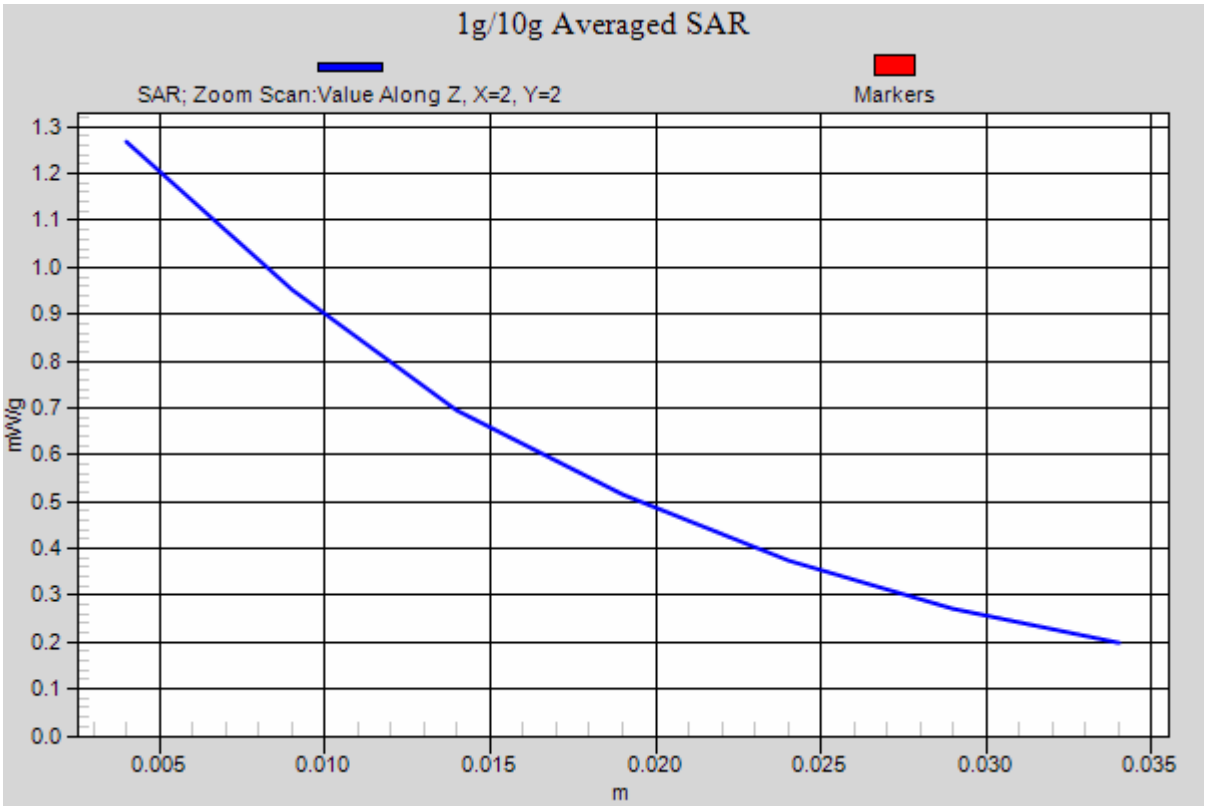


Figure 18 Right Hand Touch Cheek GSM 850 Channel 190

GSM 850 Right Cheek Low (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/26/2012 9:04:24 AM
Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 824.2 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 824.2 MHz; σ = 0.887 mho/m; ε_r = 41.5; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5℃
Phantom section: Right Section
DASY5 Configuration:
Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(9.02, 9.02, 9.02); Calibrated: 1/4/2012
Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011
Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534
Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 850 Right/Cheek Low/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.18 mW/g

GSM 850 Right/Cheek Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 9.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.005 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.52 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.09 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.761 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.17 mW/g

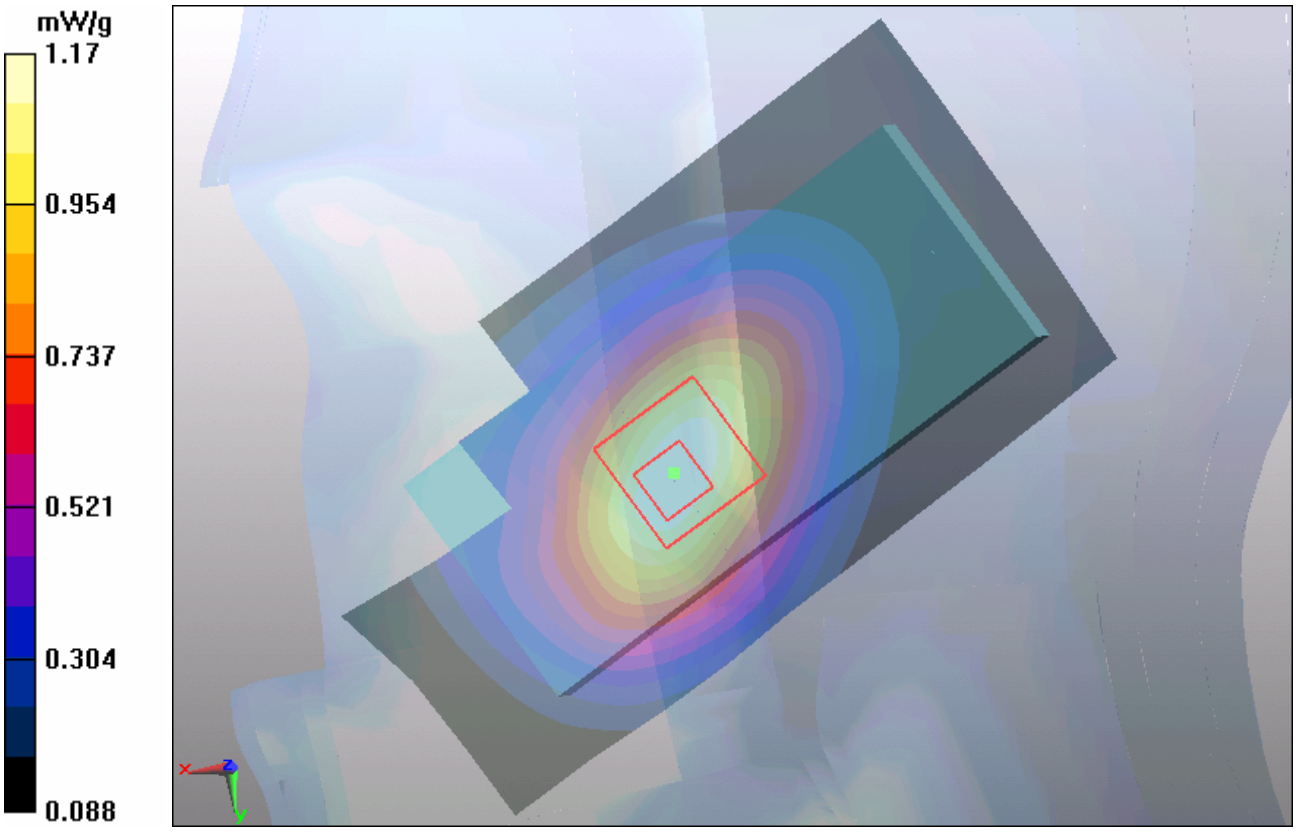


Figure 19 Right Hand Touch Cheek GSM 850 Channel 128

GSM 850 Right Tilt High (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/26/2012 9:22:13 AM
Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 848.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042
Medium parameters used: f = 849 MHz; σ = 0.913 mho/m; ε_r = 41.2; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5℃
Phantom section: Right Section
DASY5 Configuration:
Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(9.02, 9.02, 9.02); Calibrated: 1/4/2012
Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011
Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534
Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 850 Right/Tilt High/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.496 mW/g

GSM 850 Right/Tilt High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 11.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.001 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.605 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.464 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.335 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.489 mW/g

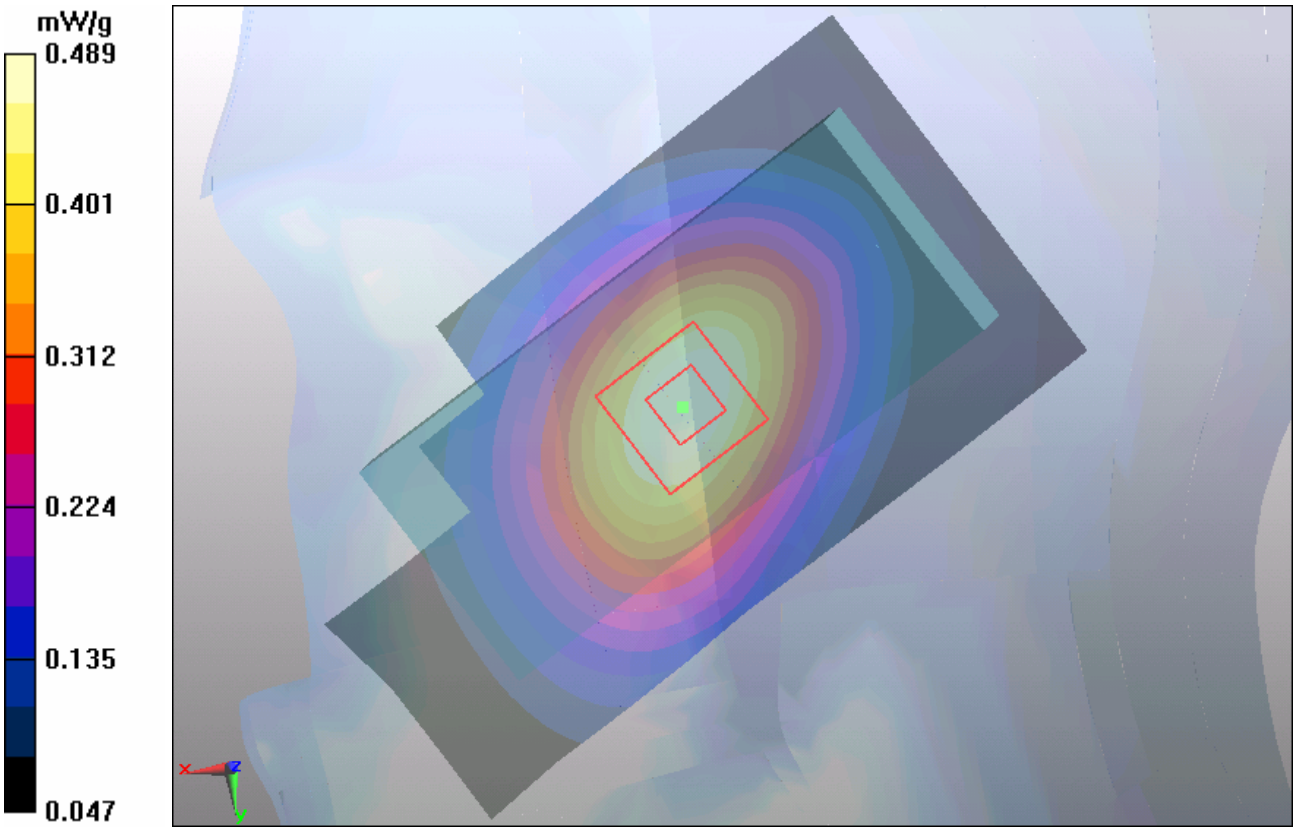


Figure 20 Right Hand Tilt 15° GSM 850 Channel 251

GSM 850 Right Tilt Middle (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/26/2012 9:36:54 AM
Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042
Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; σ = 0.9 mho/m; ε_r = 41.3; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5℃
Phantom section: Right Section
DASY5 Configuration:
Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(9.02, 9.02, 9.02); Calibrated: 1/4/2012
Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011
Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534
Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 850 Right/Tilt Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.496 mW/g

GSM 850 Right/Tilt Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 11.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.013 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.601 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.469 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.343 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.492 mW/g

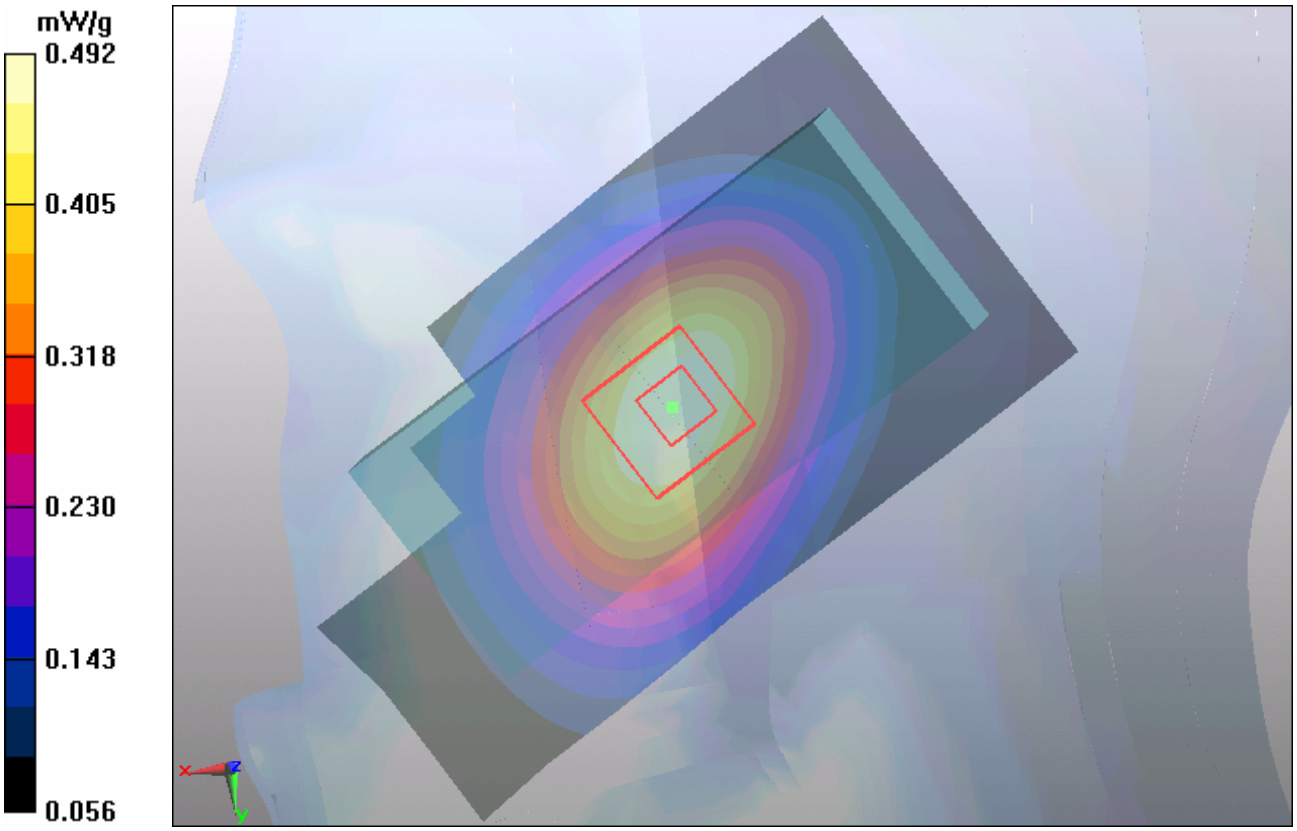


Figure 21 Right Hand Tilt 15° GSM 850 Channel 190

GSM 850 Right Tilt Low (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/26/2012 9:57:21 AM
Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 824.2 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 824.2 MHz; σ = 0.887 mho/m; ε_r = 41.5; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5℃
Phantom section: Right Section
DASY5 Configuration:
Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(9.02, 9.02, 9.02); Calibrated: 1/4/2012
Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011
Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534
Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 850 Right/Tilt Low/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.473 mW/g

GSM 850 Right/Tilt Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 11.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.029 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.564 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.439 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.320 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.462 mW/g

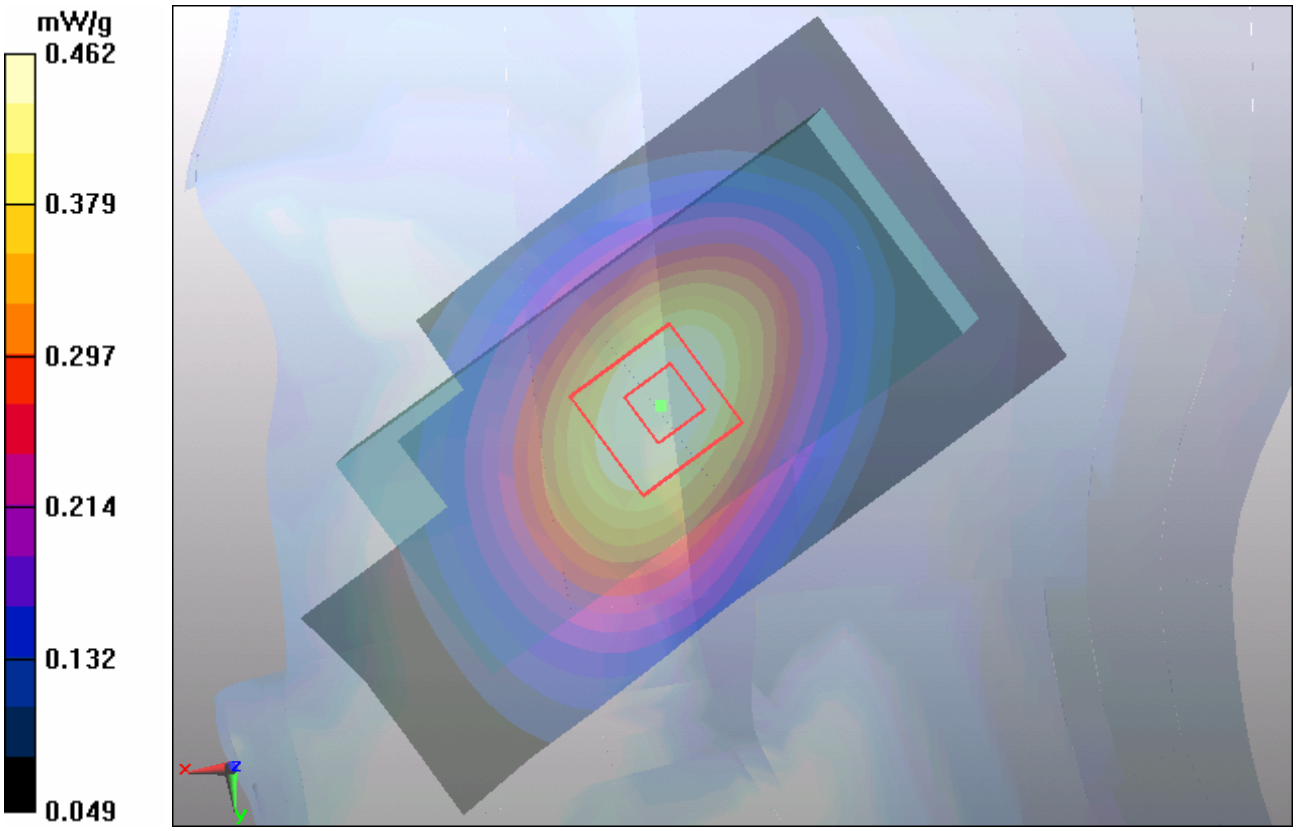


Figure 22 Right Hand Tilt 15° GSM 850 Channel 128

GSM 850 Right Cheek Middle (Battery 2)

Date/Time: 4/26/2012 10:46:10 AM
Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042
Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; σ = 0.9 mho/m; ε_r = 41.3; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5℃
Phantom section: Right Section
DASY5 Configuration:
Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(9.02, 9.02, 9.02); Calibrated: 1/4/2012
Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011
Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534
Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 850 Right/Cheek Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.28 mW/g

GSM 850 Right/Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 9.72 V/m; Power Drift = 0.040 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.61 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.18 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.819 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.26 mW/g

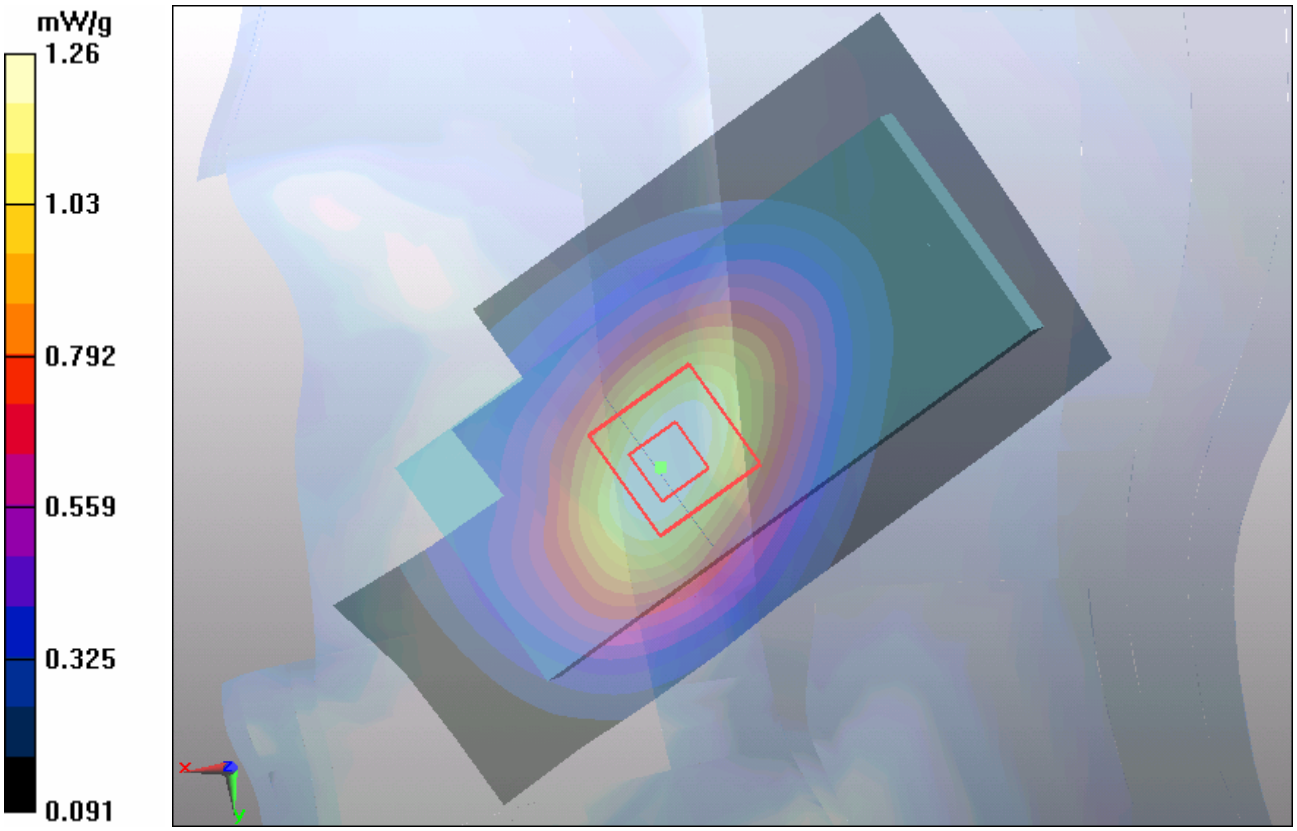


Figure 23 Right Hand Touch Cheek GSM 850 Channel 190

GSM 850 Right Cheek Middle (Battery 3)

Date/Time: 4/26/2012 11:04:22 AM
Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042
Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; σ = 0.9 mho/m; ε_r = 41.3; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5℃
Phantom section: Right Section
DASY5 Configuration:
Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(9.02, 9.02, 9.02); Calibrated: 1/4/2012
Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011
Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534
Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 850 Right/Cheek Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.26 mW/g

GSM 850 Right/Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 9.53 V/m; Power Drift = -0.001 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.6 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.16 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.803 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.24 mW/g

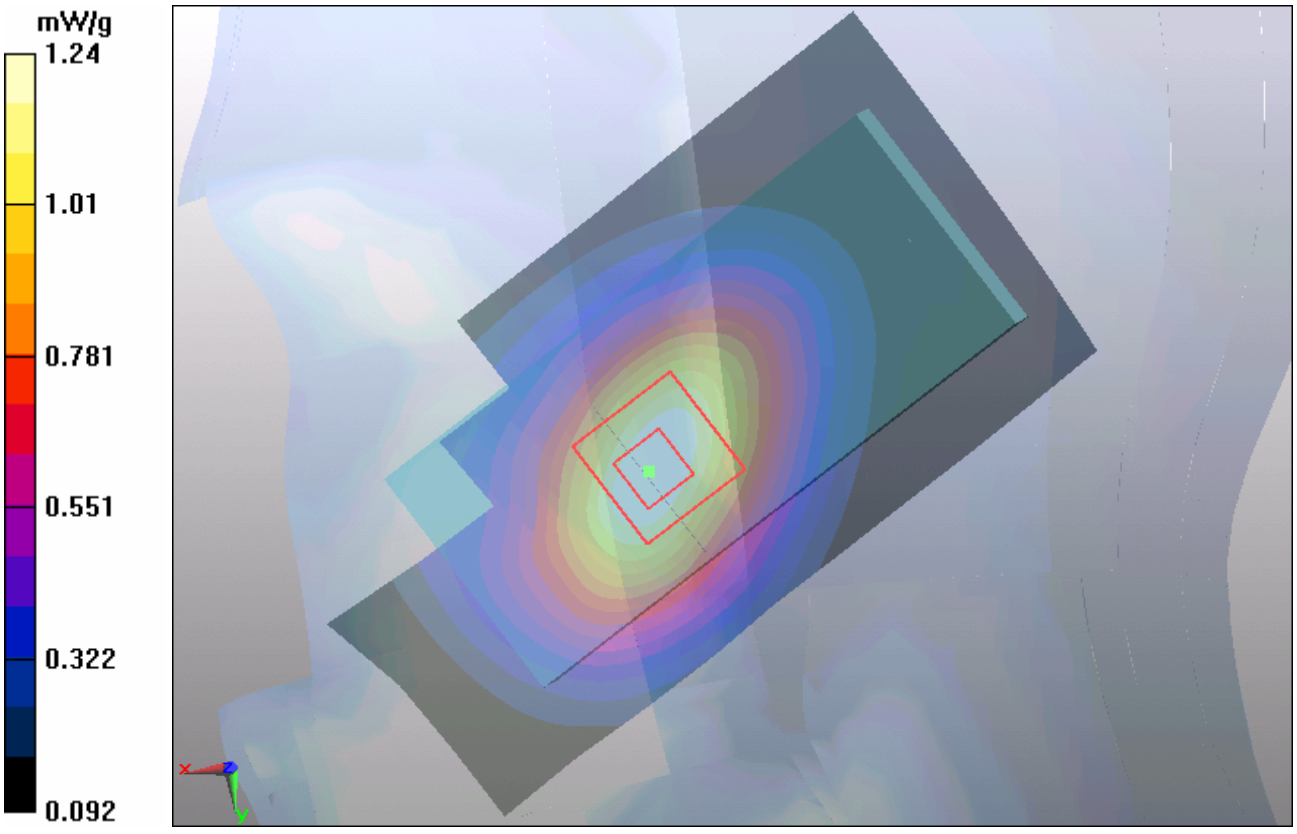


Figure 24 Right Hand Touch Cheek GSM 850 Channel 190

GSM 850 Right Cheek Middle (Battery 4)

Date/Time: 4/26/2012 10:27:02 AM
Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042
Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; σ = 0.9 mho/m; ε_r = 41.3; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5℃
Phantom section: Right Section
DASY5 Configuration:
Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(9.02, 9.02, 9.02); Calibrated: 1/4/2012
Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011
Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534
Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 850 Right/Cheek Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.28 mW/g

GSM 850 Right/Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 9.72 V/m; Power Drift = 0.052 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.62 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.18 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.821 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.26 mW/g

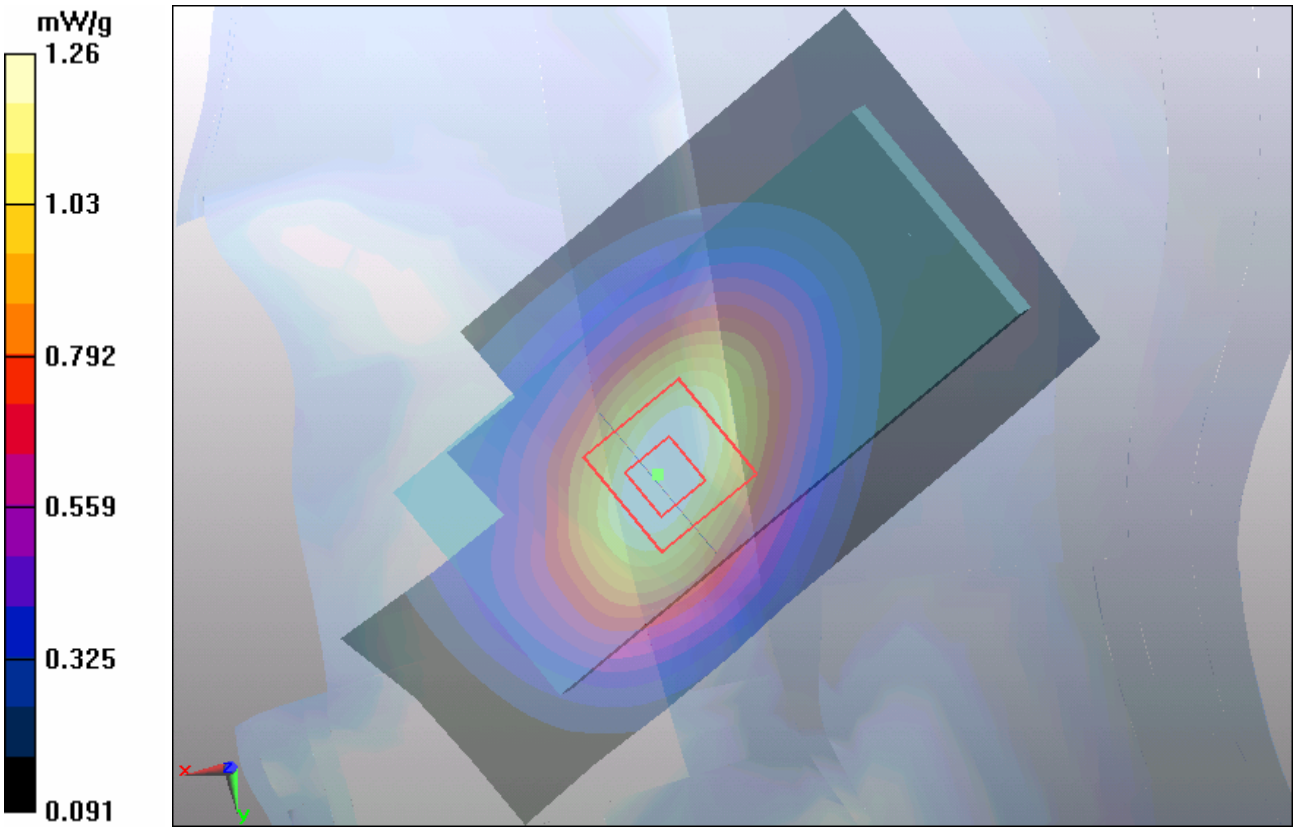


Figure 25 Right Hand Touch Cheek GSM 850 Channel 190

GSM 850 Right Cheek Middle (Battery 5)

Date/Time: 4/26/2012 11:21:53 AM
Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042
Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; σ = 0.9 mho/m; ε_r = 41.3; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5℃
Phantom section: Right Section
DASY5 Configuration:
Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(9.02, 9.02, 9.02); Calibrated: 1/4/2012
Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011
Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534
Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 850 Right/Cheek Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.25 mW/g

GSM 850 Right/Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 9.54 V/m; Power Drift = 0.036 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.58 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.15 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.799 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.23 mW/g

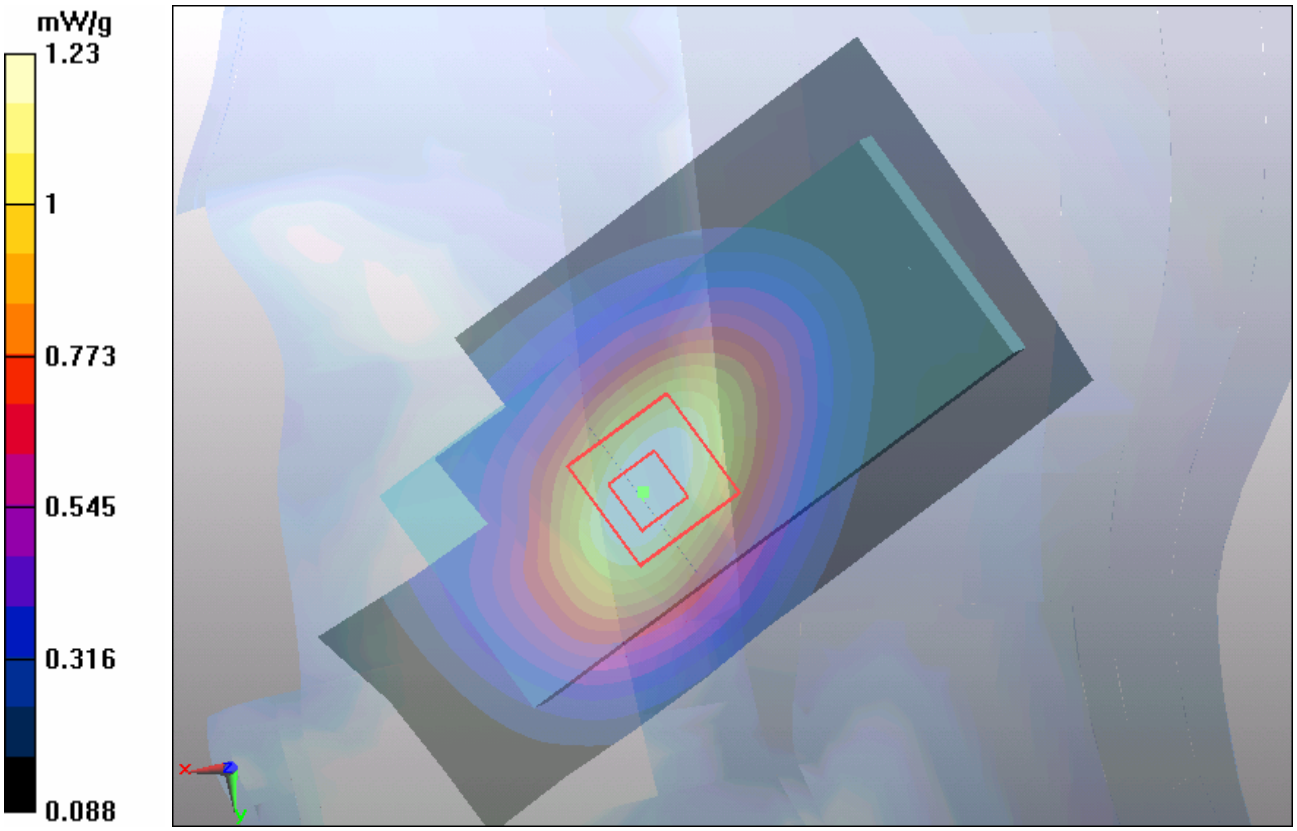


Figure 26 Right Hand Touch Cheek GSM 850 Channel 190

GSM 850 Towards Ground High (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/26/2012 5:52:12 PM
Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 848.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042
Medium parameters used: f = 849 MHz; σ = 1.01 mho/m; ε_r = 54.1; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5℃
Phantom section: Flat Section
DASY5 Configuration:
Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(9.18, 9.18, 9.18); Calibrated: 1/4/2012
Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011
Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534
Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 850 Flat Distance 15mm/Towards Ground High/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.748 mW/g

GSM 850 Flat Distance 15mm/Towards Ground High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 10.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.019 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.953 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.697 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.486 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.742 mW/g

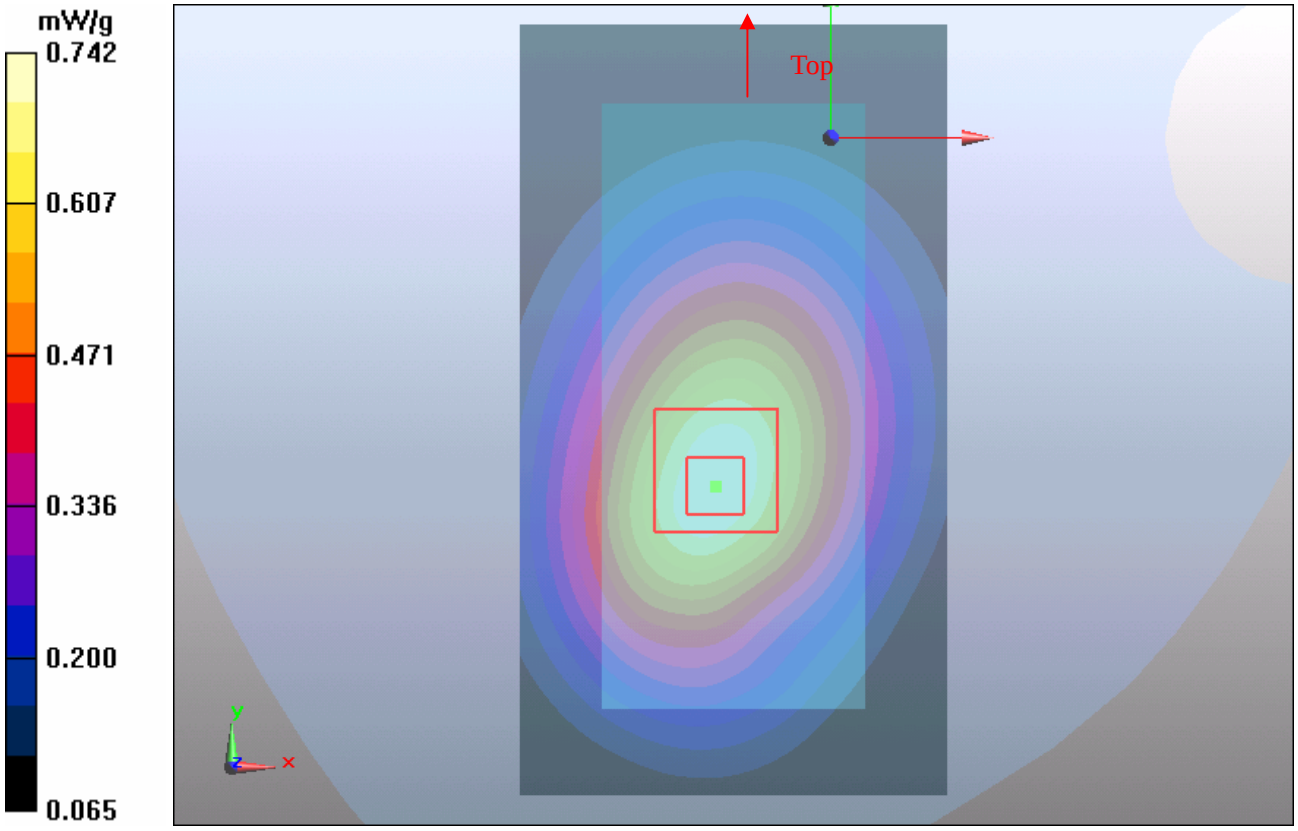


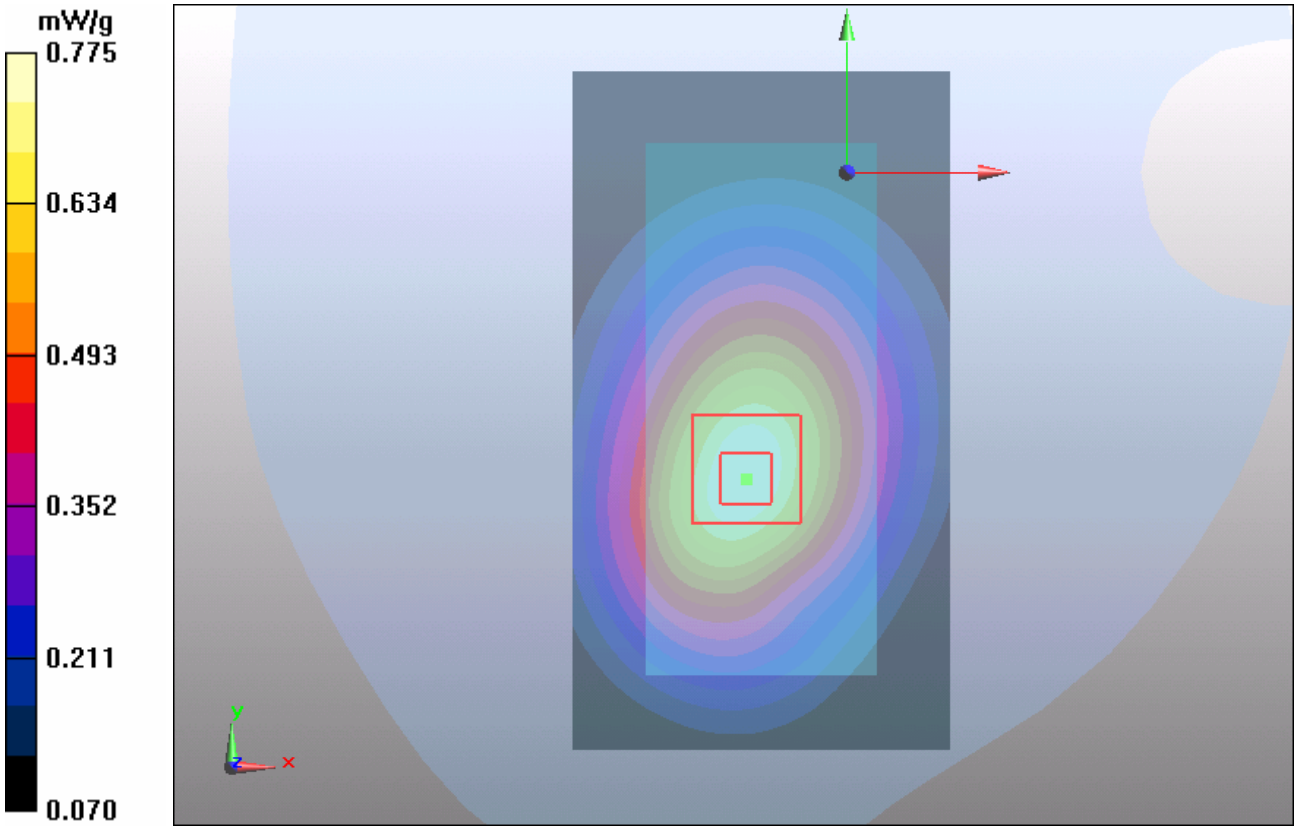
Figure 27 Body, Towards Ground, GSM 850 Channel 251

GSM 850 Towards Ground Middle (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/26/2012 5:36:55 PM
Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042
Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; σ = 0.988 mho/m; ε_r = 54.2; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5℃
Phantom section: Flat Section
DASY5 Configuration:
Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(9.18, 9.18, 9.18); Calibrated: 1/4/2012
Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011
Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534
Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 850 Flat Distance 15mm/Towards Ground Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.782 mW/g

GSM 850 Flat Distance 15mm/Towards Ground Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 10.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.018 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.990 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.726 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.507 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.775 mW/g



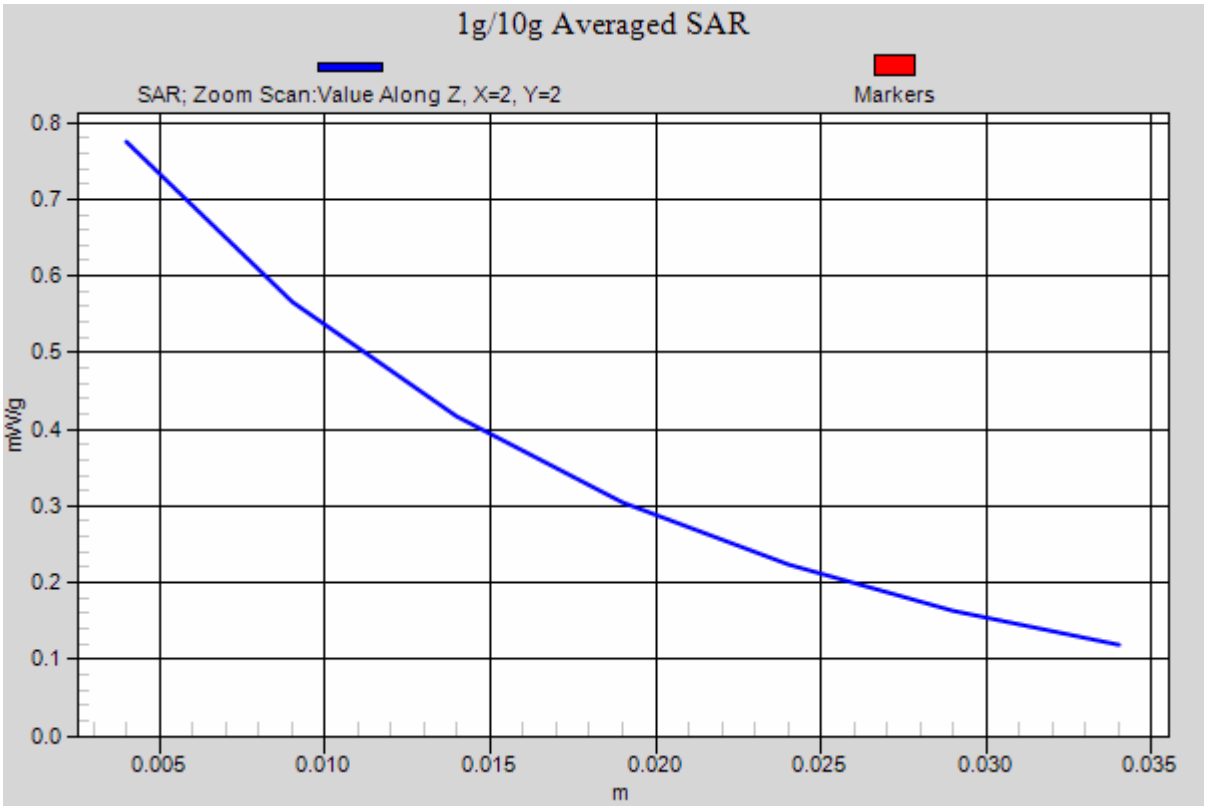


Figure 28 Body, Towards Ground, GSM 850 Channel 190

GSM 850 Towards Ground Low (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/26/2012 6:07:19 PM
Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 824.2 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 824.2 MHz; σ = 0.972 mho/m; ε_r = 54.4; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5℃
Phantom section: Flat Section
DASY5 Configuration:
Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(9.18, 9.18, 9.18); Calibrated: 1/4/2012
Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011
Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534
Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 850 Flat Distance 15mm/Towards Ground Low/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.766 mW/g

GSM 850 Flat Distance 15mm/Towards Ground Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 10.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.011 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.977 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.716 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.501 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.763 mW/g

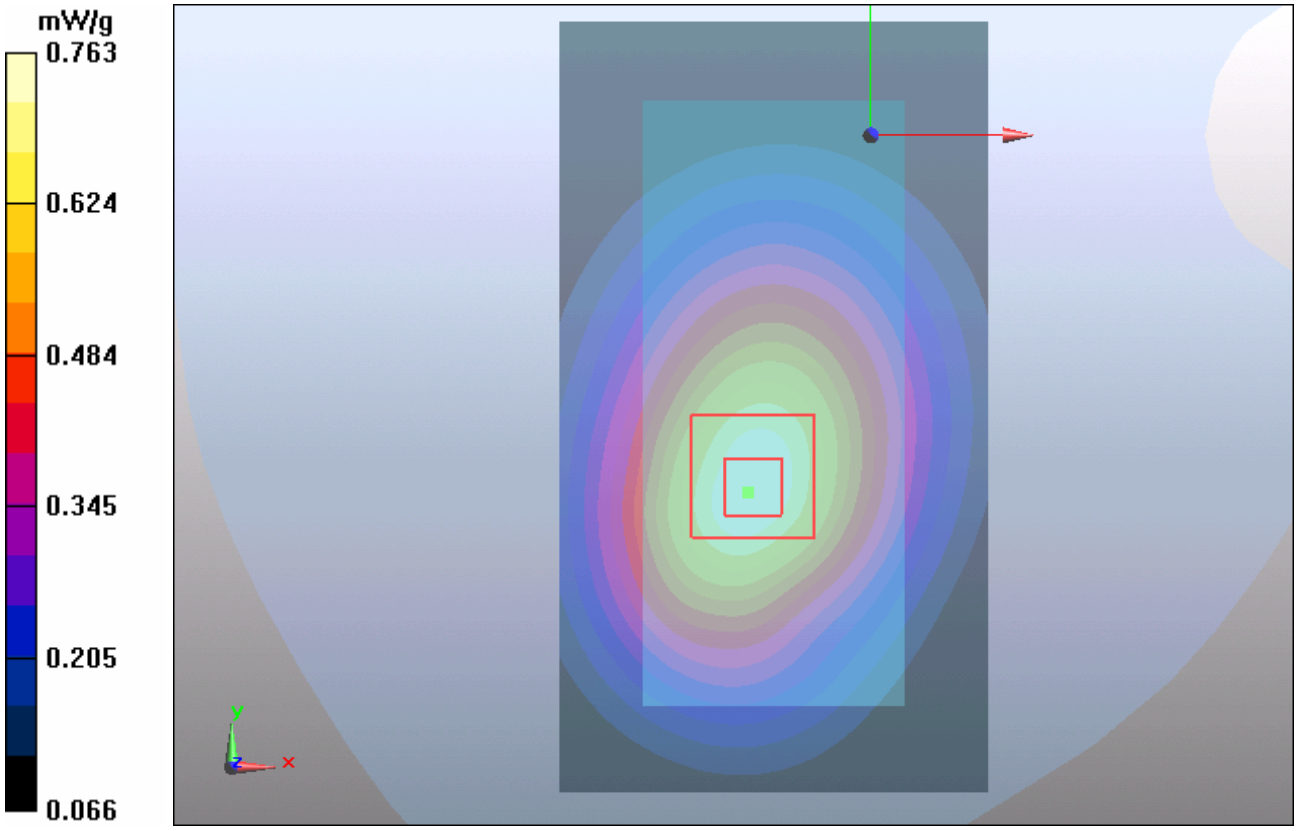


Figure 29 Body, Towards Ground, GSM 850 Channel 128

GSM 850 Towards Phantom High (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/26/2012 6:57:31 PM
Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 848.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042
Medium parameters used: f = 849 MHz; σ = 1.01 mho/m; ε_r = 54.1; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5℃
Phantom section: Flat Section
DASY5 Configuration:
Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(9.18, 9.18, 9.18); Calibrated: 1/4/2012
Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011
Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534
Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 850 Flat Distance 15mm/Towards Phantom High/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.620 mW/g

GSM 850 Flat Distance 15mm/Towards Phantom High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 7.92 V/m; Power Drift = -0.079 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.775 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.573 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.403 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.608 mW/g

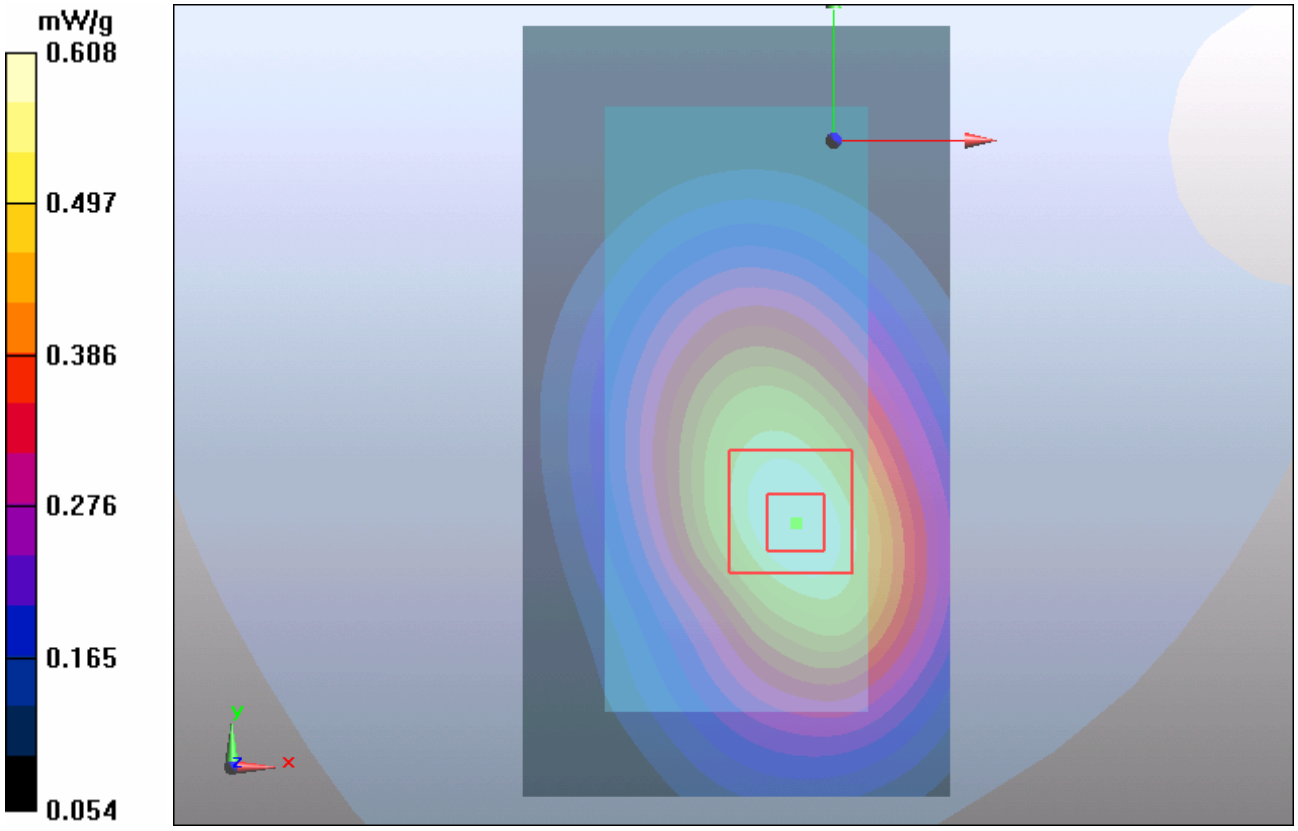


Figure 30 Body, Towards Phantom, GSM 850 Channel 251

GSM 850 Towards Phantom Middle (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/26/2012 6:42:21 PM

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; σ = 0.988 mho/m; ε_r = 54.2; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5℃

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(9.18, 9.18, 9.18); Calibrated: 1/4/2012

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 850 Flat Distance 15mm/Towards Phantom Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.634 mW/g

GSM 850 Flat Distance 15mm/Towards Phantom Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.97 V/m; Power Drift = -0.021 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.800 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.588 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.412 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.627 mW/g

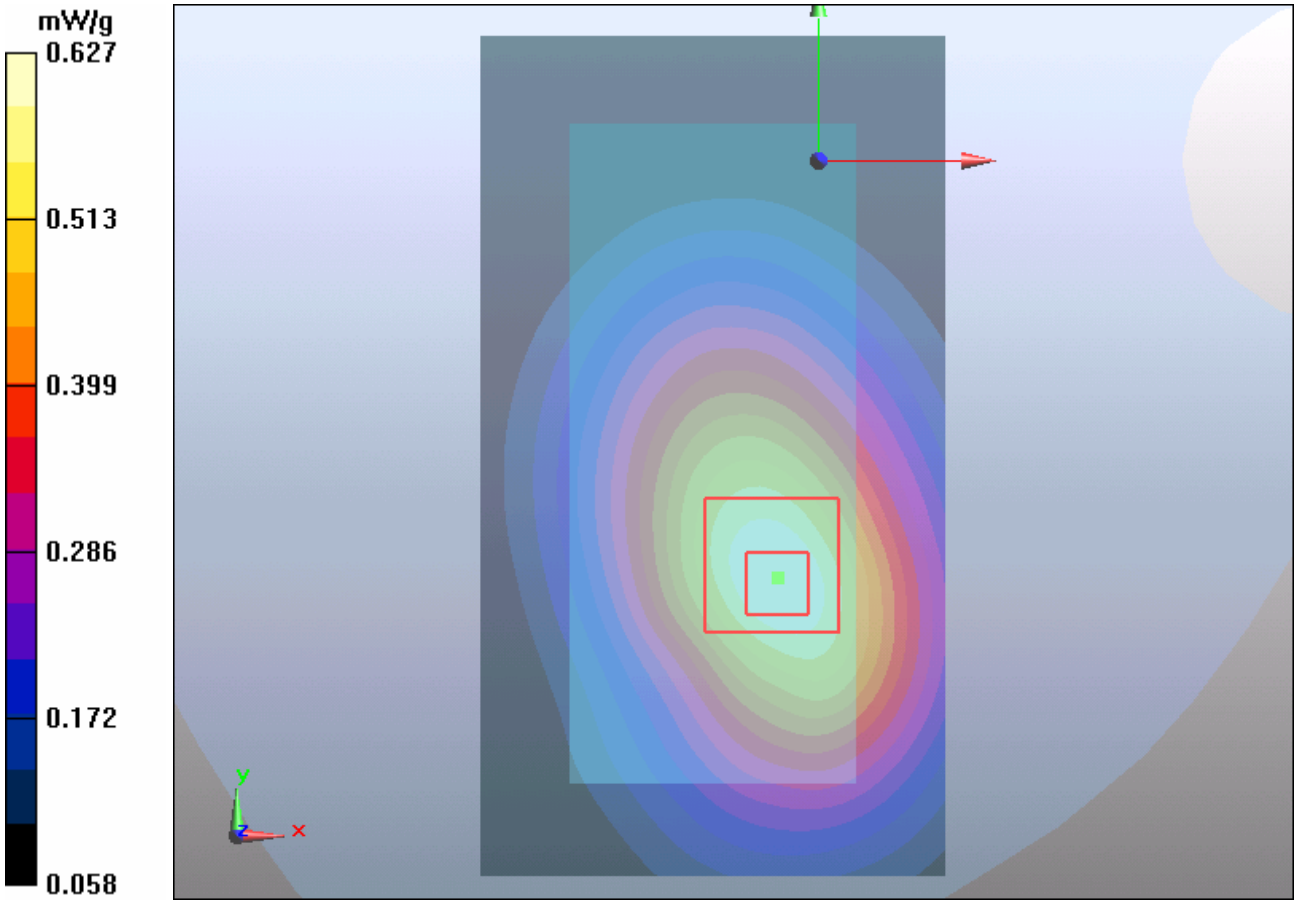


Figure 31 Body, Towards Phantom, GSM 850 Channel 190

GSM 850 Towards Phantom Low (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/26/2012 6:27:25 PM

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 824.2 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 824.2 MHz; σ = 0.972 mho/m; ε_r = 54.4; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5℃

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(9.18, 9.18, 9.18); Calibrated: 1/4/2012

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 850 Flat Distance 15mm/Towards Phantom Low/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.607 mW/g

GSM 850 Flat Distance 15mm/Towards Phantom Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.78 V/m; Power Drift = -0.005 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.780 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.566 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.396 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.602 mW/g

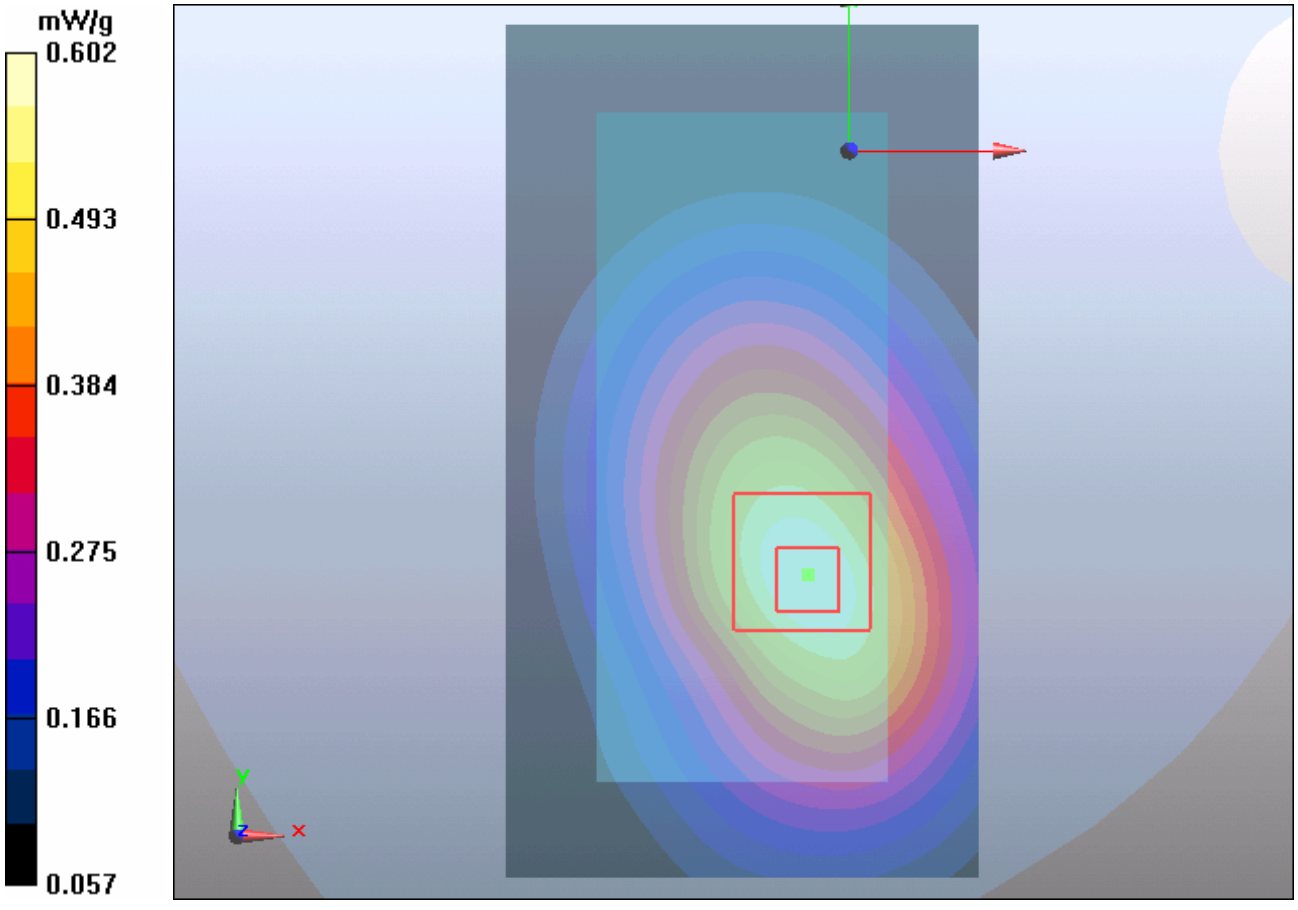


Figure 32 Body, Towards Phantom, GSM 850 Channel 128

GSM 850 with Stereo Headset 1 Towards Ground Middle (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/26/2012 10:07:50 PM
Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042
Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; σ = 0.988 mho/m; ε_r = 54.2; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5℃
Phantom section: Flat Section
DASY5 Configuration:
Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(9.18, 9.18, 9.18); Calibrated: 1/4/2012
Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011
Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534
Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 850 Flat Distance 15mm/Towards Ground Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.757 mW/g
GSM 850 Flat Distance 15mm/Towards Ground Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 9.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.051 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.952 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.703 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.495 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.749 mW/g

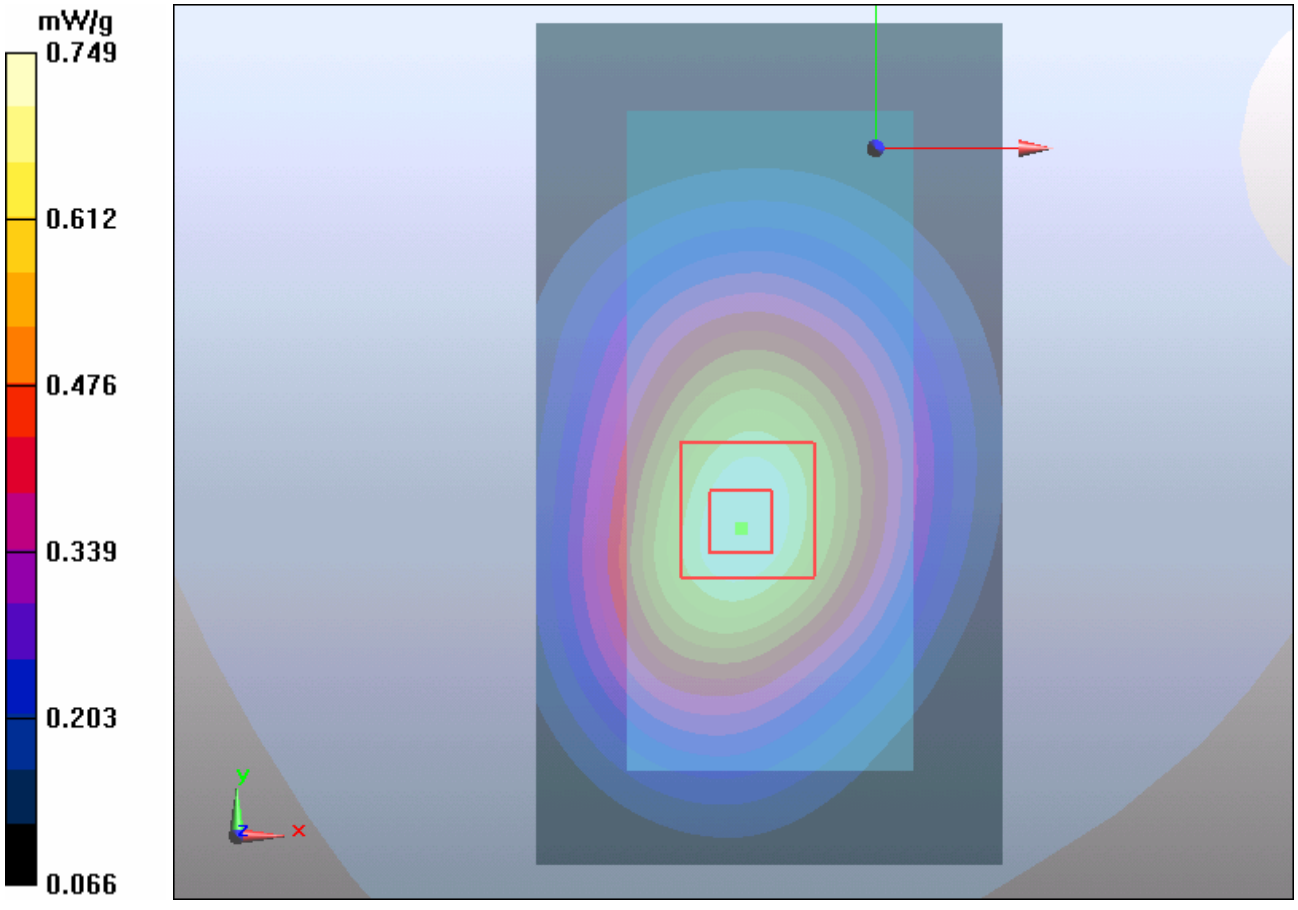


Figure 33 Body with Stereo Headset 1, Towards Ground, GSM 850 Channel 190

GSM 850 with Stereo Headset 2 Towards Ground Middle (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/26/2012 10:25:10 PM

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; σ = 0.988 mho/m; ε_r = 54.2; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5℃

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(9.18, 9.18, 9.18); Calibrated: 1/4/2012

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 850 Flat Distance 15mm/Towards Ground Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.752 mW/g

GSM 850 Flat Distance 15mm/Towards Ground Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.033 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.933 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.693 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.486 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.735 mW/g

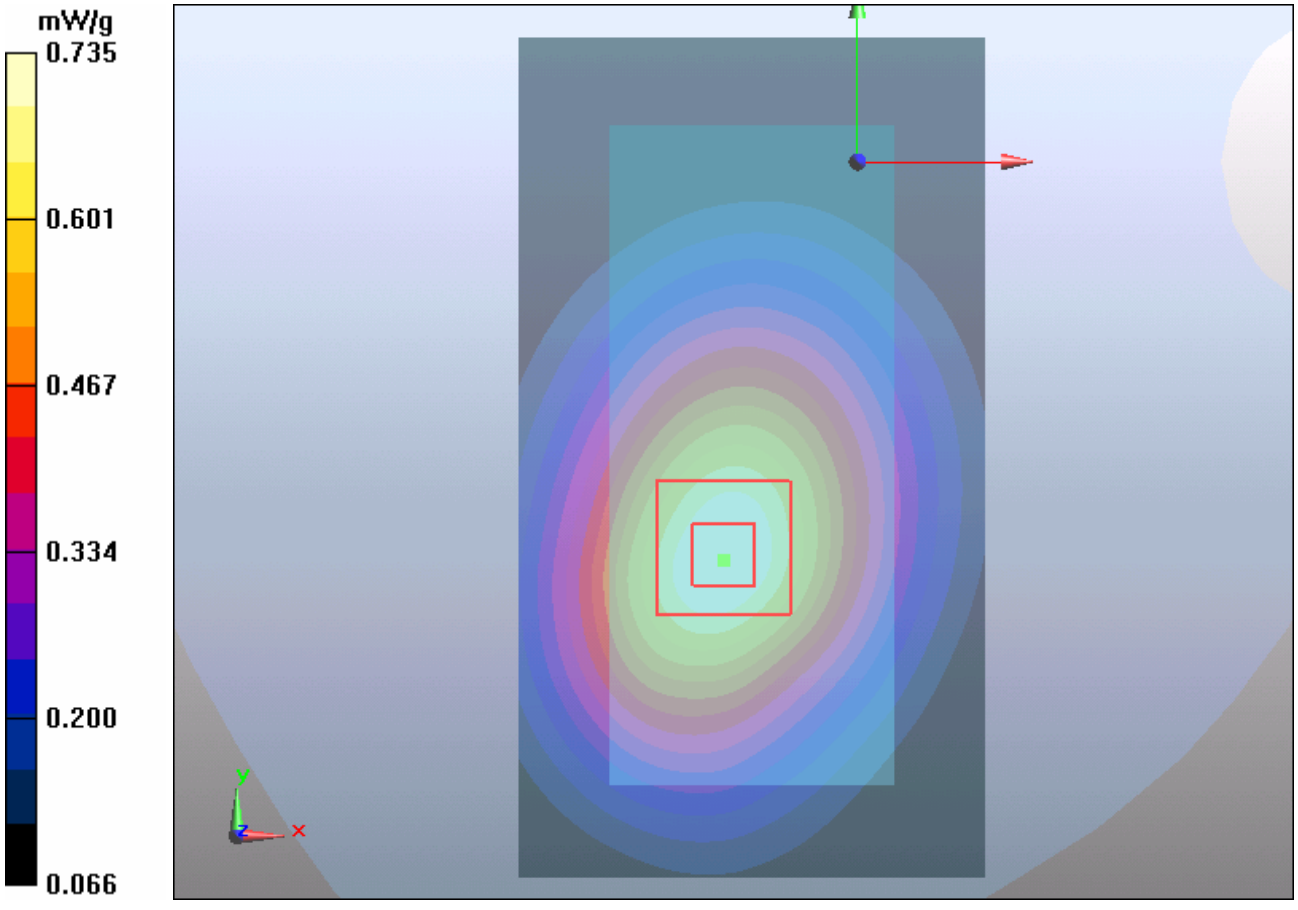


Figure 34 Body with Stereo Headset 2, Towards Ground, GSM 850 Channel 190

GSM 850 Towards Ground Middle (Battery 2)

Date/Time: 4/26/2012 11:35:32 PM
Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042
Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; σ = 0.988 mho/m; ε_r = 54.2; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5℃
Phantom section: Flat Section
DASY5 Configuration:
Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(9.18, 9.18, 9.18); Calibrated: 1/4/2012
Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011
Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534
Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 850 Flat Distance 15mm/Towards Ground Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.776 mW/g

GSM 850 Flat Distance 15mm/Towards Ground Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 8.71 V/m; Power Drift = 0.020 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.975 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.715 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.500 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.759 mW/g

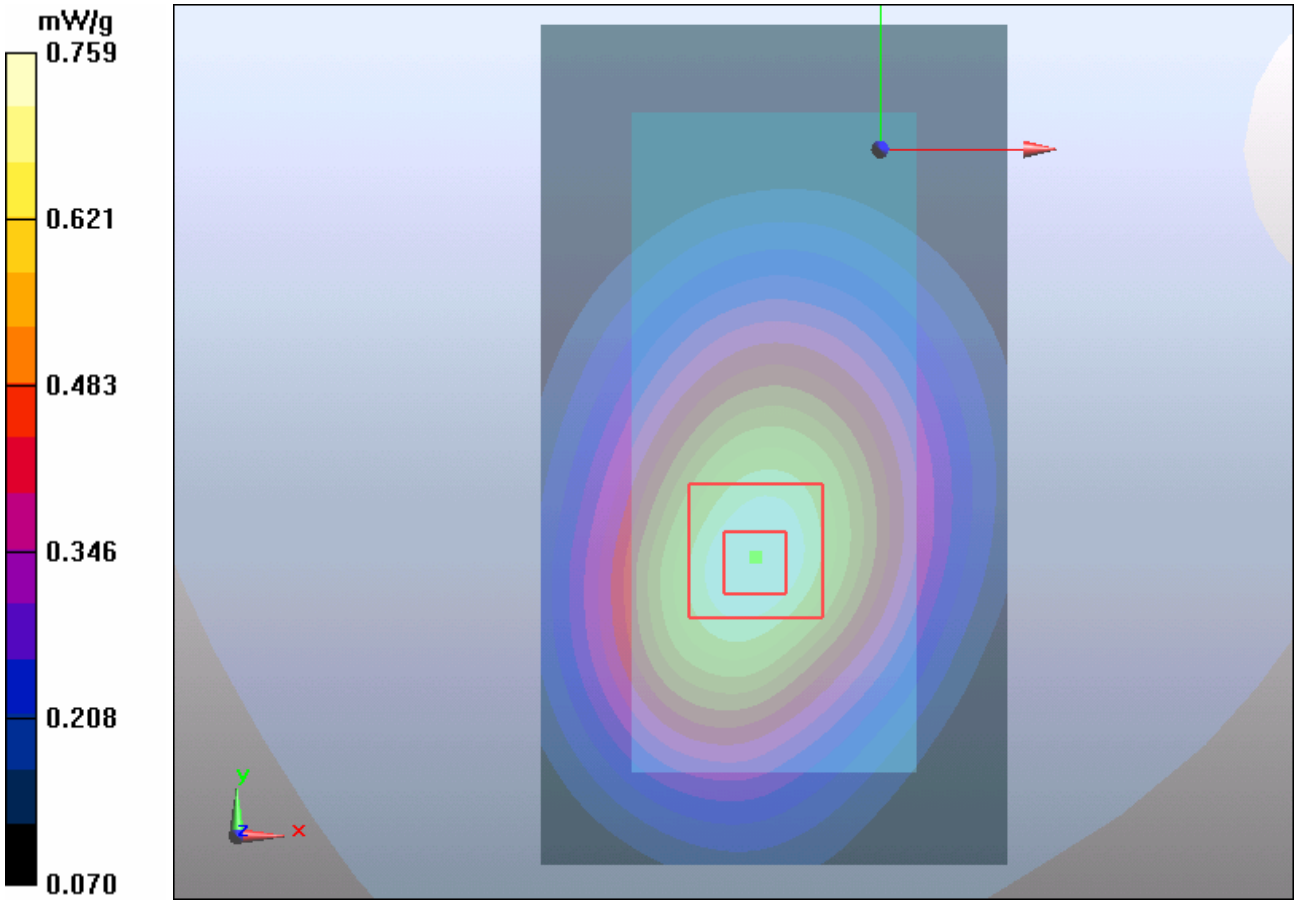


Figure 35 Body, Towards Ground, GSM 850 Channel 190

GSM 850 Towards Ground Middle (Battery 3)

Date/Time: 4/26/2012 11:52:33 PM
Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042
Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; σ = 0.988 mho/m; ε_r = 54.2; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5℃
Phantom section: Flat Section
DASY5 Configuration:
Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(9.18, 9.18, 9.18); Calibrated: 1/4/2012
Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011
Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534
Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 850 Flat Distance 15mm/Towards Ground Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.776 mW/g

GSM 850 Flat Distance 15mm/Towards Ground Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 8.65 V/m; Power Drift = 0.005 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.982 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.720 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.504 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.764 mW/g

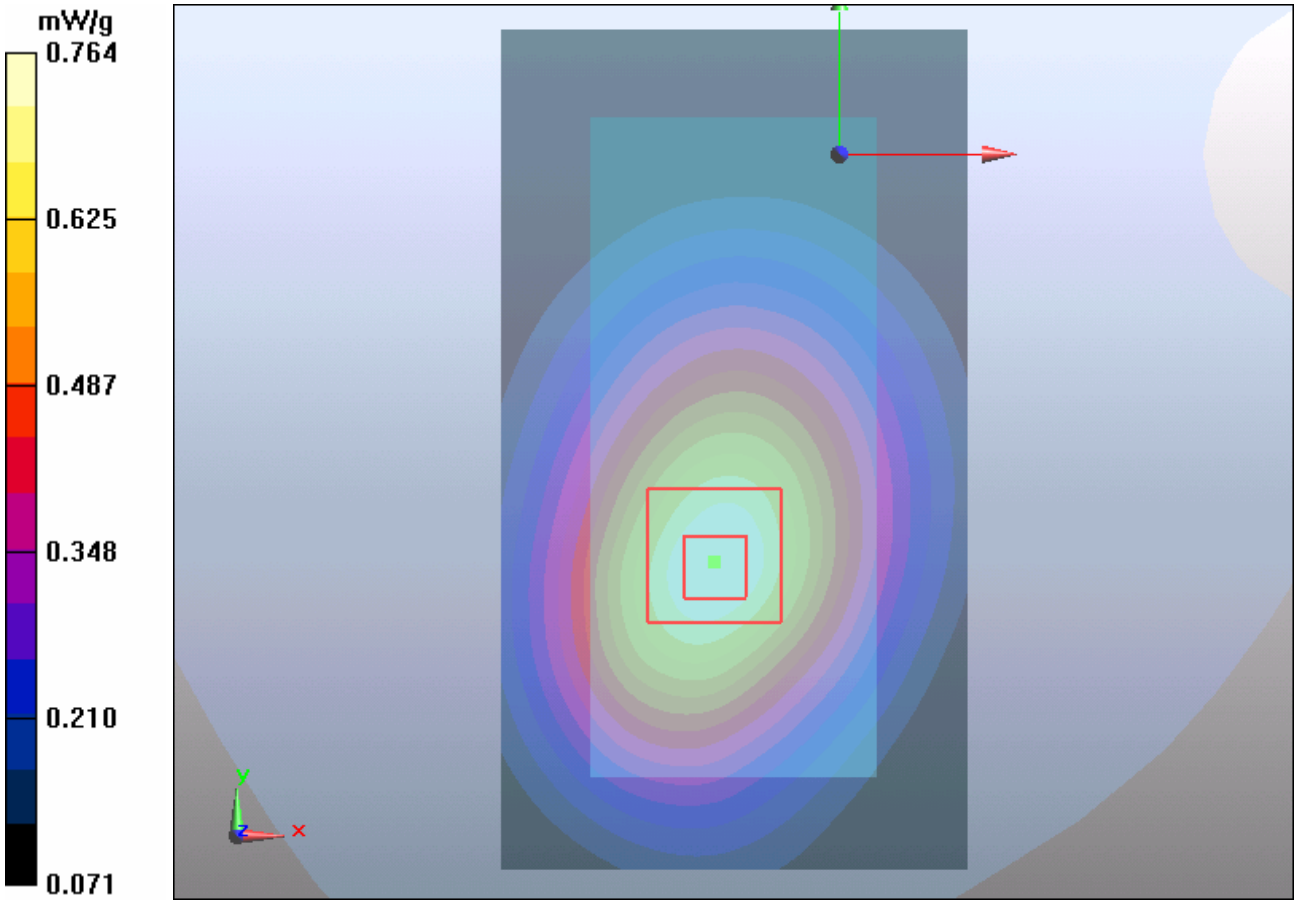


Figure 36 Body, Towards Ground, GSM 850 Channel 190

GSM 850 Towards Ground Middle (Battery 4)

Date/Time: 4/26/2012 10:53:28 PM
Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042
Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; σ = 0.988 mho/m; ε_r = 54.2; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5℃
Phantom section: Flat Section
DASY5 Configuration:
Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(9.18, 9.18, 9.18); Calibrated: 1/4/2012
Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011
Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534
Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 850 Flat Distance 15mm/Towards Ground Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.779 mW/g

GSM 850 Flat Distance 15mm/Towards Ground Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 8.47 V/m; Power Drift = 0.117 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.983 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.716 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.501 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.759 mW/g

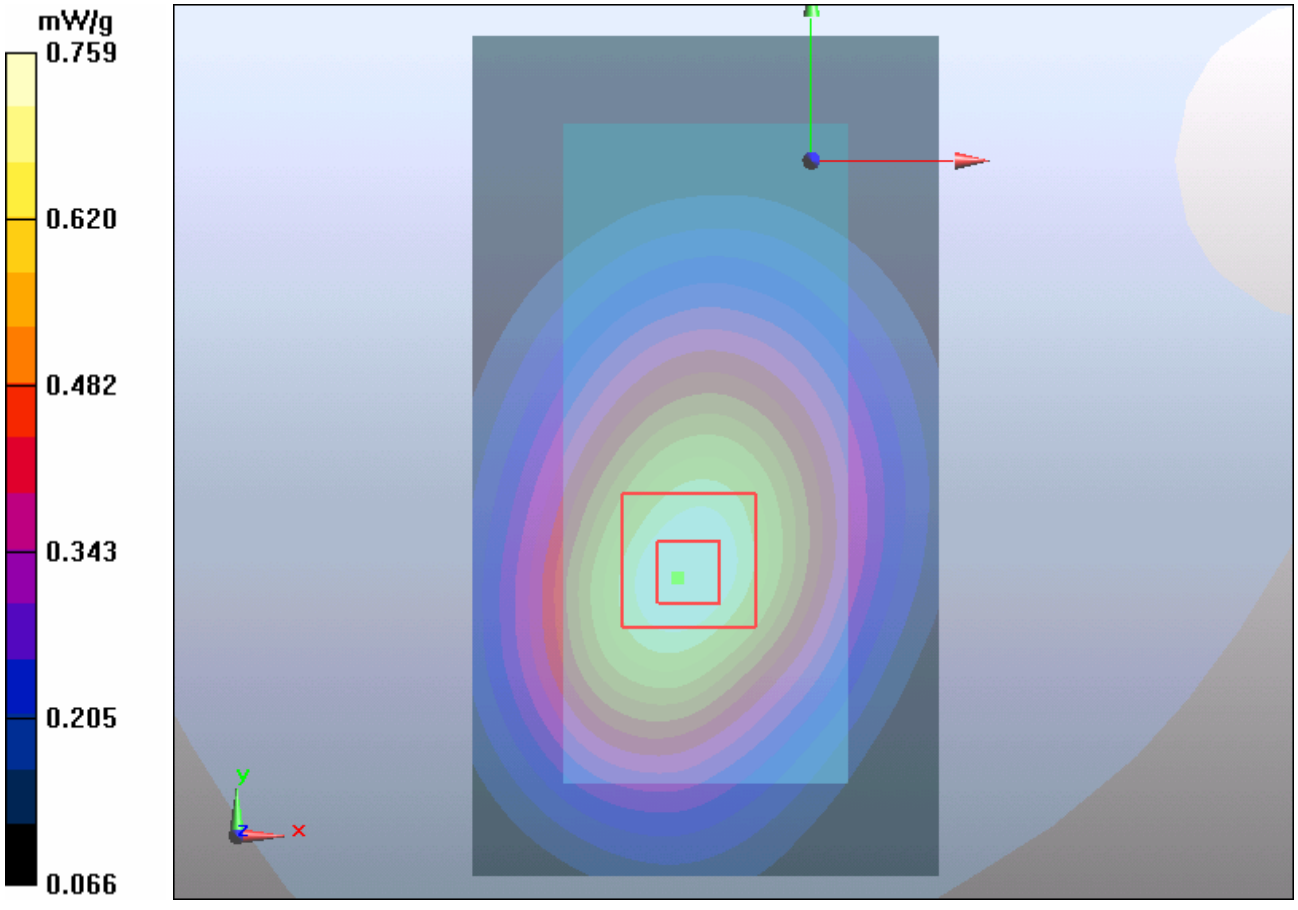


Figure 37 Body, Towards Ground, GSM 850 Channel 190

GSM 850 Towards Ground Middle (Battery 5)

Date/Time: 4/26/2012 11:18:04 PM
Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042
Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; σ = 0.988 mho/m; ε_r = 54.2; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5℃
Phantom section: Flat Section
DASY5 Configuration:
Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(9.18, 9.18, 9.18); Calibrated: 1/4/2012
Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011
Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534
Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 850 Flat Distance 15mm/Towards Ground Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.767 mW/g

GSM 850 Flat Distance 15mm/Towards Ground Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 8.93 V/m; Power Drift = -0.027 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.966 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.710 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.496 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.757 mW/g

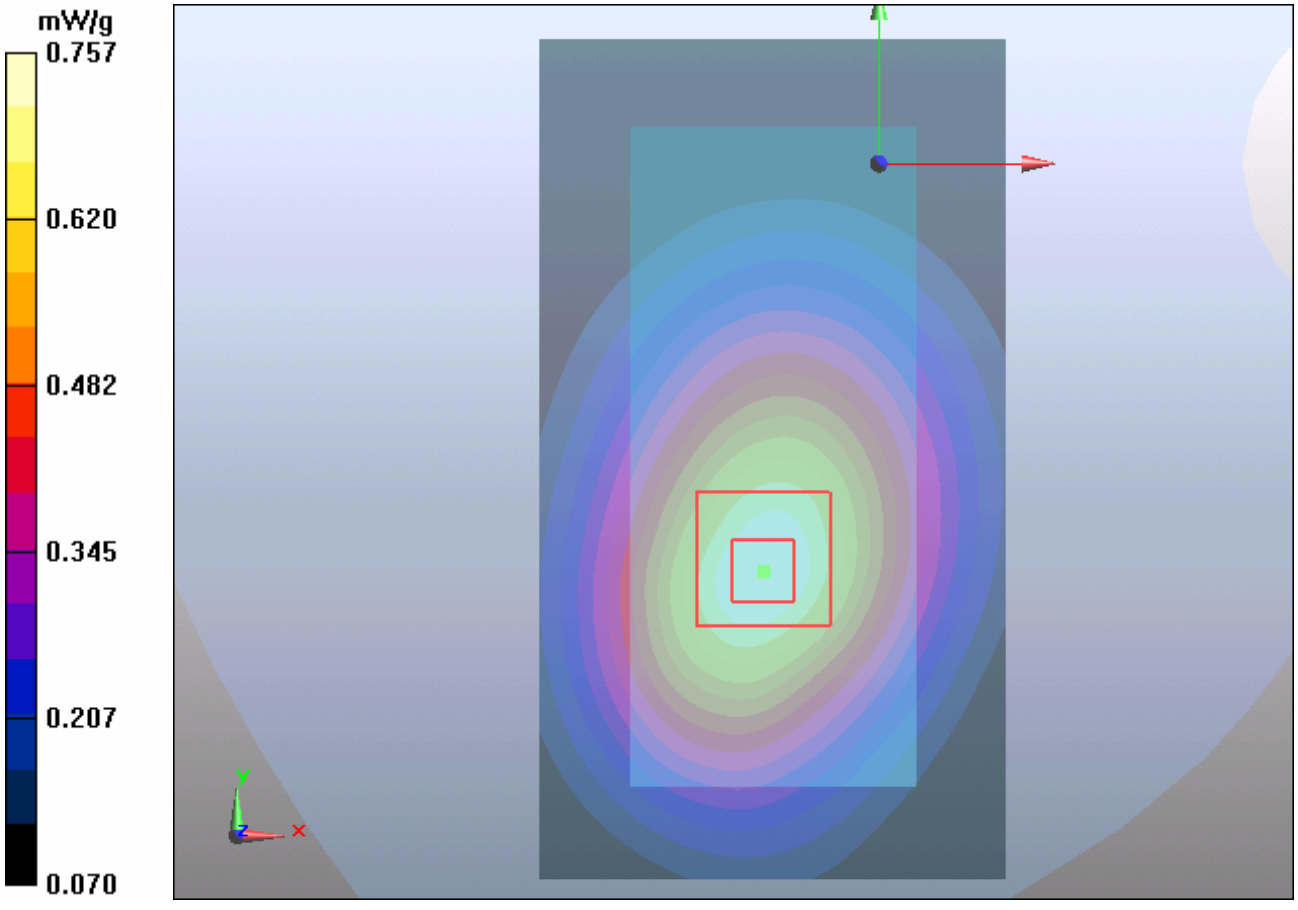


Figure 38 Body, Towards Ground, GSM 850 Channel 190

GSM 1900 Left Cheek High (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/26/2012 1:23:14 PM
Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042
Medium parameters used: f = 1910 MHz; σ = 1.42 mho/m; ε_r = 40.8; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5℃
Phantom section: Left Section
DASY5 Configuration:
Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(8.05, 8.05, 8.05); Calibrated: 1/4/2012
Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011
Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524
Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59
GSM 1900 Left/Cheek High/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.806 mW/g
GSM 1900 Left/Cheek High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 9.61 V/m; Power Drift = 0.040 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.963 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.641 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.388 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.690 mW/g
GSM 1900 Left/Cheek High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 9.61 V/m; Power Drift = 0.040 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.02 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.682 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.411 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.748 mW/g

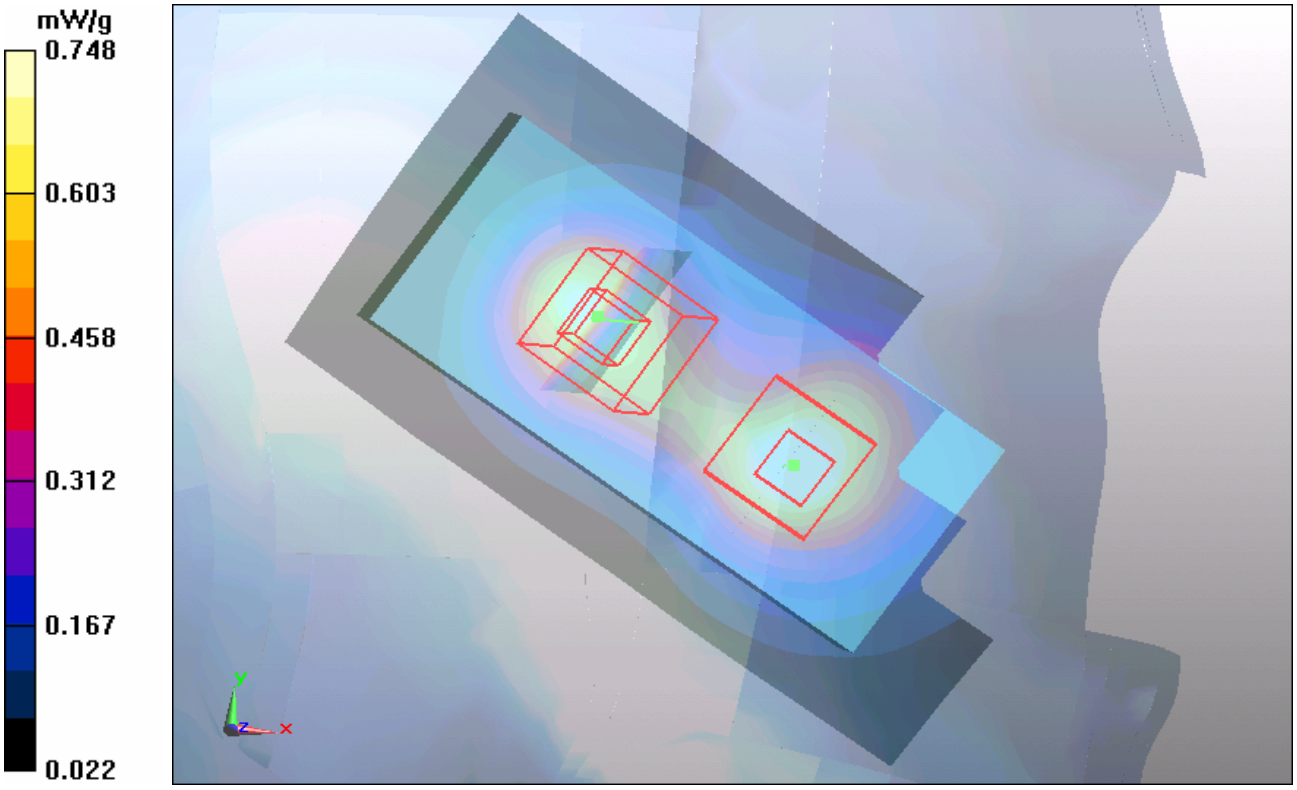


Figure 39 Left Hand Touch Cheek GSM 1900 Channel 810

GSM 1900 Left Cheek Middle (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/26/2012 12:51:32 PM
Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042
Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.4 mho/m; ε_r = 40.9; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5℃
Phantom section: Left Section
DASY5 Configuration:
Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(8.05, 8.05, 8.05); Calibrated: 1/4/2012
Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011
Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524
Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59
GSM 1900 Left/Cheek Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.757 mW/g
GSM 1900 Left/Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 10 V/m; Power Drift = -0.012 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.925 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.622 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.381 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.672 mW/g
GSM 1900 Left/Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 10 V/m; Power Drift = -0.012 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.961 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.641 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.389 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.701 mW/g

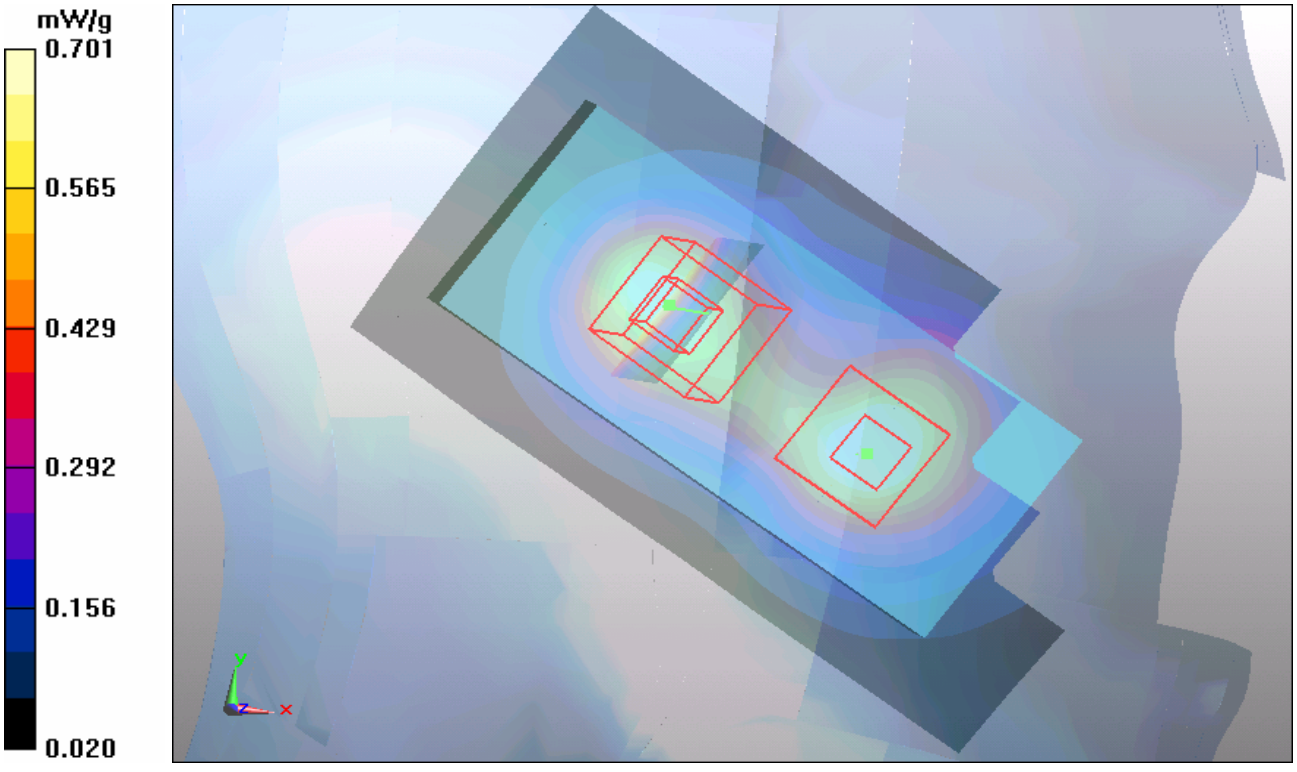


Figure 40 Left Hand Touch Cheek GSM 1900 Channel 661

GSM 1900 Left Cheek Low (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/26/2012 1:45:10 PM
Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1850.2 MHz; σ = 1.37 mho/m; ε_r = 41; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5℃
Phantom section: Left Section
DASY5 Configuration:
Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(8.05, 8.05, 8.05); Calibrated: 1/4/2012
Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011
Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524
Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59
GSM 1900 Left/Cheek Low/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.716 mW/g
GSM 1900 Left/Cheek Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 9.24 V/m; Power Drift = 0.056 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.886 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.597 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.365 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.650 mW/g
GSM 1900 Left/Cheek Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 9.24 V/m; Power Drift = 0.056 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.894 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.609 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.378 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.655 mW/g

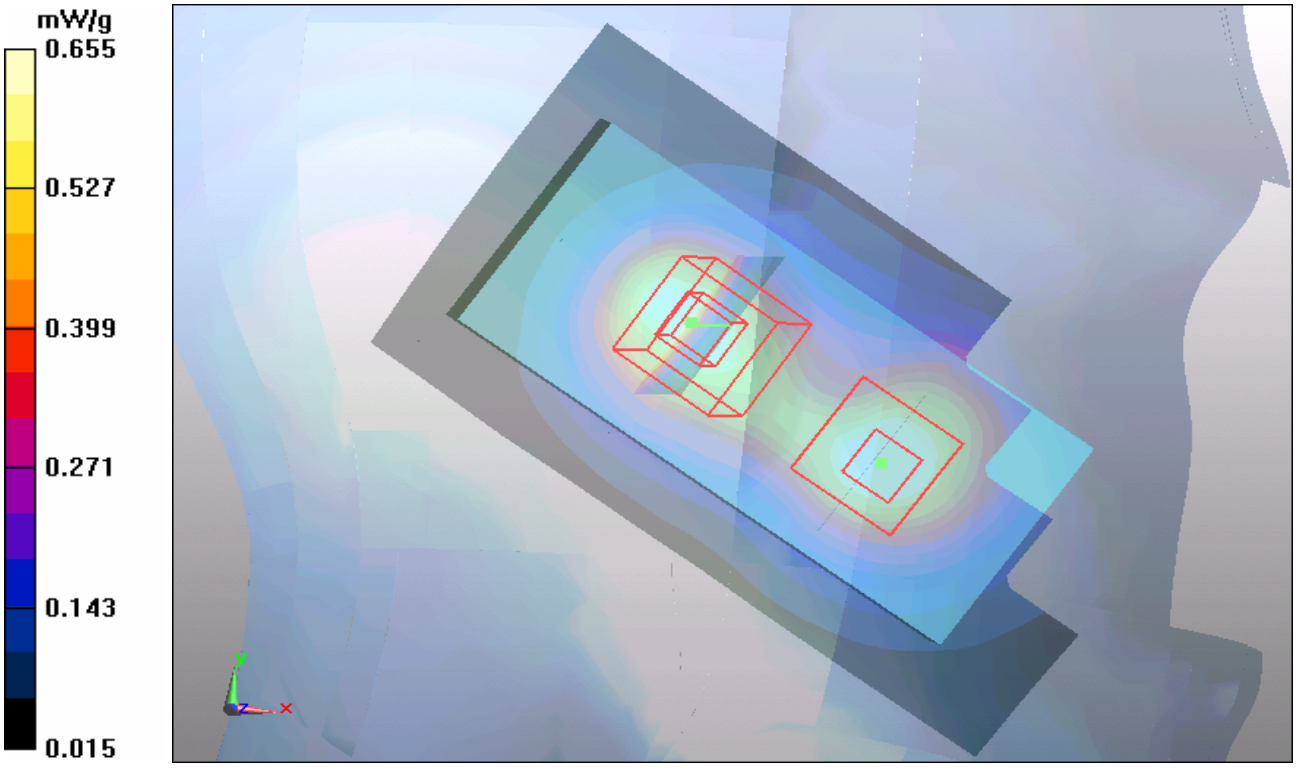


Figure 41 Left Hand Touch Cheek GSM 1900 Channel 512

GSM 1900 Left Tilt High (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/26/2012 2:24:29 PM
Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042
Medium parameters used: f = 1910 MHz; σ = 1.42 mho/m; ε_r = 40.8; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5℃
Phantom section: Left Section
DASY5 Configuration:
Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(8.05, 8.05, 8.05); Calibrated: 1/4/2012
Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011
Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524
Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 1900 Left/Tilt High/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.496 mW/g

GSM 1900 Left/Tilt High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 11.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.036 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.621 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.405 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.245 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.436 mW/g

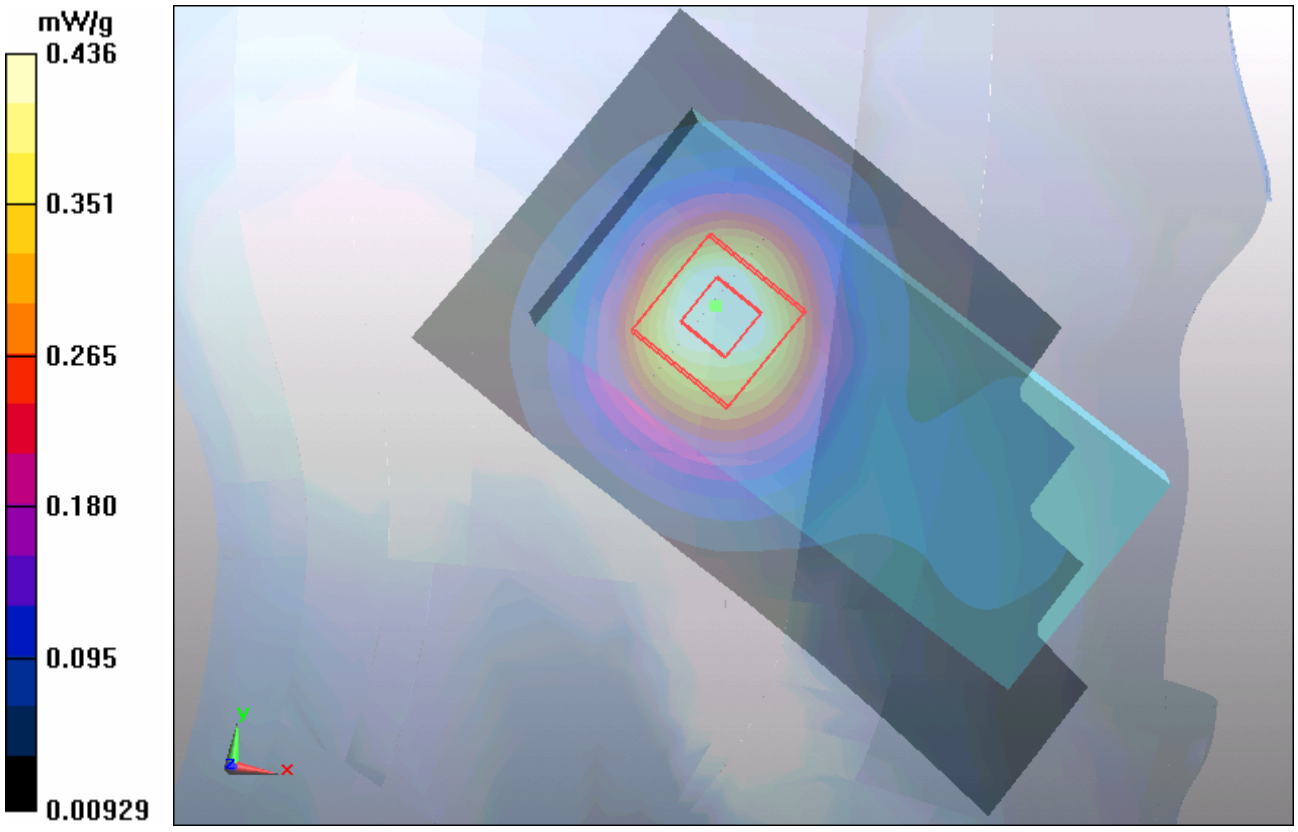


Figure 42 Left Hand Tilt 15° GSM 1900 Channel 810

GSM 1900 Left Tilt Middle (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/26/2012 2:39:20 PM
Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042
Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.4 mho/m; ε_r = 40.9; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5℃
Phantom section: Left Section
DASY5 Configuration:
Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(8.05, 8.05, 8.05); Calibrated: 1/4/2012
Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011
Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524
Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 1900 Left/Tilt Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.475 mW/g

GSM 1900 Left/Tilt Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 11.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.086 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.584 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.389 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.238 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.417 mW/g

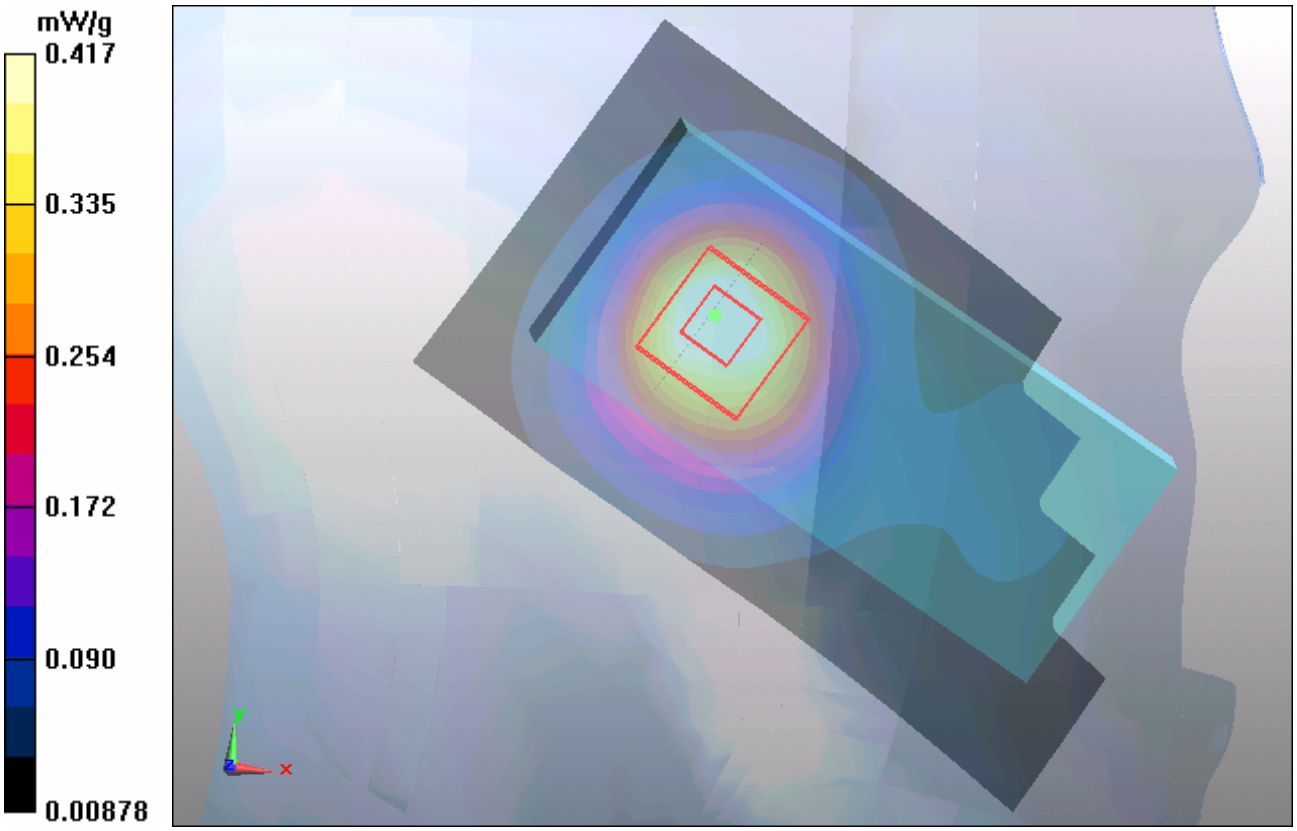


Figure 43 Left Hand Tilt 15° GSM 1900 Channel 661

GSM 1900 Left Tilt Low (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/26/2012 2:08:16 PM
Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1850.2 MHz; σ = 1.37 mho/m; ε_r = 41; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5℃
Phantom section: Left Section
DASY5 Configuration:
Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(8.05, 8.05, 8.05); Calibrated: 1/4/2012
Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011
Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524
Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 1900 Left/Tilt Low/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.439 mW/g

GSM 1900 Left/Tilt Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 11 V/m; Power Drift = 0.028 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.558 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.366 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.225 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.392 mW/g

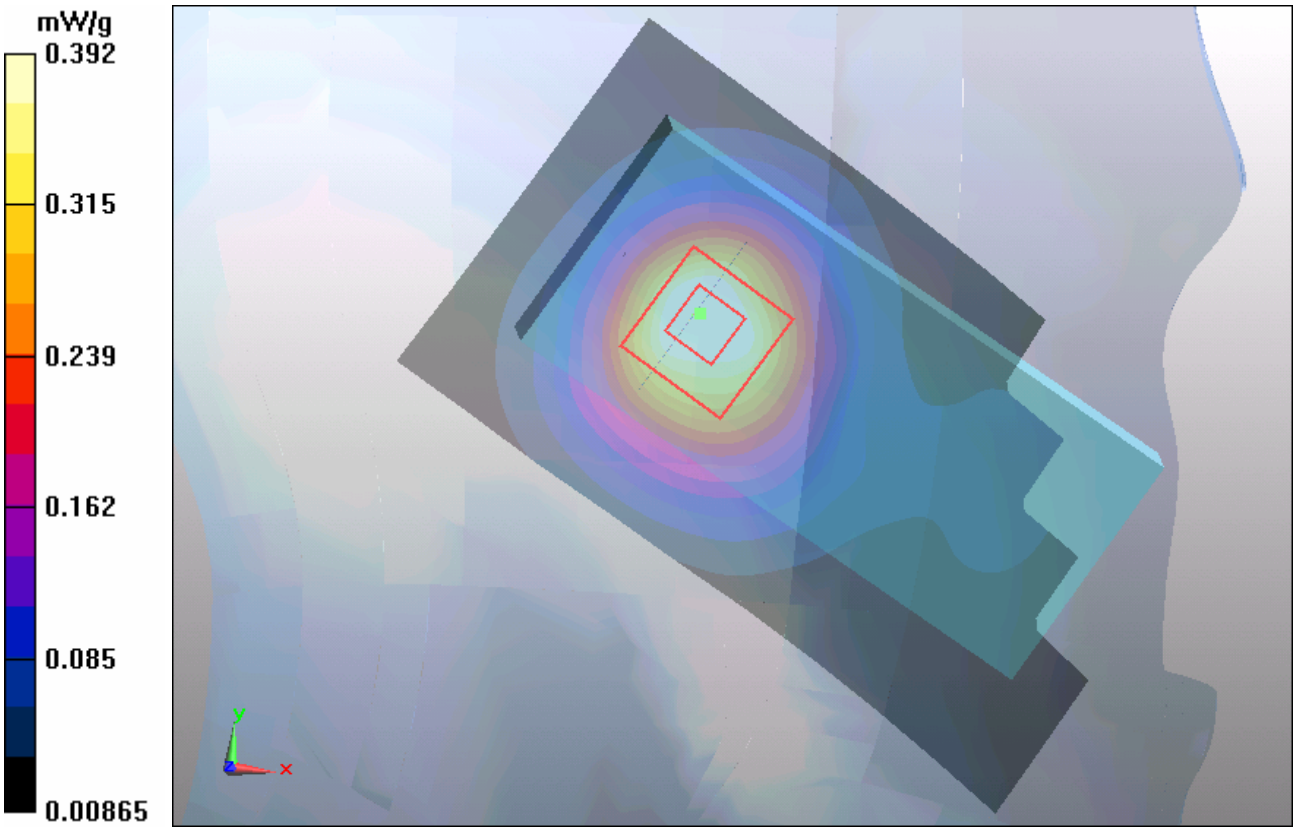
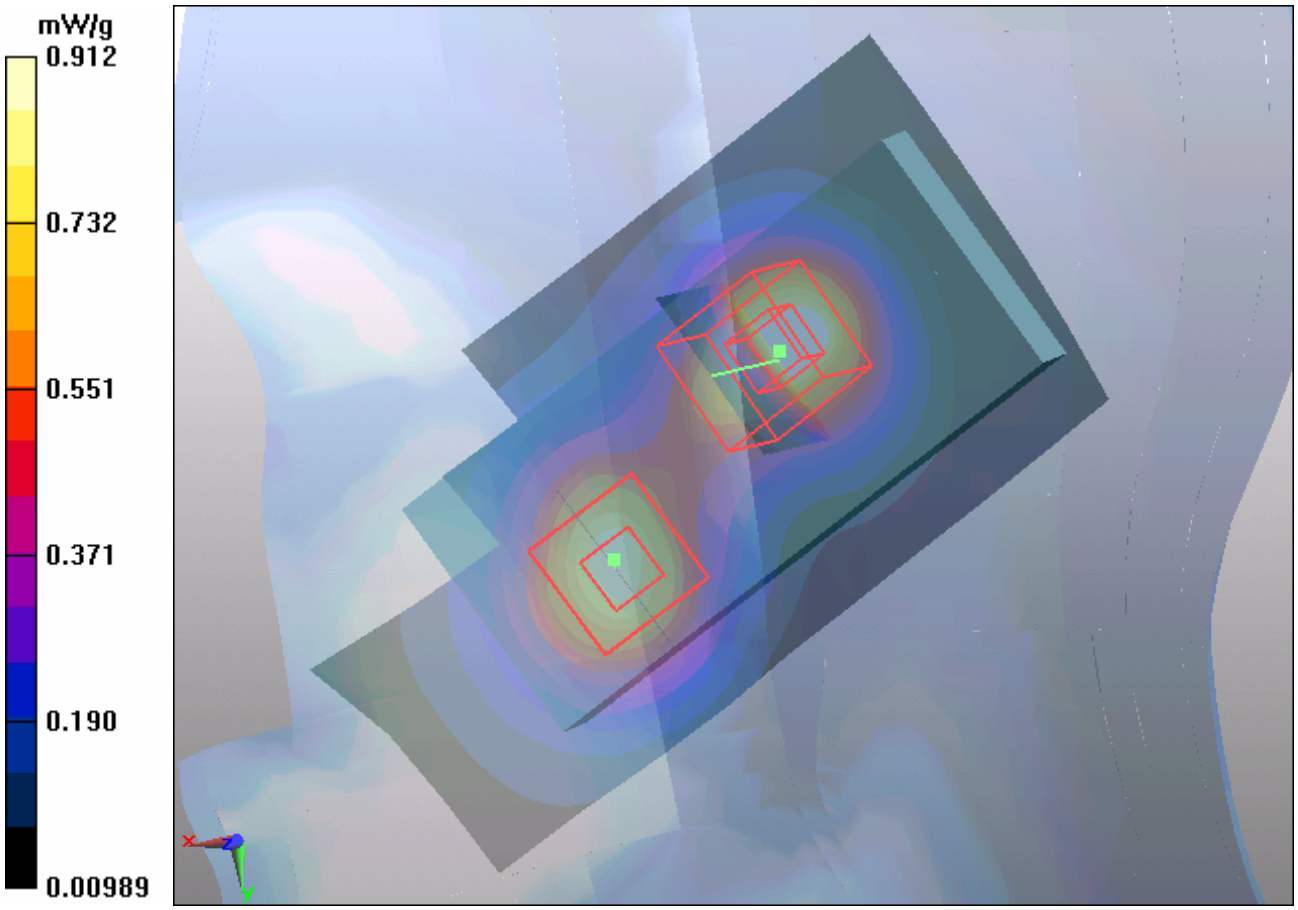


Figure 44 Left Hand Tilt 15° GSM 1900 Channel 512

GSM 1900 Right Cheek High (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/26/2012 3:22:36 PM
Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042
Medium parameters used: f = 1910 MHz; σ = 1.42 mho/m; ε_r = 40.8; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5℃
Phantom section: Right Section
DASY5 Configuration:
Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(8.05, 8.05, 8.05); Calibrated: 1/4/2012
Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011
Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524
Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59
GSM 1900 Right/Cheek High/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.971 mW/g
GSM 1900 Right/Cheek High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 10.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.061 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.26 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.763 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.440 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.835 mW/g
GSM 1900 Right/Cheek High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 10.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.061 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.29 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.849 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.499 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.912 mW/g



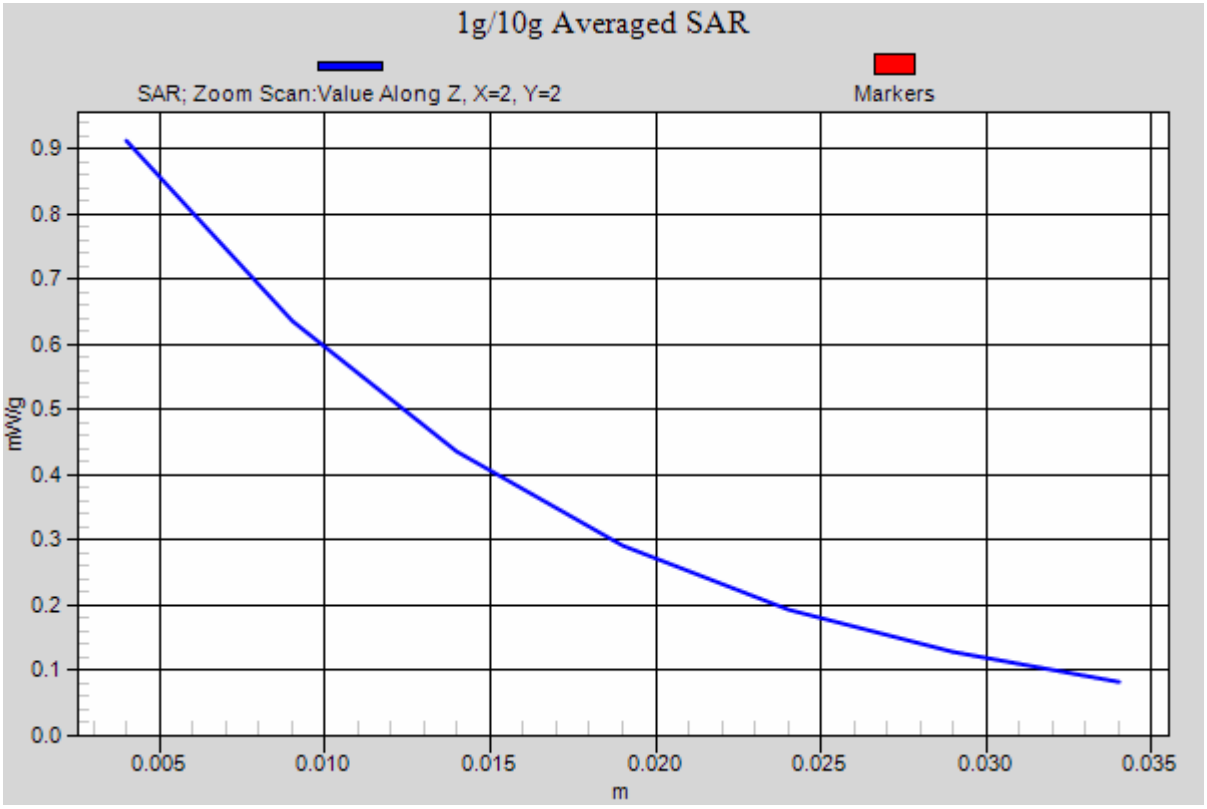


Figure 45 Right Hand Touch Cheek GSM 1900 Channel 810

GSM 1900 Right Cheek Middle (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/26/2012 3:00:47 PM
Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042
Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.4 mho/m; ε_r = 40.9; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5℃
Phantom section: Right Section
DASY5 Configuration:
Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(8.05, 8.05, 8.05); Calibrated: 1/4/2012
Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011
Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524
Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59
GSM 1900 Right/Cheek Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.960 mW/g
GSM 1900 Right/Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 10.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.001 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.21 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.734 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.427 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.802 mW/g
GSM 1900 Right/Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 10.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.001 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.26 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.841 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.498 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.901 mW/g

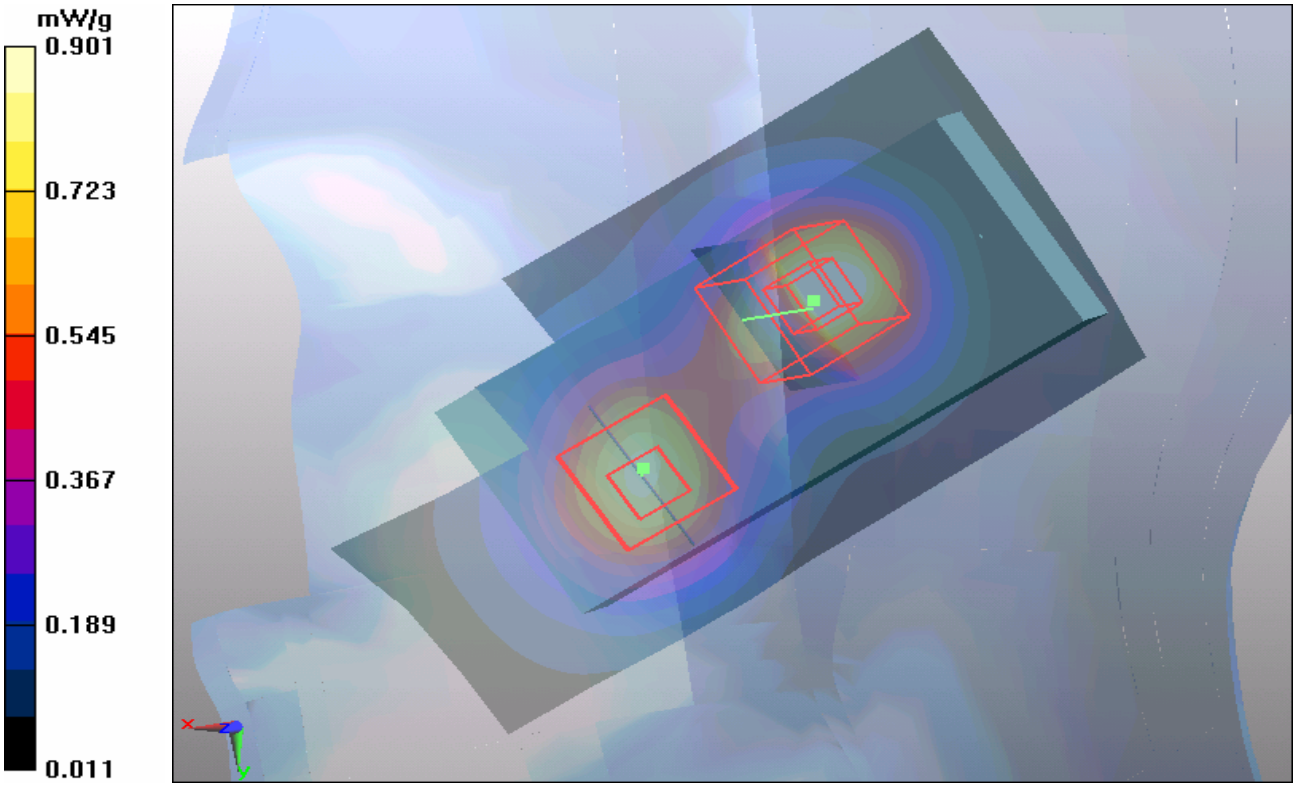


Figure 46 Right Hand Touch Cheek GSM 1900 Channel 661

GSM 1900 Right Cheek Low (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/26/2012 3:45:03 PM
Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1850.2 MHz; σ = 1.37 mho/m; ε_r = 41; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5℃
Phantom section: Right Section
DASY5 Configuration:
Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(8.05, 8.05, 8.05); Calibrated: 1/4/2012
Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011
Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524
Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59
GSM 1900 Right/Cheek Low/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.932 mW/g
GSM 1900 Right/Cheek Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 9.87 V/m; Power Drift = 0.074 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.13 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.695 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.407 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.761 mW/g
GSM 1900 Right/Cheek Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 9.87 V/m; Power Drift = 0.074 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.21 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.817 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.490 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.878 mW/g

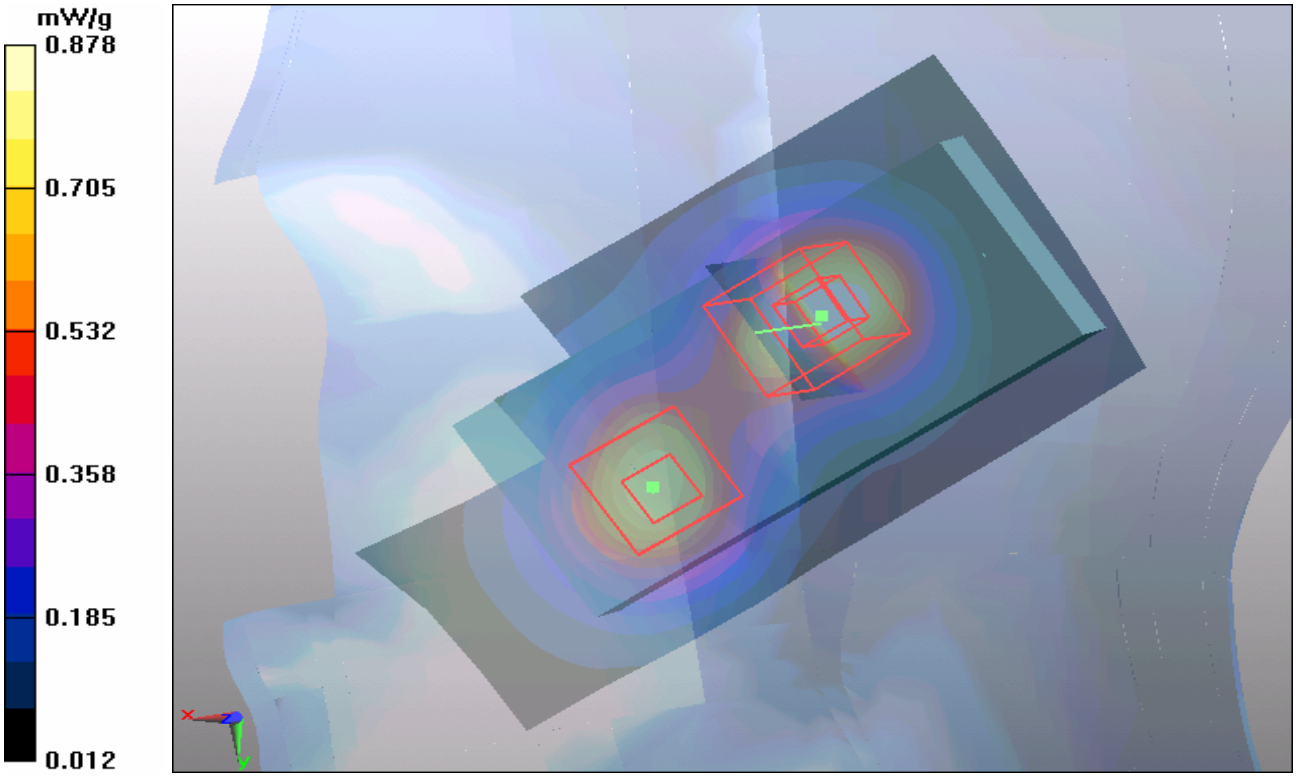


Figure 47 Right Hand Touch Cheek GSM 1900 Channel 512

GSM 1900 Right Tilt High (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/26/2012 4:11:59 PM
Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042
Medium parameters used: f = 1910 MHz; σ = 1.42 mho/m; ε_r = 40.8; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5℃
Phantom section: Right Section
DASY5 Configuration:
Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(8.05, 8.05, 8.05); Calibrated: 1/4/2012
Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011
Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524
Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 1900 Right/Tilt High/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.537 mW/g

GSM 1900 Right/Tilt High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 11.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.015 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.715 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.464 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.277 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.506 mW/g

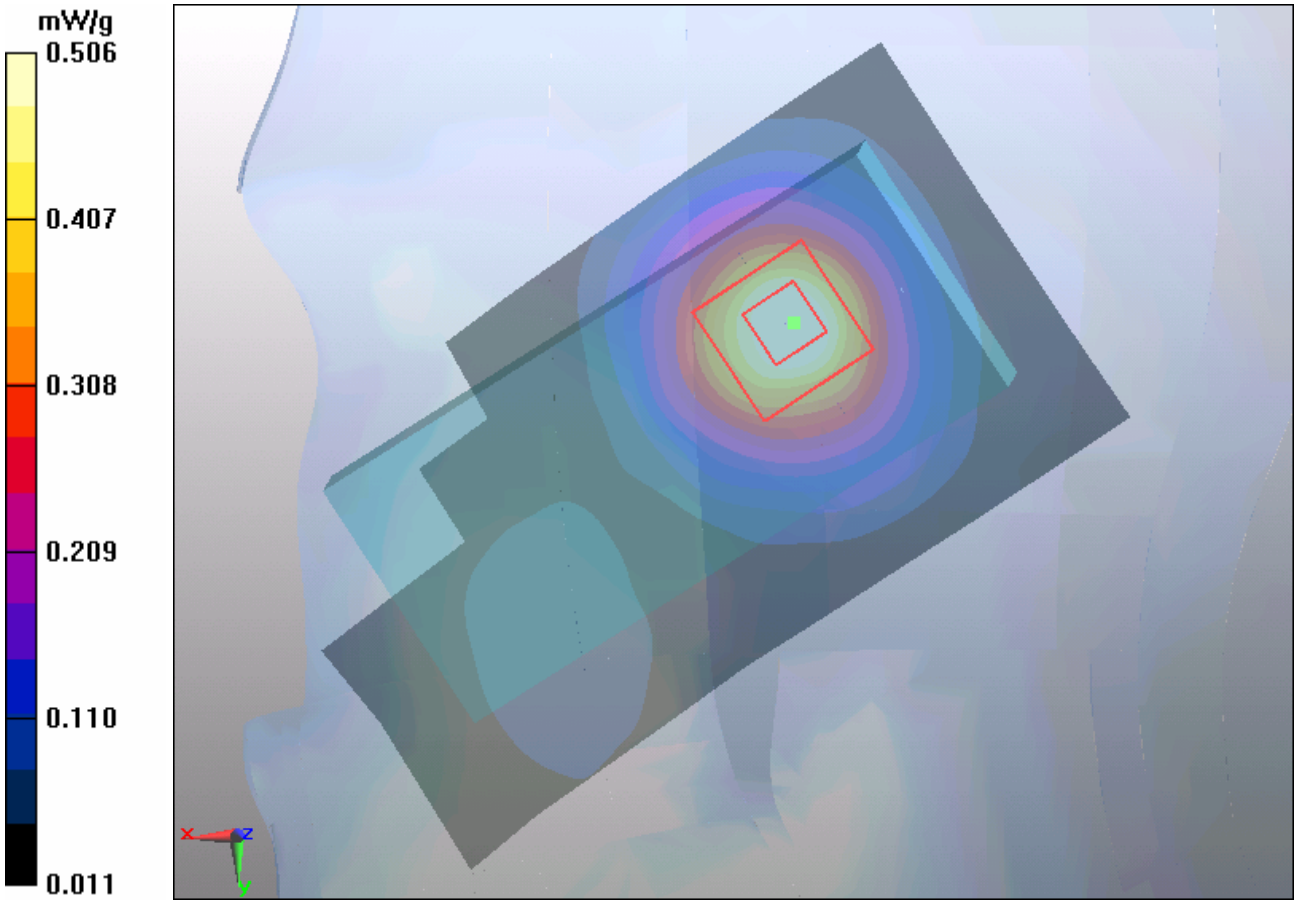


Figure 48 Right Hand Tilt 15° GSM 1900 Channel 810

GSM 1900 Right Tilt Middle (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/26/2012 4:27:04 PM
Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042
Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.4 mho/m; ε_r = 40.9; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5℃
Phantom section: Right Section
DASY5 Configuration:
Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(8.05, 8.05, 8.05); Calibrated: 1/4/2012
Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011
Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524
Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 1900 Right/Tilt Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.524 mW/g

GSM 1900 Right/Tilt Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 11 V/m; Power Drift = 0.002 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.689 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.449 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.270 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.487 mW/g

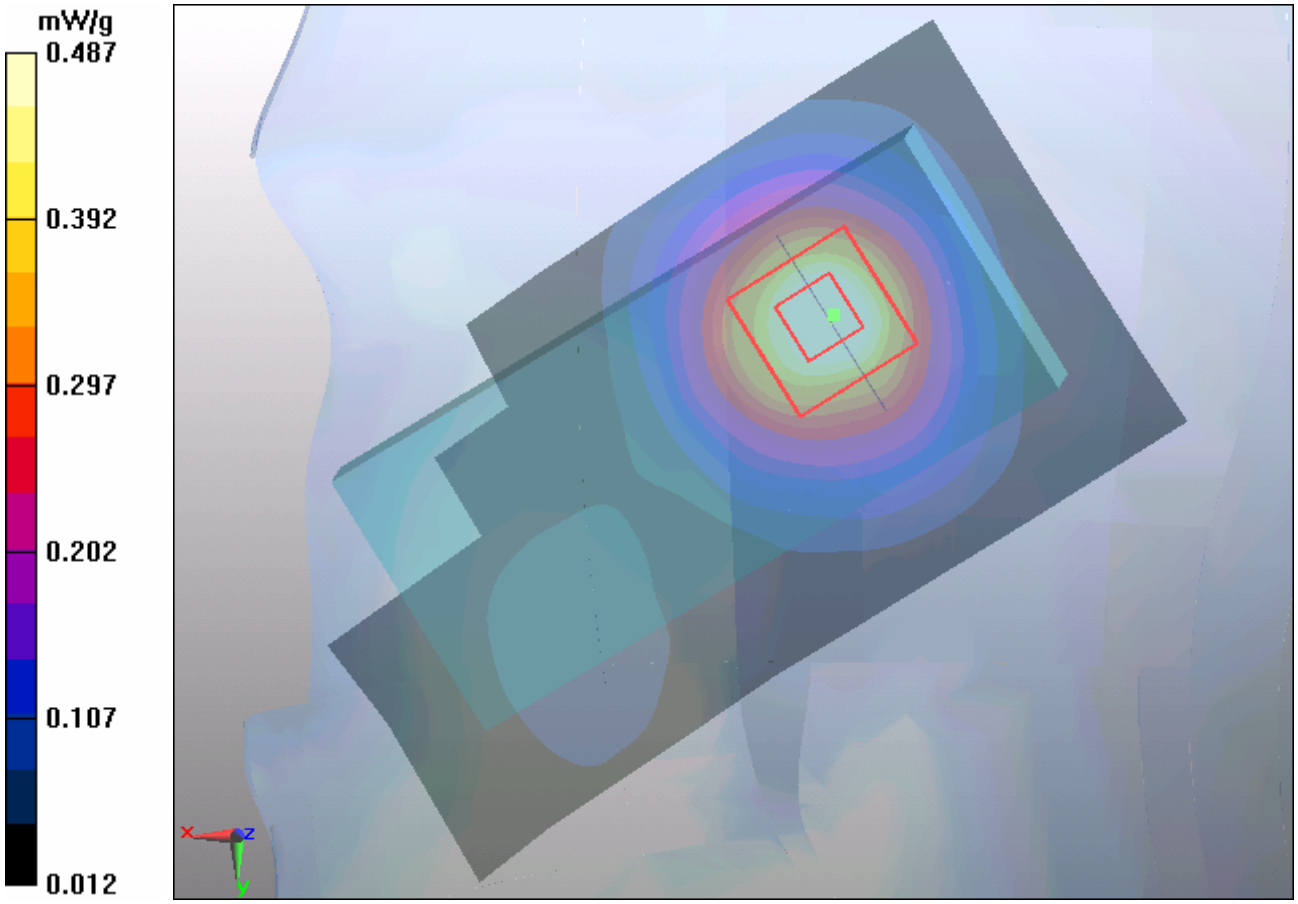


Figure 49 Right Hand Tilt 15° GSM 1900 Channel 661

GSM 1900 Right Tilt Low (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/26/2012 4:41:44 PM
Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1850.2 MHz; σ = 1.37 mho/m; ε_r = 41; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5℃
Phantom section: Right Section
DASY5 Configuration:
Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(8.05, 8.05, 8.05); Calibrated: 1/4/2012
Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011
Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524
Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 1900 Right/Tilt Low/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.493 mW/g

GSM 1900 Right/Tilt Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 10.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.042 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.640 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.424 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.257 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.460 mW/g

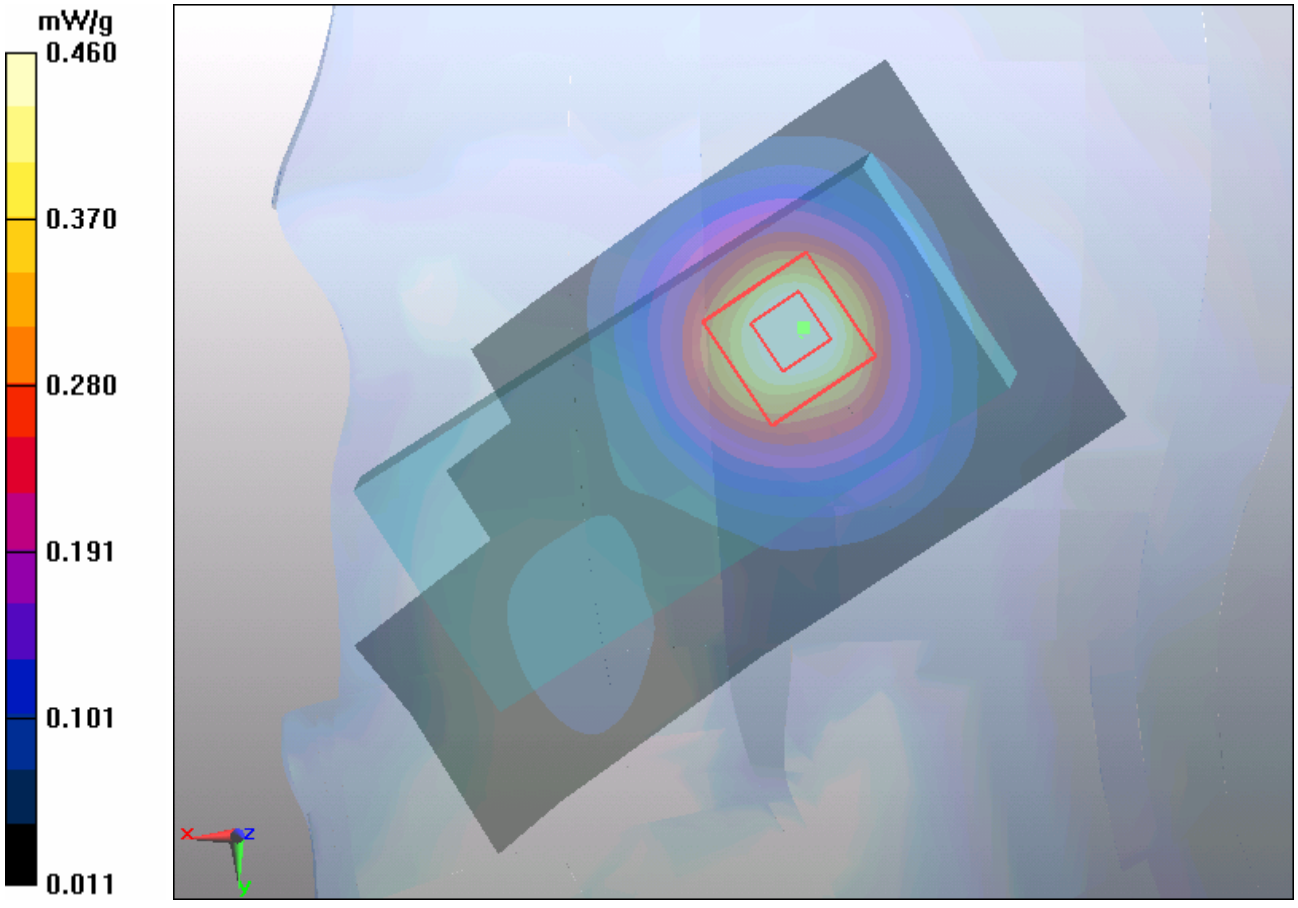


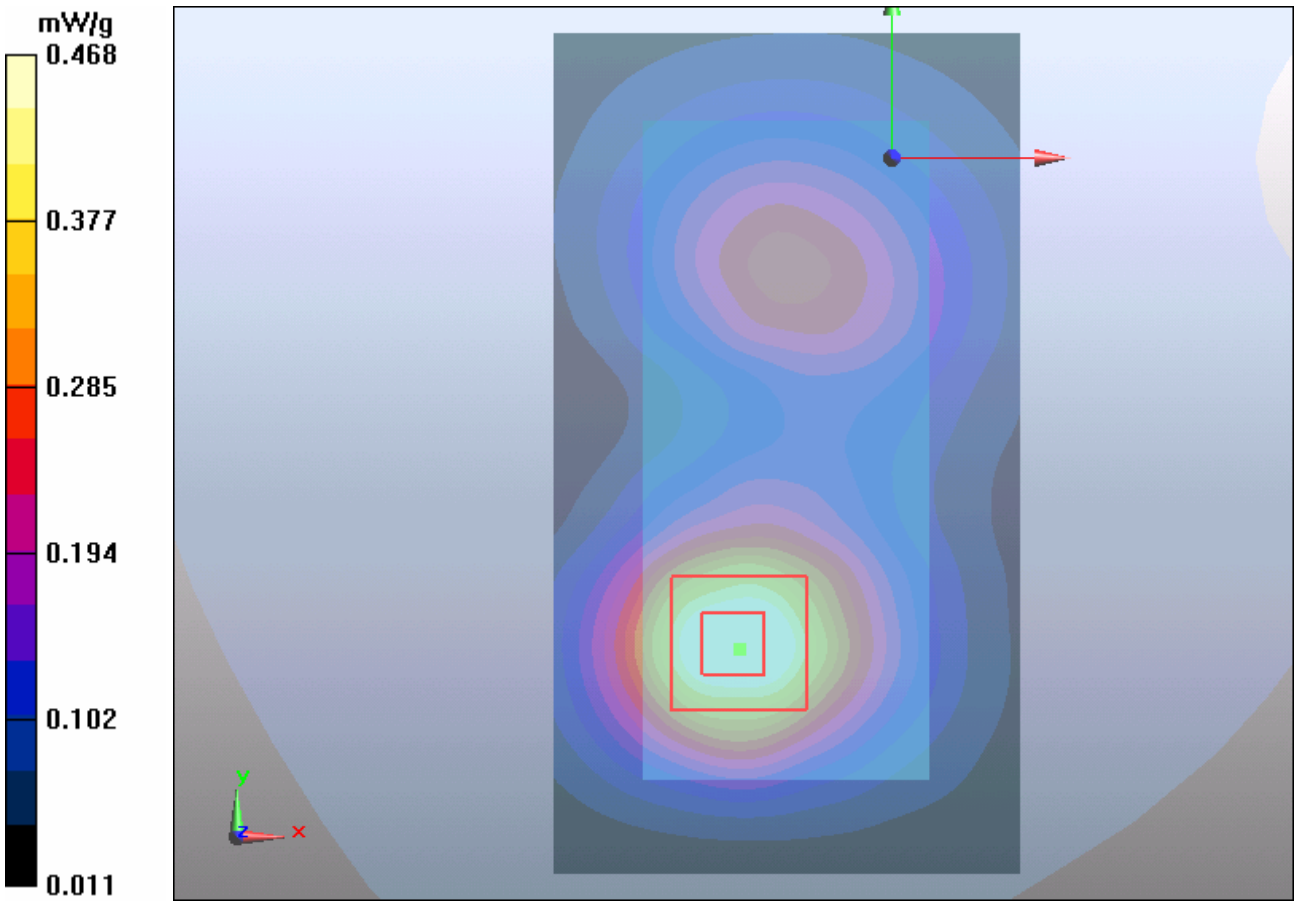
Figure 50 Right Hand Tilt 15° GSM 1900 Channel 512

GSM 1900 Towards Ground High (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/26/2012 9:01:27 PM
Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042
Medium parameters used: f = 1910 MHz; σ = 1.56 mho/m; ε_r = 52.1; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5℃
Phantom section: Flat Section
DASY5 Configuration:
Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(7.57, 7.57, 7.57); Calibrated: 1/4/2012
Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011
Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524
Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 1900 Flat Distance 15mm/Towards Ground High/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.519 mW/g

GSM 1900 Flat Distance 15mm/Towards Ground High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 10.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.002 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.702 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.434 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.260 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.468 mW/g



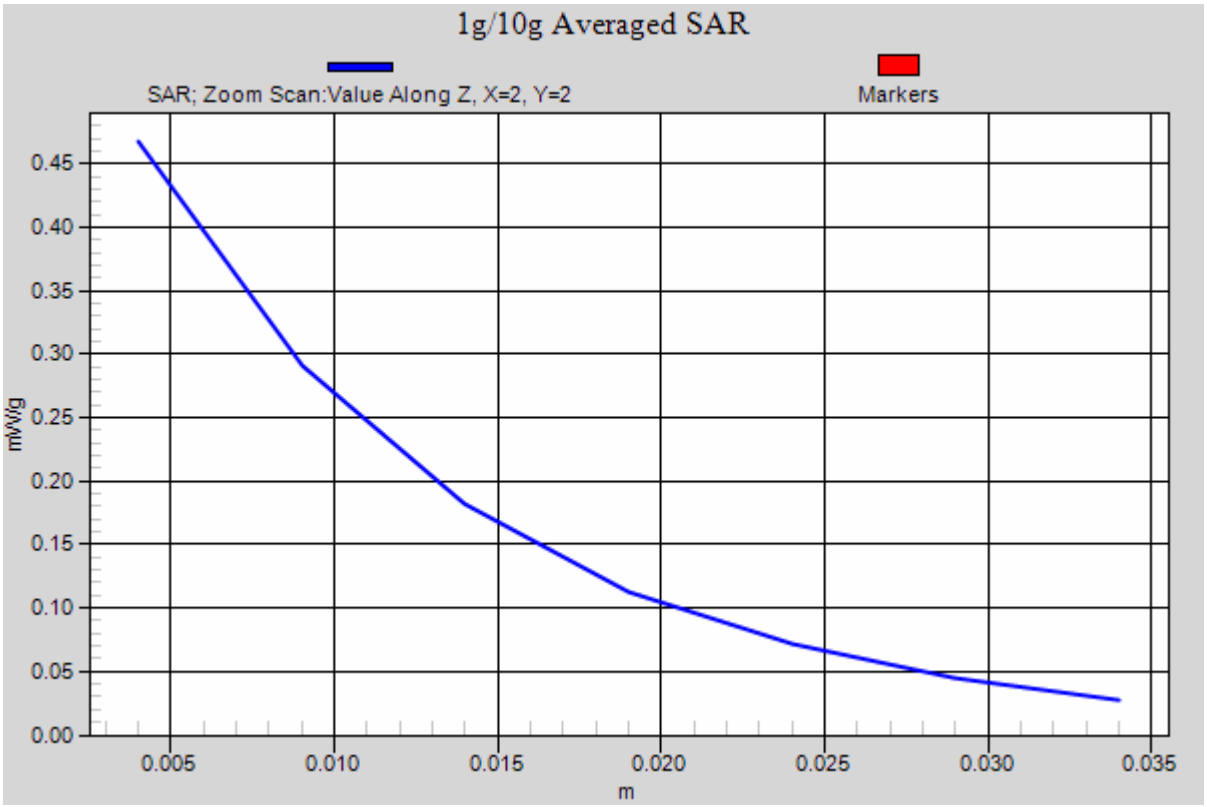


Figure 51 Body, Towards Ground, GSM 1900 Channel 810

GSM 1900 Towards Ground Middle (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/26/2012 8:45:57 PM
Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042
Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.54 mho/m; ε_r = 52.2; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5℃
Phantom section: Flat Section
DASY5 Configuration:
Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(7.57, 7.57, 7.57); Calibrated: 1/4/2012
Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011
Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524
Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 1900 Flat Distance 15mm/Towards Ground Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.480 mW/g
GSM 1900 Flat Distance 15mm/Towards Ground Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 10.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.024 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.647 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.402 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.240 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.436 mW/g

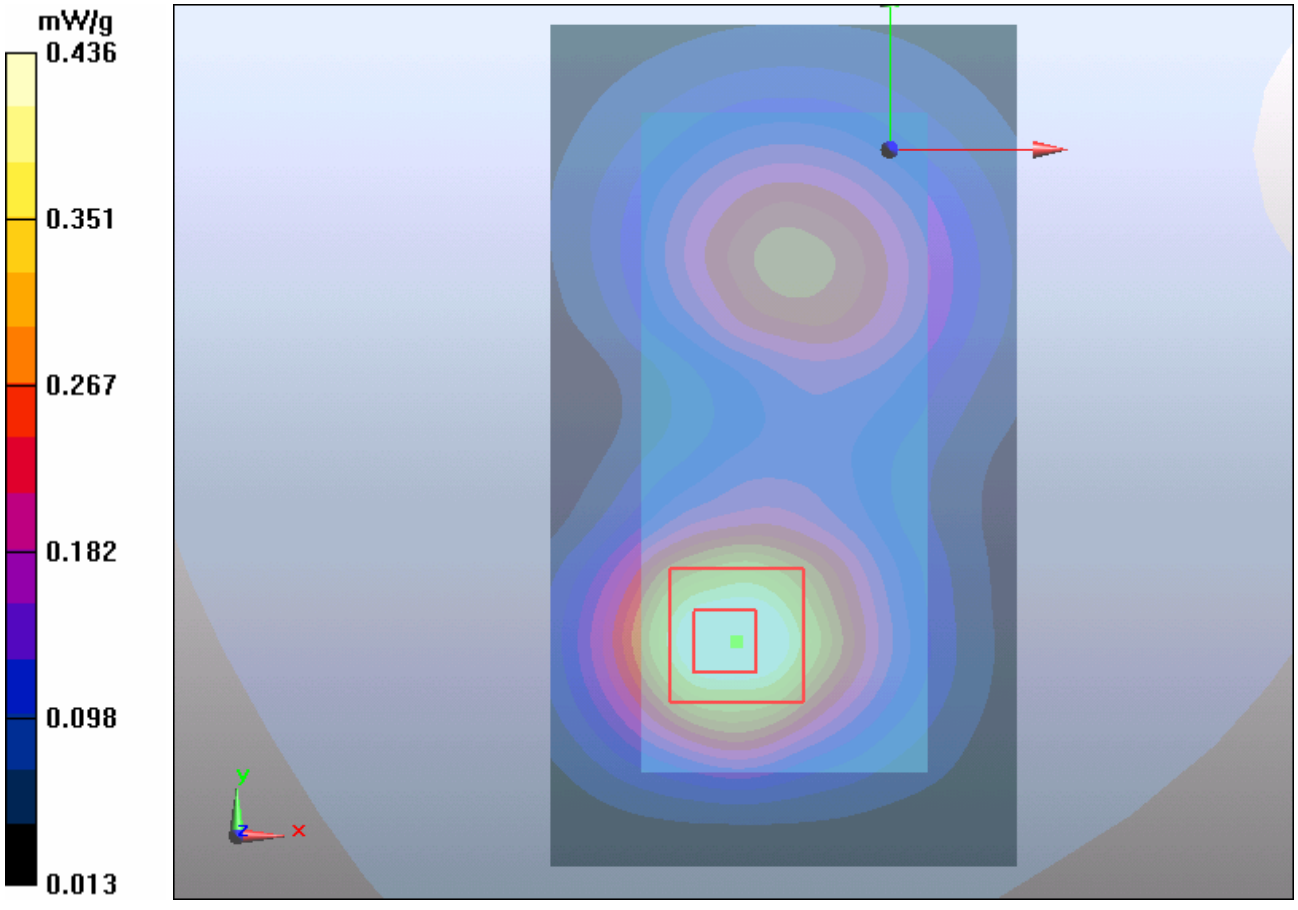


Figure 52 Body, Towards Ground, GSM 1900 Channel 661

GSM 1900 Towards Ground Low (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/26/2012 8:31:01 PM
Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1850.2 MHz; σ = 1.51 mho/m; ε_r = 52.3; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5℃
Phantom section: Flat Section
DASY5 Configuration:
Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(7.57, 7.57, 7.57); Calibrated: 1/4/2012
Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011
Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524
Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 1900 Flat Distance 15mm/Towards Ground Low/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.437 mW/g
GSM 1900 Flat Distance 15mm/Towards Ground Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 10.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.040 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.593 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.368 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.220 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.398 mW/g

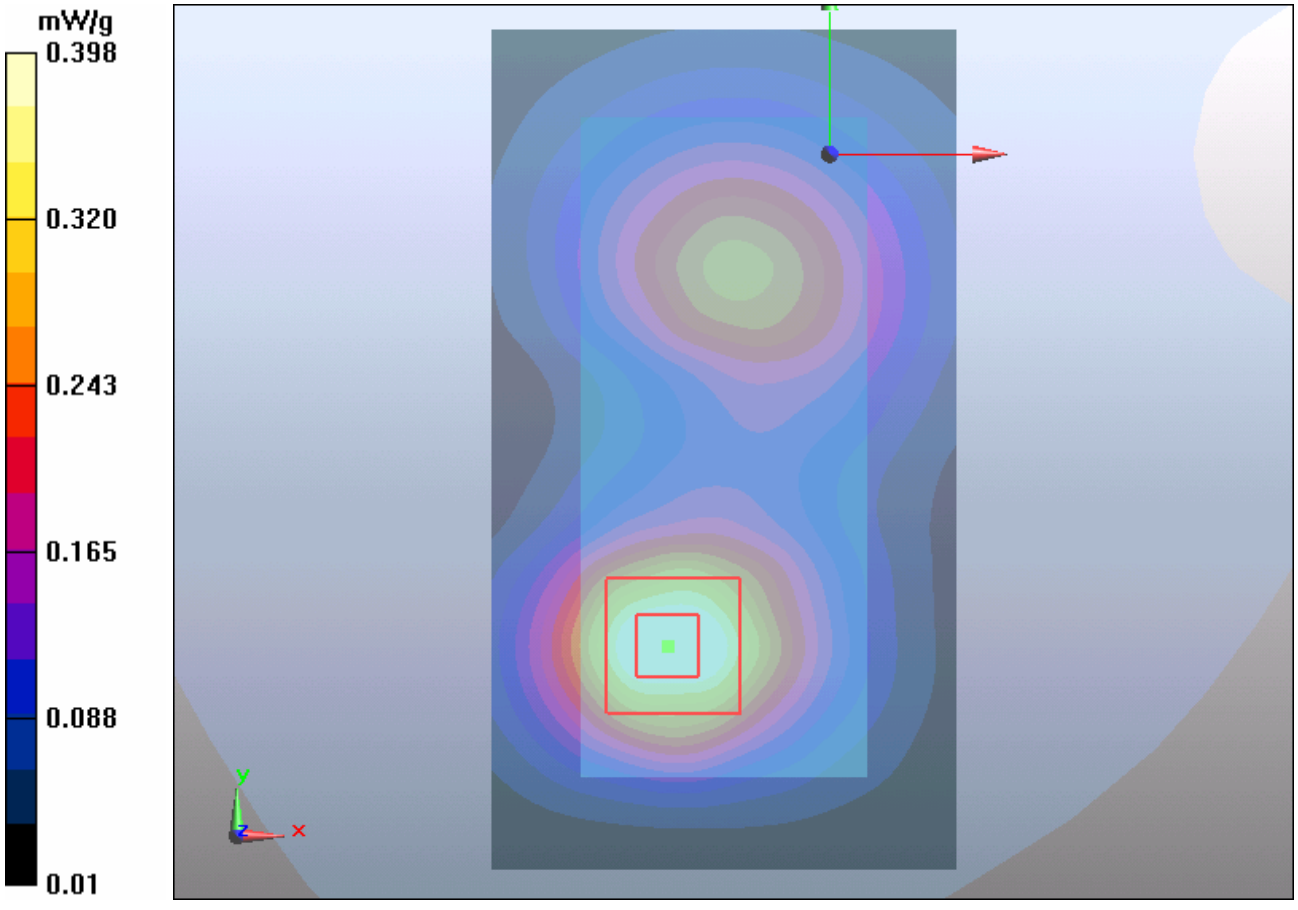


Figure 53 Body, Towards Ground, GSM 1900 Channel 512

GSM 1900 Towards Phantom High (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/26/2012 7:57:32 PM

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

Medium parameters used: f = 1910 MHz; σ = 1.56 mho/m; ε_r = 52.1; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5℃

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(7.57, 7.57, 7.57); Calibrated: 1/4/2012

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 1900 Flat Distance 15mm/Towards Phantom High/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.285 mW/g

GSM 1900 Flat Distance 15mm/Towards Phantom High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.003 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.394 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.261 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.164 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.281 mW/g

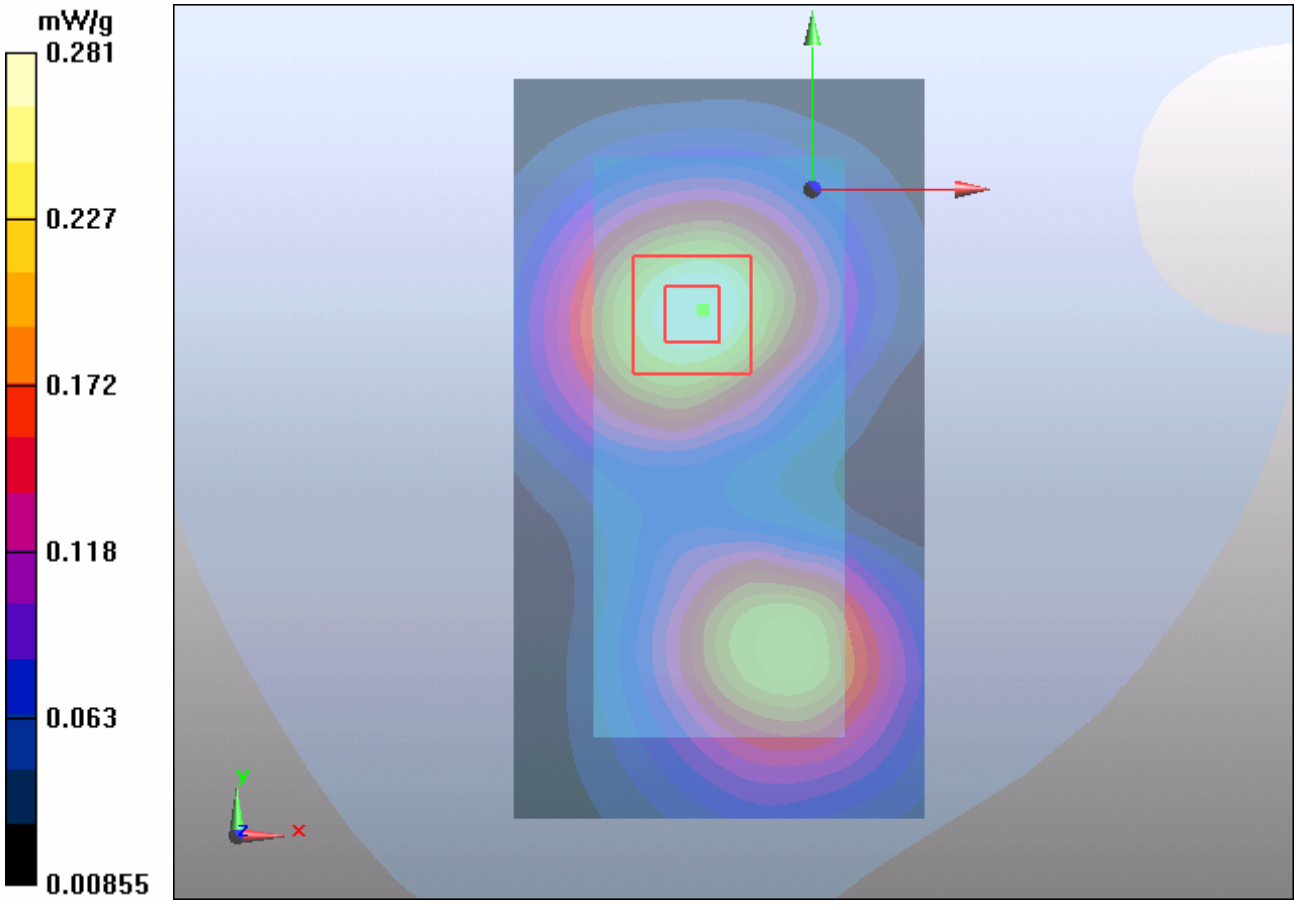


Figure 54 Body, Towards Phantom, GSM 1900 Channel 810

GSM 1900 Towards Phantom Middle (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/26/2012 7:42:28 PM
Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042
Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.54 mho/m; ε_r = 52.2; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5℃
Phantom section: Flat Section
DASY5 Configuration:
Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(7.57, 7.57, 7.57); Calibrated: 1/4/2012
Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011
Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524
Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 1900 Flat Distance 15mm/Towards Phantom Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.284 mW/g

GSM 1900 Flat Distance 15mm/Towards Phantom Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 8.52 V/m; Power Drift = 0.109 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.385 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.256 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.161 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.275 mW/g

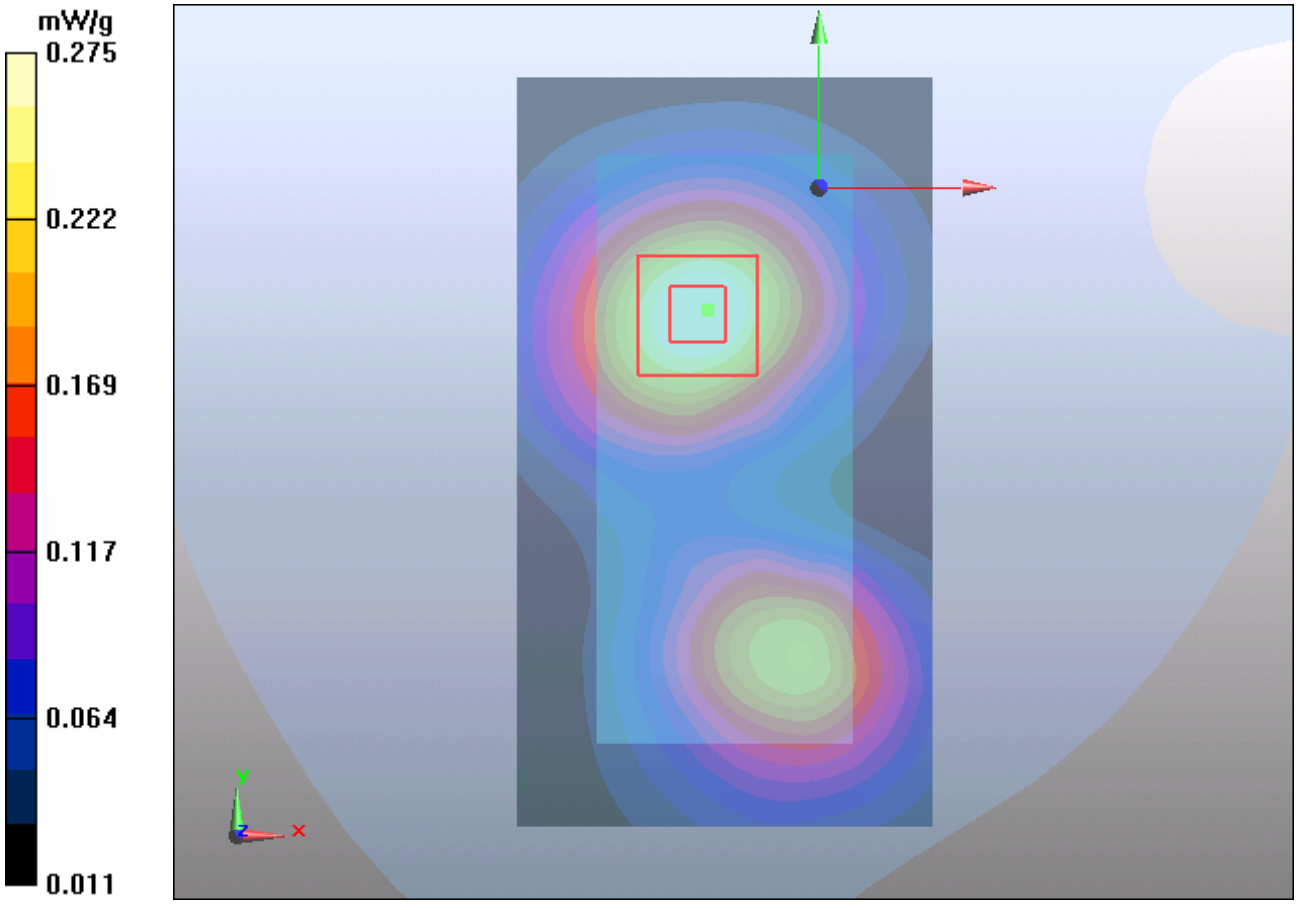


Figure 55 Body, Towards Phantom, GSM 1900 Channel 661

GSM 1900 Towards Phantom Low (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/26/2012 8:12:36 PM
Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1850.2 MHz; σ = 1.51 mho/m; ε_r = 52.3; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5℃
Phantom section: Flat Section
DASY5 Configuration:
Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(7.57, 7.57, 7.57); Calibrated: 1/4/2012
Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011
Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524
Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 1900 Flat Distance 15mm/Towards Phantom Low/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.273 mW/g

GSM 1900 Flat Distance 15mm/Towards Phantom Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 8.37 V/m; Power Drift = 0.001 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.365 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.247 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.157 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.263 mW/g

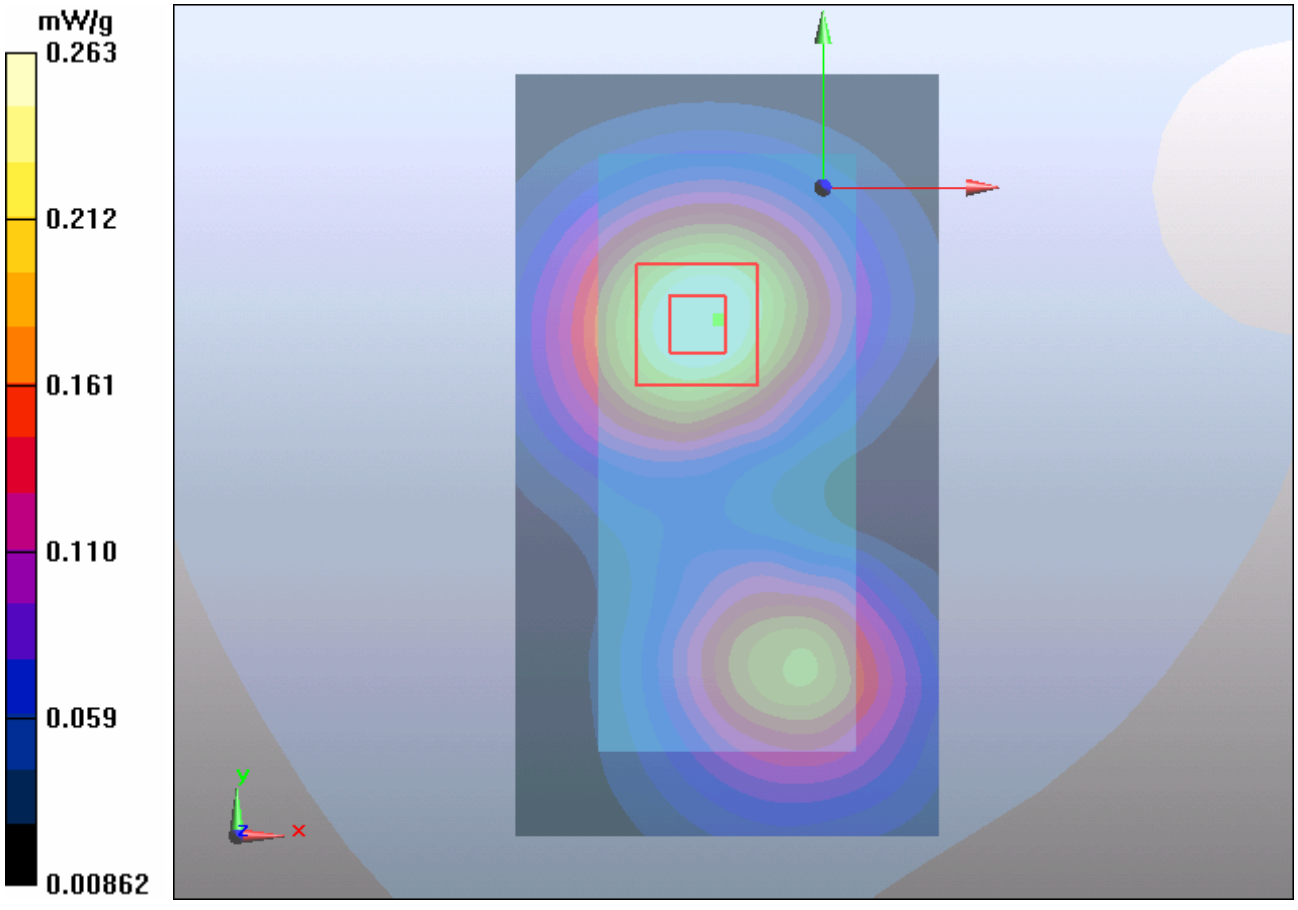


Figure 56 Body, Towards Phantom, GSM 1900 Channel 512

GSM 1900 with Stereo Headset 1 Towards Ground High (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/26/2012 9:35:10 PM
Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042
Medium parameters used: f = 1910 MHz; σ = 1.56 mho/m; ε_r = 52.1; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5℃
Phantom section: Flat Section
DASY5 Configuration:
Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(7.57, 7.57, 7.57); Calibrated: 1/4/2012
Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011
Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524
Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 1900 Flat Distance 15mm/Towards Ground High/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.509 mW/g
GSM 1900 Flat Distance 15mm/Towards Ground High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 10.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.018 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.686 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.426 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.256 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.463 mW/g

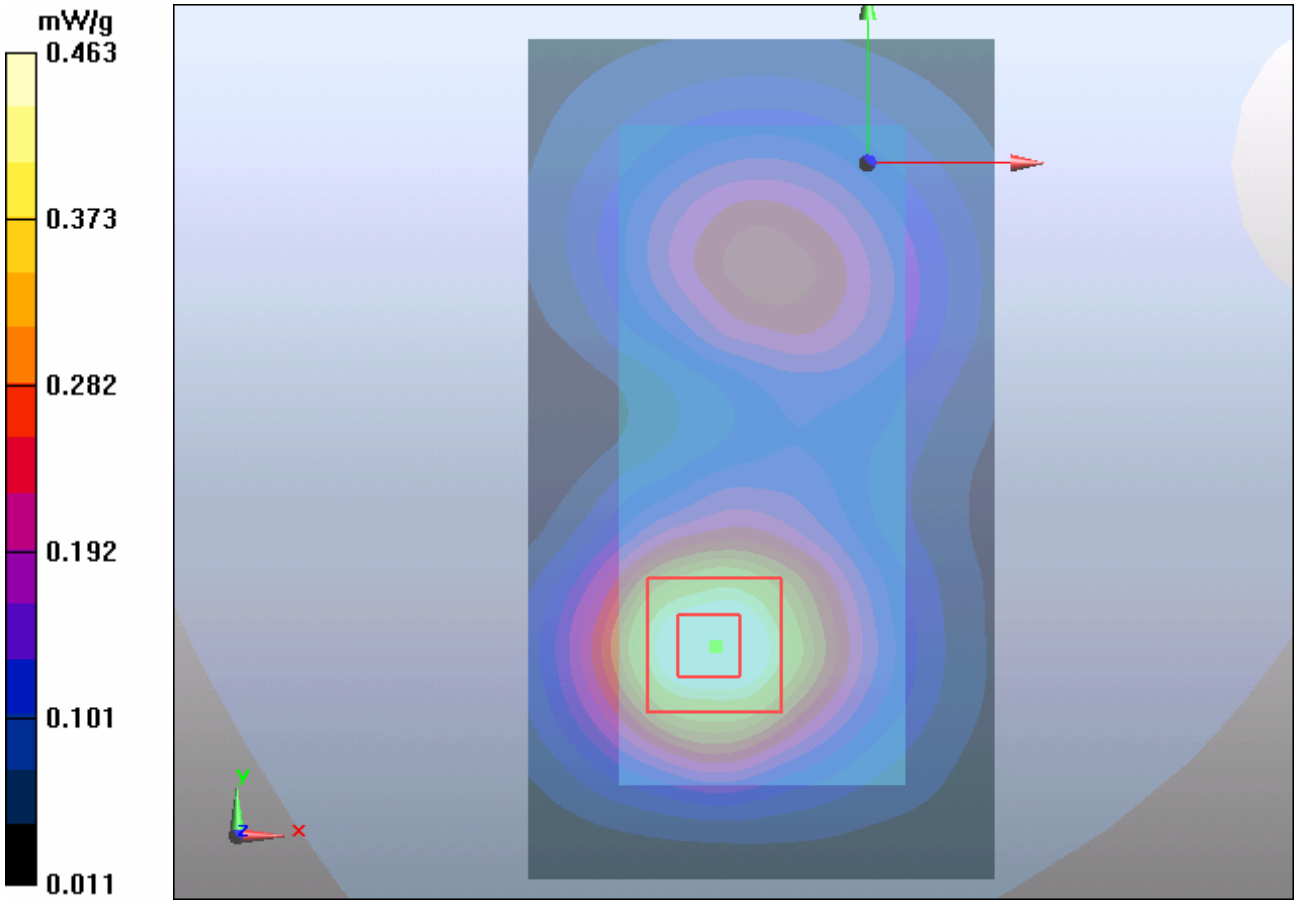


Figure 57 Body with Stereo Headset 1, Towards Ground, GSM 1900 Channel 810

GSM 1900 with Stereo Headset 2 Towards Ground High (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/26/2012 9:18:21 PM

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

Medium parameters used: f = 1910 MHz; σ = 1.56 mho/m; ε_r = 52.1; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature:22.3 ℃ Liquid Temperature: 21.5℃

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(7.57, 7.57, 7.57); Calibrated: 1/4/2012

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 1900 Flat Distance 15mm/Towards Ground High/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.507 mW/g

GSM 1900 Flat Distance 15mm/Towards Ground High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.015 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.689 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.426 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.257 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.461 mW/g

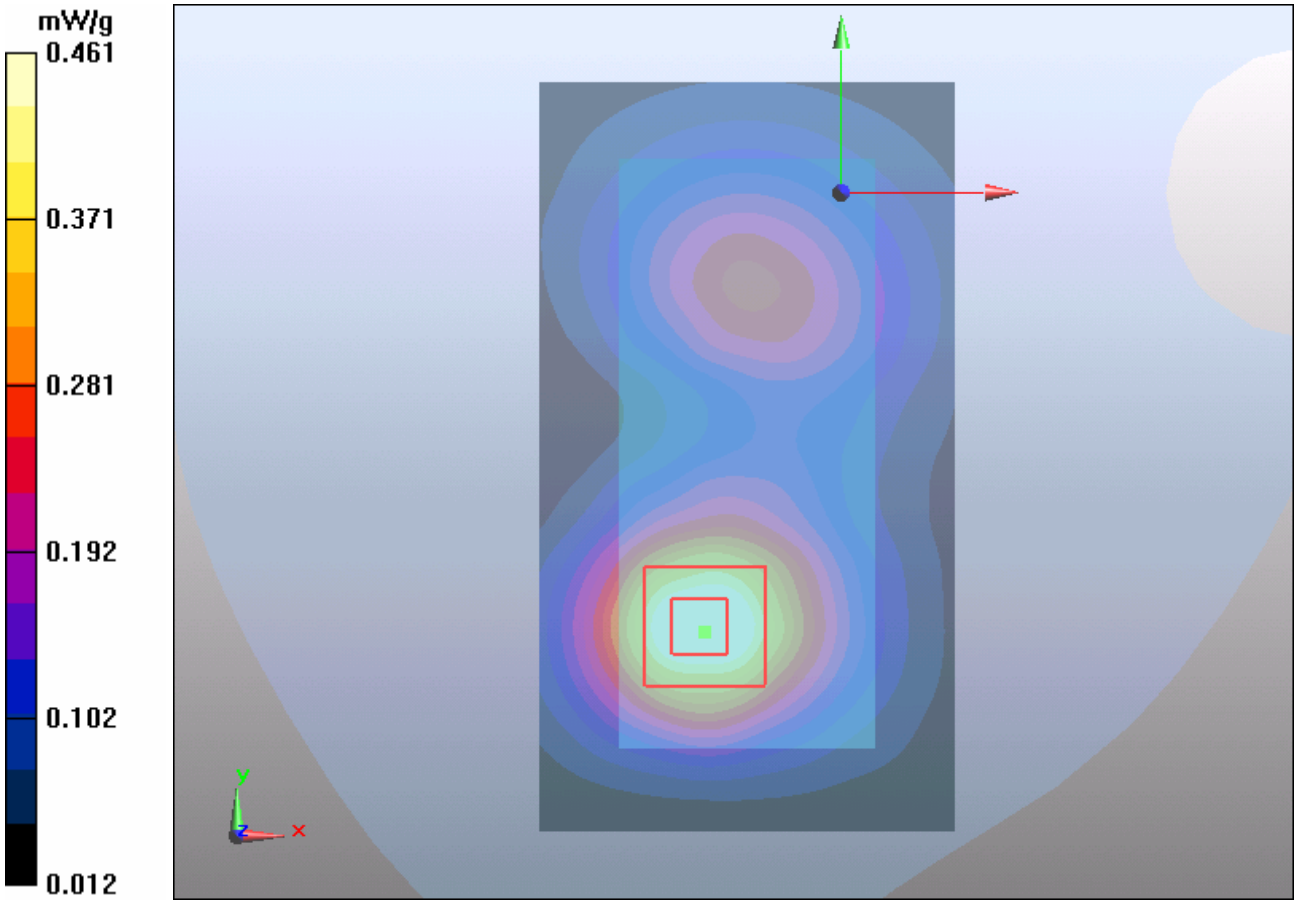


Figure 58 Body with Stereo Headset 2, Towards Ground, GSM 1900 Channel 810

ANNEX D: Probe Calibration Certificate

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

S C S **Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst**
Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client Auden

Certificate No: EX3-3753_Jan12

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object: EX3DV4 - SN:3753

Calibration procedure(s): QA CAL-01.v8, QA CAL-14.v3, QA CAL-23.v4, QA CAL-25.v4
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date: January 4, 2012

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	31-Mar-11 (No. 217-01372)	Apr-12
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	31-Mar-11 (No. 217-01372)	Apr-12
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01369)	Apr-12
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01367)	Apr-12
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01370)	Apr-12
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	29-Dec-11 (No. ES3-3013_Dec11)	Dec-12
DAE4	SN: 654	3-May-11 (No. DAE4-654_May11)	May-12
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-11)	In house check: Apr-13
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-12

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Jeton Kastrati	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: January 4, 2012

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

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Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) **Accreditation No.: SCS 108**
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization φ	φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization ϑ	ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., ϑ = 0 is normal to probe axis

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *NORMx,y,z:* Assessed for E-field polarization ϑ = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E^2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below *ConvF*).
- *NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response* (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of *ConvF*.
- *DCPx,y,z:* DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- *PAR:* PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- *Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z, VRx,y,z: A, B, C* are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. *VR* is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- *ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters:* Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to *NORMx,y,z * ConvF* whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for *ConvF*. A frequency dependent *ConvF* is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- *Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)*: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- *Sensor Offset*: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

Probe EX3DV4

SN:3753

Manufactured: March 16, 2010
Calibrated: January 4, 2012

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3753

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm ($\mu V/(V/m)^2$)[A]	0.33	0.49	0.53	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV)[B]	103.0	96.0	100.6	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name	PAR		A dB	B dB	C dB	VR mV	Unc[E] (k=2)
10000	CW	0.00	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	119.0	±2.7 %
			Y	0.00	0.00	1.00	115.7	
			Z	0.00	0.00	1.00	116.2	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

[A] The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E^2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).
[B] Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.
[E] Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

EX3DV4– SN:3753 January 4, 2012

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3753

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) [C]	Relative Permittivity [F]	Conductivity (S/m) [F]	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	9.43	9.43	9.43	0.39	0.87	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	9.02	9.02	9.02	0.39	0.79	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	8.37	8.37	8.37	0.10	1.14	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	8.05	8.05	8.05	0.54	0.70	± 12.0 %
2000	40.0	1.40	7.94	7.94	7.94	0.10	0.89	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	6.89	6.89	6.89	0.34	0.90	± 12.0 %
5200	36.0	4.66	4.83	4.83	4.83	0.36	1.80	± 13.1 %
5300	35.9	4.76	4.58	4.58	4.58	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5500	35.6	4.96	4.63	4.63	4.63	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	4.23	4.23	4.23	0.50	1.80	± 13.1 %
5800	35.3	5.27	4.26	4.26	4.26	0.50	1.80	± 13.1 %

[C] Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.
[F] At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3753

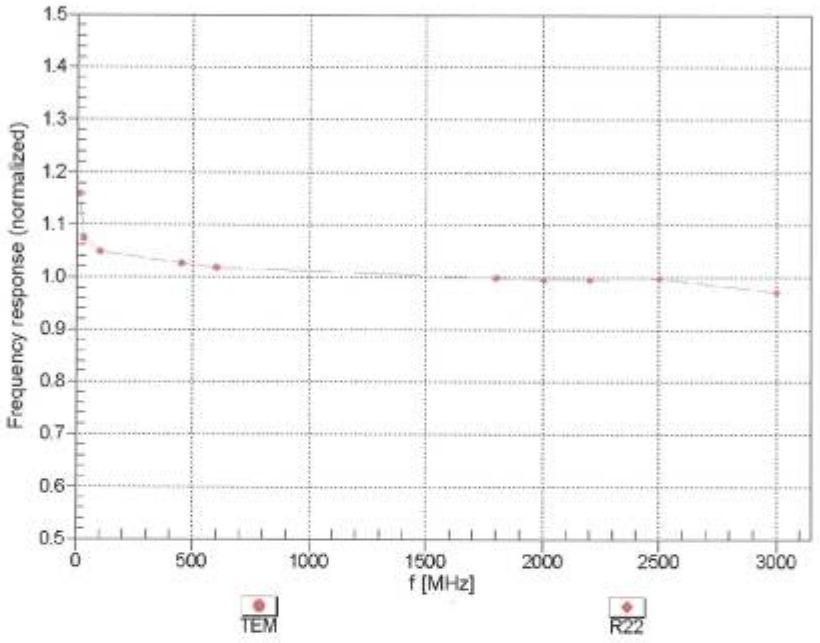
Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) [C]	Relative Permittivity [F]	Conductivity (S/m) [F]	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	9.29	9.29	9.29	0.30	1.11	± 12.0 %
835	55.2	0.97	9.18	9.18	9.18	0.47	0.85	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	8.00	8.00	8.00	0.62	0.69	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	7.57	7.57	7.57	0.31	0.93	± 12.0 %
2000	53.3	1.52	7.52	7.52	7.52	0.48	0.76	± 12.0 %
2300	52.9	1.81	7.20	7.20	7.20	0.49	0.75	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	7.03	7.03	7.03	0.80	0.50	± 12.0 %
2600	52.5	2.16	6.75	6.75	6.75	0.80	0.50	± 12.0 %
3500	51.3	3.31	6.04	6.04	6.04	0.29	1.45	± 13.1 %
5200	49.0	5.30	4.30	4.30	4.30	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5300	48.9	5.42	3.96	3.96	3.96	0.60	1.90	± 13.1 %
5500	48.6	5.65	3.67	3.67	3.67	0.60	1.90	± 13.1 %
5600	48.5	5.77	3.36	3.36	3.36	0.70	1.90	± 13.1 %
5800	48.2	6.00	3.86	3.86	3.86	0.60	1.90	± 13.1 %

[C] Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.
[F] At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

EX3DV4– SN:3753 January 4, 2012

Frequency Response of E-Field
(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

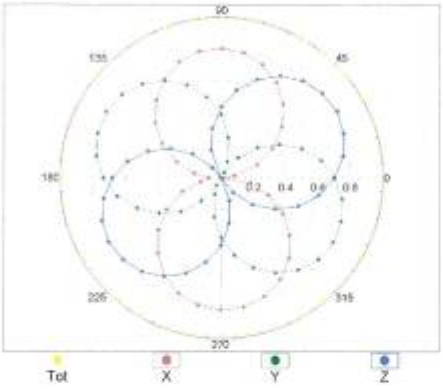


Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

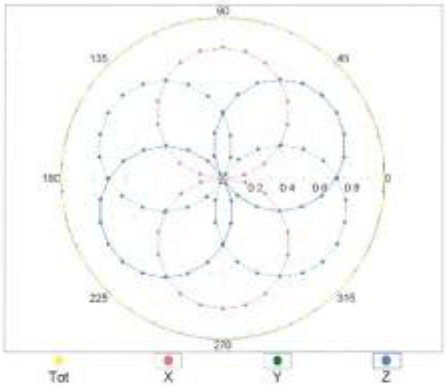
EX3DV4– SN:3753 January 4, 2012

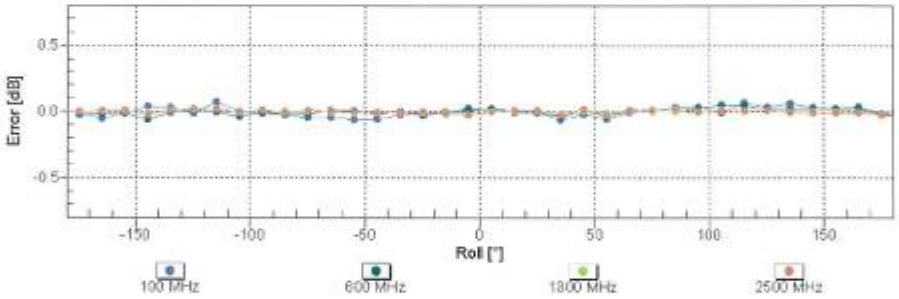
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), ϑ = 0°

f=600 MHz,TEM



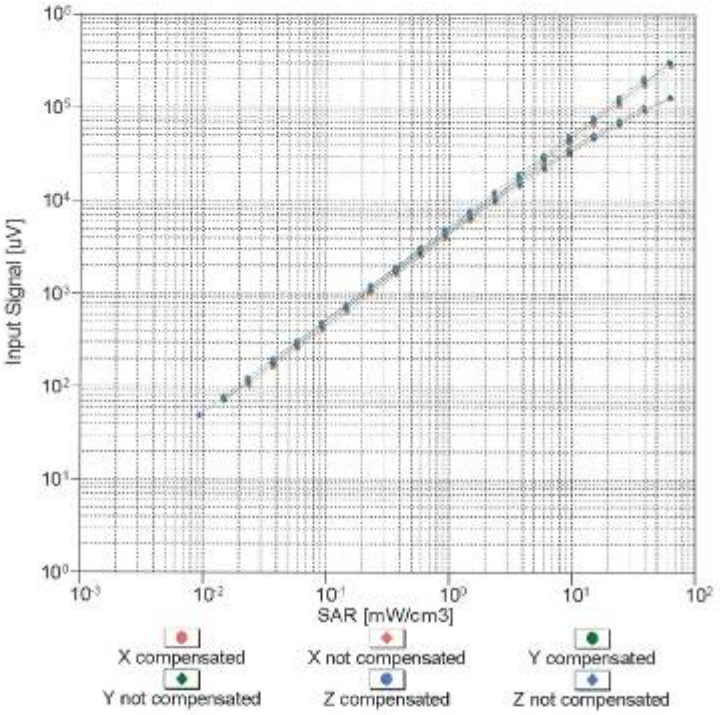
f=1800 MHz,R22

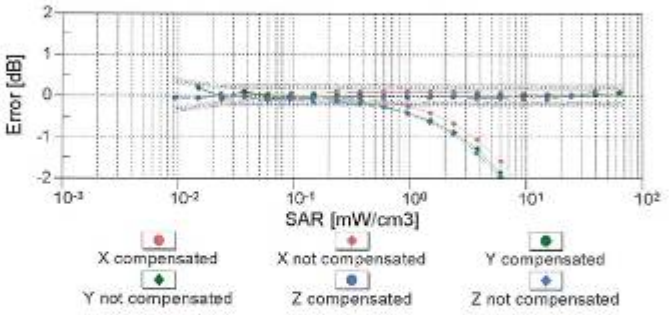




Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head})
(TEM cell , f = 900 MHz)



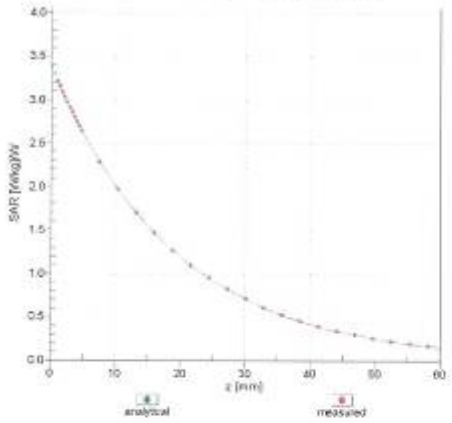


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

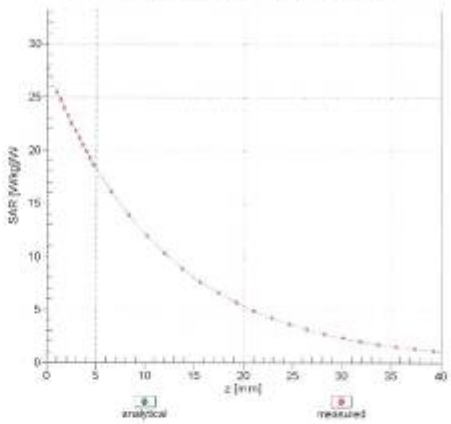
EX3DV4– SN:3753 January 4, 2012

Conversion Factor Assessment

f = 835 MHz,WGLS R9 (H_convF)

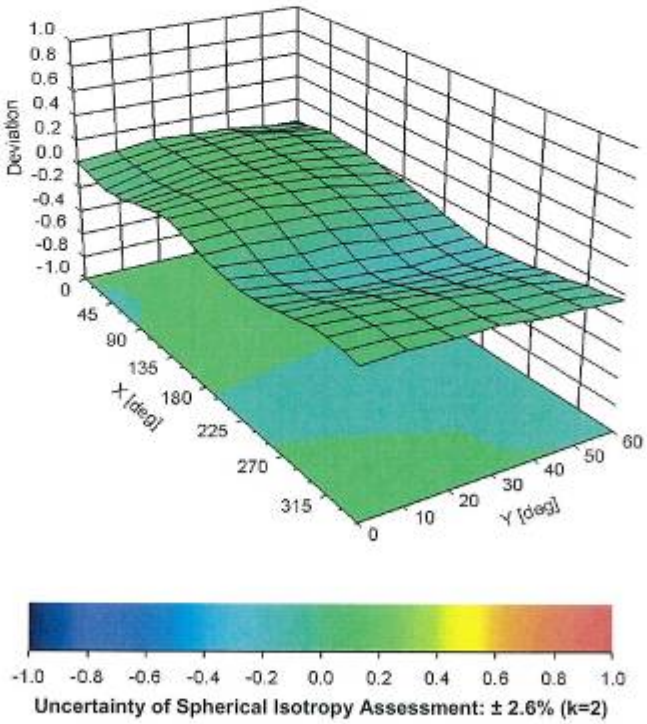


f = 1900 MHz,WGLS R22 (H_convF)



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid

Error (ϕ, ϑ), f = 900 MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3753

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	Not applicable
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	2 mm

ANNEX E: D835V2 Dipole Calibration Certificate

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

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The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client TA-Shanghai (Auden) **Certificate No: D835V2-4d020_Aug11**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	D835V2 - SN: 4d020
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v8 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz
Calibration date:	August 26, 2011

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)	Oct-11
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)	Oct-11
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01367)	Apr-12
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01371)	Apr-12
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	29-Apr-11 (No. ES3-3205_Apr11)	Apr-12
DAE4	SN: 601	04-Jul-11 (No. DAE4-601_Jul11)	Jul-12

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10)	In house check: Oct-11

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Jeton Kastrati	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: August 26, 2011

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

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Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.6.2
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.5	0.90 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	41.1 ± 6 %	0.89 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.32 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**9.34 mW /g ± 17.0 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.52 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**6.11 mW /g ± 16.5 % (k=2)**

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.2	0.97 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	53.4 ± 6 %	0.99 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.42 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**9.46 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.59 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**6.26 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)**

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.9 Ω - 3.1 jΩ
Return Loss	- 27.7 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.7 Ω - 5.4 jΩ
Return Loss	- 25.1 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.391 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.
No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	April 22, 2004

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 25.08.2011

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

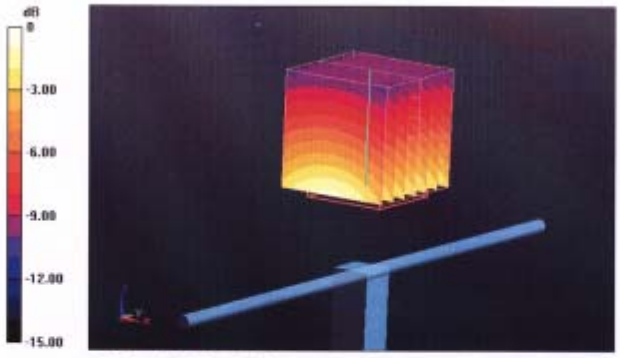
DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d020

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.89 mho/m; ε_r = 41.1; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

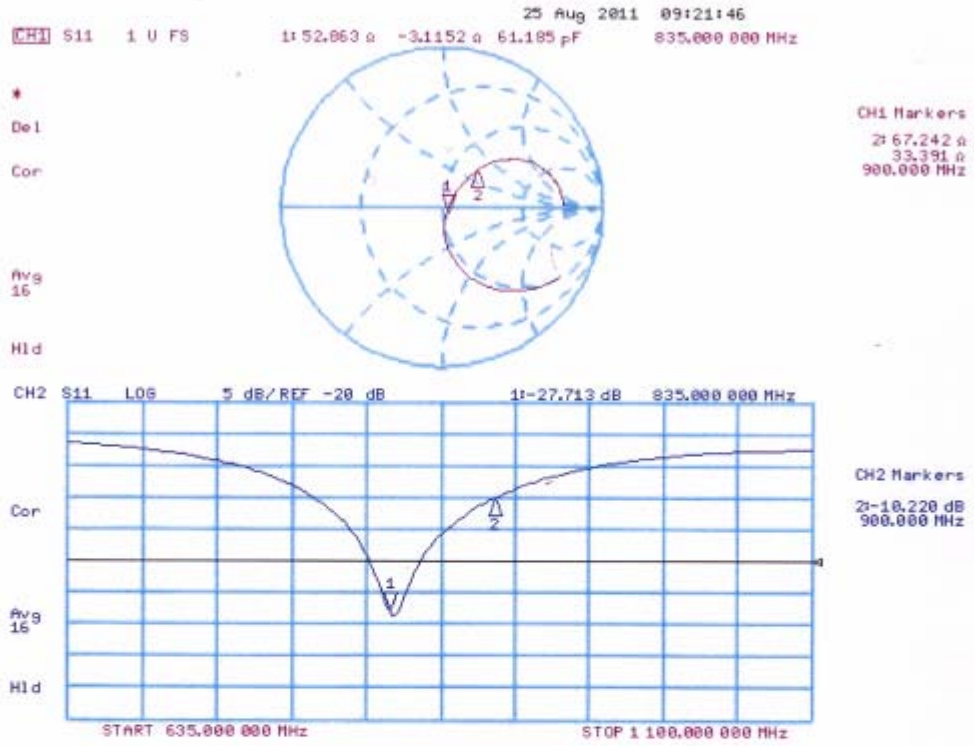
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.07, 6.07, 6.07); Calibrated: 29.04.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 04.07.2011
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.6.2(482); SEMCAD X 14.4.5(3634)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 56.930 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.421 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.32 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.52 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.708 mW/g



0 dB = 2.710mW/g

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 26.08.2011

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

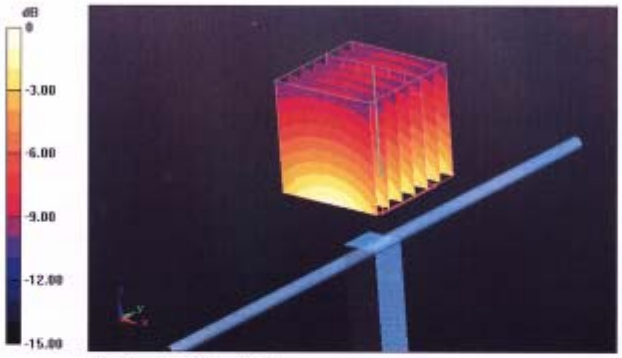
DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d020

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.99 mho/m; ε_r = 53.4; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

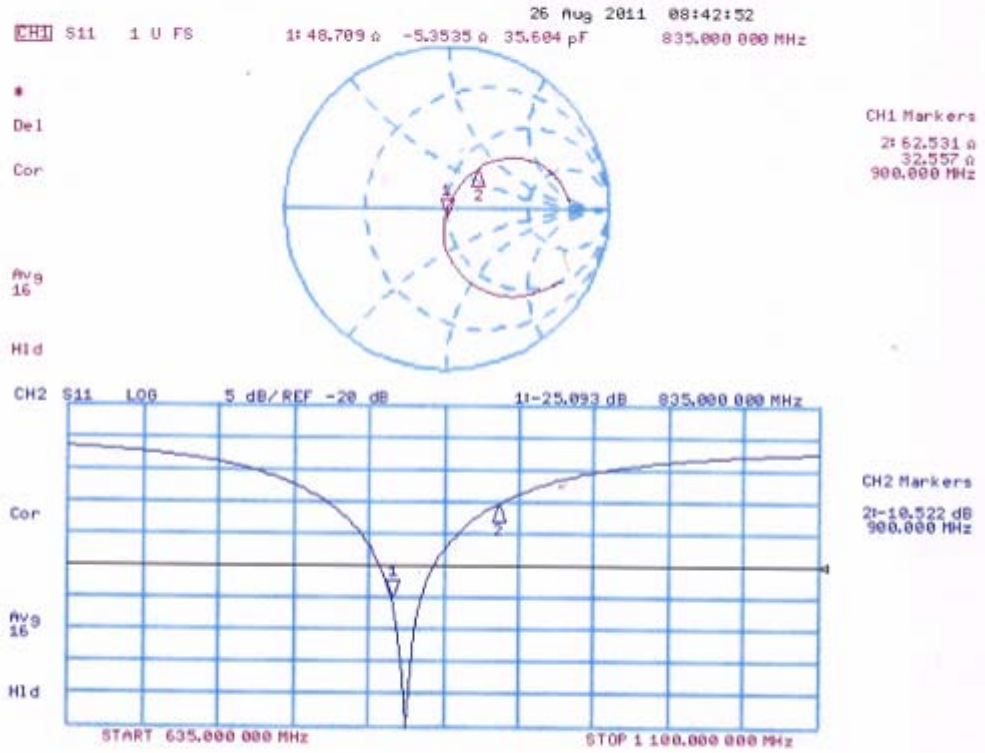
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.02, 6.02, 6.02); Calibrated: 29.04.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 04.07.2011
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.6.2(482); SEMCAD X 14.4.5(3634)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 55.406 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.509 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.42 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.59 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.827 mW/g



0 dB = 2.830mW/g

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



ANNEX F: D1900V2 Dipole Calibration Certificate

Calibration Laboratory of
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Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client **TA-Shanghai (Auden)** Certificate No: **D1900V2-5d060_Aug11**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	D1900V2 - SN: 5d060
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v8 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz
Calibration date:	August 31, 2011

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)	Oct-11
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)	Oct-11
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01367)	Apr-12
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01371)	Apr-12
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	29-Apr-11 (No. ES3-3205_Apr11)	Apr-12
DAE4	SN: 601	04-Jul-11 (No. DAE4-601_Jul11)	Jul-12

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10)	In house check: Oct-11

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Dimce Iliev	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: August 31, 2011

Calibration Laboratory of
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Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.6.2
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1900 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	**Permittivity**	**Conductivity**
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.0	1.40 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	39.5 ± 6 %	1.42 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	10.2 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**40.3 mW /g ± 17.0 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.30 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**21.1 mW /g ± 16.5 % (k=2)**

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	**Permittivity**	**Conductivity**
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	53.3	1.52 mhō/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	53.9 ± 6 %	1.57 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	10.6 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**41.7 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.55 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**22.0 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)**

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.6 Ω + 7.5 jΩ
Return Loss	- 22.3 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	47.3 Ω + 7.9 jΩ
Return Loss	- 21.3 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.194 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.
No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	December 10, 2004

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 30.08.2011

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

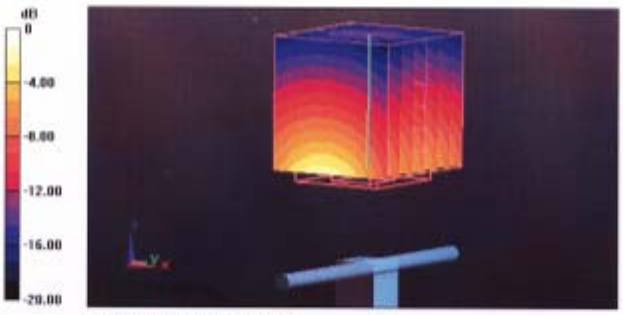
DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d060

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.42 mho/m; ε_r = 39.5; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

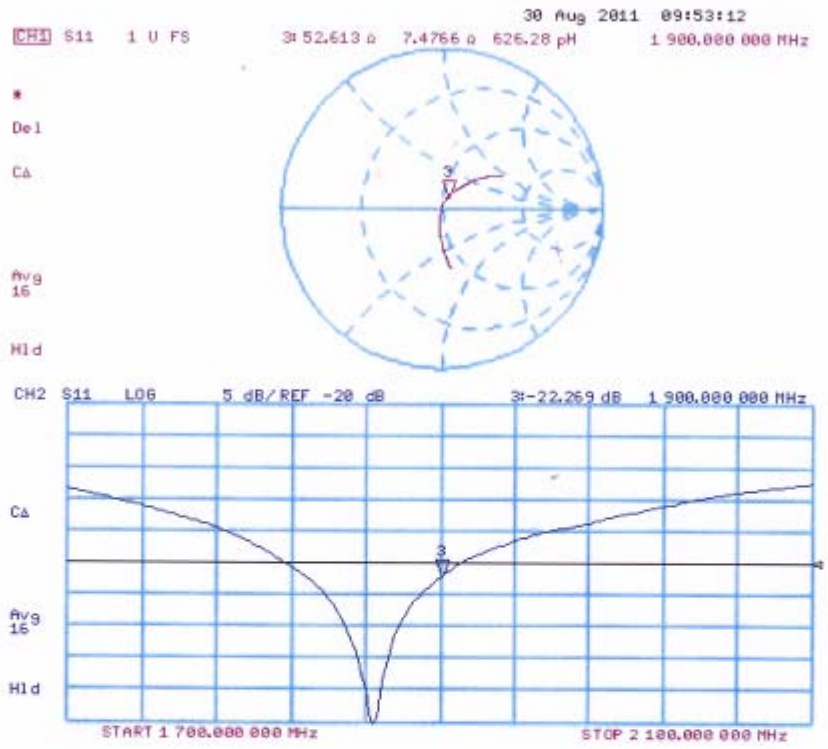
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(5.01, 5.01, 5.01); Calibrated: 29.04.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 04.07.2011
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.6.2(482); SEMCAD X 14.4.5(3634)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 97.636 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.535 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 10.2 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.3 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.600 mW/g



0 dB = 12.600mW/g

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 31.08.2011

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d060

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.57 mho/m; ε_r = 53.9; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

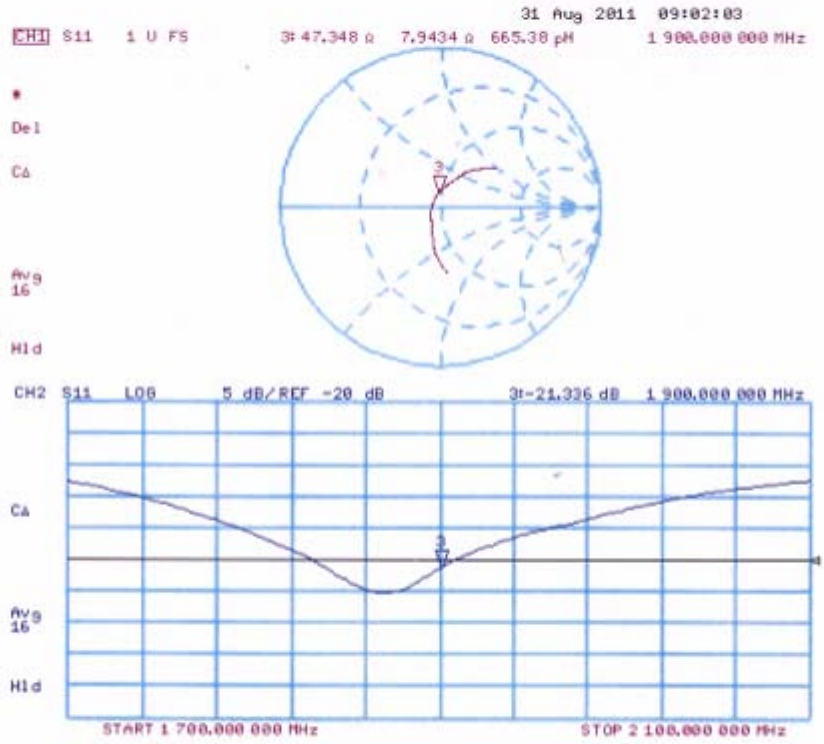
DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.62, 4.62, 4.62); Calibrated: 29.04.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 04.07.2011
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.6.2(482); SEMCAD X 14.4.5(3634)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 96.435 V/m; Power Drift = -0.0099 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.663 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 10.6 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.55 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.397 mW/g

0 dB = 13.400mW/g

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



ANNEX G: DAE4 Calibration Certificate

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client **TA – SH (Auden)** Certificate No: **DAE4-871_Nov11**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	DAE4 - SD 000 D04 BJ - SN: 871
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-06.v23 Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE)
Calibration date:	November 22, 2011

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Keithley Multimeter Type 2001	SN: 0810278	28-Sep-11 (No:11450)	Sep-12
Secondary Standards	**ID #**	**Check Date (in house)**	**Scheduled Check**
Calibrator Box V1.1	SE UMS 006 AB 1004	08-Jun-11 (in house check)	In house check: Jun-12

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Andrea Guntli	Technician	
Approved by:	Fin Bomholt	R&D Director	i.V.

Issued: November 22, 2011

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Glossary

DAE	data acquisition electronics
Connector angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- *DC Voltage Measurement:* Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- *Connector angle*: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
  - *DC Voltage Measurement Linearity:* Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
  - *Common mode sensitivity:* Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
  - *Channel separation:* Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
  - *AD Converter Values with inputs shorted:* Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
  - *Input Offset Measurement*: Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
  - *Input Offset Current:* Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
  - *Input resistance:* Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
  - *Low Battery Alarm Voltage:* Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
  - *Power consumption:* Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range:	1LSB =	6.1μV ,	full range =	-100...+300 mV
Low Range:	1LSB =	61nV ,	full range =	-1.....+3mV

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	X	Y	Z
High Range	404.749 ± 0.1% (k=2)	404.733 ± 0.1% (k=2)	405.174 ± 0.1% (k=2)
Low Range	3.98175 ± 0.7% (k=2)	3.93601 ± 0.7% (k=2)	3.96830 ± 0.7% (k=2)

Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	90.0 ° ± 1 °

Appendix

1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range		Reading (μV)	Difference (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	199991.9	-0.91	-0.00
Channel X	+ Input	20000.28	0.48	0.00
Channel X	- Input	-19998.51	0.59	-0.00
Channel Y	+ Input	200003.0	1.24	0.00
Channel Y	+ Input	19999.67	0.17	0.00
Channel Y	- Input	-20000.04	-0.34	0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	200010.1	-0.11	-0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	19999.33	-0.07	-0.00
Channel Z	- Input	-20001.45	-0.85	0.00

Low Range		Reading (μV)	Difference (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	2000.0	0.05	0.00
Channel X	+ Input	199.81	-0.09	-0.04
Channel X	- Input	-199.63	0.37	-0.19
Channel Y	+ Input	1999.9	-0.22	-0.01
Channel Y	+ Input	198.81	-1.19	-0.59
Channel Y	- Input	-201.62	-1.72	0.86
Channel Z	+ Input	2000.4	0.48	0.02
Channel Z	+ Input	199.30	-0.70	-0.35
Channel Z	- Input	-200.86	-1.06	0.53

2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading (μV)	Low Range Average Reading (μV)
Channel X	200	14.43	13.13
	- 200	-12.22	-13.72
Channel Y	200	-10.07	-9.78
	- 200	9.61	8.66
Channel Z	200	-0.56	-0.83
	- 200	-0.01	0.11

3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X (μV)	Channel Y (μV)	Channel Z (μV)
Channel X	200	-	3.08	0.09
Channel Y	200	3.19	-	4.59
Channel Z	200	0.90	-0.06	-

4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	15920	15519
Channel Y	16179	17567
Channel Z	15791	15270

5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec
Input 10MΩ

	Average (μV)	min. Offset (μV)	max. Offset (μV)	Std. Deviation (μV)
Channel X	0.03	-1.16	2.66	0.46
Channel Y	-0.63	-3.22	0.29	0.46
Channel Z	-0.87	-2.03	0.28	0.46

6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

	Zeroing (kOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	200	200
Channel Y	200	200
Channel Z	200	200

8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6

9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.01	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9