



TEST REPORT

Product Name	HSUPA/HSDPA/UMTS dual band / GSM quad bands mobile phone
Model	GIN S
Marketing Name	one touch 918 S
IC	9238A-0008
Client	TCT Mobile Limited

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Test Report

Report No.: RXA1204-0050SAR

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GENERAL SUMMARY

Product Name	HSUPA/HSDPA/UMTS dual band / GSM quad bands mobile phone	Model	GIN S
Report No.	RXA1204-0050SAR	IC	9238A-0008
Client	TCT Mobile Limited		
Manufacturer	TCT Mobile Limited		
Reference Standard(s)	<p>RSS-102 Issue 4 March 2010: Radio Frequency (RF) Exposure Compliance of Radiocommunication Apparatus (All Frequency Bands).</p> <p>IEC 62209-1:2005: Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Fields from Hand-held and Body-Mounted Wireless Communication Device-human models instrumentation, and procedures-PART 1: procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300MHz to 3GHz).</p> <p>IEC 62209-2:2010 Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and bodymounted wireless communication devices. Human models, instrumentation, and procedures. Procedure to determine the specific absorption rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz).</p> <p>IEEE Std C95.1, 1999: IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz.</p> <p>IEEE Std 1528™-2003: IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques.</p> <p>SUPPLEMENT C Edition 01-01 to OET BULLETIN 65 Edition 97-01 June 2001 including DA 02-1438, published June 2002: Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields Additional Information for Evaluation Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions.</p> <p>KDB941225 D01 SAR test for 3G devices v02: SAR Measurement Procedures CDMA 20001x RTT, 1x Ev-Do, WCDMA, HSDPA/HSPA</p> <p>KDB 941225 D06 Hot Spot SAR v01 SAR Evaluation Procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless Router Capabilities</p> <p>KDB 648474 D01 SAR Handsets Multi Xmitter and Ant, v01r05: SAR Evaluation Considerations for Handsets with Multiple Transmitters and Antennas.</p>		
Conclusion	<p>This portable wireless equipment has been measured in all cases requested by the relevant standards. Test results in Chapter 7 of this test report are below limits specified in the relevant standards.</p> <p>General Judgment: Pass (Stamp)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Date of issue: April 20th, 2012</p>		
Comment	The test result only responds to the measured sample.		

Approved by 杨伟中
Director

Revised by 凌敏定
SAR Manager

Performed by 杨如蔚
SAR Engineer

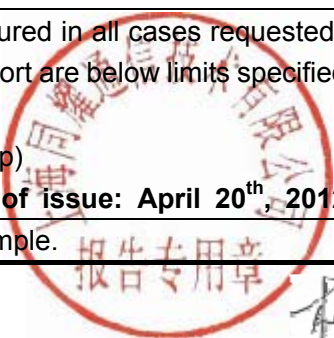


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1. General Information

1.1. Notes of the Test Report

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. guarantees the reliability of the data presented in this test report, which is the results of measurements and tests performed for the items under test on the date and under the conditions stated in this test report and is based on the knowledge and technical facilities available at TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. at the time of execution of the test.

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. is liable to the client for the maintenance by its personnel of the confidentiality of all information related to the items under test and the results of the test. This report only refers to the item that has undergone the test.

This report standalone dose not constitute or imply by its own an approval of the product by the certification Bodies or competent Authorities. This report cannot be used partially or in full for publicity and/or promotional purposes without previous written approval of **TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.** and the Accreditation Bodies, if it applies.

If the electrical report is inconsistent with the printed one, it should be subject to the latter.

1.2. Testing Laboratory

Company: TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
Address: No.145, Jintang Rd, Tangzhen Industry Park, Pudong Shanghai, China
City: Shanghai
Post code: 201201
Country: P. R. China
Contact: Yang Weizhong
Telephone: +86-021-50791141/2/3
Fax: +86-021-50791141/2/3-8000
Website: <http://www.ta-shanghai.com>
E-mail: yangweizhong@ta-shanghai.com

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1.3. Applicant Information

Company: TCT Mobile Limited
Address: 5F, E building, No. 232, Liang Jing Road ZhangJiang High-Tech Park, Pudong Area Shanghai, P.R. China. 201203
City: Shanghai
Postal Code: 201203
Country: P.R. China
Contact: Gong Zhizhou
Telephone: 0086-21-61460890
Fax: 0086-21-61460602

1.4. Manufacturer Information

Company: TCT Mobile Limited
Address: 5F, E building, No. 232, Liang Jing Road ZhangJiang High-Tech Park, Pudong Area Shanghai, P.R. China. 201203
City: Shanghai
Postal Code: 201203
Country: P.R. China
Telephone: 0086-21-61460890
Fax: 0086-21-61460602

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1.5. Information of EUT

General Information

Device Type:	Portable Device		
Exposure Category:	Uncontrolled Environment / General Population		
State of Sample:	Prototype Unit		
Product Name:	HSUPA/HSDPA/UMTS dual band / GSM quad bands mobile phone		
IMEI:	013122000001096		
Hardware Version:	PIO		
Software Version:	SW31H_AWS		
Antenna Type:	Internal Antenna		
Device Operating Configurations :			
Supporting Mode(s):	GSM 850/GSM 1900; (tested) WCDMA Band IV; (tested) GSM 900/GSM 1800/WCDMA Band I; (untested) 802.11b/g/n HT20; (tested) Bluetooth; (untested)		
Test Modulation:	(GSM)GMSK; (WCDMA)QPSK		
Device Class:	B		
HSDPA UE Category:	8		
HSUPA UE Category:	6		
GPRS Multislot Class(12):	Max Number of Timeslots in Uplink	4	
	Max Number of Timeslots in Downlink	4	
	Max Total Timeslot	5	
EGPRS Multislot Class(12):	Max Number of Timeslots in Uplink	4	
	Max Number of Timeslots in Downlink	4	
	Max Total Timeslot	5	
Operating Frequency Range(s):	Mode	Tx (MHz)	Rx (MHz)
	GSM 850	824.2 ~ 848.8	869.2 ~ 893.8
	GSM 1900	1850.2 ~ 1909.8	1930.2 ~ 1989.8
	WCDMA Band IV	1712.4 ~ 1752.6	2112.4 ~ 2152.6
Power Class:	GSM 850: 4, tested with power level 5		
	GSM 1900: 1, tested with power level 0		
	WCDMA Band IV: 3, tested with power control all up bits		
Test Channel: (Low - Middle - High)	128 - 190 - 251	(GSM 850)	(tested)
	512 - 661 - 810	(GSM 1900)	(tested)
	1312 - 1413 - 1513	(WCDMA Band IV)	(tested)
	1 - 6 - 11	(WiFi)	(tested)

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Auxiliary Equipment Details

Name	Model	Manufacturer	S/N
Battery 1	CAB31P0000C2	BAK	BAK2011060100278
Battery 2	CAB31P0000C1	BYD	B109151ABBA
Stereo Headset 1	CCB3160A11C1	Juwei	/
Stereo Headset 2	CCB3160A11C4	Meihao	/
Stereo Headset 3	CCB3160A15C1	Juwei	/
Stereo Headset 4	CCB3160A15C4	Meihao	/

Note: 1. Stereo Headset 1 and Stereo Headset 2 non-REACH, need test.
2. Stereo Headset 3 and Stereo Headset 4 REACH, no need test.

Equipment Under Test (EUT) is a HSUPA/HSDPA/UMTS dual band / GSM quad bands mobile phone. The EUT has a GSM/WCDMA antenna that is used for Tx/Rx, and the other is BT/WIFI antenna that can be used for Tx/Rx. It has Personal Wireless Routers (hot spots) function, and Proximity Sensor function. The proximity sensor is a sensor able to detect the presence of nearby objects without any physical contact. It can transmit a kind of light pulse, and measure the time from launching and responding, then calculate the distance through the time. It only shut off the LCD and will not reduce the transmit power. Software update need special software tool in a computer and it is not available to the user. The detail about EUT and Lithium Battery is in chapter 1.5 in this report. SAR is tested for GSM 850, GSM 1900, WCDMA Band IV and WiFi.

The sample under test was selected by the Client.

Components list please refer to documents of the manufacturer.

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1.6. The Maximum SAR_{1g} Values

Head SAR Configuration

Mode	Channel	Position	SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
GSM 850	Low/128	Right, Cheek	0.833
GSM 1900	Middle/661	Left, Cheek	0.829
WCDMA Band IV	Low/1312	Left, Cheek	0.869
WiFi(802.11b)	Middle/6	Right, Cheek	0.150

Body Worn Configuration

Mode	Channel	Position	Separation distance	SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
2Txslots EGPRS 850	Low/128	Back Side	10mm	1.100
4Txslots GPRS 1900	Middle/661	Back Side	10mm	1.160
WCDMA Band IV	High/1513	Back Side	10mm	0.682
WiFi(802.11b)	Middle/6	Back Side	10mm	0.265

Hotspot SAR Configuration

Mode	Channel	Position	Separation distance	SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
2Txslots EGPRS 850	Low/128	Back Side	10mm	1.100
4Txslots GPRS 1900	Middle/661	Back Side	10mm	1.160
WCDMA Band IV	High/1513	Back Side	10mm	0.682
WiFi(802.11b)	Middle/6	Back Side	10mm	0.265

Simultaneous SAR

SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	GSM1900	WIFI (802.11b)	MAX. ΣSAR _{1g}
Test Position			
Body, Back Side	1.160	0.265	1.425

1.7. Test Date

The test performed from April 17, 2012 to April 20, 2012.

2. SAR Measurements System Configuration

2.1. SAR Measurement Set-up

The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- A dosimetric probe, i.e. an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
- A data acquisition electronic (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- A unit to operate the optical surface detector which is connected to the EOC.
- The Electro-Optical Coupler (EOC) performs the conversion from the optical into a digital electric signal of the DAE. The EOC is connected to the DASY5 measurement server.
- The DASY5 measurement server, which performs all real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. A computer operating Windows 2003
- DASY5 software and SEMCAD data evaluation software.
- Remote control with teach panel and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The generic twin phantom enabling the testing of left-hand and right-hand usage.
- The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
- Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- System validation dipoles allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.

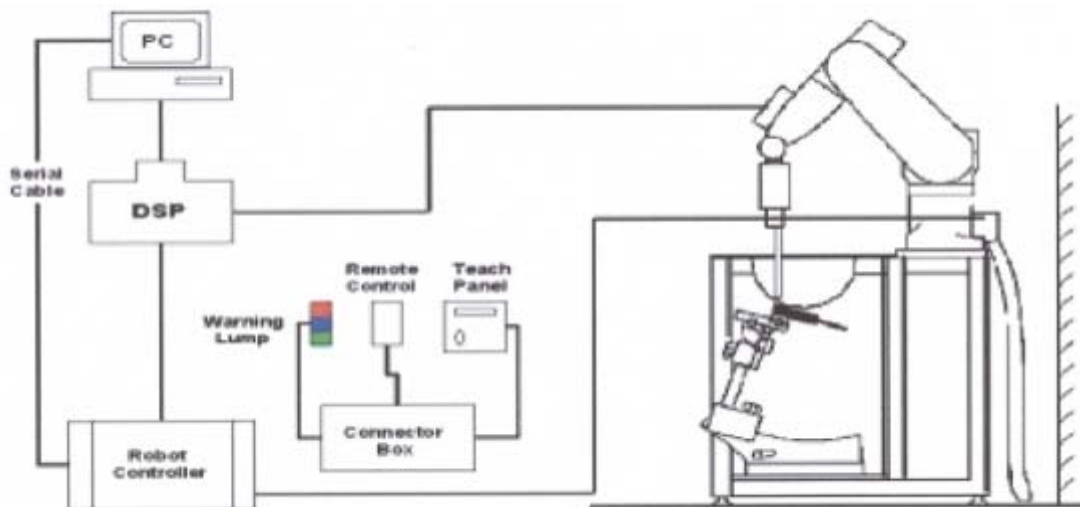


Figure 1 SAR Lab Test Measurement Set-up

2.2. DASY5 E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EX3DV4 (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

2.2.1. EX3DV4 Probe Specification

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Calibration	ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available
Frequency	10 MHz to > 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μ W/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only probe which enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.



Figure 2. EX3DV4 E-field Probe



Figure 3. EX3DV4 E-field probe

2.2.2. E-field Probe Calibration

Each probe is calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than $\pm 10\%$. The spherical isotropy was evaluated and found to be better than $\pm 0.25\text{dB}$. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe are tested.

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This is performed in a TEM cell for frequencies below 1 GHz, and in a wave guide above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated 360 degrees.

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The measured free space E-field in the medium correlates to temperature rise in a dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

$$\text{SAR} = C \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

Where: Δt = Exposure time (30 seconds),
C = Heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),
 ΔT = Temperature increase due to RF exposure.
Or

$$\text{SAR} = \frac{|E|^2 \sigma}{\rho}$$

Where:
 σ = Simulated tissue conductivity,
 ρ = Tissue density (kg/m³).

2.3. Other Test Equipment

2.3.1. Device Holder for Transmitters

The DASY device holder is designed to cope with the different positions given in the standard.

It has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centers for both scales is the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.

The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the inference of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.



Figure 4 Device Holder

2.3.2. Phantom

The Generic Twin Phantom is constructed of a fiberglass shell integrated in a wooden Figure. The shape of the shell is based on data from an anatomical study designed to determine the maximum exposure in at least 90% of all users. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents the evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot.

Shell Thickness	2±0.1 mm
Filling Volume	Approx. 20 liters
Dimensions	810 x 1000 x 500 mm (H x L x W)
Available	Special



Figure 5 Generic Twin Phantom

2.4. Scanning Procedure

The DASY5 installation includes predefined files with recommended procedures for measurements and validation. They are read-only document files and destined as fully defined but unmeasured masks. All test positions (head or body-worn) are tested with the same configuration of test steps differing only in the grid definition for the different test positions.

- The “reference” and “drift” measurements are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the DUT’s output power and should vary max. ± 5 %.
- The “surface check” measurement tests the optical surface detection system of the DASY5 system by repeatedly detecting the surface with the optical and mechanical surface detector and comparing the results. The output gives the detecting heights of both systems, the difference between the two systems and the standard deviation of the detection repeatability. Air bubbles or refraction in the liquid due to separation of the sugar-water mixture gives poor repeatability (above ± 0.1mm). To prevent wrong results tests are only executed when the liquid is free of air bubbles. The difference between the optical surface detection and the actual surface depends on the probe and is specified with each probe. (It does not depend on the surface reflectivity or the probe angle to the surface within ± 30°.)
- Area Scan
The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values before running a detailed measurement around the hot spot. Before starting the area scan a grid

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spacing of 15 mm x 15 mm is set. During the scan the distance of the probe to the phantom remains unchanged.

After finishing area scan, the field maxima within a range of 2 dB will be ascertained.

- Zoom Scan

Zoom Scans are used to estimate the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The default Zoom Scan is done by 5x5x7 points within a cube whose base is centered around the maxima found in the preceding area scan.

- Spatial Peak Detection

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented and can determine values of masses of 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY5 system allows evaluations that combine measured data and robot positions, such as:

- maximum search
- extrapolation
- boundary correction
- peak search for averaged SAR

During a maximum search, global and local maxima searches are automatically performed in 2-D after each Area Scan measurement with at least 6 measurement points. It is based on the evaluation of the local SAR gradient calculated by the Quadratic Shepard's method. The algorithm will find the global maximum and all local maxima within -2 dB of the global maxima for all SAR distributions.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. Several measurements at different distances are necessary for the extrapolation. Extrapolation routines require at least 10 measurement points in 3-D space. They are used in the Zoom Scan to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The routine uses the modified Quadratic Shepard's method for extrapolation. For a grid using 5x5x7 measurement points with 8mm resolution amounting to 175 measurement points, the uncertainty of the extrapolation routines is less than 1% for 1g and 10g cubes.

- A Z-axis scan measures the total SAR value at the x-and y-position of the maximum SAR value found during the cube 5x5x7 scan. The probe is moved away in z-direction from the bottom of the SAM phantom in 5mm steps.

2.5. Data Storage and Evaluation

2.5.1. Data Storage

The DASY5 software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files with the extension “.DA4”. The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be re-evaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [mW/g], [mW/cm²], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

2.5.2. Data Evaluation by SEMCAD

The SEMCAD software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters:	- Sensitivity	Normi, a _{i0} , a _{i1} , a _{i2}
	- Conversion factor	ConvF _i
	- Diode compression point	Dcp _i
Device parameters:	- Frequency	f
	- Crest factor	cf
Media parameters:	- Conductivity	
	- Density	

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY5 components. In the direct measuring mode of the multimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics.

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If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot c f / d c p_i$$

With V_i = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

U_i = input signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)

dcp_i = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field probes: $E_i = (V_i / Norm_i \cdot ConvF)^{1/2}$

H-field probes: $H_i = (V_i)^{1/2} \cdot (a_{i0} + a_{i1} f + a_{i2} f^2) / f$

With V_i = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

$Norm_i$ = sensor sensitivity of channel i (i = x, y, z)
[mV/(V/m)²] for E-field Probes

$ConvF$ = sensitivity enhancement in solution

a_{ij} = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

f = carrier frequency [GHz]

E_i = electric field strength of channel i in V/m

H_i = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = (E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2)^{1/2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = (E_{tot})^2 \cdot \sigma / (\rho \cdot 1000)$$

with **SAR** = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

E_{tot} = total field strength in V/m

σ = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]

ρ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm³

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid. The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field to be a free space field.

$$P_{pwe} = E_{tot}^2 / 3770 \quad \text{or} \quad P_{pwe} = H_{tot}^2 \cdot 37.7$$

with **P_{pwe}** = equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm²

E_{tot} = total electric field strength in V/m

H_{tot} = total magnetic field strength in A/m

3. Laboratory Environment

Table 1: The Requirements of the Ambient Conditions

Temperature	Min. = 18°C, Max. = 25 °C
Relative humidity	Min. = 30%, Max. = 70%
Ground system resistance	< 0.5 Ω
Ambient noise is checked and found very low and in compliance with requirement of standards.	
Reflection of surrounding objects is minimized and in compliance with requirement of standards.	

4. Tissue-equivalent Liquid

4.1. Tissue-equivalent Liquid Ingredients

The liquid is consisted of water, salt, Glycol, Sugar, Preventol and Cellulose. The liquid has previously been proven to be suited for worst-case. The table 2 and table 3 show the detail solution. It's satisfying the latest tissue dielectric parameters requirements proposed by the OET 65.

Table 2: Composition of the Head Tissue Equivalent Matter

MIXTURE%	FREQUENCY(Brain) 835MHz
Water	41.45
Sugar	56
Salt	1.45
Preventol	0.1
Cellulose	1.0
Dielectric Parameters Target Value	f=835MHz $\epsilon=41.5$ $\sigma=0.9$

MIXTURE%	FREQUENCY(Brain) 1750MHz
Water	55.24
Glycol	44.45
Salt	0.31
Dielectric Parameters Target Value	f=1750MHz $\epsilon=40.1$ $\sigma=1.37$

MIXTURE%	FREQUENCY(Brain) 1900MHz
Water	55.242
Glycol monobutyl	44.452
Salt	0.306
Dielectric Parameters Target Value	f=1900MHz $\epsilon=40.0$ $\sigma=1.40$

MIXTURE%	FREQUENCY(Brain) 2450MHz
Water	62.7
Glycol	36.8
Salt	0.5
Dielectric Parameters Target Value	f=2450MHz $\epsilon=39.20$ $\sigma=1.80$

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Table 3: Composition of the Body Tissue Equivalent Matter

MIXTURE%	FREQUENCY(Body) 835MHz
Water	52.5
Sugar	45
Salt	1.4
Preventol	0.1
Cellulose	1.0
Dielectric Parameters Target Value	f=835MHz $\epsilon=55.2$ $\sigma=0.97$

MIXTURE%	FREQUENCY(Body) 1750MHz
Water	69.91
Glycol	29.97
Salt	0.12
Dielectric Parameters Target Value	f=1750MHz $\epsilon=53.4$ $\sigma=1.49$

MIXTURE%	FREQUENCY (Body) 1900MHz
Water	69.91
Glycol monobutyl	29.96
Salt	0.13
Dielectric Parameters Target Value	f=1900MHz $\epsilon=53.3$ $\sigma=1.52$

MIXTURE%	FREQUENCY(Body) 2450MHz
Water	73.2
Glycol	26.7
Salt	0.1
Dielectric Parameters Target Value	f=2450MHz $\epsilon=52.70$ $\sigma=1.95$

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4.2. Tissue-equivalent Liquid Properties

Table 4: Dielectric Performance of Head Tissue Simulating Liquid

Frequency	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Temp °C
		ϵ_r	σ (s/m)	
824.2MHz (Low)	Target value ± 5% window	41.56 39.48 — 43.64	0.90 0.86 — 0.95	22.0
	Measurement value 2012-4-17	41.50	0.887	21.5
836.6MHz (Middle)	Target value ± 5% window	41.50 39.43 — 43.58	0.90 0.86 — 0.95	22.0
	Measurement value 2012-4-17	41.30	0.90	21.5
848.8MHz (High)	Target value ± 5% window	41.50 39.43 — 43.58	0.92 0.874— 0.966	22.0
	Measurement value 2012-4-17	41.20	0.913	21.5
1712.4MHz (Low)	Target value ± 5% window	40.14 38.13 — 42.15	1.35 1.28 — 1.42	22.0
	Measurement value 2012-4-18	40.2	1.31	21.5
	Measurement value 2012-4-20	39.3	1.36	21.5
1732.6MHz (Middle)	Target value ± 5% window	40.11 38.10 — 42.12	1.36 1.29 — 1.43	22.0
	Measurement value 2012-4-18	40.1	1.33	21.5
1752.6MHz (High)	Target value ± 5% window	40.07 38.07 — 42.07	1.37 1.30 — 1.44	22.0
	Measurement value 2012-4-18	40	1.35	21.5
1850.2MHz (Low)	Target value ±5% window	40.00 38.00 — 42.00	1.40 1.33 — 1.47	22.0
	Measurement value 2012-4-19	41	1.37	21.5
1880MHz (Middle)	Target value ±5% window	40.00 38.00 — 42.00	1.40 1.33 — 1.47	22.0
	Measurement value 2012-4-19	40.9	1.40	21.5
1909.8MHz (High)	Target value ±5% window	40.00 38.00 — 42.00	1.40 1.33 — 1.47	22.0
	Measurement value 2012-4-19	40.8	1.42	21.5

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2437MHz (Middle)	Target value ±5% window	39.20 37.24 — 41.16	1.79 1.70 — 1.88	22.0
	Measurement value 2012-4-19	38.3	1.87	21.5

Table 5: Dielectric Performance of Body Tissue Simulating Liquid

Frequency	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Temp ℃
		ϵ_r	σ (s/m)	
824.2MHz (Low)	Target value ±5% window	55.24 52.48— 58.00	0.97 0.92 — 1.02	22.0
	Measurement value 2012-4-19	54.4	0.972	21.5
836.6MHz (Middle)	Target value ±5% window	55.20 52.44 — 57.96	0.97 0.92 — 1.02	22.0
	Measurement value 2012-4-19	54.2	0.988	21.5
848.8MHz (High)	Target value ±5% window	55.20 52.44 — 57.96	0.99 0.94 — 1.04	22.0
	Measurement value 2012-4-19	54.1	1.01	21.5
1712.4MHz (Low)	Target value ±5% window	53.53 50.85 — 56.21	1.46 1.39 — 1.53	22.0
	Measurement value 2012-4-20	52.7	1.44	21.5
1732.6MHz (Middle)	Target value ±5% window	53.48 50.81 — 56.15	1.48 1.41 — 1.55	22.0
	Measurement value 2012-4-20	52.7	1.46	21.5
1752.6MHz (High)	Target value ±5% window	53.42 50.75 — 56.09	1.49 1.42 — 1.56	22.0
	Measurement value 2012-4-20	52.6	1.48	21.5
1850.2MHz (Low)	Target value ±5% window	53.30 50.64 — 55.97	1.52 1.44 — 1.60	22.0
	Measurement value 2012-4-19	52.3	1.51	21.5
1880MHz (Middle)	Target value ±5% window	53.30 50.64 — 55.97	1.52 1.44 — 1.60	22.0
	Measurement value 2012-4-19	52.2	1.54	21.5

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1909.8MHz (High)	Target value ±5% window	53.30 50.64 — 55.97	1.52 1.44 — 1.60	22.0
	Measurement value 2012-4-19	52.1	1.56	21.5
2437MHz (Middle)	Target value ±5% window	52.70 50.07 — 55.34	1.94 1.85 — 2.04	22.0
	Measurement value 2012-4-19	51.7	1.88	21.5

5. System Check

5.1. Description of System Check

The manufacturer calibrates the probes annually. Dielectric parameters of the tissue simulates were measured every day using the dielectric probe kit and the network analyzer. A system check measurement was made following the determination of the dielectric parameters of the simulates, using the dipole validation kit. A power level of 250 mW was supplied to the dipole antenna, which was placed under the flat section of the twin SAM phantom. The system check results (dielectric parameters and SAR values) are given in the table 6 and table 7.

System check results have to be equal or near the values determined during dipole calibration with the relevant liquids and test system ($\pm 10\%$).

System check is performed regularly on all frequency bands where tests are performed with the DASY5 system.

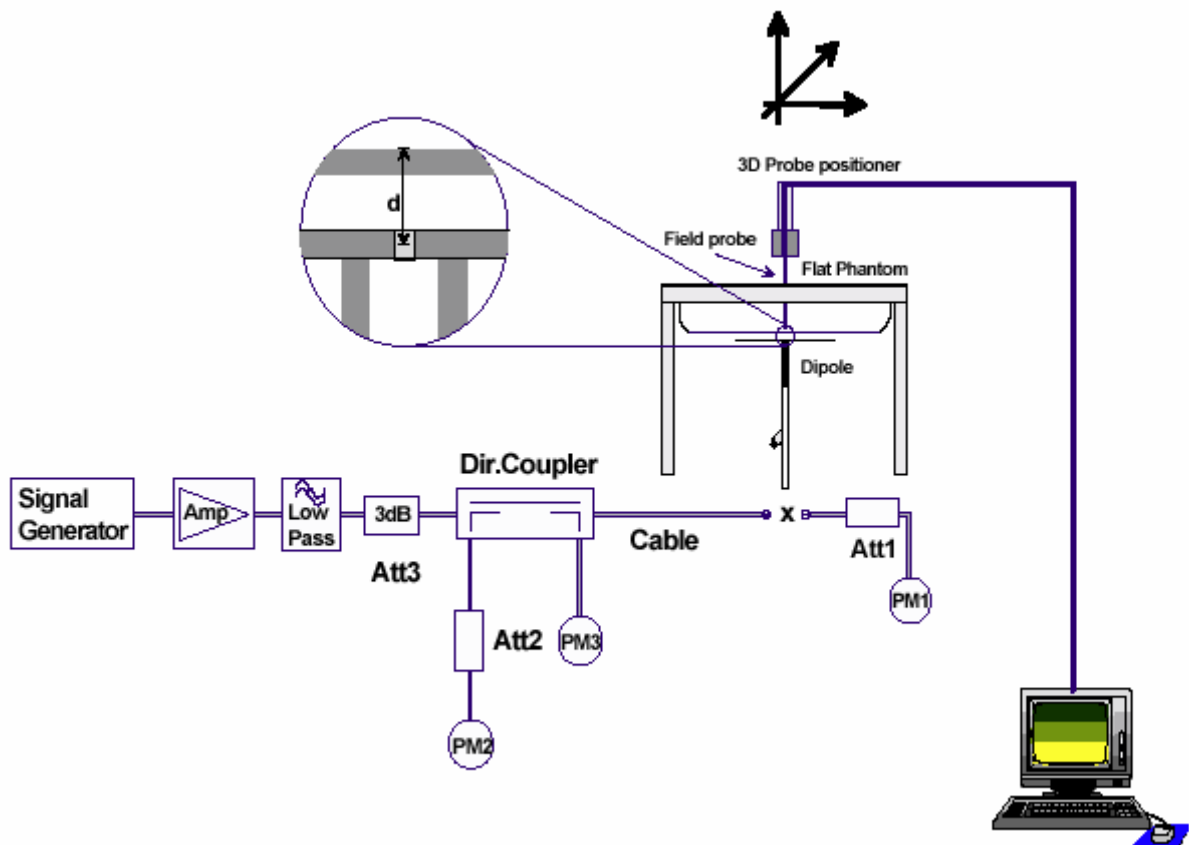


Figure 6 System Check Set-up

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Usage of SAR dipoles calibrated less than 2 years ago but more than 1 year ago were confirmed in maintaining return loss (< -20 dB, within 20% of prior calibration) and impedance (within 5 ohm from prior calibration) requirements per extended calibrations in KDB Publication 450824:

Dipole D1750V2 SN: 1033				
Head Liquid				
Date of Measurement	Return Loss(dB)	Δ %	Impedance (Ω)	$\Delta\Omega$
5/17/2010	-38.1	4.2%	49.4	1.7 Ω
5/16/2011	-36.5		51.1	
Body Liquid				
Date of Measurement	Return Loss(dB)	Δ %	Impedance (Ω)	$\Delta\Omega$
5/17/2010	-25.7	2.7 %	45.1	1.6 Ω
5/16/2011	-26.4		46.7	

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5.2. System Check Results

Table 6: System Check in Head Tissue Simulating Liquid

Frequency	Test Date	Dielectric Parameters		Temp (°C)	250mW Measured SAR _{1g}	1W Normalized SAR _{1g}	1W Target SAR _{1g} (±10% deviation)
		ε _r	σ(s/m)				
835MHz	2012-4-17	41.4	0.899	21.5	2.49	9.96	9.34 (8.41~10.27)
1750MHz	2012-4-18	40	1.34	21.5	8.41	33.64	36.1 (32.49 ~ 39.71)
	2012-4-20	39.2	1.4	21.5	8.7	34.8	
1900MHz	2012-4-19	40.8	1.41	21.5	9.65	38.6	40.30 (36.27~ 44.33)
2450MHz	2012-4-19	38.3	1.88	21.5	14.1	56.4	53.8 (48.42 ~ 59.18)

Note: 1. The graph results see ANNEX B.
2. Target Values derive from the calibration certificate

Table 7: System Check in Body Tissue Simulating Liquid

Frequency	Test Date	Dielectric Parameters		Temp (°C)	250mW Measured SAR _{1g}	1W Normalized SAR _{1g}	1W Target SAR _{1g} (±10% deviation)
		ε _r	σ(s/m)				
835MHz	2012-4-19	54.3	0.986	21.5	2.51	10.04	9.46 (8.51~10.41)
1750MHz	2012-4-20	52.7	1.48	21.5	8.75	35	38.5 (34.65 ~ 42.35)
1900MHz	2012-4-19	52.1	1.55	21.5	10.5	42	41.70 (37.53~45.87)
2450MHz	2012-4-19	51.7	1.9	21.5	12.7	50.8	51.7 (46.53 ~ 56.87)

Note: 1. The graph results see ANNEX B.
2. Target Values derive from the calibration certificate

6. Operational Conditions during Test

6.1. General Description of Test Procedures

A communication link is set up with a System Simulator (SS) by air link, and a call is established. The Absolute Radiofrequency Channel Number (ARFCN) is allocated to 128, 190 and 251 in the case of GSM 850, to 512, 661 and 810 in the case of GSM 1900, to 1312, 1413 and 1513 in the case of WCDMA Band IV. The EUT is commanded to operate at maximum transmitting power.

Connection to the EUT is established via air interface with E5515C, and the EUT is set to maximum output power by E5515C. The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain uniform power output. The antenna connected to the output of the base station simulator shall be placed at least 50 cm away from the EUT. The signal transmitted by the simulator to the antenna feeding point shall be lower than the output power level of the EUT by at least 30 dB.

6.2. Test Positions

6.2.1. Against Phantom Head

Measurements were made in “cheek” and “tilt” positions on both the left hand and right hand sides of the phantom.

The positions used in the measurements were according to IEEE 1528 - 2003 "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate(SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques".

6.2.2. Body Worn Configuration

Body-worn operating configurations should be tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in normal use configurations. Devices with a headset output should be tested with a headset connected to the device.

Based upon KDB941225 D06 V01, when the antenna-to-edge distance is greater than 2.5cm, such position does not need to be tested. The distance between the device and the phantom was kept 10mm of wireless routers.

6.3. Test Configuration

6.3.1. GSM Test Configuration

SAR tests for GSM 850 and GSM 1900, a communication link is set up with a System Simulator (SS) by air link. Using E5515C the power lever is set to “5” for GSM 850, set to “0” for GSM 1900. Since the GPRS class is 12 for this EUT, it has at most 4 timeslots in uplink and at most 4 timeslots in downlink, the maximum total timeslots is 5; the EGPRS class is 12 for this EUT, it has at most 4 timeslots in uplink and at most 4 timeslots in downlink, the maximum total timeslots is 5.

When SAR tests for EGPRS mode is necessary, GMSK modulation should be used to minimize SAR measurement error due to higher peak-to-average power (PAR) ratios inherent in 8-PSK.

According to specification 3GPP TS 51.010, the maximum power of the GSM can do the power reduction for the multi-slot. The allowed power reduction in the multi-slot configuration is as following:

Table 8: The allowed power reduction in the multi-slot configuration

Number of timeslots in uplink assignment	Permissible nominal reduction of maximum output power,(dB)
1	0
2	0 to 3,0
3	1,8 to 4,8
4	3,0 to 6,0

6.3.2. WCDMA Test Configuration

6.3.2.1. Output power Verification

Maximum output power is verified on the High, Middle and Low channel according to the procedures described in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34. 121, using the appropriate RMC or AMR with TPC(transmit power control) set to all up bits for WCDMA/HSDPA or applying the required inner loop power control procedures to the maximum output power while HSUPA is active. Results for all applicable physical channel configuration (DPCCH, DPDCH_n and spreading codes, HSDPA, HSPA) should be tabulated in the SAR report. All configuration that are not supported by the DUT or can not be measured due to technical or equipment limitations should be clearly identified.

6.3.2.2. Head SAR Measurements

SAR for head exposure configurations in voice mode is measured using a 12.2kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all up bits. SAR in AMR configurations is not required when the maximum average output of each RF channel for 12.2kbps AMR is less than 1/4 dB higher than that measured in 12.2 kbps RMC. Otherwise, SAR is measured on the maximum output channel in 12.2kbps AMR with a 3.4 kbps SRB(Signaling radio bearer) using the exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR in 12.2kbps RMC for that RF channel.

6.3.2.3. Body SAR Measurements

SAR for body exposure configurations in voice and data modes is measured using 12.2kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all up bits. SAR for other spreading codes and multiple DPDCH_n, when supported by the DUT, are not required when the maximum average output of each RF channel, for each spreading code and DPDCH_n configuration, are less than 1/4 dB higher than those measured in 12.2kbps RMC. Otherwise, SAR is measured on the maximum output channel with an applicable RMC configuration for the corresponding spreading code or DPDCH_n using the exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR with 12.2 kbps RMC. When more than 2 DPDCH_n are supported by the DUT, it may be necessary to configure additional DPDCH_n for a DUT using FTM (Factory Test Mode) or other chipset based test approaches with parameters similar to those used in 384 kbps and 768 kbps RMC.

6.3.3. HSDPA Test Configuration

SAR for body exposure configurations is measured according to the ‘Body SAR Measurements’ procedures of that section. In addition, body SAR is also measured for HSDPA when the maximum average output of each RF channel with HSDPA active is at least ¼ dB higher than that measured without HSDPA using 12.2 kbps RMC or the maximum SAR for 12.2 kbps RMC is above 75% of the SAR limit.³⁰ Body SAR for HSDPA is measured using an FRC with H-Set 1 in Sub-test 1 and a 12.2 kbps RMC configured in Test Loop Mode 1, using the highest body SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC without HSDPA.

HSDPA should be configured according to the UE category of a test device. The number of HSDSCH/ HS-PDSCHs, HARQ processes, minimum inter-TTI interval, transport block sizes and RV coding sequence are defined by the H-set. To maintain a consistent test configuration and stable transmission conditions, QPSK is used in the H-set for SAR testing. HS-DPCCH should be configured with a CQI feedback cycle of 4 ms with a CQI repetition factor of 2 to maintain a constant rate of active CQI slots. DPCCH and DPDCH gain factors (β_c , β_d), and HS-DPCCH power offset parameters (Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} , Δ_{CQI}) should be set according to values indicated in the Table below.³² The CQI value is determined by the UE category, transport block size, number of HS-PDSCHs and modulation used in the H-set.

Table 9: Subtests for UMTS Release 5 HSDPA

Sub-set	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{hs} (note 1, note 2)	CM(dB) (note 3)	MPR(dB)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 (note 4)	15/15 (note 4)	64	12/15 (note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

Note1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 8 \Leftrightarrow A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 30/15 \Leftrightarrow \beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$

Note2: For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C, 5.7A, and the Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1.A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA, Δ_{ACK} and $\Delta_{NACK} = 8$ ($A_{hs} = 30/15$) with $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$, and $\Delta_{CQI} =$

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7 ($A_{HS}=24/15$) with $\beta_{HS}=24/15*\beta_c$.

Note3: CM=1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{HS}/\beta_c=24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HS-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.

Note 4: For subtest 2 the β_c/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period(TF1,TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TFC1,TF1) to $\beta_c=11/15$ and $\beta_d=15/15$.

Table 10: Settings of required H-Set 1 QPSK in HSDPA mode

Parameter	Unit	Value
Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	kbps	534
Inter-TTI Distance	TTI's	3
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	2
Information Bit Payload (N_{INF})	Bits	3202
Number Code Blocks	Blocks	1
Binary Channel Bits Per TTI	Bits	4800
Total Available SML's in UE	SML's	19200
Number of SML's per HARQ Proc.	SML's	9600
Coding Rate	/	0.67
Number of Physical Channel Codes	Codes	5
Modulation	/	QPSK

Table 11: HSDPA UE category

HS-DSCH Category	Maximum HS-DSCH Codes Received	Minimum Inter-TTI Interval	Maximum Transport Bits/HS-DSCH	Total Channel
1	5	3	7298	19200
2	5	3	7298	28800
3	5	2	7298	28800
4	5	2	7298	38400
5	5	1	7298	57600
6	5	1	7298	67200
7	10	1	14411	115200
8	10	1	14411	134400
9	15	1	25251	172800
10	15	1	27952	172800
11	5	2	3630	14400
12	5	1	3630	28800
13	15	1	34800	259200
14	15	1	42196	259200
15	15	1	23370	345600
16	15	1	27952	345600

6.3.4. HSUPA Test Configuration

Body SAR is also measured for HSPA when the maximum average output of each RF channel with HSPA active is at least ¼ dB higher than that measured without HSPA using 12.2 kbps RMC or the maximum SAR for 12.2 kbps RMC is above 75% of the SAR limit. Body SAR for HSPA is measured with E-DCH Sub-test 5, using H-Set 1 and QPSK for FRC and a 12.2 kbps RMC configured in Test Loop Mode 1 with power control algorithm 2, according to the highest body SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC without HSPA.⁴⁰

Due to inner loop power control requirements in HSPA, a commercial communication test set should be used for the output power and SAR tests.⁴¹ The 12.2 kbps RMC, FRC H-set 1 and E-DCH configurations for HSPA should be configured according to the β values indicated below as well as other applicable procedures described in the 'WCDMA Handset' and 'Release 5 HSDPA Data Devices' sections of 3 G device.

Table 12: Sub-Test 5 Setup for Release 6 HSUPA

Sub-set	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	$\beta_{hs}^{(1)}$	β_{ec}	β_{ed}	β_{ed} (SF)	β_{ed} (codes)	CM ⁽²⁾ (dB)	MPR (dB)	AG ⁽⁴⁾ Index	E-TFCI
1	11/15 ⁽³⁾	15/15 ⁽³⁾	64	11/15 ⁽³⁾	22/15	209/225	1039/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β_{ed1} : 47/15 β_{ed2} : 47/15	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	64	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 8 \Leftrightarrow A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 30/15 \Leftrightarrow \beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 2: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 10/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note 4: For subtest 5 the β_c/β_d ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 14/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note 5: Testing UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1 Sub-test 3 is not required according to TS 25.306 Figure 5.1g.

Note 6: β_{ed} can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

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Table 13: HSUPA UE category

UE E-DCH Category	Maximum E-DCH Codes Transmitted	Number of HARQ Processes	E-DCH TTI (ms)	Minimum Spreading Factor	Maximum E-DCH Transport Block Bits	Max Rate (Mbps)
1	1	4	10	4	7110	0.7296
2	2	8	2	4	2798	1.4592
	2	4	10	4	14484	
3	2	4	10	4	14484	1.4592
4	2	8	2	2	5772	2.9185
	2	4	10	2	20000	2.00
5	2	4	10	2	20000	2.00
6 (No DPDCH)	4	8	2	2 SF2 & 2 SF4	11484	5.76
	4	4	10		20000	2.00
7 (No DPDCH)	4	8	2	2 SF2 & 2 SF4	22996	?
	4	4	10		20000	?

NOTE: When 4 codes are transmitted in parallel, two codes shall be transmitted with SF2 and two with SF4.
 UE Categories 1 to 6 supports QPSK only. UE Category 7 supports QPSK and 16QAM.
 (TS25.306-7.3.0)

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6.3.5. WIFI Test Configuration

For WLAN SAR testing, WLAN engineering testing software installed on the EUT can provide continuous transmitting RF signal. This RF signal utilized in SAR measurement has almost 100% duty cycle and its crest factor is 1.

For the 802.11b/g SAR tests, a communication link is set up with the test mode software for WIFI mode test. The Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number (ARFCN) is allocated to 1, 6 and 11 respectively in the case of 2450 MHz. During the test, at the each test frequency channel, the EUT is operated at the RF continuous emission mode. Each channel should be tested at the lowest data rate. Testing at higher data rates is not required when the maximum average output power is less than 0.25dB higher than those measured at the lowest data rate.

802.11b/g operating modes are tested independently according to the service requirements in each frequency band. 802.11b/g modes are tested on channels 1, 6, 11; however, if output power reduction is necessary for channels 1 and /or 11 to meet restricted band requirements the highest output channels closest to each of these channels must be tested instead.

SAR is not required for 802.11g channels when the maximum average output power is less than 0.25dB higher than that measured on the corresponding 802.11b channels. When the maximum average output channel in each frequency band is not included in the “default test channels”, the maximum channel should be tested instead of an adjacent “default test channels”, these are referred to as the “required test channels” and are illustrated in table 14.

Table 14: “Default Test Channels”

Mode	GHz	Channel	Turbo Channel	“Default Test Channels”			
				15.247		UNII	
				802.11b	802.11g		
802.11b/g	2.412	1 [#]		√	*		
	2.437	6	6	√	*		
	2.462	11 [#]		√	*		

Note: [#]=when output power is reduced for channel 1 and /or 11 to meet restricted band requirements the highest out put channels closet to each of these channels should be tested.
 √= “default test channels”
 * =possible 802.11g channels with maximum average output 0.25dB>=the “default test channels”

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7. Test Results

7.1. Conducted Power Results

Table 15: Conducted Power Measurement Results

GSM 850		Burst Conducted Power(dBm)				Average power(dBm)		
		Channel 128	Channel 190	Channel 251		Channel 128	Channel 190	Channel 251
GSM		33.25	33.24	33.23	-9.03dB	24.22	24.21	24.2
GPRS (GMSK)	1Txslot	33.26	33.25	33.24	-9.03dB	24.23	24.22	24.21
	2Txslots	32.03	32.01	31.99	-6.02dB	26.01	25.99	25.97
	3Txslots	29.79	29.77	29.76	-4.26dB	25.53	25.51	25.50
	4Txslots	29.00	28.98	28.97	-3.01dB	25.99	25.97	25.96
EGPRS (GMSK)	1Txslot	33.25	33.24	33.23	-9.03dB	24.22	24.21	24.20
	2Txslots	32.02	32.01	31.98	-6.02dB	26.00	25.99	25.96
	3Txslots	29.77	29.76	29.74	-4.26dB	25.51	25.50	25.48
	4Txslots	28.98	28.97	28.96	-3.01dB	25.97	25.96	25.95
GSM 1900		Burst Conducted Power(dBm)				Average power(dBm)		
		Channel 512	Channel 661	Channel 810		Channel 512	Channel 661	Channel 810
GSM		29.25	29.37	29.56	-9.03dB	20.22	20.34	20.53
GPRS (GMSK)	1Txslot	29.27	29.39	29.58	-9.03dB	20.24	20.36	20.55
	2Txslots	28.30	28.42	28.61	-6.02dB	22.28	22.40	22.59
	3Txslots	26.50	26.62	26.82	-4.26dB	22.24	22.36	22.56
	4Txslots	25.73	25.83	26.03	-3.01dB	22.72	22.82	23.02
EGPRS (GMSK)	1Txslot	29.24	29.37	29.56	-9.03dB	20.21	20.34	20.53
	2Txslots	28.28	28.39	28.59	-6.02dB	22.26	22.37	22.57
	3Txslots	26.49	26.61	26.81	-4.26dB	22.23	22.35	22.55
	4Txslots	25.71	25.83	26.03	-3.01dB	22.70	22.82	23.02

Note:

1) Division Factors

To average the power, the division factor is as follows:

1Txslot = 1 transmit time slot out of 8 time slots

=> conducted power divided by (8/1) => -9.03 dB

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2Txslots = 2 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots
=> conducted power divided by (8/2) => -6.02 dB
3Txslots = 3 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots
=> conducted power divided by (8/3) => -4.26 dB
4Txslots = 4 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots
=> conducted power divided by (8/4) => -3.01 dB
2) Average power numbers
The maximum power numbers are marks in bold.

WCDMA Band IV		Conducted Power (dBm)		
		Channel 1312	Channel 1413	Channel 1513
RMC		21.94	21.90	22.01
HSUPA	Sub - Test 1	19.0	19.1	19.0
	Sub - Test 2	18.0	18.2	17.9
	Sub - Test 3	18.5	18.6	18.5
	Sub - Test 4	19.0	19.1	18.9
	Sub - Test 5	21.0	21.2	20.9

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7.2. SAR Test Results

7.2.1. GSM 850 (GPRS/EGPRS)

Table 16: SAR Values [GSM 850 (GPRS/EGPRS)]

Limit of SAR		10 g Average	1 g Average	Power Drift	Graph Results
		2.0 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	± 0.21 dB	
Different Test Position	Channel	Measurement Result(W/kg)		Power Drift (dB)	
		10 g Average	1 g Average		
Test Position of Head with Battery 1					
Left hand, Touch Cheek	High/251	0.476	0.641	0.142	Figure 16
	Middle/190	0.530	0.708	-0.005	Figure 17
	Low/128	0.585	0.777	-0.003	Figure 18
Left hand, Tilt 15 Degree	High/251	0.272	0.358	0.004	Figure 19
	Middle/190	0.300	0.394	0.013	Figure 20
	Low/128	0.325	0.424	-0.049	Figure 21
Right hand, Touch Cheek	High/251	0.507	0.671	0.156	Figure 22
	Middle/190	0.565	0.747	-0.087	Figure 23
	Low/128	0.632	0.833	0.075	Figure 24
Right hand, Tilt 15 Degree	High/251	0.291	0.381	0.058	Figure 25
	Middle/190	0.320	0.416	0.048	Figure 26
	Low/128	0.341	0.443	0.061	Figure 27
Test position of Body with Battery 1 (Distance 10mm)					
Back Side (2Txslots)	High/251	0.602(max.cube)	0.837(max.cube)	-0.010	Figure 28
	Middle/190	0.666	0.914	0.184	Figure 29
	Low/128	0.769(max.cube)	1.060(max.cube)	0.186	Figure 30
Front Side (2Txslots)	High/251	0.546	0.739	-0.158	Figure 31
	Middle/190	0.600	0.809	0.044	Figure 32
	Low/128	0.693	0.922	-0.161	Figure 33
Left Edge(2Txslots)	Low/128	0.379	0.552	0.184	Figure 34
Right Edge(2Txslots)	Low/128	0.404	0.585	-0.097	Figure 35
Top Edge(2Txslots)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bottom Edge(2Txslots)	Low/128	0.089	0.145	0.124	Figure 36
Worst Case Position of Body with EGPRS (Battery 1, GMSK, Distance 10mm)					
Back Side (2Txslots)	Low/128	0.796	1.100	-0.040	Figure 37

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Worst Case Position of Body with Stereo Headset 1 and Battery 1 (Distance 10mm)					
Back Side(GSM)	Low/128	0.562	0.779	-0.039	Figure 38
Worst Case Position of Body with Stereo Headset 2 and Battery 1 (Distance 10mm)					
Back Side(GSM)	Low/128	0.552	0.763	-0.007	Figure 39

Note: 1. The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

2. The Head SAR test shall be performed at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode.

3. The Body SAR test firstly shall be performed at the maximum source-based time-averaged output power channel of each operating mode. If the SAR measured at highest output power channel for each test configuration is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit ($< 0.8\text{W/kg}$), testing at the other channels is optional, and also other channel were measured at the worst case.

4. WWAN antenna is located at bottom edge; antenna-to-top edge distance is more than 2.5 cm (see ANNEX J). Based upon KDB941225 D06, when the antenna-to-edge distance is greater than 2.5cm, such position does not need to be tested.

5. When SAR tests for EGPRS mode is necessary, GMSK modulation should be used to minimize SAR measurement error due to higher peak-to-average power (PAR) ratios inherent in 8-PSK.

6. The (max.cube) labeling indicates that during the grid scanning an additional peak was found which was within 2.0dB of the highest peak. The value of the highest cube is given in the table above.

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7.2.2. GSM 1900 (GPRS/EGPRS)

Table 17: SAR Values [GSM 1900(GPRS/EGPRS)]

Limit of SAR		10 g Average	1 g Average	Power Drift	Graph Results
		2.0 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	± 0.21 dB	
Different Test Position	Channel	Measurement Result(W/kg)		Power Drift (dB)	
		10 g Average	1 g Average		
Test Position of Head with Battery 1					
Left hand, Touch Cheek	High/810	0.462	0.817	-0.107	Figure 40
	Middle/661	0.472	0.829	0.110	Figure 41
	Low/512	0.437	0.768	0.083	Figure 42
Left hand, Tilt 15 Degree	High/810	0.161	0.254	0.054	Figure 43
	Middle/661	0.171	0.266	0.027	Figure 44
	Low/512	0.160	0.247	0.051	Figure 45
Right hand, Touch Cheek	High/810	0.403(max.cube)	0.652(max.cube)	0.046	Figure 46
	Middle/661	0.412(max.cube)	0.665(max.cube)	0.141	Figure 47
	Low/512	0.386(max.cube)	0.614(max.cube)	0.008	Figure 48
Right hand, Tilt 15 Degree	High/810	0.172	0.293	0.031	Figure 49
	Middle/661	0.179	0.296	0.012	Figure 50
	Low/512	0.161	0.267	0.027	Figure 51
Test position of Body with Battery 1 (Distance 10mm)					
Back Side (4Txslots)	High/810	0.659	1.120	-0.117	Figure 52
	Middle/661	0.686	1.160	-0.089	Figure 53
	Low/512	0.628	1.080	0.031	Figure 54
Front Side (4Txslots)	High/810	0.591	0.989	-0.026	Figure 55
	Middle/661	0.597	1.030	-0.065	Figure 56
	Low/512	0.552	0.930	-0.017	Figure 57
Left Edge(4Txslots)	High/810	0.218	0.374	0.110	Figure 58
Right Edge(4Txslots)	High/810	0.154	0.256	0.048	Figure 59
Top Edge(4Txslots)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bottom Edge(4Txslots)	High/810	0.487	0.851	0.122	Figure 60
	Middle/661	0.462	0.817	0.166	Figure 61
	Low/512	0.420	0.756	-0.040	Figure 62
Worst Case Position of Body with EGPRS (Battery 1, GMSK, Distance 10mm)					

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Back Side (4Txslots)	Middle/661	0.673	1.140	0.128	Figure 63
Worst Case Position of Body with Stereo Headset 1 and Battery 1 (Distance 10mm)					
Back Side(GSM)	Middle/661	0.390	0.660	0.030	Figure 64
Worst Case Position of Body with Stereo Headset 2 and Battery 1 (Distance 10mm)					
Back Side(GSM)	Middle/661	0.399	0.680	0.029	Figure 65
Worst Case Position of Body with Battery 2 (Distance 10mm)					
Back Side (4Txslots)	Middle/661	0.647	1.110	0.010	Figure 66

Note: 1. The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

2. The Head SAR test shall be performed at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode.
3. The Body SAR test firstly shall be performed at the maximum source-based time-averaged output power channel of each operating mode. If the SAR measured at highest output power channel for each test configuration is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit ($< 0.8\text{W/kg}$), testing at the other channels is optional, and other channel were measured at the worst case.
4. WWAN antenna is located at bottom edge; antenna-to-top edge distance is more than 2.5 cm (see ANNEX J). Based upon KDB941225 D06, when the antenna-to-edge distance is greater than 2.5cm, such position does not need to be tested.
5. When SAR tests for EGPRS mode is necessary, GMSK modulation should be used to minimize SAR measurement error due to higher peak-to-average power (PAR) ratios inherent in 8-PSK.
6. The (max.cube) labeling indicates that during the grid scanning an additional peak was found which was within 2.0dB of the highest peak. The value of the highest cube is given in the table above.

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7.2.3. WCDMA Band IV (WCDMA)

Table 18: SAR Values [WCDMA Band IV (WCDMA)]

Limit of SAR		10 g Average	1 g Average	Power Drift	Graph Results
		2.0 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	± 0.21 dB	
Different Test Position	Channel	Measurement Result(W/kg)		Power Drift (dB)	
		10 g Average	1 g Average		
Test Position of Head with Battery 1					
Left hand, Touch Cheek	High/1513	0.447(max.cube)	0.797(max.cube)	0.095	Figure 67
	Middle/1413	0.461(max.cube)	0.821(max.cube)	0.190	Figure 68
	Low/1312	0.480(max.cube)	0.869(max.cube)	0.119	Figure 69
Left hand, Tilt 15 Degree	High/1513	0.188	0.297	0.053	Figure 70
	Middle/1413	0.208	0.328	0.073	Figure 71
	Low/1312	0.174	0.272	0.068	Figure 72
Right hand, Touch Cheek	High/1513	0.464(max.cube)	0.764(max.cube)	0.069	Figure 73
	Middle/1413	0.486(max.cube)	0.797(max.cube)	0.022	Figure 74
	Low/1312	0.427(max.cube)	0.694(max.cube)	0.069	Figure 75
Right hand, Tilt 15 Degree	High/1513	0.166	0.267	0.030	Figure 76
	Middle/1413	0.173	0.276	0.029	Figure 77
	Low/1312	0.153	0.245	0.076	Figure 78
Test Position of Head with Battery 2					
Left hand, Touch Cheek	Low/1312	0.440(max.cube)	0.785(max.cube)	0.041	Figure 79
Test position of Body with Battery 1 (Distance 10mm)					
Back Side	High/1513	0.393	0.682	0.139	Figure 80
	Middle/1413	0.380	0.652	0.078	Figure 81
	Low/1312	0.334	0.572	0.052	Figure 82
Front Side	High/1513	0.379	0.640	-0.015	Figure 83
Left Edge	High/1513	0.138	0.236	0.038	Figure 84
Right Edge	High/1513	0.122	0.203	0.042	Figure 85
Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bottom Edge	High/1513	0.320	0.581	0.063	Figure 86
Worst Case Position of Body with Stereo Headset 1 and Battery 1 (Distance 10mm)					
Back Side(GSM)	High/1513	0.328	0.562	0.102	Figure 87
Worst Case Position of Body with Stereo Headset 2 and Battery 1 (Distance 10mm)					

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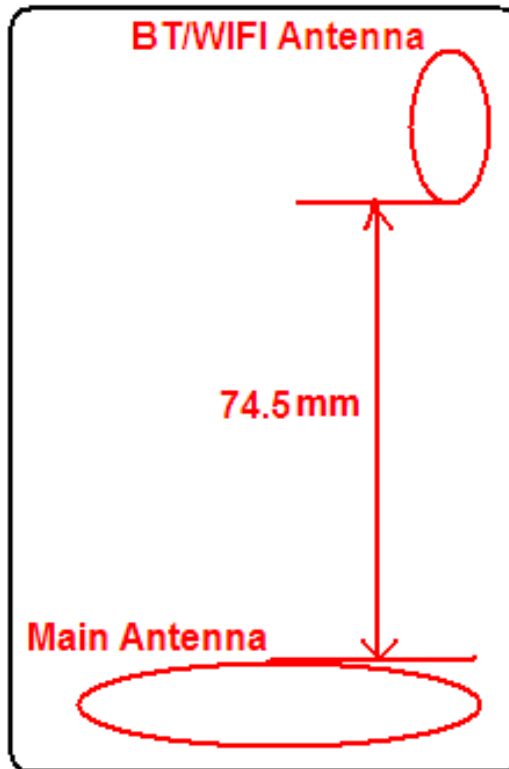
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Back Side(GSM)	High/1513	0.344	0.590	0.098	Figure 88
<p>Note: 1. The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.</p> <p>2. The Head SAR test shall be performed at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode.</p> <p>3. The Body SAR test firstly shall be performed at the highest output power channel of each operating mode. If the SAR measured at highest output power channel for each test configuration is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit ($< 0.8W/kg$), testing at the other channels is optional, and also other channel were measured at the worst case.</p> <p>4. WWAN antenna is located at bottom edge; antenna-to-top edge distance is more than 2.5 cm (see ANNEX J). Based upon KDB941225 D06, when the antenna-to-edge distance is greater than 2.5cm, such position does not need to be tested.</p> <p>5. WCDMA mode were tested under RMC 12.2kbps with HSPA (HSDPA/HSUPA) inactive per KDB Publication 941225 D01. HSPA (HSDPA/HSUPA) SAR for body was not required since the average output power of the HSPA (HSDPA/HSUPA) subtests was not more than 0.25 dB higher than the RMC level and the maximum SAR for 12.2kbps RMC was less than 75% SAR limit.</p> <p>6. The (max.cube) labeling indicates that during the grid scanning an additional peak was found which was within 2.0dB of the highest peak. The value of the highest cube is given in the table above.</p>					

7.2.4. Bluetooth/WiFi Function

The distance between BT/WIFI antenna and GSM/WCDMA antenna is >5cm. The location of the antennas inside mobile phone is shown in Annex J:



The output power of BT antenna is as following:

Channel	Ch 0 2402 MHz	Ch 39 2441 MHz	Ch 78 2480 MHz
Conducted Output Power (dBm)	1.56	4.69	2.56

The output power of WIFI antenna is as following:

Mode	Channel	Data rate	AV Power (dBm)
11b	1	1 Mbps	15.3
		2 Mbps	15.25
		5.5 Mbps	15.14
		11 Mbps	15.06
	6	1 Mbps	15.92
		2 Mbps	15.89
		5.5 Mbps	14.93
		11 Mbps	14.89

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	11	1 Mbps	15.53	
		2 Mbps	15.52	
		5.5 Mbps	14.62	
		11 Mbps	14.52	
11g	1	6 Mbps	13.39	
		9 Mbps	13.34	
		12 Mbps	13.11	
		18 Mbps	12.94	
		24 Mbps	12.87	
		36 Mbps	12.6	
		48 Mbps	12.39	
		54 Mbps	12.27	
	6	6 Mbps	13.16	
		9 Mbps	13.03	
		12 Mbps	12.97	
		18 Mbps	12.78	
		24 Mbps	12.58	
		36 Mbps	12.32	
		48 Mbps	12.1	
		54 Mbps	11.93	
	11	6 Mbps	13.55	
		9 Mbps	13.49	
		12 Mbps	13.38	
		18 Mbps	13.25	
		24 Mbps	13.06	
		36 Mbps	12.73	
		48 Mbps	12.12	
		54 Mbps	12.03	
	11n HT20	1	MCS0	13.44
			MCS1	13.23
			MCS2	13.03
			MCS3	12.85
MCS4			12.56	
MCS5			12.3	

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		MCS6	12.21
		MCS7	12.05
		MCS0	13.19
	6	MCS1	13
		MCS2	12.88
		MCS3	12.67
		MCS4	12.37
		MCS5	12.1
		MCS6	12.02
		MCS7	11.87
		11	MCS0
	MCS1		13.47
	MCS2		13.1
	MCS3		12.79
	MCS4		12.45
	MCS5		12.62
	MCS6		12.16
	MCS7	12.02	

Note: 1. KDB 248227-SAR is not required for 802.11g/n channels when the maximum average output power is less than ¼ dB higher than measured on the corresponding 802.11b channels.

Output Power Thresholds for Unlicensed Transmitters

	2.45	5.15 - 5.35	5.47 - 5.85	GHz
P_{Ref}	12	6	5	mW
Device output power should be rounded to the nearest mW to compare with values specified in this table.				

Stand-alone SAR

According to the output power measurement result and the distance between BT/WIFI antenna and GSM/WCDMA antenna we can draw the conclusion that:

WIFI antenna is >5cm from GSM/WCDMA antenna, because the output power of WIFI transmitter is >2P_{Ref}=13.8dBm, Stand-alone SAR are required for WIFI.

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Table 19: SAR Values (802.11b)

Limit of SAR (W/kg)		10 g Average	1g Average	Power Drift (dB)	Graph Results
		2.0	1.6	± 0.21	
Different Test Position	Channel	Measurement Result(W/kg)		Power Drift (dB)	
		10 g Average	1g Average		
Test Position of Head with Battery 1					
Left hand, Touch cheek	Middle/6	0.030	0.062	0.076	Figure 89
Left hand, Tilt 15 Degree	Middle/6	0.035	0.070	0.017	Figure 90
Right hand, Touch cheek	Middle/6	0.070	0.150	0.184	Figure 91
Right hand, Tilt 15 Degree	Middle/6	0.069	0.149	0.099	Figure 92
Test position of Body with Battery 1 (Distance 10mm)					
Back Side	Middle/6	0.130	0.265	0.012	Figure 93
Front Side	Middle/6	0.006	0.013	0.092	Figure 94
Left Edge	Middle/6	0.008	0.014	0.072	Figure 95
Right Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Top Edge	Middle/6	0.004	0.010	0.056	Figure 96
Bottom Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Note: 1. The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

2. SAR test at the channel with the maximum averaged output power channel, if the SAR value is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit (< 0.8W/kg), testing at the other two channels is optional.
3. WLAN antenna is located at Left edge, near to Top edge; antenna-to-Right/Bottom edge distance are more than 2.5 cm (see ANNEX J). Based upon KDB941225 D06, when the antenna-to-edge distance is greater than 2.5cm, such position does not need to be tested.
4. KDB 248227-SAR is not required for 802.11g/n channels when the maximum average output power is less than ¼ dB higher than measured on the corresponding 802.11b channels.

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BT antenna is $>5\text{cm}$ from GSM/WCDMA antenna, because the output power of BT transmitter is $\leq 2P_{\text{Ref}}=13.8\text{dBm}$, stand-alone SAR are not required for BT.

BT antenna is $<2.5\text{cm}$ from WIFI antenna, because $\text{SAR}_{\text{MAX.WIFI}} \leq 1.2\text{W/Kg}$, stand-alone SAR are not required for BT.

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Simultaneous SAR

BT antenna is <2.5cm from WIFI Antenna. because $SAR_{MAX,WIFI} \leq 1.2W/Kg$, So the Simultaneous SAR are not required for BT and WIFI antenna.

..

About BT and GSM/WCDMA Antenna

SAR _{1g} (W/kg) Test Position	GSM850	GSM1900	WCDMA Band IV	BT	MAX. ΣSAR _{1g}
Left hand, Touch cheek	0.777	0.829	0.869	0	0.869
Left hand, Tilt 15 Degree	0.424	0.266	0.328	0	0.424
Right hand, Touch cheek	0.833	0.665	0.797	0	0.833
Right hand, Tilt 15 Degree	0.443	0.296	0.276	0	0.443
Body, Back Side	1.100	1.160	0.682	0	1.160
Body, Front Side	0.922	1.030	0.640	0	1.030
Body, Left Edge	0.552	0.374	0.236	0	0.552
Body, Right Edge	0.585	0.256	0.203	0	0.585
Body, Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0
Body, Bottom Edge	0.145	0.851	0.581	0	0.851

Note: 1.The value with blue color is the maximum ΣSAR_{1g} Value.

2. Stand alone SAR for BT is not required. Its SAR is considered 0 in the 1-g SAR summing process to determine simultaneous transmission SAR evaluation requirements.

3. $MAX. \Sigma SAR_{1g} = Unlicensed SAR_{MAX} + Licensed SAR_{MAX}$

BT antenna is >5cm from GSM/WCDMA Antenna. $(GSM/WCDMA \text{ Antenna } SAR_{MAX})1.160 + (BT \text{ Antenna } SAR_{MAX})0 = 1.160 < 1.6$. So the Simultaneous SAR are not required for BT and GSM/WCDMA antenna.

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About WIFI and GSM/WCDMA Antenna,

SAR _{1g} (W/kg) Test Position	GSM850	GSM1900	WCDMA Band IV	WIFI (802.11b)	MAX. ΣSAR _{1g}
Left hand, Touch cheek	0.777	0.829	0.869	0.062	0.931
Left hand, Tilt 15 Degree	0.424	0.266	0.328	0.070	0.494
Right hand, Touch cheek	0.833	0.665	0.797	0.150	0.983
Right hand, Tilt 15 Degree	0.443	0.296	0.276	0.149	0.592
Body, Back Side	1.100	1.160	0.682	0.265	1.425
Body, Front Side	0.922	1.030	0.640	0.013	1.043
Body, Left Edge	0.552	0.374	0.236	0.014	0.566
Body, Right Edge	0.585	0.256	0.203	N/A	0.585
Body, Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.010	0.010
Body, Bottom Edge	0.145	0.851	0.581	N/A	0.851
<p>Note: 1. The value with blue color is the maximum ΣSAR_{1g} Value. 2. MAX. ΣSAR_{1g} = Unlicensed SAR_{MAX} + Licensed SAR_{MAX}</p>					

WIFI antenna is >5cm from GSM/WCDMA Antenna. (GSM/WCDMA Antenna SAR_{MAX})1.160 +(WIFI Antenna SAR_{MAX})0.265 =1.425 <1.6. So the Simultaneous SAR are not required for WIFI and GSM/WCDMA antenna.

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8. Measurement Uncertainty

No.	source	Type	Uncertainty Value (%)	Probability Distribution	k	c _i	Standard uncertainty u _i (%)	Degree of freedom V _{eff} or V _i
1	System repetivity	A	0.5	N	1	1	0.5	9
Measurement system								
2	-probe calibration	B	6	N	1	1	6	∞
3	-axial isotropy of the probe	B	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	$\sqrt{0.5}$	1.9	∞
4	- Hemispherical isotropy of the probe	B	9.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	$\sqrt{0.5}$	3.9	∞
5	-boundary effect	B	1.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.1	∞
6	-probe linearity	B	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.7	∞
7	- System detection limits	B	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.6	∞
8	-readout Electronics	B	1.0	N	1	1	1.0	∞
9	-response time	B	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0	∞
10	-integration time	B	4.3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.5	∞
11	-noise	B	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0	∞
12	-RF Ambient Conditions	B	3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.7	∞
13	-Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	B	0.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.2	∞
14	-Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	B	2.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.7	∞
15	-Extrapolation, interpolation and Integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	B	3.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.3	∞
Test sample Related								
16	-Test Sample Positioning	A	2.9	N	1	1	2.9	71
17	-Device Holder Uncertainty	A	4.1	N	1	1	4.1	5
18	-Output Power Variation - SAR drift measurement	B	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.9	∞
Physical parameter								
19	-phantom	B	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.3	∞

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20	Algorithm for correcting SAR for deviations in permittivity and conductivity	B	1.9	N	1	1	1.9	∞
21	-Liquid conductivity (measurement uncertainty)	B	2.5	N	1	0.78	2.0	9
22	-Liquid permittivity (measurement uncertainty)	B	2.5	N	1	0.23	0.6	9
23	-Liquid conductivity -temperature uncertainty	B	1.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.8	∞
24	-Liquid permittivity -temperature uncertainty	B	0.3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.04	∞
Combined standard uncertainty		$u_c = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{21} c_i^2 u_i^2}$					11.39	
Expanded uncertainty (confidence interval of 95 %)		$u_e = 2u_c$		N	k=2	22.79		

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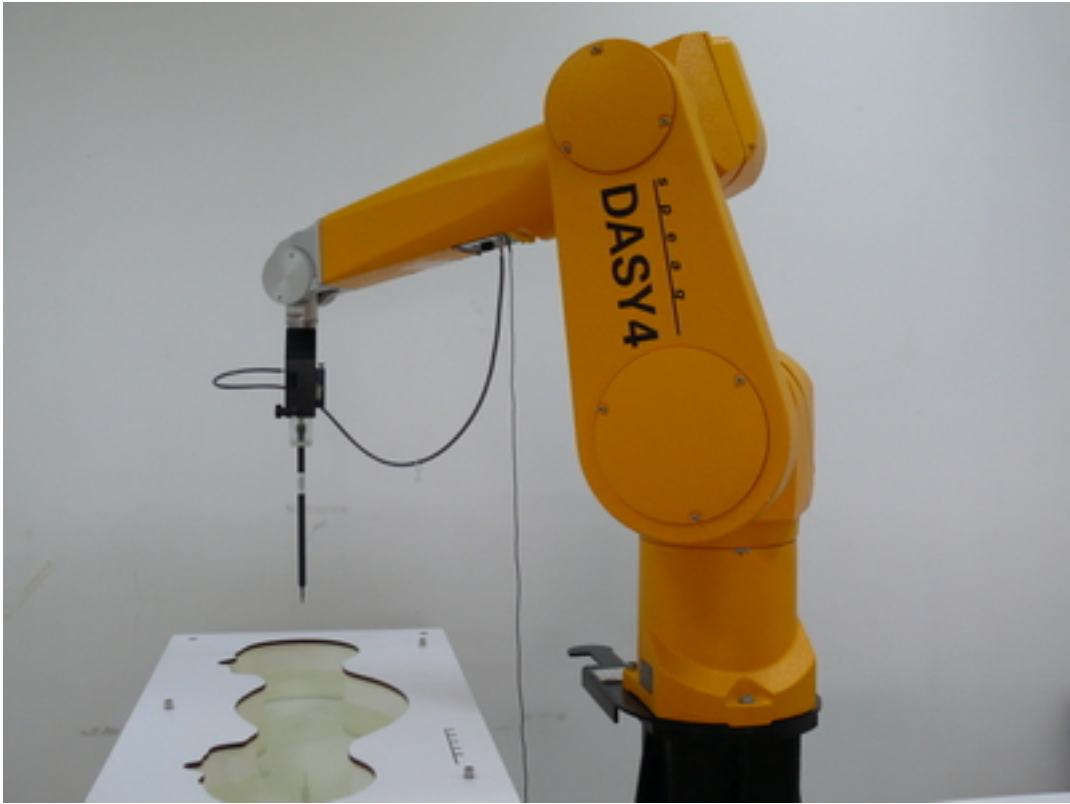
9. Main Test Instruments

Table 20: List of Main Instruments

No.	Name	Type	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Valid Period
01	Network analyzer	Agilent 8753E	US37390326	September 12, 2011	One year
02	Dielectric Probe Kit	Agilent 85070E	US44020115	No Calibration Requested	
03	Power meter	Agilent E4417A	GB41291714	March 11, 2012	One year
04	Power sensor	Agilent N8481H	MY50350004	September 25, 2011	One year
05	Power sensor	E9327A	US40441622	September 24, 2011	One year
06	Signal Generator	HP 8341B	2730A00804	September 12, 2011	One year
07	Dual directional coupler	778D-012	50519	March 26, 2012	One year
08	Dual directional coupler	777D	50146	March 26, 2012	One year
09	Amplifier	IXA-020	0401	No Calibration Requested	
10	BTS	E5515C	MY48360988	December 2, 2011	One year
11	E-field Probe	EX3DV4	3753	January 4, 2012	One year
12	DAE	DAE4	871	November 22, 2011	One year
13	Validation Kit 835MHz	D835V2	4d020	August 26, 2011	Two years
14	Validation Kit 1750MHz	D1750V2	1033	May 17, 2010	Two years
15	Validation Kit 1900MHz	D1900V2	5d060	August 31, 2011	Two years
16	Validation Kit 2450MHz	D2450V2	786	August 29, 2011	Two years
17	Temperature Probe	JM222	AA1009129	March 15, 2012	One year
18	Hygrothermograph	WS-1	64591	September 28, 2011	One year

*****END OF REPORT BODY*****

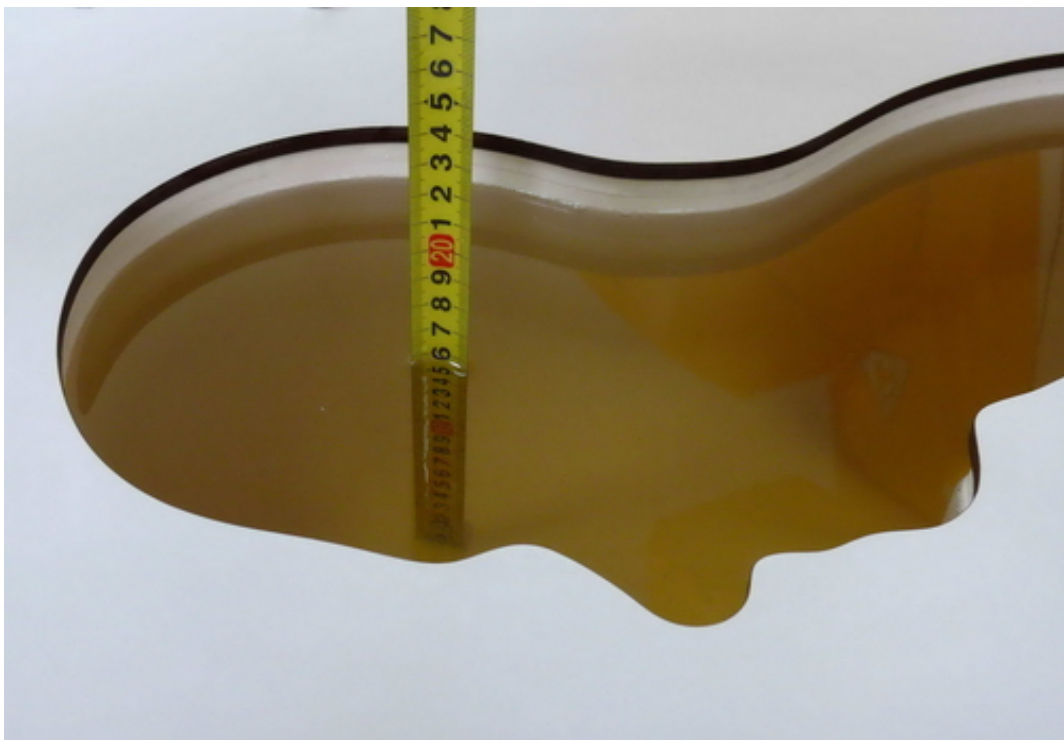
ANNEX A: Test Layout



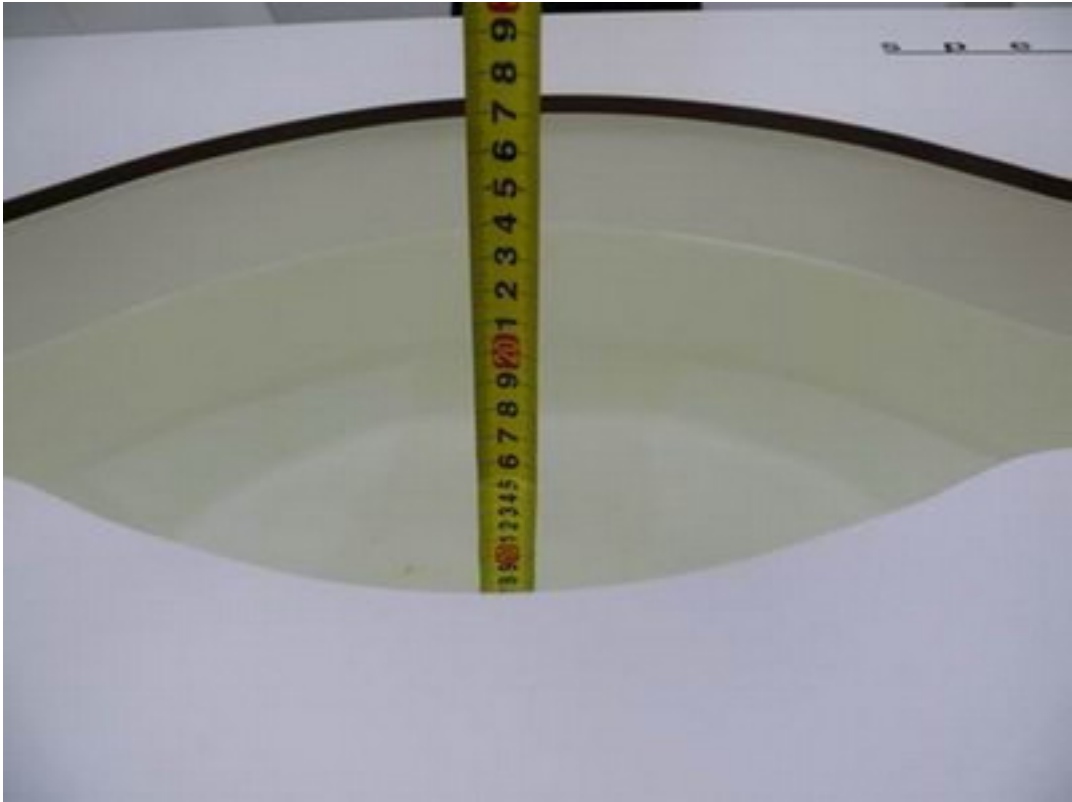
Picture 1: Specific Absorption Rate Test Layout



Picture 2: Liquid depth in the flat Phantom (835MHz, 15.4cm depth)



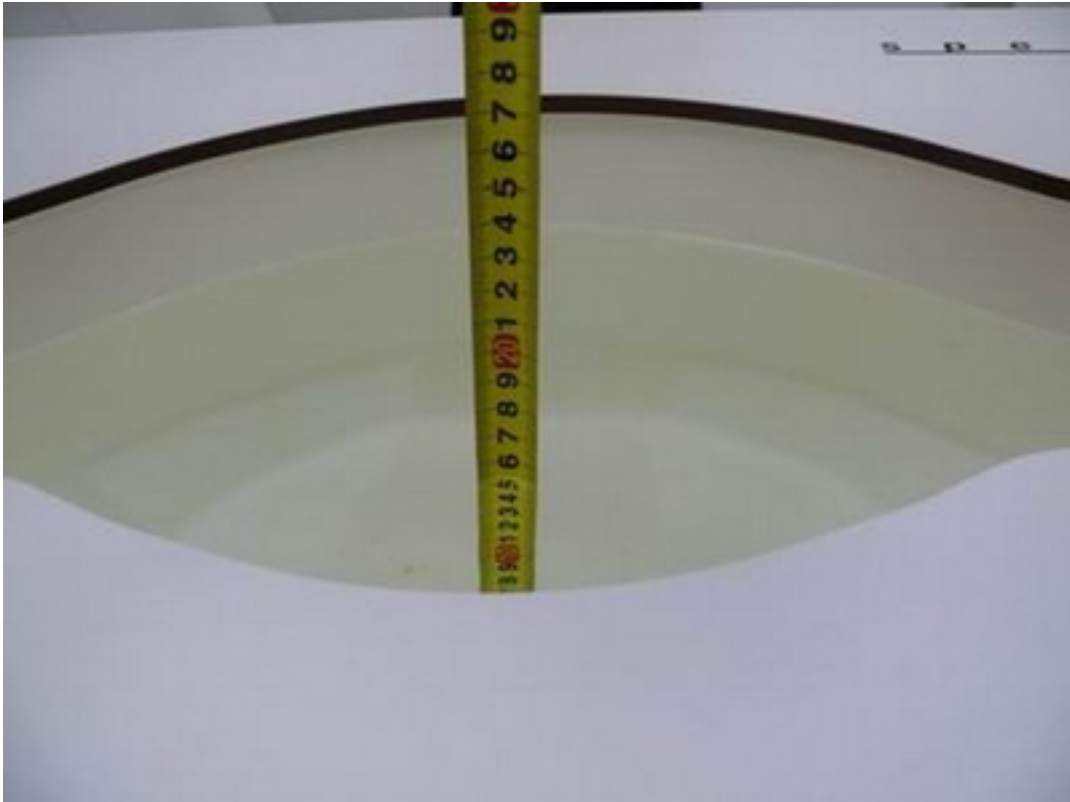
Picture 3: Liquid depth in the head Phantom (835MHz, 15.3cm depth)



Picture 4: Liquid depth in the flat Phantom (1750 MHz, 15.3cm depth)



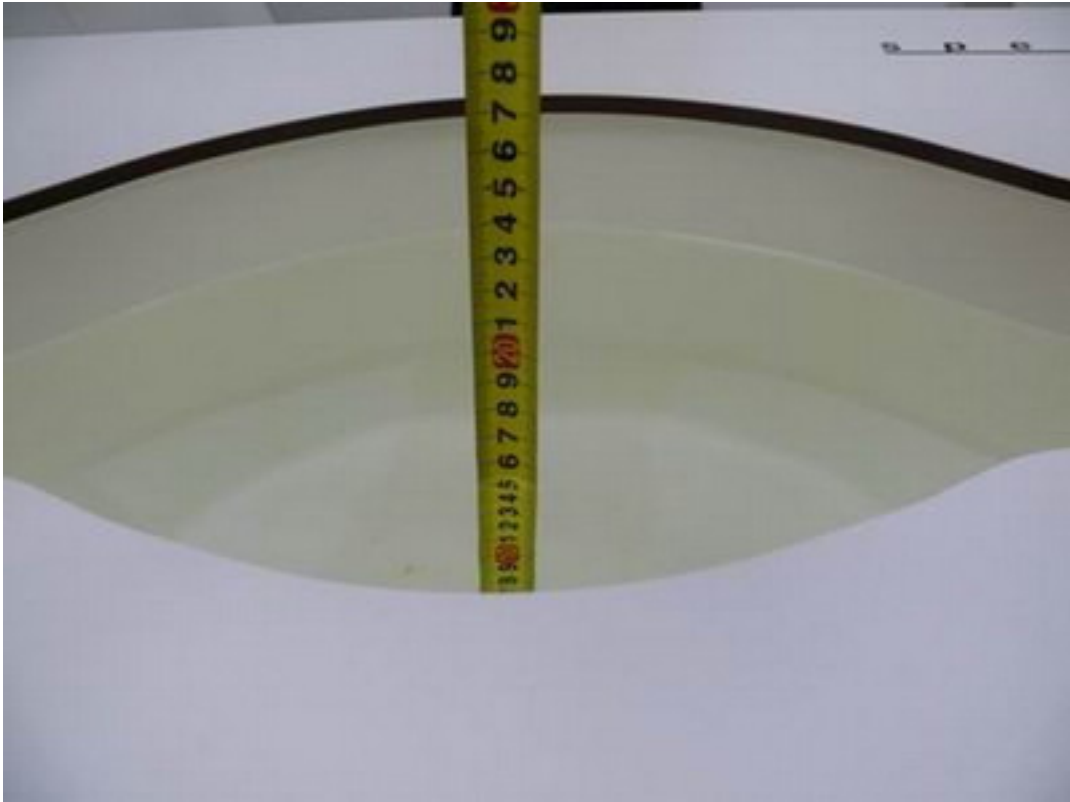
Picture 5: liquid depth in the head Phantom (1750 MHz, 15.4cm depth)



Picture 6: Liquid depth in the flat Phantom (1900 MHz, 15.2cm depth)



Picture 7: liquid depth in the head Phantom (1900 MHz, 15.3cm depth)



Picture 8: Liquid depth in the flat Phantom (2450 MHz, 15.4cm depth)



Picture 9: liquid depth in the head Phantom (2450 MHz, 15.2cm depth)

ANNEX B: System Check Results

System Performance Check at 835 MHz Head TSL

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d020

Date/Time: 4/17/2012 11:10:07 PM,

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.899 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.4$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: $22.3 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(9.02, 9.02, 9.02); Calibrated: 1/4/2012

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

835 MHz Dipole head/Area Scan (41x121x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.68 mW/g

835 MHz Dipole head/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 54.7 V/m ; Power Drift = 0.000336 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.71 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.49 mW/g ; SAR(10 g) = 1.64 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.68 mW/g

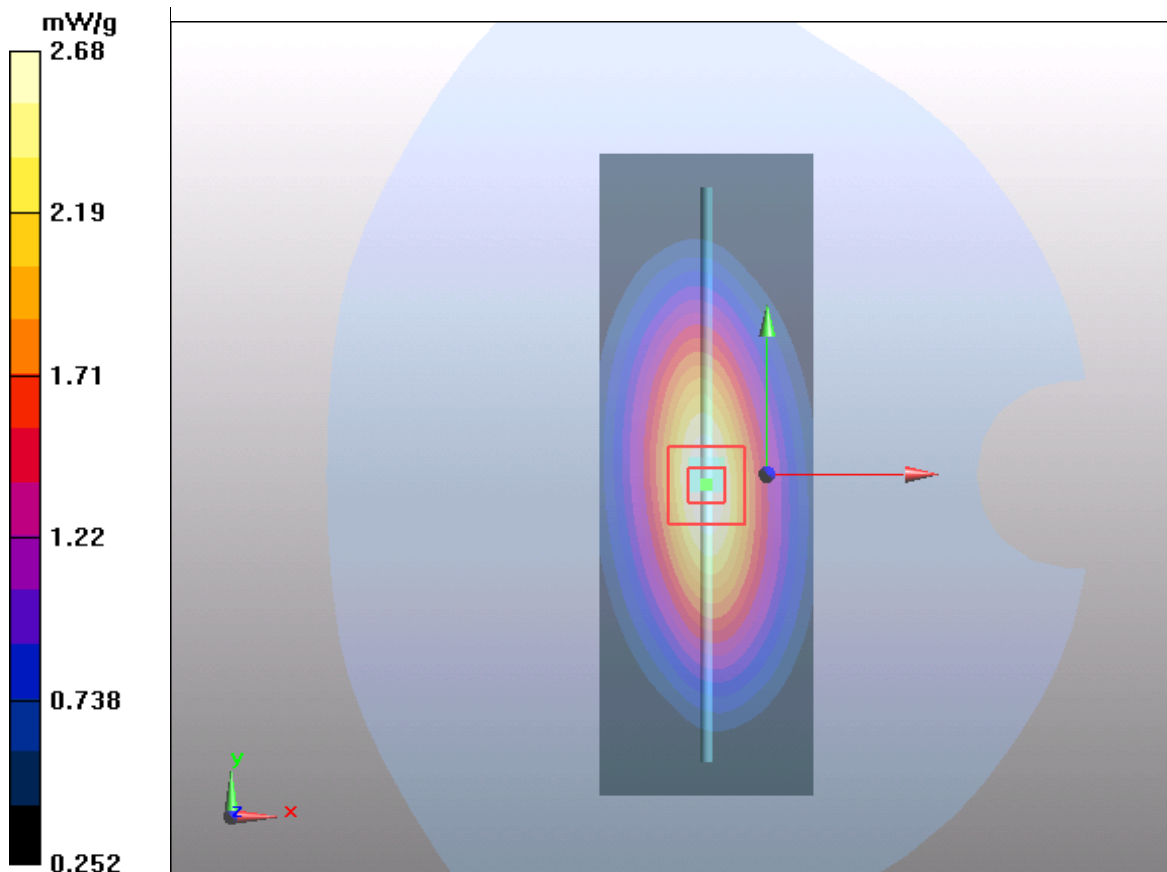


Figure 7 System Performance Check 835MHz 250mW

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System Performance Check at 835 MHz Body TSL

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d020

Date/Time: 4/19/2012 1:22:16 AM

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.986$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(9.18, 9.18, 9.18); Calibrated: 1/4/2012

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

835 MHz Dipole/Area Scan (61x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.74 mW/g

835 MHz Dipole/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 53.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.163 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.69 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.51 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.66 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.71 mW/g

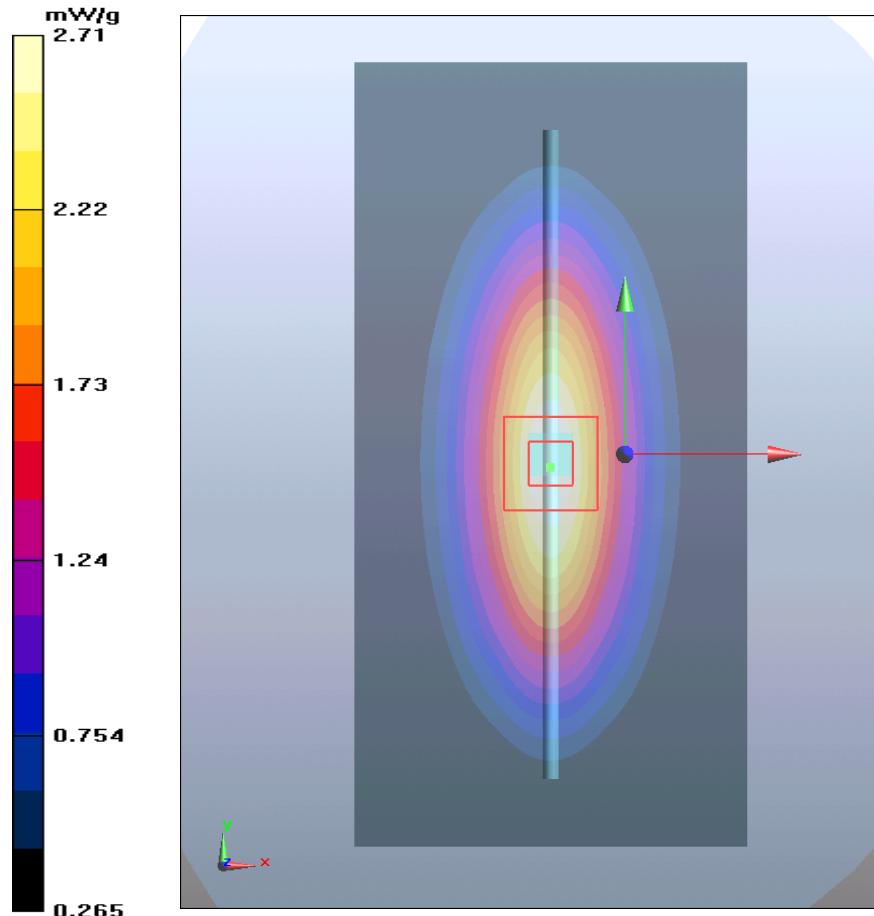


Figure 8 System Performance Check 835MHz 250mW

System Performance Check at 1750 MHz Head TSL

DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: D1750V2; Serial: D1750V2 - SN: 1033

Date/Time: 4/18/2012 4:28:24 AM

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 1750$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.34$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(8.37, 8.37, 8.37); Calibrated: 1/4/2012

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

1750 MHz Dipole Head /Area Scan (51x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 9.57 mW/g

1750 MHz Dipole Head/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 81.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.144 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 15.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.41 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.45 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 9.32 mW/g

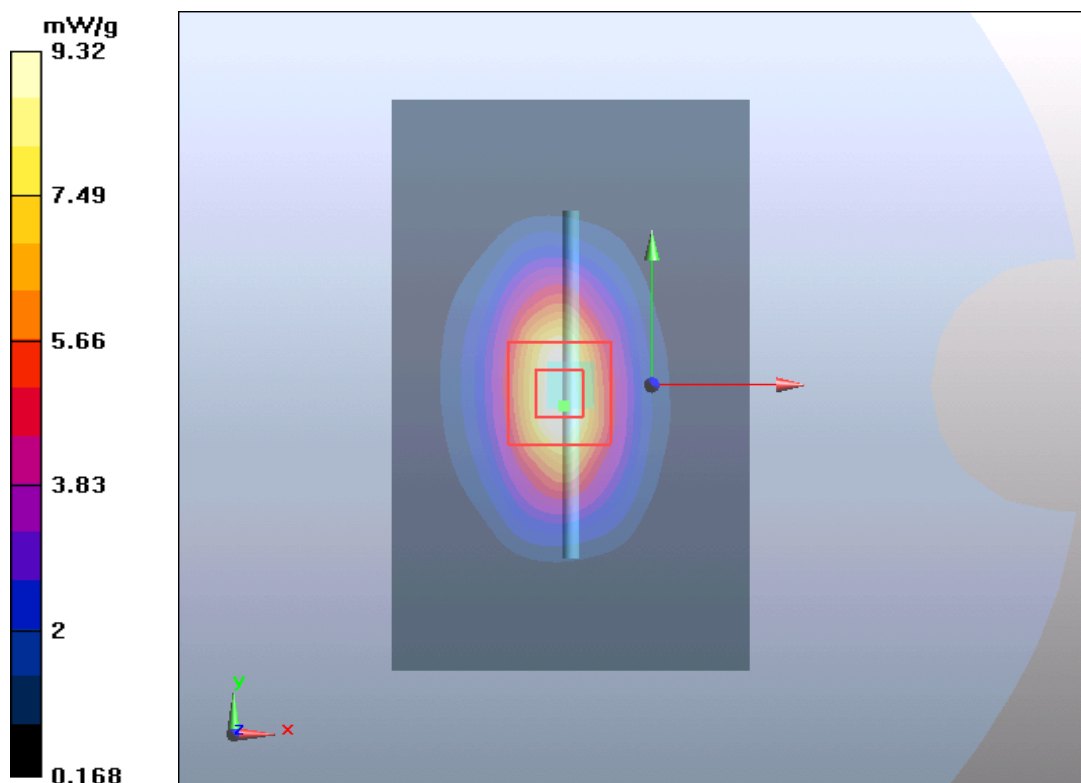


Figure 9 System Performance Check 1750MHz 250mW

System Performance Check at 1750 MHz Head TSL

DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: D1750V2; Serial: D1750V2 - SN: 1033

Date/Time: 4/20/2012 2:14:41 PM

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 1750$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.4$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(8.37, 8.37, 8.37); Calibrated: 1/4/2012

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

1750 MHz Dipole Head/Area Scan (51x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 9.83 mW/g

1750 MHz Dipole Head/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 79.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.149 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 15.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.7 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.6 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 9.73 mW/g

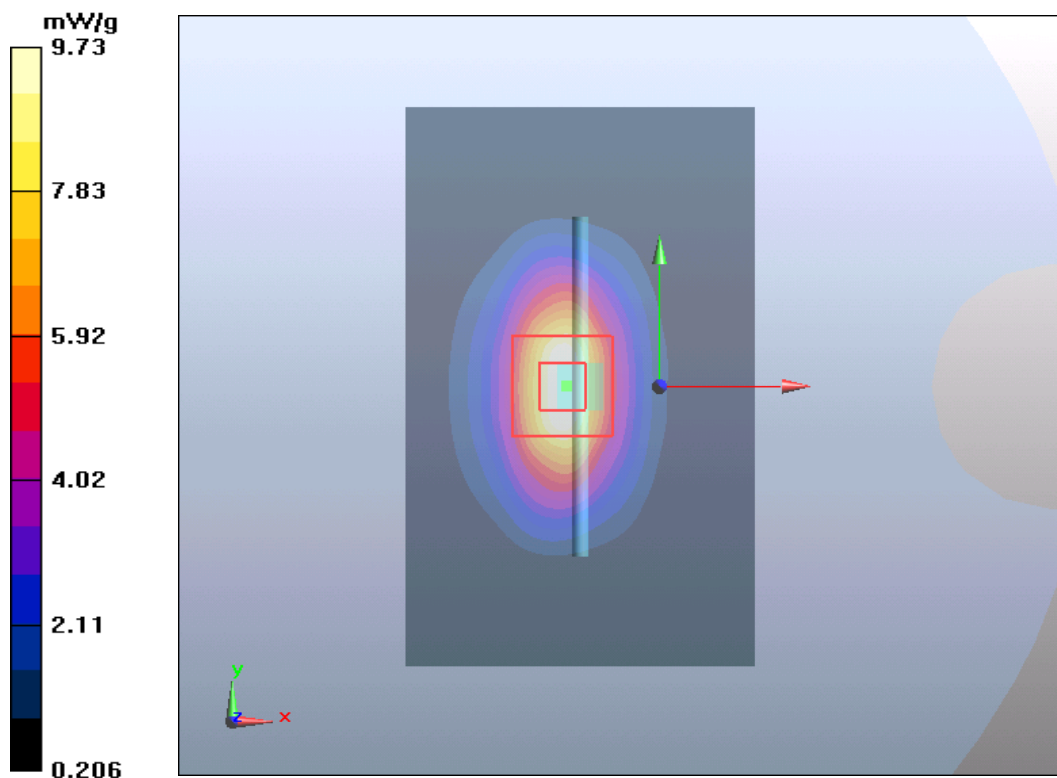


Figure 10 System Performance Check 1750MHz 250mW

System Performance Check at 1750 MHz Body TSL

DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: D1750V2; Serial: D1750V2 - SN: 1033

Date/Time: 4/20/2012 11:07:29 AM

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 1750$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.48$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(8, 8, 8); Calibrated: 1/4/2012

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

1750 MHZ Dipole/Area Scan (51x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 10.7 mW/g

1750 MHZ Dipole/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 81.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.0023 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 15.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.75 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.65 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 9.78 mW/g

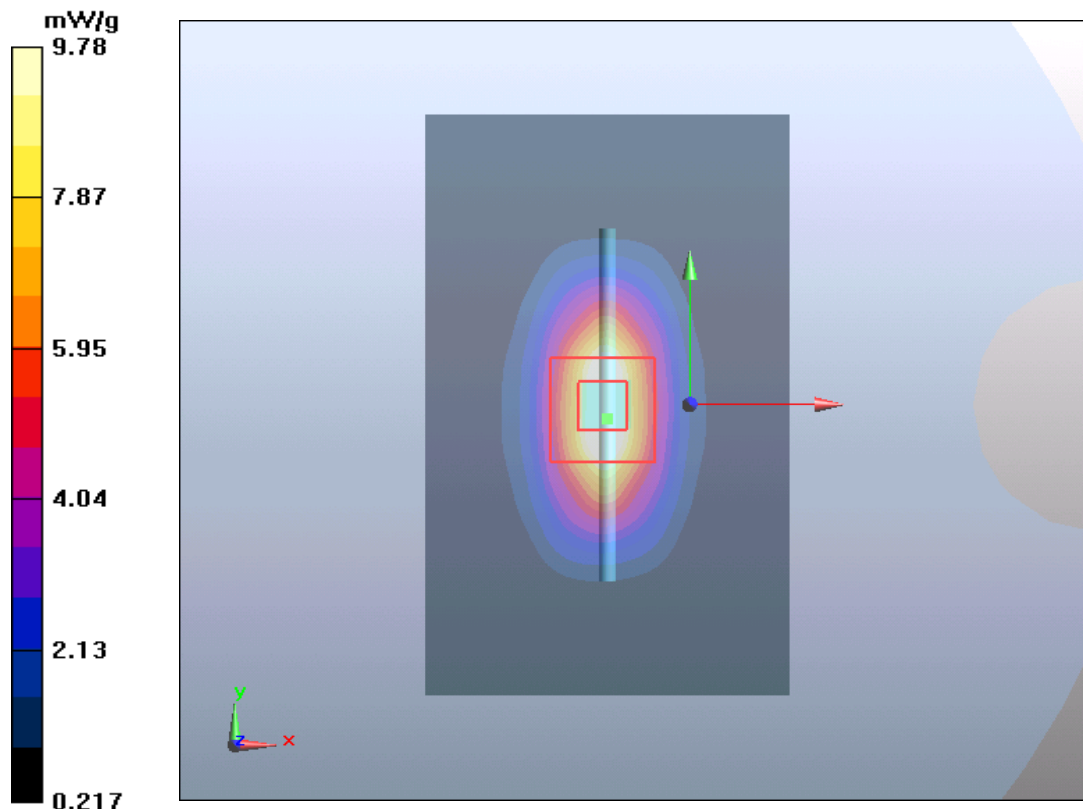


Figure 11 System Performance Check 1750MHz 250mW

System Performance Check at 1900 MHz Head TSL

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d060

Date/Time: 4/19/2012 1:59:00 AM

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.41$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(8.05, 8.05, 8.05); Calibrated: 1/4/2012

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

1900 MHz Dipole Head/Area Scan (41x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.7 mW/g

1900 MHz Dipole Head/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 84.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.052 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.65 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.04 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.8 mW/g

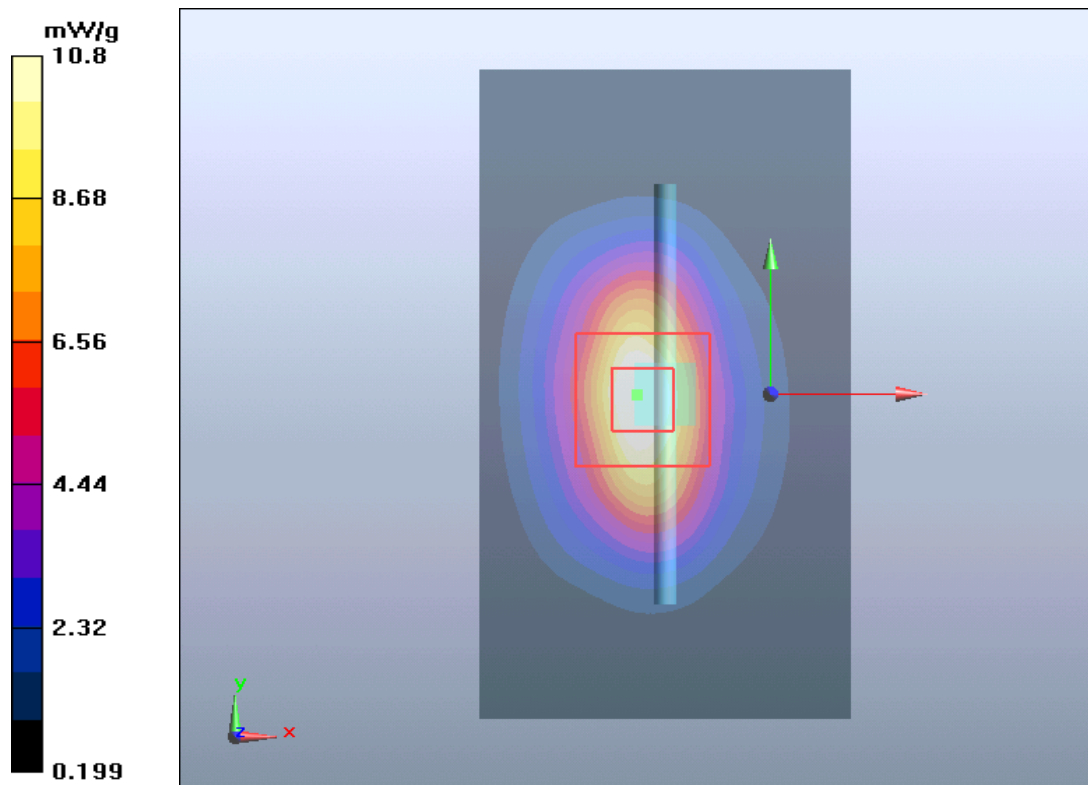


Figure 12 System Performance Check 1900MHz 250mW

System Performance Check at 1900 MHz Body TSL

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d060

Date/Time: 4/19/2012 10:46:58 AM

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.55$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(7.57, 7.57, 7.57); Calibrated: 1/4/2012

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

1900 MHz Dipole/Area Scan (41x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.7 mW/g

1900 MHz Dipole/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 82.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.192 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.5 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.49 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.7 mW/g

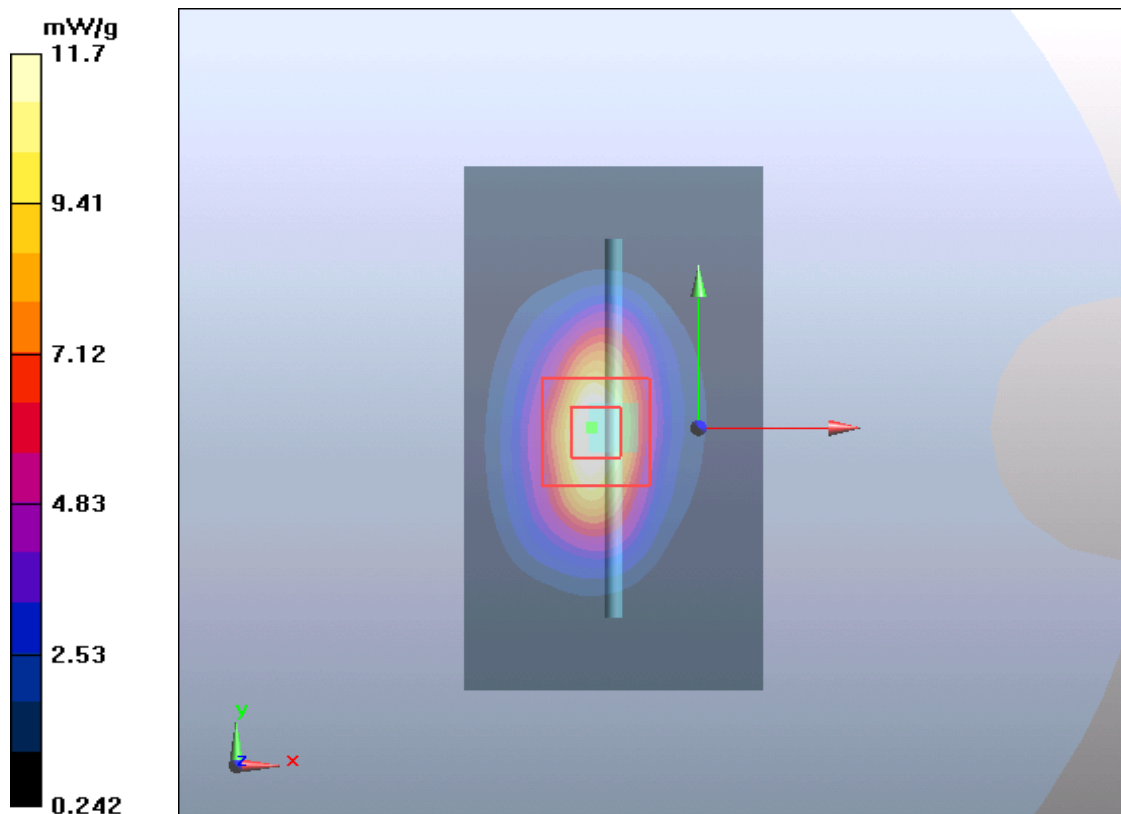


Figure 13 System Performance Check 1900MHz 250Mw

System Performance Check at 2450 MHz Head TSL

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 786

Date/Time: 4/19/2012 7:39:20 PM

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.88$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(6.89, 6.89, 6.89); Calibrated: 1/4/2012

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

System Performance Check at Head 2450 MHz/d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (41x71x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 18.1 mW/g

System Performance Check at Head 2450 MHz/d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)

(7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 91.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.022 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 14.1 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.48 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.9 mW/g

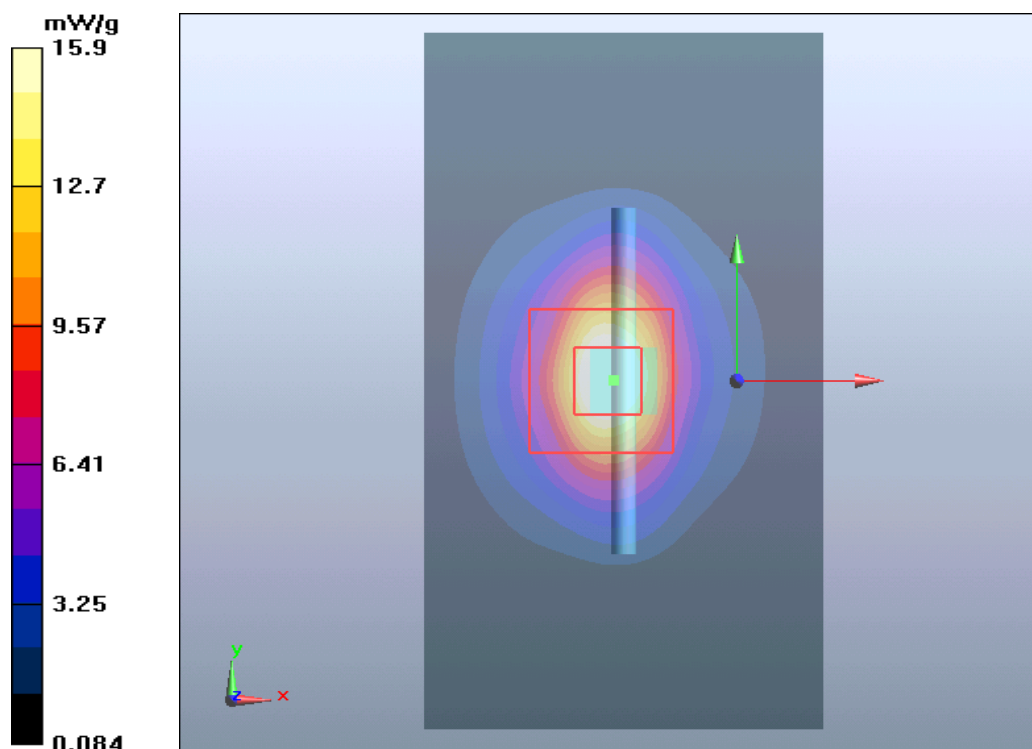


Figure 14 System Performance Check 2450MHz 250mW

System Performance Check at 2450 MHz Body TSL

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 786

Date/Time: 4/19/2012 10:45:30 PM

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.9$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(7.03, 7.03, 7.03); Calibrated: 1/4/2012

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

System Performance Check at Body 2450 MHz/d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (41x71x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 16.9 mW/g

System Performance Check at Body 2450 MHz/d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)

(7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 86.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00385 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 24.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.7 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.05 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.6 mW/g

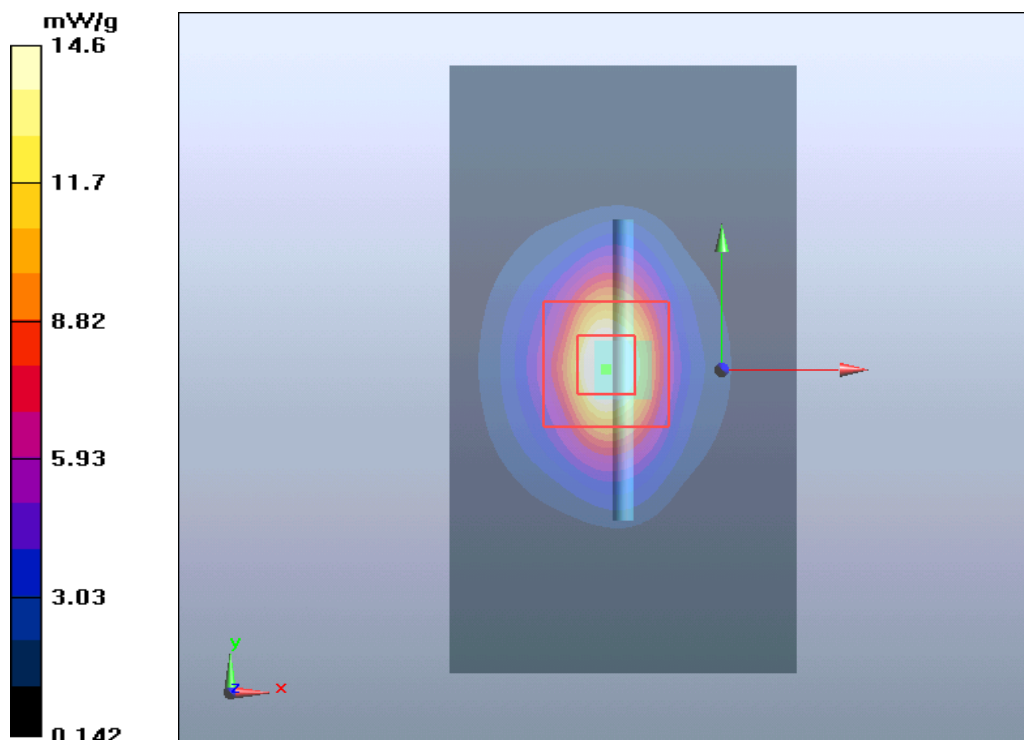


Figure 15 System Performance Check 2450MHz 250mW

ANNEX C: Graph Results

GSM 850 Left Cheek High (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/18/2012 12:20:40 PM

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

Medium parameters used: $f = 849$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.913$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(9.02, 9.02, 9.02); Calibrated: 1/4/2012

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 850 Left/Cheek High/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.674 mW/g

GSM 850 Left/Cheek High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm,
dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.16 V/m; Power Drift = 0.142 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.821 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.641 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.476 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.669 mW/g

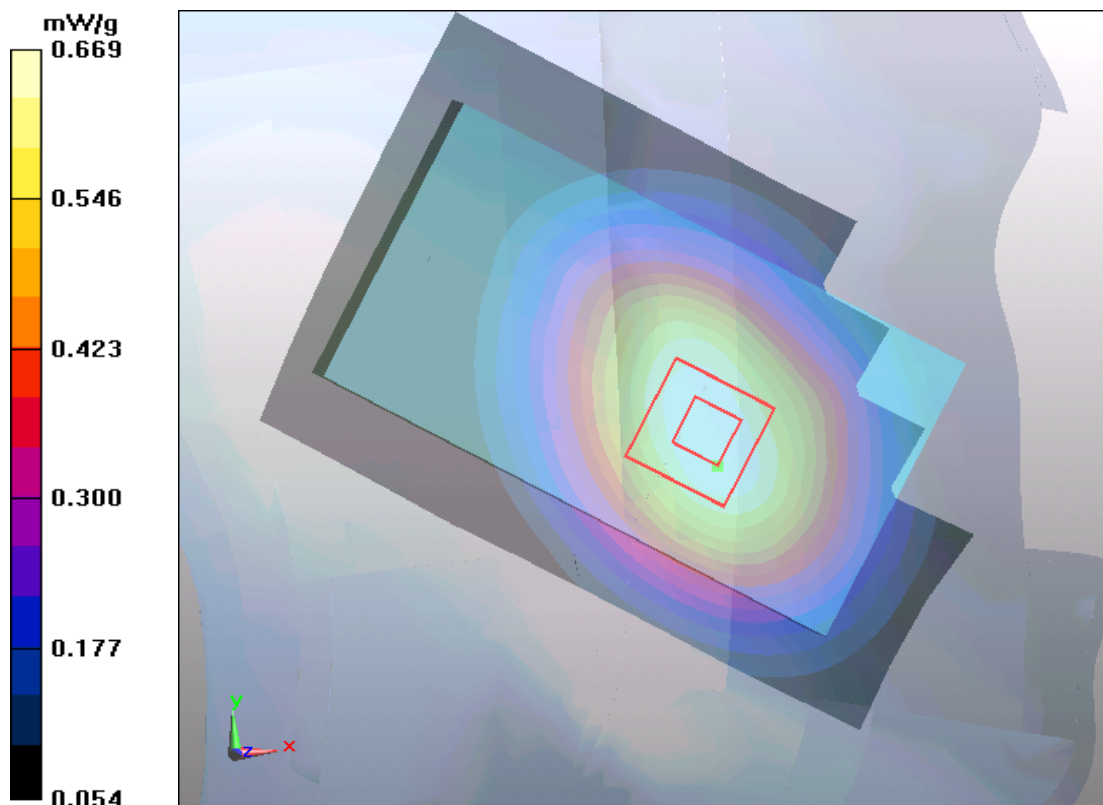


Figure 16 Left Hand Touch Cheek GSM 850 Channel 251

GSM 850 Left Cheek Middle (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/18/2012 12:36:20 PM

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.9$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(9.02, 9.02, 9.02); Calibrated: 1/4/2012

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 850 Left/Cheek Middle/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.743 mW/g

GSM 850 Left/Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm,
dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.41 V/m; Power Drift = -0.005 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.911 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.708 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.530 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.739 mW/g

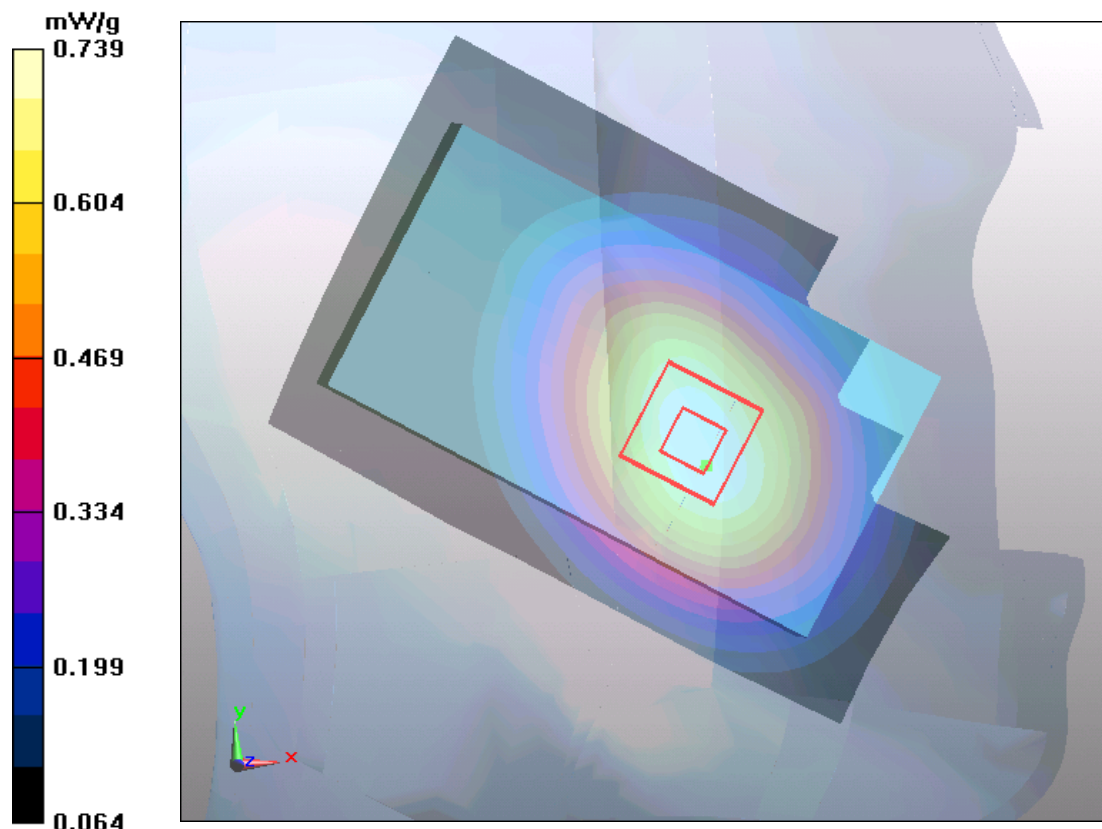


Figure 17 Left Hand Touch Cheek GSM 850 Channel 190

GSM 850 Left Cheek Low (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/18/2012 12:52:22 PM

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 824.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.887$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(9.02, 9.02, 9.02); Calibrated: 1/4/2012

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 850 Left/Cheek Low/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.821 mW/g

GSM 850 Left/Cheek Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.88 V/m; Power Drift = -0.003 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.974 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.777 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.585 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.816 mW/g

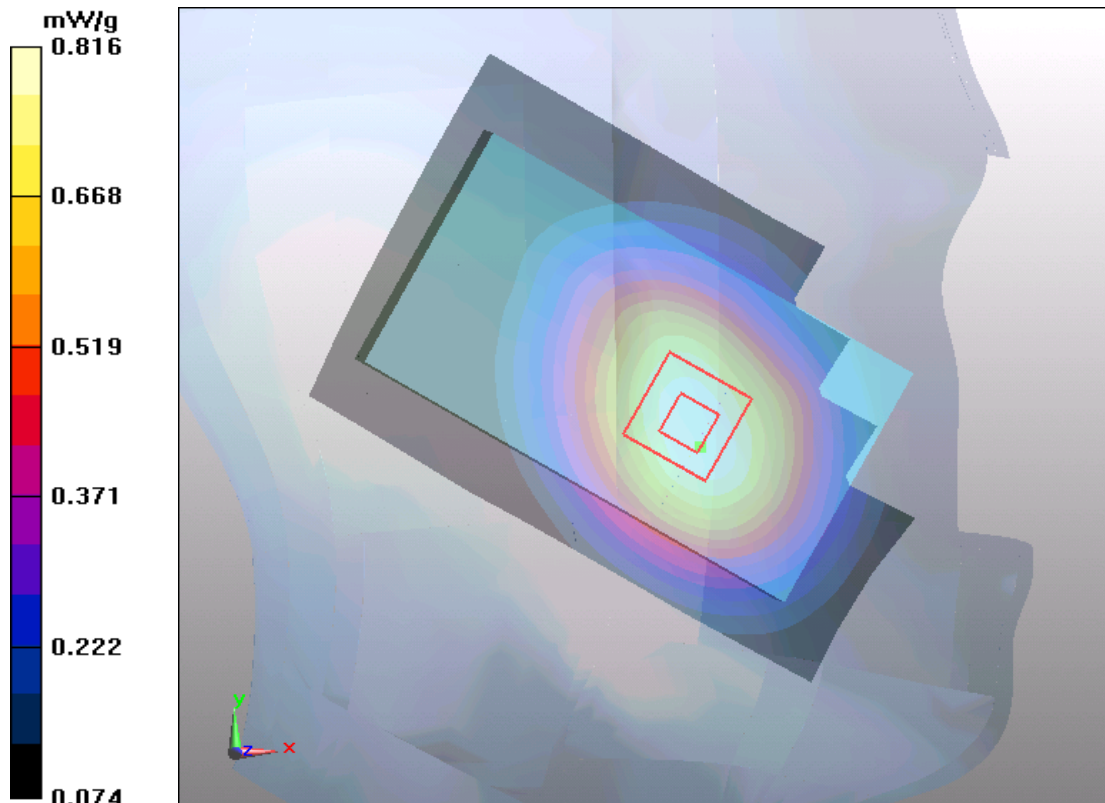


Figure 18 Left Hand Touch Cheek GSM 850 Channel 128

GSM 850 Left Tilt High (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/18/2012 1:13:02 PM

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

Medium parameters used: $f = 849$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.913$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(9.02, 9.02, 9.02); Calibrated: 1/4/2012

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 850 Left/Tilt High/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.374 mW/g

GSM 850 Left/Tilt High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm,
dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.004 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.448 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.358 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.272 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.377 mW/g

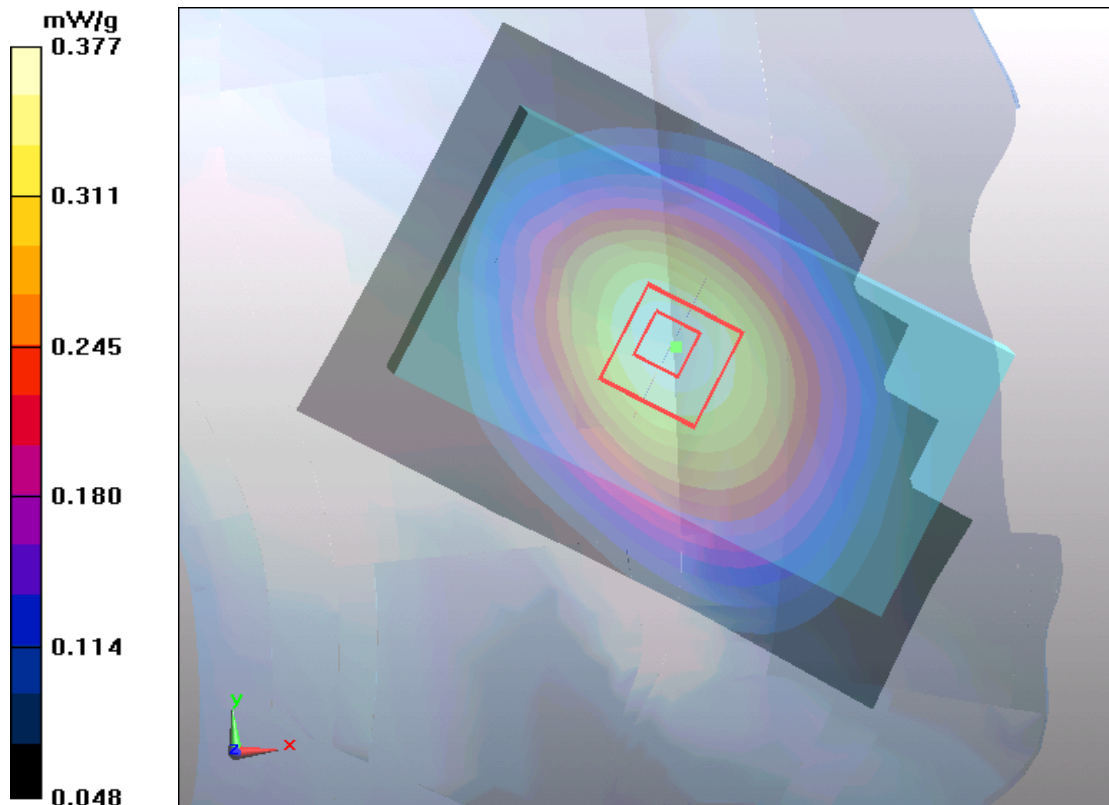


Figure 19 Left Hand Tilt 15° GSM 850 Channel 251

GSM 850 Left Tilt Middle (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/18/2012 1:29:09 PM

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.9$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(9.02, 9.02, 9.02); Calibrated: 1/4/2012

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 850 Left/Tilt Middle/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.416 mW/g

GSM 850 Left/Tilt Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.013 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.491 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.394 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.300 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.414 mW/g

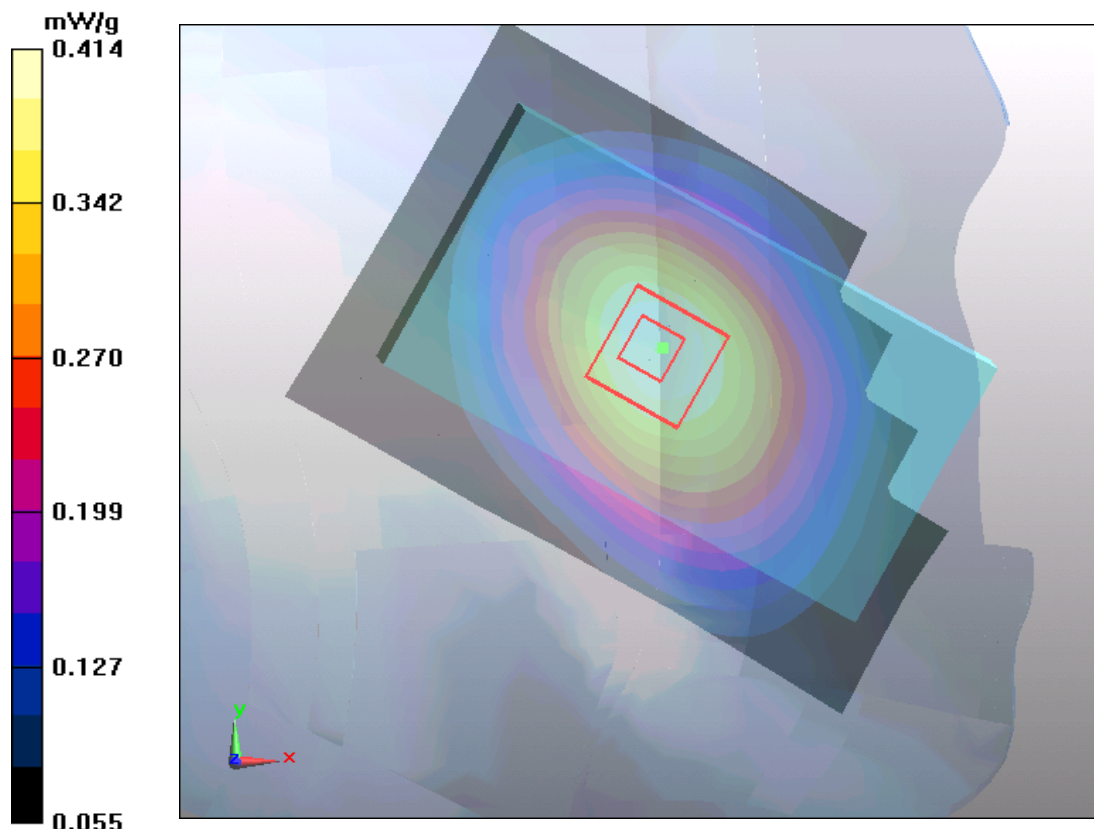


Figure 20 Left Hand Tilt 15° GSM 850 Channel 190

GSM 850 Left Tilt Low (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/18/2012 1:44:55 PM

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 824.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.887$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(9.02, 9.02, 9.02); Calibrated: 1/4/2012

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 850 Left/Tilt Low/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.450 mW/g

GSM 850 Left/Tilt Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.049 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.527 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.424 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.325 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.440 mW/g

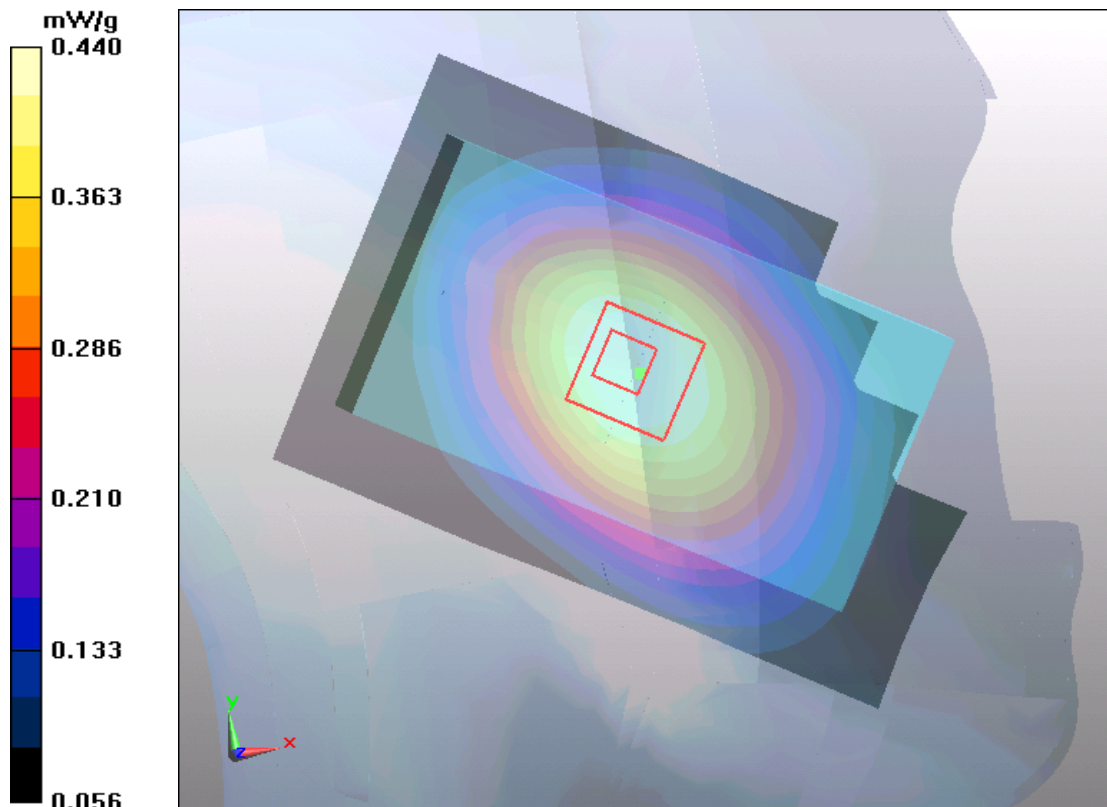


Figure 21 Left Hand Tilt 15° GSM 850 Channel 128

GSM 850 Right Cheek High (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/18/2012 2:24:52 PM

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

Medium parameters used: $f = 849$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.913$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(9.02, 9.02, 9.02); Calibrated: 1/4/2012

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 850 Right/Cheek High/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.705 mW/g

GSM 850 Right/Cheek High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm,
dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.71 V/m; Power Drift = 0.156 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.824 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.671 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.507 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.705 mW/g

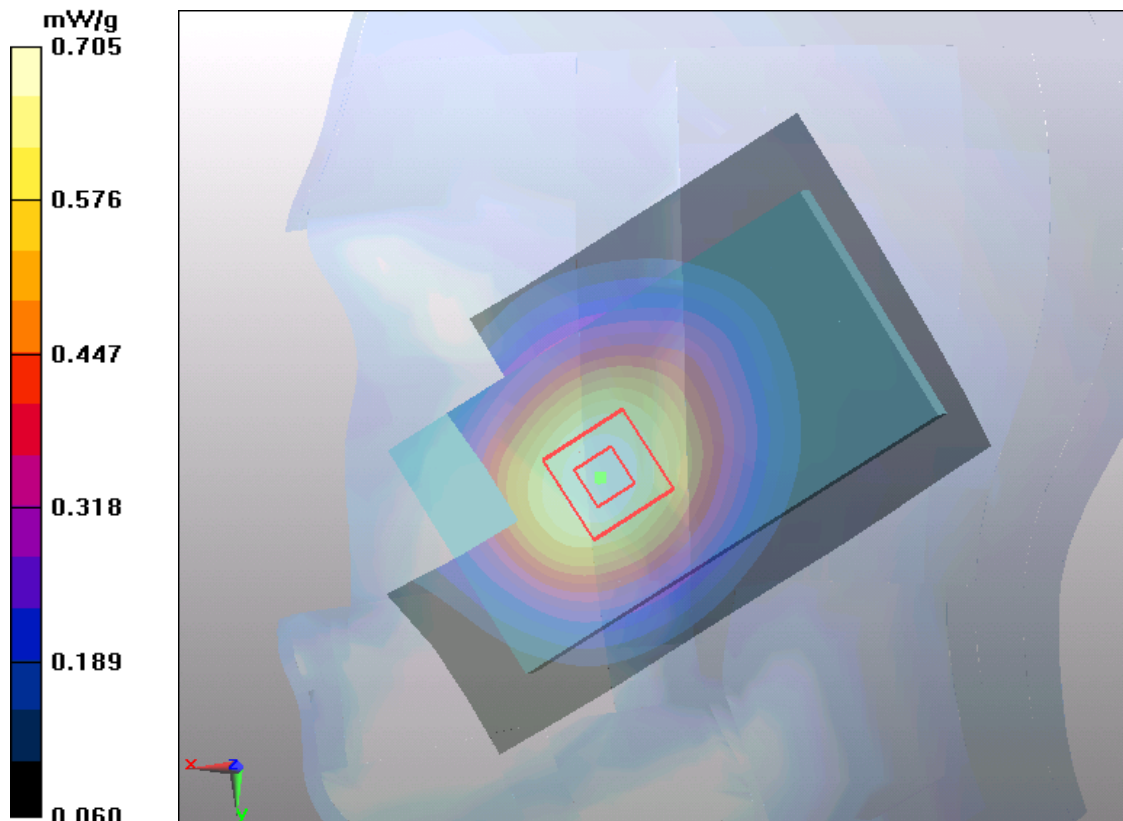


Figure 22 Right Hand Touch Cheek GSM 850 Channel 251

GSM 850 Right Cheek Middle (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/18/2012 2:07:26 PM

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.9$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(9.02, 9.02, 9.02); Calibrated: 1/4/2012

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 850 Right/Cheek Middle/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.782 mW/g

GSM 850 Right/Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm,

dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.82 V/m; Power Drift = -0.087 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.921 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.747 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.565 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.778 mW/g

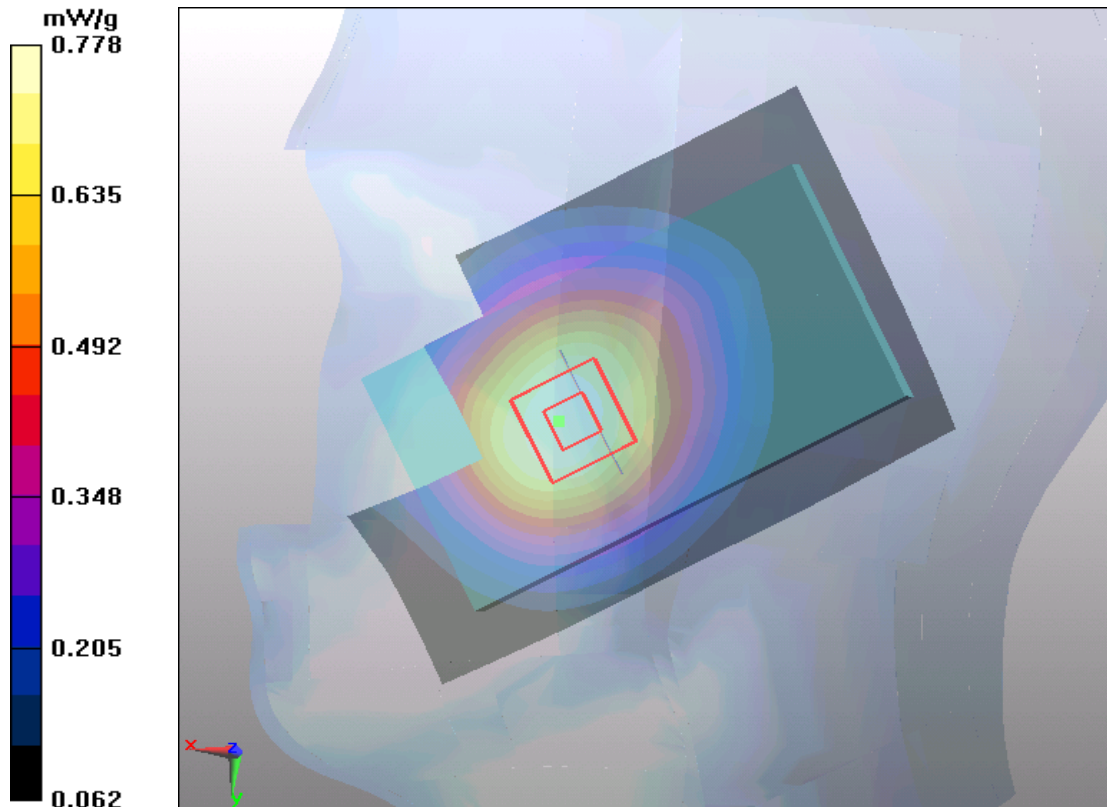


Figure 23 Right Hand Touch Cheek GSM 850 Channel 190

GSM 850 Right Cheek Low (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/18/2012 2:41:04 PM

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 824.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.887$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(9.02, 9.02, 9.02); Calibrated: 1/4/2012

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 850 Right/Cheek Low/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.874 mW/g

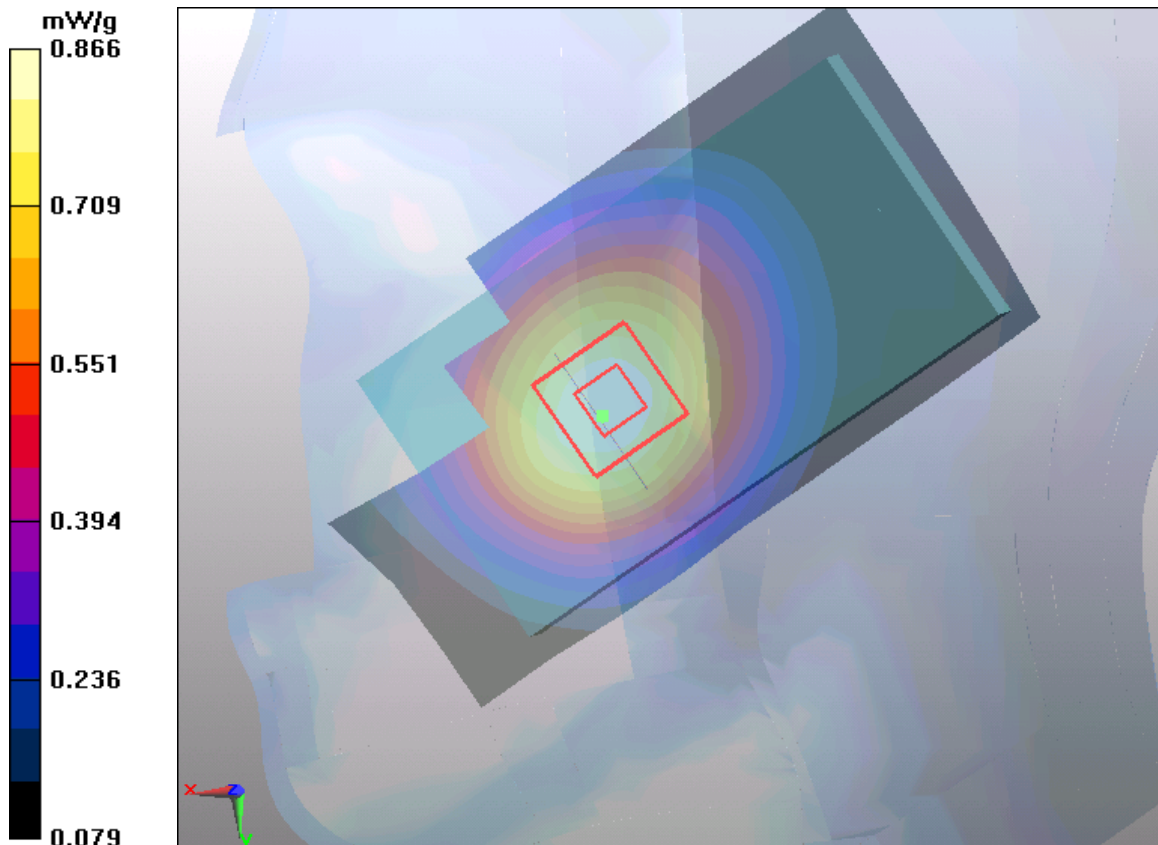
GSM 850 Right/Cheek Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.79 V/m; Power Drift = 0.075 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.02 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.833 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.632 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.866 mW/g



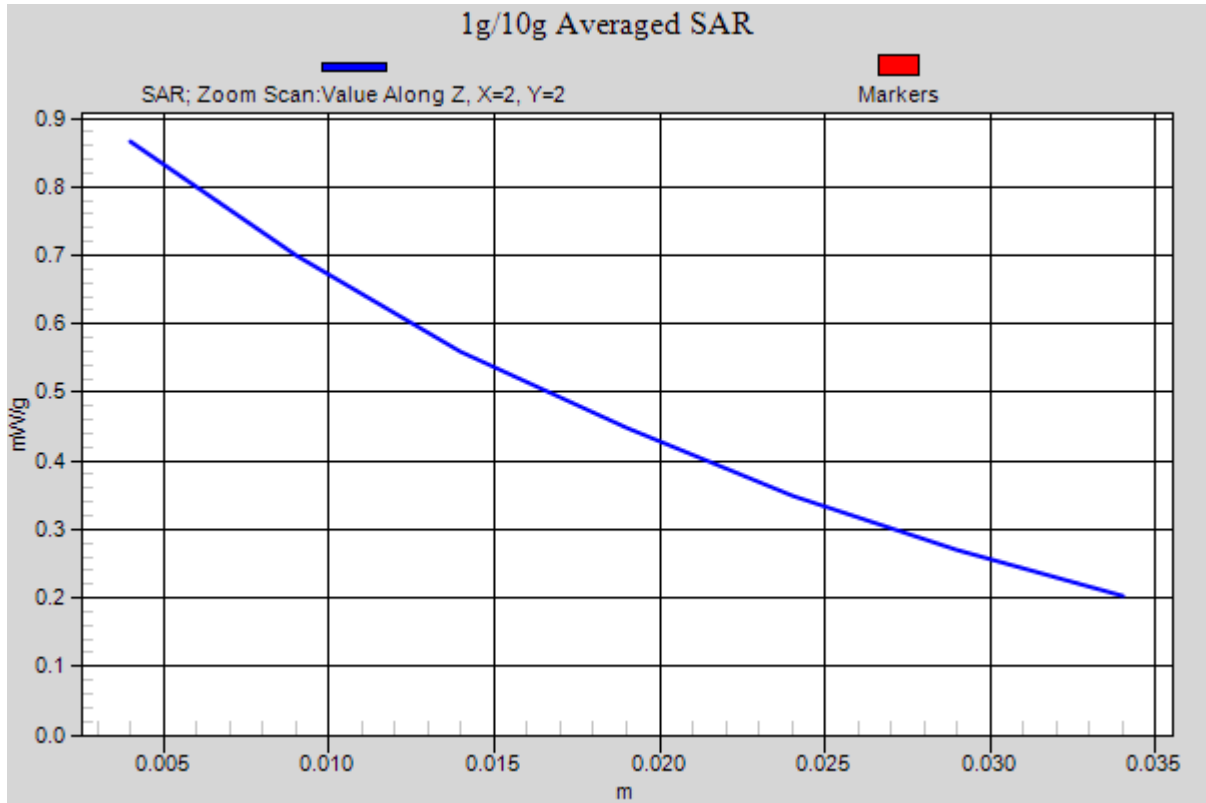


Figure 24 Right Hand Touch Cheek GSM 850 Channel 128

GSM 850 Right Tilt High (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/18/2012 3:13:50 PM

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

Medium parameters used: $f = 849$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.913$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(9.02, 9.02, 9.02); Calibrated: 1/4/2012

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 850 Right/Tilt High/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.399 mW/g

GSM 850 Right/Tilt High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.058 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.470 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.381 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.291 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.395 mW/g

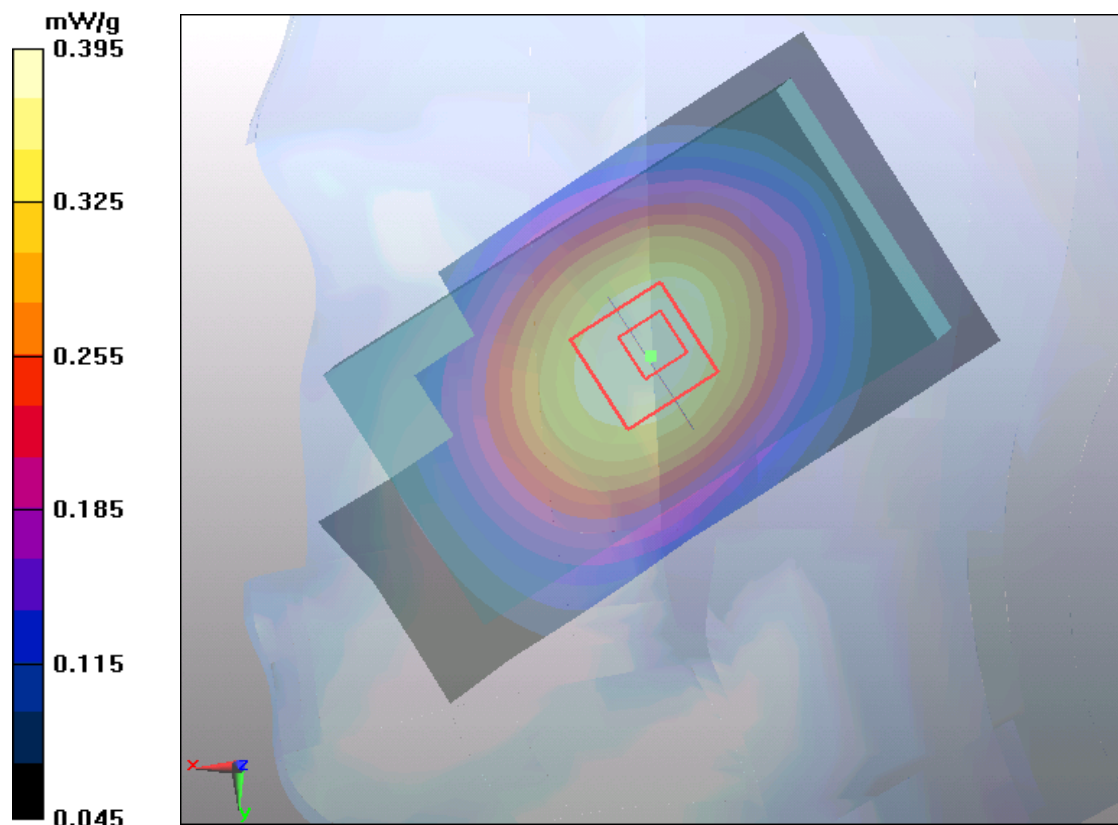


Figure 25 Right Hand Tilt 15° GSM 850 Channel 251

GSM 850 Right Tilt Middle (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/18/2012 3:28:46 PM

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.9$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(9.02, 9.02, 9.02); Calibrated: 1/4/2012

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 850 Right/Tilt Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.436 mW/g

GSM 850 Right/Tilt Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.048 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.507 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.416 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.320 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.434 mW/g

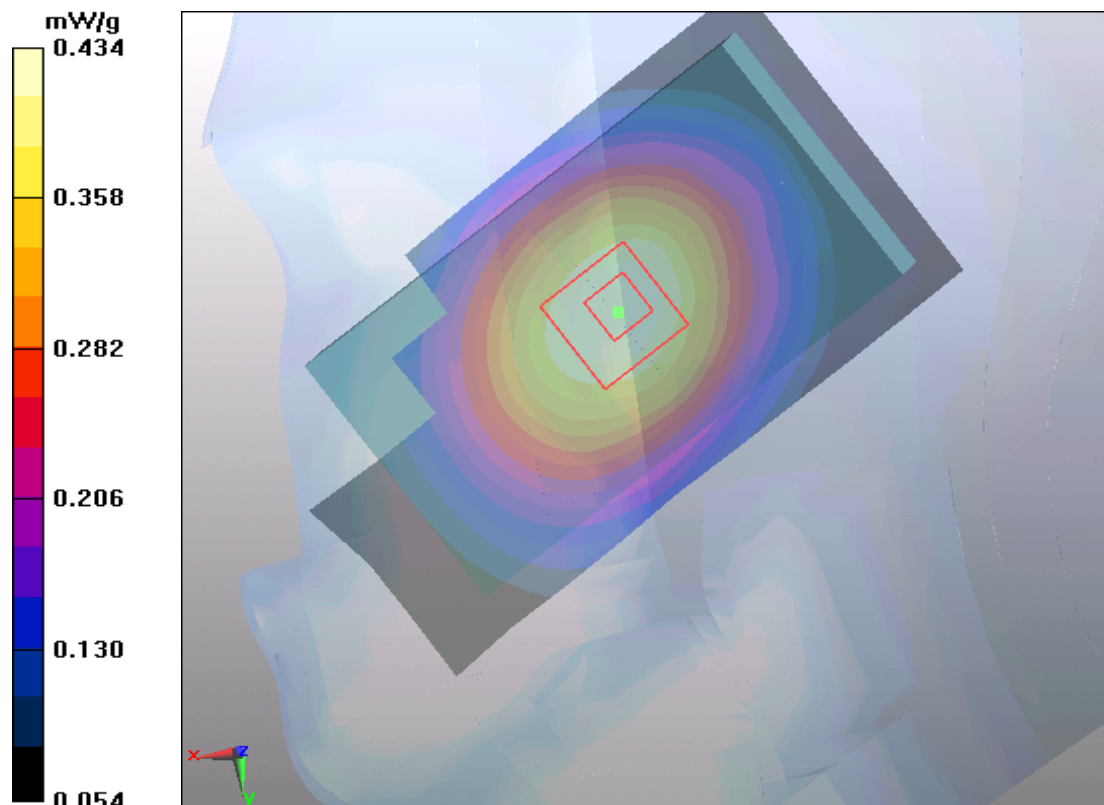


Figure 26 Right Hand Tilt 15° GSM 850 Channel 190

GSM 850 Right Tilt Low (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/18/2012 2:58:46 PM

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 824.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.887$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(9.02, 9.02, 9.02); Calibrated: 1/4/2012

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 850 Right/TiltLow/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.465 mW/g

GSM 850 Right/TiltLow/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.061 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.548 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.443 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.341 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.458 mW/g

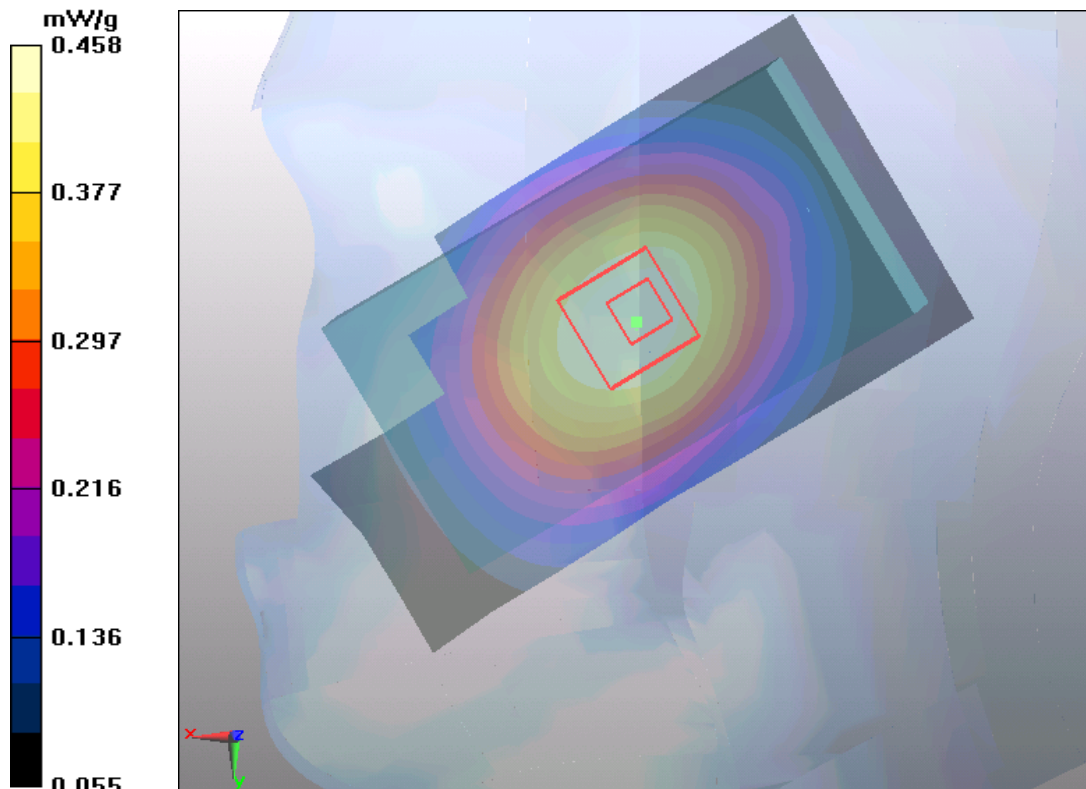


Figure 27 Right Hand Tilt 15° GSM 850 Channel 128

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GSM 850 GPRS (2Txslots) Back Side High (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/19/2012 7:26:37 AM

Communication System: GPRS 2TX ; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.14954

Medium parameters used: $f = 849$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.01$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(9.18, 9.18, 9.18); Calibrated: 1/4/2012

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 850 + GPRS(2UP) Back Side 10mm/Towards Ground High/Area Scan (61x91x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.857 mW/g

GSM 850 + GPRS(2UP) Back Side 10mm/Towards Ground High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 26.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.010 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.837 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.602 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.893 mW/g

GSM 850 + GPRS(2UP) Back Side 10mm/Towards Ground High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 26.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.010 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.06 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.737 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.477 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.813 mW/g

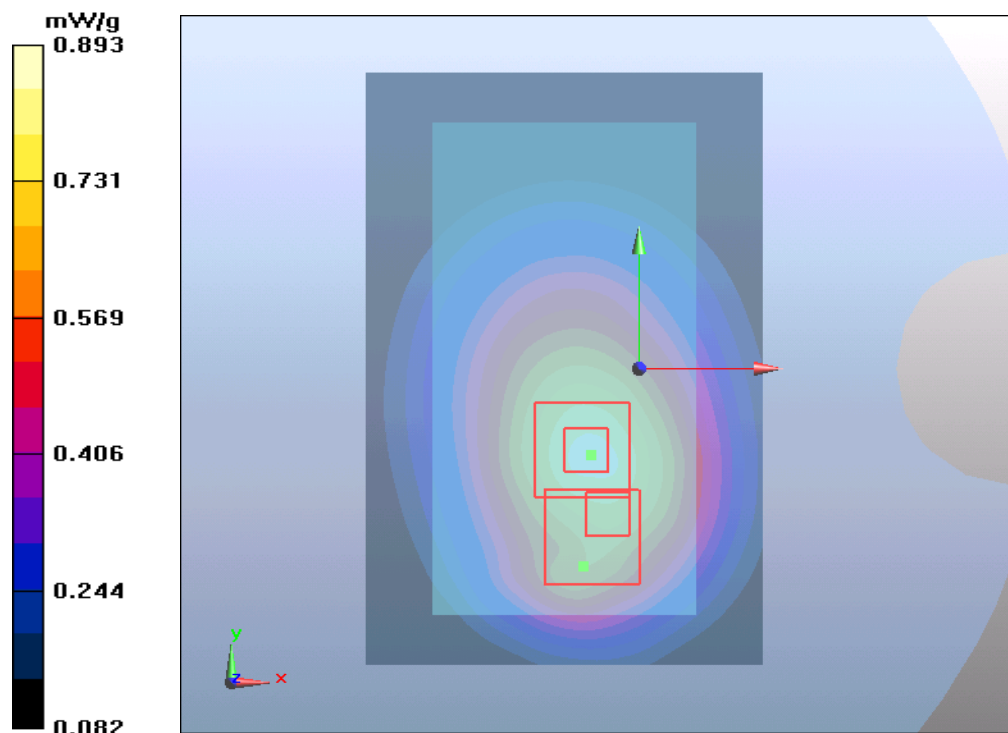


Figure 28 Body, Back Side, GSM 850 GPRS (2Txslots) Channel 251

GSM 850 GPRS (2Txslots) Back Side Middle (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/19/2012 7:09:03 AM

Communication System: GPRS 2TX ; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4.14954

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.988$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature:22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(9.18, 9.18, 9.18); Calibrated: 1/4/2012

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 850 + GPRS(2UP) Back Side 10mm/Towards Ground Middle/Area Scan (61x91x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.980 mW/g

GSM 850 + GPRS(2UP) Back Side 10mm/Towards Ground Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 27.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.184 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.25 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.914 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.666 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.978 mW/g

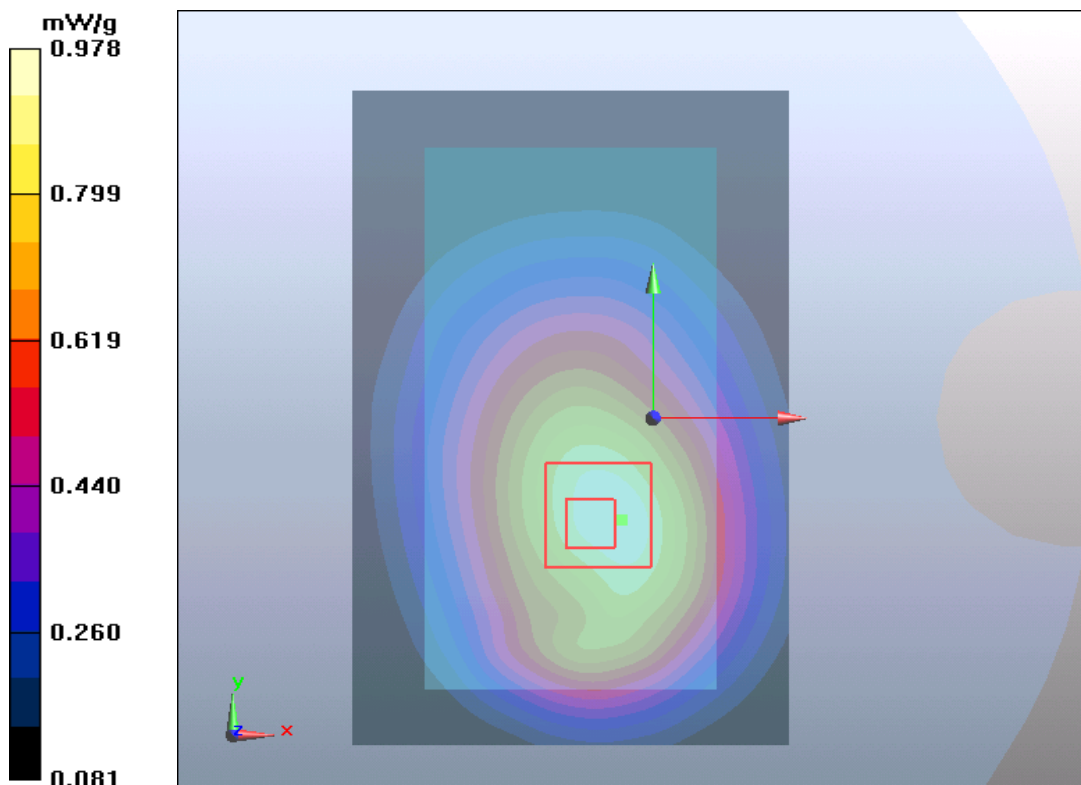


Figure 29 Body, Back Side, GSM 850 GPRS (2Txslots) Channel 190

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GSM 850 GPRS (2Txslots) Back Side Low (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/19/2012 6:42:47 AM

Communication System: GPRS 2TX ; Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.14954

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 824.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.972$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(9.18, 9.18, 9.18); Calibrated: 1/4/2012

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 850 + GPRS(2UP) Back Side 10mm/Towards Ground Low/Area Scan (61x91x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.11 mW/g

GSM 850 + GPRS(2UP) Back Side 10mm/Towards Ground Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 29.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.186 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.49 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.06 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.769 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.11 mW/g

GSM 850 + GPRS(2UP) Back Side 10mm/Towards Ground Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 29.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.186 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.36 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.950 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.621 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.06 mW/g

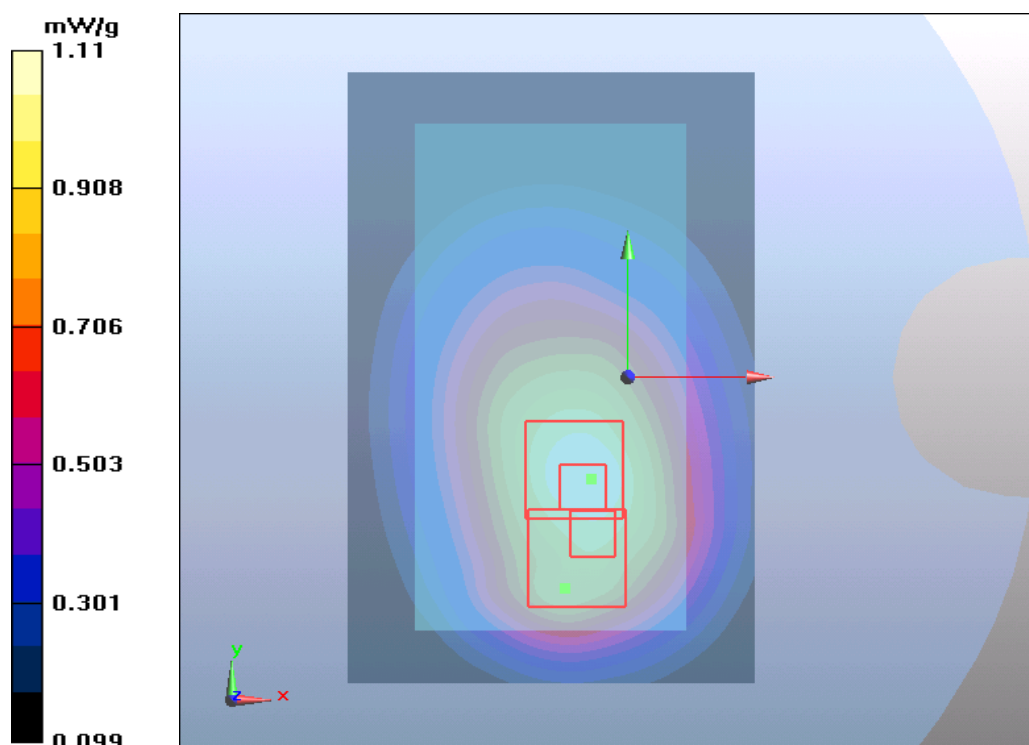


Figure 30 Body, Back Side, GSM 850 GPRS (2Txslots) Channel 128

GSM 850 GPRS (2Txslots) Front Side High (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/19/2012 8:31:06 AM

Communication System: GPRS 2TX ; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.14954

Medium parameters used: $f = 849$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.01$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(9.18, 9.18, 9.18); Calibrated: 1/4/2012

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 850 + GPRS(2UP) Front Side 10mm/Towards Ground High/Area Scan (61x91x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.783 mW/g

GSM 850 + GPRS(2UP) Front Side 10mm/Towards Ground High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 25.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.158 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.984 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.739 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.546 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.783 mW/g

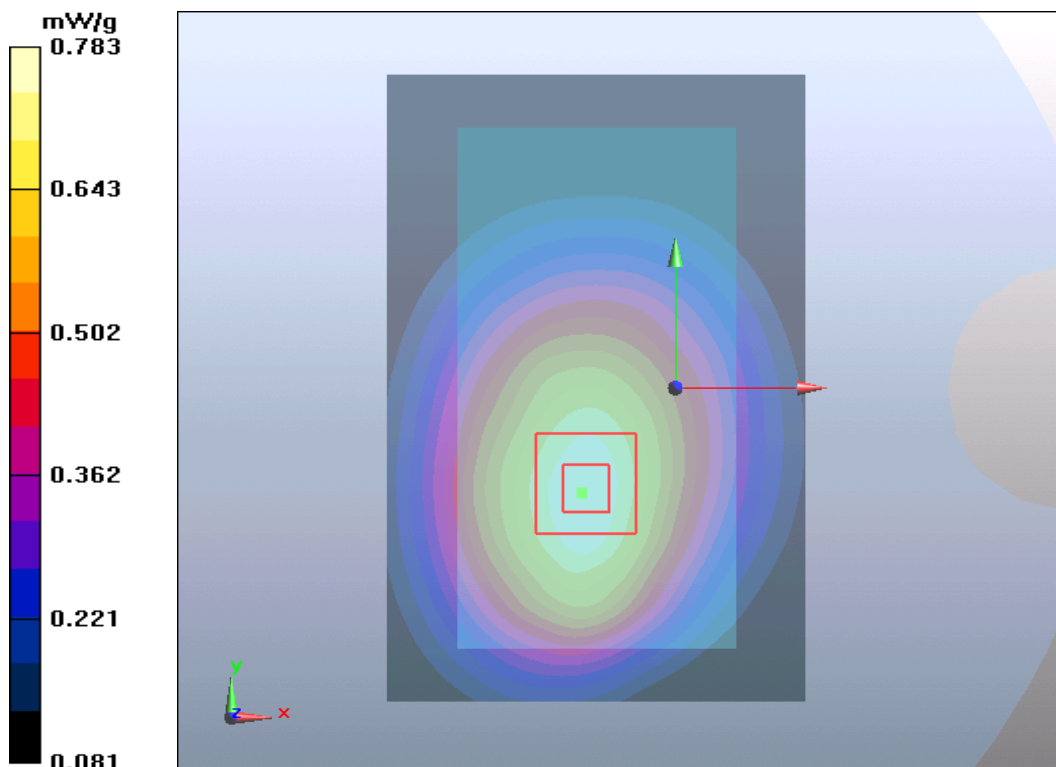


Figure 31 Body, Front Side, GSM 850 GPRS (2Txslots) Channel 251

GSM 850 GPRS (2Txslots) Front Side Middle (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/19/2012 8:11:41 AM

Communication System: GPRS 2TX ; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4.14954

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.988$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature:22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(9.18, 9.18, 9.18); Calibrated: 1/4/2012

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 850 + GPRS(2UP) Front Side 10mm/Towards Ground Middle/Area Scan (61x91x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.810 mW/g

GSM 850 + GPRS(2UP) Front Side 10mm/Towards Ground Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 26.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.044 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.07 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.809 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.600 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.855 mW/g

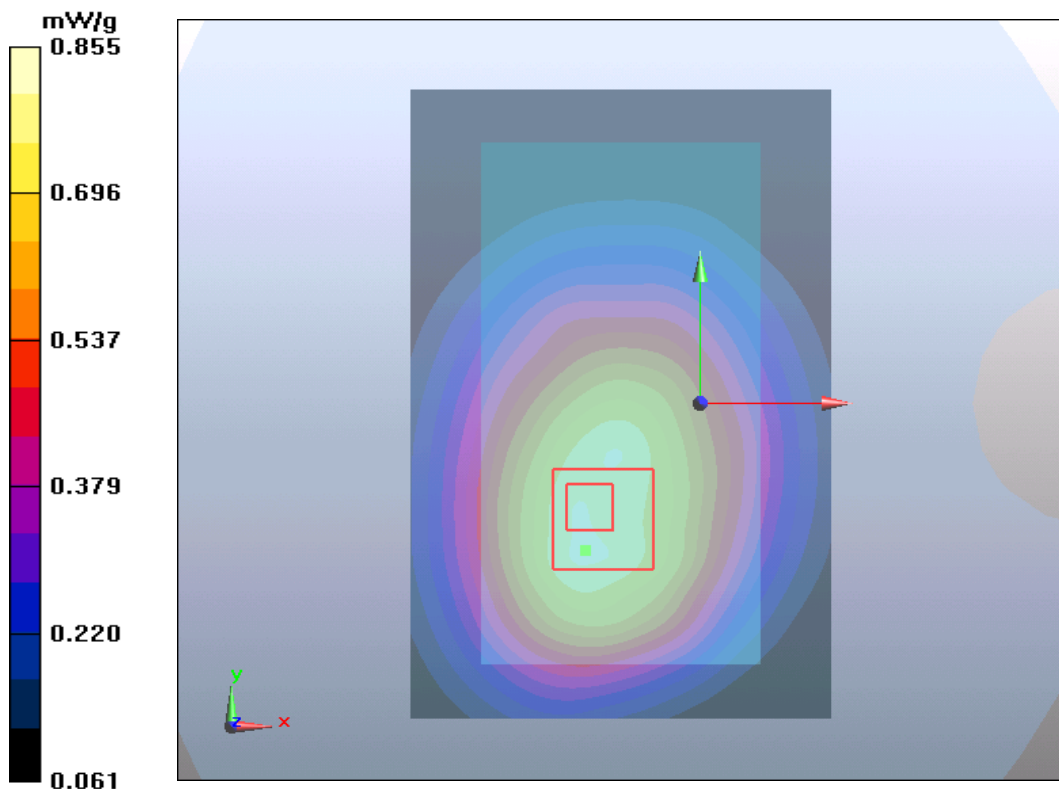


Figure 32 Body, Front Side, GSM 850 GPRS (2Txslots) Channel 190

GSM 850 GPRS (2Txslots) Front Side Low (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/19/2012 7:54:34 AM

Communication System: GPRS 2TX ; Frequency: 824.2 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4.14954

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 824.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.972$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature:22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(9.18, 9.18, 9.18); Calibrated: 1/4/2012

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 850 + GPRS(2UP) Front Side 10mm/Towards Ground Low/Area Scan (61x91x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.971 mW/g

GSM 850 + GPRS(2UP) Front Side 10mm/Towards Ground Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 28.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.161 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.21 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.922 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.693 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.972 mW/g

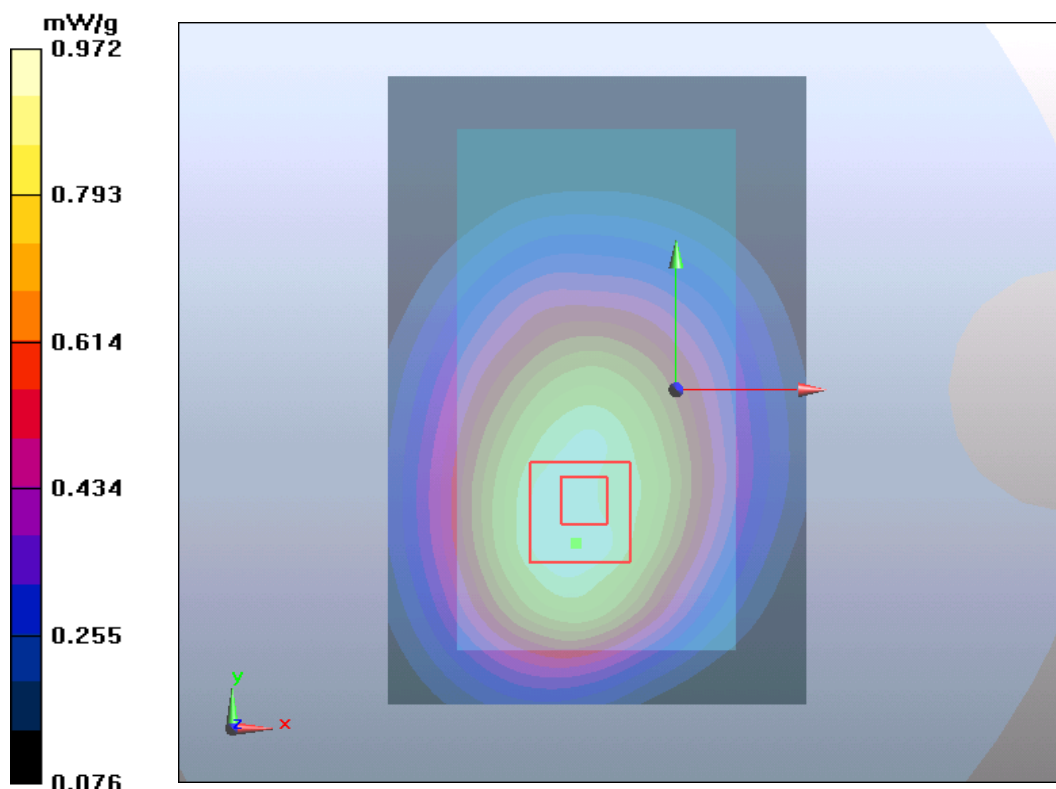


Figure 33 Body, Front Side, GSM 850 GPRS (2Txslots) Channel 128

GSM 850 GPRS (2Txslots) Left Edge Low (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/19/2012 8:52:46 AM

Communication System: GPRS 2TX ; Frequency: 824.2 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4.14954

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 824.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.972$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature:22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(9.18, 9.18, 9.18); Calibrated: 1/4/2012

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 850 + GPRS(2UP) Left Side 10mm/Towards Ground Low/Area Scan (31x91x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.593 mW/g

GSM 850 + GPRS(2UP) Left Side 10mm/Towards Ground Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 23.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.184 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.817 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.552 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.379 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.577 mW/g

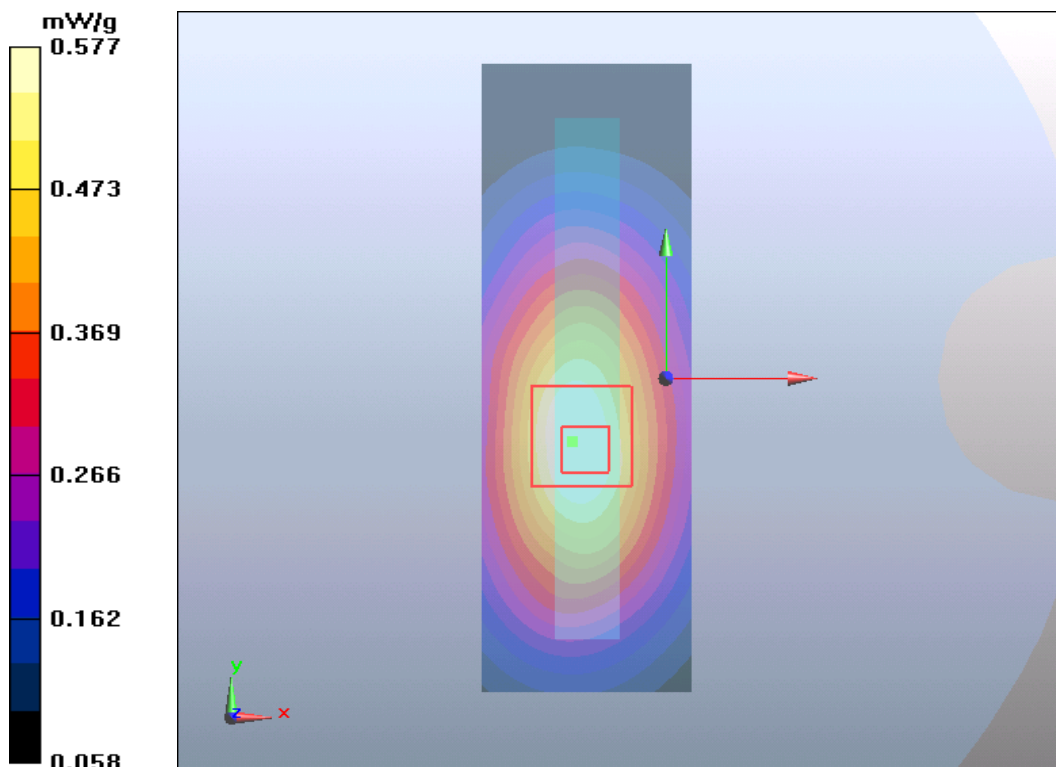


Figure 34 Body, Left Edge, GSM 850 GPRS (2Txslots) Channel 128

GSM 850 GPRS (2Txslots) Right Edge Low (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/19/2012 9:08:48 AM

Communication System: GPRS 2TX ; Frequency: 824.2 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4.14954

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 824.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.972$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature:22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(9.18, 9.18, 9.18); Calibrated: 1/4/2012

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 850 + GPRS(2UP) Right Side 10mm/Towards Ground Low/Area Scan (31x91x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.623 mW/g

GSM 850 + GPRS(2UP) Right Side 10mm/Towards Ground Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 25.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.097 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.835 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.585 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.404 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.634 mW/g

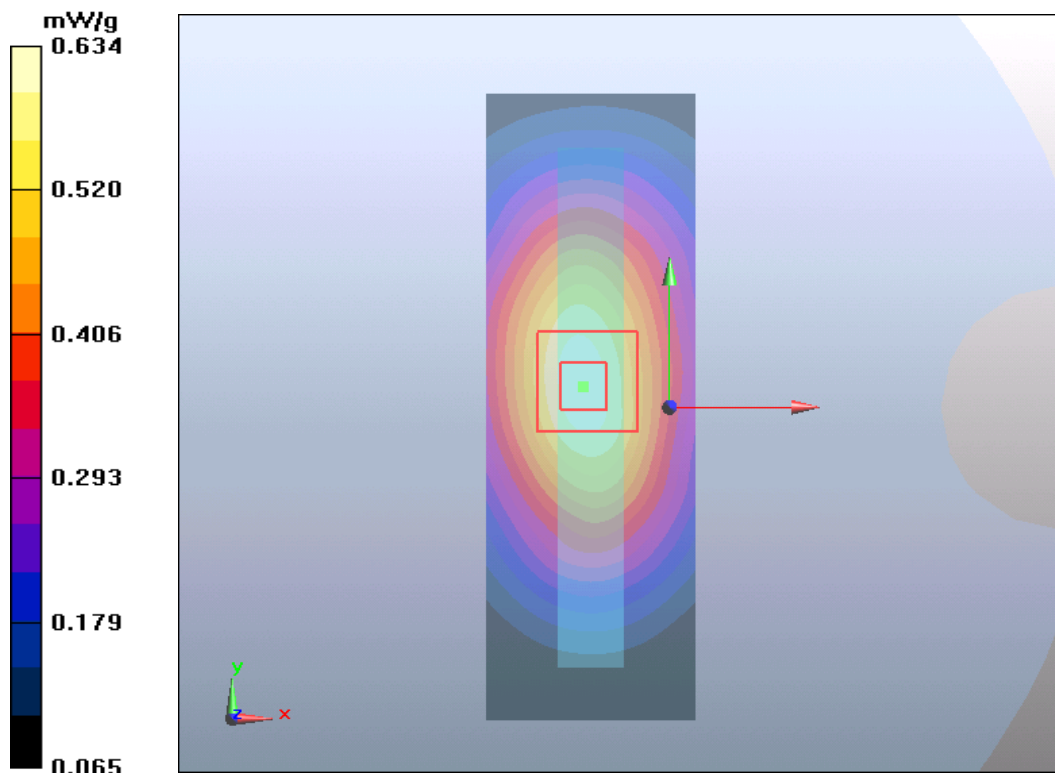


Figure 35 Body, Right Edge, GSM 850 GPRS (2Txslots) Channel 128

GSM 850 GPRS (2Txslots) Bottom Edge Low (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/19/2012 9:25:23 AM

Communication System: GPRS 2TX ; Frequency: 824.2 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4.14954

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 824.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.972$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature:22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(9.18, 9.18, 9.18); Calibrated: 1/4/2012

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 850 + GPRS(2UP) Bottom Side 10mm/Towards Ground Low/Area Scan (31x61x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.166 mW/g

GSM 850 + GPRS(2UP) Bottom Side 10mm/Towards Ground Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.124 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.260 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.145 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.089 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.156 mW/g

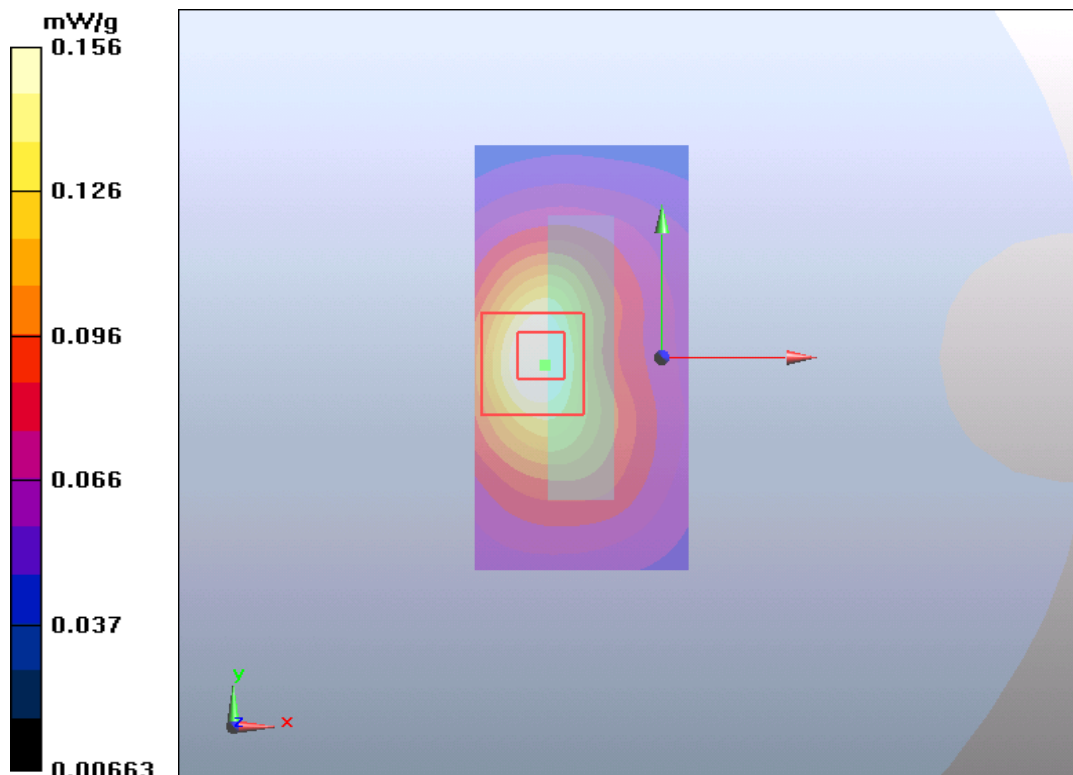


Figure 36 Body, Bottom Edge, GSM 850 GPRS (2Txslots) Channel 128

GSM 850 EGPRS (2Txslots) Back Side Low (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/19/2012 9:42:08 AM

Communication System: EGPRS 2TX; Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.14954

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 824.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.972$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(9.18, 9.18, 9.18); Calibrated: 1/4/2012

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 850 + EGPRS(2UP) Back Side 10mm/Towards Ground Low/Area Scan (61x91x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.17 mW/g

GSM 850 + EGPRS(2UP) Back Side 10mm/Towards Ground Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

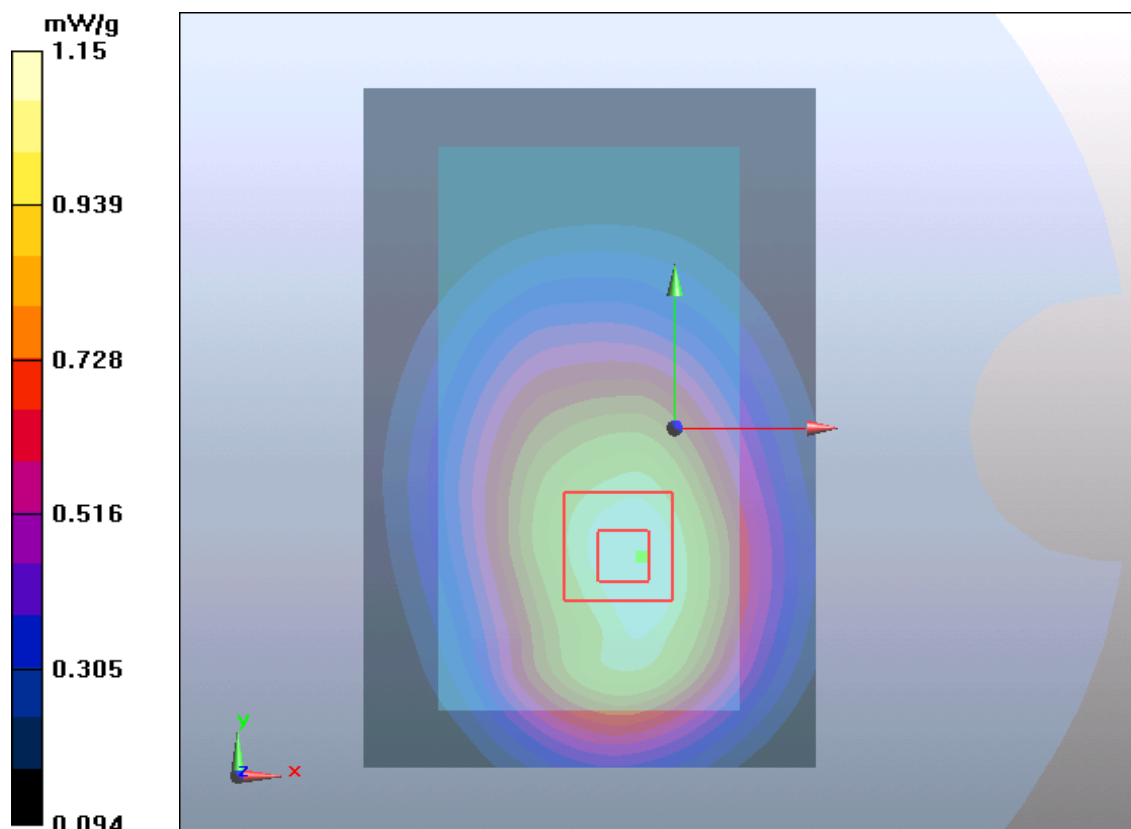
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 29.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.040 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.55 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.1 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.796 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.15 mW/g



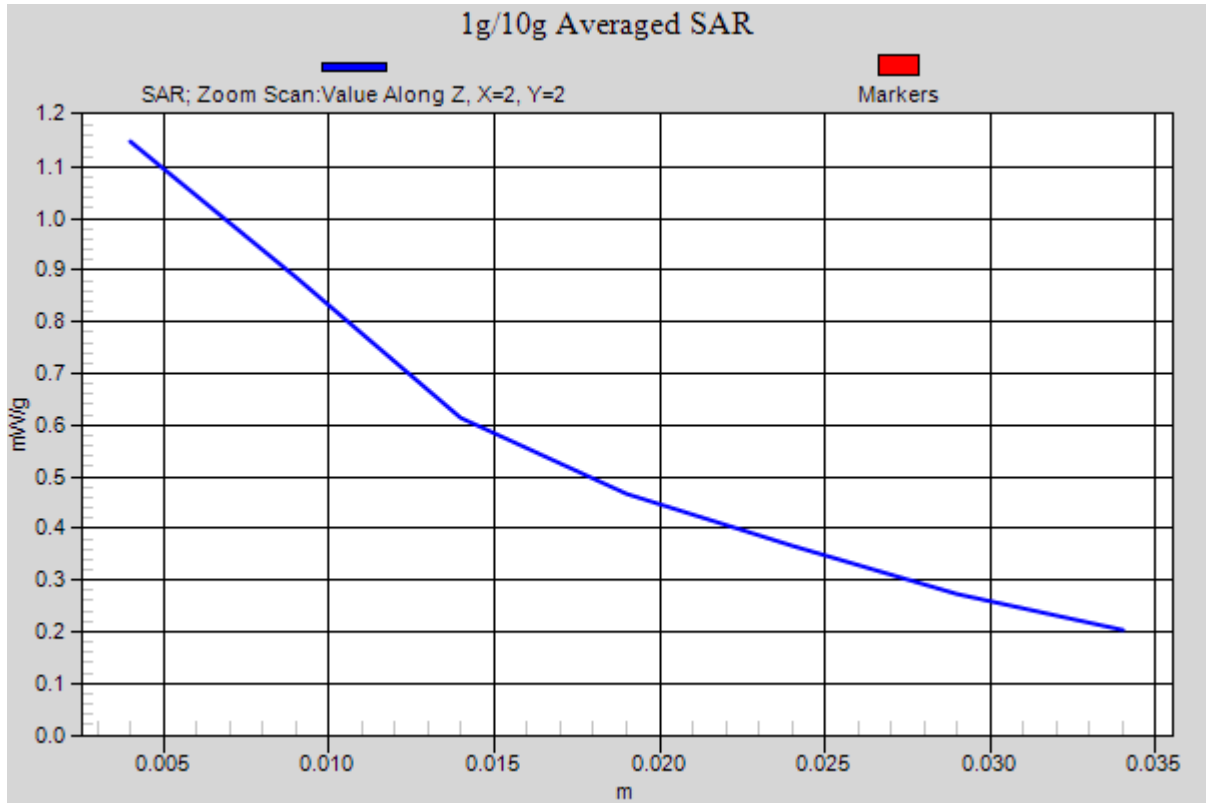


Figure 37 Body, Back Side, GSM 850 EGPRS (2Txslots) Channel 128

GSM 850 with Stereo Headset 1 Back Side Low (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/19/2012 10:01:38 AM

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 824.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.972$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(9.18, 9.18, 9.18); Calibrated: 1/4/2012

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 850 Back Side 10mm/Towards Ground Low/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid:

dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.828 mW/g

GSM 850 Back Side 10mm/Towards Ground Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 24.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.039 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.07 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.779 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.562 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.821 mW/g

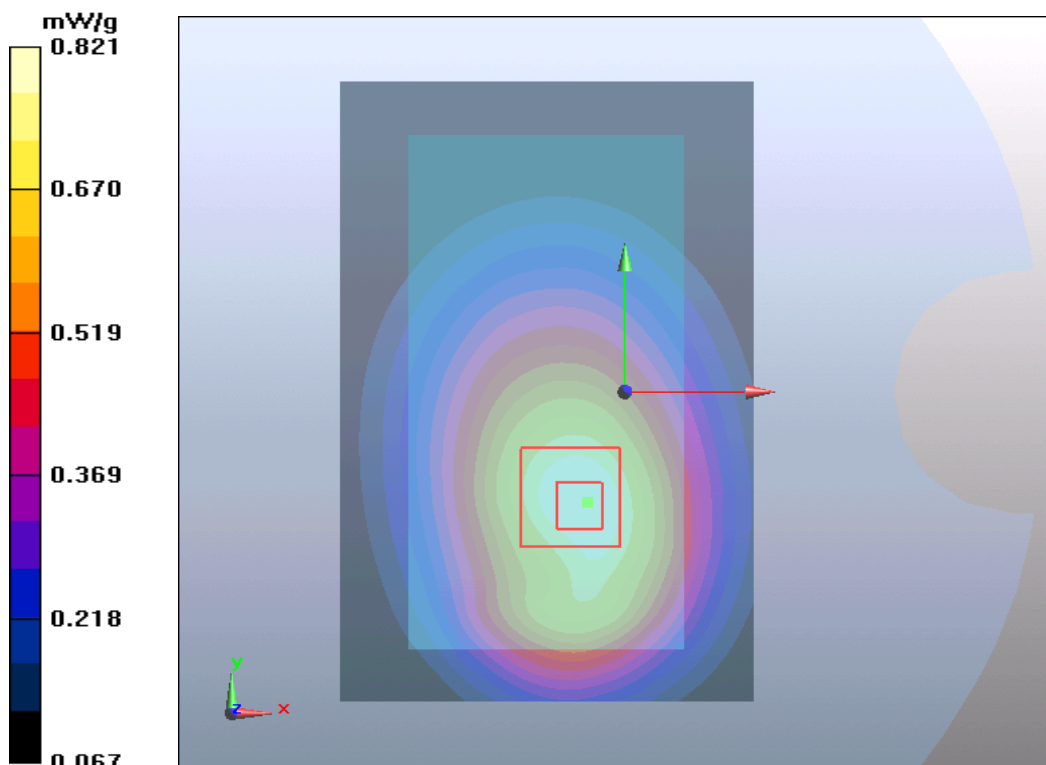


Figure 38 Body with Stereo Headset 1, Back Side, GSM 850 Channel 128

GSM 850 with Stereo Headset 2 Back Side Low (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/19/2012 10:19:40 AM

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 824.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.972$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(9.18, 9.18, 9.18); Calibrated: 1/4/2012

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 850 Back Side 10mm/Towards Ground Low/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid:

dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.799 mW/g

GSM 850 Back Side 10mm/Towards Ground Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 24.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.007 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.03 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.763 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.552 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.808 mW/g

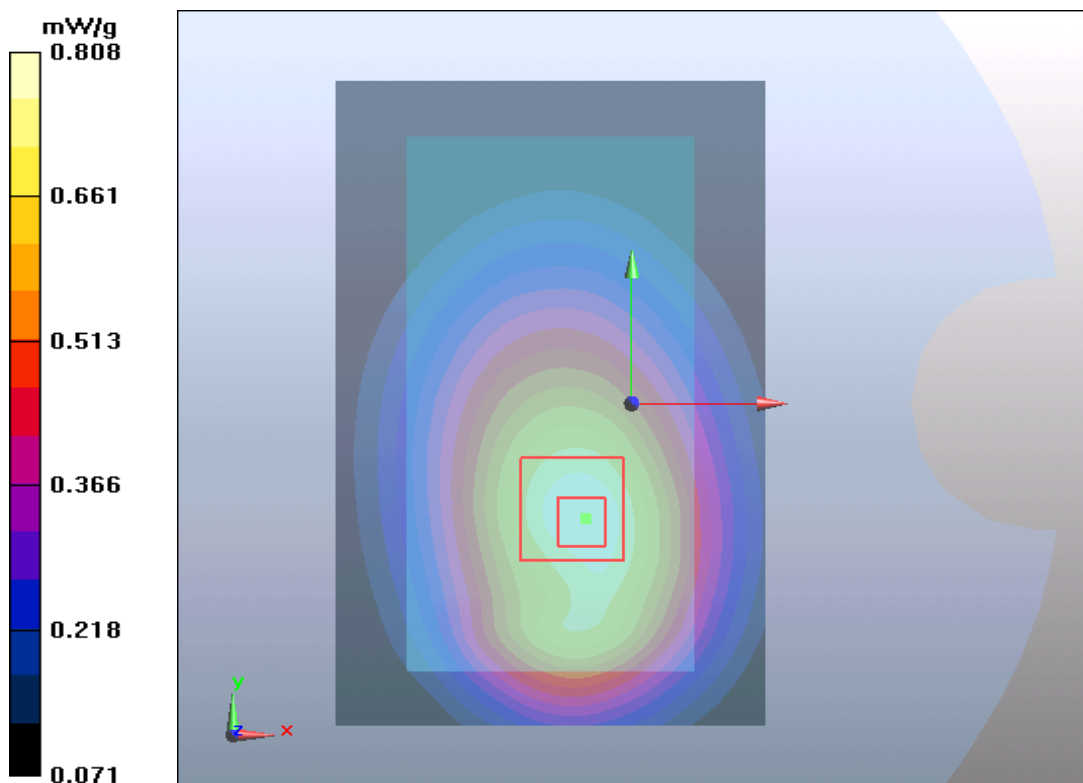


Figure 39 Body with Stereo Headset 2, Back Side, GSM 850 Channel 128

GSM 1900 Left Cheek High (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/19/2012 2:30:51 AM

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

Medium parameters used: $f = 1910$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.42$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(8.05, 8.05, 8.05); Calibrated: 1/4/2012

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 1900 Left/Cheek High/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.851 mW/g

GSM 1900 Left/Cheek High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.87 V/m; Power Drift = -0.107 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.817 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.462 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.893 mW/g

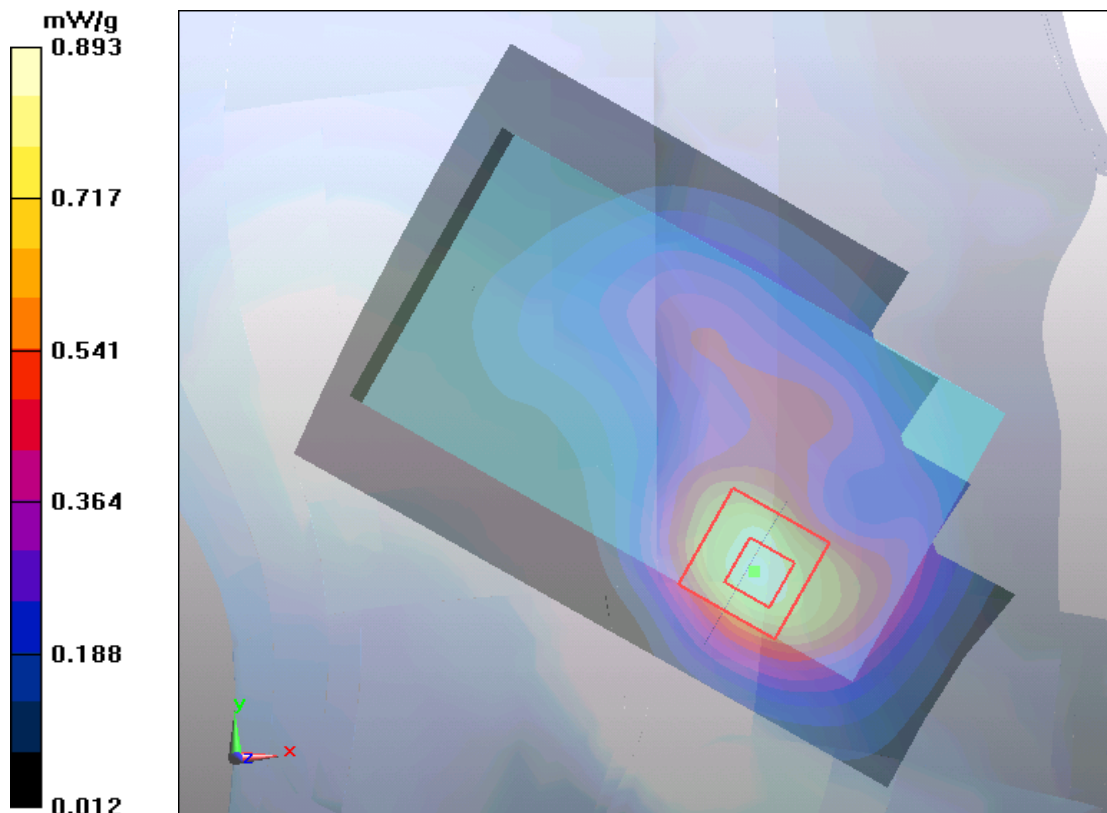


Figure 40 Left Hand Touch Cheek GSM 1900 Channel 810

GSM 1900 Left Cheek Middle (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/19/2012 2:47:11 AM

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.4$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(8.05, 8.05, 8.05); Calibrated: 1/4/2012

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 1900 Left/Cheek Middle/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.859 mW/g

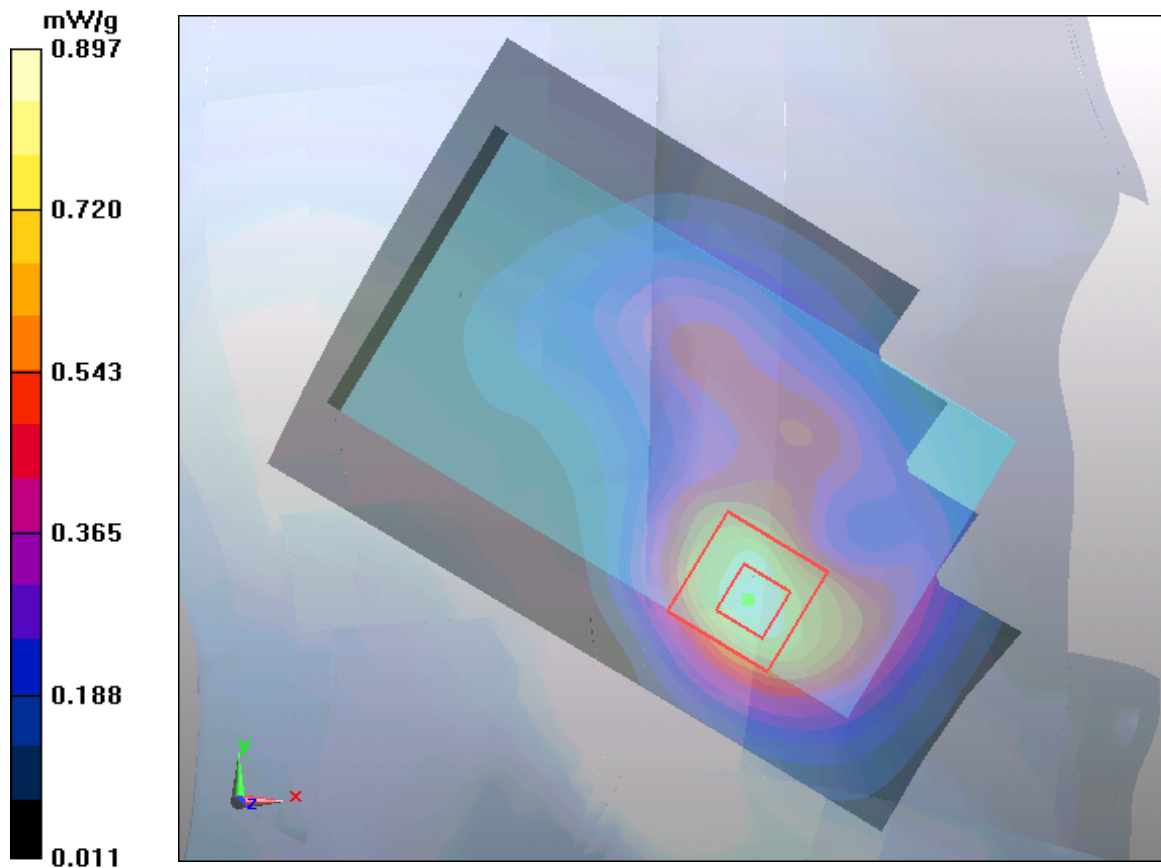
GSM 1900 Left/Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.52 V/m; Power Drift = 0.110 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.42 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.829 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.472 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.897 mW/g



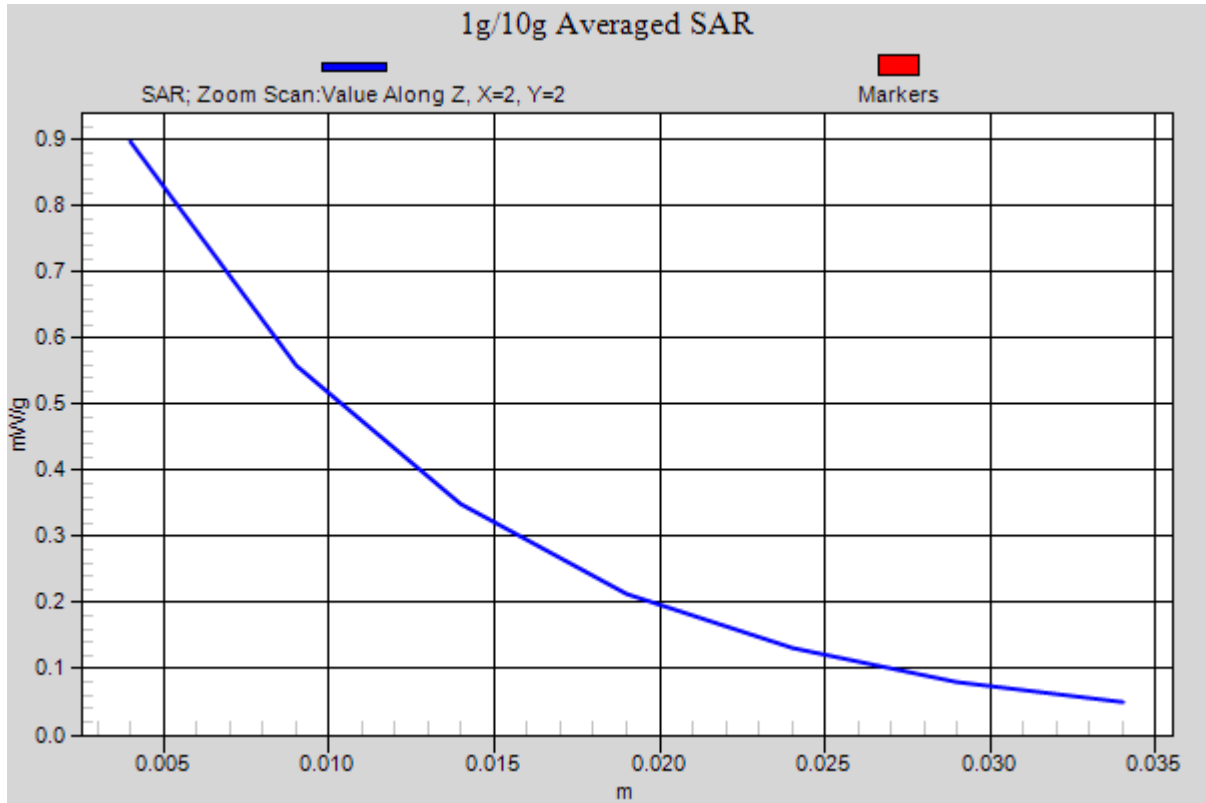


Figure 41 Left Hand Touch Cheek GSM 1900 Channel 661

GSM 1900 Left Cheek Low (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/19/2012 3:03:25 AM

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1850.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.37$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(8.05, 8.05, 8.05); Calibrated: 1/4/2012

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 1900 Left/Cheek Low/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.805 mW/g

GSM 1900 Left/Cheek Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.09 V/m; Power Drift = 0.083 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.29 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.768 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.437 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.837 mW/g

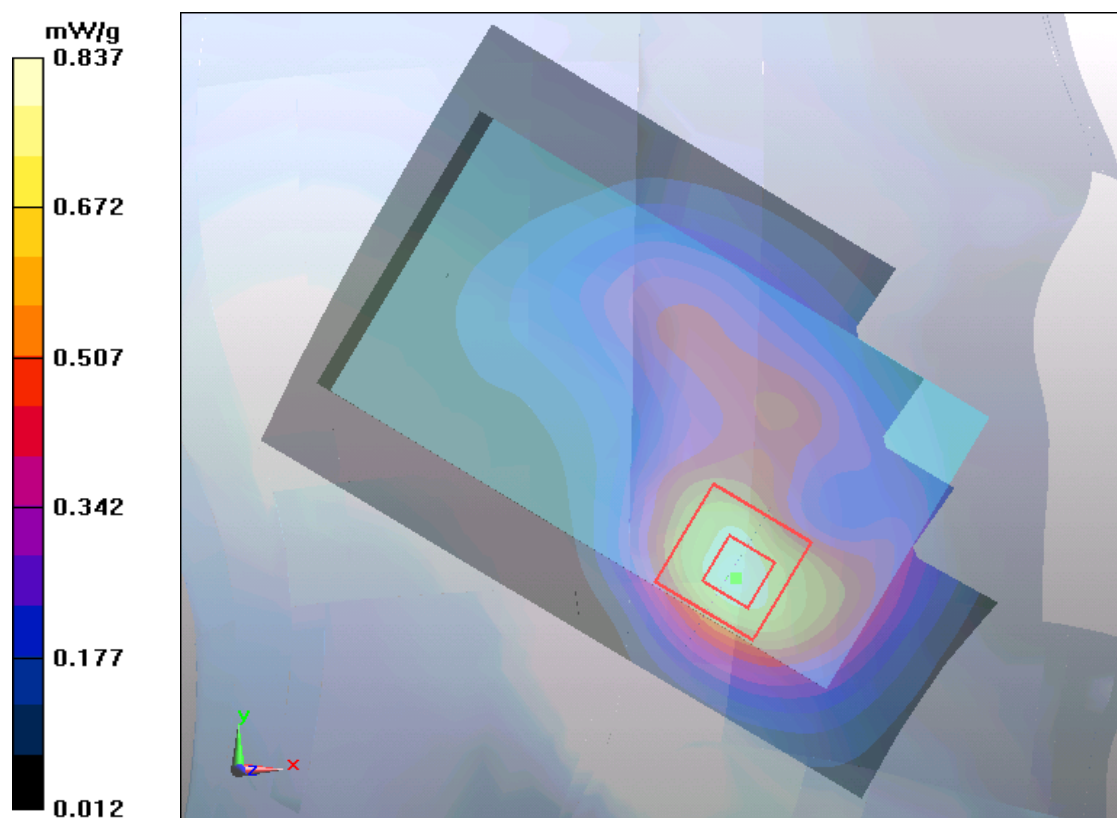


Figure 42 Left Hand Touch Cheek GSM 1900 Channel 512

GSM 1900 Left Tilt High (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/19/2012 3:37:37 AM

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

Medium parameters used: $f = 1910$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.42$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(8.05, 8.05, 8.05); Calibrated: 1/4/2012

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 1900 Left/Tilt High/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.316 mW/g

GSM 1900 Left/Tilt High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.054 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.380 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.254 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.161 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.271 mW/g

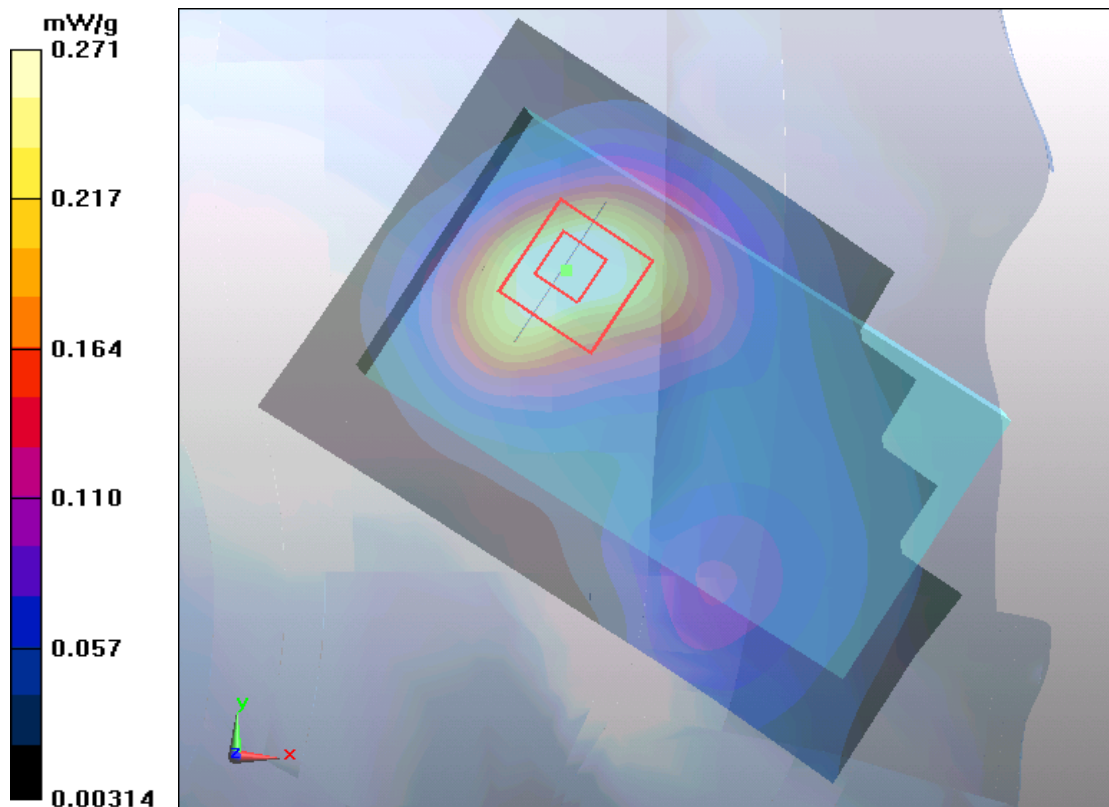


Figure 43 Left Hand Tilt 15° GSM 1900 Channel 810

GSM 1900 Left Tilt Middle (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/19/2012 3:21:02 AM

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.4$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(8.05, 8.05, 8.05); Calibrated: 1/4/2012

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 1900 Left/Tilt Middle/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.321 mW/g

GSM 1900 Left/Tilt Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.027 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.389 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.266 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.171 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.282 mW/g

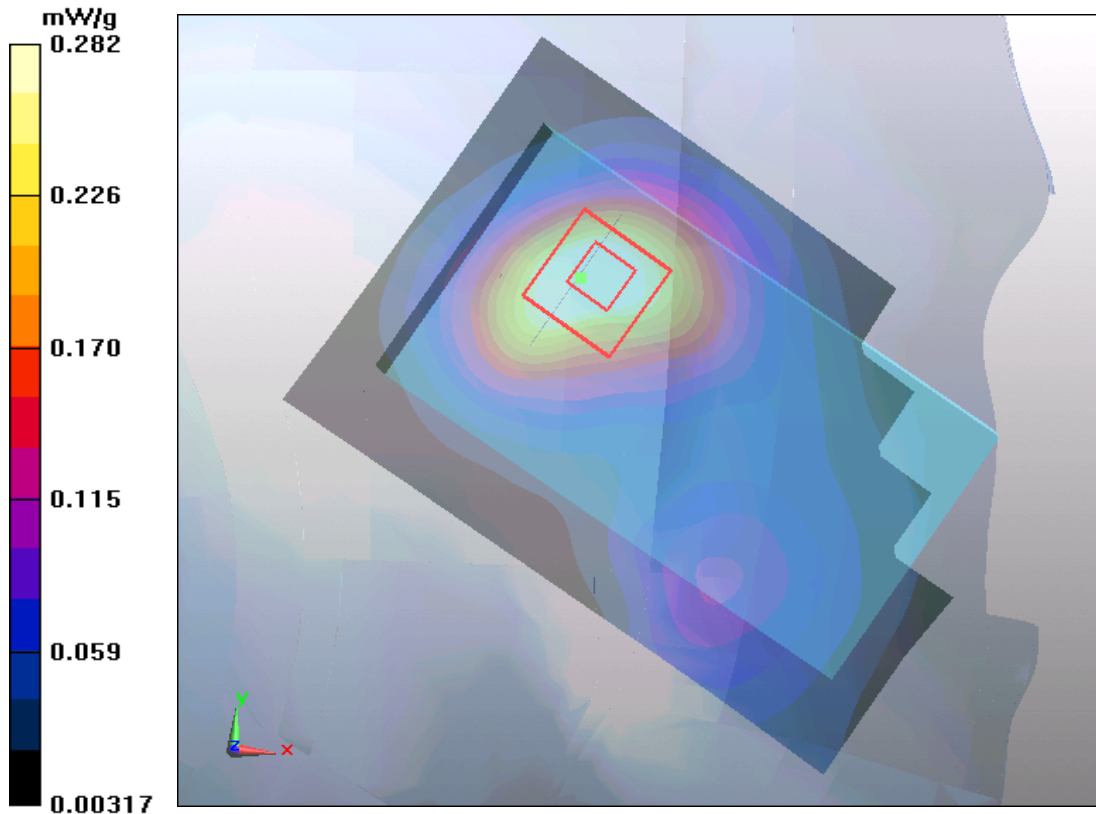


Figure 44 Left Hand Tilt 15° GSM 1900 Channel 661

GSM 1900 Left Tilt Low (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/19/2012 3:54:16 AM

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1850.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.37$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(8.05, 8.05, 8.05); Calibrated: 1/4/2012

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

one touch 918S with Battery C2 GSM 1900 Left/Tilt Low/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.295 mW/g

one touch 918S with Battery C2 GSM 1900 Left/Tilt Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.051 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.361 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.247 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.160 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.262 mW/g

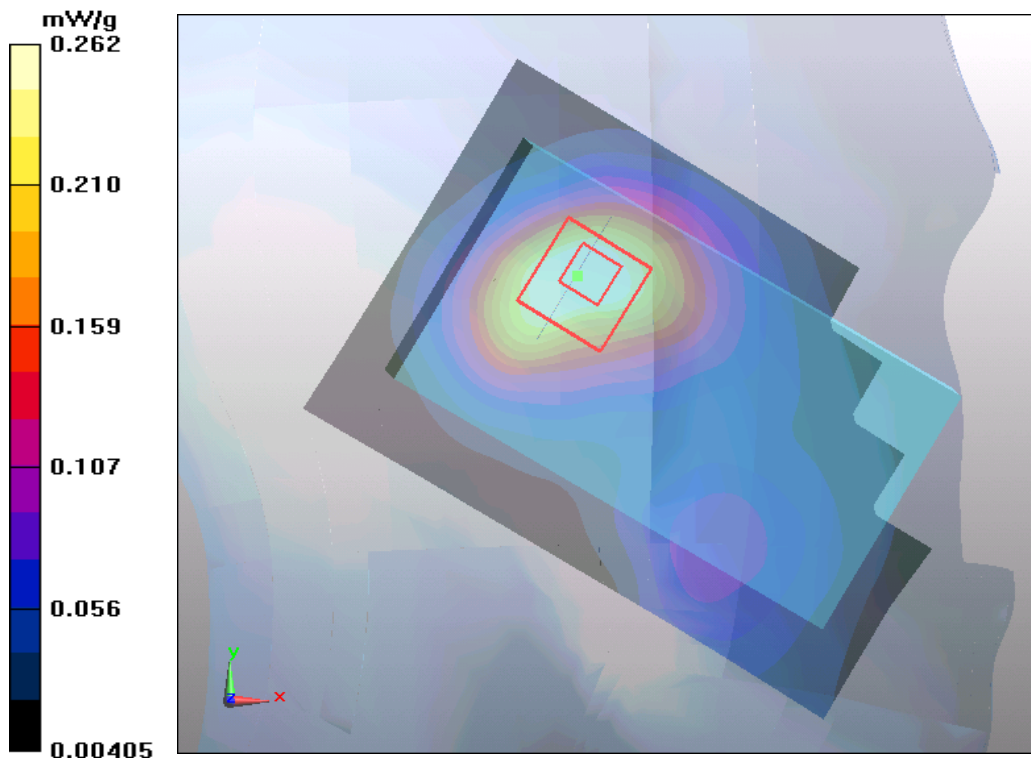


Figure 45 Left Hand Tilt 15° GSM 1900 Channel 512

GSM 1900 Right Cheek High (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/19/2012 4:45:32 AM

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

Medium parameters used: $f = 1910$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.42$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(8.05, 8.05, 8.05); Calibrated: 1/4/2012

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 1900 Right/Cheek High/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.736 mW/g

GSM 1900 Right/Cheek High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.91 V/m; Power Drift = 0.046 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.828 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.533 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.345 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.602 mW/g

GSM 1900 Right/Cheek High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.91 V/m; Power Drift = 0.046 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.952 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.652 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.403 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.696 mW/g

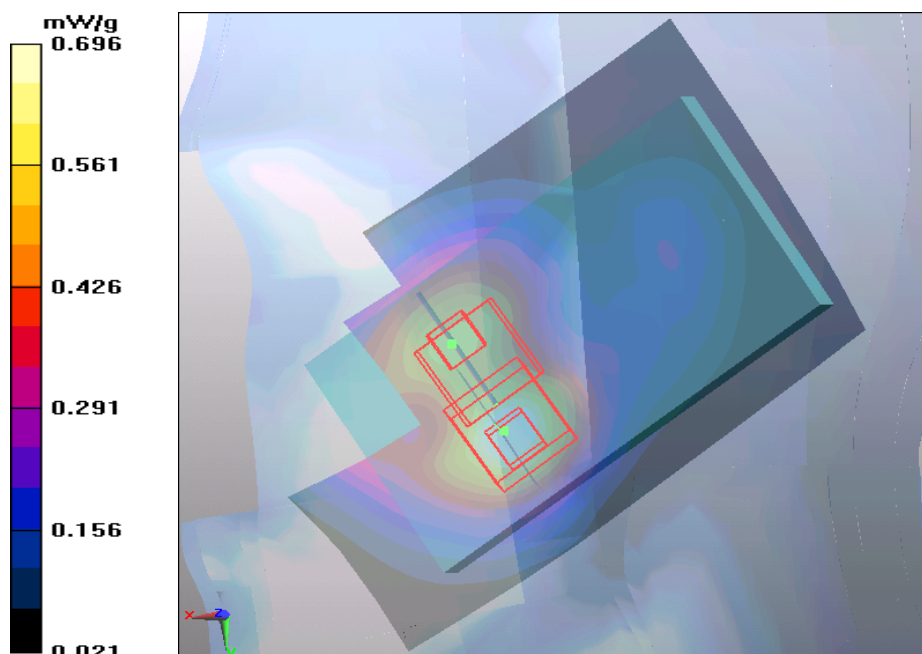


Figure 46 Right Hand Touch Cheek GSM 1900 Channel 810

GSM 1900 Right Cheek Middle (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/19/2012 4:19:57 AM

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.4$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(8.05, 8.05, 8.05); Calibrated: 1/4/2012

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 1900 Right/Cheek Middle/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.749 mW/g

GSM 1900 Right/Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.36 V/m; Power Drift = 0.141 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.825 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.531 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.346 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.614 mW/g

GSM 1900 Right/Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.36 V/m; Power Drift = 0.141 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.972 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.665 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.412 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.717 mW/g

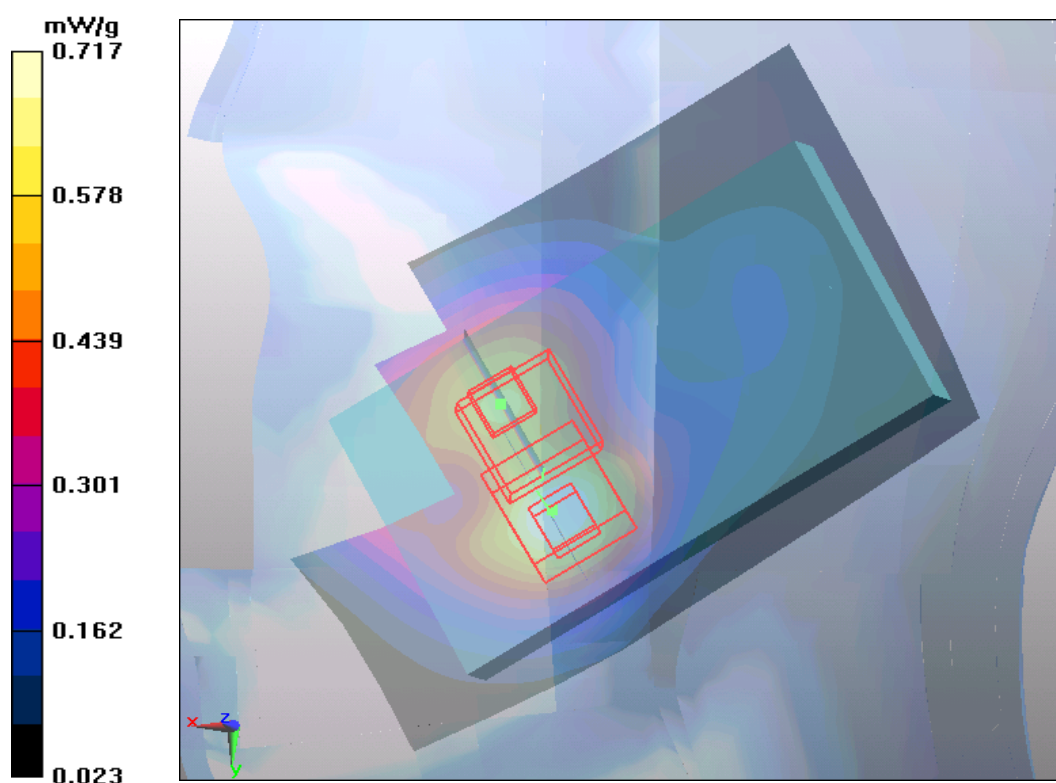


Figure 47 Right Hand Touch Cheek GSM 1900 Channel 661

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GSM 1900 Right Cheek Low (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/19/2012 5:09:06 AM

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1850.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.37$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(8.05, 8.05, 8.05); Calibrated: 1/4/2012

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 1900 Right/Cheek Low/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.664 mW/g

GSM 1900 Right/Cheek Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.92 V/m; Power Drift = 0.008 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.767 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.498 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.323 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.536 mW/g

GSM 1900 Right/Cheek Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.92 V/m; Power Drift = 0.008 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.906 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.614 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.386 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.651 mW/g

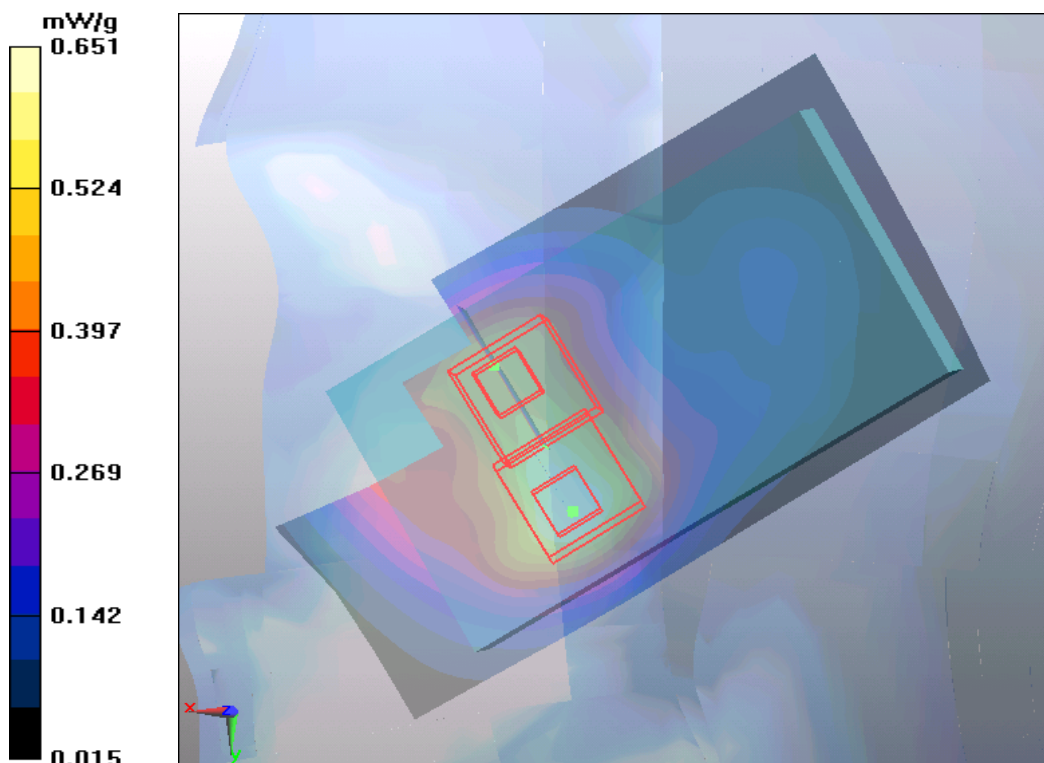


Figure 48 Right Hand Touch Cheek GSM 1900 Channel 512

GSM 1900 Right Tilt High (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/19/2012 5:49:28 AM

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

Medium parameters used: $f = 1910$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.42$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(8.05, 8.05, 8.05); Calibrated: 1/4/2012

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 1900 Right/Tilt High/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.335 mW/g

GSM 1900 Right/Tilt High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm,

dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.031 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.467 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.293 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.172 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.324 mW/g

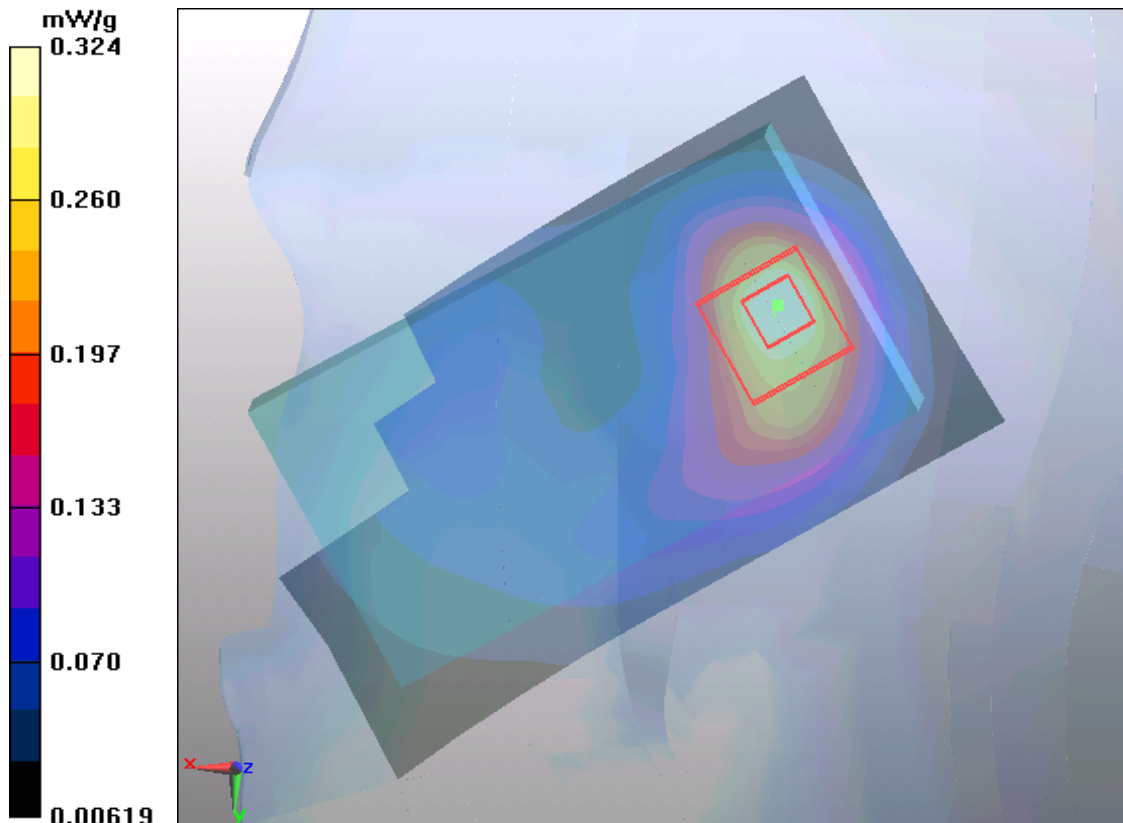


Figure 49 Right Hand Tilt 15° GSM 1900 Channel 810

GSM 1900 Right Tilt Middle (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/19/2012 5:32:58 AM

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.4$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(8.05, 8.05, 8.05); Calibrated: 1/4/2012

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 1900 Right/Tilt Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.329 mW/g

GSM 1900 Right/Tilt Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm,
dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14 V/m; Power Drift = 0.012 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.458 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.296 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.179 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.320 mW/g

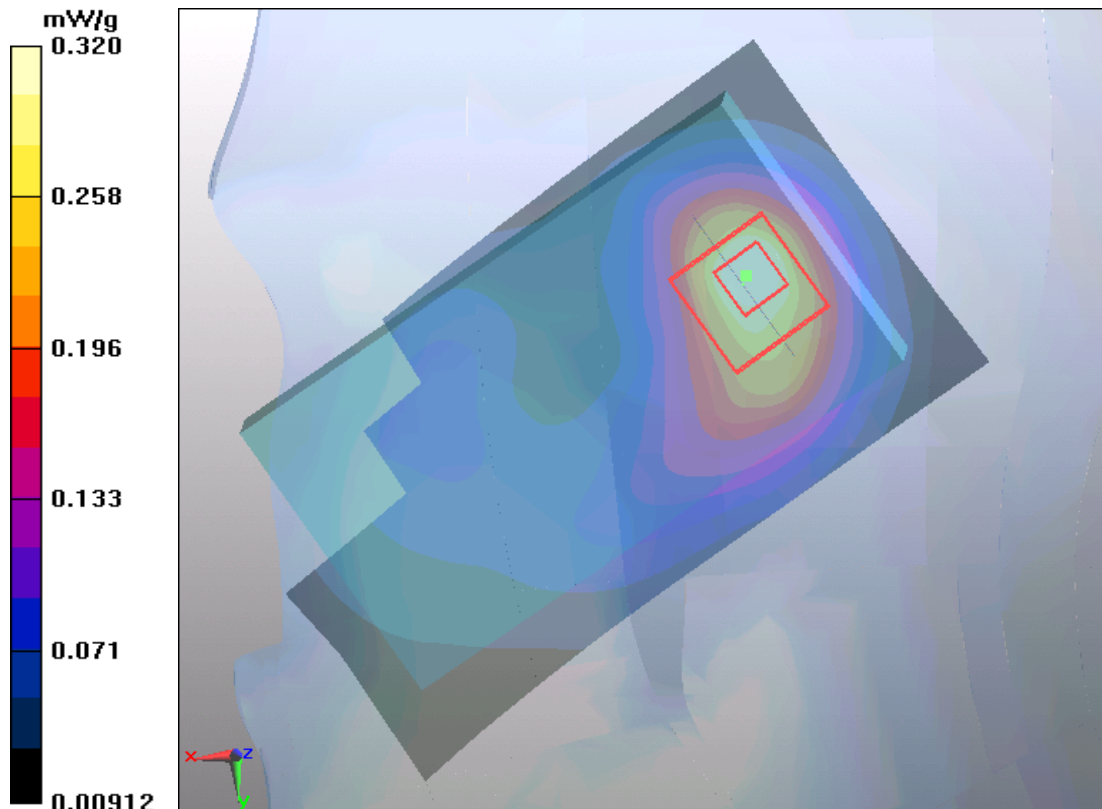


Figure 50 Right Hand Tilt 15° GSM 1900 Channel 661

GSM 1900 Right Tilt Low (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/19/2012 6:04:42 AM

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1850.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.37$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(8.05, 8.05, 8.05); Calibrated: 1/4/2012

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 1900 Right/TiltLow/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.305 mW/g

GSM 1900 Right/TiltLow/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.027 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.413 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.267 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.161 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.292 mW/g

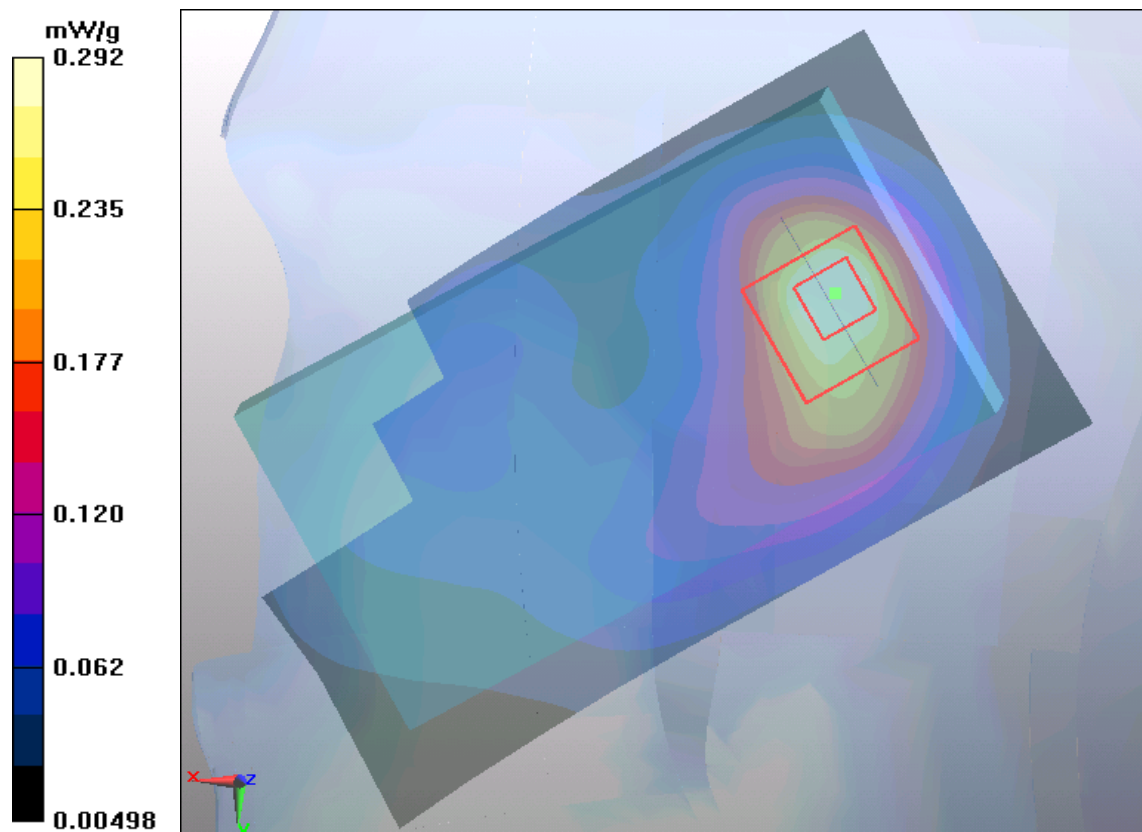


Figure 51 Right Hand Tilt 15° GSM 1900 Channel 512

GSM 1900 GPRS (4Txslots) Back Side High (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/19/2012 11:13:55 AM

Communication System: GPRS 4TX; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.07491

Medium parameters used: $f = 1910$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.56$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(7.57, 7.57, 7.57); Calibrated: 1/4/2012

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 1900 + GPRS(4UP) Back Side 10mm/Towards Ground High/Area Scan (61x91x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.26 mW/g

GSM 1900 + GPRS(4UP) Back Side 10mm/Towards Ground High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.117 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.89 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.12 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.659 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.2 mW/g

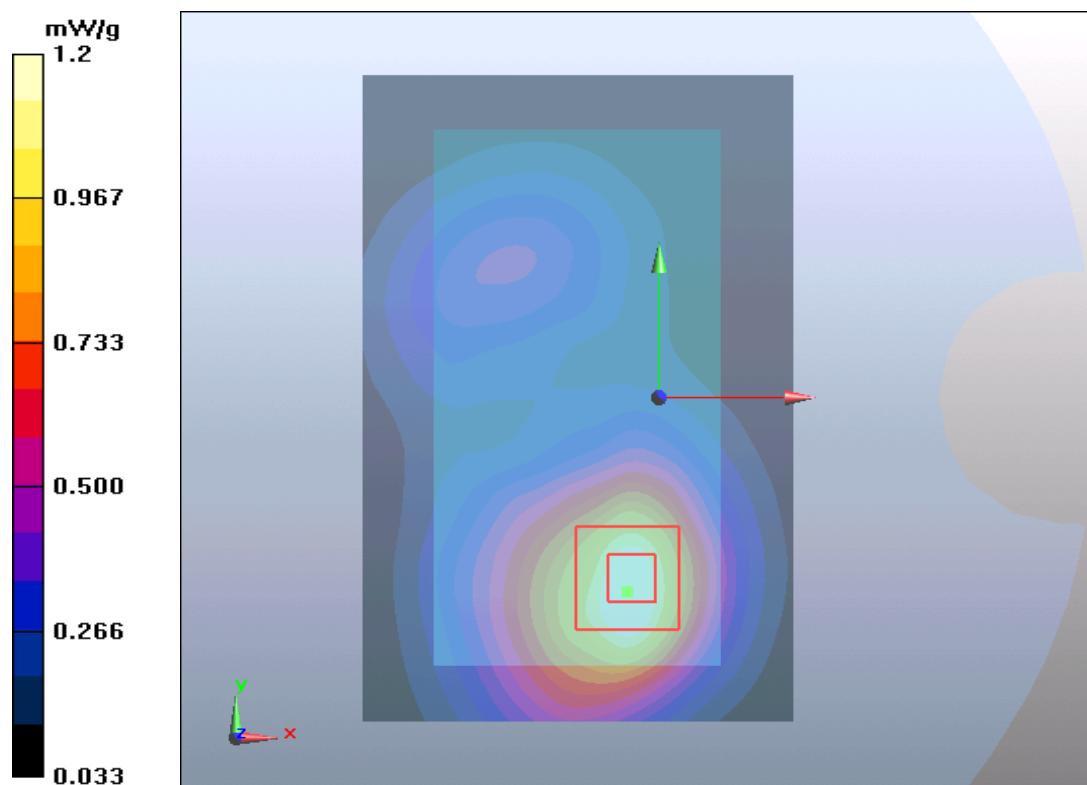


Figure 52 Body, Back Side, GSM 1900 GPRS (4Txslots) Channel 810

GSM 1900 GPRS (4Txslots) Back Side Middle (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/19/2012 11:31:10 AM

Communication System: GPRS 4TX; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.07491

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.54$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(7.57, 7.57, 7.57); Calibrated: 1/4/2012

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 1900 + GPRS(4UP) Back Side 10mm/Towards Ground Middle/Area Scan (61x91x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.31 mW/g

GSM 1900 + GPRS(4UP) Back Side 10mm/Towards Ground Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

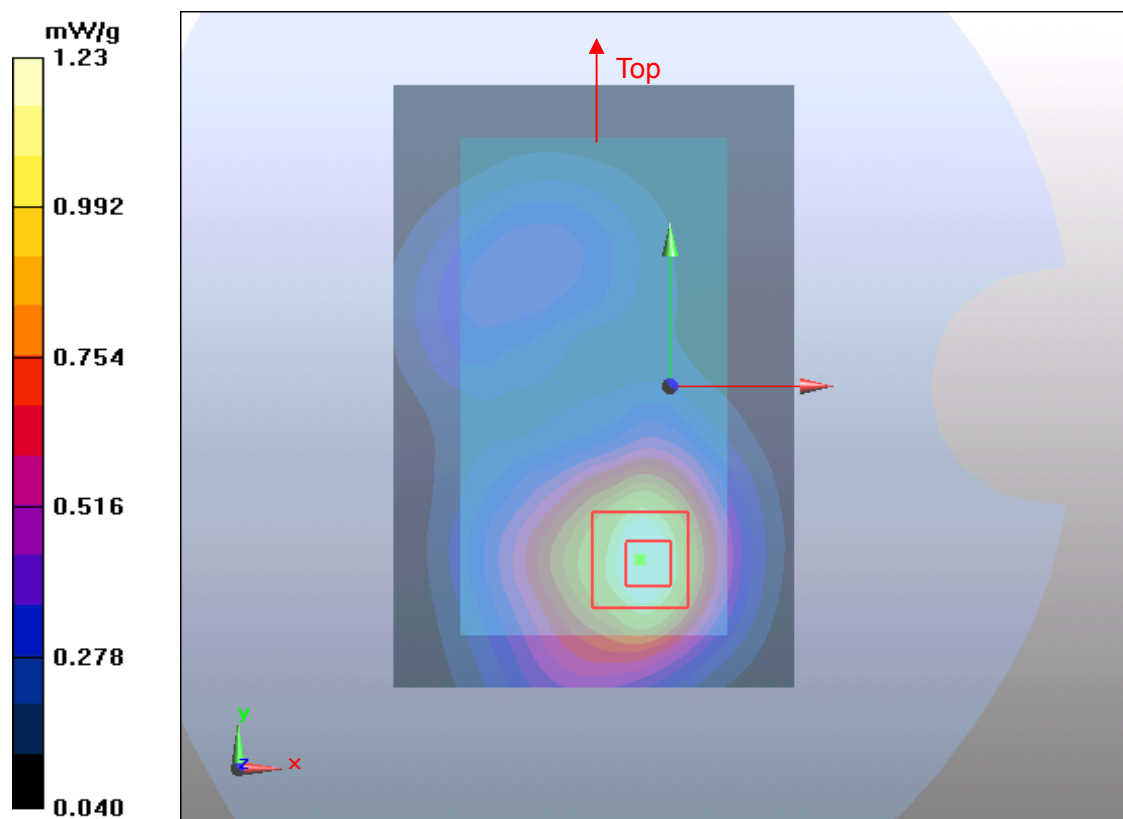
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.089 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.92 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.16 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.686 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.23 mW/g



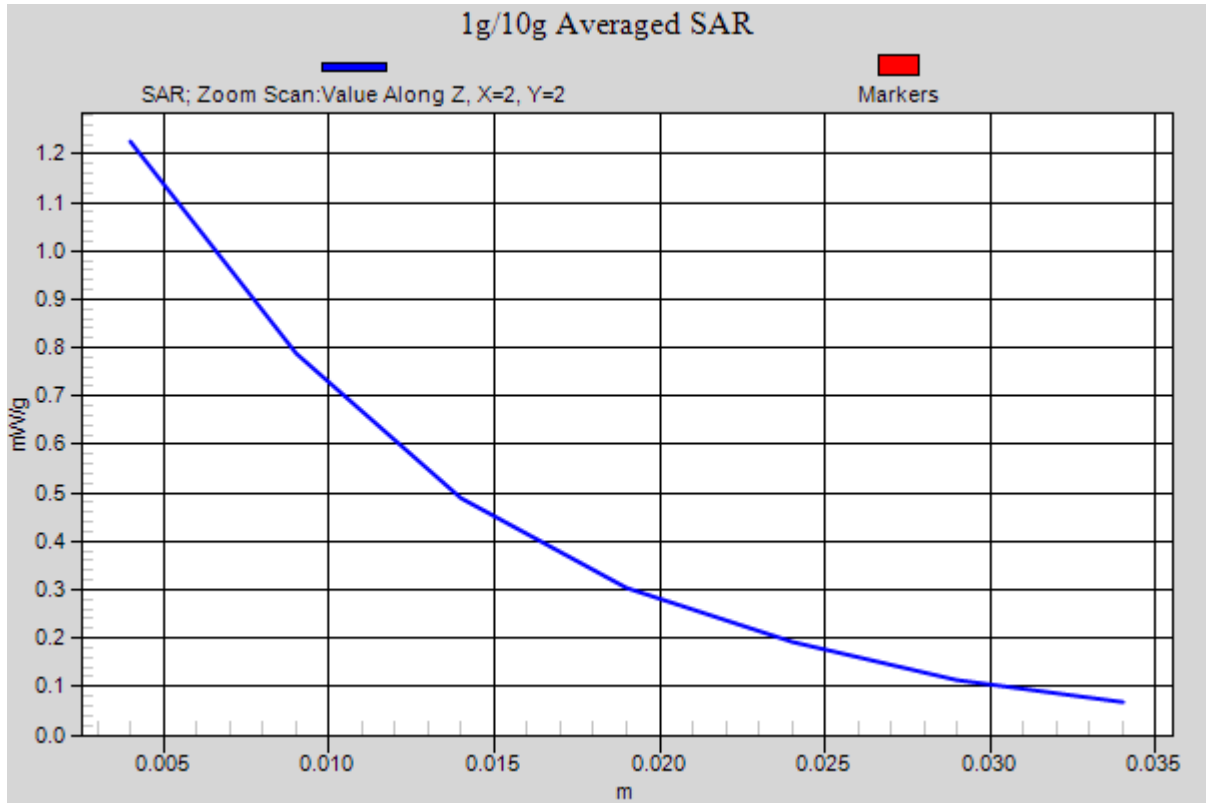


Figure 53 Body, Back Side, GSM 1900 GPRS (4Txslots) Channel 661

GSM 1900 GPRS (4Txslots) Back Side Low (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/19/2012 11:48:33 AM

Communication System: GPRS 4TX; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.07491

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1850.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.51$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(7.57, 7.57, 7.57); Calibrated: 1/4/2012

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 1900 + GPRS(4UP) Back Side 10mm/Towards Ground Low/Area Scan (61x91x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.22 mW/g

GSM 1900 + GPRS(4UP) Back Side 10mm/Towards Ground Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.65 V/m; Power Drift = 0.031 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.84 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.08 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.628 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.2 mW/g

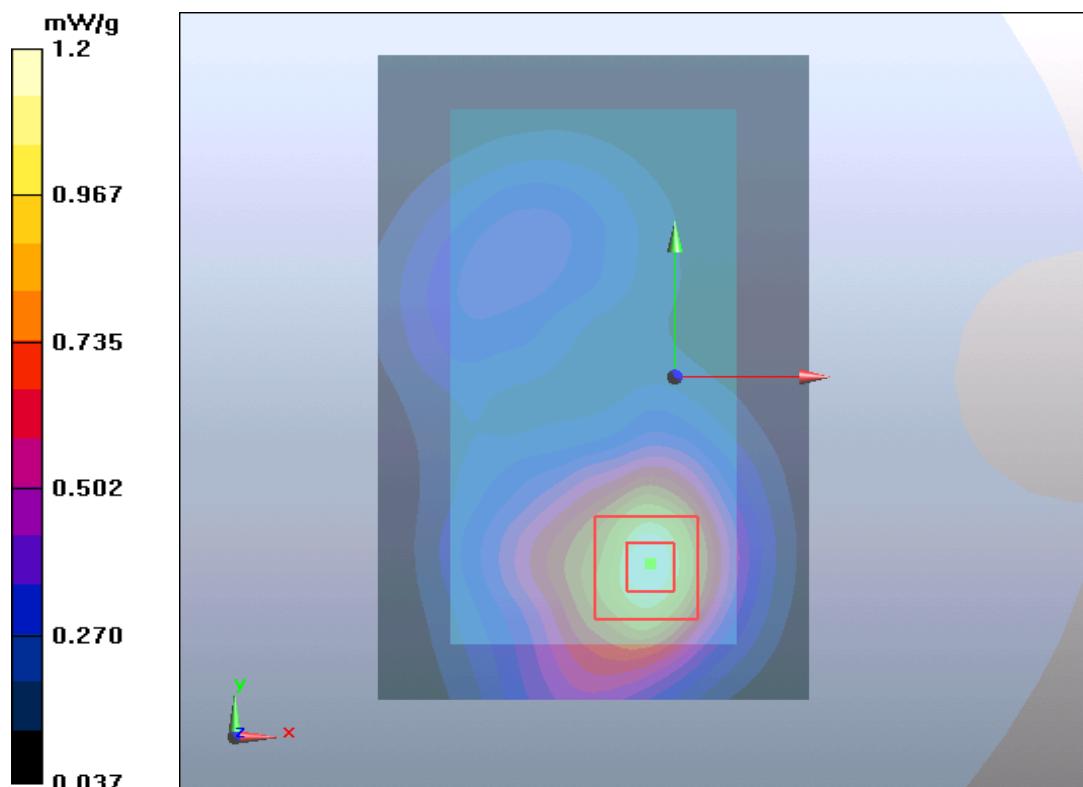


Figure 54 Body, Back Side, GSM 1900 GPRS (4Txslots) Channel 512

GSM 1900 GPRS (4Txslots) Front Side High (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/19/2012 12:10:37 PM

Communication System: GPRS 4TX; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.07491

Medium parameters used: $f = 1910$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.56$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(7.57, 7.57, 7.57); Calibrated: 1/4/2012

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 1900 + GPRS(4UP) Front Side 10mm/Towards Ground High/Area Scan (61x91x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.15 mW/g

GSM 1900 + GPRS(4UP) Front Side 10mm/Towards Ground High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.026 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.59 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.989 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.591 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.06 mW/g

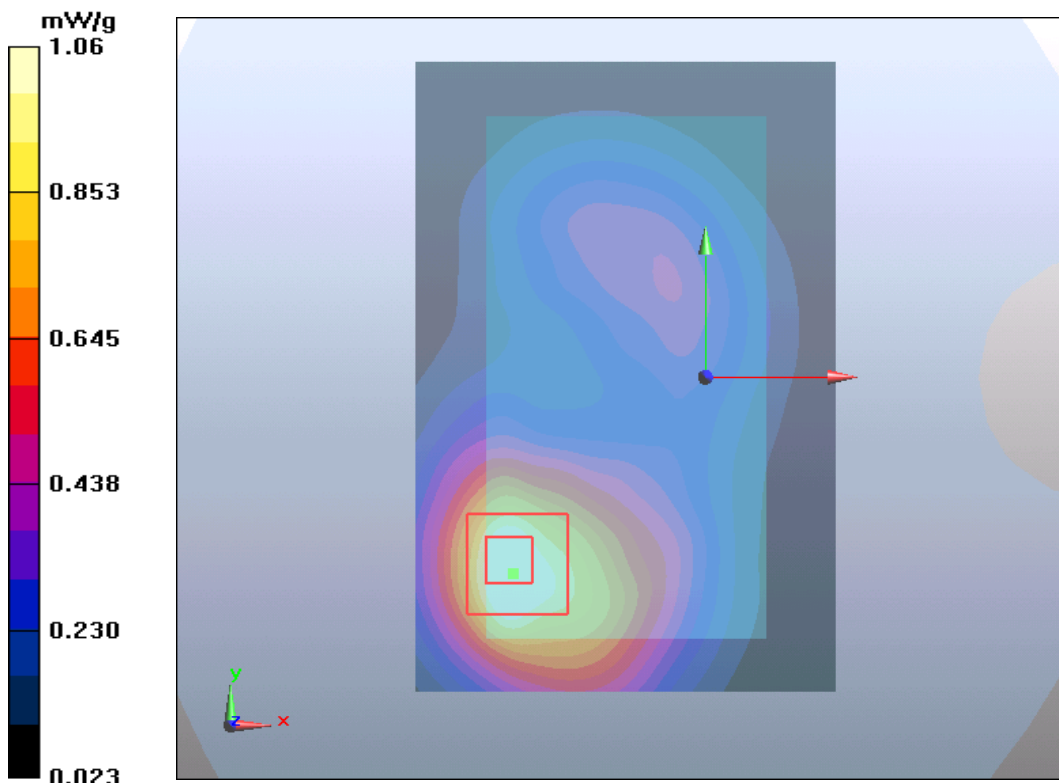


Figure 55 Body, Front Side, GSM 1900 GPRS (4Txslots) Channel 810

GSM 1900 GPRS (4Txslots) Front Side Low (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/19/2012 12:45:49 PM

Communication System: GPRS 4TX; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.07491

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1850.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.51$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(7.57, 7.57, 7.57); Calibrated: 1/4/2012

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 1900 + GPRS(4UP) Front Side 10mm/Towards Ground Low/Area Scan (61x91x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.07 mW/g

GSM 1900 + GPRS(4UP) Front Side 10mm/Towards Ground Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.017 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.930 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.552 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.985 mW/g

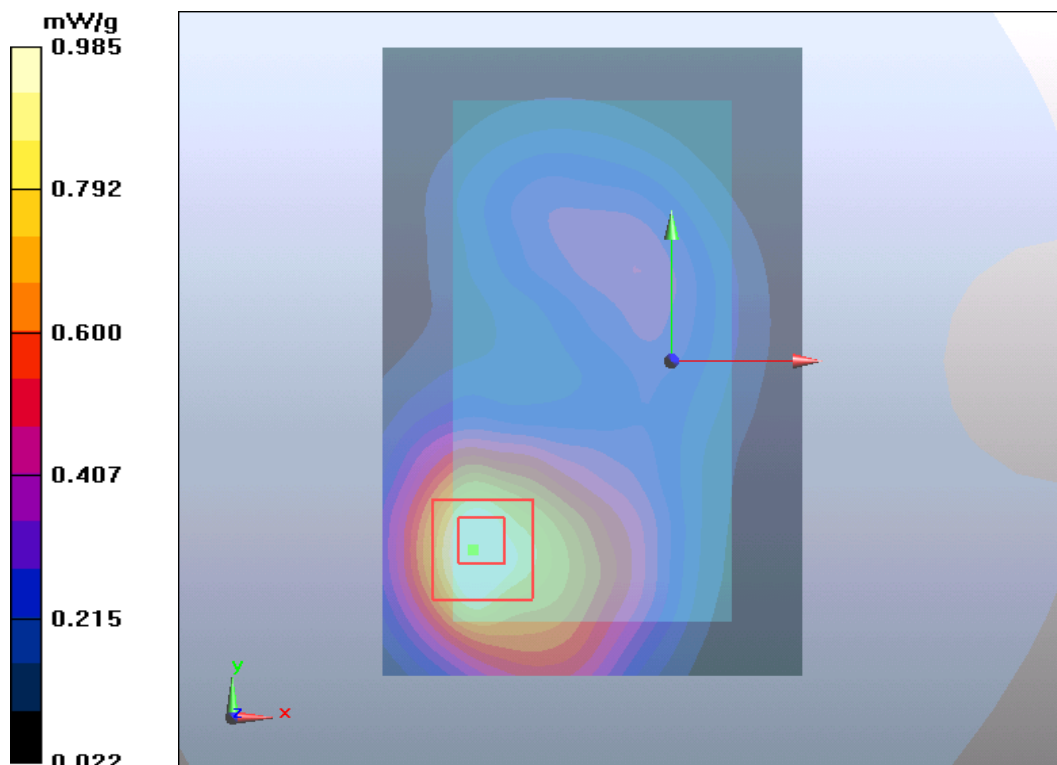


Figure 57 Body, Front Side, GSM 1900 GPRS (4Txslots) Channel 512

GSM 1900 GPRS (4Txslots) Left Edge High (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/19/2012 1:05:00 PM

Communication System: GPRS 4TX; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.07491

Medium parameters used: $f = 1910$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.56$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(7.57, 7.57, 7.57); Calibrated: 1/4/2012

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 1900 + GPRS(4UP) Left Side 10mm/Towards Ground High/Area Scan (31x91x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.403 mW/g

GSM 1900 + GPRS(4UP) Left Side 10mm/Towards Ground High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.110 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.636 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.374 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.218 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.411 mW/g

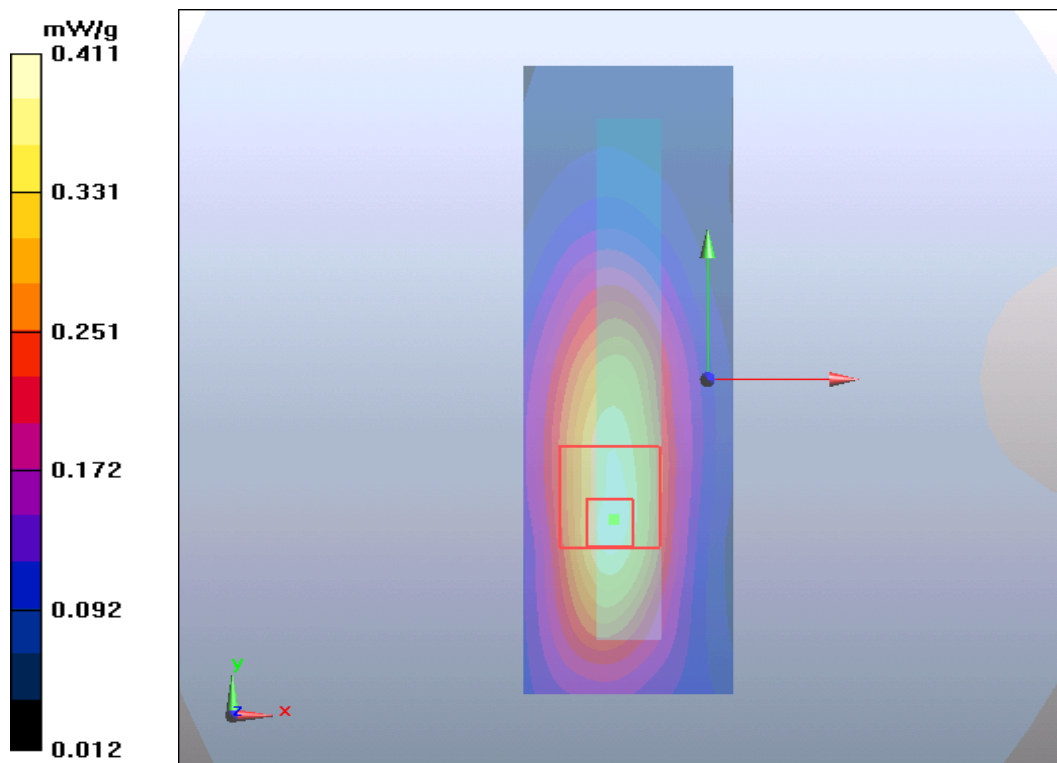


Figure 58 Body, Left Edge, GSM 1900 GPRS (4Txslots) Channel 810

GSM 1900 GPRS (4Txslots) Right Edge High (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/19/2012 1:19:24 PM

Communication System: GPRS 4TX; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.07491

Medium parameters used: $f = 1910$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.56$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(7.57, 7.57, 7.57); Calibrated: 1/4/2012

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 1900 + GPRS(4UP) Right Side 10mm/Towards Ground High/Area Scan (31x91x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.306 mW/g

GSM 1900 + GPRS(4UP) Right Side 10mm/Towards Ground High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.97 V/m; Power Drift = 0.048 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.402 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.256 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.154 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.283 mW/g

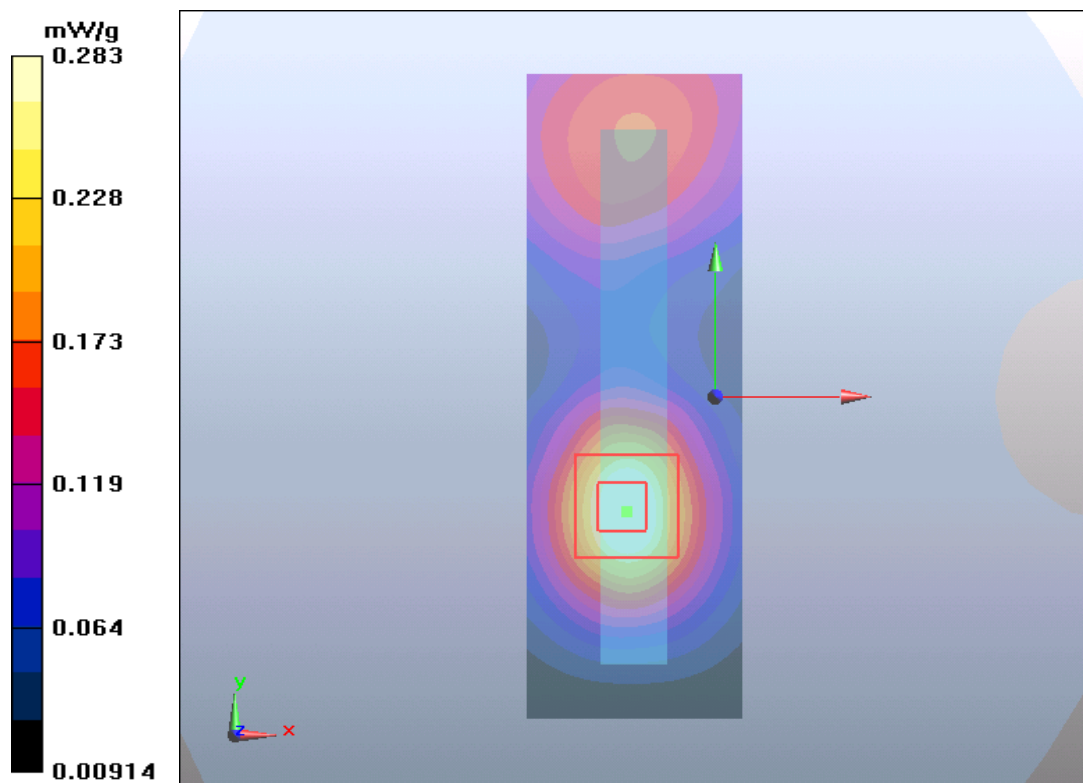


Figure 59 Body, Right Edge, GSM 1900 GPRS (4Txslots) Channel 810

GSM 1900 GPRS (4Txslots) Bottom Edge High (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/19/2012 1:34:13 PM

Communication System: GPRS 4TX; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.07491

Medium parameters used: $f = 1910$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.56$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(7.57, 7.57, 7.57); Calibrated: 1/4/2012

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 1900 + GPRS(4UP) Bottom Side 10mm/Towards Ground High/Area Scan (31x61x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.01 mW/g

GSM 1900 + GPRS(4UP) Bottom Side 10mm/Towards Ground High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 23.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.122 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.34 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.851 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.487 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.916 mW/g

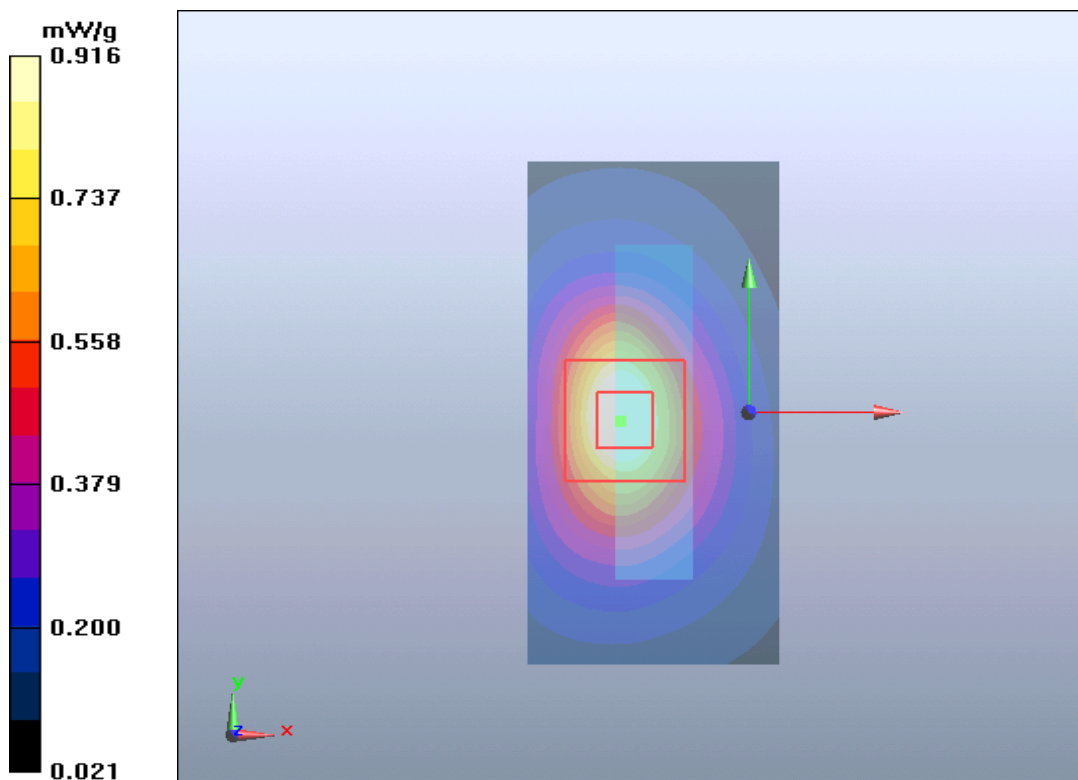


Figure 60 Body, Bottom Edge, GSM 1900 GPRS (4Txslots) Channel 810

GSM 1900 GPRS (4Txslots) Bottom Edge Middle (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/19/2012 1:46:15 PM

Communication System: GPRS 4TX; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.07491

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.54$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(7.57, 7.57, 7.57); Calibrated: 1/4/2012

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 1900 + GPRS(4UP) Bottom Side 10mm/Towards Ground Middle/Area Scan (31x61x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.918 mW/g

GSM 1900 + GPRS(4UP) Bottom Side 10mm/Towards Ground Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube

0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 22.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.166 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.31 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.817 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.462 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.880 mW/g

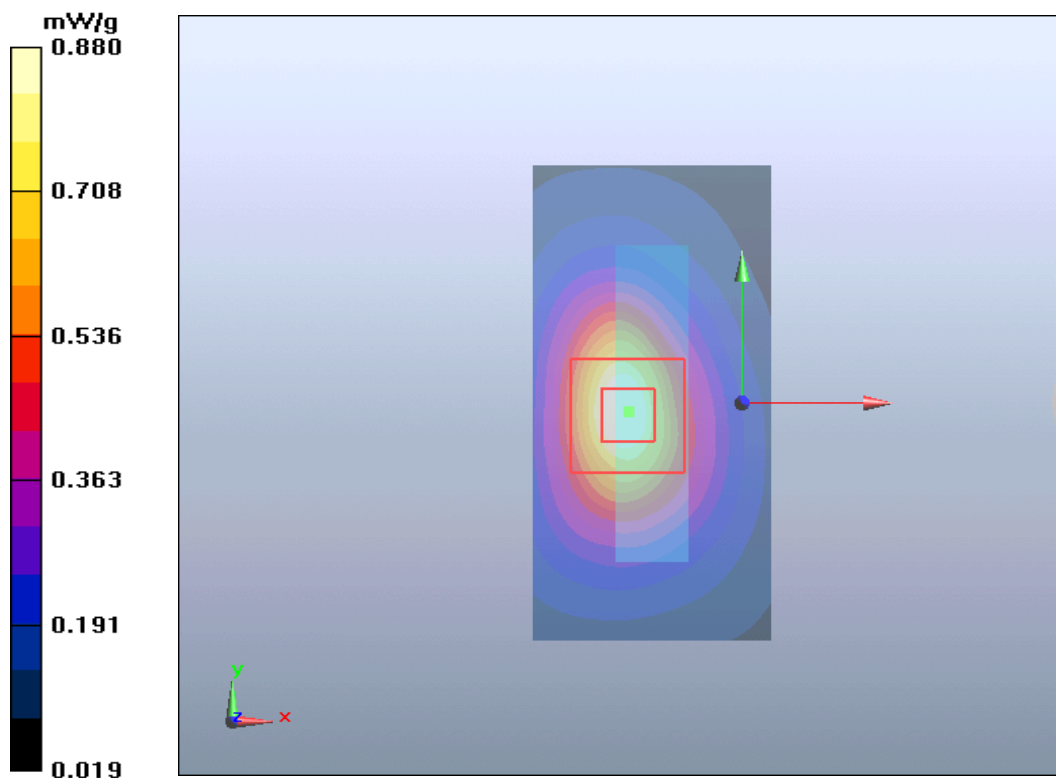


Figure 61 Body, Bottom Edge, GSM 1900 GPRS (4Txslots) Channel 661

GSM 1900 GPRS (4Txslots) Bottom Edge Low (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/19/2012 1:58:42 PM

Communication System: GPRS 4TX; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.07491

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1850.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.51$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(7.57, 7.57, 7.57); Calibrated: 1/4/2012

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 1900 + GPRS(4UP) Bottom Side 10mm/Towards Ground Low/Area Scan (31x61x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.867 mW/g

GSM 1900 + GPRS(4UP) Bottom Side 10mm/Towards Ground Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 22.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.040 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.756 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.420 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.810 mW/g

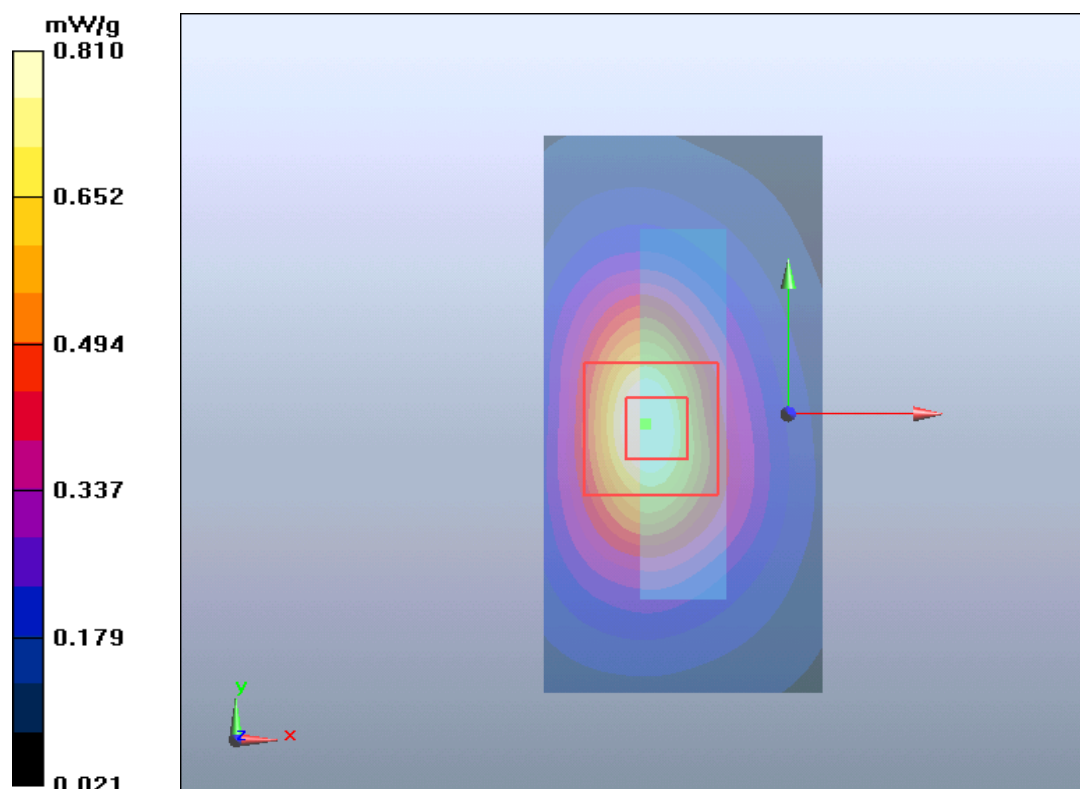


Figure 62 Body, Bottom Edge, GSM 1900 GPRS (4Txslots) Channel 512

GSM 1900 EGPRS (4Txslots) Back Side Middle (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/19/2012 2:13:29 PM

Communication System: EGPRS 4TX; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.07491

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.54$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(7.57, 7.57, 7.57); Calibrated: 1/4/2012

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 1900 + EGPRS(4UP) Back Side 10mm/Towards Ground Middle/Area Scan (61x91x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.21 mW/g

GSM 1900 + EGPRS(4UP) Back Side 10mm/Towards Ground Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube

0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11 V/m; Power Drift = 0.128 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.86 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.14 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.673 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.21 mW/g

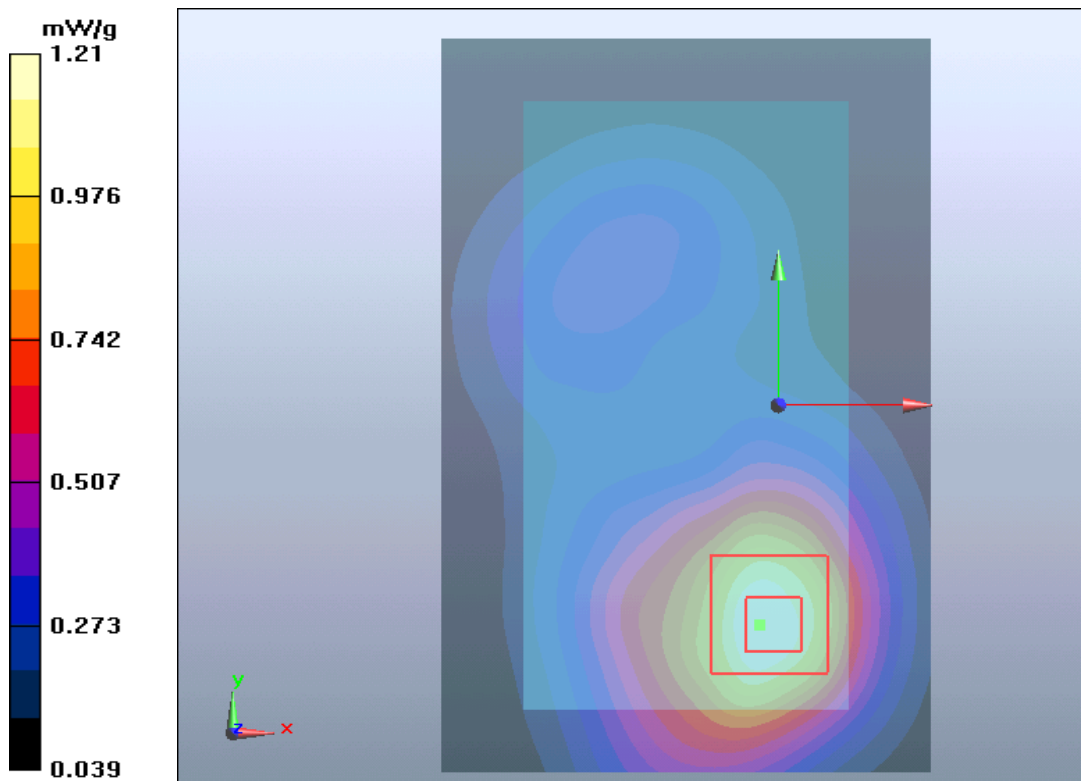


Figure 63 Body, Back Side, GSM 1900 EGPRS (4Txslots) Channel 661

GSM 1900 with Stereo Headset 1 Back Side Middle (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/19/2012 2:31:03 PM

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.54$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(7.57, 7.57, 7.57); Calibrated: 1/4/2012

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 1900 Back Side 10mm/Towards Ground Middle/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid:

$dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.734 mW/g

GSM 1900 Back Side 10mm/Towards Ground Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 9.46 V/m; Power Drift = 0.030 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.09 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.660 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.390 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.694 mW/g

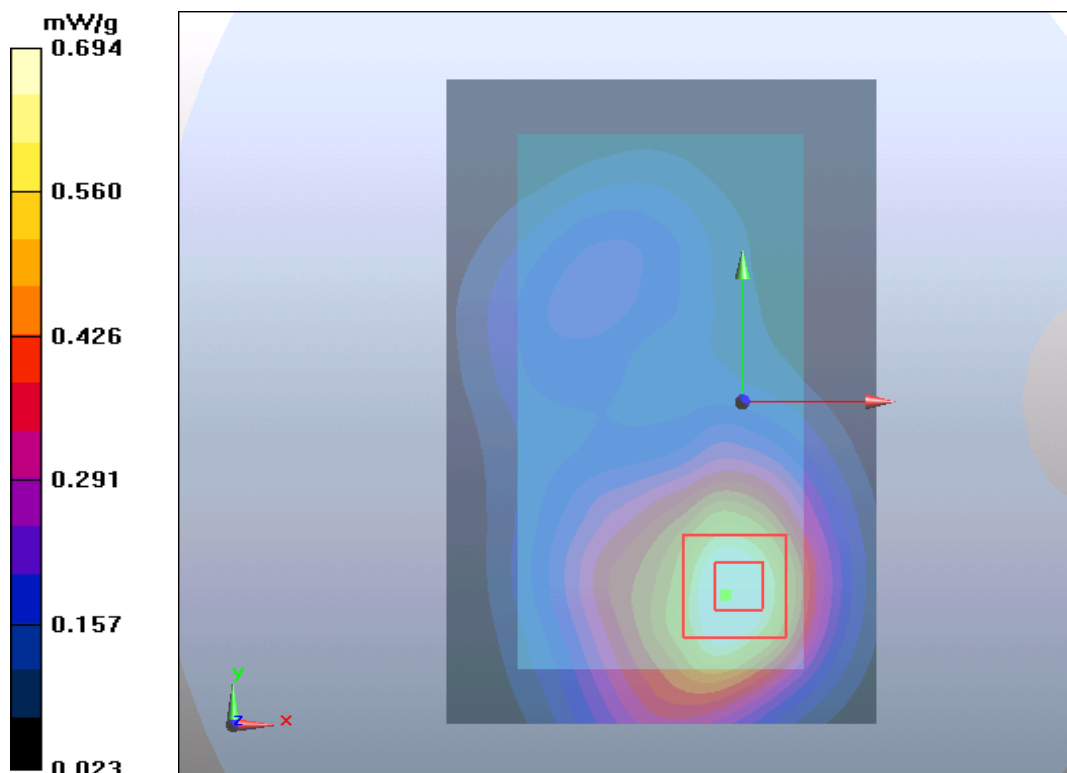


Figure 64 Body with Stereo Headset 1, Back Side, GSM 1900 Channel 661

GSM 1900 with Stereo Headset 2 Back Side Middle (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/19/2012 2:48:32 PM

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.54$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(7.57, 7.57, 7.57); Calibrated: 1/4/2012

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 1900 Back Side 10mm/Towards Ground Middle/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid:

dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.752 mW/g

GSM 1900 Back Side 10mm/Towards Ground Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.25 V/m; Power Drift = 0.029 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.12 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.680 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.399 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.716 mW/g

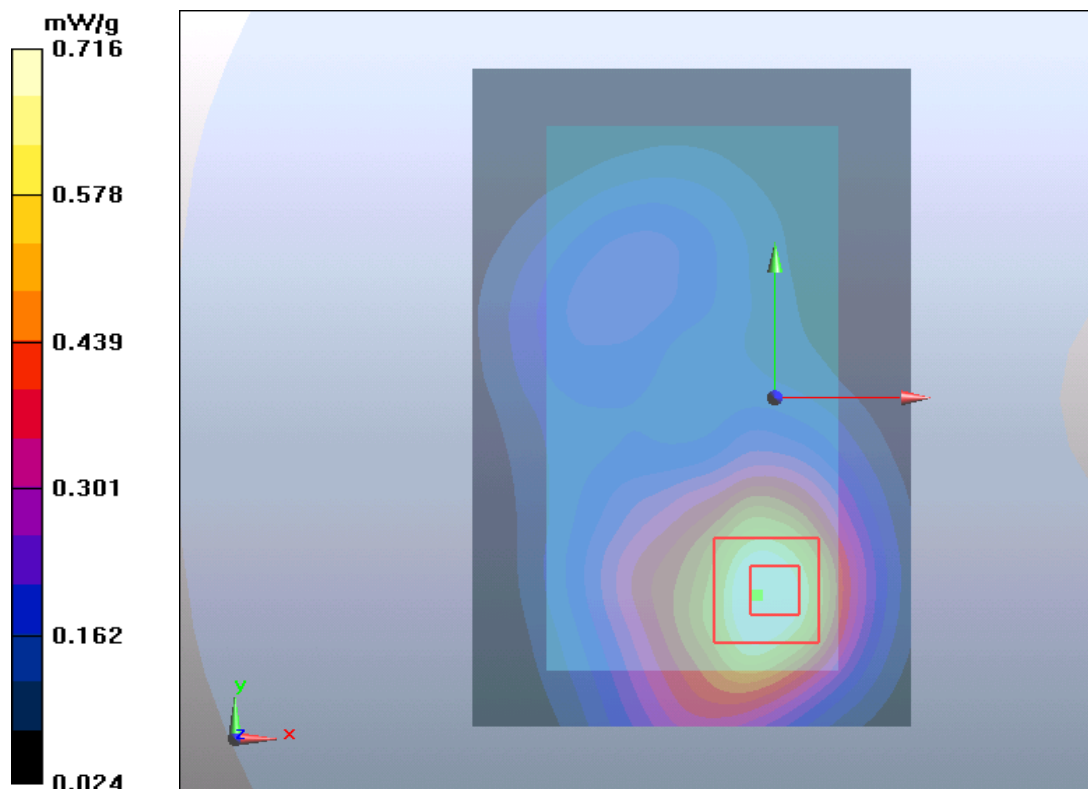


Figure 65 Body with Stereo Headset 2, Back Side, GSM 1900 Channel 661

GSM 1900 GPRS (4Txslots) Back Side Middle (Battery 2)

Date/Time: 4/19/2012 3:15:36 PM

Communication System: GPRS 4TX; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.07491

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.54$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(7.57, 7.57, 7.57); Calibrated: 1/4/2012

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

GSM 1900 + GPRS(4UP) Back Side 10mm/Towards Ground Middle/Area Scan (61x91x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.25 mW/g

GSM 1900 + GPRS(4UP) Back Side 10mm/Towards Ground Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.010 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.96 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.11 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.647 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.17 mW/g

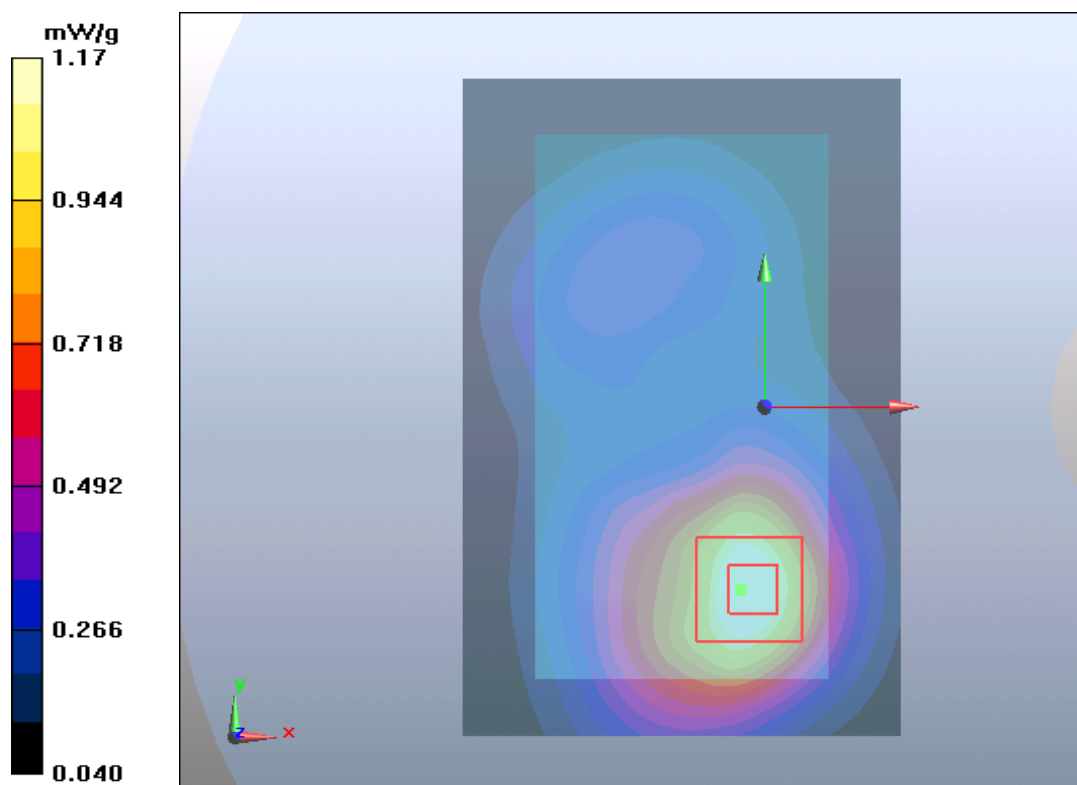


Figure 66 Body, Back Side, GSM 1900 GPRS (4Txslots) Channel 661

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WCDMA Band IV Left Cheek High (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/18/2012 9:35:58 PM

Communication System: WCDMA ; Frequency: 1752.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1752.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.35$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(8.37, 8.37, 8.37); Calibrated: 1/4/2012

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

WCDMA IV Left/Cheek High/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.851 mW/g

WCDMA IV Left/Cheek High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.79 V/m; Power Drift = 0.095 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.12 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.574 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.347 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.764 mW/g

WCDMA IV Left/Cheek High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.79 V/m; Power Drift = 0.095 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.36 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.797 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.447 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.863 mW/g

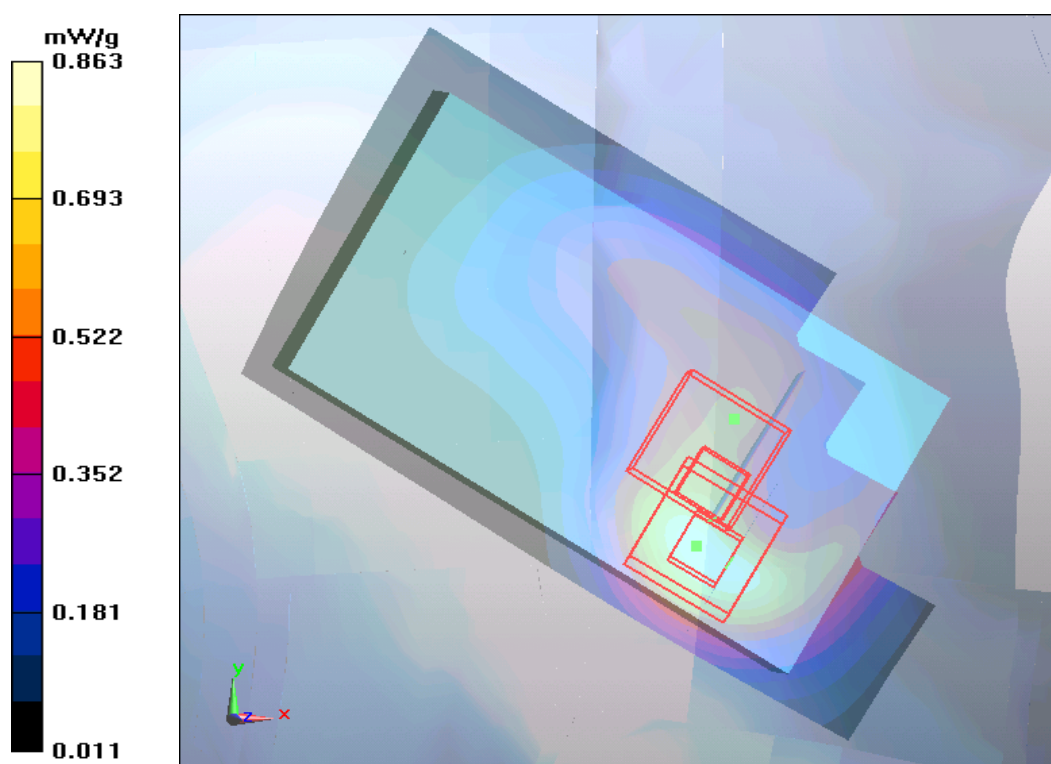


Figure 67 Left Hand Touch Cheek WCDMA Band IV Channel 1513

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WCDMA Band IV Left Cheek Middle (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/18/2012 9:13:08 PM

Communication System: WCDMA ; Frequency: 1732.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1732.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.33$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(8.37, 8.37, 8.37); Calibrated: 1/4/2012

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

WCDMA IV Left/Cheek Middle 2/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.878 mW/g

WCDMA IV Left/Cheek Middle 2/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.99 V/m; Power Drift = 0.190 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.09 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.563 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.352 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.742 mW/g

WCDMA IV Left/Cheek Middle 2/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.99 V/m; Power Drift = 0.190 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.39 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.821 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.461 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.892 mW/g

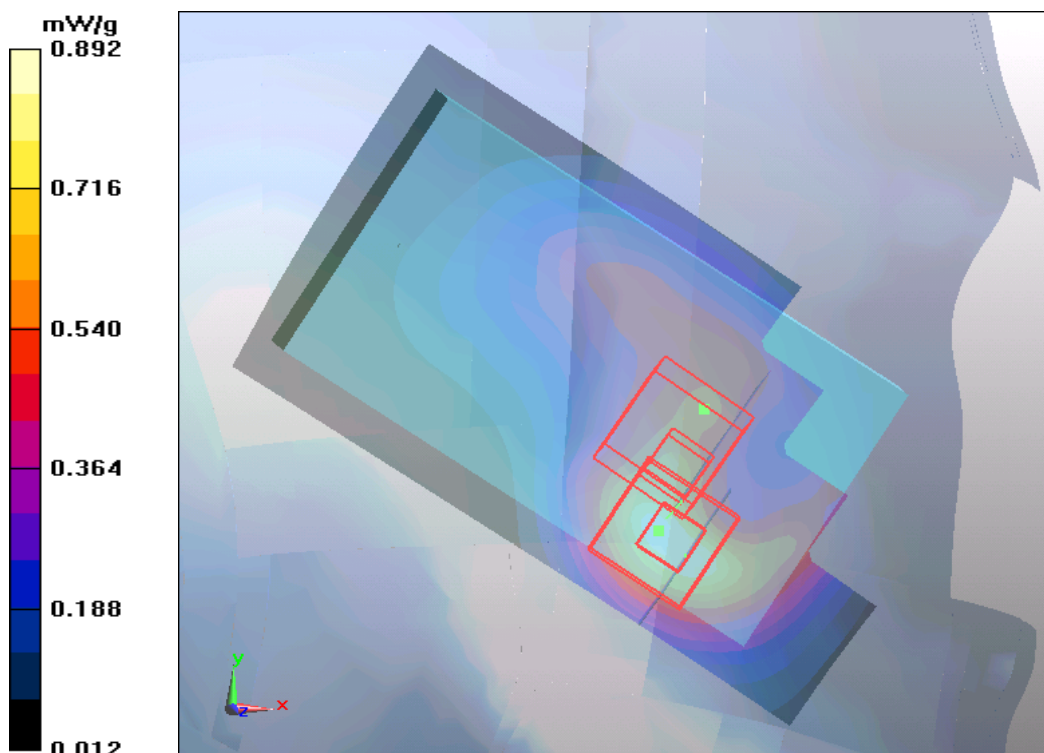


Figure 68 Left Hand Touch Cheek WCDMA Band IV Channel 1413

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WCDMA Band IV Left Cheek Low (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/18/2012 7:23:22 PM

Communication System: WCDMA ; Frequency: 1712.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1712.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.31$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(8.37, 8.37, 8.37); Calibrated: 1/4/2012

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

WCDMA IV Left/Cheek Low/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.913 mW/g

WCDMA IV Left/Cheek Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.13 V/m; Power Drift = 0.119 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.910 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.532 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.351 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.600 mW/g

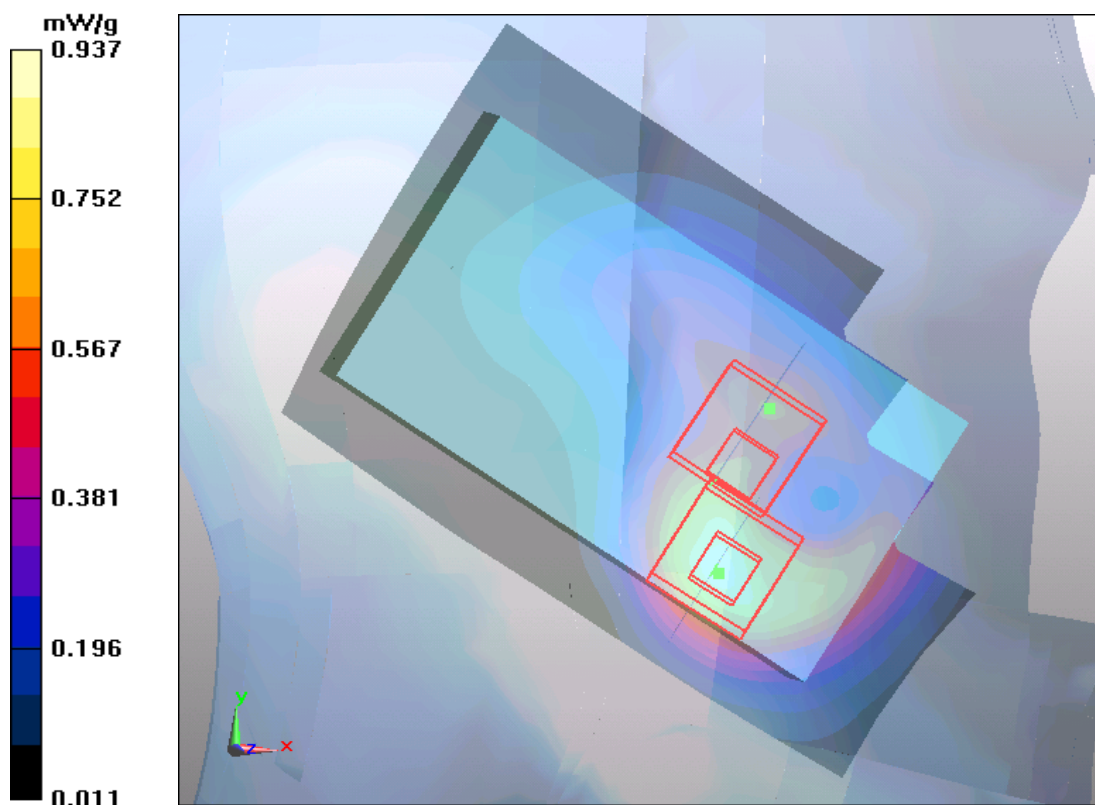
WCDMA IV Left/Cheek Low /Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.13 V/m; Power Drift = 0.119 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.52 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.869 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.480 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.937 mW/g



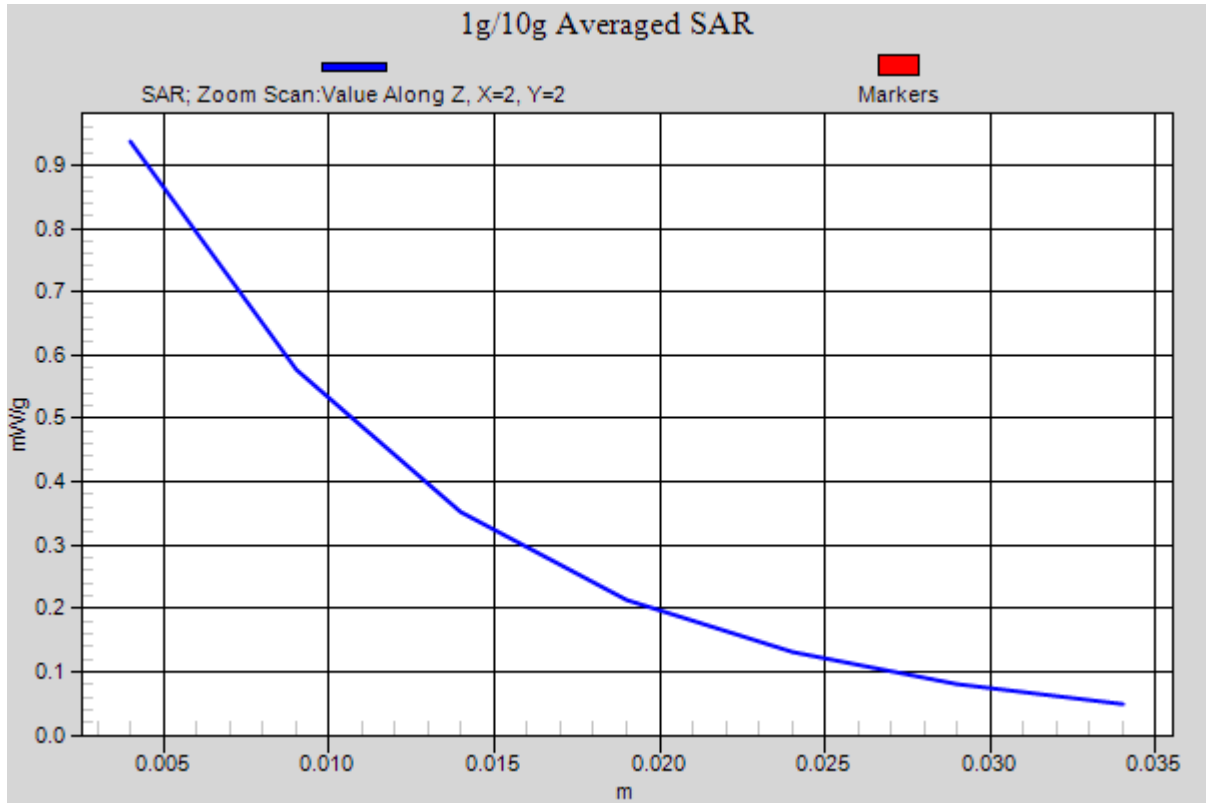


Figure 69 Left Hand Touch Cheek WCDMA Band IV Channel 1312

WCDMA Band IV Left Tilt High (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/18/2012 10:55:53 PM

Communication System: WCDMA ; Frequency: 1752.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1752.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.35$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(8.37, 8.37, 8.37); Calibrated: 1/4/2012

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

WCDMA IV Left/Tilt High/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.347 mW/g

WCDMA IV Left/Tilt High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.053 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.442 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.297 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.188 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.314 mW/g

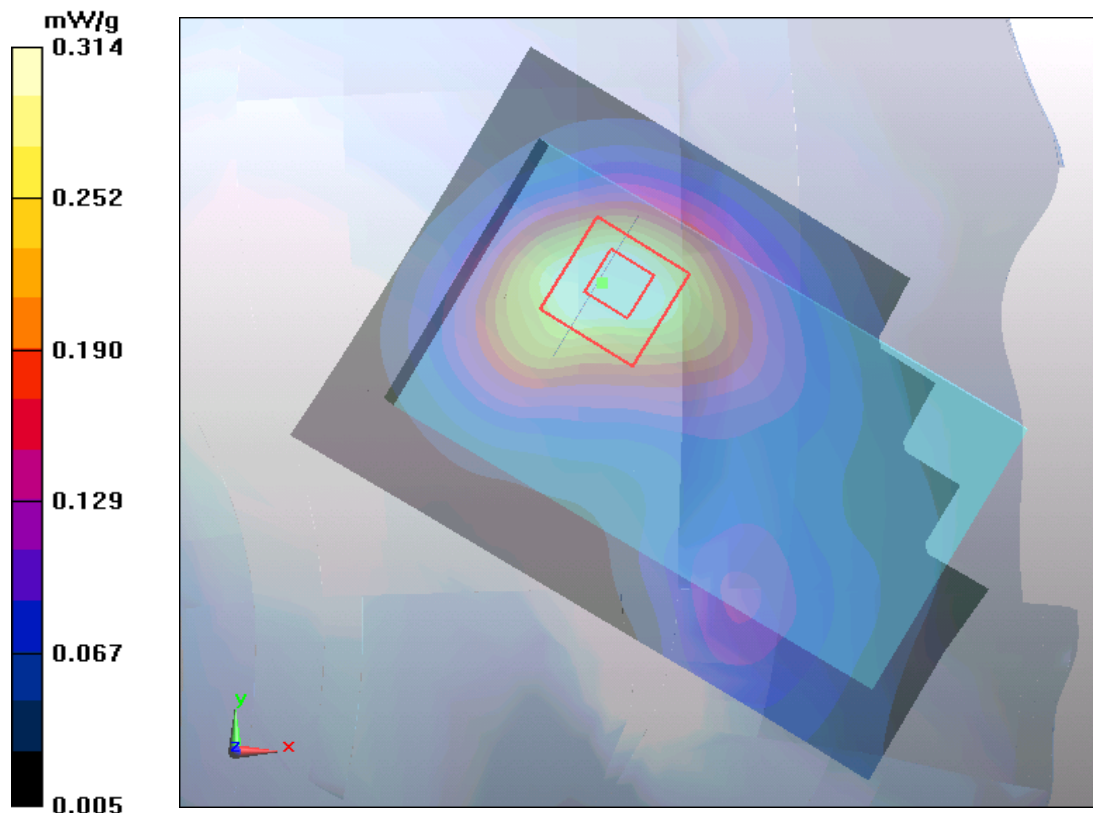


Figure 70 Left Hand Tilt 15° WCDMA Band IV Channel 1513

WCDMA Band IV Left Tilt Middle (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/18/2012 11:12:46 PM

Communication System: WCDMA ; Frequency: 1732.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1732.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.33$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(8.37, 8.37, 8.37); Calibrated: 1/4/2012

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

WCDMA IV Left/Tilt Middle/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.379 mW/g

WCDMA IV Left/Tilt Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.073 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.486 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.328 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.208 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.347 mW/g

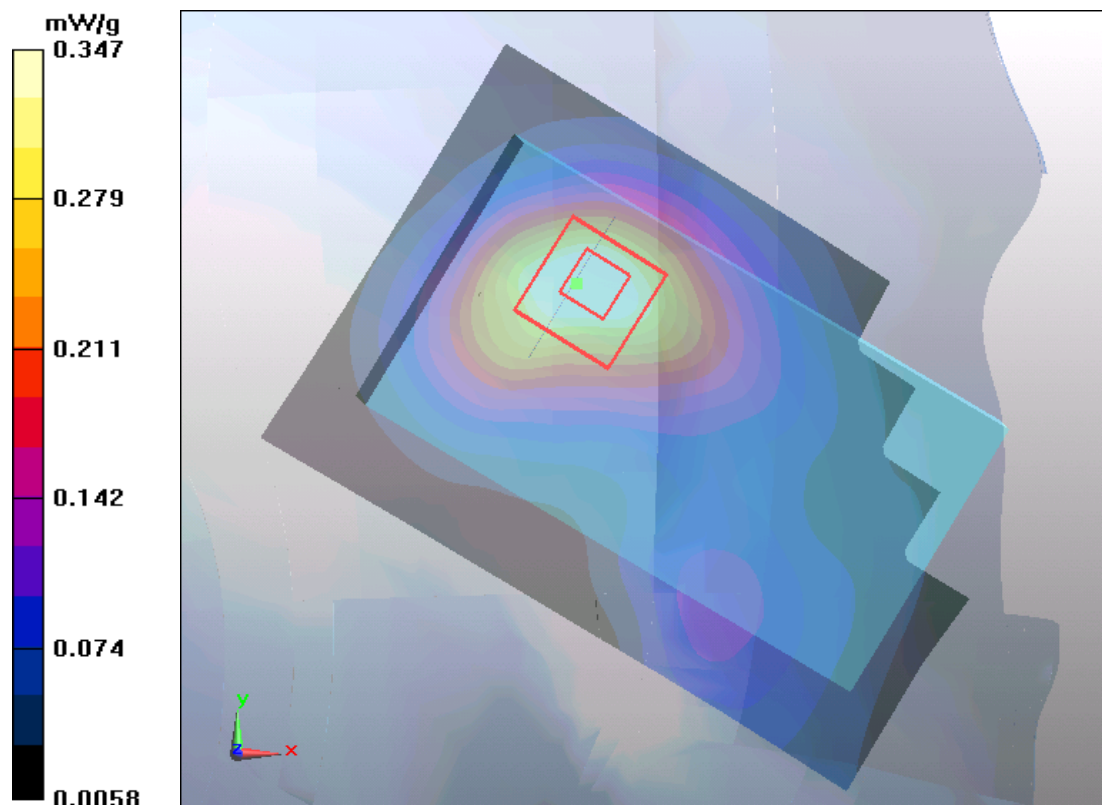


Figure 71 Left Hand Tilt 15° WCDMA Band IV Channel 1413

WCDMA Band IV Left Tilt Low (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/18/2012 11:29:16 PM

Communication System: WCDMA ; Frequency: 1712.4 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1712.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.31$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature:22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(8.37, 8.37, 8.37); Calibrated: 1/4/2012

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

WCDMA IV Left/Tilt Low/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.309 mW/g

WCDMA IV Left/Tilt Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm,

dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.068 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.401 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.272 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.174 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.287 mW/g

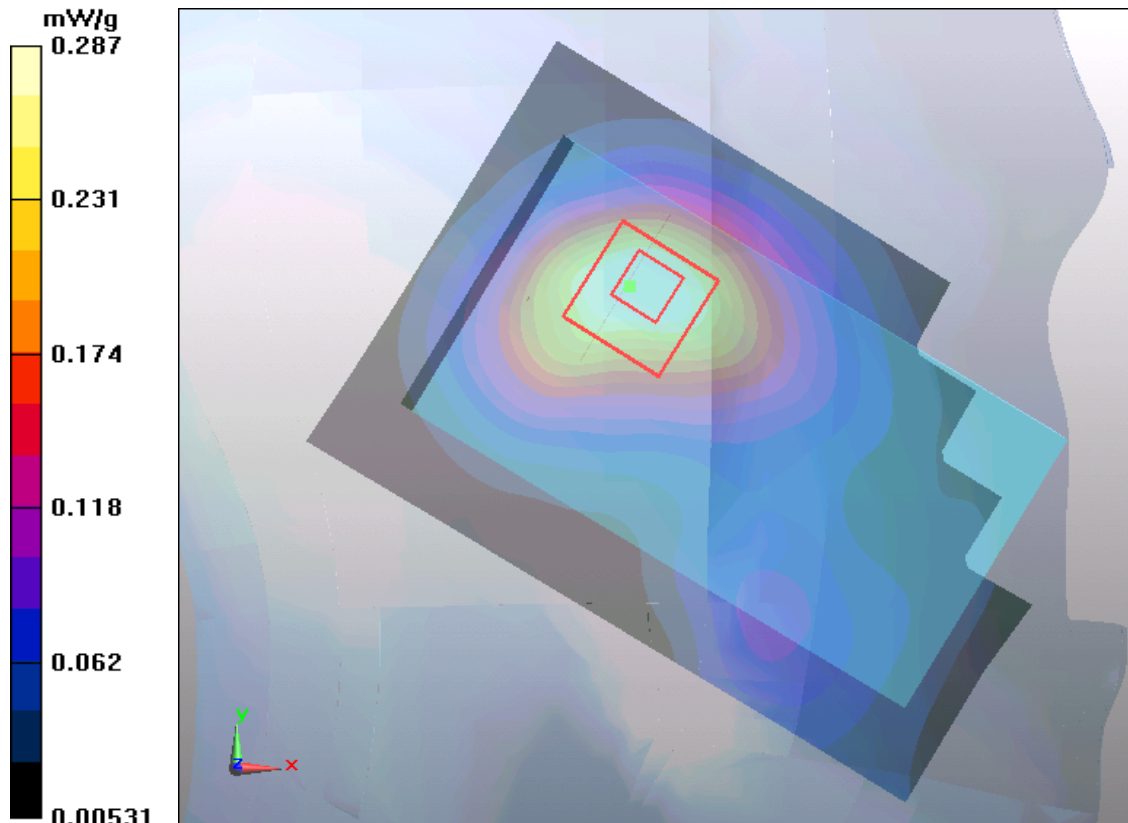


Figure 72 Left Hand Tilt 15° WCDMA Band IV Channel 1312

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WCDMA Band IV Right Cheek High (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/18/2012 11:50:12 PM

Communication System: WCDMA ; Frequency: 1752.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1752.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.35$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(8.37, 8.37, 8.37); Calibrated: 1/4/2012

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

WCDMA IV Right/Cheek High/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.840 mW/g

WCDMA IV Right/Cheek High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.44 V/m; Power Drift = 0.069 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.932 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.559 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.353 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.676 mW/g

WCDMA IV Right/Cheek High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.44 V/m; Power Drift = 0.069 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.14 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.764 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.464 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.833 mW/g

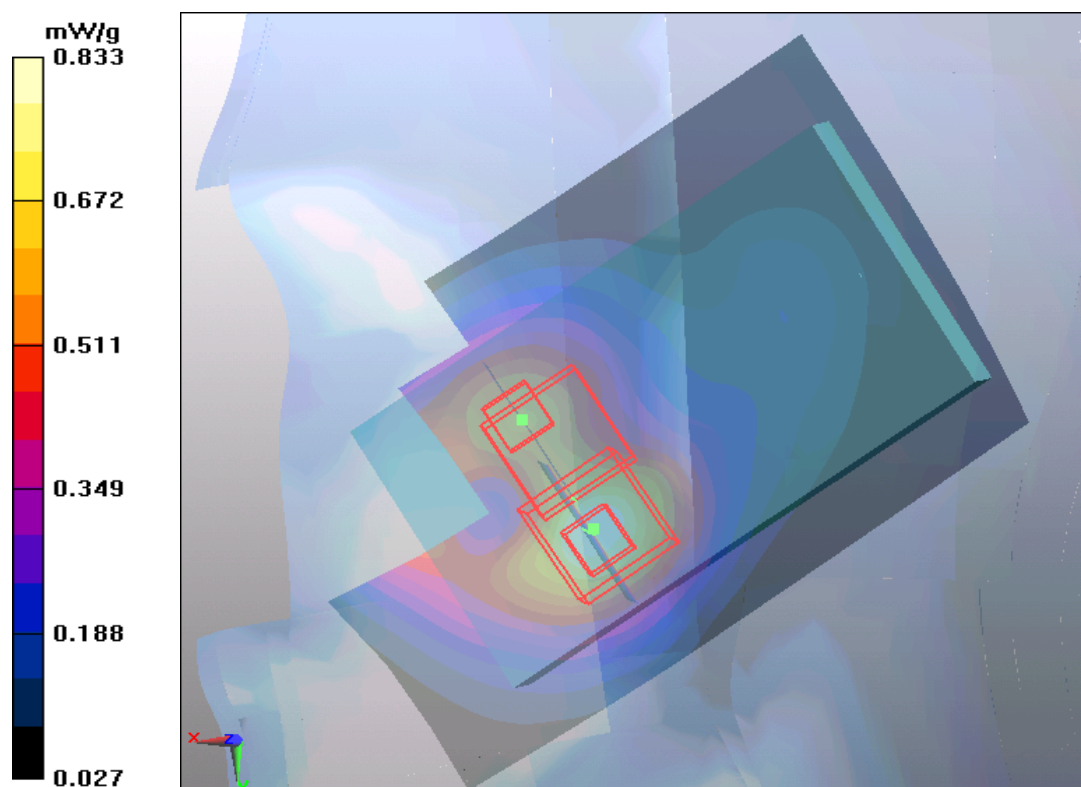


Figure 73 Right Hand Touch Cheek WCDMA Band IV Channel 1513

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WCDMA Band IV Right Cheek Middle (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/19/2012 12:17:40 AM

Communication System: WCDMA ; Frequency: 1732.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1732.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.33$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(8.37, 8.37, 8.37); Calibrated: 1/4/2012

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

WCDMA IV Right/Cheek Middle /Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.876 mW/g

WCDMA IV Right/Cheek Middle /Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.83 V/m; Power Drift = 0.022 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.967 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.584 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.369 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.694 mW/g

WCDMA IV Right/Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.83 V/m; Power Drift = 0.022 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.18 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.797 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.486 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.866 mW/g

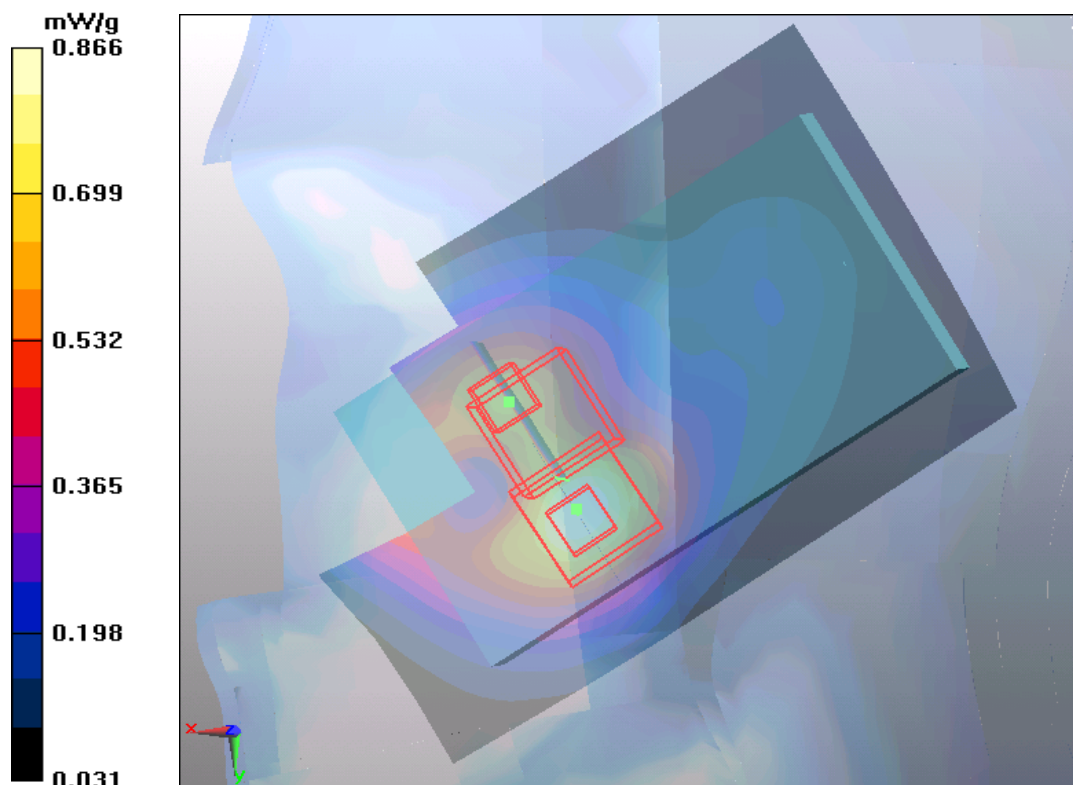


Figure 74 Right Hand Touch Cheek WCDMA Band IV Channel 1413

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WCDMA Band IV Right Cheek Low (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/19/2012 12:52:20 AM

Communication System: WCDMA ; Frequency: 1712.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1712.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.31$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(8.37, 8.37, 8.37); Calibrated: 1/4/2012

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

WCDMA IV Right/Cheek Low 2/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.761 mW/g

WCDMA IV Right/Cheek Low 2/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.72 V/m; Power Drift = 0.069 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.834 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.514 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.326 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.607 mW/g

WCDMA IV Right/Cheek Low 2/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.72 V/m; Power Drift = 0.069 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.02 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.694 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.427 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.755 mW/g

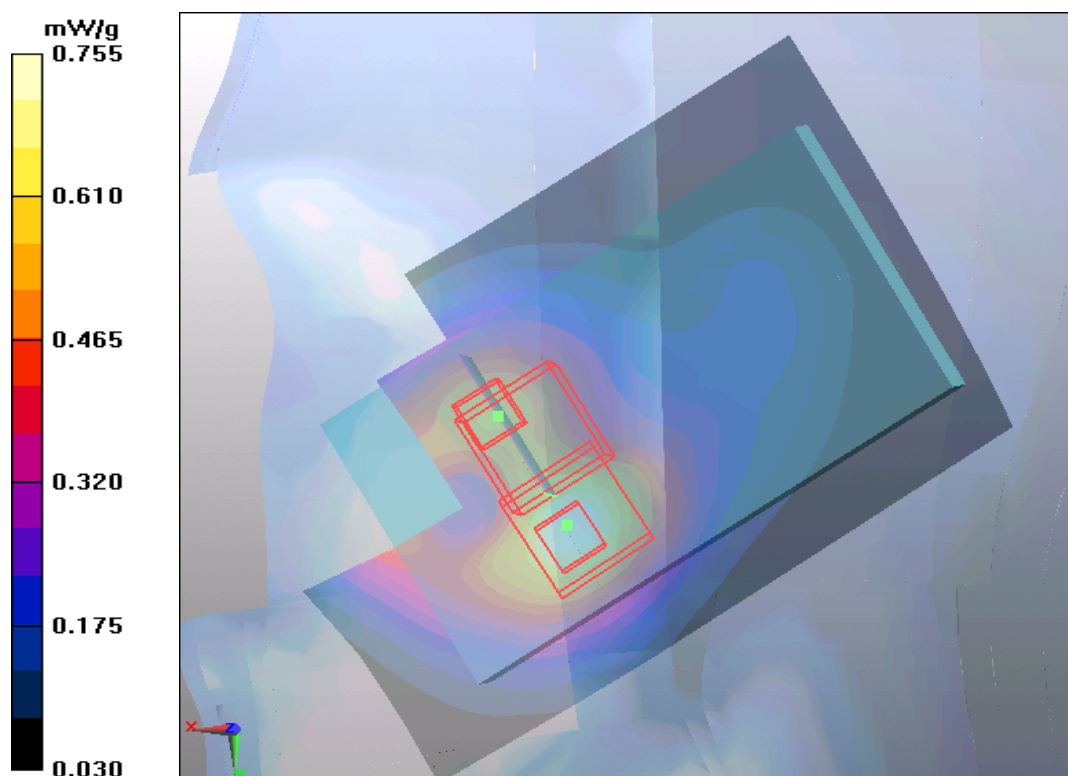


Figure 75 Right Hand Touch Cheek WCDMA Band IV Channel 1312

WCDMA Band IV Right Tilt High (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/18/2012 6:29:43 PM

Communication System: WCDMA ; Frequency: 1752.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1752.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.35$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(8.37, 8.37, 8.37); Calibrated: 1/4/2012

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

WCDMA IV Right/Tilt High/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.309 mW/g

WCDMA IV Right/Tilt High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.030 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.406 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.267 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.166 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.282 mW/g

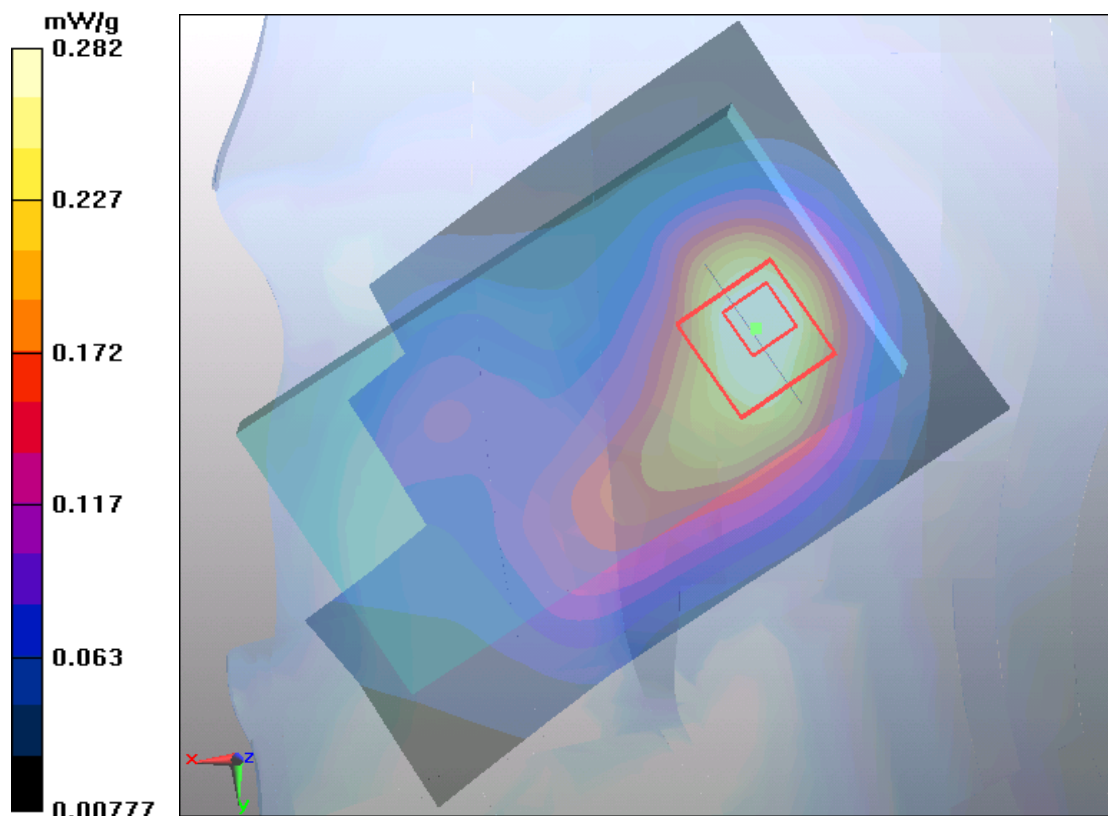


Figure 76 Right Hand Tilt 15° WCDMA Band IV Channel 1513

WCDMA Band IV Right Tilt Middle (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/18/2012 6:12:34 PM

Communication System: WCDMA ; Frequency: 1732.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1732.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.33$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(8.37, 8.37, 8.37); Calibrated: 1/4/2012

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

WCDMA IV Right/Tilt Middle/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.312 mW/g

WCDMA IV Right/Tilt Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.029 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.415 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.276 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.173 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.293 mW/g

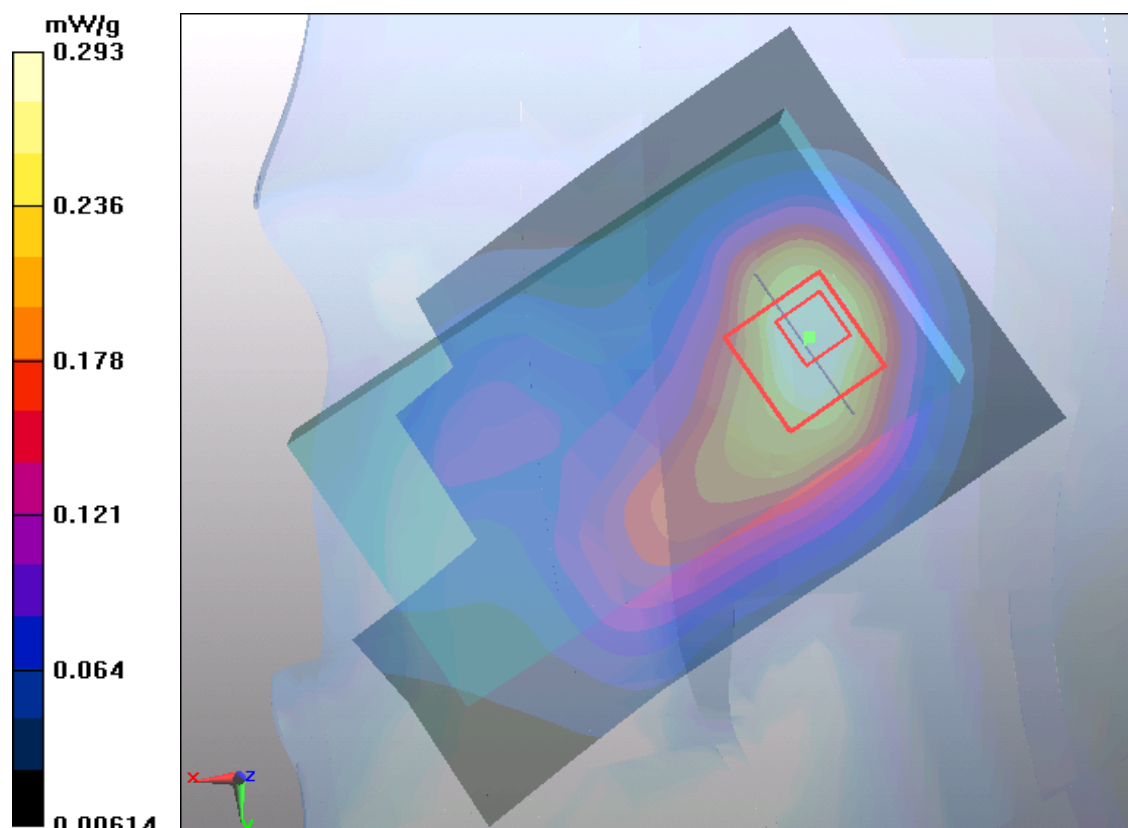


Figure 77 Right Hand Tilt 15° WCDMA Band IV Channel 1413

WCDMA Band IV Right Tilt Low (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/18/2012 5:32:11 PM

Communication System: WCDMA ; Frequency: 1712.4 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1712.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.31$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature:22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(8.37, 8.37, 8.37); Calibrated: 1/4/2012

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

WCDMA IV Right/Tilt Low/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.277 mW/g

WCDMA IV Right/Tilt Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.076 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.373 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.245 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.153 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.255 mW/g

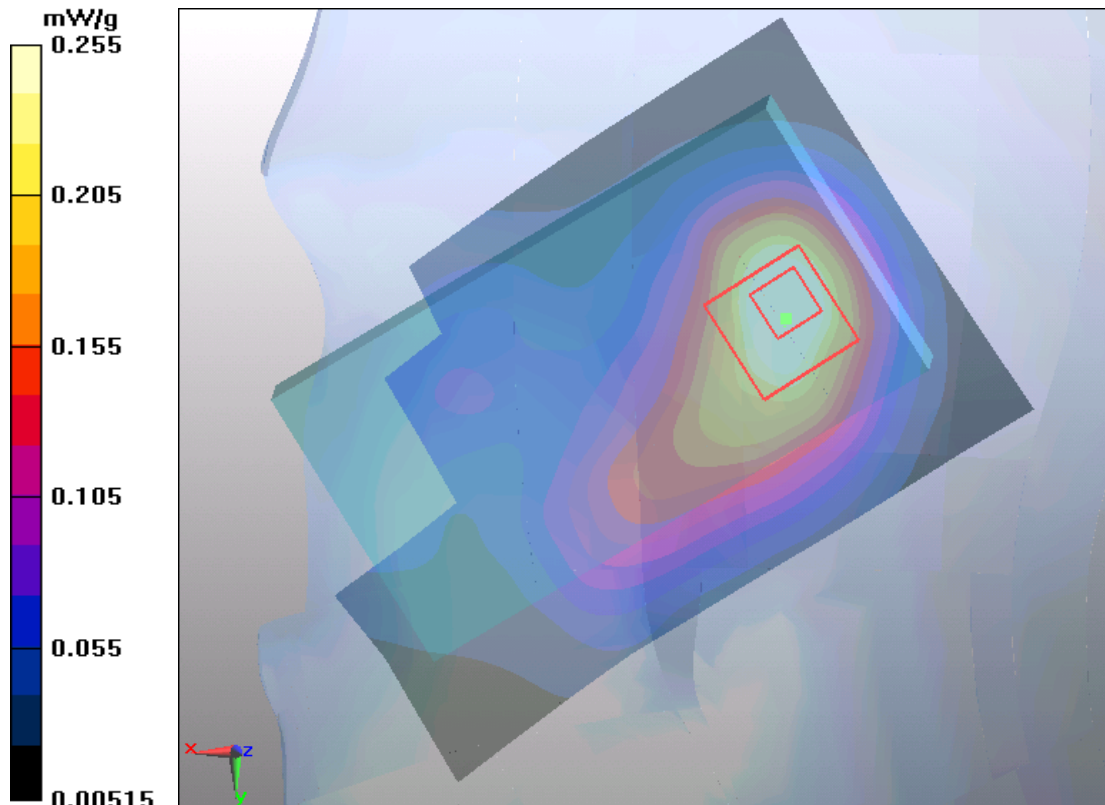


Figure 78 Right Hand Tilt 15° WCDMA Band IV Channel 1312

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WCDMA Band IV Left Cheek Low (Battery 2)

Date/Time: 4/20/2012 2:43:18 PM

Communication System: WCDMA ; Frequency: 1712.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1712.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.36$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(8.37, 8.37, 8.37); Calibrated: 1/4/2012

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

WCDMA IV Left/Cheek Low/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.836 mW/g

WCDMA IV Left/Cheek Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.85 V/m; Power Drift = 0.041 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.34 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.785 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.440 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.852 mW/g

WCDMA IV Left/Cheek Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.85 V/m; Power Drift = 0.041 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.822 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.521 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.344 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.561 mW/g

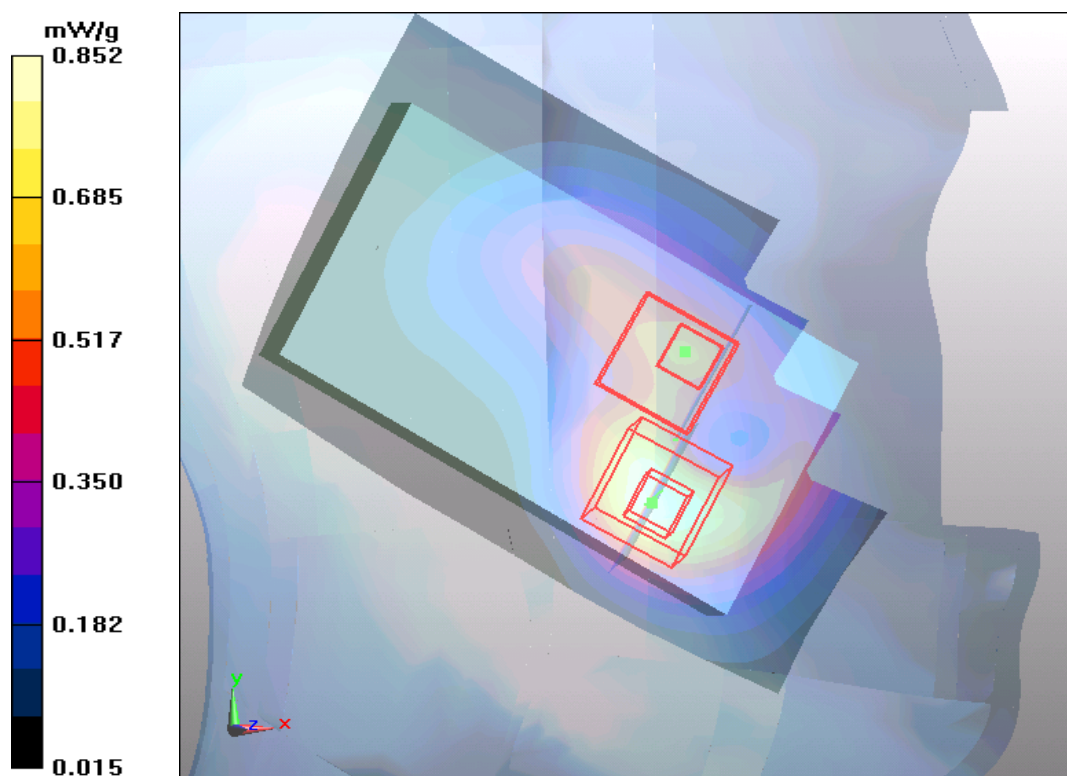


Figure 79 Left Hand Touch Cheek WCDMA Band IV Channel 1312

WCDMA Band IV Back Side High (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/20/2012 11:47:12 AM

Communication System: WCDMA ; Frequency: 1752.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1752.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.48$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature:22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(8, 8, 8); Calibrated: 1/4/2012

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

WCDMA IV Back Side 10mm/Towards Ground High/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid:

dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.757 mW/g

WCDMA IV Back Side 10mm/Towards Ground High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

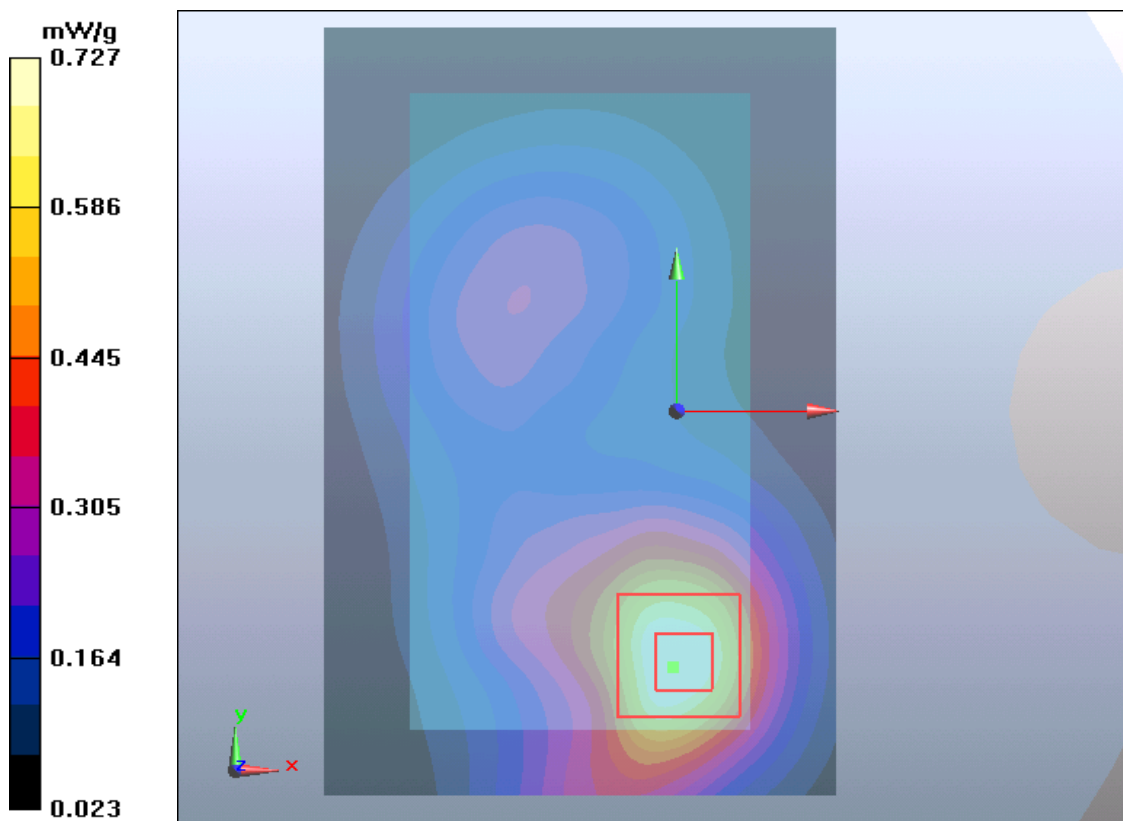
grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.139 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.14 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.682 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.393 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.727 mW/g



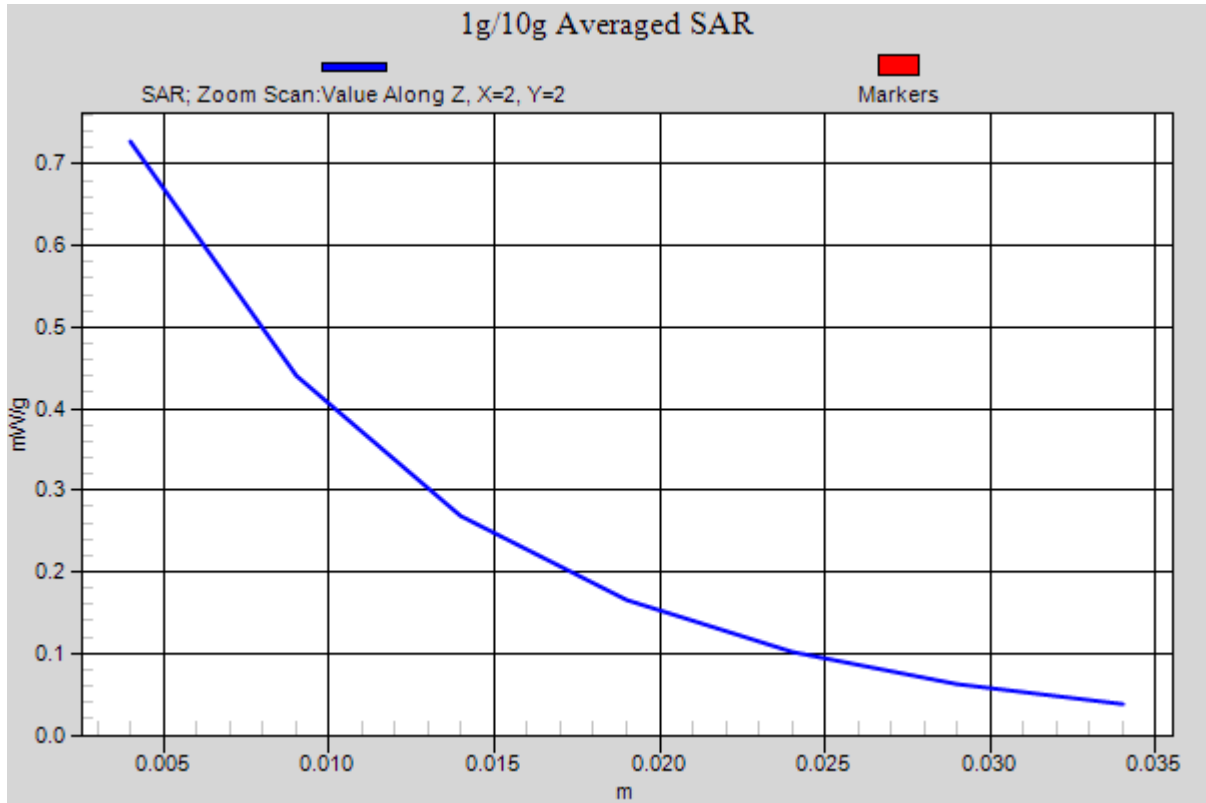


Figure 80 Body, Back Side, WCDMA Band IV Channel 1513

WCDMA Band IV Back Side Middle (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/20/2012 1:08:52 PM

Communication System: WCDMA ; Frequency: 1732.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1732.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.46$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(8, 8, 8); Calibrated: 1/4/2012

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

WCDMA IV Back Side 10mm/Towards Ground Middle/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid:

$dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.708 mW/g

WCDMA IV Back Side 10mm/Towards Ground Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 12.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.078 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.08 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.652 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.380 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.715 mW/g

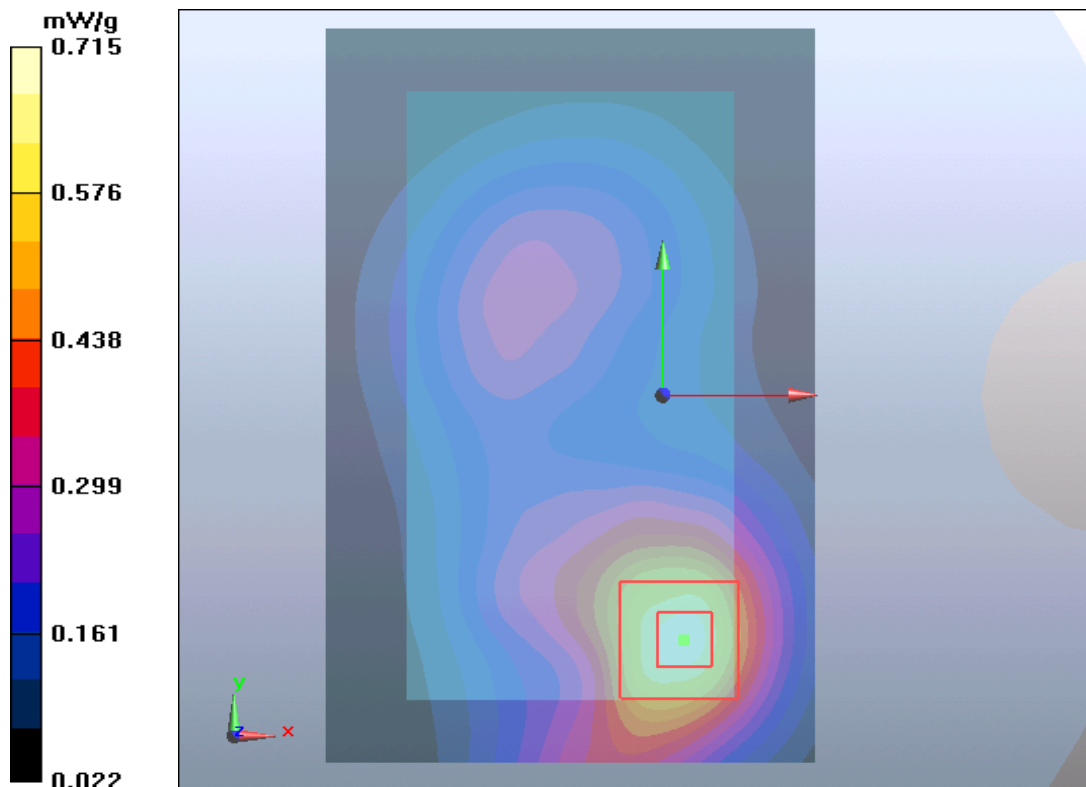


Figure 81 Body, Back Side, WCDMA Band IV Channel 1413

WCDMA Band IV Back Side Low (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/20/2012 1:23:51 PM

Communication System: WCDMA ; Frequency: 1712.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1712.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.44$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(8, 8, 8); Calibrated: 1/4/2012

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

WCDMA IV Back Side 10mm/Towards Ground Low/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid:

$dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.627 mW/g

WCDMA IV Back Side 10mm/Towards Ground Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 12.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.052 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.938 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.572 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.334 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.626 mW/g

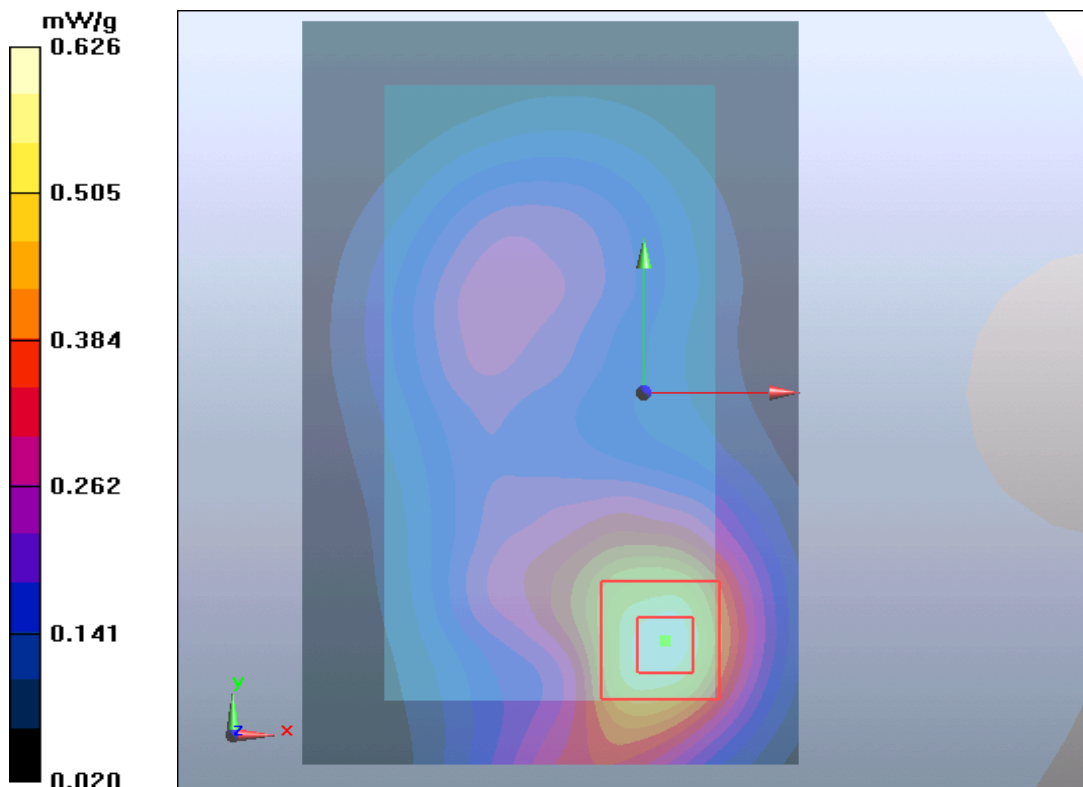


Figure 82 Body, Back Side, WCDMA Band IV Channel 1312

WCDMA Band IV Front Side High (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/20/2012 12:04:25 PM

Communication System: WCDMA ; Frequency: 1752.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1752.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.48$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(8, 8, 8); Calibrated: 1/4/2012

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

WCDMA IV Front Side 10mm/Towards Ground High/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid:

$dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.730 mW/g

WCDMA IV Front Side 10mm/Towards Ground High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 11.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.015 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.07 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.640 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.379 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.684 mW/g

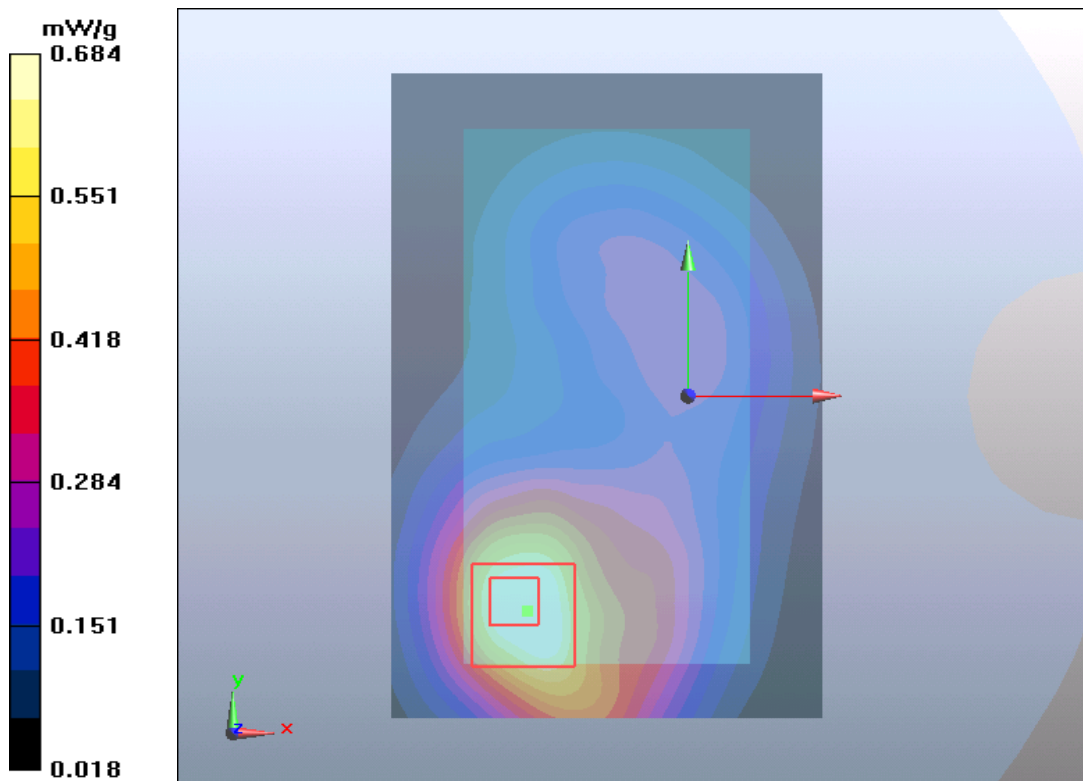


Figure 83 Body, Front Side, WCDMA Band IV Channel 1513

WCDMA Band IV Left Edge High (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/20/2012 12:23:38 PM

Communication System: WCDMA ; Frequency: 1752.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1752.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.48$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(8, 8, 8); Calibrated: 1/4/2012

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

WCDMA IV Left Side 10mm/Towards Ground High/Area Scan (31x91x1): Measurement grid:

$dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.291 mW/g

WCDMA IV Left Side 10mm/Towards Ground High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 10.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.038 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.384 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.236 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.138 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.258 mW/g

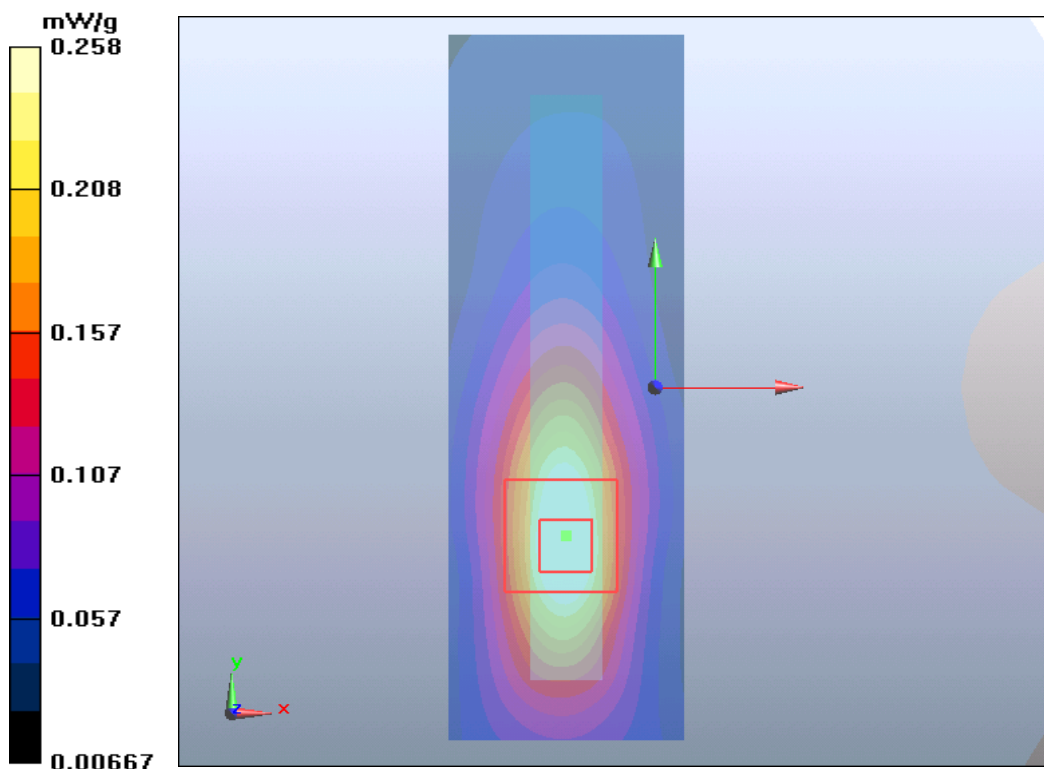


Figure 84 Body, Left Edge, WCDMA Band IV Channel 1513

WCDMA Band IV Right Edge High (Battery 1)

Date/Time: 4/20/2012 12:36:19 PM

Communication System: WCDMA ; Frequency: 1752.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1752.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.48$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature:22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3753; ConvF(8, 8, 8); Calibrated: 1/4/2012

Electronics: DAE4 Sn871; Calibrated: 11/22/2011

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

WCDMA IV Right Side 10mm/Towards Ground High/Area Scan (31x91x1): Measurement grid:

dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.230 mW/g

WCDMA IV Right Side 10mm/Towards Ground High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.042 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.316 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.203 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.122 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.221 mW/g

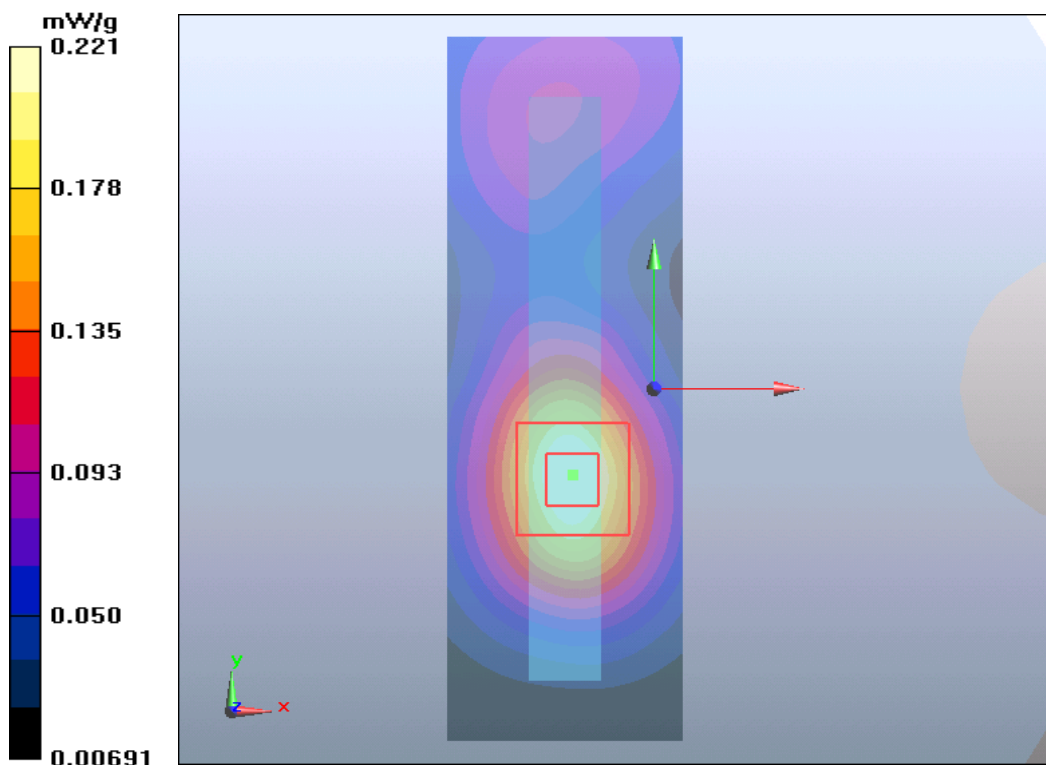


Figure 85 Body, Right Edge, WCDMA Band IV Channel 1513