

HCT CO., LTD.



105-1, Jangam-ri, Majang-myeon, Icheon-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea 467-811

TEL: +82 31 645 64851 FAX: +82 31 645 6401 www.hct.co.kr

HAC RF Emission TEST REPORT

TCT MOBILE LIMITED

5F, E Building, No.232, Liang Jing Road,
ZhangJiang High-Tech Park, Pudong Area

Date of Issue: Sep. 14, 2011
Test Report No.: HCTA1109FM03
Test Site: HCT CO., LTD.

FCC ID: RAD209

APPLICANT: TCT MOBILE LIMITED

Application Type	Certification
EUT Type	PCS CDMA Phone with Bluetooth/WLAN
Tx Frequency	1 851.25 – 1 908.75 MHz (PCS CDMA)
Maximum Conducted Power (HAC)	0.282 W PCS CDMA (24.5 dBm)
Trade Name/Model(s)	TCT MOBILE LIMITED / JukeB
FCC Classification	Licensed Portable Transmitter Held to Ear (PCE)
FCC Rule Part(s)	§20.19
HAC Standard	ANSI C63.19-2007

Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M4

This wireless portable device has been shown to be hearing-aid compatible under the above rated category, specified in ANSI/IEEE Std. C63.19-2007 and had been tested in accordance with the specified measurement procedures. Hearing-Aid Compatibility is based on the assumption that all production units will be designed electrically identical to the device tested in this report.

I attest to the accuracy of data. All measurements reported herein were performed by me or were made under my supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements and vouch for the qualifications of all persons taking them.

HCT Co., Ltd. Certifies that no party to this application has been denied FCC benefits pursuant to section 5301 of the Anti- Drug Abuse Act of 1998, 21 U.S. C. 862.

Report prepared by
: Young-Soo Jang
Test Engineer of SAR Part

Approved by
: Jae-Sang So
Manager of SAR Part

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1. APPLICANT / EUT DESCRIPTION

1.1 Applicant

- Company Name: TCT MOBILE LIMITED
- Attention: 5F, E Building, No.232, Liang Jing Road, ZhangJiang High-Tech Park, Pudong Area

1.2 EUT Description

- EUT Type: PCS CDMA Phone with Bluetooth/WLAN
- Trade Name: TCT MOBILE LIMITED
- Model(s): JukeB
- FCC ID: RAD209
- Serial Number(s): #1
- Tx Frequency: 1 851.25 – 1 908.75 MHz (PCS CDMA)
- FCC Classification: Licensed Portable Transmitter Held to Ear (PCE)
- FCC Rule Part(s): § 20.19(b); §6.3(v), §7.3(v)
- Modulation(s): PCS1900
- Antenna Type: Intenna
- Date(s) of Tests: Sep. 08,2011
- Place of Tests: HCT CO., LTD.
Icheon, Kyoung ki-Do, KOREA
- Report Serial No.: HCTA1109FM03
- Max E-Field Emission: PCS 25ch, 1 851.25 MHz = 35.4 dBV/m (M4)
- Max H-Field Emission: : PCS 600ch, 1 880.00 MHz = -18.7 dBA/m (M4)

Air-Interface	Band (MHz)	Type	C63.19-2007	Simultaneous Transmissions Note: Not to be tested	Reduced Power 20.19(C)(1)	Voice Over Digital Transport(Data)
CDMA	PCS1900	VO	Yes	Yes: BT, WIFI	NA	NA
	EVDO Rev.0	DT	NA	Y: BT, WIFI	NA	NA
WIFI	2450	DT	NA	Yes: PCS	NA	Yes
BT	2450	DT	NA	Yes: PCS	NA	NA

VO Voice CMRS/PSTN Service Only
V/D Voice CMRS /PSTN and Data Service
DT Digital Transport

* HAC Rating was not based on concurrent voice and data modes,
Non current mode was found to represent worst case rating,
for both M and T rating

2. HAC MEASUREMENT SET-UP

These measurements are performed using the DASY4 automated dosimetric assessment system. It is made by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Zurich, Switzerland. It consists of high precision robotics system (Staubli), robot controller, Pentium IV computer, near-field probe, probe alignment sensor. The robot is a six-axis industrial robot performing precise movements.

A cell controller system contains the power supply, robot controller, teach pendant (Joystick), and remote control, is used to drive the robot motors. The PC consists of the HP Pentium IV 3.0 GHz computer with Windows XP system and HAC Measurement Software DASY4, A/D interface card, monitor, mouse, and keyboard. The Staubli Robot is connected to the cell controller to allow software manipulation of the robot. A data acquisition electronic (DAE) circuit performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (EOC). The EOC performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC plug-in card.

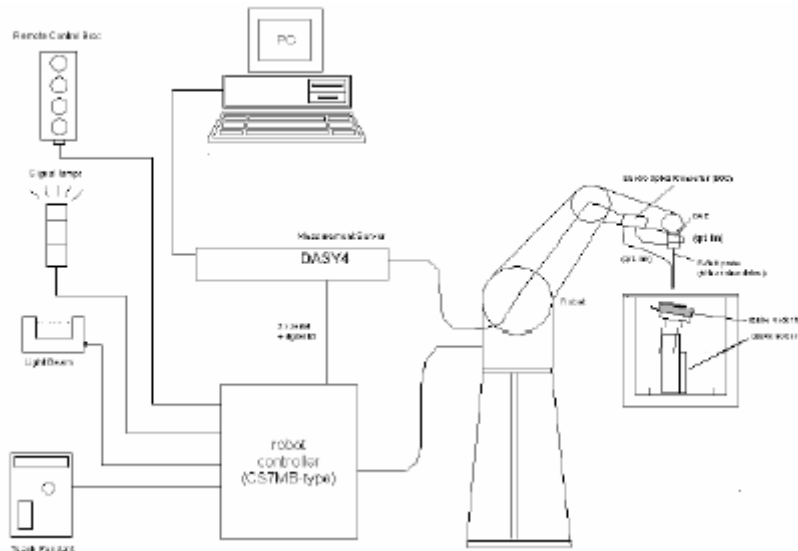



Figure 1. HAC Test Measurement Set-up

The DAE4 consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the PC-card is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information and an optical uplink for commands and clock lines. The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sidewise probe contacts. They are also used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The robot uses its own controller with a built in VME-bus computer.


3. SYSTEM SPECIFICATIONS

3.1 Probe

3.1.1 E-Field Probe Description

Construction	One dipole parallel, two dipoles normal to probe axis Built-in shielding against static charges	 <p>[E-Field Probe]</p>
Calibration	In air from 100 MHz to 3.0 GHz (absolute accuracy $\pm 6.0\%$, $k = 2$)	
Frequency	100 MHz to > 6 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (100 MHz to 3 GHz)	
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in air (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.4 dB in air (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	2 V/m to > 1000 V/m (M3 or better device readings fall well below diode compression point)	
Linearity	± 0.2 dB	
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 16 mm) Tip diameter: 8 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.5 mm	

3.1.2 H-Field Probe Description

Construction	Three concentric loop sensors with 3.8 mm loop diameters resistively loaded detector diodes for linear response Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., glycoether)	 <p>[H-Field Probe]</p>
Frequency	200 MHz to > 3 GHz (absolute accuracy $\pm 6.0\%$, $k = 2$); Output linearized	
Directivity	± 0.25 dB (spherical isotropy error)	
Dynamic Range	10 mA/m to 2 A/m at 1 GHz	
E-Field Interference	< 10 % at 3 GHz (for plane wave)	
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 40 mm) Tip diameter: 6 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 3 mm The closest part of the sensor element is 1.9 mm closer to the tip	

3.2 Phantom & Device Holder

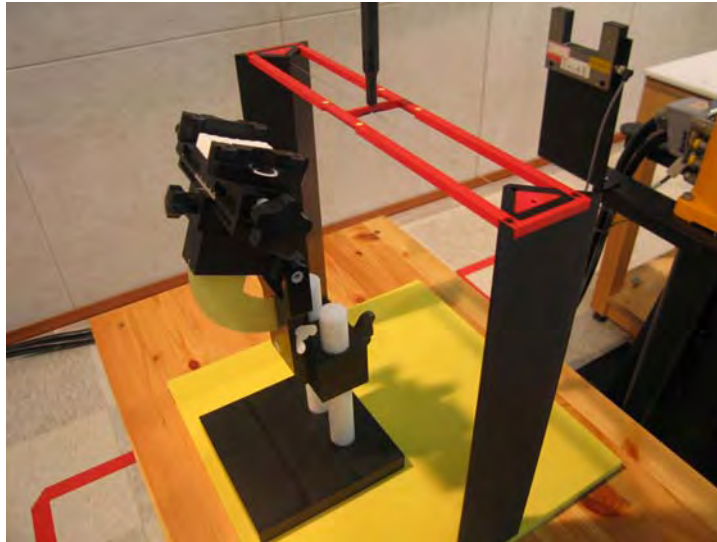


Figure 2. HAC Phantom & Device Holder

The Test Arch phantom should be positioned horizontally on a stable surface. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot.

The devices can be easily, accurately, and repeatably positioned according to the FCC specifications.

3.3 Robotic System Specifications

Specifications	
POSITIONER:	Stäubli Unimation Corp. Robot Model: RX90LB
Repeatability:	0.02 mm
No. of axis:	6
Data Acquisition Electronic (DAE) System	
Cell Controller	
Processor:	Pentium IV
Clock Speed:	3.0 GHz
Operating System:	Windows XP
Data Card:	DASY4 PC-Board
Data Converter	
Features:	Signal Amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter, and control logic
Software:	DASY4 software
Connecting Lines:	Optical downlink for data and status info. Optical uplink for commands and clock
PC Interface Card	
Function:	24 bit (64 MHz) DSP for real time processing Link to DAE 16 bit A/D converter for surface detection system serial link to robot direct emergency stop output for robot

4. EUT ARRANGEMENT

4.1 WD RF Emission Measurements Reference and Plane

Figure 3. Illustrate the references and reference plane that shall be used in the WD emissions measurement.

- The grid is 5 cm by 5 cm area that is divided into 9 evenly sized blocks or sub-grids.
- The grid is centered on the audio frequency output transducer of the WD (speaker or T-coil).
- The grid is in a reference plane, which is defined as the planar area that contains the highest point in the area of the phone that normally rests against the user's ear. It is parallel to the centerline of the receiver area of the phone and is defined by the points of the receiver-end of the WD handset, which, in normal handset use, rest against the ear.
- The measurement plane is parallel to, and 1.5 cm in front of, the reference plane.



Figure 3. WD reference and plane for RF emission measurements

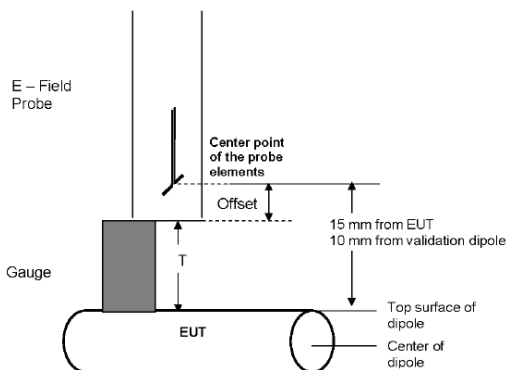


Figure 4. Gauge Block with E-Field Probe

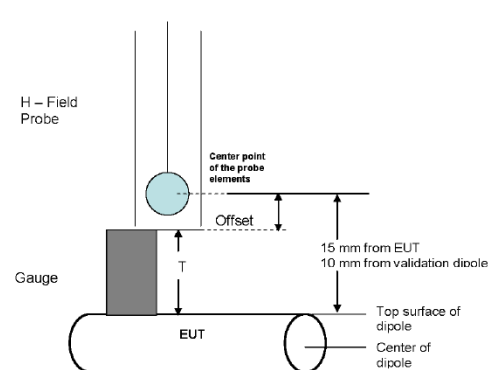


Figure 5. Gauge Block with H-Field Probe

5. SYSTEM VALIDATION

The test setup was validated when configured and verified periodically thereafter to ensure proper function. The procedure is a validation procedure using dipole antennas for which the field levels were computed by FDTD modeling.

5.1 Validation Procedure

Place a dipole antenna meeting the requirements given in ANSI-C63.19 in the position normally occupied by the WD. The dipole antenna serves as a known source for an electrical and magnetic output. Position the E-field and H-field probes so that:

- the probes and their cables are parallel to the coaxial feed of the dipole antenna
- the probe cables and the coaxial feed of the dipole antenna approach the measurement area from opposite directions; and
- the probes are 10 mm from the surface of the dipole elements.

Scan the length of the dipole with both E-field and H-field probes and record the maximum values for each. Compare the readings to expected values.

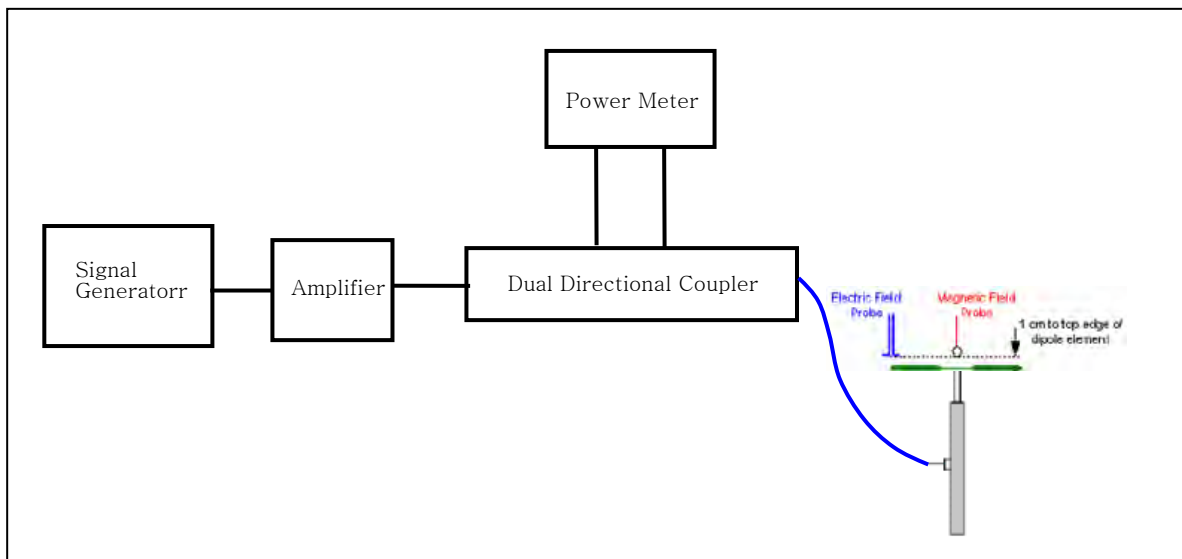


Figure 6. Dipole Validation SET-UP

5.2 Validation Result

5.2.1 E-Field Scan

Mode	Freq. [MHz]	Input Power [dBm]	Measured Value [V/m]	Target Value [V/m] SPEAG	Deviation [%]	Limit [%]
CW	1 880	20	142.05	142.15	+ 0.07	± 25

5.2.2 H-Field Scan

Mode	Freq. [MHz]	Input Power [dBm]	Measured Value [A/m]	Target Value [A/m] SPEAG	Deviation [%]	Limit [%]
CW	1 880	20	0.455	0.475	- 3.37	± 25

Notes:

- 1) Deviation (%) = 100 * (Measured value minus Target value) divided by Target value.
ANSI-C63.19 requires values to be within 25 % of their targets. 12 % is deviation and 13 % is measurement uncertainty.
- 2) The maximum E-field or H-field were evaluated and compared to the target values provided by SPEAG in the calibration certificate of specific dipoles.
- 3) Please refer to the attachment for detailed measurement data and plot.

6. Probe Modulation Factor

A calibration was made of the modulation response of the probe and its instrumentation chain. This calibration was performed with the field probe, attached to its instrumentation. The response of the probe system to a CW field at the frequency of interest is compared to its response to a modulated signal with equal peak amplitude to that of a CW signal. The field level of the test signals are ensured to be more than 10 dB above the ambient level and the noise floor of the instrumentation being used. The ratio of the CW reading to that taken with a modulated reading was applied to the DUT measurements.

All voice modes for this device have been investigated in this section of the report. According to the FCC 3G Measurement Procedures, May 2006 for RF Emissions, variations in peak field and power readings.

This was done using the following procedure:

1. The probe was illuminated with a CW signal at the intended measurement frequency and wireless device power.
2. The probe was positioned at the field maxima over the dipole antenna (determined after an area scan over the dipole) illuminated with the CW signal.
3. The reading of the probe measurement system of the CW signal at the maximum point was recorded.
4. Using a Spectrum Analyzer, the modulated signal adjusted with the same peak level of the CW signal was determined.
5. The probe measurement system reading was recorded with the modulated signal. The appropriate system crest factors for the modulation type were configured in the software to the system measurements.
6. The ratio of the CW reading to modulated signal reading is the probe modulation factor (PMF) for the modulation and field probe combination. This was repeated for 80 % AM.
7. Steps 1-6 were repeated at all frequency bands and for both E and H field probes.

The modulation factors obtained were applied to readings taken of the actual wireless device, in order to obtain an accurate peak field reading using the formula:

$$\text{Peak} = 20 \cdot \log (\text{Raw} \cdot \text{PMF})$$

This method correlates well with the modulation using the DUT in the alternative substitution method.

See below for correlation of signal:

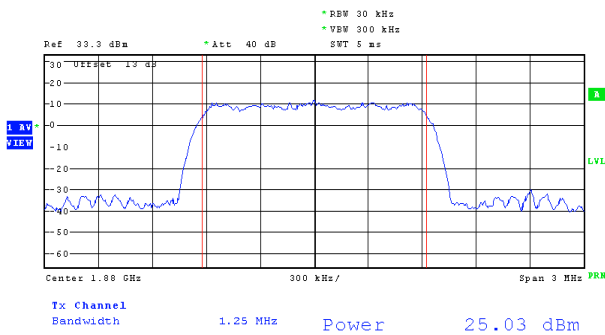


Figure. 7

Signal Generator Modulated Signal

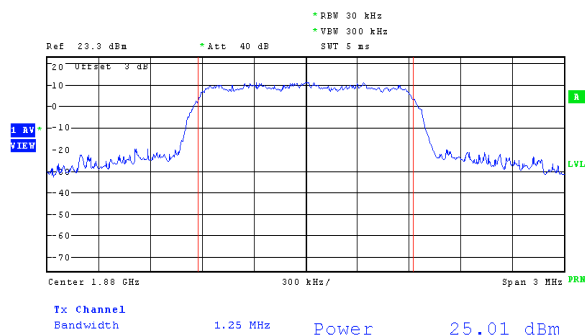


Figure. 8

Wireless Device Modulated Signal

6.2 Modulation Factor

6.2.1 E-Field(CDMA)

Mode	Freq. [MHz]	Input Power [dB]	E-Field measured value [V/m]	Probe Modulation Factor
CW	1 880	24.5	225.6	-
80 % AM		24.5	137.4	1.642
CDMA (Full Rate)		24.5	233.7	0.965
CDMA (1/8 Rate)		24.5	77.01	2.929

6.2.2 H-Field(CDMA)

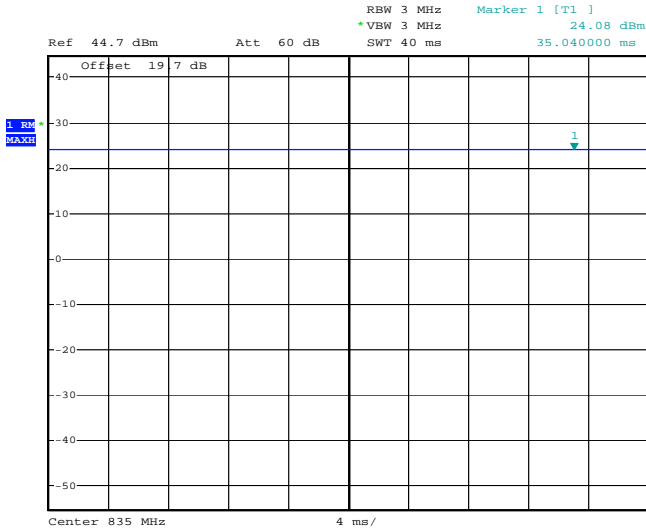
Mode	Freq. [MHz]	Input Power [dB]	H-Field measured value [A/m]	Probe Modulation Factor
CW	1 880	24.5	0.779	-
80 % AM		24.5	0.521	1.495
CDMA (Full Rate)		24.5	1.056	0.738
CDMA (1/8 Rate)		24.5	0.285	2.733

Notes:

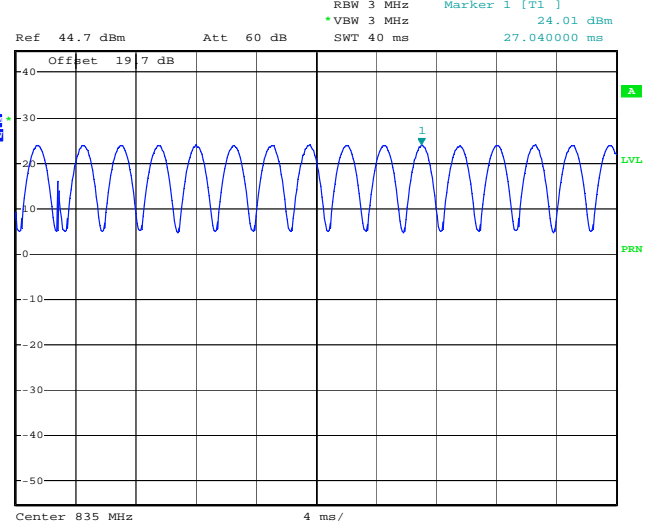
- 1) Modulation Factor = CW / WD_CDMA

6.2.5 PMF Peak Power Measurement Plots

Probe Modulation Factor (CW)

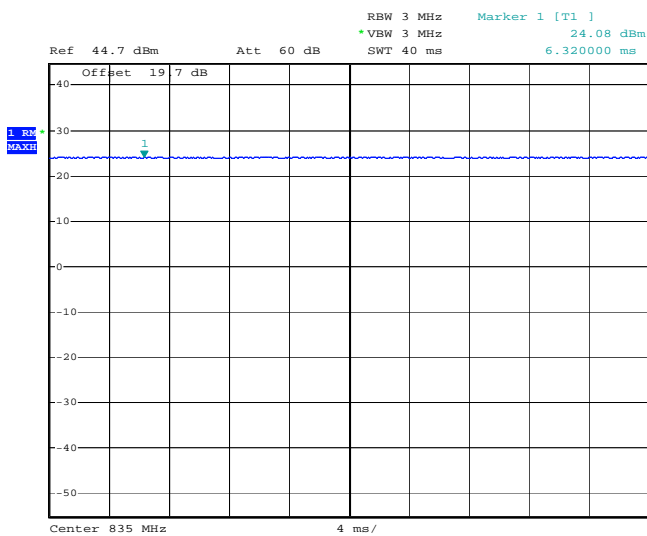


Probe Modulation Factor (AM 80 %)

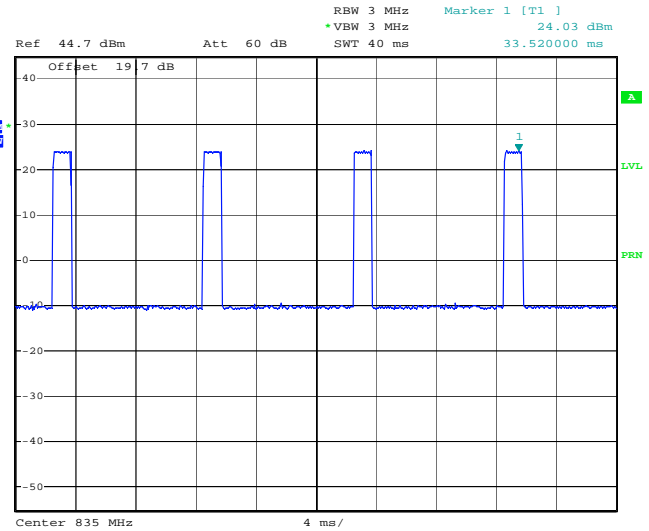


Date: 18.MAY.2007 19:22:24

Probe Modulation Factor (CDMA: full rate)



Probe Modulation Factor (CDMA: 1/8 rate)



Date: 18.MAY.2007 19:30:14

Date: 18.MAY.2007 19:38:05

Spectrum Analyzer Settings

- Input Power: 24.0 dBm
- RBW: 3 MHz
- Video Bandwidth: 3 MHz
- Span: Zero
- Sweep Time: 40 ms
- Detection: Peak detection (RMS)

7. FCC 3G MEASUREMENTS – MAY / JUNE 2006

Sample pre-testing of the various modes were performed at the worst case probe location as part of subset testing justification. See below for measured conducted power for applicable device modes:

7.1 Handset Measured Conducted Powers

Average Output Power Measurement for FCC ID: RAD209

Band	Channel	SO2	SO2	SO55	SO55	TDSO	1xEvDO	1xEvDO	1xEvDO	1xEvDO
		RC1/1	RC3/3	RC1/1	RC3/3	SO32	Rev.0	Rev.0	Rev.A	Rev.A
							(FTAP)	(RTAP)	(FETAP)	(RETAP)
PCS	25	24.70	24.81	24.66	24.46	24.78	24.52	24.64	24.55	24.59
	600	24.66	24.90	24.86	24.72	24.70	24.49	24.63	24.63	24.56
	1175	24.70	24.88	24.70	24.88	24.65	24.53	24.49	24.41	24.43

7.2 Worst-Case Probe Location Measurements

Below are RC/SO mode investigation results of the device at the worst-case (maximum) field point location.

The worst-case RC/SO was used for HAC testing.

Mode	Channel	Backlight	RC/SO	Battery	Antenna	Conducted Power [dBm]	Time Avg. Field [V/m]	Peak Field [dBV/m]	FCC Limit [dBV/m]	FCC MARGIN [dB]	RESULT
PCS	600	off	SO55/RC3	Standard	Intenna	24.72	61.21	35.4	41	-5.57	M4
PCS	600	on	SO55/RC3	Standard	Intenna	24.72	60.98	35.4	41	-5.61	M4
PCS	600	off	SO2/RC1	Standard	Intenna	24.66	61.12	35.4	41	-5.59	M4
PCS	600	off	SO3/RC1	Standard	Intenna	24.60	23.01	36.6	41	-4.43	M4
PCS	600	off	SO55/RC1	Standard	Intenna	24.86	60.88	35.4	41	-5.62	M4
PCS	600	off	SO9/RC2	Standard	Intenna	24.74	60.89	35.4	41	-5.62	M4
PCS	600	off	SO2/RC3	Standard	Intenna	24.90	60.94	35.4	41	-5.61	M4
PCS	600	off	SO3/RC3	Standard	Intenna	24.79	61.14	35.4	41	-5.58	M4

8. TEST PROCEDURE

Test Instructions

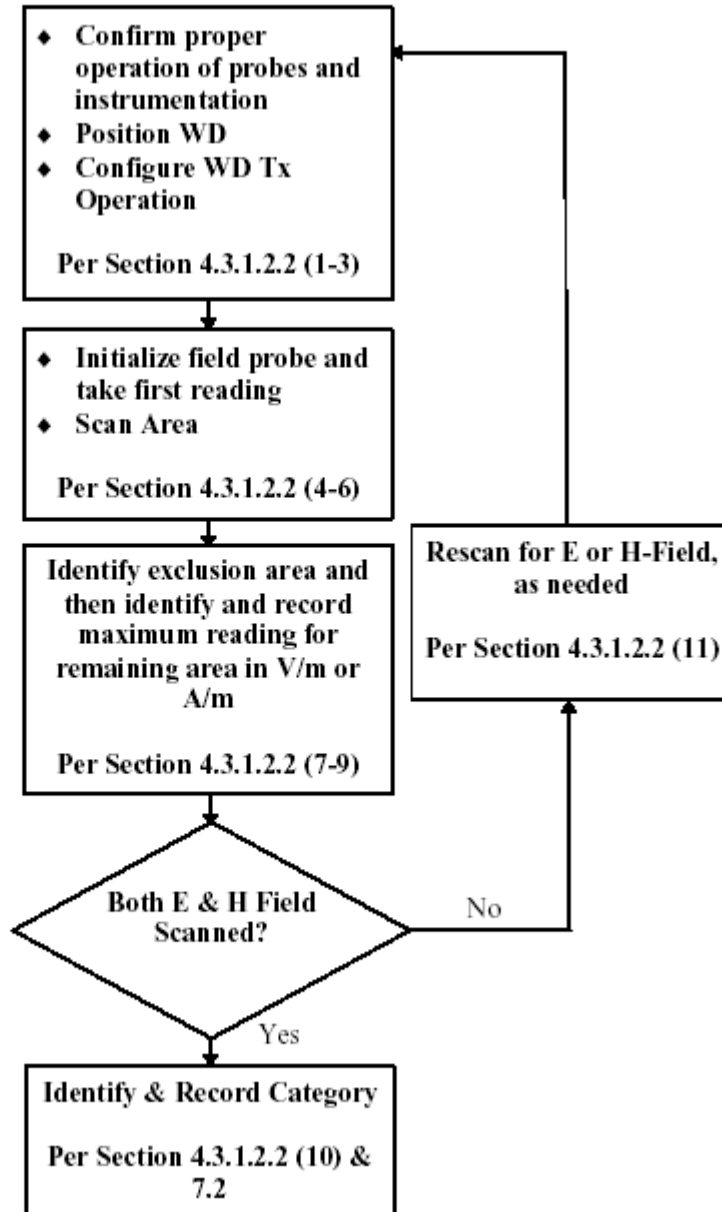


Figure 9. WD near-field emission automated test flowchart

The evaluation was performed with the following procedure:

1. Confirm proper operation of the field probe, probe measurement system and other instrumentation and the positioning system.
2. Position the WD in its intended test position. The measurement should be performed at a distance 1.5 cm from the probe elements so the gauge block can simplify this positioning.
3. Configure the WD normal operation for maximum rated RF output power, at the desired channel and other operating parameters, as intended for the test.
4. The center sub-grid shall be centered on the center of the WD output (acoustic or T-Coil output), as appropriate.
5. A Surface calibration was performed before each setup change to ensure repeatable spacing and proper maintenance of the measurement plane using the HAC Phantom.
6. Locate the field probe at reference location and measure the field strength.
7. Scan the entire 5 cm by 5 cm region at 5 mm increments and record the reading at each measurement point.
8. Identify the maximum field reading within the non-excluded sub-grids identified in Step 7.
9. Move the probe to the location of maximum scan measurement and then 360° rotating the probe to align it for the maximum reading at that position.
10. Locate the field probe at the reference location and measure the field strength for drift evaluation. If conducted power deviations of more than 5 % occurred, the tests were repeated.
11. Convert the maximum field strength reading identified in Step 8 to V/m or A/m, as appropriate. For probes which require a probe modulation factor, this conversion shall be done using the appropriate probe modulation.
12. Repeat Step 1 through Step 11 for both the E and H field measurements.

9. ANSI/IEEE C63.19 PERFORMANCE CATEGORIES

The EUT must meet the following M3 or M4 category:

Category	Telephone RF Parameters		
Near Field	AWF [dB]	E-Field Emissions dB [V/m]	H-Field Emissions dB [A/m]
Frequency < 960 MHz			
M1	0	56 to 61	+ 5.6 to + 10.6
	-5	53.5 to 58.5	+ 3.1 to + 8.1
M2	0	51 to 56	+ 0.6 to + 5.6
	-5	48.5 to 53.5	- 1.9 to + 3.1
M3	0	46 to 51	- 4.4 to + 0.6
	-5	43.5 to 48.5	- 6.9 to - 1.9
M4	0	< 46	< - 4.4
	-5	< 43.5	< - 6.9
Frequency > 960 MHz			
M1	0	46 to 51	- 4.4 to 0.6
	-5	43.5 to 48.5	- 6.9 to -1.9
M2	0	41 to 46	- 9.4 to - 4.4
	-5	38.5 to 43.5	-11.9 to - 6.9
M3	0	36 to 41	- 14.4 to - 9.4
	-5	33.5 to 38.5	- 16.9 to -11.9
M4	0	< 36	< - 14.4
	-5	< 33.5	< - 16.9

Table 1. Telephone near-field categories in linear units

10. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES

10.1 E-Field

HAC (E-Field) Uncertainty Budget [According to ANSI C63.19]										Note/ Comment
Error Description	Uncertainty [%]	Probability Distribution	Divisor	ci [E]	Standard Uncertainty [E]	Stand Uncert*2	(Stand Uncert*2) X (ci*2)	Vi & Veff		
Measurement system										
1	Probe Calibration	5.1 %	Normal	1.00	1	5.1 %	26.01	26.01	∞	
2	Axial Isotropy	4.7 %	Rectangular	1.73	1	2.7 %	7.36	7.36	∞	
3	Sensor Displacement	16.5 %	Rectangular	1.73	1	9.5 %	90.75	90.75	∞	
4	Boundary effect	2.4 %	Rectangular	1.73	1	1.4 %	1.92	1.92	∞	
5	Linearity	4.7 %	Rectangular	1.73	1	2.7 %	7.36	7.36	∞	
6	Scaling to peak Envelope Power	2.0 %	Rectangular	1.73	1	1.2 %	1.33	1.33	∞	
7	System Detection limits	1.0 %	Rectangular	1.73	1	0.6 %	0.33	0.33	∞	
8	Readout Electronics	0.3 %	Normal	1.00	1	0.3 %	0.09	0.09	∞	
9	Response time	0.8 %	Rectangular	1.73	1	0.5 %	0.21	0.21	∞	
10	Integration time	2.6 %	Rectangular	1.73	1	1.5 %	2.25	2.25	∞	
11	RF Ambient Conditions	3.0 %	Rectangular	1.73	1	1.7 %	3.00	3.00	∞	
12	RF Reflections	1.2 %	Rectangular	1.73	1	0.7 %	0.50	0.50	∞	
13	Probe positioner	1.2 %	Rectangular	1.73	1	0.7 %	0.48	0.48	∞	
14	Probe positioning	4.7 %	Rectangular	1.73	1	2.7 %	7.36	7.36	∞	
15	Extrap. And Interpolation	1.0 %	Rectangular	1.73	1	0.6 %	0.33	0.33	∞	
Test Sample Related										
16	Device Positioning Vertical	4.7 %	Rectangular	1.73	1	2.7 %	7.36	7.36	∞	
17	Device Positioning Lateral	1.0 %	Rectangular	1.73	1	0.6 %	0.33	0.33	∞	
18	Device Holder and Phantom	2.4 %	Rectangular	1.73	1	1.4 %	1.92	1.92	∞	
19	Test Sample	0.4 %	Normal	1.00	1	0.4 %	0.16	0.16	g	0.17 dB
20	Power drift	3.0 %	Rectangular	1.73	1	1.7 %	3.00	3.00	∞	
PMF Calculations										
21	Power Sensor	1.0 %	Rectangular	1.73	1	0.6 %	0.32	0.32	∞	
22	Dual Directional Coupler	1.0 %	Rectangular	1.73	1	0.6 %	0.32	0.32	∞	
Phantom and Setup Related										
23	Phantom Thickness	2.4 %	Rectangular	1.73	1	1.4 %	1.92	1.92	∞	
Combined standard Uncertainty [%]						12.8 %		164.64		0.523 dB
Expanded standard Uncertainty [k = 2 , Confidence 95 %]						25.7 %				0.993 dB

Table 2. Uncertainties (E-Field)

Notes:

1. Worst-Case uncertainty budget for HAC free field assessment according to ANSI-C 63.19[1]. The budget is valid for the frequency range 800 MHz-3 GHz and represents a worst-Case analysis. For specific test sand configurations, the uncertainty could be considerably smaller. Some of the parameters are dependent on the user situations and need adjustment according to the actual laboratory conditions.
2. * Uncertainty specifications from Schmidt & Partner Engineering AG (not site specific)

10.2 H-Field

HAC (H-Field) Uncertainty Budget [According to ANSI C63.19]										Note/ Comment
Error Description	Uncertainty [%]	Probability Distribution	Divisor	ci [H]	Standard Uncertainty [H]	Stand Uncert*2	(Stand Uncert*2) X (ci^2)	Vi & Veff		
Measurement system										
1	Probe Calibration	5.1 %	Normal	1.00	1	5.1 %	26.01	26.01	∞	
2	Axial Isotropy	4.7 %	Rectangular	1.73	1	2.7 %	7.36	7.36	∞	
3	Sensor Displacement	16.5 %	Rectangular	1.73	0.145	1.4 %	1.91	0.04	∞	
4	Boundary effect	2.4 %	Rectangular	1.73	1	1.4 %	1.92	1.92	∞	
5	Linearity	4.7 %	Rectangular	1.73	1	2.7 %	7.36	7.36	∞	
6	Scaling to peak Envelope Power	2.0 %	Rectangular	1.73	1	1.2 %	1.33	1.33	∞	
7	System Detection limits	1.0 %	Rectangular	1.73	1	0.6 %	0.33	0.33	∞	
8	Readout Electronics	0.3 %	Normal	1.00	1	0.3 %	0.09	0.09	∞	
9	Response time	0.8 %	Rectangular	1.73	1	0.5 %	0.21	0.21	∞	
10	Integration time	2.6 %	Rectangular	1.73	1	1.5 %	2.25	2.25	∞	
11	RF Ambient Conditions	3.0 %	Rectangular	1.73	1	1.7 %	3.00	3.00	∞	
12	RF Reflections	1.1 %	Rectangular	1.00	1	1.1 %	1.14	1.14	∞	
13	Probe positioner	1.2 %	Rectangular	1.73	0.67	0.5 %	0.22	0.10	∞	
14	Probe positioning	4.7 %	Rectangular	1.73	0.67	1.8 %	3.31	1.48	∞	
15	Extrap. And Interpolation	1.0 %	Rectangular	1.73	1	0.6 %	0.33	0.33	∞	
Test Sample Related										
16	Device Positioning Vertical	4.7 %	Rectangular	1.73	0.67	1.8 %	3.31	7.32	∞	
17	Device Positioning Lateral	1.0 %	Rectangular	1.73	1	0.6 %	0.33	0.33	∞	
18	Device Holder and Phantom	2.4 %	Rectangular	1.73	1	1.4 %	1.92	1.92	∞	
19	Test Sample	0.3 %	Normal	1.00	1	0.3 %	0.08	0.08	9	0.013 dB
20	Power drift	3.0 %	Rectangular	1.73	1	1.7 %	3.00	3.00	∞	
PMF Calculations										
21	Power Sensor	1.0 %	Rectangular	1.73	1	0.6 %	0.32	0.10	∞	
22	Dual Directional Coupler	1.0 %	Rectangular	1.73	1	0.6 %	0.32	0.32	∞	
Phantom and Setup Related										
23	Phantom Thickness	2.4 %	Rectangular	1.73	0.67	0.9 %	0.86	0.39	∞	
Combined standard Uncertainty [%]						8.2 %		66.44		0.342 dB
Expanded standard Uncertainty [k = 2 , Confidence 95 %]						16.3 %				0.6558 dB

Table 2. Uncertainties (H-Field)

Notes:

1. Worst-Case uncertainty budget for HAC free field assessment according to ANSI-C 63.19[1]. The budget is valid for the frequency range 800 MHz-3 GHz and represents a worst-Case analysis. For specific test sand configurations, the uncertainty could be considerably smaller. Some of the parameters are dependent on the user situations and need adjustment according to the actual laboratory conditions.

2. * Uncertainty specifications from Schmidt & Partner Engineering AG (not site specific)

11. HAC TEST DATA SUMMARY

Ambient TEMPERATURE (°C): 21.3

S/N: #1

Date(s) of Tests: Sep. 8, 2011

11.1 E-Field Measurement Results (PCS DATA)

Mode	Ch.	Backlight	RC/SO	Battery	Antenna	Conducted Power (dBm)	Time Avg. Field (V/m)	Peak Field (dBV/m)	FCC Limit (dBV/m)	FCC MARGIN (dB)	RESULT	Exclusion Block
PCS	25	off	SO55/RC3	Standard	Intenna	24.46	60.7	35.4	41	-5.64	M4	none
PCS	600	off	SO55/RC3	Standard	Intenna	24.72	57.6	34.9	41	-6.10	M4	none
PCS	1175	off	SO55/RC3	Standard	Intenna	24.88	52.7	34.1	41	-6.88	M4	none

NOTES:

1. All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case are reported.
2. Battery Type Standard Extended Fixed
3. Power Measured Conducted EIRP ERP
4. Test Signal Call Mode Manual Test cord Base Station Simulator
5. SAR Measurement System SPEAG

11.2 H-Field Measurement Results (PCS DATA)

Ambient TEMPERATURE (°C): 21.3
S/N: #1
Date(s) of Tests: Sep. 8, 2011

Mode	Ch.	Backlight	RC/SO	Battery	Antenna	Conducted Power (dBm)	Time Avg. Field (A/m)	Peak Field (dBA/m)	FCC Limit (dBA/m)	FCC MARGIN (dB)	RESULT	Exclusion Block
PCS	25	off	SO55/RC3	Standard	Intenna	24.46	0.155	-18.8	-9.4	-9.43	M4	none
PCS	600	off	SO55/RC3	Standard	Intenna	24.72	0.158	-18.7	-9.4	-9.27	M4	none
PCS	1175	off	SO55/RC3	Standard	Intenna	24.88	0.155	-18.8	-9.4	-9.44	M4	none

NOTES:

- All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case are reported.
- Battery Type Standard Extended Fixed
- Power Measured Conducted EIRP ERP
- Test Signal Call Mode Manual Test cord Base Station Simulator
- SAR Measurement System SPEAG

11.3 Worst-case Configuration Evaluation

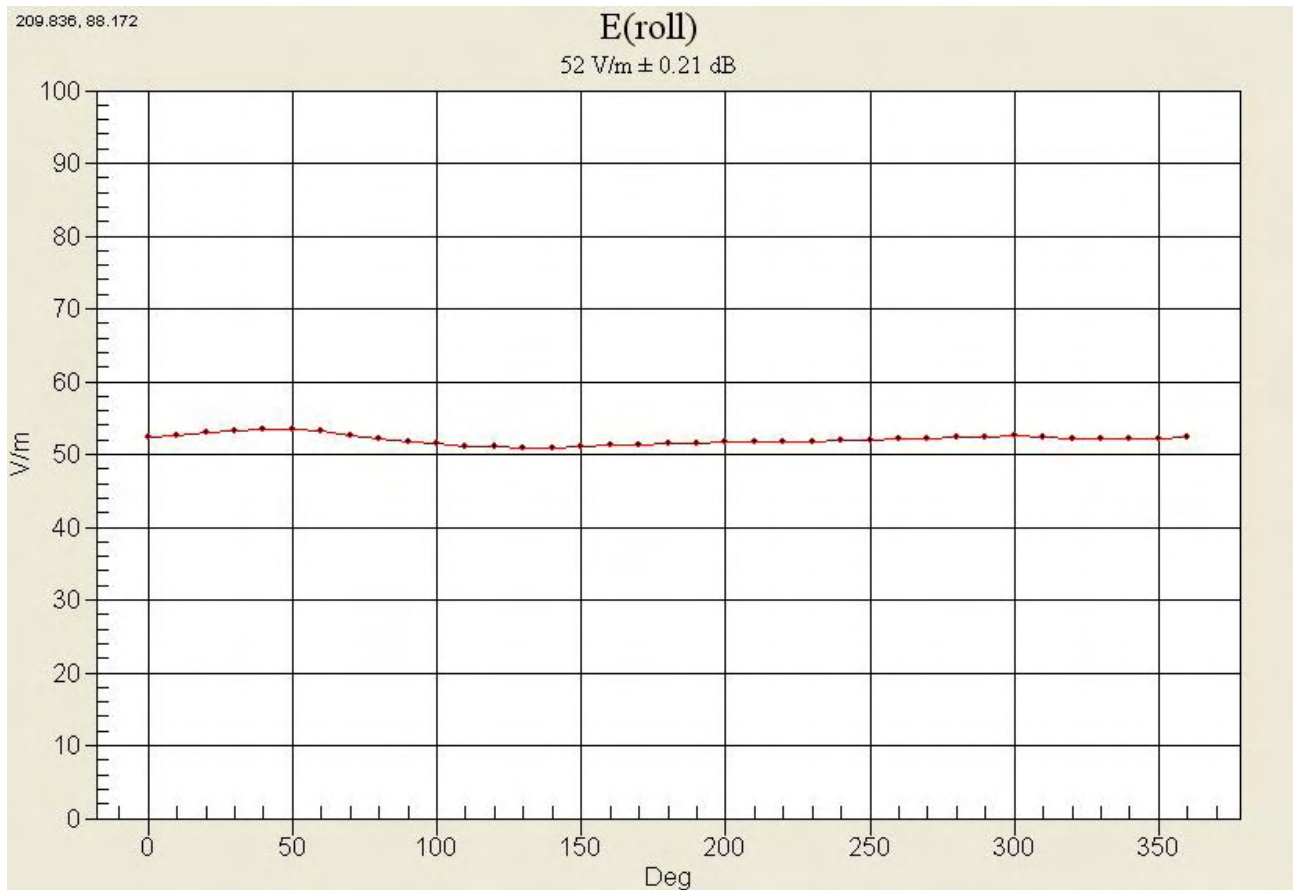
Ambient TEMPERATURE (°C): 21.3

S/N: #1

Date(s) of Tests: Sep. 8, 2011

Peak Reading 360° Probe Rotation at Azimuth axis

Mode	Channel	Backlight	RC/SO	Antenna	Conducted Power (dBm)	Time Avg. Field (V/m)	Peak Field (dBV/m)	FCC Limit (dBV/m)	FCC MARGIN (dB)	RESULT	Exclusion Block
PCS	25	off	Standard	Intenna	24.46	53.4	34.2	41	-6.76	M4	none



Worst-Case Probe Rotation about Azimuth axis

12. HAC TEST EQUIPMENT LIST

Manufacturer	Type / Model	S/N	Calib. Date	Calib. Interval	Calib. Due
Staubli	Robot RX90L	F01/ 5K09A1/A/01	N/A	N/A	N/A
Staubli	Robot ControllerCS7MB	F99/5A82A1/C/01	N/A	N/A	N/A
Staubli	Teach Pendant (Joystick)	D221340.01	N/A	N/A	N/A
HP	Pavilion t000_puffer	KRJ51201TV	N/A	N/A	N/A
SPEAG	SPEAG HAC Phantom	-	N/A	N/A	N/A
SPEAG	Light Alignment Sensor	265	N/A	N/A	N/A
SPEAG	DAE3	446	09/21/10	Annual	09/21/11
SPEAG	E-Field Probe	2343	05/16/11	Annual	05/16/12
SPEAG	H-Field Probe	6101	05/18/11	Annual	05/18/12
SPEAG	Validation Dipole CD835V2	1024	03/15/11	Annual	03/15/12
SPEAG	Validation Dipole CD1880V2	1019	03/15/11	Annual	03/15/12
Agilent	Power Meter(F) E4419B	MY41291386	11/05/10	Annual	11/05/11
Agilent	Power Sensor(G) 8481	MY41090870	11/05/10	Annual	11/05/11
HP	Signal Generator E4438C	MY42082646	11/11/10	Annual	11/11/11
EM POWER	Power Amp BBS3Q7ELU	1009D/C0028	11/05/10	Annual	11/05/11
HP	Dual Directional Coupler 778D	16072	11/05/10	Annual	11/05/11
R&S	Base Station CMU200	110740	07/26/11	Annual	07/26/12
Agilent	Base Station E5515C	GB444400269	02/10/11	Annual	02/10/12
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer FSP30	839117/011	03/23/11	Annual	03/23/12

NOTE:

The probe was calibrated by SPEAG, by the waveguide technique procedure. Dipole Validation measurement is performed by HCT Lab. before each test.

13. CONCLUSION

The HAC measurement indicates that the EUT complies with the HAC limits of the ANSI-C63.19-2007.

These measurements are taken to simulate the RF effects exposure under worst-case conditions. Precise

Laboratory measures were taken to assure repeatability of the tests.

APPENDIX A. HAC TEST PLOTS

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD.

Ambient Temperature / Channel 21.1 °C /25

Test Date Sep. 8,2011

DUT: JukeB; Type: BAR; Serial: #1

Communication System: PCS 1900MHz FCC; Frequency: 1851.25 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: E Dipole Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2343; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2011-05-16
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn446; Calibrated: 2010-09-21
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch; Type: SD HAC P01 BA

E Scan - ER3D - 2007: 15 mm from Probe Center to the Device/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

Maximum value of peak Total field = 58.6 V/m

Probe Modulation Factor = 0.965

Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 354.7 mm

Reference Value = 46.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.075 dB

Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)

Peak E-field in V/m

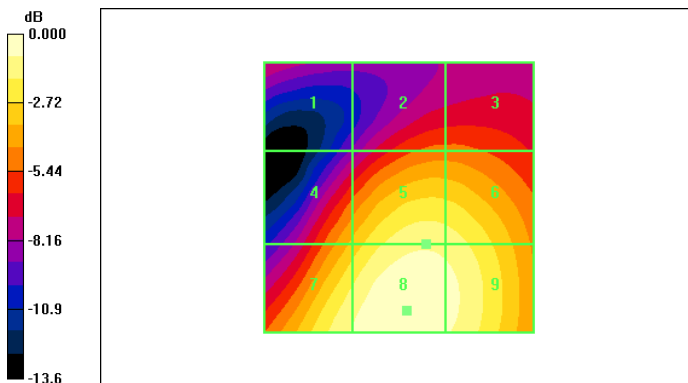
Grid 1	Grid 2	Grid 3
25.8 M4	32.8 M4	32.8 M4
Grid 4	Grid 5	Grid 6
40.0 M4	51.7 M4	50.7 M4
Grid 7	Grid 8	Grid 9
53.5 M4	58.6 M4	55.4 M4

Cursor:

Total = 58.6 V/m

E Category: M4

Location: -1.5, 21, 366.6 mm



0 dB = 58.6V/m

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD.

Ambient Temperature / Channel 21.1 °C /600

Test Date Sep. 8,2011

DUT: JukeB; Type: BAR; Serial: #1

Communication System: PCS 1900MHz FCC; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: E Dipole Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2343; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2011-05-16
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn446; Calibrated: 2010-09-21
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch; Type: SD HAC P01 BA

E Scan - ER3D - 2007: 15 mm from Probe Center to the Device/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

Maximum value of peak Total field = 55.6 V/m

Probe Modulation Factor = 0.965

Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 354.7 mm

Reference Value = 47.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.113 dB

Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)

Peak E-field in V/m

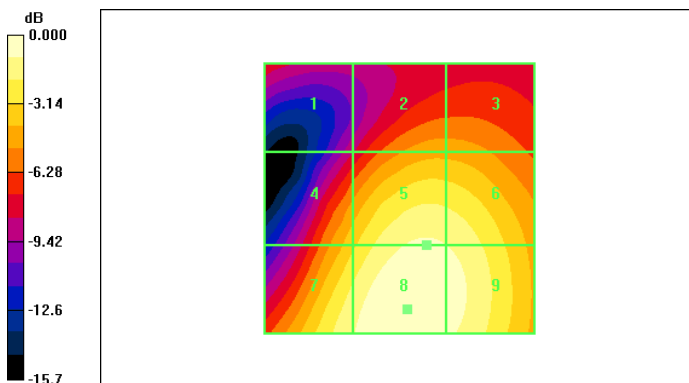
Grid 1	Grid 2	Grid 3
23.5 M4	33.1 M4	33.0 M4
Grid 4	Grid 5	Grid 6
37.8 M4	50.3 M4	49.3 M4
Grid 7	Grid 8	Grid 9
49.1 M4	55.6 M4	52.9 M4

Cursor:

Total = 55.6 V/m

E Category: M4

Location: -1.5, 20.5, 366.6 mm



0 dB = 55.6V/m

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD.
 Ambient Temperature / Channel 21.1 °C /1175
 Test Date Sep. 8,2011

DUT: JukeB; Type: BAR; Serial: #1

Communication System: PCS 1900MHz FCC; Frequency: 1908.75 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
 Phantom section: E Dipole Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2343; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2011-05-16
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn446; Calibrated: 2010-09-21
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch; Type: SD HAC P01 BA

E Scan - ER3D - 2007: 15 mm from Probe Center to the Device/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1):

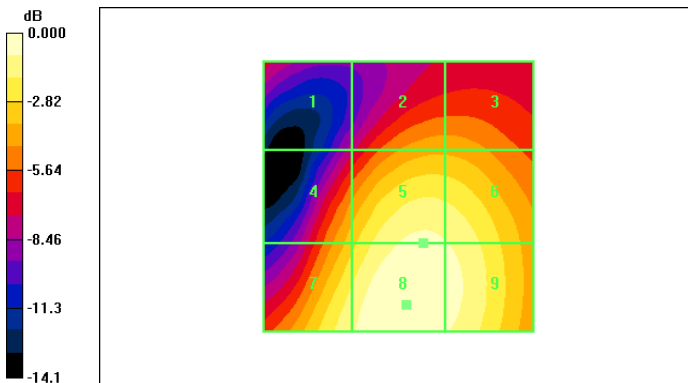
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm
 Maximum value of peak Total field = 50.8 V/m
 Probe Modulation Factor = 0.965
 Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 354.7 mm
 Reference Value = 45.0 V/m; Power Drift = -0.170 dB
Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)

Peak E-field in V/m

Grid 1	Grid 2	Grid 3
23.0 M4	32.3 M4	32.2 M4
Grid 4	Grid 5	Grid 6
35.5 M4	47.0 M4	45.9 M4
Grid 7	Grid 8	Grid 9
45.1 M4	50.8 M4	48.4 M4

Cursor:

Total = 50.8 V/m
 E Category: M4
 Location: -1.5, 20, 366.6 mm



0 dB = 50.8V/m

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD.

Ambient Temperature / Channel 21.1 °C /25

Test Date Sep. 8,2011

DUT: JukeB; Type: BAR; Serial: #1

Communication System: PCS 1900MHz FCC; Frequency: 1851.25 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1$ kg/m³
 Phantom section: E Dipole Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

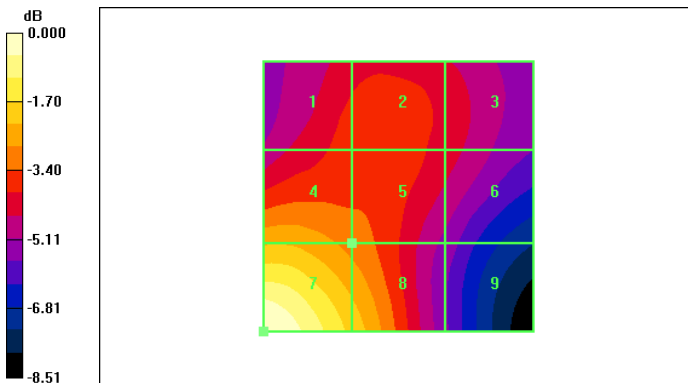
DASY4 Configuration:
 - Probe: H3DV6 - SN6101; ; Calibrated: 2011-05-18
 - Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
 - Electronics: DAE3 Sn446; Calibrated: 2010-09-21
 - Phantom: HAC Test Arch; Type: SD HAC P01 BA

H Scan - H3DV6 - 2007: 15 mm from Probe Center to the Device/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1):
 Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm
 Maximum value of peak Total field = 0.115 A/m
 Probe Modulation Factor = 0.738
 Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 354.7 mm
 Reference Value = 0.109 A/m; Power Drift = 0.144 dB
Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)

Peak H-field in A/m

Grid 1	Grid 2	Grid 3
0.075 M4	0.076 M4	0.071 M4
Grid 4	Grid 5	Grid 6
0.087 M4	0.080 M4	0.070 M4
Grid 7	Grid 8	Grid 9
0.115 M4	0.092 M4	0.062 M4

Cursor:
 Total = 0.114 A/m
 H Category: M4
 Location: 25, 25, 370.9 mm



0 dB = 0.114A/m

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD.

Ambient Temperature / Channel 21.1 °C /600

Test Date Sep. 8,2011

DUT: JukeB; Type: BAR; Serial: #1

Communication System: PCS 1900MHz FCC; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1$ kg/m³
 Phantom section: E Dipole Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: H3DV6 - SN6101; ; Calibrated: 2011-05-18
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn446; Calibrated: 2010-09-21
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch; Type: SD HAC P01 BA

H Scan - H3DV6 - 2007: 15 mm from Probe Center to the Device/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

Maximum value of peak Total field = 0.117 A/m

Probe Modulation Factor = 0.738

Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 354.7 mm

Reference Value = 0.108 A/m; Power Drift = -0.167 dB

Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)

Peak H-field in A/m

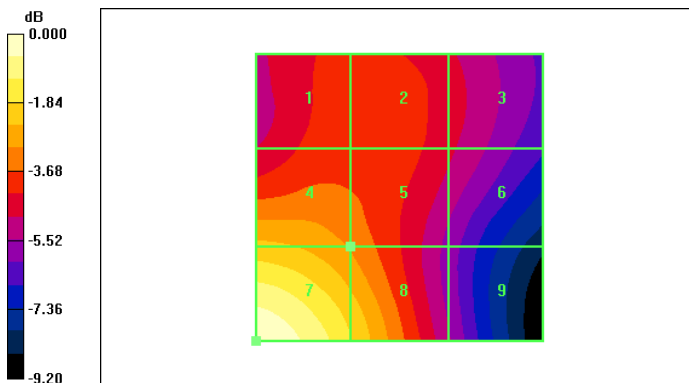
Grid 1	Grid 2	Grid 3
0.075 M4	0.075 M4	0.069 M4
Grid 4	Grid 5	Grid 6
0.090 M4	0.082 M4	0.068 M4
Grid 7	Grid 8	Grid 9
0.117 M4	0.095 M4	0.063 M4

Cursor:

Total = 0.117 A/m

H Category: M4

Location: 25, 25, 370.9 mm



0 dB = 0.117A/m

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD.

Ambient Temperature / Channel 21.1 °C /1175

Test Date Sep. 8,2011

DUT: JukeB; Type: BAR; Serial: #1

Communication System: PCS 1900MHz FCC; Frequency: 1908.75 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1$ kg/m³

Phantom section: E Dipole Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: H3DV6 - SN6101; ; Calibrated: 2011-05-18
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn446; Calibrated: 2010-09-21
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch; Type: SD HAC P01 BA

H Scan - H3DV6 - 2007: 15 mm from Probe Center to the Device/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

Maximum value of peak Total field = 0.114 A/m

Probe Modulation Factor = 0.738

Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 354.7 mm

Reference Value = 0.101 A/m; Power Drift = -0.052 dB

Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)

Peak H-field in A/m

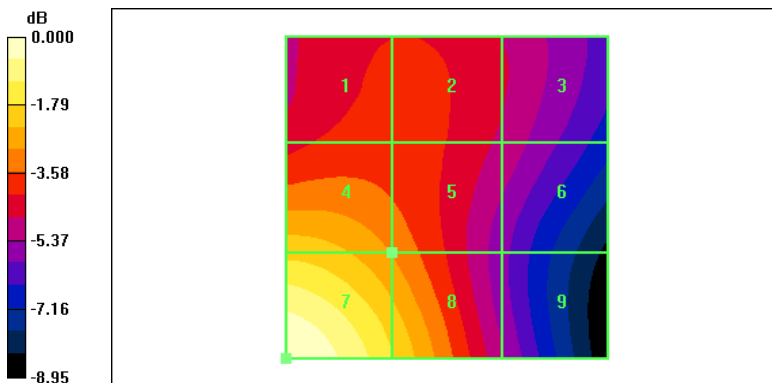
Grid 1 0.073 M4	Grid 2 0.073 M4	Grid 3 0.067 M4
Grid 4 0.091 M4	Grid 5 0.081 M4	Grid 6 0.065 M4
Grid 7 0.114 M4	Grid 8 0.093 M4	Grid 9 0.062 M4

Cursor:

Total = 0.114 A/m

H Category: M4

Location: 25, 25, 370.9 mm



0 dB = 0.114A/m

APPENDIX C (DIPOLE VALIDATION)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD.

Ambient Temperature 21.1 °C

Test Date Sep. 8,2011

DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz; Type: CD1880V3; Serial:1024

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

 Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: E Dipole Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2343; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2011-05-16

- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn446; Calibrated: 2010-09-21

- Phantom: HAC Test Arch; Type: SD HAC P01 BA

E Scan 10mm above CD 1880 MHz/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1): Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

Maximum value of peak Total field = 143.4 V/m

Probe Modulation Factor = 1.00

Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 354.7 mm

Reference Value = 169.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.002 dB

Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M2 (AWF 0 dB)

Peak E-field in V/m

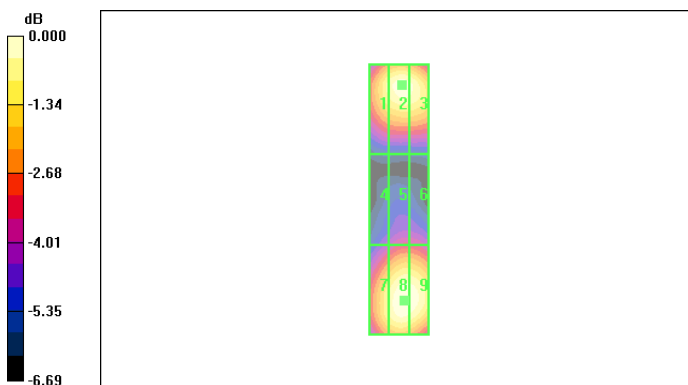
Grid 1	Grid 2	Grid 3
132.4 M2	140.7 M2	138.8 M2
Grid 4	Grid 5	Grid 6
89.0 M3	96.8 M3	96.7 M3
Grid 7	Grid 8	Grid 9
131.3 M2	143.4 M2	142.6 M2

Cursor:

Total = 143.4 V/m

E Category: M2

Location: -2, 33.5, 365.8 mm



0 dB = 143.4V/m

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD.

Ambient Temperature 21.1 °C

Test Date Sep. 8,2011

DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz; Type: CD1880V3; Serial:1019

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

 Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1$ kg/m³

Phantom section: H Dipole Section ; Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: H3DV6 - SN6101; ; Calibrated: 2011-05-18
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn446; Calibrated: 2010-09-21
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch; Type: SD HAC P01 BA

H Scan 10mm above CD 1880 MHz/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1): Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

Maximum value of peak Total field = 0.455 A/m

Probe Modulation Factor = 1.00

Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 354.7 mm

Reference Value = 0.544 A/m; Power Drift = 0.003 dB

Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M2 (AWF 0 dB)

Peak H-field in A/m

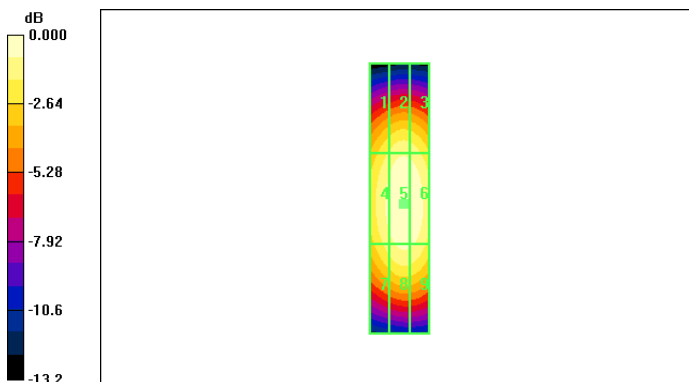
Grid 1	Grid 2	Grid 3
0.377 M2	0.405 M2	0.400 M2
Grid 4	Grid 5	Grid 6
0.424 M2	0.455 M2	0.450 M2
Grid 7	Grid 8	Grid 9
0.394 M2	0.424 M2	0.420 M2

Cursor:

Total = 0.455 A/m

H Category: M2

Location: -1.5, 2, 366.6 mm



0 dB = 0.455A/m

APPENDIX D (PROBE CALIBRATION DATA)

**Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG**
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client **HCT (Dymstec)**

Certificate No: ER3-2343_May11

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object: ER3DV6 - SN:2343

Calibration procedure(s): QA CAL-02.v6, QA CAL-25.v3
Calibration procedure for E-field probes optimized for close near field evaluations in air

Calibration date: May 16, 2011

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	31-Mar-11 (No. 217-01372)	Apr-12
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	31-Mar-11 (No. 217-01372)	Apr-12
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01369)	Apr-12
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01367)	Apr-12
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01370)	Apr-12
Reference Probe ER3DV6	SN: 2328	4-Oct-10 (No. ER3-2328_Oct10)	Oct-11
DAE4	SN: 789	6-Apr-11 (No. DAE4-789_Apr11)	Apr-12
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10)	In house check: Oct-11

Calibrated by: Claudio Leubler, Laboratory Technician, Signature: *[Signature]*

Approved by: Katja Pokovic, Technical Manager, Signature: *[Signature]*

Issued: May 16, 2011

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Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
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Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

NORM _{x,y,z}	sensitivity in free space
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization φ	φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization θ	θ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., θ = 0 is normal to probe axis
Connector Angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1309-2005, "IEEE Standard for calibration of electromagnetic field sensors and probes, excluding antennas, from 9 kHz to 40 GHz", December 2005.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM_{x,y,z}: Assessed for E-field polarization θ = 0 for XY sensors and θ = 90 for Z sensor (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide).
- NORM(f)_{x,y,z} = NORM_{x,y,z} * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart).
- DCP_{x,y,z}: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z, VR_{x,y,z}: A, B, C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a locally homogeneous field realized using an open waveguide setup.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORM_x (no uncertainty required).

ER3DV6 – SN:2343

May 16, 2011

Probe ER3DV6

SN:2343

Manufactured: December 14, 2004
Calibrated: May 16, 2011

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

ER3DV6- SN:2343

May 16, 2011

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ER3DV6 - SN:2343

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm ($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$)	1.65	1.61	1.62	$\pm 10.1\%$
DCP (mV) ^B	96.8	100.4	98.7	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name	PAR		A dB	B dB	C dB	VR mV	Unc ^E (k=2)
10000	CW	0.00	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	120.8	$\pm 2.7\%$
			Y	0.00	0.00	1.00	112.2	
			Z	0.00	0.00	1.00	100.8	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor $k=2$, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

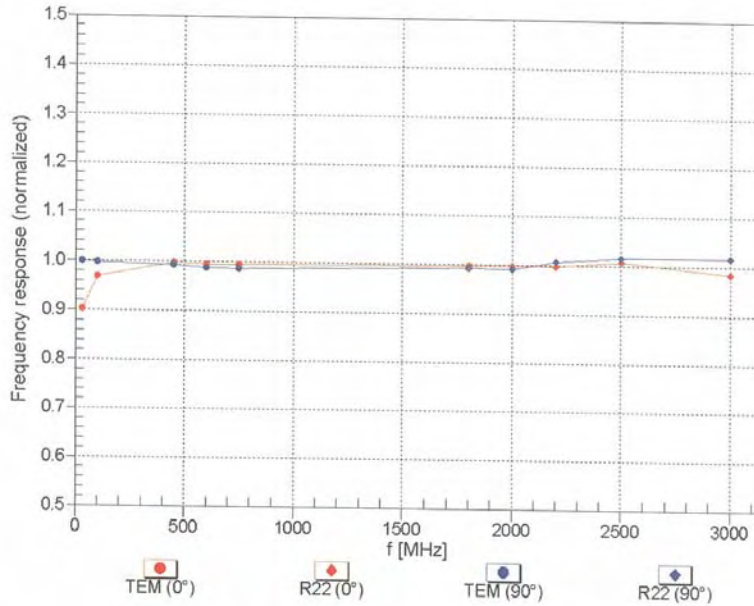
^B Numerical linearization parameter; uncertainty not required.

^E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

ER3DV6-SN:2343

May 16, 2011

Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell: ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



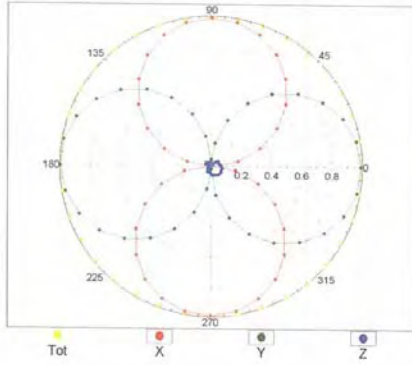
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 6.3\%$ (k=2)

ER3DV6- SN:2343

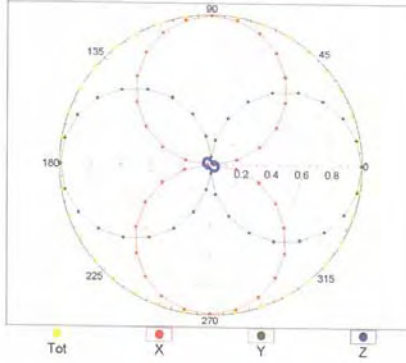
May 16, 2011

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^\circ$

f=600 MHz, TEM, 0°

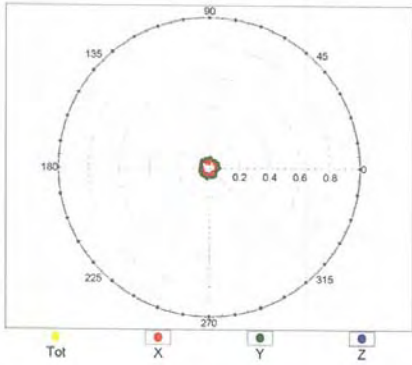


f=2500 MHz, R22, 0°

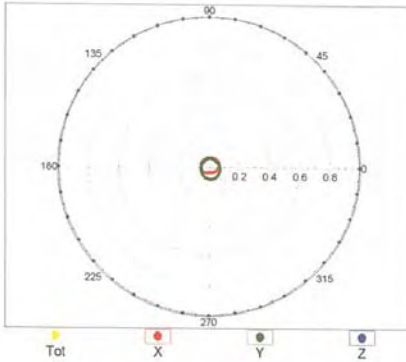


Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 90^\circ$

f=600 MHz, TEM, 90°



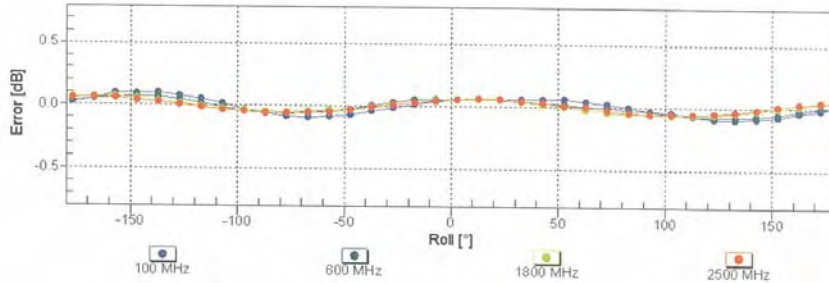
f=2500 MHz, R22, 90°



ER3DV6-SN:2343

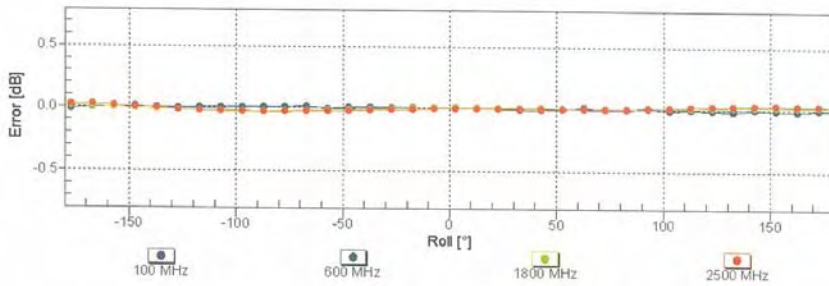
May 16, 2011

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^\circ$



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 0.5\%$ (k=2)

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 90^\circ$

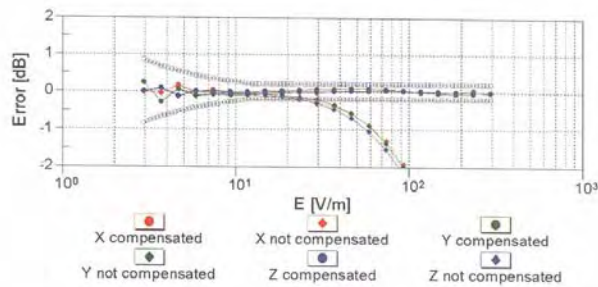
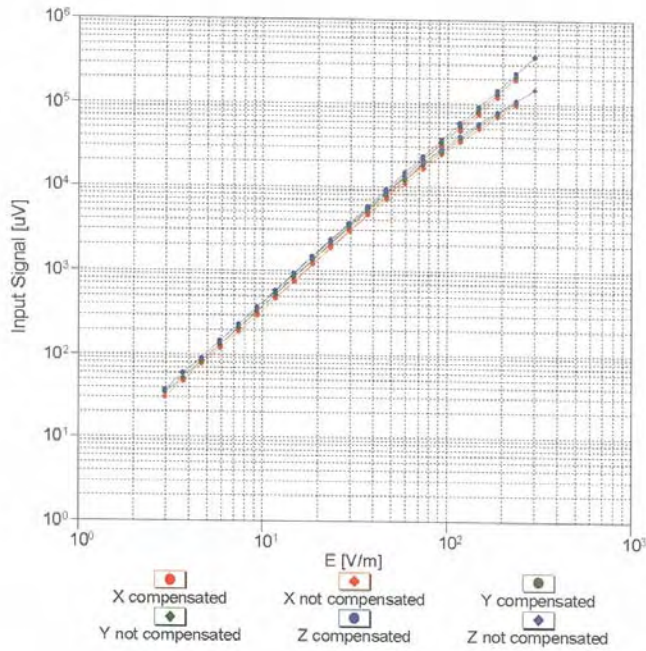


Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 0.5\%$ (k=2)

ER3DV6- SN:2343

May 16, 2011

Dynamic Range f(E-field)
(TEM cell , f = 900 MHz)

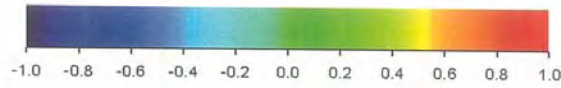
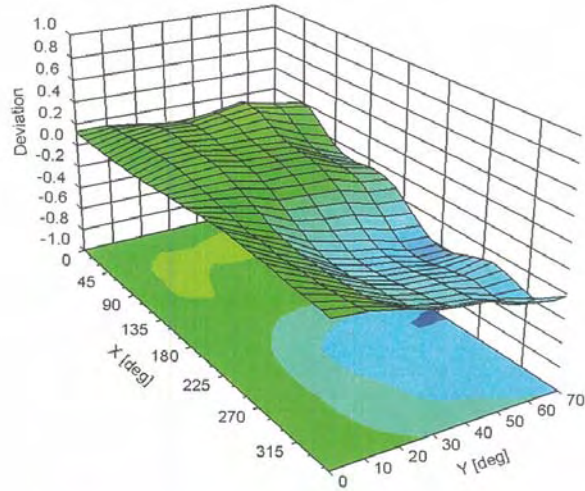


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: $\pm 0.6\%$ (k=2)

ER3DV6- SN:2343

May 16, 2011

Deviation from Isotropy in Air Error (ϕ, θ), $f = 900$ MHz

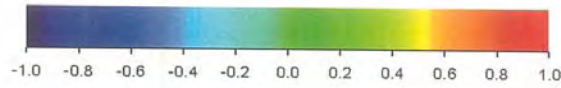
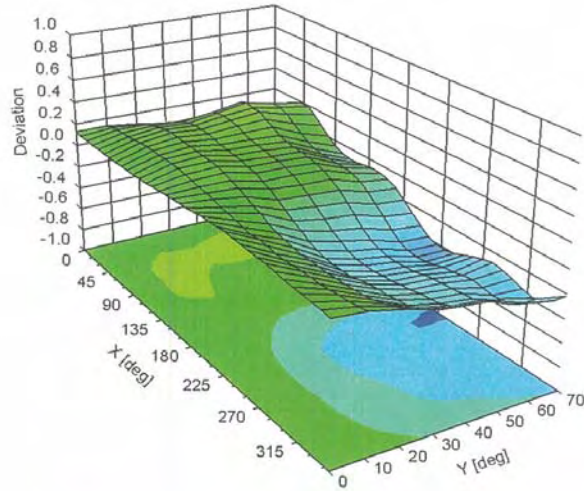


Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 2.6\%$ (k=2)

ER3DV6- SN:2343

May 16, 2011

Deviation from Isotropy in Air Error (ϕ, θ), $f = 900$ MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 2.6\%$ (k=2)

ER3DV6- SN:2343

May 16, 2011

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ER3DV6 - SN:2343**Other Probe Parameters**

Sensor Arrangement	Rectangular
Connector Angle (°)	62.8
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	10 mm
Tip Diameter	8 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2.5 mm

H3DV6 – SN:6101

May 18, 2011

Probe H3DV6

SN:6101

Manufactured: December 10, 2001
Calibrated: May 18, 2011

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

H3DV6- SN:6101

May 18, 2011

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: H3DV6 - SN:6101

Basic Calibration Parameters

		Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm (A/m / $\sqrt{\text{mV}}$)	a0	2.97E-003	2.96E-003	3.16E-003	$\pm 5.1 \%$
Norm (A/m / $\sqrt{\text{mV}}$)	a1	-8.75E-005	-1.29E-004	-1.54E-004	$\pm 5.1 \%$
Norm (A/m / $\sqrt{\text{mV}}$)	a2	-6.62E-005	-8.39E-005	-8.33E-006	$\pm 5.1 \%$
DCP (mV) ^D		93.3	91.4	90.4	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name	PAR		A dB	B dB	C dB	VR mV	Unc ^E (k=2)
10000	CW	0.00	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	121.8	$\pm 3.0 \%$
			Y	0.00	0.00	1.00	123.4	
			Z	0.00	0.00	1.00	125.9	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

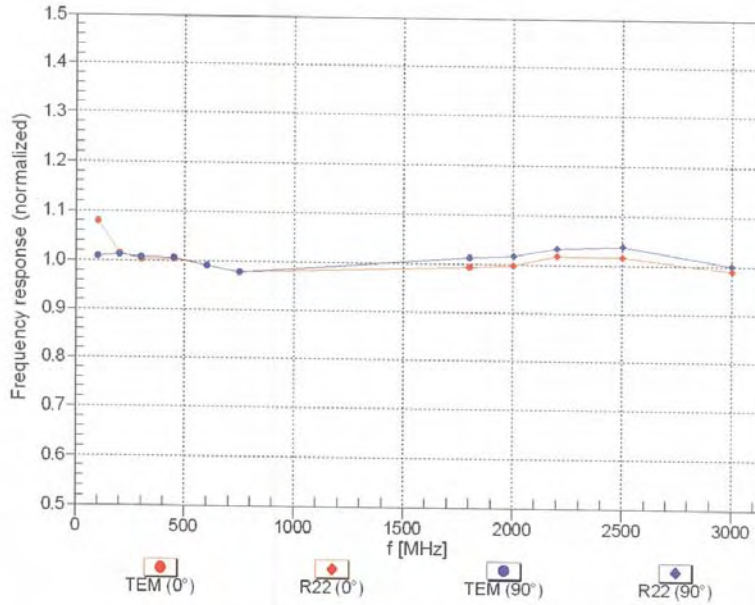
^D Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

^E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

H3DV6- SN:6101

May 18, 2011

Frequency Response of H-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

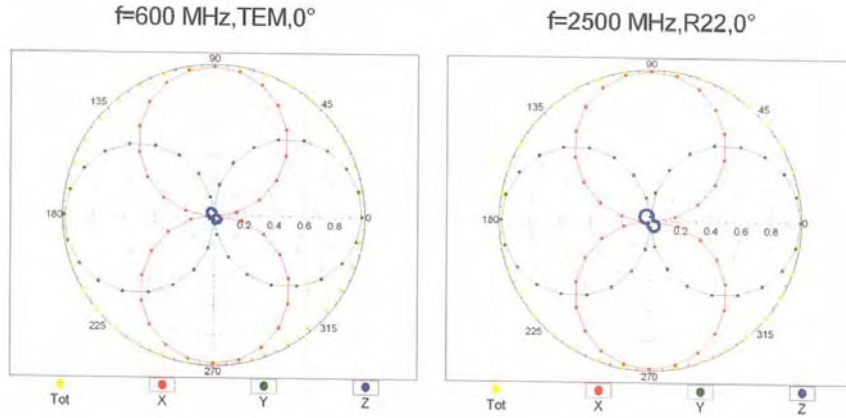


Uncertainty of Frequency Response of H-field: $\pm 6.3\%$ (k=2)

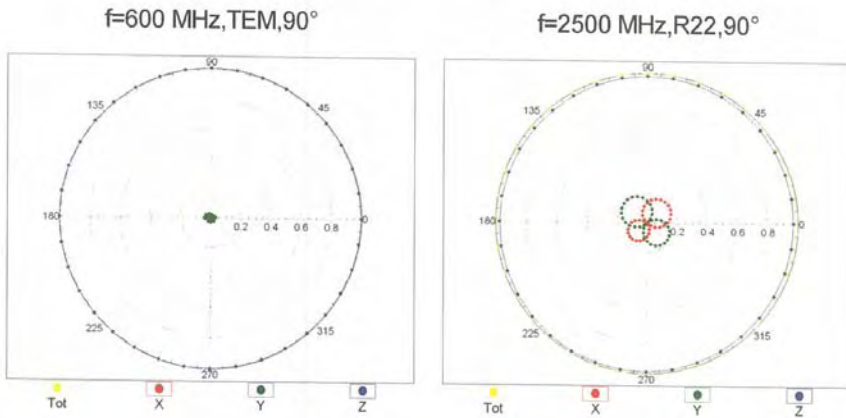
H3DV6-SN:6101

May 18, 2011

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^\circ$



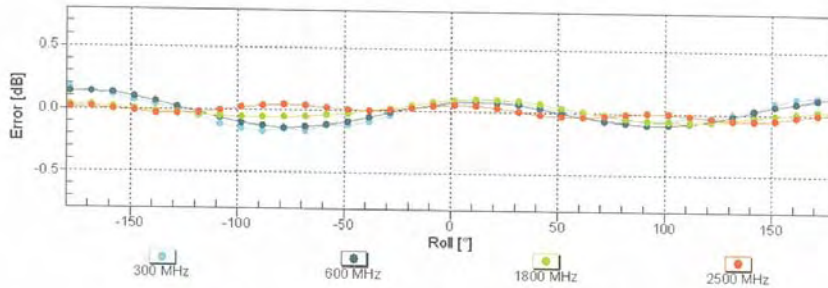
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 90^\circ$



H3DV6-SN:6101

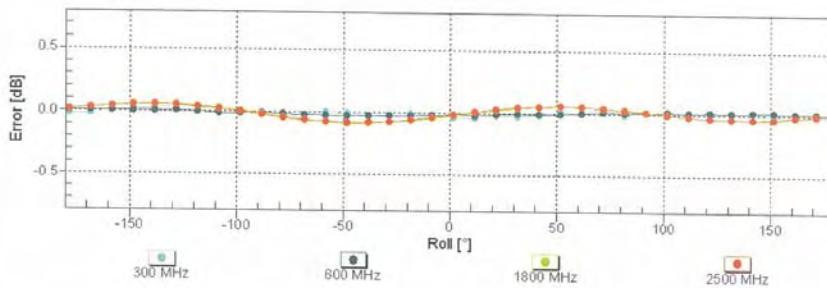
May 18, 2011

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\theta = 0^\circ$



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 0.5\%$ (k=2)

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\theta = 90^\circ$

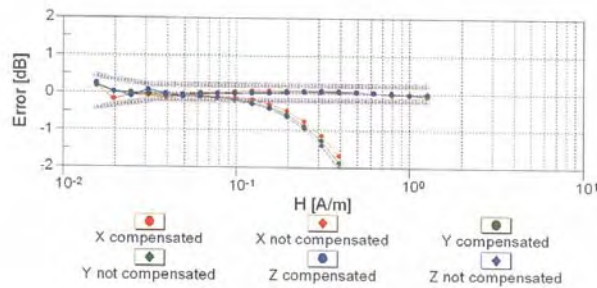
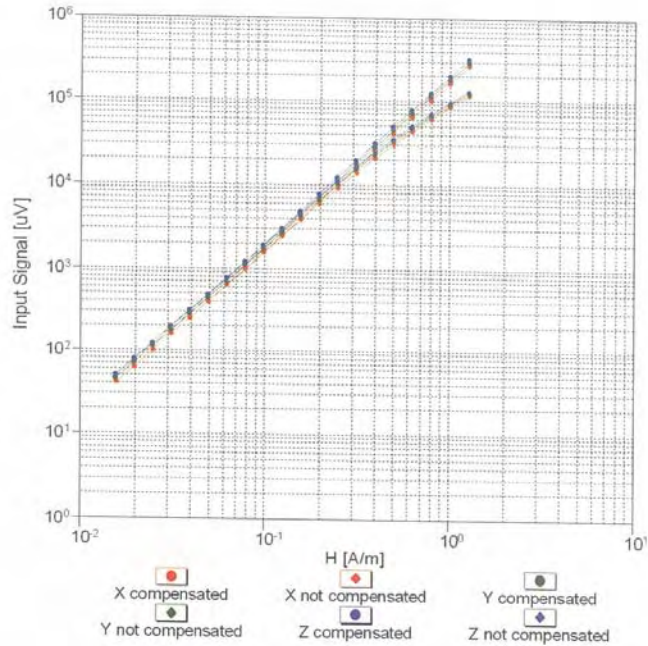


Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 0.5\%$ (k=2)

H3DV6-SN:6101

May 18, 2011

Dynamic Range f(H-field)
(TEM cell, f = 900 MHz)



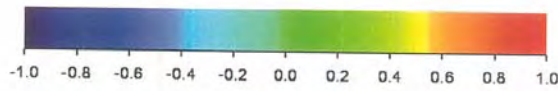
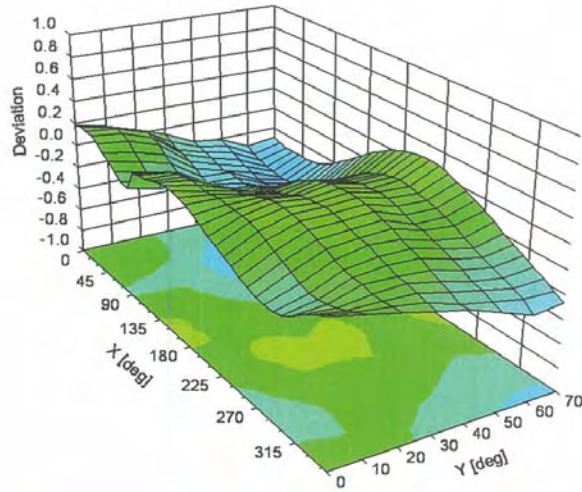
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

H3DV6- SN:6101

May 18, 2011

Deviation from Isotropy in Air

Error (ϕ, θ), $f = 900$ MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 2.6\%$ ($k=2$)

H3DV6- SN:6101

May 18, 2011

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: H3DV6 - SN:6101**Other Probe Parameters**

Sensor Arrangement	Rectangular
Connector Angle (°)	-38.4
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	20 mm
Tip Diameter	6 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	3 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	3 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	3 mm

APPENDIX E (DIPOLE CALIBRATION DATA)

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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client **HCT (Dymstec)**

Certificate No: CD1880V3-1019_Mar11

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **CD1880V3 - SN: 1019**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-20.v5
Calibration procedure for dipoles in air**

Calibration date: **March 15, 2011**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)	Oct-11
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)	Oct-11
Probe ER3DV6	SN: 2336	29-Dec-10 (No. ER3-2336_Dec10)	Dec-11
Probe H3DV6	SN: 6065	29-Dec-10 (No. H3-6065_Dec10)	Dec-11
DAE4	SN: 781	20-Oct-10 (No. DAE4-781_Oct10)	Oct-11
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter Agilent 4419B	SN: GB42420191	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-10)	In house check: Oct-11
Power sensor HP 8482H	SN: 3318A09450	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-10)	In house check: Oct-11
Power sensor HP 8482A	SN: US37295597	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-10)	In house check: Oct-11
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10)	In house check: Oct-11
RF generator E4433B	MY 41000675	03-Nov-04 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11

Calibrated by: **Claudio Leubler** (Name) / **Laboratory Technician** (Function) / *[Signature]* (Signature)

Approved by: **Fin Bornholt** (Name) / **Technical Director** (Function) / *[Signature]* (Signature)

Issued: March 16, 2011

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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

References

- [1] ANSI-C63.19-2007
American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless
Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Coordinate System:* y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes. In coincidence with the standards [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a distance of 10 mm above the top edge of the dipole arms.
- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- *Antenna Positioning:* The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY5 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured using a HP 8753E Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminating by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any obstacles.
- *E-field distribution:* E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic ER3D-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 10 mm (in z) above the top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, 10mm above the dipole surface.
- *H-field distribution:* H-field is measured with an isotropic H-field probe with 100mW forward power to the antenna feed point, in the x-y-plane. The scan area and sensor distance is equivalent to the E-field scan. The maximum of the field is available at the center (subgrid 5) above the feed point. The H-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated H-field, 10mm above the dipole surface at the feed point.

1. Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.6.2 (424)
DASY PP Version	SEMCAD X	V14.4.4 (2829)
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	SD HAC P01 BA, #1070
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	10 mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	area = 20 x 90 mm
Frequency	1880 MHz ± 1 MHz	
Forward power at dipole connector	20.0 dBm = 100mW	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

2. Maximum Field values

H-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured	100 mW forward power	0.475 A/m

Uncertainty for H-field measurement: 8.2% (k=2)

E-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW forward power	146.6 V/m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW forward power	137.7 V/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW forward power	142.2 V/m

Uncertainty for E-field measurement: 12.8% (k=2)

3. Appendix
3.1 Antenna Parameters

Frequency	Return Loss	Impedance
1730 MHz	27.2 dB	(52.1 + j3.9) Ohm
1880 MHz	20.7 dB	(48.3 + j8.9) Ohm
1900 MHz	20.4 dB	(51.0 + j9.7) Ohm
1950 MHz	25.7 dB	(54.5 + j3.0) Ohm
2000 MHz	25.1 dB	(45.4 + j2.7) Ohm

3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

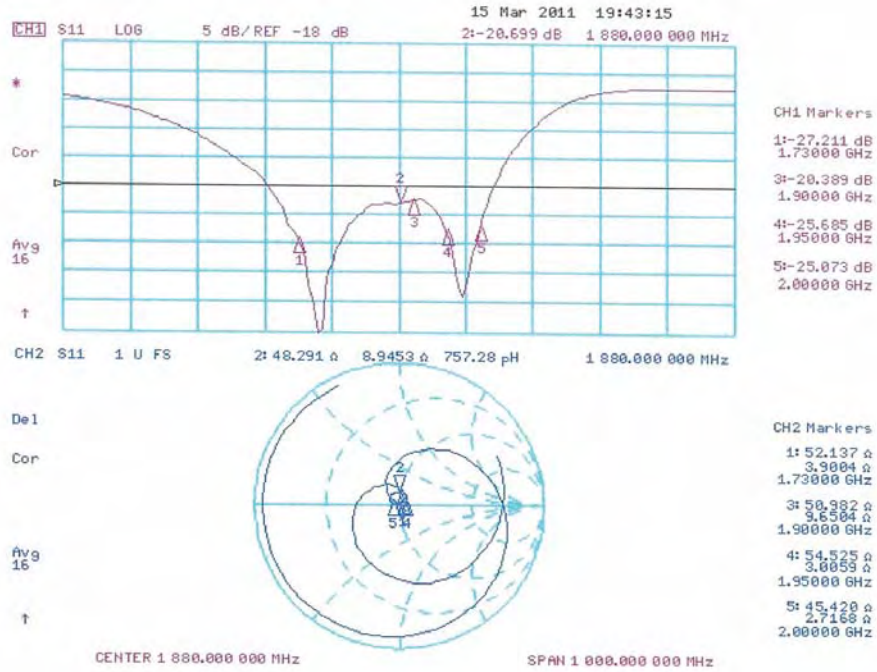
The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

3.3 Measurement Sheets

3.3.1 Return Loss and Smith Chart



3.3.2 DASY4 H-Field Result

Date/Time: 15.03.2011 17:21:02

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

HAC_RF_CD1880_1019_H_110315_CL

DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz; Type: CD1880V3; Serial: 1019

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1880 MHz
 Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1$ kg/m³
 Phantom section: RF Section
 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: H3DV6 - SN6065; ; Calibrated: 29.12.2010
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 20.10.2010
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.6 Build 2, Version 52.6.2 (424)
- Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.4 Build 4, Version 14.4.4 (2829)

Dipole H-Field measurement @ 1880MHz/H Scan - measurement distance from the probe sensor center to CD1880

Dipole = 10mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

Maximum value of peak Total field = 0.475 A/m

Probe Modulation Factor = 1.000

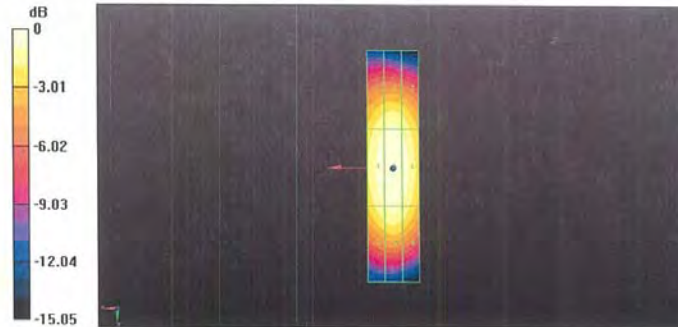
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 0.503 A/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M2 (AWF 0 dB)

Peak H-field in A/m

Grid 1 0.414 M2	Grid 2 0.433 M2	Grid 3 0.413 M2
Grid 4 0.454 M2	Grid 5 0.475 M2	Grid 6 0.452 M2
Grid 7 0.415 M2	Grid 8 0.437 M2	Grid 9 0.412 M2



0 dB = 0.470A/m

3.3.3 DASY4 E-Field Result

Date/Time: 15.03.2011 15:29:13

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

HAC_RF_CD1880_1019_E_110315_CL

DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz; Type: CD1880V3; Serial: 1019

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1880 MHz

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: RF Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2336; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 29.12.2010
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 20.10.2010
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.6 Build 2, Version 52.6.2 (424)
- Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.4 Build 4, Version 14.4.4 (2829)

Dipole E-Field measurement @ 1880MHz/E Scan - measurement distance from the probe sensor center to CD1880

Dipole = 10mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

Maximum value of peak Total field = 146.6 V/m

Probe Modulation Factor = 1.000

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 136.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M2 (AWF 0 dB)

Peak E-field in V/m

Grid 1 139.0 M2	Grid 2 146.6 M2	Grid 3 141.5 M2
Grid 4 88.826 M3	Grid 5 93.582 M3	Grid 6 91.732 M3
Grid 7 133.0 M2	Grid 8 137.7 M2	Grid 9 133.7 M2

