

工业和信息化部通信计量中心 Telecommunication Metrology Center of MIIT



Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
N/A not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300MHz to 3GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point
 exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to
 the body axis
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
 positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
 measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected
 power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.



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Measurement Conditions

as far as not given on page 1

DASY Version	DASY5	V5.0
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	and the second
Phantom	2mm Oval Phantom ELI4	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1800 MHz ± 1 MHz	المنازات الماسات

Head TSL parameters
The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.0	1.40 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	40.0 ± 6 %	1.42mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature during test	(21.9 ± 0.2) °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.71 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	38.8 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters ¹	normalized to 1W	38.5 mW /g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.03 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	20.1 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters ¹	normalized to 1W	20.0 mW /g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Certificate No: D1800V2-2d145_Feb10

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¹ Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"



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Body TSL parameters
The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	53.3	1.52 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	52.6 ± 6%	1.54mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature during test	(21.8 ± 0.2) °C	-	

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	10.3 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	41.2 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters ²	normalized to 1W	40.6 mW /g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.31 mW/g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	21.2 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters ²	normalized to 1W	21.0 mW /g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

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² Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"



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Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	46.8Ω + 4.0 jΩ
Return Loss	- 25.7dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	47.9Ω + 7.1 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 22.6dB	

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	4.224 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

XX	
Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	December 14, 2006



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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 2010-2-25 14:23:52

Test Laboratory: TMC, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 1800 MHz; Type: D1800V2; Serial: SN: 2d145

Communication System: CW Frequency: 1800 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Head 1800MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 1800 MHz; σ = 1.42 mho/m; ϵ_r = 40.0; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3149; ConvF(5.18, 5.18, 5.18); Calibrated: 25.09.09

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn771; Calibration: 19.11.09

• Phantom: 2mm Oval Phantom ELI4; Type: QDOVA001BB

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 119.9; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V13.2 Build 87

Pin=250mW; d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

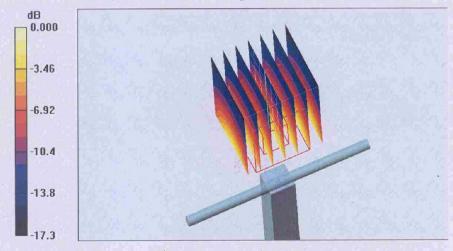
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 85.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.024 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.2 W/kg

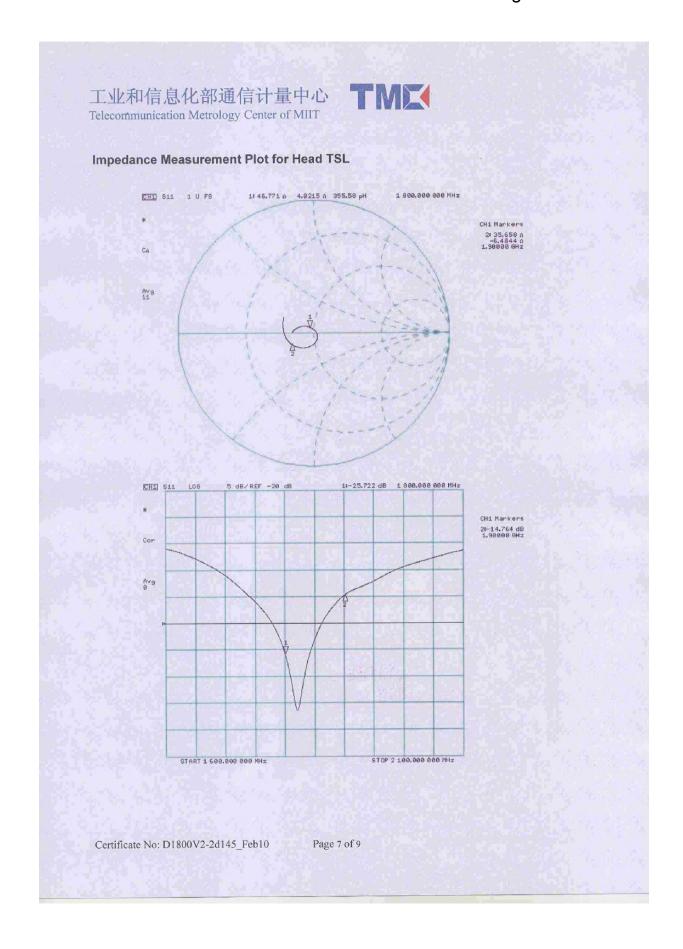
SAR(1 g) = 9.71 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.03 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.8 mW/g



 $0 \, dB = 10.8 \, mW/g$









Telecommunication Metrology Center of MIIT **DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL**

Date/Time: 2010-2-25 15:30:07

Test Laboratory: TMC, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 1800 MHz; Type: D1800V2; Serial: SN: 2d145

Communication System: CW Frequency: 1800 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Body 1800MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 1800 MHz; $\sigma = 1.54 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.6$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3149; ConvF(4.97, 4.97, 4.97); Calibrated: 25.09.09

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn771; Calibration: 19.11.09

• Phantom: 2mm Oval Phantom ELI4; Type: QDOVA001BB

Measurement SW; DASY5, V5.0 Build 119.9; Postprocessing SW; SEMCAD, V13.2 Build 87

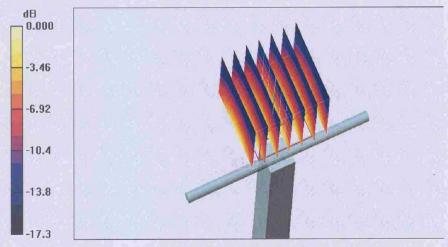
Pin=250mW; d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 83.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.036 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.3 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.31 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.5 mW/g

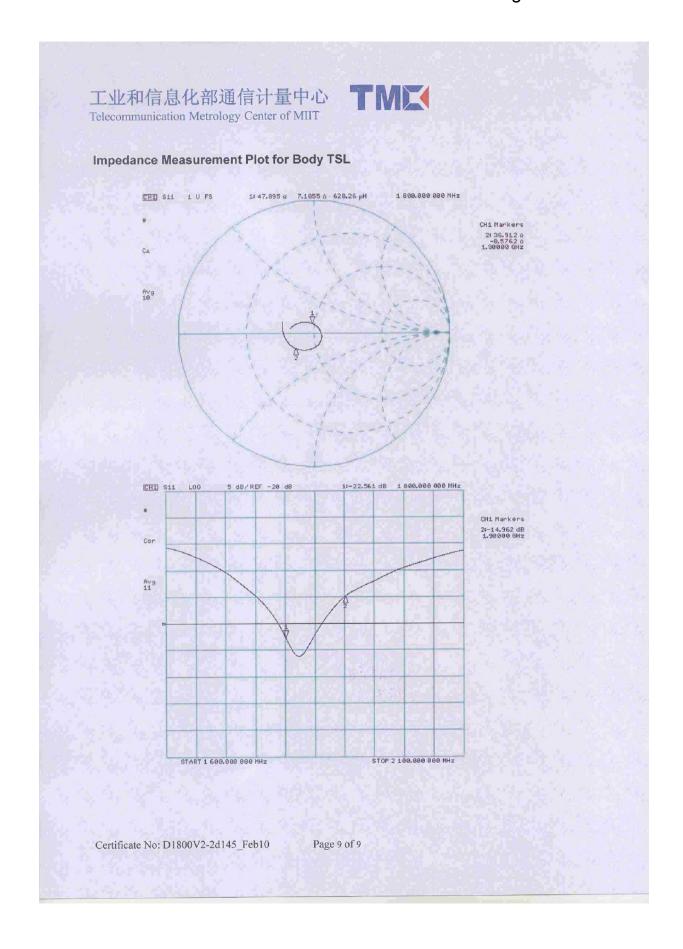


 $0 \, dB = 11.5 \, mW/g$

Certificate No: D1800V2-2d145 Feb10

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2450 MHz Dipole Calibration Certificate

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



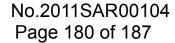


Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst S Service suisse d'étalonnage C Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

TMC (Auden) Certificate No: D2450V2-853_Sep10 CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE Object D2450V2 - SN: 853 Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-05.v7 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits Calibration date September 27, 2010 This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration) Primary Standards Cal Date (Certificate No.) Scheduled Calibration Power meter EPM-442A GB37480704 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) Oct-10 Power sensor HP 8481A US37292783 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) Oct-10 Reference 20 dB Attenuator SN: 5086 (20g) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01158) Mar-11 Type-N mismatch combination SN: 5047.2 / 06327 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01162) Mar-11 Reference Probe ES3DV3 SN: 3205 30-Apr-10 (No. ES3-3205_Apr10) Apr-11 DAE4 SN: 601 10-Jun-10 (No. DAE4-601_Jun10) Jun-11 Secondary Standards ID# Check Date (in house) Scheduled Check Power sensor HP 8481A MY41092317 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09) In house check: Oct-11 RF generator R&S SMT-06 100005 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09) In house check: Oct-11 Network Analyzer HP 8753E US37390585 S4206 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-09) In house check: Oct-10 Name Function Signature Calibrated by: Jeton Kastrati Laboratory Technician Approved by: Katja Pokovic Technical Manager Issued: September 29, 2010 This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.





Callbration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst S Service suisse d'étalonnage

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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL

tissue simulating liquid

ConvF N/A

sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z not applicable or not measured

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February 2005

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Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

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