SAR TEST REPORT

No. 2011SAR00077

For

TCT Mobile Limited

GSM/GPRS/EDGE four bands mobile phone

Quartz A

one touch 888A

With

Hardware Version: PIO1

Software Version: SW821

FCCID: RAD173

Issued Date: 2011-06-28

Deutscher Akkreditierungs Rat

No. **DGA-PL-114/01-02**

Note:

The test results in this test report relate only to the devices specified in this report. This report shall not be reproduced except in full without the written approval of TMC Beijing.

Test Laboratory:

TMC Beijing, Telecommunication Metrology Center of MIIT

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TABLE OF CONTENT

1 Test Laboratory

1.1 Testing Location

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Postal Code:	100191
Telephone:	+86-10-62304633
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1.2 Testing Environment

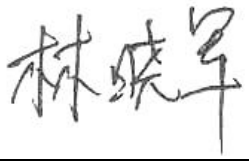
Temperature:	18°C~25 °C,
Relative humidity:	30%~ 70%
Ground system resistance:	< 0.5 Ω

Ambient noise is checked and found very low and in compliance with requirement of standards.
Reflection of surrounding objects is minimized and in compliance with requirement of standards.

1.3 Project Data

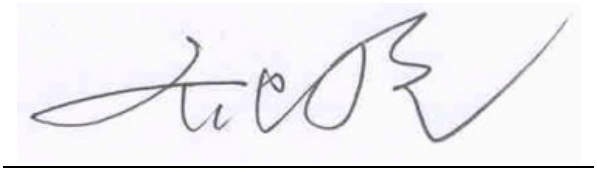
Project Leader:	Qi Dianyuan
Test Engineer:	Lin Xiaojun
Testing Start Date:	June 20, 2011
Testing End Date:	June 21, 2011

1.4 Signature



Lin Xiaojun

(Prepared this test report)



Qi Dianyuan

(Reviewed this test report)

Xiao Li

Deputy Director of the laboratory

(Approved this test report)

2 Client Information

2.1 Applicant Information

Company Name:	TCT Mobile Limited
Address /Post:	5F, E building, No. 232, Liang Jing Road ZhangJiang High-Tech Park, Pudong Area Shanghai, P.R. China. 201203
City:	Shanghai
Postal Code:	201203
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2.2 Manufacturer Information

Company Name:	TCT Mobile Limited
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City:	Shanghai
Postal Code:	201203
Country:	P. R. China
Telephone:	0086-21-61460890
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3 Equipment Under Test (EUT) and Ancillary Equipment (AE)

3.1 About EUT

EUT Description:	GSM/GPRS/EDGE four bands mobile phone
Model Name:	Quartz A
Marketing Name:	one touch 888A
Frequency Band:	GSM 850 / PCS 1900
GPRS Multislot Class:	12
GPRS capability Class:	B
EGPRS Multislot Class:	12

Note: EDGE only supports GMSK modulation.

3.2 Internal Identification of EUT used during the test

EUT ID*	SN or IMEI	HW Version	SW Version
EUT1	012663000060062	PIO1	SW821

*EUT ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.

3.3 Internal Identification of AE used during the test

AE ID*	Description	Model	SN	Manufacturer
AE1	Battery	CAB3120000C1	/	BYD
AE2	Battery	CAB3120000C2	/	Lishen
AE3	Headset	CCB3160A14C1	/	Juwei
AE4	Headset	CCB3160A14C4	/	Meihao

*AE ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.

4 CHARACTERISTICS OF THE TEST

4.1 Applicable Limit Regulations

EN 50360–2001: Product standard for the measurement of Specific Absorption Rate related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields from mobile phones.

It specifies the maximum exposure limit of **2.0 W/kg** as averaged over any 10 gram of tissue for portable devices being used within 20 cm of the user in the uncontrolled environment.

ANSI C95.1–1999: IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz.

It specifies the maximum exposure limit of **1.6 W/kg** as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue for portable devices being used within 20 cm of the user in the uncontrolled environment.

4.2 Applicable Measurement Standards

EN 62209-1–2006: Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedures –Part 1: Procedure to determine the specific absorption rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz).

IEEE 1528–2003: Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques.

OET Bulletin 65 (Edition 97-01) and Supplement C(Edition 01-01): Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits.

IEC 62209-1: Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedures –Part 1:Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)

KDB648474 D01 SAR Handsets Multi Xmiter and Ant, v01r05: SAR Evaluation Considerations for Handsets with Multiple Transmitters and Antennas.

5 OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS DURING TEST

5.1 Schematic Test Configuration

During SAR test, EUT is in Traffic Mode (Channel Allocated) at Normal Voltage Condition. A communication link is set up with a System Simulator (SS) by air link, and a call is established. The Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number (ARFCN) is allocated to 128, 190 and 251 respectively in the case of GSM 850 MHz, or to 512, 661 and 810 respectively in the case of PCS 1900 MHz. The EUT is commanded to operate at maximum transmitting power.

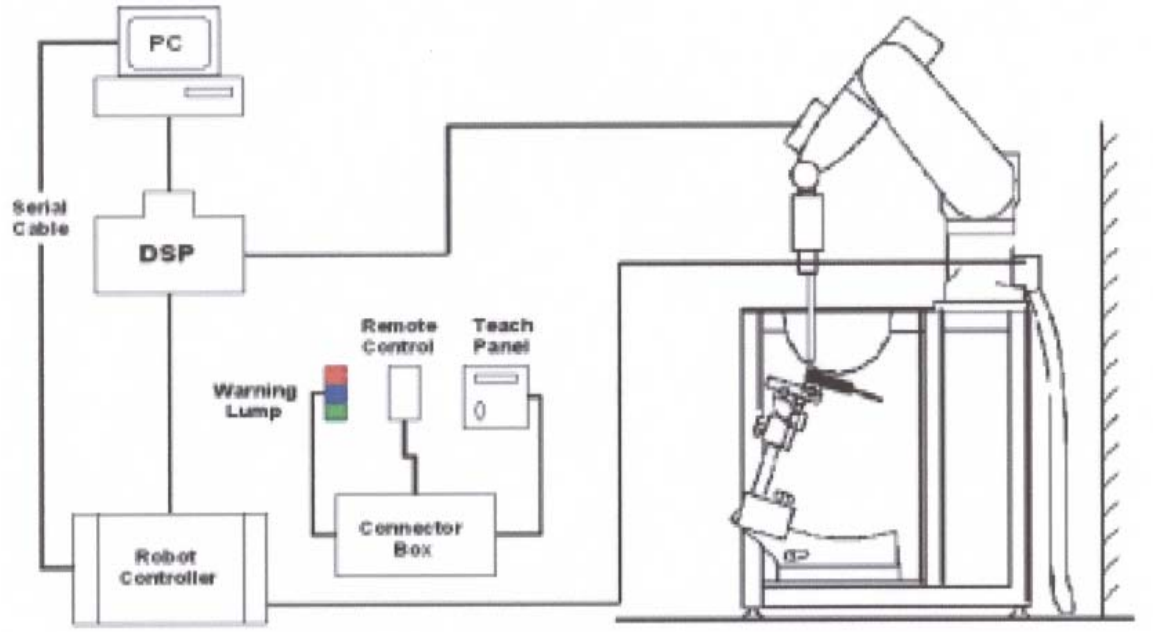
The EUT shall use its internal transmitter. The antenna(s), battery and accessories shall be those specified by the manufacturer. The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain uniform power output. If a wireless link is used, the antenna connected to the output of the base station simulator shall be placed at least 50 cm away from the handset. The signal transmitted by the simulator to the antenna feeding point shall be lower than the output power level of the handset by at least 30 dB.

5.2 SAR Measurement Set-up

These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system DASY4 Professional from Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG). The system is based on a high precision robot (working range greater than 0.9m), which positions the probes with a positional repeatability of better than ± 0.02mm. Special E- and H-field probes have been developed for

measurements close to material discontinuity, the sensors of which are directly loaded with a Schottky diode and connected via highly resistive lines (length =300mm) to the data acquisition unit.

A cell controller system contains the power supply, robot controller, teaches pendant (Joystick), and remote control, is used to drive the robot motors. The PC consists of the Micron Pentium III 800 MHz computer with Windows 2000 system and SAR Measurement Software DASY4 Professional, A/D interface card, monitor, mouse, and keyboard. The Stäubli Robot is connected to the cell controller to allow software manipulation of the robot. A data acquisition electronic (DAE) circuit performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (EOC). The EOC performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC plug-in card.



Picture 1: SAR Lab Test Measurement Set-up

The DAE consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the PC-card is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information and an optical uplink for commands and clock lines. The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sidewise probe contacts. They are also used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The robot uses its own controller with a built in VME-bus computer.

5.3 Dasy4 E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe ES3DV3 (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe has been calibrated according to the standard procedure with an accuracy of better than ± 10%. The spherical isotropy was evaluated and found to be better than ± 0.25dB.

ES3DV3 Probe Specification

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Interleaved sensors Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Calibration	Basic Broad Band Calibration in air Conversion Factors (CF) for HSL 900 and HSL 1810 Additional CF for other liquids and frequencies upon request

Picture 2: ES3DV3 E-field

Frequency	10 MHz to 4 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 4 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.3 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	5 µW/g to > 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.0 mm
Application	General dosimetry up to 4 GHz Dosimetry in strong gradient fields Compliance tests of mobile phones

Picture3:ES3DV3 E-field probe

5.4 E-field Probe Calibration

Each probe is calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than ± 10%. The spherical isotropy was evaluated and found to be better than ± 0.25dB. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe are tested.

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This is performed in a TEM cell for frequencies bellow 1 GHz, and in a wave guide above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated 360 degrees.

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The measured free space E-field in the medium correlates to temperature rise in a dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

$$SAR = C\frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

Where: Δt = Exposure time (30 seconds),
C = Heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),
ΔT = Temperature increase due to RF exposure.

Or

$$SAR = \frac{|E|^2 \sigma}{\rho}$$

Where:
σ = Simulated tissue conductivity,
ρ = Tissue density (kg/m^3).

Picture 4: Device Holder

5.5 Other Test Equipment

5.5.1 Device Holder for Transmitters

In combination with the Generic Twin Phantom V3.0, the Mounting Device (POM) enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter in spherical coordinates whereby the rotation points is the ear opening. The devices can be easily, accurately, and repeatable positioned according to the FCC and CENELEC specifications. The device holder can be locked at different phantom locations (left head, right head, flat phantom).

5.5.2 Phantom

The Generic Twin Phantom is constructed of a fiberglass shell integrated in a wooden table. The shape of the shell is based on data from an anatomical study designed to determine the maximum exposure in at least 90% of all users. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents the evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot.

Shell Thickness	2±0. l mm
Filling Volume	Approx. 20 liters
Dimensions	810 x l000 x 500 mm (H x L x W)
Available	Special

Picture 5: Generic Twin Phantom

5.6 Equivalent Tissues

The liquid used for the frequency range of 800-3000 MHz consisted of water, sugar, salt, preventol, glycol monobutyl and Cellulose. The liquid has been previously proven to be suited for worst-case. The Table 1 and 2 shows the detail solution. It's satisfying the latest tissue dielectric parameters requirements proposed by the IEEE 1528.

Table 1. Composition of the Head Tissue Equivalent Matter

MIXTURE %	FREQUENCY 850MHz
Water	41.45
Sugar	56.0
Salt	1.45
Preventol	0.1
Cellulose	1.0
Dielectric Parameters Target Value	f=850MHz ε=41.5 σ=0.90
MIXTURE %	FREQUENCY 1900MHz
Water	55.242
Glycol monobutyl	44.452
Salt	0.306
Dielectric Parameters Target Value	f=1900MHz ε=40.0 σ=1.40

Table 2. Composition of the Body Tissue Equivalent Matter

MIXTURE %	FREQUENCY 850MHz
Water	52.5
Sugar	45.0
Salt	1.4
Preventol	0.1
Cellulose	1.0
Dielectric Parameters Target Value	f=850MHz ε=55.2 σ=0.97
MIXTURE %	FREQUENCY 1900MHz
Water	69.91
Glycol monobutyl	29.96
Salt	0.13
Dielectric Parameters Target Value	f=1900MHz ε=53.3 σ=1.52

5.7 System Specifications

Specifications

Positioner: Stäubli Unimation Corp. Robot Model: RX90L
Repeatability: ±0.02 mm
No. of Axis: 6

Data Acquisition Electronic (DAE) System

Cell Controller

Processor: Pentium III
Clock Speed: 800 MHz

Operating System: Windows 2000
Data Converter
Features: Signal Amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter, and control logic
Software: DASY4 software
Connecting Lines: Optical downlink for data and status info.
Optical uplink for commands and clock

6 CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

6.1 Summary

During the process of testing, the EUT was controlled via Rhode & Schwarz Digital Radio Communication tester (CMU-200) to ensure the maximum power transmission and proper modulation. This result contains conducted output power for the EUT. In all cases, the measured output power should be greater and within 5% than EMI measurement.

6.2 Conducted Power

6.2.1 Measurement Methods

The EUT was set up for the maximum output power. The channel power was measured with Agilent Spectrum Analyzer E4440A. These measurements were done at low, middle and high channels.

6.2.2 Measurement result

Table 3: The conducted power for GSM 850/1900

GSM 850MHZ	**Conducted Power (dBm)**		
	Channel 251(848.8MHz)	**Channel 190(836.6MHz)**	**Channel 128(824.2MHz)**
	32.81	32.86	32.91
GSM 1900MHZ	**Conducted Power (dBm)**		
	Channel 810(1909.8MHz)	**Channel 661(1880MHz)**	**Channel 512(1850.2MHz)**
	29.89	29.83	29.92

Table 4: The conducted power for GPRS 850/1900 and EGPRS 850/1900

GSM 850 GPRS	Measured Power (dBm)			calculation	Averaged Power (dBm)		
	251	**190**	**128**		**251**	**190**	**128**
1 Txslot	32.80	32.84	32.88	-9.03dB	23.77	23.81	23.85
2 Txslots	30.54	30.59	30.65	-6.02dB	24.52	24.57	24.63
3Txslots	29.72	29.77	29.80	-4.26dB	**25.46**	**25.51**	**25.54**
4 Txslots	27.30	27.33	27.36	-3.01dB	24.29	24.32	24.35
GSM 850 EGPRS	Measured Power (dBm)			calculation	Averaged Power (dBm)		
	251	**190**	**128**		**251**	**190**	**128**
1 Txslot	32.85	32.90	32.95	-9.03dB	23.82	23.87	23.92
2 Txslots	30.61	30.65	30.72	-6.02dB	24.59	24.63	24.70
3Txslots	29.77	29.80	29.85	-4.26dB	**25.51**	**25.54**	**25.59**
4 Txslots	27.31	27.36	27.40	-3.01dB	24.30	24.35	24.39

PCS1900 GPRS	Measured Power (dBm)			calculation	Averaged Power (dBm)		
	810	**661**	**512**		**810**	**661**	**512**
1 Txslot	29.86	29.81	29.90	-9.03dB	20.83	20.78	20.87
2 Txslots	27.32	27.25	27.35	-6.02dB	21.30	21.23	21.33
3Txslots	26.46	26.36	26.48	-4.26dB	**22.20**	**22.10**	**22.22**
4 Txslots	23.91	23.84	23.93	-3.01dB	20.90	20.83	20.92
PCS1900 EGPRS	Measured Power (dBm)			calculation	Averaged Power (dBm)		
	810	**661**	**512**		**810**	**661**	**512**
1 Txslot	29.91	29.85	29.94	-9.03dB	20.88	20.82	20.91
2 Txslots	27.37	27.30	27.40	-6.02dB	21.35	21.28	21.38
3Txslots	26.46	26.36	26.47	-4.26dB	**22.20**	**22.10**	**22.21**
4 Txslots	23.94	23.85	23.96	-3.01dB	20.93	20.84	20.95

NOTES:

1) Division Factors

To average the power, the division factor is as follows:

1TX-slot = 1 transmit time slot out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/1) => -9.03dB

2TX-slots = 2 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/2) => -6.02dB

3TX-slots = 3 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/3) => -4.26dB

4TX-slots = 4 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/4) => -3.01dB

According to the conducted power as above, the body measurements are performed with 3 Txslots for GSM850 and PCS1900.

6.2.3 Power Drift

To control the output power stability during the SAR test, DASY4 system calculates the power drift by measuring the E-field at the same location at the beginning and at the end of the measurement for each test position. These drift values can be found in Table 11 to Table 16 labeled as: (Power Drift [dB]). This ensures that the power drift during one measurement is within 5%.

7 TEST RESULTS

7.1 Dielectric Performance

Table 5: Dielectric Performance of Head Tissue Simulating Liquid

Measurement is made at temperature 23.0 °C and relative humidity 37%. Liquid temperature during the test: 22.5°C Measurement Date : 850 MHz **June 20, 2011** 1900 MHz **June 21, 2011**			
/	**Frequency**	**Permittivity ε**	**Conductivity σ (S/m)**
Target value	835 MHz	41.5	0.90
	1900 MHz	40.0	1.40
Measurement value (Average of 10 tests)	835 MHz	41.1	0.90
	1900 MHz	40.5	1.41

Table 6: Dielectric Performance of Body Tissue Simulating Liquid

Measurement is made at temperature 23.0 °C and relative humidity 37%. Liquid temperature during the test: 22.5°C Measurement Date : 850 MHz **June 20, 2011** 1900 MHz **June 21, 2011**			
/	**Frequency**	**Permittivity ε**	**Conductivity σ (S/m)**
Target value	835 MHz	55.2	0.97
	1900 MHz	53.3	1.52
Measurement value (Average of 10 tests)	835 MHz	54.6	0.95
	1900 MHz	52.6	1.52

7.2 System Validation

Table 7: System Validation of Head

Measurement is made at temperature 23.0 °C and relative humidity 37%. Liquid temperature during the test: 22.5°C Measurement Date : 850 MHz **June 20, 2011** 1900 MHz **June 21, 2011**							
Liquid parameters	Dipole calibration Target value	**Frequency**		**Permittivity ε**		**Conductivity σ (S/m)**	
		835 MHz		41.6		0.92	
		1900 MHz		39.6		1.40	
	Actural Measurement value	835 MHz		41.1		0.90	
		1900 MHz		40.5		1.41	
Verification results	**Frequency**	**Target value (W/kg)**		**Measured value (W/kg)**		**Deviation**	
		10 g Average	**1 g Average**	**10 g Average**	**1 g Average**	**10 g Average**	**1 g Average**
	835 MHz	6.12	9.41	5.92	9.32	-3.27%	-0.96%
	1900 MHz	20.1	39.4	19.56	38.64	-2.69%	-1.93%

Table 8: System Validation of Body

Measurement is made at temperature 23.0 °C and relative humidity 37%. Liquid temperature during the test: 22.5°C Measurement Date : 850 MHz **June 20, 2011** 1900 MHz **June 21, 2011**				
Liquid parameters	Dipole calibration Target value	**Frequency**	**Permittivity ε**	**Conductivity σ (S/m)**
		835 MHz	54.5	0.97
		1900 MHz	52.5	1.51
	Actural Measurement value	835 MHz	54.6	0.95
		1900 MHz	52.6	1.52

Verification results	Frequency	Target value (W/kg)		Measured value (W/kg)		Deviation	
		10 g Average	1 g Average	10 g Average	1 g Average	10 g Average	1 g Average
	835 MHz	6.24	9.57	6.00	9.16	-3.85%	-4.28%
	1900 MHz	20.9	41.4	20.6	40.8	-1.44%	-1.45%

Note： The forward power is 250mW. Target values are the data of the dipole validation results, please check Annex F for the Dipole Calibration Certificate.

7.3 Evaluation of Multi-Batteries

Table 9: Pretest SAR Values (GSM 1900 MHz Band)

Limit of SAR (W/kg)	10 g Average	1 g Average
	2.0	1.6
Test Case	**Measurement Result (W/kg)**	
	10 g Average	**1 g Average**
Right hand, Touch cheek, Low frequency (CAB3120000C1)	0.411	0.689
Right hand, Touch cheek, Low frequency (CAB3120000C2)	0.375	0.628

Note: According to the values in the above table, the battery, CAB3120000C1, is the normal battery. We'll perform the head measurement with this battery and retest on highest value point with others.

Table 10: Pretest SAR Values (GSM 850 MHz Band-Body)

Limit of SAR (W/kg)	10 g Average	1 g Average
	2.0	1.6
Test Case	**Measurement Result (W/kg)**	
	10 g Average	**1 g Average**
Body, Towards Ground, Mid frequency (CAB3120000C1)	0.833	1.16
Body, Towards Ground, Mid frequency (CAB3120000C2)	0.827	1.15

Note: According to the values in the above table, the battery, CAB3120000C1, is the normal battery. We'll perform the body measurement with this battery and retest on highest value point with others.

7.4 Summary of Measurement Results

Table 11: SAR Values (850MHz-Head) - with battery CAB3120000C1

Limit of SAR (W/kg)	10 g Average	1 g Average	Power Drift (dB)
	2.0	1.6	
Test Case	Measurement Result (W/kg)		
	10 g Average	1 g Average	
Left hand, Touch cheek, High frequency (See Fig.1)	0.423	0.572	0.003
Left hand, Touch cheek, Mid frequency (See Fig.2)	0.421	0.566	-0.095
Left hand, Touch cheek, Low frequency (See Fig.3)	0.360	0.482	-0.004
Left hand, Tilt 15 Degree, High frequency (See Fig.4)	0.242	0.320	-0.070
Left hand, Tilt 15 Degree, Mid frequency (See Fig.5)	0.250	0.331	-0.047
Left hand, Tilt 15 Degree, Low frequency (See Fig.6)	0.212	0.278	0.097
Right hand, Touch cheek, High frequency (See Fig.7)	0.354	0.481	-0.076
Right hand, Touch cheek, Mid frequency (See Fig.8)	0.373	0.504	-0.009
Right hand, Touch cheek, Low frequency (See Fig.9)	0.326	0.443	0.046
Right hand, Tilt 15 Degree, High frequency (See Fig.10)	0.253	0.336	-0.038
Right hand, Tilt 15 Degree, Mid frequency (See Fig.11)	0.262	0.347	-0.019
Right hand, Tilt 15 Degree, Low frequency (See Fig.12)	0.222	0.292	0.020

Table 12: SAR Values (1900MHz-Head) - with battery CAB3120000C1

Limit of SAR (W/kg)	10 g Average	1 g Average	Power Drift (dB)
	2.0	1.6	
Test Case	Measurement Result (W/kg)		
	10 g Average	1 g Average	
Left hand, Touch cheek, High frequency (See Fig.13)	0.327	0.529	-0.095
Left hand, Touch cheek, Mid frequency (See Fig.14)	0.321	0.520	-0.068
Left hand, Touch cheek, Low frequency (See Fig.15)	0.383	0.627	-0.149
Left hand, Tilt 15 Degree, High frequency (See Fig.16)	0.150	0.247	-0.023
Left hand, Tilt 15 Degree, Mid frequency (See Fig.17)	0.161	0.263	-0.020
Left hand, Tilt 15 Degree, Low frequency (See Fig.18)	0.169	0.274	-0.038
Right hand, Touch cheek, High frequency (See Fig.19)	0.350	0.589	-0.092
Right hand, Touch cheek, Mid frequency (See Fig.20)	0.387	0.647	-0.149
Right hand, Touch cheek, Low frequency (See Fig.21)	0.411	0.689	0.024
Right hand, Tilt 15 Degree, High frequency (See Fig.22)	0.178	0.285	0.000
Right hand, Tilt 15 Degree, Mid frequency (See Fig.23)	0.193	0.307	0.001
Right hand, Tilt 15 Degree, Low frequency(See Fig.24)	0.201	0.315	0.081

Table 13: SAR Values (1900MHz-Head) - with battery CAB3120000C2

Limit of SAR (W/kg)	10 g Average	1 g Average	Power Drift (dB)
	2.0	1.6	
Test Case	Measurement Result (W/kg)		
	10 g Average	1 g Average	
Right hand, Touch cheek, Low frequency (See Fig.25)	0.375	0.628	0.022

Table 14: SAR Values (850MHz-Body) - with battery CAB3120000C1

Limit of SAR (W/kg)	10 g Average	1g Average	Power Drift (dB)
	2.0	1.6	
Test Case	Measurement Result (W/kg)		
	10 g Average	1 g Average	
Body, Towards Ground, High frequency with GPRS (See Fig.26)	0.677	0.940	-0.089
Body, Towards Ground, Mid frequency with GPRS (See Fig.27)	0.833	1.16	-0.099
Body, Towards Ground, Low frequency with GPRS (See Fig.28)	0.811	1.13	-0.108
Body, Towards Phantom, High frequency with GPRS (See Fig.29)	0.499	0.676	-0.149
Body, Towards Phantom, Mid frequency with GPRS (See Fig.30)	0.579	0.782	-0.112
Body, Towards Phantom, Low frequency with GPRS (See Fig.31)	0.516	0.694	-0.031
Body, Towards Ground, Mid frequency with EGPRS (See Fig.32)	0.832	1.15	-0.080
Body, Towards Ground, Mid frequency with Headset_ CCA3160A14C1 (See Fig.33)	0.467	0.661	-0.078
Body, Towards Ground, Mid frequency with Headset_ CCA3160A14C4 (See Fig.34)	0.497	0.700	-0.167

Table 15: SAR Values (1900MHz-Body) - with battery CAB3120000C1

Limit of SAR (W/kg)	10 g Average	1g Average	Power Drift (dB)
	2.0	1.6	
Test Case	Measurement Result (W/kg)		
	10 g Average	1 g Average	
Body, Towards Ground, High frequency with GPRS (See Fig.35)	0.333	0.551	0.075

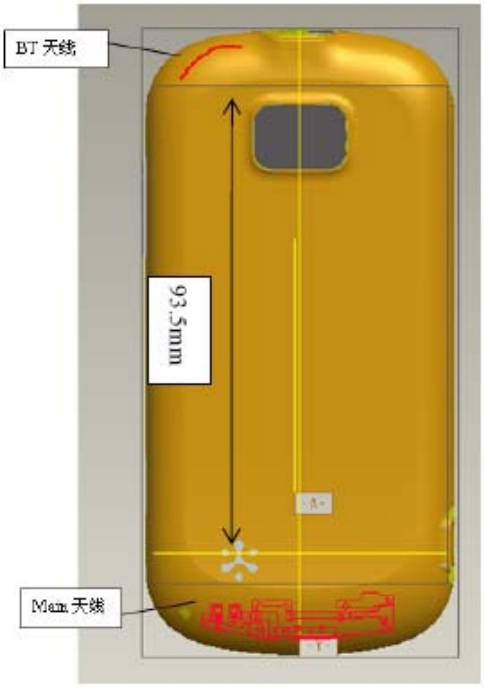
Body, Towards Ground, Mid frequency with GPRS (See Fig.36)	0.353	0.587	0.046
Body, Towards Ground, Low frequency with GPRS (See Fig.37)	0.365	0.608	-0.00895
Body, Towards Phantom, High frequency with GPRS (See Fig.38)	0.245	0.411	-0.198
Body, Towards Phantom, Mid frequency with GPRS (See Fig.39)	0.246	0.400	-0.078
Body, Towards Phantom, Low frequency with GPRS (See Fig.40)	0.246	0.402	-0.086
Body, Towards Ground, Low frequency with EGPRS (See Fig.41)	0.356	0.591	-0.021
Body, Towards Ground, Low frequency with Headset_ CCA3160A14C1 (See Fig.42)	0.257	0.429	0.030
Body, Towards Ground, Low frequency with Headset_ CCA3160A14C4 (See Fig.43)	0.233	0.386	-0.00748

Table 16: SAR Values (850MHz-Body) - with battery CAB3120000C2

Limit of SAR (W/kg)	**10 g Average**	**1g Average**	**Power Drift (dB)**
	2.0	1.6	
Test Case	**Measurement Result (W/kg)**		
	10 g Average	**1 g Average**	
Body, Towards Ground, Mid frequency with GPRS (See Fig.44)	0.822	1.14	-0.128

7.5 Summary of Measurement Results (Bluetooth function)

The distance between BT antenna and GSM antenna is ＞5cm. The location of the antennas inside mobile phone is shown below:



The output power of BT antenna is as following:

Channel	Ch 0 (2402 MHz)	Ch 39 (2441 MHz)	Ch 78 (2480 MHz)
Peak Conducted Output Power(dBm)	8.08	6.81	7.33

According to the output power measurement result and the distance between the two antennas, we can draw the conclusion that: stand-alone SAR and simultaneous transmission SAR are not required for BT transmitter, because the output power of BT transmitter is $\leqslant 2P_{Ref}$ and its antenna is ＞5cm from other antenna

Note: Power thresholds (P_{Ref}) is derived from multiples of $0.5\times 60/f_{(GHz)}$, that is 12mW (10.79dBm) for BT frequency. So $2P_{Ref}$ = 24mW (13.8dBm).

7.6 Conclusion

Localized Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) of this portable wireless device has been measured in all cases requested by the relevant standards cited in Clause 4.2 of this report. Maximum localized SAR is below exposure limits specified in the relevant standards cited in Clause 4.1 of this test report.

The maximum SAR values are obtained at the case of **GSM 850 Body, Towards Ground, Mid frequency with GPRS (Table 14)**, and the value are: **0.833(10g), 1.16(1g).**

8 Measurement Uncertainty

No.	Error Description	Type	Uncertainty value	Probably Distribution	Div.	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Std. Unc. (1g)	Std. Unc. (10g)	Degree of freedom
Measurement system										
1	Probe calibration	B	5.5	N	1	1	1	5.5	5.5	∞
2	Isotropy	B	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9	∞
3	Boundary effect	B	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
4	Linearity	B	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
5	Detection limit	B	1.0	N	1	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
6	Readout electronics	B	0.3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
7	Response time	B	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5	∞
8	Integration time	B	2.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.5	1.5	∞
9	RF ambient conditions-noise	B	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0	0	∞
10	RF ambient conditions-reflection	B	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0	0	∞
11	Probe positioned mech. restrictions	B	0.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.2	0.2	∞
12	Probe positioning with respect to	B	2.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞

	phantom shell									
13	Post-processing	B	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Test sample related										
14	Test sample positioning	A	3.3	N	1	1	1	3.3	3.3	71
15	Device holder uncertainty	A	3.4	N	1	1	1	3.4	3.4	5
16	Drift of output power	B	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
Phantom and set-up										
17	Phantom uncertainty	B	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
18	Liquid conductivity (target)	B	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
19	Liquid conductivity (meas.)	A	2.06	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.32	0.89	43
20	Liquid permittivity (target)	B	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
21	Liquid permittivity (meas.)	A	1.6	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.0	0.8	521
Combined standard uncertainty		$u_c' = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{21} c_i^2 u_i^2}$						9.25	9.12	257
Expanded uncertainty (confidence interval of 95 %)		$u_e = 2u_c$						18.5	18.2	

9 MAIN TEST INSTRUMENTS

Table 17: List of Main Instruments

No.	Name	Type	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Valid Period
01	Network analyzer	HP 8753E	US38433212	August 4,2010	One year
02	Power meter	NRVD	102083	September 11, 2010	One year
03	Power sensor	NRV-Z5	100542		
04	Signal Generator	E4438C	MY49070393	November 13, 2010	One Year
05	Amplifier	VTL5400	0505	No Calibration Requested	
06	BTS	8960	MY48365192	November 18, 2010	One year
07	E-field Probe	SPEAG ES3DV3	3149	September 25, 2010	One year
08	DAE	SPEAG DAE4	771	November 21, 2010	One year
09	Dipole Validation Kit	SPEAG D835V2	443	February 26, 2010	Two years
10	Dipole Validation Kit	SPEAG D1900V2	541	February 26, 2010	Two years

END OF REPORT BODY

ANNEX A MEASUREMENT PROCESS

The evaluation was performed with the following procedure:

Step 1: Measurement of the SAR value at a fixed location above the reference point was measured and was used as a reference value for assessing the power drop.

Step 2: The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the phantom was measured at a distance of 3.9 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the flat phantom and the horizontal grid spacing was 10 mm x 10 mm. Based on this data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation.

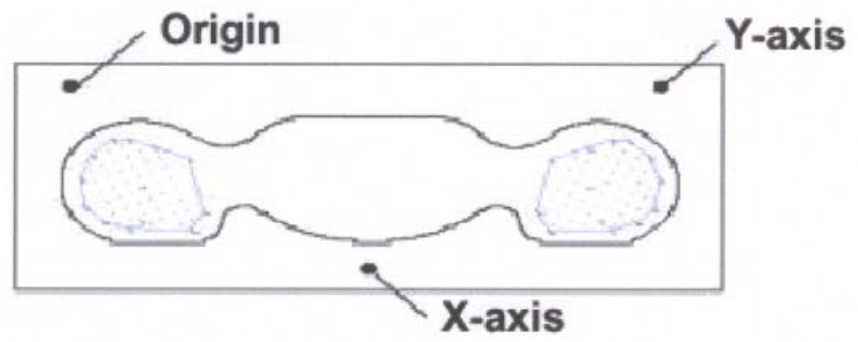
Step 3: Around this point, a volume of 30 mm x 30 mm x 30 mm was assessed by measuring 7 x 7x 7 points. On this basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated with the following procedure:

a. The data at the surface were extrapolated, since the center of the dipoles is 2.7 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.2 mm. The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.

b. The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straightforward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1g or 10g) were computed using the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition (in x ~ y and z-directions). The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were interpolated to calculate the average.

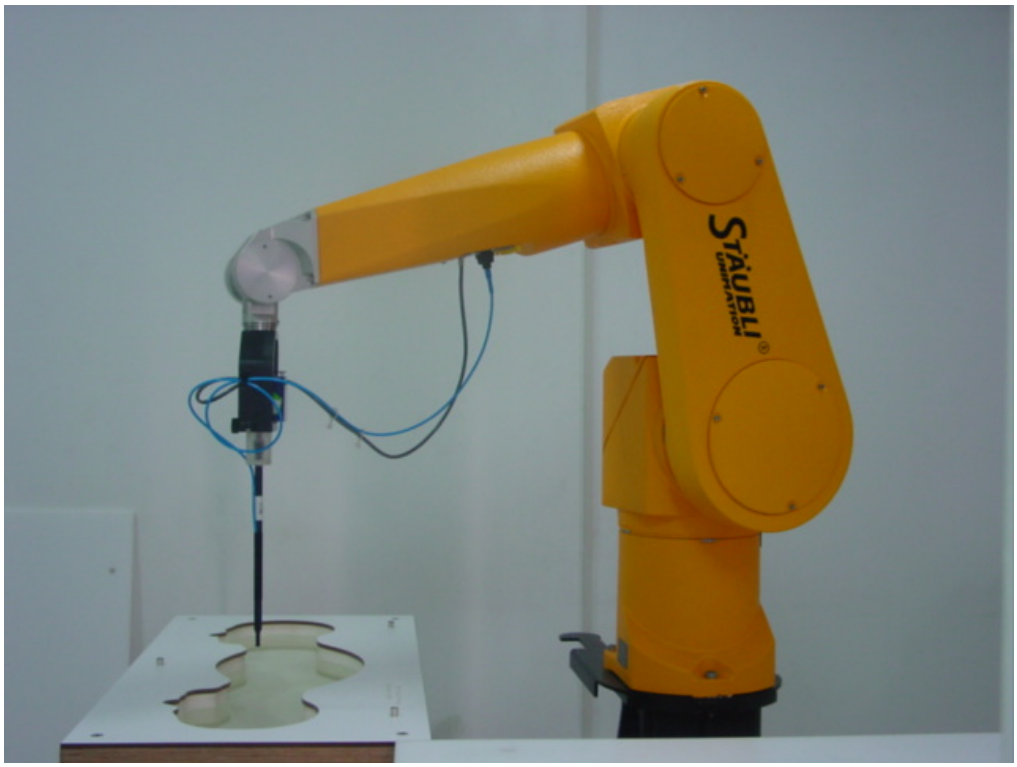
c. All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.

Step 4: Re-measurement the SAR value at the same location as in Step 1. If the value changed by more than 5%, the evaluation is repeated.

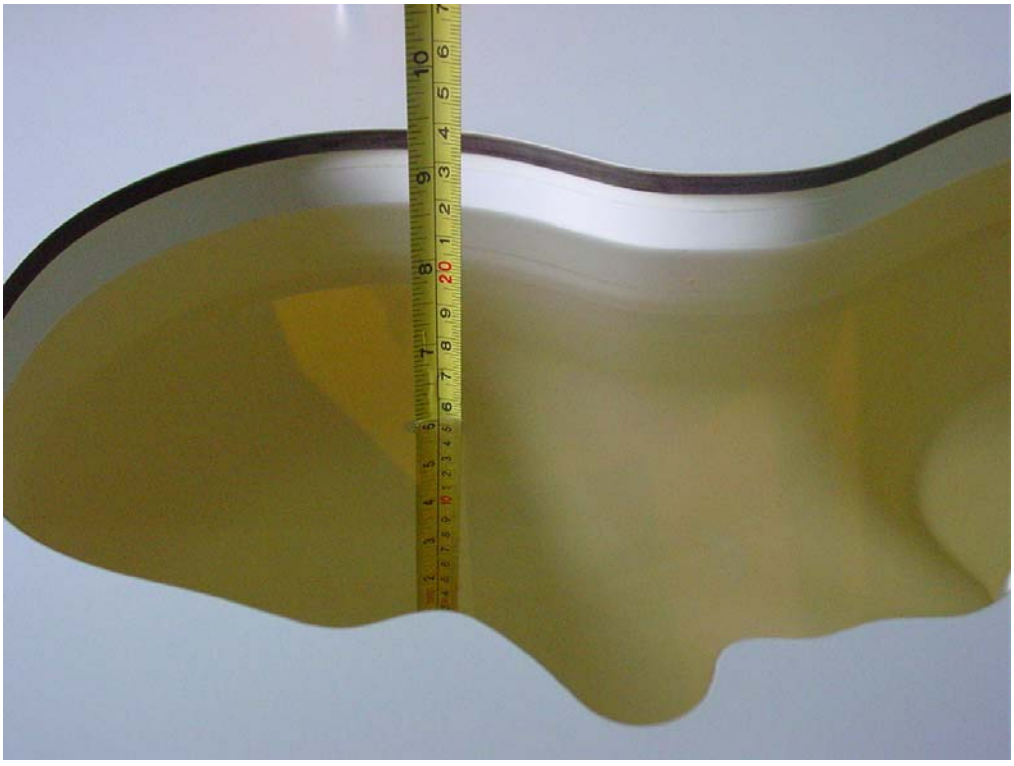


Picture A: SAR Measurement Points in Area Scan

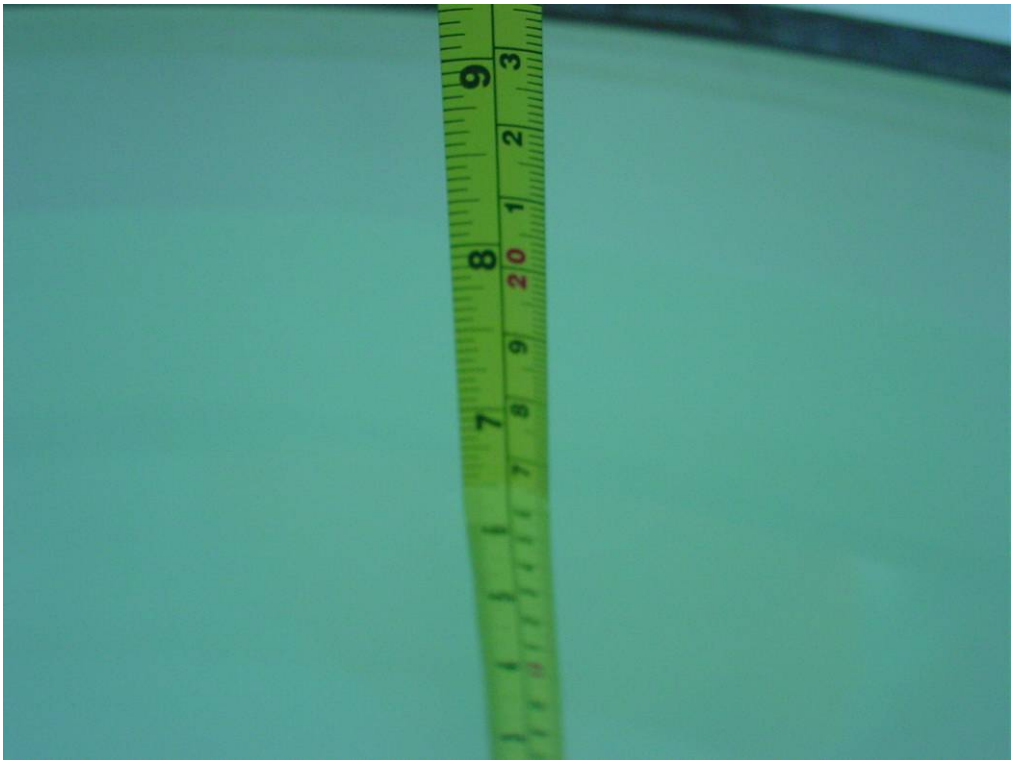
ANNEX B TEST LAYOUT



Picture B1: Specific Absorption Rate Test Layout

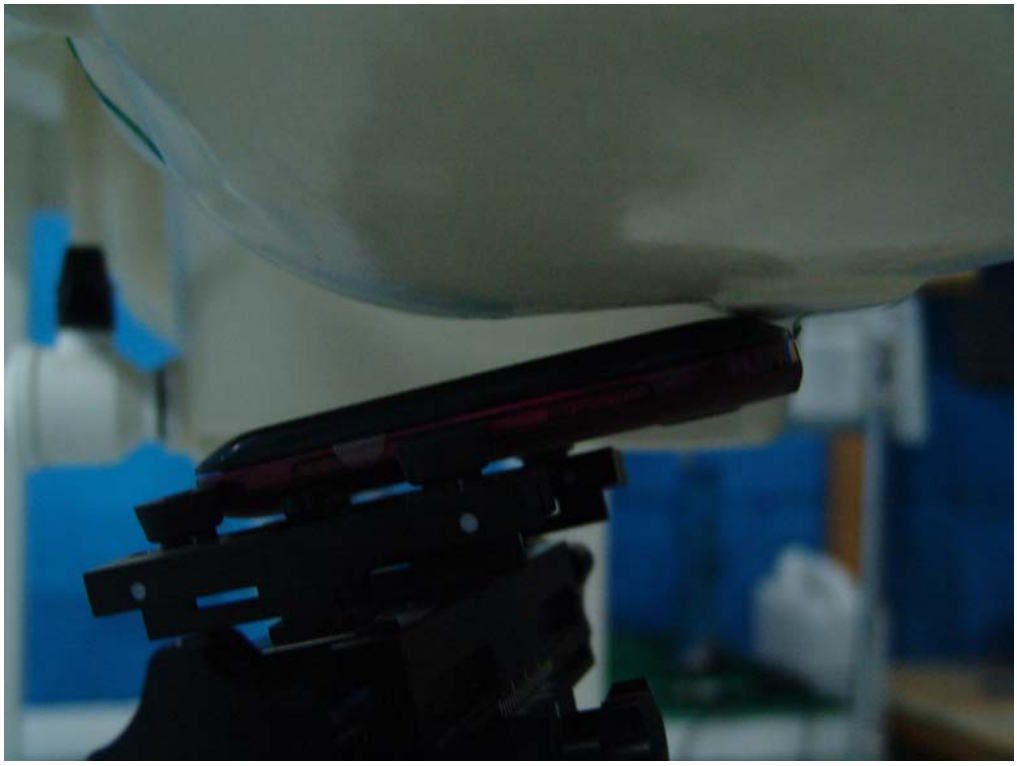


Picture B2: Liquid depth in the Flat Phantom (850 MHz)

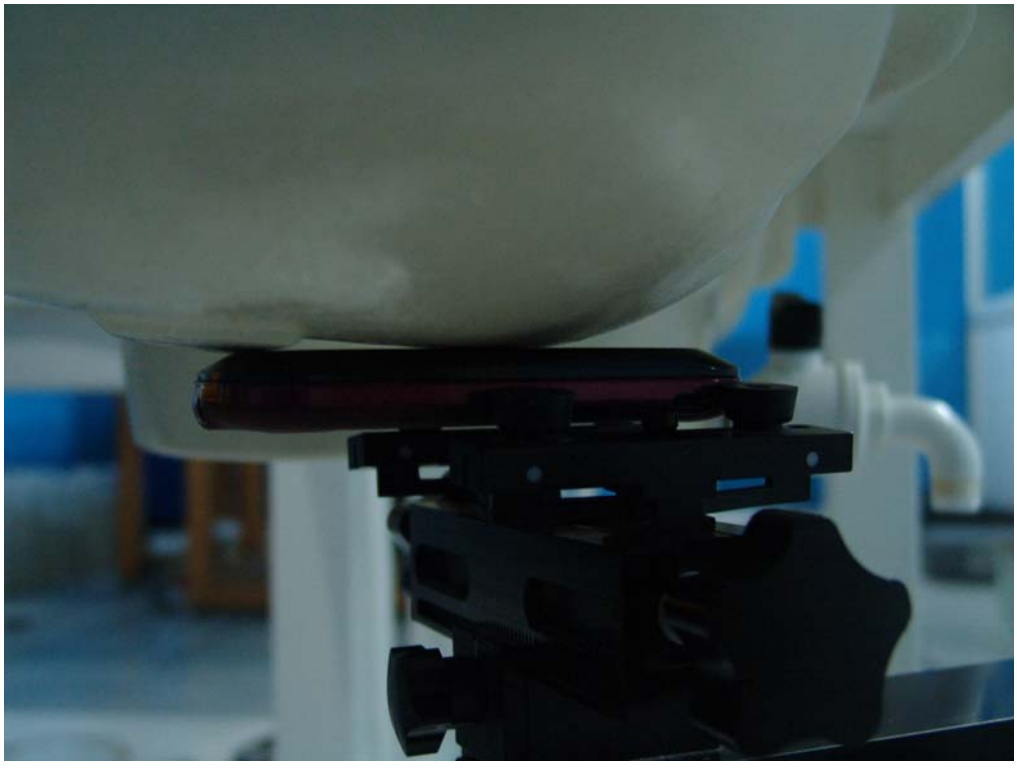


Picture B3 Liquid depth in the Flat Phantom (1900MHz)

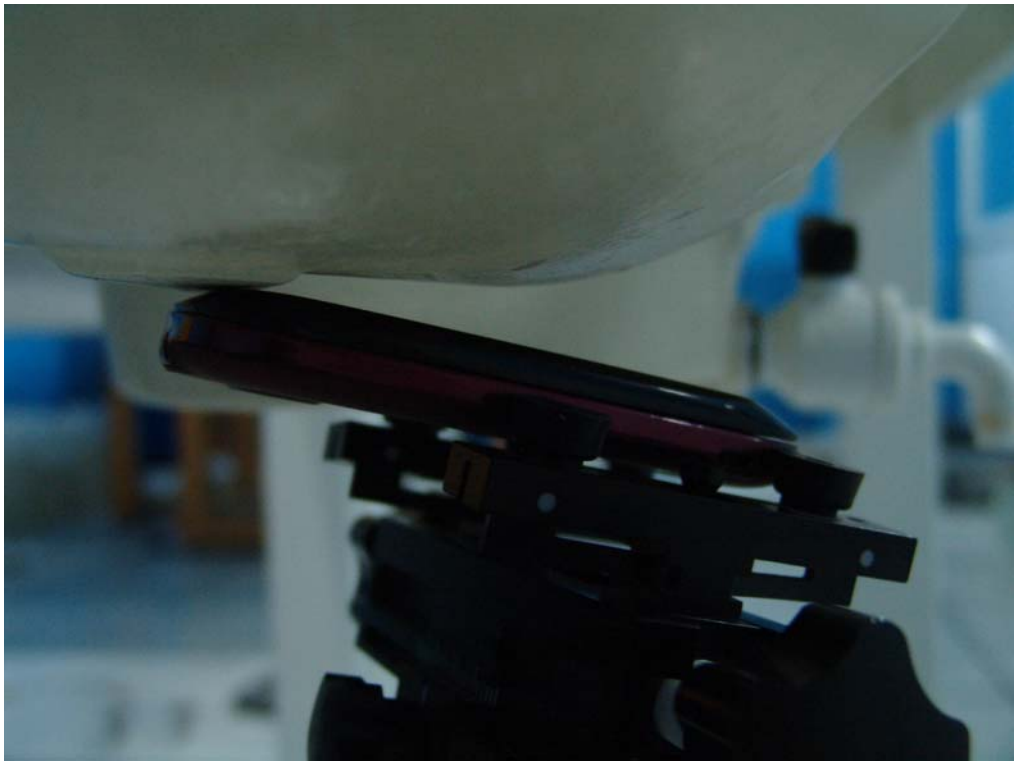
Picture B4: Left Hand Touch Cheek Position



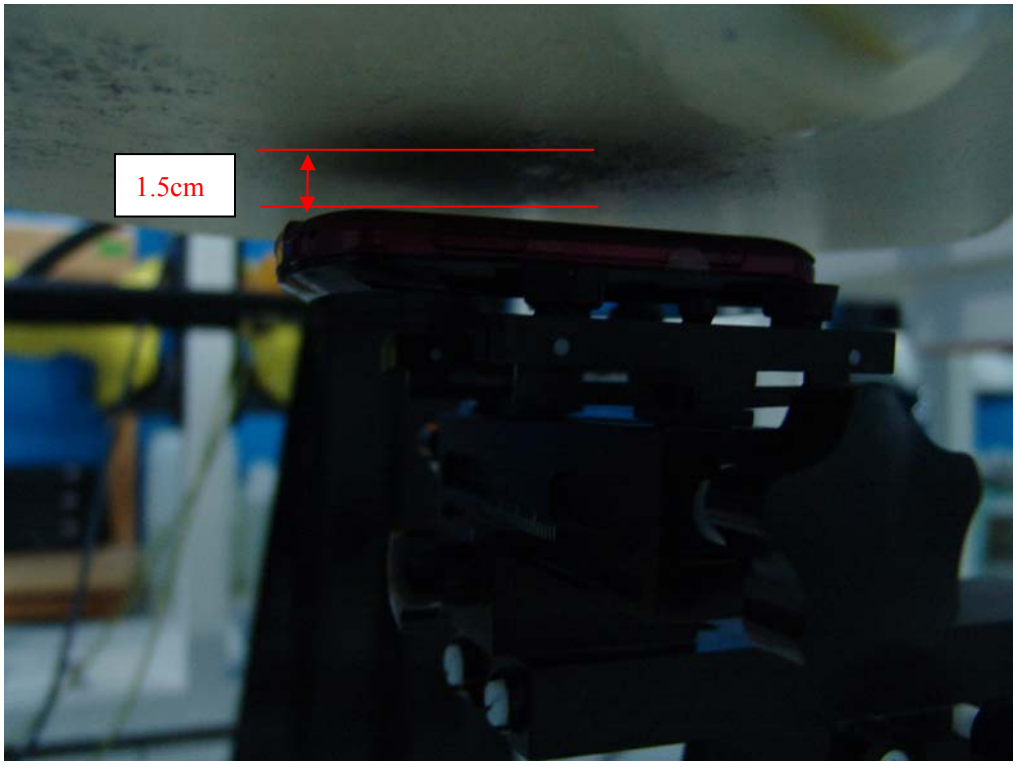
Picture B5: Left Hand Tilt 15° Position



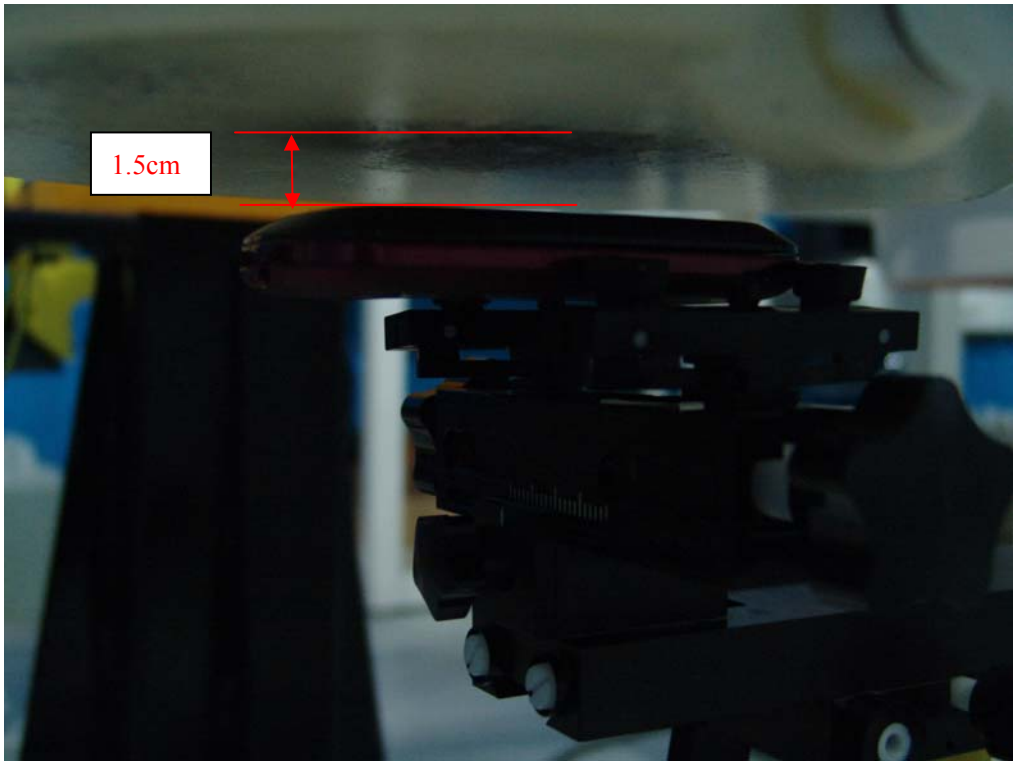
Picture B6: Right Hand Touch Cheek Position



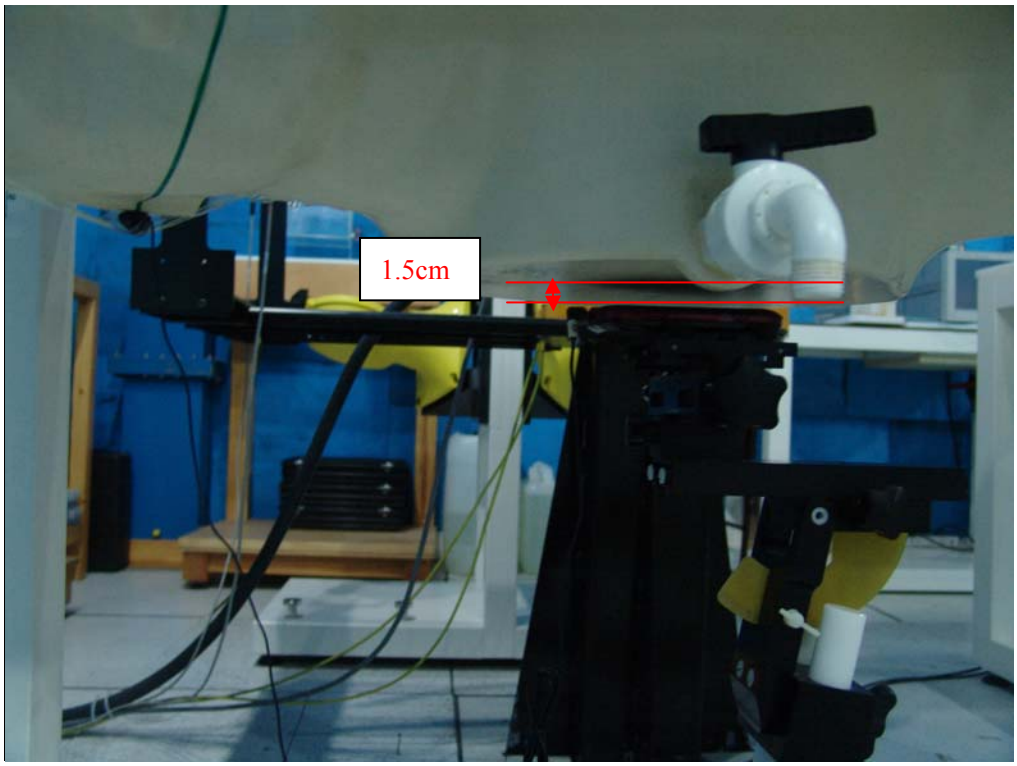
Picture B7: Right Hand Tilt 15° Position



Picture B8: Body-worn Position (towards ground, the distance from handset to the bottom of the Phantom is 1.5cm)



Picture B9: Body-worn Position (towards phantom, the distance from handset to the bottom of the Phantom is 1.5cm)



Picture B10: Body-worn Position with Headset (towards ground, the distance from handset to the bottom of the Phantom is 1.5cm)

ANNEX C GRAPH RESULTS

850 Left Cheek High

Date/Time: 2011-6-20 8:24:09
Electronics: DAE4 Sn771
Medium: Head 850 MHz
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 848.8 MHz; σ = 0.92 mho/m; εr = 41.0; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:23.0°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C
Communication System: GSM 850 Frequency: 848.8 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3149 ConvF(6.56, 6.56, 6.56)

Cheek High/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.604 mW/g

Cheek High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 8.67 V/m; Power Drift = 0.003 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.724 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.572 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.423 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.607 mW/g

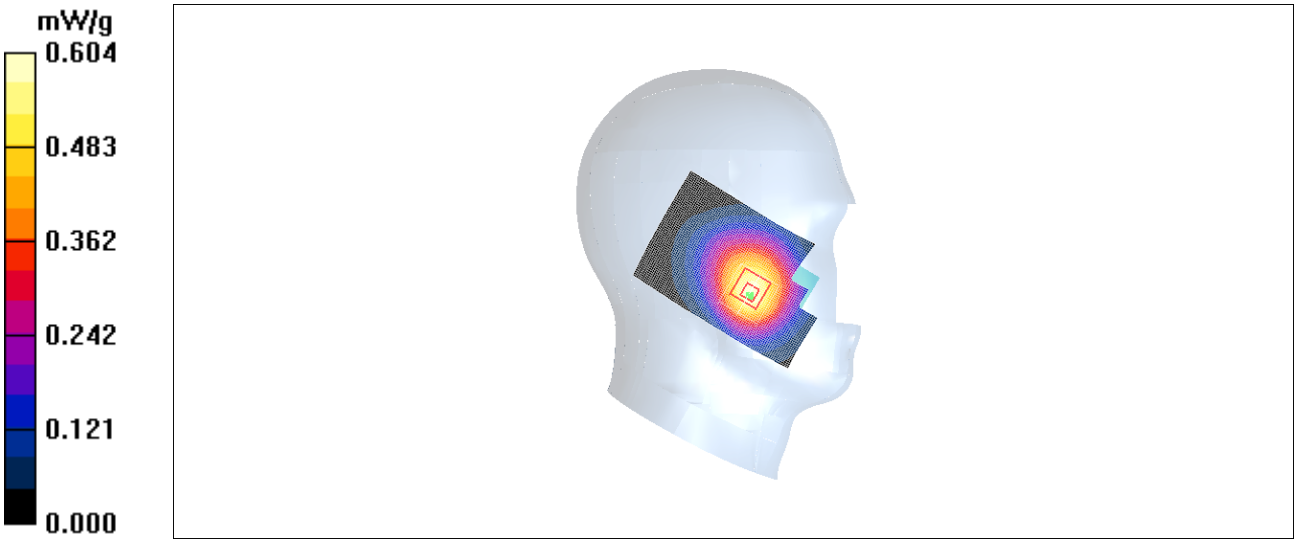


Fig. 1 850MHz CH251

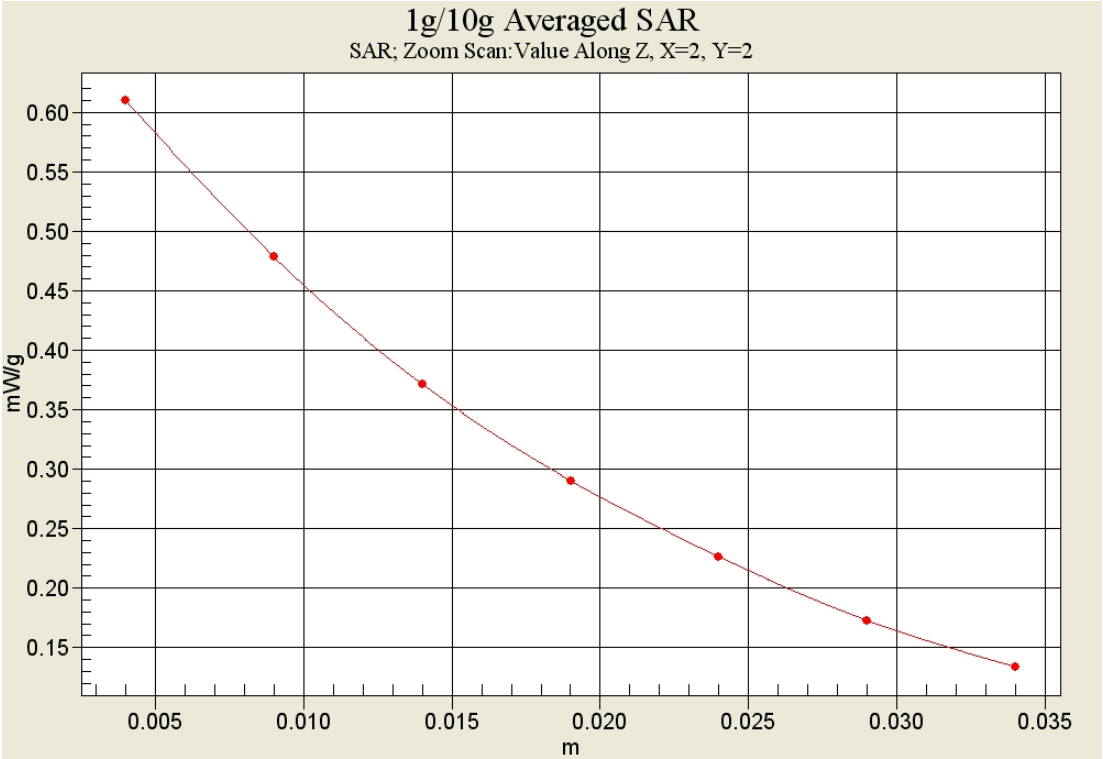


Fig. 1-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (850 MHz CH251)

850 Left Cheek Middle

Date/Time: 2011-6-20 8:38:30
Electronics: DAE4 Sn771
Medium: Head 850 MHz
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz; σ = 0.908 mho/m; εr = 41.1; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:23.0°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C
Communication System: GSM 850 Frequency: 836.6 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3149 ConvF(6.56, 6.56, 6.56)

Cheek Middle/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.600 mW/g

Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 8.90 V/m; Power Drift = -0.095 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.713 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.566 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.421 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.596 mW/g

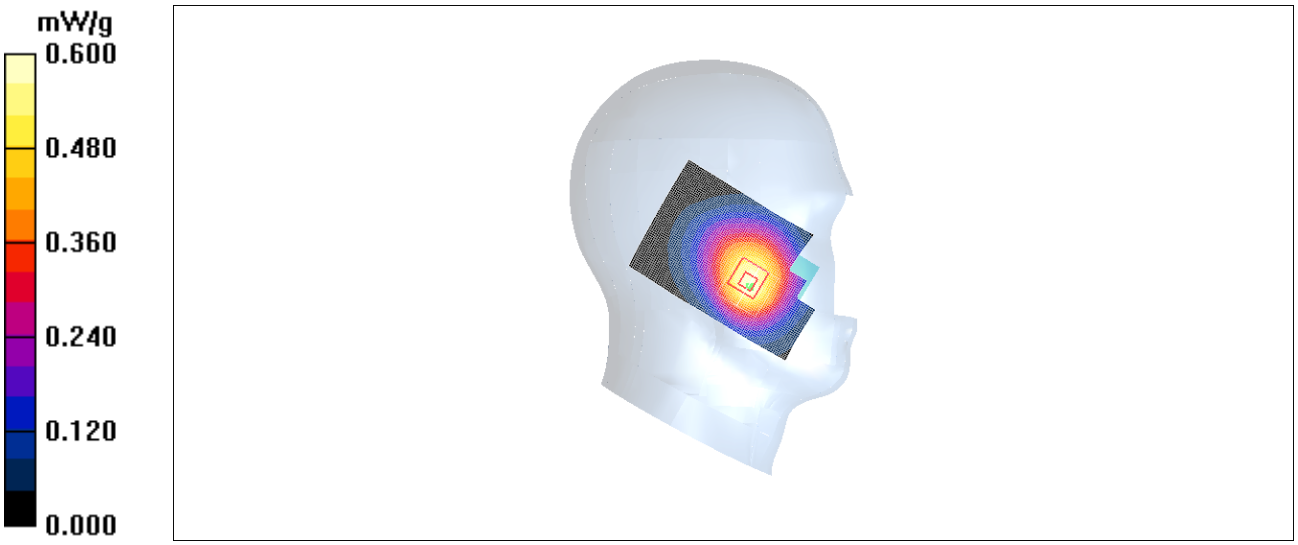


Fig. 2 850 MHz CH190

850 Left Cheek Low

Date/Time: 2011-6-20 8:52:54
Electronics: DAE4 Sn771
Medium: Head 850 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 825 MHz; σ = 0.896 mho/m; εr = 41.1; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:23.0°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C
Communication System: GSM 850 Frequency: 824.2 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3149 ConvF(6.56, 6.56, 6.56)

Cheek Low/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.505 mW/g

Cheek Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 8.36 V/m; Power Drift = -0.004 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.606 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.482 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.360 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.510 mW/g

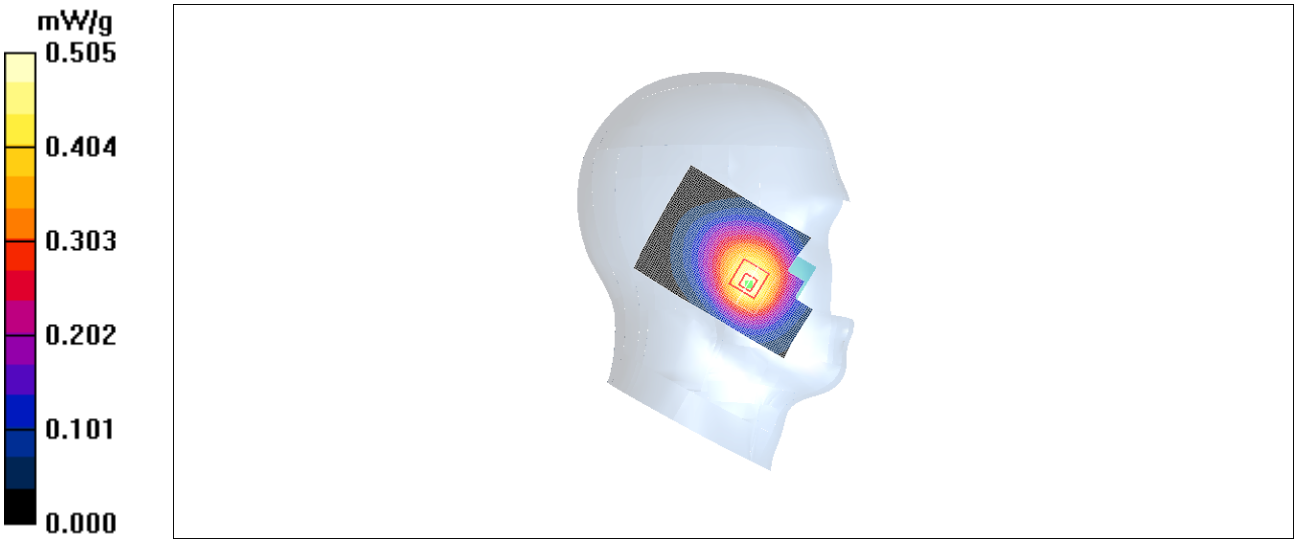


Fig. 3 850 MHz CH128

850 Left Tilt High

Date/Time: 2011-6-20 9:07:33
Electronics: DAE4 Sn771
Medium: Head 850 MHz
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 848.8 MHz; σ = 0.92 mho/m; εr = 41.0; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:23.0°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C
Communication System: GSM 850 Frequency: 848.8 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3149 ConvF(6.56, 6.56, 6.56)

Tilt High/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.330 mW/g

Tilt High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 14.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.070 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.399 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.320 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.242 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.338 mW/g

Tilt High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 14.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.070 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.334 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.246 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.161 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.291 mW/g

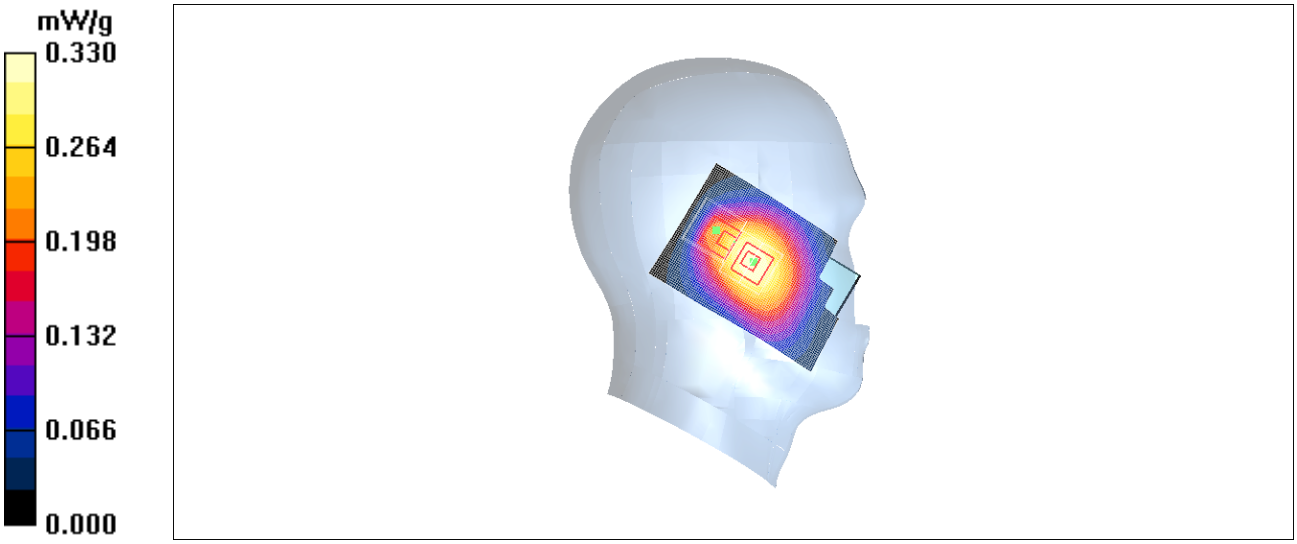


Fig.4 850 MHz CH251

850 Left Tilt Middle

Date/Time: 2011-6-20 9:21:53
Electronics: DAE4 Sn771
Medium: Head 850 MHz
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz; σ = 0.908 mho/m; εr = 41.1; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:23.0°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C
Communication System: GSM 850 Frequency: 836.6 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3149 ConvF(6.56, 6.56, 6.56)

Tilt Middle/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.341 mW/g

Tilt Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 15.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.047 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.411 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.331 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.250 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.350 mW/g

Tilt Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 15.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.047 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.326 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.246 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.163 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.285 mW/g

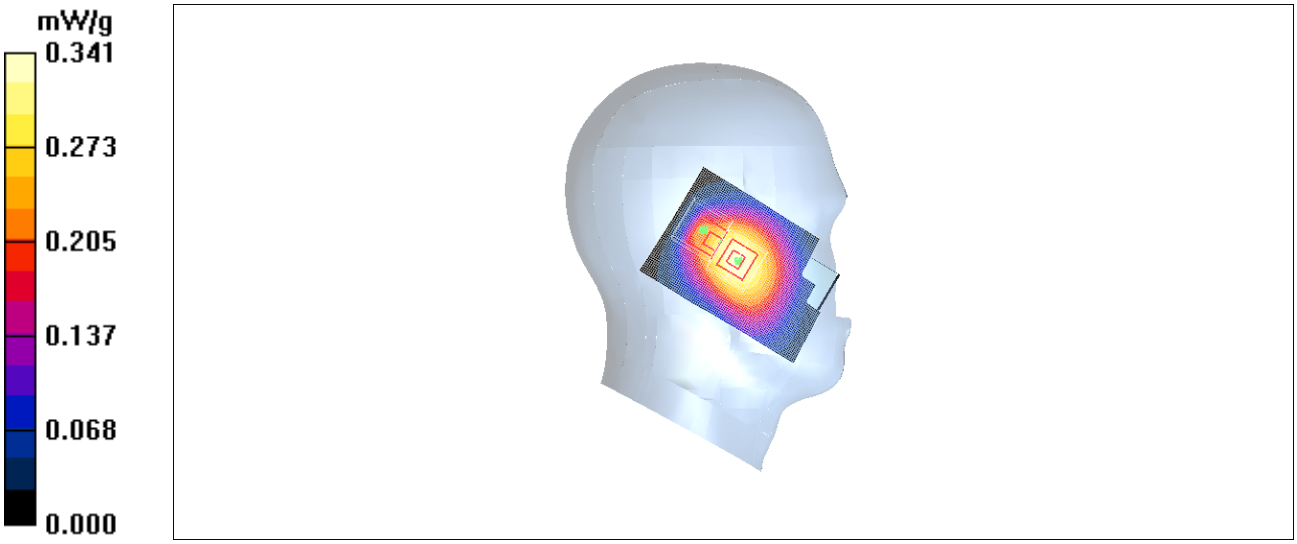


Fig.5 850 MHz CH190

850 Left Tilt Low

Date/Time: 2011-6-20 9:36:18
Electronics: DAE4 Sn771
Medium: Head 850 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 825 MHz; σ = 0.896 mho/m; εr = 41.1; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:23.0°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C
Communication System: GSM 850 Frequency: 824.2 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3149 ConvF(6.56, 6.56, 6.56)

Tilt Low/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.286 mW/g

Tilt Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 13.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.097 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.343 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.278 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.212 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.292 mW/g

Tilt Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 13.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.097 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.269 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.202 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.133 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.238 mW/g

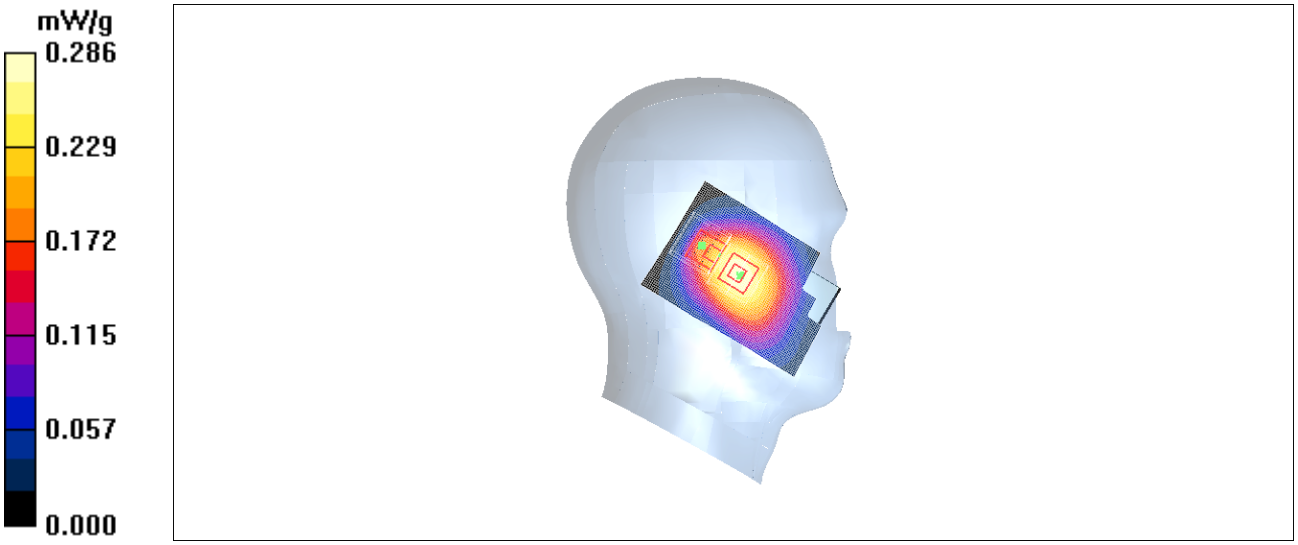


Fig. 6 850 MHz CH128

850 Right Cheek High

Date/Time: 2011-6-20 9:51:04
Electronics: DAE4 Sn771
Medium: Head 850 MHz
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 848.8 MHz; σ = 0.92 mho/m; εr = 41.0; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:23.0°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C
Communication System: GSM 850 Frequency: 848.8 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3149 ConvF(6.56, 6.56, 6.56)

Cheek High/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.505 mW/g

Cheek High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 9.16 V/m; Power Drift = -0.076 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.622 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.481 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.354 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.503 mW/g

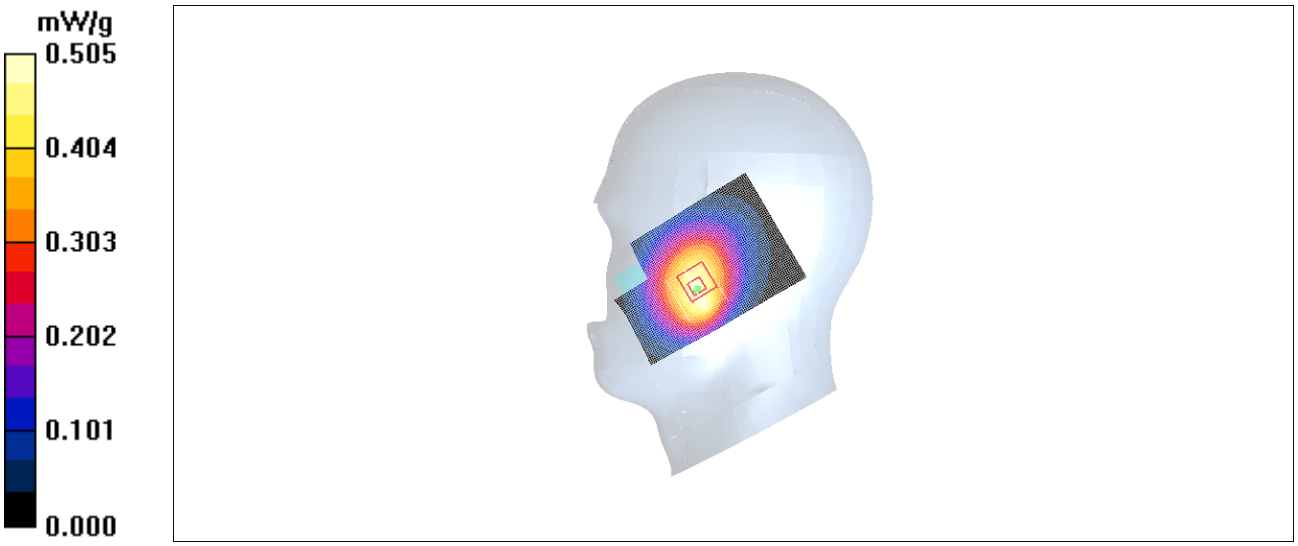


Fig. 7 850 MHz CH251

850 Right Cheek Middle

Date/Time: 2011-6-20 10:05:23
Electronics: DAE4 Sn771
Medium: Head 850 MHz
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz; σ = 0.908 mho/m; εr = 41.1; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:23.0°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C
Communication System: GSM 850 Frequency: 836.6 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3149 ConvF(6.56, 6.56, 6.56)

Cheek Middle/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.541 mW/g

Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 9.56 V/m; Power Drift = -0.009 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.662 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.504 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.373 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.534 mW/g

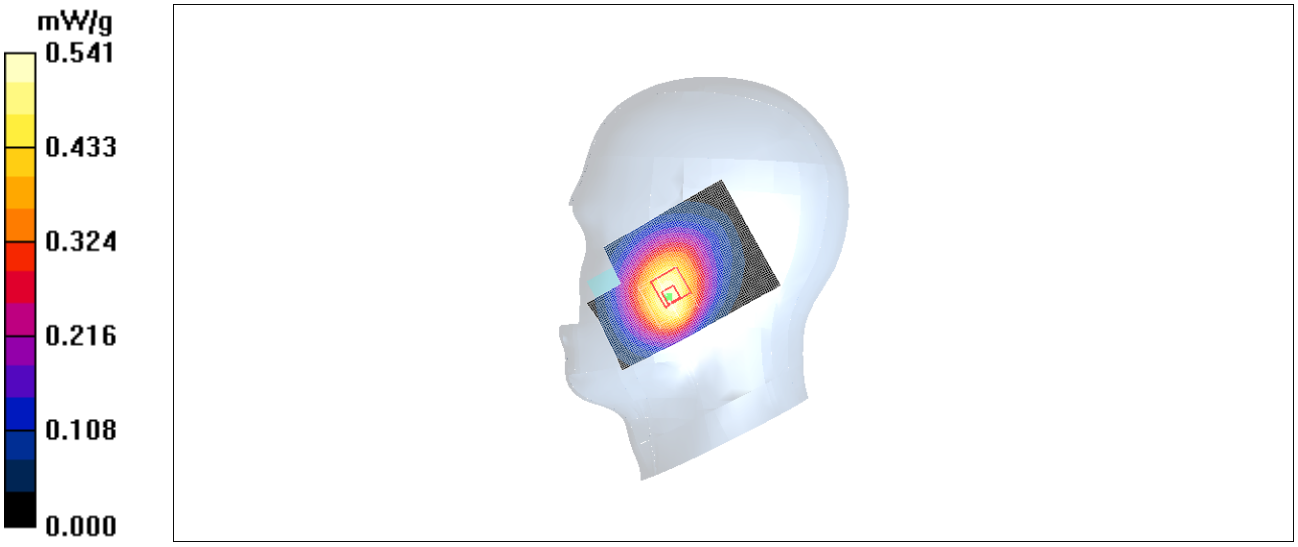


Fig. 8 850 MHz CH190

850 Right Cheek Low

Date/Time: 2011-6-20 10:19:48
Electronics: DAE4 Sn771
Medium: Head 850 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 825 MHz; σ = 0.896 mho/m; εr = 41.1; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:23.0°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C
Communication System: GSM 850 Frequency: 824.2 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3149 ConvF(6.56, 6.56, 6.56)

Cheek Low/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.471 mW/g

Cheek Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 8.96 V/m; Power Drift = 0.046 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.587 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.443 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.326 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.473 mW/g

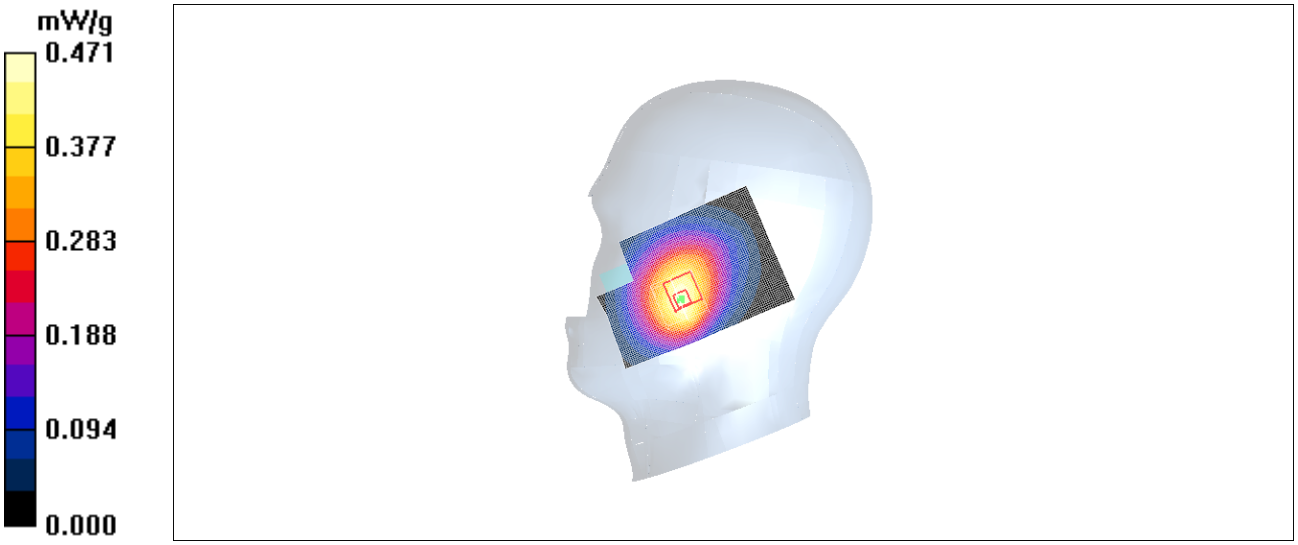


Fig. 9 850 MHz CH128

850 Right Tilt High

Date/Time: 2011-6-20 10:34:15
Electronics: DAE4 Sn771
Medium: Head 850 MHz
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 848.8 MHz; σ = 0.92 mho/m; εr = 41.0; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:23.0°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C
Communication System: GSM 850 Frequency: 848.8 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3149 ConvF(6.56, 6.56, 6.56)

Tilt High/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.356 mW/g

Tilt High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 15.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.038 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.421 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.336 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.253 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.354 mW/g

Tilt High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 15.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.038 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.399 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.295 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.203 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.337 mW/g

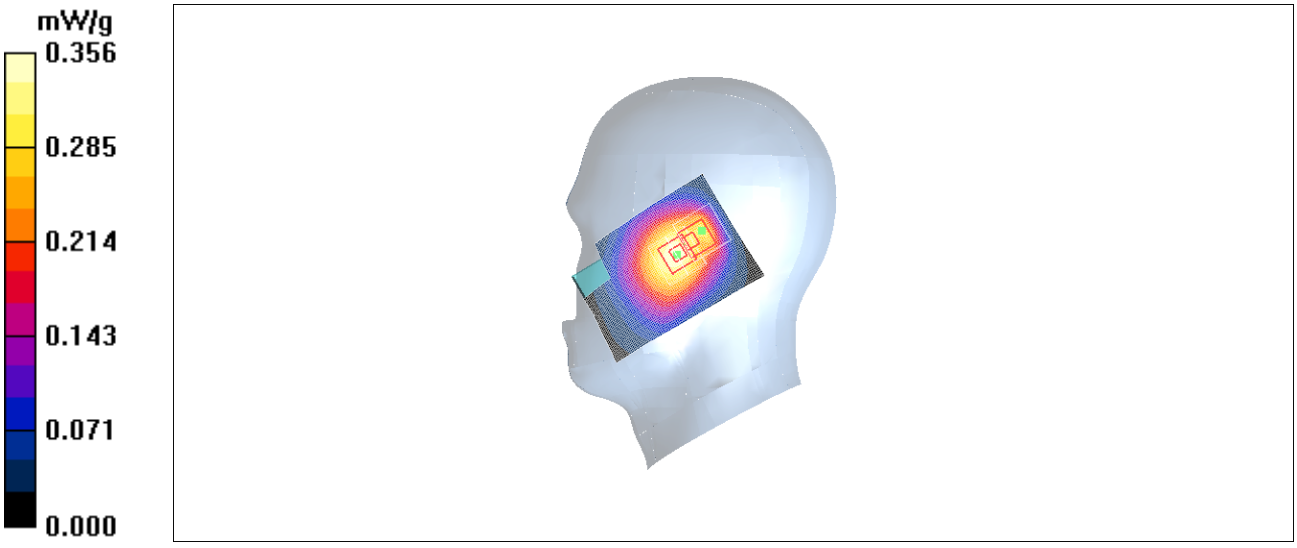


Fig.10 850 MHz CH251

850 Right Tilt Middle

Date/Time: 2011-6-20 10:48:39
Electronics: DAE4 Sn771
Medium: Head 850 MHz
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz; σ = 0.908 mho/m; εr = 41.1; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:23.0°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C
Communication System: GSM 850 Frequency: 836.6 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3149 ConvF(6.56, 6.56, 6.56)

Tilt Middle/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.364 mW/g

Tilt Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 16.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.019 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.431 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.347 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.262 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.365 mW/g

Tilt Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 16.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.019 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.408 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.302 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.208 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.346 mW/g

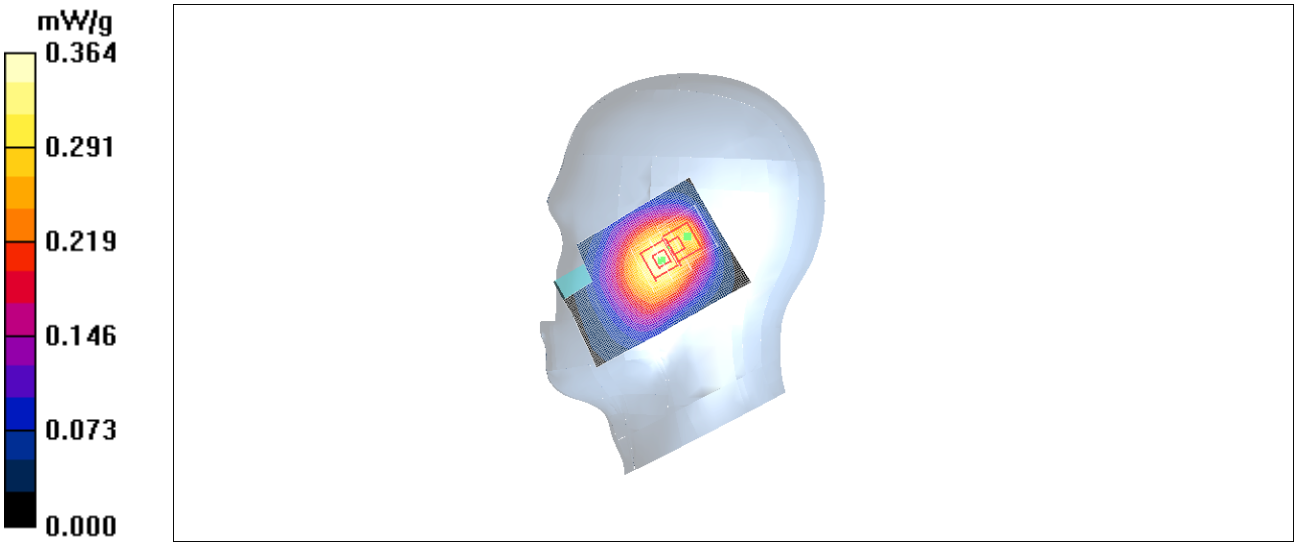


Fig.11 850 MHz CH190

850 Right Tilt Low

Date/Time: 2011-6-20 11:02:57
Electronics: DAE4 Sn771
Medium: Head 850 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 825 MHz; σ = 0.896 mho/m; εr = 41.1; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:23.0°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C
Communication System: GSM 850 Frequency: 824.2 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3149 ConvF(6.56, 6.56, 6.56)

Tilt Low/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.308 mW/g

Tilt Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 14.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.020 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.359 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.292 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.222 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.309 mW/g

Tilt Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 14.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.020 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.345 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.256 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.177 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.291 mW/g

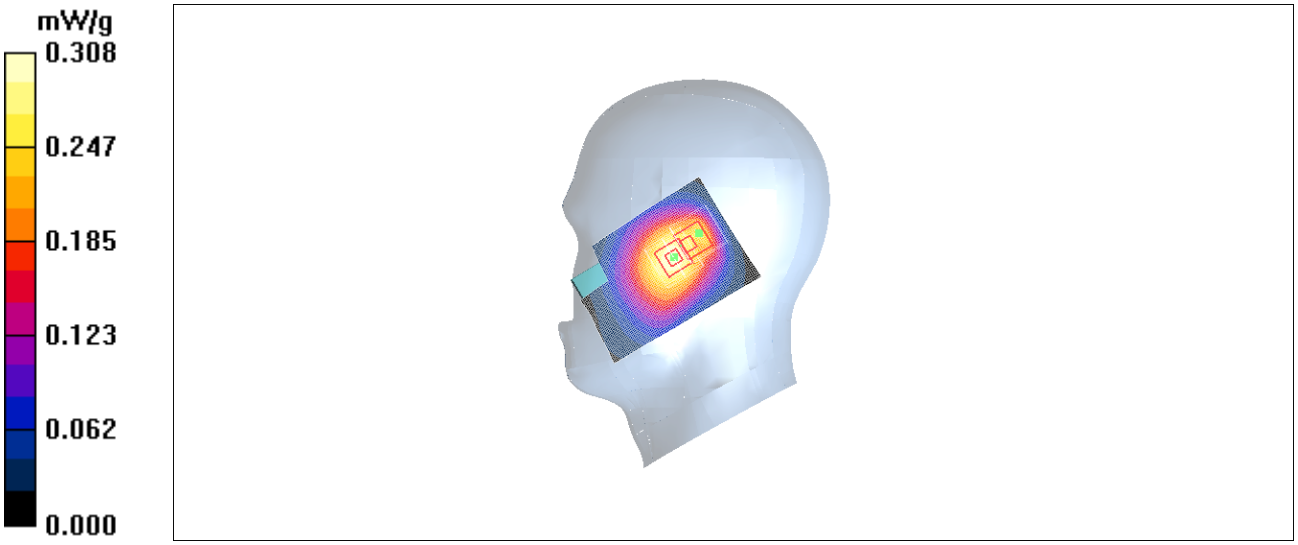


Fig. 12 850 MHz CH128

1900 Left Cheek High

Date/Time: 2011-6-21 8:10:22
Electronics: DAE4 Sn771
Medium: Head 1900 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 1910 MHz; σ = 1.43 mho/m; εr = 40.4; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:23.0°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C
Communication System: GSM 1900MHz Frequency: 1909.8 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3149 ConvF(5.03, 5.03, 5.03)

Cheek High/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.602 mW/g

Cheek High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 9.84 V/m; Power Drift = -0.095 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.781 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.529 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.327 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.582 mW/g

Cheek High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 9.84 V/m; Power Drift = -0.095 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.598 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.384 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.255 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.463 mW/g

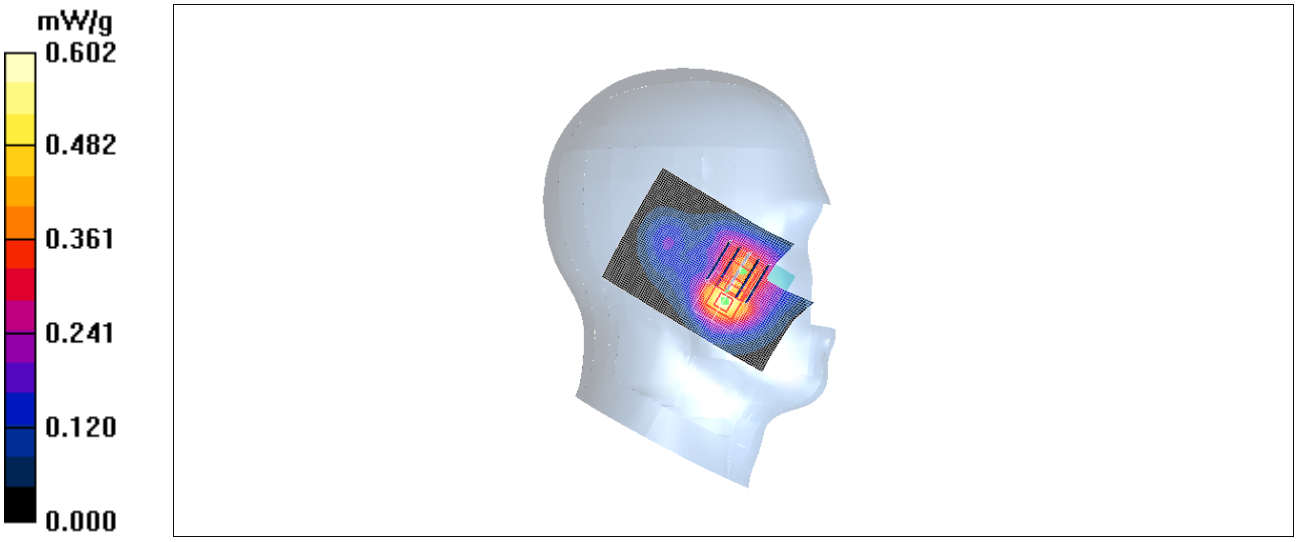


Fig. 13 1900 MHz CH810

1900 Left Cheek Middle

Date/Time: 2011-6-21 8:24:41
Electronics: DAE4 Sn771
Medium: Head 1900 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.41 mho/m; εr = 40.5; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:23.0°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C
Communication System: GSM 1900MHz Frequency: 1880 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3149 ConvF(5.03, 5.03, 5.03)

Cheek Middle/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.589 mW/g

Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 9.93 V/m; Power Drift = -0.068 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.758 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.520 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.321 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.577 mW/g

Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 9.93 V/m; Power Drift = -0.068 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.571 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.371 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.247 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.452 mW/g

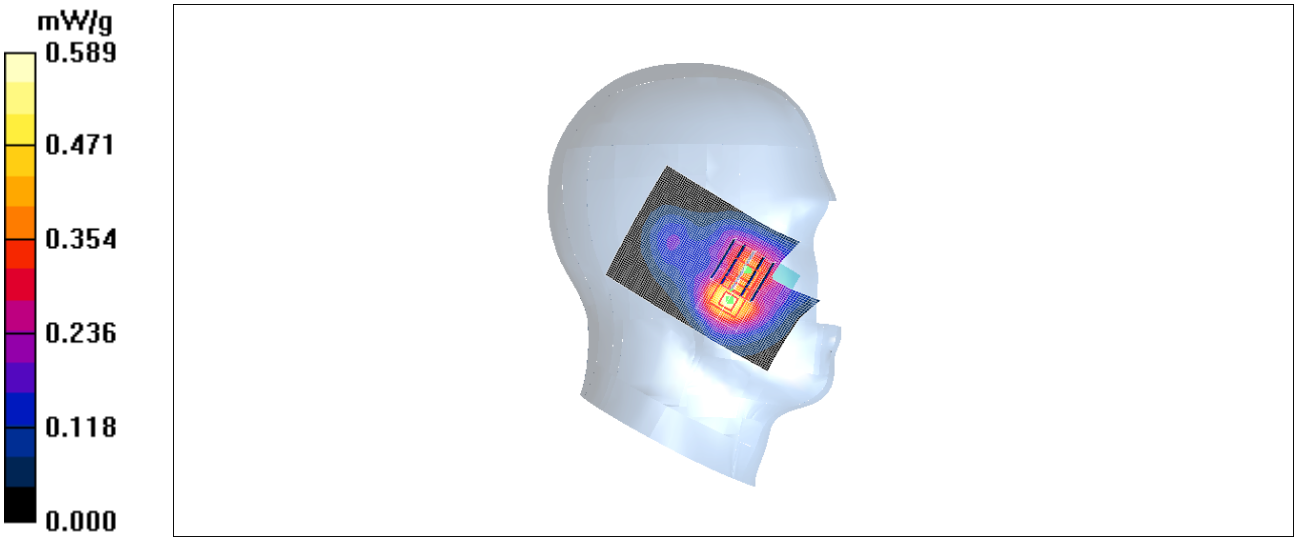


Fig. 14 1900 MHz CH661

1900 Left Cheek Low
Date/Time: 2011-6-21 8:38:59
Electronics: DAE4 Sn771
Medium: Head 1900 MHz
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1850.2 MHz; σ = 1.38 mho/m; εr = 40.6; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:23.0°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C
Communication System: GSM 1900MHz Frequency: 1850.2 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3149 ConvF(5.03, 5.03, 5.03)

Cheek Low/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.707 mW/g

Cheek Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 10.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.149 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.921 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.627 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.383 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.697 mW/g

Cheek Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 10.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.149 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.669 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.444 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.298 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.528 mW/g

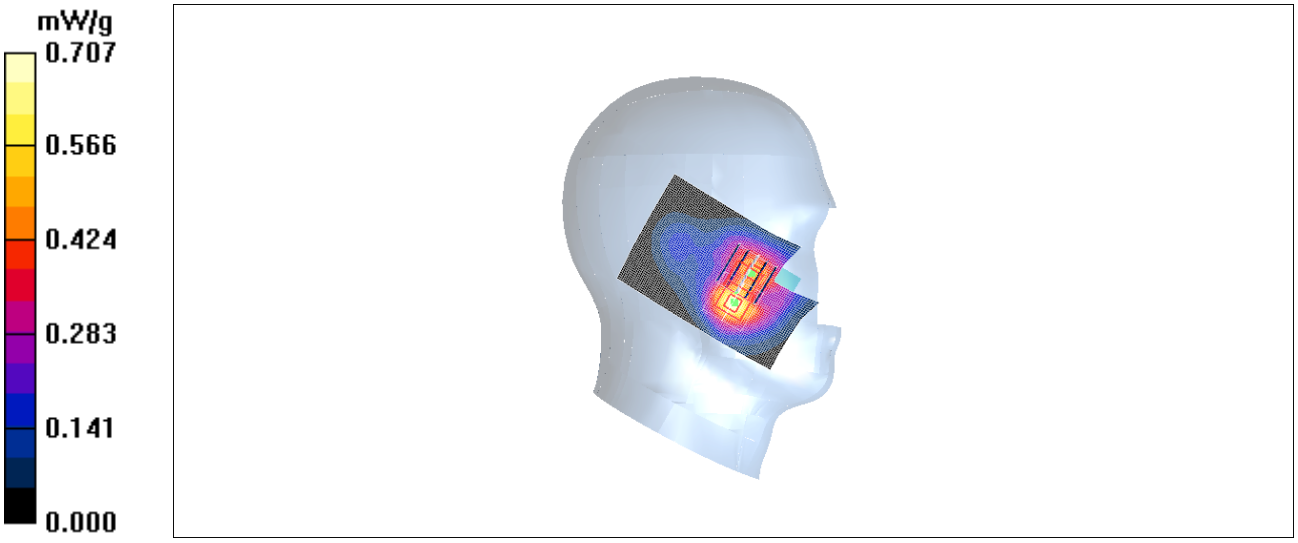


Fig. 15 1900 MHz CH512

1900 Left Tilt High

Date/Time: 2011-6-21 8:53:43
Electronics: DAE4 Sn771
Medium: Head 1900 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 1910 MHz; σ = 1.43 mho/m; εr = 40.4; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:23.0°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C
Communication System: GSM 1900MHz Frequency: 1909.8 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3149 ConvF(5.03, 5.03, 5.03)

Tilt High/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.270 mW/g

Tilt High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 13.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.023 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.369 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.247 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.150 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.268 mW/g

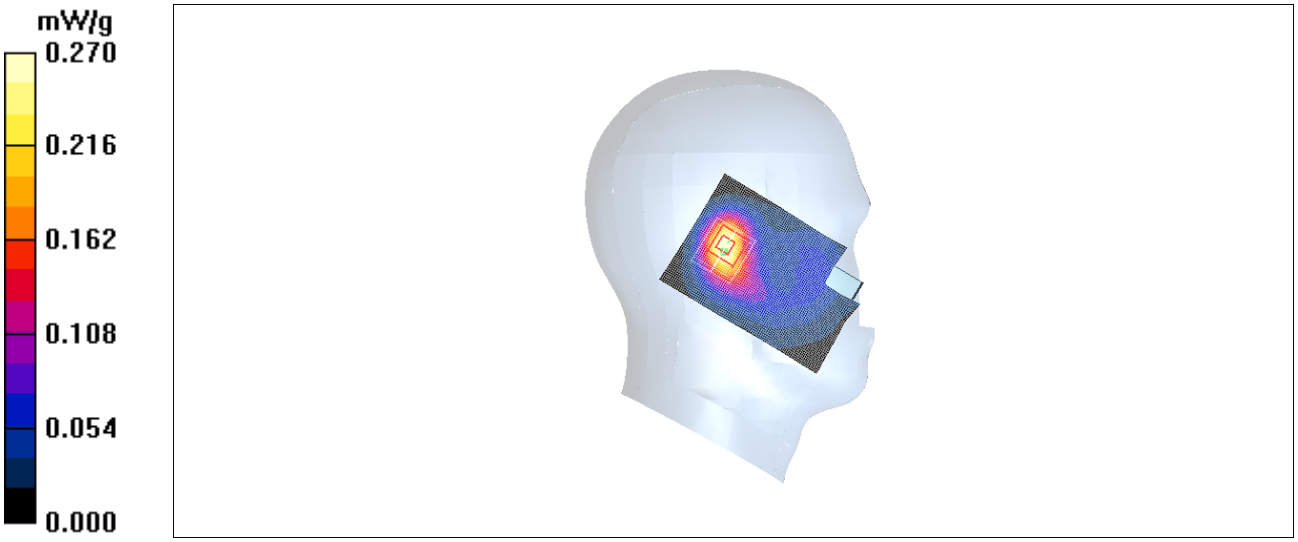


Fig.16 1900 MHz CH810

1900 Left Tilt Middle

Date/Time: 2011-6-21 9:06:04
Electronics: DAE4 Sn771
Medium: Head 1900 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.41 mho/m; εr = 40.5; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:23.0°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C
Communication System: GSM 1900MHz Frequency: 1880 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3149 ConvF(5.03, 5.03, 5.03)

Tilt Middle/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.287 mW/g

Tilt Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 13.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.020 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.390 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.263 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.161 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.281 mW/g

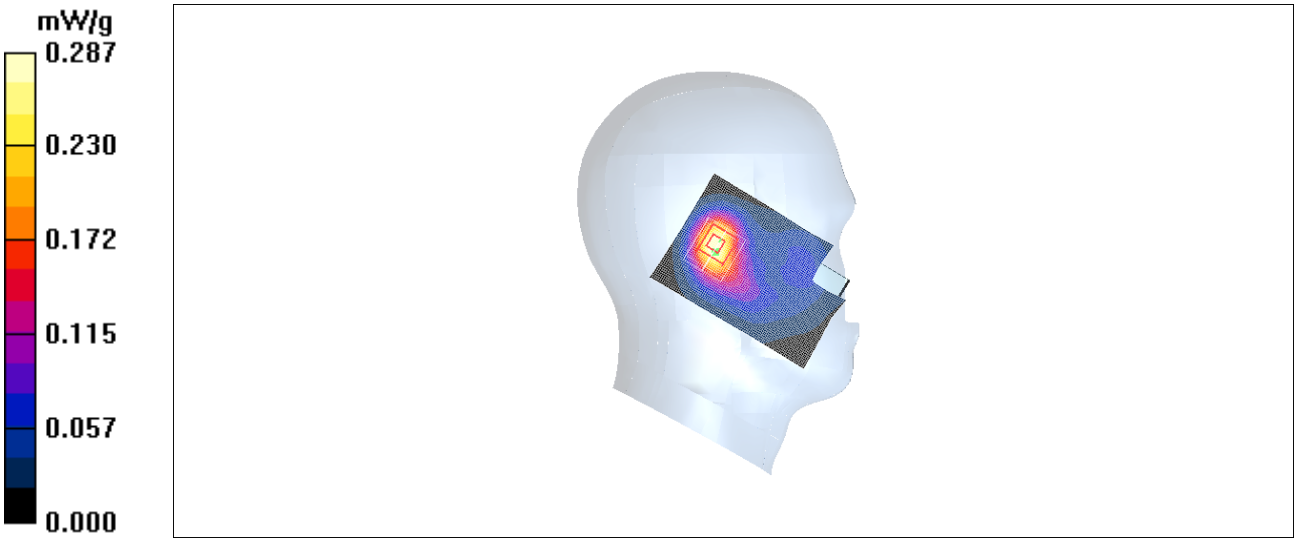


Fig. 17 1900 MHz CH661

1900 Left Tilt Low
Date/Time: 2011-6-21 9:22:27
Electronics: DAE4 Sn771
Medium: Head 1900 MHz
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1850.2 MHz; σ = 1.38 mho/m; εr = 40.6; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:23.0°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C
Communication System: GSM 1900MHz Frequency: 1850.2 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3149 ConvF(5.03, 5.03, 5.03)

Tilt Low/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.300 mW/g

Tilt Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 14.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.038 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.400 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.274 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.169 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.290 mW/g

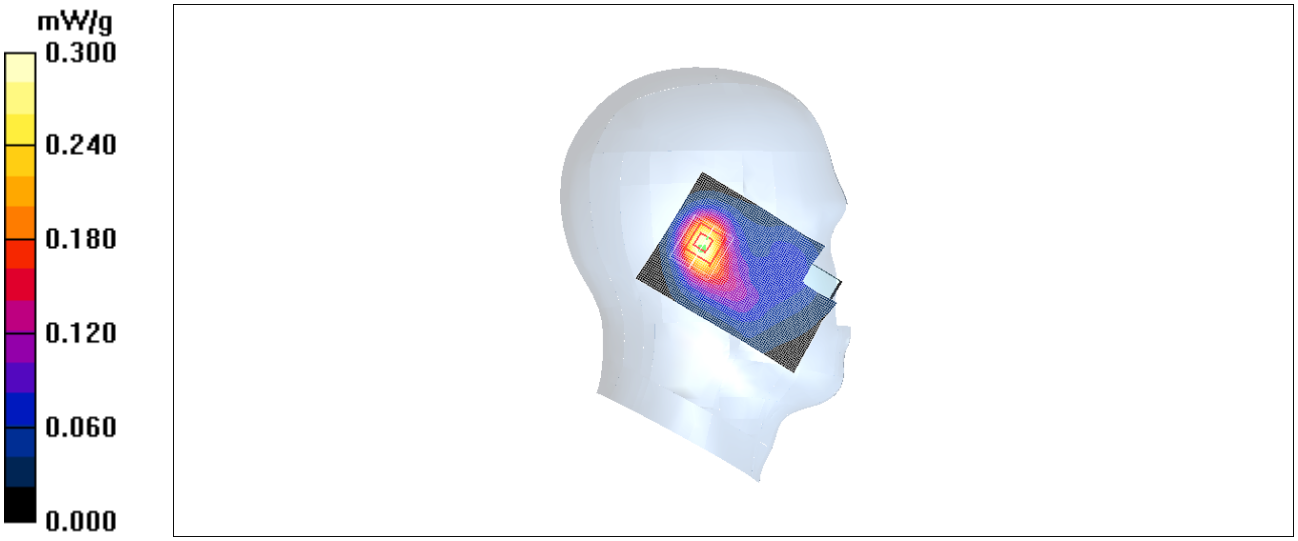


Fig. 18 1900 MHz CH512

1900 Right Cheek High

Date/Time: 2011-6-21 9:37:08
Electronics: DAE4 Sn771
Medium: Head 1900 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 1910 MHz; σ = 1.43 mho/m; εr = 40.4; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:23.0°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C
Communication System: GSM 1900MHz Frequency: 1909.8 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3149 ConvF(5.03, 5.03, 5.03)

Cheek High/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.650 mW/g

Cheek High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 9.70 V/m; Power Drift = -0.092 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.903 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.589 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.350 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.647 mW/g

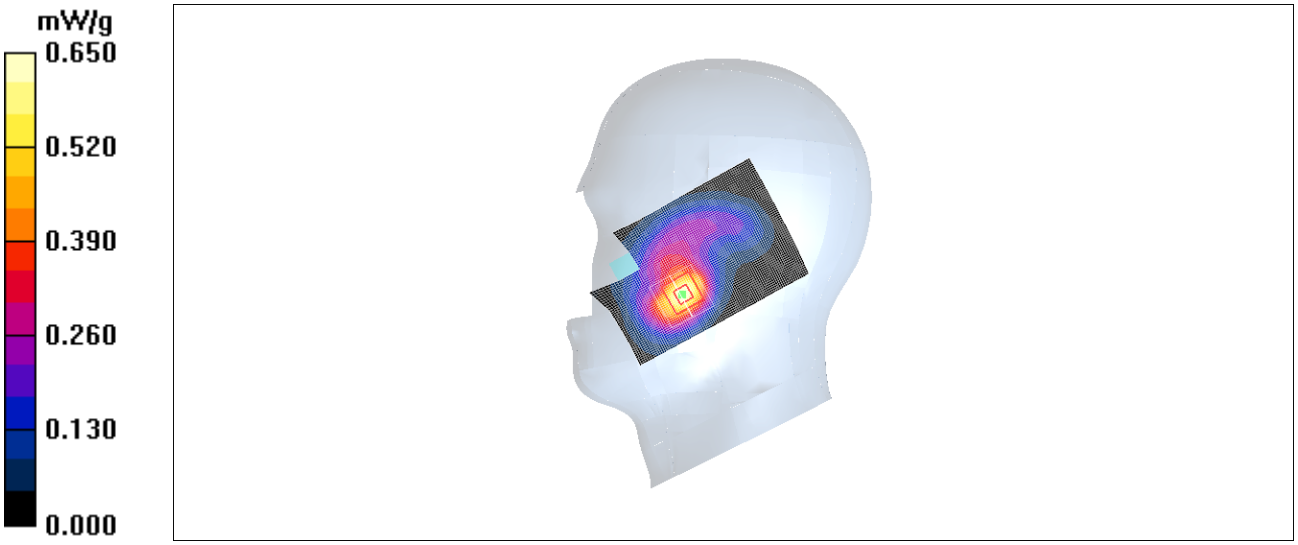


Fig. 19 1900 MHz CH810

1900 Right Cheek Middle

Date/Time: 2011-6-21 9:51:27
Electronics: DAE4 Sn771
Medium: Head 1900 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.41 mho/m; εr = 40.5; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:23.0°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C
Communication System: GSM 1900MHz Frequency: 1880 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3149 ConvF(5.03, 5.03, 5.03)

Cheek Middle/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.718 mW/g

Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 10.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.149 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.987 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.647 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.387 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.716 mW/g

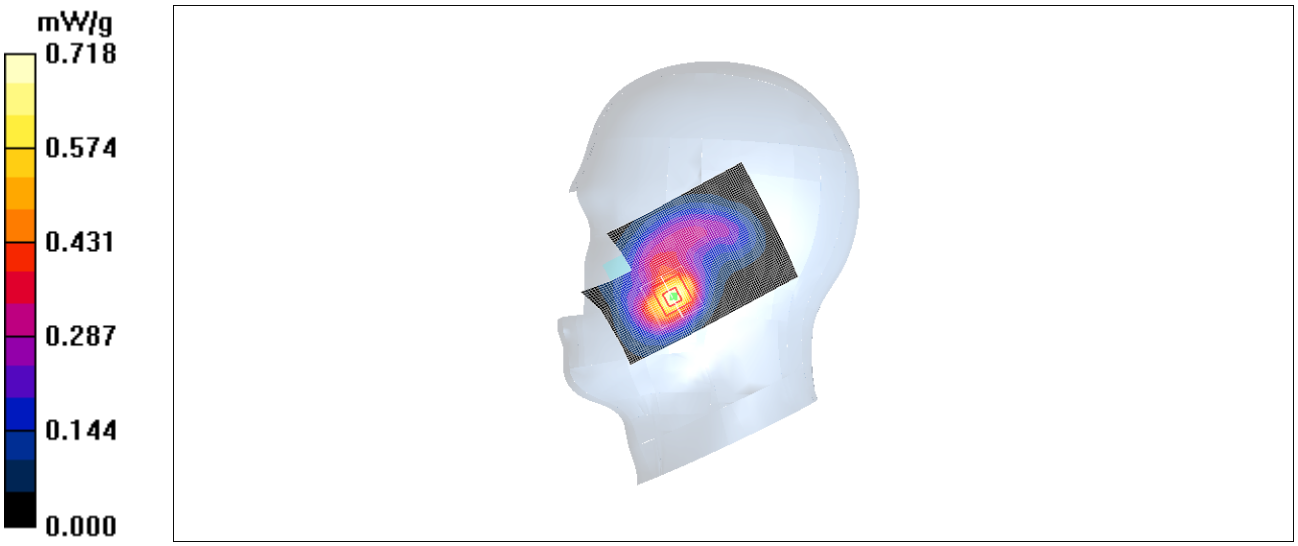


Fig. 20 1900 MHz CH661

1900 Right Cheek Low

Date/Time: 2011-6-21 10:05:46
Electronics: DAE4 Sn771
Medium: Head 1900 MHz
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1850.2 MHz; σ = 1.38 mho/m; εr = 40.6; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:23.0°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C
Communication System: GSM 1900MHz Frequency: 1850.2 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3149 ConvF(5.03, 5.03, 5.03)

Cheek Low/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.759 mW/g

Cheek Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 10.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.024 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.05 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.689 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.411 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.766 mW/g

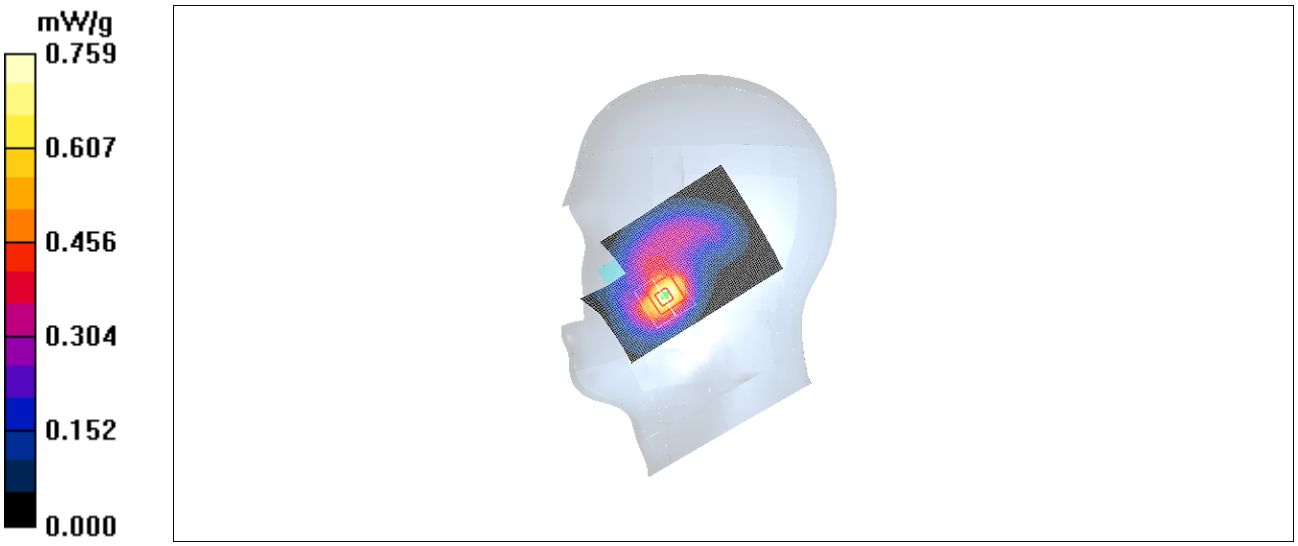


Fig. 21 1900 MHz CH512

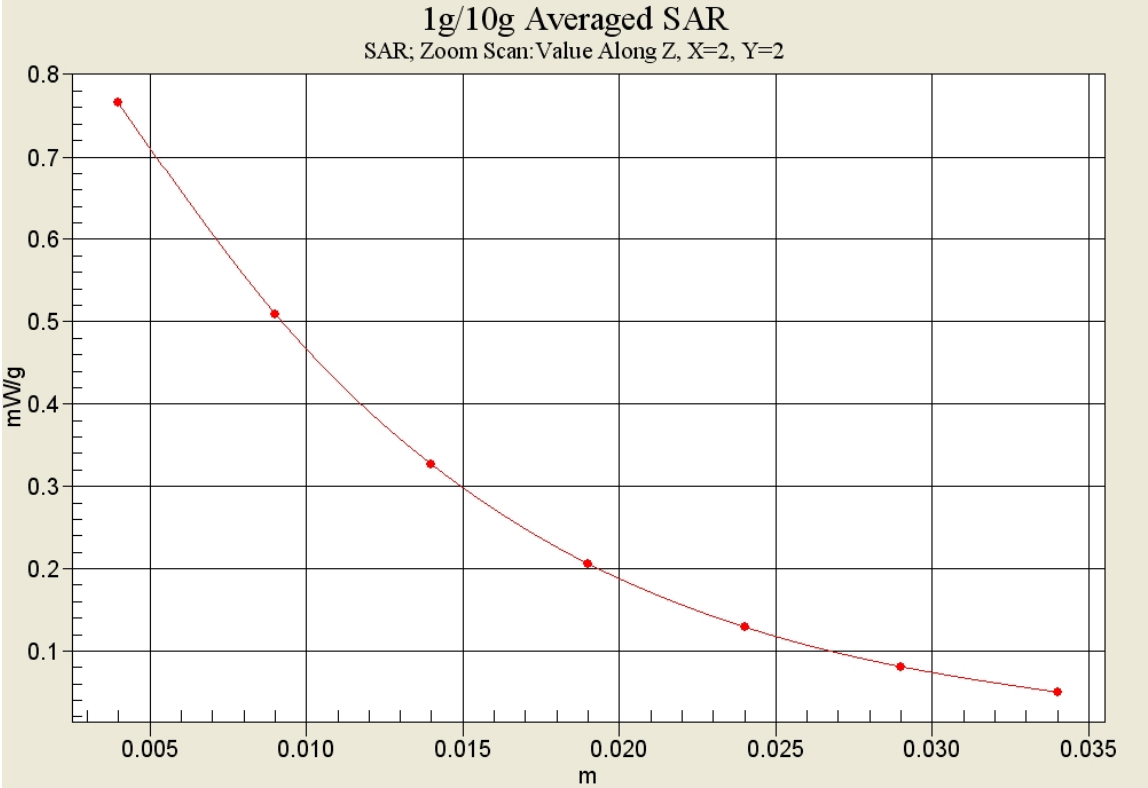


Fig. 21-1 Z-Scan at power reference point (1900 MHz CH512)

1900 Right Tilt High

Date/Time: 2011-6-21 10:20:11
Electronics: DAE4 Sn771
Medium: Head 1900 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 1910 MHz; σ = 1.43 mho/m; εr = 40.4; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:23.0°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C
Communication System: GSM 1900MHz Frequency: 1909.8 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3149 ConvF(5.03, 5.03, 5.03)

Tilt High/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.331 mW/g

Tilt High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 14.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.000 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.420 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.285 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.178 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.307 mW/g

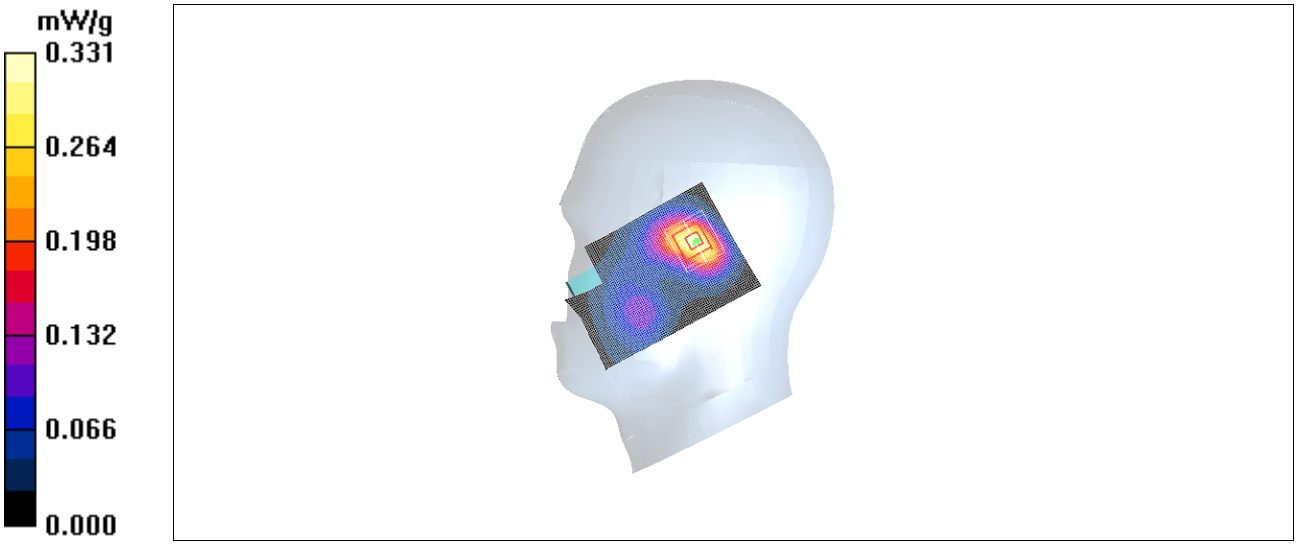


Fig. 22 1900 MHz CH810

1900 Right Tilt Middle

Date/Time: 2011-6-21 10:34:30
Electronics: DAE4 Sn771
Medium: Head 1900 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.41 mho/m; εr = 40.5; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:23.0°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C
Communication System: GSM 1900MHz Frequency: 1880 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3149 ConvF(5.03, 5.03, 5.03)

Tilt Middle/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.357 mW/g

Tilt Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 14.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.001 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.449 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.307 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.193 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.332 mW/g

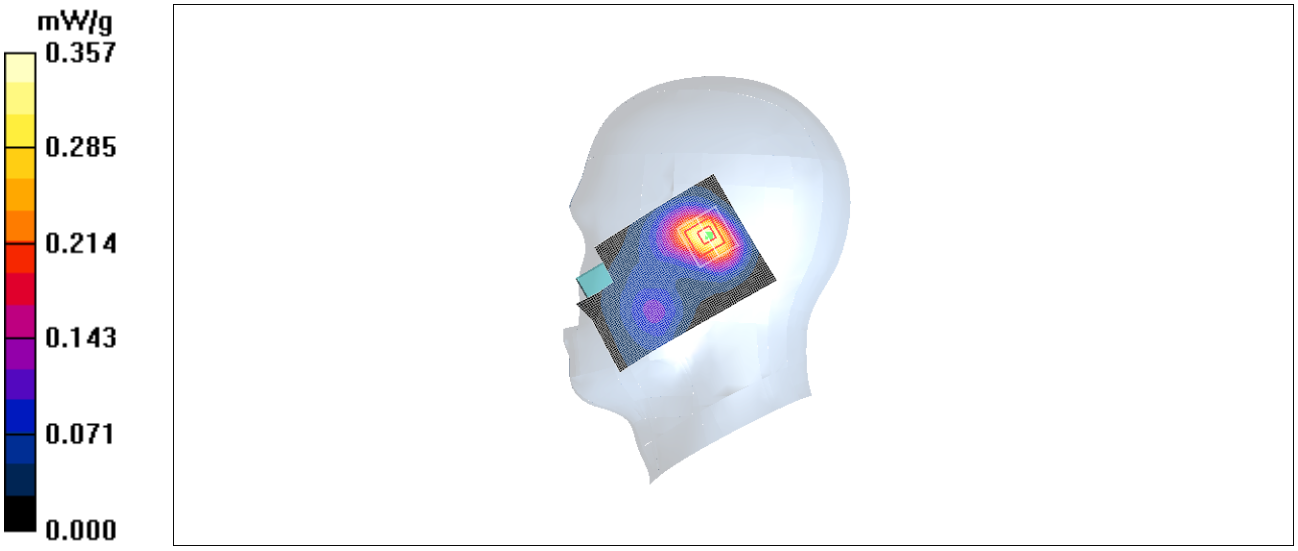


Fig.23 1900 MHz CH661

1900 Right Tilt Low

Date/Time: 2011-6-21 10:48:52
Electronics: DAE4 Sn771
Medium: Head 1900 MHz
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1850.2 MHz; σ = 1.38 mho/m; εr = 40.6; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:23.0°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C
Communication System: GSM 1900MHz Frequency: 1850.2 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3149 ConvF(5.03, 5.03, 5.03)

Tilt Low/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.365 mW/g

Tilt Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 15.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.081 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.452 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.315 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.201 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.338 mW/g

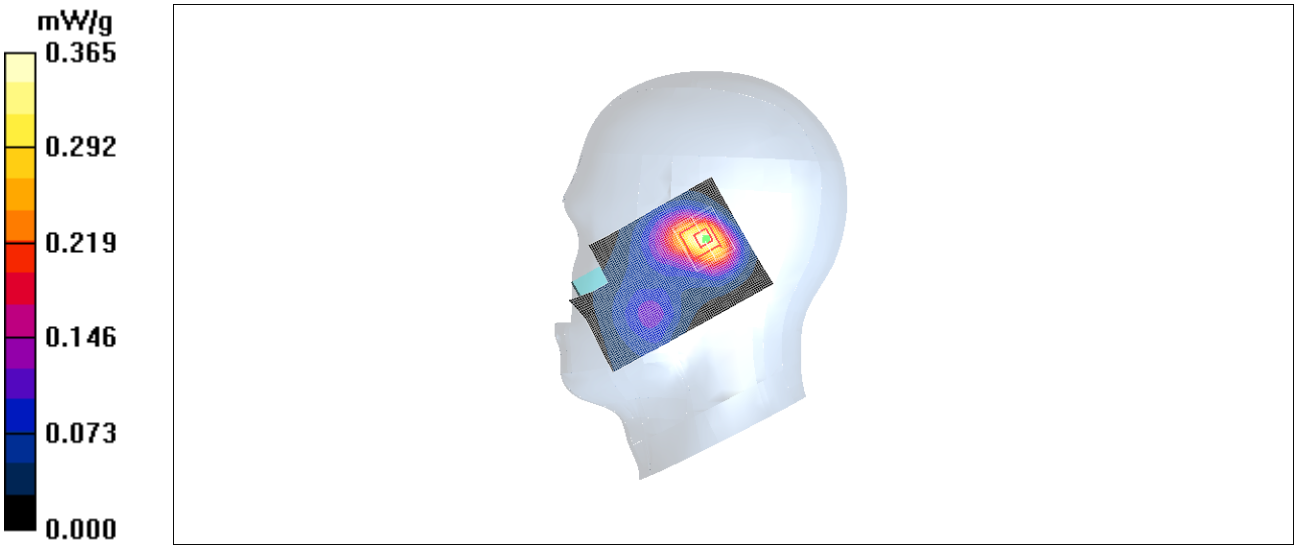


Fig.24 1900 MHz CH512

1900 Right Cheek Low with battery CAB3120000C2

Date/Time: 2011-6-21 11:05:24
Electronics: DAE4 Sn771
Medium: Head 1900 MHz
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1850.2 MHz; σ = 1.38 mho/m; εr = 40.6; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:23.0°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C
Communication System: GSM 1900MHz Frequency: 1850.2 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3149 ConvF(5.03, 5.03, 5.03)

Cheek Low/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.701 mW/g

Cheek Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 9.18 V/m; Power Drift = 0.022 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.992 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.628 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.375 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.706 mW/g

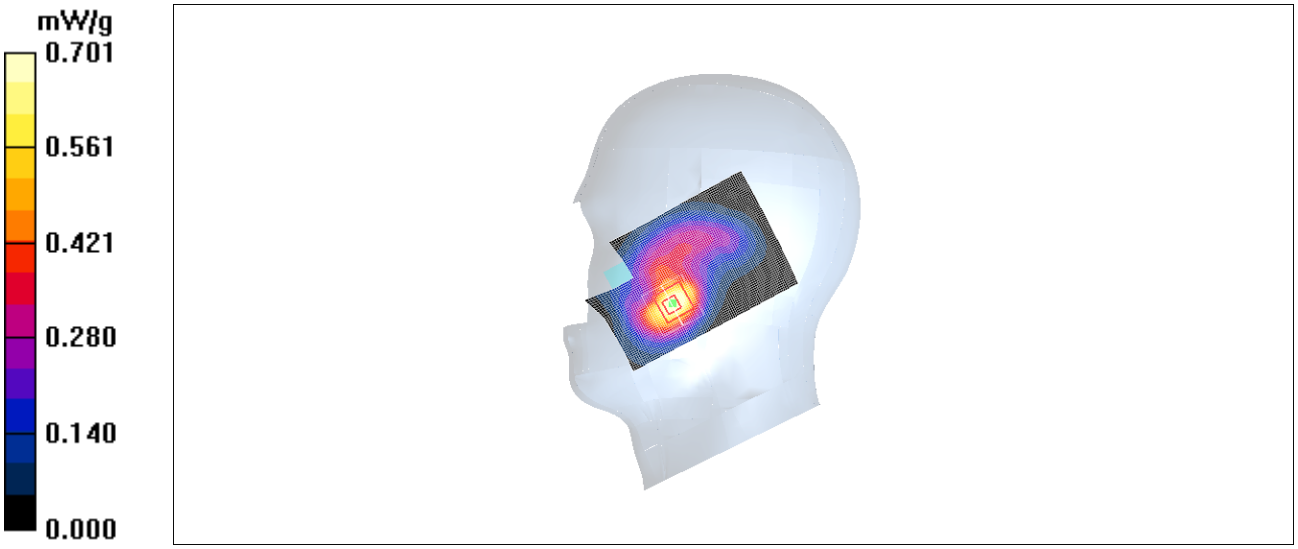


Fig. 25 1900 MHz CH512

850 Body Towards Ground High with GPRS

Date/Time: 2011-6-20 11:29:06
Electronics: DAE4 Sn771
Medium: Body 850 MHz
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 848.8 MHz; σ = 0.97 mho/m; εr = 54.5; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:23.0°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C
Communication System: GSM 850 GPRS Frequency: 848.8 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:2.67
Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3149 ConvF(6.22, 6.22, 6.22)

Toward Ground High/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.01 mW/g

Toward Ground High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 27.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.089 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.25 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.940 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.677 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.993 mW/g

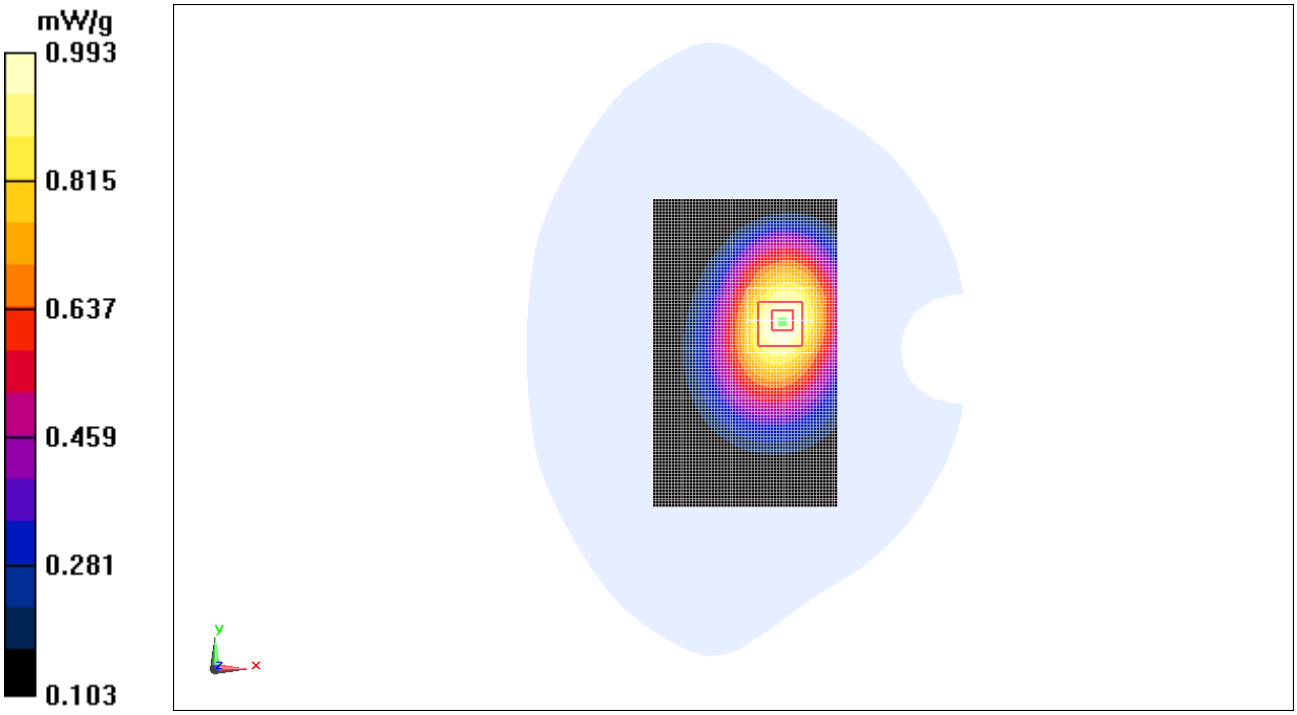


Fig. 26 850 MHz CH251

850 Body Towards Ground Middle with GPRS

Date/Time: 2011-6-20 11:44:30
Electronics: DAE4 Sn771
Medium: Body 850 MHz
Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz; σ = 0.96 mho/m; εr = 54.6; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:23.0°C Liquid Temperature: 22.5°C
Communication System: GSM 850 GPRS Frequency: 836.6 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:2.67
Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3149 ConvF(6.22, 6.22, 6.22)

Toward Ground Middle/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.22 mW/g

Toward Ground Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 29.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.099 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.54 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.16 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.833 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.23 mW/g

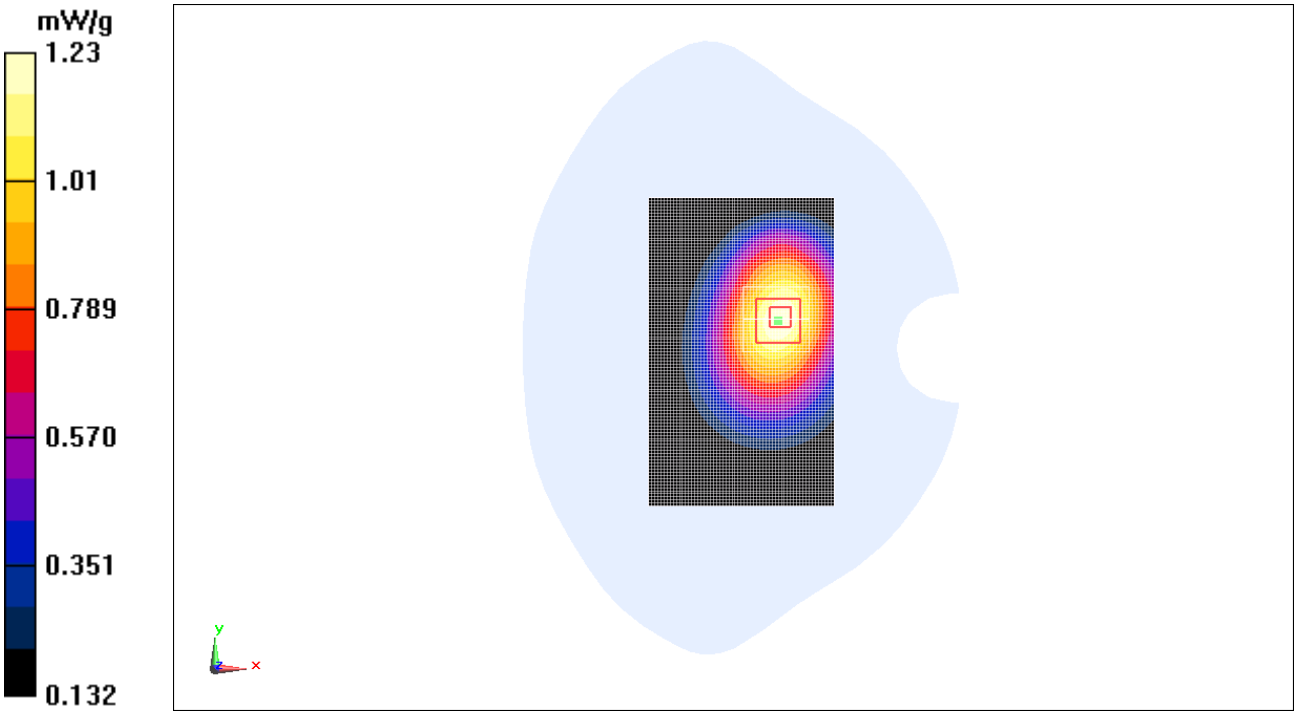


Fig. 27 850 MHz CH190