

# FCC SAR TEST REPORT



Issued to

GUANGDONG OPPO MOBILE TELECOMMUNICATIONS CORP., LTD

For

Mobile Phone

Model Name : OPPO X9006  
Trade Name : OPPO  
Brand Name : OPPO  
FCC ID : R9C-X9006  
Standard : 47CFR 2.1093  
IEEE 1528-2013  
MAX SAR : Head: 0.744W/Kg  
Body: 1.221W/Kg  
Test date : 2013-12-21 to 2012-12-27  
Issue date : 2014-1-20

by

**Shenzhen Morlab Communications Technology Co., Ltd.**FL.3, Building A, FeiYang Science Park, No.8 LongChang Road,Block 67, BaoAn District,  
ShenZhen, GuangDong Province, P. R. China 518101

Tested by Zou Jian  
Zou Jian  
(Test Engineer)

Date 2014.1.20

Approved by Zeng Dexin  
Zeng Dexin  
(Chief Engineer)

Date



Reviewed by Zhu Zhan  
Zhu Zhan  
(SAR Specialist)

Date 2014.1.20

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# DIRECTORY

<b>1. TESTING LABORATORY</b>	<b>5</b>
1.1 IDENTIFICATION OF THE RESPONSIBLE TESTING LOCATION	5
1.2 ACCREDITATION CERTIFICATE	5
1.3 LIST OF TEST EQUIPMENTS	5
<b>2. TECHNICAL INFORMATION</b>	<b>6</b>
2.1 IDENTIFICATION OF APPLICANT	6
2.2 IDENTIFICATION OF MANUFACTURER	6
2.3 EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST (EUT)	6
2.3.1 PHOTOGRAPHS OF THE EUT	7
2.3.2 IDENTIFICATION OF ALL USED EUT	7
2.4 APPLIED REFERENCE DOCUMENTS	7
2.5 DEVICE CATEGORY AND SAR LIMITS	7
<b>3. SPECIFIC ABSORPTION RATE (SAR)</b>	<b>8</b>
3.1 INTRODUCTION	8
3.2 SAR DEFINITION	8
<b>4. SAR MEASUREMENT SETUP</b>	<b>9</b>
4.1 THE MEASUREMENT SYSTEM	9
4.2 PROBE	9
4.3 PROBE CALIBRATION PROCESS	11
4.3.1 DOSIMETRIC ASSESSMENT PROCEDURE	11
4.3.2 FREE SPACE ASSESSMENT PROCEDURE	11
4.3.3 TEMPERATURE ASSESSMENT PROCEDURE	11
4.4 PHANTOM	12
4.5 DEVICE HOLDER	12
<b>5. TISSUE SIMULATING LIQUIDS</b>	<b>13</b>
<b>6. UNCERTAINTY ASSESSMENT</b>	<b>15</b>



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6.1	UNCERTAINTY EVALUATION FOR EUT SAR TEST .....	15
6.2	UNCERTAINTY FOR SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK .....	16
<b>7.</b>	<b><u>SAR MEASUREMENT EVALUATION.....</u></b>	<b>18</b>
7.1	SYSTEM SETUP.....	18
7.2	VALIDATION RESULTS .....	19
<b>8.</b>	<b><u>OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS DURING TEST .....</u></b>	<b>20</b>
8.1	INFORMATION ON THE TESTING .....	20
8.2	BODY-WORN CONFIGURATIONS .....	21
8.3	MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE .....	21
8.4	DESCRIPTION OF INTERPOLATION/EXTRAPOLATION SCHEME.....	21
<b>9.</b>	<b><u>HOTSPOT MODE EVALUATION PROCEDURE .....</u></b>	<b>23</b>
<b>10.</b>	<b><u>INFORMATION RELATED TO LTE TEST PARAMETER(PER 941225 D05V02R02) .....</u></b>	<b>24</b>
<b>11.</b>	<b><u>SAR EVALUATION PROCEDURES&amp;POWER MEASUREMENT FOR LTE .....</u></b>	<b>27</b>
<b>12.</b>	<b><u>WIFI (5GHZ BANDS).....</u></b>	<b>36</b>
<b>13.</b>	<b><u>MEASUREMENT OF CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER.....</u></b>	<b>39</b>
<b>14.</b>	<b><u>TEST RESULTS LIST .....</u></b>	<b>43</b>
<b>15.</b>	<b><u>MULTIPLE TRANSMITTERS EVALUATION.....</u></b>	<b>54</b>
<b>16.</b>	<b><u>ANNEX A PHOTOGRAPHS OF THE EUT.....</u></b>	<b>57</b>
<b>17.</b>	<b><u>ANNEX B GRAPH TEST RESULTS (WCDMA/GSM TEST DATA).....</u></b>	<b>57</b>
<b>18.</b>	<b><u>ANNEX C GRAPH TEST RESULTS (LTE TEST DATA).....</u></b>	<b>57</b>
<b>19.</b>	<b><u>ANNEX D GRAPH TEST RESULTS (WIFI/BT TEST DATA).....</u></b>	<b>57</b>
<b>20.</b>	<b><u>ANNEX E SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK DATA .....</u></b>	<b>57</b>



Change History		
Issue	Date	Reason for change
1.0	Jan. 20, 2014	First edition

## 1. TESTING LABORATORY

### 1.1 Identification of the Responsible Testing Location

Name:	Shenzhen Morlab Communications Technology Co., Ltd. Morlab Laboratory
Address:	FL.3, Building A, FeiYang Science Park, No.8 LongChang Road, Block 67, BaoAn District, ShenZhen, GuangDong Province, P. R. China 518101

### 1.2 Accreditation Certificate

Accredited Testing Laboratory:	No. CNAS L3572
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### 1.3 List of Test Equipments

No.	Instrument	Type	Cal. Date	Cal. Due
1	PC	Dell (Pentium IV 2.4GHz, SN:X10-23533)	(n.a)	(n.a)
2	Network Emulator	Aglient (8960, SN:10752)	2013-9-26	1year
3	Network Analyzer	Agilent(E5071B ,SN:MY42404762 )	2013-9-26	1year
4	Voltmeter	Keithley (2000, SN:1000572)	2013-9-24	1year
5	Signal Generator	Rohde&Schwarz (SMP_02 )	2013-9-24	1year
6	Power Amplifier	PRANA (Ap32 SV125AZ)	2013-9-24	1year
7	Power Meter	Agilent (E4416A, SN:MY45102093)	2013-5-07	1year
8	Power Sensor	Agilent (N8482A, SN:MY41091706)	2013-5-07	1year
9	Directional coupler	Giga-tronics(SN:1829112)	2013-9-24	1year
10	Probe	Satimo (SN:SN 37/08 EP80)	2013-9-25	1year
11	Probe 5-6GHz	Satimo (SN:SN 27/13 EPG193)	2013-9-25	1year
12	Dielectric Probe Kit	Agilent (85033E )	2013-9-24	1year
13	Phantom	Satimo (SN:SN_36_08_SAM62)	2013-9-24	1year
14	Liquid	Satimo(Last Calibration: 2013-12-21 to 2013-12-27)	N/A	N/A
15	Dipole 750MHz	Satimo (SN 30/13 DIP0G750-259)	2013-9-25	1year
16	Dipole 835MHz	Satimo (SN 20/08 DIPC 99)	2013-9-25	1year
17	Dipole 1750MHz	Satimo (SN 30/13 DIP1G750-260)	2013-9-25	1year
18	Dipole 1900MHz	Satimo (SN 30/13 DIP1G900-261)	2013-9-25	1year
19	Dipole 2450MHz	Satimo (SN 36/08 DIPJ 103)	2013-9-25	1year
20	Waveguide 5-6GHz	Satimo (SN 41/12 WGA21)	2013-9-25	1year

## 2. TECHNICAL INFORMATION

Note: the Following data is based on the information by the applicant.

### 2.1 Identification of Applicant

Company Name:	GUANGDONG OPPO MOBILE TELECOMMUNICATIONS CORP., LTD
Address:	NO.18 HAIBIN ROAD, WUSHA, CHANG'AN, DONGGUAN, GUANGDONG, CHINA

### 2.2 Identification of Manufacturer

Company Name:	GUANGDONG OPPO MOBILE TELECOMMUNICATIONS CORP., LTD
Address:	NO.18 HAIBIN ROAD, WUSHA, CHANG'AN, DONGGUAN, GUANGDONG, CHINA

### 2.3 Equipment Under Test (EUT)

Model Name:	OPPO X9006
Trade Name:	OPPO
Brand Name:	OPPO
Hardware Version:	213073
Software Version:	X9006_10_1.01_131216
Tx Frequency Bands:	GSM 850: 824-849 MHz; GSM 1900: 1850-1910 MHz; WCDMA Band II : 1850-1910MHz; WCDMA Band IV: 1710-1755 MHz WCDMA Band V: 824-849 MHz; LTE Band 4:1710-1755 MHz; LTE Band 17: 704-716MHz 802.11 b/g/n20/n40: 2412-2462 MHz; 802.11a/n20/n40/ac: 5.180-5.825GHz;
Uplink Modulations:	GSM/GPRS: GSMK; EDGE: GMSK/8PSK; WiFi: DBPSK/CCK; WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA/HSPA+:QPSK; FDD LTE: QPSK/16QAM;
Multislot Class:	GPRS: Class 33; EDGE: Class 33;
GPRS Class:	Class B
DTM:	Not support
Antenna type:	Fixed Internal Antenna
Development Stage:	Identical prototype
3GPP Version:	Release 8
Hotspot function:	Support

### 2.3.1 Photographs of the EUT

Please refer to the External Photos for the Photos of the EUT

### 2.3.2 Identification of all used EUT

The EUT identity consists of numerical and letter characters, the letter character indicates the test sample, and the Following two numerical characters indicate the software version of the test sample.

EUT Identity	Hardware Version	Software Version
1#	213073	X9006_10_1.01_131216

## 2.4 Applied Reference Documents

Leading reference documents for testing:

No.	Identity	Document Title
1	<b>47 CFR§2.1093</b>	Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation: Portable Devices
2	<b>IEEE 1528-2013</b>	IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques
3	<b>KDB 447498 D01v05r01</b>	General RF Exposure Guidance
4	<b>KDB 248227 D01</b>	SAR Measurement Procedures for 802.11 a/b/g Transmitters
5	<b>KDB 941225 D5v02r02</b>	SAR for LTE Devices
6	<b>KDB 941225 D01</b>	SAR Measurement Procedures for 3G Devices
7	<b>KDB 865664 D01v01r01</b>	SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz
8	<b>KDB 865664 D02v01r01</b>	SAR Reporting

## 2.5 Device Category and SAR Limits

This device belongs to portable device category because its radiating structure is allowed to be used within 20 centimeters of the body of the user. Limit for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure should be applied for this device, it is 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue.

### 3. SPECIFIC ABSORPTION RATE (SAR)

#### 3.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are Middle than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

#### 3.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy ( $dW$ ) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass ( $dm$ ) contained in a volume element ( $dv$ ) of a given density. ( $\rho$ ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be either related to the temperature elevation in tissue by,

$$SAR = C \left( \frac{\delta T}{\delta t} \right)$$

Where  $C$  is the specific head capacity,  $\delta T$  is the temperature rise and  $\delta t$  the exposure duration, or related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where  $\sigma$  is the conductivity of the tissue,  $\rho$  is the mass density of the tissue and  $|E|$  is the rms electrical field strength.

However for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement is typically applied.



## 4. SAR MEASUREMENT SETUP

### 4.1 The Measurement System

Comosar is a system that is able to determine the SAR distribution inside a phantom of human being according to different standards. The Comosar system consists of the Following items:

- Main computer to control all the system
- 6 axis robot
- Data acquisition system
- Miniature E-field probe
- Phone holder
- Head simulating tissue

The Following figure shows the system.



The EUT under test operating at the maximum power level is placed in the phone holder, under the phantom, which is filled with head simulating liquid. The E-Field probe measures the electric field inside the phantom. The OpenSAR software computes the results to give a SAR value in a 1g or 10g mass.

### 4.2 Probe

For the measurements the Specific Dosimetric E-Field Probe SN 37/08 EP80 with Following specifications is used

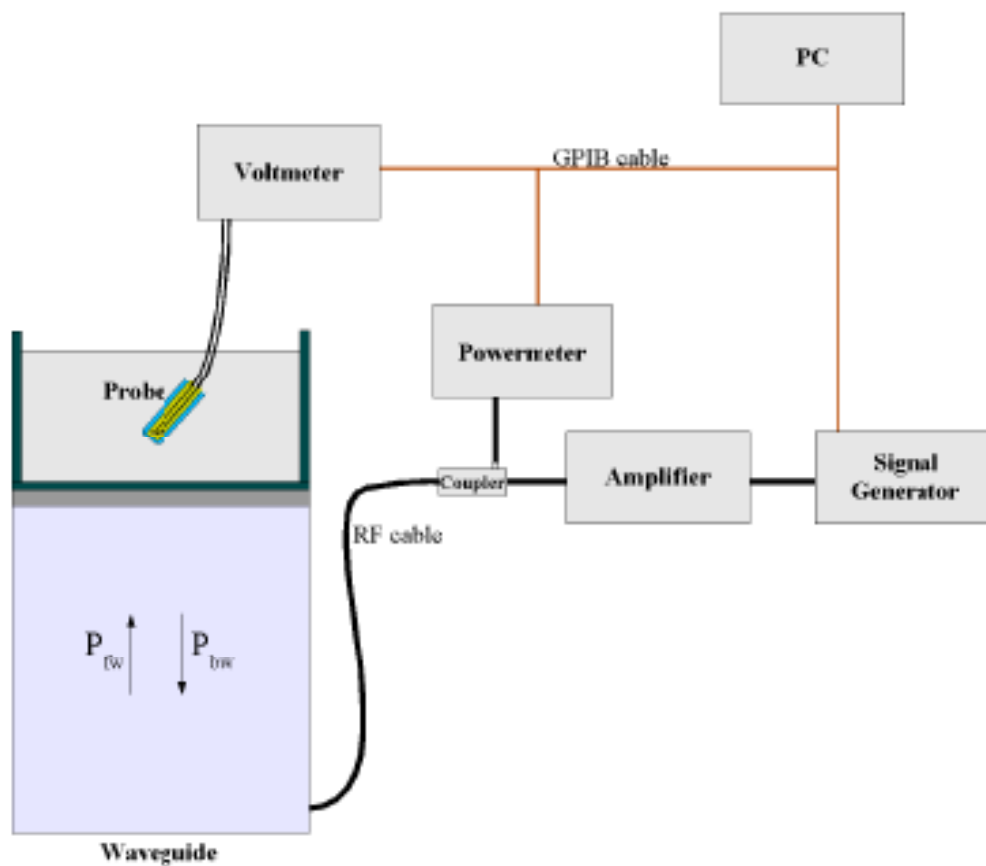
- Dynamic range: 0.01-100 W/kg
- Tip Diameter : 6.5 mm
- Distance between probe tip and sensor center: 2.5mm
- Distance between sensor center and the inner phantom surface: 4 mm

(repeatability better than +/- 1mm)

- Probe linearity: <0.25 dB
- Axial Isotropy: <0.25 dB
- Spherical Isotropy: <0.25 dB
- Calibration range: 835to 2500MHz for head & body simulating liquid.

Angle between probe axis (evaluation axis) and surface normal line: less than 30°

Probe calibration is realized, in compliance with CENELEC EN 62209 and IEEE 1528 std, with CALISAR, Antenna proprietary calibration system. The calibration is performed with the EN 622091 annex technique using reference guide at the five frequencies.



$$SAR = \frac{4(P_{fw} - P_{bw})}{ab\delta} \cos^2\left(\pi \frac{y}{a}\right) e^{-2z/\delta}$$

Where :

P<sub>fw</sub> = Forward Power

P<sub>bw</sub> = Backward Power

a and b = Waveguide dimensions

l = Skin depth

Keithley configuration:

Rate = Medium; Filter =ON; RDGS=10; FILTER TYPE =MOVING AVERAGE; RANGE AUTO

After each calibration, a SAR measurement is performed on a validation dipole and compared with a NPL calibrated probe, to verify it.

The calibration factors, CF(N), for the 3 sensors corresponding to dipole 1, dipole 2 and dipole 3 are:

$$CF(N)=SAR(N)/V_{lin}(N) \quad (N=1,2,3)$$

The linearised output voltage  $V_{lin}(N)$  is obtained from the displayed output voltage  $V(N)$  using

$$V_{lin}(N)=V(N)*(1+V(N)/DCP(N)) \quad (N=1,2,3)$$

Where DCP is the diode compression point in mV.

## 4.3 Probe Calibration Process

### 4.3.1 Dosimetric Assessment Procedure

Each E-Probe/Probe Amplifier combination has unique calibration parameters. SATIMO Probe calibration procedure is conducted to determine the proper amplifier settings to enter in the probe parameters. The amplifier settings are determined for a given frequency by subjecting the probe to a known E-field density (1 mW/cm<sup>2</sup>) using an with CALISAR, Antenna proprietary calibration system.

### 4.3.2 Free Space Assessment Procedure

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This calibration can be performed in a TEM cell if the frequency is below 1 GHz and in a waveguide or other methodologies above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is rotated 360 degrees until the three channels show the maximum reading. The power density readings equates to 1 mW/cm<sup>2</sup>

### 4.3.3 Temperature Assessment Procedure

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulating head tissue. The E-field in the medium correlates with the temperature rise in the dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

Where:

$\delta t$  = exposure time (30 seconds),

$$SAR = C \left( \frac{\delta T}{\delta t} \right)$$

C = heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),

$\delta T$  = temperature increase due to RF exposure.

SAR is proportional to  $\Delta T/\Delta t$ , the initial rate of tissue heating, before thermal diffusion takes place. The electric field in the simulated tissue can be used to estimate SAR by equating the thermally derived SAR to that with the E- field component.

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where:

$\sigma$  = simulated tissue conductivity,

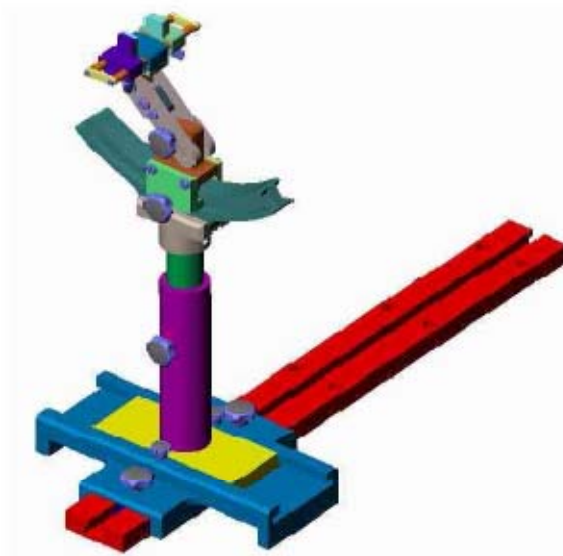
$\rho$  = Tissue density (1.25 g/cm<sup>3</sup> for brain tissue)

## 4.4 Phantom

For the measurements the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) defined by the IEEE SCC-34/SC2 group is used. The phantom is a polyurethane shell integrated in a wooden table. The thickness of the phantom amounts to 2mm +/- 0.2mm. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right phone usage and includes an additional flat phantom part for the simplified performance check. The phantom set-up includes a cover, which prevents the evaporation of the liquid.

## 4.5 Device Holder

The positioning system allows obtaining cheek and tilting position with a very good accuracy. In compliance with CENELEC, the tilt angle uncertainty is Middle than 1°.



Device holder

System Material	Permittivity	Loss Tangent
Delrin	3.7	0.005

## 5. TISSUE SIMULATING LIQUIDS

For SAR measurement of the field distribution inside the phantom, the phantom must be filled with homogeneous tissue simulating liquid to a depth of at least 15 cm. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. The nominal dielectric values of the tissue simulating liquids in the phantom and the tolerance of 5% are listed in below table.

The following table gives the recipes for tissue simulating liquids

Frequency Band (MHz)	750	835		1750		1900		2450		5200-5800	
Tissue Type	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
<b>Ingredients (% by weight )</b>											
Deionised Water	50.00	50.36	50.20	52.64	68.80	54.90	40.40	62.70	73.20	65.52	78.60
Salt(NaCl)	0.80	1.25	0.90	0.36	0.20	0.18	0.50	0.50	0.10	0.00	0.00
Sugar	48.80	0.00	48.50	0.00	0.00	0.00	58.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Tween 20	0.00	48.39	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HEC	0.20	0.00	0.20	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Bactericide	0.20	0.00	0.20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Triton X-100	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	36.80	0.00	17.24	10.70
DGBE	0.00	0.00	0.00	47.00	31.00	44.92	0.00	0.00	26.70	0.00	0.00
Diethylenglycol monoheylether	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	17.24	10.70
<b>Measured dielectric parameters</b>											
Dielectric Constant	55.50	41.50	56.10	40.10	53.40	39.90	53.30	39.20	52.70	Note	
Conductivity (S/m)	0.96	0.90	0.95	1.37	1.49	1.42	1.52	1.80	1.95		

Note: Please refer to the validation results for dielectric parameters of each frequency band.

The dielectric properties of the tissue simulating liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using an Agilent 85033E Dielectric Probe Kit and an Agilent Network Analyzer.

**Table 1: Dielectric Performance of Tissue Simulating Liquid (for Head)**

Temperature: 22.0~23.8°C, humidity: 54~60%.						
Date	Freq.(MHz)	Liquid Parameters	Meas.	Target	Delta(%)	Limit±(%)
2013/12/21	Head 835	Relative Permittivity( $\epsilon_r$ ):	41.29	41.5	-0.51	5
		Conductivity( $\sigma$ ):	0.87	0.90	-3.33	5
2013/12/22	Head 1750	Relative Permittivity( $\epsilon_r$ ):	40.01	40.1	-0.22	5
		Conductivity( $\sigma$ ):	1.35	1.37	-1.46	5
2013/12/23	Head 1900	Relative Permittivity( $\epsilon_r$ ):	39.90	40.0	-0.25	5
		Conductivity( $\sigma$ ):	1.42	1.40	1.43	5
2013/12/24	Head 2450	Relative Permittivity( $\epsilon_r$ ):	39.02	39.20	-0.46	5
		Conductivity( $\sigma$ ):	1.76	1.80	-2.22	5
2013/12/27	Head 5200	Relative Permittivity( $\epsilon_r$ ):	35.82	36.0	-0.50	5
		Conductivity( $\sigma$ ):	4.63	4.66	-0.64	5
2013/12/27	Head 5600	Relative Permittivity( $\epsilon_r$ ):	35.0	35.5	-1.41	5
		Conductivity( $\sigma$ ):	4.99	5.07	-1.58	5
2013/12/27	Head 5800	Relative Permittivity( $\epsilon_r$ ):	34.90	35.5	-1.69	5
		Conductivity( $\sigma$ ):	5.18	5.27	-1.71	5

**Table 2: Dielectric Performance of Tissue Simulating Liquid (for Body)**

Temperature: 22.0~23.8°C, humidity: 54~60%.						
Date	Freq.(MHz)	Liquid Parameters	Meas.	Target	Delta(%)	Limit±(%)
2013/12/21	Body 750	Relative Permittivity( $\epsilon_r$ ):	54.72	55.55	-1.49	5
		Conductivity( $\sigma$ ):	0.97	0.96	1.04	5
2013/12/21	Body 835	Relative Permittivity( $\epsilon_r$ ):	55.03	55.2	-0.31	5
		Conductivity( $\sigma$ ):	0.96	0.97	-1.03	5
2013/12/22	Body 1750	Relative Permittivity( $\epsilon_r$ ):	53.59	53.40	0.36	5
		Conductivity( $\sigma$ ):	1.47	1.49	-1.34	5
2013/12/23	Body 1900	Relative Permittivity( $\epsilon_r$ ):	53.17	53.3	-0.24	5
		Conductivity( $\sigma$ ):	1.51	1.52	-0.66	5
2013/12/24	Body 2450	Relative Permittivity( $\epsilon_r$ ):	52.52	52.7	-0.34	5
		Conductivity( $\sigma$ ):	1.90	1.95	-2.56	5
2013/12/27	Body 5200	Relative Permittivity( $\epsilon_r$ ):	49.2	49.0	0.41	5
		Conductivity( $\sigma$ ):	5.27	5.30	-0.57	5
2013/12/28	Body 5600	Relative Permittivity( $\epsilon_r$ ):	48.38	48.5	-0.25	5
		Conductivity( $\sigma$ ):	5.72	5.77	-0.87	5
2013/12/28	Body 5800	Relative Permittivity( $\epsilon_r$ ):	48.12	48.2	-0.17	5
		Conductivity( $\sigma$ ):	5.92	6.00	-1.33	5

## 6. UNCERTAINTY ASSESSMENT

The Following table includes the uncertainty table of the IEEE 1528. The values are determined by Antennessa.

### 6.1 UNCERTAINTY EVALUATION FOR EUT SAR TEST

a	b	c	d	e= f(d,k)	f	g	h= c*f/e	i= c*g/ e	k
Uncertainty Component	Sec.	Tol (+-%)	Prob Dist.	Div.	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	1g Ui (+-%)	10g Ui (+-%)	Vi
<b>Measurement System</b>									
Probe calibration	E.2.1	4.76	N	1	1	1	4.76	4.7	∞
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	2.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.01	1.0	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	E.2.2	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.62	1.6	∞
Boundary effect	E.2.3	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.5	∞
Linearity	E.2.4	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.89	2.8	∞
System detection limits	E.2.5	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.5	∞
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	0.02	N	1	1	1	0.02	0.0	∞
Reponse Time	E.2.7	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.7	∞
Integration Time	E.2.8	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.15	1.1	∞
RF ambient Conditions	E.6.1	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.7	∞
Probe positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E.6.2	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.15	1.1 5	∞
Probe positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	E.6.3	0.05	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.03	0.0 3	∞
Extrapolation, interpolation and integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	E.5.2	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.89	2.8 9	∞
<b>Test sample Related</b>									
Test sample positioning	E.4.2. 1	0.03	N	1	1	1	0.03	0.0 3	N- 1
Device Holder Uncertainty	E.4.1. 1	5.00	N	1	1	1	5.00	5.0 0	N- 1
Output power Power drift - SAR drift measurement	6.6.2	4.04	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.33	2.3 3	∞

Phantom and Tissue Parameters									
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape and thickness tolerances)	E.3.1	0.05	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.03	0.03	$\infty$
Liquid conductivity - deviation from target value	E.3.2	4.57	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.69	1.13	$\infty$
Liquid conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	5.00	N	1	0.64	0.43	3.20	2.15	M
Liquid permittivity - deviation from target value	E.3.2	3.69	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	1.28	1.04	$\infty$
Liquid permittivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	10.00	N	1	0.6	0.49	6.00	4.90	M
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS				11.55	10.67	
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence interval)			K=2				23.11	21.33	

## 6.2 UNCERTAINTY FOR SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK

a	b	c	d	e= f(d,k)	f	g	h= c*f/e	i= c*g/ e	k
Uncertainty Component	Sec.	Tol (+-%)	Prob Dist.	Div.	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	1g Ui (+-%)	10g Ui (+-%)	Vi
<b>Measurement System</b>									
Probe calibration	E.2.1	4.76	N	1	1	1	4.76	4.7	$\infty$
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	2.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.01	1.0	$\infty$
Hemispherical Isotropy	E.2.2	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.62	1.6	$\infty$
Boundary effect	E.2.3	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.5	$\infty$
Linearity	E.2.4	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.89	2.8	$\infty$
System detection limits	E.2.5	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.5	$\infty$
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	0.02	N	1	1	1	0.02	0.0	$\infty$
Reponse Time	E.2.7	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.7	$\infty$
Integration Time	E.2.8	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.15	1.1	$\infty$
RF ambient Conditions	E.6.1	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.7	$\infty$

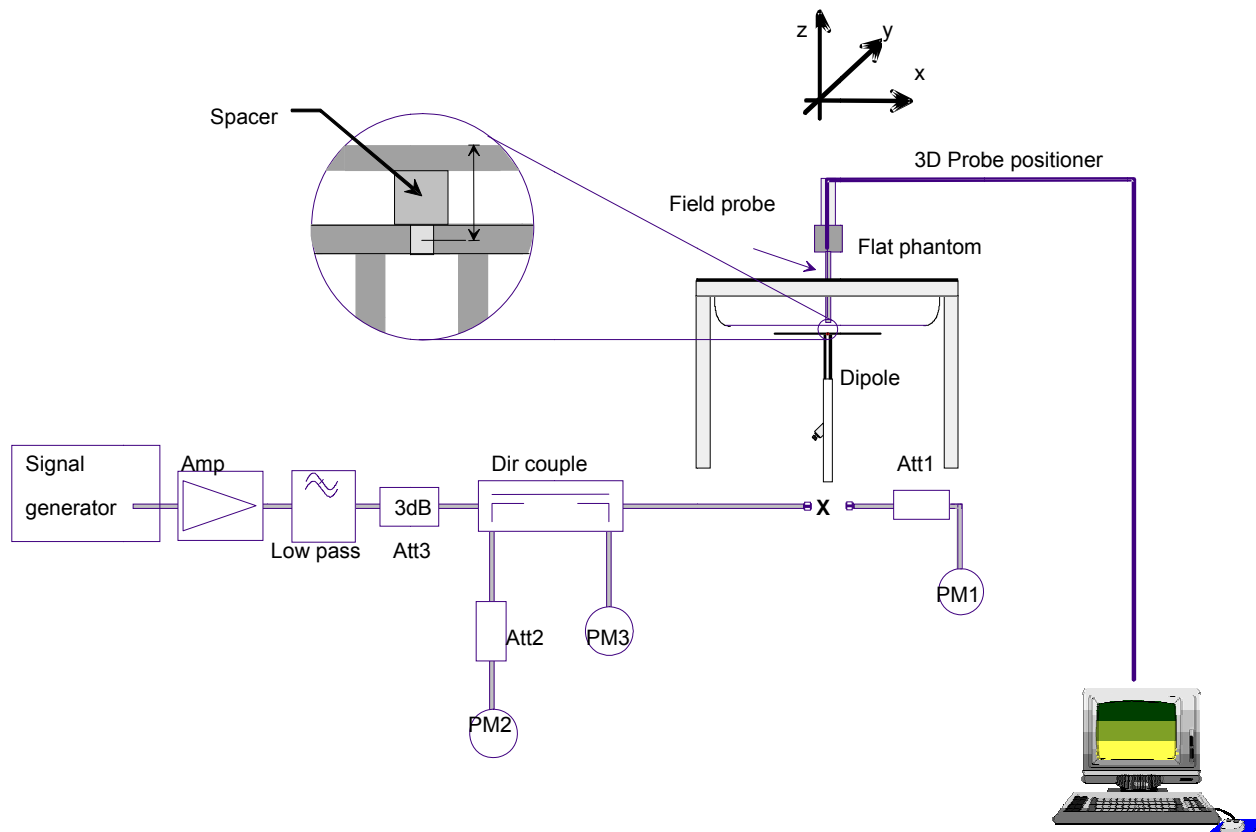


Probe positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E.6.2	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.15	1.15	$\infty$
Probe positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	E.6.3	0.05	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.03	0.03	$\infty$
Extrapolation, interpolation and integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	E.5.2	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.89	2.89	$\infty$
<b>Dipole</b>									
Dipole axis to liquid Distance	8,E.4.2	1.00	N	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	$\infty$
Input power and SAR drift measurement	8,6.6.2	4.04	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.33	2.33	$\infty$
<b>Phantom and Tissue Parameters</b>									
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape and thickness tolerances)	E.3.1	0.05	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.03	0.03	$\infty$
Liquid conductivity - deviation from target value	E.3.2	4.57	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.69	1.69	$\infty$
Liquid conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	5.00	N	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.85	1.85	M
Liquid permittivity - deviation from target value	E.3.2	3.69	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	1.28	1.28	$\infty$
Liquid permittivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	10.00	N	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	3.46	3.46	M
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS				8.83	8.83	
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence interval)			K=2				17.66	17.66	

## 7. SAR MEASUREMENT EVALUATION

### 7.1 System Setup

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the DUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave which comes from a signal generator. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The system check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. It is performed daily or before every SAR measurement. The system check uses normal SAR measurements in the flat section of the phantom with a matched dipole at a specified distance. The system verification setup is shown as below.



The validation dipole is placed beneath the flat phantom with the specific spacer in place. The distance spacer is touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The power meter PM1 measures the forward power at the location of the system check dipole connector. The signal generator is adjusted for the desired forward power (250 mW is used for 700 MHz to 3 GHz, 100 mW is used for 3.5 GHz to 6 GHz) at the dipole connector and the power meter PM2 is read at that level. After connecting the cable to the dipole, the signal generator is readjusted for the same reading at power meter PM2.

## 7.2 Validation Results

After system check testing, the SAR result will be normalized to 1W forward input power and compared with the reference SAR value derived from validation dipole certificate report. The deviation of system check should be within 10 %.

Frequency	750MHz(B)	835MHz(H)	835MHz(B)	1750MHz(H)	1750MHz(B)
<b>Target value 1W (1g)</b>	8.81 W/Kg	9.71 W/Kg	10.02 W/Kg	38.29 W/Kg	40.12 W/Kg
<b>Test value 1g (250 mW input power)</b>	2.281 W/Kg (12.21)	2.434 W/Kg (12.21)	2.446 W/Kg (12.21)	9.681 W/Kg (12.22)	9.940 W/Kg (12.22)
<b>Normalized to 1W value(1g)</b>	9.124 W/Kg	9.720 W/Kg	9.964 W/Kg	38.724 W/Kg	39.790 W/Kg

Frequency	1900MHz(H)	1900MHz(B)	2450MHz(H)	2450MHz(B)
<b>Target value 1W (1g)</b>	39.39 W/Kg	42.33 W/Kg	54.77 W/Kg	56.09 W/Kg
<b>Test value 1g (250 mW input power)</b>	9.749 W/Kg (12.23)	9.938 W/Kg (12.23)	12.718 W/Kg (12.24)	13.032 W/Kg (12.24)
<b>Normalized to 1W value(1g)</b>	38.996 W/Kg	39.752 W/Kg	50.872 W/Kg	52.128 W/Kg

Frequency	5200MHz(H)	5200MHz(B)	5600MHz(H)	5600MHz(B)	5800MHz	5800MHz
<b>Target value 1W (1g)</b>	164.560W/Kg	169.190W/Kg	183.02 W/Kg	189.290 W/Kg	192.070 W/Kg	201.620 W/Kg
<b>Test value 1g (100 mW input power)</b>	15.725 W/Kg (12.27)	16.021 W/Kg (12.27)	18.171 W/Kg (12.27)	18.703 W/Kg (12.27)	19.281 W/Kg (12.27)	21..608 W/Kg (12.27)
<b>Normalized to 1W value(1g)</b>	157.250W/Kg	160.21 W/Kg	181.710 W/Kg	187.030 W/Kg	192.810 W/Kg	216.290 W/Kg

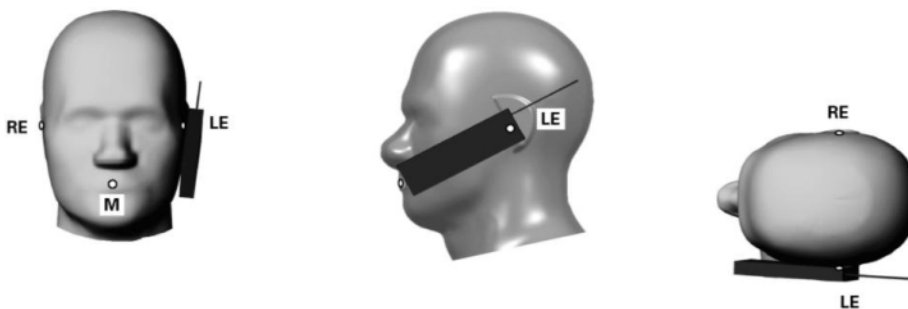
**Note:** System checks the specific test data please see Annex E.

## 8. OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS DURING TEST

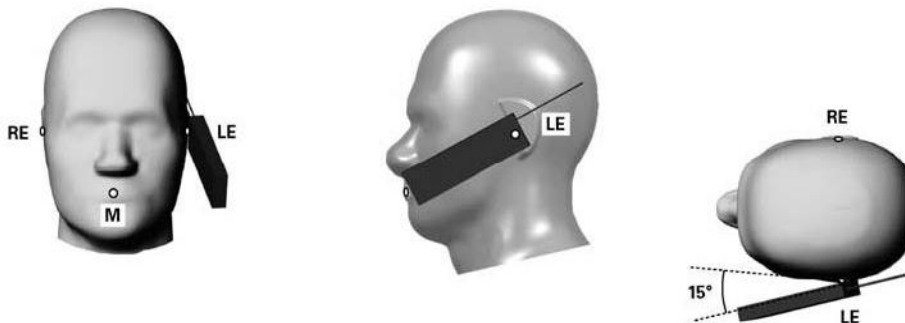
### 8.1 Information on the testing

The mobile phone antenna and battery are those specified by the manufacturer. The battery is fully charged before each measurement. The output power and frequency are controlled using a base station simulator. The mobile phone is set to transmit at its Highest output peak power level.

The mobile phone is test in the “cheek” and “tilted” positions on the left and right sides of the phantom. The mobile phone is placed with the vertical centre line of the body of the mobile phone and the horizontal line crossing the centre of the earpiece in a plane parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.



**Illustration for Cheek Position**



**Illustration for Tilted Position**

Description of the “cheek” position:

The mobile phone is well placed in the reference plane and the earpiece is in contact with the ear. Then the mobile phone is moved until any point on the front side get in contact with the cheek of the phantom or until contact with the ear is lost.

Description of the “tilted” position:

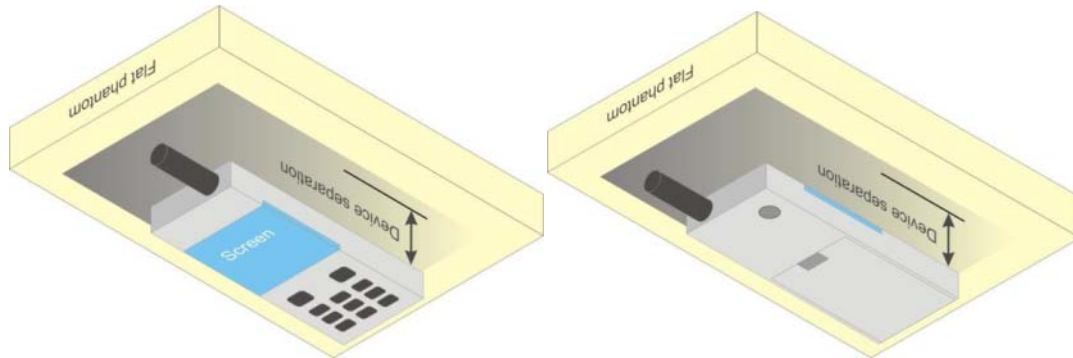
The mobile phone is well placed in the “cheek” position as described above. Then the mobile phone is moved outward away from the mouth by an angle of 15 degrees or until contact with the ear lost.

Remark: Please refer to Appendix B for the test setup photos.

## 8.2 Body-worn Configurations

The body-worn configurations shall be tested with the supplied accessories (belt-clips, holsters, etc.) attached to the device in normal use configuration.

For body-worn and other configurations a flat phantom shall be used which is comprised of material with electrical properties similar to the corresponding tissues.



**Illustration for Body Worn Position**

## 8.3 Measurement procedure

The Following steps are used for each test position

1. Establish a call with the maximum output power with a base station simulator. The connection between the mobile and the base station simulator is established via air interface.
2. Measurement of the local E-field value at a fixed location. This value serves as a reference value for calculating a possible power drift.
3. Measurement of the SAR distribution with a grid of 8 to 16mm \* 8 to 16 mm and a constant distance to the inner surface of the phantom. Since the sensors cannot directly measure at the inner phantom surface, the values between the sensors and the inner phantom surface are extrapolated. With these values the area of the maximum SAR is calculated by an interpolation scheme.
4. Around this point, a cube of 30 \* 30 \* 30 mm or 32 \* 32 \* 32 mm is assessed by measuring 5 or 8 \* 5 or 8\*4 or 5 mm. With these data, the peak spatial-average SAR value can be calculated.

## 8.4 Description of interpolation/extrapolation scheme

The local SAR inside the phantom is measured using small dipole sensing elements inside a probe body. The probe tip must not be in contact with the phantom surface in order to minimize measurements errors, but the highest local SAR will occur at the surface of the phantom.



An extrapolation is using to determinate this highest local SAR values. The extrapolation is based on a fourth-order least-square polynomial fit of measured data. The local SAR value is then extrapolated from the liquid surface with a 1mm step.

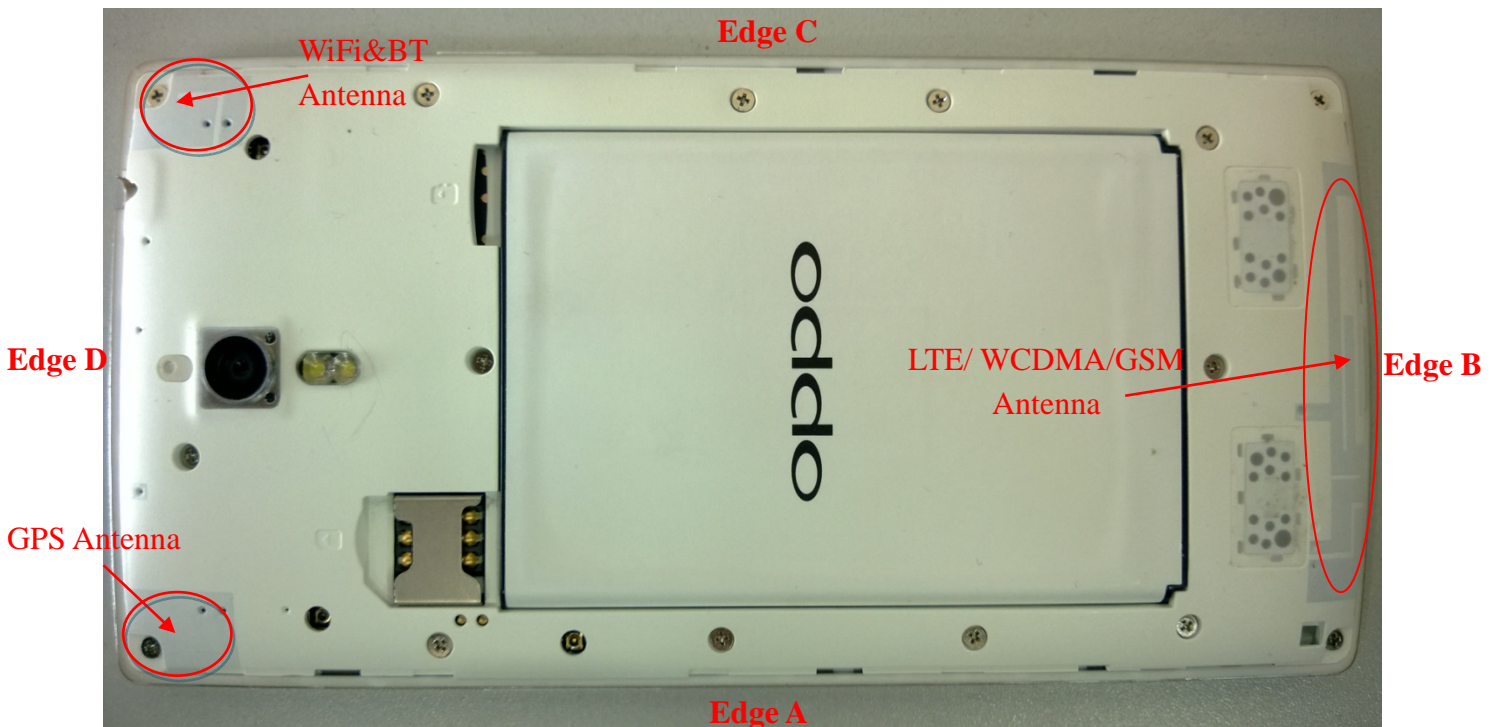
The measurements have to be performed over a limited time (due to the duration of the battery) so the step of measurement is high. It could vary between 5 and 8 mm. To obtain an accurate assessment of the maximum SAR averaged over 10 grams and 1 gram requires a very fine resolution in the three dimensional scanned data array.

## 9. HOTSPOT MODE EVALUATION PROCEDURE

The SAR evaluation procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless Router function is according to KDB 941225 D06 Hot Spot SAR v01r01.

SAR must be tested for all surfaces and edges (side) with a transmitting antenna with in 2.5 cm from that surface or edge, at a test separation distance of 10 mm, in the wireless modes that support wireless routing.

Edge configurations:



Assessment	Hotspot side for SAR					
	Test distance: 10mm					
Antennas	Back	Front	Edge A	Edge B	Edge C	Edge D
WCDMA/GSM	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
WLAN&BT	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes



**10. Information Related to LTE Test parameter(Per 941225 D05v02r02)**

1	Identify the operating frequency range of each LTE transmission FCC band used by the device	Band 4 Tx:1710-1755 MHz Rx:2100-2155 MHz Band 17 Tx:704-716 MHz Rx:734-746 MHz																																																																						
2	Identify the high, middle and low (L, M, H) channel numbers and frequencies tested in each LTE frequency band	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Band4</th> <th colspan="6">Channel Bandwidth</th> </tr> <tr> <th></th> <th>20Mhz</th> <th>15MHz</th> <th>10MHz</th> <th>5MHz</th> <th>3MHz</th> <th>1.4MHz</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Low</td> <td>20050/ 1720</td> <td>20025/ 1717.5</td> <td>20000/ 1715</td> <td>19975/ 1712.5</td> <td>19965/ 1711.5</td> <td>19957/ 1710.7</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Middle</td> <td>20175/ 1732.5</td> <td>20175/ 1732.5</td> <td>20175/ 1732.5</td> <td>20175/ 1732.5</td> <td>20175/ 1732.5</td> <td>20175/ 1732.5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>High</td> <td>20300/ 1745</td> <td>20325/ 1747.5</td> <td>20350/ 1750</td> <td>20375/ 1752.5</td> <td>20384/ 1753.4</td> <td>20392/ 1754.2</td> </tr> <tr> <th>Band17</th> <th colspan="6">Channel Bandwidth</th> </tr> <tr> <th></th> <th>20Mhz</th> <th>15MHz</th> <th>10MHz</th> <th>5MHz</th> <th>3MHz</th> <th>1.4MHz</th> </tr> <tr> <td>Low</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>23780/ 709</td> <td>23755/ 706.5</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Middle</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>20790/ 710</td> <td>23790/ 710</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>High</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>23800/ 711</td> <td>23825/ 713.5</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Band4	Channel Bandwidth							20Mhz	15MHz	10MHz	5MHz	3MHz	1.4MHz	Low	20050/ 1720	20025/ 1717.5	20000/ 1715	19975/ 1712.5	19965/ 1711.5	19957/ 1710.7	Middle	20175/ 1732.5	20175/ 1732.5	20175/ 1732.5	20175/ 1732.5	20175/ 1732.5	20175/ 1732.5	High	20300/ 1745	20325/ 1747.5	20350/ 1750	20375/ 1752.5	20384/ 1753.4	20392/ 1754.2	Band17	Channel Bandwidth							20Mhz	15MHz	10MHz	5MHz	3MHz	1.4MHz	Low			23780/ 709	23755/ 706.5			Middle			20790/ 710	23790/ 710			High			23800/ 711	23825/ 713.5		
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3	Specify the UE category and uplink modulations used	The UE Category is 4 and the uplink modulations used are QPSK and 16QAM.																																																																						
4	Descriptions of the LTE transmitter and antenna implementation & identify whether it is a standalone transmitter operating independently of other wireless transmitters in the device or sharing hardware components and/or antenna(s) with other transmitters etc.	The module has a primary antenna for all LTE&UMTS&GSM bands, a WiFi Tx/Rx antenna and a GPS Rx antenna.																																																																						
5	Identify the LTE Band Voice/data requirements in each operating mode and exposure condition with respect to head and body test configurations, antenna	Mobile Hotspot Mode will be tested according to Section 9 of this report.																																																																						



	locations, handset flip-cover or slide positions, antenna diversity conditions, etc.																																							
6	<p>Identify if Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) is optional or mandatory, i.e. built-in by design: 附件 A only mandatory MPR may be considered during SAR testing, when the maximum output power is permanently limited by the MPR implemented within the UE; and only for the applicable RB (resource block) configurations specified in LTE standards</p> <p>b) A-MPR (additional MPR) must be disabled.</p>	<p>As per 3GPP TS 36.101 v11.0.0 (2012-03)</p> <p><b>Table 6.2.3-1: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for Power Class 3</b></p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th rowspan="2">Modulation</th> <th colspan="6">Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth (<math>N_{RB}</math>)</th> <th rowspan="2">MPR (dB)</th> </tr> <tr> <th>1.4 MHz</th> <th>3.0 MHz</th> <th>5 MHz</th> <th>10 MHz</th> <th>15 MHz</th> <th>20 MHz</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>QPSK</td> <td>&gt; 5</td> <td>&gt; 4</td> <td>&gt; 8</td> <td>&gt; 12</td> <td>&gt; 16</td> <td>&gt; 18</td> <td>≤ 1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>16 QAM</td> <td>≤ 5</td> <td>≤ 4</td> <td>≤ 8</td> <td>≤ 12</td> <td>≤ 16</td> <td>≤ 18</td> <td>≤ 1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>16 QAM</td> <td>&gt; 5</td> <td>&gt; 4</td> <td>&gt; 8</td> <td>&gt; 12</td> <td>&gt; 16</td> <td>&gt; 18</td> <td>≤ 2</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>A-MPR is supported by design, but disable for SAR testing.</p>	Modulation	Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth ( $N_{RB}$ )						MPR (dB)	1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 1	16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1	16 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2
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16 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2																																	
7	<p>Include the maximum average conducted output power measured on the required test channels for each channel bandwidth and UL modulation used in each frequency band:</p> <p>a) with 1 RB allocated at the low, centred, high end of a channel</p> <p>b) using 50% RB allocation low, centered, high end within a channel</p> <p>c) using 100% RB allocation</p>	<p>This is included in the section 11 of this report.</p>																																						
8	<p>Include the maximum average conducted output power measured for the other wireless mode and frequency bands</p>	<p>This is included in the section 13 of this report.</p>																																						

10	<p>Identify the simultaneous transmission conditions for the voice and data configurations supported by all wireless modes, device configurations and frequency bands, for the head and body exposure conditions and device operating configurations (handset flip or cover positions, antenna diversity conditions etc.)</p>	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="7">Simultaneous transmission conditions</th> </tr> <tr> <th rowspan="2">#</th> <th colspan="3">WWAN</th> <th colspan="2">WLAN</th> <th rowspan="2">Sum of WWAN&amp; WLAN</th> </tr> <tr> <th>LTE Data</th> <th>GSM</th> <th>UMTS</th> <th>802.11 a/b/g/n</th> <th>BT</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>x</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>x</td> <td></td> <td>x</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td></td> <td>x</td> <td></td> <td>x</td> <td></td> <td>x</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>x</td> <td>x</td> <td></td> <td>x</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>x</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>x</td> <td>x</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5</td> <td></td> <td>x</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>x</td> <td>x</td> </tr> <tr> <td>6</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>x</td> <td></td> <td>x</td> <td>x</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Simultaneous transmission conditions							#	WWAN			WLAN		Sum of WWAN& WLAN	LTE Data	GSM	UMTS	802.11 a/b/g/n	BT	1	x			x		x	2		x		x		x	3			x	x		x	4	x				x	x	5		x			x	x	6			x		x	x
Simultaneous transmission conditions																																																															
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1	x			x		x																																																									
2		x		x		x																																																									
3			x	x		x																																																									
4	x				x	x																																																									
5		x			x	x																																																									
6			x		x	x																																																									
11	<p>When power reduction is applied to certain wireless modes to satisfy SAR compliance for simultaneous transmission conditions, other equipment certification or operating requirements, include the maximum average conducted output power measured in each power reduction mode applicable to the simultaneous voice/data transmission configurations for such wireless configurations and frequency bands; and also include details of the power reduction implementation and measurement setup</p>	<p>Not applicable.</p>																																																													

## 11. SAR EVALUATION PROCEDURES&POWER MEASUREMENT FOR LTE

### “1. QPSK with 1 RB allocation

Start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and *required test channel* combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each *required test channel*. When the *reported SAR* is  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg, testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and *required test channels* is not required for 1 RB allocation; otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining *required test channels* and only for the RB offset configuration with the highest output power for that channel.6 When the *reported SAR* of a *required test channel* is  $> 1.45$  W/kg, SAR is required for all three RB offset configurations for that *required test channel*.

### 2. QPSK with 50% RB allocation

The procedures required for 1 RB allocation in 1. are applied to measure the SAR for QPSK with 50% RB allocation.

### 3. QPSK with 100% RB allocation

For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest *reported SAR* for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation in 1. and 2. are  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel and if the *reported SAR* is  $> 1.45$  W/kg, the remaining *required test channels* must also be tested.

#### Higher order modulations

For each modulation besides QPSK; e.g., 16-QAM, 64-QAM, apply the QPSK procedures in sections 1. and 2.and 3. to determine the QAM configurations that may need SAR measurement. For each configuration identified as required for testing, SAR is required only when the highest maximum output power for the configuration in the higher order modulation is  $> \frac{1}{2}$  dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK or when the *reported SAR* for the QPSK configuration is  $> 1.45$  W/kg.

### 4. Other channel bandwidth standalone SAR test requirements

For the other channel bandwidths used by the device in a frequency band, apply all the procedures required for the largest channel bandwidth in section 5.2 to determine the channels and RB configurations that need SAR testing and only measure SAR when the highest maximum output power of a configuration requiring testing in the smaller channel bandwidth is  $> \frac{1}{2}$  dB higher than the equivalent channel configurations in the largest channel bandwidth configuration or the *reported SAR* of a configuration for the largest channel bandwidth is  $> 1.45$  W/kg.

The equivalent channel configuration for the RB allocation, RB offset and modulation etc. Is determined for the smaller channel bandwidth according to the same number of RB allocated in The largest channel bandwidth. For example, 50 RB in 10 MHz channel bandwidth does not apply to 5MHz channel bandwidth; therefore, this cannot be tested in the smaller channel bandwidth. However, 50% RB allocation in 10 MHz channel bandwidth is equivalent to 100% RB allocation in 5 MHz channel bandwidth; therefore, these are the equivalent configurations to be compared to determine the specific channel and configuration in the smaller channel bandwidth that need SAR testing.”

**LTE BAND 4**

Band Width	Channel	Freq.(MHZ)	Modulation	RB Configuration		Average Power (dBm)
				RB Size	RB Offset	
20MHz	L 20050	1720.0	QPSK	1	0	23.83
				1	49	23.82
				1	99	24.01
				50	0	23.01
				50	25	23.14
				50	49	23.05
			16-QAM	100	0	22.93
				1	0	22.88
				1	49	23.10
				1	99	23.15
				50	0	22.05
				50	25	22.11
	M 20175	1732.5	QPSK	50	49	22.04
				100	0	21.91
				1	0	23.83
				1	49	23.92
				1	99	23.91
				50	0	23.04
			16-QAM	50	25	23.07
				50	49	23.09
				100	0	22.95
				1	0	22.80
				1	49	23.10
				1	99	23.05
	H 20300	1745.0	QPSK	50	0	22.08
				50	25	22.07
				50	49	22.12
				100	0	22.07
				1	0	23.88
				1	49	23.90
16-QAM			1	99	23.88	
			50	0	23.07	
			50	25	23.09	
			50	49	23.12	
			100	0	23.03	
			1	0	23.40	
			1	49	23.21	
			1	99	23.33	
			50	0	22.12	
			50	25	22.17	
			50	49	22.12	
			100	0	22.05	

**LTE BAND 4 (Continue)**

Band Width	Channel	Freq.(MHZ)	Modulation	RB Configuration		Average Power (dBm)
				RB Size	RB Offset	
15MHz	L 20025	1717.5	QPSK	1	0	23.75
				1	37	23.73
				1	74	23.89
				36	0	23.05
				36	18	23.12
				36	35	23.08
				75	0	22.95
			16-QAM	1	0	23.09
				1	37	23.12
				1	74	23.24
				36	0	22.25
				36	18	22.12
				36	35	22.14
				75	0	21.96
	M 20175	1732.5	QPSK	1	0	23.90
				1	37	23.82
				1	74	23.83
				36	0	22.12
				36	18	22.10
				36	35	22.07
				75	0	22.94
			16-QAM	1	0	22.88
				1	37	22.86
				1	74	22.89
				36	0	22.02
				36	18	22.05
				36	35	22.13
75				0	21.90	
H 20325	1747.5	QPSK	1	0	23.75	
			1	37	23.78	
			1	74	23.72	
			36	0	22.80	
			36	18	22.88	
			36	35	22.92	
			75	0	23.09	
		16-QAM	1	0	23.17	
			1	37	23.14	
			1	74	23.06	
			36	0	22.15	
			36	18	22.09	
			36	35	22.04	
			75	0	22.01	



LTE BAND 4 (Continue)

Band Width	Channel	Freq.(MHZ)	Modulation	RB Configuration		Average Power (dBm)
				RB Size	RB Offset	
10MHz	L 20000	1715.0	QPSK	1	0	23.64
				1	24	23.78
				1	49	23.77
				25	0	22.89
				25	12	22.90
				25	24	22.87
				50	0	22.92
			16-QAM	1	0	23.15
				1	24	23.13
				1	49	23.17
				25	0	22.08
				25	12	22.12
				25	24	22.13
				50	0	21.94
	M 20175	1732.5	QPSK	1	0	24.07
				1	24	24.02
				1	49	23.90
				25	0	23.03
				25	12	23.08
				25	24	23.06
				50	0	22.98
			16-QAM	1	0	23.36
				1	24	23.17
				1	49	23.21
				25	0	22.18
				25	12	22.11
				25	24	22.04
50				0	22.01	
H 20350	1750.0	QPSK	1	0	23.72	
			1	24	23.69	
			1	49	23.73	
			25	0	22.68	
			25	12	22.80	
			25	24	22.71	
			50	0	22.90	
		16-QAM	1	0	22.77	
			1	24	22.75	
			1	49	22.75	
			25	0	21.82	
			25	12	21.83	
			25	24	21.92	
			50	0	22.11	



LTE BAND 4 (Continue)

Band Width	Channel	Freq.(MHZ)	Modulation	RB Configuration		Average Power (dBm)
				RB Size	RB Offset	
5MHz	L 19975	1712.5	QPSK	1	0	23.79
				1	12	23.89
				1	24	23.91
				12	0	22.89
				12	6	22.82
				12	11	22.87
				25	0	22.84
			16-QAM	1	0	22.86
				1	12	22.90
				1	24	22.95
				12	0	21.87
				12	6	21.88
				12	11	21.83
				25	0	21.82
	M 20175	1732.5	QPSK	1	0	23.74
				1	12	23.79
				1	24	23.76
				12	0	22.77
				12	6	22.80
				12	11	22.87
				25	0	22.91
			16-QAM	1	0	22.84
				1	12	22.83
				1	24	22.87
				12	0	21.90
				12	6	21.92
				12	11	21.87
				25	0	22.01
	H 20375	1752.5	QPSK	1	0	23.93
				1	12	23.91
1				24	23.88	
12				0	22.87	
12				6	22.91	
12				11	22.88	
25				0	22.92	
16-QAM			1	0	23.45	
			1	12	23.41	
			1	24	23.33	
			12	0	22.12	
			12	6	22.18	
			12	11	22.09	
			25	0	21.92	

LTE BAND 4 (Continue)

Band Width	Channel	Freq.(MHZ)	Modulation	RB Configuration		Average Power (dBm)
				RB Size	RB Offset	
3MHz	L 19965	1711.5	QPSK	1	0	23.84
				1	7	23.80
				1	14	23.87
				8	0	22.80
				8	4	22.78
				8	7	22.81
			16-QAM	15	0	22.82
				1	0	23.13
				1	7	23.11
				1	14	23.15
				8	0	22.01
				8	4	21.89
	M 20175	1732.5	QPSK	8	7	21.92
				8	0	21.83
				1	0	23.82
				1	7	23.80
				1	14	23.79
				8	0	22.89
			16-QAM	8	4	22.91
				8	7	22.89
				15	0	22.97
				1	0	22.87
				1	7	22.89
				1	14	22.88
	H 20384	1753.4	QPSK	8	0	22.01
				8	4	21.89
				8	7	21.92
15				0	21.91	
1				0	23.91	
1				7	23.89	
16-QAM			1	14	23.80	
			8	0	22.79	
			8	4	22.81	
			8	7	22.82	
			15	0	22.80	
			1	0	23.15	
				1	7	23.11
				1	14	23.13
				8	0	22.03
				8	4	21.89
				8	7	21.92
				15	0	21.83
				15	0	21.83



LTE BAND 4 (Continue)

Band Width	Channel	Freq.(MHZ)	Modulation	RB Configuration		Average Power (dBm)
				RB Size	RB Offset	
1.4MHz	L 19957	1710.7	QPSK	1	0	23.79
				1	2	23.81
				1	5	23.80
				3	0	22.78
				3	1	22.82
				3	2	22.89
			16-QAM	6	0	22.88
				1	0	22.97
				1	2	22.89
				1	5	22.97
				3	0	22.10
				3	1	22.12
	M 20175	1732.5	QPSK	3	2	22.18
				6	0	21.88
				1	0	23.93
				1	2	23.89
				1	5	23.95
				3	0	22.92
			16-QAM	3	1	22.91
				3	2	22.89
				6	0	22.99
				1	0	23.18
				1	2	23.14
				1	5	23.23
	H 20392	1754.2	QPSK	3	0	22.05
				3	2	22.07
				3	5	22.04
				6	0	22.03
				1	0	23.74
				1	2	23.70
16-QAM			1	5	23.74	
			3	0	22.81	
			3	1	22.82	
			3	2	22.81	
			6	0	22.89	
			1	0	22.78	
				1	2	22.76
				1	5	22.78
				3	0	21.82
				3	1	21.80
				3	2	21.79
				6	0	21.80

**LTE BAND 17**

Band Width	Channel	Freq.(MHZ)	Modulation	RB Configuration		Average Power (dBm)
				RB Size	RB Offset	
10MHz	L 23780	709.0	QPSK	1	0	22.99
				1	24	23.11
				1	49	23.30
				25	0	22.14
				25	12	22.16
				25	24	22.15
				50	0	22.23
			16-QAM	1	0	22.01
				1	24	22.20
				1	49	22.33
				25	0	21.08
				25	12	21.07
				25	24	21.06
				50	0	21.19
	M 23790	710.0	QPSK	1	0	22.95
				1	24	23.06
				1	49	23.15
				25	0	22.08
				25	12	22.09
				25	24	22.11
				50	0	22.38
			16-QAM	1	0	22.34
				1	24	22.23
				1	49	22.60
				25	0	21.14
				25	12	21.18
				25	24	21.16
				50	0	21.23
	H 23800	711.0	QPSK	1	0	22.91
				1	24	23.03
1				49	23.13	
25				0	22.21	
25				12	22.17	
25				24	22.24	
50				0	22.31	
16-QAM			1	0	22.29	
			1	24	22.21	
			1	49	22.53	
			25	0	21.26	
			25	12	21.23	
			25	24	23.30	
			50	0	21.27	

LTE BAND 17 (Continue)

Band Width	Channel	Freq.(MHZ)	Modulation	RB Configuration		Average Power (dBm)
				RB Size	RB Offset	
5MHz	L 23755	706.5	QPSK	1	0	23.02
				1	12	22.93
				1	24	22.99
				12	0	22.03
				12	6	22.06
				12	11	22.04
				25	0	22.07
			16-QAM	1	0	22.07
				1	12	22.08
				1	24	22.01
				12	0	21.02
				12	6	21.07
				12	11	21.02
				25	0	20.93
	M 23790	710.0	QPSK	1	0	22.91
				1	12	23.19
				1	24	23.28
				12	0	22.16
				12	6	22.18
				12	11	22.17
				25	0	22.24
			16-QAM	1	0	21.94
				1	12	22.10
				1	24	22.37
				12	0	21.26
				12	6	21.24
				12	11	21.29
				25	0	21.28
	H 23825	713.5	QPSK	1	0	22.77
				1	12	22.69
1				24	22.71	
12				0	21.40	
12				6	21.36	
12				11	21.41	
25				0	21.34	
16-QAM			1	0	23.10	
			1	12	23.17	
			1	24	23.25	
			12	0	22.31	
			12	6	22.28	
			12	11	22.29	
			25	0	22.42	

## 12. WIFI (5GHz BANDS)

### Required Test Channels per KDB 248227 D01

Mode		Band	GHz	Channel	"Default Test Channels"	
					802.11	
802.11a	UNII (15.407)	5.2 GHz	5.180	36	√	
			5.200	40		*
			2.220	44		*
			5.240	48	√	
		5.3 GHz	5.260	52	√	
			5.280	56		*
			5.300	60		*
			5.320	64	√	
		5.5 GHz	5.500	100		
			5.520	104	√	
			5.540	108		*
			5.560	112		*
	5.580		116	√		
	5.600		120		*	
	5.620		124	√		
	5.640		128		*	
	5.8 GHz	5.660	132		*	
		5.680	136	√		
		5.700	140		*	
		5.745	149	√		
DTS (15.247)	5.8 GHz	5.765	153		*	
		5.785	157	√		
		5.805	161		*	
		5.825	165	√		

√ = "default test channels"

\* = possible 802.11a channels with maximum average output > the "default test channels"

# = when output power is reduced for channel 1 and /or 11 to meet restricted band requirements the highest output channels closest to each of these channels should be tested.

**Measured Results**

Band	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power(dBm)		
			802.11a	802.11n	802.11ac
Wi-Fi 5.2GHz	36	5180	11.11	9.49	8.40
	40	5200	11.21	9.33	8.26
	44	5220	11.33	9.55	8.42
	48	5240	11.59	9.72	8.51

Band	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power(dBm)	
			802.11n40	802.11ac
Wi-Fi 5.2GHz	38	5190	7.66	6.36
	46	5230	7.86	6.55

Band	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power(dBm)		
			802.11a	802.11n	802.11ac
Wi-Fi 5.3GHz (UNII)	52	5260	11.63	9.69	8.51
	56	5280	11.55	9.62	8.64
	60	5300	11.17	9.57	8.33
	64	5320	11.39	9.50	8.21

Band	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power(dBm)	
			802.11n40	802.11ac40
5.3GHz (UNII)	54	5270	7.83	6.58
	62	5310	7.62	6.34

Band	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power(dBm)		
			802.11a	802.11n	802.11ac
Wi-Fi 5.5GHz (UNII)	100	5500	11.98	9.94	8.75
	104	5520	11.67	9.75	8.67
	108	5540	11.68	9.73	8.65
	112	5560	11.68	9.73	8.63
	116	5580	11.94	9.86	8.70
	120	5600	11.84	9.71	8.53
	124	5620	11.60	9.48	8.28
	128	5640	11.34	9.23	8.18
	132	5660	11.32	9.37	8.28
	136	5680	11.61	9.46	8.43
	140	5700	11.64	9.59	8.63

Band	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power(dBm)	
			802.11n40	802.11ac40
Wi-Fi 5.5GHz (UNII)	102	5510	7.99	6.74
	110	5550	7.93	6.61
	118	5590	7.93	6.74
	126	5630	7.66	6.38
	134	5670	7.56	6.52

Band	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power(dBm)		
			802.11a	802.11n	802.11ac
Wi-Fi 5.8GHz (UNII)	149	5745	11.29	9.05	8.06
	153	5765	11.11	9.11	8.07
	157	5785	11.41	9.24	8.18
	161	5805	11.69	9.48	8.42
	165	5825	11.64	9.55	8.50

Band	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power(dBm)	
			802.11n40	802.11ac40
Wi-Fi 5.8GHz (UNII)	151	5755	7.22	6.21
	159	5795	7.50	6.40

### 13. MEASUREMENT OF CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER

#### 1. WCDMA mode conducted output power values

Item	band	WCDMA 850			WCDMA 1700			WCDMA 1900		
	ARFCN	4132	4175	4233	1312	1412	1513	9262	9400	9538
	subtest	dBm			dBm			dBm		
5.2(WCDMA)	non	24.88	24.66	24.74	24.23	24.22	23.56	23.35	23.52	22.90
HSDPA	1	24.61	24.49	24.73	24.21	24.11	23.50	23.33	23.33	22.89
	2	24.59	24.46	24.70	24.19	24.12	23.49	23.28	23.26	22.84
	3	24.08	23.92	24.23	23.64	23.61	22.97	22.74	22.71	22.36
	4	24.09	23.94	24.21	23.62	23.60	22.95	22.77	22.72	22.34
HSUPA	1	24.75	24.60	24.69	24.20	24.21	23.54	23.28	23.28	22.89
	2	22.71	22.58	22.64	22.21	22.19	21.52	21.26	21.23	20.87
	3	23.76	23.49	23.66	23.24	23.17	22.55	22.19	22.20	21.88
	4	22.74	22.54	22.68	22.19	22.20	21.54	21.23	21.29	20.86
	5	24.73	24.56	24.67	24.17	24.18	23.49	23.24	23.25	22.85
HSPA+	1	24.63	24.57	24.63	24.12	24.20	23.48	23.26	23.29	22.89
Note:	The Conducted RF Output Power test of WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA/HSPA+ was tested by power meter.									

#### 2. GSM Mode

Band	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power(dBm)
GSM 850	128	824.2	33.35
	190	836.6	33.42
	251	848.8	33.31
PCS 1900	512	1850.2	29.30
	661	1880.0	29.39
	810	1909.8	28.95

3. GPRS Mode Conducted peak output power

Band	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power(dBm)			
			Slot 1	Slot 2	Slot 3	Slot 4
GSM 850	128	824.2	31.18	29.27	28.07	26.82
	190	836.6	31.39	29.22	28.09	26.87
	251	848.8	31.59	29.35	28.02	26.79
PCS 1900	512	1850.2	27.21	25.52	24.42	24.19
	661	1880.0	27.37	25.53	24.31	24.22
	810	1909.8	26.87	25.48	24.28	24.21

GPRS Time-based Average Power

Band	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power(dBm)			
			Slot 1	Slot 2	Slot 3	Slot 4
GSM 850	128	824.2	22.15	23.25	23.81	23.81
	190	836.6	22.36	23.20	23.83	23.86
	251	848.8	22.56	23.33	23.76	23.78
PCS 1900	512	1850.2	18.18	19.50	20.16	21.18
	661	1880.0	18.34	19.51	20.05	21.21
	810	1909.8	17.84	19.46	20.02	21.20

Timeslot consignations:

No. Of Slots	Slot 1	Slot 2	Slot 3	Slot 4
Slot Consignation	1Up4Down	2Up2Down	3Up2Down	4Up1Down
Duty Cycle	1:8	1:4	1:2.67	1:2
Correct Factor	-9.00dB	-6.02dB	-4.26dB	-3.01dB



## 4. EDGE Mode Conducted peak output power

Band	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power(dBm)			
			Slot 1	Slot 2	Slot 3	Slot 4
GSM 850	128	824.2	30.32	28.29	27.42	26.27
	190	836.6	30.58	28.60	27.41	26.29
	251	848.8	30.64	28.71	27.39	26.23
PCS 1900	512	1850.2	26.50	25.21	24.31	23.52
	661	1880.0	26.60	25.18	24.27	23.60
	810	1909.8	26.03	25.16	24.31	23.61

## EDGE Time-based Average Power

Band	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power(dBm)			
			Slot 1	Slot 2	Slot 3	Slot 4
GSM 850	128	824.2	21.29	22.27	23.16	23.26
	190	836.6	21.55	22.58	23.15	23.28
	251	848.8	21.61	22.69	23.13	23.22
PCS 1900	512	1850.2	17.47	19.19	20.05	20.51
	661	1880.0	17.57	19.16	20.01	20.59
	810	1909.8	17.00	19.14	20.05	20.60

## 5. WiFi average output power

Band	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power(dBm)		
			802.11b (DSSS)	802.11g (OFDM)	802.11n20 (OFDM)
WiFi	1	2412	13.71	12.35	11.33
	6	2437	13.39	11.98	11.14
	11	2462	13.07	11.63	10.60

Band	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power(dBm)
			802.11n40
WiFi	3	2422	9.97
	6	2437	9.70
	9	2452	9.61

## 6. BT+EDR 2.1 peak output power

Band	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power(dBm)		
			GFSK	$\Pi/4$ -DQPSK	8-DPSK
BT	0	2402	7.746	8.215	8.420
	39	2441	9.197	9.630	9.812
	78	2480	7.209	7.585	7.816

Band	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power(dBm)
			GFSK
BT 4.0	0	2402	-2.67
	19	2440	-1.90
	39	2480	-3.16

## 14. TEST RESULTS LIST

Summary of Measurement Results (GSM 850MHz Band)

Temperature: 21.0~23.8°C, humidity: 54~60%.						
Phantom Configurations	Device Test Positions	Device Test channel	SAR(W/Kg), 1g Peak	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (W/Kg), 1g	
Right Side Of Head	Cheek/Touch	190	0.064	1.019	0.065	
	Ear/Tilt		0.034		0.035	
Left Side Of Head	Cheek/Touch		0.067		0.068	
	Ear/Tilt		0.034		0.035	
Body (10mm Separation)	GSM		Back upward		0.102	0.104
			Front upward		0.068	0.069
	GPRS		Back upward		0.085	0.088
			Front upward		0.055	0.057
		Edge A	0.044	0.045		
		Edge B	0.023	0.024		
	EDGE	Edge C	0.037	0.038		
	EDGE	Back upward	190	0.067	1.050	0.070

**Summary of Measurement Results (GSM 1900MHz Band)**

Temperature: 21.0~23.8°C, humidity: 54~60%.						
Phantom Configurations	Device Test Positions	Device Test channel	SAR(W/Kg), 1g Peak	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (W/Kg), 1g	
Right Side Of Head	Cheek/Touch	661	0.181	1.026	0.186	
	Ear/Tilt		0.035		0.036	
Left Side Of Head	Cheek/Touch		0.065		0.067	
	Ear/Tilt		0.040		0.041	
Body (10mm Separation)	GSM		Back upward		0.582	0.597
			Front upward		0.311	0.319
	GPRS	Back upward	661	0.684	1.045	0.715
		Front upward		0.371		0.388
		Edge A		0.167		0.175
		Edge B	512	0.891	1.074	0.957
			661	0.878	1.045	0.918
			810	0.787	1.069	0.841
	Edge C	661	0.043	1.045	0.045	
	EDGE		Edge B	0.701	1.096	0.768

Note:

1. GPRS/EDGE test Scenario(Based on the Max. Time-based Average Power)

Band	Channel	Slots	Power level	Duty Cycle
<b>GPRS850</b>	190	4	5	1:2
<b>EDGE850</b>	190	4	5	1:2
<b>GPRS1900</b>	661	4	0	1:2
<b>EDGE1900</b>	661	4	0	1:2

**Summary of Measurement Results (WCDMA 850MHz Band)**

Temperature: 21.0~23.8°C, humidity: 54~60%.					
Phantom Configurations	Device Test Positions	Device Test channel	SAR(W/Kg) , 1g Peak	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (W/Kg), 1g
Right Side Of Head	Cheek/Touch	4175	0.050	1.081	0.054
	Ear/Tilt		0.089		0.096
Left Side Of Head	Cheek/Touch		0.040		0.043
	Ear/Tilt		0.022		0.024
Body (10mm Separation)	Back upward		0.095		0.103
	Front upward		0.055		0.059
	Edge A		0.045		0.049
	Edge B		0.023		0.025
	Edge C	0.041	0.044		

**Summary of Measurement Results (WCDMA 1750MHz Band)**

Temperature: 21.0~23.8°C, humidity: 54~60%.					
Phantom Configurations	Device Test Positions	Device Test channel	SAR(W/Kg) , 1g Peak	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (W/Kg), 1g
Right Side Of Head	Cheek/Touch	1312	0.699	1.064	0.744
	Ear/Tilt		0.081		0.086
Left Side Of Head	Cheek/Touch		0.299		0.318
	Ear/Tilt		0.091		0.097
Body (10mm Separation)	Back upward	1312	1.012	1.064	1.077
		1412	0.999	1.067	1.066
		1513	0.869	1.242	1.079
	Front upward	1312	0.685	1.064	0.729
	Edge A	1312	0.421	1.064	0.448
	Edge B	1312	0.671	1.064	0.714
	Edge C	1312	0.303	1.064	0.322

**Summary of Measurement Results (WCDMA 1900MHz Band)**

Temperature: 21.0~23.8°C, humidity: 54~60%.						
Phantom Configurations	Device Test Positions	Device Test channel	SAR(W/Kg), 1g Peak	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (W/Kg), 1g	
Right Side Of Head	Cheek/Touch	9400	0.258	1.117	0.288	
	Ear/Tilt		0.062		0.069	
Left Side Of Head	Cheek/Touch		0.076		0.085	
	Ear/Tilt		0.050		0.056	
Body (10mm Separation)	Back upward	9262	0.995	1.161	1.155	
		9400	0.910	1.117	1.016	
		9538	0.802	1.288	1.033	
	Front upward	9400	0.489	1.117	0.546	
			Edge A		0.184	0.206
	Edge B	9400	9262	1.052	1.161	1.221
			9400	0.956	1.117	1.068
			9538	0.855	1.288	1.101
Edge C	9400	0.088	1.117	0.098		

**Summary of Measurement Results (WLAN 802.11b Band)**

Temperature: 21.0~23.8°C, humidity: 54~60%.					
Phantom Configurations	Device Test Positions	Device Test channel	SAR(W/Kg), 1g Peak	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (W/Kg), 1g
Right Side Of Head	Cheek/Touch	1	0.296	1.069	0.316
	Ear/Tilt		0.251		0.268
Left Side Of Head	Cheek/Touch		0.164		0.175
	Ear/Tilt		0.136		0.145
Body (10mm Separation)	Back upward		0.227		0.243
	Front upward		0.093		0.099
	Edge C		0.108		0.115
	Edge D		0.328		0.351

**Summary of Measurement Results (Bluetooth)**

Temperature: 21.0~23.8°C, humidity: 54~60%.					
Phantom Configurations	Device Test Positions	Device Test channel	SAR(W/Kg) , 1g Peak	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (W/Kg), 1g
Right Side Of Head	Cheek/Touch	39 8-DPSK	0.259	1.044	0.270
	Ear/Tilt		0.116		0.121
Left Side Of Head	Cheek/Touch		0.251		0.262
	Ear/Tilt		0.090		0.094

**Summary of Measurement Results (WLAN 802.11a-5.2GHz Band)**

Temperature: 21.0~23.8°C, humidity: 54~60%.					
Phantom Configurations	Device Test Positions	Device Test channel	SAR(W/Kg) , 1g Peak	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (W/Kg), 1g
Right Side Of Head	Cheek/Touch	48	0.210	1.099	0.231
	Ear/Tilt		0.114		0.125
Left Side Of Head	Cheek/Touch		0.218		0.240
	Ear/Tilt		0.090		0.099
Body (10mm Separation)	Back upward		0.251		0.276
	Front upward		0.169		0.186
	Edge C		0.090		0.099
	Edge D		0.278		0.306

**Summary of Measurement Results (WLAN 802.11a-5.3GHz Band)**

Temperature: 21.0~23.8°C, humidity: 54~60%.					
Phantom Configurations	Device Test Positions	Device Test channel	SAR(W/Kg) , 1g Peak	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (W/Kg), 1g
Right Side Of Head	Cheek/Touch	52	0.147	1.089	0.160
	Ear/Tilt		0.056		0.061
Left Side Of Head	Cheek/Touch		0.188		0.205
	Ear/Tilt		0.065		0.071
Body (10mm Separation)	Back upward		0.149		0.162
	Front upward		0.065		0.071
	Edge C		0.072		0.078
	Edge D		0.115		0.125

**Summary of Measurement Results (WLAN 802.11a-5.5GHz Band)**

Temperature: 21.0~23.8°C, humidity: 54~60%.					
Phantom Configurations	Device Test Positions	Device Test channel	SAR(W/Kg) , 1g Peak	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (W/Kg), 1g
Right Side Of Head	Cheek/Touch	100	0.238	1.005	0.239
	Ear/Tilt		0.091		0.091
Left Side Of Head	Cheek/Touch		0.148		0.149
	Ear/Tilt		0.112		0.113
Body (10mm Separation)	Back upward		0.224		0.225
	Front upward		0.139		0.140
	Edge C		0.039		0.039
	Edge D		0.117		0.118



## Summary of Measurement Results (WLAN 802.11a-5.5GHz Band)

Temperature: 21.0~23.8°C, humidity: 54~60%.					
Phantom Configurations	Device Test Positions	Device Test channel	SAR(W/Kg) , 1g Peak	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (W/Kg), 1g
Right Side Of Head	Cheek/Touch	116	0.192	1.014	0.195
	Ear/Tilt		0.070		0.071
Left Side Of Head	Cheek/Touch		0.107		0.108
	Ear/Tilt		0.070		0.071
Body (10mm Separation)	Back upward		0.227		0.230
	Front upward		0.109		0.111
	Edge C		0.078		0.079
	Edge D		0.107		0.108

## Summary of Measurement Results (WLAN 802.11a-5.8GHz Band)

Temperature: 21.0~23.8°C, humidity: 54~60%.					
Phantom Configurations	Device Test Positions	Device Test channel	SAR(W/Kg) , 1g Peak	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (W/Kg), 1g
Right Side Of Head	Cheek/Touch	161	0.167	1.074	0.179
	Ear/Tilt		0.124		0.133
Left Side Of Head	Cheek/Touch		0.171		0.184
	Ear/Tilt		0.080		0.086
Body (10mm Separation)	Back upward		0.161		0.173
	Front upward		0.254		0.273
	Edge C		0.207		0.222
	Edge D		0.233		0.250

## Note:

- When the 1-g SAR for the mid-band channel or the channel with the Highest output power satisfy the following conditions, testing of the other channels in the band is not required. (Per KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05r01)
  - ≤ 0.8 W/kg and transmission band ≤ 100 MHz
  - ≤ 0.6 W/kg and, 100 MHz < transmission bandwidth ≤ 200 MHz

- $\leq 0.4$  W/kg and transmission band  $> 200$  MHz
- The WCDMA mode is test with 12.2kbps RMC and TPC set to all "1", if maximum SAR for 12.2kbps RMC is  $\leq 75\%$  of the SAR limit (i.e. 1.2W/Kg 1g) and maximum average output of each RF channel with HSDPA/HSUPA active is less than 1/4 dB Middle than that measured without HSDPA/HSUPA using 12.2kbps RMC, according to KDB 941225D01v02, SAR is not required for this handset with HSPA capabilities.
  - BT & WiFi SAR test is conducted according to section 12 stand-alone SAR evaluation of this report.
  - During 802.11 testing, engineering testing software installed on the EUT can provide continuous transmitting RF signal. The RF signal utilized in SAR measurement has almost 100% duty cycle, and its crest factor is 1.

**Summary of Measurement Results (LTE Band 4 bandwidth 20MHz with QPSK 1RB)**

Temperature: 21.0~23.8°C, humidity: 50~60%. Power Drift limit:-5%~+5% SAR Limit: 1.6W/Kg averaged over 1gram, Spatial Peak						
Phantom Configurations	Test Mode	Device Test Positions	Device Test channel	SAR (W/Kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR
Body (10mm Separation)	No.1	Back upward	20050	0.623	1.119	0.697
		Front upward	20050	0.546	1.119	0.611
		Edge A	20050	0.152	1.119	0.170
		Edge B	20050	0.543	1.119	0.608
		Edge C	20050	0.097	1.119	0.109

**Summary of Measurement Results (LTE Band 4 bandwidth 20MHz with QPSK 50RB)**

Temperature: 21.0~23.8°C, humidity: 50~60%. Power Drift limit:-5%~+5% SAR Limit: 1.6W/Kg averaged over 1gram, Spatial Peak						
Phantom Configurations	Test Mode	Device Test Positions	Device Test channel	SAR (W/Kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR
Body (10mm Separation)	No.2	Back upward	20050	0.422	1.086	0.458
		Front upward	20050	0.404	1.086	0.439
		Edge A	20050	0.095	1.086	0.103
		Edge B	20050	0.725	1.086	0.787
		Edge C	20050	0.095	1.086	0.103

Additional LTE test requirement for 100%RB

Not required.

Additional LTE test requirement for 16QAM

Not required.

Additional LTE test requirement for other bandwidth

Not required.

Summary of Measurement Results (LTE Band 17 bandwidth 10MHz with QPSK 1RB)

Temperature: 21.0~23.8°C, humidity: 50~60%. Power Drift limit:-5%~+5% SAR Limit: 1.6W/Kg averaged over 1gram, Spatial Peak						
Phantom Configurations	Test Mode	Device Test Positions	Device Test channel	SAR (W/Kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR
Body (10mm Separation)	No.3	Back upward	23780	0.338	1.047	0.354
		Front upward	23780	0.322	1.047	0.337
		Edge A	23780	0.142	1.047	0.149
		Edge B	23780	0.407	1.047	0.426
		Edge C	23780	0.109	1.047	0.114

Summary of Measurement Results (LTE Band 17 bandwidth 10MHz with QPSK 25RB)

Temperature: 21.0~23.8°C, humidity: 50~60%. Power Drift limit:-5%~+5% SAR Limit: 1.6W/Kg averaged over 1gram, Spatial Peak						
Phantom Configurations	Test Mode	Device Test Positions	Device Test channel	SAR (W/Kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR
Body (10mm Separation)	No.4	Back upward	23800	0.321	1.062	0.341
		Front upward	23800	0.228	1.062	0.242
		Edge A	23800	0.141	1.062	0.150
		Edge B	23800	0.420	1.062	0.446
		Edge C	23800	0.107	1.062	0.114

Additional LTE test requirement for 100%RB

Not required.

Additional LTE test requirement for 16QAM

Not required.

Additional LTE test requirement for other bandwidth

Not required.

Note :

1. IEEE Std 1528-2013 require the middle channel to be tested first. This generally applies to wireless devices that are designed to operate in technologies with tight tolerances for maximum output power variations across channels in the band. When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is  $> \frac{1}{2}$  dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.
4. Per KDB 447498, when the SAR procedures require multiple channels to be tested and the 1-g SAR for the highest output channel is less than 0.8 W/kg and peak SAR is less than 1.6W/kg, where the transmission band corresponding to all channels is  $\leq 100$  MHz, testing for the other channels is not required.
5. The WCDMA mode is test with 12.2kbps RMC and TPC set to all "1", if maximum SAR for 12.2kbps RMC is  $\leq 75\%$  of the SAR limit (i.e. 1.2W/Kg 1g) and maximum average output of each RF channel with HSDPA/HSUPA active is less than  $\frac{1}{4}$  dB higher than that measured without HSDPA/HSUPA using 12.2kbps RMC, according to KDB 941225D01v02, SAR is not required for this handset with HSPA capabilities. This module supports 3GPP release R7 HSPA+ using QPSK only without 16QAM in the uplink. So PBA is not required for HSPA+.
6. Refer to power measurement results and 941225D05v02 SAR Evaluation procedure, the test scenarios for each LTE band are as below:

**LTE test configuration for QPSK at largest bandwidth(1RB&50% RB)**

LTE BAND	Scenario NO.	RB Size	RB offset	Channel	Freq.
4	1	1	99	L20050	1720
	2	50	25	L20050	1720
17	3	1	49	L23780	709
	4	25	24	H23800	711

Additional LTE test requirement for 100%RB, 16QAM or other smaller bandwidth are based on test results of Scenario NO. 1 to 4, taking power measurement results into account.

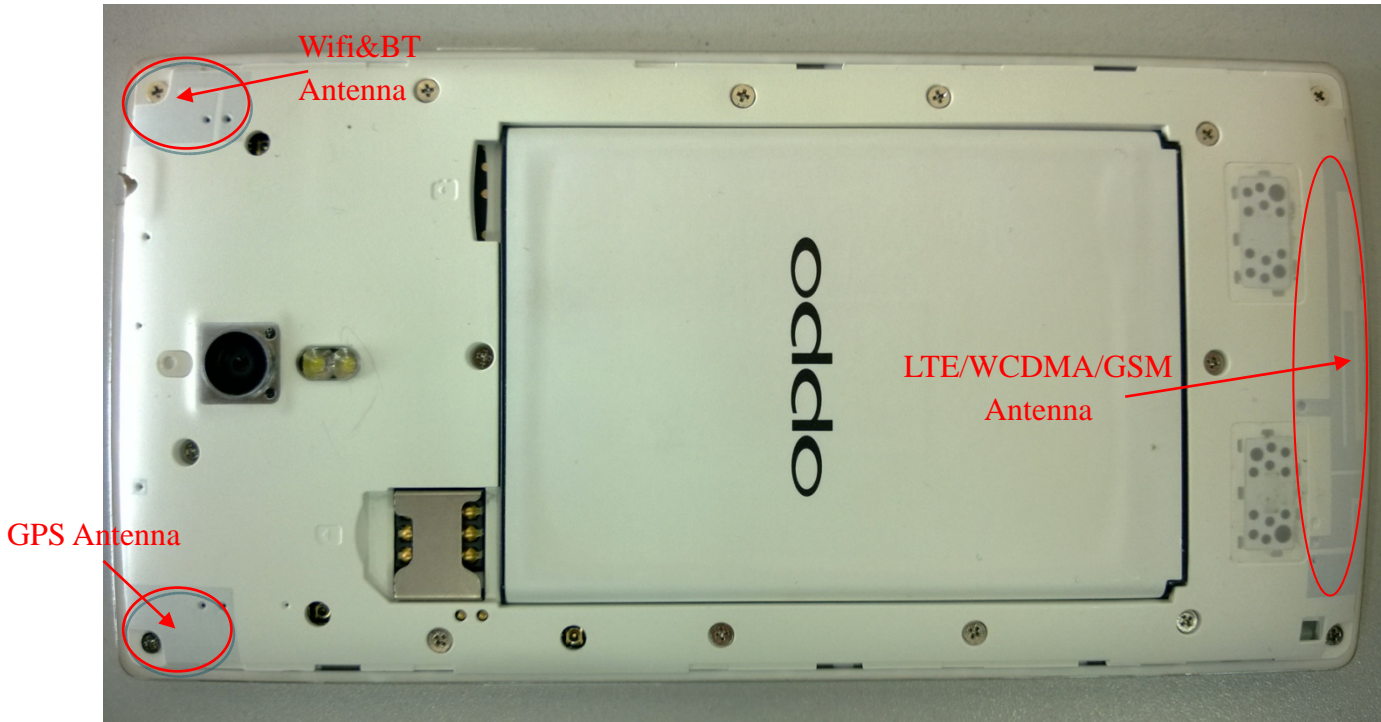


## 7. Scaling Factor calculation

Band	Tune-up power tolerance(dBm)	SAR test channel Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor
GSM 850	PCL = 5, PWR =33+-0.5	33.42	1.019
GPRS 850	PCL = 5, PWR =26.5+-0.5(4 slots)	26.87	1.030
EDGE 850	PCL = 5, PWR =26+-0.5(4 slots)	26.29	1.050
GSM1900	PCL = 0, PWR =29+-0.5	29.39	1.026
GPRS 1900	PCL=0,PWR= 24+-0.5(4 slots)	24.19	1.074
		24.22	1.045
		24.21	1.069
EDGE 1900	PCL=0,PWR= 23.5+-0.5(4 slots)	23.60	1.096
WCDMA 850	Max output power =24(+1/-2)	24.66	1.081
WCDMA 1700	Max output power =23.5(+1/-2)	24.23	1.064
		24.22	1.067
		23.56	1.242
WCDMA 1900	Max output power =23(+1/-2)	23.35	1.161
		23.52	1.117
		22.90	1.288
802.11b	Max output power =13.5+-0.5	13.71	1.069
802.11a	Max output power =11.5+-0.5	11.59(CH48)	1.099
		11.63(CH52)	1.089
		11.98(CH100)	1.005
		11.94(CH116)	1.014
		11.69(CH161)	1.074
LTE BAND4 (QPSK)	Max output power =24+-0.5(1RB)	24.01	1.119
	Max output power =23+-0.5(50&100RB)	23.14(50RB)	1.086
LTE BAND17 (QPSK)	Max output power =23+-0.5(1RB)	23.30	1.047
	Max output power =22+-0.5(25&50RB)	22.24(25RB)	1.062

## 15. MULTIPLE TRANSMITTERS EVALUATION

The are three transmitters build in EUT, as following:



### Stand-alone SAR

Test distance: 5mm			
Band	Highest power(mW) per tune up	1-g SAR test threshold	Test required?
WIFI(2.4G)	25.12	$\frac{[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}]}{\leq 3.0 \text{ for 1-g SAR}}$	Yes
WiFi(5.2G)	15.84		Yes
WiFi(5.3G)	15.84		Yes
WiFi(5.5G)	15.84		Yes
WiFi(5.8G)	15.84		Yes
BT	10.00		Yes



Test distance: 10mm			
Band	Highest power(mW) per tune up	1-g SAR test threshold	Test required?
WiFi(2.4G)	25.12	$\left[ \frac{\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}}{\text{min. test separation distance, mm}} \right] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0 \text{ for 1-g SAR}$	Yes
WiFi(5.2G)	15.84		Yes
WiFi(5.3G)	15.84		Yes
WiFi(5.5G)	15.84		Yes
WiFi(5.8G)	15.84		Yes
BT	10.00		No

The Head SAR test for BT is required for highest power exceed the power threshold for 2450MHz at the test distance of 5mm, Body SAR for BT is not required.

The SAR test for 802.11b (2.4GHz) is required, 802.11g/HT20/HT40 is not required, for the maximum average output power is less than 1/4 dB Higher than measured on the corresponding 802.11b channels. As per KDB 248227

The BT stand-alone body SAR is not required, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

$$\left( \frac{\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}}{\text{min. test separation distance, mm}} \right) \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}/x] \text{ W/kg for test separation distances } \leq 50 \text{ mm};$$

where  $x = 7.5$  for 1-g SAR, and  $x = 18.75$  for 10-g SAR.

( Max power= 10 mW ; min. test separation distance= 10mm for body;  $f=2.4\text{GHz}$  )

BT estimated Body SAR = 0.207W/Kg (1g)

### Simultaneous SAR

#	Simultaneous transmission conditions					Sum of WWAN& WLAN
	WWAN			WLAN		
	LTE Data	GSM	UMTS	802.11a/b/g/n	BT	
1	x			x		x
2		x		x		x
3			x	x		x
4	x				x	x
5		x			x	x
6			x		x	x



Note:

1. When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the Wi-Fi transmitter and another WWAN transmitter. Both transmitter often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal.
2. The hotspot SAR result may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, per KDB 941225 D06, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some unnecessary body-worn accessory SAR tests.
3. GSM supports voice and data transmission, though not simultaneously. WCDMA supports voice and data transmission simultaneously.
4. Simultaneous Transmission SAR evaluation is not required for BT and WiFi, because the software mechanism have been incorporated to guarantee that the WLAN and Bluetooth transmitters would not simultaneously operate.
5. Per KDB 447498D01v05r01, Simultaneous Transmission SAR Evaluation procedures is as followed:  
 Step 1: If sum of 1 g SAR < 1.6 W/kg, Simultaneous SAR measurement is not required.  
 Step 2: If sum of 1 g SAR > 1.6 W/kg, ratio of SAR to peak separation distance for pair of transmitters calculated.  
 Step 3: If the ratio of SAR to peak separation distance is  $\leq 0.04$ , Simultaneous SAR measurement is not required.  
 Step 4: If the ratio of SAR to peak separation distance is  $> 0.04$ , Simultaneous SAR measurement is required and simultaneous transmission SAR value is calculated.  
 (The ratio is determined by:  $(SAR1 + SAR2)^{1.5}/R_i \leq 0.04$ ,  
 $R_i$  is the separation distance between the peak SAR locations for the antenna pair in mm)

6. Applicable Multiple Scenario Evaluation

Test Position	Main Ant. SARMax (W/Kg)	Bluetooth SAR(W/Kg)	WiFi SARMax(W/Kg)	$\Sigma$ 1-g SARMax(W/Kg)	
				BT&Main Ant	WiFi&Main Ant
Head SAR	0.744	0.270	0.316	1.014	1.060
Body SAR	1.221	0.207	0.351	1.428	1.572

Simultaneous Transmission SAR evaluation is not required for WiFi and LTE&WCDMA&GSM, because the sum of 1g SARMax is **1.572W/Kg** < 1.6W/Kg for Wifi and LTE&WCDMA&GSM.

Simultaneous Transmission SAR evaluation is not required for BT and LTE&WCDMA&GSM, because the





sum of 1g SARMax is **1.428W/Kg** < 1.6W/Kg for BT and LTE&WCDMA&GSM.

(According to KDB 447498D01v05r01, the sum of the Highest reported SAR of each antenna does not exceed the limit, simultaneous transmission SAR evaluation is not required.)

## **16.ANNEX A PHOTOGRAPHS OF THE EUT**

## **17.ANNEX B GRAPH TEST RESULTS (WCDMA/GSM TEST DATA)**

## **18.ANNEX C GRAPH TEST RESULTS (LTE TEST DATA)**

## **19.ANNEX D GRAPH TEST RESULTS (WIFI/BT TEST DATA)**

## **20.ANNEX E SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK DATA**