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Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.



FOR

Mobile Phone

ISSUED TO GUANGDONG OPPO MOBILE TELECOMMUNICATIONS CORP., LTD

NO.18 HAIBIN ROAD, WUSHA, CHANG'AN, DONGGUAN, GUANGDONG, CHINA



Prepared by: Wha orting Specialist) Approved by

Report No.: BL-SZ1540056-603

EUT Type: Mobile Phone

Model Name: OPPO 1206

Brand Name: OPPO

Test Standard: 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C

FCC ID: R9C-1206

Test conclusion: Pass

Test Date: Apr. 10, 2015 ~ Apr. 20, 2015

Date of Issue: Apr. 24, 2015

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Revision History

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1 ADMINISTRATIVE DATA (GENERAL INFORMATION)

1.1 Identification of the Testing Laboratory

Company Name	Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.
A didwood	Block B, 1st FL, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi Road,
Address	Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China
Phone Number	+86 755 6683 3402
Fax Number	+86 755 6182 4271

1.2 Identification of the Responsible Testing Location

Test Location	Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.		
Address	Block B, 1st FL, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China		
Accreditation Certificate	The laboratory has been listed by Industry Canada to perform electromagnetic emission measurements. The recognition numbers of test site are 11524A-1. The laboratory has been listed by US Federal Communications Commission to perform electromagnetic emission measurements. The recognition numbers of test site are 832625. The laboratory has met the requirements of the IAS Accreditation Criteria for Testing Laboratories (AC89), has demonstrated compliance with ISO/IEC Standard 17025:2005. The accreditation certificate number is TL-588. The laboratory is a testing organization accredited by China National Accreditation Service for Conformity Assessment (CNAS) according to ISO/IEC 17025. The accreditation certificate number is L6791.		
Description	All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are located at Block B, FL 1, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China 518055		

1.3 Announce

- (1) The test report is invalid if not marked with the signatures of the persons responsible for preparing and approving the test report.
- (2) The test report is invalid if there is any evidence and/or falsification.
- (3) The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein.
- (4) This document may not be altered or revised in any way unless done so by BALUN and all revisions are duly noted in the revisions section.
- (5) Content of the test report, in part or in full, cannot be used for publicity and/or promotional purposes without prior written approval from the laboratory.



2 PRODUCT INFORMATION

2.1 Applicant

Applicant	GUANGDONG OPPO MOBILE TELECOMMUNICATIONS CORP., LTD
Address	NO.18 HAIBIN ROAD, WUSHA, CHANG'AN, DONGGUAN, GUANGDONG,
Address	CHINA

2.2 Manufacturer

Manufacturer	GUANGDONG OPPO MOBILE TELECOMMUNICATIONS CORP., LTD
Addross	NO.18 HAIBIN ROAD, WUSHA, CHANG'AN, DONGGUAN, GUANGDONG,
Address	CHINA

2.3 General Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

EUT Type	Mobile Phone
Model Name	OPPO 1206
Hardware Version	11
Software Version	ColorOS V2.0.1i
Network and	Bluetooth 2.1 + EDR,
Wireless	Bluetooth 4.0 Low Energy (BLE),
connectivity	WIFI 802.11b, 802.11g and 802.11n (HT20/40)
	The equipment is Mobile Phone, it contains Bluetooth and WIFI operating at
About the Product	2.4 GHz ISM band. Only the WIFI 802.11b, 802.11g and 802.11n (HT20/40)
	was tested in this report.

2.4 Technical Information

	802.11b/g/n(20 MHz): 2.412 GHz - 2.462 GHz
	f _c = 2412 MHz + (N-1)*5 MHz, where
	- f _c = "Operating Frequency" in MHz,
TV/DV On anating	- N = "Channel Number" with the range from 1 to 11.
TX/ RX Operating	
Range	802.11n(40 MHz): 2.422 GHz - 2.452 GHz
	f _c = 2412 MHz + (N-1)*5 MHz, where
	- f _c = "Operating Frequency" in MHz,
	- N = "Channel Number" with the range from 3 to 9.
Modulation Type	DSSS, OFDM
Antenna Type	PIFA Antenna
Antonna Cain	1.1 dBi (All involve the antenna gain test item, has been included in the final
Antenna Gain	results)



Modulation technology	Modulation Type	Transfer Rate (Mbps)	The Frequency Equal to the Transmission Rate of Modulation	
			Signal	
	DBPSK	1	1 MHz	
DSSS (802.11b)	DQPSK	2	1 1011 12	
	CCK	5.5/ 11	1.375 MHz	
	BPSK	6/9		
OEDM (902.11a)	QPSK	12 / 18	1 MHz	
OFDM (802.11g)	16QAM	24 / 36		
	64QAM	48 / 54		
	BPSK	6.5		
OFDM	QPSK	13/19.5	4 MUL	
(802.11n-20MHz)	16QAM	26/39	1 MHz	
	64QAM	52/58.5/65		
	BPSK	13.5		
OFDM	QPSK	27/40.5	4 MHz	
(802.11n-40MHz)	16QAM	54/81/108	1 MHz	
	64QAM	121.5/135		

Note: Preliminary tests were performed in different data rate in above table to find the worst radiated emission. The data rate shown in the table below is the worst-case rate with respect to the specific test item. Investigation has been done on all the possible configurations for searching the worst cases. The following table is a list of the test modes shown in this test report.

Test Items	Mode	Data Rate	Channel	
Output Power	11b/11g/11n20/11n40	1/6/6.5/13.5 Mbps	1/6/11	3/6/9
6dB Bandwidth	11b/11g/11n20/11n40	1/6/6.5/13.5 Mbps	1/6/11	3/6/9
Conducted Spurious Emission	11b/11g/11n20/11n40	1/6/6.5/13.5 Mbps	1/6/11	3/6/9
Conducted Emission	11b/11g/11n20/11n40	1/6/6.5/13.5 Mbps	1/6/11	3/6/9
Radiated Spurious Emission	11b/11g/11n20/11n40	1/6/6.5/13.5 Mbps	1/6/11	3/6/9
Band Edge	11b/11g/11n20/11n40	1/6/6.5/13.5 Mbps	1/6/11	3/6/9
Power spectral density (PSD)	11b/11g/11n20/11n40	1/6/6.5/13.5 Mbps	1/6/11	3/6/9

Note: The above EUT information in section 2.3 and 2.4 was declared by manufacturer and for more detailed features description, please refer to the manufacturer's specifications or user's manual.



2.5 Ancillary Equipment

	Battery		
	Brand Name	OPPO	
	Model No.	BLP593	
Ancillary Equipment 1	Serial No.	N/A	
	Capacitance	2000 mAh	
	Rated Voltage	3.8 V	
	Extreme Voltage	Low: 3.6 V / High:4.35 V	
	Charger 1		
	Brand Name	OPPO	
Ancillary Equipment 2	Model No.	AK901	
	Rated Input	~ 100-240 V, 0.2 A, 50/60 Hz	
	Rated Output	= 5 V, 1 A	
	Charger 2		
	Brand Name	OPPO	
Ancillary Equipment 3	Model No.	S01A22	
	Rated Input	~ 100-240 V, 0.2 A, 50/60 Hz	
	Rated Output	= 5 V, 1 A	
	Charger 3		
	Brand Name	OPPO	
Ancillary Equipment 4	Model No.	S005SU0500100	
	Rated Input	~ 100-240 V, 0.15 A, 50/60 Hz	
	Rated Output	= 5V, 1 A	
Ancillary Equipment 5	Earphone		
Ancillary Equipment 5	Length	1.2 m	
Ancillant Equipment C	USB Cable		
Ancillary Equipment 6	Length	1.0 m	



3 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

3.1 Test Standards

No.	Identity	Document Title			
	47 CFR Part 15,				
1	Subpart C	Miscellaneous Wireless Communications Services			
	(10-1-14 Edition)				
2	KDB Publication	Guidance for Performing Compliance Measurements on			
2	558074 D01v03r02	Digital Transmission Systems (DTS) Operating Under §15.247			
	American National Standard for Standard for Methods				
3	ANSI C63.4-2014	Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical			
	and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz				
4	ANSI C63.10-2013	American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices			

3.2 Verdict

No.	Description	FCC Part No.	Test Result	Verdict	
1	Antenna Requirement	15.203 15.247(b)	Note1	Pass	
2	Output Power	15.247(b)	ANNEX A.1	Pass	
3	6 dB Bandwidth	15.247(a)	ANNEX A.2	Pass	
4	Conducted Spurious Emission	15.247(d)	ANNEX A.3	Pass	
5	Conducted Emission	15.207	ANNEX A.4	Pass	
6	Radiated Spurious Emission	15.209 15.247(d)	ANNEX A.5	Pass	
7	Band Edge	15.209 15.247(d)	ANNEX A.6	Pass	
8	Power spectral density (PSD)	15.247(e)	ANNEX A.7	Pass	
Note 1: Please refer to section 5.1					



4 GENERAL TEST CONFIGURATIONS

4.1 Test Environments

During the measurement, the normal environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

Relative Humidity	45% - 55%		
Atmospheric Pressure	100 kPa - 102 kPa		
Temperature	NT (Normal Temperature)	+22°C to +25°C	
Working Voltage of the EUT	NV (Normal Voltage)	3.8 V	

4.2 Test Equipment List

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Cal. Due
Spectrum Analyzer	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	FSV-30	103118	2014.07.10	2015.07.09
Vector Signal Generator	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	SMBV100A	177746	2014.07.09	2015.07.08
Signal Generator	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	SMB100A	260592	2014.07.21	2015.07.20
Switch Unit with OSP-B157	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	OSP120	101270	2014.07.23	2015.07.22
Spectrum Analyzer	AGILENT	E4440A	MY45304434	2014.10.18	2015.10.17
EMI Receiver	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	ESRP	101036	2014.07.07	2015.07.06
LISN	SCHWARZBECK	NSLK 8127	8127-687	2014.07.07	2015.07.06
Bluetooth Tester	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	CBT	101005	2014.07.07	2015.07.06
Power Splitter	KMW	DCPD-LDC	1305003215	2014.07.07	2015.07.06
Power Sensor	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	NRP-Z21	103971	2014.07.07	2015.07.06
Attenuator (20 dB)	KMW	ZA-S1-201	110617091		
Attenuator (6 dB)	KMW	ZA-S1-61	1305003189		
DC Power Supply	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	HMP2020	018141664	2014.07.09	2015.07.08
Temperature Chamber	ANGELANTIONI SCIENCE	NTH64-40A	1310	2014.07.07	2015.07.06
Test Antenna- Loop(9 kHz-30 MHz)	SCHWARZBECK	FMZB 1519	1519-037	2013.07.02	2015.07.01
Test Antenna- Bi-Log(30 MHz-3 GHz)	SCHWARZBECK	VULB 9163	9163-624	2013.07.03	2015.07.02
Test Antenna- Horn(1-18 GHz)	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9120D	9120D-1148	2013.07.02	2015.07.01
Test Antenna- Horn(15-26.5 GHz)	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9170	9170-305	2013.07.02	2015.07.01
Anechoic Chamber	RAINFORD	9m*6m*6m	N/A	2014.10.07	2015.10.06
Shielded Enclosure	ChangNing	CN-130701	130703		

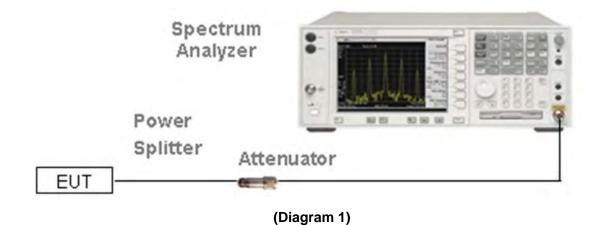


4.3 Test Configurations

Test	Description	
Configurations (TC) NO.	Signal Description	Operating Frequency
Transmitter		
TC01	DSSS modulation, 802.11b	Ch No. 1/ 2412 MHz
TC02	DSSS modulation, 802.11b	Ch No. 6/ 2437 MHz
TC03	DSSS modulation, 802.11b	Ch No. 11/ 2462 MHz
TC04	OFDM modulation, 802.11g	Ch No. 1/2412 MHz
TC05	OFDM modulation, 802.11g	Ch No. 6/ 2437 MHz
TC06	OFDM modulation, 802.11g	Ch No. 11/ 2462 MHz
TC07	OFDM modulation, 802.11n(20 MHz)	Ch No. 1/ 2412 MHz
TC08	OFDM modulation, 802.11n(20 MHz)	Ch No. 6/ 2437 MHz
TC09	OFDM modulation, 802.11n(20 MHz)	Ch No. 11/ 2462 MHz
TC10	OFDM modulation, 802.11n(40 MHz)	Ch No. 3/ 2422 MHz
TC11	OFDM modulation, 802.11n(40 MHz)	Ch No. 6/ 2437 MHz
TC12	OFDM modulation, 802.11n(40 MHz)	Ch No. 9/ 2452 MHz

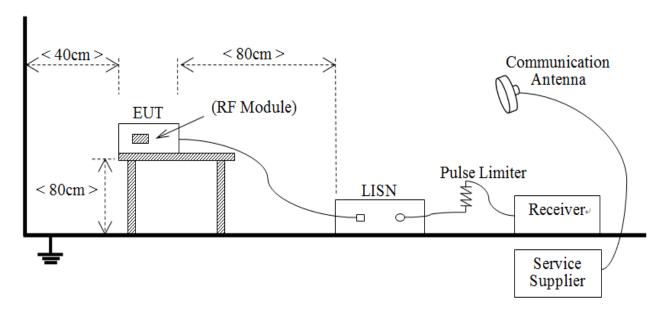
4.4 Description of Test Setup

4.4.1 For Antenna Port Test



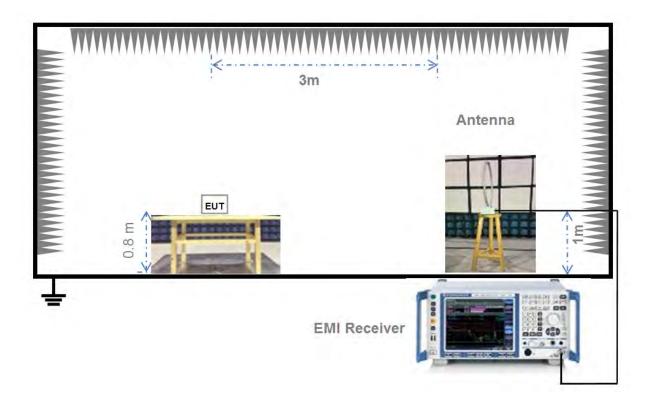


4.4.2 For AC Power Supply Port Test



(Diagram 2)

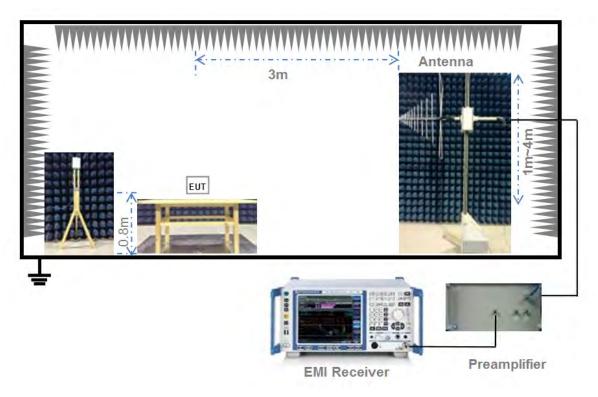
4.4.3 For Radiated Test (Below 30 MHz)



(Diagram 3)

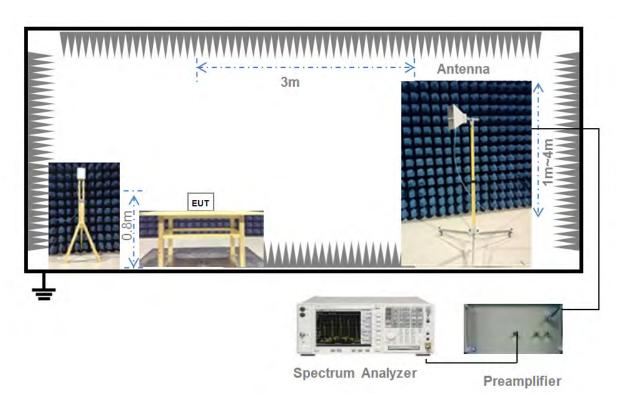


4.4.4 For Radiated Test (30 MHz - 1 GHz)



(Diagram 4)

4.4.5 For Radiated Test (Above 1 GHz)



(Diagram 5)



4.5 Test Conditions

Took Coop	Test Conditions			
Test Case	Test Env.	Test Setup Note 1	Test Configuration Note 2	
Peak Output Power	NTNV	Test Setup 1	TC01~TC12	
Occupied Bandwidth	NTNV	Test Setup 1	TC01~TC12	
Conducted Spurious Emission	NTNV	Test Setup 1	TC01~TC12	
Conducted Emission	NTNV	Test Setup 2	TC01~TC12	
Radiated Spurious Emission	NTNV	Test Setup 3 Test Setup 4 Test Setup 5	TC01~TC12	
Band Edge	NTNV	Test Setup 1	TC01, TC03, TC04, TC06, TC07, TC09, TC10, TC12	
Power spectral density (PSD)	NTNV	Test Setup 1	TC01~TC12	

Note:

- 1. Please refer to section 4.4 for test setup details.
- 2. Please refer to section 4.3 for test configuration details.



5 TEST ITEMS

5.1 Antenna Requirements

5.1.1 Standard Applicable

FCC §15.203 & 15.247(b)

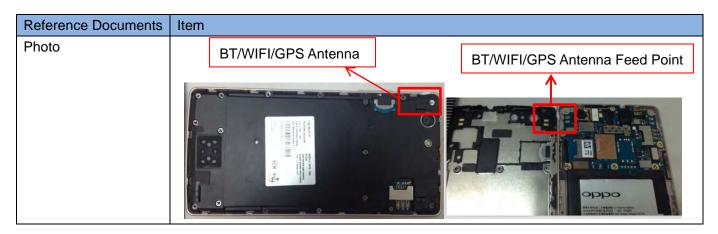
An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. This requirement does not apply to carrier current devices or to devices operated under the provisions of § 15.211, § 15.213, § 15.217, § 15.219, or § 15.221. Further, this requirement does not apply to intentional radiators that must be professionally installed, such as perimeter protection systems and some field disturbance sensors, or to other intentional radiators which, in accordance with § 15.31(d), must be measured at the installation site. However, the installer shall be responsible for ensuring that the proper antenna is employed so that the limits in this part are not exceeded.

If directional gain of transmitting antennas is greater than 6dBi, the power shall be reduced by the same level in dB comparing to gain minus 6dBi. For the fixed point-to-point operation, the power shall be reduced by one dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the FCC rule.

5.1.2 Antenna Anti-Replacement Construction

The Antenna Anti-Replacement as following method:

Protected Method	Description
The antenna is An embedded-in	An embedded-in antenna design is used.



5.1.3 Antenna Gain

The antenna peak gain of EUT is less than 6 dBi. Therefore, it is not necessary to reduce maximum peak output power limit.



5.2 Output Power

5.2.1 Test Limit

FCC § 15.247(b)

For systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850MHz bands: 1 Watt. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the one Watt limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. Maximum Conducted Output Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements.

5.2.2 Test Procedure

Maximum peak conducted output power

The maximum peak conducted output power may be measured using a broadband peak RF power meter. The power meter shall have a video bandwidth that is greater than or equal to the *DTS bandwidth* and shall utilize a fast-responding diode detector.

Maximum conducted (average) output power (Reporting Only)

- a) As an alternative to spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver measurements, measurements may be performed using a wideband RF power meter with a thermocouple detector or equivalent if all of the conditions listed below are satisfied.
- 1) The EUT is configured to transmit continuously, or to transmit with a constant duty factor.
- 2) At all times when the EUT is transmitting, it shall be transmitting at its maximum power control level.
- 3) The integration period of the power meter exceeds the repetition period of the transmitted signal by at least a factor of five.
- b) If the transmitter does not transmit continuously, measure the duty cycle (x) of the transmitter output signal as described in Section 6.0.
- c) Measure the average power of the transmitter. This measurement is an average over both the on and off periods of the transmitter.
- d) Adjust the measurement in dBm by adding $10\log(1/x)$, where x is the duty cycle to the measurement result.

Measurements of duty cycle

The zero-span mode on a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver if the response time and spacing between bins on the sweep are sufficient to permit accurate measurements of the on and off times of the transmitted signal.

Set the center frequency of the instrument to the center frequency of the transmission.



Set RBW ≥ OBW if possible; otherwise, set RBW to the largest available value.

Set VBW ≥ RBW. Set detector = peak or average.

The zero-span measurement method shall not be used unless both RBW and VBW are > 50/T and the number of sweep points across duration T exceeds 100. (For example, if VBW and/or RBW are limited to 3 MHz, then the zero-span method of measuring duty cycle shall not be used if T \leq 16.7 microseconds.)



5.3 6dB Bandwidth

5.3.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(a)

Make the measurement with the spectrum analyzer's resolution bandwidth (RBW) = 100 kHz. In order to make an accurate measurement, set the span greater than RBW. The 6 dB bandwidth must be greater than 500 kHz.

5.3.2 Test Procedure

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Set RBW = 100 kHz.

Set the video bandwidth (VBW) \geq 3 RBW.

Detector = Peak.

Trace mode = max hold.

Sweep = auto couple.

Allow the trace to stabilize.

Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.



5.4 Conducted Spurious Emission

5.4.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(c)

In any 100kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20dB below that in the 100kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement.

5.4.2 Test Procedure

The DTS rules specify that in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band, the power shall be attenuated according to the following conditions:

- a) If the maximum peak conducted output power procedure was used to demonstrate compliance as described in 9.1, then the peak output power measured in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band shall be attenuated by at least 20 dB relative to the maximum in-band peak PSD level in 100 kHz (i.e., 20 dBc).
- b) If maximum conducted (average) output power was used to demonstrate compliance as described in 9.2, then the peak power in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band shall be attenuated by at least 30 dB relative to the maximum in-band peak PSD level in 100 kHz (i.e., 30 dBc).
- c) In either case, attenuation to levels below the 15.209 general radiated emissions limits is not required.

The following procedures shall be used to demonstrate compliance to these limits. Note that these procedures can be used in either an antenna-port conducted or radiated test set-up. Radiated tests must conform to the test site requirements and utilize maximization procedures defined herein.

Reference level measurement

Establish a reference level by using the following procedure:

Set instrument center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.

Set the span to \geq 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.

Set the RBW = 100 kHz.

Set the VBW \geq 3 x RBW.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto couple.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum PSD level.

Emission level measurement

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:



Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the in-band emission and all spurious emissions (e.g., harmonics) from the lowest frequency generated in the EUT up through the 10th harmonic. Typically, several plots are required to cover this entire span.

Set the RBW = 100 kHz.

Set the VBW \geq 3 x RBW.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto couple.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.

Ensure that the amplitude of all unwanted emissions outside of the authorized frequency band (excluding restricted frequency bands) are attenuated by at least the minimum requirements specified in 11.1 a) or 11.1 b). Report the three highest emissions relative to the limit.



5.5 Conducted Emission

5.5.1 Limit

FCC §15.207

For an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency within the band 150kHz to 30MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a $50\mu\text{H}/50\Omega$ line impedance stabilization network (LISN).

Frequency range	Conducted Limit (dBμV)			
(MHz)	Quai-peak	Average		
0.15 - 0.50	66 to 56	56 to 46		
0.50 - 5	56	46		
0.50 - 30	60	50		

5.5.2 Test Procedure

The maximum conducted interference is searched using Peak (PK), if the emission levels more than the AV and QP limits, and that have narrow margins from the AV and QP limits will be re-measured with AV and QP detectors. Tests for both L phase and N phase lines of the power mains connected to the EUT are performed. Refer to recorded points and plots below.



5.6 Radiated Spurious Emission

5.6.1 Limit

FCC §15.209&15.247(c)

Radiated emission outside the frequency band attenuation below the general limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in FCC section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a).

According to FCC section 15.209 (a), except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (μV/m)	Measurement Distance (m)
0.009 - 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 - 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 - 30.0	30	30
30 - 88	100	3
88 - 216	150	3
216 - 960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

Note:

- 1. For Above 1000MHz, the emission limit in this paragraph is based on measurement instrumentation employing an average detector, measurement using instrumentation with a peak detector function, corresponding to 20dB above the maximum permitted average limit.
- For above 1000MHz, limit field strength of harmonics: 54dBuV/m@3m (AV) and 74dBuV/m@3m (PK).

5.6.2 Test Procedure

Since the emission limits are specified in terms of radiated field strength levels, measurements performed to demonstrate compliance have traditionally relied on a radiated test configuration. Radiated measurements remain the principal method for demonstrating compliance to the specified limits; however antenna-port conducted measurements are also now acceptable to demonstrate compliance (see below for details). When radiated measurements are utilized, test site requirements and procedures for maximizing and measuring radiated emissions that are described in ANSI C63.10 shall be followed.

Antenna-port conducted measurements may also be used as an alternative to radiated measurements for demonstrating compliance in the restricted frequency bands. If conducted measurements are performed, then proper impedance matching must be ensured and an additional radiated test for cabinet/case spurious emissions is required.

General Procedure for conducted measurements in restricted bands

- a) Measure the conducted output power (in dBm) using the detector specified (see guidance regarding measurement procedures for determining quasi-peak, peak, and average conducted output power, respectively).
- b) Add the maximum transmit antenna gain (in dBi) to the measured output power level to determine the EIRP level (see guidance on determining the applicable antenna gain)
- c) Add the appropriate maximum ground reflection factor to the EIRP level (6 dB for frequencies ≤ 30 MHz, 4.7 dB



for frequencies between 30 MHz and 1000 MHz, inclusive and 0 dB for frequencies > 1000 MHz).

- d) For devices with multiple antenna-ports, measure the power of each individual chain and sum the EIRP of all chains in linear terms (e.g., Watts, mW).
- e) Convert the resultant EIRP level to an equivalent electric field strength using the following relationship:

E = EIRP - 20log D + 104.8

where:

 $E = electric field strength in dB\mu V/m$,

EIRP = equivalent isotropic radiated power in dBm

D = specified measurement distance in meters.

- f) Compare the resultant electric field strength level to the applicable limit.
- g) Perform radiated spurious emission test.

Quasi-Peak measurement procedure

The specifications for measurements using the CISPR quasi-peak detector can be found in Publication 16 of the International Special Committee on Radio Frequency Interference (CISPR) of the International Electrotechnical Commission.

As an alternative to CISPR quasi-peak measurement, compliance can be demonstrated to the applicable emission limits using a peak detector.

Peak power measurement procedure

Peak emission levels are measured by setting the instrument as follows:

- a) RBW = as specified in Table 1.
- b) VBW \geq 3 x RBW.
- c) Detector = Peak.
- d) Sweep time = auto.
- e) Trace mode = max hold.
- f) Allow sweeps to continue until the trace stabilizes. (Note that the required measurement time may be longer for low duty cycle applications).

Table 1—RBW as a function of frequency

Frequency	RBW
9-150 kHz	200-300 Hz
0.15-30 MHz	9-10 kHz
30-1000 MHz	100-120 kHz
> 1000 MHz	1 MHz

If the peak-detected amplitude can be shown to comply with the average limit, then it is not necessary to perform a separate average measurement.



Trace averaging across on and off times of the EUT transmissions followed by duty cycle correction

If continuous transmission of the EUT (i.e., duty cycle \geq 98 percent) cannot be achieved and the duty cycle is constant (i.e., duty cycle variations are less than \pm 2 percent), then the following procedure shall be used:

- a) The EUT shall be configured to operate at the maximum achievable duty cycle.
- b) Measure the duty cycle, x, of the transmitter output signal as described in section 6.0.
- c) RBW = 1 MHz (unless otherwise specified).
- d) VBW \geq 3 x RBW.
- e) Detector = RMS, if span/(# of points in sweep) ≤ (RBW/2). Satisfying this condition may require increasing the number of points in the sweep or reducing the span. If this condition cannot be satisfied, then the detector mode shall be set to peak.
- f) Averaging type = power (i.e., RMS).
- 1) As an alternative, the detector and averaging type may be set for linear voltage averaging.
- 2) Some instruments require linear display mode in order to use linear voltage averaging. Log or dB averaging shall not be used.
- g) Sweep time = auto.
- h) Perform a trace average of at least 100 traces.
- i) A correction factor shall be added to the measurement results prior to comparing to the emission limit in order to compute the emission level that would have been measured had the test been performed at 100 percent duty cycle. The correction factor is computed as follows:
- 1) If power averaging (RMS) mode was used in step f), then the applicable correction factor is $10 \log(1/x)$, where x is the duty cycle.
- 2) If linear voltage averaging mode was used in step f), then the applicable correction factor is $20 \log(1/x)$, where x is the duty cycle.
- 3) If a specific emission is demonstrated to be continuous (≥ 98 percent duty cycle) rather than turning on and off with the transmit cycle, then no duty cycle correction is required for that emission.

NOTE: Reduction of the measured emission amplitude levels to account for operational duty factor is not permitted. Compliance is based on emission levels occurring during transmission - not on an average across on and off times of the transmitter.

Determining the applicable transmit antenna gain

A conducted power measurement will determine the maximum output power associated with a restricted band emission; however, in order to determine the associated EIRP level, the gain of the transmitting antenna (in dBi) must be added to the measured output power (in dBm).

Since the out-of-band characteristics of the EUT transmit antenna will often be unknown, the use of a conservative antenna gain value is necessary. Thus, when determining the EIRP based on the measured conducted power, the upper bound on antenna gain for a device with a single RF output shall be selected as the



maximum in-band gain of the antenna across all operating bands, or 2 dBi, whichever is greater. However, for devices that operate in multiple frequency bands while using the same transmit antenna, the highest gain of the antenna within the operating band nearest in frequency to the restricted band emission being measured may be used in lieu of the overall highest gain when the emission is at a frequency that is within 20 percent of the nearest band edge frequency, but in no case shall a value less than 2 dBi be used.

See KDB 662911 for guidance on calculating the additional array gain term when determining the effective antenna gain for a EUT with multiple outputs occupying the same or overlapping frequency ranges in the same band.

Radiated spurious emission test

An additional consideration when performing conducted measurements of restricted band emissions is that unwanted emissions radiating from the EUT cabinet, control circuits, power leads, or intermediate circuit elements will likely go undetected in a conducted measurement configuration. To address this concern, a radiated test shall be performed to ensure that emissions emanating from the EUT cabinet (rather than the antenna port) also comply with the applicable limits.

For these cabinet radiated spurious emission measurements the EUT transmit antenna may be replaced with a termination matching the nominal impedance of the antenna. Procedures for performing radiated measurements are specified in ANSI C63.10. All detected emissions shall comply with the applicable limits.

The measurement frequency range is from 30MHz to the 10th harmonic of the fundamental frequency. The Turn Table is actuated to turn from 0° to 360°, and both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the Test Antenna are used to find the maximum radiated power. Mid channels on all channel bandwidth verified. Only the worst RB size/offset presented.

The power of the EUT transmitting frequency should be ignored.

All Spurious Emission tests were performed in X, Y, Z axis direction. And only the worst axis test condition was recorded in this test report.

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured

RBW = 1 MHz for $f \ge 1$ GHz, 100 kHz for f < 1 GHz

VBW ≥ RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold



5.7 Band Edge

5.7.1 Limit

FCC §15.209&15.247(d)

In any 100kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20dB below that in the 100kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement.

5.7.2 Test Procedure

The following procedures may be used to determine the peak or average field strength or power of an unwanted emission that is within 2 MHz of the authorized band edge. If a peak detector is utilized, use the procedure described in 13.2.1. Use the procedure described in 13.2.2 when using an average detector and the EUT can be configured to transmit continuously (i.e., duty cycle \geq 98%). Use the procedure described in 13.2.3 when using an average detector and the EUT cannot be configured to transmit continuously but the duty cycle is constant (i.e., duty cycle variations are less than \pm 2 percent). Use the procedure described in 13.2.4 when using an average detector for those cases where the EUT cannot be configured to transmit continuously and the duty cycle is not constant (duty cycle variations equal or exceed 2 percent).

When using a peak detector to measure unwanted emissions at or near the band edge (within 2 MHz of the authorized band), the following integration procedure can be used.

Set instrument center frequency to the frequency of the emission to be measured (must be within 2 MHz of the authorized band edge).

Set span to 2 MHz

RBW = 100 kHz.

 $VBW \ge 3 \times RBW$.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow sweep to continue until the trace stabilizes (required measurement time may increase for low duty cycle applications)

Compute the power by integrating the spectrum over 1 MHz using the analyzer's band power measurement function with band limits set equal to the emission frequency (femission) \pm 0.5 MHz. If the instrument does not have a band power function, then sum the amplitude levels (in power units) at 100 kHz intervals extending across the 1 MHz spectrum defined by femission \pm 0.5 MHz.



5.8 Power Spectral density (PSD)

5.8.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(d)

The same method of determining the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density. If a peak output power is measured, then a peak power spectral density measurement is required. If an average output power is measured, then an average power spectral density measurement should be used.

5.8.2 Test Procedure

Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.

Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.

Set the RBW to: 3 kHz \leq RBW \leq 100 kHz.

Set the VBW \geq 3 RBW.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto couple.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.

If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 kHz) and repeat.



ANNEX A TEST RESULT

A.1 Output Power

Duty Cycle

Test Mode	Duty Cycle (%)	T(ms)	1/T(kHz)
802.11b	82.38	0.92	1.09
802.11g	46.27	0.17	5.88
802.11n-20MHz	44.35	0.16	6.25
802.11n-40MHz	32.68	0.10	10.00

Peak Power Test Data

802.11b Mode:

Channal	Measured Output Peak Power		Limit		Vardiat
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	Verdict
Low	15.6	36.31			Pass
Middle	16.1	40.74	30	1000	Pass
High	16.0	39.81			Pass

802.11g Mode:

Channel	Measured Out	put Peak Power	Limit		Verdict
Chamer	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	verdict
Low	14.6	28.84			Pass
Middle	15.1	32.36	30	1000	Pass
High	15.2	33.11			Pass

802.11n-20MHz Mode:

Channel	Measured Out	put Peak Power	Lir	nit	Vardiat
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	Verdict
Low	14.8	30.20			Pass
Middle	15.1	32.36	30	1000	Pass
High	15.1	32.36			Pass



802.11n-40MHz Mode:

Channal	Measured Output Peak Power		Limit		\/ordiot
Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	Verdict
Low	17.6	57.54			Pass
Middle	18.5	70.79	30	1000	Pass
High	18.6	72.44			Pass

Average Power Test Data (Reporting Only)

802.11b Mode:

Channal	Duty Factor(10 log	Measured Output Average Power		Vardiat
Channel	(1/x))	dBm	mW	Verdict
Low	0.84	14.34	27.16	Pass
Middle	0.84	15.24	33.42	Pass
High	0.84	14.44	27.80	Pass

802.11g Mode:

Channel	Duty Factor(10 log	Measured Output Average Power		Vardiot
Channel	(1/x))	dBm	mW	Verdict
Low	3.35	13.65	23.17	Pass
Middle	3.35	14.55	28.51	Pass
High	3.35	13.95	24.83	Pass

802.11n-20MHz Mode:

Channal	Duty Factor(10 log	Measured Outp	Measured Output Average Power	
Channel	(1/x))	dBm	mW	Verdict
Low	3.53	13.93	24.72	Pass
Middle	3.53	14.83	30.41	Pass
High	3.53	14.33	27.10	Pass

802.11n-40MHz Mode:

Channel	Duty Factor(10 log	Measured Output Average Power		Verdict
Channel	(1/x))	dBm	mW	verdict
Low	4.86	17.06	50.82	Pass
Middle	4.86	17.46	55.72	Pass
High	4.86	17.76	59.70	Pass



A.2 Bandwidth

Test Data

802.11b Mode:

Channel	6 dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Limits (kHz)
Low	7.844	≥500
Middle	7.612	≥500
High	8.046	≥500

802.11g Mode:

Channel	6 dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Limits (kHz)
Low	16.527	≥500
Middle	16.498	≥500
High	16.527	≥500

802.11n-20MHz Mode:

Channel	6 dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Limits (kHz)
Low	17.713	≥500
Middle	17.771	≥500
High	17.742	≥500

802.11n-40MHz Mode:

Channel	6 dB Bandwidth	Limits
	(MHz)	(kHz)
Low	35.745	≥500
Middle	35.673	≥500
High	36.324	≥500



Test plots

802.11b LOW CHANNEL



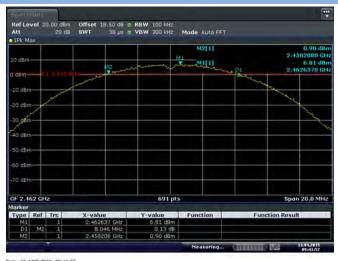
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802.11b MIDDLE CHANNEL



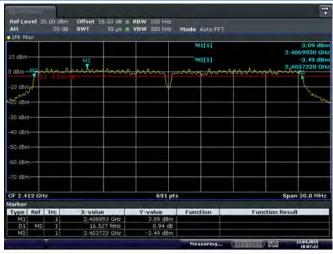
Date 13.APR 2015 09:37:37

802.11b HIGH CHANNEL



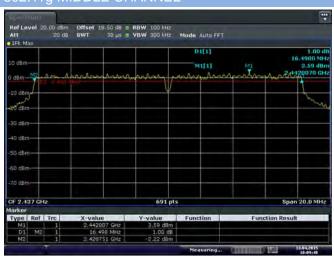
Date 13 APR 2015 09 41:57

802.11g LOW CHANNEL



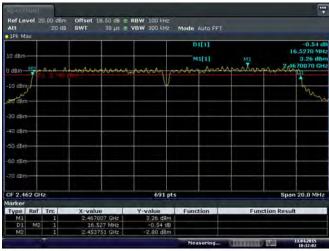
Date 13 APR 2015 10:07:22

802.11g MIDDLE CHANNEL



Date: 13.APR 2015; 10:09:49

802.11g HIGH CHANNEL



Date 13 APR 2015 10:12:02

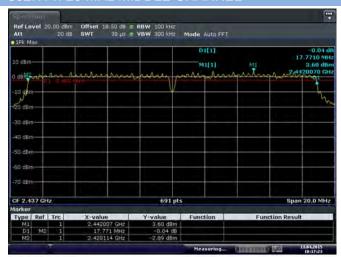


802.11n-20 MHz LOW CHANNEL

M1[1] CF 2.412 GHz in 20.0 MHz

Date: 13.APR 2015: 10.14:24

802.11 n-20 MHz MIDDLE CHANNEL



Date 13.APR 2015 10:17:23

802.11n-20 MHz HIGH CHANNEL



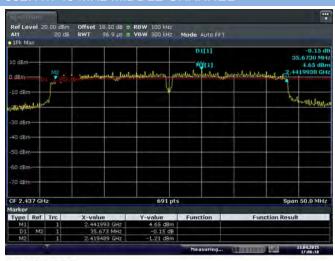
Date: 13.APR 2015 10:21:40

802.11n-40 MHz LOW CHANNEL



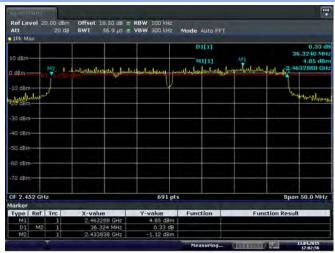
Date: 13.APR 2015 17:09:27

802.11n-40 MHz MIDDLE CHANNEL



Date: 13.APR 2015 17:06:18

802.11n-40 MHz HIGH CHANNEL



Date 13.APR 2015 17:02:56



A.3 Conducted Spurious Emissions

Test Data

802.11b Mode:

	Measured Max. Out of	Limit (d	dBm)	
Channel	Band Emission (dBm)	Carrier Level	Calculated 20 dBc Limit	Verdict
Low	-42.11	6.82	-13.18	Pass
Middle	-45.35	7.92	-12.08	Pass
High	-45.77	6.73	-13.27	Pass

802.11g Mode:

Channel	Measured Max. Out of Band Emission (dBm)	Limit (dBm)		V
		Carrier Level	Calculated 20 dBc Limit	Verdict
Low	-45.80	3.02	-16.98	Pass
Middle	-46.59	3.88	-16.12	Pass
High	-45.01	3.60	-16.40	Pass

802.11n-20MHz Mode:

Channel	Measured Max. Out of Band Emission (dBm)	Limit (dBm)		
		Carrier Level	Calculated 20 dBc Limit	Verdict
Low	-46.10	3.30	-16.70	Pass
Middle	-44.74	3.88	-16.12	Pass
High	-45.40	3.60	-16.40	Pass

802.11n-40MHz Mode:

Channel	Measured Max. Out of Band Emission (dBm)	Limit (dBm)		
		Carrier Level	Calculated 20 dBc Limit	Verdict
Low	-47.30	4.35	-15.65	Pass
Middle	-46.51	4.60	-15.40	Pass
High	-46.26	4.80	-15.20	Pass



Test Plots

802.11b LOW CHANNEL CARRIER LEVEL

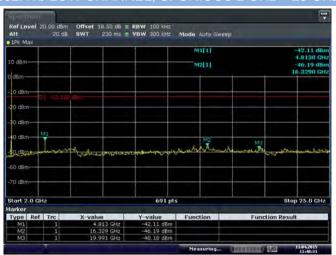


Date 13.APR 2015 11:46:37

802.11b LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz 802.11b LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz







Date: 13.APR 2015 11:48:31

802.11b MIDDLE CHANNEL CARRIER LEVEL



Date 13 APR 2015 11:50:23



802.11b MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz



802.11b MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz



Date: 13.APR 2015 11:52:53

Date: 13.APR 2015 11:51:59

802.11b HIGH CHANNEL CARRIER LEVEL



Date 13.APR 2015 11:54:11

802.11b HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz



Date: 13.APR 2015; 11:55:13

802.11b HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz



Date: 13.APR 2015 11:55:53



802.11g LOW CHANNEL CARRIER LEVEL

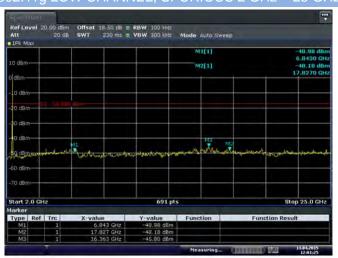


Date 13.APR 2015 11:58:38

802.11g LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz 802.11g LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz







Date: 13.APR 2015; 12:01:25

802.11g MIDDLE CHANNEL CARRIER LEVEL



Date 13.APR 2015 16 16:53



802.11g MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz



802.11g MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz



Date: 13.APR 2015 16:19:49

802.11a HIGH CHANNEL CARRIER LEVEL



Date 13.APR 2015 16 23 44

802.11g HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz



Date 13.APR 2015 16:25:20

802.11g HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz



Date 13 APR 2015 16:27:25



802.11n 20 MHz LOW CHANNEL CARRIER LEVEL



Date 13.APR 2015 16:29 18

802.11n 20 MHz LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz

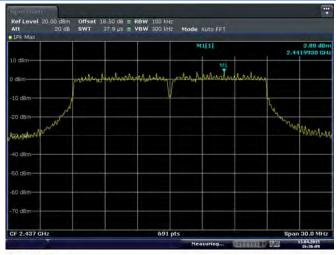


802.11n 20 MHz LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz



Date: 13.APR 2015 16:31:48

802.11n 20 MHz MIDDLE CHANNEL CARRIER LEVEL



Date 13.APR 2015 16:36:09



802.11n 20 MHz MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz

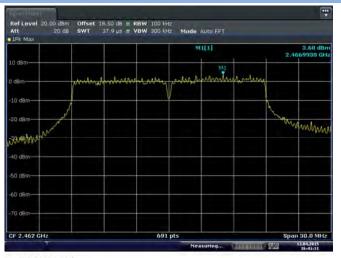


802.11n 20 MHz MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz



Date: 13.APR 2015 16:38:35

802 11n 20 MHz HIGH CHANNEL CARRIER LEVEL



Date 13.APR 2015 16:43:30

802.11n 20 MHz HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz



Date 13.APR 2015 16:44:52

802.11n 20 MHz HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz



Date 13 APR 2015 16 45 42



802.11n 40 MHz LOW CHANNEL CARRIER LEVEL



802.11n 40 MHz LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz



Date: 13.APR 2015: 16:49:26

802.11n 40 MHz LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz



Date 13.APR 2015 16:50:12

802 11n 40 MHz MID CHANNEL CARRIER LEVEL





802.11n 40 MHz MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz



802.11n 40 MHz MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz



Date: 13.APR 2015; 16:53:03

802.11n 40 MHz HIGH CHANNEL CARRIER LEVEL



Date: 13.APR 2015 16:54:26

802.11n 40 MHz HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz



802.11n 40MHz HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz



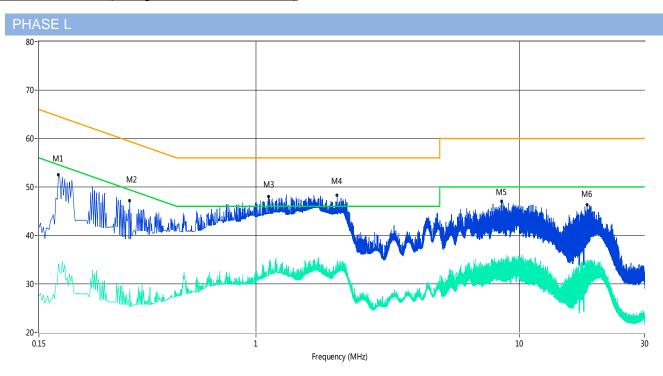
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A.4 Conducted Emissions

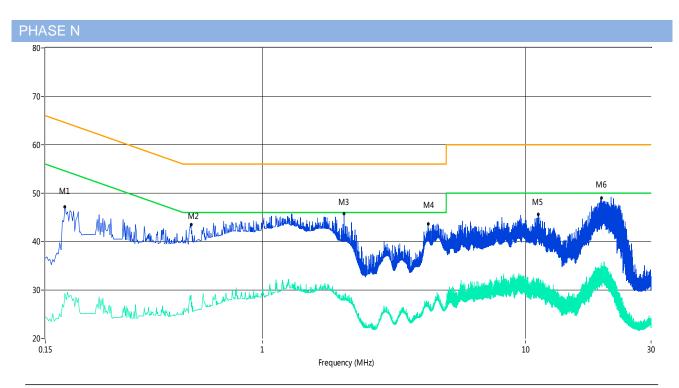
Note: All configurations have been tested, only the worst configuration (802.11n40 MHz High Channel) shown here.

Test Data and Plots (Charger Mode Name: AK901)



No.	Frequency	Results	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin	Detector	Line	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV)			(dB)			
1	0.18	52.5	13.00	65.2	12.70	Peak	L Line	Pass
1**	0.18	34.1	13.00	55.2	21.10	AV	L Line	Pass
2	0.33	47.2	13.00	60.8	13.60	Peak	L Line	Pass
2**	0.33	28.8	13.00	50.8	22.00	AV	L Line	Pass
3	1.12	48.1	13.00	56.0	7.90	Peak	L Line	Pass
3**	1.12	33.0	13.00	46.0	13.00	AV	L Line	Pass
4	2.04	48.3	13.00	56.0	7.70	Peak	L Line	Pass
4**	2.04	35.0	13.00	46.0	11.00	AV	L Line	Pass
5	8.58	47.0	13.00	60.0	13.00	Peak	L Line	Pass
5**	8.58	34.5	13.00	50.0	15.50	AV	L Line	Pass
6	18.14	46.3	13.00	60.0	13.70	Peak	L Line	Pass
6**	18.14	34.2	13.00	50.0	15.80	AV	L Line	Pass

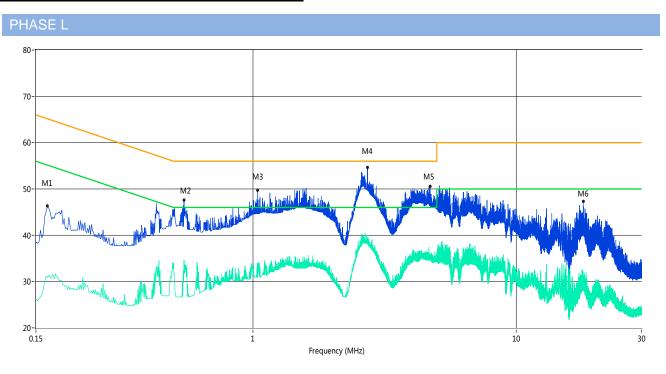




No.	Frequency	Results	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin	Detector	Line	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV)			(dB)			
1	0.18	47.2	13.00	65.2	18.00	Peak	N Line	Pass
1**	0.18	29.3	13.00	55.2	25.90	AV	N Line	Pass
2	0.54	43.6	13.00	56.0	12.40	Peak	N Line	Pass
2**	0.54	28.9	13.00	46.0	17.10	AV	N Line	Pass
3	2.05	45.7	13.00	56.0	10.30	Peak	N Line	Pass
3**	2.05	27.3	13.00	46.0	18.70	AV	N Line	Pass
4	4.26	43.7	13.00	56.0	12.30	Peak	N Line	Pass
4**	4.26	27.0	13.00	46.0	19.00	AV	N Line	Pass
5	11.17	45.6	13.00	60.0	14.40	Peak	N Line	Pass
5**	11.17	29.8	13.00	50.0	20.20	AV	N Line	Pass
6	19.41	49.0	13.00	60.0	11.00	Peak	N Line	Pass
6**	19.41	34.7	13.00	50.0	15.30	AV	N Line	Pass

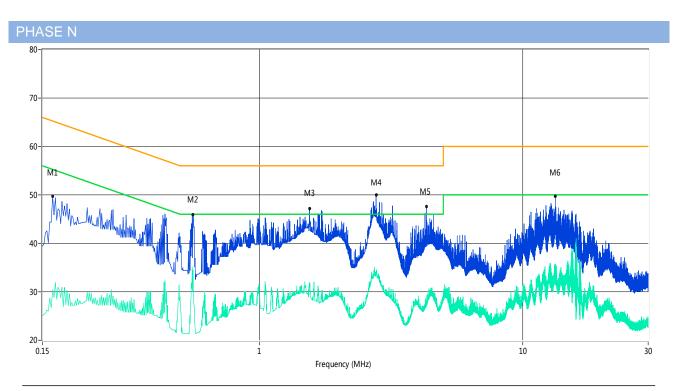


Test Data and Plots (Charger Mode Name: S01A22)



No.	Frequency	Results	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin	Detector	Line	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV)			(dB)			
1	0.17	46.3	13.00	65.5	19.20	Peak	L Line	Pass
1**	0.17	30.9	13.00	55.5	24.60	AV	L Line	Pass
2	0.55	47.6	13.00	56.0	8.40	Peak	L Line	Pass
2**	0.55	34.7	13.00	46.0	11.30	AV	L Line	Pass
3	1.04	49.7	13.00	56.0	6.30	Peak	L Line	Pass
3**	1.04	34.0	13.00	46.0	12.00	AV	L Line	Pass
4	2.73	53.19	13.00	56.0	2.81	Peak	L Line	Pass
4*	2.73	46.63	13.00	56.0	9.37	QP	L Line	Pass
4**	2.73	38.01	13.00	46.0	7.99	AV	L Line	Pass
5	4.72	50.6	13.00	56.0	5.40	Peak	L Line	Pass
5**	4.72	35.9	13.00	46.0	10.10	AV	L Line	Pass
6	18.02	47.4	13.00	60.0	12.60	Peak	L Line	Pass
6**	18.02	31.2	13.00	50.0	18.80	AV	L Line	Pass

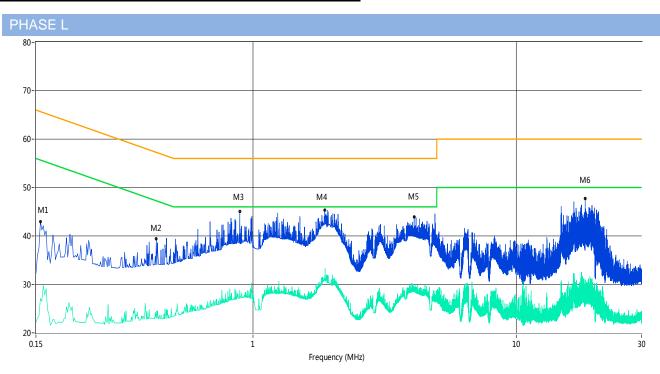




No.	Frequency	Results	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin	Detector	Line	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV)			(dB)			
1	0.16	49.7	13.00	65.6	15.90	Peak	N Line	Pass
1**	0.16	30.4	13.00	55.6	25.20	AV	N Line	Pass
2	0.56	45.9	13.00	56.0	10.10	Peak	N Line	Pass
2**	0.56	34.5	13.00	46.0	11.50	AV	N Line	Pass
3	1.55	47.2	13.00	56.0	8.80	Peak	N Line	Pass
3**	1.55	31.9	13.00	46.0	14.10	AV	N Line	Pass
4	2.78	49.9	13.00	56.0	6.10	Peak	N Line	Pass
4**	2.78	33.9	13.00	46.0	12.10	AV	N Line	Pass
5	4.32	47.6	13.00	56.0	8.40	Peak	N Line	Pass
5**	4.32	28.2	13.00	46.0	17.80	AV	N Line	Pass
6	13.31	49.7	13.00	60.0	10.30	Peak	N Line	Pass
6**	13.31	32.9	13.00	50.0	17.10	AV	N Line	Pass

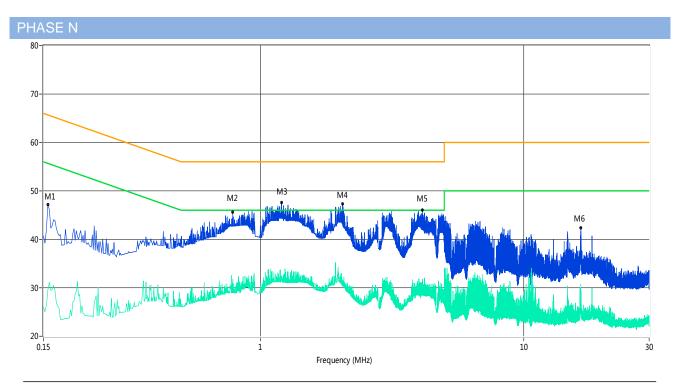


Test Data and Plots (Charger Mode Name: S005SU0500100)



No.	Frequency	Results	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin	Detector	Line	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV)			(dB)			
1	0.16	42.9	13.00	65.8	22.90	Peak	L Line	Pass
1**	0.16	27.1	13.00	55.8	28.70	AV	L Line	Pass
2	0.43	39.5	13.00	58.0	18.50	Peak	L Line	Pass
2**	0.43	24.5	13.00	48.0	23.50	AV	L Line	Pass
3	0.89	45.0	13.00	56.0	11.00	Peak	L Line	Pass
3**	0.89	28.8	13.00	46.0	17.20	AV	L Line	Pass
4	1.88	45.3	13.00	56.0	10.70	Peak	L Line	Pass
4**	1.88	31.9	13.00	46.0	14.10	AV	L Line	Pass
5	4.10	44.0	13.00	56.0	12.00	Peak	L Line	Pass
5**	4.10	29.0	13.00	46.0	17.00	AV	L Line	Pass
6	18.31	47.7	13.00	60.0	12.30	Peak	L Line	Pass
6**	18.31	28.3	13.00	50.0	21.70	AV	L Line	Pass





No.	Frequency	Results	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin	Detector	Line	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV)			(dB)			
1	0.16	47.2	13.00	65.8	18.60	Peak	N Line	Pass
1**	0.16	29.5	13.00	55.8	26.30	AV	N Line	Pass
2	0.79	45.6	13.00	56.0	10.40	Peak	N Line	Pass
2**	0.79	31.8	13.00	46.0	14.20	AV	N Line	Pass
3	1.20	47.6	13.00	56.0	8.40	Peak	N Line	Pass
3**	1.20	32.4	13.00	46.0	13.60	AV	N Line	Pass
4	2.05	47.3	13.00	56.0	8.70	Peak	N Line	Pass
4**	2.05	31.6	13.00	46.0	14.40	AV	N Line	Pass
5	4.13	46.1	13.00	56.0	9.90	Peak	N Line	Pass
5**	4.13	31.3	13.00	46.0	14.70	AV	N Line	Pass
6	16.50	42.4	13.00	60.0	17.60	Peak	N Line	Pass
6**	16.50	28.8	13.00	50.0	21.20	AV	N Line	Pass



A.5 Radiated Emission

Antenna-port Conducted test data

E = EIRP - 20log D + 104.8

where:

E = electric field strength in dBμV/m,

EIRP = equivalent isotropic radiated power in dBm

D = specified measurement distance in meters.

EIRP= Measure Conducted output power Value (dBm) + Maximum transmit antenna gain (dBi) + The appropriate maximum ground reflection factor (dB)

Note 1: The frequency is fundamental signal which can be ignored.

Note 2: Which frequency is not within a restricted band, and its limit line is 20 dB below the highest emission level.

Note 3: Average measurement was not performed if peak level went lower than the average limit.

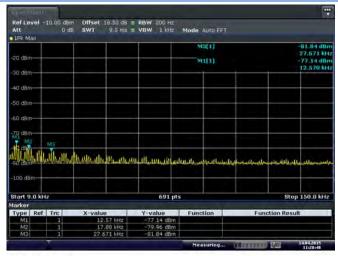
Note 4: The harmonic (2th, 3th, 4th, etc.) and other spurious are not reported, because those levels are lower than average limit line and background noise.

802.11b: LOW CHANNEL

Frequency (MHz)	Value (dBm)	Ground Reflection Factor (dB)	D (m)	Max gain (dBi)	Detector	E (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Verdict
0.01257	-77.14	6	3	2	QP	26.12	87.37	61.25	Note 2	PASS
2.979	-54.84	6	3	2	QP	48.42	87.37	38.95	Note 2	PASS
600.6	-64.88	4.7	3	2	QP	37.08	87.37	50.29	Note 2	PASS
654	-68.1	4.7	3	2	QP	33.86	87.37	53.51	Note 2	PASS
6957	-37.66	0	3	2	PK	59.60	87.37	27.77	Note 2	PASS
6957	N/A	0	3	2	AV	N/A	67.37	N/A	Note 3	PASS
15258	-37.04	0	3	2	PK	60.22	87.37	27.15	Note 2	PASS
15256	N/A	0	3	2	AV	N/A	67.37	N/A	Note 3	PASS
2407	10.11	0	3	2	PK	107.37	N/A	N/A	Note 1	N/A
2407	N/A	U	3	2	AV	N/A	N/A	N/A	NOIE I	N/A



LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 9 kHz ~ 150 kHz



Date: 14.APR 2015 11:28:49

LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 150 kHz ~ 30 MHz



Date: 14.APR 2015 11:30:06

LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 1 GHz



Date: 14.APR 2015 11:31:35

LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 1 GHz ~ 25 GHz



Date 14.APR 2015 11:32 42



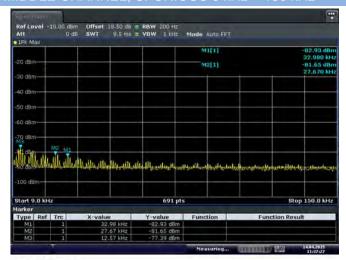
- Note 1: The frequency is fundamental signal which can be ignored.
- Note 2: Which frequency is not within a restricted band, and its limit line is 20 dB below the highest emission level.
- Note 3: Average measurement was not performed if peak level went lower than the average limit.
- Note 4: The harmonic (2th, 3th, 4th, etc.) and other spurious are not reported, because those levels are lower than average limit line and background noise.

802.11b: MIDDLE CHANNEL

Frequency (MHz)	Value (dBm)	Ground Reflection Factor (dB)	D (m)	Max gain (dBi)	Detector	E (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Verdict	
0.01257	-77.39	6	3	2	QP	25.87	89.54	63.67	Note 2	PASS	
2.979	-54.47	6	3	2	QP	48.79	89.54	40.75	Note 2	PASS	
548.7	-70.2	4.7	3	2	QP	31.76	89.54	57.78	Note 2	PASS	
870.2	-65.71	4.7	3	2	QP	36.25	89.54	53.29	Note 2	PASS	
7894	-37.67	0	3	2	PK	59.59	89.54	29.95	Note 2	PASS	
7094	N/A	0	3	2	AV	N/A	69.54	N/A	Note 3	PASS	
16404	-35.11	0	3	2	PK	62.15	89.54	27.39	Note 2	PASS	
16404	N/A	0	3	2	AV	N/A	69.54	N/A	Note 3	PASS	
2441	12.28	0	3	2	PK	109.54	N/A	N/A	Note 1	N/A	
2441	N/A	0	3	2	AV	N/A	N/A	N/A	Note I	N/A	



MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 9 kHz ~ 150 kHz



Date: 14.APR 2015 11:37:27

MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 150 kHz ~ 30 MHz

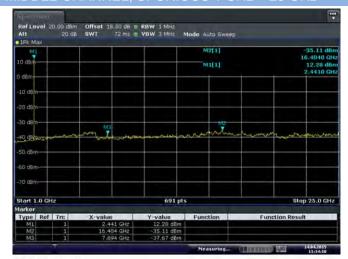


Date: 14.APR 2015; 11:36:32

MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 1 GHz

Date 14.APR 2015 11:35:42

MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 1 GHz ~ 25 GHz



Date 14 APR 2015 11:34:10



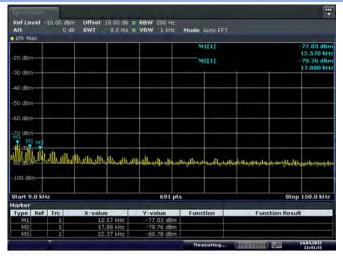
- Note 1: The frequency is fundamental signal which can be ignored.
- Note 2: Which frequency is not within a restricted band, and its limit line is 20 dB below the highest emission level.
- Note 3: Average measurement was not performed if peak level went lower than the average limit.
- Note 4: The harmonic (2th, 3th, 4th, etc.) and other spurious are not reported, because those levels are lower than average limit line and background noise.

802.11b: HIGH CHANNEL

Frequency (MHz)	Value (dBm)	Ground Reflection Factor (dB)	D (m)	Max gain (dBi)	Detector	E (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Verdict
0.01257	-77.03	6	3	2	QP	26.23	88.87	62.64	Note 2	PASS
2.979	-54.41	6	3	2	QP	48.85	88.87	40.02	Note 2	PASS
92.5	-72.41	4.7	3	2	QP	29.55	88.87	59.32	Note 2	PASS
600.6	-68.55	4.7	3	2	QP	33.41	88.87	55.46	Note 2	PASS
7855	-37.94	0	3	2	PK	59.32	88.87	29.55	Note 2	PASS
7655	N/A	U	3	2	AV	N/A	68.87	N/A	Note 3	PASS
16368	-35.07	0	3	2	PK	62.19	88.87	26.68	Note 2	PASS
10300	N/A	U	3	2	AV	N/A	68.87	N/A	Note 3	PASS
2476	11.61	0	3	2	PK	108.87	N/A	N/A	Note 1	N/A
2476	N/A	0	3	2	AV	N/A	N/A	N/A	Note 1	N/A



HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 9 kHz ~ 150 kHz



Date: 14.APR 2015 11:41:31

HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 150 kHz ~ 30 MHz



Date: 14.APR 2015 11:40:22

HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 1 GHz

Ref Level -10.00 dbm Offset 18.50 db = RBW 100 kHz Att 0 db SWT 9.7 ms = VBW 300 kHz Mode Auto Sweep •10k Max 70 d8g-

Date 14.APR 2015 11:43:44

HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 1 GHz ~ 25 GHz



Date 14.APR 2015 11:47:33



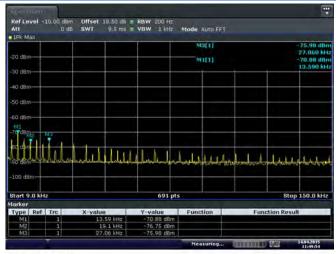
- Note 1: The frequency is fundamental signal which can be ignored.
- Note 2: Which frequency is not within a restricted band, and its limit line is 20 dB below the highest emission level.
- Note 3: Average measurement was not performed if peak level went lower than the average limit.
- Note 4: The harmonic (2th, 3th, 4th, etc.) and other spurious are not reported, because those levels are lower than average limit line and background noise.

802.11g: LOW CHANNEL

•	9. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19. 1											
Frequency (MHz)	Value (dBm)	Ground Reflection Factor (dB)	D (m)	Max gain (dBi)	Detector	E (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Verdict		
0.01359	-70.88	6	3	2	QP	32.38	85.81	53.43	Note 2	PASS		
0.647	-67.63	6	3	2	QP	35.63	85.81	50.18	Note 2	PASS		
600.6	-65.54	4.7	3	2	QP	36.42	85.81	49.39	Note 2	PASS		
923.5	-68.56	4.7	3	2	QP	33.40	85.81	52.41	Note 2	PASS		
7860	-38.69	0	3	2	PK	58.57	85.81	27.24	Note 2	PASS		
7000	N/A	U	3	2	AV	N/A	65.81	N/A	Note 3	PASS		
16369	-34.12	0	3	2	PK	63.14	85.81	22.67	Note 2	PASS		
10309	N/A	U	3	2	AV	N/A	65.81	N/A	Note 3	PASS		
2407	8.55	0	3	2	PK	105.81	N/A	N/A	Note 1	N/A		
2407	N/A	U	3	2	AV	N/A	N/A	N/A	NOIE I	N/A		



LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 9 kHz ~ 150 kHz



Date: 14.APR 2015 11:49:54

LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 150 kHz ~ 30 MHz



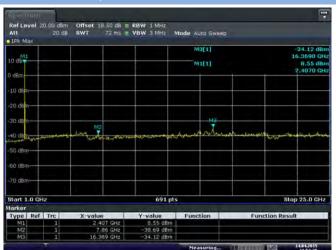
Date: 14.APR 2015 11:50:44

LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 1 GHz



Date: 14.APR 2015 11:51:41

LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 1 GHz ~ 25 GHz



Date 14.APR 2015 11:52:35



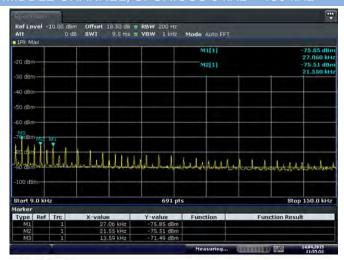
- Note 1: The frequency is fundamental signal which can be ignored.
- Note 2: Which frequency is not within a restricted band, and its limit line is 20 dB below the highest emission level.
- Note 3: Average measurement was not performed if peak level went lower than the average limit.
- Note 4: The harmonic (2th, 3th, 4th, etc.) and other spurious are not reported, because those levels are lower than average limit line and background noise.

802.11g: MIDDLE CHANNEL

Frequency (MHz)	Value (dBm)	Ground Reflection Factor (dB)	D (m)	Max gain (dBi)	Detector	E (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Verdict
0.01359	-71.49	6	3	2	QP	31.77	87.49	55.72	Note 2	PASS
2.504	-68.2	6	3	2	QP	35.06	87.49	52.43	Note 2	PASS
600.6	-65.51	4.7	3	2	QP	36.45	87.49	51.04	Note 2	PASS
954.4	-70.42	4.7	3	2	QP	31.54	87.49	55.95	Note 2	PASS
6887	-35.95	0	3	2	PK	61.31	87.49	26.18	Note 2	PASS
0007	N/A	U	3	2	AV	N/A	67.49	N/A	Note 3	PASS
16369	-34.07	0	3	2	PK	63.19	87.49	24.30	Note 2	PASS
10309	N/A	U	3	2	AV	N/A	67.49	N/A	Note 3	PASS
2441	10.23	0	3	2	PK	107.49	N/A	N/A	Note 1	N/A
2441	N/A	0	3	2	AV	N/A	N/A	N/A	Note 1	N/A



MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 9 kHz ~ 150 kHz



Date: 14.APR 2015 11:55:52

MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 150 kHz ~ 30 MHz



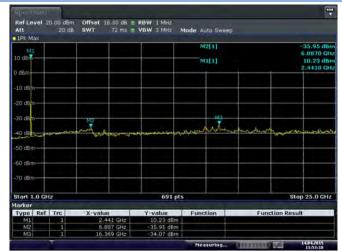
Date: 14.APR 2015; 11:55:15

MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 1 GHz



Date 14.APR 2015 11:54:21

MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 1 GHz ~ 25 GHz



Date 14.APR 2015 11:53:18



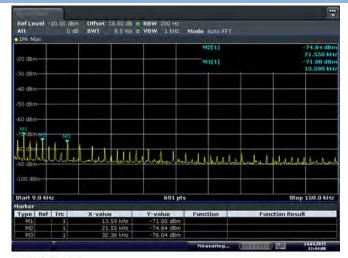
- Note 1: The frequency is fundamental signal which can be ignored.
- Note 2: Which frequency is not within a restricted band, and its limit line is 20 dB below the highest emission level.
- Note 3: Average measurement was not performed if peak level went lower than the average limit.
- Note 4: The harmonic (2th, 3th, 4th, etc.) and other spurious are not reported, because those levels are lower than average limit line and background noise.

802.11g: HIGH CHANNEL

Frequency (MHz)	Value (dBm)	Ground Reflection Factor (dB)	D (m)	Max gain (dBi)	Detector	E (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Verdict		
0.01359	-71	6	3	2	QP	32.26	87.95	55.69	Note 2	PASS		
1.252	-64.63	6	3	2	QP	38.63	87.95	49.32	Note 2	PASS		
206.2	-71.07	4.7	3	2	QP	30.89	87.95	57.06	Note 2	PASS		
892.6	-64.54	4.7	3	2	QP	37.42	87.95	50.53	Note 2	PASS		
7894	-37.86	0	3	2	PK	59.40	87.95	28.55	Note 2	PASS		
7094	N/A	U	3	2	AV	N/A	67.95	N/A	Note 3	PASS		
16260	-34.87	0	3	2	PK	62.39	87.95	25.56	Note 2	PASS		
16369	N/A	0	3	2	AV	N/A	67.95	N/A	Note 3	PASS		
2476	10.69	0	3	2	PK	107.95	N/A	N/A	Note 1	N/A		
2410	N/A	U	3	2	AV	N/A	N/A	N/A	NOIE I	N/A		



HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 9 kHz ~ 150 kHz



Date: 14.APR 2015 13:44:01

HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 150 kHz ~ 30 MHz



Date: 14.APR 2015; 13:45:29

HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 1 GHz

Ref Level -10.00 dkm Offset 18:50 db = RBW 100 kHz Att 0 db SWT 9.7 ms = VBW 300 kHz Mode Auto Sweep •10k Max

Date 14.APR 2015 13:46:59

HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 1 GHz ~ 25 GHz



Date 14.APR 2015 13:48:24



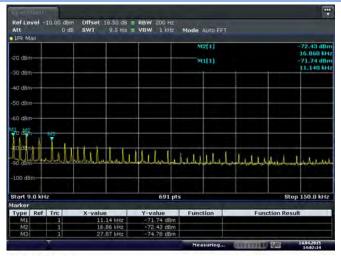
- Note 1: The frequency is fundamental signal which can be ignored.
- Note 2: Which frequency is not within a restricted band, and its limit line is 20 dB below the highest emission level.
- Note 3: Average measurement was not performed if peak level went lower than the average limit.
- Note 4: The harmonic (2th, 3th, 4th, etc.) and other spurious are not reported, because those levels are lower than average limit line and background noise.

802.11n20: LOW CHANNEL

Frequency (MHz)	Value (dBm)	Ground Reflection Factor (dB)	D (m)	Max gain (dBi)	Detector	E (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Verdict				
0.01114	-71.74	6	3	2	QP	31.52	84.76	53.24	Note 2	PASS				
1.554	-69.17	6	3	2	QP	34.09	84.76	50.67	Note 2	PASS				
474.3	-71.9	4.7	3	2	QP	30.06	84.76	54.70	Note 2	PASS				
888.4	-71.34	4.7	3	2	QP	30.62	84.76	54.14	Note 2	PASS				
7860	-37.65	0	3	2	PK	59.61	84.76	25.15	Note 2	PASS				
7000	N/A	U	3	2	AV	N/A	64.76	N/A	Note 3	PASS				
15012	-37.25	0	3	2	PK	60.01	74.00	13.99		PASS				
15813	-54.62	U	3	2	AV	42.64	54.00	11.36		PASS				
2407	7.5	0	3	2	PK	104.76	N/A	N/A	Note 1	N/A				
2407	N/A	0	0	Ü	Ü] 0	3	2	AV	N/A	N/A	N/A	Note 1	N/A



LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 9 kHz ~ 150 kHz



Date: 14.APR 2015 14:02:14

LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 150 kHz ~ 30 MHz



Date: 14.APR 2015 14:03:00

LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 1 GHz



Date: 14.APR 2015 14:03:45

LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 1 GHz ~ 25 GHz



Date 14.APR 2015 14:04:32



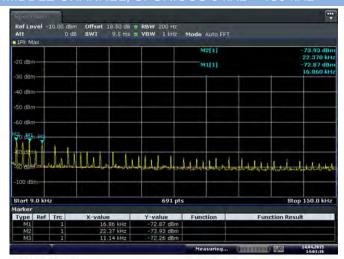
- Note 1: The frequency is fundamental signal which can be ignored.
- Note 2: Which frequency is not within a restricted band, and its limit line is 20 dB below the highest emission level.
- Note 3: Average measurement was not performed if peak level went lower than the average limit.
- Note 4: The harmonic (2th, 3th, 4th, etc.) and other spurious are not reported, because those levels are lower than average limit line and background noise.

802.11n20: MIDDLE CHANNEL

Frequency (MHz)	Value (dBm)	Ground Reflection Factor (dB)	D (m)	Max gain (dBi)	Detector	E (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Verdict
0.01114	-72.26	6	3	2	QP	31.00	86.79	55.79	Note 2	PASS
0.56	-66.55	6	3	2	QP	36.71	86.79	50.08	Note 2	PASS
600.6	-71.32	4.7	3	2	QP	30.64	86.79	56.15	Note 2	PASS
899.6	-67.26	4.7	3	2	QP	34.70	86.79	52.09	Note 2	PASS
7894	-37.67	0	3	2	PK	59.59	86.79	27.20	Note 2	PASS
7094	N/A	0	3	2	AV	N/A	66.79	N/A	Note 3	PASS
15262	-35.54	0	3	2	PK	61.72	74.00	12.28		PASS
15362	-53.97	0	3	2	AV	43.29	54.00	10.71		PASS
2441	9.53	0	3	2	PK	106.79	N/A	N/A	Note 1	N/A
2441	N/A	0	3	2	AV	N/A	N/A	N/A	Note 1	N/A



MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 9 kHz ~ 150 kHz



Date: 14.APR 2015: 14:01:16

MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 150 kHz ~ 30 MHz



Date: 14.APR 2015; 13:59:54

MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 1 GHz

MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 1 GHz ~ 25 GHz



Date 14.APR 2015 13:58:58



Date 14 APR 2015 13:57:09



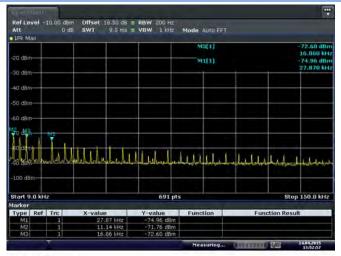
- Note 1: The frequency is fundamental signal which can be ignored.
- Note 2: Which frequency is not within a restricted band, and its limit line is 20 dB below the highest emission level.
- Note 3: Average measurement was not performed if peak level went lower than the average limit.
- Note 4: The harmonic (2th, 3th, 4th, etc.) and other spurious are not reported, because those levels are lower than average limit line and background noise.

802.11n20: HIGH CHANNEL

Frequency (MHz)	Value (dBm)	Ground Reflection Factor (dB)	D (m)	Max gain (dBi)	Detector	E (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Verdict		
0.01114	-71.76	6	3	2	QP	31.50	86.13	54.63	Note 2	PASS		
0.604	-63.84	6	3	2	QP	39.42	86.13	46.71	Note 2	PASS		
693.3	-72.65	4.7	3	2	QP	29.31	86.13	56.82	Note 2	PASS		
967	-71	4.7	3	2	QP	30.96	74.00	43.04		PASS		
6158	-38.04	0	3	2	PK	59.22	86.13	26.91	Note 2	PASS		
0136	N/A	U	3	2	AV	N/A	66.13	N/A	Note 3	PASS		
16369	-36.35	0	3	2	PK	60.91	86.13	25.22	Note 2	PASS		
10309	N/A	U	3	2	AV	N/A	66.13	N/A	Note 3	PASS		
2476	8.87	0	3	2	PK	106.13	N/A	N/A	Note 1	N/A		
2410	N/A	0	U	U	3	2	AV	N/A	N/A	N/A	NOIE I	N/A



HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 9 kHz ~ 150 kHz



Date: 14.APR 2015 13:52:57

HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 150 kHz ~ 30 MHz



Date: 14.APR 2015: 13:54:10

HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 1 GHz



Date 14.APR 2015 13:55:30

HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 1 GHz ~ 25 GHz



Date 14.APR 2015 13:56:17



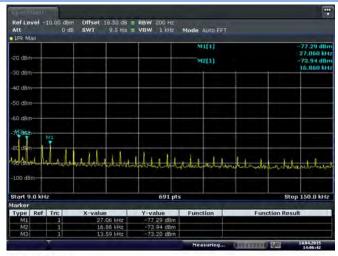
- Note 1: The frequency is fundamental signal which can be ignored.
- Note 2: Which frequency is not within a restricted band, and its limit line is 20 dB below the highest emission level.
- Note 3: Average measurement was not performed if peak level went lower than the average limit.
- Note 4: The harmonic (2th, 3th, 4th, etc.) and other spurious are not reported, because those levels are lower than average limit line and background noise.

802.11n40: LOW CHANNEL

Frequency (MHz)	Value (dBm)	Ground Reflection Factor	D (m)	Max gain (dBi)	Detector	E (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Verdict
		(dB)		` '						
0.01359	-73.2	6	3	2	QP	30.06	82.40	52.34	Note 2	PASS
20	-60.85	6	3	2	QP	42.41	82.40	39.99	Note 2	PASS
207.6	-72.44	4.7	3	2	QP	29.52	82.40	52.88	Note 2	PASS
600.6	-67.93	4.7	3	2	QP	34.03	82.40	48.37	Note 2	PASS
7860	-38.37	0	3	2	PK	58.89	82.40	23.51	Note 2	PASS
7 000	N/A	U	3	2	AV	N/A	62.40	N/A	Note 3	PASS
15848	-36.35	0	3	2	PK	60.91	74.00	13.09		PASS
15040	-51.89	U	3	2	AV	45.37	54.00	8.63		PASS
2441	5.14	0	3	2	PK	102.40	N/A	N/A	Note 1	N/A
Z 44 1	N/A	U	3	2	AV	N/A	N/A	N/A	NOIE I	N/A

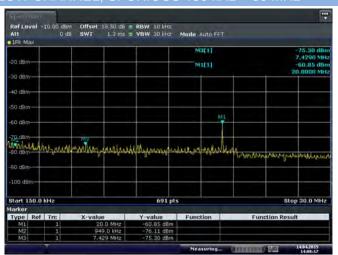


LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 9 kHz ~ 150 kHz



Date: 14.APR 2015: 14:06:42

LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 150 kHz ~ 30 MHz



Date: 14.APR 2015 14:08:17

LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 1 GHz



Date: 14.APR 2015 14:09:17

LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 1 GHz ~ 25 GHz



Date 14.APR 2015 14 10:05



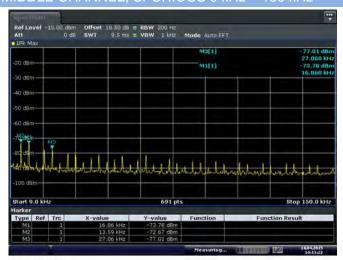
- Note 1: The frequency is fundamental signal which can be ignored.
- Note 2: Which frequency is not within a restricted band, and its limit line is 20 dB below the highest emission level.
- Note 3: Average measurement was not performed if peak level went lower than the average limit.
- Note 4: The harmonic (2th, 3th, 4th, etc.) and other spurious are not reported, because those levels are lower than average limit line and background noise.

802.11n40: MIDDLE CHANNEL

Frequency (MHz)	Value (dBm)	Ground Reflection Factor (dB)	D (m)	Max gain (dBi)	Detector	E (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Verdict
0.01359	-72.67	6	3	2	QP	30.59	83.73	53.14	Note 2	PASS
20	-60.2	6	3	2	QP	43.06	83.73	40.67	Note 2	PASS
700.3	-66.22	4.7	3	2	QP	35.74	83.73	47.99	Note 2	PASS
951.6	-71.27	4.7	3	2	QP	30.69	83.73	53.04	Note 2	PASS
7860	-38.36	0	3	2	PK	58.90	83.73	24.83	Note 2	PASS
7000	N/A	U	3	2	AV	N/A	63.73	N/A	Note 3	PASS
16224	-34.31	0	3	2	PK	62.95	83.73	20.78	Note 2	PASS
16334	N/A	0	3	2	AV	N/A	63.73	N/A	Note 3	PASS
2441	6.47	0	3	2	PK	103.73	N/A	N/A	Note 1	N/A
2441	N/A	0	3	2	AV	N/A	N/A	N/A	NOIE I	N/A

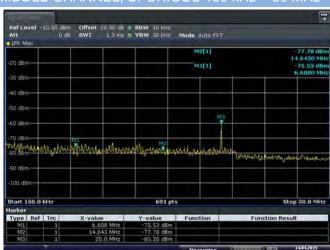


MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 9 kHz ~ 150 kHz



Date: 14.APR 2015 14 13:22

MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 150 kHz ~ 30 MHz



Date: 14.APR 2015 14 12 47

MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 1 GHz



Date 14.APR 2015 14.12.01

MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 1 GHz ~ 25 GHz



Date 14 APR 2015 14 11 03



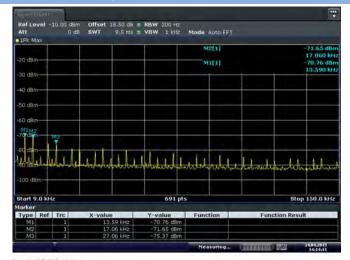
- Note 1: The frequency is fundamental signal which can be ignored.
- Note 2: Which frequency is not within a restricted band, and its limit line is 20 dB below the highest emission level.
- Note 3: Average measurement was not performed if peak level went lower than the average limit.
- Note 4: The harmonic (2th, 3th, 4th, etc.) and other spurious are not reported, because those levels are lower than average limit line and background noise.

802.11n40: HIGH CHANNEL

Frequency (MHz)	Value (dBm)	Ground Reflection Factor (dB)	D (m)	Max gain (dBi)	Detector	E (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Verdict	
0.01359	-70.76	6	3	2	QP	32.50	82.94	50.44	Note 2	PASS	
20	-58.17	6	3	2	QP	45.09	82.94	37.85	Note 2	PASS	
536.1	-72.6	4.7	3	2	QP	29.36	82.94	53.58	Note 2	PASS	
648.4	-70.89	4.7	3	2	QP	31.07	82.94	51.87	Note 2	PASS	
7894	-38.4	0	3	2	PK	58.86	82.94	24.08	Note 2	PASS	
7094	N/A	U	3	2	AV	N/A	62.94	N/A	Note 3	PASS	
16224	-35.73	0	3	2	PK	61.53	82.94	21.41	Note 2	PASS	
16334	N/A		3	2	AV	N/A	62.94	N/A	Note 3	PASS	
2476	5.68	0	3	2	PK	102.94	N/A	N/A	Note 1	N/A	
24/0	N/A	0	0	3	2	AV	N/A	N/A	N/A	Note 1	N/A

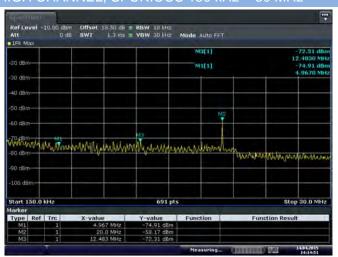


HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 9 kHz ~ 150 kHz



Date: 14.APR 2015: 14:14:11

HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 150 kHz ~ 30 MHz



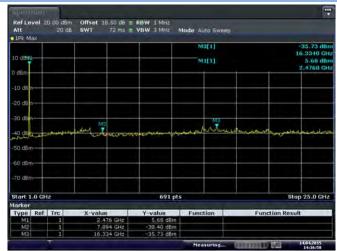
Date: 14.APR 2015 14 14:52

HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 1 GHz



Date 14.APR 2015 14 15 55

HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 1 GHz ~ 25 GHz



Date 14.APR 2015 14 16:58

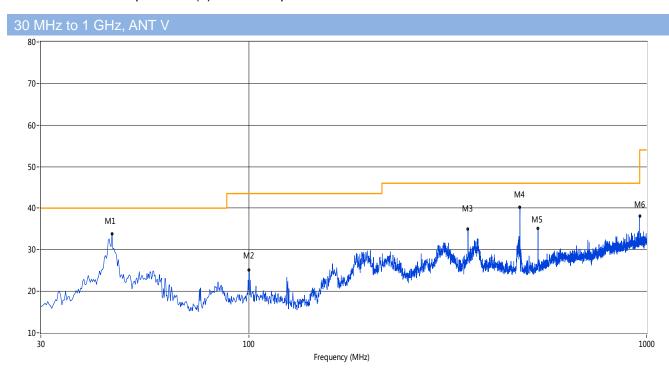


Cabinet Radiated spurious emission test

Note 1: The symbol of "--" in the table which means not application.

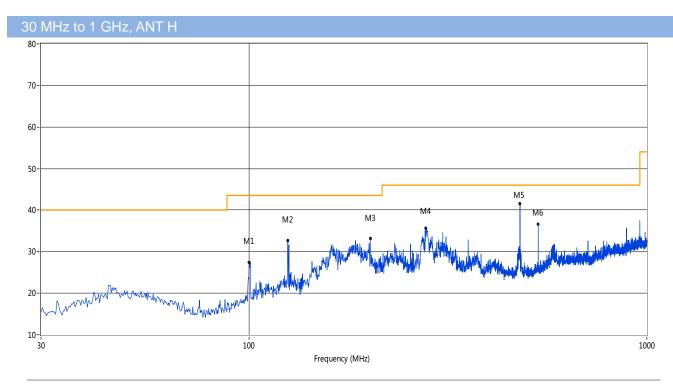
Note 2: For the test data above 1 GHz, According the ANSI C63.4-2014, where limits are specified for both average and peak (or quasi-peak) detector functions, if the peak (or quasi-peak) measured value complies with the average limit, it is unnecessary to perform an average measurement.

Note 3: The low frequency, which started from 9 kHz to 30 MHz, was pre-scanned and the result which was 20 dB lower than the limit line per 15.31(o) was not reported.



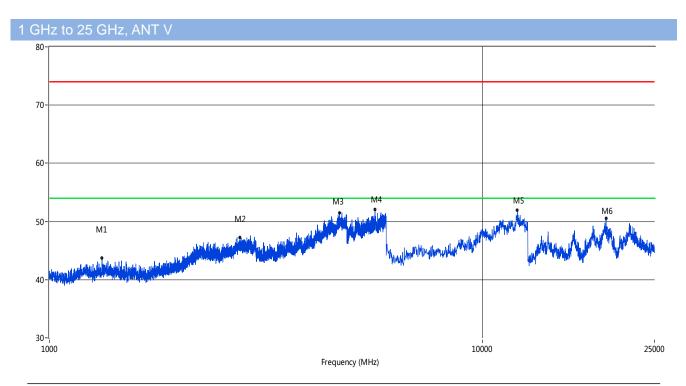
No.	Frequency	Results	Factor (dB)	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	ANT	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)		(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(o)	(cm)		
1	45.27	33.81	-18.79	40.0	6.19	Peak	22.10	100	Vertical	Pass
2	100.06	25.17	-20.26	43.5	18.33	Peak	326.20	100	Vertical	Pass
3	355.35	34.91	-16.17	46.0	11.09	Peak	359.20	100	Vertical	Pass
4	479.97	40.26	-13.81	46.0	5.74	Peak	335.50	100	Vertical	Pass
5	533.30	35.10	-12.35	46.0	10.90	Peak	271.00	100	Vertical	Pass
6	959.75	38.12	-5.02	46.0	7.88	Peak	31.30	100	Vertical	Pass





No.	Frequency	Results	Factor (dB)	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	ANT	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)		(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(o)	(cm)		
1	100.06	27.44	-20.26	43.5	16.06	Peak	357.40	100	Horizontal	Pass
2	125.04	32.73	-22.49	43.5	10.77	Peak	316.50	100	Horizontal	Pass
3	201.65	33.20	-20.19	43.5	10.30	Peak	316.50	100	Horizontal	Pass
4	278.26	35.66	-18.41	46.0	10.34	Peak	178.70	100	Horizontal	Pass
5	479.97	41.52	-13.81	46.0	4.48	Peak	252.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
6	533.30	36.56	-12.35	46.0	9.44	Peak	1.60	100	Horizontal	Pass





No.	Frequency	Results	Factor (dB)	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	ANT	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)		(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(o)	(cm)		
1	1323.92	43.72	-4.79	74.0	30.28	Peak	132.30	100	Vertical	PASS
2	2755.06	47.27	1.76	74.0	26.73	Peak	354.40	100	Vertical	PASS
3	4683.33	51.48	13.17	74.0	22.52	Peak	271.00	100	Vertical	PASS
4	5655.09	52.01	15.59	74.0	21.99	Peak	50.80	100	Vertical	PASS
5	12053.66	51.91	20.82	74.0	22.09	Peak	269.70	100	Vertical	PASS
6	19309.48	50.49	13.46	74.0	23.51	Peak	57.40	100	Vertical	PASS





No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	ANT	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(o)	(cm)		
1	1368.91	43.33	-4.57	74.0	30.67	Peak	162.00	100	Horizontal	PASS
2	2904.52	47.63	2.66	74.0	26.37	Peak	136.20	100	Horizontal	PASS
3	4664.58	52.30	13.07	74.0	21.70	Peak	283.10	100	Horizontal	PASS
4	5995.50	51.58	15.74	74.0	22.42	Peak	358.40	100	Horizontal	PASS
5	11694.26	51.98	20.51	74.0	22.02	Peak	136.40	100	Horizontal	PASS
6	19229.62	49.49	13.94	74.0	24.51	Peak	19.80	100	Horizontal	PASS



A.6 Band Edge

Note: The lowest and highest channels are tested to verify the band edge emissions. Please refer to the following for emissions values.

Test Data

802.11b Mode:

	Measured Max. Band	Limit		
Channel	Edge Emission (dBm)	Carrier Level	Calculated 20 dBc Limit	Verdict
Low Channel	-34.02	6.82	-13.18	Pass
High Channel	-42.68	6.73	-13.27	Pass

802.11g Mode:

	Measured Max. Band	Limit	V/ I'. /	
Channel	Edge Emission (dBm)	Carrier Level	Calculated 20 dBc Limit	Verdict
Low Channel	-19.28	3.02	-16.98	Pass
High Channel	-28.96	3.60	-16.40	Pass

802.11n-20 MHz Mode:

	Measured Max. Band	Limit		
Channel	Edge Emission (dBm)	Carrier Level	Calculated 20 dBc Limit	Verdict
Low Channel	-19.36	3.30	-16.70	Pass
High Channel	-27.51	3.60	-16.40	Pass

802.11n-40 MHz Mode:

	Measured Max. Band	Limit		
Channel	Edge Emission (dBm)	Carrier Level	Calculated 20 dBc Limit	Verdict
Low Channel	-21.47	4.35	-15.65	Pass
High Channel	-23.15	4.80	-15.20	Pass

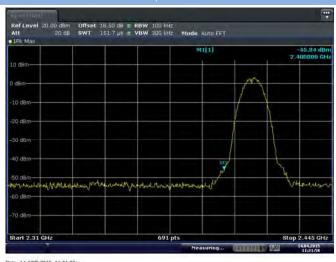


Test Plots

802.11b LOW CHANNEL, Carrier level



802.11b LOW CHANNEL, Reference level



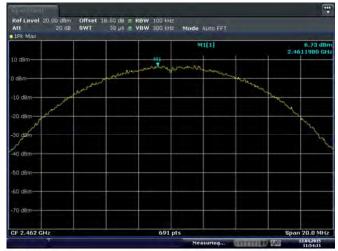
Date: 14.APR 2015 11:21:58

802.11b LOW CHANNEL, Band Edge



Date: 14.APR 2015 11:22:36

802.11b HIGH CHANNEL, Carrier level



Date 13.APR 2015 11:54:11



802.11b HIGH CHANNEL, Reference level

Ref Level 20.00 d8m Offset 18.50 d8 = R8W 100 Hz Att 20 d8 SWT 75.8 µs = V8W 300 kHz Mode Auto FFT 1Pk Max M1[1] -52.29 dbm -52.29 dbm -10 d8m -20 d8m -30 d8m -70 d8m

Date: 14.APR.2015 11:12:35

802.11b HIGH CHANNEL, Band Edge



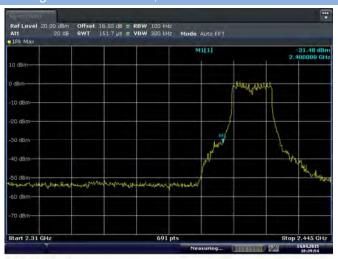
Date 14.APR 2015 11.13.59

802.11g LOW CHANNEL, Carrier level



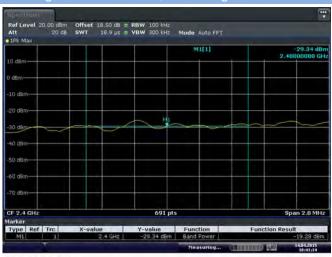
Date 13.APR 2015 11:58:38

802.11g LOW CHANNEL, Reference level



Date 14.APR 2015 10:39:54

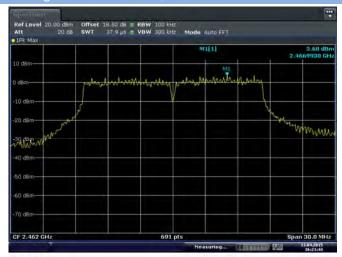
802.11g LOW CHANNEL, Band Edge



Date 14.APR 2015 10.41:14



802.11g HIGH CHANNEL, Carrier level



Date 13 APR 2015 16 23 44

802.11g HIGH CHANNEL, Reference level



Date 14.APR 2015 11.10 20

802.11g HIGH CHANNEL, Band Edge



Date 14.APR 2015 11.11.08

802.11n-20 MHz LOW CHANNEL, Carrier level



Date 13.APR 2015 16:29 18

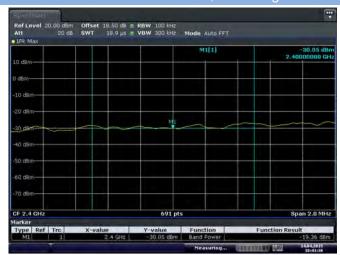


802.11n-20 MHz LOW CHANNEL, Reference level

Ref Level 20.00 dbm Offset 18.50 db = RBW 100 kitz Att 20.db SWT 151.7 μs = VBW 300 kitz Mode Auto FFT 10 dbm 10 dbm -10 dbm -20 dbm -20 dbm -70 dbm -70 dbm -70 dbm -70 dbm -70 dbm -70 dbm -10 dbm

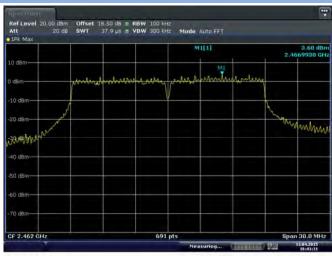
Date: 14.APR.2015 10.42.49

802.11n-20 MHz LOW CHANNEL, Band Edge



Date 14.APR 2015 10.43.38

802.11n-20 MHz HIGH CHANNEL, Carrier leve

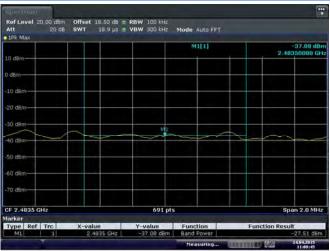


Date 13.APR 2015 16:43:30

802.11n-20 MHz HIGH CHANNEL, Reference level



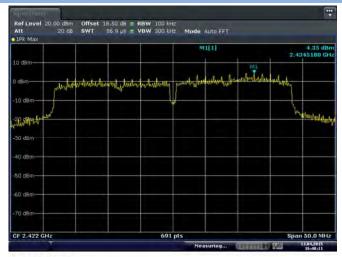
802.11n-20 MHz HIGH CHANNEL, Band Edge



Date 14.APR 2015 11.08.45



802.11n-40 MHz LOW CHANNEL, Carrier level



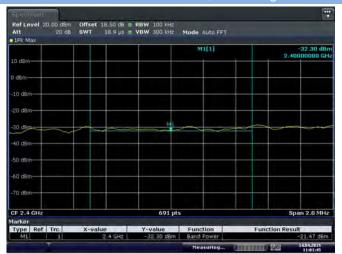
Date 13.APR 2015 16:48:11

802.11n-40 MHz LOW CHANNEL, Reference level



Date 14.APR 2015 11:00:30

802.11n-40 MHz LOW CHANNEL, Band Edge



Date 14.APR 2015 11.01.45

802.11n-40 MHz HIGH CHANNEL. Carrier level



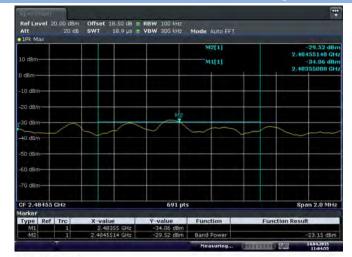
Date: 13.APR 2015; 16.54:26



802.11n-40 MHz HIGH CHANNEL. Reference level

802.11n-40 MHz HIGH CHANNEL, Band Edge





Date 14.APR 2015 11.04:55



A.7 Power Spectral Density (PSD)

Test Data

802.11b Mode:

Channel	Spectral power density (dBm/3kHz)	Limit (dBm/3kHz)	
Low	-7.08	8	
Middle	-5.86	8	
High	-6.74	8	

802.11g Mode:

Channel	Spectral power density (dBm/3kHz)	Limit (dBm/3kHz)
Low	-11.78	8
Middle	-10.72	8
High	-10.19	8

802.11n-20MHz Mode:

Channel	Spectral power density (dBm/3kHz)	Limit (dBm/3kHz)
Low	-9.49	8
Middle	-10.08	8
High	-10.71	8

802.11n-40MHz Mode:

Channel	Spectral power density (dBm/3kHz)	Limit (dBm/3kHz)
Low	-12.30	8
Middle	-12.03	8
High	-11.34	8



Test plots

802.11b LOW CHANNEL



Date 13.APR 2015 10:28:38

802.11b MIDDLE CHANNEL

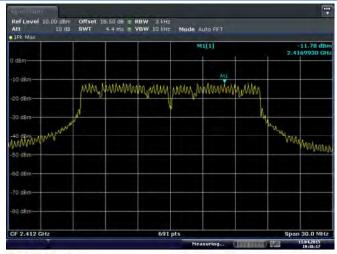


Date 13.APR 2015 10:30:27



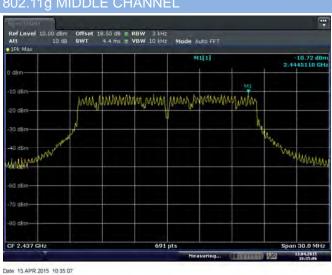
Date 13 APR 2015 10:32:39

802.11g LOW CHANNEL



Date: 13.APR 2015 10:36 17

802.11g MIDDLE CHANNEL



802.11g HIGH CHANNEL



Date 13 APR 2015 10:33:54



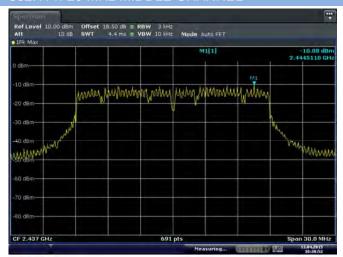
802.11n-20 MHz LOW CHANNEL

1Pk Ma mmy function from property from the second frow the second from the second from the second from the second fro Jamman . MARNY

Date 13 APR 2015 10:37:03

CF 2.412 GHz

802.11 n-20 MHz MIDDLE CHANNEL

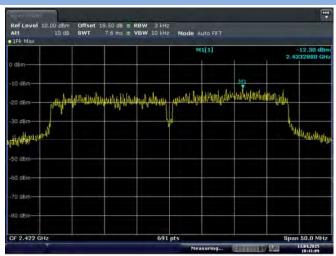


Date 13 APR 2015 10:38:53

802.11n-20 MHz HIGH CHANNEL

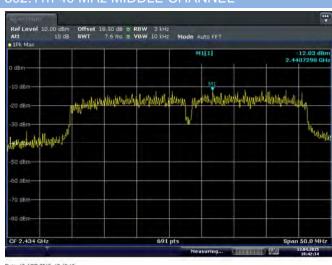


802.11n-40 MHz LOW CHANNEL



Date: 13.APR 2015 10:41:09

802.11n-40 MHz MIDDLE CHANNEL



Date: 13.APR 2015 10.42 15

802.11n-40 MHz HIGH CHANNEL



Date 13.APR 2015 10:44:27

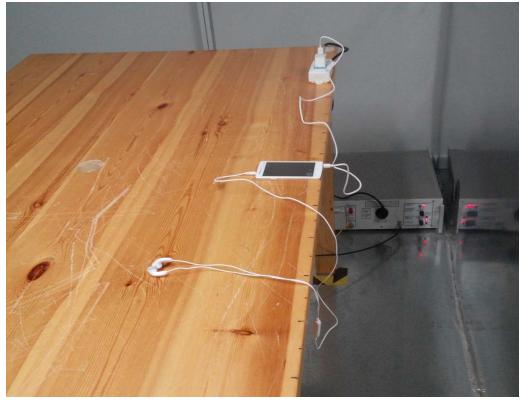


ANNEX B TEST SETUP PHOTOS

B.1. Conducted Test Photo



B.2. Conducted Emissions Test Photo



S01A22 Charger





AK901 Charger



S005SU0500100 Charger



B.3. Radiated Test Photo

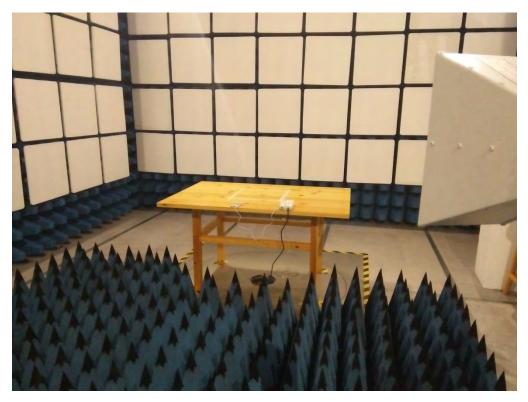


Below 30 MHz



30 MHz to 1 GHz





Above 1 GHz



ANNEX C EUT PHOTOS

C.1 Appearance of the EUT



THE FRONT OF EUT



THE BACK OF EUT





THE LEFT OF EUT



THE RIGHT OF EUT



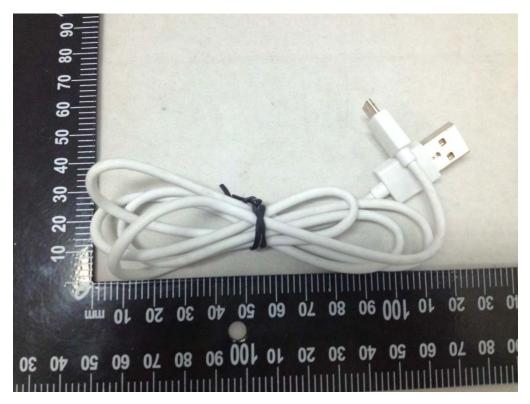


THE UP OF EUT



THE DOWN OF EUT





THE PHOTO OF USB CABLE



THE PHOTO OF EARPHONE





CHARGER (AK901)



CHARGER (S005SU0500100)

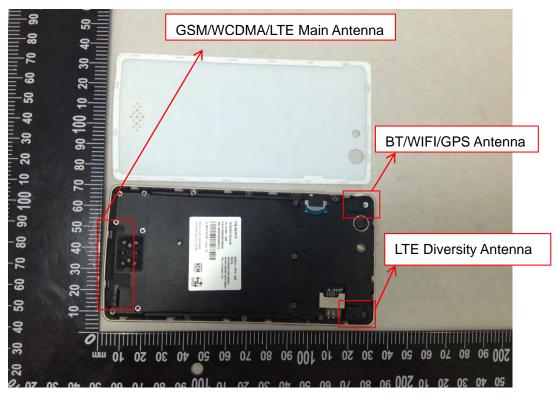




CHARGER (S01A22)



C.2 Inside of the EUT



EUT UNCOVER VIEW 1



EUT UNCOVER VIEW 2



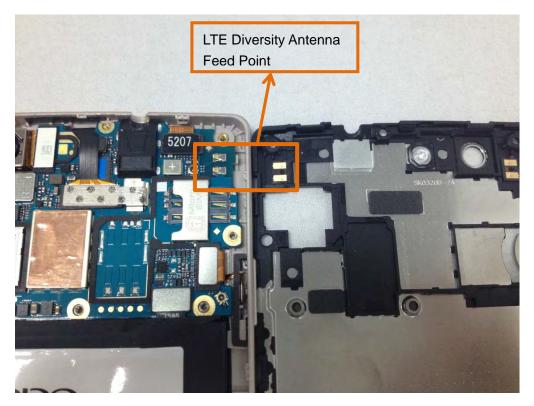


EUT UNCOVER VIEW 3

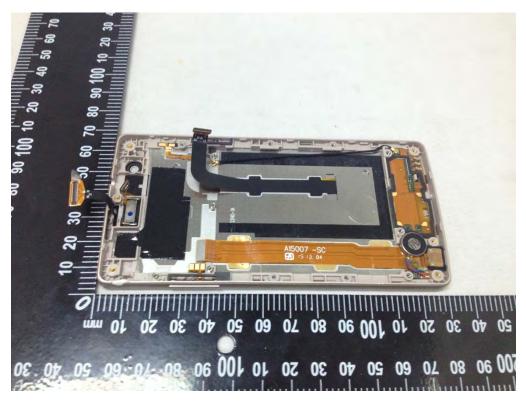


EUT UNCOVER VIEW 4





EUT UNCOVER VIEW 5

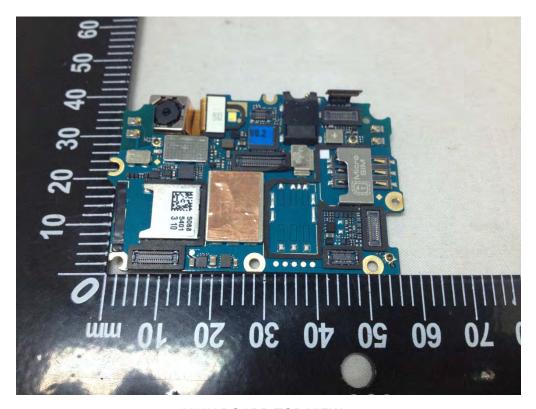


EUT UNCOVER VIEW 3



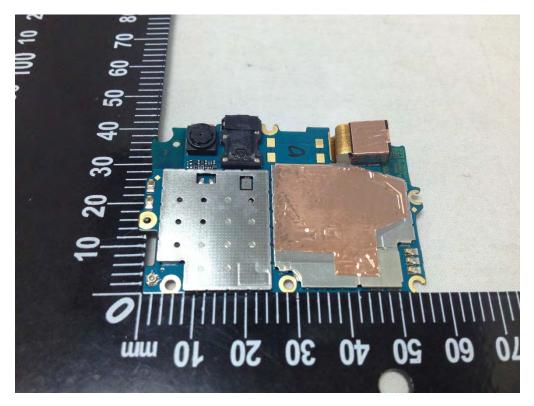


BATTERY

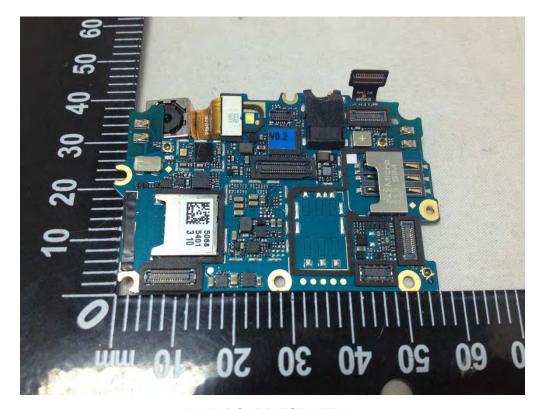


MAIN BOARD TOP VIEW 1



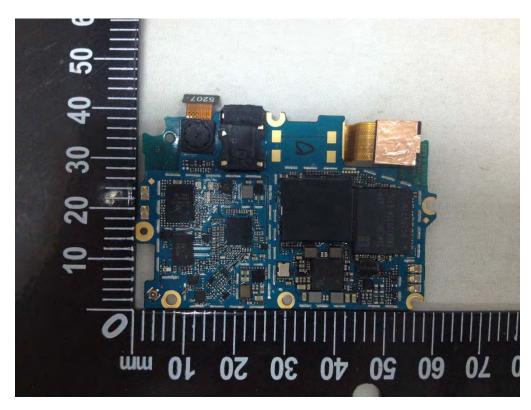


MAIN BOARD BACK VIEW 1



MAIN BOARD TOP VIEW 2





MAIN BOARD BACK VIEW 2

--END OF REPORT--